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Genoa Republican-Journal

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PUBLISHED BY C. D. SCHOONMAKER

GENOA, ILLINOIS, FRIDAY, MARCH 17, 1911

NEW SERIES VOLUME VII, NO. 26

OF GENERAL INTEREST

ITEMS STOLEN FROM COLUMNS OF EXCHANGES

EDITOR IS SUED FOR LIBEL

Minnesota Legislature May Tax Back-
slogers \$5 Each to Help Support
Old Maids

Thirty-two girls of the Aurora high school have voted to confine their graduation dresses to cotton goods of simple but neat pattern. They will use no harem dividers nor hobble skirts. Their hats will also be limited to three feet.

Rev. A. L. Taylor, a Montgomery minister, who was marrying a young couple chanced to look up as he was reading the marriage rites and saw a sneak thief searching wraps left in the church gallery. Afraid to shock the young couple by abruptly halting the ceremony, he gave no alarm until he had said the final words and by that time the thief had made his escape.

Recently the charge was made that the University of Illinois was only for the children of the rich, but facts show that this is not the case. A recent investigation of the university of Illinois shows that nearly a thousand students of that institution are earning their own way, either wholly or in part, to a college degree. From September to December inclusive of the year 1910, one student organization alone procured employment for four hundred and fifty men, whose earnings for these four months totaled fifteen thousand dollars. During the same period another organization assisted some forty girls in procuring work.

Our good friend, W. L. Sackett, editor of the Morris Herald, has a \$50,000 libel suit on his hands. Sackett said in his paper what everybody was talking on the street and he will be obliged to spend considerable money to defend his case. This is one of the penalties of responsibility.

Fight for control of the Elgin Road Race association, promoter of the Elgin national automobile races, broke last week when friends of Harry D. Hemmens, postmaster, and D. B. Hoornbeek, owner of the farm at Hoornbeek's curve, scurried for proxies. The association is a stock company, shares being owned by Elgin business men and Chicago automobilists. Hoornbeek is said to be representing Chicago share holders who want to gain control. The association was started originally as a sort of a philanthropy for the commercial benefit of Elgin, but it paid a dividend of fifty per cent for the first speed carnival, and indications are that it will become a good financial project.

The legislature of Minnesota is seriously considering a bill to impose a tax of \$5 annually upon all male persons above the age of 30 years who are unmarried or who cannot prove that they are persons of such moral character as to be unfit for matrimony. It is designed to use the money collected by this "male poll tax" for the support of indigent spinsters if the bill is passed.

You Pay Us \$50.00
and we will teach you Gregg short hand
and secure you a position.
If we fail to do so WE WILL
Pay You \$50.00
ELLIS BUSINESS COLLEGE, Elgin

**THE STANDARD CLEANERS and
DYERS**
Mrs. E. J. Carey, Prop.
1153 Belmont Ave. Chicago
We clean and dye anything
from a rug to a feather
Repairing and remodeling a specialty
For particulars phone M. Dunn, Genoa

WEST POINT PLACE OPEN

Congressman Fuller has the Appointment
of Military Cadet to that Academy

There is now a vacancy at the U. S. Military Academy at West Point, to be filled by appointment from the twelfth congressional district of Illinois. Candidates must be between the ages of 17 and 22 years, and able to pass a rigid physical and mental examination. Congressman Fuller is authorized to name a principal candidate and two alternates, who will be required to report for examination on May 2, and the successful candidate will be admitted to the academy on June 14, next. Application should be made at once to Congressman Fuller, as the time is short, and the appointment will be made within a very short time.

SUMMER MILK PRICES

Ira J. Mix Dairy Co. Announces Prices
for Six Months

The Ira J. Mix Dairy Company has announced the following prices which will be paid for milk delivered at the factory in this city during the six months commencing the first of April; prices paid in 1910 and 1909 being also given:

	1911	1910	1909
April ...	\$1.15	\$1.45	\$1.40
May	1.00	1.20	1.10
June95	1.05	.95
July	1.30	1.20	1.05
August ...	1.45	1.40	1.25
September	1.45	1.40	1.35
Average..	\$1.21 2/3	\$1.26 2/3	\$1.18 2/3

Notice of Election

Notice is hereby given that a petition signed by more than fifty legal voters of the Village of Genoa, Illinois, has been presented to the president and board of trustees of said village asking that said village board cause to be submitted, according to law, to the legal voters of said village of Genoa aforesaid, whether they will organize as a city under an Act of the General Assembly, approved April 10, 1872, and entitled "An Act to provide for the Incorporation of Villages and Cities, and the several amendments thereto," notice is hereby given in pursuance of said petition that at the general election of said Village to be held at the Village Hall on Tuesday, April 18th, 1911, the ballots to be used in such election shall be in the following form, "For city organization under general law" and "Against city organization under general law."

Dated this 15th day of March A. D. 1911.

H. A. PERKINS,
President of Board of Trustees,
Genoa, Illinois.

Carriers Get Raise

Beginning with July rural mail carriers will draw a salary of \$1,000 a year, an increase of \$100 over their present pay, as the postoffice department bill passed by the house recently passed the senate. The increase was an amendment added to the appropriation bill just before the final vote was taken. The increase granted will be the third one to be received by the rural carriers since the department was put in operation in 1903. The original pay of rural mail carriers was \$900 per year. This was increased to \$750 two years later and in 1907 to \$900.

FIFTY-THREE VOTES

FEW TURN OUT TO THE VIL- LAGE PRIMARY ELECTION

ONLY ONE TICKET IN FIELD

The Nominees of the Citizen's Party will
Not Have Things Their Own Way
at Election However

There was a small vote at the village primary election Tuesday, there being but one ticket in the field and only one set of candidates on that ticket. Fifty-three votes were cast, about one-sixth of the entire vote of the village. The ticket had more than that number of friends in the village, but these did not deem it necessary to vote under the circumstances.

The count of votes resulted as follows:

For President:

E. O. Gustafson 49

For Trustees:

P. A. Quanstrong 35

E. H. Browne 38

Jas. Hutchison, Jr. 38

C. D. Schoonmaker was elected precinct committeeman, but he has as yet to learn of any duties that may devolve on him as a result of the honor thus conferred.

There will be at least one petition ticket in the field, the exact make up of which has not been ascertained at this time. It is an assured fact, however, that J. E. Stott will head the ticket. There are also rumors of a third ticket, altho nothing definite has been stated.

There will be enough doing at the regular village election in any event to get out to vote. Not only will there be opposition for the offices, but the proposition of changing the village to a city government will come before the voters. The president's notice of the election appears in another column.

WEIGHING THE MAILS

Postal Clerks and Station Agents Taking
Census of the Mail Matter

Once every four years the mails are weighed throughout the country for the purpose of readjusting the compensation of the several railroad companies for carrying them at so much per pound per mile per annum. This quadrennial weighing will involve the employment of a number of extra men for 105 days.

On the previous occasions these extra men have been taken promiscuously from the ranks of general applicants with merely a cursory examination as to their qualifications, but this year the only men employed will be those taken from the eligible lists of those who have taken a civil service examination for the position of railway clerk. In this capacity there are 17,000 men regularly employed and there are now 13,000 on the eligible list of men who are waiting for regular employment. There is, therefore, plenty of material from which to make the selection for weighers on this special occasion, and as they have already passed an examination they are duly qualified and can be appointed without hesitancy.

St. Charles will vote this spring on a bond issue of \$42,000 for a new grade school building.

BOGUS SALMON

Nine Thousand Cans are Destroyed by
State Food Inspector

State Food Inspector Alex Peterson of Galesburg made a militant campaign in Peoria and Pekin last week in conjunction with another inspector, J. C. Blaisdell. Mr. Peterson got on the trail of some canned goods unfit for food. The necessary examination of the brand was made by the state chemist and the goods condemned. Thursday over 9,000 cans of salmon were destroyed. Each can was cut into with an axe and over all of them was poured coal oil.

The parties who were offering the condemned brand of goods for sale were given an opportunity either to have the goods destroyed or stand a trial for violation of the law. They preferred not to stand trial.

WANTED—100 BOYS

Aged 17 Years and Under, to Engage in
Corn Growing Contest

Brown & Brown, who have inaugurated this corn growing contest for which liberal cash prizes will be awarded, desire to meet 100 boys at the opera house on Saturday afternoon, March 25, at two o'clock, to discuss methods of treating soil, planting and caring for the crop.

An expert corn grower will be present to give information and advice. It is desired that every boy in this vicinity be present.

A Mighty Foolish Bill

Ogle County Republican: A bill has been introduced in the house at Springfield by Representative Hull, making it unlawful for a boy under ten years of age to sell papers or black shoes. It occurs to us there are laws sufficient to protect boys and girls in idleness. If some bright representative would frame a law that would force every boy and girl to be born with a rich father and mother, then there will be some sense in legislating to keep boys and girls from honestly earning their daily bread. Boys are unfortunately born with stomachs. Unfortunately again, sons are born to fathers whose fixed habits are such that there's nothing left after a Saturday night's carousal to supply bread for the coming week. Unfortunately again, there are already laws on the statute books which inflict severe penalty for stealing. It occurs to us that a law that will deprive a boy from making an honest living and force him to eat at the expense of public charity will prove a fool law, and should be smothered in committee.

High School Notes

Everett Ryan visited in Rockford Saturday and Sunday. Tickets for the lecture Friday night are selling rapidly.

A baseball association has been organized with Rutherford Patterson as manager. He has already started a schedule.

The flag pole served as a hall tree for the Junior's wraps last Monday night and the blame was all laid on those poor abused Freshies.

"Fifteen hearts were beating fast As thru the hall a maiden passed. Tightly in her hand she grasped The class pins."

Then on a desk the box was placed. Soon each one wore a smiling face. For every coat or waist was graced With a class pin."

SENIORS.

GENOA FEELS SHOCK

EXPLOSION OF POWDER MILLS SHAKES BUILDINGS

PEOPLE FEAR EARTHQUAKE

Millions of Pounds of Powder and Dynamite Explode Near Kenosha, Wis., 85 Miles Away—One Killed

Genoa people and everyone within a radius of 100 miles of Kenosha, Wis., were thrown into a panic last Thursday evening shortly after eight o'clock by the rattling of doors and windows and in many cases the rocking of their houses. Earthquake was the first thought that entered the minds of those who felt the shock and there was a scramble for the street and safety by thousands of people within the radius mentioned. There was scarcely a house in Genoa that was not affected in some manner by the shock. It was not an earthquake as some discovered that same evening and was learned by everyone the next morning, but the result of the explosion of powder and dynamite at Pleasant Prairie, a small village about six miles from Kenosha, Wis., and about 85 miles from Genoa. The plant of the Dupont company at that point was blown out of existence, there being over two million pounds of powder and several hundred thousand pounds of dynamite stored in the buildings at the time.

The shock was felt as far east as Cleveland, Ohio, and as far west as Clinton, Iowa. The village of Pleasant Prairie was wiped off the map and many farm buildings in the vicinity were demolished. Thousands of dollars in loss was suffered at Kenosha, while plate glass was shattered as a result of the awful concussion over fifty miles away. Only one man was killed at the plant, an escape for the others that seems almost miraculous.

The Dupont people are now making plans for the rebuilding of the mills, but the residents of Kenosha and the surrounding country will fight the proposition to the last ditch, this being the third and worst explosion which has occurred.

"Day Letters" will Become Popular

The Night Letter Message inaugurated by the Western Union Telegraph Company some time ago, is such a success that the company has recently added another called the "Day Letter." This day rate is as follows: Fifty word messages can be sent for one and one-half the rate charged for the usual ten word message. For instance, if the regular rate for a ten word message is fifty cents, the rate for fifty words will only be seventy-five cents. These day letters are received subject to the same condition and service of the ordinary messages. This will doubtless prove very popular with the public.

Jealous Youth Tries Murder

Joe Rosie and Fred Dahlheimer of Rockford have both been attentive to the same girl, and when Rosie was walking home with her on Saturday evening Dahlheimer ran across them, and being a gun totter, he whipped out a revolver and tried to blow Rosie's head off. The bullet went through Rosie's ear. Now Dahlheimer is in jail. Which come of being a gun totter.

MUST HAVE RETURN CARD

Government Will Stop Printing Stamped
Envelopes in Near Future

Postmaster General Hitchcock has announced that the government will discontinue the printing of stamped envelopes and recommends the same be done by the local newspapers and by special permit for the towns nearest the newspaper where a town has no paper of its own. No large town will have a monopoly of the printing of the envelopes to the detriment of the smaller newspapers.

A uniform sale of prices will be prepared by the postoffice department and insisted upon or the newspapers will not be sold stamped envelopes for printing. The scale of prices will be such that a reasonable profit can be made by the office printing them. The department will also soon make a ruling that no first class mail will be allowed transmission through the mails until it has a return card written or printed thereon. The above means that the envelope printing business will take a big boom soon, which is sure to continue.

BABY BURNED TO DEATH

Mother Leaves Children Alone in House
and Fire Starts

Hazel Boyce, aged two years, is dead, and her brother, Hughie, aged four, is in a critical condition with burns about the face and hands as the result of a fire which completely destroyed the home of William Boyce near Jansville last Thursday. Two other children escaped unharmed. Mrs. Boyce left the four little tots alone in the house while she went to the home of Mrs. Daisy Cosgrove nearby to get some water. The little girl, Hazel, was tied to a chair in the kitchen to keep her from getting into mischief and the baby, Chester, in the cradle in an adjoining room. She had no more than reached the Cosgrove place when she heard the cries and shrieks of her babies coming from the home.

DIES OF HEART DISEASE

Employee of Everett Smith at Charter
Grove Passes Away Suddenly

Victor Backus died suddenly on the farm of Everett Smith Monday where he had been employed and was at the time occupying the tenant house on the place. Mr. Smith and Backus went out to saw up some logs and it was while at this work that the latter was stricken. During a short respite from the work he complained of being unable to get his breath and asked for time to recover. Mr. Backus was sitting with his back to a log for support when he suddenly pitched forward on his face dead.

Coroner Morris was called from Kirkland and an inquest held Tuesday morning. It was found that he had succumbed to heart trouble with which he had been afflicted for some time.

The funeral was held at the Charter Grove church Wednesday, interment taking place at DeKalb, where there are relatives of both Mr. and Mrs. Backus. Besides the wife there are two children, aged six and twelve years. Backus had resided in the neighborhood of Charter Grove for some time, having been at one time an employe at the Illinois Central depot.

A CITY PROPOSITION

WILL COME TO VOTE AT THE ELECTION IN APRIL

PRESIDENT ISSUES CALL

Regular Meeting of Board of Trustees
Held Friday Evening—Bills Allowed and Reports Read

Genoa, March 10, 1911.
Regular meeting of village board called to order by Pres. H. A. Perkins. Members present: Smith, Divine, Quanstrong, Hoover, Altenberg. Absent: Whipple.

Minutes of last regular meeting read and approved.

Report of village treasurer was presented and read, showing balance on hand of \$1117.12. Moved by Hoover seconded by Quanstrong that report be accepted. Motion carried.

Moved by Hoover seconded by Divine that \$739.80 be transferred from general fund to special assessment No. 1, and \$74.32 to general assessment water bond fund. Motion carried.

The following bills were approved by the finance committee:
C Schoonmaker, printing.....\$ 15 65
T J Hoover, street work..... 3 25
Fred Clausen, street work..... 4 50
L C Duval, salary..... 60 00
E G Cooper, gasoline..... 25 00
Gamon Meter Co. meter..... 8 40
T J Hoover, w. labor..... 9 20
Jas K Kiernan, oil cup..... 85
Ralph Patterson, salary and postage 52 00
Genoa Electric Co, lights..... 160 25
Farmers State Bank, at wk voucher.. 2 00
Wm Watson, salary..... 30 00

Moved by Smith seconded by Hoover that bills be allowed and orders drawn on treasurer for the amounts. Motion carried.

Report of superintendent of water works presented and read. Moved by Quanstrong seconded by Altenberg that report be accepted. Motion carried.

Petition of citizens, praying that the proposition of changing the village of Genoa to city government be submitted to voters at special or general election, was read.

Moved by Hoover that petition be accepted and that proposition be submitted to voters at the next regular election, seconded by Quanstrong. Motion carried.

The following were appointed as judges and clerks of election for year beginning Tuesday, April 18, 1911: E. C. Crawford, G. E. Stott, L. M. Olmsted, judges; H. E. Vandresser, L. J. Kiernan, John Hadsall, clerks. Moved by Hoover seconded by Divine that appointments be approved. Motion carried.

Moved by Altenberg seconded by Divine that board adjourn. Motion carried.

C. D. SCHOONMAKER, V. C.

Bills for Good Roads

Dixon Telegraph: Representative A. T. Tourtellott introduced two bills in the house recently. They were:

H. B. 408: Amending the law for the maintenance of good roads so that 50 per cent of the voters in any township may petition for the levying of a tax for the construction or maintenance of hard roads.

H. B. 409 (by request): Give highway commissioners power to make 25 per cent levy for emergencies above usual tax.

Genoa Camp No. 163 M. W. A.

Meets second and fourth Thursdays of
each month.
Visiting neighbors welcome
B. C. Awe, V. C. E. H. Browne, Clerk

**GENOA LODGE NO. 288
A. F. & A. M.**
Meets second and fourth Wednesdays
of each month
Jas. Hutchison, Jr., W. M.
C. D. Schoonmaker, Secy.

**GENOA LODGE
No. 768
I. O. O. F.**
Meets every Monday evening
in Odd Fellow Hall.
J. L. Brown, N. G. G. W. Sowers, Sec.

**EVALINE LODGE
No. 34
Meets 4th Tuesday
of each month in
I. O. O. F. Hall
C. H. Altenberg,
Pamie M. Reed,
Secy**

**C. A. Patterson
DENTIST**
Hours: 8:30 to 12:00 a. m.
1:00 to 5:00 p. m.
Office in Exchange Bank Building

Dr. E. A. Robinson
Physician and Surgeon.
Hours: 10:00 to 12:00 a. m.
1:00 to 3:00 p. m.
Office and residence cor. Monroe & 1st
Sts. Calls promptly attended.

A. M. Hill, M. D.
Office over Martin's jewelry store.
Hours: 12:30 to 2 p. m.
6:30 to 8 p. m.
Residence on East Main St. Calls
promptly attended to day or night

The Republican-Journal

C. D. SCHOONMAKER, Publisher.
GENOA, ILLINOIS.

A BLOW TO TIPPING.

The tipping evil has been dealt a crushing blow in the place where, above all others, it has flourished rampantly in this country. In New York, where every personal service, no matter how slight and well paid for, calls for a gratuity, the discovery has been made that the real beneficiary is not always the person the gift is intended for, but a kind of small trust which has been formed to rake in this easy money. In many places of public resort in New York, free checkrooms are provided. From the majority of those whom he serves each check boy receives a tip. A concern came to the front not long ago and contracted with the proprietors of many of these places to take charge of the check rooms. The best was easy, says the Cleveland Leader. The boys were paid two or four dollars a week for their work, and ordered to turn in all their tips. They were provided with pocketless uniforms and were under the eye of other employees, who acted as cashiers and monitors. Each boy was expected to collect at least five dollars a day. Of course, now these checkrooms will have to go. But New York and all the rest of the country has again had its attention drawn to the fact that tipping is a European custom, born of servile conditions and entirely out of harmony with American pride, self-respect and independence.

According to figures prepared by the coroner's office, 185 homicides occurred in this city in 1910. One hundred and eight persons were shot to death and practically all the other killings were due to the tolerance with which the public looks on the vicious habit of carrying concealed weapons, says the New York Tribune. It is a melancholy fact that the restrictions placed on the sale and use of deadly weapons are practically null in effect. Any purchaser with the price can arm himself with a revolver, the favorite tool of the criminal about to commit a burglary or other crime of violence, and of the paranoiac about to resent an imaginary grievance. Instead of compelling the buyer to show a license, present references of good character and otherwise establish his responsibility, the community permits him to equip himself and roam at large as a potential taker of life.

Reports from the Cooper hospital in Camden give surprisingly gratifying results in the treatment of tetanus. Within the past month, it is said, three patients who had genuine cases of lockjaw had been cured. Two of these were children and the other a man of forty-four. In the latter case the disease had reached the state where the man's jaws were locked and his whole nervous system was temporarily paralyzed, says the Philadelphia Inquirer. The treatment used is an anti-tetanic serum which is said to act very quickly and leave no harmful results. This disease is one that has baffled medical science for centuries and if a specific has been discovered one of the most insidious and most serious menaces of life has been overcome. It has been often said that medical science is not progressing with the same rapidity as its allied branch, surgery, but there seems reason for believing that experimentation will in the next decade or so work wonders in this line.

A legislator in Missouri proposes a fine for the railroad station agent who refuses to answer the questions which the traveling public may fire at him. This increases the probability that the hurried inquirer may promptly learn that the six o'clock train leaves at 5:50.

The Minneapolis woman who got a divorce because her husband darned and mended on the lawn in front of the house, disclosed another advantage of sex. No husband will have the hardihood or disposition to get a divorce because his wife does that.

The latest stunt of aviation is the herding of cattle with an aeroplane. Before long, possibly, we shall be raising a winged-breed of cattle, and with hanging prairies for pastures and aerial cowboys the land will be left to the sharks of finance.

Dame Fashion has decreed that woman in the future must wear nothing but her own hair. Just watch the dear girls arise as one and proclaim loudly to the world: "Every bit of this hair is my own!" O rats, puffs and switches!

New York to Berlin by rail over the Bering sea route is the latest project. By the time it is completed there will be plenty of aeroplanes flitting hither and yon across the deep.

Perhaps even the Atchison man who says he is so poor that he couldn't buy a round of ammunition for an argun can tell the make of an automobile as far as he can see it.

FIGHT TWO BATTLES

REBELS MEET REVERSES IN
NORTHERN MEXICO AT HANDS
OF FEDERALS.

100 KILLED AND WOUNDED

Machine Gun Fire Repulses Insurrectos, Who Attack Diaz' Force of 300 at Agua Prieta—Band of 120 Trapped, 50 Slain.

Mexico City, March 13.—News of two battles in which the federal troops are reported to have been victorious over the Insurrectos reached here. The killed and wounded in the two engagements numbered about 100.

At Agua Prieta, across the border from Douglas, Ariz., 500 rebels attacked 300 federal troops, but were unable to withstand the fire of the machine guns and retreated. The rebels were armed with rifles only. The total casualties are placed at 35.

Trapped 120 Insurrectos. A body of 120 Insurrectos was cut to pieces by state rurales at San Bartolito Pueblo. More than fifty were killed, eleven seriously wounded and twenty-seven captured. Owing to the fact that the rurales have adopted the revolutionists' tactics of ambushing their enemy, none of their number was killed and only a few wounded.

Colonel Guerrero, in command of the rurales, upon learning the rebels were marching to attack the municipality of Nativitas, sent 100 of his men to meet them. Fifty others were ordered to cut off their retreat.

The first force selected a favorable position overlooking a ravine through which the rebels must pass, and when they were in the trap opened a merciless fire upon them. The rebels are said to have made a stubborn fight, but at the end of a half hour were completely demoralized.

The rebels have answered President Diaz's order suspending the civil guarantees with an order to give no quarter. This is taken here to mean that the fighting hereafter will be marked by all the savage barbarity of medieval times.

Diaz Makes Stringent Move. President Diaz has decided to take advantage of provisions of the constitution so that summary death may be imposed by the military authorities for any acts of violence and the Mexican government has decided to wage a sharp and decisive war of extermination speedily to end hostilities. Resurrecting a provision of the Mexican constitution not used for 15 years, and acting under its authorization, the government will set aside for six months certain personal guarantees.

All persons detected in the act of highway robbery, of raiding a village or farm, or train wrecking, or cutting telegraph or telephone wires or even of removing a spike from a railroad track or throwing a stone at a train will be summarily shot.

No Intervention, Says Dickinson. New York, March 14.—Jacob M. Dickinson, secretary of war, who is in New York in connection with Panama canal affairs, gave this explanation of the mobilization of the army in Texas:

"On account of the immense frontier and the fact that the Rio Grande can be crossed at almost any point, a larger number of troops is involved than would otherwise be necessary. There could be no excuse for intervention unless the Mexican government were negligent in protection of persons and property and this would have to be firmly manifested before any such step could be taken. There are no conditions existing now that would warrant such action on our part."

"In order to maintain the neutrality laws it was deemed advisable to send troops to the border, but this spot was originally selected as the best place for the training of officers and maneuvers, and this along a somewhat larger scale than at first planned."

ELEVATOR FALLS, THREE DIE

Cage Drops Four Stories at St. Paul—Victims Pinioned in Wreckage—Four Hurt.

St. Paul, Minn., March 15.—Two girls and a man are dead and several persons are injured as the result of the fall of an elevator in the wholesale fur house of Gordon & Ferguson, Fourth and Broadway. The dead: Lillie Buesing, William Zschichl, Gertrude Smith.

The injured: Lillie Heller, fatally. Mary Conklin. Zennette Veinier. Maud Bullock.

The cage fell several floors and the dead and injured were pinioned in wreckage at the bottom of the shaft.

AD WOLGAST TO QUIT RING

Lightweight Champion Announces His Retirement After Fight With Hogan April 1.

New York, March 14.—Ad Wolgast, lightweight champion, is going to quit the ring after his ten-round bout with One-Round Hogan, the California lightweight, which takes place at the Madison Athletic club of this city on April 18. Wolgast made this announcement in Los Angeles, Cal., stating that he is tired of the fighting game and besides had faithfully promised his wife that he would never again engage in the ring after his contest with Hogan.

VESUVIUS LANDSLIDE FOLLOWS EARTHQUAKE

Famous Funicular Railway Is Badly Damaged—Detonations Heard—Part of Crater Falls.

Naples, March 13.—A severe earthquake, accompanied by strong detonations from Mount Vesuvius, occurred last evening.

Investigations showed that a great landslide had dropped from the upper part of the crater. It is estimated that it measured 1,000 by 250 feet, and when it fell it caused enormous clouds of smoke.

The Funicular railway was badly damaged. A party of tourists were about to ascend by the railway when the shock occurred.

The Funicular railway has been entirely put out of commission by previous eruptions, but so profitable has the tourist travel been that the road has always been rebuilt.

The road runs over lava beds its entire length, but was regarded as safe until this new eruption.

FAT STOCK ON EXHIBITION

Colonel Roosevelt Guest at Opening of National Feeders' and Breeders' Show at Fort Worth.

Fort Worth, Tex., March 13.—The fifteenth annual live stock show of the National Feeders' and Breeders' association was opened at the Coliseum today by Gov. O. B. Colquitt of Texas. Colonel Roosevelt, Senators Bailey and Culberson of Texas, Gov. Lee Cruce of Oklahoma, Governor Sanders of Louisiana and Governor Mills of New Mexico were guests at the opening exercises and delivered addresses.

The exhibition this year promises to be the most notable in the history of the association. The number of entries approximate 5,000 individual animals, many of them having been received from northern, central and eastern breeders and owners. More than \$25,000 in money prizes, six handsome solid silver cups and a score or more of gold medals, silver medals, ribbons and diplomas are offered in the various classifications of pure bred cattle, hogs, sheep, horses and high grade mules. A brilliant horse show will be a highly feature during fat stock show week.

NINETEEN DIE IN SLIDE

Avalanche of Rock, Earth and Snow Traps Track Layers in Minnesota.

Virginia, Minn., March 13.—Death in the form of 500,000 tons of iron ore, rock, earth, ice and snow shot down upon 30 track layers working in the Norman open pit mine here.

Only 11 who were working on the outer edge, had a chance to run, and escaped the avalanche. Three of these are in a hospital suffering from probably fatal injuries.

The place that was an open pit before the slide is a choked area of rock and ore and earth, with here and there parts of a body in sight.

It will be days before the bodies can be recovered and all parts of many probably never will be assembled. The mass of rock and earth ground many of them into shreds.

U. S. HAS DEADLY EXPLOSIVE

Hudson Maxim Declares It Will Prove Envy of Every Nation in the World.

Boston, March 13.—That the United States government controls a 1 and new explosive which will prove the envy of every nation in the world was the declaration of Hudson Maxim, the inventor.

"This new explosive," said Mr. Maxim, "will prove a revelation in warfare, and will do almost everything except, perhaps, blow the whole crust off the earth. The value of this explosive lies in the fact it will send a projectile through any armor, and the explosion will not take place until after this projectile has passed through the armor."

FREED OF BRIBERY CHARGE

Illinois Legislators Declared "Not Guilty" of Conspiracy in Connection With Furniture Contracts.

Springfield, Ill., March 13.—After three and one-half hours' deliberation, during which time about twenty-one ballots were taken, the jury in the trial of State Senator Stanton C. Pemberton of Oakland and of former representative Joseph H. Clark of Vandata, who are charged with entering into a conspiracy to secure money corruptly for their votes in awarding the contract for the furnishing of the senate and house chambers of the state-house, returned a verdict of "not guilty."

At the first trial, two months ago, the jury failed to agree.

OGDEN MILLS REID WEDDED

Son of Ambassador to England and Miss Helen Miles Rogers Are Married at Racine.

Racine, Wis., March 14.—Whitell Reid, United States ambassador to England, and his family attended the wedding of his son, Ogden Mills Reid, to Miss Helen Miles Rogers, which took place today at the Racine college chapel.

The bride is the daughter of Mrs. Benjamin Talbot Rogers of Fond du Lac, and is a graduate of Barnard college.

TALKING ABOUT DOVES OF PEACE



FISHER IN CABINET

CHICAGOAN FORMALLY SWORN IN AND TAKES DESK OF RICHARD A. BALLINGER.

IS NOT TO HURRY REFORMS

Asserts He Hasn't Heard That Alaska Coal Claims Are to Be Submitted to Him at Once—Newly Appointed Secretary of Interior.

Washington, March 14.—Walter L. Fisher of Chicago took the oath of office as the successor of Richard A. Ballinger, secretary of the Interior, in the cabinet of President Taft. The oath was informally administered by W. B. Acker, chief of the miscellaneous division of the interior department, who is a notary public. The only witnesses were Mr. Ballinger and his private secretary, Ashmun Brown. Shortly after the oath was administered Mr. Fisher formally received the bureau chiefs of the department, who extended their congratulations.

Mr. Fisher promptly took charge of Mr. Ballinger's old desk and the first paper he laid upon it was his commission signed by President Taft.

Planning No Personal Changes. Asked as to his policies, Mr. Fisher said:

"I shall give all my time in the immediate future to acquainting myself with the work of the department. No changes in the personnel will be made during that time, and proffered resignations will not be considered. I have no plans for the summer months, and do not know whether I will visit the works of the interior department throughout the country at that time."

When asked whether the Cunningham coal claims in Alaska would be formally submitted to him as reported, Mr. Fisher said:

"If that report is true, I have not been advised of it. Should the case reach me for action at any time no decision would be reached until I have given it the fullest possible consideration."

LYNCH NINE BLACKS REPORT

Striking Firemen in Tennessee Are Charged With Having Slain Twelve Men.

Lexington, Ky., March 15.—Nine negroes lynched in Tennessee just across the Kentucky border and three men killed in the mountains near Kings Mountain station by striking firemen on the C. N. O. & T. P. R. R., are reports that reach here. An engineer on a north-bound passenger stated that three men were killed near King's Mountain, but no official confirmation could be obtained.

Several passengers who arrived here from the south said that nine negroes were lynched by strikers in the northern part of Tennessee, just across the Kentucky line.

Charles Swatz, a detective from St. Louis, was shot in the mouth in a race riot at Glenmary, Tenn., and was taken to the hospital at Somerset. Not a freight train has passed through Lexington, and all passengers are heavily guarded. Fifty Pinkertons have reinforced the regular officers along the line.

MINERS MAY CALL STRIKE

Lewis Declares That Unless an Increase in Wages Is Granted Men They Will Walk Out.

Columbus, O., March 15.—Tom L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers, declared in a speech here that ten thousand coal miners in the Tuscarawas field would go on strike if an increase in wages was not granted them by March 20.

DANVILLE PROBE ENDED; VOTE SELLERS ESCAPE

Grand Jury Adjourns After Indicting Fourteen Obscene Election Workers—Corruption Scored.

Danville, Ill., March 15.—After seven weeks of investigation which cost Vermillion county thousands of dollars and after asking the preparation of hundreds of true bills against prominent politicians, the grand jury concluded its work by the return of 14 indictments against obscure election workers.

In extension of the failure to accomplish anything of importance the grand jury made public a set of resolutions which, in view of their final report, was considered remarkable. They claim that evidence was concealed. Some of the jurors are inclined to shift the blame for the fizzle onto the shoulders of the state's attorney.

The indictments returned charge conspiracy to buy votes and perjury.

The resolutions adopted are as follows:

"The grand jury now completing its work has discovered that a most astounding state of political corruption prevails in Vermillion county and in Danville township especially; that the election laws have been flagrantly violated and that vast sums of money have been frequently used in corrupting the electorate.

"That owing to the suppression of evidence and a well-planned conspiracy to conceal crime by the wholesale commission of perjury the corrupt politicians have rendered it extremely difficult for the grand jury to obtain proof of the violation of the election laws.

"That political corruption has frequently found encouragement in the acts of political public officials, a notable instance of recent occurrence being found in the appointment of W. C. Brown, as election commissioner of Danville by County Judge Lawrence N. Allen.

"That proof was furnished the grand jury that an unreasonably large fund was contributed for campaign purposes in the recent campaign and that much of said fund was expended for corrupt purposes in the bribing of voters.

"That frequent attempts have been made by men prominent in political and business circles in Danville to induce the grand jury to abandon the investigation of election bribery, the apparent purpose being to shield men high in the public service from exposure through indictment of their criminal supporters."

The grand jury further demanded that drastic legislation be enacted remedying the present laws providing for the punishment of vote buyers as well as vote sellers, as the present laws are declared to be unconstitutional in so far as the punishment of vote buyers are concerned.

T. R. JR. EXPECTS STORK

Why Former President and Wife Are on Their Way to San Francisco.

San Francisco, March 14.—It is to be "Grandpa Roosevelt." It has leaked out that Col. Theodore Roosevelt, Mrs. Roosevelt and Miss Ethel Roosevelt are coming across the continent to be here just before the arrival of the stork in the home of Theodore Roosevelt, Jr. It is understood, if the child is a boy, it is to be called Theodore III. The younger Theodore Roosevelt and his wife, who was Miss Eleanor Butler Alexander, have nearly as many friends as their popular father and father-in-law. Judging from present indications, they all are endeavoring to contribute to the new arrival's layette. Theodore, Jr., married Miss Alexander June 21 of last year.

TAX LAW IS UPHELD

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT HOLDS CORPORATION TAX IS CONSTITUTIONAL.

LONG CONTEST AT AN END

Justice Day Reads Decision—Law Provides That All Incorporated Bodies Shall Pay Tax on Net Income Above \$5,000.

Washington, March 14.—The corporation tax provisions of the Payne-Aldrich tariff act were sustained as constitutional by the Supreme court of the United States. This ends a long contest by the government, the leader of which, until his death, was Lloyd W. Bowers of Chicago, who was solicitor-general of the United States.

Justice Day first announced that it was within the power of the senate to insert the tax provisions in the tariff law, which originated in the house and of which the tax provisions are a part.

Excise Feature Sustained. Justice Day said that the court held the tax as an "excise tax on the doing of business," which is exactly the basis on which the government has defended the law. He next said that the tax provisions were not the arbitrary exercise of a power. This was urged in argument as one reason why the law should be held unconstitutional.

By regarding the tax as measured by income rather than being a tax on income, the opinion held, as Justice Day proceeded, that the law was constitutional, although it might reach the income from non-taxable sources.

Corporation Tax Taft's Plan.

The fight against the constitutionality of the corporation tax began almost immediately after the enactment of the Payne-Aldrich tariff law of 1909, of which it is a part. During the long days of wrangling in congress over that measure, President Taft originated a plan to raise part of the revenue necessary for the running of the government by imposing a corporation tax. He is said to have made the first rough draft of the proposed law and to have asked the department of justice to perfect it.

Scarcely fifteen years earlier the Supreme court of the United States had declared unconstitutional the income tax measure enacted by congress. To have a valid tax the errors of that law had to be avoided. Finally the attention of members of the house and senate was called to the proposed corporation tax as a constitutional measure. It was urged as preferable to another income tax, which, it was argued, probably would be declared unconstitutional. When the tariff bill was in the senate the corporation tax provisions were inserted as an amendment to the Payne bill passed by the house. They remained there and became a part of the tariff act.

Provisions of the Law. The provisions of the law stated that the tax was a "special excise tax with respect to the carrying on or doing business." It was to be paid by "every corporation, joint stock company or association organized for profit and having a capital stock represented by shares, and every insurance company organized under the laws of the United States or of any state or territory." It was provided that the tax should be "equivalent to one percentum upon the entire net income over and above \$5,000 received from all sources," exclusive of amounts received as dividends upon stock of other corporations, joint stock companies, or associations, or insurance companies, subject to the tax.

It was provided, also, by the act that returns should be made by those taxed to the treasury department, to be used as a basis for assessing the tax. These were open to inspection, but in 1910 congress enacted legislation providing that the returns should be open to inspection only upon rules and regulations approved by the president.

BANDITS ROB UTAH HOTEL

Masked Men Line Up Night Clerk and Five Guests in Ogden Hostelry—Half Block From Station.

Ogden, Utah, March 14.—The Reed hotel, in the center of the business district of this city, was robbed by two masked men. The hotel is within a half block of the central police station.

Night Clerk Unarmed and five guests were lined up against the wall and while one of the bandits pointed a pistol at the men, the second robber made the night clerk open the safe and empty about \$700 into a bag.

The robbers then left without molesting the five men lined up against the wall. The police half an hour later arrested two men in a rooming house within half a block of the hotel.

TWO KILLED IN RAIL STRIKE

Deputy Sheriffs Are Shot From Ambush While Guarding Texas Pacific Coal Chutes.

Stearns, Ky., March 14.—H. M. Holway and J. T. Lovett, deputy sheriffs, were shot and killed here while guarding the Cincinnati, New Orleans & Texas Pacific railroad coal chutes. Both men were shot from ambush. While details are lacking, it is believed that the shooting is the result of the strike of the firemen on the lines of the railroad.

RHEUMATISM

Munyon's Rheumatism Remedy relieves pains in the legs, arms, back, stiff or swollen joints. Contains no morphine, opium, cocaine or drugs to depress the pain. It neutralizes the acid and drives out all rheumatic poisons from the system. Write Prof. Munyon, 633 and Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia, Pa., for medical advice, absolutely free.

The Farmer's Son's Great Opportunity

Why wait for the old farm to become a barren waste? Begin now to prepare for your future prosperity and independence. A great opportunity is before you in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. You can secure a Free Homestead of 160 acres at \$3.00 an acre. Fine climate, good schools, excellent railway facilities, low freight rates, wood, water and lumber easily obtained. For pamphlet "Last Best West," a plan for securing a homestead, and low settlers' rates, apply to R. C. Broughton, 415 West Main St., Winnipeg, Minn., or to Canadian Gov't Agent, C. J. Broughton, 415 West Main St., Winnipeg, Minn., or to Canadian Gov't Agent, C. J. Broughton, 415 West Main St., Winnipeg, Minn., or to Canadian Gov't Agent, C. J. Broughton, 415 West Main St., Winnipeg, Minn.



Collar Comfort

is insured if you wear SLIP EASY COLLARS which have the Slip Easy Tab shown above. This Tab allows the necktie to slide easily and is the most marked improvement made in collars during recent years. They come in all styles and are for sale by up-to-date dealers. If not at your store, write us and we will see you are supplied.

C. W. FERGUSON COLLAR CO., Troy, N. Y.



Kow-Kure

is not a "food"—it is a medicine, and the only medicine in the world for cows only. Made for the cow and, as its name indicates, is a cure. It relieves, retards and cures all ailments of the cow, and all ailments of the calf. It can be given to the cow and calf and can afford to be without "Kow-Kure." It is made especially to keep cows healthy. Our book "What to Do When Your Cow is Sick," sent free. Ask your local dealer for "Kow-Kure," or write to us for a free copy. Dairy Association Co., Lyndonville, Vt.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner—dissolve—cure indigestion—improve the complexion—brighten the eyes. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price. Genuine must bear Signature. Beathood.

REAL ESTATE.

FLORIDA. I have a tract of land North of Pensacola in Escambia County, Florida, the most fertile section of the state that I am offering at reasonable prices and terms. Tract in ten acres or more, located within one to three miles of I. & N. R. R. stations. This land has a firm clay subsoil with heavy top soil—the BEST land in Florida for general farming. \$30 per acre. \$1.00 per acre down. 50 cents per acre balance. No interest, no taxes. Write for FREE farm land booklet. JOHN E. STILLMAN, PENSACOLA, FLORIDA.

CASTOR, ALBERTA, the centre of the best fruit lands in the famous Willamette Valley, for sale. Write for list. Geo. J. Chapman & Company, Connetquot, Ohio.

SOUTHERN OREGON IRRIGATED FRUIT AND ALFALFA. 200 acres of alfalfa, 100 acres of fruit lands in the famous Willamette Valley, for sale. Write for list. Geo. J. Chapman & Company, Connetquot, Ohio.

DEVELOP LANDS FOR SALE—Agricultural, timber and fruit lands in the famous Willamette Valley, for sale. Write for list. Geo. J. Chapman & Company, Connetquot, Ohio.

WRITE for our new catalog of 300 fertile farm bargains at \$5.00 to \$10.00 per acre. This ad will not appear again. Western Reserve Realty Company, Madison, Ohio.

TRUIT, poultry and dairy farms along Lake Erie. Write for list. Geo. J. Chapman & Company, Connetquot, Ohio.

IMPROVED FARMER 85 to 115 per acre. Good soil, climate, water, is healthy, not poor. R. A. Radde, Tallahassee, Florida.



WOMAN'S REALM

STOMACH NEEDS CARE

INDIGESTION NEVER TO BE TREATED LIGHTLY.

Proper Diet and Right Time for Meals Are Important—Expert Opinion Given Here Is Very Valuable.

How often this is a result of nervous strain is perhaps seldom realized! A business man eats his lunch and other meals in a hurry with his mind on business. His energies are being consumed by his brain and very little is left to be used in the digestion of his food.

One should never eat when tired and nervous. Take a few moments' absolute rest before meals. If possible lie down and relax all muscles for a few minutes. Then eat your meal slowly and if possible have some pleasant companion who will talk with you on subjects not connected with your business cares. You will be surprised to note the improvement in your digestion.

For the noon meal, office workers should eat only light and easily digested food. Eat your heaviest meal after the work for the day is finished and the blood which has been required by the brain can be spared to the stomach. People doing manual labor that requires physical strength need and can digest a heavy noon-day meal, but the requirements of brain workers are quite different.

Indigestion and constipation often are bosom friends. A regular daily action of the bowels is necessary to health. Constipation often may be relieved by drinking a glass of cold water upon rising, at intervals during the day and upon retiring. Fruit at breakfast or figs taken after meals often will relieve a tendency to constipation. Regularity in going to the toilet is one of the most important measures in treating constipation.

Choose a convenient time, preferably right after breakfast, and always go at the same time. At first you will not have the desire, but the bowels soon will form the habit. Laxatives or cathartics should not be taken except for an occasional dose or during illness upon the advice of a physician. So common is the practise of taking daily laxatives that it has become a "national curse." People do not realize that they are slaves to this habit, so continue taking their daily doses of "teas" or "waters." Massage of the abdomen is usually very beneficial in treating constipation. It acts by stimulating the muscles and should be given at set times during the day, preferably before the regular time of going to the toilet.

The various vibrators act in a similar manner. Enemas or injections of warm water may be taken occasionally and then are beneficial. If long continued they are very injurious, by reason of their irritating effect upon the mucous membrane lining the intestines. At times, when the stomach and intestines have been overloaded with irritating material, an enema is one of the quickest measures for relief. In obstinate constipation two or three ounces of warm olive oil injected, slowly, into the rectum at night and allowed to remain until morning, will soften the waste material so it can be easily evacuated in the morning.

(Copyright, 1910, by W. G. Chapman.)

OF NET, LACE AND SATIN



Velvet Quills.
The new and attractive velvet quills are made by pasting the velvet on real quills. If you have some old quills on hand you can make your own velvet quills. If you do not want the back exposed it can also be covered with velvet. A good way is to put white velvet on this side.

EXCELLENT MATERIALS FOR GOOD ROAD CONSTRUCTION

Benefits Derived From Clay-Sand Highways Should Prove Incentive for a More General and Careful Study of Subject.

(By W. L. SPOON.)

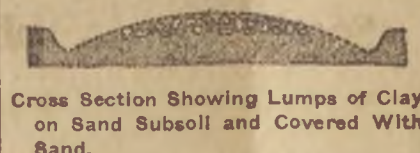
The mixing of sand and clay as a form of road construction has received careful study and is of great importance, especially to the Atlantic and Gulf states, where throughout large areas sand and clay are practically the only materials available for road building.

It may safely be said that the construction of sand-clay roads had passed the experimental stage. It has been proved that they are well adapted for light traffic, and are less noisy, less dusty, and more resilient than the average macadam road. Even under heavy traffic they have proved to be a great extent satisfactory. There are sand-clay roads in the South Atlantic and Gulf states over which heavy loads of cotton and other farm products are hauled throughout the year with but little resulting damage. When the cheapness of this kind of construction is considered, it will be seen that for certain localities at least it is preferable to macadam.

In all forms of road construction the most important consideration is that of drainage. If natural drainage does

sandy soils as in clay soils, and therefore need not be so carefully guarded against. Nevertheless, if any indications of these springs are found, precautions should be taken to conduct the water to the side ditches by some form of underdrainage.

When the drainage has been properly provided, the roadbed should be brought to a crown. It has been found more economical to crown first a section of the road nearest the



Cross Section Showing Lumps of Clay on Sand Subsoil and Covered With Sand.

source of the clay. The first load of clay is dumped on this prepared section at the point nearest the clay bed, each succeeding load thus being hauled over the preceding. Care should be taken to spread each separately and evenly as soon as it has been deposited and before it is driven over.

After spreading the clay it should be covered with a layer of clean sand.



Cross Section of Road, Showing Clay Cover on Deep Sand Subsoil.

not exist, artificial methods must be used. The best natural drainage is usually found upon a loose gravel or a sandy soil, especially when the grade of the road is somewhat above the surrounding country. If the land is dry and the sand deep enough to absorb quickly even the heaviest rains, no special attention need be given to drainage other than to provide the proper crown to the surface of the finished road to divert the water from it. Frequently, in tide-water regions, the country is so low and level that the surface of the road is likely to be kept continually wet from seepage. If this condition has to be met, it is necessary to dig wide ditches on each side of the roadbed and raise the grade so that the crown of the road will be sufficiently high to shed water thoroughly before hauling any clay upon it.

It is very important that no stumps or branches of trees or other matter subject to decay should be overlooked and left in the roadbed, as at such



Cross Section of Road, Showing Displacement of Lumps of Clay When Subjected to Travel.

points weak places are sure to be developed in the course of time. Although natural drainage is much better on sandy subsoils than on clay, in clay districts the conformation of the country is more likely to be of an undulating or rolling character, thus furnishing a natural watershed. Temporary or so-called "wet weather" springs are not so likely to occur in

When the road has been opened to traffic a sufficient amount of sand should be added from time to time to keep the surface smooth and prevent the formation of mud. Both the thickness and the width of the layer of clay to be spread are determined by the volume and character of traffic which the road is to sustain.

Cost of Raising Stock.

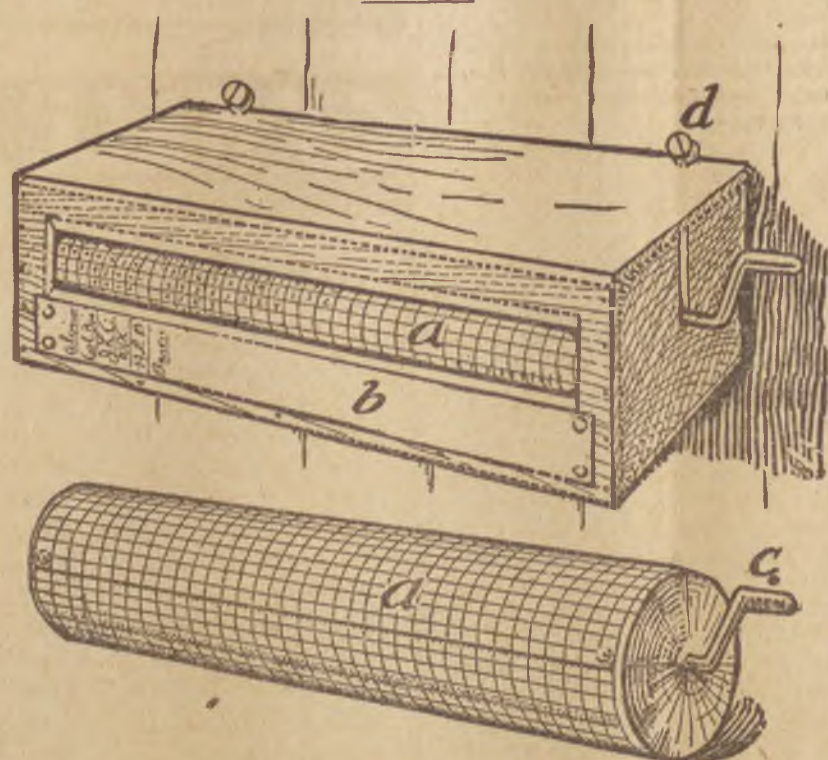
The cost of raising calves and pigs from birth to maturity is discussed briefly by the office of experiment station, in Farmers' Bulletin No. 202, along with a number of other short "government farm experiments." Some dozen instances are recorded of raising animals along the varied lines advocated by different growers, of which accurate account has been kept. At the Storrs (Connecticut) station eight calves gained on an average of 1.31 pounds per day. On the basis of the recorded data of various tents the estimated cost of raising a calf until two years old is \$33.20, with the prevailing prices of feeding stuff in Connecticut.

In some extensive experiments with pig feeding it was calculated that on an average it took 2.77 pounds of digestible nutrient at a cost of 3.12 cents to produce a pound of gain with pigs from birth to maturity.

Cultivate Poultry Runs.

Fresh turned earth has great powers of absorption of filth and the cultivating of the poultry runs is advisable. Even if your space is small for runs, by frequent turning of the soil you are assured of sanitary conditions if you do it.

DEVICE FOR KEEPING RECORD



The accompanying line drawing represents the method of J. H. Rines, an eastern dairyman, of keeping records of the dairy herd, says the Orange Judd Farmer. It is a very simple apparatus. The roller is a round cylinder of wood, into which is inserted an iron handle. Upon the cylinder is wrapped the sheet of paper upon which the records of the cows are kept. This may be a plain sheet of paper, when put on the cylinder. After placing the cylinder in the box, by revolving the cylinder and holding a pencil against the paper, it will make a straight line around the cylinder. The horizontal lines can be made with a pencil by using the edge of the opening in the box as a straight edge. In the illustration the strip of paper which is placed on the box just below the opening through which the cylinder appears contains the names of the cows. These names are opposite the columns on the roll where their record is kept. A slight improvement might be made to

Soft Wood for Ties.

On account of the scarcity of oak, chestnut and other hard-wood timber commonly used for railroad ties, railroads have been successfully using the softer woods, which have been treated with chemicals such as creosote, zinc, chloride, etc. Preservative treatment can make a beech, red oak or pine tie outlast a white oak tie. The use of screw spikes instead of nail spikes enables the soft wood to resist the strain and hold the rails in place. The use of soft wood is likely to improve the market for those grades of timber suitable for the purpose.

Your Boy's Life's Work



MARINE ENGINEER?

An occupation within the reach of any boy with a liking for machinery and sufficient ambition and perseverance to make himself master of it—it demands a long and faithful apprenticeship, but the outcome is most satisfactory—How a bright and energetic boy of 14 may become head of a big engineering department before he is middle-aged.

By C. W. JENNINGS.

WHEN you made that long delayed trip to Europe you perhaps noticed, when sauntering about the deck, a trim, strong-looking man in blue coat, with the words "Chief Engineer" on the front of his cap. He was apparently a man without work to do; for he strolled about the deck sunning himself, occasionally stopping to exchange a word with a passenger, and evidently didn't have a care or responsibility in the world. And he was only about thirty-five or forty.

And yet that same man was one of the most alert on board; for on him directly rested the strain of getting the huge vessel across the seas on schedule time and with due regard to the safety of the passengers. The rumble of the engines six or eight stories below was as familiar to him as the tones of his father's voice, and was noted constantly.

It is a fine occupation, that of marine engineer, and one that offers almost unlimited opportunities for advancement to the young man possessing ambition and energy. As in all other occupations, there are many who do not appear to get ahead very far; but the rewards are adequate for the one who works and studies to increase his efficiency.

Yes, your boy can be a marine engineer. It is simply up to him to get at it, no matter what his age or education, so long as he is at least fourteen or fifteen and is in good health.

Strangely enough, the best way to make the start, if one has high ambitions, is not in a vessel at all, but in a machine shop. To be sure, the logical way would seem to be to get a job as fireman on a tug or ferry boat, or other small craft and so work up, and many have begun in that way; but a full knowledge of machinery must be attained somehow before the worker can get very high, and it is difficult to do so in any other place than where the machinery is made and put together. Your boy is looking at the end rather than the means, and prefers getting as much experience as he can before, at 21, he takes his examination for engineer. (Under government regulations he must be of age before he can do this.)

So, at the age of 14, he goes to the foreman of a shipbuilding or repair plant and applies for a job. When he gets it he will be nothing, for a time, but a machinist's helper, and will do only the most ordinary kinds of manual labor, such as wiping off pieces of steel for the machinists, running errands, carrying things, etc., and will be paid only \$3.50 or \$4 a week.

After a while he begins to get acquainted with the different tools in use at the shop, learns what they are used for and how they are operated, and in course of a few months will be doing some of the less important work of the regular engineer. And so he goes on advancing in capability and pay until, at the end of the fourth year, he will be earning \$9 or \$10 weekly.

This completes his period of apprenticeship, and he is a full-fledged journeyman machinist, entitled to \$2 or \$4 a day. Now, he should not go at once to a vessel expecting to make an engineer, but instead should remain in the machinist's trade, for two or three years more to gain experience. Furthermore, it will be better for him to go to other shipyards and work, so as to become acquainted with the different methods of constructing engines, boilers, etc. In this way he will broaden his knowledge until he can meet any mechanical emergency that is likely to occur.

By the time he is 21 or thereabouts he should go to the chief engineer of some steam vessel and ask for a job as fireman, water tender, or oiler, to gain the practical experience aboard ship. Under Uncle Sam's regulations he must have a year of this work before he is qualified to take the examination for third assistant engineer.

Of course, he passes the test given him by the local government inspector of boilers, and is then ready for his first regular job at engineering. His pay at once expands from the \$45 a month and board he received as oiler to \$70 or \$85, also with board, and he stands one of the regular watches of four hours. Engineers work four hours and have eight off in regular service. He also helps at making repairs to the machinery and watches the pumps, dynamos, etc.

A year of this, and he may take the

examination for second assistant engineer, at \$80 to \$115 a month, and this work will be a little more important, particularly as he has had the great advantage of a thorough mechanical training. Perhaps he will have charge of the boiler room and most of the ordinary repairing on his own initiative.

At the end of that year he is qualified to be examined for first assistant, who draws \$90 to \$125 a month. This, of course, is the most important job in the engineering department, next to the chief himself; for the first assistant is really the acting chief when the latter is away, and has the handling of the men and the overhauling of machinery.

After a year as first assistant, your boy will be qualified to take the final examination for chief engineer, and, as far as regulations are concerned, will be eligible to take entire charge of the engine department of any American steam vessel in the merchant marine. The pay of chief is generally from \$135 to \$175 a month and board.

However, it would be almost unheard of for so young a chief to be given one of the large Atlantic liners, even though he might be competent; for there must first be a vacancy, and the seniority rule obtains pretty generally. There are chiefs on liners in their early 30s, and one of the large companies has as superintending engineer on shore a man of only 35.

The next step is to this position of superintending engineer, who is chief of the engine departments of all vessels on the line. He is consulted by the vessel chiefs as to all important repairs and alterations in machinery, the installation of new equipment, and is the company's highest authority on all matters in this branch of the business. His pay when first appointed is usually about 50 per cent. more than he received as chief; but he has to pay his own living expenses ashore, which lessens the difference to that extent.

Advancement beyond that point rests entirely upon your boy's capability. In many instances, almost innumerable ones, these marine engineers have gone into special work as consulting engineers and have received high positions in shipbuilding plants, some of them earning very large salaries. The writer knows one who was taken from a liner on the Pacific ocean and made head of the engineering department of the largest iron works and shipbuilding plant on the Pacific coast.

This particular young man (he was under 35 when he received this advancement) was not exceptionally brilliant naturally; but he was a hard worker and didn't neglect a single opportunity during all the 15 or 20 years of his work to learn anything and everything he could about all phases of engineering. He studied at odd hours and evenings, took up several special courses of study that he could work at nights and when off duty, and, in short, made his work his pleasure and had a real joy in accomplishment.

Generally about the time one takes his first examination before the government he becomes a member of the Marine Engineers' Beneficial Association, composed entirely of marine engineers, which gives him a test and certifies as to his capability when he applies to Uncle Sam. The advantage of this is that he is thus endorsed by men of experience and standing, who know what he has done and how capable he is, and this indorsement counts for a great deal.

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Auld Brig of Ayr.

Is the Auld Brig of Ayr a fraud or a genuine relic of the past?

Some time ago there was an outcry against its proposed demolition, and Scotsmen all the world over sent money for its restoration. A few weeks ago Lord Rosebery reopened the Auld Brig and rhapsodized over it. But Mr. Hall-Blythe of Edinburgh boldly announced himself at the town planning conference as "one of the most active persons in condemning the Auld Brig of Ayr."

"It is neither useful nor ornamental," he said, "but people desired to retain it because Burns wrote a poem about it. Yet the Brig of Ayr Burns wrote about was not this bridge at all. 'It is a mad and wild desire to retain such an ugly bridge,' Mr. Hall-Blythe declared.

Way of Servants.

Subbubs—I see Binkins has come out as a candidate for governor.

Townley—Yes; he has declared his 'great ambition to be the servant of the people.

Subbubs—Servant? What! Doesn't he mean to keep the place if he gets it?—Catholic Standard and Times.

No Longer Needs Name.

Albert—A dog that runs under a carriage is called a carriage-dog, is it not?

Egbert—Certainly.

Albert—Well, what would you call a dog that runs under a motor car?

Egbert—Why, a dead one.

WEAK BACKS MADE STRONG.

Backache in most cases is kidney-ache, and usually accompanied by irregularities of the urine. To remove the pain and weakness, you must cure the kidneys. Do so with Doan's Kidney Pills.

Mrs. Rosa Weinmann, 1927 Greenwood Terrace, Chicago, Ill., says: "So intense were the rheumatic pains in my back, I felt like screaming. They gradually became more severe until they ran all over my body. I could not sleep and could hardly move. I steadily grew worse until I could scarcely open or close my hands. No relief was obtained until I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. Soon I felt better and ere long the pain left."

Remember the name—Doan's. For sale by all dealers, 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

THE HAPPY MAN.



First Lady—How very happy the bridegroom looks! Really it is pleasant to see a young man looking so joyful.

Second Lady—Hush! That's not the bridegroom; that's a gentleman the bride jilted six months ago.

Brought the Tears.

An unusual incident marked a recent fire in New York. The fire started in the cellar of a five-story tenement and before it was extinguished the 18 families in the building and all the firemen were weeping copiously from inflamed eyes. In the cellar many bags of onions had been stored. The chief fireman allowed the tenants to remain in the building, assuring them that the fire was confined to the cellar. They did not stay, however, when the onions had got well aflame.

Dare to Be Happy.

Let us never be afraid of innocent joy; God is good and what he does is well done; resign yourself to everything, even to happiness; ask for the spirit of sacrifice, of detachment, of renunciation, and above all, for the spirit of joy and gratitude, the genuine and religious optimism which sees in God a Father, and asks no pardon for his benefits. We must dare to be happy and dare to confess it, regarding ourselves always as the depositors, not as the authors of our own joy.—Amiel.

Home and School.

Home and school are two different spheres and have of necessity different duties to perform and different work to accomplish in the training and teaching of the child. But unless the ideals are the same and unless there is a systematic attitude of mind between parents and teachers, the best result cannot be achieved and the child must suffer.—Mrs. E. L. Franklin, Secretary Parents' National Educational Union, England.

EDITOR BROWNE

Of The Rockford Morning Star.

"About seven years ago I ceased drinking coffee to give your Postum a trial.

"I had suffered acutely from various forms of indigestion and my stomach had become so disordered as to repel almost every sort of substantial food. My general health was bad. At close intervals I would suffer severe attacks which confined me in bed for a week or more. Soon after changing from coffee to Postum the indigestion abated, and in a short time ceased entirely. I have continued the daily use of your excellent Food Drink and assure you most cordially that I am indebted to you for the relief it has brought me.

"Wishing you a continued success, I am

Yours very truly,

J. Stanley Browne, Managing Editor."

Of course, when a man's health shows he can stand coffee without trouble, let him drink it, but most highly organized brain-workers simply cannot.

The drugs natural to the coffee berry affect the stomach and other organs and thence to the complex nervous system, throwing it out of balance and producing disorders in various parts of the body. Keep up this daily poisoning and serious disease generally supervenes. So when man or woman finds that coffee is a smooth but deadly enemy and health is of any value at all, there is but one road—quit.

It is easy to find out if coffee be the cause of the troubles, for if left off 10 days and Postum be used in its place and the sick and diseased conditions begin to disappear, the proof is unanswerable.

Postum is not good if made by short boiling. It must be boiled full 15 minutes after boiling begins, when the crisp flavor and the food elements are brought out of the grains and the beverage is ready to fulfill its mission of palatable comfort and renewing the cells and nerve centers broken down by coffee.

"There's a Reason."

Get the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Township Caucus

Notice is hereby given to the Republican voters of the town of Genoa that a caucus will be held at the office of Jackman & Son, in the village of Genoa, Ill., on Saturday, the 18th day of March next, for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the office of supervisor and commissioner of highways, to select three committeemen and transact such other business which may lawfully

come before the meeting. Said caucus will open at 2:00 o'clock and close at 5:00 o'clock in the afternoon of said day.

S. Abraham }
L. M. Olmsted } Com.
C. D. Schoonmaker }

25-2t

For Supervisor

I have decided to become a candidate for the office of supervisor of Genoa township, having

been urgently requested to do so by many friends, and will appreciate the support of voters at the caucus to be held in March. It will be my aim to take care of Genoa first, last and all the time, and work for the best interests of the town and county.

C. H. AWE.

For Highway Commissioner

I am a candidate for renomination to the office of highway commissioner and will appreciate the support of my friends at the caucus to be held in March.

23-tf JOHN PETERSON.

For Highway Commissioner

I have decided to become a candidate for the office of Commissioner of Highways, thru the earnest solicitation of friends, and will submit my name to the voters of Genoa township at the caucus to be held in March.

WILL DUVAL.

For Supervisor

I wish to announce that I will be a candidate for renomination to the office of Supervisor of Genoa township and will appreciate the support of my friends at the caucus to be held in March.

F. W. DUVAL.

Pay Your Taxes Now

The Genoa tax books are now open at the store of Perkins & Rosenfeld. I will be at the store from 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. on Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week. On the other days of the week from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. 17-tf E. D. Ide, Collector.

CONVERTED HANNA.

Editor Cowles Taught Him a Lesson In Pocket Picking.

Edwin Cowles, long editor of the Cleveland Leader, numbered among his accomplishments that of pocket picking. Of course he picked pockets as an amateur only, but it is doubtful whether there ever was a professional who could play the light fingered game more skillfully than the able editor did occasionally for fun.

It was during the administration of a mayor who had been elected as a protege of M. A. Hanna, who was then starting in Cleveland upon the political career which gave him national prominence, that the Leader began a crusade against vice. Articles were published daily in which it was asserted that the city was full of thieves, gamblers and other crooks, and the mayor was taken severely to task for not having them driven away. Hanna, being the power behind the municipal throne, came in for censure in an indirect way, and, meeting Cowles in the street one day, he expostulated with him concerning the Leader's style of warfare.

"Look here, Cowles," he said, "what's the use of all this racket? You're making a mountain out of a molehill. There are no more crooks in town than there have been right along, and it would be foolish to expect any mayor to drive all the law-breakers out, no matter how hard he tried or how good his intentions might be."

Cowles insisted that his paper was right, and he expressed the belief that there were then more pickpockets in Cleveland than had ever before infested that city.

"Pickpockets!" snorted Hanna. "I don't believe there's a pickpocket in the town. And, anyway, I have no sympathy for anybody whose pockets are picked. No one but a jay could ever be robbed in that way."

"You don't know," said Cowles, "how skillful some of these light fingered fellows become. It would be possible for one of them to go through your pockets while talking to you as I am now."

Hanna laughed derisively and said any pickpocket that ever got a hand in his clothes without being caught at it was welcome to anything he could extract.

As they were parting Cowles turned to ask what time it was, and Hanna felt for his watch.

It was gone.

"That's strange," he said. "I guess I must have forgotten when I dressed this morning to put it in my pocket."

"Speaking of forgetting things," Cowles answered, "I forgot my wallet when I left home. Could you lend me \$10?"

Hanna felt for his money, but found none. He put his hands into one empty pocket after another and was beginning to look sheepish when Cowles handed him back his watch, his money, his keys and a bundle of letters.

"Very well, Cowles," said the future senator; "I'll see what can be done about driving the pickpockets away."

—Chicago Record-Herald.



Special Corset Value

PARISIANA No. 777
Will Reduce the Figure Five Inches
A corset of original design that reduces with comfort to the wearer. Sufficiently long to encase the hips and give slender lines. Molds without binding.

JOHN LEMBKE, - - - GENOA, ILL.

PARISIANA CORSETS

Authentic Paris Styles embodied in a practical American made corset. This, briefly, is the meaning of the word Parisiana.

The stays in Parisiana Corsets are guaranteed not to break—the material not to split. Should a Parisiana Corset prove defective in any way we will replace it without question.

Our Reducing Corset for fleshy people can't be beat.

Prices: 50c, \$1.00, \$1.50,
\$2.00, \$3.00

Candy Free!

AT NOAH'S ARK

Every time you buy a pound of candy we will give you a card with a letter on it and when you get enough cards that the letters spell K E L L Y ' S you get a
Pound of Candy Free!

Grape Vines, Fruit and Ornamental Trees

Now is the time to hand in your orders

Concord Grape Vines, 2 yrs, first class, each..... 10c
Concord Grape Vines, 2 yrs, first class, per 100 \$5.00
Worden Grape Vines, 2 yrs, first class, each..... 15c
Moore's Early Grape Vines, 2 yrs, first class, each... 15c

Other Kinds in Proportion

I am growing 13 different kinds of grape vines and you can have them dug fresh out of the ground. I am growing fruiting and testing 40 different varieties and they are the best and finest of all grapes grown in the United States.

NOAH'S ARK, GENOA
W. E. HOWLETT

OUR BEST OFFER!

THE REPUBLICAN-JOURNAL and
The Weekly Inter Ocean and Farmer
Both a Full Year for Only

\$1.50

All the News of the World and Home
Only 25c More Than the Price
of THE REPUBLICAN-JOURNAL ALONE

The Weekly Inter Ocean and Farmer
Contains Each Week

21 columns of news.

14 columns of talks by a practical farmer on farm topics—economical machinery, planting, growing and storing of fruits and vegetables, breeding and marketing of live stock.

20 or more "Lost and Found Poems and Songs"

1 column of Health and Beauty Hints.

Best short and continued stories—Chess and Checkers—Puzzles and Complications—Dr. Reeder's Home Health Club—Miscellaneous Questions and Answers—Poems of the Day—A Special Washington Letter—Taking cartoons and illustrations.

5 columns of live, entertaining editorials.

7 columns of live stock and market reports. No live stock paper contains a better live stock market report than The Weekly Inter Ocean and Farmer.

40 questions and answers by readers on anything pertaining to the business of farming, gardening, raising of live stock and Poultry, etc.

10 to 20 questions on veterinary subjects.

7 columns of information on receipts, patterns, formulas, etc., furnished by readers.

14 to 21 columns of stories of public men, historical, geographical and other miscellany.

5 columns of specially reported sermons by leading American clergymen, and the Sunday School Lesson.

These features, together with a special magazine department, make up the leading farm, and home newspaper of the West.

OUR OFFER

The price of the Weekly Inter Ocean and Farmer remains \$1.00 a year
The price of The Republican-Journal is.....\$1.25 a year

The two papers each one year only \$1.50

N. B.—This special arrangement with The Weekly Inter Ocean and Farmer is for a limited time only. Subscribers to The Weekly Inter Ocean and Farmer are assured that no papers will be sent after their subscriptions expire unless their subscriptions are renewed by cash payments.

A VOLCANIC WAVE.

Exciting Experience on a Vessel in the Strait of Sunda.

What is often called a tidal wave may have no connection whatever with the ordinary tides. It should sometimes be credited to a volcanic upheaval of the bottom of the ocean. This fact was most plainly shown in the explosion of Krakatoa, which occurred on Aug. 27, 1883. The volcano was an island in the strait of Sunda, between Sumatra and Java. The force of the outbreak was so great as to affect the level of the water in the river Thames. What were the effects produced in the strait is told by Mr. W. B. Worsfold in "A Visit to Java." He had the story from one who was then an engineer on a boat of the Netherlands India Steamship company:

We were anchored off Telokbetong, in Sumatra, when the chief officer and myself observed a dark line out at sea which bore the appearance of a tidal wave. While we were remarking this the captain rushed on to the bridge and telegraphed to the engine room to steam slow ahead up to the anchors.

I was engaged in carrying out these orders when the wave came up to the ship. First she dropped, then heaved up and down for some five minutes. There were three waves. When I came on deck again the long pier, which had been crowded with Europeans who had come out of the town—this pier, the houses and offices had disappeared. In fact, the whole town was gone.

A government steamboat lying at anchor, with steam up, in the bay was landed high on the tops of the palm trees in company with some native boats. That was the first intimation we had that Krakatoa was in eruption, and from that time—8 o'clock—all through the day the rumbling thunders never ceased, while the darkness increased to a thick, impenetrable covering of smoky vapor.

Shortly after this we got under way and proceeded until the darkness made it impossible to go on farther. It was while we were thus enveloped in darkness that the stones and cinders discharged by the mountain began to fall upon the ship. In a short time the canvas awning and the deck were covered with ashes and stones to the depth of two feet, and all our available men were employed in removing the falling mass, which otherwise would have sunk the ship. We had a large number of natives on board and 160 European soldiers. The latter worked with the energy of despair at their task of clearing the deck.

While we were engaged in this struggle a new and terrible danger came upon us. This was the approach of the tidal wave caused by the final eruption, which occurred about half past 12 to 1 o'clock in the afternoon. The wave reached us at 2 o'clock and made the ship tumble like a seesaw. Sometimes she was almost straight on end; at other times she heaved over almost on her beam ends. We were anchored and steaming up to our anchors as before and, as before, we managed to escape destruction. Well, you can fancy what it was like when I tell you that the captain was lashed with three ropes alongside the engine room companion, while I was lashed down below to work the engines. The men were dashed from one side of the engine room to the other.

A Woman's Reason.

One reason a woman wants her husband to go to heaven is because he will then see how beautiful she can be when she doesn't have any housework to do.—Galveston News.

Ave May has invested in a power vacuum cleaner which will take the dirt out of a carpet in a hurry and thoroughly. He will no doubt be kept busy this spring, for most any one would rather have their carpets cleaned without the necessity of taking them

up than going thru the back breaking stunt of driving tacks. In reading the sale announcement of W. W. Cooper several people have inferred that he intends to close out his livery and teaming business. They have received the wrong impression,

however. Mr. Cooper advertised that he had rented his barn on Emmett street, but this does not affect the business at his big Genoa street barn. The barn on Emmett street has been used for his surplus stock and it was that stock which he offered for sale.

AMERICAN FIELD FENCE

An entire car load just dumped into our yards for the spring trade

THERE IS NOTHING BETTER
AT THE PRICE
ALL SIZES

JACKMAN & SON

DEALERS IN GOOD COAL AND GRAIN

C. F. HALL
DUNDEE



COMPANY.
ILLINOIS.

Save by Buying

You can do it just as truly as you can save by not buying. Ours is a big store, 60x120 ft, three floors. But we own our "plant" and are in the country where expenses are low. With cost of operating down to 1/2 our buying facilities are equal to those of a city store. Therefore we can and we do sell cheaper.

It is easy to trade here because:

We have one price—a cash price—for everybody.

Refunded car fare offers make coming and going cost you nothing.

The saving in lower prices is yours to keep.

Basement Sales

Groceries, Household Necessities, Hardware, etc. etc. at lowest prices.

Pitching Forks.....21c
17 qt enameled Dish Pans.....30c
Steel clad 14 qt Dairy Pail.....48c
Kirk's and Swift's best Toilet Soaps.....3c
2-gal Oil Cans.....25c
Handled Lamp, complete.....25c
Choice sifted Michigan Peas.....10c
Mixed Sample Teas pound.....25c

Saturday Specials

3 lb can Tomatoes; 1 lb tin Mustard Sardines 1 large pkg A. & H. Soda, all for.....22c

Mens Business Suits

Buy this week at prices which later we shall not be able to duplicate.

Dark, serviceable business suits, tailored and made as they should be, style and fit guaranteed to

please, with an actual saving of from \$2.00 to \$3.00 on each suit... \$5.95 \$6.95 \$7.95 \$9.95

Shoes

Strictly solid, no others on sale.

Boys' Box Calf, fine sewed, lace shoes... \$2.29

Army Calf Shoes, for hard wear, 1.49 1.69

Boy's Calf Shoes, up to 13 1/2 size, solid and good.....98c

Men's standard of quality, button and lace, fine kid, calf and pat. leathers, our own make.....\$2.98

Ladies' Shoes, all sizes and leathers, our leader at 71c saving to you, \$3.00 make for.....\$2.29

The best Men's \$2.00 work and shop shoes we can buy...\$1.75

Ladies

This week we offer a bargain lot of 20

Tailored Suits, desirable spring values at.....\$10.00

52 in. fine, all wool grey suiting only.....49c

White and grey imported 44 in. wool suitings.....49c

Cloaks

New spring styles in serges and fancy suitings, perfect in style and workmanship, low in price

\$6.98 \$8.98 \$11.87

LACE CURTAINS

Spring sale Kitchen and Bedroom Curtains, 2 1/4 yd....29c

Full side over-locked 2 1/2 yd Curtains, per pair.....40c

Extra size Curtains, plain or scroll center only.....98c

Fine quality Parlor Curtains, per pair \$1.98 \$2.87 \$4.98

Remember Refunded Car Fare Offers. Show Round Trip Ticket If You Come By Train.

CASH DEPARTMENT STORE.

AT THE PAVILION

Roller Skating

Every Thursday Evening
and Saturday Evenings after Show

DOINGS OF THE WEEK

THE assistance of all subscribers is invited and solicited in making this department interesting. Any item of news left at the office, in the box at the east corner of the Exchange Bank building or given to the editor on the street will be greatly appreciated. If you have visitors or have been away yourself or if you know anything good about your neighbors tell us about it.

Horatio Perkins was in DeKalb Monday.

See the new things at Olmsted's.

E. H. Cohoon Chicagoed Tuesday.

Bakery wagon makes two trips every day.

F. G. Hudson was in Chicago Tuesday.

Mrs. E. M. Bagley was a Chicago passenger Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Snow were Chicago visitors Tuesday.

See the new spring hats at F. W. Olmsted's.

John Griggs of Texas is calling on Genoa relatives.

First showing of spring hats at Olmsted's Saturday.

E. H. Richardson was in the windy city Tuesday.

George Wilson was out from Chicago over Sunday.

P. A. Quanstrong transacted business in Chicago Tuesday.

Sycamore music at the opera house Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Sowers were Elgin visitors Monday.

Watch for the bakery wagon every morning and afternoon.

Come in and see the latest in hats at Duval & Smith's. Second floor Lembke building.

Houses and Lots For Sale

RESIDENCES, ready to use, in all parts of town, anywhere from \$500.00 to \$4000.00. VACANT LOTS, anywhere from \$50.00 to \$500.00, according to location. BUSINESS PROPERTY, worth the price. FARMS of various sizes, from 80 acres to 200 acres, at \$100.00 per acre and up. HOUSES to let.

D. S. Brown
EXCHANGE BANK
Genoa, Ill.

Miss Marjorie Rowen, who has been attending college at Champaign, is enjoying a few days at home.

The W. C. T. U. will meet at the home of Mrs. Alfred Buck on Wednesday, March 22, at 2:30 o'clock.

A boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. George Evans last Friday. At the present time all are getting on nicely.

Mr. and Mrs. O. M. Leich and D. E. Campbell are attending the Illinois Telephone convention at Peoria this week.

Mrs. F. W. Olmsted and G. J. Patterson attended a meeting of the White Shrine at Elgin on Tuesday evening.

Will the man who borrowed a corn grader last spring kindly return the same to Jas. R. Kiernan and greatly oblige?

Geo. Hammond and family of Huntley were guests last week at the home of the former's sister, Mrs. H. Shattuck.

G. E. Stott went to Kenosha last Friday to see the hole in the ground that marks the location of the powder mill that was.

"Getting Married" or

"How to Keep the Heart

Young," one of H. M.

Bannen's best lectures, at

the opera house this (Fri-

day) evening, under aus-

pices of the Genoa high

school. Plenty of time

to attend the dance, after

the lecture. Turn out

and hear something that

is really worth while.

For sale, three milk cows, 2 been fresh about two months, the other a springer.

Wm. Sumner.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Smith of Chicago were week end visitors at the home of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Smith.

Six thousand feet of film at the opera house Saturday evening. The biggest moving picture show ever presented in Genoa for 10c.

Miss Harriet Field and Miss Dorothy Cook of Rockford were week end guests at the home of the former's brother, R. B. Field.

At the annual meeting of the Elgin Press Club held Monday afternoon, Colvin W. Brown was re-elected as president and plans for the coming year discussed.

For sale—Seed wheat, guaranteed free from all weeds. Call DeKalb county phone. Frank Little, Genoa.

Mrs. A. A. Crocker and Mrs. Wilcox returned today (Thursday) from Florida where they have spent the past three months.

Wanted, a second hand cook stove, in good condition for baking. If you have such a stove that you wish to sell inquire at this office for particulars.

P. A. Quanstrong has landed his initial order for one of those Polk concrete silos. The silo will be erected for Andrew Peterson. The contract calls for a structure 16x40.

For sale, on Genoa street, 8 room house, east front, city water, electric lights and furnace heat. Also two lots on South Stott street. Inquire of owner. Victor Meyer.

A party of twenty-one went over to Sycamore Wednesday evening on a special car to witness the play, "The Wives of the Prophet," at the opera house in that city.

DR. L. G. HEMENWAY—General Practice. Office at residence in E. C. Crawford house, Genoa street, 2nd house south of Main. Office hours, 7:30 to 9:00 a. m. Phone 185.

Miss Fannie Stott, teacher in the second intermediate room at the public school, was called to Des Plaines Thursday morning by the death of her grandmother. The funeral will be held Friday.

Men and Women, sell guaranteed hose. 70 per cent. profit. Make \$10 daily. Full or part time. Beginners investigate. Wear Proof. 3038 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

F. O. Swan has purchased an auto of the Flanders-20 type, the deal being made thru F. W. Olmsted. Mr. and Mrs. Olmsted and Mr. Swan went to Chicago Monday morning and brought the machine out in the evening.

Money to loan on farm lands at reasonable rates, with liberal pre-payment privileges. High grade farm mortgages for sale. Dutton-Becker Loan & Investment Co., Sycamore, Ill.

The Genoa opera house has been renovated thruout and now presents a neat appearance. The walls and ceiling have been redecorated and the woodwork painted. The patrons of the place fully appreciate the change.

Several robins have put in an appearance during the past week. The experience of last season,

however, got the robin in bad as a weather prognosticator. We will not listen to his song of spring with the pleased anticipation of former years.

A gang of Illinois Central workmen are building a concrete bridge over the highway west of Genoa. The engineers have made the mistake, however, of again putting in a center pier instead of making the bridge one span. In consequence of this the railroad is having trouble with the commissioners of Kingston.

When you think "paint" just get that word together with Perkins & Rosenfeld. It is a combination at this time of year that will work to your interests. No matter whether it is outside or inside work all your wants can be supplied with the most reliable paints and varnish stains on the market. Try Chi-Namel.

ANCIENT GLUTTONS.

Intemperance in Eating and Drinking Among Greeks and Romans.

In very ancient days men of eminence were great drinkers. Caesar on a certain occasion while drunk with wine is said to have given Eutychus, his charioteer, a "tip" amounting to \$16,000, the largest "tip" on record.

Philip of Macedon was a drunkard. He always left the banquet table staggering. Alexander the Great, his son, inherited the weakness for drink. It took him two days and two nights to sleep off the effects of a royal banquet. He died of drink at the age of thirty-two.

Nero was in the habit of sitting down at noon and eating and drinking until midnight. Tiberius was a drunkard. After becoming emperor of Rome he was intoxicated so often that his army nicknamed him "Biberius," meaning "tippler."

"Eat, drink and amuse yourself. All else is vanity," said Sardanapalus, the last king of the Assyrians, and those words were written on his tomb.

The Greeks were moderate drinkers until they began to copy the luxury of the Persian feasts. The Romans imitated the Greeks and carried overindulgence to an extreme never equaled in another age. Gluttony and intemperance reigned, and huge fortunes were spent in single repasts. Of the many feasts given by Vitellius not one cost less than \$300, and his reign was almost a continuous debauch. Commodus was a notorious drunkard, and Septimus Severus was not much better.

When Heliogabalus ascended the throne he had a historiographer whose special task was to record the orgies. Forty courses a day were served at his feast, each one of which cost not less than \$2,000. He gave fortunes to inventors of new drinks.

Apicius spent \$600,000 on rare wines and dishes. He went over his books one day and found that he had but \$60 left. Rather than live on such a pittance he killed himself.

Many of the famous drunkards drank \$100 worth of wine at a single meal. At a luncheon given to Cicero and Pompey by Lucullus \$1,000 worth of wine was consumed by the three.—London Chronicle.

A Matter of Framing.

The picture dealer had a sign in his window which read, "Anything Framed Up In Any Style," which he thought would catch the floating trade, and it did. A man came in, with his face like a hairbrush and his clothes like a Salvation Army collection.

"Can you make good on what that sign says?" he inquired half hopefully.

"Sure," responded the dealer, with the confidence of the man who advertises.

"Well, I haven't been home for two nights, and I wish you would frame up an excuse for me to take to my wife. I'll pay any kind of a price if it will do the work. And I want it right now."—Lippincott's.

The Flag of Denmark.

The flag of Denmark, a plain red banner bearing on it a white cross, is the oldest flag now in existence. For 300 years both Norway and Sweden were united with Denmark under this flag. In the year 1219 King Waldemar of Denmark when leading his troops to battle against the Laponians saw or thought he saw a bright light in the form of a cross in the sky. He held this appearance to be a promise of divine aid and pressed forward to victory. From this time he had the cross placed on the flag of his country and called it the Dannebrog, meaning the strength of Denmark.

Don't miss the moving pictures at the pavilion Saturday night.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

Makes Home Baking Easy

Royal Baking Powder helps the housewife to produce at home, quickly and economically, fine and tasty cake, hot biscuit, puddings, the frosted layer cake, crisp cookies, crullers, crusts and muffins, fresh, clean, tasty and wholesome, with which the ready-made food found at the shop or grocery does not compare. Royal is the greatest of bake-day helps.

ROYAL COOK BOOK—800 RECEIPTS—FREE

Send Name and Address.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

If you think your watch is sick, take it to Martin. If there is nothing wrong with it other than the necessity of a little regulating, he will tell you so. If actual repairs are needed the work will be done right at the right price. No hold up game there. Ask others.

Henry McKaben, representative of the Squire Dingee Pickle Co., was in Genoa last week making preparations for the season's operations. The company will pay 75c per bushel for cucumbers this year, a decided increase over the price in the past.

Mrs. L. Robinson was assisted in celebrating her birthday anniversary on the 5th of March by her children and grandchildren, the affair being a surprise. All were present at dinner. Mrs. Robinson was also the recipient of a postal shower, she received 97 of the birthday tokens from friends in this vicinity.

Do it now!



Investigate The Polk Silo

P. A. Quanstrong
Genoa, Ill.

Colonist Tickets

at greatly reduced rates,

On Sale Daily
March 10 to April 10

to Seattle, Tacoma, Portland, Spokane, Vancouver, Victoria, San Francisco, Los Angeles and other points. Northwest—West—Southwest, via the

CHICAGO
Milwaukee & St. Paul
RAILWAY

For exact rates, train service and full particulars apply to ticket agent or write

F. A. MILLER
General Passenger Agent
CHICAGO

The Standard Stock Food

is the honest stock food. It costs you less to feed Standard Stock Food than any other reputable stock food made. It costs a CENT A DAY for Horse, Steer or Cow. It pays back this cost several times in extra gain, better condition, more thrift. One 25 pound pail of Standard Stock Food will go farther and do more good than two 25 pound pails of cheap stock food, when each is used according to directions.

Sold and Recommended by

L. E. Carmichael

Drugs - Stationery - Candy - Cigars
Phone 83 Opposite P. O.



First Showing

Spring Hats



F.W.Olmsted's SATURDAY

New Silk Dress and Waist Patterns. No two alike.
59c, 75c, \$1.00 per yd.

100 new white Silk and Marquisette Waists.

New Spring Dress Skirts from 5.00 to \$8.50.

Laces, embroideries and dress trimmings.

New white Waistings, Zephyr Gingham and French Gingham.

TWENTIETH-CENTURY PIONEERING

By GEORGE SHERMAN

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THE creative genius and the constructive ability of Robinson Crusoe, as portrayed by the vivid imagination of Defoe, have been paralleled in the real life of the pioneer, even during this final period of frontier reclamation. It is satisfying to undertake to verify the proverbial ingenuity of our forefathers in a story that tells of what is being done in this very day by a few industrious homesteaders in Uncle Sam's remaining wilderness. "Fifty miles off the railroad," in either direction, describes but a few isolated spots that may be pointed to on a very modern map of the United States. One of these is in Arkansas, among those extremely southern ragged spurs of the Ozark mountains. It is of the very little territory yet remaining to be taken up under the homestead laws. Its boundary is Hot Springs to the east, Mona to the west, Guda to the south and Waldron to the north. In the heart of this territory, in a jumble of the Brushy range, you may still build a house and boast of your isolation, for, indeed, it is possible to reside from



eight to ten miles distant from your nearest neighbor. If you should so choose to settle, among a group of steep up-and-downs, quite removed from a wagon road, a little nearer to a trail, and yet a greater and laborious overland distance from a sawmill, it is obvious that you will have to depend, to a great degree, upon your own resources and upon your ability to create with your own hands from those things which nature has provided in a well-wooded country.

Imagine yourself placed in one of these valleys or upon one of these foothills, with no greater amount of baggage, tools and provisions than could be conveyed over a country of this character with a yoke of oxen. Then, to be commanded, "Here is the forest and all it contains; go, prepare for yourself your future abode."

This is a story of home making under such conditions. The progress of the work is illustrated and in its completion no other than the raw materials of the forest entered into the structure or its furnishings, save a small amount of hardware and incidentals forming a portion of the initial supplies brought in as a settler's outfit. Two young men, homesteaders, both city bred, completed the entire work, unassisted.

Of the tools used the double-bitted ax performed the greater portion of the heavy work. It followed in the wake of the cross-cut saw after the felling of the trees, and, from then on was the chief implement of construction. With it every duty of preparing the logs for raising them into their positions in the building was most adequately performed. First it scored the logs lengthwise, on two opposite sides, ready for wedging and splitting into semicircular halves. Then it followed as the tool for hewing the flat surfaces of the half-logs, which, completed, formed the smooth inside walls of the dwelling. After each log had been raised into position came the task of "notching down," which required even more skill in the use of an ax. Those few of the native inhabitants of the forest who are most proficient in making the dovetailed notches which are necessary in completing a perfect set of interlocking timbers are known as "corner men."

At a native house raising the ones chosen for the work are usually skilled woodsmen residing in widely separated settlements among the hills. How well this part of the work was done by two young men totally unaccustomed to pioneer life is better illustrated in the series of photographs which show each successive operation of preparing the logs and raising the framework of the structure.

In going on to the flooring, shingling, window framing, partitioning, finishing and furnishing you would know how it was all accomplished in the absence of the products of a saw and planing mill or any of the manufactures so essential to building construction and home making.

Five very common tools constituted the board-making outfit. This primitive substitute for a sawmill included an ax; two or three steel wedges and as many, hand made, of hickory; a frow, with hickory handle, the blade made of a section of iron tire; a mallet and a maul, each cut from unseasoned hickory timber.

Of bark. These scales should be long and narrow, and their design should show a reasonable amount of regularity. The trend of these patches of bark scale should deviate but slightly from the perpendicular. It is impossible to split a perfect board from a log in which the markings and bark scales are inclined to encircle the trunk like a corkscrew. Nor is it always possible to make perfect boards, even if the markings of the bark are in accord with governing rules. Native intuition, difficult to define, aids considerably in selecting the best trees. The practice of "chipping" is a final test. In the most remote forests, many miles from a railroad, it is difficult to find an area, even on the crest of a mountain, that has not been penetrated by the pioneer in search of splitting timber. Far from the nearest settlement, in the depth of a virgin forest, the intrepid hunter frequently observes these notches for board trees, even when there is entire absence of other signs of advancing civilization.

Out of 21 trees selected and chipped, while observing these rules, 17 were discarded. The remaining four supplied all the lumber necessary to complete the building operations and a sufficient quantity of choice boards for the mission furnishings. After sawing into eight and ten foot lengths the logs were rolled into position for splitting. Then followed the scoring preparatory to splitting with mallet, maul and wedges. In the diagram of a cross-section of a piece of pine board timber the entering wedge points the line of the first seam which separates the semi-circular halves. The timber is then quartered and again split the third time. An 18-inch log will produce eight well-shaped bolts, the most practical and convenient size for splitting with a frow. Each of these bolts is placed upright into an oak-crotch, which is staked firmly to the ground to act as a support in prying. The cutting edge of the frow blade is the lower side of the tool when the handle is held upright with the blade resting across the V-shaped end of the bolt. The heart is waste, which is split from the bolt with a wedge. When the cutting edge of the frow blade is placed across these markings the upper or broad edge of the blade is tapped gently with the mallet. This operation starts the board. By rocking the upright handle to and fro the blade opens a seam and is entered deeper with little exertion. Ten or fifteen seconds of this prying operation will release a perfectly smooth board from the bolt. All of the lumber used is the building operations was produced by this method.

The same process was applied to shingle making. The 5,000 1/4-inch boards required for roofing purposes, all split from 18-inch log lengths, were turned out by two operators with mallet and frow in a day and a half.

Other timbers required, such as the solid oak foundation sills, the pine sleepers, or flooring supports, the joists and the rafters, were all hand-hewn with a broadax from unseasoned trunks.

The work bench for hand planing and finishing lumber was improvised from a half-log, 24 inches in diameter, mounted on two large stumps and held in position with wooden pegs. Smaller wooden pegs were used also, to an extent, as a substitute for nails and screws in the building operations. An abbreviated assortment of carpenter's and cabinet maker's tools constituted the outfit. Completed, the dimensions of the house are

16x18 feet and there is a second story and also a kitchen and bathroom annex. The wing is eight feet wide and extends the length of one end of the house.

The main living room is most ingeniously arranged for both convenience and comfort. It is at once convertible into either a sitting room, a dining room or a bachelor's den. In one corner of this room is a broad, turning stairway, easy to ascend, with a rustic balustrade, artistically designed—all made of young hickory. The variegated colorings of the natural bark appear as if oxidized, which lends a feeling of soft warmth and comfort. The cozy corner is diagonally opposite the stairway. Its overhanging shelves are at once a gallery of interesting photographic studies and a miniature museum of natural history. They are a repository for a collection of Indian pottery, flint arrow heads and implements, queer freaks of vegetation, fascinating bits of strange mineral formations, brilliant plumage of rare birds, hawk's claws, antlers and a variety of



curios, each one of them a pleasant reminder of some little adventure or of an exciting chase through the forest. The cozy corner is fitted with a mission seat and all its appurtenances are in the same style and design. Within this corner one may enjoy the all-pervading solace of knowing the reality of one's surroundings. The imagination is undisturbed by the vision of a furniture factor's process of imitating the craftsmanship of the pioneer. A mass of cushions, some filled with pine needles and others stuffed with wild-duck feathers, create a desire to tarry for a rest in good, old-fashioned comfort. A gun rack, cartridge belts, holsters and other of the articles of a hunter's paraphernalia decorate the walls on each side of this inviting nook. Tables, chairs, bookcase and writing desk are all in accord and all hand made of raw materials. A few clever articles of convertible furniture lend considerable freedom and convenience in a room that otherwise would be overcrowded. Among these is a screened dummy elevator which takes the place of cellar and refrigerator and which may be readily converted into a kitchen table, when required, in carving meats, kneading dough and for other culinary purposes. The elevator carriage is four feet in height, with a series of shelves, and it is so constructed that its top forms a square panel in the floor when the carriage is lowered out of view. The whole thing is so well balanced with weights operated by cords and pulleys that it requires but little effort, with one finger in an iron ring, to raise the top to table height above the floor.

The dining table is cleared after supper and supplied with a new cloth, all fresh and clean. Then it is rolled on its large castors to another part of the room, directly under a hanging lamp, to serve the purpose of a library table for the remainder of the evening. The lamp is suspended, through a hole in the floor, from the ceiling of the bed chamber on the second floor. When all are ready to retire the lamp is shifted to the sleeping apartment by means of the raising-and-lowering device.

The most marked display of ingenuity has been applied to the kitchen furnishings. Everything but the cook stove and pipe is home made. Lard pails and vegetable tins have been converted into cooking dishes and utensils of every description. A goodly amount of creative genius and a two-dollar soldering set produced all of the tinware used in the kitchen. On the stove is a cottolene pall that has been converted into a teapot, complete with spout, handle, cover and inside strainer. Two deep tin covers, soldered together at their rims and supplied with spout and handle have produced a very serviceable hot-water kettle. Then there are stove lifters and shovels, frying pans and a number of other small utensils made from sheet iron stove-pipe lengths—all bent, soldered and riveted by hand.

Both the kitchen and the bathroom are supplied with running water conducted to the house from a spring higher up through a system of wooden troughs. The bathtub is of wood, examed with white paint.

ILLINOIS STATE NEWS

Paris.—The Edgar county board of supervisors has appropriated \$25,000 for a soldiers and sailors' monument, to be erected on the courthouse lawn. The monument question was submitted to a popular vote last fall and carried by a large majority. The details, including the cost are left to the discretion of the county board.

Sycamore.—The De Kalb County Farmers' institute was held here. Over four hundred farmers were in attendance. Prof. Charles W. Farr of Chicago spoke both upon the raising of stock and of boys and girls to make good citizens.

Springfield.—At the annual meeting of the directors of the Illinois Farmers' institute, held in the statehouse, the following officers were elected: President, E. W. Burroughs, Edwardsville; vice-president, A. N. Abbott, Morrison; secretary, H. A. McKee, Springfield; superintendent of institutes, O. D. Center, Urbana; treasurer, A. P. Grout, Winchester. Paris, Canton, Lincoln and Centralia are seeking the next convention.

Springfield.—Twelve men have been selected in the circuit court to hear evidence against State Senator S. C. Pemberton and former Representative Joseph Clark, charged with conspiracy to secure a bribe. The last four were seated after a wrangle among the attorneys. William O'Hara of Tarkington township was called to the jury box and was accepted. Afterward it was found that he lives on a farm owned by Congressman James M. Graham. Arguments on the question were made, but the juror was finally retained, completing the panel.

Oakwood.—Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Elk, residing in the Lake Shore vicinity southwest of this village, celebrated their fifty-fourth wedding anniversary.

Centralia.—At a special meeting of Metropolitan lodge of Odd Fellows, Peter McGreevy was denied lodge burial, and the funeral service was private.

Pekin.—Macomb will retain its franchise in the Illinois-Missouri baseball league, a letter to that effect having been received by President Hollins.

Springfield.—Thirty lives were endangered in an attempt to blow up the Capital City Coal company's mine, one mile east of this city. Two explosions occurred, seriously damaging the shaft. Miners at work in the diggings were uninjured. Congressman William McKinley was one of the sufferers from the explosions, which shook the people of Springfield out of their beds. The blasts tore up one of the abutments of the mile long viaduct which McKinley has erected south of the city to carry his St. Louis traction lines across the tracks of the Alton railroad. This bridge has just been completed.

Springfield.—Secretary of State Rose received and placed on file the petitions of the following candidates for nomination for circuit judge and judge of the superior court of Cook county: Circuit court, Arnold Heap, Republican, 3204 Washington boulevard. Superior court, Henry V. Freeman, Republican, 5735 Washington avenue; William A. Conover, Democrat, River Forest; Edward A. Dickert, Democrat, 8039 Warren avenue.

Fairfield.—Officers have been asked to help find Quinn Twaddle, a well-to-do farmer, living a few miles west of this city. He left his family and home over a week ago, presumably to go to Centralia. He was not known to be in trouble, or embarrassed in any way.

Danville.—A Yeggman blew the safe in the post office at Tilton, this county, but were frightened away before getting into the strong box which contained several hundred dollars in cash and \$600 in stamps. The burglars secured a small amount of money from the general store in which the post office is located.

Mount Vernon.—A severe wind storm struck Mount Vernon and did much damage. The old Louisville & Nashville station was wrecked as well as many small outbuildings. Smokestacks on nearly all factories were blown down and many shade trees were ruined. Heavy rain and sleet accompanied the wind. Telephone and telegraph service was badly crippled in this locality.

Kewanee.—George A. Anthony, of this city, president of the state board of agriculture, announced that option had been secured on 160 acres of land just west of the state fair grounds at Springfield. The acquisition of this tract will double the area of the fair grounds.

Sorento.—In Shoal Creek township two propositions will be voted upon at the annual election in addition to the election of officers. One is the proposition of whether the township shall continue as anti-saloon territory, and the other is to levy a 15 per cent. tax for the purchase and maintenance of a rock crusher.

Vankee.—Two guards, armed with Winchester and instructed to shoot to kill anybody who may seek to destroy or molest the sign which Oversee Voliva has erected near Zion City depot, are on duty, and will be used to keep in effect the trace between the Voliva and independent factions in Zion.

Bloomington.—The body of Mrs. Caroline Harris, who died in the east, was brought here and cremated, so that the ashes might be thrown over the grave of her husband, who died and was buried here a few years ago.



Prof. Stork—And how are we getting on with our studies, Ernestine? Have you been promoted to the flying class yet?

Little Miss Quacker—Oh, no, professor. Mother has decided that I shall not take that course. She says anybody can fly—but only the best families take to water naturally.

WOULD LIE AWAKE ALL NIGHT WITH ITCHING ECZEMA

"Ever since I can remember I was a terrible sufferer of eczema and other irritating skin diseases. I would lie awake all night, and my suffering was intolerable. A scaly humor settled on my back, and being but a child, I naturally scratched it. It was a burning, itching sensation, and utterly intolerable, in fact, it was so that I could not possibly forget about it. It did not take long before it spread to my shoulders and arms, and I was almost covered with a mass of raw flesh on account of my scratching it. I was in such a condition that my hands were tied."

"A number of physicians were called, but it seemed beyond their medical power and knowledge to cure me. Having tried numerous treatments without deriving any benefit from them, I had given myself up to the mercy of my dreadful malady, but I thought I would take the Cuticura treatment as a last resort. Words cannot express my gratitude to the one who created 'The Cuticura Miracles,' as I have named them, for now I feel as if I never suffered from even a pimple. My disease was routed by Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and I shall never cease praising the wonderful merits they contain. I will never be without them, in fact, I can almost dare any skin diseases to attack me so long as I have Cuticura Remedies in the house. I hope that this letter will give other sufferers an idea of how I suffered, and also hope that they will not pass the 'Cuticura Life Saving Station.'" (Signed) C. Louis Green, 929 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 29, 1910.

A Matter of Size.
Wife—I want a cap, please, for my husband.
Shopkeeper—Yes, madam. What size does he wear?
Wife—Well, I really forget. His collar are size sixteen, though I expect he'd want about size eighteen or twenty for a cap, wouldn't he?

Important to Mothers.
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Williams*.
In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Fortunate.
Mrs. Woggs—She is enormously wealthy.
Mrs. Boggs—Yes. She was an only wife, you know!

WHEN RUBBERS BECOME NECESSARY.
And your shoes pinch, Allen's Foot-Powder, the Anti-skin powder to be shaken into the shoes, is just the thing to use. Try it for Breaking in New Shoes. Sold every where, 25c. Sample FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. Don't accept any substitute.

To render your neighbor a service willingly shows the generosity of your character; to preserve silence over it, the grandeur of your soul.—Puyssieux.

You will sneeze; perhaps feel chilly. You think you are catching cold. Don't wait until you know it. Take a dose of Hamlin's Wizard Oil and you just can't catch cold.

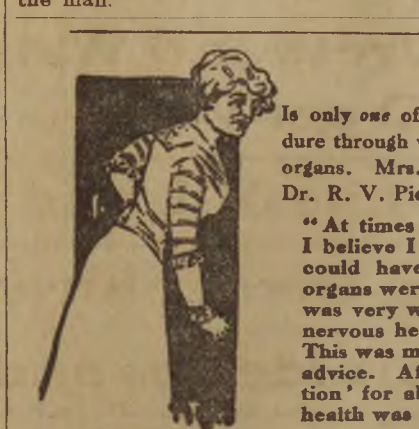
Providence in trifles never made a millionaire nor swelled a bank account.

In the Spring cleanse the system and purify the blood by the use of Garfield Tea.

Her savings are the saving of many a business girl.

Lewis' Single Binder straight 50 cigar. You pay 10c for cigars not so good.

Loud apparel naturally proclaims the man.



Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

Is a positive cure for weakness and disease of the feminine organism. It allays inflammation, heals ulceration and soothes pain. Tones and builds up the nerves. Do not permit a dishonest dealer to substitute for this medicine which has a record of 40 years of cures. "No, thank you, I want what I ask for."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets induce mild natural bowel movement once a day.

IMPORTANT CHANGES IN PASSENGER DEPARTMENT GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM.

On account resignation Geo. W. Vaux, Mr. Harry G. Elliott has been appointed general passenger agent at Montreal, and is succeeded in Chicago by Mr. J. D. McDonald as assistant general passenger agent.

Mr. McDonald has a wide acquaintance with the railway and newspaper fraternity, having for many years represented his company at Buffalo as agent in charge Niagara Frontier, and for the past eight years as district passenger agent at Toronto, where his territory embraced the Highlands of Ontario resorts, including Muskoka, Lake of Bays, Temagami and the Cobalt region.

Mr. McDonald was secretary of the entertainment committee at Buffalo when meeting of the American Association of General Passenger Agents met there prior to opening of Pan-American exposition; was one of Geo. T. Bell's aids in looking after the general passenger agents at their Portland, Me., trip, and also two years ago when they had two special trains to the Canada resorts.

Mr. McDonald's territory embraces what is known as the western division, being that portion of the Grand Trunk Railway System lying west of Detroit and Port Huron, and also all territory west of Chicago to the Pacific coast and southwest to the Gulf of Mexico.

Modern application is likely to extract the teeth of an old saw.

All druggists sell the famous Herb remedy, Garfield Tea. It corrects constipation.

Each penny saved means one less pang of foreboding.

Smokers find Lewis' Single Binder 50 cigar better quality than most 10c cigars.

A woman's club sometimes reminds a man of a hammer.

30 ft. Bowels—

Biggest organ of the body—the bowels—and the most important—It's got to be looked after—neglect means suffering and years of misery. CASCARETS help nature keep every part of your bowels clean and strong—then they act right—means health to your whole body.

CASCARETS are a box for a week's treatment. All druggists. Biggest seller in the world—Million boxes a month.

Common Sense Exterminator

A 25c Can Will Kill 50 Rats
They leave every foot for it. One nibble will kill a rat. No odor—it dries up the carcass. For 19 years our offer has stood. Money back if not satisfactory. Common Sense Exterminator also does perfect work.
Sold by All Dealers.
If not at your write us a postal and we will see that you are supplied.
COMMON SENSE EXTERMINATOR CO., 80 Niagara Street Buffalo, N.Y.

A Country School for Girls in New York City

Best Features of Country and City Life
Out-of-door Sports on School Park of 35 acres near the Hudson River. Full Academic Course from Primary Class to Graduation. Upper Class for Advanced Special Students. Music and Art. Summer Session. Certificate admits to College. School Coach Meets Day Pupils.
Miss Bangs and Miss Whiton, Riverside Ave., near 252d St., West

NEW RUPTURE CURE

DON'T WEAR A TRUSS
Brooks' Appliance. New discovery. Wonderful. No obnoxious springs or pads. Automatic Air Cushions. Binds and draws the broken parts together as you would a broken limb. No surgery. No lymphol. No ties. Durable, cheap. Sent on trial. Pat. Sept. 10, 01.
CATALOGUE FREE
C. E. BROOKS, 4736 Brooks Building, Marshall, Michigan

FACTS ON SIUSLAW-OREGON'S

Undeveloped Seacoast Country
Soil, Climate and Resources. Advantages and Disadvantages. Large County Map showing Cities, Towns, Postoffices and Vacant Lands. Fully illustrated. Price 35 cents. No stamps.
FACTS PUBLISHERS, Florence, Oregon

REMEMBER PISO'S

for COUGHS & COLDS
PATENTS
DEFIANCE STARCH

Backache

Is only one of many symptoms which some women endure through weakness or displacement of the womanly organs. Mrs. Lizzie White of Memphis, Tenn., wrote Dr. R. V. Pierce, as follows:

"At times I was hardly able to be on my feet. I believe I had every pain and ache a woman could have. Had a very bad case. Internal organs were very much diseased and my back was very weak. I suffered a great deal with nervous headaches, in fact, I suffered all over. This was my condition when I wrote to you for advice. After taking your 'Favorite Prescription' for about three months can say that my health was never better."

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

Is a positive cure for weakness and disease of the feminine organism. It allays inflammation, heals ulceration and soothes pain. Tones and builds up the nerves. Do not permit a dishonest dealer to substitute for this medicine which has a record of 40 years of cures. "No, thank you, I want what I ask for."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets induce mild natural bowel movement once a day.



SYNOPSIS.

Senator John Calhoun is offered the portfolio of secretary of state in Tyler's cabinet. He declines that if he accepts it means that Texas and Oregon must be added to the Union. He plans to learn the intentions of England with regard to Mexico, through Baroness von Ritz, secretary and reputed mistress of the English ambassador, Pakenham. He sends his secretary, Nicholas Trist, to bring the baroness to his apartment. While searching for the baroness' home, a carriage drives up and he is invited to enter. The occupant is the baroness, who says she is being pursued. The pursuers are shaken off. The baroness consents to see Calhoun. Nicholas notes that she has lost a slipper. She gives Nicholas the remaining slipper as a pledge that she will tell Calhoun all, and, as security, Nicholas gives her a trinket he intended for his sweetheart, Elizabeth Churchill. Nicholas is ordered to leave at once for Montreal on state business, by Calhoun, who has become secretary of state, and plans to be married that night. Tyler warns Pakenham that interference by England in the affairs of this continent will not be tolerated. The west demands that the joint occupancy of Oregon with Great Britain cease, and has passed the cry of "Fifty-four, Forty or Fight." The baroness tells Nicholas she will do her best to prevent his marriage. She returns the trinket and he promises to return her slipper. Nicholas enlists the services of Congressman Dandridge, a rejected suitor of Elizabeth's, to assist in the arrangements for the wedding and entrusts him with the return of the slipper to the baroness. The congressman gets drunk and sends the slipper to Elizabeth. The wedding is declared off, and Nicholas is ordered from the house by Elizabeth's father. Nicholas is ordered to gain access to a meeting of the Hudson Bay directors in Montreal and learn England's intentions regarding Oregon. Nicholas sees the baroness leave the directors' meeting in Montreal, where he had failed to gain admission. She warns him that his life is in danger and he accepts an invitation to pass the night at her home.

CHAPTER XVI.—Continued.

"Yet you spoke of others who might come here. What others? Who are they? The representatives of Mexico? Some attaché of the British embassy at Washington? Some minister from England itself, sent here direct?"

She smiled at me again. "I told you not to go back to your hotel, did I not?"

I got no further with her, it seemed. "You interest me sometimes," she went on slowly, at last, "yet you seem to have so little brain! Now, in your employment, I should think that brain would be somewhat useful at times."

"I do not deny that suggestion, madam."

"But you are unable to analyze. Thus, in the matter of yourself, I suppose if you were told of it, you would only say that you forgot to look in the toe of the slipper you had."

"Did you credit the attaché of Mexico with being nothing more than a drunken rowdy, to follow me across town with a little shoe in his carriage?"

"But you said he was in wine."

"True. But would that be a reason? Continually you show your lack of brain in accepting as conclusive results which could not possibly have occurred. Granted he was in wine, granted he followed me, granted he had my shoe in his possession—what then? Does it follow that at the ball at the White House he could have removed that shoe? Does monsieur think that I, too, was in wine?"

"I agree that I have no brain! I cannot guess what you mean. I can only beg once more that you explain."

"Now listen. In your most youthful and charming innocence I presume you do not know much of the capabilities for concealment offered by a lady's apparel! Now, suppose I had a message—where do you think I could hide it; granted, of course, the conditions obtaining at a ball in the White House?"

"Then you did have a message? It came to you there, at that time?"

She nodded. "Certainly, Mr. Van Zandt had almost no other opportunity to meet me or get word to me."

"Van Zandt! Madam, are you indeed in the camp of all these different interests? So, what Pakenham said was true! Van Zandt is the attaché of Texas. Van Zandt is pleading with Mr. Calhoun that he shall take up the secretaryship. Van Zandt promises us the friendship of Texas if we will stand out for the annexation of Texas. Van Zandt promises us every effort in his power against England. Van Zandt promises us the sternest of fronts against treacherous Mexico. Van Zandt is known to be interested in this fair Donna Lucrezia, just as Polk is. Now, then, comes Van Zandt with his secret message slipped into the hand of madam at the ambassador's ball—madam, the friend of England! The attaché of Mexico is curious—furious—to know what Texas is saying to England! And that message must be concealed! And madam conceals it!"

She smiled at me brilliantly. "You come on," she said. "Should your head be opened and analyzed, yes, I think a trace of brain might be discovered by good chemistry."

I resumed impatiently. "You put his message in your slipper?"

She nodded. "Yes," she said, "in the toe of it. There was barely chance to do that. You see, our skirts are full and wide; there are curtains in the east room; there was wine by this time; there was music; so I effected that much. But when you took

54-40 OR FIGHT BY EMERSON HOUGH AUTHOR OF THE MISSISSIPPI BUBBLE ILLUSTRATIONS BY MAGNUS K. KETNER COPYRIGHT 1909 BY DOBBS-MERRILL COMPANY



"Then You Think There is a Chance of Trouble Between Our Country and England Out There?"

the slipper, you took Van Zandt's note! You had it. It was true, what I told Pakenham before the president—I did not then have that note! You had it. At least, I thought you had it. I found it crumpled on the table the next day! It must have fallen there from the shoe when we made our little exchange that night. Ah, you hurried me. I scarce knew whether I was clad or shod, until the next afternoon—after I left you at the White House grounds. So you hastily departed—to your wedding?"

"So small a shoe could not have held an extended epistle, madam," I said, ignoring her question.

"No, but the little roll of paper caused me anguish. After I had danced I was on the point of fainting. I hastened to the cover of the nearest curtain, where I might not be noticed. Senator Yturrio of Mexico was somewhat vigilant. He wished to know what Texas planned with England. He has long made love to me—by threats, and jewels. As I stood behind the curtain I saw his face, I fled; but one shoe—the empty one—was not well fastened, and it fell. I could not walk. I reached down, removed the other shoe with its note, hid it in my handkerchief—thank Providence for the fashion of so much lace—and so, not in wine, monsieur, as you may believe, and somewhat anxious, as you may also believe, expecting to hear at once of an encounter between Van Zandt and the Mexican minister, Señor Almonte, or his attaché Yturrio, or between one of them and some one else, I made my adieu—I will warrant the only woman in her stocking feet who bowed for Mr. Tyler at the ball that night!"

"Yes, so far as I know, madam, you are the only lady who ever left the east room precisely so clad. And so you got into your own carriage—alone—after awhile? And so, when you were there you put on the shoe which was left? And so Yturrio of Mexico got the other one—and found nothing in it! And so, he wanted this one!"

"You come on," she said. "You have something more than a trace of brain."

"And that other shoe, which I got that night?"

Without a word she smoothed out a bit of paper which she removed from a near-by desk, and handed it to me. "This was in yours! As I said, in my confusion I supposed you had it."

I spread the page upon the cloth before me; my eyes raced down the lines. I did not make further reply to her.

"Madam," went on the communication, "say to your august friend Sir Richard that we have reached the end of our endurance of these late delays. The promises of the United States mean nothing. We can trust neither Whig nor Democrat any longer. There is no one party in power, nor will there be. There are two sections in America and there is no nation, and Texas knows not where to go. We have offered to Mr. Tyler to join the union if the union will allow us to join. We intend to reserve our own lands and reserve the right to organize later into four or more states, if our people shall so desire. But as a great state we will join the union if the union will accept us. That must be seen."

"England now beseeches us not to



by subscriptions of the town merchants—a spacious room made out of the old Methodist chapel on St. Joseph street. I knew this for a place of town gossip, and hoped I might hit upon something to aid me in my errand, which was no more than begun, it seemed. Entering the place shortly before noon, I made pretense of reading, all the while with an eye and an ear out for anything that might happen.

As I stared in pretense at the page before me, I fumbled idly in a pocket, with unthinking hand, and brought out to place before me on the table, an object of which at first I was unconscious—the little Indian blanket clasp.

As it lay before me I felt seized of a sudden hatred for it, and let fall on it a heavy hand. As I did so, I heard a voice at my ear.

"Mein Gott, man, do not! You break it, surely."

I started at this. I had not heard any one approach. I discovered now that the speaker had taken a seat near me at the table, and could not fail to see this object which lay before me.

"I beg pardon," he said, in a broken speech which showed his foreign birth; "but it is so beautiful; to break it is wrong."

I pushed the trinket along the table towards him.

"It is of little value," I said, "and is always in the way when I would find anything in my pocket."

"But once some one has made it; once it has been valued. Tell me where you got it?"

"North of the Platte, in our western territories," I said. "I once traded in that country."

"You are American?"

"Yes."

"So," he said thoughtfully. "So. A great country, a very great country. Me, I also live in it."

"Indeed?" I said. "In what part?"

"It is five years since I cross the Rockies."

"You have crossed the Rockies? I envy you."

"You misunderstand me. I live west of them for five years. I am now come east."

I was afraid my eyes showed my interest; but he went on.

"I had been in the Columbia country, and in the Willamette country, where most of your Americans are settled. I know somewhat of California. Mr. Howard, of the Hudson Bay Company, knows also of the country of California. He said to those English gentlemen at our meeting last night that England should have something to offset California on the west coast; because, though Mexico claims California, the Yankees really rule there, and will rule there yet more. He is right; but they laughed at him."

"Oh, I think little will come of all this talk," I said carelessly. "It is very far, out to Oregon." Yet all the time my heart was leaping. So he had been there, at that very meeting of which I could learn nothing!

"You know not what you say. A thousand men came into Oregon last year. It is like one of the great migrations of the peoples of Asia, of Europe. I say to you, it is a great epoch. There is a folk-movement such as we have not seen since the days of the Huns, the Goths, the Vandals, since the Cimri movement. It is an epoch, my friend! It is fate that is in it."

"So, then, it is a great country?" I asked.

"It is so great, these traders do not wish it known. They wish only that it may be savage; also that their posts and their harems may be undisturbed. That is what they wish. These Scots go wild again, in the wilderness. They trade and they travel, but it is not homes they build. Sir George Simpson wants steel traps and not your arms in his hands and crush them, until—"

"Until what?" Her face was strange. I saw a hand raised to her throat.

"Until you told me about Oregon!" I said.

I saw her arms move—just one instant—her body incline. She gazed at me steadily, somberly. Then her hands fell.

"Ah, God! how I hate you both!" she said; "you and her. You were married, after all! Yes, it can be, it can be! A woman may love one man—even though he could give her only a bed of hucks! And a man may love a woman, too—one woman. I had not known."

"Monsieur, adieu!" she added swiftly. I bent and kissed her hand. "Madam, au revoir!"

Rheumatism Advice

Gives Prominent Doctor's Best Prescription—Is Easily Mixed.

"Get one ounce of syrup of Sarsaparilla compound and one ounce of Toris Compound. Then get half a pint of good whiskey and put the other two ingredients into it. Take a tablespoonful of this mixture before each meal and at bed time. Shake the bottle before using." This is not new in this city as many of the worse cases of rheumatism and back-ache have been cured by it. Good results come the first day. Any druggist has these ingredients on hand or will quickly get them from his wholesale house. Any one can mix them.

PROOF POSITIVE.

He—Oh, yes; I write verse occasionally—but I tear it all up as soon as I write it.

She—Ah! I knew you were clever.

OATS—259 Bu. Per Acre.

That is the sworn to yield of Theodore Harnes, Lewis Co., Wash., had from Salzer's Rejuvenated White Bonanza oats and won a handsome 80 acre farm. Other big yields are 141 bus., 119 bus., 103 bus., etc., had by farmers scattered throughout the U. S.

Salzer's Pedigree Barley, Flax, Corn, Oats, Wheat, Potatoes, Grasses and Clover are famous all the world over for their purity and tremendous yielding qualities. We are easily the largest growers of farm seeds in the world.

Our catalog bristling with seed truths free for the asking, or send 10c in stamps and receive 10 packages of farm seed novelties and rarities, including above marvelous oats, together with big catalog. John A. Salzer Seed Co., 182 South 8th St., La Crosse, Wis.

A Way to Keep Love In.

Mrs. Honeybird—But, Dickey, dear, the flat is so tiny. Why, the windows are so small a mouse couldn't crawl through.

Mrs. Honeybird—That is all the better, dear. When poverty comes in love can't fly through the window.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE

will cure any possible case of DISTEMPER, RIND, EYE, and the like among horses of all ages, and prevents all others in the same stable from having the disease. Also cures chicken cholera, and dog distemper. Any good druggist can supply you, or send to Mrs. 50 cents and \$1.00 a bottle. Agents wanted. Free book. Spohn Medical Co., Spec. Contagious Diseases, Goshen, Ind.

Do You Use Eye Salve?

Apply only from Aseptic Tubes to Prevent Infection. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes—New Size 25c. Murine Eye Liquid 25c-50c. Eye Books in each 25c.

It's an easy matter for a married man to keep posted on what's going on in his home neighborhood.

Constipation causes and aggravates many serious diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. The favorite family laxative.

How a married man doesn't enjoy listening to one side of a spoony telephone conversation.

FILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

Yon't forget! Will refund money if PAIN OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

The chap who gets a free ride in a patrol wagon isn't carried away with enthusiasm.

Garfield Tea corrects constipation, cleanses the system and purifies the blood. Good health is maintained by its use.

It's easy for a pretty young widow to make a man think he wants to marry her.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children

teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

The longer we live the more we realize what we might have done but didn't.

MILD, GENTLE LAXATIVE FOR WOMEN GIVEN FREE

So many of the ills of women are due to habitual constipation, probably because of their false modesty on the subject, that their attention cannot be too strongly called to the importance of keeping the bowels open. It is always important to do that, regardless of the sex, but it is especially important in women.

From the time the girl begins to menstruate until menopause ceases she has always a vast better prospect of coming through healthy if she watches her bowel movements. If you find yourself constipated, with bad breath, pimply complexion, headaches, belching gas and other symptoms of indigestion and constipation, take a small dose of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin.

50¢ BLOCH BROS. TOBACCO

COUPON IN EACH PACKAGE

A Trained Nurse's Experiences with Resinol Ointment.

I applied Resinol to an ulcerated leg of six months' standing. Almost everything had been tried to heal it. Made two applications a day for four weeks and leg was permanently healed.

I have used Resinol on children's faces to heal eruptions and for everything that seemed to need an ointment with satisfactory results in every case.

Mrs. Isadore E. Cameron, Augusta, Me. (Graduated Nurse.)

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE"

That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of J. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

Every man is a comer until he reaches a certain age—then he's a goer.

Garfield Tea is Nature's laxative and blood purifier; it overcomes constipation and its many attendant ailments.

No doubt the mind cure is all right—if you have the mind to begin with.

A Helpless Invalid

Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

A woman who is sick and suffering, and won't at least try a medicine which has the record of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, is, it would almost seem, to blame for her own wretchedness. Read what this woman says:

Richmond, Mo.—"When my second daughter was eighteen months old I was pronounced a hopeless invalid by specialists. I had a consultation of doctors and they said I had a severe case of ulceration. I was in bed for ten weeks, had sinking spells, and was pronounced to be in a dangerous condition. My father insisted that we try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and brought me six bottles. I soon began to improve, and before it had all been taken I was as well and strong as ever, my friends hardly recognized me so great was the change."—Mrs. Woodson Branstetter, Richmond, Mo.

There are literally hundreds of thousands of women in the United States who have been benefited by this famous old remedy, which was produced from roots and herbs over thirty years ago by a woman to relieve woman's suffering.

Read what another woman says:—

Jonesboro, Texas.—"I have used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for myself and daughter, and consider it unequalled for all female diseases. I would not be without it for anything. I wish every mother in America could be persuaded to use it as there would be less suffering among our sex then. I am always glad to speak a word of praise for Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and you are at liberty to use this testimonial."—Mrs. James T. Lawrence, Jonesboro, Texas.

Since we guarantee that all testimonials which we publish are genuine, is it not fair to suppose that if Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had the virtue to help these women it will help any other woman who is suffering from the same trouble?

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No sick woman does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine. Made exclusively from roots and herbs, and has thousands of cures to its credit.

If the slightest trouble appears which you do not understand, write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for her advice—it is free and always helpful.

EXCEPTIONAL business proposition, offered few investors, assist owners developing unencumbered urban silver lands. Twenty mineral veins, estimate shipping one fifty feet. Small amount required. Particulars, E. T. Morton, Old South Building, Boston.

FOR ALL EYE DISEASES

Pettit's Eye Salve

MILD, GENTLE LAXATIVE FOR WOMEN GIVEN FREE

Peppin. It is a woman's favorite laxative. You will find that you can do away with salts, strong cathartics, etc., which are entirely unsuited to woman's requirements.

Mrs. Katherine Haberstroff of McKees Rocks, Pa., and Mrs. A. E. Herlick of Wheeler, Mich., who was almost paralyzed in her stomach and bowels, are now cured by the use of this remedy. A free sample bottle can be obtained by addressing Dr. Caldwell, and after you are convinced of its merits buy it of your druggist at fifty cents and one dollar a bottle.

For the free sample address Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 201 Caldwell building, Monticello, Ill.

811

Spring Medicine

There is no other season when medicine is so much needed as in the spring. The blood is impure and impoverished—a condition indicated by pimples, boils and other eruptions on the face and body, by deficient vitality, loss of appetite, lack of strength.

The best spring medicine, according to the experience and testimony of thousands annually, is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

It purifies and enriches the blood, cures eruptions, builds up the system. Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolate tablets known as Sarsatabs.

ABSORBEINE

Removes Bursal Enlargements, Thickened, Swollen Tissues, Cures, Filled Tendons, Soreness from any Bruise or Strain; Cures Sprain Lameness, Ailments Pain. Does not blister, remove the hair or lay up the bone. 25c. 50c. a bottle, delivered. Hook 1 E. free.

Allen's Licorine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurolic Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all kinds. Facilities Sale, by mail 10c. J. P. Allen, Dept. A-15, Paul Minn.

OLD SORES CURED

Allen's Licorine Salve cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurolic Ulcers, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Fever Sores, all kinds. Facilities Sale, by mail 10c. J. P. Allen, Dept. A-15, Paul Minn.

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For the free sample address Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 201 Caldwell building, Monticello, Ill.

811

CHEW AND SMOKE MAILPOUCH TOBACCO

Once Try, Always Buy

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.

KINGSTON NEWS

FRED P. SMITH, CORRESPONDENT

Miss Lena Bacon was home from Elgin Sunday.

Ralph Ort at the opera house in Genoa Saturday evening.

Miss Gladys Burgess is ill after an attack of Dutch measles.

Staver Buggies

Just received, a car load of the famous Staver buggies, which I will be pleased to show you and the price is right. I also carry a full line of harness and blankets and everything for the horse. If you are going to buy a buggy, call and see me. If you have not got the money I will sell it to you just the same.

REMEMBER THE PLACE

COOPER'S
10c Hitch Barn

Successor to Kellogg & Adams

Horses Bought, Sold and Exchanged

The bread strike in Rockford was noticed here Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. I. A. McCollom were Rockford visitors Monday. Chas. Mulford is here from Blackhawk Springs for a few days.

Miss Martha Stuart remains very ill since an attack of appendicitis.

Mrs. C. Arison and sons moved into the G. W. Arnold home Monday.

The G. A. R. boys will meet in April at the home of Comrade I. A. McCollom.

E. J. Stuart went to Chicago on Tuesday to attend United States district court.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Bell are rejoicing over the birth of their second son Monday.

Mrs. John Helsdon entertained the members of the W. C. T. U. Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Wylls entertained their daughter, Mattie, of DeKalb Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Swanson entertained the former's two sisters of Kirkland this week.

Jefferson Colvin of Belvidere

was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Ira Bickler last Thursday.

Ralph Ort of Kingston will sing at the moving picture show in Genoa Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Tazewell and children spent Tuesday in DeKalb with the former's mother.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Aurner entertained the former's cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Gorham, of Kirkland last Friday.

Mrs. Henry Landis spent Thursday of last week in Belvidere, a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. O. F. Lucas.

Miss Edith Aurner entertained the boys of her Sunday School class at her home last Saturday afternoon. A fine time is reported.

Ralph Ort will sing at the opera house in Genoa Saturday evening. 6000 feet of moving pictures all for ten cents. Don't miss it.

Wreckers are at work tearing down the old Jim Dibble building owned by A. W. Dibble. It is one of the oldest buildings in the business portion of the village.

Mrs. Frank Brown and son, Eddie, of Garden Prairie were guests at the home of the former's brother, C. S. Phelps, the first of the week. Miss Nona Phelps accompanied them home for a short visit.

Mrs. Grace Armbruster and daughters left Tuesday for La Plata, Mo., to visit Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Stark and Mr. and Mrs. James Maitland while enroute to their new home in Colorado. They were accompanied to Chicago by the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Stark.

"Tee-totally Yours," by the pastor next Sunday morning at the Methodist church. "Ten reasons why I am a Tetotaler," by James K. Shields of Chicago, a representative of the anti-saloon league, in the evening. The public is cordially invited to these services. In the evening a chorus choir will sing.

The semi-annual bazaar of the M. E. Ladies' Aid Society will be held in the church Friday, March 24. Dinner and supper will be served. In the evening an entertainment will be given, a young lady reader, Miss Mary Jameson, from the Rockford college being on the program. Remember the date and come.

The caucus for nomination of township officers was held in the council room last Saturday afternoon. D. B. Arbuckle was nominated supervisor by a majority of nine votes. Ellis Cooper received a large majority of votes for the office of road commissioner. Ira Bickler was nominated school trustee without opposition.

Register Your Auto

One of the state supreme courts has just handed down a decision which automobile purchasers

would do well to bear in mind. The decision is that the individual who goes out on the highway in an unlicensed or unregistered car cannot recover for injuries received by collision with a railroad train, even on a wholly unprotected crossing. "The operation of an unregistered automobile," said the court, "is deemed to be unlawful in every feature and aspect of it." The law, obviously, will not exert its great powers to protect from a violation of the law one who is himself violating the law. This is sound doctrine, and one that should be thoroughly understood, especially by those living in the smaller communities where the authorities permit considerable procrastination in the securing of licenses.

Mrs. Hiram Holcomb

Sycamore: Mrs. H. Holcomb was found dead Monday morning when a member of the family went to awaken her. She had been several weeks in poor health, suffering with heart trouble, but was to all appearances getting better. It is thought the shock of the explosion affected her. She was the wife of Hiram Holcomb, who for years was president of the Farmer's State Association.

Court House News

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

Mayfield—

Chas. F. Meyer wd to George W. Ault $\frac{1}{2}$ sec 4 and pt n $\frac{1}{2}$ sec 7 L.

Robert J. Mace wd to George H. Mace und. 4-5 sec $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ sec 33, \$8,950.

Christopher A. Ackerman wd to Adeline K. Co. pt lot 3 blk 4, \$75.50.

James Mansfield wd to George W. Tagtman, $\frac{1}{2}$ sec $\frac{1}{4}$ and pt sec $\frac{1}{4}$ sec 9 and nw $\frac{1}{4}$ sec 16, \$15,000.

Ralph B. Proctor wd to Fred Scherf, $\frac{1}{2}$ sec $\frac{1}{4}$ and pt sec $\frac{1}{4}$, \$7,098.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

James M. Holmes, aged 21, and Lena C. Tischler, aged 19, both of Genoa; Clayton M. Kirkpatrick, 26, Waterman, and Mabel Rose Swift, 25, Clinton; Leslie Charles Schaeffer, 21, Victor, and Viola Shambaugh, 23, Somonauk; Glenn Albert Wilson and Clara C. Weber, both of Sandwich; Elon E. Kittleson, 24, Milan, and Anna Olena Hobbet, 20, Shabbona; Tommy Vayne, 23, Afton, and Rachel Knutson, 24, Waterman; P. G. Edward Gronberg, 29, and Ellen Marie Rolander, 29, both of Sycamore.

No Joint Gift.

Butcher (subsiding to local charity): "Well, put me and the missus down for a dollar." Collector—"I see—a joint gift." Butcher—"Joint gift! What d'yer mean? We're going to give money, not meat."

(OFFICIAL PUBLICATION.)

Report of the condition of Kingston State Bank located at Kingston, State of Illinois, before the commencement of business on the 8th day of March, 1911, as made to the Auditor of Public Accounts of the State of Illinois pursuant to law.

RESOURCES	
1. Loans:	
Loans on real estate	17,890 54
Loans on collateral security	949 64
Other loans and discounts	34,511 37
2. Overdrafts	\$53,351 55
3. Investments:	307 52
Other bonds and securities	3,500 00
4. Miscellaneous Resources:	
Banking house	3,000 00
Furniture and fixtures	2,000 00
5. Due from Banks:	
National	14,116 96
6. Cash on hand:	
Currency	1,969 00
Gold	499 40
Silver coin	22 21
Minor coin	2,520 61
7. Other Cash Resources:	
Checks and other cash items	490 48
Collections in transit	490 48
Total Resources:	\$79,287 12
LIABILITIES	
1. Capital Stock Paid In	\$25,000 00
2. Surplus Fund	1,250 00
3. Undivided Profits	828 88
4. Deposits:	
Time certificates	12,596 88
Demand, subject to checks	38,656 21
Demand certificates	955 15
5. Miscellaneous Liabilities:	
Bills Payable	52,308 24
Total Liabilities	\$79,287 12

I, Byron D. Cheasbro, Cashier of the Kingston State Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

BYRON D. CHEASBRO, Cashier
County of DeKalb
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of March, 1911.

(Seal) F. P. SMITH, Notary Public

Married Women Barred

Married women as teachers in Rockford schools are under the ban, a new rule being placed on the books. It is the sentiment of the board that married women who live with and are supported by their husbands should not be employed as regular teachers.

(OFFICIAL PUBLICATION.)

Report of the condition of Farmers State Bank located at Genoa, State of Illinois, before the commencement of business on the 8th day of March, 1911, as made to the Auditor of Public Accounts of the State of Illinois pursuant to law.

RESOURCES	
1. Loans:	
Loans on real estate	33,513 86
Loans on collateral security	17,972 21
Other loans and discounts	106,264 93
2. Overdrafts	\$157,751 00
3. Investments:	1,236 80
Public service corporation bonds	200 00
Other bonds and securities	3,500 00
4. Miscellaneous Resources:	
Banking house	9,050 17
Real estate other than banking house	5,012 50
Furniture and fixtures	2,193 89
5. Due from Banks:	
National	48,664 86
6. Cash on hand:	
Currency	2,461 00
Gold coin	55 00
Silver coin	874 20
Minor coin	53 53
7. Other Cash Resources:	
Exchanges for clearing house	2,012 77
Checks and other cash items	196 21
Total Resources	\$222,831 93
LIABILITIES	
1. Capital Stock Paid In	\$ 40,000 00
2. Surplus Fund	3,400 00
3. Undivided Profits	1,400 90
Less current interest, expenses and taxes paid	779 95
4. Deposits:	
Time certificates	98,997 19
Demand, subject to check	81,029 49
Cashier's checks	8,875 30
Total Liabilities	\$222,831 93

I, Flora Buck, Cashier of the Farmers State Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

FLORA BUCK, Cashier
County of DeKalb
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of March, 1911.

(Seal) HOWARD H. KING, Notary Public

Established in 1882

Exchange Bank
of
Brown & Brown
Genoa, Illinois

Does a General Banking business.

Sells Foreign and Domestic money orders and transfers money by telegraph to any part of the world.

Buys mutilated and Foreign currency and coins.

Allows interest on time deposits and savings accounts at the rate of 3 per cent per annum. Interest on savings accounts computed every six months.

\$1.00 will open a savings account and get you a beautiful pocket

Savings Bank.

Call and see about it.

William A. Goss of Earlville contends that he is the champion henpecked husband. In a bill for divorce filed in the LaSalle county circuit court, he recites that his wife struck him with a hoe, a flatiron, a coal hod, and various other missiles, chased him about the house with a butcher knife and attacked him with a poker. He was formerly a lumber merchant and justice of the peace.

Germany has gained a little over 4,000,000 in population during the past five years. When we take into account the fact that the increase has not been due to immigration we are compelled to decide that recent reports concerning race suicide in the fatherland must have been misleading.

Must Have Constant Supply of Food. Deprived of food, a mole will starve to death in a day.

SILOS, LUMBER AND COAL

Of course it is well known that we have Lumber and Coal second to none. But this week we want to say a word to you about "SILOS." We can furnish them either in wood or cement at prices that will surprise you. We have stave silos in Oregon Fir, Yellow Pine, Tamarack, Cypress, White Pine or California Red Wood, including roof frame at a much less figure than you can buy them of any traveling salesman. Consult your own interest, See us before buying or contracting for a Silo of any kind or size.

GENOA LUMBER CO.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL

Offers Inducements of Through Service and Low Fares every First and Third Tuesday of the Month, in connection with its

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS

To the Favorite Land Points of the SOUTH AND SOUTHEAST

Including Florida, Georgia, Alabama Louisiana, Mississippi, Tennessee; also

TO THE SOUTHWEST

Land Points including Arizona, Arkansas, New Mexico, Mexico, Missouri, Oklahoma and Texas. In addition, these excursions are run to

A Long List of Localities, West and Northwest

For the convenience of homeseekers on these homeseekers' days, there is run on the first and third Tuesdays of the month a

Through Tourist Sleeping Car Chicago to Houton Through Tourist Sleeping Car Ch'go to Jacksonville

The round-trip fares for these occasions are greatly reduced and the tickets have a return limit of twenty-five days. Liberal stop-over privileges.

Tickets, fares, train time, etc., of Agents of Illinois Central.

S. R. Crawford, Agent, Genoa, Ill.

Apr 30

No Well Too Deep for This Farm Pump Engine

No Weather Cold Enough to Freeze It—No Hours Too Long for It to Work

At last we have found a pump engine that serves all the needs of the farmer and does it in the best possible manner. We investigated a score or more different makes and designs of portable engines to find the one best suited for our customers. We selected the Fuller & Johnson Farm Pump Engine. It is the most wonderful portable engine made.

400 to 1,000 Gallons Per Hour Think of it! All the fresh water you want at any time or any place. Works in any well, regardless of depth. This farm pump engine completely solves the perplexing problem of Water Supply for the farm in winter as well as summer. Pumps all the water needed for the house, dairy, barn, feed lot and pasture in a few hours. Costs less to operate than a tank heater and eliminates all bother and trouble.

FULLER & JOHNSON Farm Pump Engine

Plenty of Power for Complete Water System



Engine Running Volume Pump

Just the thing for volume pump or tank system. Affords ample power for small Electric Lighting Plant.

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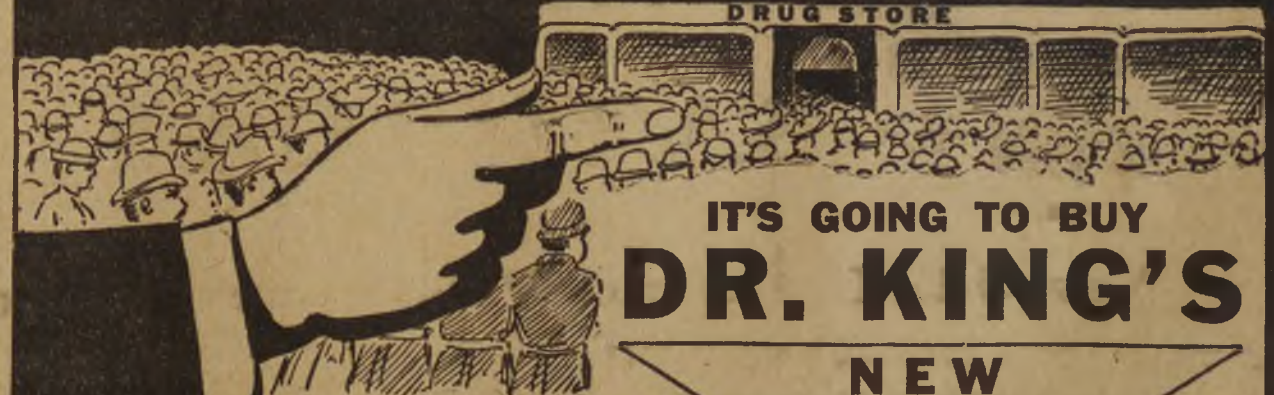
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