

THE GENOA ISSUE.

VOLUME X.

GENOA, ILLINOIS, AUGUST 30, 1894.

NUMBER 45

LOCAL NEWS JOTTINGS.

Personal Notes, Happenings, Etc., Pertaining to Genoa.

Miss Zula Hewitt is visiting in Chicago.

Mrs. White is visiting her daughter in Chicago.

Mrs. A. U. Schneider has recovered from a short illness.

Ralph Hollembeck, of Elgin, visited his parents here Tuesday.

The late strike is estimated to have cost the country \$81,000,000.

Mrs. Eugene Griggs, of Plato, visited relatives here the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Moore, of New Lebanon, visited relatives here Sunday.

Ira Mix and son, of Chicago, visited A. B. Clefford the first of the week.

Master Colvin Brown has returned from a visit with relatives at Elgin.

Kane county's Modern Woodman will picnic at Geneva September first.

Frank Holtgren was in Chicago Monday buying his stock of fall goods.

Mrs. Allison, of Marengo, is visiting friends and relatives here this week.

Mrs. Sylvius, of Irene, visited at H. Shattucks the fore part of the week.

Ase Stiles' new house is getting to the front. Mr. Hall is doing the work.

Ed. Donahue, of Sycamore, is spending his vacation in Genoa this week.

Miss Anna Hamilton, of DeKalb, was the guest of Mrs. Edgar Richardson last week.

Miss Celia Sterricksr, of Elgin, was the guest last week of Mr. and Mrs. Ira Brown.

Geo. Ide is up with the times. He is having an addition built to his house.

Miss Eva and Willie Jackman are home from a very pleasant visit with relatives at Burlington, Wis.

Miss Gertie Hall has returned home after a weeks visit with her aunt at Irene.

Mrs. Duffa, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. E. Stiles, has returned to her home in Chicago.

Mrs. Hoose, of Elgin, who has been visiting at E. Stiles, returned home Monday.

Mr. Baker, of Charter Grove, visited his daughter, Mrs. Moore, the first of the week.

Mrs. Wadson, who has been sick for the past week, is thought to be improving.

Mr. Beny Westover, who was called to Aurora to attend the funeral of his brother, returned home Monday.

A marriage license has been issued to Dell Anderson, aged 24 and Albertina Peterson aged 20, both of Genoa.

Sycamore is in a pickle. She don't know how she came by her name. 'Tis tough.

The Misses Maud Muir and Lula Hall, of Clyde, Ill., are the guest of Mrs. S. E. Olmstead.

Mrs. T. Bloom, of New York, who has been visiting relatives here for some time, returned to Chicago Monday.

Mrs. E. Stiles, Mrs. Hoose and Mrs. Nellie Harlow, who have been attending the A. C. camp meeting at Mendota, returned home Monday.

Steer clear of the man who is soliciting for a Masonic directory and a Maccabee program. He is said not to be what he represents himself.

Mrs. J. D. Page went to Chicago Monday, where she will remain two weeks seeking knowledge in millinery creations.

Druggist Schafer, of Kingston, won the Columbia bicycle raffle off by Hagoepan & Page. No 62. was the lucky number.

The lawn social given by the ladies of the M. E. church was not as largely attended as could be desired. The evening was quite chilly and caused a slight attendance.

Prof. A. C. Cliffe, of Sycamore, will take charge of the schools at Franklin Grove next Monday. Mr. Cliffe is an able man and highly gifted in educational work. His future is bright.

Chas. Corson has gone to Pennsylvania.

A. V. Pierce was at Chicago Tuesday.

E. C. Slason, of Chicago, spent Sunday in Genoa.

E. H. Cohoon took in the "windy" city Tuesday.

James Hutchinson has been on the sick list.

E. H. Richardson was a Chicago visitor Tuesday.

A. B. Clefford made a business trip to Senora, Tuesday.

Miss Etha Pierce is visiting friends and relatives at Elgin.

Mrs. Ed Kunzler is entertaining her sister from Switzerland.

Mrs. Thos. Bagley, was a caller at Pockford, Tuesday.

Katie Maurer, of Burlington, visited Mrs. Ira Brown a few days this week.

Miss Jennie Lord, of Irene, called on friends here Wednesday.

Mrs. H. B. Watson, of Burlington, visited in Genoa Wednesday.

Vernon Doty, Hampshire's popular young druggist was in town Tuesday.

Will Kiernan, of Belvidere, visited his brother James, of this place Saturday last.

Mrs. F. O. Swan and Mrs. Ira Brown were callers at Burlington Wednesday.

Messrs Gough and Hains, of Rockford, are visiting friends here this week.

O. E. Cummings and wife, of Freeport, have been the guests of Ed Lane and family the past few days.

Charley, Hi, and Howard Robinson of Chicago, visited their uncle, Fred Robinson of this place the first of the week.

There will be a bicycle meet at Howell's Driving Park, Hinckley, Saturday afternoon, Sept. 8th, 1894. Prizes to the amount of \$200 will be given away. Everyone is invited.

And now the festive school boy and the maiden gather the'r books together and next Monday hie themselves to school after a most delightful vacation.

Some sportsmen are likely to get into the meshes of the law Prairie chicken shooting is illegal until the morning of September 15th, and several hunters have bagged a number of chickens. It's rather expensive sport hunting, if you are caught.

Prof. and Mrs. Overaker are home from their western trip, which they greatly enjoyed. The professor conducted a very successful teachers institute in Nebraska. He had some time in which to indulge in his favorite pastime, hunting.

Miss Addie Doty, of Hampshire, was the guest of relatives here over Sunday. Miss Doty is a prominent figure in educational circles and is a bright and accomplished lady. She is principal of the Bridge street school, Elgin.

Mrs. S. D. Mann, Miss Essie Mann, and Miss Ollie Crips, of Burlington, called on friends here last week. Mrs. Mann and daughter, were on their way to Madison where they will make an extended visit.

Geo. Johnson has his new barber outfit in place and he and "Babe" Hollingsworth are as happy as a couple ducks in the water. Oak fixtures, French plate glass mirrors, marble top shelf, latest improved revolving chairs, and oak cup case, accounts for the smile of contentment that o'erspreads their classic countenances. It is in fact an ideal little barber shop and is in keeping with Genoa's line of improvement. Geo. is to be congratulated.

C. B. Anderson has opened up a livery and feed stable in the alley in the rear of the Exchange bank. He is building a large horse barn in addition, and when completed will have a fine roomy stable. He has bought a number of horses and put in some fine new single and double buggies and is prepared to furnish first class rigs on short notice. His terms will be reasonable and he guarantees the best satisfaction.

CAPS

The Neatest and the Nobbyest you ever saw. Its worth the time to inspect them

MEN'S

Hats

Well, Yes, the finest line ever brought to Town. The Fedora for Fall wear. See it

Up With the Times!

I have just purchased the Finest stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING

EVER BROUGHT TO GENOA.

PRICES NEVER BEFORE DUPLICATED.

Men's Suits from 8 to \$15.00.

Boys' Suits from 4 to \$10.00.

Child's Suits from 2 to \$5.00.

COME AND SEE ME BEFORE BUYING YOUR FALL CLOTHES.

F. O. HOLTGREN,

Neckwear.

My Stock is sure to please you. You will find the Latest Styles.

FALL And WINTER

Dress Shirts

Plain and Fancy White. A Splendid Assortment at Bottom Prices.

THEO. F. SWAN.

As the Summer lengthens the attractions rise higher, like August tides, and our offerings this week excel the money making power we place at the command of retail buyers.

SHOES.....

Misses' all solid Kid Shoes Patent tip, 98c per pair.

Boys' school shoes, Goodyear welt, \$1.49 per pair

Ladies' fine kid shoe, patent leather tip, \$2.49 per pair.

HANDKERCHIEFS.....

Fancy embroidered scalloped edge silk hdkfs. 15c

Gents' handkerchiefs, 7c, 10c and 15c

Childrens " 3c each

GLOVES.....

Ladies' kid gloves regular \$1.25 value for 89c a pair.

Ladies' black silk mitts worth 35c for 22c

MILLINERY.....

Our millinery department will open shortly with a complete line of fall and winter styles.

UMBRELLAS.....

Our ladies' natural wood, gold and silver tipped handles, is a beauty, \$1.59

DRESS GOODS.....

An immense line of dress goods, the kind you usually pay from 30 to 50c for our price is 19, 29 and 39c.

Novelty goods, 49c per yard.

LINING.....

Best cambric 4c per yard

Silecia 7 and 9c per yard

Crinoline 5c per yard

Canvas 9c per yard

Percaline 10c per yard

WINDOW SHADES.....

Plain and decorated Shades 6 and 7 feet long, complete with fixtures, 17c

Opaque shades 33c

CORSETS.....

Our line of corsets is the most complete in the city. Our 49c corset can't be beat for the money.

UNDERWEAR.....

Gents' natural gray summer weight shirts and drawers, worth 40c for 24c

Ladies' ribbed vests 11c

Ladies' silk vests 49c

GROCERIES.....

Have you tried our Tea and Coffee? If not you should, our 34c quantity is simply grand.

FANCY GOODS.....

Faille satin edge all silk ribbons, Ny. 9, 12, 16, beautiful shades, 2c per yard. Moire ribbons Nos. 12 and 16, 12c per yard.

WRAPPERS.....

Ladies' tennis flannel and gingham wrappers, new styles and fit guaranteed, \$1.19

FROM OUR ANNEX.....

Sad Irons, set of three, with holder, and stand, 69c

Self wringing mops 24c.

Broom Holders 4c.

HOSE.....

Ladies' Albert fast black hose, 20c quality for 14c

Childrens' ribbed hose 10c

Men's seamless half hose 10c

Watch our Ad for Prices on Men's and Boys' Clothing, Shoes, etc.
Great Department Store, Elgin, Ill.

The Genoa Issue.

G. E. SISLEY & CO., Publishers.

GENOA, ILLINOIS

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Regular Session.

The senate was not in session on the 21st. In the house there was not a quorum present when its session began, but members sought to take up several measures by unanimous consent. The senate bill allowing an additional \$54,000 for the public building at Little Rock, Ark., was passed. The senate bill for the exclusion and deportation of alien anarchists was called up, but objection being made to its consideration it went over under the rules.

In the senate on the 22d the members present at the opening session numbered twenty-one—less than half of a quorum. The vice president announced his signature to the deficiency bill. A motion was made that the sergeant-at-arms be directed to request the attendance of absent senators, which he did, and an executive session was held. The house was not in session.

After an hour's wait the senate on the 23d was unable to secure a quorum, and adjourned. A clerk reached the capitol with some important nominations, but owing to the absence of a quorum they could not be laid before the senate. In the house the chairman of the committee on naval affairs presented the preliminary report upon the investigation of the armor plate and billets furnished to the government by the Hutchinson & Southern Railroad company two more years in which to build the road through the Indian territory was passed.

In the senate on the 24th the house joint resolution was adopted for a final adjournment August 23 at 3 p. m., after which an executive session was held, and all nominations to which no objections were offered were confirmed. In the house a joint resolution was adopted for a final adjournment on the 28th. The anti-anarchist bill was brought up and an amendment to it offered, but objection being made to its consideration the bill went over.

DOMESTIC.

BOWLING GREEN, Ky., suffered a loss of \$200,000 by fire, two entire blocks being burned.

Ohio miners who have been on strike for an advance in wages would resume work September 1 at the operators' prices.

J. M. WINSTEAD, a bank president, committed suicide by jumping from a balcony on the fourth story of the city hall at Greensboro, N. C.

JOHN W. COBURN, of New York, was elected grand master of the general grand chapter of Royal Arch Masons at the triennial convention at Topeka, Kan.

HENRY R. PEARSON killed himself in Kansas City. He was short in his accounts with the Plano Manufacturing company.

JAMES HALE was murdered by white caps near Pennington Gap, Va. His offense was the whipping of a boy.

GEORGE BALDWIN was foully murdered in the presence of his family by Deputy Sheriff Jackson Lilly and a posse in the Choctaw Nation.

The national encampment, Sons of Veterans, in session at Davenport, Ia., elected Col. William E. Bundy, of Ohio, commander in chief.

THREE men were killed and three seriously injured in a wreck on the Chicago & Northwestern road near Fort Atkinson, Wis.

SQUIRE WILLIAM BLAND, a prominent citizen of the Cohanog, committed suicide at Johnstown, Pa., while melancholy from business reverses and drink.

A. S. TUCKER, a prominent board of trade broker at Chicago, committed suicide. Unfortunate speculation was assigned as the cause.

PROF. CHARLES J. HINKEI, who for years occupied the chair of Latin and Greek literature at Vassar college, died from heart failure at Amagansett, L. I.

SLAV and negro miners indulged in a fight at West Overton, Pa., during which one man was fatally shot.

The great textile strike has developed into a lockout, and as a result 25,000 mill operatives of Fall River, Mass., are idle.

BEFORE the American Bar association Moorfield Storey said public honesty and trust had reached a low ebb.

ADAM STIVETTS, father of John Stivett, the Boston baseball player, was accidentally killed in a coal mine at Ashlands, Pa.

MISS MADGE HOWE, of Springfield, Ill., was elected president of the Ladies' Aid society, auxiliary to the Sons of Veterans, at the national encampment at Davenport.

THERE were 234 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 24th, against 226 the week previous and 410 in the corresponding time in 1893.

TWENTY-FIVE of Rybakowski's commonwealers were injured in a fight with deputies at Buffalo, N. Y., and 150 more were placed under arrest.

WILLIAM DAY, former champion cross-country runner of the country, hanged himself because he had been accused of embezzlement.

HENRY HENRIOT, jobber in woollens at New York assigned with heavy liabilities.

ACCORDING to the report of Patent Commissioner Seymour, 21,496 patents were issued during the year, and 13,167 expired.

JOHN VERMILLION and William Jackson were killed and a number of others seriously injured by the bursting of a sawmill boiler at Frankfort, Ind.

TWO MEN were killed and eleven injured by an explosion of gas in the Gilbert colliery, near Ashland, Pa.

NOTWITHSTANDING industrial disturbances and the continuance of drought in certain sections, trade continues to show steady improvement, according to Bradstreet's.

RILEY WALKER and Richard Jordan, two negroes convicted of murder, were taken from a train at Mitchell's Station, Ala., and lynched.

The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 24th aggregated \$813,498,631, against \$790,683,185 the previous week. The decrease, compared with the corresponding week in 1893, was 19.5.

ANDERSON BOYD (colored) was committed to jail at Knoxville, Tenn., on the charge of murdering Ed Uhl in Marion county, O., ten years ago.

CARL LOWER, an ex-employee, fatally wounded Alois Mchretter, a tailor, at Buffalo.

The president has signed the general deficiency appropriation bill, the last of the appropriation bills of this session.

PHILIP PETERS (colored), was hanged at Helena, Ark., for killing his wife.

At Ashland, Wis., an entire block of business buildings was destroyed by fire.

LIGHTNING struck an emigrant's wagon near Columbus, Tex., killing husband and wife, but leaving their babe unhurt.

DAVID BERRAN, aged 20, a deaf mute living at Curtisville, Ind., was run over by a switch engine and his body ground to fragments.

A CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL freight train was held up at Deerfield, Ill., by two men, who killed a detective who was on the train and robbed the conductor.

Mrs. L. B. CHRIST, together with her two children, was burned to death as a result of a gasoline explosion at Forest City, Mo.

A New York syndicate has furnished the whisky trust \$5,000,000 to take its spirits out of bond, the Illinois trust and savings bank of Chicago to act as trustee.

HUGH LYON, who killed a peddler on Sanary Island, was hanged at New Westminster, B. C.

GEORGE L. McCAHAN, of Baltimore, was elected grand high chief of the Grand Chapter of the Royal Arch Masons at the convention in Topeka.

The percentages of the baseball clubs in the national league for the week ended on the 25th were: Boston, .600; Baltimore, .640; New York, .635; Philadelphia, .571; Cleveland, .540; Brooklyn, .525; Pittsburgh, .500; Chicago, .450; Cincinnati, .430; St. Louis, .404; Washington, .330; Louisville, .311.

G. E. WILLIAMS won the bicycle road race from Buffalo to Pittsburgh, traversing the 234 miles in 20 hours and 27 minutes.

The town of Guerneville, Cal., was destroyed by fire.

H. F. GRISWOLD and William Lake, who held up a St. Paul train at Deerfield, Ill., and killed Special Officer Owens, were captured after a running fight in which they shot an officer and both were wounded.

LIGHTNING from an almost cloudless sky killed William Carr, aged 20, who was bathing at Atlantic City, N. J.

TWENTY persons were badly injured by the falling of a bridge in Fairmount park at Kansas City.

The steamer New York made the passage from Southampton to New York in six days eight hours and thirty-eight minutes, breaking all previous records.

At Washington park, Chicago, Di recently paced a mile in 2:10 1/2, lowering the world's record for two-year-olds a quarter of a second.

ADAM A. PARROTT, his wife and two of their three children were drowned while attempting to ford the Scioto river in a wagon near Portsmouth, O.

AN incendiary fire in the yards of the Paepcke-Leicht Lumber company in Chicago destroyed \$15,000 worth of property, including twenty-seven horses.

BEN KERSHAW and his brother John and Robert Thomas were drowned at Waltham, Mass., by the overturning of their canoe.

ABE BUZZARD, the notorious Pennsylvania outlaw, was sentenced to eleven years' imprisonment for burglary.

THOMAS W. HEATHCOTE, chairman of the Pullman strikers' committee, declared the strike at an end.

MISTAKING a party of young men for burglars, Stephen Albright, of Allentown, Pa., fired at them, wounding six.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

CONGRESSIONAL nominations were made as follows on the 23d: Massachusetts, Sixth district, John S. Williams (dem.). Missouri, Third district, A. M. Dockery (dem.). Texas, Twelfth district, A. W. Houston (dem.). Wisconsin, Sixth district, Riley Bishop (pop.). Kentucky, Second district, E. G. Sebree (rep.). Michigan, Fourth district, Dr. L. F. Weaver (dem.); Ninth district, Roswell P. Bishop (rep.). Iowa, Third district, Rev. S. H. Basler (dem.); Eleventh district, Bernard Graesser (dem.). Indiana, Fourth district, W. S. Holman (dem.); Tenth district, Dr. J. J. Hatch (rep.). California, Second district, Anthony Caminetti (dem.); Sixth district, George S. Patton (dem.); Seventh district, W. H. Alvord (dem.).

TENNESSEE republicans in state convention at Nashville nominated H. Clay Evans for governor.

NEBRASKA republicans in convention at Omaha nominated a ticket headed by Thomas J. Majors for governor.

NOMINATIONS for congress were made as follows on the 23d: New Jersey, First district, H. C. Loudenslager (rep.). Tennessee, Third district, Foster V. Brown (rep.). Nebraska, Sixth district, Omar M. Kem (pop.). Kansas, Third district, W. T. Sapp (dem.). Pennsylvania, Fortieth district, D. S. Walton (rep.); Twenty-eighth district, Aaron Williams (dem.). North Carolina, Sixth district, J. A. Lockart (dem.). New York, Twenty-third district, W. T. Foote, Jr. (rep.). Missouri, Seventh district, C. B. Wisker (pro.). Virginia, Fifth district, Claude Swanson (dem.). Sixth district, O. C. Rueker (pro.); Tenth district, Edmund R. Cooke (pop.). Missouri, Fifth district, B. P. White (pro.). Florida, Second district, C. M. Cooper (dem.); Mont Atkinson (pop.).

NEBRASKA populists nominated a ticket headed by Silas A. Holcomb for governor.

DEMOCRATS in state convention at San Francisco nominated Congressman James Budd for governor.

JOHN NEWELL, of Chicago, aged 64, president and general manager of the Lake Shore railroad, died of apoplexy at Youngstown, O.

In convention at Reno the republicans of Nevada nominated A. C. Cleveland for governor.

The democrats of the Fifth California district nominated J. P. Kelly for congress and Daniel C. McKinnon was nominated by the populists in the First district of Florida.

FOREIGN.

CANADIAN UBERNS, through their leader, Sir William Laurier, have declared for free raw materials and a revenue tariff.

ADVISERS from Corea state that in a battle between Chinese and Japanese 1,300 of the latter were killed.

CHRISTOPHER F. FRAZER, of Toronto, until recently commissioner of public works in the Toronto cabinet, was found dead in bed.

AMERICANS and Englishmen arrested at Bluefields by Madriz consented to be taken to Managua for trial rather than submit to exile.

RESOLUTIONS were passed by 70,000 persons in London demanding the abolishment of the house of lords.

CHINESE soldiers who murdered Rev. James Wylie, the Presbyterian missionary at Ligo Yang, will be beheaded.

In her speech proroguing the British parliament the queen said strict neutrality would be observed in the war between China and Japan.

Six persons were killed and much property destroyed by a dynamite explosion in the mines at Minillos, Mexico.

MORE than 8,000,000 feet of lumber, ready for the American market, was destroyed by fire at Ottawa, Ont., the loss being \$200,000.

A TERRIBLE hurricane swept over the Sea of Azov, in Russia, and many vessels were sunk and over 1,000 persons drowned.

LATER.

THE United States senate held a short session on the 27th and adjourned without transacting any important business. In the house a resolution was offered to print the tariff bill, and Mr. Wilson said the senate bill, which is now a law, would increase the basis of taxation \$38,000,000 over the McKinley law. The death of Congressman Shaw, of Wisconsin, was announced, and a committee was appointed to attend the funeral.

THE Diamond Drill company of Reading, Pa., failed for \$115,000.

THE terms of thirteen republican and nine democratic United States senators expire next March and the legislatures which choose their successors are to be elected this fall.

THE national encampment of Knights of Pythias commenced in Washington.

CELIA LEIGHTON THAXTER, the authoress and poetess, died suddenly at Appledore, Isle of Shoals, N. H., aged 58 years.

TAWHIAO II., the Maori king is dead. His death was due to influenza.

MISS MARY DESHA, a sister of Breckinridge's first wife, in an open letter calls on the men and women of Kentucky to defeat the congressman.

COEJAREE, a Seminole Indian, was executed at Wewo, O. T., by being shot to death. His crime was murder.

GEORGE B. SHAW, aged 40, congressman from the Seventh district of Wisconsin, and ex-supreme chancellor of the Knights of Pythias, died at his home in Eau Claire from malarial fever contracted in Washington.

In a wrestling match at Liverpool for the championship of the world Cannon defeated McInerney.

The expense to the state of Illinois caused by the calling out of the militia during the late strike is placed by the adjutant general at \$350,000.

At Springfield, Mass., Harry Tyler lowered the bicycle record for an un-paced mile to 2:07 1/2, a cut of 2 3/5 seconds.

AFTER a pastorate of forty years Rev. Thomas K. Beecher, brother of Henry Ward Beecher, has retired from the pastorate of the Park church at Elmira, N. Y.

FOREST fires invaded the settlement in Michigan known as Finland and completely wiped it out of existence.

The new democratic tariff bill passed by the Fifty-third congress became a law without the signature of President Cleveland. In a letter to Representative Catclings, of Mississippi, the president gave reasons why he did not sign the measure.

REFUSED TO SIGN IT.

President Cleveland Allows the Tariff Bill to Become a Law.

It Does So Without His Indorsement—He Explains His Attitude in a Letter to Mr. Catclings—End of a Long Struggle.

NEW TARIFF GOES INTO EFFECT. WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—At 12 o'clock Monday night the McKinley tariff law, which had been in operation since October 30, 1890, practically four years, died on the statute books and the new democratic tariff bill passed by the Fifty-third congress became a law without the signature of President Cleveland.

"EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—Hon. T. C. Catclings—My Dear Sir: Since the conversation I had with you and Mr. Clark of Alabama, a few days ago in regard to my action upon the tariff bill now before me I have given the subject further and most serious consideration. The result is, I am more settled than ever in the determination to allow the bill to become a law without my signature.

"When the formulation of legislation which it was hoped would embody democratic ideas of tariff reform was lately entered upon by this congress nothing was further from my anticipation than a result which I could not promptly and enthusiastically indorse. It is therefore with a feeling of the utmost disappointment that I submit to a denial of this privilege.

"I do not claim to be better than the masses of my party nor do I wish to avoid any responsibility which on account of the passage of this law I ought to bear as a member of the democratic organization; neither will I permit myself to be separated from my party to such an extent as might be implied by my veto of tariff legislation, which, though disappointing, is still chargeable to democratic effort. But there are provisions in this bill which are not in line with honest tariff reform and it contains inconsistencies and crudities which ought not to appear in tariff laws or laws of any kind.

"Besides, there were, as you and I well know, incidents accompanying the passage of the bill through congress which made every sincere reformer unhappy, while influences surrounded it in its latter stages and interfered with its final construction which ought not to be recognized or tolerated in democratic tariff reform councils.

"And yet, notwithstanding all its vicissitudes and all the bad treatment it has received at the hands of its pretended friends, it presents a vast improvement to existing conditions. It will certainly lighten many tariff burdens that now rest heavily upon the people. It is not only a barrier against the return of mad protection, but it furnishes a vantage ground from which must be waged further aggressive operations against protected monopoly and governmental favoritism.

"I take my place with the rank and file of the democratic party who believe in tariff reform and who know what it is, who refuse to accept the results embodied in the bill at the close of the war, who are not blinded to the fact that the lively of democratic tariff reform has been stolen and worn in the service of republicanism protection, and who have marked the places where the deadly blight of treason has blasted the councils of the brave in their hour of might.

"The trusts and combinations—the communism of self, whose machinations have prevented us from reaching the success we deserve, should not be forgotten or forgiven. We shall recover from our astonishment at their exhibition of power, and if then the question is forced upon us whether they shall submit to the free legislative will of the people's representatives, or shall dictate the laws which the people must obey, we will accept and settle that issue as one involving the integrity and safety of American institutions.

"I love the principle of true democracy because they are founded in patriotism and upon justice and fairness toward all interests. I am proud of my party organization because it is conservative, steady and persistent in the enforcement of its principles. Therefore, I do not despair of the efforts made by the house of representatives to supplement the bill already passed by the senate, and to have engaged upon such modifications as will more nearly meet democratic hopes and aspirations.

"I can't be mistaken as to the necessity of free raw materials as the foundation of logical and sensible tariff reform. The extent to which this is recognized in the legislation already secured is one of its encouraging and redeeming features, but it is vexatious to recall that while free coal and iron ore have been denied a letter of the secretary of the treasury discloses the fact that both might have been made free by the annual surrender of only \$700,000 of unnecessary revenue.

"I am sure that there is a common habit of undervaluing the importance of free raw materials in tariff legislation, and of regarding them as only related to concessions to be made to our industrial competitors. The truth is, their influence is so far-reaching that if disregarded a complete and beneficent scheme of tariff reform cannot be successfully inaugurated.

"When we give to our manufacturers free raw materials we unshackle American enterprise and liberality, and these will open the doors of foreign markets to the reception of our wares and give opportunity for the continuous and remunerative employment of American labor.

"With materials cheapened by their freedom from tariff charges, the cost of their product must be correspondingly cheapened. Therefore, upon justice and fairness to the consumer we would demand that the manufacturers be obliged to submit to such a readjustment and modification of the tariff upon their finished goods as would secure to the people the benefit of the reduced cost of their manufactures and shield the consumer against the exactions of inordinate profits.

"It will thus be seen that free raw materials and a just and fearless regulation and reduction of the tariff to meet the changed conditions would carry to every humble home in the land the blessings of increased comfort and cheaper living. The millions of our countrymen who have fought bravely and well for tariff reform should be exhorted to continue the struggle, boldly challenging to open warfare and constantly guarding against treachery and half-heartedness in their camp. Tariff reform will not be settled until it is honestly and fairly settled in the interest and to the benefit of a patient and long-suffering people. Yours very truly,

"GROVIE CLEVELAND."

The placing of the bill upon the statute books ended one of the longest and most remarkable struggles in the parliamentary history of the government. It was practically a year ago that the compilation of the new tariff was commenced. The extraordinary session of congress was called August 7, 1893, for the purpose of repealing the Sherman silver-purchasing law. Two weeks later the ways and means committee of the house, with Mr. Wilson, of West Virginia, as chairman, was appointed, and almost immediately the work of framing the democratic tariff-reform measure began. Months were spent in its preparation and it was not reported until after the holidays during the regular session beginning in December. For three weeks it was debated in the house, passing that body January 29. Seventeen house democrats voted against it. The bill went to the senate, and, after being considered until March 20, was reported, greatly changed from the house bill. The debate which began in the senate April 2 lasted until July 3, when the bill passed by a vote of 39 to 34. The crisis occurred when the bill reached conference. On August 13 the house yielded and accepted the senate bill in toto. Two days afterward, Wednesday, August 15, it went to the president, and Monday night at the expiration of the constitutional days (Sundays not counted) it became a law without Mr. Cleveland's approval.

Sleepless Nights

Make you weak and weary, unfit for work, indisposed to exertion. They show that your nerve strength is gone and that your nervous system needs building up. The

Hood's Sarsaparilla
surest remedy is Hood's Sarsaparilla. It purifies the blood, strengthens the nerves, creates an appetite, and gives sound, refreshing sleep. Get Hood's and only Hood's.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills 25c.

DR. KILMER'S SWAMP ROOT
THE GREAT KIDNEY, LIVER AND BLADDER CURE.

Rheumatism
Lumbago, pain in joints or back, brick dust in urine, frequent calls, irritation, inflammation, gravel, ulceration or catarrh of the bladder.

Disordered Liver
Biliousness, headache, indigestion or gout. Swamp-Root invigorates, cures kidney difficulties, Bright's disease, urinary troubles.

Impure Blood
Scrofula, malaria, general weakness or debility. Swamp-Root builds up quickly a run down constitution and makes the weak strong. At Druggists 50 cents and \$1.00 Size. "Invalids' Guide to Health" free. Consultation free. DR. KILMER & CO., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, of ROXBURY, MASS., Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. Read the label.

If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause squeamish feelings at first. No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Sold by all Druggists.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

\$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF. \$4.50 FINE CALF & KANGAROO. \$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES. \$2.50 2 WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE. \$2.17 2 BOY'S SCHOOL SHOES. "LADIES" \$3.25 \$2.17 2 BEST DONGOLA.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas \$3.00 Shoe.

Because we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protect you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

Michigan Lands

FERTILE---CHEAP---HEALTHY AND NOT TOO FAR FROM GOOD MARKETS.

THE MICHIGAN CENTRAL will run a SPECIAL HOME-SEEKERS' EXCURSION SEPT. 18

to points north of Lansing, Saginaw and Bay City at one fare for the round trip. Tickets good twenty days and to stop over. For particulars address,

O. M. BARNES, or O. W. RUGGLES, Land Commissioner, Gen'l Pass & Ticket Agent, LANSING, MICH. CHICAGO, ILL.

NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

SALESMEN WANTED. To sell Hardy Northern Grouse Nursery Stock. Large assortment, finest goods known. Cash every week. THE JEWELL NURSERY CO., No. 214 Nursery Ave., Lake City, Minnesota.

MEN WANTED to sell Hardy Nursery Stock on our own growing. We pay salary or commission. Address with references L. G. BRADY & CO., Props., Union Nurseries, Kalamazoo, Mich. NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

PISO'S CURE FOR Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use PISO'S Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere 25c.

The Genoa Issue.

C. T. SISLEY & CO., Publishers.

GENOA. ILLINOIS.

THE UNATTAINABLE.

There is a land where golden citrons grow.
Where white magnolias blossom all the year;
Those dwelling there pine for the Arctic snow,
The frozen pines, and whitened landscapes drear.

There is a land where nightingale and thrush
Make day melodious, and the moonlit night;
Those dwelling there long for the chilly hush,
The leafless boughs and lonely raven's flight.

There is a land where winnowed northern snows
And winter's cold awake the sleigh bell chiming;
Those dwelling there desire the damask rose
And the sweet drowsiness of southern climes.

With gaze fixed on some unattainable star,
The soul still yearns to reach a vague to be;
Fond dreamer! while we dream, neglect doth mar
The harvests of a rich reality.

Oh, heart of mine! that doth forever pine
For that which lies beyond its full desire,
Cease for awhile! To-day alone is thine;
To-morrow Death may light thy funeral pyre.
—Rudolph Steinhagen, in N. Y. Sun.

THE OLD MILL MYSTERY

By Arthur W. Marchmont, B. A.

Author of "Miser Hadley's Secret," "Madeline Tower," "By Whose Hand," "Isa," &c., &c.

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CHAPTER XVI—CONTINUED.

"I saw Gorrings, and he told me the charges last night, saying all the papers had been sent to Mr. Coode. I went to Mr. Coode's place and then found he had come here. I came back to Walkden Bridge, and saw the two together at the mill. They laid the papers before me—my receipts for the money, and the accounts I had given of the money. They were short; while some of the entries I made are for payments which the people swear they've never received. It's all so plain that if I didn't know I'm innocent I should believe the papers against myself. Old Coode said he hadn't the slightest wish to believe me anything but innocent, but what could he think in the face of the proofs? Then he urged me to go away quietly. But I wouldn't agree. I was violent. I was mad. I could have smashed everything in the place in my rage. I told him I wouldn't go; and that if he liked to lock me up for what I'd never done, he might. But he urged me. He was as kind as a man could be to one whom he thought a thief. 'What could I do in Walkden Bridge when I wasn't allowed in the mill?' he asked. 'Better go and try to make a new life of it somewhere else; forget this, and try to live down the memory of it.' But I won't go while the running away means a confession of an act that I haven't done. Come what may, I'll hold my ground."

"Whose work is this, do you think, Tom?" asked Mary.

"Some of the strike hands. That's about the size of it, I expect. But I can't get at the secret. They've laid the plant with such devilish cunning that they've taken in Coode and Gorrings, and would take in the very devil himself. But I won't run away," and this he repeated several times, until it seemed almost as if he wished to strengthen the resolve by many protestations of it.

"Why not see Mr. Coode alone? He is a just man, or said to be so, and if you were to talk over the whole of the matter quietly with him you might be able to persuade him what the truth is."

"But I can't talk quietly about it. Besides, he wouldn't see me alone, I expect."

"Oh yes, he would; if for nothing else than for your father's sake. Go to the mill and ask him. He's sure to be at the mill this evening, if he doesn't go back home to Grange."

He agreed at length to do as the girl wished, and a little later she went home, Tom promising to come to her as soon as he had seen Mr. Coode.

He seemed much calmer than when she left him. She was glad, very glad, that he had resolved not to run away from the trouble; and her faith in Tom gave her a quiet undercurrent assurance that all would be well. And down in a corner of her woman's heart she was glad to think that at any rate she would have an opportunity of proving to him how true was her love.

After she had had some tea, Mary took a book and went up to her bedroom, the window of which overlooked the road, and she sat there to wait and watch for Tom's coming.

When dusk grew into darkness and the air began to grow chilly Mary closed the window and went downstairs, thinking it could not be much longer before Tom's arrival. Then it struck her that it might cheer him to have a bit of warm supper. Moreover, the preparation of it would occupy her while she waited, she thought, and help to make the time pass.

But when the meal was ready, and the clock pointed to ten o'clock, there were still no signs of Tom.

Eleven o'clock struck, and the sharp, quick strokes of the little drum clock, as she counted them, made her begin to feel anxious.

Where could Tom be? She looked regretfully at the meal she had made ready for him in vain; and she sighed.

She went outside again; but this time it was as much to cool her hot brow as to look for Tom's coming.

At midnight she was more anxious than before. Tom could not possibly be with Mr. Coode until such an hour as this. But if not, where was he? Could they have locked him up?

The thought harassed her so much that at last she felt she must find out for herself whether there was any ground for it. She resolved to go down to Tom's cottage and ascertain whether any tidings of him were to be obtained there.

The village was very still and dark as she hurried through it. As she passed the cottage where Savannah Morbyn lodged she saw a light in it and a sudden impulse prompted her to go and ask for Savannah and find out whether she had seen Tom.

She knocked lightly at the door. A woman came to the door holding a lighted candle above her head and, peering out, asked who it was.

"It's me, Mary Ashworth, Mrs. O'Brien," said Mary. "Is Savannah in?"

"Deed and she's not," answered the woman. "She's away, and she'll not be comin' back till after Whitsuntide."

"Thank you. I happened to be passing, and, seeing a light, I thought I would ask her question. That's all. Good night."

The news was a little relief to Mary. Wherever Tom might be, it was certain he was not—but she chided herself for even harboring such a thought, and left it unexpressed.

She hurried on to Tom's cottage; and found it all in darkness. At first she did not like to knock, but her anxiety overcame all her other feelings, and she went up to the door. It was unlocked, however, and pushing it open she entered.

The old man, hearing a noise, called out:

"Is that you, Tom? Are you come back?"

"No, Mr. Roylance, it's me," said Mary, going into the inner room where he lay. "Where is Tom?"

"That's just what I don't know, my lass. I don't know whatever's come to the lad. He went out somewhere about eight or nine, I should think it was, and came rushing in half an hour ago all in a hurry-scurry. Stopped about five or six minutes, and then came to me and said he was going off."

"Where are you going, lad?" I asked.

"Don't know, father, I'll let you know in a day or so. I am going away for the holidays." But he didn't look like holidaying, not to my eyes. He was all excited and trembling and shaking and pale, and I don't know what.

"What's the matter, Tom?" I asked him. But he just said naught; and he shook my hand and stooped and kissed me on the forehead—a thing he ain't done for years.

"What I'm doin', I'm doin' for the best," he said. "Don't think too hard on me! Bless the lad, what could I think hard on him for? But before I could tell him that, he was gone."

What she heard multiplied Mary's uneasiness many times. She said quietly and soothingly:

"Lie down, father, and try to get some sleep. I'll stop and see if Tom comes in."

She smoothed his pillows, made the bed more comfortable, shaded the lamp from his face and then sat down by the head of the bed to watch and wait.

She sat as still as sleep itself, thinking over what had been told her and wondering what it could mean. Had he determined to take Mr. Coode's offer and leave the town, after his many assertions that he would do nothing of the kind? If so, was Savannah in any way connected with his going away? That thought was like a dagger thrust.

She could not sleep. Her brain was too restless, too busy, too all-inquiring. She watched the darkness outside lift and lighten gradually; and when the faint gray light came stealing in through the white blind, throwing up in dim outline the figure and then the features of the old man who lay sleeping on the bed, Mary rose and put out the lamp, and then watched the light as it broadened and brightened, and listened to the sounds of the dawn as they came in faintly from without.

The light was full and strong enough to show Mary the time by the small clock on the mantel board—six o'clock—when her ear caught the sound of the footsteps of those who were intending to begin their holiday early in the day.

Suddenly a knock sounded on the door of the cottage, making the girl start. Then a hand tried the door and, finding it open, some one came with a heavy step along the passage.

"What is it?" asked Mary, going to meet the incomer, and speaking in a low voice so as not to wake the old man.

"I've come to tell Tom the news, lass," said the man, a neighbor, who was dressed in his best and going for his holiday.

"The news?" said Mary. "A strange time for telling news, Mr. Bridge," she said, cheerfully.

"Aye, and it's strange news to tell, lass, too. Some one got into the mill last night and killed old Mr. Coode. He was found dead this morning when Jake Farnworth went in."

"Dead! Killed!" cried Mary, in a hushed, horror-laden voice.

"Aye, killed, sure enough, with his face all battered and beaten out of

shape and knowledge. It's naught but murder, that job."

CHAPTER XVII

HOW THE WEAPON WAS FOUND.

The news of the murder spread through the mill village and filled all classes of the people with consternation.

Mr. Coode had not, for some years, taken a very active part in the conduct of the mill; but in former times he had been a well-known figure in Walkden Bridge—known to every one as a fair and just dealing if somewhat hard master. He had not been very popular, it is true; but certainly no one in the place could have been supposed to harbor anything like sufficient hostility to wish for his death.

There was no doubt, however, that the cause of death was murder. The dead man's face had been battered out of all knowledge, while a terrible blow from behind had crushed in the skull with force enough to have killed an ox—so said the doctor.

At about six o'clock an engineer had gone to the mill to make some repairs, taking advantage of the engine being stopped for the holidays; and as he had to pass the office, he chanced to see through the open door the signs of some confusion. He looked in and found that evidently something was amiss, as the chairs and office stools were overturned, a lamp that stood on the desk had been thrown down and broken, papers and books were scattered in all directions, and everything looked, as he said, "as if there had been a regular free fight."

Then, lying on one side of the office table that stood in the middle of the room, he had found the body of Mr. Coode. He had rushed out at once and given the alarm, sending the first person he met for the police while he ran for the doctor.

Doctor and police arrived about the same time, and both had agreed as to the cause of death. Nobody could look at the room without seeing that a struggle must have taken place, and no one could see the barbarous disfigurement of head and face without at the same time understanding the cause of death.

Reuben Gorrings was very soon on the scene, and immediately began to question all concerned in a searching, vigorous manner. He made the engineer, Jake Farnworth, who had discovered the body, tell the whole of his story over again carefully, and he wrote it down from his dictation.

"You say you found the office door open?" he asked.

"Yes; enough to let me see a chair lying on the ground and a paper or two near it. I could see as things weren't all right, and that made me push the door open wider," said the man.

"Show me exactly how far it was open," said Gorrings, as if he thought much of the point.

The man went out and pulled the door within about six or nine inches of being completely shut.

"That's about it, sir, as near as I can judge," said the man from without. "And I pushed it like this," and he showed the others what he had done.

"That's strange," said Gorrings, looking very thoughtful.

"Why strange?" said the doctor.

"Why strange?" he echoed, turning and looking hard at the doctor. "Why, because I thought that door would shut of itself. That's all."

"Don't see that it matters very much, Mr. Gorrings," said the police inspector, looking very profound.

"Don't you? Well, perhaps it doesn't. But you see it may all depend on the position of that door to show whether the villain who did this did it deliberately and calmly, or whether he was flurried and nervous and so hurried the matter."

All through the impromptu investigation which Gorrings carried through, the rest were much impressed by the direct character of his questions and the clear method in which he elicited the facts.

When he came to deal with the doctor, he was searching in his questions.

"Of course," said the doctor, with professional caution, "I cannot pledge myself until I have made an autopsy; but there can be no reasonable doubt as to the cause of death. This fracture in the base of the skull," pointing to it, "would have killed the strongest man in the world; it has crashed right into the brain. Either of these wounds in the face would also probably have been enough to cause death."

"Virtually, of course, there can be no doubt that the blows either on the face or at the back of the head caused death?" asked Gorrings.

"Virtually, no doubt at all," said the doctor.

"Not the slightest," agreed the police inspector. "That's clear as day."

"Well, inspector, do you want to take charge of the place here, or of the body? I should like it removed as soon as possible. If the doctor here makes the post mortem this morning and we get the inquest held for this afternoon, the jury can view the body and the room as it is and we can have my poor old friend buried at once."

The other man agreed to this as an excellent arrangement, and with that they all went out of the office, Gorrings closing and locking the door after them. Before he locked it, however, he tried it once or twice to see whether, when it was shut, it would come open easily and without being touched by anyone. It would not, and this fact seemed to afford him matter for thought.

"By the way," said the police inspector, "there's one thing I've very foolishly forgotten. What about the weapon with which this was done? I didn't see anything in the room."

"Nor I; there was nothing. But you can see to that when you go back to get the body away for the post-mortem," answered Gorrings. "Whatever the weapon was, if it was left behind it'll be there. What should you think it was, doctor?"

"Well, I can scarcely say without a closer examination of the wounds; but I should think it was some blunty instrument, with perhaps a knob or lump at the end, with a jagged edge. It looks like that."

"Ah, well, I dare say it'll turn up; good morning," and Gorrings walked away homewards to breakfast.

About ten o'clock, while Mary was sitting with old Mr. Roylance, she was surprised by Reuben Gorrings, who walked in and started to find her there.

"You here, Mary?" he said.

"Where's Tom?"

Mary looked at him quietly and earnestly, yet with fear in her eyes, and with very pale cheeks.

"He is not at home," she answered.

"Not at home! Why, where is he then?"

"How can I tell?" answered the girl, with assumed indifference; and motioning toward the old man to prevent anything being said before him.

"This is a sad business, Mr. Roylance," said Gorrings. "I came in to see Tom, as I thought I might want him at the mill. Never mind if he's out. I must see you at once," he added to Mary in an undertone. "Come into the other room."

Reuben Gorrings went into the next room, and she followed as soon as possible. Gorrings was looking at a book of Tom's which he put down as she entered.

"Where is Tom?" he asked again.

"Why has he run away?"

"What do you mean?" she answered, indignantly. "How dare you to say he has run away—you, of all men?"

"Why I, of all men?" he answered, looking at her keenly.

"Because you yourself as good as told him to go away on pain of being prosecuted. I heard Mr. Coode when he said it yesterday. If he has gone in consequence of this, how can you come and ask where he is? Are you still so eager to prosecute?"

"Mary, don't speak so harshly. I came this morning to see Tom and tell him that now this thing has happened he need have no further fear; and this is my reception." He said this in an aggrieved tone.

"Well, I do not know where he is; but I suppose he has gone away because you and Mr. Coode told him he'd be prosecuted. That seems the likeliest reason," answered Mary.

"When did he go?" asked Gorrings.

"Somewhere about eight o'clock last evening, I fancy," answered Mary, as unconcerned as possible. "I did not see him after six or seven."

"Must have been later than that, I fancy. He was in the village after that. Some one met him near the Two Stones bridge about ten o'clock." This was a spot within fifty yards of the mill.

"Well, I don't know. I don't think he can have been there, for I was on the lookout to see him."

"You were on the lookout!" said Gorrings, sharply, looking quickly and searchingly at her.

"Yes; and I think I should have seen him."

"Well, he'd better come back, wherever he is, and whenever he went," said Gorrings, significantly. "I'm sorry he's gone away; I wanted him to have come up to the mill to run through the papers with me. I must go; this terrible business has upset everything. Good-by."

He put his hat on and turned hurriedly away—so hurriedly that he knocked down the book at which he had been glancing. With a muttered exclamation at his carelessness he picked it up, and instead of putting it back on the table, gave it into the girl's hands.

"Oh, I beg your pardon," he said, smiling. "I meant to put it down on the table; but I am absent-minded this morning."

"Never mind," answered Mary; "I'll put it in its proper place on that shelf there."

"I found it on the table," he said, as if excusing himself for having had it in his hand at all.

"No matter," she answered.

She was sorry she had spoken sharply to him, for it was good of him to come to tell Tom that now there was nothing more to fear in the matter of the lost money. What a pity Tom had not stayed to face it out. It looked now so much like guilt on his part to have left the place.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Conundrums Already Answered.

When is a woman's tongue like a new pair of scissors? When it is sharp.

What should glass-workers beware of making glass into? Of making it into panes (pains).

When are a trunk and a dress alike? When they are both checked.

What kind of nuts is used for making furniture? Walnut.

If a poor machinist were asked what supported his family, what metal might he name for his answer? Iron ("I earn").—Youth's Companion.

The greatest circulating medium is the drummer.—Galveston News.

MINERS PERISH.

Fatal Disasters in Oregon, Pennsylvania and Colorado.

A Total of Forty-Three Killed, Thirty-Seven Being at Franklin, Ore., Two at Gilberton, Pa., and Four at Creede, Ore.

A FIRE AND EXPLOSION.

TACOMA, Wash., Aug. 27.—Thirty-seven miners of mixed nationalities were killed Friday afternoon by an explosion in the Oregon Improvement company's coal mine at Franklin, King county, 34 miles southeast of Seattle. The miners were trying to save the mines from destruction by fire when the explosion occurred. Those who rushed to the gangway when the fire was discovered escaped.

Those who remained to fight the fire were first attracted by thin clouds of smoke issuing from the bottom of slope or level 62. Believing the fire could be extinguished without much damage or loss of life resulting from an explosion they set fearlessly to work to locate and extinguish the incipient blaze. Instantly after the explosion occurred the flames burst out from the bottom of the level and advanced rapidly upon the maimed and imprisoned miners. Timbers, coal dumps and large chunks of coal were hurled in all directions by the force of the explosion.

At 3 o'clock the last of the thirty-seven bodies was recovered and then the people began to quiet down. Many of them were completely prostrated with their violent grief and devoted their time to methodically caring for the dead. The origin of the fire is supposed to be due to spontaneous combustion caused by refuse and screening in the bottom of the breast-slacking and catching fire.

Disaster in Pennsylvania.

ASHLAND, Pa., Aug. 27.—Two men were killed and eleven injured by an explosion of gas in the Gilberton colliery near this place Friday afternoon. Those dead are William Birmingham and Frank McCormick. The explosion, which occurred shortly after noon, was primarily caused by a fall of coal, which became dislodged by the mining operations. This released an immense volume of gas and at the same time forced it along the gangways to a distance of more than 1,000 yards, stifling and choking the miners as it swept along. Finally it reached a gang of miners who were working with naked lamps, and instantly ignited. An explosion, which shook the earth and was heard by the people in their homes above, followed. Flames and smoke burst from the mouth of the pit, and inside and out there were scenes of frantic terror. Rescuing parties were organized and the men were brought to the surface as rapidly as possible.

Shaft Rope Burned.

DENVER, Col., Aug. 27.—A dispatch from Creede, Col., says that the shaft-house and machines at the Amethyst mine were burned. The wire rope burned, letting the cage fall to the bottom of the shaft and killing four men. Water is flooding the mine.

ON THE RISE.

Business in Chicago, Wholesale and Retail, Has a Little Boom.

CHICAGO, Aug. 25.—During the last week the business improvement has been so rapid and the volume of trade so much increased in nearly every line as to bring expressions of astonishment from many of the old-time business men of the city.

Everybody is buying now. The great wholesale houses are crowded with orders, and buyers from the country are clamoring to have long bills of goods shipped by the next freight. And they are ready to pay, too. No talk about long-time payments. They are out of stock, and have been running "short" during the hard times to be prepared for any commercial cataclysm which scant confidence might precipitate. All this is changed. A visit to any of the wholesale houses massed in the region of Monroe and Franklin streets show the reaction from the stagnation of trade.

Great improvement in the retail trade is also evident. One of the largest retail establishments in the city reports the business of the last two weeks equal to any like period before the panic, and all indications point to a continuation of this encouraging condition of general improvement.

The steamer lines are doing more business in general merchandise both to and from the Atlantic seaboard this week than at any time since the panic began in the spring of 1893. The movement of freight is not confined to any particular line, but everything seems to be on the move.

SWAMPS, ON FIRE.

Crops and Timber Lands Destroyed Near Waterloo, Tenn.

WATERLOO, Tenn., Aug. 25.—The air in this vicinity is full of a dense smoke. It comes from the burning tamarack swamps surrounding the city and the fire has encroached upon the farming and timber lands. Some crops have already been destroyed and if rain does not soon come great loss will result to the community. Farmers are digging large trenches to protect their property and every effort is being made to check the fire.

THE GENOA ISSUE.

PUBLISHED THURSDAYS

BY GEO. E. SISLEY & CO.

Per Year.....\$1.50
If paid in advance.....\$1.25

It is possible that a Republican may be elected to congress from the Breckinridge district of Kentucky, as a result of the warfare that is being waged against the white-haired old republic. It is an ill wind that blows nobody good.

Bonnets of the Autumn.

For some time past, as the hair has been worn rather high, the inclination has been to wear the bonnet well forward, writes Isabel A. Mallon in a daintily-illustrated article in the September Ladies' Home Journal. But news from across the sea is that the bonnet will be worn sufficiently far back to show the arrangement of the front hair and also to make the things seem really a necessity. The shape which is the most favored is that known as the Dutch cap, which fits the head quite closely, after the fashion of the velvet bead hats worn by the pretty Dutch girls in some picture. Modernized, the cap reaches to just above the ears, is quite flat on top and extends in the back to mid-way of the head. It is made of felt, of velvet, of cloth and occasionally, of moire. The prettiest and most becoming ones are those made of velvet. The decoration usually stands high up and is placed on top of the little bonnet near the front. There is a decided fancy for having this decoration consisting of one large bird, although to carry out the idea of a Dutch cap there is also shown, in velvet and in glowing colors, bunches of tulips that suggest their being very precious in the eyes of the oldtime collector.

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Callouette, druggist, Beaver-ville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all physicians miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told that I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store in sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to feel better, and after using using three bottles was up and around again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial bottle at F. T. Robinson's drug store.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick head aches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tonic to the bowels, and in few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it one. Large bottles only fifty cents at F. T. Robinson's drug store.

The following appeared in an exchange: "Wanted--In one hundred thousand households in America, a willing, sunshiny daughter, who will not fret when asked to wipe the dishes, or sigh when asked to take care of the baby; a daughter whose chief delight is to smooth away a mother's wrinkles, and who is quite as willing to lighten a father's cares as his pocket: a girl who thinks her brother quite as fine a fellow as some other girls brother. Confident, love, high esteem, and a more honorable space in the family guaranteed. Employment assured to all qualified applicants. Address, Mother home office."

The first annual picnic of the northern Illinois Maccabees will be held at Elgin on Saturday, September 8, 1894. The speakers of the day are Hon. D. P. Markey, Supreme Commander K. O. T. M., Lady Cora N. Eaves, of Detroit, Rev. A. Adrian, Prof. Quackenbush and C. F. Irwin. Everyone is invited to attend and have a good time. The Genoa Camp of Maccabees will be well represented.

Geneva bonded herself for \$6,000 for water works. They have been in operation but a short time, but have saved the town from a disastrous conflagration twice, saving many times in value the cost of the water works. Keep the fact before you, Genoa needs fire protection.

Dundee is talking of organizing a company of Illinois National Guards. There has been some talk of organizing a company in Genoa, but nothing definite has resulted so far.

THE ISSUE five months for 4c.

Closing Out Sale.

Shoes at any price to sell them as I shall leave Genoa in a few days. Now is the time to buy school shoes.

LYNN SHOE CO.

The heavy pall of smoke which has hung over Genoa for some time past is caused by the heavy fires in the swamp district of Michigan.

William C. Doyle has received the appointment of postmaster at Sycamore after a long and bitter struggle.

Oliver, Ill., July 10, 1890.—Messrs. Forsythe & Forsythe, prominent merchants of this place, say they have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in their families, most cases of the bloody flux, with perfect satisfaction, and take pleasure in recommending it to the public. This is the most successful medicine in the market for colic, cholera, morbus, dysentery, diarrhoea and summer complaint. There is nothing equal to it for summer complaint incident to children. For sale by F. T. Robinson druggist.

—For the annual encampment G. A. R., to be held at Pittsburgh, September 8th to 10th, the C. M. & St. P. Ry. will sell excursion tickets Sept. 8 and 9 at \$11.74 for the round trip, good to leave Pittsburgh returning September 14, 18 or 25 only, one stop over will be given east of Chicago on return trip only. J. M. HARVEY, Agent.

Patronize home trade as a rule. The practice of sending away from home for merchandise or for workmen when you could be supplied at home as cheaply and as well, is sure death to your town. The simple practice of patronizing your own home merchants and artisans will boom your own town more potently than in any other way.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 2 cents per box. For sale by F. T. Robinson.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

DR. M. D. LEFEVRE, Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist. Office Robinson's Drug store. Calls attended day or night.

E. H. BURLINGTON, Real Estate Agency and Collections, Blue Springs, Neb. Both farm and city property for sale and rent. Office Barlinger Bldg. Correspondence solicited

EXCHANGE BANK OF BROWN & BROWN Buy and sell Government Bonds. Sell Passage Tickets to and from Europe. And for sale or rent some choice farms in this vicinity, and houses and lots in this village.

A. F. & A. MASONS, GENOA LODGE No. 288, meets in regular session of Wednesday evening on or before the full moon of each month. W. M., J. M. Harvey.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODDFELLOWS, Genoa Lodge No. 768, meets in regular session every Monday evening. F. M. Overaker, Sec., A. U. Schneider, N. G.

KNIGHTS OF THE GLOBE, GENOA No. 56, meets in regular session on the second and fourth Tuesday of each month. J. A. Harvey, Pres. E. H. Lane, Adj

GO TO

Merritt & Hadsall

for all grade of

HARD COAL

PRICES DELIVERED,

\$6.50 to \$7.00 per ton.

SOFT COAL,

PRICES DELIVERED,

\$2.75 to \$5.00 per ton.

G. C. ROWAN AND AGENTS EUGENE OLMSTEAD,

The Farmer's Mutual,

OF KINGSTON.

ROCKFORD

Steam Laundry Co.,

Leave order, and have work called or every Wednesday morning, at the

Genoa Barber Shop.

AL. U. SCHNEIDER, Proprietor.

HARD TIMES

Prices have been reduced to suit the hard times on WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY.

ALBERT HAGOPEAN

Buy now and Save Money.

IN REPAIRING

Have had 17 years' experience and guarantee all work.

Mordoff Building, - Genoa.

O. BECKINGTON

AUCTIONEER

and Real Estate Agent.

Farm sales a specialty. Satisfaction guaranteed or no charges made. Leave orders at this office or address

O, BECKINGTON,

Boone Co. Belvidere, Telephone No. 51.

ROCKFORD Business College

THE GREAT

Model School of Business

Still Leads in

NORMAL, SHORTHAND, and BUSINESS METHODS.

Open all the year. Students helped to lucrative positions when competent.

ROCKFORD SCHOOL OF TELEGRAPHY

Is also turning out Successful Operatives.

Fall Opening, - Monday, Sept. 3, 1894. Commencement and Reunion, Sept. 7, 1894.

Send for new Catalogue No. 13.

WINANS & JOHNSON,

Main Street, Rockford, Ill.

DR. TALLERDAY'S



FEMALE TONIC

ENCOURAGING WORDS.

I had been in a miserable state of health for a long time and was discouraged, feeling that little or nothing could be done to make myself any better, much less restore my health, but a few bottles of Dr. Tallerdays' Female Tonic did it to the surprise of myself and acquaintances. My little boy was badly debilitated after a fit of sickness, and I seemed he would never gain strength—by giving him the Tonic his appetite was restored, he became strong and healthy in a short time. A gentleman of my acquaintance has been entirely cured of a bad case of dyspepsia by using Dr. Tallerdays' Female Tonic.

Mrs. W. M. WALKER, 921 Union Street, Beloit, Wis

For Sale by F. T. Robinson, H. H. Slater and F. E. Wells, Genoa,

I Have just Secured

—THE AGENCY FOR—

Washburn-Crosby's Superlative

FLOUR

POSITIVELY THE BEST FLOUR ON THE MARKET.

..... Use it once and you'll use no other.....

\$1.00 Per Sack.

Something New, I have just added a stock of the AMOLE TOILET SOAPS the purest and most fragrant soap made.

The Amole Tar Soap has no equal as a dirt remover,

AMOLEAN WASHING POWDER requires but little labor and has no bad effects.

H. J. WELLS,

GENOA'S ONLY EXCLUSIVE GROCER. Burroughs Building Goods Promptly Delivered.

A Large Saving.

Don't forget that there is a large saving to you in buying

FOOTWEAR AT

JOHN LEMBKE'S,

He will Save You money on the cost of the shoe, Save you from mortification by giving the most stylish shoe that is made, and save you from the torture occasioned by an ill-fitting shoe.

Ladies if you want a plain toe slipper or an Oxford tie, or anything in russet goods, give me a call. I have a large stock to select from and can please you in style and price.

Yours Very Respectfully,

JOHN LEMBKE.

Repairing neatly Done.

Do You

Take A Good Photograph?

No ?

Call at

Clark's Art Gallery, Sycamore,

..... His Pictures tell their own story, and will please you no matter how skeptical you are.....

Our Crayon Portraits Are all the Go.

FRA ES Do you want one? We have on hand 150 ready made frames, and the Largest line of Mouldings to be seen outside of Chicago. Visit us.

We Are Exclusive Agents

—FOR—

PILLSBURY'S

BEST FLOUR,

We Buy Direct from the Mills at Minneapolis and not from Neighboring towns.

At \$1.00 Per Sack We Sell

BEST IN THE WORLD Pillsbury's Flour.

Try a Sack and you'll use no other.

A. CRAWFORD & SONS.

PLATES \$8.

Geo. E. Smith, Dentist, will visit Genoa every Wednesday. Will come prepared to do plate work or filling. Office hours twelve o'clock, a. m. to 5 p. m. Office at the City Hotel Parlor. Main Street.

PAINLESS EXTRACTION.

A. M. HILL, M. D.

Office over Lane's jewelry store. Hours, 6:30 to 8 p. m., 12:30 to 2 p. m. Residence on State st. Calls promptly attended day or night.

Sunday School Association.

The annual convention of the DeKalb County Sunday school association will be held Tuesday and Wednesday, September 11 and 12, in the M. E. church in Hinckley. The people of Hinckley have invited us to come in and abide with them during this convention. Let everyone interested in Sunday school work feel they are invited to come and take part in the discussions and we trust the good thoughts brought out will be an inspiration, to all those who attend, to do better Sunday school work in the year to come. One has said, "The largest room in the world is the room for improvement, then in this great room there should be great activity."

The world's supreme need is victory or the gospel through our Lord Jesus Christ. MRS. NOBLE, Secretary and Treasurer of DeKalb County Sunday School Association.

School Notes.

School will commence Monday, September 3rd.

All tuition pupils will be admitted as usual.

Pupils will take the rooms assigned them last fall.

The members of the class in physics will use "Steels Popular Physic" and in Rhetoric, "Hill's Revised Rhetoric."

No change in books will be made and a full supply can be found on the shelves of your dealer.

Parents will confer a great favor on the instructors and a lasting benefit to the pupil by sending the boys and girls the first day and seeing that they are present every day.

F. M. OVERAKER, Supt.

The P. of I. Meeting.

The Patrons of Industry at their meeting Tuesday evening voted unanimously to renew their contract of blacksmithing and repairing with Mr. Smith. They all spoke in highest terms of the work he had done in the past, and although efforts were made by others to secure the contract, yet they deemed it but an act of justice to Mr. Smith after the excellent manner in which he had fulfilled his contract to again renew it with some other party.

List of Patents.

Granted to Illinois inventors this week reported by C. A. Snow & Co. solicitors of American and Foreign Patents, opp., U. S. Patent Office, Washington D. C.

W. W. Abbott & J. Green, Hoopston, device for removing can-holding crates from reports U. H. Balcom, Downer's Grove, sash fastener, A. Gano, Greene Co. farm gate, A. Hackman, Peora, reclining chair, T. Masen Jacksonville, Clasp for watch chains, L. O. Prentice, Waukegan & G. Mehring, Chicago, Radiator, F. F. Varing, scale mound, wagon end gate.

Cheap Excursion.

On September 11 and 25 and October 9, 1894, the North-Western Line will sell home-seekers' excursion tickets to points in northwestern Iowa, western Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Minnesota, Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, Idaho and Montana at exceedingly low rates for the round trip. These tickets will be good for return passage within twenty days from date of sale and will allow stop-over privileges on going trip in territory to which tickets are sold. For tickets and full information apply to Agents Chicago & North-Western Railway.

Died.

At her home in Kinsley, Kansas, after a painful illness, Mrs. Sarah L. Shaw, wife of Irvin H. Shaw. The deceased will be kindly remembered by many in Genoa and vicinity as Sarah L. Tompson, daughter of Douglas and Emily Thompson who were among the first settlers of Genoa Township.

A devoted wife and mother, an affectionate sister, a loyal and sympathetic friend whose heart was quick to respond to the call of suffering humanity. "rest from her labors and her works do follow her." K. A. T.

NOTICE.

I have started my cider press at the Hoag blacksmith shop and will make cider Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday of each week, until further notice. BEN AWE.

To RENT—Desirable house in a desirable locality. Good residence property for sale. D. S. BROWN.

Those new fall suitings arrived at F. O. Holtgren's. Go now and get a first pick.

Those \$5 fall pants will be the thing for you to get. F. O. Holtgren has an elegant stock to select from.

Pillsbury flour shipped direct from the mill, not laying in Chicago until stale, at E. H. Cohoon's.

Dr. Billig is now nicely settled in the bank building.

Men's patent leather Oxford ties only \$1.35 a pair sold by John Lembke. Try a pair and make your feet look dressy.

All accounts due me must be settled by the end of two weeks or they will be left for collection. JOE. CORSON.

The entire stock must be sold at some price. Save money by buying shoes now of the Lynn Shoe Co, Basement of the Pacific House, Genoa.

You are sure to get what you want, 800 different patterns to select from at J. D. Page's.

Wm. Schmidt wishes to announce to the public, that he is ready to do all kinds of repairing and more especially horse shoeing. Mr. Schmidt has recently hired an experienced horse shoer and will guarantee all of his work to be first class.

If the ladies want something up with the times, stylish, and something that is comfortable to wear these long warm days, they will buy a pair of those ladies' fine Oxford ties. Only \$1 per pair at John Lembke's.

FOR SALE. We have about 300, 8 inch tile to sell. Call and see them and get a way down price. Brown & Brown, Genoa, Ill.

For first class dental work at reasonable prices call on Dr. Billig, bank building.

Go to E. H. Cohoon's for Pillsbury flour, the best, at \$1.00.

J. D. Page is showing 800 different styles in pants and suitings.

J. D. Page has a choice lot of fall styles to select from in pants and suitings.

John Lembke has just received another lot of ladies' Oxford walking shoes. No sheepskin uppers, paste-board counters or buttons.

The annual convention of the fifth District W. C. T. U. will be held at Marengo, in the Baptist church, Wednesday and Thursday, September 5th, and 6th. Helen M. Borker, of Chicago will deliver the address. Visitors will be entertained.

Have your dental work done by a competent dentist. Dr. Billig is now permanently located here and makes a specialty of crown and bridge work. Call and see him.

When in need of a new pair of shoes boots, slippers or any thing in the shape of foot wear come and buy them of me and get a square deal. I guarantee my goods to be just as I represent them. Come and see for your self, at John Lembke's shoe store.

100 pair of men's working and grain leather shoes at 90 cents a pair to close them out at Lynn Shoe Co's stand. Basement of the Pacific House, Genoa.

The Illinois Central Ry will sell excursion tickets to Rockford, on account of the Winnebago County Fair for one fare and one third for the round trip. Tickets for sale Sept. 3rd, and 7th. good to return until Sept 8th. E. Sisson, Agent.

DR. BILLIG'S DENTAL PARLORS

OVER BANK BUILDING, GENOA

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK A SPECIALTY.

CALL AND SEE HIM.

WE ARE PREPARED TO DO ALL

KINDS OF AUCTIONEERING

Farm Property, Especially, Satisfaction Guaranteed, Our Terms Reasonable.

WHIPPLE & ABRAHAM AUCTIONEERS, GENOA, - - - ILLINOIS.



COLLARS AND CUFFS that are waterproof. Never wilt and not effected by moisture. Clean, neat and durable. When soiled simply wipe off with a wet cloth. The genuine are made by covering a linen collar or cuff on both sides with "celluloid" and as they are the only waterproof goods made with such an interlining, it follows that they are the only collars and cuffs that will stand the wear and give satisfaction. Every piece is stamped as follows:



If anything else is offered you it is an imitation. Refuse any but the genuine, and if your dealer does not have what you want send direct to us, enclosing amount and stating size and whether a stand-up or turned-down collar is wanted. Collars 25c. each. Cuffs 50c. pair.

The Celluloid Company, 427-429 Broadway, New York.

If you are in need of a

Piano, Organ,

Write to

T. H. GILL.

of Marengo, and he will call on you.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILWAY TIME CARD.

PASSENGERS EAST	GENOA	CHICAGO
No. 2, Vestibule	11:30 A. M.	1:10 P. M.
No. 4, Express	4:12 A. M.	7:00 A. M.
No. 32, Express	5:20 P. M.	7:30 P. M.
No. 34, Express	8:41 A. M.	10:30 A. M.
No. 36 Milk Train	7:35 A. M.	10:25 A. M.
No. 92, Way Freight	12:15 P. M.	7:05 P. M.
PASSENGERS WEST.		
No. 1, Vestibule	3:48 P. M.	2:00 P. M.
No. 3, Express	2:02 A. M.	11:35 P. M.
No. 31, Express	10:57 A. M.	8:30 A. M.
No. 33 Express	8:50 P. M.	5:00 P. M.
No. 35, Milk Train	8:54 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
No. 91, Way Freight	4:08 P. M.	9:30 A. M.

No. 2 stops for Chicago passengers and leaves passengers getting on at or west of Rockford.
No. 32 stops only to take passengers for Chicago, and to leave passengers for Rockford, and beyond.
Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 daily through trains from Chicago to Sioux City. No. 31, Chicago to Freeport. No. 32, Waterloo to Chicago, and Nos. 33 and 34 between Chicago and Freeport and are daily except Sunday.
Nos. 35 and 36 daily milk Chicago and Rockford.
No. 1 stops only to leave passengers from Chicago and take on those for Rockford, Freeport and beyond.
Nos. 91 and 92, way freights, carry passengers daily except Sunday.
For all information about connections and through tickets apply to
E. SISSON, Agent

C. M. & St. PAUL

TIME CARD.

TRAINS GOING EAST.		
	LVE. GENOA	ARR. CHICAGO
No. 2	5:07 A. M.	7:15 A. M.
No. 4	7:45 A. M.	9:40 A. M.
No. 34	8:03 A. M.	10:35 A. M.
No. 26	12:04 P. M.	2:00 P. M.
No. 22	3:36 P. M.	5:50 P. M.
No. 92, frt.	8:35 A. M.	Elgin 10:30 A. M.
TRAINS GOING WEST.		
	LVE. CHICAGO	LVE. GENOA.
No. 3	10:35 P. M.	12:34 A. M.
No. 21	8:30 A. M.	10:44 A. M.
No. 25	1:00 P. M.	3:14 P. M.
No. 25	4:00 P. M.	6:05 P. M.
No. 1	6:15 P. M.	8:00 P. M.

No. 1, 34 and 35 run daily. No. 2 except Monday. No. 3 except Saturday. Nos. 21, 22, 25, 26 and 92 daily except Sunday. No. 2 and 4 stop on signal for Chicago passengers. No. 1 and 3 stop to let off Chicago passengers and pick up through passengers west, all other trains stop. No. 1 and 4 Omaha limited trains. Close connections made for important points north and west through cars for St. Paul, Minneapolis and Sioux City. No. 2 and 3, Omaha, Kansas City and Cedar Rapids Express. No. 25 and 26, Cedar Rapids, Dubuque Express. No. 21 and 22, Rockford and Janesville and local points. Through tickets to all important points in United States and Canada.
J. M. HARVEY Agent.

C. & N. W. R. R.

TIME AT HENRIETTA.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.	
Passenger	8:54 A. M.
Passenger	5:40 P. M.
Stock Freight	1:58 A. M.
TRAINS GOING SOUTH.	
Freight	8:54 A. M.
Passenger	2:05 P. M.
Passenger	5:11 P. M.

W. H. HUGHES, Agent.

The Marvel of the Age, Gold Mine Flour.

Housekeepers' Delight.

They use it once and will use no other.

MAKES BETTER BREAD AND PASTRY.

TRY IT,

F. E. WELLS

SELLS IT.

TIME is LIMITED.

There is a time in the affairs of every man when he should gird up his loins and

hustle

Seeking improvement in his general appearance. Now that Spring has quit cutting up capers with Winter and settled down to her proper atmospheric condition,

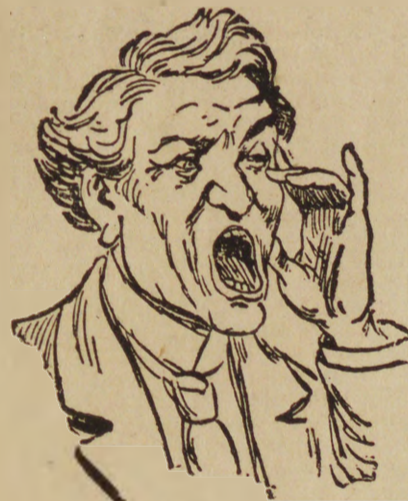
don't you know

that a nobby spring suit would be just the thing, the kind that is made by

J. D. PAGE,

THE TAILOR

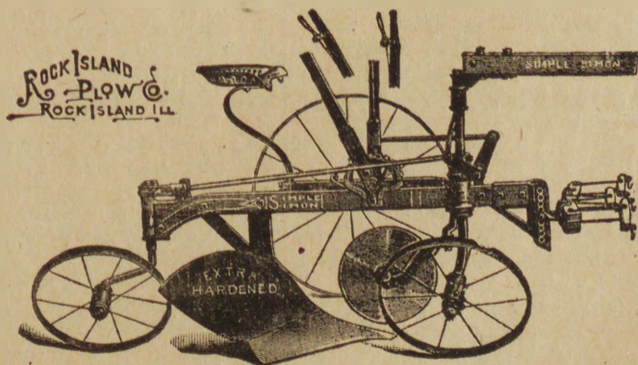
Guarantee Fit and Satisfaction.



YOU BET

I Know a Good Thing When

I SEE IT.



The SIMPLE Simon Plow Does its Work Thoroughly.

GIVES THE BEST SATISFACTION.

SOLD BY

JAS. KIRKMAN.

TALMAGE'S SERMON.

The Place Where All May Find Everlasting Rest.

The World But the King's Highway, Where All Must be Moving—Peace and Happiness at the End of the Journey.

Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage selected the following sermon for publication this week. The subject is "Everlasting Rest," and the text:

Arise ye and depart, for this is not your rest.—Micah II, 10.

This was the drum-beat of a prophet who wanted to arouse his people from their oppressed and sinful condition; but it may just as properly be uttered now as then.

As far as I can see, your great want and mine is rest.

From the time we enter life, a great many vexations and annoyances take after us.

We may have our holidays, and our seasons of recreation and quiet, but where is the man come to mid-life who has found entire rest?

The fact is that God did not make this world to rest in. A ship might as well go down off Cape Hatteras to find smooth water as a man in this world to find quiet.

From the way that God has strewn the thorns, and hung the clouds, and sharpened the tusks; from the colds that distress us, and the heats that smite us, and the pleurisies that stab us, and the fevers that consume us, I know that He did not make this world as a place to loiter in.

God does every thing successfully; and this world would be a very different world if it were intended for us to lounge in.

It does right well for a few hours. Indeed, it is magnificent! Nothing but infinite wisdom and goodness could have mixed this beverage of water, or hung up these brackets of stars, or trained these voices of rill, and bird, and ocean—so that God has but to lift his hand, and the whole world breaks forth into orchestra.

But, after all, it is only the splendors of a king's highway, over which we are to march on to eternal conquests.

You and I have seen men who tried to rest here. They builded themselves great stores. They gathered around them the patronage of merchant princes.

The voice of their bid shook the money markets. They had stock in the most successful railroads, and in "safety deposits" great rolls of government securities.

They had emblazoned carriages, high-mettled steeds, footmen, places that confounded lords and senators who sat at their table, tapestry on which floated the richest designs of foreign looms, splendor of canvas on the wall, exquisiteness of music rising among pedestals of bronze, and dropping, soft as light, on snow of sculpture.

Here let them rest. Put back the embroidered curtain, and shake up the pillow of down. Turn out the lights! It is eleven o'clock at midnight.

Let slumber drop upon the eyelids and the air float through the half-opened lattice drowsy with mid-summer perfume.

Stand back, all care, anxiety and trouble! But no! they will not stand back. They rattle the lattice. They look under the canopy.

With rough touch they startle his pulse. They cry out at twelve o'clock at night, "Awake, man! How can you sleep when things are so uncertain? What about those stocks? Hark to the tap of that fire bell; it is your district! How if you should die soon? Awake, man! Think of it! Who will get your property when you are gone? What will they do with it? Wake up! Riches sometimes take wings. How if you should get poor? Wake up! Rising on one elbow the man of fortune looks out into the darkness of the room and wipes the dampness from his forehead, and says: "Alas! For all this scene of wealth and magnificence—no rest!"

you should lose this place of honor? Wake up! The morning papers are to be full of denunciation. Harken to the execrations of those who once caressed you.

By to-morrow night there will be multitudes sneering at the words which last night you expected would be universally admired.

How can you sleep when everything depends upon the next turn of the tragedy? Up, man! Off of this pillow!"

The man, with head yet hot from his last oration starts up suddenly, looks out upon the night, but sees nothing except the flowers that lie on his stand, or the scroll from which he read his speech, or the books from which he quoted his authorities, and goes to his desk to finish his neglected correspondence, or to pen an indignant line to some reporter, or sketch the plan for a public defense against the assaults of the people.

Happy when he got his first lawyer's brief; exultant when he triumphed over his first political rival; yet, sitting on the very top of all that this world offers of praise, he exclaims: "No rest! no rest!"

The very world that now applauds will soon hiss. That world said of the great Webster: "What a statesman! What wonderful exposition of the constitution! A man fit for any position!"

That same world said, after awhile: "Down with him! He is an office-seeker. He is a sot. He is a libertine. Away with him!"

And there is no peace for the man until he lays down his broken heart in the grave at Marshfield. Jeffrey thought if he could only be judge that would be the making of him; got to be judge, and cursed the day in which he was born.

Alexander wanted to submerge the world with his greatness; submerged it, and then drank himself to death because he could not stand the trouble.

Burns thought he would give everything if he could win the favor of courts and princes; won it, and amid the shouts of a great entertainment, when poets, and orators, and duchesses were adoring his genius, wished that he could creep back into the obscurity in which he dwelt when he wrote of the

Daisy, wee modest, crimson-tipped flower. Napoleon wanted to make all Europe tremble at his power: made it tremble, then died; his entire military achievements dwindling down to a pair of military boots which he insisted on having on his feet when dying.

At Versailles I saw a picture of Napoleon in his triumphs. I went into another room and saw a bust of Napoleon as he appeared at St. Helena; but oh, what grief and anguish in the face of the latter!

The first was Napoleon in triumph, the last was Napoleon with his heart broken. How they laughed and cried when silver-tongued Sheridan, in the midway of prosperity, harangued the people of Britain, and how they howled at and execrated him, when, outside of the room where his corpse lay, his creditors tried to get his miserable bones and sell them!

Now, for what have I said all this? Just to prepare you for the text: "Arise ye, and depart; for this is not your rest." I am going to make you a grand offer.

Some of you remember when gold was discovered in California, large companies were made up and started off to get their fortune. To-day I want to make up a party for the land of gold.

I hold in my hand a deed from the Proprietor of the estate, in which He offers to all who will join the company ten thousand shares of infinite value, in a city whose streets are gold, whose harps are gold, whose crowns are gold.

You have read of the crusaders—how that many thousands of them went off to conquer the Holy Sepulcher. I ask you to join a grander crusade—not for the purpose of conquering the sepulcher of a dead Christ, but for the purpose of reaching the throne of a living Jesus.

When an army is to be made up, the recruiting officer examines the volunteers; he tests their eyesight; he sounds their lungs; he measures their stature; they must be just right, or they are rejected. But there shall be no partiality in making up this army of Christ.

her breath the chill damp of a grave. Out of Jesus Christ not rest. No voice to silence the storm. No light to kindle the darkness. No dry dock to repair the split bulwark.

Thank God, I can tell you something better. If there is no rest on earth, there is rest in Heaven. Oh, ye who are worn out with work, your hands calloused, your backs bent, your eyes half put out, your fingers worn with the needle that in this world you may never lay down; ye discouraged ones, who have been waging a hand-to-hand fight for bread; ye to whom the night brings little rest and the morning more drudgery—oh, ye of the weary hand, and of the weary side, and the weary foot, hear me talk about rest!

Look at that company of enthroned ones. Look at their hands; look at their feet; look at their eyes. It can not be that those bright ones ever toiled? Yes! yes! These packed Chinese tea boxes, and through missionary instruction escaped into glory.

These sweltered on southern plantations, and one night, after the cotton picking, went up as white as if they had never been black. Those died of overtoil in the Lowell carpet factories, and these in Manchester mills; those helped build the pyramids, and those broke away from work on the day Christ was hounded out of Jerusalem.

No more towers to build; Heaven is done. No more garments to weave; the robes are finished. No more harvests to raise; the garners are full. Oh, sons and daughters of toil, arise ye and depart, for that is your rest.

Scovill McCallum, a boy of my Sunday school, while dying, said to his mother: "Don't cry, but sing—sing 'There is rest for the weary.' There is rest for the weary."

then, putting his wasted hands over his heart, said: "There is rest for me." But there are some of you who want to hear about the land where they never have any heartbreaks and no graves are dug.

Where are your father and mother? The most of you are orphans. I look around, and where I see one man who has parents living I see ten who are orphans. Where are your children? Where I see one family circle that is unbroken I see three or four that have been desolated.

One lamb gone out of its fold; one flower plucked from that garland; one golden link broke from that chain; here a bright light put out, and there another, and yonder another. With such griefs, how are you to rest? Will there ever be a power that can attune that silent voice, or kindle the luster of that closed eye, or put spring and dance into the little foot? When we bank up the dust over the dead, is the sod never to be broken? Is the cemetery to hear no sound but the tire of the hearse wheel, or the tap of the bell at the gate as the long procession comes in with their awful burdens of grief.

Is the bottom of the grave gravel, and the top dust? No! no! no! The tomb is only a place where we wrap our robes about us for a pleasant nap on our way home. The swellings of Jordan will wash off the dust of the way. From the top of the grave we catch a glimpse of the towers glistened with the sun that never sets.

Oh, ye whose locks are wet with the dew of the night of grief, ye whose hearts are heavy because those well-known footsteps sound no more at the doorway, yonder is your rest! There is David triumphant; but once he wept for Sarah. There is Paul exultant; but once he sat with his feet in the stocks. There is Payson radiant with immortal health; but on earth he was always sick. No toil, no tears, no partings, no strife, no agonizing cough, to-night. No storm to ruffle the crystal sea. No alarm to strike from the cathedral towers. No dirge throbbing from seraphic harps. No tremor in the everlasting song; but rest—perfect rest—unending rest.

Into that rest how many of our loved ones have gone! The little children have been gathered up into the bosom of Christ. One of them went out of the arms of a widowed mother, following its father, who died a few weeks before. In this last moment it seemed to see the departed father, for it said, looking upward with brightened countenance: "Papa, take me up!"

Others put down the work of mid-life feeling they could hardly be spared from the office or store, or shop, for a day, but are to be spared from it forever. Your mother went. Having lived a life of Christian consistency here, ever busy with kindness for her children, her heart full of that meek and quiet spirit that is in the sight of God of great price, suddenly her countenance was transfigured, and the gate was opened, and she took her place amid that cloud of witnesses that hover about the throne!

Glorious consolation! They are not dead. You can not make me believe they are dead. They have only moved on. With more love than that with which they regard us on earth, they watch us from their high place, and their voices cheer us in our struggle for the sky. Hail, spirits blessed now that ye have passed the floods and won the crown! With weary feet we press up the shining way, until in everlasting reunion we shall meet again. Oh! won't it be grand when, our conflicts done and our partings over, we shall clasp hands and cry out: "This is Heaven!"

THE NEW TARIFF RATES.

Reductions Made by the Senate Bill as Compared with the McKinley Act.

The following is a statement of the average ad valorem rates of duty of the McKinley law and senate bill, with the percentage of reduction made by the senate bill on the under-mentioned articles:

Table with columns: McKinley, Senate, Reduction, Per cent. Items include Camphor, refined; Epsom salts; Castor oil; Opium prepared for smoking; Chromium colors; Ochre; Sienna; White lead; Nitrate of potash; Bicarbonate of soda; Bichromate of soda; Sulfur; Sulphur, sublimed; Sumach, ground; China, painted; Plain; Bottles, empty; Filled; Demijohns, empty; Manufacturers of glass; Cylinder glass, polished, unslivered; Plate glass, unslivered, cast, etc.; Plate glass, fluted, etc.; Plate glass, cut, slivered; Cylinder and crown glass, slivered; Spectacle lenses; Stained or painted window glass; Roofing slate; Iron ore; Iron in pigs, etc.; Scrap iron; Scrap steel; Bar iron; Bar of rolled iron; Boiler or other plate iron; Rails or steel; Sheets of iron or steel, common or black; Tin plates; Tin, manufactures of; Steel ingots, etc.; Wire rods; Cast iron; Malleable iron castings; Hollow ware; Chains; Firearms; Nails; Railway fishplates; Hand, back and other saws; Screws; Wheels; Plates, rolled, brass; Copper; Gold leaf; Silver leaf; Lead sheets; Nickel; Gold pens; Penholders and parts of; Pins; Zinc in sheets; Manufactures of metal; Shoos and boxes; Casks and barrels; Clocks of wood; Rice, cleaned; Rice, uncleaned; Honey; Oranges, lemons and limes; Sweetmeats; Nuts, not shelled (almonds); Nuts, shelled (almonds); Filberts, not shelled; Extract of meat; Spirits, distilled; Cotton cloth, not over 100 threads, not bleached; Ditto bleached; Ditto dyed, colored, etc.; Exceeding 100 threads, not bleached; Bleached; Dyed, etc.; Cables, cordage and twine; Bagging for cotton; Woolen yarns; Shawls, woolen, not above 40c per lb.; Knit fabrics not above 40c per lb.; Blankets; Hats of wool; Flannels, not over 50c per pound; Silk, partially manufactured; Silk webbing; Gorings, etc.; Silk buttons; Silk dress goods; Silk ribbons; All other silk; Writing, drawing and other paper; Balls and other toys; Emery; Fire crackers; Coal, bituminous; Slack or culm of coal; Coke; Matches; Haircloth, known as crimoline cloth; Haircloth, known as hair seating; Leather, bend or belting and sole; Leather, calf skin, japanned; Leather, not specially provided for; Boots and shoes; Manufactures of India rubber; Umbrellas covered with silk or alpaca; Bursstone, manuf'd; Composition metal, copper; Plates of copper, not rolled; Cider; Blinding twine; Paintings in oil or water colors; Statuary; Blasters' plumb.

STILL IN BOND.

Trust Unable to Withdraw Millions of Gallons of Whisky.

PEORIA, Ill., Aug. 28.—At the very last moment the officers of the whisky trust and the syndicate of New York bankers failed to come to an agreement regarding the loan of several million dollars, and there is great perplexity among the Peoria distillers regarding the difficulty. They can see an explanation only in the fact that there was too great a spirit for speculation manifest, and it is believed that a fortune has been made on the stock exchange in New York. Every day for nearly two weeks the hope has been held out that the money would surely be forthcoming the day following, and when the Illinois Trust & Savings bank of Chicago, as trustee, last Saturday assumed control of four of the bonded warehouses in this city—namely: Woolner's, Manhattan, Great Western and Monarch—and appointed custodians, it was supposed that everything had been satisfactorily settled and that Monday morning \$5,000,000 tax would be paid here and at Pekin. The re-gauging had been completed and the banking company had appointed custodians. The rumors Saturday and the fall in stock occasioned uneasiness here, for it was regarded as a bluff. The money did not reach here, however, the tax was not paid, and Monday afternoon the Illinois Trust company released the bonded warehouse that had been in its possession.

The total payment of tax here since the passage of the tariff bill has been \$2,419,718, or about half of what it was thought the collections would be. Most of it was paid by the trust. The total Pekin collections have been less than \$1,000,000, most of it paid by anti-trust houses. Nothing was withdrawn by the trust in Pekin Monday. There are at present in the Star, Crescent, Hamburg and Enterprise warehouses in that city 1,800,000 gallons, while in Peoria warehouses there are 2,872,000 gallons, all the property of the trust. The distilling company withdrew about half the goods it had in bond in the country. All the spirits were withdrawn from Cincinnati, Chicago, Omaha, Terre Haute, St. Louis, St. Paul and Nebraska City, leaving only Peoria and Pekin.

SENATORS TO STEP DOWN.

Quite a Number of Terms Expire with This Congress.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—The respective terms of the following United States senators expire next March and the legislatures which choose their successors are to be elected this fall:

- DEMOCRATS—James H. Berry, Ark.; Matthew C. Butler, S. C.; Donelson Caffery, La.; J. N. Camden, W. Va.; Richard Coke, Tex.; Isham G. Harris, Tenn.; John Martin, Kan.; John R. McPherson, N. J.; Matt W. Ransom, N. C.; Patrick Walsh, Ga.
REPUBLICANS—Joseph M. Shelby, Wyo.; William E. Chandler, N. H.; Shelby M. Cullom, Ill.; William P. Frye, Me.; Anthony Higgins, Del.; George F. Hoar, Mass.; C. F. Manderson, Neb.; James McMillan, Mich.; R. F. Pettigrew, S. D.; Thomas C. Power, Mont.; George L. Shoup, Idaho; W. D. Washburn, Minn.; Edward O. Wolcott, Col.

The terms of Nathan F. Dixon, Rhode Island; James F. Wilson, Iowa, and Joseph Dolph, of Oregon (rep.), and Eppa Huntington, of Virginia, A. J. McLaurin, of Mississippi, and John T. Morgan, of Alabama, also expire next year. Rhode Island has already elected Senator Dixon's successor, George Peabody Wetmore, Iowa has elected Wilson's successor, ex-Gov. Gear. Ex-Senator Walthall has already been elected for the next term from Mississippi before he resigned and gave place for the appointment of Mr. Laurin to his unexpired term. Eppa Hunton's successor from Virginia will be Senator Martin, having been already chosen. In Alabama and Oregon the legislatures have already been elected and Senators Morgan and Dolph are practically assured of being chosen their own successors.

Beside these senators, N. C. Blanchard, of Louisiana, and Thomas J. Jarvis, of North Carolina, democrats, and George C. Perkins, of California, and John Patton, Jr., of Michigan, republicans, were chosen by governors to fill vacancies, and the legislatures to be elected this fall will choose their successors for the remainder of their respective terms. Montana, Washington and Wyoming have had only one senator each during the present congress and the vacancies caused thereby are to be filled by the legislatures elected this fall in those states.

WORK FOR PULLMEN MEN.

Ex-Employees to Build Cars on the Co-operative Plan at Hiawatha, Kan.

HIAWATHA, Kan., Aug. 28.—A company of ex-employees of Pullman, Ill., backed by Chicago capitalists, has been organized to build car and general manufacturing shops at Hiawatha, Kan. Local men have taken \$50,000 in stock and Chicago capitalists \$200,000. Louis Meyer, president, and C. O. Allen, secretary, will arrive in Hiawatha Tuesday to select the site and complete arrangements to begin work on the plant at once. The company will be managed on the cooperative plan, though the capital is guaranteed 6 per cent on the investment before the laborers come in for their share. The company has control of five patents and will manufacture all kinds of railway equipment. Eight hundred ex-employees of the Pullman shops will begin the building of the works as soon as the preliminary arrangements are made.

CARNAGE IN COREA.

Japanese Land 6,000 Men Are Attacked and 1,300 Soldiers Are Killed.

SIANGHAI, Aug. 27.—A letter from Chemulpo, Corea, received at Chee-Foo reports that nineteen Japanese warships and thirteen transports arrived in the Tatung river on the 18th inst. They landed 6,000 men, who, proceeding inland, were attacked by 1,000 Chinese cavalry, who succeeded in dividing the Japanese force into two parts. The Chinese artillery, located on an eminence, poured a heavy fire into the ranks of the Japanese, making great havoc. The Japanese were compelled to retreat to the sea shore, where the guns of the fleet prevented further pursuit by the Chinese. The Japanese loss is reported to have been over 1,300 men.

CARNEGIE COMPANY SCORED

Report of Mr. Cummings' Committee on the Armor-Plate Frauds.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—Representative Amos J. Cummings, chairman of the house committee on naval affairs, presented to the house the preliminary report upon the investigation of the armor plate and billets furnished to the government by the Carnegie Steel company. The investigation has been in progress for weeks and during its course testimony has been given by the principal officials of the Carnegie company, by workmen and by government officials. The report is a remarkably complete review of the case. The committee finds that charges of fraud have been sustained, scores the company severely, and recommends that fifty-nine suspected plates in use should be tested as the only method of proving their fitness or unfitness. It only finds that the government inspection was negligent, but no charge of dishonesty rests upon the inspectors. Accompanying the report was a joint resolution to authorize and direct the secretary of the navy to remove the Monardnock, the monitor Terror, the ships Oregon, Indiana and Massachusetts and the cruiser Monterey certain specified armor-plates and to subject them to the ballistic test at the Indian Head proving ground.

DEATH OF JOHN NEWELL.

Apoplexy Carries Off the President of the Lake Shore Road.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Aug. 23.—John Newell, of Chicago, president and general manager of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railway, and identified with other railway interests, died Sunday afternoon at 2:30 in apartments at the Todd house, where he was taken Saturday night from his private car. While traveling from Pittsburgh to Cambridgeport, Pa., he was stricken with apoplexy, which paralyzed his left side, rendering him helpless. He rallied under stimulants and was taken to the hotel on reaching here and the best medical aid summoned. Until after midnight he seemed to grow stronger and was able to converse with his medical attendants. As daylight approached his symptoms showed brain disturbance and he became unconscious, so continuing until the end came. His life went out peacefully and with no indication of suffering.

STRUNG UP AND SHOT.

Two Negro Murderers Are Lynched in Alabama.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Aug. 27.—Friday night at Mitchell's Station, on the Central of Georgia railroad, a mob of masked men, who collected unobserved, took Richard Jordan and Riley Walker, two negroes, from a passenger train, carried them 50 yards from the track and strung them up to the same limb. After the negroes had been hanged to the limb and were gasping their last, the mob moved back a short distance, and the leader gave a signal with a whistle. This signal was answered by a volley of buckshot and bullets being fired into the bodies of the two negroes, making quick and sure work. These two negroes were tried at Union Springs for murder and were convicted. Riley Walker was sentenced to life imprisonment in the state penitentiary. Jordan was sentenced to twelve years.

AN AGED HERO.

He Rescues Two Children at the Cost of His Own Life.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 27.—Henry Bowman, a veteran gray-bearded flagman where the system of railway tracks pass under the big Virginia avenue viaduct, lost his life Friday in a heroic effort to save the lives of several small children at play on the tracks. Bowman was 73 years old and was minus one hand, lost in a railroad accident years ago, after which he was given the station at the viaduct. Bowman rushed in front of the engine and grabbed up two little boys in his arms and tossed them off to one side, but fell back in front of a Lake Erie & Western engine. The cowcatcher struck him in the back and both feet were ground off. He lived an hour after being taken to the hospital.

FATAL EXPLOSION.

Boiler in an Indiana Sawmill Lets Go—Two Men Killed.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Aug. 27.—The boiler in P. E. Kramer's sawmill and wagon material shop at Frankfort exploded Friday morning, instantly killing John Vermillion, engineer, and William Jackson, laborer, injuring several others and completely wrecking the mill, also a cooper shop about 300 feet away, into which a section of the boiler weighing 200 pounds was blown, over the tops of other buildings. On its fall through the roof it injured a workman named Barto. The explosion shivered glass and shook houses all over town. The same mill was destroyed by a still more fatal explosion about three years ago. Loss, \$10,000; insurance, \$1,500.

Horses and Lumber Burned.

CHICAGO, Aug. 27.—Tramps started a fire in the dressed lumber shed of H. Paepcke & Co. at the foot of Illinois street Sunday afternoon, and twenty-five fine draft horses valued at \$225 each and \$10,000 worth of lumber were destroyed.

PULLMAN APPEARS.

The Millionaire Is Heard by the Labor Commission.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—George M. Pullman appeared before the national labor commission Monday as a voluntary witness.

As president of the Pullman company he told about the organization of the corporation, its financial standing, and answered questions regarding the manner in which its affairs are conducted. The object in establishing the town of Pullman, he said, was that convenient homes might be provided for the workmen and that they might enjoy better accommodations than were obtained elsewhere for the same outlay on their part. The advantages gained by residence in the model town were set forth at length by the capitalist. Asked about the rent paid by tenants, Pullman said it was just 6 per cent. on the investment.

"What is the capital of the Pullman company?" asked Chairman Wright.

"Thirty-six million dollars."

"It has been stated in the public press that the Pullman company has a surplus of \$16,000,000."

"It is more than that," said Mr. Pullman. "This represents individual profits and is for the most part invested in assets."

"Are the dividends you pay based on a capital of \$36,000,000?"

"They are. The dividends are 2 per cent. quarterly. The company has paid dividends since the beginning. For three years it has paid 3 per cent. quarterly and for awhile 4 per cent. annually. Latterly it has paid 6 per cent. annually."

"Has it been the practice of the company to reduce wages from time to time, and if so will you tell us of such reductions?" asked Mr. Wright.

"I am not familiar with the daily workings of the town of Pullman. I will have to refer to the commission to the second vice president for these details. I will say, however, that for entire months we did not have an order for a car. I realized that unless something was done there would be suffering at Pullman, and after a consultation with Vice President Wickes I determined to make bids under the actual cost of construction. We did this, and I remember the first order was for fifty-five cars. I put in a bid for these cars at from \$300 to \$400 below the cost a car, making up my mind to make this contribution rather than see my men idle. I believe many other car builders in the country felt the same way. As evidence of this the next lowest bid to mine was only \$24 higher than mine. On another occasion I bid for a lot of 250 cars at a loss of \$15 on each car, preferring to do this rather than see the freight shops closed. I underbid the next competitor only \$1 a car. It cost us about \$500,000 to keep the men in work as long as I did. As I explained all this to Mr. Heathcote, the leader of the strikers, who said to me: 'We want the wages of '93.' I informed him that was impossible; I told him it would be a most unfortunate thing if the wages of '93 were restored; that there was only six or eight weeks' work here as it was, and there was none in sight at the rate on which the wages of '93 were based."

"It has been stated publicly very freely that you were approached by the strikers who looked for a settlement of the troubles and that you said you had nothing to arbitrate."

"I did not use exactly those words. I may have told them something of the sort."

Mr. Pullman said he remembered no formal attempt to get him to arbitrate with the men. He had declared his unwillingness to arbitrate.

"The only question with me," he said, "was whether the shops at Pullman should be closed or whether we should put prices so low as to command all the work available in the country. It was not the amount of loss, but the principle involved that made me averse to arbitration."

"Now, Mr. Pullman," said Commissioner Worthington, "taking the whole year through has the Pullman company made or lost money?"

"It has made money," was the answer.

Q. "You have paid your regular dividends?"

A. "Yes, sir; 8 per cent."

Q. "That is something like \$2,800,000 you have paid out in dividends for the year?"

A. "Yes, but that includes the latter part of the world's fair season, which was exceptional."

Q. "Let me ask you, Mr. Pullman, whether you do not think a company that pays dividends of \$2,800,000 could afford to share the losses of its employees who have worked for it so long?"

A. "The manufacturing business is separate from the business of the sleeping car company. I see no reason why I should take the profits of the 4,200 stockholders in the Pullman Sleeping-Car company and pay them a higher rate of wages than was paid in other parts of the country for the same work, or than was paid by other companies for the same work. Because we have been careful and accumulated a surplus I do not see that it is a reason we should take the surplus now and pay it out for exceptionally high wages."

Q. "Has the Pullman company during the years of its prosperity ever advanced the wages of its employees voluntarily?"

A. "I do not know as to that. It has always sought to pay fair wages and the fact that we have never had but one strike is pretty good evidence that the men have been satisfied."

Q. "What do you see that is objectionable in submitting a difference like this to arbitration?"

A. "There are some matters that are proper subjects for arbitration, such as a disputed title. But there are others that are impossible of arbitration. I cannot arbitrate on a question where I know the facts to be thus and so. The question as to whether our shops should continue to run at a loss is a thing that could not be arbitrated."

Q. "Why was it impossible?"

A. "Because it violates the principle that a man has a right to manage his own business."

Q. "Suppose the arbitrators were to say to you, 'We see you are losing money, but these men have been with you a long while; you can afford to share their losses; we think you should at least pay them a living wage.' What would you say to that?"

A. "My point at the time was to work with the men and secure the disbursement of the large sums involved in the contracts and lose money for the company if the men would agree to bear their share in a reduction of 20 to 25 per cent. on their wages."

"I think that if the American Railway union had not organized unions in the town our old employees would have seen the wisdom of securing this work and staying with the company. The conditions were favorable to the work of the union; the great number of employees in 1893 made it impossible to give all of them work all the time, so we sought to give all of them work part of the time. Naturally that left a good many idle and they were easily influenced."

"We make it a condition of return to work that the member of the American Railway union shall surrender his card. That is the only union we have ever discriminated against, although I believe our men have belonged to other organizations. It is the fixed policy of the Pullman company to retain no one connected in any way with the American Railway union."

"Were rents reduced when wages went down?" asked Judge Worthington.

"They were not. So little income was coming from rents that we could not afford to reduce them further."

"Were your wages and those of the other officers of the company reduced?"

"They were not."

"Why was this not done?"

When Mr. Pullman fully recovered from the effect of the audacity of the questions he said it was not good policy to reduce the salaries of high officials because the men of their caliber were not easily replaced and would stand a reduction of any considerable amount.

A Song of Old Times.

Love to think of old-time days—the brightest and the best!
Sun got up, break o' day an' beamed from east to west;
Moon was risin' right on time, with a lot o' stars.
An' sweet girls done the milkin' where the cattle crossed the bars!

Love to think of old-time days—the glory in the dole—
The milk-white daisies blossom—the chime o' village bells!
The birds that sung heap sweeter than these new-time birds kin sing—
The maiden with the red lips an' the lover with the ring!

Love to think of old-time days—goin' all too fast;
Love was lots more sweeter then an' more inclined to last;
All the world was brighter—don't matter what they say.
Every heart was lighter an' beat happy on the way!

Love to think of old-time days—skies was always blue;
Violets blossomed ever'where, jest twinklin' with the dew!
But what's the use o' thinkin' an' dreamin' day an' night?
If the old times was the brightest we kin make the new times bright!

—Frank L. Stanton, in Atlanta Constitution.

Three Home Seekers' Excursions

To all parts of the West and Northwest via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway at practically half rates. Round trip tickets, good for return passage within twenty days from date of sale, will be sold on September 11 and 25 and October 9, 1894.

For further information apply to the nearest coupon ticket agent or address G. H. HERRICK, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago, Ill.

The saddest sights in the world are a bachelor holding a baby, a woman riding a bicycle, and a one-armed man out driving with a girl.—Austin (Tex.) Rolling Stone.

Home Seekers' Excursions.

The Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway will sell tickets on Sept. 11, Sept. 25 and Oct. 9, at greatly reduced rates to all points in Texas, to Eddy, New Mexico, and Lake Charles, La., good returning twenty days from date of sale. For further information address H. A. O'Brien, 12 Roookery Building, Chicago, Ill.; T. B. Cookerly, 503 Locust st., Des Moines, Ia., or James Barker, G. P. and T. Ag't, St. Louis, Mo.

Dr. Bible doesn't promise hit, but dar is no doubt de Lord fo'gibs a man all de lies he tells w'en he's in lub!—Arkansaw Thom-as Cat.

Pure and Wholesome Quality

Commends to public approval the California liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs. It is pleasant to the taste and by acting gently on the kidneys, liver and bowels to cleanse the system effectually. It promotes the health and comfort of all who use it, and with millions it is the best and only remedy.

CREDITOR—"Your master promised to settle with me to-day." Valet—"Not if I know it; it's my turn first."—Kladderatsch.

DE GROOT—"Do you believe in a second life, Mrs. Van Puffer?" The Widow Van Puffer—"This is so sudden."—Truth.

FLIES follow a red-nosed man because they seem to know that he will soon take something with sugar in it.—Picayune.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23	
LIVE STOCK—Cattle.....	\$4 30 @ 4 85
Sheep.....	1 10 @ 1 25
Hogs.....	5 60 @ 6 10
FLOUR—Minnesota Patents.....	3 40 @ 3 75
City Mill Patents.....	4 05 @ 4 80
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	89 1/2 @ 89 3/4
No. 1 Northern.....	65 1/2 @ 65 3/4
CORN—No. 2.....	60 1/2 @ 61 1/4
September.....	60 @ 60 1/2
OATS—No. 2.....	33 1/2 @ 33 3/4
RYE—Jersey.....	47 @ 49
PORK—Mess, New.....	15 00 @ 15 25
LARD—Western.....	8 10 @ 8 15
BUTTER—Western Creamery.....	20 @ 24 1/2
Western Dairy.....	19 1/2 @ 17
CHICAGO.	
BEEVES—Shipping Steers.....	3 20 @ 5 05
Cows.....	1 00 @ 3 00
Stockers.....	1 70 @ 2 75
Feeders.....	2 50 @ 3 00
Butchers' Steers.....	2 85 @ 3 50
Bulls.....	1 50 @ 3 25
HOGS.....	5 10 @ 6 00
SHEEP.....	1 50 @ 3 00
BUTTER—Creamery.....	14 @ 23 1/2
Dairy.....	12 @ 20
EGGS—Fresh.....	13 1/2 @ 14 1/4
BROOM CORN.	
Western (per ton).....	50 00 @ 80 00
Illinois, all Hurl.....	100 00 @ 105 00
Illinois, Good to Choice.....	80 00 @ 90 00
POTATOES—Rose (per bbl.).....	1 25 @ 2 25
PORK—Mess.....	13 55 @ 13 80
LARD—Steam.....	7 85 @ 7 90
FLOUR—Spring Patents.....	3 20 @ 3 50
Spring Straights.....	2 20 @ 2 60
Winter Patents.....	2 60 @ 2 80
Winter Straights.....	2 40 @ 2 60
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 Red.....	53 1/2 @ 54 1/4
Corn, No. 2.....	55 1/2 @ 55 3/4
Oats, No. 2.....	30 @ 30 1/2
Rye, No. 2.....	48 1/2 @ 50
Barley, No. 2.....	51 @ 55
LUMBER.	
Siding.....	19 25 @ 22 50
Flooring.....	34 @ 36 00
Common Boards.....	14 00 @ 14 60
Fencing.....	12 00 @ 15 50
Lath, Dry.....	2 40 @ 2 50
Shingles.....	2 25 @ 2 45
KANSAS CITY.	
CATTLE—Texas Steers.....	2 00 @ 2 75
Stockers and Feeders.....	1 50 @ 3 25
HOGS.....	4 50 @ 4 00
SHEEP.....	2 00 @ 4 00
OMAHA.	
CATTLE—Steers.....	2 80 @ 4 00
Feeders.....	2 25 @ 2 65
HOGS.....	4 60 @ 5 65
SHEEP.....	2 50 @ 3 25

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

"Boy, is your father in?" "I guess so. Heard me call somebody a dunce just now. 'Twant me, coz I want there. She wouldn't a dared to call the cook such names; so I guess it must have been dad."—Boston Transcript.

Cheap Excursions to the West.

An exceptionally favorable opportunity for visiting the richest and most productive sections of the west and northwest will be afforded by the Home-Seekers' low-rate excursions which have been arranged by the North-Western Line. Tickets for these excursions will be sold on Sept. 11th and 25th, and Oct. 9th, to points in northwestern Iowa, western Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Manitoba, Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, Montana and Idaho, and will be good for return passage within twenty days from date of sale. Stop-over privileges will be allowed on going trip in territory to which the tickets are sold.

For further information, call on or address Ticket Agents of connecting lines. Circulars giving rates and detailed information will be mailed, free, upon application to W. A. Thrall, General Passenger and Ticket Agent Chicago & North-Western Railway, Chicago.

When the shoeing of a girl thirty-seven years old comes untied you may be very sure that it was by accident; also that she will have to tie it up herself.—Somerville Journal.

Don't Tread on Me.

Vibrates the rattle snake with his rattle. Sensible people take alarm at the chill which ushers in chills and fever. If they don't know they should, that Hotsetter's Stomach Bitters is the preventer and remedy. Nor should they forget that it remedies dyspepsia, liver complaints, nervousness, sleeplessness and debility, and is a general tonic without equal.

"Rise in the world! all yoh kin," said Uncle Eben to the young man, "but doan foghit yo reputation. Hit do come in handy for parachute."—Washington Star.

When a man does not want to do a thing, he says: "I cannot;" when he cannot do it, he says: "I don't want to."—Fleigende Blatter.

LADIES can permanently beautify their complexion with Glenn's Sulphur Soap. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, 5c cents.

PROFESSOR—"Why does the earth move?" Hardup (absently)—"Can't pay the rent, I suppose."—Philadelphia Times.

Hall's Catarrh Cure Is a Constitutional Cure. Price 75c.

The right kind of goodness is always good for something.—Ram's Horn.

TELLS ITS OWN STORY.



Try it once and you will - like thousands of other housewives - use no other.

SANTA CLAUS SOAP

THE BEST, PUREST AND MOST ECONOMICAL

Sold everywhere by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago.



Let the men wash, if they won't get you Pearline. Let them try it for themselves, and see if they don't say that washing with soap is too hard for any woman.

This hard work that Pearline saves isn't the whole matter; it saves money, too—money that's thrown away in clothes needlessly worn out and rubbed to pieces when you wash by main strength in the old way. That appeals—where is the man who wouldn't want to have the washing

made easier—when he can save money by it? Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you, "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled; if your grocer sends you an imitation, be honest—send it back.

THE POT INSULTED THE KETTLE BECAUSE THE COOK HAD NOT USED

SAPOLIO

GOOD COOKING DEMANDS CLEANLINESS. SAPOLIO SHOULD BE USED IN EVERY KITCHEN.

ELY'S CREAM BALM CURES CATARRH OF THE HEAD AND THROAT. PRICE 50 CENTS, ALL DRUGGISTS.

ONE of the prominent society ladies of West Union was bitten by a large black spider while entering a store one day last week. Moral—Patrolize the stores that advertise.—West Union (Ia.) Gazette.

NEVER SAW ANYTHING ELSE—Bradford—"I wonder where Biggs acquired all his knowledge about women's hats?" Robinson—"He used to go to the theater frequently."—Truth.

CHAPPIE—"Did you know that Blendin' deah boy, is going to be me brother-in-law?" Miss Spicing—"Dear me, no. Is it a brother or sister he's in love with?"—Inter Ocean.

"NEW BLOOD" will be continued every night at McVicker's Theater, Chicago, with matinees Wednesday and Saturday until further notice. Seats secured by mail.

TEACHER—"Who is that whistling in school?" New Boy—"Me. Didn't you know I could whistle?"—Travelers Record.

AFTER THE GRIP,

pneumonia, fevers, or other debilitating diseases, your quickest way to get flesh and strength is with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. That gives purity to your blood, and rapidly builds up lost flesh and strength.



Mrs. NEAL of Crockett Hills, Tenn., had an attack of measles, followed by bronchitis and pneumonia. Her husband writes: "I feel gratified with the effect of your wonderful medicine. I can recommend it to anybody, and feel I am doing them justice. My wife was not able to perform her household duties for six months. She has used two bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and is now able to do all her work. I think it the finest medicine in the world, and I am, gratefully, your life-long friend, J. B. NEAL."

PIERCE GUARANTEES A CURE OR MONEY RETURNED.

HOG CHICKEN CHOLERA SCOTT'S COMPOUNDS

A Sure Cure and Preventive. Prudent farmers feed these remedies and save money. 10,000 testimonials. Send for circulars. Either remedy in one pound tin packages (postpaid) \$1.00 or \$5.00 per dozen (charges not prepaid). Remit with order. Big money for live agents, male or female. H. E. SCOTT, 28 Soethe Street, CHICAGO, ILL. USE NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

GARLAND STOVES AND RANGES
The World's Best

You can easily have the best if you only insist upon it. They are made for cooking and heating in every conceivable style and size for any kind of fuel and with prices from \$10 to \$70. The genuine all bear this trade-mark and are sold with a written guarantee. First-class merchants everywhere handle them.

Agents: The Michigan Stove Company, LARGEST MANUFACTURERS OF STOVES AND RANGES IN THE WORLD, DETROIT, CHICAGO, BUFFALO, NEW YORK CITY.

A. N. K.—A 1515
WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

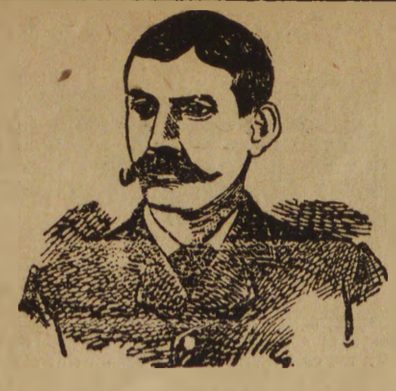
SYCAMORE.
 Mrs. M. E. Belles was the guest of Mrs. Henry Wyman, at Austin over Sunday.
 Mr. and Mrs. Warford visited relatives at Geneva last week.
 Leon Weeden left Tuesday for Colorado where he will spend the winter.
 The Sycamore and Elgin base ball clubs played a closely contested game on the Sycamore diamond last week Friday, the score standing 16 to 17.
 Miss Anna Cottrell and sister, Mrs. Sadie Buck, gave "a six o'clock tea" to their lady friends on Wednesday evening of this week.
 Principal C. C. Wayland commenced his school duties at Fielding on Monday.
 Messrs Henry Hamilton and Ernest Chambers have purchased the Sycamore steam laundry and take possession on Monday. They will remove the building to a lot in the factory addition.
 Mr. and Mrs. Hugh McQueen, Jr., are the proud parents of a baby boy, born August 24.
 The Willis property on the corner of Sycamore and Sacramento street has been sold to Adolph Heideklang. The price paid was \$1,100.
 General and Mrs. Dutton returned home last week Friday from St. Clair Springs, Michigan.
 Mrs. Cass Davis and children, of Sterling, are visiting at the home of Mrs. R. S. Davis while Rev. Davis is assisting at the Rockford district camp meeting at Camp Epworth.
 Miss Sina Preston is visiting with friends in Rockford.
 Rev. Olin Cady, who has been a missionary in Western China since 1887, spoke in the M. E. church Sunday morning.
 Rev. Dr. Hunter has returned home from his trip at Boston.
 Wm. C. Doyle has received his commission to handle Uncle Sam's mail at Sycamore.

Council Proceedings.
 GENOA, ILL., Aug. 28th, 1894.
 A special meeting was held Tuesday evening, of the board of Trustees, with President Stott in the chair. Trustees Burton, Wyde, Riddle and Abraham being present.
 Minutes of last meeting were read and approved. The following bills were presented:
 B. H. Thompson.....\$40 00
 H. J. Wells..... 5 32
 Chas. Holroyd..... 4 50
 Shurtleff and Holcomb..... 2 50
 G. H. Ide..... 30 20
 Wm. Head..... 28 80
 Shurtleff and Holcomb..... 12 06
 A. L. Holroyd..... 3 15
 F. O. Swan..... 90
 John Fair.....1077 64
 The above bills being approved, a motion made by Burton, seconded by Riddle, the bills were allowed and ordered paid.
 On call of yeas and nays. Burton, yes; Wyde, yes; Riddle, yes; Abraham, yes. Motion carried.
 On motion of Wyde, seconded by Riddle that Lloyd be allowed \$7.00 as interest for paying license in advance.
 On call of vote, Burton, Wyde, Riddle, yes; Abraham, no Motion carried.
 On motion of Wyde, seconded by Riddle, the board adjourned to meet Sept. 14th, 1894. S. ABRAHAM, Clerk Pro. Tem.

Harvest Excursion.
 On Sept. 15th, Sept. 25th, and Oct. 9th, 1894. The C. M. & St. P. Ry. will sell special harvest excursion tickets to certain points on their line, in western Iowa, Minnesota North and South Dakota, also to points on connecting lines in Kansas, Nebraska Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, Montana, South Western Missouri, Tennessee, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, Indian Territory and Oklahoma. One fare plus \$2 for the round trip. Tickets good to return in 20 days after date of sale. J. M. HARVEY, Agt.
Cheap Rates to Chicago.
 On Sunday, September 9th, via the Chicago Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. Only \$1.25 for the round trip from Genoa to Chicago and return. Excursion train leaves Genoa at 8:50 a. m. Take a day off and spend it in Chicago. Plenty to do and see all day. Apply to ticket agent at the depot for details.

Nerve Tonic
Blood Builder

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE



Kellogg's
Aim - -

In conducting business has always been to give satisfaction to customers, both in quality and price. To succeed in both lines require EXPERIENCE,
 TACT AND
 SPECIAL FACILITIES
 For purchasing at a Low Figure. An inspection of my stock and a comparison of my prices with other dealers will convince you that I possess these requirements.

* * * * *
 My recent trip to Chicago, was the most successful buying trip I ever made. The peculiar condition of the times made cash a great factor in a business transaction. I had the cash and the manufacturers wanted it. To get it they sold me their goods at ridiculously low prices.

That's the reason I can offer you Buggies,

- Carriages,
- Road Wagons,
- Carts, Spring
- Wagons.

H.A. KELLOGG
 GENOA, ILL.
 At prices never duplicated in this section. This is no mere advertising assertion, but a bona fide offering to buyers in DeKalb, McHenry, Kane and Boone Counties.
 I am prepared to sell you any thing from a strap to a complete Livery Stable. Call and see me and I can convince you that it will pay you to trade with me.
 Yours for Trade,

H.A. KELLOGG
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And take a trip around the world, visiting all departments of human knowledge, receiving and digesting, within three hours, a resume of the contemporaneous life and thought of the entire civilized world. Translations and condensations by THE DIGEST'S own editor. Each number is liberally illustrated.
 Ex-Senator John J. Ingalls: "It abolishes provincialism, enlarged intelligence."
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 The Christian Leader, Boston: "If on his lonely island, the solitary belkirk could have had the weekly digest, and this alone, he would have been better informed in regard to current thought and events than are men who roam at will in vast reading rooms."
 Issued Weekly, 30 Quarts Pages, Price, \$4 per year. Single copies, 10 cents. Post free.
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 IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.
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 See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper.
 Take no Substitute. Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by
FOR SALE BY JOHN LEMBEK.

C. B. ANDERSON.
 MODEL
LIVERY STABLE

REAR OF EXCHANGE BANK, GENOA, ILL.
 NOBBY NEW RIGS. PROMPT SERVICE. REASONABLE TERMS.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
GIVE ME A CALL.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R.
 Low Rate
HARVEST EXCURSIONS

Sept. 11
 Sept. 25
 Oct. 9
 Arrangements can also be made to visit the desirable railroad lands of the I. C. R. R. in Southern Illinois on obtaining special permission to do so, by addressing the Company's Land Commissioner at Chicago Mr. E. P. Skene. That gentleman will always be pleased to furnish special information in regards to the famous Yazoo Delta Lands in the Mississippi, to which these excursions run. It should be noted that the Harvest Excursions of October 9th will give an opportunity to visit the **INTER STATE FAIR at SIOUX** City to be held from October 6th to 14th; the magnitude and success of which fair is already beyond doubt. Ask your home Agent for a special Harvest excursion folder, issued by the Illinois Central. Should you not be within call of a railroad ticket agent, address A. H. Hanson, G. P. A., Illinois Central R. R. Chicago, Ill.

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APPLES PEACHES CHERRIES PEARS APRICOTS PLUMS GRAPES PRUNES
 Easily raise on ten and twenty acre tracts, with least labor possible, all by the aid of
 HOPS ALFALFA CORN HONEY POTATOES DAIRIES SHEEP CATTLE
 Irrigation. These small farms make neighbors close at hand and people thus enjoy life.

Send to Chas. S. Fee, G. P. & T. A., Northern Pacific R. R., St. Paul, Minn., for our Irrigation Pamphlet **The Yakima Valley.**

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 Sewing Machine Co.
 200 N. W. CORNER
 CALIFORNIA
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WAT FOLKS
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Also Money.

Only fine productions of the loom do we keep on our shelves
Cashmere and Ladie's Cloth
 At honest prices and a very chice stock to select from. In Gingham and Muslins we have some very pretty patterns, which we are selling at remarkably low Prices.

In Table Linens
 We have a remarkably handsome display, and for that matter our stock of table furnishings is complete. Sheetings we have in abundance at O. K. prices.

Save
TIME, TROUBLE, MONEY,
 ALL THREE, BY TRADING WITH
H. H. SLATER.

A New Bargain Centre!
P. F. WILBORN'S,
 Sycamore.

Genuinely Interesting Bargains
 Will be offered you each week in this paper.

For this week we offer for your selection
 Ladies' Shirt Waists, about one-half price, to close out odd sizes, See our display of 25-cent Towels. See our 25-cent Gent's Ties. See our 50-cent Unlaundried Shirts. Summer Corsets 40 cents. Silk Shirred Hats very cheap to close.

A. H. MICHELIS,
Bakery - and - Restaurant,
 Bakery Goods, Confectionery, Fruits, Cigars, Etc.
MEALS SERVED AT ALL HOURS.
GENOA, ILLINOIS.

Dr. Rush's Belts & Appliances
 An electro-galvanic battery embodied into unadorned Belts, Suspensories, Spinal Appliances, Abdominal Supporters, Vests, Drawers, Office Caps, Brasiers, etc.
 Cures Rheumatism, Liver and Kidney Complaints, Dyspepsia, Errors of Youth, Lost Manhood, Nervousness, Sexual Weakness, and all Troubles in Male or Female. Question Blank and Book free. Call or write.
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