

Genoa Republican-Journal

ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MATTER, SEPTEMBER 16, 1904, AT THE POSTOFFICE AT GENOA, ILLINOIS, UNDER THE ACT OF CONGRESS OF MARCH 3, 1879

PUBLISHED BY C. D. SCHOONMAKER

GENOA, ILLINOIS, FRIDAY, JANUARY 22, 1909

NEW SERIES, VOLUME V, NO. 20

NONA PHELPS LEADS KINGSTON GIRL HAS MADE SPLENDID CANVASS DURING PAST WEEK



There has been a decided increase in interest in the Republican-Journal's sewing machine and watch contest during the past week. Miss Nona Phelps of Kingston has made a splendid canvass during the past week, turning in 2633 votes and adding six new subscribers to our list.

The Genoa contestants are working in a quiet manner and friends of each are beginning to wake up and take notice that they might help things along by casting a few votes for their favorite and inducing others to do so.

Of course even now the contest is merely started and no one can make any pretense of naming the winner. If some candidate could induce a few friends to pay four or five years in advance it would swell her total vote into thousands. Of course we will accept subscriptions paid five years in advance, but do not advise it. Our chief object in this contest and earnest desire is to secure about 300 new subscriptions and get all our old readers to pay in advance.

The count Wednesday evening, Jan. 20, resulted as follows:

	Count Jan. 20	Grand Total
Miss Nona Phelps—Kingston	2633	3792
Miss Julia M. Bowers—Genoa	325	1487
Miss Mary Canavan—Genoa	879	1129
Miss Zoe Stott—Genoa	875	1125
Mrs. Fred J. Schmidt—Genoa		125
Miss Ada Taylor—Genoa		125
Miss Tillie Awe—Genoa		125

RULES OF CONTEST

- 1 Any lady, single or married, may enter the contest for the Elegant White Cabinet sewing machine and the gold watch.
- 2 Each paper, including this issue, will contain one coupon good for two votes. The name of the person for whom the ballot is cast must be written in blank space and the coupon mailed or brought to this office where a suitable box will be arranged to receive them.
- 3 One vote will be allowed for every cent paid in on old subscription, either paying arrearages or for renewals. Two votes will be allowed for every cent paid in for NEW subscriptions.
- 4 Suitable blanks will be furnished at this office. In order to vote for a contestant it is necessary to write plainly the name (for whom you wish to cast your vote) in blank space left for that purpose on the coupon. The same is then placed in the ballot box.
- 5 A contestant may work for her own interests and secure as many votes as possible.
- 6 A count of votes will be made each Wednesday night while the contest is on. The official count will be given to the editor and the same correctly published in the next issue of the Republican-Journal. The final count will be made on Wednesday evening, March 3, 1909. All votes must be in by eight o'clock p. m. on that day.
- 7 If the name on the coupon is not plainly written, the vote will be cast out, or the decision of the three judges to be selected will establish its identity.
- 8 A contestant wishing to withdraw can not cast her votes for any other contestant as it would be unfair to others.
- 9 No person in any way connected with the Republican-Journal force may enter the contest.
- 10 The lady receiving the highest number of votes will receive the sewing machine; the second highest the elegant 20-year gold watch, with either Elgin or Waltham movement, as the winner may desire.

TWO MORE CONVICTED ARENKILL AND BROWN OF DE-KALB GUILTY

IMPORTANT RULINGS BY JUDGE

Holds that Taking Orders in Dry Territory Constitutes Sale—Hear Motions Saturday

(Sycamore Tribune)

The liquor trials, so far as the circuit court is concerned, were concluded Friday for this term, in order that pending motions for new trial might be heard Saturday before Judge Carnes.

The remaining cases on the criminal docket have been certified to the county court for trial in April.

In the case against Arenkill & Collins of DeKalb, mention of which was made in last Tuesday's paper, the jury returned a verdict of guilty against Arenkill on one count. The jury had been instructed to find Collins not guilty, as the evidence showed that Arenkill had done the selling. The witnesses for the state were John Hanson and August Scholblom of DeKalb, both of whom swore they had secured whiskey for Arenkill on their order for "ginger ale."

The case against Moses Brown of DeKalb was called for trial Tuesday afternoon. The witness for the state, Wick Blaswich, who gave his testimony through an interpreter said he had bought beer of Brown at various times since the local option law went into effect. He said Brown took his order and would deliver the beer within a day or two; that he paid Brown for the beer and the latter in turn would remit to the Val Blatz Brewing Company in Milwaukee, of whom the beer had been obtained. Brown admitted the sale of the beer in this way but said he was only the agent of Val Blatz. He stated also that he received five cents a case for delivery and the return of the bottles to the brewing company. The state contended that Brown was the agent of the brewing company and that under the law Brown had no right to take orders in dry territory, as the law says that the taking of orders or the making of agreements shall amount to a sale. Judge Carnes so held in his instructions to the jury, which in turn could do nothing less than return a verdict of guilty. That this is an important and far reaching decision is admitted by all, and it is not at all unlikely that the case will go to a higher court for a decision on this important holding.

The case of the people against Johnson & Strobom, proprietors of the Sycamore bottling works, was next called, but the work of getting a jury had not proceeded far when the counsel on both sides got together and agreed to postpone this case in order that the court might have an opportunity to hear motions for new trials in the cases previously tried. The remaining liquor case will therefore come up in the April term of the county court.

The State's Attorney expresses himself as well satisfied with the progress of the liquor cases thus far tried. Of the four cases that stood the test of trial the state secured convictions in three, and in one the jury disagreed, namely the Tadd case which will have to be tried again.

Butter Unchanged

For the third week in succession butter was declared firm at 32 cents on the Elgin board of trade Monday.

REVIEW SAYS NAY!

DeKalb Paper Claims that Martha Sebre was First White Child

The article in a recent issue of the Republican-Journal, claiming James H. Moore as the first white child born in DeKalb county, has caused considerable delving into history by county historians, and as a consequence Mr. Moore is now placed as the third. The DeKalb Review of last week says:

"The question who was the first white child born in DeKalb county is interesting to the local historians and the agitation is destined to bring out the facts. The early historians of DeKalb county seem to agree that Martha Jane Sebre of Squaw Grove was the first white child born in the county to a permanent white settler. There may have been births here in the families passing through previous to 1834, the day of the first permanent settlement. The title of Miss Sebre has in the past few months been attached by Mr. Collier and Mr. Moore. We print their claims below:

"The dates as far as we are able to get proof are as follows: "Martha Jane Sebre, born Oct. 18, 1835, Squaw Grove township, (Bible Record.)

"James Collier, born Nov. 8, 1835, Mayfield township, (Bible Record.)

"James H. Moore, born Dec. 29, 1835.

"Unless there is further evidence, backed by Bible or family record proofs the honor must be given as follows:

- 1 Martha Jane Sebre
- 2 James Collier
- 3 James H. Moore.

EIGHTY-ONE DAYS

Belvidere Saloonist Will Spend that Time in Jail

George Lepart was fined \$100 and costs in the county court at Belvidere Monday for violating the local option law, the total being \$121.50.

Lepart was unable to liquidate and went to the county jail to serve out the fine. It figures a little worse than 81 days in jail for him.

Lepart appeared before Judge DeWolf and pleaded guilty, stating that after Frank Barney was sent to jail for forty-five days for violating the local option law Mrs. Barney hired him to run the drink establishment in the rear of the restaurant on North State street just at the north end of the bridge. Steps are to be taken immediately to close up the Barney place, having it declared a nuisance. Barney is now in jail for selling liquor at the same location.

AMERICUS H. POND

Passed Away this (Thursday) Morning at Country Home

Americus H. Pond passed away at his home south of Genoa this (Thursday) morning, at an advanced age. He had been failing for a long time, but was able to be about practically up to last day. It is only a few days since he was down town. Full particulars regarding the life and achievements of this highly honored citizen will be published next week.

Pickle Contracts

The Squire Dingee Pickle Co. has opened its contract books at the store of John Lembke. Those who intend to raise cucumbers for the local factory this coming summer should call on Mr. Lembke as soon as convenient. 19 2t

T. J. Hoover and W. M. Adams left for North Dakota Wednesday evening to transact business.

REVIVAL MEETINGS WILL BE HERE

ADJUTANT ALLCOOK LEADS

One of the Most Successful and Entertaining Woman Preachers in the Country

A series of revival meetings will be held in the M. E. church commencing Tuesday, February 2, and continues for at least two weeks.

The pastor of the church will be assisted by "The Provincial Brigade," an advance corp of the Salvation Army from Chicago. The brigade is now too well known to require an introduction or recommendation to the people of Illinois. Their work in the past speaks for itself. Last year successful campaigns were held in Rockford, Harvard, Naperville and other important centers. In these towns large numbers have been led to Christ and the churches greatly strengthened. Adjutant Margaret Allcook, leader of the brigade, is an able and acceptable preacher. She never fails to draw an audience, and is very successful in leading men and women to choose the higher life. A special feature of the meetings will be the music. The local choir will be augmented by members of the brigade. Everyone knows what the music and singing of the "army" means.

The pastor and members of the church invite sympathy and cooperation of the people of the town and community in this movement. The object of meetings is to lead old and young to decide for righteousness and purity and to build up character for time and eternity. All who are interested in this can assist by:

- 1 Keeping free from other engagements during time of meetings.
- 2 By being present at all the meetings and inviting others to be present.
- 3 By prayer and work for the success of every meeting.

BY THE PASTOR.



ADJUTANT MARGARET ALLCOOK Who will Lead Revivals at M. E. Church

Soft Drink at Rockford
Eighteen individuals and firms are under indictment at Rockford for selling liquor contrary to the local option law, with a total of 141 counts against the bunch. Thirteen have pleaded "not guilty" and five have not yet been found.

OFFICE SEEKERS AWAKENING

Time Drawing Near for Annual Spring Mix-up

The time is drawing near for the annual spring mix-up in local politics. There will no doubt be the usual army out for the office of collector for the township, and the other town offices will not go begging. The only person who has thus far come out openly and made his announcement is Gust Schmitz who is a candidate for collector. He has a card in another column of this paper.

Town officers will be nominated by the old caucus method. Village officers must be nominated as provided by the new primary law. Those who wish to enter the contest must petition under the head of some recognized party name if they wish to have their names placed on the primary ballots. In Genoa the only parties known at village elections are Citizens' and Peoples', the latter party having been created last spring.

At this time no one has openly declared his intentions of seeking the office of president or member of the board of trustees, although there will probably be enough willing timber in sight before primary time arrives.

Since the above was put in type H. D. Russell has announced his candidacy for collector.

Mirth, Magic and Music

Professor Miller, the great magician and sleight of hand performer, has consented to give an exhibition at the Genoa skating pavilion, for one night only, Wednesday evening, Jan. 27, 1909, at 8 p. m. sharp, assisted by Master Arthur Fram, Chicago's wonderful boy pianist of the Sherwood School of Music. Master Fram played the prelude in C Sharp Minor by Rossini at the Auditorium January 14, to an audience that filled the house. Professor Miller was formerly with the late Harrington, America's famous magician and will give a two hours' program. Don't miss the opportunity of seeing and hearing these people. Admission 25 cts. Secure your tickets early.

OF GENERAL INTEREST

ITEMS STOLEN FROM COLUMNS OF EXCHANGES

SUM OF \$555.57 IS DIVIDED

The C. F. Hall Co. of Dundee, Ill., Divided the Above Amount Among Its Employees Last Week

Rev. Geo. H. Wilson has resigned as pastor of the Congregational church of DeKalb and will enter the employ of the Anti-Saloon League as a field worker. Within the next month or six weeks nearly \$10,000 will be distributed among the poorer laboring people of Elgin as the result of the beginning of the annual ice harvest which was commenced Wednesday.

H. S. Bell of Walworth has sold 80 acres of his fine farm, a mile west of the village of Walworth, for \$11.00, which represents \$137.50 an acre. This is the highest price ever paid for land in that vicinity but it is excellent land.

All slot machines coming under the head of gambling devices were banished from Belvidere places Saturday on orders from Chief of Police Eli Blachford, acted under an old order issued by Mayor Pierce which forbade the use of the machines.

Ernest Borgemann, a young German who has made his home in Marengo and vicinity for many years, at present employed by L. F. Walker, in that city, fell heir to a small fortune amounting to about \$33,000, by the death of his mother a month ago at Rheda, Germany.

Appraisers appointed to determine the value of the estate left by the late Marshall Field, the merchant prince of Chicago, have placed a valuation of nearly \$90,000,000 on the Field estate, which is much less than it was supposed he possessed when he died three years ago.

Sycamore Tribune: Representative Adam Cliffe returned from Springfield last week. Mr. Cliffe has been honored with a place on the only committee thus far named, namely, the committee on the inauguration soon to take place. Of the five house members the Sycamore representative is one, a signal honor for a new member.

Sycamore Tribune: For the purpose of publishing the facts concerning the many liquor prosecutions to come, a new daily newspaper will be started in Belvidere. Three ministers, the civic league and business men are behind the movement. Belvidere is excited by the recent development involving prominent men as violators of the local option law.

Blackmailing and threatening letters, received by prominent society women of Huntley, have wrought a sensation in that village. The women—Mrs. W. H. Fee and Mrs. H. S. Tompkins, newly elected heads of the Royal Neighbor society, demand an investigation by postal authorities. Their husbands, well known business men of the town, offer a fifty dollar reward for the arrest and conviction of the anonymous writers.

The sixteenth semi-annual gathering of the members and employees of the C. F. Hall company of Dundee was held on Friday evening, last, and was made the occasion of the distribution of the regular semi-annual employees' dividend, amounting, in this instance, to \$555.57, the largest dividend with one exception that the firm has ever declared. All the employees, even those who were in for only a short time during the holidays, were the guests of the company and of them seventeen received checks, ranging in amount from \$5.66, the smallest, to \$77.42, which was the largest issued.

Taxes! Taxes!

I will be at the store of Perkins & Rosenfeld every week day until further notice, from the hours of 8 a. m. to 12 m., and 1 to 5 p. m. to collect taxes. I will be there also from 6:30 to 8 on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings of each week. J. G. STOLL.

The First Year of Marriage.

One of the problems that develop out of that trying first year of married existence is the equal adjustment of the amusement question.

Comparisons are proverbially odious when applied to persons; they are frequently misleading, especially if they deal with a part only of the facts.

Church Advertising.

We do not believe that the average church can gain much from newspaper advertising.

Admiral Cervera, who commanded the Spanish fleet at the battle of Santiago, was retired lately from active service.

A Philadelphia detective on the trail of an embezzling restaurant employe had to eat six to twelve meals a day.

John J. White of New York went to Africa without the blowing of trumpet or a commission of typewriters.

A New York bank caters especially to deaf mutes. Money makes motions there, we presume.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Robert E. Lee's birthday was appropriately observed in many southern cities. Scarlet fever appeared among the students at the Cornell College of Agriculture.

The Spring Hill college at Mobile, Ala., the largest Jesuit institution in the south, was destroyed by fire.

President Roosevelt sent to the governor of California a telegram and letter urging the California legislature not to pass anti-Japanese measures.

Rt. Rev. Bernard J. McQuaid, bishop of the Roman Catholic diocese of Rochester, N. Y., died, aged 85 years.

Snydertown, Pa., was thrown into a panic by the collapsing of an abandoned coal mine, causing a shock like an earthquake.

J. D. Wood of Salt Lake, millionaire mine owner, and perhaps the largest sheep owner in the west, was instantly killed by a Union Pacific engine.

The centenary of the birth of Edgar Allan Poe was celebrated in New York, where a monument was unveiled, and by meetings in other cities.

Simeon S. Pennewill was inaugurated governor of Delaware, the oath of office being administered to him in the Dover opera house by his brother, Judge James Pennewill.

Seven foreigners, who are said to have been stupefied from liquor secured at a wedding celebration, were burned to death in a fire which destroyed three houses at Goodtown, Pa.

Gov. George E. Chamberlain of Oregon, a Democrat, was elected United States senator by a Republican legislature, and Charles J. Hughes, Jr., was elected senator by the Colorado legislature.

The supreme court of the United States decided against former President Moyer of the Western Federation of Miners in the damage suit brought by him against former Gov. Peabody of Colorado.

James B. Kellogg of New York, who was convicted in the state and federal courts in connection with the operations of the alleged bucketshop firm of E. S. Dean & Co., eight years ago, must serve the term of imprisonment imposed by the state court, according to a decision handed down by Justice Blanchard in the supreme court.

James B. Kellogg of New York, who was convicted in the state and federal courts in connection with the operations of the alleged bucketshop firm of E. S. Dean & Co., eight years ago, must serve the term of imprisonment imposed by the state court, according to a decision handed down by Justice Blanchard in the supreme court.

So vehement was the denunciation of the chief executive that it seemed as if the New York member raked the dictionary for words which would properly express his feelings.

Washington, Jan. 19.—A sensational and bitter attack on President Roosevelt was made in the house of representatives yesterday by Mr. Willlet of New York.

So vehement was the denunciation of the chief executive that it seemed as if the New York member raked the dictionary for words which would properly express his feelings.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Information of a startling character of alleged wholesale and astounding frauds upon the public lands has come into the possession of Secretary of the Interior Garfield through special agents in the field.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Information of a startling character of alleged wholesale and astounding frauds upon the public lands has come into the possession of Secretary of the Interior Garfield through special agents in the field.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Information of a startling character of alleged wholesale and astounding frauds upon the public lands has come into the possession of Secretary of the Interior Garfield through special agents in the field.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Information of a startling character of alleged wholesale and astounding frauds upon the public lands has come into the possession of Secretary of the Interior Garfield through special agents in the field.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Information of a startling character of alleged wholesale and astounding frauds upon the public lands has come into the possession of Secretary of the Interior Garfield through special agents in the field.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Information of a startling character of alleged wholesale and astounding frauds upon the public lands has come into the possession of Secretary of the Interior Garfield through special agents in the field.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Information of a startling character of alleged wholesale and astounding frauds upon the public lands has come into the possession of Secretary of the Interior Garfield through special agents in the field.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Information of a startling character of alleged wholesale and astounding frauds upon the public lands has come into the possession of Secretary of the Interior Garfield through special agents in the field.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Information of a startling character of alleged wholesale and astounding frauds upon the public lands has come into the possession of Secretary of the Interior Garfield through special agents in the field.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Information of a startling character of alleged wholesale and astounding frauds upon the public lands has come into the possession of Secretary of the Interior Garfield through special agents in the field.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Information of a startling character of alleged wholesale and astounding frauds upon the public lands has come into the possession of Secretary of the Interior Garfield through special agents in the field.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Information of a startling character of alleged wholesale and astounding frauds upon the public lands has come into the possession of Secretary of the Interior Garfield through special agents in the field.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Information of a startling character of alleged wholesale and astounding frauds upon the public lands has come into the possession of Secretary of the Interior Garfield through special agents in the field.

"DRY" BILL VETOED

Tennessee Law Denounced by Gov. Patterson.

MANY REASONS FOR ACTION

Legislature May Sustain the Executive, a Change of Four Votes Being Necessary—Probable Effects of the State-Wide Measure.

Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 20.—Gov. Patterson yesterday afternoon filed with the clerk of the senate a message vetoing the state-wide prohibition bill which last week was passed by both houses of the legislature.

The governor's action followed adjournment of the senate, after it had passed on third reading the bill prohibiting the manufacture in Tennessee of intoxicating liquors. Consequently the veto was read to the senate this morning.

On original passage the vote was 20 to 13. Opponents of the bill claim they can count on a change of three senators to their side, and that the fourth member, on whose vote the fate of the measure depends, is wavering.

Should there be a change of four votes, the veto would be sustained, 17 to 16. Would Ruin Vast Properties.

The bill is made effective July 1, 1909. That prohibiting the manufacture of liquors was amended so as to become effective January 1, 1910. With the two laws on the statute books, property worth many millions would be made practically worthless.

Under a search warrant, also sworn to by Gov. Haskell, MacReynolds' rooms at the lone hotel were searched by Sheriff John Mahoney and Orville T. Smith, private attorney to the governor, and a large amount of data and papers seized pertaining to the \$600,000 libel suit instituted by Haskell against Mr. Hearst.

MacReynolds immediately demanded of the county court through his counsel, Judge John H. Burford, the whereabouts of his papers. They were found in the private office of the governor and taken by Sheriff Mahoney at the court's orders.

MacReynolds immediately demanded of the county court through his counsel, Judge John H. Burford, the whereabouts of his papers. They were found in the private office of the governor and taken by Sheriff Mahoney at the court's orders.

MacReynolds immediately demanded of the county court through his counsel, Judge John H. Burford, the whereabouts of his papers. They were found in the private office of the governor and taken by Sheriff Mahoney at the court's orders.

MacReynolds immediately demanded of the county court through his counsel, Judge John H. Burford, the whereabouts of his papers. They were found in the private office of the governor and taken by Sheriff Mahoney at the court's orders.

MacReynolds immediately demanded of the county court through his counsel, Judge John H. Burford, the whereabouts of his papers. They were found in the private office of the governor and taken by Sheriff Mahoney at the court's orders.

MacReynolds immediately demanded of the county court through his counsel, Judge John H. Burford, the whereabouts of his papers. They were found in the private office of the governor and taken by Sheriff Mahoney at the court's orders.

MacReynolds immediately demanded of the county court through his counsel, Judge John H. Burford, the whereabouts of his papers. They were found in the private office of the governor and taken by Sheriff Mahoney at the court's orders.

MacReynolds immediately demanded of the county court through his counsel, Judge John H. Burford, the whereabouts of his papers. They were found in the private office of the governor and taken by Sheriff Mahoney at the court's orders.

MacReynolds immediately demanded of the county court through his counsel, Judge John H. Burford, the whereabouts of his papers. They were found in the private office of the governor and taken by Sheriff Mahoney at the court's orders.

MacReynolds immediately demanded of the county court through his counsel, Judge John H. Burford, the whereabouts of his papers. They were found in the private office of the governor and taken by Sheriff Mahoney at the court's orders.

MacReynolds immediately demanded of the county court through his counsel, Judge John H. Burford, the whereabouts of his papers. They were found in the private office of the governor and taken by Sheriff Mahoney at the court's orders.

MacReynolds immediately demanded of the county court through his counsel, Judge John H. Burford, the whereabouts of his papers. They were found in the private office of the governor and taken by Sheriff Mahoney at the court's orders.

MacReynolds immediately demanded of the county court through his counsel, Judge John H. Burford, the whereabouts of his papers. They were found in the private office of the governor and taken by Sheriff Mahoney at the court's orders.

MacReynolds immediately demanded of the county court through his counsel, Judge John H. Burford, the whereabouts of his papers. They were found in the private office of the governor and taken by Sheriff Mahoney at the court's orders.

MacReynolds immediately demanded of the county court through his counsel, Judge John H. Burford, the whereabouts of his papers. They were found in the private office of the governor and taken by Sheriff Mahoney at the court's orders.

MacReynolds immediately demanded of the county court through his counsel, Judge John H. Burford, the whereabouts of his papers. They were found in the private office of the governor and taken by Sheriff Mahoney at the court's orders.

MacReynolds immediately demanded of the county court through his counsel, Judge John H. Burford, the whereabouts of his papers. They were found in the private office of the governor and taken by Sheriff Mahoney at the court's orders.

MacReynolds immediately demanded of the county court through his counsel, Judge John H. Burford, the whereabouts of his papers. They were found in the private office of the governor and taken by Sheriff Mahoney at the court's orders.

MacReynolds immediately demanded of the county court through his counsel, Judge John H. Burford, the whereabouts of his papers. They were found in the private office of the governor and taken by Sheriff Mahoney at the court's orders.

MacReynolds immediately demanded of the county court through his counsel, Judge John H. Burford, the whereabouts of his papers. They were found in the private office of the governor and taken by Sheriff Mahoney at the court's orders.

MacReynolds immediately demanded of the county court through his counsel, Judge John H. Burford, the whereabouts of his papers. They were found in the private office of the governor and taken by Sheriff Mahoney at the court's orders.

MacReynolds immediately demanded of the county court through his counsel, Judge John H. Burford, the whereabouts of his papers. They were found in the private office of the governor and taken by Sheriff Mahoney at the court's orders.

POSSIBLE WATERWAY SCENERY.



If the Big Corporations Secure the Water-Power Rights of the Country at Large, as President Roosevelt Feared.

HASKELL HITS HARD

Oklahoma Governor Has Agent of Hearst Arrested.

DATA FOR LIBEL SUIT SEIZED

Scott MacReynolds is Accused of Conspiracy to Defame, and Executive Says Others Will Have to Square Themselves with Jurics.

Grounds for the Veto.

BACON WILL SUCCEED ROOT.

This is Secretary of State's Last Week in Cabinet.

SAYS HASKELL WANTED HIS DATA.

OFFERED TO BUY LIES, SAYS GOVERNOR.

MURDER OR SUICIDE?

Young Girl Shot to Death in Store at Sturgis, S. D.

MURDERED BY A ROBBER.

Iowa Restaurant Keeper Shot While Giving Up His Money.

NEBRASKA BANK IS ROBBED.

Stone Re-Elected to Senate.

Gets After Terra Cotta "Trust."

Wants to Honor Sequoyah.

Grand Commander of Illinois Knights Templars Passes Away.

Resolution for Moving Nebraska State House from Lincoln.

Gets After Terra Cotta "Trust."

Wants to Honor Sequoyah.

Grand Commander of Illinois Knights Templars Passes Away.

Resolution for Moving Nebraska State House from Lincoln.

DENEEN INAUGURATED; ASKS DEEP WATERWAY

Prompt and Vigorous Action Be Taken is Advised by Governor in Legislative Document.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 19.—Gov. Deneen was inaugurated for the second time yesterday.

He has called to the legislature to-day Gov. Deneen urged that prompt and vigorous action be taken in the matter of a deep waterway from the lakes to the gulf.

"Throughout the United States public interest has been aroused and attention is at present directed to the improvement of the navigable waterways of the country, and numerous waterway associations have been formed with a view to promoting state and federal activity in carrying forward the work of construction and development.

The attitude of the representatives of the federal government is now more friendly to a broad policy

of waterway development than ever before, and should Illinois show a disposition to enter vigorously upon this work of waterway construction, it cannot but affect favorably the federal situation.

"It seems to be now an established fact that the Canadian government is seriously considering the construction of the Georgian bay canal, which will give to Canada a deep waterway from the lakes to the Atlantic seaboard, affording to our northern neighbors and its mother country a great advantage over the United States in the matter of commerce between the Atlantic and the inland lakes.

These should be a speedy beginning on the part of the United States and the states interested in the construction of the lake-to-gulf waterway, in order that this country may stand upon an equality in all commercial advantages with Canada and Great Britain.

Our state, therefore, should take a leading part in the present movement for waterway development and set an example of prompt and vigorous action which will command the attention and elicit the cooperation of the other states and the national government."

KEARNEY WANTS CAPITOL.

Resolution for Moving Nebraska State House from Lincoln.

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 19.—A resolution was introduced in the state senate yesterday providing for the removal of the state capitol from Lincoln to Kearney, Buffalo county.

Senator Hartor of Saline county is the author of the resolution which provides for the appointment of a committee of five to investigate the advantages of Kearney as a capital city.

As stated in the resolution, the purpose is to have the state capitol located nearer the center of the state.

Gets After Terra Cotta "Trust."

New York, Jan. 20.—Announcement was made yesterday that another alleged trust is to be investigated by the federal authorities here.

The company concerned is the Atlantic Terra Cotta Company, a \$3,000,000 corporation with offices in this city.

It is alleged that the company is a monopoly operating in restraint of trade in violation of the provisions of the Sherman anti-trust law.

Wants to Honor Sequoyah.

Guthrie, Okla., Jan. 20.—A resolution memorializing congress to provide a place in Statuary hall in Washington for a bust of Sequoyah, inventor of the Cherokee Indian alphabet, was passed by the state senate yesterday.

Oklahoma is entitled to two places in the hall, neither of which has been filled.

Grand Commander of Illinois Knights Templars Passes Away.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 19.—Judge William L. Gross, 68 years old, commander of Illinois Knights Templars, died yesterday at his home of paralysis, following a fall on January 9.

He had been ill for some time. When he was installed grand commander last August, the ceremony was performed at his home, he having been too ill to be present at the meeting of the grand commandery in Rock Island.

Resolution for Moving Nebraska State House from Lincoln.

HOUSES FOR ITALY

Navy Prepares to Send Great Quantity of Material.

FIRST CARGO IS ALL READY

Others Are to Follow Rapidly—Bodies of Consul Cheney and Wife Recovered at Messina by Sailors from Battleship.

Washington, Jan. 18.—Secretary of the Navy Newberry was at his desk yesterday completing as fast as possible, the general administration program for sending to Italy building material for the construction of a large number of small houses to shelter earthquake sufferers.

All red tape has been waived so that vessels may be sent off at the earliest possible moment with their loads of material.

Having approved the general outline, Secretary Newberry has turned over to Paymaster John A. Mudd, in charge of the New York navy pay office, all the details of the work.

The first vessel to be loaded was the Eva. It is estimated that she will hold enough material for about 500 houses. She will be ready to sail, it is expected, before night to-day.

In addition to building material the Eva will carry four or five boss carpenters and an Italian carpenter interpreter, who will have charge of construction gangs.

Each of the subsequent vessels sent will take carpenters.

All on Way in Three Weeks.

Competition will not be done away with in the buying, although bids are being secured over the telephone rather than in the slower method of written correspondence.

The material will be at the lowest figure possible. Within three weeks it is expected to have all the vessels loaded and on their way to Italy.

In addition to the Eva, four or five other vessels will be chartered, as the government intends to send enough material for from 2,500 to 3,000 homes.

Bodies of the Cheney's Found.

Washington, Jan. 18.—The bodies of the American consul, Arthur E. Cheney, and Mrs. Cheney were found in the ruins of the American consulate at Messina by the sailors of the American battleship Illinois, which arrived at Messina from Suez, Capt. Bowyer of the Illinois had been instructed by Admiral Sperry, while en route from Suez to Malta, to proceed to Messina and endeavor to recover the bodies of the American consul and his wife, who perished when the earthquake devastated Messina, destroying the building of the American consulate.

Fire Sweeps Messina Ruins.

Missina, Jan. 20.—Messina was swept by fire again yesterday. For many hours soldiers and sailors worked heroically to keep the flames from destroying the last remnants of the town, and eventually they succeeded in getting the fire under control.

The extent of the damage cannot be estimated, because doubtless much of great value was burned up in the ruins.

Quake in Turkey Kills Eight.

Smayna, Turkey, Jan. 20.—So far as can be ascertained, eight persons were killed yesterday morning by a sharp earthquake which occurred at Phocaea, 25 miles northwest of this city, and at other neighboring towns.

Considerable damage was done to buildings at Phocaea.

MILLION DOLLAR FINE UPHELD.

United States Supreme Court Rules Against Oil Company.

Washington, Jan. 19.—The supreme court of the United States yesterday affirmed the decree of the state courts of Texas imposing a fine of \$1,623,000 on the Waters-Pierce Oil Company of St. Louis and ousting it from the state, on the charge of violating the Texas anti-trust law.

The court also sustained the action of the Texas state courts in the appointment of Robert J. Eckhart as receiver and thus again decided against the company, which sought to have sustained the action of the federal court in appointing C. B. Dorchester at the instance of the company. The decisions in all the cases were unanimous.

JUDGE W. L. GROSS DIES.

Grand Commander of Illinois Knights Templars Passes Away.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 19.—Judge William L. Gross, 68 years old, commander of Illinois Knights Templars, died yesterday at his home of paralysis, following a fall on January 9.

He had been ill for some time. When he was installed grand commander last August, the ceremony was performed at his home, he having been too ill to be present at the meeting of the grand commandery in Rock Island.

Wants to Honor Sequoyah.

Guthrie, Okla., Jan. 20.—A resolution memorializing congress to provide a place in Statuary hall in Washington for a bust of Sequoyah, inventor of the Cherokee Indian alphabet, was passed by the state senate yesterday.

A SPEEDY ONE.



Miss Tapp's—Of course, some typewriters are extremely expert. Clerk—Oh, yes. I know of one who married a rich employer in less than three months.

TOLD TO USE CUTICURA. After Specialist Failed to Cure Her Intense Itching Eczema—Had Been Tortured and Disfigured But Was Soon Cured of Dread Humor.

"I contracted eczema and suffered intensely for about ten months. At times I thought I would scratch myself to pieces. My face and arms were covered with large red patches, so that I was ashamed to go out. I was advised to go to a doctor who was a specialist in skin diseases, but I received very little relief. I tried every known remedy, with the same results. I thought I would never get better until a friend of mine told me to try the Cuticura Remedies. So I tried them, and after four or five applications of Cuticura Ointment I was relieved of my unbearable itching. I used two sets of the Cuticura Remedies, and I am completely cured. Miss Barbara Kral, Highlandtown, Md., Jan. 9, '08." Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston.

He Wouldn't Sell. The owner of a small country estate decided to sell his property, and consulted an estate agent in the nearest town about the matter. After visiting the place the agent wrote a description of it, and submitted it to his client for approval.

"Read that again," said the owner, closing his eyes and leaning back in his chair contentedly.

After the second reading he was silent a few moments, and then said, thoughtfully: "I don't think I'll sell. I've been looking for that kind of a place all my life, but until you read that description I didn't know I had it! No, I won't sell now."—Exchange.

Would Sell His Chance. Patriotic Gentleman—My lad, every American boy has the chance of becoming president, just as every English boy has the opportunity of being prime minister.

Small Boy (thoughtfully)—Well, I'll sell my chance for a dollar.

MORE PINKHAM CURES

Added to the Long List due to This Famous Remedy.

Camden, N.J.—"It is with pleasure that I add my testimonial to your already long list—hoping that it may induce others to avail themselves of this valuable medicine, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which has cured me of my terrible headaches, pain in my back and right side, which was tired and nervous, and so weak I could hardly stand. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restored me to health and made me feel like a new person, and it shall always have my praise."—Mrs. W. P. VALENTINE, 902 Lincoln Avenue, Camden, N. J.

Gardner, Me.—"I was a great sufferer from a female disease. The doctor said I would have to go to the hospital for an operation, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound completely cured me in three months."—Mrs. S. A. WILLIAMS, R. F. D. No. 14, Box 39, Gardner, Me.

Because your case is a difficult one, doctors having done you no good, do not continue to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. It surely has cured many cases of female ills, such as inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, indigestion, dizziness, and nervous prostration. It costs but a trifle to try it, and the result is worth millions to many suffering women.

A Safe and Sure Cough Cure. Kemp's Balsam. Does not contain Opium, Morphine, or any other narcotic or habit-forming drug.

Nothing of a poisonous or harmful character enters into its composition. This clean and pure cough cure cures coughs that cannot be cured by any other medicine. It has saved thousands from consumption.

It has saved thousands of lives. A 25c. bottle contains 40 doses. At all druggists', 25c., 50c. and \$1. Don't accept anything else.

THE MARKETS. New York, Jan. 20. LIVE STOCK—Steers... Sheep... PLOUR—Winter Straights... WHEAT—May... COGNAC—May... BUTTER—Creamery... EGGS... CHEESE... CHICAGO. CATTLE—Fancy Steers... Medium to Good Steers... Cows, Plain to Fancy... Choice Feeders... Calves... HOGS—Heavy Packers... Heavy Butchers... Pigs... BUTTER—Creamery... DAIRY... LIVE POULTRY... EGGS... POTATOES (per bu.)... PLOUR—Spring Wheat, Sp'l... WHEAT—May... CORN, May... Oats, May... Rye, May... MILWAUKEE. GRAIN—Wheat, No. 1 Nor'n... May... Corn, May... Oats, Standard... Rye... KANSAS CITY. GRAIN—Wheat, May... July... Corn, May... Oats, No. 2... ST. LOUIS. CATTLE—Beef Steers... Texas Steers... HOGS—Packers... Butchers... SHEEP—Natives... OMAHA. CATTLE—Native Steers... Stockers and Feeders... Cows and Heifers... HOGS—Heavy... SHEEP—Wethers...



Robert Bacon.



Gov. Charles Deneen.



SYNOPSIS.

"Vanishing Fleets," a story of "what might have happened," opens in Washington with the United States and Japan on the verge of war. Guy Hillier, secretary of the British embassy, and Miss Norma Roberts, chief aide of Investor Roberts, are introduced as lovers. The government is much criticized because of its lack of preparation for strife. At the most inopportune moment Japan declares war. Japan takes the Philippines without loss of a man. The entire country is in a state of turmoil because of the government's indifference. Guy Hillier starts for England with secret message and is compelled to leave Norma Roberts, who with military officers also leaves Washington on mysterious expedition for an isolated point on the Florida coast. Hawaii is captured by the Japanese. In the mail, demands explanation of policy from government.

CHAPTER III.—Continued.

"Am I right, sir," he said, "in construing that white flag you raised as a sign of truce? And if that is so, I should like to be informed as to why at the same time you lowered the United States flag from the peak?"

"The general, choked with mortification, hesitated for a moment, and then found himself unable to express his relinquishment in words. He slowly withdrew his sword from its belt hilt, and held it, hilt foremost, toward the admiral, who seemed unable to realize that it was tendered in surrender. There was a moment's silence, in which he looked down at that trusty old blade of steel, never before dishonored by a conqueror's hand. He glanced inquiringly at his fellow countrymen, and then at the others, as if questioning their sanity.

"I regret to say, sir," the general answered, "that the flag was raised in surrender not only of this fortification, but of all military forces on the islands."

"The admiral gave a quick start of surprise and jubilation as the significance of this unexpected action dawned upon him.

"The total surrender of the Philippines?" he questioned, as if it was beyond comprehension that without further effort this island kingdom of the sea was tranquilly to be turned over to the first enemy who battered a challenge on its gates.

"The general, beyond words, nodded in confirmation. In a few quickly spoken sentences the admiral translated the details of the conversation to his compatriots.

"Goaded by the sneers and satirical exclamations with which this was greeted, the general broke into a sudden blaze of wrath, shook a clenched fist under the admiral's nose, and in white heat exclaimed: 'Yes, it comes easy; but it's no fault of mine! I'm obeying orders. If I had my way I'd have seen you in hell before this happened. I would, so help me God!'

"As a signal to the waiting fleet, they ran aloft the rising sun emblem of Japan, while the discomfited officers of the United States retired to the barracks for the almost hopeless attempt of explaining the situation to the puzzled garrison. These were soldier like, quick moving, wiry men from the west, proud of their country and their crops, and were of the kind that could not understand dishonor through mere obedience to higher orders. They stormed and swore, and for a time it seemed that mutiny would spread throughout the fortress, man the great guns, tear down the flag of Japan and send hurtling masses of defiant steel out into the ranks of that force which had come upon them in a night and won an unearned victory. But they, too, were creatures of discipline, and in the end reluctantly accepted fate.

"The great armada slowly gathered way and crept forward almost beneath the towering walls of the silent forts. Boat after boat brought its load of marines ashore and discharged them on ground which in other wars had been stained with the blood of valorous men. Here on these beaches came stepping the armies of old Spain, coming as pioneers to battle with savage foemen. In former years the waters of this bay on another day in May had floated the vessels of brave Dewey's fleet, had rocked and quivered beneath the impact of his guns, and witnessed the raising of his victorious flag over the smoldering ramparts. And with such a history of glory behind it, the moon on this night rose over a land silent, conquered, and abandoned, as if it was of no more value than a tiny pebble cast into a tropical sea."

CHAPTER IV. The Harness of War.

A breath of summer swept over the land, giving promise of wealth of bloom and prodigality of harvest; but the plow stood idle and rusted in the waiting fields, the meadows went unshorn, and the crops, in which lay the riches of peace, unplanted. Everywhere was the growing din of anarchy and the stern clangor of war. A people who had never tamely bowed a head beneath a yoke, nor rebelled at just ruling, found themselves distraught in the whirling current of unreasonable tides which carried them out to they knew not what.

A tame yielding of territory over which their flag had once flown, an equally passive surrender of islands which had come to them of their own

volition, seeking in the spread of the eagle's wings the shadows of security, and, last of all, as a crowning climax of folly, the sending of warships to neutral ports! From east to west, as the oceans run, from the border line of the north to that of the south, there swept over the great waiting nation a call to arms. No dam built by mortal man could have stemmed that rising tide of indignation save the one that was erected by the administration in the hours of its stress. News of it came unheralded as had all the ominous stories preceding it.

Even at the moment when an overthrow of the governing power at Washington seemed imminent, these flashed across the wires from governor to governor the quick and insistent demand for fighting men. In every armory was heard the resounding clash of rifles. A hundred thousand men, drilled for the emergencies of a country's need, sprang to their weapons like tensely strung warriors of old awaiting the pretor's command to charge. A country, which through days of defeat had seemingly slept, sprang into the harness of strife, as if electrified by the God of Battles. Sim-



They Ran Aloft the Rising Sun Emblem of Japan.

ultaneously with the ordering out of all National Guardsmen and a further call for volunteers, which received instant response, every railway traversing the country was requisitioned by the war department.

Yet, in all this turmoil the destination of this suddenly mobilized and splendidly powerful army remained a secret. In vain the press of the country and its most influential citizens demanded knowledge; but not till the day when from all directions swarms of armed men sallied forth, was this information given. And as if blackened by a scourge of locusts, the Canadas awakened one morning to find that along 3,000 miles of border land were spread a line of soldiers, the most singular line of repulse ever stretched between nations. It was one of excommunication.

Not even the commanding officers as they took their stations knew the why or wherefore of this most remarkable move, although their instructions were of the simplest, and were that under no circumstances were there to be acts of unfriendliness nor, even under provocation, movements of aggression. They were to stand as an insurmountable barrier between the United States and the dominion, prohibiting traffic, passage, and communication, and nothing more. No man might cross the border, and wires, which in days of peace carried from one country to another the news of the day, were cut and torn from their poles as if no further word might ever be transmitted through them.

Nor was this all. Wherever a cable touched on all the outer edges of this great land might be found soldiers in charge. Wireless telegraph stations were abruptly closed, prohibiting the use even of the air itself. Proclamations were issued that instructions had been given for the perforation of any airships attempting outside com-

munication, and the penalty of instant death was threatened any aeronaut who disobeyed this command.

From every seaport vessels of all nations, friendly or unfriendly, were summarily excluded. Protests from captains and from companies were ignored. The United States was suddenly blockading not only its own means of communication, but sealing its ports as well. No message might be carried in or out, and, as if fearing also for its southern border line, the soldiers of the regular army were placed there. The vessels of the navy which were in the home waters of the Atlantic were put on patrol duty, steaming up and down the eastern coast with the regularity of policemen on their beats. To the world at large the United States of America might never have been. The fabled Atlantis of old could have disappeared no more completely nor been cut off more effectually from intercourse with outside mankind than was the great American nation.

Whatever criticism and surprise had been caused among other powers by the abandonment of the Philippines and the Hawaiian islands was outdone by this latest move. Never before in the world's history had a nation enforced complete isolation upon itself, withdrawing within its shell as does a turtle when assailed. Hitherto it had been the custom of a people attacked to maintain an outward seeming of uninterrupted commerce and unimpeded communication. No modern government had yet had the temerity to shut its ports to friendly nations, scorn intercourse with them, and trust to its own resources for support and maintenance. Protests from friendly powers were unheeded or unavailing, because after a few

At Boston station he was escorted to a carriage, and whistled a soft note of surprise as he recognized on the panels the prime minister's coat of arms. Plainly he was to be subjected to what in America he had heard called the "Third Degree." Surreptitious nods were interchanged by a crowd of loungers, and such comments as "That's him!" and "E's the bloke 'wats goin' to tell us about it," floated to him as the footman slammed the door behind, mounted the box and whipped the team into a gallop.

He was ushered into the sacred precincts of the prime minister's private chamber, and found awaiting not only that important person but the foreign secretary, and a lord of the admiralty as well. The ponderously sealed packet from his ambassador was torn open and read aloud. It contained the following startling statement from his perturbed and late superior: "I have the honor to inform your lordship that I am in a country evidently inhabited by maniacs. I have painstakingly sought a logical explanation for the acts of this government, and frankly admit that I am unable to understand either its attitude toward his majesty's government, its proposed plan of campaign, or what the effect of this war will be upon other nations. I have been persistently refused any information as to what has taken place or is intended. In a personal interview with his excellency, the president of the United States, I have been positively informed that his country will under no circumstances permit any demonstration against Great Britain, but that it may become necessary to suspend intercourse for a time. I cannot tell what is meant by this, nor would he give me further information. The attitude of the administration, backed up by congress, is of supreme egotism and self-sufficiency, despite the position taken by the people and the press, as shown in newspapers which are sent herewith. In view of the uncertainty of the situation, the enigma presented by the United States government's attitude, and the threat that within 48 hours all exchange of communication will be suspended, I deem it wise to suggest that his majesty hold himself in readiness to make an overpowering naval demonstration in these or Canadian waters, if need should arise. I am sending this by my secretary, who can answer any questions of a more pertinent nature as well as I could."

The letter, written in the crabbéd hand of the ambassador, was slowly read aloud, those present straining their hearing that no word might be lost, and at its conclusion they sat dumfounded.

"You were there, I believe," said the prime minister, slowly swinging back and forth in his swivel chair, and addressing the secretary, "when the news of the surrender of the Philippines was received?"

"Yes, your lordship."

"What excuse had the government to make for such unwarranted action?"

"None whatever."

"Do you mean to say that they suffered without protest or defense the surrender of a fortification which cost millions of pounds, was adequately equipped and able to repel successfully the attack of such a fleet as Japan sent against it?"

"Yes, they even accepted it complacently."

From round the room came murmurs of amazement, while the rustle of newspapers showed the anxiety of those present to glean what information they could by perusal. Losing their phlegmatic air of self-possession and casting official dignity to the winds they bombarded Hillier with questions, which in the main he was unable to answer. The voice of the stately lord of the admiralty rose above the others in a sudden, insistent petulant question.

"Do you know anything else worth while?" he asked.

"No," answered Hillier, "I have no knowledge other than that which I have given to you, which in itself was gathered elsewhere than from an absolutely silent and secretive government."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

cabled his country a frank admission that the policy of the United States was completely beyond his comprehension, and that whatever of the situation might be known from personal observation would be explained by his secretary, Guy Hillier, due at any moment in London. The ears of Europe were therefore open for such communications as might be imparted by this young man, who for the moment became of paramount importance.

Thus it was that Hillier, arriving at the Liverpool docks, found himself the center of all interest. A swarm of newspaper correspondents, more or less distinguished in their profession, sought interviews; but, warned in advance by wireless telegraph, he declined all conversation. The wharf was black with people, who anxiously craned their necks to catch sight of the man who was expected to elucidate the greatest mystery of the age. A guard of constables formed a hollow square round him and forced their way up the long, tunnel-like shed leading to the train which was to convey him to London.

When he had gained his seat in a compartment reserved for his use, and the train whirled away past neatly-walled farms, prosperous villages and great cities, he wondered at the strange trend of events which had thrown him so prominently into the foreground. He smiled in irony as he reviewed his own actual knowledge of the situation, and realized how little he had in the way of information in comparison with what he was expected to divulge.

At Boston station he was escorted to a carriage, and whistled a soft note of surprise as he recognized on the panels the prime minister's coat of arms. Plainly he was to be subjected to what in America he had heard called the "Third Degree." Surreptitious nods were interchanged by a crowd of loungers, and such comments as "That's him!" and "E's the bloke 'wats goin' to tell us about it," floated to him as the footman slammed the door behind, mounted the box and whipped the team into a gallop.

He was ushered into the sacred precincts of the prime minister's private chamber, and found awaiting not only that important person but the foreign secretary, and a lord of the admiralty as well. The ponderously sealed packet from his ambassador was torn open and read aloud. It contained the following startling statement from his perturbed and late superior:

"I have the honor to inform your lordship that I am in a country evidently inhabited by maniacs. I have painstakingly sought a logical explanation for the acts of this government, and frankly admit that I am unable to understand either its attitude toward his majesty's government, its proposed plan of campaign, or what the effect of this war will be upon other nations. I have been persistently refused any information as to what has taken place or is intended. In a personal interview with his excellency, the president of the United States, I have been positively informed that his country will under no circumstances permit any demonstration against Great Britain, but that it may become necessary to suspend intercourse for a time. I cannot tell what is meant by this, nor would he give me further information. The attitude of the administration, backed up by congress, is of supreme egotism and self-sufficiency, despite the position taken by the people and the press, as shown in newspapers which are sent herewith. In view of the uncertainty of the situation, the enigma presented by the United States government's attitude, and the threat that within 48 hours all exchange of communication will be suspended, I deem it wise to suggest that his majesty hold himself in readiness to make an overpowering naval demonstration in these or Canadian waters, if need should arise. I am sending this by my secretary, who can answer any questions of a more pertinent nature as well as I could."

The letter, written in the crabbéd hand of the ambassador, was slowly read aloud, those present straining their hearing that no word might be lost, and at its conclusion they sat dumfounded.

"You were there, I believe," said the prime minister, slowly swinging back and forth in his swivel chair, and addressing the secretary, "when the news of the surrender of the Philippines was received?"

"Yes, your lordship."

"What excuse had the government to make for such unwarranted action?"

"None whatever."

"Do you mean to say that they suffered without protest or defense the surrender of a fortification which cost millions of pounds, was adequately equipped and able to repel successfully the attack of such a fleet as Japan sent against it?"

"Yes, they even accepted it complacently."

From round the room came murmurs of amazement, while the rustle of newspapers showed the anxiety of those present to glean what information they could by perusal. Losing their phlegmatic air of self-possession and casting official dignity to the winds they bombarded Hillier with questions, which in the main he was unable to answer. The voice of the stately lord of the admiralty rose above the others in a sudden, insistent petulant question.

"Do you know anything else worth while?" he asked.

"No," answered Hillier, "I have no knowledge other than that which I have given to you, which in itself was gathered elsewhere than from an absolutely silent and secretive government."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

DIET AND HEALTH

By **DR. J. T. ALLEN**
Food Specialist

Author of "Eating for a Purpose," "The New Gospel of Health," Etc.

(Copyright, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

WHAT MAKES GOOD BREAD

Bread is the oldest of prepared foods. Long before fire was discovered it was quite natural to pulverize the hard grains between stones, to moisten the meal thus made, press it into cakes and dry it in the sun. This was the original unleavened bread. Only the application of fire to cakes accidentally fermented by moisture and temperature was necessary to produce the modern staff of life.

Good bread will, alone, support life indefinitely. Thousands of our sturdy foreign laborers maintain good health and strength chiefly on coarse bread. I had an opportunity lately to examine a Dutch laborer, about 70 years old, who said he had lived all his life on rye bread and coffee, and he was in perfect health—in spite of the coffee. Thomas Parr, an English farmer, lived more than 150 year on "coarse bread, cheese, small beer and whey." The bread was probably rye, wheat being then used only by the wealthy.

Bread has one advantage over nuts as the chief staple food—bulk. The stomach is not absolutely necessary to the digestive process; it is merely a receptacle for the mass of food taken at a meal, but has added the capacity for reducing the mass to a fine liquid before passing it on to the intestine or second stomach, where the work of digestion is completed. A German experimenter some years ago removed the stomach of a dog, after which it lived for several years, regaining most of its lost weight.

The stomach has also developed the capacity for converting proteid, of which flesh, nuts and grains largely consist, into soluble peptone, the substance from which all the tissues are built. The same process is continued in the intestine, if all the proteid is not broken up and made soluble in the stomach. The conversion of starch into sugar by the action of the saliva, begun in the mouth, continues in the stomach till the mass becomes saturated with the hydrochloric acid of the gastric fluid, secreted by the stomach, after which any starch remaining must run the risk of fermentation before its digestion is completed in the intestine.

Experimenters who have lived on a nut and fruit diet for short times report a "craving" for other foods; and this is the inevitable experience, for a time, of those who adopt the "scientific" diet. Now a man of mature years and on whose word I can rely, who has been living on the simple diet for seven months, working as a merchant, full hours, informs me that this "craving" has entirely disappeared. Another, a manufacturer, says that he now, after about three months, enjoys a meal of whole wheat bread and peanuts or of prunes as well as he formerly enjoyed, while eating, a mixed meal, and of course never regrets it afterwards, as he formerly regretted overeating. The Italian laborer, working hard physically on rye bread, macaroni, garlic and beer, has no craving for oysters or pie or pork.

The merchant above referred to commonly had a craving, formerly, on coming home from church or opera late, and would eat a second supper—and suffer.

If all the elements necessary for the body's nutrition are supplied, there will be no desire for some unnatural food. We know that one who is eating a few slices of whole wheat, rye or corn bread and fruit at a separate meal, can not suffer for lack of any nutritive element, even if he eats no nuts or does not drink the glass of buttermilk before retiring.

Oats is the richest of the cereals. It contains more fat and more mineral salts than wheat, but its starch cells are encased in coarse cellulose fibers, so that it must be very thoroughly cooked to make its starch digestible. The rolled oats are preferable to the steel cut.

Rye contains less mineral matter than wheat, but its starch is equal to that of rice. Artificial digestive tests showed it to be 12 times more digestible than wheat starch. It follows that the objections urged against fine wheat starch bread do not apply to rye bread. The starch of rye bread is practically digested beyond the danger of fermentation. No doubt this explains the superior health of those who live on rye bread. The Roman gladiators were fed on rye, wheat and corn.

Now, considering the peculiar features of corn, rye and wheat, it is evident that a much better bread could be made from a combination of these than from either separately.

white bread do not apply equally to toast, zwieback, or rusk, chiefly consists has been largely converted into sugar by dry heat. This is easily digested, being open to the action of the digestive fluids. Hence for persons of weak digestion it is much superior to fresh bread—so far as the supply of heat and muscular force is concerned only. Crackers are inferior to toast, especially if soaked in soup or other liquid.

Entire wheat bread is not adapted to toasting, its albumen being already too much coagulated for the best nutrition. Evidently cheese should not be toasted. Boiled potatoes are the better for toasting so far as the starch element is concerned, providing no fat be used. Fried potatoes are a prolific source of dietic troubles.

One may be eating sufficient albumen, starch, fat and sugar, which constitute 95 per cent or more of all solid nutriment the body needs, and yet may become weak, sickly, inefficient and finally die for lack of proper nourishment. For perfect nutrition we must have in the blood, in addition: Potash, sodium, phosphorus, calcium, magnesium, iron, sulphur, chlorine and fluorine.

Potash is essential in every part of the body, but especially in the brain and nerve centers. In all nerve disorders it is found to be deficient in the blood. Perhaps the quick wit of the Irish is due, partly, to the abundant supply of potash and phosphorus they have got for centuries from potatoes and wheat, which form so large a part of their diet. The best sources of potash are: Beans, potatoes, peanuts, wheat, lettuce, prunes, cucumbers, meat, walnuts.

Sodium is found in every tissue of the body. Without it the processes of nutrition could not be carried on. Sodium is one of the elements of common salt, but it is not necessary to eat salt to get chlorine. Many careful investigators, including a physician of my acquaintance who has studied the subject assiduously for many years, say that common salt is injurious. Certainly the average person eats far too much of it, weakening the kidneys and exciting the delicate organism. I have demonstrated that there is enough sodium and chlorine in peanuts and wheat.

The best sources of sodium are: Milk, spinach, wheat, lentils, barley, carrots, potatoes, cabbage, figs, apples, eggs, nuts.

Sulphur seems to be very important in nutrition, for the average body contains about three ounces of it. Mrs. Squeers discovered that when given in crude mineral form it has an effect opposite to that which it is probably designed to serve. Its best sources of natural supply are: Potatoes, beans, olives, radishes, peanuts, figs, lettuce, barley, milk, meat, eggs, oats, wheat. White flour contains none.

Iron is a very necessary element in the blood. White bread contains none of it, milk a small percentage. The foods richest in iron are: Lentils, lettuce, peas, figs, nuts, rye, wheat, apples, grapes, prunes, oats, onions.

Calcium is very necessary for the formation of bone, especially in children. Its best sources are: Milk, figs, eggs, coconut, beechnuts, onions, wheat, rye, meat, potatoes, corn.

Chlorine is necessary for the formation of gastric fluid, used in digestion. It also has an important influence in the oxygenation of the blood. Its best sources are: Milk, coconut, lettuce, nuts, cabbage, potatoes, eggs, corn, beans, meat, fish, wheat. Fine white flour contains no chlorine.

Silicon gives hardness to the bones, hair, nails, etc. Its best sources of supply are: Lettuce, cabbage, figs, oats, barley, wheat, nuts.

Fluorine seems to give elasticity to the veins and muscles. It is best supplied by lettuce, potatoes, figs, onions, nuts, milk, wheat, rye, olives, apples, grapes.

Magnesium is always found in the blood, though there is some doubt as to its office. Its best sources are: Nuts, beans, wheat, milk, oats, corn, lettuce, rye, potatoes.

Phosphorus is essential to the growth of the cells. Brain and nerve energy seem to depend largely upon the supply of phosphorus. It is very important to supply ample phosphorus in the food of growing children and brain workers. One-twelfth of the solid matter of the brain is phosphorus. The old theory that fish supply an extraordinary amount of phosphorus seems not to be well founded. The foods that best supply phosphorus are: Beans, peas, milk, wheat, rye, corn, eggs, nuts, potatoes, meats, fish, figs, carrots, cabbage.

It is now clear that all the elements of nutrition are supplied by bread, nuts, fruits, milk and meat. If one is satisfied that meat is injurious he can gradually eliminate that from his dietary. I have shown in a previous article why buttermilk is better for the adult than sweet milk, and I advise it in every case.

It is the various compounds of the mineral elements that are so important in the processes of nutrition. So important are they that a school of medicine, biochemistry, has been based upon their administration. Iron, sulphur or phosphorus may be found deficient in the blood as indicated by symptoms, but you cannot furnish sulphur to the blood by drinking a solution of sulphur water. Mineral food must go through the vegetable or animal. If we want iron or sulphur we must eat lettuce, eggs, meat, peanuts, wheat or other nuts or cereals. The vegetables, especially beans, lettuce, potatoes and nuts, are richest in the mineral salts. Nuts contain, everything considered, the best supply. I shall deal more fully with this phase of nutrition in the chapters on "The Diet Cure" and that on "Cooking."

COULD NOT SHAKE IT OFF.

Kidney Trouble Contracted by Thousands in the Civil War.

James W. Clay, 666 W. Fayette St., Baltimore, Md., says: "I was troubled with kidney complaint from the time of the Civil War. There was constant pain in the back and head and the kidney secretions were painful and showed a sediment. The first remedy to help me was Doan's Kidney Pills. Three boxes made a complete cure and during five years past I have had no return of the trouble."



Sold by all dealers. 50c a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

NO TEMPTATION.



Wag (referring to Miss Oldbird)—Um, I should think it would be more suitable if she were standing under "elderberries" instead of mistletoe-berries.

MIX FOR RHEUMATISM

The following is a never failing remedy for rheumatism, and if followed up it will effect a complete cure of the very worst cases: "Mix one-half pint of good whiskey with one ounce of Toris Compound and add one ounce Syrup Sarsaparilla Compound. Take in tablespoonful doses before each meal and at bedtime." The ingredients can be procured at any drug store and easily mixed at home.

How to Know the Trees.

There is an auctioneer whose "gift of gab" and native wit draw many purchasers to his sales, but sometimes he is the subject rather than the cause of amusement.

The man's name is O. A. Kelley. Not long ago he had to sell, among other things, a lot of pine logs, and the day before the sale he went over them and marked the end of each log with his initials.

On the day of the auction an Irishman came along and immediately noticed the logs with the letters on them.

"O. A. K.," he read, loud enough for all round to hear. "Begorra, if it is not just like Kelley to deceive us into believing them pine logs are oak!"—Springfield Republican.

Satisfaction.

Stern Officer (on German frontier)—Passport, sir!

Gentle Graduate of Yale—Jerushy John! Forgot all about—that is, I did not know I had to show it here. I—well—hold on! Here! (Produces a be-ribboned and re-sealed document)

Here you are at last. Excuse me, I did not know you were the proper officer.

Officer (tries to read the Latin)—Ha—Dilectum—Ha—His Emporium—Ha— (>Returns sacred parchment.) Vis, sare! It is sufficient! Excuse me! It is of the high royal household. Special envoy. Much apology, Honoury! Go at once.

Graduate (relieved)—Great Scott! That was a close shave! That's the best thing a Yale diploma ever did for me.—From the Bohemian.

Mice on the Pillow.

"I'm not so much afraid of mice as some women," said she, "but I don't like them in my hair. The other night I finished a biscuit I was eating after I went to bed and naturally left some crumbs about, not meaning to, never thinking of mice.

"Well, about the middle of the night I heard scampering, and there were the mice all over my hair, trying to get at those crumbs.

"I tell you, I gave one shriek, sprang up, lighted all the gas in the room and sat up the rest of the night watching that pillow."

HER MOTHER-IN-LAW

Proved a Wise, Good Friend.

A young woman out in Ia. found a wise, good friend in her mother-in-law, jokes notwithstanding. She writes:

"It is two years since we began using Postum in our house. I was greatly troubled with my stomach, complexion was blotchy and yellow. After meals I often suffered sharp pains and would have to lie down. My mother often told me it was the coffee I drank at meals. But when I'd quit coffee I'd have a severe headache.

"While visiting my mother-in-law I remarked that she always made such good coffee, and asked her to tell me how. She laughed and told me it was easy to make good 'coffee' when you use Postum.

"I began to use Postum as soon as I got home, and now we have the same good 'coffee' (Postum) every day, and I have no more trouble. Indigestion is a thing of the past, and my complexion has cleared up beautifully.

"My grandmother suffered a great deal with her stomach. Her doctor told her to leave off coffee. She then took tea but that was just as bad.

"She finally was induced to try Postum which she has used for over a year. She traveled during the winter over the greater part of Iowa, visiting, something she had not been able to do for years. She says she owes her present good health to Postum."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason." Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

The Republican-Journal

Published every Friday at Genoa, Ill.
Subscription Price, \$1.25 per Year

Office Telephone, No. 28
C. D. Schoonmaker, Publisher
Friday, January 22, 1909.

SCHOOL NOTES

The following is the report of attendance of the Genoa schools for the week ending Jan. 15:
First primary—absent, Myrtle Rebeck, Lawrence Noble, Harold Dralle, Henry Witt, Ione Stott, George Stephenson, Klea Bennett, Helen Sturtevant. This room had no tardiness.

Second primary—absent, Ollie Dralle, Lettie Lord, Derwin Scott, Myrtle Geithman, Everett Bennett, Myrtle Pratt, Richard Witt, Tardy, Albert Witt, Derwin Scott. First intermediate—None absent during the week and but one tardy—Helen Barcus. This is a splendid record and should be emulated by the entire school.

Second intermediate—absent, Lorene Brown, Myrtle Portner, Viva Layton, Roy Abraham, John Baker. This room had no tardiness. The second intermediate has a new bust of Abraham Lincoln, a copy of the one in Washington. This bust was purchased with money which this room earned. This is a magnificent bust and adds very materially to the appearance of the room.

Grammar room—absent, Irwin Patterson, Arla Crawford, Nellie Stephenson. This room had no tardiness.

High school—absent, Frank Stanley, Victor Stott, Eda Smith, Tardy, Howard Stanley, Alve Peterson, Edwin Cooper, Velma Crawford, Belle Campbell, Eda Smith, Ralph Browne.

The basketball game given at the pavilion Friday night was a very successful affair both as to the financial side and in point of interest and amusement. Both games were very spirited from beginning to end and considering the small amount of practice the high school teams had, and no practice by the town teams, the games were very skillfully executed. The score of the first teams stood 27 to 25 in favor of the town team, and the second was a tie being 17 to 17. The scores show very close playing by all teams. We are indeed very grateful to the people of Genoa for their liberal patronage. This game paid the expenses with 50 cents over. The gross receipts were \$11.50.

The juniors gave a very excellent English exercise Friday afternoon in the nature of a convention. The exercise was intended to be a satire on clubs, and it is needless to say that some very ludicrous papers were presented. They were all excellent and it is impossible to publish all of them. Below we publish one of the shorter ones written by Jennie Pierce:

I as the chairman of Public Instruction of the Society of Sociological Subordination of Surreptitious Systems have been requested to speak on this topic to my best ability. I have had a great deal of autopic in the last three years while solving this question.

The instructors should be of the very best, and should always be pleasant and have a kind word for everybody. The old saying is that "The older ones set the examples for the younger." They should be so felicitous that the children would come to class with a very light heart instead of worrying over their lessons. An instructor should not be as we say, cross, because the more a child is scolded the meaner he or she will be. A child will do a great deal more for a person that is felicitous than he will for one that never gives him a kind word.

Partiality should never appear which sometimes does. A pupil

should never forget his or her manners before an instructor. The pupils should be allowed to whisper whenever they want to so they will have exceeding light spirits.

Lessons should never be so long that over forty minutes would have to be spent on them. They should always be explained so the pupil could get them in a hurry and get out of doors for the air.

School is the place for study and work but it should be operated in such a way that it would seem like a pleasure trip. The rules should be few but the pupils should live up to them. But if one pupil can not live up to the laws the remaining ones should never be put under the circumstances. Whipping should never be heard of in any school because small punishments will do more.

After a teacher teaches in one room from three to four years that is sufficient, give others a chance. An old maid should never be engaged to teach in a public school. The school books should be of the best edition and be so a pupil can understand them. They should not be like some, leave out half a dozen steps between each exclamation. When a book is puzzling it gets the pupil frustrated so he cannot do anything.

The school house should be the most felicitous building in the city. The rooms should be sunny because a person cannot study in a gloomy room. Think how plumbrous you are and how much you feel like working on a gloomy day. The science studies should be performed in an extra room. The other classes ought not to recite in this room because the air is not always the pleasantest. The rooms should always be neat. No dust, books and pencil shavings should be seen. The pupils should pass out for intermission orderly. I think a school operated in this way would be illustrious and dignified beyond comprehension.

Court House News

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

DeKalb—
Fanny B. Poust to Nancy E. Minich, lot 11 blk I I. L. Ellwood's, \$4800
Henry B. Hoyt to Wm. D. Ferguson, lots 26 & 27 blk 6 Taylor's, \$2000.

Alice R. Gault to A. W. Fisk, and 1/2 lot 4 blk 24, \$7342.
Genoa—
Right of way to Woodstock & Sycamore Trac. Co. from the following: H. R. Patterson, Geo. W. Buck, Florence Snow, W. H. Millard, E. H. Cohoon, Blanche H. Hollembeak, A. H. Olmsted, J. Gray, Sarah J. Sumner, Wm. A. Eiklor, J. H. Vandresser, Ralph Proctor, Chris Awe, Jerusha Gray et al.

South Grove—
Robert V. Willey to Geo. Helson, 1/2 se sec 26, \$9200.

Malta—
Ellen Phelps to Claus P. Male, 1/4 se 1/4 sec 34, \$4000.
Franklin—
U. S. to Gordon Hewitt, cert. pat., e 1/2 se 1/4 sec 20 & n 1/2 sw 1/4 sec 21.
Geo. Fox by master to Wesley Keith, ne 1/4 se 1/4 - 5a on ne 1/4 se 1/4 sec 6, \$2385.
Henry M. Clyne to Wesley Keith, nw 1/4 se 1/4 (ex 5a) sw 1/4 ne 1/4 (ex 5a) sec 6, \$2800.

Kingston—
C. F. Schandlmeier to Geo. Schandlmeier, w 1/2 nw 1/4 e 1/2 of e 1/4 sw 1/4 sec 6, \$800.

Sam Swanson to J. G. Schandlmeier, se 1/4 sw 1/4 & c sec 6 & pt sec 7, \$5200.

O. M. Silvius et al to George Schandlmeier, pt w 1/2 ne 1/4 sec 7, \$250.

Illinois Central Time Card.
Effective October, 1908
East Bound
Leave Genoa 7:15 a. m. Arrive Chicago 10:10 a. m.
32 10:51 a. m. 12:35 p. m.
6 3:44 p. m. 5:35 p. m.

West Bound
Leave Chicago 8:10 a. m. Arrive Genoa 9:52 a. m.
No. 3 2:00 p. m. 4:33 p. m.
31 3:30 p. m. 5:59 p. m.

Partiality should never appear which sometimes does. A pupil

WOODMEN INSTALL

Excellent Entertainment in Connection With Ceremony

The pavilion was packed to the doors at the Modern Woodmen installation ceremony last Thursday evening, and none of the guests went away dissatisfied with the program. The singing by the Misses Johnson, Mrs. A. V. Anderson, the Vandresser sisters, Miss Vernie Pierce, Mrs. Florence Eiklor and Miss Julia Bowers was greatly appreciated while the instrumental music by F. G. Robinson and Vandresser's orchestra was received with hearty applause. Miss Zada Corson's readings also pleased the audience.

The illustrated songs, Miss Johnson as vocalist, and the moving pictures were a feature of the entertainment that took well, being a pleasing addition in the usual literary and musical program.

ATTORNEY COCHRAN TO LEAVE

Sycamore Attorney Receives a Flattering Offer in Chicago

John R. Cochran, of the firm of Faissler & Cochran, successors to Carnes, Dunton & Faissler, has disposed of his interests in Sycamore, and will leave next week for Chicago, where he has a position as assistant attorney in the law department of the United States steel corporation, associated with the law firm of Knapp, Haynie & Campbell.—Sycamore True Republican.

Mr. Cochran ran for states attorney of DeKalb County last fall and was defeated by E. M. Burst.

Supervisor Byers Dead

The last rites consigning the remains of the late Supervisor James Byers to their final resting place at South Grove occurred Monday morning at 10:30, the services being held at the late home on South California street, where a large concourse of citizens were gathered to pay tribute to the memory of the departed.

Rev. C. S. Moore of Dixon preached the sermon. A profusion of floral decorations contributed by friends of the family were silent evidences of the esteem in which the late Mr. Byers was held by all who knew him.—Sycamore Tribune.

Public Sale

The undersigned will sell at public auction on the old Arbutle farm, 2 1/4 miles north-west of Kingston, on Tuesday, January 26, 1909, commencing at one o'clock p. m., the following property: black mare, 6 yrs. old; black gelding, 5 yrs. old; black mare coming 3 yrs. old; sucking colt, black gelding coming 2 yrs. old, 7 choice cows, some with calves by side; 5 heifers, 8 tons of hay in barn, stack corn fodder, stack straw, truck wagon, milk wagon, road wagon, grain binder, corn binder, seeder, three-section plow, mower, pulverizer, corn planter, riding plow, hay and hog rack combined, walking plow, pair bob sleighs, 3 corn plows, corn sheller, tank heater, 2 milk cans, 2 hard coal stoves, chunk stove, cook stove and some household furniture.

CHARLIE JOHNSON

W. H. BELL, auctioneer.
I hereby announce that I am a candidate for the office of collector for the town of Genoa and respectfully ask the support of my friends at the coming caucus, 20-1f

GUST SCHMITZ

I have decided to become a candidate for the office of town collector and respectfully solicit the support of my friends at the coming caucus, 20-1f

H. D. RUSSELL

Houses and Lots For Sale
RESIDENCES, ready to use, in all parts of town, anywhere from \$600.00 to \$6000.00.
VACANT LOTS, anywhere from \$500.00 to \$5000.00, according to location.
BUSINESS PROPERTY, worth the price.
FARMS of various sizes, from 80 acres to 200 acres, at \$100.00 per acre and up.
HOUSES to let.

D. S. Brown EXCHANGE BANK Genoa, Ill.

Special Assessment Notice.

Special Warrant No. 6.

Public notice is hereby given that the County Court of DeKalb County, Illinois, has rendered judgment for a special assessment upon property benefited by the following improvement.

The laying of water mains and the erection of fire hydrants on Stott street in the village of Genoa, DeKalb Co., Illinois, as will more fully appear from the certified copy of the judgment on file in my office, that the warrant for the collection of such assessment is in the hands of the undersigned. All persons interested are hereby notified to call and pay the amount assessed at the collector's office, in the Exchange Bank of Brown & Brown in the said village, within thirty days from the date hereof. The said assessment is divided into six installments and the amount of each installment is as follows:
First Installment.....\$ 95.00
Second Installment..... 100.00
Third Installment..... 100.00
Fourth Installment..... 100.00
Fifth Installment..... 100.00
Sixth Installment..... 100.00

And all deferred payments under each installment bear interest at the rate of four (4) per cent. per annum from August 9, 1907. The whole of said assessment, or any installments thereof, may be paid at any time, at the option of the owner or owners of their respective lots, blocks, pieces or tracts. The first installment, together with interest on all, became due Jan. 2, 1908 and the deferred installments will be due and payable on or before the 2nd day of January in each year, beginning January 2nd, 1909, with interest at the rate of four (4) per cent. per annum from January 2, 1908. Dated this 15th day of January, 1909. D. S. Brown, Collector.

New Lebanon

Henry Kreuger was in Chicago on business Monday.

Fred Awe and John Botcher transacted business in Chicago Tuesday.

Moran Stuter and wife spent Thursday at George Pester's near Burlington.

John Schult and family attended the funeral of Fred Schroeder Sunday who died at his home in Hampshire last Thursday of cancer of the stomach.

Misses Martha Gerdau, Alma Gerdau, Bertha Bruhn, Magdalena Bruhn, and Mr. Louis Bruhn, all of Dundee, visited with their cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Awe last Sunday.

A large crowd attended the sale of Harvey Burroughs Wednesday, everything bringing good prices. Mr. and Mrs. Burroughs will visit friends and in a short time will go to California where they expect to make their home.

NOTICE

State of Illinois,
County of DeKalb, 1909.
In the County Court thereof,
To the heirs at law and legatees of Augustin Naker, deceased.
Notice is hereby given to all parties interested that an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last Will and Testament of Augustin Naker, deceased, has been filed in said Court, that Dillon S. Brown has also filed his petition in said Court, asking that said instrument be admitted to probate, and for the last Will and Testament of said Augustin Naker, deceased, and that Letters Testamentary may issue to him.

Said petition names Johanna Naker, Genoa, Ill.; P. O. Charter Grove, Ill.; George Naker, Genoa, Ill.; P. O. Charter Grove, Ill.; Louisa Tewksbury, Sycamore, Ill.; Sophia Rudolph, Belvidere, Ill.; Catherine Wright, Sycamore, Illinois; Clara Westlake, Sycamore, Illinois; Emma Swanburg, Sycamore, Illinois; Catherine Schuster, Chicago, Illinois; Jacob Schmitzer, Germantown, Pennsylvania; 218 Church St., Lulu Queeny, Chicago, Illinois; Agnes Schuster, Chicago, Ill.; 422 Webster Ave.; Joseph Schuster, Chicago, Ill.; 422 Webster Ave.; August Schuster, Chicago, Ill.; 422 Webster Ave.; Mary Ross, Baltimore, Maryland; Fred Naker, Baltimore, Maryland; Fred A. Naker, Charter Grove, Illinois; Charles A. Naker, Genoa, Illinois; Joseph M. Naker, Genoa, Illinois; Caroline Lesty, Charter Grove, Illinois; Edward Naker, Chicago, Illinois; and Elmer Naker, Charter Grove, Illinois, and petitioner further states that said deceased left him surviving other heirs at law whose names and places of residence are to petitioner unknown.
Said petition has been set for hearing at the January Term, of said Court at the Court House in Sycamore in said County, on the 26th day of January, A. D. 1909, at which time and place said will is to be offered for probate.
Dated this 15th day of January A. D. 1909
S. M. HENDERSON, Clerk.

Notice

To Samuel Sharp.
You are hereby notified that there is now pending in the Circuit Court of DeKalb County in the State of Illinois, a certain suit (General No. 1726) wherein Eleanor J. Sharp is complainant and the said Samuel Sharp is defendant, that a summons has been issued in said cause returnable at the Court House in Sycamore, in said county, on the Fourth Monday of February 1909.
W. M. HAY,
Clerk of said Court
Sycamore for Complainant
20-1f
DeKalb, Illinois

Wise Tommy.
Tommy was a very sound sleeper and wouldn't get out of bed earlier than 10 o'clock, no matter what his mother said to him. So one morning she tried coaxing and said to him: "You have heard of the little boy who got up at 6 o'clock in the morning and when he went out he found a purse of gold?" "Oh, yes," said Tommy, "but what about the little boy who got up before him and went out and lost it?"

Always Dublin.
An Irishman and an American were talking about their own countries one day when the American said: "America is the richest country in the world today." "Shure," said Pat, "Oireland will soon be the richest." "How's that?" said the American. "Shure," answered Pat, "isn't the capital always Dublin?"

The Register of the Voice.
The register of the voice is sometimes confounded with the range. There are two registers to the voice, whatever its quality. These are termed the register of the chest and the register of the head. The chest notes are given in full, even tones and with the natural voice. The tones may be either open or closed. They are given from the chest and the back of the nose. Head tones come from the bridge of the nose and if untrained are apt to develop an unpleasant shrillness. In a trained voice it is impossible to detect where the chest register ends.—New York World.

THE SHOW THAT MAKES GOOD GENOA OPERA HOUSE JANUARY 26 BIJOU SHOW
The most Advanced Moving Picture Show Traveling. Entire change of program Each Week.
MR. WM. M. CONWAY, LECTURER.
Admission: Adults 20c; Children 10c.

5% Farm Loans
In amounts of \$2000 or more, anywhere in DeKalb county, with small pre-payment privileges. We also write farm insurance.
Talbot & Wiltberger
Insurance, Real Estate, Loans ILLINOIS
DEKALB

CHOOSE WISELY..
when you buy a SEWING MACHINE. You'll find all sorts and kinds at corresponding prices. But if you want a reputable servicable Machine, then take the **WHITE**.
27 years experience has enabled us to bring out a HANDSOME, SYMMETRICAL and WELL-BUILT PRODUCT, combining in its make-up all the good points found on high grade machines and others that are exclusively WHITE—for instance, our **TENSION INDICATOR**, a device that shows the tension at a glance, and we have others that appeal to careful buyers. All Drop Heads have Automatic Lift and beautiful Swell Front, Golden Oak Woodwork, Vibrator and Rotary Shuttle Styles.
OUR ELEGANT H. T. CATALOGUES GIVE FULL PARTICULARS, FREE.
WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO. CLEVELAND, O.

C. F. HALL COMPANY ILLINOIS
DUNDEE
This Morning
the roof leaked, dropped several tubs of good water on to our good Cloaks—Children's sizes that we had not intended to put into our 75c and \$1.00 lots. Now we've got to. Some of them were hurt by the water, some were not. The rest (those originally in the lot) are all perfect, only we have too many of them.
This Week's Specials
Lot No. 1 of Ladies' and Misses' Skirts, choice.....\$1.00
Men's heavy, Black Shaker Wool Socks, 2 pair.....25c
Men's Shavknit or Conn Socks (2c ones), 2 pair for.....50c
Remnants of Tennis Flannel per yd.....4c
Boys' heavy ribbed, fleeced Underwear, all sizes.....15c
Men's heavy Underwear, 50c grades 30c; 2 garments, 75c Storm Horse Blankets, lined, extra large.....90c
You know the fame of our clothing sales. This is one of them. We bought these Suits from a firm going out of business and willing to sell them at a sacrifice. They aren't the sort you usually get at this price. There are over 200 of them and every one is worth more than the price we ask: \$1.98
Children's Dresses
In Ladies' Department.
Lingerie, Waists, in latest and most attractive patterns. Trimmings in Laces and White and Blue Silks. \$3.29 \$3.79
Remember Refunded Car Fare Offers. Show Round Trip Tickets If You Come By Train.
CASH DEPARTMENT STORE.

Professional Cards
C. H. Mordoff, M. D.
Office and residence, south side of Main street
Office hours: 1 to 3 p. m., 6:30 to 8 p. m.
A. M. Hill, M. D.
Office over Martin's jewelry store.
Hours: 9:30 to 8 p. m., 12:30 to 2 p. m. Residence on East Main street. Calls promptly attended to day or night.
Dr. E. A. Robinson
Physician and Surgeon
Office and residence, corner Main and First Sts.
Hours: 10:00 to 12:00 a. m. and 1:00 to 3:00 p. m.
Calls promptly attended.

C. A. Patterson
DENTIST
Office over Exchange Bank.
Office hours: 8:30 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m.
G. W. Markley, M. D.
KINGSTON, ILL.
OFFICE HOURS:
12 to 3 p. m., 6:30 to 8:30 p. m.
Calls promptly attended to night and day

Genoa Lodge No. 288
A. F. & A. M.
Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month.
C. D. Schoonmaker, W. M. T. M. Frazier, Sec

Evaline Lodge
NUMBER 344
Meets second Tuesdays of each month in I. O. O. F. hall.
Jerry Patterson, Prelect. Fannie M. Heed, Sec

Independent Order Of Odd Fellows
Meets every Monday evening in I. O. O. F. hall
B. C. AWE, N. G. J. W. SOWERS, Se

Genoa Lodge No. 163
M. W. A.
Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month. Visiting neighbors welcome.
J. H. Vandresser, Ven. Consul
E. H. Browne, Clerk

Established in 1882
Exchange Bank of Brown & Brown
Genoa, Illinois
Does a General Banking business.
Sells Foreign and Domestic money orders.
Buys mutilated and Foreign currency and coins.
Allows interest on time deposits and savings accounts at the rate of 3 per cent per annum. Interest on savings accounts computed every six months.
\$1.00 will open a savings account and get you a beautiful pocket
Savings Bank.
Call and see about it.

DOINGS OF THE WEEK

THE assistance of all subscribers is invited and solicited in making this department interesting. Any item of news left at the office, in the box at the east corner of the Exchange Bank building or given the editor on the street will be greatly appreciated. If you have visitors or have been away yourself or if you know anything good about your neighbors tell us about it.

FOR SALE—4 residences in Genoa, 160 acres raw land in McPherson county, S. D., and 160 acres raw land in Brown county, S. D., \$10,000 an acre. W. H. SAGER, Genoa, Ill. Phone No. 6. 41-11

New spring gingham at Olmsted's.
C. F. Thompson was out from Chicago Tuesday.

Geo. Kanes of Woodstock was in Genoa this week.
Mr. and Mrs. Jas. R. Kiernan were in Chicago Monday.

A new assortment of tailored waists at F. W. Olmsted's.
Mrs. Fred Johnson and daughters were in Elgin last Friday.

You can get a bargain on a coat or fur at F. W. Olmsted's.
Miss Zoe Stott is still confined to her home on account of illness.

Mrs. Mary A. Miller of Clearmont, Iowa, is visiting friends here.
Sale on Cresco corsets at Olmsted's.

Mrs. C. F. Dearduff is visiting her daughter, Mrs. R. C. Wheat at Beloit.
The nine months' old son of Will James is seriously ill with pneumonia.

Miss Lois Keyes of Hampshire attended the dance here Wednesday evening.
Mrs. John Netrich of Chicago was a guest at the home of Kline Shipman last week.

Mrs. John Blake of Fairdale visited her cousin, Mrs. Kline Shipman last week.
Mr. and Mrs. Keating and Mrs. Dusinberre were Chicago visitors the first of the week.

January clearing sale on winter goods at F. W. Olmsted's.
Will Flint of Lake Bluff has been visiting at the home of W. H. Smith during the past week.

Geo. Dyer of Chicago, son of John Dyer, was here last week, a guest at the home of S. Abraham.

Miss Nellie Scott entertained Miss Cutter of Oswego, at the home of R. B. Field, over Sunday.

Christian Science services are held at Slater's hall every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. Everyone is welcome.

Geo. Burton was here last week calling on friends. Mr. Burton and his wife are now residing in Elgin.

Grinding Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday of each week. Baled straw for sale. 20-2t* Wm. HECHT.

Miss Nellie Cliffe of DeKalb was a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Strong Wednesday and Thursday.

Mrs. James Hadsall of Rockford and Mrs. Dave Tower of Kingston called on Mrs. Kline Shipman Monday.

Nice lot of Poland China shoats for sale. Inquire of Philip Thorwarth on the Brown farm, 1/2 mile south of Genoa. 20 2t*

B. C. Awe went to Savanna Thursday evening to return with his daughter, Miss Ida, who is suffering with appendicitis.

Mrs. S. T. Dempsey of Chicago was a guest at the home of her son, J. T. Dempsey, and family from Friday until Monday.

Miss Frances Graves of Hinckley, formerly a teacher in the Genoa high school, is a guest of Miss Nellie Scott this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Duval are the proud parents of a fine baby boy which arrived at their home last Saturday morning. All are doing nicely.

Expert plumbing and general tin-smith work and furnace repairing is in our line. Satisfaction guaranteed. Perkins & Rosenfeld.
Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Trevitt of Monroe, Wis., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. DeWolf. Mrs. Trevitt is a sister of Mrs. DeWolf.

G. H. Martin's watch and jewelry repair department is turning out absolutely satisfactory work. Ask those who have tested his work.

Jas. R. Kiernan left for Alexandria, S. D., Tuesday evening where he will transact business. He will stop at Madison on his return trip.

House for sale or rent, centrally located, 8 rooms, furnace, electric lights. Will sell for cash or on easy payments. C. A. Brown. 19-3t

Why don't you deposit your money in the Farmers' State Bank and get interest for six months at the rate of 3 per cent per annum? Try it. 1t

Mr. and Mrs. James Nicholson of Garden Prairie are parents of a girl, born Tuesday, Jan. 19. Mrs. Nicholson is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Awe.

Robert Thompson came out from Chicago Monday evening with his bride. They will commence housekeeping as soon as a suitable house can be found.

See that enameled ware in Perkins & Rosenfeld's window. It is not made to sell alone but made to wear and give satisfaction. Go in and ask for prices.

German services will be held at the A. C. church next Sunday afternoon at 1:30. Every one understanding the German language is cordially invited to attend.

Snow & Richardson are conducting a first-class livery in Chas. Winters' barn near the corner of Main and Genoa streets. Family rigs and fine turnouts for all occasions. 19-6t

Misses Annette Souster and Agnes Stewart and Charles Rose of Elgin were here Wednesday

evening to attend the dance, being entertained at the home of E. A. Sowers.

Max Schultz, who has been employed in Johnson & Marquart's barber shop for several months past, left Genoa Sunday for Chicago, and will soon go to Seattle, Wash.

The entire floor of the post-office, including the lobby, has been covered with inlaid linoleum, a decided improvement which can be placed to Postmaster Patterson's enterprise.

If G. H. Martin gives a watch, piece of jewelry or silverware his mark of approval it is as good as a banker's approval on a note. Such conditions should make him your friend in trading.

The H. A. G. T. club gave a dance at Crawford's hall Wednesday evening which was an enjoyable affair, just enough present to make dancing possible without the usual crowded conditions.

The revival meetings held by Rev. J. T. McMullen and Rev. Kephart, assistant pastor, for the past three weeks at Ney, have been well attended and spiritually helpful. The meetings close Sunday.

A large barn was destroyed by fire at Hampshire Wednesday night and it required strenuous efforts on the part of the volunteer fire fighters to save Lovell's hall which stood directly north of the barn. The elevator was also in danger.

Mrs. Kline Shipman has received word that her sister, Mrs. John Lambert, is seriously ill at her home in Esmond. Mrs. K. C. Williams, another sister, is in a hospital in Chicago where she recently submitted to an operation for appendicitis.

The Bijou show still retains its old friends and is making lots of new ones. The show on Tuesday was a decided hit. Mr. Conway sang a selection from the "American Idea" and gave an imitation of a soubrette singing "Everyone Was Meant for Someone."

The story of "Aii Baba and the Forty Thieves" in hand-colored pictures scored a hit as also did the drama "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde." The inimitable "Hogan Stories" were a scream, and altogether the entire performance was a typical Bijou entertainment. The Bijou show is here again next Tuesday night.

At the skating rink Monday evening, where a private party was enjoying the equilibrium test, W. H. Jackman fell, dislocated bones in his right hand and sprained the wrist. The injury was painful and will keep the hand in a sling for a week or two.

Andrew Swanson returned from Biloxi, Miss., last Wednesday night, having been in poor health all the time he was in the South. The drinking water did not agree with him. A few days' use of Genoa's celebrated deep rock water will put him on his feet again.

Floyd Corson, son of Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Corson, left last week for Lansing, Mich., where he has found employment. For some time past he has been studying mechanical engineering. Floyd is an earnest, industrious young man, deserving of success, and will no doubt find favor with his employers.

One of the lemon trees in W. P. Lloyd's window has been working overtime during the past few months. The tree, which is nothing more than a shrub, bore three lemons, one of which has just fell of its own weight. It measured 14 3/4 inches in circumference and weighed 22 ounces. One of the others is nearly as large.

A box social will be held at the M. E. church parlors on Friday evening, Jan. 29, under auspices of the Bible Class. Ladies are requested to bring plain boxes containing something that is good to eat, while the fellows are invited to bring their pocket books and pay the price that the boxes merit. And they usually merit a good price.

Geo. DeWolf is giving the cold weather the laugh these fresh mornings, from the depths of a fine new fur coat, presented to him by the patrons on his mail route, No. 2. It is a fine garment and is greatly appreciated by Mr. DeWolf, but he appreciates it no more than the spirit in which it is given. He is grateful for the coat and can not find words to express his thankfulness for the friendship of his patrons.

Mrs. Eunice Cusick Haley who is to speak in the M. E. church Sunday evening has been in Genoa before and all who heard her at that time will be glad to listen to her again as she is certainly a fine speaker and

one who speaks with the courage of her convictions on the vital questions in our social life. She comes under the auspices of the W. C. T. U. and we bespeak for her a full house.

TEMPERANCE RALLY

Woman Orator at M. E. Church Next Sunday Evening

Mrs. Eunice Cusick Haley of Wheaton, Ill., the young woman orator and dramatic reader will speak on the vital questions in our social life at the M. E. church in Genoa Sunday evening, January 24, at 7:30. It will be a union meeting of both English speaking churches and all who come out to hear her will be well paid for the time spent in listening.

Mrs. Haley is a graduate of the Century School of Oratory of Chicago and comes to us very highly recommended.

No admission will be charged but a liberal collection is expected.

Sunday Services, M. E. Church
Class meeting 10:00 a. m.
Preaching service at 10:30 a. m.
Sermon by Rev. Kephart. Subject "Letting Down the Net."
Sunday school, 12:00 m.
Junior League, 3:00 p. m.
Epworth League, 6:30 p. m.

At 7:30 a union service with the Advent church will be held in the interest of the W. C. T. U. Mrs. E. C. Haly will speak. You are invited to all these services.

J. T. McMULLEN, pastor.

GOT IN ALL THE NEWS.

Cummings Killed a Lot of Ads. and Raised a Row.

When Amos Cummings was managing editor of the New York Sun, many years ago, an important news story came in late one night and was sent to the composing room with "must" written above it, which meant that on no account must the news be left out of the paper. A few minutes after the copy boy returned to the editorial rooms and reported that the foreman had said the paper was already overset and that two columns of other news would have to be killed if the "must" story was to get in. Cummings took the copy from the boy and went himself to the composing room. He demanded an explanation. The foreman told him that there was a pressure of advertisements that night and that they had usurped some of the space usually given to news.

"What shall I kill?" asked the foreman.
"Kill two columns of advertisements and print all the news," ordered Cummings, and it was done.

The next day there was trouble around the Sun office. A hurried meeting of the stockholders was called, and it was a stormy one. Some of the stockholders wanted to have Cummings discharged, but Charles A. Dana stood up for him, and as Dana owned the greater part of the stock his voice was all powerful. After the meeting Mr. Dana walked out of his office and straight to Cummings' desk. He put his hand affectionately on the managing editor's shoulder and said:

"Amos, you have my permission to throw out advertisements to make room for the news whenever in your opinion it is necessary. We are publishing a newspaper, not an advertising poster."

Shortly afterward an improvement was made in the presses so that two or more pages could be added to the paper at the last moment if necessary.

Saluted a Drove of Pigs.
In the American Magazine a writer talks about courage. In the course of his story he tells about a certain respectable father he once knew. Here is what he says:

"Isn't it time we took off our hats and thanked this pleasant land for the good things it has done for us by going on patiently covering up our blunders, rectifying our mistakes and responding cheerfully to our every intelligent effort?"

"I knew a man who had the right idea about it. His father had made a great fortune in the pork packing business. The heir was not puffed up by his millions. Long after he had grown accustomed to the money and might reasonably be expected to look down on butchers, if in walking in the country with his children they saw a drove of hogs on the road, he would make the little boys stand at attention and take off their hats. 'I want them to respect the sources of wealth,' he said."

Subscribe now for this paper

A PICTURE'S TITLE.

It Fitted the Case and Deceived the Newspaper Critics.

Some years ago James Hayllar, the English artist, painted for the academy exhibition a picture called "The Queen's Highway In the Sixteenth Century." This canvas represented Queen Elizabeth, with ladies of honor, on the muddy road of a Sussex highway, watching some countrymen who were laboring to get her ponderous carriage out of the mud. The picture had been done at the instance of Richard Cobden, who had described such a scene to the artist, declaring that he had found it in an old county history he had at home.

When the picture was ready to be hung the artist desired Cobden to copy for him the very words that would describe it. At the very last moment, however, the mail brought a letter stating that the entire Cobden family had been overhauling many folios in a vain search for the missing inscription.

The artist was much put out. "What am I to do?" he asked of his friend Jeaffreson. "Can't you give me an authority? Please, try to find me something at the British museum!"

"Oh, that's easily done, and without going to the museum. I'll give you sufficient authority at once. I'll put it on this bit of paper."

And Jeaffreson sat down and wrote, "The journey was marvelous for ease and expedition, for such is the perfect evenness of the new highway. Her highness left the coach only once whilst hind and folks of a base sort lifted it out with their poles. Vide Maud Ufford's letter to Margery Pennington in D'Eyncourt's 'Memoirs of the Maids of Honor.'"

"The very thing!" exclaimed Hayllar when he had glanced over the paper. "What a marvelous memory you have, Jeaffreson!"

"Memory!" repeated the latter. "I go to imagination for my facts. There never was any D'Eyncourt, or, if there was, he never wrote a book about maids of honor. There must have been a Maud Ufford. The name sounds like truth. But you may take my word for it she never wrote a line to Margery Pennington. I invented that pleasant quotation."

"But," protested Hayllar, "the selecting committee and the hangers will know it."

"Not a bit of it, old man! I took you in, and it will take them in."

Jeaffreson was right. The newspaper critics never knew that a trick had been played on them, and one of them even referred to "quaint old D'Eyncourt" with an air of great learning.—New York Tribune.

Concerning Woman's Beauty.
Man in Africa likes his women large and round and fattens them in darkened huts, like Hamburg geese. Man in England likes them strong and brave. Man in India likes them soft and submissive. Man in America likes them almost any way, it would appear.

But his changeful standards of taste have played hob with beauty. There are few women who even know the right proportions of the human figure or would care to have them if they did. Feeble little feet, futile little hands, fragile little bodies he has demanded and produced. "Woman's weakness is her charm," says the arbiter in one of his moods.

Women are growing stronger now, but man will find the charm is still there.—Harper's Bazar.

His Morning Shower.
The soda fountain clerk was engaged in vigorously shaking up a chocolate and egg, when suddenly the glass broke in his hands and the ensuing deluge made him look like a human eclair. The horrified customer leaned over the counter, trying to be sympathetic. Not knowing exactly what to say, he finally blurted out consolingly:

"Oh—er—too bad! Did the glass break?" Dripping chocolate from head to foot, the clerk looked at him wretchedly.

"Did the glass break?" he roared. "Did the glass break, eh?" And then, with freezing sarcasm: "Oh, no—not at all, not at all. You just happened to step in while I was taking my morning shower."—Bellman.

Impatient.
Customer—Are you the proprietor of this restaurant?
Proprietor—Yes, sir.

Customer—Then please provide me as quickly as possible with pen, ink and paper and two decent people as waitresses.

Proprietor (in alarm)—What is the matter, sir? Would you like a doctor?

Customer—No, thank you. But I ordered my dinner twenty-seven minutes ago, and I thought it would be advisable to make my will before I starved to death.—London Fun.

NOT CLOSING OUT!

JUST BEGINNING!

We are not closing out our line of clothing, we are just beginning to get acquainted with the trade, and by square dealing and by giving a full dollar's worth for 100 cents we are making friends. We are not closing out, for our stock is all absolutely fresh and new and worthy your consideration as it stands. Your attention is called to the manner in which our suits are hung in dust proof cabinets. The minute they are unpacked they are hung up in these cabinets and when handed to the customer are ready to put right on without reshaping. In the manner we take care of them the suits might hang a year and come out as fresh looking as when they left the tailor shop. Come and see for yourself.

Suits \$8.00 to 25.00

Overcoats and Cravenettes \$8 to \$18

It is an easy matter for you to select shoes here. The stock is absolutely new. No odds and ends to work off onto you, but just a straight line of the best makes in patent leathers, calf, tans, ox bloods, etc. We have a special strong line in ox bloods which is making a great hit. Our cushion sole shoe at \$4.50 is also a winner. This shoe usually sells at \$5.00 everywhere.

COME AND SEE THE GOODS

We welcome visitors to our store. We want you to call and see how we take care of the clothing. Look at our show windows this week and note the price tickets. Then come in and look at others.

Pickett The Clothier
Genoa, Illinois



GOOD BREAD

Bread is on your table three times every day, 365 days in the year. In view of this fact it should be the best possible. There are two essential agencies necessary in making good bread and they are a knowledge of the making and good flour. We assume that you know how to mix the ingredients and how to manage the oven. Now let us do the other part in furnishing the flour. We have three brands and you can not go wrong on any of them. They all have a world-wide reputation for superiority.

WHITE SWAN - GOLD MEDAL PILLSBURY'S BEST

Bread made from these must be good. We have a lot of genuine Eastern Buckwheat. It has been tried by many and found excellent.

L. W. DUVAL

THE NORTH POLE—HOW TO GET THERE

By WILLARD W. GARRISON



WALTER WELLMAN



BALDWIN'S PROSPECTIVE EXPEDITION

TIME—Year of 1999.
SCENE—Subway station of the Chicago and North Pole Consolidated lines, located 215 feet beneath the ethereal station of the Fort Wayne, Duluth and Polar Aerial Transportation Company.
CAST—Airship chauffeurs, subway motormen, passengers, aerocabmen, automatic newsboys, polar bears, Eskimos, wireless telephone linemen, etc.

"A" ABO-A-R-R-D." yelled the phonographic train choler. "Train on the third level leaves in five minutes for the pole. Only one stop between Medicine Hat and Arctic Circle city. Eskimos, polar bears and hunters in the second story of the third car forwa-r-r-d. Aw-l-l abo-a-r-r-d."

Ge, but I was glad to get into the polar bear section and away from that automatic instrument for rendering sane persons mentally incompetent. I had been reading a copy of the North Pole Friday night Post when, with a noise like all the air coming out of a balloon all at once, the C. & N. P. train started.

It was all strange to me, of the year 1909. I must have slept an awful long time to wake up here in the year of—yes, the date line on the publication I was scanning said February 1, 1999. It was printed in white ink and the words were all spelled phonetically.

"Medicine Hat," yelled a voice in my ear a minute or two after the train had started. I looked quickly around, ready to punch the rude brakeman who had given vent to those rasping notes. As I did so I bumped my nose against the—well, it looked like a phonograph—sticking out from the wall of the car. Then it dawned upon me. It wasn't the brakeman at all. In fact, looking around I could see no employees. As we reached the clunk of the alleged Medicine Hat, the coach door opened without any human assistance, a mar at my side punched a button and promptly disappeared through a chute which appeared at his feet.

"Two niceness for liquid air refreshments," came the same rasping, phonographic voice through the instrument at my right. I hunted for the button my disappearing friend had used to disappear by and in an instant I was looking down Medicine Hat's main street. I didn't try to puzzle out that phenomenon. I didn't care if I ever saw the pole, if it had to be seen via the cold, clammy subway route.

Nearly every place of business on the main street was labeled "private weather bureau." I glanced upward to see if it looked like rain. Far to the south I spied what looked strangely like the pictures I scanned in 1909 when I used to read about Count Zeppelin and his airship. As the big bird-like machine came closer, I managed to read the sign on the side. It read:



CAPT. BOWSER'S METHOD

ROUTE NO. 34.
Fort Wayne, Duluth and Polar Aerial Transportation Company.
That was pretty near the last straw. I wanted to look at something ancient. I couldn't stand this much longer. It was getting on my nerves—these ahead-of-the-minute contrivances. The airship drew nearer. I could see a roof garden party of young people sitting among the palms on the dome of the big machine. Around them were electric heaters, which radiated heat clear to the earth. Carelessly one young man emptied the contents of his glass over his shoulder in my direction.
I tried to dodge the cloudburst of amber beverage, but, alas, too late. It caught me squarely in the face and—
I WOKED UP!

And still when one comes to think it over, considering the progress which the year 1908 saw in the way of airship navigation and polar efforts, that dream is within the realm of possibilities of the twentieth century. Less than 50 years ago the man who talked of saying "howdy" to a friend 1,500 miles away would be deported. To-day the telephone carries one's words as clearly as if spoken to parties in the same room.
So if an American should fall asleep in the year 1909 and awake 90 years hence, the things

which would greet his eyes would make him the envy of Rip Van Winkle.
Discovery of the north pole will doubtless be made within the lifetimes of many citizens of to-day. Anyhow that is what the scientists declare. They say the mere discovery of the pole is simple. It is the conquering of the details which must be surmounted that require the thought and efforts.
Most novel of all plans to plant the American flag on top of the pole, is that which some time ago was proposed by Evelyn Briggs Baldwin, who is now working out details of his scheme.
This intrepid explorer aims to float to the pole and take plenty of time getting there. He laid out the plan in detail before the Harvard union at Cambridge, Mass., some time ago and while some blase persons were skeptical, others said they liked the plan.
Here's the way Mr. Baldwin would do it:

pedition must face are known only to the man who has made such attempts before.
That has been the great trouble with polar expeditions, it is said. They are too often planned with the conveniences of a great city within reach of the hand.
Perhaps the most sane polar expedition which anyone has sprung for years has been that of Walter Wellman,



WELLMAN'S AIRSHIP IN A SNOW STORM

The most novel and perhaps the most insane project which was ever sprung for finding the pole was that of Capt. Bowser, a Chicagoan, who was a martyr to his scheme. He, too, was firm in his belief that he could find the pole in his special, private way. He aimed to roll to the pole in a round ball with small holes at each end. He got as far as South Haven, Mich., which is a summer resort. He reached South Haven in the winter and he was found frozen on the beach.
The wind and waves carried Capt. Bowser 75 miles across Lake Michigan from Chicago, but the indications were that his death occurred half way across the lake. Inside of his round shell he lay upon a board around which the object revolved, it being hollow.

Bowser received a Christian burial, which is less than lots of unfortunate explorers have received for their efforts.
The north pole is a peculiar thing. It shifts about from day to day and not over a year ago a Swedish scientist allowed to escape his system the assertion that the pole was moving towards Siberia. Of course if the north pole keeps on moving like that, how can it expect to be discovered? ask skeptical persons.
The reason the north pole is said to be playing hide and seek is said to be this:
The earth revolves on its axis from west to east. Hence centrifugal forces tend to pull the regions of the equator outward, thus giving the tendency to flatten at the poles. This flattening process is irregular and as a consequence the "top" and "bottom" of the earth tend to flit about from place to place.
Try this scheme with a rubber ball. Soft rubber is best; it shows the flattening better than hard rubber. Push a nail through the ball, making it an axis, and then tie strings to each end of the nail. Hold the strings in your right hand and twirl them over your head. During the twirling you notice that the ball becomes flatter at each end and bulges slightly on the sides. That's why the poles are shifting. The earth moves at a rate of 19 miles a minute around its axis. Each day in revolving it has a journey of 25,000 miles. Its circumference, to accomplish. It moves about 20 times as fast as the Chicago-New York 18-hour special. Is it any wonder it is flattening?

The dream above, which transplanted a citizen of the United States of the year 1909 to the year 1999, hence furnishes an ordinary example of things which may transpire when Peary, Baldwin or Wellman discover the north pole. Nobody has yet tried to discover the pole by the subway route, but somebody will, some day, and soon after they'll convert him of insanity.

Commodore Peary is to-day scrutinizing arctic regions for signs of the location of the pole. He will go as far north as is possible on his polar ship Theodore Roosevelt, and dogs and sledges will take him the rest of the distance. It will be several years, probably, before the real fruits of this expedition become known to newspaper readers of America.
Many lives have been lost in the quest for the pole. That and the south pole, located somewhere in the Antarctic, are the only undiscovered parts of this world, and the nation which plants its flag on either of the poles will be lucky, for then it will own the end of the earth.

TWENTY-ONE KILLED IN COLORADO COLLISION

Engineer Says He Misread His Watch—List of the Dead and Injured.

Glenwood Springs, Col., Jan. 18.—Twenty-one persons were killed and 20 injured, many of them seriously, in the head-on collision between a passenger train and a freight train on the Denver & Rio Grande near Dotsero.
While nothing official has been given out as the cause of the wreck, it is said to have been due to a misunderstanding of orders on the part of Engineer Gustaf Olson of the passenger train. Olson, however, claims he understood his instructions perfectly, but that he misread his watch, thus encroaching on the time of the freight train, which was being drawn by two engines, the first of which was in charge of his brother, Sig Olson. The two trains met on a steep grade.
Following is an official list of the dead and a partial list of the injured:
Killed: Henry D. Dunn, Princeton, Ind.; John C. Davis, Denver; Dr. Orville A. Oleson, Axtell, Neb.; Mrs. Orville A. Oleson, Axtell, Neb.; Rev. R. L. Meiley, Mechanicsburg, Pa.; Mrs. Nancy J. Lewis, Ellington, Wis.; Clarence A. Gooding, Washington; John F. Williams, Clarks, Neb.; Mrs. Bertha Williams, Clarks, Neb., wife of John F. Williams; Rully Earl Williams, Mildred Lucy Williams and Lulu Belle Williams, children of Mr. and Mrs. John F. Williams; A. A. Hamilton, Polo, Ill.; William C. Kettle, Ashton, Neb.; Mrs. Jennie Kettle, Ashton, Neb., wife of William C. Kettle; Miss Mae Kettle, Miss Waunita Kettle and Paul Kettle, children of Mr. and Mrs. William C. Kettle; Mrs. L. J. Ezell, Trenton, N. D.; John P. Cregan, Rensselaer, N. Y.
Partial list of injured: W. Adair, Ravenna, O.; Mrs. G. Blake, Wapolin, Mo.; Thomas Elliott, Pendleton, Ia.; J. H. Hayden and child, Buffalo, O.; Fred Jensen, Iowa Falls, Ia.; John Ross, laborer, Cleveland, O.; W. O. Vinock, Omaha; H. B. Schnler, board of police, Covington, Ky.; S. J. Martin, sergeant of police; T. J. Ezell, Williston, N. D.; Margaret Ezell, Williston, N. D.; Lillian Mahon, Princeton, Ind., wife of J. D. Mahon, killed.

AWFUL TRAGEDY IN SEATTLE.

W. L. Seeley Kills His Wife, Daughter and Himself.

Seattle, Wash., Jan. 18.—W. L. Seeley, an attorney and former national bank examiner for Illinois under Comptroller of the Currency Eckels, his wife, Mrs. Kate M. Seeley, a member of the national society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and his daughter, Miss Rene Seeley, a student of the University of Washington, and a member of the Delta Gamma society, were found dead in a bathroom of their home in the fashionable Capital Hill district yesterday.
That Seeley killed his wife and daughter while insane over financial worries and then committed suicide is the theory of the coroner and the police.
Seeley came here less than two years ago from St. Joseph, Mo.

SCHOONER AND CREW LOST.

Swallow Wrecked Off Long Island—Dozen Men Perish.

New York, Jan. 18.—In the biting, driving snowstorm of early yesterday morning off the Long Island shore the schooner Swallow of St. Johns, N. F., and her crew of about 12 men paid the toll so often demanded of those who go down to the sea in ships.
The story of the wreck, or so much as is known of it, was told by the sea itself, for it strewn the beach east of Fire island for several miles with bits of wreckage from the ship itself and from her cargo. On some of this floatam appeared the name "Swallow, St. Johns, N. F.," and this told the beach men who found the wreckage what vessel it was that had pounded itself to pieces in a few short hours in the howling gale.

CLARA MORRIS VERY ILL.

Condition of the Famous Actress Said to Be Critical.

New York, Jan. 18.—It was learned last night that Clara Morris, the actress, who has been ill for a long time, is in a serious condition and that her family and friends are very anxious about the outcome. A nervous breakdown was the first cause of her illness.
Miss Morris, who in private life is Mrs. Frederick C. Harriot, is at her home in Yonkers, N. Y. She is 60 years old.
One of Remarkable Family Dies.
Piqua, O., Jan. 18.—A remarkable woman from an unusual family died here when Mrs. Rebecca Davidson, the oldest woman in Miami county, passed away, aged 94. She has living a brother, C. J. Hufford, near Casstown, 92 years old; a brother, John Hufford, of Casstown, and twin sister in Shelby county, aged 82, and another brother, Samuel, in Clark county, aged 80. Out of 11 children in the family, nine reached the age of 80 or over.
Noted Chicago Lawyer Dies.
Chicago, Jan. 19.—Luther Laffin Mills, for many years one of Chicago's most successful lawyers, died suddenly last night at his residence, 1600 Graceland avenue, as the result of a stroke of apoplexy. He was 61 years old.

Teacher's Orders.
"Here, ma!" requested the boy, hurrying in from school before time; "hang my jacket up behind the stove."
"Is it wet?"
"No; but teacher sent me home to tell you to warm my jacket for me!"—Judge.

Important to Mothers.
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it Bears the Signature of *W. D. Hoagland* In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Men are sometimes so good and so great, that one is led to exclaim: Oh, that they were only a little better and a little greater!—J. H. Newman.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE"
That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. See.

Many a man has lost his good name by having it engraved on the handle of his umbrella.

CATARRH IN HEAD.



MR. WILLIAM A. PRESSER, 1722 Third Ave., Moline, Ill., writes:

"I have been suffering from catarrh in the head for the past two months and tried innumerable so-called remedies without avail. No one knows how I have suffered not only from the disease itself, but from mortification when in company of friends or strangers.
"I have used two bottles of your medicine for a short time only, and it effected a complete medical cure, and what is better yet, the disease has not returned.
"I can most emphatically recommend Peruna to all sufferers from this disease."

Read This Experience.
Mr. A. Thompson, Box 65, R. R. 1, Martel, Ohio, writes: "When I began your treatment my eyes were inflamed, nose was stopped up half of the time, and was sore and scabby. I could not rest at night on account of continual hawking and spitting.
"I had tried several remedies and was about to give up, but thought I would try Peruna.
"After I had taken about one-third of a bottle I noticed a difference. I am now completely cured, after suffering with catarrh for eighteen years.
"I think if those who are afflicted with catarrh would try Peruna they would never regret it."
Peruna is manufactured by the Peruna Drug Mfg. Co., Columbus, Ohio. Ask your Druggist for a Free Peruna Almanac for 1909.

W.L. DOUGLAS \$3.00 SHOES \$3.50
The Reason I Make and Sell More Men's \$3.00 & \$3.50 Shoes Than Any Other Manufacturer is because I give the wearer the benefit of the most complete organization of trained experts and skilled shoemakers in the country.
The selection of the leathers for each part of the shoe, and every detail of the making in every department, is looked after by the best shoemakers in the shoe industry. If I could show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, and wear longer than any other make.
My Method of Tanning the Soles makes them More Flexible and Longer Wearing than any others.
Shoes for Every Member of the Family, Men, Boys, Women, Misses and Children.
For sale by shoe dealers everywhere.
If you cannot find them without W. L. Douglas's name and price stamped on bottom. Part Color Illustrations Used Exclusively. Catalog mailed free.
W. L. DOUGLAS, 147 Spruce St., Brockton, Mass.

A South Bend Watch Frozen in Ice Keeps Perfect Time.
South Bend Watches are accurate to the minutest fraction of a second. They are not affected by heat or cold; you can freeze a South Bend Watch in ice without affecting its timekeeping qualities in the slightest degree. They are proof against variations caused by railway travel, horseback riding, auto-riding or any of the many jolts and jags and bangs of every day use. Your jeweler will be pleased to show you our line of these watches and explain to you how, through the wonderful South Bend Balance Wheel, a South Bend Watch adjusts itself to every temperature automatically.
FOR SALE BY JEWELERS ONLY.

GOV. DENEEN'S BIENNIAL MESSAGE

MATTERS OF IMPORTANCE TO STATE DISCUSSED AT LENGTH.

DEEP WATERWAY PROJECT

General Assembly is Urged to Pass Law That Will Enable Its Construction to Be Pushed with Certainty—Condition of the State Charitable Institutions—Needed Changes in Primary Election Law—Appreciation of Work of Bureau of Labor and Highway Commission—State Finances—National Guard Given Praise for Its Efforts at Springfield—Appropriations Asked For.

Springfield, Ill.—Gov. Deneen's biennial message to the general assembly deals with some of the most important subjects ever called to the attention of Illinois lawmakers.

The message opens with a review of the projected deep waterway from Lake Michigan to the Gulf of Mexico, showing the engineers' reports and the feasibility of the undertaking and its great commercial importance. It goes on:

"The feature of main interest to Illinois in the report of the Internal Improvement Commission is the discussion of the possibility of water power development in the proposed extension of the waterway between Lockport and Utica. This power is estimated by the commission at approximately 140,000 gross electrical horsepower. For the sake of conservatism, however, this was estimated, in its calculations showing the relation of revenue derivable from water power to the cost of waterway construction, at 100,000 electrical horsepower. At the market price of \$25.00 per horse power per annum, this would provide a net annual income to the state of from \$2,500,000 to \$2,750,000. As the total estimated cost of construction of this division of the waterway and the development of all water power possibilities incident thereto is \$18,652,958, it is estimated by the Internal Improvement Commission that this revenue will repay the cost of waterway construction and water power development in from 14 to 17 years from the inception of the work. The work itself can be completed in from four to five years, and it is believed a revenue from water power will be afforded at the end of the third year."

The troubles of the state with the Economy Light and Power Company are enumerated. The case is now pending in the supreme court of the state. As a navigable waterway, the completed channel will be under federal control for navigation purposes, and it is hoped that the state may be able to secure federal aid in the construction of locks, thus decreasing materially the construction cost to the state. Prompt consideration of the subject asked of the assembly with the enactment of a law under which the work can proceed with celerity.

State Charitable Institutions.

The message goes deeply into conditions affecting the charitable institutions of the state, particularly the working of the civil service law, which the governor would have extended to other branches of the public service. He points out a number of improvements claimed to have been made in the conduct of the state institutions.

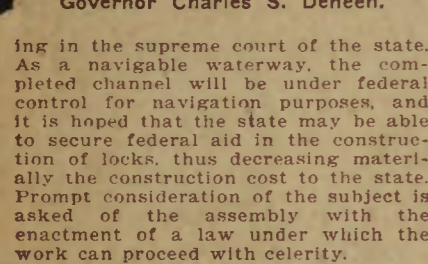
Reports showing conditions are forwarded with the message, for which the governor speaks the earnest consideration of the assembly. He also says in working out the problem of the public care of the insane, it is apparent that the time has come for the state to plan for a new hospital. I recommend that \$100,000 be appropriated by your honorable body to locate and purchase a site of about 1,000 acres and to prepare plans and specifications for buildings.

"A growing state such as ours must expect to increase its expenses from year to year, as its population and public activities and obligations expand. The average daily population of our state charitable institutions in 1905 was 12,695. For the fiscal year 1908 the average population was 14,172; an increase of 1,477 or 11.63 per cent. over that of 1905. The average per capita cost of maintenance in the state charitable institutions for the year ending June 30, 1908, was \$165.96 net. To provide for this increase of 1,477 at a per capita cost of \$165.96 for maintenance requires an expenditure of \$245,112 net annum. To provide for the housing of this increase at a per capita cost of \$50.00 per bed, an expenditure of \$73,850 is necessary. The total increase of \$328,962 is required to provide new buildings and maintenance for one year for the actual increase of population noted."

Criticism of the conduct of the institutions, so savagely made in many quarters, are declared by the governor to be unfounded.

Condition of the State Treasury.

Figures showing receipts and disbursements of the state during the last biennial period ending September 30, 1908, are given, and the message con-



Governor Charles S. Deneen.

"The estimate of receipts on account of taxes for the year 1908 is placed by the auditor of public accounts at \$4,980,000. This is the estimated net amount that will probably be collected for that year. It is improbable that the entire amount will be paid into the state treasury on or before July 1, as final settlements of many of the collectors will not be made until after that date. The probable balance of unappropriated revenue in the state treasury on July 1, 1909, will be \$4,258,076.57. The deduction of \$3,000,000, which is deemed by the state auditor a reasonable working balance, leaves \$1,258,076.57 available to meet appropriations to be made by the present general assembly. The receipts from miscellaneous sources for the two years beginning July 1, 1909, are estimated by the auditor of public accounts at \$5,500,000, making a total of \$6,758,076.57, derivable from sources other than taxation. As the amount of revenue which can be raised at the present rate of taxation upon the present property valuation of the state is, approximately, \$12,500,000, it is apparent that the appropriations made by the present general assembly shall exceed \$19,000,000, either the assessed valuation of property or the rate of the tax thereon will have to be increased for the next biennial period over those obtaining for the past four years.

Interest on Public Funds.

"The amount of interest turned into the state treasury by the retiring state treasurer, Hon. John F. Smulski, up to September 30, 1908, the end of the last quarter, was \$1,285,165. It is estimated that by the close of the term of office of the retiring state treasurer this amount will be brought up to \$1,800,000. Prior to January 1, 1905, the amount of interest received on balances in the credit of other state departments and institutions was \$614.38. With the beginning of my administration, the policy was adopted of retaining all interest on funds deposited in their credit in various banks. Since the adoption of this policy, interest has been received from this source amounting approximately to \$85,720."

Necessity for the appointment of a revenue commission is pointed out, with the declaration that measures must be adopted whereby the state revenues may be increased in the growing demands for state expenditures.

"I submit for the consideration of the general assembly the question of the adoption of the policy of segregating all revenues from the operation of a system of state licenses and for the taxation of corporate capital and earnings to provide a revenue for the support of the state government."

Revenue Commission.

"The admitted inequalities of the present state revenue system led to the recommendation in my biennial message of 1907 of the appointment of a revenue commission. In the session following, a measure providing for the appointment of such a commission was enacted. Unfortunately, a report on the subject, following the appointment upon the commission members of the general assembly were found to be unconstitutional and necessary to be repealed. An investigation of the system of assessments and taxation for state and local purposes; a complete compilation of laws now in force in Illinois bearing upon the subject of taxation; the hearing of complaints and obtaining information showing the inequalities of the present system; an inquiry into systems of taxation in other states; and a report to the governor with drafts of bills embodying the recommendations of the commission, to be transmitted by the governor to the general assembly.

"I am thoroughly convinced of the necessity for revenue revision and again urge upon the general assembly the consideration of the question of appointing a revenue commission with duties similar to those embodied in the measure referred to."

Primary Elections.

Defects in the primary election law are shown to exist, the chief being the opportunity afforded members of one party to vote at the primary elections, and thus in a measure to control the election of another. An amendment to the law, which will curtail or destroy the present evils, is offered.

Work done by the railroad and warehouse commission is commended, and the commission is declared to have become one of the most important departments of the state government.

The governor says: "In my judgment a statute should be enacted specifically providing that interurban railroads are to be considered railroads within the meaning of the state law, and that all laws applicable to railroads shall be applicable to interurban roads (so-called) whether operated by steam or other motive power. The Illinois Central railroad commission should be given power to prescribe rules and regulations the method of installing telegraph and telephone wires, and especially trolley wires, and the conditions of their crossing over each other and over the railroad tracks. The high voltage carried by some of these wires is a constant menace to life if not properly protected. The supervision ought also to be extended to wires carrying power for commercial purposes."

The enactment of a measure prohibiting the construction of railroads modeled after the national law, is urged.

Illinois Central Railroad Case.

The status of the case of the state against the Illinois Central Railroad Company is reviewed, and the message says: "It is likely that there will be such a disposition of the case now pending before the circuit court of LaSalle county that it will be known before the adjournment of the present general assembly whether any additional expenditure will be required for the continuation of the litigation by the state against the company."

Changes in the laws governing the subject of insurance, the governor says, should be very carefully and judiciously considered, and no existing condition should be disturbed unless there is a well defined and evident necessity for such change. The enactment of a law creating the office of fire marshal is presented for favorable consideration.

On the subject of fraternal insurance societies the governor declares: "The remarkable growth and development of the fraternal insurance business, the confusion of indemnity in force, the number of societies, and the variety of plans, in operation and proposed, for the conduct of this business, call for careful consideration by the general assembly. Many recommendations are made.

Geological Survey.

Good work of the geological survey, and the necessity for its continuance, are pointed out at length.

The educational system of the state is reviewed, and the message continues: "A general revision of the law under which this important branch of the public service is now administered is highly desirable in accordance with the confusion in which the school laws of the state have fallen by reason of their multiplicity and lack of uniformity and consistency."

The educational commission has, after exhaustive studies, proposed certain recommendations in regard to improving the public school system of the state. Among these are the creation of a state board of education, a new plan for the certification of teachers, the township

ILLINOIS HAPPENINGS

Springfield.—Andrew Russel of Jacksonville, state treasurer-elect, filed with the secretary of state his official bond in the sum of \$1,000,000. The following are the sureties: Millard F. Dunlap, John Cherry, Sr.; John Cherry, Jr.; Joseph J. Sheppard, John S. Sheppard, George L. Merrill, John Flynn, William B. Rexroat, William F. Mosley, William Nunez, Thomas B. Orer, John J. Robertson, B. A. Eckhart, John J. Hamilton, Joseph F. Ketter and Henry Oakes.

Peoria.—Two extra freight trains on the Chicago & Northwestern collided head on near a siding known as Lime-done, four miles northwest of this city. Three trainmen were instantly killed, one was missing and believed to be in the wreckage, and two others were seriously injured. The dead are: Joe Curtin, engineer, Sterling, Ill.; R. Metzler, fireman, Virginia; J. A. Russell, brakeman, Sterling, Ill.; O. A. Houchins, brakeman, Sterling, Ill., was missing.

Chicago.—The "parole" system originated by Municipal Judge McKenzie Clejan was attacked in definite form. Acting on instructions from Chief Justice Harry Olson, Deputy Clerk Charles H. Krimbill, in charge of the municipal court, gave an order to issue a writ of habeas corpus for each person convicted unless the record of the case shows that definite action has been taken to stay the execution.

Springfield.—A jury in the circuit court decided that the attention paid to Miss Lulu Leyvson of New York city by H. P. Morris of this city (who mounted an engagement, Morris must pay Miss Leyvson \$500 for releasing her. Morris pleaded that he found out after the engagement the woman was his second cousin.

Chicago.—Three men were plunged into icy water and injured and a dozen others narrowly escaped being hurt when the bridge over the Illinois and Michigan canal at West Twenty-eighth street and Ashland avenue fell four feet because of the partial collapse of eight jackscrews with which it was being louvered.

Chicago.—War on Edwin G. Cooley, superintendent of public schools, reached a crisis when those members of the board of education who have been his persistent enemies leagued forces with the Chicago Teachers' federation and officials of the Art Institute in a movement to overthrow his rule in school affairs.

Winfield.—While excavating for a building on the farm of C. G. Phillips, near Winfield, Louis Kinkle uncovered the tomb of an Indian three feet below the surface. In the tomb were a number of stone axes, spears, flint arrow heads, beads and other Indian relics. The grave is on a hill overlooking the Dupage river.

Eureka.—Cornell Clayman, who lived in the northeastern part of Woodford county, committed suicide by shooting himself while lying sick in bed. He had the revolver under his pillow and when opportunity offered put a bullet in his head. He was 28 years old and leaves a widow and young child.

Chicago.—State's Attorney John E. W. Wayman took a hand in the prosecution of election-fraud cases when he ordered that the cases of Jacob Adler, former saloonkeeper of the First ward, and several other politicians indicted with him over two years ago be placed on trial in the criminal court.

Edwardsville.—A blinding snow-storm caused a collision between a passenger train and a freight train on the Wabash railroad near here. Elmer Adams, engineer of the passenger, was severely injured and all the passengers were shaken or bruised.

Litchfield.—Fire, originating in the big department store of L. W. Cline & Co., in an hour laid building and stock waste, threatened the lives of a number of employees, wrecked the business structures on either side, entailing a total loss of over \$100,000.

Monmouth.—As a result of asphyxiation Avery Worden, 95 years old, is dead, and his wife, daughter and granddaughter are in a serious condition at Roseville, near here. The flu epidemic is spreading.

Chicago.—Paul Zaabel, member of the house at Springfield, died at his home at 815 West Taylor street. Mr. Zaabel's last legislative act was to vote for Speaker Shurtleff, being carried into the house on a cot.

Chicago.—Mrs. Rebecca Tebbets Moore, aged 32, daughter of Lewis B. Tebbets, a wealthy implement dealer, petitioned the St. Louis circuit court for a divorce from Thomas S. Moore, aged 41.

Sterling.—Over 100 farmers living along the Illinois-Mississippi canal in Whiteside and Bureau counties have made a demand for \$375,000 from the government, claiming that seepage from the canal has damaged their lands to that extent.

Danville.—Mystery surrounded the death of Edward Erickson at East Lynn. It is asserted that East Lynn that the man died from crushed glass taken in whisky at an East Lynn saloon.

Springfield.—Swift & Co. of Chicago certified to the secretary of state to an increase of capital stock from \$50,000,000 to \$60,000,000.

Western Canada's 1908 Crop Will Give to the Farmers of West a Splendid Return.

The following interesting bit of information appeared in a Montreal paper:

"Last December, in reviewing the year 1907, we had to record a wheat harvest considerably smaller in volume than in the previous year. Against ninety millions in 1906 the wheat crop of the West in 1907 only totaled some seventy-one million bushels, and much of this of inferior quality. But the price averaged high, and the total result to the farmers was not unprofitable. This year we have to record by far the largest wheat crop in the country's history. Estimates vary as to the exact figure, but it is certainly not less than one hundred million bushels, and in all probability it reaches one hundred and ten million bushels. The quality, moreover, is good, and the price obtained very high, so that in all respects the Western harvest of 1908 has been a memorable one. The result upon the commerce and finance of the country is again apparent. The railways are again reporting increases in traffic, the general trade of the community has become active after twelve months' quiet, and the banks are loosening their purse strings to meet the demand for money. The prospects for 1909 are excellent. The credit of the country never stood so high. The immigrants of 1907 and 1908 have now been absorbed into the industrial and agricultural community, and wise regulations are in force to prevent too great an influx next year. Large tracts of new country will be opened up by the Grand Trunk Pacific both in East and West. If the seasons are favorable the Western wheat crop should reach one hundred and twenty million bushels. The prospects for next year seem very fair."

Live Stock Commission.

"The Forty-fifth general assembly enacted legislation giving the live stock commission jurisdiction over animals suspected of being affected with any disease that might render their carcasses unfit for human consumption. This is the first legislation conferring upon the commission powers which are to be exercised in the protection of the public health. It has resulted in a great enlargement of the jurisdiction of the commission and necessitates the employment of a much larger force in disposing of the increased volume of business.

"Ovine tuberculosis, which for years worked unchecked among the dairy and breeding herds of the state, and which is now attacking other classes of animals brought in contact with diseased cattle, is a serious and may be eradicated with the intelligent use of tuberculin and the prevention of new infection by closing the channels through which it is brought into the state."

The governor urges the supreme importance of a bill providing for the inspection of slaughter houses throughout the state.

State Architect.

Attention is called to the inadequacy of the compensation paid the state architect in these words: "Owing to the inadequacy of compensation, the state architect, whose report will be filed with the present general assembly, tendered his resignation more than six months ago, but at my urgent solicitation, continued in the state's service until December 31. His work has been performed in the most efficient and scrupulously honest and at financial sacrifice and it is unfortunate that the state has not been able to retain his services. The general assembly should provide such a compensation that will enable the state to procure and retain the services of a competent, experienced and thoroughly reliable official in this important office."

National Guard.

On the subject of the National Guard of Illinois, Gov. Deneen says: "The organization of the National Guard is at this time the same as that of the United States army, comprising the national, brigade and regimental organizations. Its equipment is nearly the same as that of the regular army, and should be made the same."

"The National Guard has been incorporated as a part of the national forces and the United States is exerting every effort to perfect its efficiency."

"The Illinois National Guard is recognized by the war department as the most efficient organization of its kind in the United States and it is entitled to the earnest and liberal support of the citizens of Illinois."

"The efficiency of the National Guard was signally demonstrated during the recent riots at Springfield, a detailed account of which is contained in the report of the adjutant general. A situation entirely beyond the power of the local civil authorities and which threatened to culminate in the loss of many lives and the destruction of much property, was quickly brought under control with the arrival of the first companies of the National Guard. From the moment the rioters were brought face to face with the regular troops, the disturbance abated and normal conditions were speedily restored. The National Guard can be depended on to meet such emergencies."

The message concludes:

Increased Appropriations.

"The increased work imposed upon various institutions and departments by the growth of the public business, has led many of them, in their reports to submit to the general assembly requests for additional appropriations. I call the attention of your honorable body to this matter, which should receive careful consideration at your hands."

Executive Expenditures.

"For a statement of expenditures made by me for this department from funds subject to my order, your attention is directed to the biennial report of the auditor of public accounts for the period ending September 30, 1908. Vouchers for all such expenditures have been filed in the auditor's office."

Fraternity.

The true resistance of man against catastrophes is an augmentation of humanity. Love one another, aid one another. Solidarity of men is the retort to complicity of mysterious facts. It is thus that is established on earth the third term of the grand human formula: Fraternity. Governments put obstacles in the way of liberty and equality; they will come in their time, in spite of the monarchy; equality in spite of the aristocracy. But fraternity is the opening door, the emptying purse, the helping hand. How may this be prevented?—Victor Hugo.

WESTERN CANADA'S 1908 CROP WILL GIVE TO THE FARMERS OF WEST A SPLENDID RETURN.

The following interesting bit of information appeared in a Montreal paper:

"Last December, in reviewing the year 1907, we had to record a wheat harvest considerably smaller in volume than in the previous year. Against ninety millions in 1906 the wheat crop of the West in 1907 only totaled some seventy-one million bushels, and much of this of inferior quality. But the price averaged high, and the total result to the farmers was not unprofitable. This year we have to record by far the largest wheat crop in the country's history. Estimates vary as to the exact figure, but it is certainly not less than one hundred million bushels, and in all probability it reaches one hundred and ten million bushels. The quality, moreover, is good, and the price obtained very high, so that in all respects the Western harvest of 1908 has been a memorable one. The result upon the commerce and finance of the country is again apparent. The railways are again reporting increases in traffic, the general trade of the community has become active after twelve months' quiet, and the banks are loosening their purse strings to meet the demand for money. The prospects for 1909 are excellent. The credit of the country never stood so high. The immigrants of 1907 and 1908 have now been absorbed into the industrial and agricultural community, and wise regulations are in force to prevent too great an influx next year. Large tracts of new country will be opened up by the Grand Trunk Pacific both in East and West. If the seasons are favorable the Western wheat crop should reach one hundred and twenty million bushels. The prospects for next year seem very fair."

An interesting letter is received from Cardston, Alberta (Western Canada), written to an agent of the Canadian Government, any of whom will be pleased to advise correspondents of the low rates that may be allowed intending settlers.

"Cardston, December 21st, 1908.

"Dear Sir: Now that my threshing is done, and the question 'What Will the Harvest Be' has become a certainty, I wish to report to you the results thereof, believing it will be of interest to you. You know I am only a novice in the agricultural line, and do not wish you to think I am boasting because of my success, for some of my neighbors have done much better than I have, and I expect to do much better next year myself. My winter wheat went 63 bushels per acre—and graded No. 1. My spring wheat went 48 1/2 bushels per acre, and graded No. 1. My oats went 97 bushels per acre, and are fine as any oats I ever saw. My stock is all nice and fat, and are out in the field picking their own three square meals a day. The weather is nice and warm, no snow—and very little frost. This, in short, is an ideal country for farmers and stockmen. The stock requires no shelter or winter feeding, and cattle fatten on this grass and make the finest kind of beef, better than corn fed cattle in Ills. Southwestern Alberta will soon be known as the farmers' paradise; and I am only sorry I did not come here five years ago. Should a famine ever strike North America, I will be among the last to starve—and you can count on that.

"I thank you for the personal assistance you rendered me while coming in here, and I assure you I shall not soon forget your kind offices."

THE COMMON STRAIN.

The stress of life may touch some lightly, may appear to pass others by, but most men whom we meet, with whom we deal, who work for us or for whom we work, know well the common stress of humanity. If in all our human relations this thought could be kept before us it would revolutionize life. We would be humanized—ennobled. We would care for men as men. We could not escape the transforming realization of an actual brotherhood if we recalled and thought upon the undeniable fact of our own part in the universal brotherhood of the common strain—Schuyler C. Woodhull, in The Bellman.

There is more Cattarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Cattarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Cattarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circular and testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for Constipation.

Used Dolls to Set Fashions.

Long before women's newspapers were started, and fashion plates in their modern form were thought of, women derived their knowledge of the fashions from dolls dressed in modern costumes, which were sent from one country to another, more especially from Paris, which then, as now, was the leading center of the mode.

FILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.

PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of itching, blind, bleeding or Phlegmizing Files in 6 to 14 days or money refunded, 50c.

It is not what we intend, but what we do makes us useful.—More.

Lewis' Single Binder straight S cigar is good quality all the time. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Even a fast man may not make a rapid recovery when he's ill.

If Your Feet Ache or Burn get a 25c package of Allen's Foot-Paste, it gives quick relief. Two million packages sold yearly.

Smiles make a better salve for trouble than do frowns.

Habitual Constipation

May be permanently overcome by proper personal efforts with the assistance of the one truly beneficial laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs & Elixir of Senna which enables one to form regular habits daily so that assistance to nature may be gradually dispensed with when no longer needed, as the best of remedies when required are to assist nature, and not to supplant the natural functions, which must depend ultimately upon proper nourishment, proper efforts, and right living generally. To get its beneficial effects always buy the Genuine, MANUFACTURED BY THE CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. SOLD BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS. ONE SIZE ONLY—REGULAR PRICE 50¢ PER BOTTLE.

Pettit's Eye Salve for Over 100 Years

has been used for congested and inflamed eyes, removes film or scum over the eyes. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

A good detective makes light of his ability as a shadow.

DODDS KIDNEY PILLS

ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
BRUISED BACK
BRIGHT'S DISEASE
DIABETES

"375" Guaranteed

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

BILLION'S GRASS

Costs 60c-80c per acre for seed.

Most wonderful grass of the century, yielding from 8 to 12 tons per acre and every lot of pasture available. It simply grows, grows, grows! Cut today and in 4 weeks it looks for the next season, and so on. Grows and flourishes everywhere, every farm in America. Cheap as dirt, luxurious to the livestock, and easy to grow. But seed outside free or send 10c in stamps and receive sample of this wonderful grass, also of Silesia, the best winter barley, oats, clovers, grasses, etc., etc., and cattle and sheep feed. We will add a sample farm seed never seen by you before.

SALZER SEED CO., Box W, La Crosse, Wis.

WE HAVE PLACED ON SALE the famous Jacob Banelo, an old Spanish grant consisting of 12,000 beautiful acres of fruit and vineyard lands in Kings County, California. We have the best lands in California. Write for booklets. California City Land Company, 465 South Spring Street, Los Angeles, California.

LANDS FOR SALE in Texas and Mexico. Truck, farm, ranch, irrigated timber and mineral lands. All nice tracts, all kinds of property from 500 acre up. For further information, write me. We can please you. Stage & Major, Rooms 25-26, City Nat. Bank Bldg., Corpus Christi, Texas.

BLOODPOISONS—Irish Wolfhounds—Box 75—Hicksville, Long Island, N.Y.

WRITE for our New Year's number entitled "Golden Opportunity." It is a valuable issue. Co-Operative Seed and Fruit Growers' Association (Incorporated), Metropolitan, Minneapolis, Minn.

Watson E. Coleman's "Winnipeg" hair and scalp restorative. Write for circular and testimonials. Address: J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for Constipation.

For Lameness in Horses

Much of the chronic lameness in horses is due to neglect. See that your horse is not allowed to go lame. Keep Sloan's Liniment on hand and apply at the first signs of stiffness. It's wonderfully penetrating—goes right to the spot—relieves the soreness—limbers up the joints and makes the muscles elastic and pliant.

Sloan's Liniment

will kill a spavin, curb or splint, reduce wind puffs and swollen joints, and is a sure and speedy remedy for fistula, sweeney, founder and thrush. Price, 50c. and \$1.00

Dr. Earl S. Sloan. - Boston, Mass.

Sloan's book on horses, cattle, sheep and poultry sent free.

PISO'S CUR

BAD COLDS

are the forerunners of dangerous diseases of the throat and lungs. If you have a cough, you can stop it with PISO'S Cure. If you suffer from hoarseness, sore throat, bronchitis or pains in the lung, PISO'S Cure will soon restore the irritated throat and lungs to normal, healthy condition. An ideal remedy for children. Free from opiates and dangerous ingredients. For half a century the sovereign remedy in thousands of homes. Even chronic forms of lung disease.

RESPOND TO PISO'S CURE

PISO'S CURE

WESTERN CANADA

Much less would be satisfactory. The general average is about twenty bushels. "All are loud in their praises of the great crops and the wonderful country."—Extract from correspondence National Editorial Association of August, 1908.

It is now possible to secure a homestead of 160 acres free and another 160 acres at \$3.00 per acre. Hundreds have paid the cost of their farms (if purchased) and then had a balance from \$100 to \$120.00 per acre from one crop. Wheat, barley, oats, flax—all do well. Mixed farming is a great success and dairying is highly profitable. Excellent climate, splendid schools and churches, all ways bring most every district within easy reach of market. Railway and land companies have lands for sale at low prices and on easy terms.

"Last Best West" pamphlets and maps sent free. For these and information as to how to secure lowest railway rates, apply to freight agent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or the authorized Canadian Government Agent:

C. J. BROUGHTON, 412 Merchants' Loan & Trust Bldg., Chicago, Ill.; W. H. ROGERS, third floor, 215 N. Dearborn, Indianapolis, Ind.; or T. V. CURRIE, 150 3rd Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

PLANTEN'S TRADE MARK C & C OR CAPSULES

SUPERIOR REMEDY FOR URINARY DISCHARGES DRUGGISTS OR BY MAIL ON RECEIPT 50c

H. PLANTEN & SON, 39 HERRY ST. BROOKLYN, N.Y.

WE PAY LARGE DIVIDENDS

Our business is well established; to increase our working capital we offer a limited amount of treasury stock at \$10 for one thousand shares, cash of instalments; paid and expected ultimate value \$100; stock full paid and non-assessable; investment and dividends guaranteed and secured by real estate; unquestioned references. Write for information and free booklet of Colorado records.

THE GUARANTY REALTY ASSOCIATION, 1847 1/2th Street, BOULDER, COLORADO.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleaves and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never fails to restore gray hair to its youthful color. Cures scalp disease & hair falling out. 25c and \$1.00 at Druggists.

FOR SALE—Nine hundred acres fine orange land, frostless, all leveled ready for trees, partly planted, close to Riverside, California. The best piece of land in the state for the orange only. For further information and choice orange groves to sell on easy terms. Can fit you out. J. A. KING, Riverside, California.

LADY AGENTS—\$12 made in one day by one of our best agents; many others average \$5 or more per day. No profit limit. Every man and woman a possible buyer of many every year. No outfit necessary. Write for full particulars to the company, Dept. B, 105 Park Avenue, New York City.

TRADE MARK PATENTS RUPTURE

Hold While You Work Sawn Cured by Dr. Westbrook M B 244

It is afflicted with...

Thompson's Eye Water

A. N. K.—A (1909-4) 2266.

KINGSTON NEWS

FRED P. SMITH, CORRESPONDENT

Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Shaffer were here from Sycamore last Saturday.

Joe Euhus, after a siege of sickness, is able to resume his duties at the tower.

Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd McCliland are proud parents of a son born last week.

Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Tazewell entertained her cousin, Miss Ethel Steele, last week.

The ladies of the Baptist church will hold their bazaar, Thursday, Feb. 18, in their church.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Bell have rented the house recently vacated by Homer Witter and family.

Mrs. John Vosburg went to see her mother and brothers in Pierce township Friday of last week.

Mrs. Ide Vandeburg will entertain the O. E. S. club for dinner at her home, Saturday, Jan. 30.

Mrs. R. C. Beason returned last Saturday from Oak Park where she had spent two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Chellgreen and daughter, Leona, returned from Woodhull last week Thursday.

Miss Amy Pond of Genoa was a guest of her cousin, Miss Jessie Pond, Wednesday evening of last week.

Miss Mabel Byers was absent this week from school duties on account of the illness of her mother.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira Nichols and children were guests of her sister, Mrs. Otto Swanson, and husband at Fairdale Sunday.

Mrs. Nancy Scott went to Rockford Sunday to spend a

number of weeks with her daughter, Mrs. Edith Brewer.

Leon Uplinger left Sunday evening for Sherburne, Minn., where he will spend a few weeks with his numerous relatives.

Miss Maude Benson was confined to the house last week on account of an accident Tuesday evening in which her ankle was hurt.

Mrs. Lucy Wind and infant daughter came out from Chicago Wednesday evening of last week to be guests of her father, James Stuart.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Carlson attended the farewell given Rev. M. Frykman, pastor of the Swedish Lutheran church in Sycamore last week Thursday evening.

Mr. Green of Denver, Colorado, spent a few days in town last week. He gave a short talk to the high school and grammar school pupils, descriptive of his twelve years in the navy and of his four trips around the world.

Relatives and friends have received cards to attend the wedding of Bernie C. Saum to Miss Zela Mae Rote in Maywood, Nebr., Wednesday, Feb. 3. Bernie is a former Kingston boy and has many friends here who will wish him much happiness.

V. Gustavison and daughters have rented the Branch farm and took possession last week, moving their goods from Sycamore.

Mrs. H. F. Branch and daughter, Polly, after their sale, will become residents of our village and will occupy the rooms vacated by Mr. and Mrs. John Uplinger.

Cemetery Treasurer's Report

Genoa, Ill., Jan. 11, 1909.

To the Trustees of Genoa Cemetery:

Gentlemen:—I herewith submit for your approval report of receipts and expenditures for the Genoa Cemetery since my last report.

1908

Jan. 10 Balance rendered.....\$337 11

RECEIPTS

Jan. 13 L. W. Pratt note and interest paid by John Pratt..... 14.60

Feb. 20 Interest to date from A. Bresse..... 10.00

Mar. 28 Mary C. Stanley, lot 29..... 25.00

May 7 A. E. Pickett, n 8 ft lot 121..... 10.00

June 6 A. D. Blagden, lot 94..... 25.00

July 30 Emma C. Corson, lot 317..... 50.00

Nov. 11 B. Lettow (pd 1-29-07) lot 288..... 25.00

18 Minna Dander, lot 294..... 50.00

\$546 71

EXPENDITURES

Mar. 2 Chris Laumann, shoveling snow.....\$ 5.00

Apr. 7 Reg. Oakes, labor..... 9.00

24 Wm. Jeffery, labor..... 5.25

28 C. D. Schoonmaker, order blanks and receipts..... 1.50

Alex Ambost, labor..... .75

May 1 S. Abraham, sexton..... 25.00

4 Joseph Kerwin, labor..... 4.50

12 Joseph Kerwin, labor..... 2.25

16 Charles Witherell, labor..... 1.50

18 Alex Ambost, labor..... 6.00

Joseph Kerwin, labor..... 2.25

21 S. Abraham, sexton..... 10.00

25 Otto Schneider, labor..... 6.75

Alex Ambost, labor..... 7.05

June 1 Joseph Kerwin, labor..... 7.12

Joseph Kerwin, labor..... 6.75

Perkins & Rosenfeld, mds..... 15.03

2 C. D. Schoonmaker, publishing statement..... 3.00

3 Alex Ambost, labor..... 7.12

8 S. Abraham, sexton..... 20.00

10 Otto Schneider, labor..... 12.75

23 Otto Schneider, labor..... 4.50

25 S. Abraham, sexton..... 15.00

Wm. Confer, labor..... .75

27 Jerry Patterson, labor..... 1.25

Verne Crawford, labor..... .75

Otto Schneider, labor..... 6.00

July 1 Nels Johnson, labor..... 1.00

3 S. Abraham, sexton..... 10.00

Alex Ambost, labor..... 4.50

17 Alex Ambost, labor..... 3.75

Alex Ambost, labor..... 6.75

24 Alex Ambost, labor..... 6.00

25 Jas. J. Hammond, supplies..... 6.13

31 Tibbitts, Cameron Lumber Co., lumber..... 2.32

Aug. 5 C. Fay, labor..... 3.50

8 Clive Watson, labor..... .75

25 Wm. Slaughter, labor..... 3.75

Wm. Slaughter, labor..... 4.13

Sep. 16 Wm. Slaughter, labor..... 3.75

Wm. Slaughter, labor..... 4.50

1909

Jan. 11 Balance..... 302.56

546.71

Besides above cash balance I hold for said Cemetery notes with interest accrued amounting to \$1,489.07. I know of no indebtedness against said Cemetery.

Approved Jan. 12, 1909. Respectfully submitted,
DILLON S. BROWN C. A. BROWN, Treas.
FRANK H. JACKMAN } Trustees
JAMES E. STOTT }

BURLINGTON

J. J. Connors was at Freeport Tuesday.

Byron Knief is able to be about the house.

M. Miller has gone to Forrester to work.

Arthur Roath was a Hampshire caller Tuesday.

Fred Peterson is filling his ice-house this week.

Albert Gliddon has purchased the Peter Butz farm.

Herman Pfingsten was a business caller at Genoa last Thursday.

Miss Edith Thompson was home from Naperville over Sunday.

C. C. Godfrey transacted business in Chicago the first of the week.

The Eminent ladies will meet at Kirk's hall Saturday afternoon, January 23.

Miss Amelia Livingston spent Saturday and Sunday at her home at Carpentersville.

Albert Leitchart of Schaumburg was the guest of L. Knief and family over Sunday.

There was a large crowd at the masquerade last Saturday evening and a pleasant evening was enjoyed by all.

P. Wallace and daughter, Ella, spent several days of the past week with Mr. and Mrs. R. Flanagan of Chicago.

An elaborate dinner was served at the church parlors Thursday noon by Mesdames C. Wall, M. Lawrence, J. Thompson, P. Rafferty and L. Schairer.

No charge for cashing checks on Marengo, Sycamore or Belvidere at Farmers' State Bank, Genoa. Also interest on deposits. No charge for issuing drafts.

South Riley

Walter Miller was in Marengo Monday.

H. H. Barber visited with Mrs. Sears Friday.

Mrs. Glen Buck was a Chicago visitor Friday.

Miss Belle Colton visited at home Sunday.

Aunt Sally Buck is confined to her bed with grip.

Will Stockwell is visiting his brother for a few days.

Miss Connie Cash has returned from a visit at Freeport.

Dell Sears has been called to Iowa on account of his sister's illness.

The chicken pie supper at Riley

was not very largely attended.

The proceeds were \$10.00.

While driving home from Marengo a line broke causing the team which Thomas Ratfield was driving to run away. Mr. Ratfield was thrown from his wagon but fortunately escaped any serious injuries.

The funeral services of Mrs. Oscar Anderson were held at Riley Center Saturday afternoon. Rev. Fisher preached a very appropriate sermon. The floral offerings were many and beautiful. She leaves to mourn their loss a husband and four children. Mr. Anderson has been very sick through all this trouble which makes it doubly hard for them to bear. Our sympathy goes out to them in this their hour of trouble.

**HONEST
GOODS
RIGHT PRICES**

That's the motto we have established and the one we intend to stick to. It is easy for us to say this, and it will be just as easy to prove it if you will give us the opportunity. A trial order will convince you that we mean just what we say. It's the business we're after, but it must be earned by good goods, right prices and prompt delivery. Just give us a trial on a hurry-up order.

FRED J. SCHMIDT

**FOR COUGHS KING OF CURES FOR GOLDS
THE WONDER WORKER**

FOR THROAT DR. KING'S AND LUNGS

NEW DISCOVERY

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

PREVENTS PNEUMONIA

I had the most debilitating cough a mortal was ever afflicted with, and my friends expected that when I left my bed it would surely be for my grave. Our doctor pronounced my case incurable, but thanks be to God, four bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery cured me so completely that I am all sound and well.—MRS. EVA UNCAPHER, Grovertown, Ind.

Price 50c and \$1.00 **ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED!** Trial Bottle Free

**SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY
L. E. CARMICHAEL**

READ THIS LIST

- | | |
|---|---|
| Hard Coal | Soft Coal |
| Genuine Scranton | Black Band, "The Best" |
| EGG-For Furnaces | Hocking Valley, "Always Reliable" |
| RANGE-For Furnaces and Large Heaters | Benton Lump, High Quality, Low Price |
| NUT-For Small Heters | Carterville Washed Egg For Cook Stoves |
| BUCKWHEAT-For Banking Fires | Lilly Valley, Smithing |

All Good Coals--Carefully Screened--Full Weight

SOLD BY

Jackman & Son

PHONE 57

IF OTHER SOURCES HAVE FAILED YOU, TELL YOUR TROUBLES TO COHOON.

- IF IT IS A**
- Wagon
 - Gas Engine
 - Steam Engine
 - Hay Press
 - Sewing Machine
 - Talking Machine
 - Farm Machinery
 - Farm Tools

that you want, or repairs for any of them, if its sewing machine needles, phonograph records, or anything under the sun that comes in his large line, talk to him and he will help you out of the trouble. It is prompt and courteous treatment that has built up his business.

E. H. Cohoon & Co.

COUGH

- Drops, Troches,
- Bronchial Lozenges

I keep a full line of all the popular kinds of Cough Syrups. My stock is in the finest condition; everything fresh and new. Try a bottle of our White Pine and Tar Cough Syrup or a box of our bronchial tablets. They are the best obtainable.

**L. E. CARMICHAEL
DRUGGIST**

CLEARANCE SALE

OUR JANUARY SALE BEGINS SATURDAY, JAN. 9

All winter goods at a big discount, such as Ladies' Coats, Skirts and Furs; Misses' and Children's Coats, Bonnets, Toques and Hoods; Ladies' Iderdown Sacques, Fleece Wrappers; Ladies' Shawls and Facinators, Sweaters, etc. See our prices, and then call and see our goods before you buy. We can save you money.

Ladies' Coats	Ladies' Skirts
\$25.00 Coats at	\$16.00 \$7.50 Skirts at
20.00 " "	14.75 6.00 " "
18.00 " "	12.50 5.00 " "
15.00 " "	10.50 4.00 " "
11.00 " "	7.50 3.00 " "
7.50 " "	5.50 2.00 " "

Furs at 40 per cent Discount

Misses Coats	Children's and Infant's Coats
\$10.00 Coats at	\$7.50 \$6.50 Coats at
8.00 " "	6.00 5.50 " "
6.50 " "	4.25 4.00 " "
5.00 " "	3.00 2.50 " "

50c Toques now.....38c
\$1.00 Bonnets now.....75c
50c " " " ".....38c

Infants Knit Jackets of Wool and Silks, \$1.75 now.....\$1.15
" " " " " " \$1.50 now..... 1.00

Ladies' fancy Shawls and Facinators in all colors to go at a big discount. A big cut in Gents' and Boy's Sweaters.

Flannelettes and Wool Dress Goods These goods are to go regardless of cost. We want to clear our shelves of all winter goods. Call and see these items before you buy.

Butterick Patterns Always on Hand

JOHN LEMBKE
Genoa, - - - Illinois