

OF GENERAL INTEREST

ITEMS STOLEN FROM COLUMNS OF EXCHANGES

FORTY PERSONS POISONED

As the Result of Eating Tainted Meat at a Sunday School Picnic on the 4th of July

Arthur Larson and his team of two horses were killed by lightning in a field near Capron last Thursday afternoon.

One firm of strawberry growers at Rockford made one shipment of seven car loads to Milwaukee. Others also have been heavy shippers.

The enrollment at the Norma summer school has reached 480, the largest in the history of the school. 405 last year was the record up to the present time.

Four thousand pennies a week are dropped into peanut machines of Aurora, Batavia, Geneva and St. Charles. The machines are owned and operated by an Aurora man, Fred K. Miller.

By a recent school census taken Rockford claims a population of 46,385, which makes a big gain during the last year. Rockford is one of the best cities in Illinois and is growing at a gratifying pace.

E. C. Chandler of Sycamore has bought of James Brenan the two story brick building long occupied by Mr. Chandler as a cigar factory and store. The price paid is said to have been \$10,000.

The H. W. Gossard Co. has agreed with the people of Dixon to build their factory No. 2 at that place. It is the Belvidere corset concern and has developed more business than one factory can handle.

There have been over three hundred cases of accidental drowning already this season with the summer less than half gone. It will be a good idea to remember this when you or any member of your family appear disposed to get too gay around deep water.

The automobile is a dangerous machine. During the year 1906 there were 209 persons killed and 850 injured in automobile accidents. And so far this year 107 persons have been killed and 404 injured, and the automobile season has just fairly opened.

Secretary Rose calculates there are 15,000 automobiles in the state which at \$2.00 each per year for license fee under the new law, is going to turn \$30,000 into the state highway improvement fund. Looks like a fair sort of deal and no one seems to be objecting.

Forty persons were seriously and some of them perhaps fatally poisoned because of eating tainted meat served at a Sunday school picnic near Buda on the Fourth. Many were so sick that they could not be taken to town and were cared for at nearby farmhouses.

The bill appropriating \$500,000 for preliminary work for a new penitentiary at Joliet has been signed by Governor Deneen. This virtually assures the erection of the new institution and its removal from the present site to one more desirable but in the vicinity of Joliet.

For two hours Fourth of July morning the 1,500 inmates of the Joliet penitentiary indulged in games dear to their boyhood—base ball, jumping, wrestling, running races, and similar sports—in the prison yard. The convicts were given a special dinner with cigars and the privilege of writing letters. The women played games in the yard of their prison and enjoyed other special privileges.

FROM NEW ENGLAND

Fred Worcester Tells of Travels in Eastern States

Lake Quinsigamond, July 9, '07. Mr. Schoonmaker:

Do you wish a few items from old New England? I see so much of interest that I hardly know which subject to begin on.

Leaving Chicago at 1:45 p. m. on a Pullman sleeper I reached Toledo, O., about dark. In shifting our car from one train to another at Buffalo they jostled enough to waken me and although dawn was just breaking I could see a familiar soap factory sign and knew where I was at. Arrived at Albany fifteen minutes late. Crossed the Hudson river and followed the same for some distance before crossing the mountains of western Massachusetts. We changed cars at Springfield, Mass., for another state. The cars do not average as good as on lines west of Chicago. This is more noticeable on branch lines. One train had the old style water kettle but I did not see the boy passing through the cars with it.

The states here seem smaller even than they do on the map. Although very hilly, the wagon roads follow at the base of the hills and I have yet to find a grade harder to climb with bicycle or auto than you have on the road to Sycamore. I speak of the main state roads which are numerous and well graded and which surpass Lincoln park drives in beauty and utility.

Vermont and New Hampshire are not so well cared for as the states south of them, but the last legislature of New Hampshire authorized the beginning of a boulevard extending from the Massachusetts state road at Nashua to the White mountains, a distance of 150 miles. The automobile fee, which is \$5 is used in paying for these improvements. Electric lines are numerous and the old fashioned stage coaches are in regular use in some places. Farmers and city residents drive one horse almost entirely. Last week I saw a middle aged lady, well dressed, on an ordinary light farm wagon drawn by a yoke of oxen. There was a stationary umbrella on the seat. There was a double track rail road at her left with moving trains, autos were meeting and passing her but she sat there reading a magazine and paying no more attention to her surroundings than if she had been on her own porch at home.

There was a big celebration at Lowell on the Fourth. They commenced it with bonfires at sundown on the 3rd. There were auto races, a night parade, day parade, noise and fire works without stint. Cow bells carried on a string and dangling just enough to strike the granite blocks of the pavement seemed a favorite method of making noise, only cannon crackers could have added to the din. The day parade consisted of officers and police, city officials, firemen, a large body of New Hampshire state militia, state and religious schools, fraternal orders, Indians, colored people, "Men of the Day", "Women of the Day", etc.

Noting the letter from the Pacific coast in your last issue I started this but have run out of ink so will ring off.

F. M. WORCESTER.

Farm for Sale or Rent

I offer for sale or rent my farm of 160 acres, located on Derby line, 3 miles from Genoa and one mile from Charter Grove. Good buildings, fences, well and cistern water. All land under plow. Inquire of M. Heine, one mile south of Genoa. Will sell on time if desired.

IS THE LOGICAL MAN

E. D. SHURTLEFF WILL BE CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR

IS FAVORITE IN THESE PARTS

His Legislative Training and Intimate Knowledge of State Affairs are Strong Arguments

Judging from the actions of friends of the speaker of the lower house in several counties, Edward D. Shurtleff of Marengo can hardly keep out of the gubernatorial race without causing great disappointment.

This state of affairs just suits us, and nothing would suit the Republican-Journal better than to see the Marengo man fill the executive chair. We believe he could fill the chair, too. There is not a man in the state today who is better acquainted with the affairs of the state.

Any ordinary man who has been speaker of the house two terms could not prevent absorbing some knowledge of the state's needs and become acquainted with the methods of procedure in the proper governing of the state.

But in Mr. Shurtleff we have no ordinary man. From the very opening of his political career he has shown unusual ability as a legislator and executive. He has not only absorbed knowledge, but with all the vim characteristic of his nature he has gone after it. He is a man without axes to grind, has a clean record behind him, a bright prospect in front of him. He is the logical candidate and when he says the word there are enough friends and admirers to start the ball rolling.

"YOUNG PATRIOTS"

Lecture on Above Subject at A. C. Church Sunday Evening

Eunice Cusick Haly of Wheaton, Ill., the young woman orator and dramatic reader, will speak on the subject "Young Patriots" and discuss vital questions in social life at the Advent Christian church on Sunday evening, July 21, at eight o'clock. It will be a union meeting of the A. C. and M. E. congregations, and everyone is invited.

Eunice Cusick Haly is a graduate of Century School or Oratory, Chicago. She is a forceful speaker and is accomplishing great good for the temperance cause.

No Bounty Until September

The late legislature passed a law in which provision is made for a bounty on woodchucks, crows and crow eggs. However, no bounty will be allowed in this county until September as no provision can be made for such until the board of supervisors meet. Town Clerk T. G. Sager was notified to this effect Monday.

Foundation Completed

The foundation for the Thompson piano factory was completed Monday. The job required fifty-two cords of Joliet stone, the wall being eleven feet high at the south-west corner and ten feet at the north-west corner.

Green Bug at Sterling

Farmers residing north of Sterling report that millions of the destructive green bugs have invaded the oats, rye and wheat fields and are doing a fearful amount of damage, in many fields destroying acres of oats. The bugs get into the rye and wheat heads and literally suck the juices from the stem, killing it. The operations in the oats field is similar. When the sap is pulled from the oats it first turns yellow and then brown, the grain dying.

WORK ON HAMPSHIRE PLANT

Building will be Completed Before Snow Flies—Cost \$25,000

Work on the mammoth factory for the Borden Condensed Milk company at Hampshire commenced Monday morning. Before snow flies it is expected that the giant concern will be in full operation. The total cost of the structure will be \$26,000.

The plant will differ somewhat in style from other Borden plants in the country, several new ideas being adopted in the plans. The mammoth smokestack will bear the word Borden in large white letters reading down the stack.

The proposed condensing plant will be one of the largest in the country.

REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE

Wm. Bell Offers South Dakota Land for Genoa Property

Wm. Bell, the Kingston real estate dealer and auctioneer, will move to Genoa and desires a house and lot here. He offers in exchange for good property the following: N. E. 1/4 sec., of 34-120-78 in Potter county and N. W. 1/4 sec., of 4-113-73 in Potter county, S. D. Will put in one or both sections to suit conditions. Any one interested call on or address Mr. Bell at Kingston.

Rockford Chautauqua

The Rockford Chautauqua will hold its sixth annual session at Harlem Park, Rockford, Ill., August 17-September 1, 1907. The program as arranged is considered the strongest in its history and includes among the lecturers William J. Bryan; Gov. Henry A. Buchtel, of Colorado; Gov. Albert J. Cummings, of Iowa; Dr. William J. Dawson, Rev. Walt A. Holcomb, Dr. Daniel W. Howell, Col. H. W. J. Ham, United States Senator Robert M. LaFollette, Mrs. Leonora M. Lake, Dr. W. H. Main, Kokichi Morimoto, Dr. David Paulson, Dr. Chas. A. Payne, Dr. George R. Stuart, Dr. E. Hez Swem, and many others. Among the entertainers are Fred Held, Orpheus Jubilee Singers, Slayton Jubilee Singers, Kiltie's Band, Pattison Kline, Morphet & Smith Co., Parland-Newhall Co., Rounds' Ladies Orchestra, Shungopavi, the Magician; American Vitagraph Co., Y. M. C. A. Orchestra, Youna, the Juggler, and many others. The usual schools and classes will all have competent conductors. The boys' and girls' clubs will be in charge of Prof. and Mrs. I. W. Larimore.

For comforts and conveniences the ROCKFORD CHAUTAUQUA cannot be excelled.

Send to A. C. FOLSOM, Superintendent, 215 Masonic Temple, Rockford, Illinois, for a copy of the illustrated booklet and arrange to attend.

Band Concert Next Week

The Genoa band is preparing to give an extra fine concert next Wednesday evening at the corner of Sycamore and Main streets. The management promises some side attractions and will prepare for a big crowd on that evening.

WHITE SOX WIN

Defeat the Fast Ramblers of Rockford Saturday

It took twelve innings to decide the game last Saturday when the Genoa White Sox defeated the Ramblers of Rockford by a score of 9 to 8. It was a close and exciting game thruout, the Sox putting up an excellent exhibition.

Band concert every Wednesday evening.

MAIL ROUTES CHANGE

CHARTER GROVE AND NEW LEBANON POSTOFFICES

WILL BE CLOSED ON JULY 31

Territory in Vicinity of these Places will be Covered by Routes 2 and 3—Other Changes

There will be several changes made in the rural mail routes of Genoa on the 16th of August, some new territory will be taken in while some points now reached will be without the service. The most important change will take place on route No. 2, on which Geo. W. DeWolfe is carrier. The Charter Grove post office, which is on this route, will be put out of commission on July 31. Just how the people of that vicinity will get their mail between July 31 and August 16 is not known. It will cause considerable inconvenience, but when the complete change is made it is thought that all will be better satisfied.

Since the above was written an order has been issued for closing up the postoffice at New Lebanon also on the 31st of July. This territory will be covered by route No. 3.

Council Proceedings

Genoa, Ill., July 12, 1907.

Regular meeting of village trustees called to order by President Jas. J. Hammond. Present: Tischler, Adams, Awe, Hoover, Shipman and Dralle.

The following bills were approved by the finance committee: D. S. Lord, fire department, \$ 9.00 Wm. Watson, salary, 27.00 Genoa Elec. Co., light, 149.82 Jas. B. Clow & Son, supplies, 37.98 T. M. Frazier, Thos. Ryan Jr., order, 4.00 Ralph Patterson, team work, 48.95 J. G. Kirk, amt short on water bond, 5.00 E. G. Cooper, gasoline, 11.03 Tibbits, Cameron Lumber Co., lumber, 35.45 T. J. Hoover, repairing, 1.50 Robt. Patterson, street work, special police, 3.80 Thos. G. Sager, team work, 22.35 W. M. Hay, court costs on Riddle case, 140.85 L. C. Duval, Oley Seeborg order, 6.00 Garry Withers order, 8.00 salary, 60.00 William Shepherd, street work, 2.00 Fred Poole, special police July 4, 3.00 A. S. Vaiden, special police July 4, 3.00 S. Abraham, special police July 4, 3.00 Ave May, meals, 1.50 Thos. G. Sager, supplies, 20.35 W. M. Hay, court costs on Riddle case, 140.85

Moved by Tischler, second by Dralle, that the bills be allowed and orders drawn on the treasurer for the amounts. Motion carried. Minutes of last regular and special meetings read and approved. Petitions for cement walks on north side of Hill street and on north side of Main street from Art Shattuck's to west line of Spring street read and referred to street and walk committee.

Bids for cement walk of Gibbs & Son, Buckel & Downing, F. Hannah, Evans & Spence and Alex Senska read. Moved by Shipman, second by Hoover, that the board accept Buckel & Downing's bids on four pieces of walk. Motion carried.

Report of finance committee read. Moved by Shipman, second by Tischler, that the report be accepted, Motion carried.

Moved by Awe, second by Adams, that the building committee erect a building for the fire department. Motion carried. Moved by Shipman, second by Adams, that the board adjourn to July 17, 1907.

T. M. FRAZIER, V. C.

Somonauk Child Eats Lye

Mr. and Mrs. William Powell's little daughter, Florence, aged fourteen months, got hold of a can of lye Tuesday at Somonauk and put some of it into her mouth. The child's cries caused by the burning lye soon attracted the mother who summoned Dr. Carr and in the mean time washed out the child's mouth the best she could. The little one's mouth and hands are very sore but further than that no serious results are expected as it is not thought that she swallowed any of the lye.

MAN AND WIFE TO PEN

Convicted of Passing Bad Paper at De Kalb Recently

George Halling and Hattie Halling pleaded guilty to a forgery charge at Sycamore last week and were given an indeterminate sentence in Joliet. They forged the name of D. D. Hunt on checks at DeKalb and succeeded in raising several hundred dollars. They were working for him and were supposed to be man and wife, but she admitted in court that they were not married, but she had a husband living and two children. By the woman's quiet, refined manners, pleasing address and intelligence a person would never have taken her to be one of so depraved a nature.

Belvidere Mayor has Hard Time

Belvidere's city council held a meeting with a mayor pro tem, six of the aldermen declining to meet with Mayor Pierce in the chair. A second conference was held with the mayor, and he was given to understand by the six aldermen they were ready to go ahead with their ouster proceedings, and believed the opinions given them by Attorney Welsh of Rockford, Carnes of Sycamore and Judge Botsford of Elgin would stand. These all were to the effect that Mayor Pierce had no legal claim to the office, and that he had allowed the office to become vacant in not filing a new bond.

Mayor Pierce made an indirect apology to Alderman Cleaveland for his action some time ago in having that personage ejected from the council chamber.

MRS. MARY ALLEN

An Old Resident of Kingston Died in that Village, Friday, July 12

Miss Mary Colvin was born on January 5, 1835, in Hamburg (then White's Corners), Erie Co., N. Y. In 1854 her parents with their family moved to Illinois and settled in the township of Kingston. Not long after coming to Illinois she was united in marriage to Henry Allen, who was also from Hamburg. To this union three children were born, two sons and one daughter: James, who died at about four years of age; George, who survives, and whose privilege it has been to care for his mother in her last days, and to close her eyes in death when the end came; Minnie Allen Howe, who died in April, 1902.

In 1870 Mr. and Mrs. Allen moved to Kansas where the former died five years later, January 2, 1875.

In the spring following Mr. Allen's death Mrs. Allen with her two children returned to Kingston and soon after purchased the home where she resided up to the time of her death which occurred on Friday morning, July 12. Mrs. Allen was a woman loved and respected by all who knew her and she leaves many friends and neighbors who will miss her pleasant face and kind word. One son and several grand children, one sister, Mrs. Henry Clark of Belvidere, and many cousins are left to mourn for her companionship.

Funeral services were held from the house and the Baptist church on Sunday morning at eleven o'clock, conducted by the pastor, Rev. Myers. A large congregation gathered to pay their tribute of love and respect to another of Kingstons old citizens.

Butter, 25 Cents

Butter was declared firm at 25c on the Elgin board of trade Monday. There were no offerings nor sales. The price one year ago was 20c and three years ago only 17c.

REV. HESTER WANTED

AS PRESIDING ELDER OF THE ROCKFORD DISTRICT

DR. EARNGEY'S TIME EXPIRES

There are Several Possible Candidates, but Rev. Hester and Rev. Traveler are Favorites

Rev. S. E. Earngey, who has been presiding elder of the Rockford district of the Rock River conference for the past six years, will retire from that post at the next session of the conference, which is to be held in Chicago early in October.

Under the laws of the Methodist church a presiding elder cannot succeed himself in a district where he has served and, altho the M. E. churches of the Rockford district would be pleased to see Dr. Earngey returned, it will not be done.

Much speculation has already been indulged in as to Dr. Earngey's successor. Several well known conference men have been suggested, among them being Dr. A. D. Traveler, presiding elder of the Dixon District, and Rev. E. K. D. Hester, formerly of Kingston and Genoa, now of Harvard. A number of Rev. Hester's friends are urging him for the place, and in the event of his appointment he would probably go back to Rockford to reside. Dr. Traveler is one of the best known men in the conference.

Dr. Earngey has labored faithfully to build up the Rockford district since he took the presiding eldership and the results of his work are plainly apparent. He has proven a very able man for the place and the churches in the district will regret his retirement.

Dr. Earngey has announced his home for sale and will take up the work as pastor again next fall.

THE THOMPSON PIANO

Thirty Homes in this Vicinity Now Supplied with these Instruments

Below we give a list of those in Genoa and vicinity who have already taken advantage of our wholesale prices to save money and are now possessors of Thompson pianos:

- Geo. Ide, Thompson Player piano
- Geo. Amos, Style 6
- L. P. Burr, " 6
- John Babbler, " 3
- J. L. Robinson, " 6
- Henry Leonard, " 4
- G. J. Patterson, " 2
- John Mumm, " 50
- Adam Schuessler, " 1
- Wm. Gnekow, " 6
- Geo. Reiland, " 4
- D. C. McKee, " 7
- Ida Reppert, " 2
- E. M. Powell, " 6
- Ed Taylor, " 6
- M. F. Simitz, " 6
- Emma Duval, " 4
- Conrad Dralle, " 6
- Cora E. Dunlap, " 6
- Chas. Montgomery, " 4
- Frank Lettow, " 4
- Wm. Wyld, " 2
- F. W. Olmsted, " 6
- Fred Reuhlman, " 2
- Fred Hagan, " 6
- C. L. Craiton, " 3
- Ed. Pierce, " 3
- John Schnur, " 4
- Tom L. Caren, " 4

Only a few days more. This will be the only opportunity of securing Thompson Pianos at wholesale prices. After this sale is over the retail profit will be added. Think of it! Our instruments go at factory prices, placed in your home, with stool and scarf and unconditionally guaranteed.

Yours for courteous treatment and fair dealing,
THE THOMPSON PIANO CO.
W. C. Radebaugh,
Factory representative

ON THE TRAIL OF THE AMERICAN MISSIONARY

By WILLIAM T. ELLIS

This Distinguished American Journalist is Traveling Around the World for the Purpose of Investigating the American Foreign Missionary from a Fully Disinterested, Secular and Non-Sectarian Standpoint. Illustrated with Drawings and from Photographs.

JAPAN PLAYING POLITICS WITH CHRISTIANITY

Shimnaseki, Japan.—As I leave Japan for Korea, it is necessary to summarize the results of three months' investigation into religious conditions and missionary work in Japan. I find that some of the statements now to be set down are rather sensational; this is due to the facts, and not to their reporting. Indeed, unimportant news could scarcely be expected from the country which embodies the world's greatest political problems, the far eastern question. That much-discussed question, one learns who painstakingly studies it on the ground, is really a commingling of racial, religious, economical and political questions. The reader of these articles who has not seen in them more than a treatment of missions and religion has not grasped all the meaning that the writer intended to convey.

Playing to the Western Gallery. The Japanese government, which has ever before its eyes the importance of influencing western opinion, has been playing politics with Christianity. Like any other nation in similar circumstances, it has employed every agency at hand that would serve its own purpose; since the western world is nominally Christian, Japan has, throughout the present era, displayed a favorable attitude toward Christianity. Indeed, that shrewd old statesman, Marquis Ito (whom many Americans have been led to look upon as a sort of main prop of the church in Japan, although, judged by even the loose Japanese standards, he is "a most immoral man") proposed that Japan make Christianity its state religion. I have the personal testimony of educated Japanese that they themselves became Christians 20 years ago "for the sake of the country." The help of missionaries was freely

used by the government, first, because it was needed, and secondly, because Japan wanted to appear in a pro-Christian light. Undoubtedly there has been a measure of this same sort of statecraft in the government's recent gifts to the Young Men's Christian association army work. In the government offices of Tokio I came upon the program with respect to religion, and how it has been changed. My authority is so high that it cannot be questioned. The intention of the men who shape the nation's policy (and this is a paternal, not a popular, form of government) was that the Crown Prince of Japan should become a baptized Christian, so that the next emperor should be counted among the Christian rulers of the earth. The personal convictions of the crown prince did not figure in the matter at all; the rulers look upon Christianity without any regard to the beliefs of individuals, which is a serious oversight as I shall show. Even yet it is possible that the program may be overturned by the sincere conversion of the crown prince to Christianity, an event, however, which is quite improbable.



A Missionary Parish Home.

I have met many missionaries, and a finer lot of men I have never seen anywhere. They are first class as men. Some of them have become my personal friends. Then the ambassador went on to speak in detail of individual missionaries. He left upon my mind the impression that he unequivocally approves of the missionaries. My own investigations, while they have of necessity gone more intimately into the work and qualifications of the missionary body in Japan, have led me to the same general conclusion as that reached by the ambassador. I have met personally 250 missionaries, of all creeds, stationed in every part of Japan. I have seen them at work and at play. I have sought out the criticism against them and their work that could be heard. Wherever I have learned of a critic or antagonist of the missionaries I have tried to get the worst he had to say. From scores of Japanese, Christian and non-Christian, I have gleaned opinions of the missionary force. Summing all up I am bound to say that the missionaries as a whole grade higher than even the ministry at home. Their devotion to their work, and to the welfare of the Japanese is unquestioned. The results of their labor are beyond doubt really great. To say that their converts are not genuine and their work superficial is simply to betray a lack of knowledge of conditions that are apparent to any unbiased observer. Of course there are individual missionaries not a few who are misfits and should be recalled, and of course there are minor points on which the missionaries are undoubtedly open to criticism. Nevertheless, these cannot affect the general verdict, that the missionaries are creditable representatives of the best life of the Christian nations, and that their efforts are bearing fruit which justify the cost.

The Opinion of the Optimists. This leads right back to the main question, "Will Japan become a Christian nation?" As opposed to the negative view of nearly all the government officials with whom I have talked, I find every Christian, foreigner and Japanese, taking a confidently affirmative view. In no case has a Christian betrayed the slightest note of uncertainty on this point. They ridicule all idea of an amalgamation of Christianity, Buddhism and Shintoism, saying that this is Buddhist talk. Buddhism feels its weakness and foresees impending defeat, and wants to capit-

ulate. It may take time, say the Christians, but eventually Japan will become, in the lives of her people, and, consequently in her government, a Christian nation. This confidence on the part of the Christians is rather inspiring; they have the faith of their creed.

Missionaries are quick to point out the weakness of the official predictions. The latter are all based on the assumption that Christianity may be treated as an entity, and dealt with as the government would deal with a monetary system, or a naval code. Christianity may not be considered thus, say the missionaries. It does not thrive by the approval of cabinets, or succeed by imperial edicts. They do not want official sanction or endorsement; that would be as dangerous to the church as it was in Constantine's day. Christianity is slowly but steadily growing in Japan, and it will continue to grow increasingly, by being accepted as the personal belief of individuals. Its appeal is not to men in the mass, but to men one by one. As a personal, vital experience, taking first place in the individual's life, it will exert its power and find its place.

Thus all the plans of the government may be upset by the change in belief and life of the people; and, since the missionaries rely on the supernatural aspect, which officialdom ignores, it may come to pass that even the next emperor will be a Christian, just as many persons have become believers in the gospel of Christ. As the seed in the crack being, like the devices of statesmen and the old creeds of the nations.

How the Movement Works. In the next breath, after telling you that Christianity will never conquer Japan, the statesmen will confess to their perplexity over moral and social conditions in the country. Japan needs badly a new set of moral ideals; how badly the west cannot possibly understand. Unquestionably, Christianity is erecting these in a large body of the people. I have been at pains to assure myself that the Anglo-Saxon standards of virtue prevail among the Japanese Christians as they certainly do not among the people generally, or even the Buddhist priests. The place of women must be radically changed if Japan is to rank with the civilized nations; admittedly the most potent force in effecting the alterations already accomplished are the mission schools and the churches.

With respect to eleemosynary institutions—the care of the insane, of lepers and other incurables, the reform of incontinent criminals, the provision for orphans and destitute, the display of kindness to dumb creatures, etc.—Japan has scarcely emerged from barbarism. Practically every advance in these particulars has been made by the missionaries. Despite endless twaddle that has been written about the Japanese home life, it is undoubtedly true that the Christian, or, say, the American conception of a home is only now being learned, and that from the missionaries. The disingenuousness and subterranean nature of the Japanese character, which has brought shame upon the nation in its business dealings with the world, is being replaced by straightforwardness and integrity on the part of the thousands who are accepting the bible standard of conduct.

The Situation as It Stands. So far as figures may do so, the missionary situation in Japan may be set forth very briefly. There are 32 denominations, or organized religious bodies, doing work in Japan. These maintain a force of 889 white missionaries and a still greater number of native workers. They possess property, in the way of churches, schools, residences, etc., to the value of \$1,379,902. Of native Christians enrolled in the Protestant churches there are 60,862, including catechumens; in the Roman Catholic church, 59,437 and in the Greek church, 29,115. Roughly speaking, this means a Christian force of 150,000 persons, who look forward to the evangelization of a nation of 45,000,000 people. While Japan is not going to become Christian in a day, she has made a substantial beginning in that direction.

The Japanese Protestant churches display certain characteristics which require mentioning in this resume. First is the tendency toward union. All Presbyterian bodies are one in Japan. All Methodist bodies formally unite next May. The Episcopalians and the Church of England are one. The Congregationalists, United Brethren and Methodist Protestants are uniting, as in America. Left to themselves, the Japanese Christians will undoubtedly form one church, since denominational and doctrinal distinctions of ecclesiastical government mean little to them. The missionaries in this country also are ahead of America in respect to united religious efforts.

(Copyright, 1907, by Joseph B. Bowles.) Precious Heritage. Sweetness of temper is a precious heritage. It gives beauty to everything. It keeps its windows open toward the spice country, and fills the fortunate possessor of a sunny soul with God's evangel in a dark world. He is a living gospel which no one will ever repudiate, and the blessedness of which all men will appreciate. The body will grow old and the smooth brow will be furrowed, but a happy disposition is an aureole to the gray crown of age. Blessed is he whose life looks out upon the land of Beulah and whose soul is responsive to the outlying vision.

ONLY ONE POLICY

STANDARD INSURANCE LAW PROTECTS INSURED.

State Insurance Department Makes Changes Under New Laws in Effect July 1—Of Benefit to the Insured.

Springfield, Ill., July 8.—With the coming of the new legislative year in Illinois a number of statutes designed to bring about improvement in the conduct of insurance business in the state have gone into effect. These statutes represent what has been accomplished in the way of reformations since the unearthing of the great insurance scandals in the east, and, taken in connection with the legislation of the previous two years and improvements in the state department of insurance, give to Illinois policy holders a degree of protection such as is enjoyed in no other state.

When Gov. Deneen came into office he took up personally the study of the insurance question, and he has devoted much time, in conjunction with the officers of the department and men interested in the business, to devising means for securing better protection to the insured, enforcing their rights and protecting both the public and the insurance companies from the manipulation of dishonest and indifferent management. Following is a summary of the new legislation which has gone into effect since the beginning of the present state administration:

Requiring larger reserves to be maintained by casualty companies for the protection of their policy holders.

Permitting employers to organize mutual companies for the purpose of insuring themselves against liability as employers.

Enlarging the territory within which farmers' mutual fire insurance companies may do business and increasing the facilities for obtaining this class of economical insurance.

Enlarging the powers of county mutual fire insurance companies and putting these companies upon a firmer business basis.

Requiring life insurance companies of other states to maintain a deposit of securities for their policy holders.

Requiring life insurance companies the maintenance of a reserve on their policies for the security of their policy holders upon a basis such as will restrict extravagant expenditures in acquiring new business.

Authorizing the insurance superintendent to call for additional information from insurance companies and to give their transaction greater publicity.

Prohibiting misrepresentation, through advertisements, of the terms, benefits or advantages of policies.

Regulating the investments of the funds of life insurance companies for the purpose of securing the conservation of the funds of policy holders.

Requiring that salaries paid officers and employees of insurance companies be passed upon and that actual responsibility for such expenditures be assumed by the directors of the companies.

Regulating the provisions which may be contained in policies of life insurance issued in Illinois.

Uniformity of Policies. The last-named law is the first attempt to regulate the provisions of insurance policies undertaken by the law-makers of Illinois. The bill was drawn in consequence of recommendations made to the assembly in Gov. Deneen's message to that body, and is one of the most effective measures for the protection of the general public yet devised in insurance legislation.

Until the present time there has been no attempt to regulate the provisions to be contained in policies of life insurance sold in Illinois and every sort of policy has been sold. Because the general public is unfamiliar with the insurance business it has been an easy matter to insert in contracts terms which are unfavorable to the insured and where the purchasers of policies have had to do with unscrupulous agents many of them have been imposed upon.

The new law prescribes that certain minimum non-forfeiture provisions be inserted in all policies of life insurance sold in Illinois, by either domestic or foreign corporations. Some provisions which have been heretofore inserted by companies are now prohibited absolutely because it has been found that they operate against the insured. The result will be safer insurance for the policy holder and increased confidence in policies issued in Illinois. While it will operate against such companies as desire to avoid the terms of their contracts, it will materially aid the business of the reputable and fair insurance men.

Illinois Changes Quietly. Since the Hughes investigation New York has secured a reputation as a regulator of insurance companies and its new bills have been pointed to as models in this report, but Illinois, without the hurrah and scandal attending the proceedings in New York, has secured even better regulations for the protection of policy holders. The Standard Provisions act is a striking example of this and at the same time is an illustration of what may be accomplished by conservative and careful analysis in framing legislation.

The New York laws provide for broad standard forms of policies and all policies must contain the same provisions, no more, no less. The Illinois law restricts only the provisions made for the benefit of the companies and permits them to make concessions to the policy holder. In this manner it gives to the purchaser of insurance

the benefit of competition between the companies while it protects him against the insertion of terms in the contract which may nullify or impair his insurance.

Only a few states have hitherto attempted to enact nonforfeiture provisions in the policies issued by insurance companies, and in framing the Illinois statute care was exercised to avoid such mistakes as had been made elsewhere. Massachusetts has been held up as an example in the enactment of nonforfeiture clause legislation, but in the Illinois law is found even better protection for the policy holder than is afforded by the laws of the Bay state.

Must Account to Policy Holder. One highly important feature of the Illinois law is the safeguard thrown around the dividends on participating policies. Most of the agitation in the life insurance world, it is asserted, has been caused by the abuse of the deferred dividend system, the practice of most of the companies being to give the insured no statement of his dividend until the close of his dividend period, thus enabling the dividend fund to be squandered in the payment of expenses and securing new business.

The companies are also required to report the aggregate of the dividend fund, the additions made to it and all disbursements from the fund. This report must be made to the insurance department, and the office will be enabled to keep close tab on what the companies are doing with these immense trust funds. With this check upon their affairs there will be less disposition to extravagance and waste.

While the legislature has been busy with the problems worked out by the new statutes, the insurance department has not been idle. Upon its enforcement of the laws will depend their efficacy, for it is the only cohesive agency in the state capable of making them effective. It was established because local officials, without knowledge of the business and wanting means of securing information, could not be depended upon to safeguard the interests of the insured. Its primary purpose was to protect the people in their dealings with insurance companies and to see that they were not preyed upon by fake concerns, worthless companies and unconscionable schemers masquerading under the false name of insurance companies.

With the enactment of the new legislation the department has had a wonderful growth in effectiveness. This is the natural result of the support given the department by the governor and the general assembly, and the careful consideration given its needs. At the same time the activity, honesty, intelligence and fairness with which the department has been conducted is generally recognized as being a prime factor in making for its success.

Work in Department. The department has annually licensed 40,000 agents of companies authorized to do business in Illinois. It has annual statements from over 600 companies to examine, file and report upon, and the examination of the companies requires continuous work in which exceptional care, training and thoroughness are requisite. In this respect the department has acquired a high standing and its examinations are recognized as authority.

The thoroughness of the examinations made is illustrated by the fact that there have been no recent failures among companies doing business in Illinois except those caused by the California earthquake and fire, which departmental supervision was powerless to prevent. There have been a few failures among assessment companies and fraternal societies which are not under strict state supervision and which the law affords no adequate means of preventing.

Kill Off Underground Insurance. Underground insurance, a system of writing policies employed by companies which are not authorized to do business in the state, is the bane of the insurance department. Its officers found it very difficult to check the operations of the agents who do this class of unauthorized business, but within the past few years they have been rendered practically incapable of harm. Repeated prosecutions and publicity is rapidly riding Illinois of unreliable insurance.

The records of the auditor and treasurer show that the insurance department collected in fees and taxes over \$400,000 annually. This money is promptly paid over to the state and full accounts of all receipts and expenditures, available to the public, are prepared and filed. The department also issues a comprehensive report for general distribution and the information of those interested in insurance business. Its affairs are conducted in a business-like manner and it holds high rank among insurance men.

A feature of the Illinois department which commends itself to those familiar with insurance is its policy of dealing with insurance problems from a judicial standpoint. While it has a reputation for jealousy guarding the rights of Illinois policy holders, it has shown no disposition to hound or harass companies of other states. During all the excitement attending the New York insurance scandals, the Illinois department did not lose its head, nor was it carried away with the hysterical demand for repressive legislation and radical regulation. Some states went so far in this respect that insurance companies were driven from them, while others nullified whole-sale laws for regulating insurance by substituting for them unreasonable and unconstitutional enactments. The Illinois legislature was guided in its work by the recommendations of the governor and the insurance department and nothing of this sort occurred here.

SAVED FROM DREAD FATE.

Kind Woman's Assistance Meant Much to This Tramp.

A certain lady, noted for her kind heart and open hand, was approached not long ago by a man who, with tragic air, began: "A man, madam, is often forced by the whip of hunger to many things from which his very soul shrinks—and so it is with me at this time. Unless, madam, in the name of pity, you give me assistance, I will be compelled to do something which I never before have done, which I would greatly dislike to do."

Much impressed, the lady made haste to place in his hand a five-dollar bill. As the man pocketed it with profuse thanks, she inquired: "And what is the dreadful thing I have kept you from doing, my poor man?"

"Work," was the brief and mournful reply.—Harper's Weekly.

WESTERN MEN IN NEW YORK.

Brains of Mountain and Prairie in Demand in the Financial Center.

Ever since the early days, when D. O. Mills, J. B. Haggin and James R. Keene "emigrated" from California to New York, the metropolis has been drawing largely on the west and south for its supply of "men who do things." Theodore P. Shonts, both a southerner and westerner, who has undertaken to solve New York's great transit problem, is the latest importation in response to the call of the east.

The promptness with which Thos. F. Ryan, of Virginia, turned the Equitable Life Assurance Society over to its policyholders, who now elect a majority of its Board of Directors, and divested himself of the control of the stock which he bought from Jas. H. Hyde, and the success of the new management of the Society under the direction of President Paul Morton, have created a demand for the strong men of the south and west that is greater than ever before. Under the Morton management the Equitable has made a better showing than any other insurance company in the way of improved methods, economies and increased returns to policyholders.

E. H. Gary, head of the greatest corporation in the world—the U. S. Steel Co.—John W. Gates, Henry C. Frick, Norman B. Read, Wm. H. Moore and Daniel G. Reid are other westerners who are among the biggest men in New York.

Her Aim. A man who runs a truck farm in Virginia tells of the sad predicament in which a colored man named Sam Moore, who is in his employ, recently found himself. Sam had had considerable difficulty in evading the onslaughts of a dog from a neighboring farm. Finally the dog got him, as Sam kicked at him.

Sam's wife, hearing a tremendous yell, rushed to the rescue of her husband. When she came up the dog had fastened his teeth in the calf of Sam's leg and was holding on for dear life. Seizing a stone in the road, Sam's wife was about to hurl it when Sam, with wonderful presence of mind, shouted:

"Mandy! Mandy! Don't frowl at stone at de dawg! Frowl it at me, Mandy!"—Youth's Companion.

His Name for It. I was once teaching a class of small pupils in physiology in a rural school and asked the class what name was given to the bones of the head as a whole. A little girl raised her hand.

"What is it, Lucy?" I asked.

"Skull!" she answered.

"Correct," said I; "but what other name has it?" expecting some one to answer "cranium." All were silent for a while, then a little fellow who seemed to be in a deep study quickly raised his hand, his eyes sparkling and a confident smile spreading on his face.

"What is it, Henry?" I asked.

"Noggin," was his immediate reply.—Judge's Library.

A SMALL SECRET.

Couldn't Understand the Taste of His Customers.

Two men were discussing the various food products now being supplied in such variety and abundance. One, a grocer, said, "I frequently try a package or so of any certain article before offering it to my trade, and in that way sometimes form a different idea than my customers have."

"For instance, I thought I would try some Postum Food Coffee, to see what reason there was for such a call for it. At breakfast I didn't like it and supper proved the same, so I naturally concluded that my taste was different from that of the customers who bought it right along."

"A day or two after, I waited on a lady who was buying a 25c package and told her I couldn't understand how one could fancy the taste of Postum."

"I know just what is the matter," she said, "you put the coffee boiler on the stove for just fifteen minutes, and ten minutes of that time it simmered, and perhaps five minutes it boiled; now if you will have it left to boil full fifteen minutes after it commences to boil, you will find a delicious Java-like beverage, rich in food value of glucose and phosphates, so choice that you will never abandon it, particularly when you see the great gain in health."

Well, I took another trial and sure enough I joined the Postum army for good, and life seems worth living since I have gotten rid of my old time stomach and kidney troubles."

Postum is no sort of medicine, but pure liquid food, and this, together with a relief from coffee worked the change. "There's a Reason."

Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

EGAN AN ENERGETIC BOSS.

Worked with Men to Help Trains Through Snow Drifts.

When Van Horne went to the Canadian Pacific he took with him John M. Egan. While he had been superintending the building of the Southern Minnesota, Egan was chief engineer, and the latter became superintendent of the division when Van Horne was advanced, and spent one or two winters trying to keep the road open. In those days the snow plow was simply a plow with a moldboard on each side.

The worst blizzards Minnesota ever experienced happened about that time, and every railroad cut from the Blue Earth river of the Dakota border line, some hundred and fifty miles, was all snow. Egan went out with two crews, and I have seen him with two engines, between which was a flat car heavily loaded with railroad iron, bucking the snow in the deep cuts.

The two engines were backed away from the drift about half a mile, and then sent forward with all the speed that was possible to plunge into the drift.

The plow would throw out great mountains on each side, and the forward engine would be buried under huge piles of snow. From the cab of the engine Egan would emerge and give directions to the shovelers, and in emergencies he would seize a shovel and work like a laboring man himself.

It was Egan who rigged sails on handcars and went out over the line when trains could not get through. The handcars were dragged across the cuts and then the sails were set for a long run on the clear portions of the track.

After Egan went to the Canadian Pacific he was stationed at Winnipeg, and had much to do with the construction of the road westward. Then he went with Hill on the Manitoba system, and later was general manager of the organization of railroads centering in Chicago.—A. W. Dunn, in The Sunday Magazine.

Leave Railroad for Farm. So profitable has farming become in Pennsylvania that many employes of the railroads are deserting their present occupations to take up farm work. Many of the railroad men were brought up on farms, but deserted them for what was at the time more lucrative employment on the railroads.

But the high prices obtained for all products of the farm has again caused a change, and some of these railroad men have found it a most profitable venture to buy up farms which have been indifferently cultivated for years.

The Italians, who are largely employed as section hands on the railroads, are particularly anxious to begin careers as farmers. The fact that it is almost impossible to buy land in their own country makes them eager to become land owners in the country of their adoption, and it is predicted that their thriftiness will soon make them strong rivals of the hardy Pennsylvania Dutch farmers.

The Italians are anxious to buy up the lands which Dutch farmers have partially abandoned as barren, and with their methods of intensive farming they bid fair to add largely to the number of acres now under cultivation in this country.

Veteran Good for Many Years. In point of service William Henry Higgs is the oldest engineer on the Chicago division of the Big Four road, having begun work for the company in 1866. He is 71 years old, but still finds his chief pleasure in driving a giant locomotive, being regular engineer on one of the best trains of the entire system. During his long term of service he has never injured a fellow employe to sufficiently draw blood and has never hurt a passenger. Mr. Higgs does not look a day over 50, having an undimmed eye, a steady hand, a strong and hardy frame, a clear head and not a single gray hair.

Women Doctors on Trains. The Great Western Railway company, of England, has just made an innovation in its express service, which is sure to meet with appreciation from the general public. On every train from London to Penzance, a distance of 300 miles, a woman doctor is to be in attendance. She will occupy a special compartment at one end of the train and is supposed to go to the assistance of sick passengers at a moment's notice.

Other railway companies in England are considering the adoption of the same plan.

Jackrabbit Faster than Train. A large, feet-footed jackrabbit races with trains on the Central New England railway for miles down the mountain side between West Norfolk and East Canaan daily, furnishing fun and amusement for the engine drivers, firemen and trainmen. Jack jumps out of ambush when he hears a train approaching, and, hopping upon the track, jumps along the ties for a distance of three or four miles, easily beating the trains. Engineers Pinney, Mulligan and Blake have all tried to overtake Jack without success.

Pa Elucidates. "Pa," said Little Bobby, "what kind of dogs live up on the dog star?"

"Skys, my son," replied Pa, with out looking up.—Chicago Daily News.

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Mrs. Emma Stolt, of Appleton, Wisconsin.

"A neighbor, advised me to use Peruna. I began to improve at once."



MRS. EMMA STOLT

Mrs. Emma Stolt, 1009 Oneida St., Appleton, Wis., writes:

"Peruna has done me a great deal of good since I began taking it and I am always glad to speak a good word for it. Three years ago I was in a wretched condition with *backaches, bearing down pains*, and at times was so sore and lame that I could not move about. I had inflammation and irritation, and although I used different remedies they did me no good.

"A neighbor who had been using Peruna advised me to try it, and I am glad that I did. I began to improve as soon as I took it and I felt much better."

"I thank you for your fine remedy. It is certainly a *godsend to sick women*."

Catarrh of the Internal Organs.

Miss Theresa Bertles, White Church, Mo., writes:

"I suffered with catarrh of the stomach, bowels and internal organs. Everything I ate seemed to hurt me. I never had a passage of the bowels without taking medicine. I was so tired mornings and ached all over. I had a pain in my left side, and the least exertion or excitement made me short of breath."

"Now, after taking Peruna for six months, I am as well as I ever was. Peruna has worked wonders for me. I believe Peruna is the best medicine in the world, and I recommend it to my friends."

Tone Up With Good Paint

It is good business to keep property "toned up."

A coat of Pure White Lead Paint not only makes things look better and gives them a higher selling value, but it makes things wear better and gives them a higher value for long wear.

Pure White Lead gives an opaque, durable coat that protects and preserves from the ravages of time and weather.

Prospective buyers of Pure White Lead have heretofore been subject to much attempted fraud in adulteration and substitution. You are now protected by the Dutch Boy trade mark which is found on the side of kegs containing only Pure White Lead, made by the Old Dutch Process. Look for the boy.

SEND FOR BOOK

"Talk on Paint," gives valuable information on the subject. Sent free upon request.

NATIONAL LEAD COMPANY

In whichever of the following cities is nearest you: New York, Boston, Buffalo, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, Philadelphia (John T. Lewis & Bros. Co.), Pittsburgh (National Lead & Oil Co.)

Mica Axle Grease

lengthens the life of the wagon—saves horsepower, time and temper. Best lubricant in the world—contains powdered mica which forms a smooth, hard coating on axle, and reduces friction.

If you want your outfit to last and earn money while it lasts—grease the axles with Mica Axle Grease.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY Incorporated

SORE SHOULDERS

I would like very much to personally meet every reader of this paper who owns any horses that have sore shoulders and tell me about Security Gull Salve. This is impossible so I am going to tell you through the paper.

You and I both know that horses working with sore shoulders are in pain, and that they can't do much work without running down as when they are free from pain. I also know perfectly well that Security Gull Salve will cure these shoulders, but you do not know it. If you did you would buy a box of your dealer at once and cure them up. If you have no doubt often wished that you knew of something that would cure your sore shoulders, Security Gull Salve, it will do its work every time, or if you prefer to try it, we will mail you a sample can free. Just write for it—it will go to you on first mail.

Also I want to tell you that Security Antiseptic is a good cure for hard wire cuts as Security Gull Salve is for harness cuts. Dealers carry them in 25c, 50c and \$1.00 sizes. Use them for your needs and guarantee you perfect satisfaction.

Frank B. Dennis, President,
SECURITY REMEDY CO., Minneapolis, Minn.

A Positive CURE FOR CATARRH

Ely's Cream Balm is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once. 50c. Ely Bros., 50 Warren St., N. Y.

FREED BY UNWRITTEN LAW

MRS. BOWIE AND SON HENRY ACQUITTED OF MURDER.

Held Guiltless in Slaying Hubert Posey, Who Had Wronged Miss Priscilla Bowie.

La Plata, Md., July 13.—It took the jury in the Bowie murder trial Friday but five minutes to decide that, in southern Maryland, at least, the "unwritten law" is the law to which the seducer must hold himself answerable. And while there was no marked demonstration when the verdict became known, there was sufficient evidence that the verdict of the jury was the verdict of the people of this section of the country.

Both jury and people acquit Mrs. Mary E. Bowie and her son, Henry, of all blame for their acknowledged slaying last January of Hubert Posey, the seducer of their daughter and sister, Priscilla Bowie, who, with her fatherless child, made a most pathetic picture in the courtroom during the progress of the trial. That there was no demonstration was doubtless due to the fact that the verdict of the jury was announced to the judges while they were at dinner during a recess.

State's Attorney Wilmer's request to the jury that they bring in a verdict of manslaughter, not of murder, made Thursday evening, was not more noteworthy than the frankness with which Congressman Sidney E. Mudd, of counsel for the defense, appealed to the "unwritten law" in behalf of his clients. Throughout his address, which evidently voiced the sentiments of most of his hearers, Mrs. Bowie and her son sat in stolid composure, while Priscilla Bowie, seated outside the rail among the spectators, wept continuously.

HARRIMAN RAILWAY DICTATOR.

Interstate Commerce Commission Report Reveals His Vast Powers.

Washington, July 15.—That E. H. Harriman is practically the absolute dictator of the railroad situation in the western half of the United States is shown by the long expected report of the interstate commerce commission, made public Saturday.

The report shows that Harriman has grasped the control of all but one of the great transcontinental railroads, and how he is reaching out to secure a hold in lines reaching to the Atlantic seaboard and to the gulf. It shows how his mastery extends to every Pacific ocean steamship line and to the coastwise traffic on the Atlantic and Pacific from Panama north. It criticizes his methods and denounces his policy.

But after showing these things the report stops short of radical recommendations. It does not, as was expected it would, urge an attack in the courts against the merger of the Union and Southern Pacifics. It does not recommend legal or criminal proceedings of any kind.

The report recommends that railroads should not be permitted to invest in the securities of other railroad and steamship lines and that some restriction be placed on the issuance of securities by railroads.

Mr. Harriman has been spurred into a quick and heated reply. In an interview telegraphed here from New York, he declares the report is a piece of politics and full of glaring inaccuracies.

YAMAMOTO VISITS PRESIDENT.

Japanese Admiral Entertained at Luncheon by Mr. Roosevelt.

New York, July 13.—Admiral Baron Yamamoto Friday met for the first time President Roosevelt, the man who, more than any other man, was responsible for the conclusion of peace between Japan and Russia after a prolonged war, during which Admiral Yamamoto was Japan's minister of marine.

In a private conversation the representatives of the two countries discussed the cloud which has been hovering over the long lasting friendship between Japan and America, and each one expressed the opinion that it was merely a passing shadow and one which could in no way reach a climax that would shake the confidence each country has had in the other since the day Commodore Perry induced the Tokogawa shogun to open the island empire to communication with the outside world.

ESCAPES AT PRISON'S DOOR.

Albert Peverette, Convicted Bank Robber, Regains His Freedom.

Marquette, Mich., July 13.—Within 50 feet of the prison here and about to be turned over to that institution, Albert Peverette, bank robber and convict—one of the Richland bank robbers and a member of the notorious Lake Shore gang—escaped from two guards Thursday at midnight while the trio were entering the prison driveway. Peverette leaped from the carriage they were in, having slipped the shackles from both hands and feet.

Robbers Fatally Beat a Clerk.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 12.—Two men entered the pawnshop of Emil Mantel and Charles Medias on Massachusetts avenue, in the downtown district, Thursday night and after striking the clerk down with a piece of hose and rendering him unconscious, escaped with plunder valued at \$3,000. The clerk, Simon Gold, was fatally hurt.

COULD HARDLY TOTTER ABOUT.

A Vivid Description of the Most Injurious of Diseases.

Miss Emma Shirley, Killbuck, N. Y., writes: "Kidney disease mysteriously fastened itself upon me two years ago and brought awful headaches and dizzy spells. I was all unstrung, weak and nervous, could scarcely totter about. Pains in the side and back completely unnerved me. My food distressed me, I looked badly and the kidneys were noticeably deranged. I sank lower and lower until given up and at this critical time began with Doan's Kidney Pills. Details are unnecessary. Twelve boxes cured me and I weigh six pounds more than ever before. They saved my life."



Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

SOMEWHAT OF A REFLECTION.

Naive Comment of Debutante That Amused Hostess.

A charming hostess of one of the "big houses," as they are called by those who are welcomed into them, has the added beauty of premature white hair. That which seems to her contemporaries an added charm may appear to the crudely young a mark of decline, at least so it appears in one instance of which the hostess herself tells with enjoyment.

The lady is a connoisseur of antiques. At one of her teas a debutante rich with the glow of youth, but sadly constrained by her sense of novelty, was handed a cup of tea; the cup was beautifully blue and wonderfully old. The hostess desiring to lighten the strain on her youthful guest by a pleasant diverting remark, said: "That little cup is a hundred and fifty years old!"

SCALY ERUPTION ON BODY.

Doctors and Remedies Fruitless—Suffered 10 Years—Completely Cured by Cuticura.

"Small sores appeared on each of my lower limbs and shortly afterwards they became so sore that I could scarcely walk. The sores began to heal, but small scaly eruptions appeared. The itching was so severe that I would scratch the sores until the blood began to flow. After I suffered thus about ten years I made a renewed effort to effect a cure. The eruptions by this time had appeared on every part of my body except my face and hands. The best doctor in my native county and many remedies gave no relief. All this was fruitless. Finally my hair began to fall out and I was rapidly becoming bald. A few months after, having used almost everything else, I thought I would try Cuticura Ointment and Cuticura Soap. After using three boxes I was completely cured, and my hair was restored, after fourteen years of suffering and an expenditure of at least \$50 or \$60 in vainly endeavoring to find a cure. B. Hiram Mattingly, Vermillion, S. Dak., Aug. 18, 1906."

A Square Deal.

A certain peasant supplied a baker with three pounds of butter daily, and after some time the baker noticed that the butter never weighed three pounds. At last he summoned him. "Have you no scales at home?" the judge asked. "Yes," said the peasant. "Have you weights?" "Yes, but I never weigh butter with them." "Why?" "Because, since the baker buys my butter, I buy his bread, and as I always buy three pounds at a time, I weigh the butter with the bread." He was acquitted.—Starz.

Sheer white goods, in fact, any one wash goods when new, owe much of their attractiveness to the way they are laundered, this being done in a manner to enhance their textile beauty. Home laundering would be equally satisfactory if proper attention was given to starching, the first essential being good Starch, which has sufficient strength to stiffen, without thickening the goods. Try Defiance Starch and you will be pleasantly surprised at the improved appearance of your work.

Manlike.

Breathless, they stood at last upon the towering Adirondack peak. "There," she said angrily, "we have climbed all this distance to admire the beauties of nature, and we left the glass at home."

Quite Desirab'

The Hold-up Man (as he takes large watch from victim's pocket)—I suppose you're thinkin' I'm a real undesirable citizen, eh?

The Victim—

Nothing of the sort, old man! That watch you've just relieved me of was in my wife's family for 75 years and she forced me to lug it around.—Puck.

Robbers Fatally Beat a Clerk.

By following the directions, which are plainly printed on each package of Defiance Starch, Men's Collars and Cuffs can be made just as stiff as desired, with either gloss or domestic finish. Try it, 15 oz. for 10c, sold by all good grocers.

Occasionally there is a man wise enough to think poetry without writing it.

THE STORY OF A WISCONSIN MAN IN WESTERN CANADA.

Three Years Ago Worth Only \$2,000; To-Day Is Worth \$13,000.

The following is a copy of a letter, of which the Agents of the Canadian Government throughout the United States receive similar ones many times during the year:

Cayley, Alta., Dec. 7, 1906. Agent Canadian Government, Watertown, S. D.

Dear Sir: Your letter dated Nov. 27th at hand and was very glad to hear from you. I see that you are still at work persuading people to move into the Canadian Northwest. I must tell you that I owe you many thanks for persuading me to come out here, am only sorry that I wasn't persuaded sooner, and there is still plenty of good chances for many more right at the present time. I hope that you will be able to induce more to make a start out to this part of the country.

Now I must tell you what I have accomplished since I came out here and it won't be three years till the 1st of July. I shall shortly receive my patent for my homestead, the homestead cost me \$10.00 in all, to-day it is worth \$30.00 per acre, but it is not for sale. Then a year ago last May I bought 320 acres at \$7.00 per acre and sold this fall for \$20.00 per acre and cleared a profit of \$4,160.00. How is that for the Northwest? I now have 320 acres of land and all paid for, 15 head of horses, 30 head of cattle, 22 pigs, 2 sheep and about 150 chickens and other poultry, and all new machinery and everything is paid for. We also bought 8 lots in Calgary and 7 in High River. We gave \$470 for the 15 lots and they are paid for. At present I consider myself worth \$13,000.00, and when I left Wisconsin less than three years ago I had about \$2,000.00. This year I threshed a little over 4,000 bushels of grain, have about one thousand bushels of fine potatoes and about five hundred bushels of turnips. Mrs. Bardsiegl sold about \$200 worth of garden truck and poultry this fall. Now there are lots of others in this country who did as well as I did in the same length of time.

The family and myself are all well at this writing and hope this letter will find you the same.

Yours very truly,
(Signed) PHILIP BEISIEGEL,
Cayley, Alta., Canada.

Vacation.

The secret of rest is to get rid of detail for a time. Why is it that a sea voyage is regarded as the best of tonics? Simply because the entire change of surroundings wipes out the mass of complications attendant upon the daily routine of the ordinary worker. We all need occasional freedom from the bondage of the tiny strings that bind us to wearing tasks. The man who realizes this and plans his vacation accordingly makes no mistake.

Laundry work at home would be much more satisfactory if the right Starch were used. In order to get the desired stiffness, it is usually necessary to use so much starch that the beauty and fineness of the fabric is hidden behind a paste of varying thickness, which not only destroys the appearance, but also affects the wearing quality of the goods. This trouble can be entirely overcome by using Defiance Starch, as it can be applied much more thinly because of its greater strength than other makes.

Read Charles Dickens' Proofs.

Henry Thomas Spindler, who died recently at Brentford, England, at the age of 84, was for many years connected with the old London Sun. He acted as proofreader to Charles Dickens, and possessed many relics of the great novelist, including proofs with his alterations upon them.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*. In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Perhaps He Was the One to Blame.

Hicks—He first met his wife when he was on a camping trip down in the Maine woods, but their marriage isn't happy.

Wicks—Ah, I see. He mistook her for a deer.

That an article may be good as well as cheap, and give entire satisfaction, is proven by the extraordinary sale of Defiance Starch, each package containing one-third more Starch than can be had of any other brand for the same money.

And Other Crimes.

The gravity of the crime of bigamy appears to depend quite largely upon the criminal's business connections and social acquaintance.—Columbus Journal.

No Headache in the Morning.

Krause's Headache Capsules for over-indulgence in food or drink. Druggists, 25c. Norman Lichy Mfg. Co., Des Moines, Ia.

Envy and Jealousy prevail between men in the same kind of business, and neither will give honest credit to the other.

Your success will never be finally destroyed until you have lost hope, energy, integrity and bravery.

Lewis' Single Binder cigar—richest, most satisfying smoke on the market. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

If you want a woman to do a certain thing get her to say she won't.

Tip from the Sage.

"Well," yawned the sage of the park bench, "this business of chasing dogs around the town and taking them to the pound may be all right in some ways, but it certainly is wasting a lot of valuable power."

"Power?" ejaculated the park policeman in surprise.

"Yes, power. When a dog is in a good humor he wags his tail, doesn't he?"

"Believe he does."

"Well, now, if we could keep all the stray dogs in a good humor and stand them in a row and let them wag their tails from morn till night, why, man, there would be enough power generated to run a trolley line. Niagara wouldn't be in it. Wonder to me some genius don't try to harness those wags."

The extraordinary popularity of fine white goods this summer makes the choice of Starch a matter of great importance. Defiance Starch, being free from all injurious chemicals, is the only one which is safe to use on fine fabrics. Its great strength as a stiffener makes half the usual quantity of Starch necessary, with the result of perfect finish, equal to that when the goods were new.

New Use for Old Ropes.

Some time ago a woolen manufacturer in the north of England succeeded in making a fabric from old ropes. He obtained a quantity of old rope and cordage, unraveled them and wove them by a secret process into a kind of rough cloth.

A Hard Knock.

"Yes," said Rimer, "I admit I sometimes have trouble wooing my muse."

"That's odd," replied Crittick, "her feet are so clumsy I don't see how she could get away from you."

Ladies Can Wear Shoes

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease. A certain cure for swollen, aching, hot, aching feet. At all Druggists, 25c. Accept no substitute. Trial package FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

When a man's business affairs begin to go wrong his wife thinks it is because he doesn't follow her advice.

The more cause one has for losing patience, the more reason there is for holding it.—Feltbam.

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Headaches, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature. *Dr. J. C. Watson*. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

When all the homely people redeem their faces with their conduct this will be a fine world.

Lewis' Single Binder straight 5c cigar is good quality all the time. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

A man of the world is one who has managed to dodge the undertaker.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Even the best phrases of a flatterer sometimes fall flat.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES, BRUISES, RHEUMATISM, BRIGHT'S DISEASE, DIABETES, BACKACHE.

375 "Guaranteed"

Charles M. Schwab
EX-PRESIDENT U. S. STEEL CO., AND SENATOR JOHN W. DANIEL

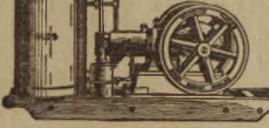
These are my references. I guarantee a square deal. Pioneer in a new mining camp destined to become one of the greatest producers at an early date. Offer you the same chances that have made other men rich. If you play the game play right. For particulars address:

WILLIAM R. WHARTON, Skidoo, Cal.

MAKE MONEY

I can show you how a few dollars invested immediately will mean an income for life. A great opportunity. No gamble, but a straight, clean, honest proposition. Can furnish best of references. Write today. Offer soon to be withdrawn.

M. C. BARNARD, Dep't A, 33 Congress Street, Boston, Mass.



OLDS ENGINES

"BEST BY EVERY TEST" U.S. GOV'T REPORT.

Do you want an engine? We have one you can afford to buy. We have been building nothing but engines for 25 years. We guarantee the Olds Engines will run properly. The price is right. The engine is reliable and simple. We treat you right. There is an agent near by to see everything is right and kept so.

We have a liberal proposition to make to you, besides furnishing you the best engine made. Let us tell you about it, because it will surely interest you.

We can furnish you our Type A engine, set up on skids if desired, 3 to 8 h. p. ready to run when you get it—does not have to be set up, no piping to connect, no foundation to build—simply fill with gasoline (or distillate) throw on the switch, turn the wheel and it goes. Easy to start winter or summer. The cheapest of all engines for farm and stationary power. Has removable water jacket, all latest improvements, and has been adopted by the United States Government. Send for our catalogue of 3 to 30 h. p. and be sure you take advantage of our proposition and save money.

OLDS GAS POWER CO.

Main Office—988 Seager St., Lansing, Mich. Minneapolis—313 So. Front St. Kansas City, Mo.—1206 W. Eleventh St. Omaha—1018 Farnam St.

FREE

To convince any woman that Paxtine Antiseptic will improve her health and do all we claim for it. We will send her absolutely free a large trial box of Paxtine with book of instructions and genuine testimonials. Send your name and address on a postal card.

PAXTINE

cleanses and heals mucous membrane affections, such as nasal catarrh, pelvic catarrh and inflammation caused by feminine ills; sore eyes, sore throat and mouth, by direct local treatment. Its curative power over these troubles is extraordinary and gives immediate relief. Thousands of women are using and recommending it every day. 50 cents at druggists or by mail. Remember, however, IT COSTS YOU NOTHING TO TRY IT. THE R. FAXTON CO., Boston, Mass.

READERS of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

COLORADO

is the greatest mining State in the Union! But do you know, Colorado farmers will produce dollars while other mines produce cents? We sell land that never fails to return big interest on the investment; land that will double in value soon. Colorado is booming. Buy now before prices go up, as they are bound to do. Write for our descriptive literature. Local and Eastern references if desired. C. J. JOHNSTON, L. K. MULFORD, Mgr. Farm Dept., Colorado Bldg., Denver, Colo.

GET A FARM

on the foot hills in Williams Valley, the greatest fruit and hop land in the world; 4000 buys 100 acres; 10 cleared, 20 acres in hops and fruit. Especially favorable for early strawberries; nicely watered with three springs. Correspondence Solicited. M. OAKLEY, Newberg, Oregon.

PATENTS AND TRADE MARKS

obtained, defended and prosecuted by ALEXANDER & HOWELL, Patent Attorneys, 407 1/2 St. W., WASHINGTON, D. C. Book of information sent FREE.

FOR SALE

Bargain. Highly Improved Michigan grain farm. Cost \$10,000, sacrificed for \$1000. J. W. NEWMAN, Fisher Bldg., Chicago.

A. N. K.—A (1907—29) 2187.

Dainty, Crisp, Dressy Summer Skirts

are a delight to the refined woman everywhere. In order to get this result see that the material is good, that it is cut in the latest fashion and use

Defiance Starch

in the laundry. All three things are important, but the last is absolutely necessary. No matter how fine the material or how daintily made, bad starch and poor laundry work will spoil the effect and ruin the clothes. **DEFIANCE STARCH** is pure, will not rot the clothes nor cause them to crack. It sells at 10c a sixteen ounce package everywhere. Other starches, much inferior, sell at 10c for twelve ounce package. Insist on getting **DEFIANCE STARCH** and be sure of results.

Defiance Starch Company, Omaha, Nebraska.

Court House News

PROBATE

Judgment entered on all delinquent taxes; except where objections were filed. Objections filed by Illinois Central Ry. to \$59.38 of county tax and \$17.80 of village tax of Genoa.

Jared Preston, decd. Second will presented and petition that it be probated as the last will of said deceased, set for hearing of August 5th.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

Genoa
W. L. Abraham to F. J. Drake, wd, lts 5 and 6 blk 2, E. S. Wilcox add, \$1,600.

South Grove.

A. Ashelford heirs to Jas. Ashelford, n e 1/4 sec 36, \$18,400.

Same to Sarah Hewit wd, s e 1-4 sec 25, \$19,200.

Same to Robert A. Ashelford, wd, sw 1-4 sec 31, \$13,200.

Franklin

State of Illinois to John Riddle decd in 1/2 of l 5, sec 16, \$50.

Squaw Grove

Ida C. Lemson to Ralph J.

Howison, wd, nw 1-4 nw 1-4 sec 32, \$2,800.

Lewis C. Johnson to Thos. Satter, e 1/2 nw 1/4 and w 1/2 ne 1/4 sec 35 and s 1/2 sw 1-4 sec 26, \$32,000

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Harry Whitney, Genoa.
Elizabeth McNaughton, Sycamore

Catarrah Cannot be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrah is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrah Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrah Cure is not a quick medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in the country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrah. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, price 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Mars, the supposed only other inhabited planet besides the earth, will be nearest the earth this week that it has been for twenty-two years. The brightness of the star during the past few weeks is said to be due to the color of the vegetation on its surface, which is either orange or yellow.

ABUSE OF THE HORSE.

Many Thoughtless Ways In Which the Animal is Tortured.

Is the stall always sweet and well ventilated—not at the rear or in the passageway, and in cool weather, but at the head and in the hottest nights of summer and at, say, 4 o'clock of a stifling July morning? You don't know? Well, why don't you? And are you fit to have a horse if you don't? Is the surcingle always comfortably loose, or is it, as usual, drawn as tight as an average husky groom can draw it "to keep the blankets in place?" Now, if it is tight when the animal is standing up, it is far more so when he is lying down, and if you have a horse whom your man says "sleeps standing up" just go personally and give him two or three holes in the surcingle for a few nights "unbeknownst" to your employee and then inquire again. This carelessness is universal and hideously cruel. It bruises the ridge and back, prevents rest and sleep and is indefensible upon any pretext, for a breast girth or any of the blankets with straps sewed on will keep the covering in place and allow the sufferer—for he is nothing else—to rest in peace.

While you are about it just measure his halter shank and see if he can lie down. Many a horse is purposely tied too short to save the groom trouble in cleaning him; also see if the nose band of the halter is loose enough so that he can chew comfortably, that the throat lash is not too tight, that the crown piece and brow band are not harsh edged leather, which will rasp and irritate his ears, and then offer him a pail of water or two and see if James has not, as usual, left him about half cared for to get along until daylight the best way he can.

Again, find out if he is afraid of the dark—many horses are—and if he is a night kicker. Be sure that he does thus tread the departure of daylight and leave an artificial light, dim or bright, but, at all events, enough to allay his paroxysms of terror. Ninety stall kickers in the hundred will abandon the practice forthwith if a light is left in the stable. The expense is small, the cure almost certain.—F. M. Ware in *Outing Magazine*.

M. E. Church Notes

Regular preaching service Sunday morning at 10:30. Sunday school at 12 o'clock.

Preaching at Charter Grove at 2 o'clock.

Sunday school at Ney at the regular hour.

Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. Subject: "Poverty of Spirit." Leader, Clarence Olmsted.

Ladies' Aid Society will meet at the church Friday afternoon at 2:30.

Junior League at 3:00 p. m.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers, small, sure, safe pills. Sold by Hunt's Pharmacy.

Special

Real Estate Bargains

Residence with 2 lots and crop on 4 lots, garden tools, good chicken houses, and well, all ready to use. \$700.00.

\$1,200.00 buys an 8-room house, in good condition.

\$2,500.00 buys a good residence property on Genoa street.

\$3,600.00 will buy fine residence with 4 acres of land.

All the above property is well located. D. S. Brown at Exchange Bank, Genoa, Ill.

South Riley

Henry Bernehan and family were in Genoa Thursday.

Flora Buck visited in Riley Sunday.

Aunt Gerusha Gray was surprised by a visit of her brother from Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Ollie Cooper and daughter of Genoa visited at the home of A. H. Sears this week.

Mrs. L. Robinson of Genoa called in Ney Friday.

Chas. Corson is driving a sore colt nowadays.

Floyd Stevens is working for H. J. Patterson this week.

The Larkin Club of ten was entertained by Mrs. L. D. Kellogg Wednesday.

Saved his Comrade's Life

"While returning from the Grand Army Encampment at Washington City, a comrade from Elgin, Ill., was taken with cholera morbus and was in a critical condition," says Mr. J. E. Houghland, of Eldon, Iowa. "I gave him Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and believe saved his life. I have been engaged for ten years in immigration work and conducted many parties to the south and west. I always carry this remedy and have used it successfully on many occasions." Sold by G. H. Hunt.

James Purcell, who was one of the oldest settlers in this section, died suddenly at his home in South Grove Tuesday morning, July 8, about 9:30 o'clock of neuralgia of the heart. He was usually well when he arose that morning and ate his usual breakfast, his death occurring very unexpectedly.

Buy
SOUTH DAKOTA LAND
OF THE
D. N. HUNT Land Company

NO AGENTS
YOU SAVE COMMISSIONS
REDFIELD, SOUTH DAKOTA

PINEULES

30 DAYS' TREATMENT FOR \$1.00

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

FOR ALL KIDNEY BLADDER TROUBLE, RHEUMATISM AND LUMBAGO

A dose at bed time usually relieves the most severe case before morning.

BACK-ACHE

PINEULE MEDICINE CO.
CHICAGO, U. S. A.
Hunt's Pharmacy.

A. C. Church Notice

Preaching at 10:30 a. m., Sunday School at 11:30. In the evening the M. E. brethren will join us in union service to hear Eunice Cusick Haly of Wheaton speak on the subject, "Young Patriots." She comes highly recommended and a full attendance is desired.

Miss Davis will sing at this service. Everybody cordially invited. W. T. Loomis, pastor.

When there is the slightest indication of indigestion, heart burn, flatulence or any form of stomach trouble take a little Kodol occasionally and you will get prompt relief. Sold by Hunt's Pharmacy.

TRY A SACK

EXCELSIOR FLOUR

It may have equals, but there is nothing better. Its use means good bread absolutely.

GROCERIES

We have them, staple and fancy. All the fruits and vegetables in season.

T. M. FRAZIER

C. F. HALL CO.
CASH DEPARTMENT STORE
DUNDEE, ILLINOIS

Our special July sales are now in full sway. In addition to the many small lots to be closed out from our stock, we offer many new goods which we have been able to buy up at this season.

Turkish Bath Towels

All kinds of bath towels sold to us direct from a southern factory at 1/2 regular prices. All sizes of unbleached towels, large and heavy.....6. 7. 8. 10 and 12c

Summer Waist Sale

Over 200 ladies' fine white Lawn waists, worth from \$1.00 to \$1.75. The close out garments are from 2 large manufacturing concerns. The season is so far advanced that we have placed all the waists in one immense lot, at the common price.....75c

Bargains in Our Ladies' Dept.

Silk Coats, Cloaks, Jackets, etc., at greatly reduced prices, every garment in our store is reduced in price. Early buyers will find some big values in our 3/4 length Silk Coats
\$5.00 \$7.75 \$6.25

White Lawn Dresses, 2 piece, waist and skirt, lace or embroidery trimmed to match. These now on sale
\$1.25 \$1.50 \$2.00 \$2.50

Wrappers—light and dark colors, special values.....79c

Summer dress skirts, cool, light weight wool in light or dark colors, sample garments,
\$1.98 \$1.87 \$2.87 \$2.98

American Beauty corset, \$1 values for.....65c

Fancy lawn dressing sacques, light and cool.....35c, 49c

Ladies' black Silk dress skirts full cut plaited skirts, in newest styles for.....\$4.87

Sale of girls' all wool box coats,
\$1.29 \$1.69 \$1.98 \$2.69

Trunks, Suit Cases Etc.

An entirely new line with bargains. See our trunk values for this week.
\$1.98 and \$2.29

Suit cases, good and serviceable makes.....\$1.29, \$1.49

Men's Suits

Suit bargains for all. Good material, best makes, at bargain prices. Suits bought during our July sales are such as will be remembered.

Trade \$10.00 and show round trip ticket and we refund your car fare.

Dinner Tickets, Horse Tickets or Introduction Tickets given if you drive.

CAMERA SUPPLIES

Now Is The Time You Want Them!

We will be pleased to supply you with the best goods; PLATES, PAPERS both gas light and sun light, DEVELOPING POWDERS and LIQUIDS, TONING and FIXING SOLUTIONS, TRAYS, MOUNTS, ETC.

Prices are right, goods are right.

HUNT'S PHARMACY

GENOA, ILL.

TELEPHONE NO. 83

J. C. C. CORSET

J. C. C. Models mould to perfection the slender, medium and stout forms with the newest figure fashions in vogue.

JOHN LEMBKE

Genoa, Illinois

Phone No. 20

The Appleton Spreader Leads Them All.

WHY?



Because of its simplicity, durability and working qualities. We have just received our second car load for this summer's sales. This speaks for the farmers' opinion. It is made at Batavia, Ill., hence repairs can be secured in one-half day. Don't buy a machine until you have inspected the "APPLETON."

J. H. UPLINGER, KINGSTON, ILLINOIS

DOINGS OF THE WEEK

THE assistance of all subscribers is invited and solicited in making this department interesting. Any item of news left at the office, in the box at the east corner of the Exchange Bank building or given the editor on the street will be greatly appreciated. If you have visitors or have been away yourself or if you know anything good about your neighbors tell us about it.

Mrs. Jessie Briggs of Blaine is visiting Genoa relatives.

K. Shipman and Chas. Whipple were in Chicago Tuesday.

Harry Hoof of Chicago was here the first of the week.

Coroner J. D. Morris of Kirkland was in Genoa Wednesday.

Will Brown of Marengo has been visiting in Genoa this week.

J. E. Stott transacted business at McHenry and Wauconda last week.

Owen McCormick of Minneapolis was here the first of the week.

Geo. Olmsted has started another house in the citizens' addition.

John Lembke attended the funeral of his niece at Dundee Sunday.

Superintendent Coulon of the Thompson Piano Co. was here Monday.

Mrs. Julius May and daughter, Irene, were Chicago visitors the first of the week.

Mrs. Neugelaur and Mrs. Hess of Chicago are guests at the home of John Lembke.

A baby girl arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Irvin Confer Monday evening.

Miss Mable Cune of El Paso, Ill., is visiting at the home of her aunt, Mrs. F. O. Holtgren.

E. H. Griggs and daughter, Jessie, visited at the home of Milton Corson Tuesday of this week.

Samuel Craft and son of Oregon are visiting at the home of the former's sister, Mrs. L. Robin son.

A. E. Pickett is enlarging the basement under his store building and will install a box ball alley.

Misses Lila Kitchen and Constance Cash visited Miss Lila Chamberlain in Chicago over Sunday.

H. A. Sumner, station agent at Roselle, a former resident of Genoa, was here Sunday calling on friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Harlan Fisher of Cherry Valley are the proud parents of a baby girl, born last Thursday.

Miss Mae Burroughs has returned from Oregon, Ill., where she has been during the past several weeks.

Mrs. Oley Taylor and children are spending the week with the former's uncle, Wm. Kiernan, at Cherry Valley.

Rev. "Billy" Sunday induced over 1,000 people to come to the altar at Gibson City in a three-weeks' revival.

Rev. Moltan entertained his uncle and aunt, August Steinhaus and wife, of Naperville, during the past week.

Mrs. Howlett was called to Lewiston, Ill., last Friday by the serious illness of her husband who is now in a hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Marquart and daughter, Gretchen, visited at the home of Mrs. Marquart's father in DeKalb Sunday.

For rent—120 acre farm 5 1/2 miles north east of Genoa. For further particulars inquire of C. A. Brown at Exchange Bank.

Miss Katie Smith of Thomaston, Maine, is a guest at the home of her aunt, Mrs. J. A. Patterson, where she will spend the summer.

Mrs. Wm. Gnekow and children will soon leave for Lester Prairie, Minn., where they will spend the balance of the summer.

Mrs. J. A. Dooley of Clare and Mrs. Chas. Ham of Chicago spent Monday and Tuesday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Mott.

Christian Science services are held at Slater's hall every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. Subject for next Sunday is "Truth." Everyone is welcome.

Why don't you deposit your money in the Farmers' State Bank and get interest for six months at the rate of 3 per cent per annum? Try it.

We have lawn mowers for every one. The low priced machine as well as the high grade ball bearing mower. Call and see them. Perkins & Rosenfeld.

During the month of July hard coal will be delivered at \$8.50 per ton. This price will without doubt advance in August. Buy now. Jackman & Son.

Have you placed your order for furnace repairs? We will make a specialty of this work and it will be to your advantage to talk to

us. Perkins & Rosenfeld.

Walter Fuller of Byron, Minn., was here last week a guest at the home of E. J. Buss. Mr. Fuller, who married Miss Lee Jeffery, may make his home here.

For sale—5 residences in Genoa, 160 acres raw land in McPherson county, S. D. and 410 acre improved farm in Brown county, S. D. W. H. Sager, Genoa, Ill.

Mr. and Mrs. N. P. Thurber of Savanna were here this week visiting the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Holroyd. Mr. Thurber is train master on the C. M. & St. Paul road.

Mr. and Mrs. Mark Young moved into their new home on Emmett street Tuesday. The house on Sycamore street vacated by them will be occupied by Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Duval.

FOR SALE—I offer my home and two lots on Genoa street,

three lots on Sycamore street and one lot in Citizens' addition for sale at a bargain. Terms to suit the purchaser. MARY MOAN, 45-2

Old, mellow and thoroughly matured—it possesses every essential of a genuinely fine, Kentucky liquor—that's why I. W. Harper whiskey is the most popular. Sold by C. A. Goding.

The bites and stings of insects, sunburn, cuts, burns and bruises relieved at once with Pinesalve Carbolized. Acts like a poultice. Draws out inflammation. Try it. Price 25c. Sold by Geo. H. Hunt's drug store.

H. F. Stout, who is traveling in the interests of the Appleton Book Co. this summer, has purchased an Oldsmobile with which to make the country school districts, thus saving much valuable time.

Your brain goes on a strike when you overload your stomach; both need blood to do business. Nutrition is what you want, and it comes by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea, 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Slater & Douglas and Hunt's Pharmacy.

A. E. Pickett will build of cement blocks a three-story addition at the rear of his building on Main street. It will have dimensions of 24x32 feet. Crawford & Ide are now manufacturing the blocks.

Kodol will nourish and strengthens your digestive organs and furnish the natural digestive juices for your stomach. It will make you well. Kodol digests what you eat. Sold by Hunt's Pharmacy.

For sale—Two houses on Genoa street, one on East Main street and vacant lot in Oak Park addition on Main street. Houses all new and modern. Will be sold cheap for cash or on easy payments. JAS. J. HAMMOND.

The best remedy for backache, weak kidneys, inflammation of the bladder is DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills. Their action is prompt and sure. A week's treatment for 25c. Sold by Hunt's Pharmacy.

F. O. Holtgren went to Geneva Wednesday to meet an older brother whom he has not seen for thirty-six years. When Frank was a little boy his big brother left Sweden and came to America. He is now located in Nebraska.

HAVE YOU THE FAILING?

That is, have you the failing of wanting a good cup of coffee every morning? If you have it is pardonable. There is nothing that will give a person a better start for the day's work. Its a fact that 99 per cent of Americans have the same failing. But there is a large number who fail to get that satisfied feeling because they have not found the right coffee. We are coming to the rescue of these people with the

DELICIOUS KAR-A-VAN COFFEE

This coffee cannot be classed as just as good as others or equal to others—it stands on its own merits, has an aroma of its own, just a little different than the others. In fact it embodies all that is excellent in good coffee due to perfect blending and careful roasting. It is all put up in air tight packages at the following prices:

20c 25c 30c 35c and 40c per pound.

We have a new lot of watermelons on ice and other seasonable fruit.

DUVAL & KING, GENOA

Stops Hair Falling

Ayer's Hair Vigor, new improved formula, will certainly stop falling of the hair. Indeed, we believe it will always do this unless there is some disturbance of the general health. Then, a constitutional medicine may be necessary. Consult your physician about this.

Does not change the color of the hair.



The reason why Ayer's Hair Vigor stops falling hair is because it first destroys the germs which cause this trouble. After this is done, nature soon brings about a full recovery, restoring the hair and scalp to a perfectly healthy condition.

SPECIAL!

July 20 to July 27

All 10c China and Glassware in Basement

6 CENTS

WAIST SALE CONTINUES

We have decided to extend our sale of white and colored waists another week. You can buy them cheaper than getting material and making them yourself. Note the prices:

75c	White Lawn Waists, Lace and Embroidery trimmed	50c
\$1.00	waists	75c
\$1.25	waists	98c
\$1.50	waists	\$1.15
\$1.75	waists	\$1.35
\$2.00	waists	\$1.58
\$2.25	waists	\$1.85
\$2.50	waists	\$1.98
\$2.75	waists	\$2.15

Keep all Cash Tickets

Besides making special prices we will give with every \$25.00 in trade your choice of a bread and cake holder or a flour bin.

BAND CONCERT ON MAIN STREET EVERY WEDNESDAY EVENING

Frank W. Olmsted, Genoa

three lots on Sycamore street and one lot in Citizens' addition for sale at a bargain. Terms to suit the purchaser. MARY MOAN, 45-2

Old, mellow and thoroughly matured—it possesses every essential of a genuinely fine, Kentucky liquor—that's why I. W. Harper whiskey is the most popular. Sold by C. A. Goding.

The bites and stings of insects, sunburn, cuts, burns and bruises relieved at once with Pinesalve Carbolized. Acts like a poultice. Draws out inflammation. Try it. Price 25c. Sold by Geo. H. Hunt's drug store.

H. F. Stout, who is traveling in the interests of the Appleton Book Co. this summer, has purchased an Oldsmobile with which to make the country school districts, thus saving much valuable time.

Your brain goes on a strike when you overload your stomach; both need blood to do business. Nutrition is what you want, and it comes by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea, 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Slater & Douglas and Hunt's Pharmacy.

A. E. Pickett will build of cement blocks a three-story addition at the rear of his building on Main street. It will have dimensions of 24x32 feet. Crawford & Ide are now manufacturing the blocks.

Kodol will nourish and strengthens your digestive organs and furnish the natural digestive juices for your stomach. It will make you well. Kodol digests what you eat. Sold by Hunt's Pharmacy.

For sale—Two houses on Genoa street, one on East Main street and vacant lot in Oak Park addition on Main street. Houses all new and modern. Will be sold cheap for cash or on easy payments. JAS. J. HAMMOND.

The best remedy for backache, weak kidneys, inflammation of the bladder is DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills. Their action is prompt and sure. A week's treatment for 25c. Sold by Hunt's Pharmacy.

F. O. Holtgren went to Geneva Wednesday to meet an older brother whom he has not seen for thirty-six years. When Frank was a little boy his big brother left Sweden and came to America. He is now located in Nebraska.

Under the supervision of H. P. Edsall the school grounds have been graded this week and the gutter in the street on the west side opened. When grass is started the grounds will be beautiful and there will be no more mud holes about the place.

Pineules are for the Kidneys and Bladder. They bring quick relief to backache, rheumatism, lumbago, tired worn out feeling. They produce natural action of the kidneys. 30 days' treatment \$1.00. Money refunded if Pineules are not satisfactory. Sold by Geo. H. Hunt's drug store.

On account of camp meeting the Woman's Home Missionary Society will not have their next meeting until the 20th of August. The society will have a tent on the camp grounds and anyone desiring a night's lodging can get one for 15 cents. Secretary.

Mrs. C. A. Patterson took part in the program at a reunion of Wing school in Elgin last Friday. Mrs. C. R. Strong and C. H. Awe were also present. The two ladies were former teachers in the school while Mr. Awe was a pupil there years ago.

A cleansing, clean, cooling, soothing, healing household remedy is DeWitt's Carbolized Witch Hazel Salve. Sold by Hunt's Pharmacy.

The Illinois Central reaches all homeseeker's points that are authorized by the various R. R. lines. Remember the I. C. R. R. homeseekers. Enquire of agent for rates and dates. S. R. Crawford.

The next mothers' meeting of the White Ribbon Cradle Roll Club will be held at the home of Mrs. Victor Meyers, on Genoa street, Thursday, July 25, at 2:30 p. m. A cordial invitation is extended to all who are interested in the children and the work. A program is being prepared and we hope for a very interesting and helpful meeting. Sec.

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THE McVICKER AUTOMATIC GASOLINE ENGINES

There are only two kinds of 4-cycle gas engines made. One is the McVicker automatic, and the other is all the others.

There are one-third less parts to the McVicker than in any other make. The McVicker inventions are all fully covered by patents or all others would build on the same simple plan.

One-third less parts means one-third less wear and one-third less trouble. We guarantee to operate this engine on 25 to 40 percent less gasoline than any other engine. Do you realize what this means?

The McVicker Stands Alone

as the best in gasoline engine construction. Call and see testimonials and see the engine work at our ware house.

E. H. Cohoon & Co.

County Tel. No. 16 Long Distance No. 3

Sour Stomach

No appetite, loss of strength, nervousness, headache, constipation, bad breath, general debility, sour risings, and catarrh of the stomach are all due to indigestion. Kodol relieves indigestion. This new discovery represents the natural juices of digestion as they exist in a healthy stomach, combined with the greatest known tonic and reconstructive properties. Kodol for dyspepsia does not only relieve indigestion and dyspepsia, but this famous remedy helps all stomach troubles by cleansing, purifying, sweetening and strengthening the mucous membranes lining the stomach.

Mr. S. S. Ball, of Ravenswood, W. Va., says: "I was troubled with sour stomach for twenty years. Kodol cured me and we are now using it in milk for baby."

Kodol Digests What You Eat. Relieves indigestion, sour stomach, belching of gas, etc.

Prepared by E. G. DeWITT & CO., CHICAGO.

HUNT'S PHARMACY

The Day of the Farmer.

The farmer who is not an amateur is really an increasing factor in to-day's life. In fact, farming is rapidly becoming one of the professions. We have our agricultural schools, just as we have our law schools. It is getting to be a business as well, remarks The World To-Day. Farmers have their trusts, like other manufacturers. It is a far cry from the New England farmer, trying to arrange an exploded granite quarry into a stone wall that he may have room in which to plant his crop, and that master of capital, science and black earth ten feet deep who plows with a traction engine and reaps with a ten-horse team. And between these two types of farmers the drift is steadily toward the latter. The comic paper does not laugh at the "granger" as frequently as it used to laugh. It wants his subscription. The capitalist does not foreclose mortgages on the prairie farm now. He borrows money of its owner. . . . The farm is the nursery of individualism. If you are a cliff-dweller in the city send your boy there this summer, and let him see what it means to create wealth with the help of nature rather than with the tinker. You will help make him a better American.

Half a Billion for Bridges.

Everybody thinks of New York as the city of big constructive performances, and it never disappoints. Here we find big men with big brains and unlimited capital. As one prodigious example, plans are now under way by which within a few years eight mammoth bridges, affording by far the greatest centralized traffic facilities in the world, will yoke Manhattan island to its suburban shores, says Broadway Magazine. At least one of these big bridges will exceed in size the famous Forth cantilever bridge in Scotland, now the largest on the globe; another will excel in capacity the old Brooklyn bridge, which now has the largest bridge traffic in the world. The biggest bridge, which, of course, will span the noble Hudson, may cost anywhere between \$50,000,000 and \$100,000,000, while the other structures will run the aggregate cost of New York's bridges up to about \$250,000,000. About 1915 New York's total bill for bridges and tunnels will approximate a round half billion of dollars—all spent to aid transportation in and out of the first city in America.

Six more years must pass before the great memorial to Queen Victoria, which is to be erected in front of Buckingham palace, can be completed. Slow progress on the gigantic work for the last six years has caused much public criticism from time to time, and the king, it is said, recently expressed himself as disappointed that greater progress had not been made. Leading sculptors, who are familiar with the magnitude of the undertaking, say that it cannot be completed before 1913, and that 12 years is not much time to put on a piece of work of such size and magnificence. The central figure of the memorial will be a statue of Queen Victoria, 13 feet high, dressed in her robes of state, seated amid groups symbolical of the personal and imperial qualities which made her reign so illustrious. On her right will be Justice, on her left Truth, and at her back Motherhood. The memorial will contain 12 great groups of figures and 180 panels. The pedestal, with its plinth, will be 70 feet high. The cost has been fixed at \$1,250,000.

A Fair Census.

In Washington the census bureau is even now making preparations for the national census to be taken in 1910. It is a vast work, involving infinite detail, and must be carefully planned. The millions of people who inhabit the United States are to be enumerated, together with the livestock, and comprehensive reports also are sought on the innumerable industries of the country, its development and resources. That all of this can be done with absolute accuracy is out of the question, but that it can be done in a far more thorough manner than the census records of the past bear out in many, many instances is certain, says Poppyland. The faithful enumerators are in the minority, and in self-protection the interested public should see to it that returns as nearly correct as it is humanly possible to make them should be sent to Washington for final summing up and publication.

Woman clerks in Washington are very proficient in counting money. They do not have to take any civil-service examination for that. It is one of the gifts that nature gives to them at the same time it hands them bewitching dimples and fluffy hair.

Mark Twain is said to have expressed a desire for a funeral procession five miles long, and as he will be 40 no hurry to reach the cemetery he'll probably want to occupy the last carriage in the line.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

A severe drought is causing starvation among people in Jamaica. Mrs. Mary Gaylord, of Pontiac, Ill., was killed by a fall downstairs. Mrs. Mina Field Gibson, prominent in Chicago society, was granted a divorce from Preston Gibson. At Dalhart, Tex., eight convicts sawed through the jail ceiling and escaped, making ropes of their blankets. Gall Robinson of Buffalo fell 7,000 feet with a disabled airship at Springfield, O., and was practically unharmed. Charles Stoner of Bradford, Ill., has sued six other boys for \$30,000 because he was injured for life while being hazed. The menagerie tent of Barnum & Bailey's circus was demolished by a wind storm at Watertown, S. D., and one employe killed. Every fire insurance company doing business in Kansas was enjoined from using the so-called "Eldridge rating sheet" in writing Kansas risks. The attorney general's office in Washington, after investigation, has exonerated Judge Humphrey, of Indian Territory, of charges reflecting on his integrity. Robert Buckell, a former resident of Terre Haute, Ind., but who returned some years ago to his native town of Oxford, England, has been knighted by King Edward.

Sigmund Rothschild, a millionaire tobacco merchant of Detroit, Mich., and head of the firm of Rothschild & Sons, died suddenly in the Hotel Savoy in New York.

John W. H. Geiger, late cashier of the Canton National bank of Baltimore, was found guilty in the United States court of abstracting and fraudulently using funds of the bank.

Justice Wright, of the supreme court of the District of Columbia, admitted Mrs. Annie M. Bradley, under indictment on the charge of murdering ex-Senator Brown, of Utah, to bail in the sum of \$15,000.

The American barkentine S. N. Castle, arrived at San Francisco, reported that she had been boarded by Russians off Siberia, who confiscated her papers and warned her not to fish within 30 miles of the coast.

Ex-Judge Alton B. Parker had a narrow escape from death while riding on a train between Norfolk and Richmond, Va. A bullet fired through the window imbedded itself in the woodwork of the car opposite where he was sitting.

Mrs. Margaret McMahon, who weighed 500 pounds, died in Newark, N. J. It was necessary to cut through the wall of her home in order to permit 12 pallbearers to carry her body to a dray, a hearse not serving the purpose.

J. Pierpont Morgan appeared in the West London police court as a witness in the case of Mrs. Josephine Leslie, who is charged with defrauding members of well-known families by false pretenses and who represented herself to be a friend of Mr. Morgan.

The case against Princess Ludmilla von Wrede, charged with thefts of silverware from various hotels and private residences in Berlin, Paris and Munich in the years 1903-6, was dismissed at Guestrow, Mecklenburg. A commission of medical experts found that the princess was a kleptomaniac.

SIR WILLIAM PERKIN DIES.

Englishman Who Founded the Coal Tar Color Industry.

London, July 15.—Sir William Henry Perkin died Sunday. He was born in 1838.

Sir William founded the coal tar color industry by the discovery of the mauve dye in 1856, and its subsequent production on a large scale. He visited this country in the fall of last year and received the degree of LL. D. from Johns Hopkins university, of Baltimore. He was banqueted by the American Electro-Chemical society in New York and was accorded many other honors during his visit here.

THE MARKETS.

Table with market prices for various commodities including LIVE STOCK, FLOUR, WHEAT, CORN, BUTTER, EGGS, CHEESE, CATTLE, HOGS, SHEEP, and GRAIN across different locations like CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE, KANSAS CITY, and ST. LOUIS.

ANOTHER GATE FOR THE MAYOR OF THE GOLDEN GATE.



ATTEMPT TO KILL FRENCH PRESIDENT

NAVAL RESERVIST FIRES TWO SHOTS POINT BLANK AT M. FALLIERES.

Neither Takes Effect—Assassin, Who Seeks Chief Magistrate's Life as He Returns from Longchamps Review, Is Thought Crazy.

Paris, July 15.—The national fete Sunday was marred by a dastardly attempt on the life of President Fallieres by Leon Malle, a naval reservist of Havre, who, it is believed, is suffering from the mania of persecution. Malle fired two shots at the president, but did not hit him. He was at once placed under arrest.

On account of the activity of the anti-militarists, who tried to organize a demonstration against the army throughout France Sunday, exceptional precautions were taken to safeguard President Fallieres. The attempt on his life occurred on the Avenue des Champs-Elysees while the president was returning to the palace from Longchamps, where he had reviewed the garrison of Paris in the presence of 250,000 enthusiastic people.

Assassin Fires Twice. Premier Clemenceau and M. Lanes, the president's secretary, were with the president in his landau, which was escorted by a squadron of cuirassiers. The carriage had safely emerged from the Bois de Boulogne, where the anti-militarists had stationed themselves with the intention of hooting the soldiers and was descending the broad Champs-Elysees amid the acclamations of the crowds thronging the sidewalks, who were shouting "vive Fallieres," "vive L'Armee," when at the corner of Lesueur street Malle from the curb fired two shots point blank at the president in quick succession.

Miraculously no one was hit. President Fallieres was cool and collected when the cortege stopped. The diplomats who were following the president's landau alighted from their carriages and hurried to the side of M. Fallieres. Finding that nobody had been injured, by the president's orders the cortege passed on.

Meantime two policemen seized Malle, who made no resistance, but the police with difficulty prevented the irate crowd from lynching the prisoner until a cordon of reserves came up and conducted him to the station. There Malle refused to give any reason for his act, saying: "The revelations I have are so grave and serious that I will only make them before a magistrate for transmission to the chief of state. It is a matter between the government and me. I am the victim of many villainies."

Thought to Be Crazy. Some of the witnesses of the shooting said that Malle fired in the air. It is believed that the man participated in the recent seaman's strike and that his mind had been unbalanced and fancied grievances. It is believed also that he aided in the revolutionary agitation of the General Federation of Labor and the anti-militarists. There is no reason to suspect a plot, as Malle arrived here from Rouen only Saturday night.

Feudist Killed in Card Game. Jackson, Ky., July 13.—Curt Smith, brother of John Smith, the noted feudist, was shot and killed by Sigel Turner in a duel over a card game. Smith is alleged to have fired twice at Turner before the latter killed him. Smith was an important witness for the commonwealth against Judge James Hargis and his associates in the mountain feud cases. Turner surrendered Friday to the officers here.

Burning Steamer Torpedoed. Oran, Algeria, July 15.—Fire broke out Sunday with such violence aboard the British steamer Canada, lying in the harbor, that a destroyer towed her out into the roadstead and torpedoed her as the only means of saving her from destruction. The Canada can be raised without difficulty, as she lies in shallow water.

Utah Fuel Company Sued. Government Seeks to Recover Land Obtained by Alleged Fraud.

Denver, Col., July 15.—Charged with having fraudulently acquired valuable coal lands in Gunnison county, Col., by means of dummy entries, the Utah Fuel company, owned and controlled by the Denver and Rio Grande Railway company, and its officers, are made defendants to a suit filed in the federal court by United States District Attorney Earl M. Cranston, seeking the recovery of the land and a reasonable price for all coal mined in it. The complaint avers that the government greatly fears other lands may be taken by the fuel company's agents and asks for an injunction to prevent such seizures.

Four Are Fatally Injured. Erie Passenger Train Jumps Track, Turning Over in Ditch.

Toledo, O., July 16.—Four persons were fatally hurt and a number of other passengers badly injured at 5:30 o'clock Monday night when Erie passenger train No. 11, running between Marion, O., and Huntington, Ind., jumped the track near Foraker, O., the entire train turning over in the ditch.

The fatally injured are: Baggage-master McDowell, Marion, O.; the fireman; Pearl Goff, Kenton, O.; and Frank Everhart, 18, Kenton, O. It is thought that a split rail caused the wreck.

Head of Newspaper Syndicate Dies. Ottumwa, Ia., July 16.—A. W. Lee, president of the Lee syndicate of newspapers including the Ottumwa Courier, the Davenport Times, the Muscatine Journal, the La Crosse Tribune and the Hannibal Courier Post, died of heart disease Monday at Nottingham, England, at the home of his brother-in-law, Frank Mahin, United States consul at that place.

EIGHT PERISH IN WARSHIP BLAST

TERRIBLE DISASTER ON THE BATTLESHIP GEORGIA IN CAPE COD BAY.

Thirteen Men Are Severely Injured—Two Bags of Powder Explode in Turret, Horribly Burning the Entire Gun Crew.

Boston, July 16.—With six of her officers and crew dead and a score either dying or suffering from terrible burns received in an explosion of powder in the after superimposed turret, the battleship Georgia steamed slowly up Boston harbor from the target practice grounds in Cape Cod bay late Monday and landed the dead and injured men at the Charlestown navy yard. Two of the injured died in the hospital.

With the arrival of the Georgia there became known the details of the most terrible naval catastrophe that has ever taken place along the coast of New England.

The accident occurred shortly before noon, while the Georgia's crew were at target practice off Barnstable, in Cape Cod bay. In some manner, as yet unexplained, two bags of powder became ignited and in the terrific flash that followed the entire turret crew, consisting of three officers and 18 men, were enveloped in fire and received horrible burns, one officer and six men dying before the ship reached port.

Names of the Dead. The names of the dead are: Lieut. Casper Goodrich, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Faulkner Goldthwaite, midshipman, Kentucky; William J. Thatcher, chief turret captain, Wilmington, Del.; William Joseph Burke, seaman, Quincy, Mass.; George G. Hamilton, ordinary seaman, South Framingham, Mass.; George E. Miller, ordinary seaman, Brooklyn, N. Y.; William M. Thomas, seaman, Newport, R. I.; William F. Fair, ordinary seaman, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Blast Was Terrible. The explosion occurred in the after superimposed turret, where the men, under command of Lieut. Casper Goodrich, son of Rear Admiral Goodrich, commandant of the New York navy yard, and Midshipmen Faulkner Goldthwaite and John T. Cruise, were operating the eight-inch guns.

Two cases, as the big 100-pound bags of powder are called, had just been sent up through the ammunition hoist and were in the arms of the loader. The loader stood at the breach of one of the eight-inch guns, all ready to insert the charge. At this instant the turret was seen to be smoky and two men who stood near the loader saw a black spot on the bag, indicating that the charge had ignited and was smoldering. The loader discovered the spot at the same instant and threw himself forward on his face, at the same time shouting a warning to his turret mates. The other men who had seen the spot were Eich and Hansell, and they also threw themselves on the floor of the turret.

Flames and Gases Fill Turret. Before the other men in the turret could understand what caused the loader's cry of warning there was a blinding flash as the burning powder exploded. Flames, smoke and gases filled the little superstructure, in which more than a score of men were confined. As the powder was not confined there was no report, nor did the vessel suffer any injury, but every nook and cranny of the turret was filled with flame.

Blinded by the smoke and flames, choked by the acrid, penetrating gaseous fumes, and maddened with pain, the men screamed in agony. Some staggered blindly up the ladder to the hatchway in the top of the turret, while others crept along the turret floor, begging piteously for assistance.

Lieut. Goodrich and Seaman Malleck became crazed, staggered up the iron ladder to the top of the turret and then threw themselves headlong into the sea, in a despairing effort to choose a death by drowning in preference to death by slow fire.

Probably From Floating Spark. Immediately upon learning the details of the accident Capt. Henry McCrea, commander of the Georgia, notified Rear Admiral Charles M. Thomas, commander of the squadron, of what had occurred. Admiral Thomas ordered an investigating board to examine into the causes of the accident. Until this board makes its report the real cause of the explosion will be in doubt.

Two theories are entertained. One belief is that a spark from the discharge of the guns floated back into the turret through a gun port and settled on the powder cases. Another theory is that the spark that caused the trouble came from the smokestacks of the ship and floated through the gun ports.

Lipton May Challenge Again. London, July 13.—It is probable, although Sir Thomas Lipton will not admit it, that the New York Yacht club will receive a challenge for the America's cup for 1908. The time for challenging does not expire until October and it is not likely that the challenge will be sent until the last moment.

Judge Waite, of Toledo, Dead. Toledo, O., July 13.—Judge Richard Waite, pioneer lawyer of this city, died at his home here Friday of paralysis, aged 75 years. The deceased was a brother of Morrison R. Waite, at one time chief justice of the United States.

Professional Cards

C. H. MORDOFF M. D. Office and residence, south side of Main street. Office hours: 1 to 3 p. m., 6:30 to 8 p. m.

A. M. HILL, M. D. Office over Witt and Shor's jewelry store. Hours: 6:30 to 8 p. m., 12:30 to 2 p. m. Residence on East Main street. Calls promptly attended to day or night.

DR. T. N. AUSTIN Physician and Surgeon. Office over J. Lemke's store. Office hours: 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 2:30 p. m. and 6:30 to 8 p. m. X-ray laboratory in connection.

DR. E. A. ROBINSON Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence, corner Main and First Sts. Hours: 10:20 to 12:00 a. m. and 1:00 to 3:00 p. m. Calls promptly attended.

C. A. PATTERSON DENTIST. Office over Exchange Bank. Office hours: 8:30 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m.

G. W. MARKLEY, M. D. KINGSFORD, ILL. OFFICE HOURS: 12 to 3 p. m., 6:30 to 8:30 p. m. Calls promptly attended to night and day.

Genoa Lodge No. 288 A. F. & A. M.

Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month. Geo. J. Patterson, W. M. W. M. Adams, Sec.

EVALINE LODGE NUMBER 344

Meets second Tuesdays of each month in Martin Malana, Perfect. Fannie M. Heed, Sec.

Genoa Lodge No. 163 M. W. A.

Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month. Visiting neighbors welcome. J. H. Van Dresser, Ven. Consul. E. H. Browne, Clerk.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS

Meets every Monday evening in I. O. O. F. hall. JAS. SPENCE, N. G. J. W. SOWERS, Sec.

LIVERY AND FEED STABLE

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THE REPUBLICAN - JOURNAL

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THE PLUM TREE

BY DAVID GRAHAM PHILLIPS

AUTHOR OF THE COST, THE DELUGE, ETC.

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CHAPTER I.
How It All Began.

"We can hold out six months longer—at least six months." My mother's tone made the six months stretch encouragingly into six long years.

I see her now vividly as if it were only yesterday. We were at our scant breakfast, I as blue as was ever even 25, she brave and confident. And hers was no mere pretense to reassure me, no cheerless optimism of ignorance, but the through-and-through courage and strength of those who flinch for no bogey that life or death can conjure. Her tone lifted me; I glanced at her and what shone from her eyes set me on my feet, face to the foe. The table-cloth was darned in many places, but so skillfully that you could have looked closely without detecting it. Not a lump of sugar, nor a slice of bread went to waste in that house; yet even I had to think twice to realize that we were poor, desperately poor. She did not hide our poverty; she beautified it, she dignified it into Spartan simplicity. I know it is not the glamour over the past that makes me believe there are no women now like those of the race to which she belonged. The world, to-day, yields comfort too easily to the capable; hardship is the only mold for such character, and in those days, in this middle-western country, even the capable were strangers to hardship.

"When I was young," she went on, "and things looked black, as they have a habit of looking to the young and inexperienced,—that put in with a teasing smile at me,—'I used to say to myself: 'Well, anyhow, they can't kill me.' And the thought used to cheer me up wonderfully. In fact, it still does."

"I no longer felt hopeless. I began to gnaw my troubles again—despair is still."

"Judge Granby is a dog," said I, "yes, a dog."

"Why 'dog?'" objected my mother. "Why not simply 'mean man?' I've never known a dog that could equal a man who set out to be 'ornery.'"

"When I think of all the work I've done for him in these three years—"

"For yourself," she interrupted. "Work you do for others doesn't amount to much, unless it's been first and best for yourself."

"But he was benefited by it, too," I urged, "and has taken life easy, and has had more clients and bigger fees than he ever had before. I'd like to give him a jolt. I'd stop nagging him to put my name in a miserable corner of the glass in his door. I'd hang out a big sign of my own over my own office door."

"My mother burst into a radiant smile. 'I've been waiting a year to hear that,' she said."

Thereupon I had a shock of fright—inside, for I'd never have dared to show fear before my mother. There's nothing else that makes you so brave as living with some one before whom you haven't the courage to let your cowardice show its feather. If we didn't keep each other up to the mark, what a spectacle of fright and flight this world-drama would be! Vanly, the greatest of vices, is also the greatest of virtues, or the source of the greatest virtues—which comes to the same thing.

"When did you do it?" she went on, and then I knew I was in for it, and how well-founded was the suspicion that had been keeping my lips tight-shut upon my dream of independence.

"I'll—I'll think about it," was my answer, in a tone which I hoped she would see was not hesitating, but reflective; "I mustn't go too far—or too fast."

"Better go too far and too fast than none at all," retorted my wise mother. "Once a tortoise beat a hare—once. It never happened again, yet the whole timid world has been talking about it ever since." And she fell into a study from which she roused herself to say: "You'd better let me bargain for the office and the furniture—and the big sign." She knew—but could not or would not teach me—how to get a dollar's worth for a dollar; would not, I suspect, for she despised parsimony, declaring it to be another virtue which is becoming only in a woman.

"Of course—when—" I began.

"We've got to do something in the next six months," she warned. And now she made the six months seem six minutes.

I had at my tongue's end something about the danger of dragging her down into misfortune; but before speaking I looked at her, and, looking, refrained. To say it to her would have been too absurd—to her who had been left a widow with nothing at all, who had educated me for college, and who had helped me through my first year there—helped me with money, I mean. But for what she gave besides, more, immeasurably more—but for her courage in me and round me and under me—I'd never have got my degree or anything else,

I fear. To call that courage help would be like saying the mainspring helps the watch to go. I looked at her. "They can't kill me, can they?" said I, with a laugh which sounded so brave that it straightway made me brave.

So it was settled. But that was the first step in a fight I can't remember even now without a sinking heart. The farmers of Jackson county, of which Pulaski was the county seat, found in litigation their chief distraction from the stupefying dullness of farm life in those days of pause, after the Indian and nature had been conquered and before the big world's arteries of thought and action had penetrated. The farmers took eagerly to litigation to save themselves from stagnation. Still, a new lawyer, especially if he was young, had an agonizing time of it convincing their slow, stiff, suspicious natures that he could be trusted in such a crisis as "going to law."

To make matters worse, I fell in love. Once—it was years afterward, though not many years ago—Burbank, at the time governor, was with me,

I wished to see her what this strange spectacle meant; but, as I glanced up at him to begin my question, I knew I must not, for I felt that I was seeing something which shocked him so profoundly that he would take me away if I reminded him of my presence. I know now that I was witnessing the crude beginnings of the money-machine in politics—the beginnings of the downfall of parties—the beginnings of the overthrow of the people as the political power. Those stiff-armed men were the "floating voters" of that ward of Pulaski. They had been bought up by a rich candidate of the opposition party, which was less scrupulous than our party, then in the flush of devotion to "principles" and led by such old-fashioned men as my father with old-fashioned notions of honor and honesty. Those "floaters" had to keep the ballot in full view from the time they got it of the agent of their purchaser until they had deposited it beyond the possibility of substitution—he must see them "deliver the goods."

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It was my first distinct vision of the plum tree. To how many thousands of our brightest, most promising young Americans it is shown each year in just such circumstances! (TO BE CONTINUED.)

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between her and me, in the row of desks between and parallel to my row and hers—could see him swoop and snatch the paper from her, look at it, grin maliciously, and toss it over to me. I was in grade A, was 16, and was beginning to take myself seriously. She was in grade D, was little more than half my age, but looked older—and how sweet and pretty she was! She had black hair, thick and wavy, with little tresses escaping from plaits and ribbons to float about her forehead, ears and neck. Her skin was darker than, I think, than it is now, but it had the same smoothness and glow—certainly it could not have had more.

I think the dart must have struck that day—why else did I keep the bit of paper? But it did not trouble me until the first winter of my launching forth as "Harvey Saylor, Attorney and Counselor at Law." She was the daughter of the Episcopal preacher; and, as every one thought well of the prospects of my mother's son, our courtship was undisturbed. Then, in the spring, when fortune was at its coldest and love at its most feverish, her father accepted a call to a church in Boston, eight miles away.

To go to see her was impossible; how could the money be spared—\$50 at the least? Once—when they had been gone about four months—my mother insisted that I must. But I refused, and I do not know whether it is to my credit or not, for my refusal gave her only pain, whereas the sacrifices she would have had to make, had I gone, would have given her only pleasure. I had no fear that Betty would change in our separation. There are some people who hope are stanch, and some people you think will be stanch, if—, and then there are those, many women and a few men, whom it is impossible to think of as false or even faltering. I did not fully appreciate that quality then, for my memory was not then dotted

she had none of that hypocritical cheerfulness which depresses and is a mere vanity to make silly onlookers cry "Brave!" when there is no true bravery—just when we were at our lowest ebb, came an offer from Bill Dominick to put me into politics.

I had been interested in politics ever since I was seven years old. I recall distinctly the beginning: On a November afternoon—I must have been November, though I remember that it was summer-warm, with all the windows open and many men in the streets in shirt-sleeves—at any rate, I was on my way home from school. As I neared the court house I saw a crowd in the yard, and was reminded that it was election day, and that my father was running for reelection to the state senate; so, I bolted for his law office in the second story of the Masonic temple, across the street from the court house.

He was at the window and was looking at the polling place so intently that he took no notice of me as I stood beside him. I know now why he was absorbed and why his face was stern and sad. I shut my eyes and see that court house yard, the long line of men going to vote, single file, each man calling out his name as he handed in his ballot, and Tow Weedon—who shot an escaping prisoner when he was deputy sheriff—repeating the name in a loud voice. Each oncoming voter in that curiously regular and compact file was holding out his right arm stiff so that the hand was about a foot clear of the thigh; and in every one of those thus conspicuous hands was a conspicuous bit of white paper—a ballot. As each man reached the polling window and gave his name, he swung that hand round with a stiff arm, circular motion that kept it clear of the body and in full view until the bit of paper disappeared in the slit in the ballot box.

I wished to ask my father what this strange spectacle meant; but, as I glanced up at him to begin my question, I knew I must not, for I felt that I was seeing something which shocked him so profoundly that he would take me away if I reminded him of my presence. I know now that I was witnessing the crude beginnings of the money-machine in politics—the beginnings of the downfall of parties—the beginnings of the overthrow of the people as the political power. Those stiff-armed men were the "floating voters" of that ward of Pulaski. They had been bought up by a rich candidate of the opposition party, which was less scrupulous than our party, then in the flush of devotion to "principles" and led by such old-fashioned men as my father with old-fashioned notions of honor and honesty. Those "floaters" had to keep the ballot in full view from the time they got it of the agent of their purchaser until they had deposited it beyond the possibility of substitution—he must see them "deliver the goods."

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and we were going over the main points for his annual message. One of my suggestions—my orders to all my agents, high and low, have always been sugar-coated as "suggestions"—started a new train of thought in him, and he took pen and paper to fix it before it had a chance to escape. As he wrote, my glance wandered along the shelves of the book-cases. It paused on the farthest and lowest shelf. I rose and went there, and found my old school-books, those I used when I was in public school No. 3, too, near 30 years ago!

In the shelf one book stood higher than the other—tall and thin and ragged, its covers torn, its pages scribbled, stained and dog-eared. Looking through that old physical geography was like a first, talk with a long-lost friend. It had, indeed, been my old friend. Behind its broad back I had eaten forbidden apples, I had aimed and discharged the blow-gun, I had revealed in blood-and-thunder tales that made the drowsy schoolroom fade before the vast wilderness, the scene of breathless struggles between Indian and settler, or open into the high seas where pirate, or worse-than-pirate Britisher, struck flag to American privateer or man-of-war.

On an impulse shot up from the dustiest depths of memory, I turned the old geography sidewise and examined the edges of the cover. Yes, there was the cache I had made by splitting the pasteboard with my jack-knife. I thrust in my finger-nail; out came a slip of paper. I glanced at Burbank—he was busy, I, somewhat stealthily, you may imagine, opened the paper and—well, my heart beat more rapidly as I saw in a school-girl scrawl:

I was no longer master of a state; I was a boy in school again. I could see her laboring over this game of "friendship, love, indifference, hate," I could see "Redney" Griggs, who sat

with the graves of false friendships and littered with the rubbish of broken promises; but I did appreciate it enough to build securely upon it.

Build? No, that is not the word. There may be those who are stimulated to achievement by being in love, though I doubt it. At any rate, I was not one of them. My love for her absorbed my thoughts, and paralyzed my courage. Of the qualities that have contributed to what success I may have had, I put in the first rank a disposition to see the gloomiest side of the future. But it has not helped to make my life happier, invaluable though it has been in preventing misadventure from catching me napping.

So another year passed. Then came hard times—real hard times. I had some clients—enough to insure mother and myself a living, with the interest on mortgage and note kept down. But my clients were poor, and poor pay, and slow pay. Nobody was doing well but the note-shavers. How mother fought to keep the front brave and bright—not her front, for that was bright by nature, like the sky beyond the clouds; but our front, my front—the front of our affairs. No one must see that we were pinching—so I must be the most obviously prosperous young lawyer in Pulaski. What that struggle cost her I did not then realize; no, could not realize until I looked at her face for the last time, looked and turned away and thought on the meaning of the lines and the hollows over which Death had spread his proclamation of eternal peace. I have heard it said of those markings in human faces: "How ugly!" But it seems to me that, to any one with eyes and imagination, line and wrinkle and hollow always have the somber grandeur of tragedy. I remember my mother when her face was smooth and had the shallow beauty that the shallow dote on. But her face whereon was written the story of fearlessness, sacrifice and love—that is the face beautiful of my mother for me.

In the midst of those times of trial, when she had ceased to smile—for

she had none of that hypocritical cheerfulness which depresses and is a mere vanity to make silly onlookers cry "Brave!" when there is no true bravery—just when we were at our lowest ebb, came an offer from Bill Dominick to put me into politics.

I had been interested in politics ever since I was seven years old. I recall distinctly the beginning: On a November afternoon—I must have been November, though I remember that it was summer-warm, with all the windows open and many men in the streets in shirt-sleeves—at any rate, I was on my way home from school. As I neared the court house I saw a crowd in the yard, and was reminded that it was election day, and that my father was running for reelection to the state senate; so, I bolted for his law office in the second story of the Masonic temple, across the street from the court house.

He was at the window and was looking at the polling place so intently that he took no notice of me as I stood beside him. I know now why he was absorbed and why his face was stern and sad. I shut my eyes and see that court house yard, the long line of men going to vote, single file, each man calling out his name as he handed in his ballot, and Tow Weedon—who shot an escaping prisoner when he was deputy sheriff—repeating the name in a loud voice. Each oncoming voter in that curiously regular and compact file was holding out his right arm stiff so that the hand was about a foot clear of the thigh; and in every one of those thus conspicuous hands was a conspicuous bit of white paper—a ballot. As each man reached the polling window and gave his name, he swung that hand round with a stiff arm, circular motion that kept it clear of the body and in full view until the bit of paper disappeared in the slit in the ballot box.

I wished to ask my father what this strange spectacle meant; but, as I glanced up at him to begin my question, I knew I must not, for I felt that I was seeing something which shocked him so profoundly that he would take me away if I reminded him of my presence. I know now that I was witnessing the crude beginnings of the money-machine in politics—the beginnings of the downfall of parties—the beginnings of the overthrow of the people as the political power. Those stiff-armed men were the "floating voters" of that ward of Pulaski. They had been bought up by a rich candidate of the opposition party, which was less scrupulous than our party, then in the flush of devotion to "principles" and led by such old-fashioned men as my father with old-fashioned notions of honor and honesty. Those "floaters" had to keep the ballot in full view from the time they got it of the agent of their purchaser until they had deposited it beyond the possibility of substitution—he must see them "deliver the goods."

My father was defeated. He saw that, in politics, the day of the public servant of public interests was over, and that the night of the private servant of private interests had begun. He resigned his leadership into the dextrous hands of a politician. Soon afterward he died, muttering: "Prosperity has ruined my country."

From that election day my interest in politics grew, and but for my mother's bitter prejudice I should have been an active politician, perhaps before I was out of college.

Pulaski, indeed all that section of my state, was strong of my party. Therefore Dominick, its local boss, was absolute. At the last county election, four years before the time of which I am writing, there had been a spasmodic attempt to oust him. He had grown so insolent, and had put his prices for political and political-commercial "favors" to our leading citizens so high, that the "best element" in our party reluctantly broke from its allegiance. To save himself he had been forced to order flagrant cheating on the tally sheets; his ally and fellow conspirator, M'Coskrey, the opposition boss, was caught and was indicted by the grand jury. The reformers made such a stir that Ben Cass, the county prosecutor, though a Dominick man, disobeyed his master and tried and convicted M'Coskrey. Of course, following the custom in cases of yielding to pressure from public sentiment, he made the trial a mere formality to insure reversal in the higher court; and he finally gave Dominick's Judge the opportunity to quash the indictment. But the boss was relentless—Cass had been disobedient, and had put upon "my friend M'Coskrey" the disgrace of making a sorry figure in the reform friends for a renomination," said he; "he'll not get it from me."

Illinois State News

Recent Happenings of Interest in the Various Cities and Towns.

LAWYERS IN ANNUAL MEET.

State Bar Association Ends Session at Galesburg.

Galesburg.—Edward M. Shepard, of New York, delivered an address before the session of the Illinois State Bar association. The subject of the address was "Corporate Capitalization and Public Morals." In it he advocated a number of reforms, the principal one of which was the abolition of the purely nominal money capitalization of business corporations. The removal of the dollar mark from capital stock will, he believes, go far toward solving the problem.

The report of the committee on admissions was presented by Frank K. Dunn, chairman. The report of the committee on the practice act was read by Robert E. Pendarvis, Chicago. The subject of "Railroad Rate Regulation" was thrown open for general discussion by members of the association. Officers were elected for the coming year as follows: President, J. H. Matheny, Springfield; first vice president, E. P. Williams, Galesburg; second vice president, E. A. Bancroft, Chicago; third vice president, John C. Richberg, Chicago; secretary-treasurer, John F. Voltz, Jr., Mattoon.

HAZERS SUED FOR \$30,000.

Lad Maimed in School Frolic Seeks Heavy Damages.

Peoria.—A \$30,000 damage suit has been filed in the circuit court at Toulon by Charles Stoner against William Pilgrim, William Real, Earl Latt

KINGSTON NEWS

FRED P. SMITH, CORRESPONDENT

W. H. Hughes of Chicago called on friends Monday.

Mrs. H. G. Burgess was a visitor in Belvidere last week.

Miss Esther Branch returned from Michigan last week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Lutter entertained their niece this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Swanson of Fairdale spent Saturday with friends.

Mrs. L. C. Shaffer and Miss May Taylor were Rockford visitors last Thursday.

A. S. Gibbs and son have put a cement walk in front of Mrs. Helen Shaffer's home.

R. S. Pratt and nieces, Naomi and Norma Gibbs, spent Sunday in Chicago with relatives.

Fred and Ray Helsdon went to Chicago Sunday to see their father at the Monroe St. hospital.

C. A. Anderson and C. G. Chellgreen attended a Swedish picnic at Elgin last Saturday afternoon.

C. A. Anderson and sister, Miss Hannah, have rented the house vacated by Mr. and Mrs. Reed Birchfield.

Mrs. R. C. Benson and her guest, Miss Callow, of Mineral Point, Wis., were DeKalb visitors last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Erank Wilson attended a picnic at Byron last Saturday and were guests of friends over Sunday.

Mrs. C. G. Chellgreen and daughter, Lena, left last Thursday for a visit with her parents at Woodhull, Ill.

Mr. and Mrs. George Henry returned to their home in Conneaut, Ohio, Sunday after a week's stay with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Reed Birchfield moved their household effects to Clare this week where he has charge of a creamery.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Clark and Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Clark of Belvidere attended the funeral of Mrs. Mary Allen, Sunday.

Mrs. O. W. Vickell went to Rockford last week Thursday, taking her nephew, Elmer Burke, two spend two weeks with his parents.

Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Bacon left Monday for Valley Junction, Wis., where they will spend a month with their daughter, Mrs. Ed. Brown.

Miss Nettie Martin came out from Chicago last Friday evening and the next day went on to Madison, Wis., accompanied by Miss Maude Benson, for a two weeks' stay.

Mrs. Laura Ackley and son, Raymond, of Rockford spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Hix. Her son, Leslie, returned with her to reside in the future.

Dades Little Liver Pills keep the system clean, the stomach sweet. Prompt relief for headache and biliousness. Good for all the family. Sold by Geo. H. Hunt's drug store.

Mr. and Mrs. John Moyers entertained her cousins, Mrs. Mary Gibbs and daughter, May, of Holdredge, Nebr., E. Fay and Mrs. Clara Lawrence, of Elgin on Wednesday of last week.

Geo. Allen and family of Kirkland attended the funeral of his mother, Sunday; also Mr. and Mrs. Jefferson Colvin of Belvidere. Mr. Colvin was a cousin of the late Mrs. Mary Allen.

Man Zan Pile Remedy comes put up in a collapsible tube with nozzle. Easy to apply right where the soreness and inflammation exists. It relieves at once blind, bleeding, itching or protruding piles. Guaranteed. Sold by Geo. H. Hunt's drug store.

Mrs. E. J. Stuart went to Conneaut, Ohio, Sunday, with Mr. and Mrs. George Henry and from there will go to Copenhagen, N. Y., to spend the summer and fall with her mother.

Use Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup. Contains no opiates. It drives the cold out of the system by gently moving the bowels. Contains Honey and Tar and tastes nearly as good as maple syrup. Children like it. Sold by Hunt's Pharmacy.

There will be an ice cream social given for the benefit of the Kingston concert band on O. W. Vickell's lawn next Saturday night, July 20. Everyone come and have a good time. The band will play.

Modest Claims Often Carry the Most Conviction

When Maxim, the famous gun inventor, placed his gun before a committee of judges, he stated its carrying power to be much below what he felt sure the gun would accomplish. The result of the trial was therefore a great surprise, instead of disappointment. It is the same with the manufacturers of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. They do not publicly boast of all this remedy will accomplish, but prefer to let the users make the statements. What they do claim, is that it will positively cure diarrhoea, dysentery, pains in the stomach and bowels and has never been known to fail. For sale by G. H. Hunt.

LIFE ROOT IN ZOA-PHORA

Proof of the Value of this Important Medical Agent

FOR WOMEN

Great Physicians Recommend It for the Cure of Woman's Ills.

The National Standard Dispensatory is a medical work of nearly two thousand pages, acknowledged as standard authority by the medical profession everywhere. It was edited by such world-famed physicians as Hobart Amory Hare, M. D., professor of therapeutics and materia medica in the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, Henry H. Rusby, M. D., of Columbia University, New York, and others of equal prominence.

This great medical authority describes the action and use of the best medicines recognized in the pharmacopias of the United States, Great Britain and Germany, with numerous reference to others. In discussing the properties of Life Root, this best of authorities explains the wonderful action of this medicine on the delicate menstrual organism in women. The remedy favors an increased discharge when the menses are too scanty and painful and regulates the menstrual function when irregular or too profuse. Notice that the effect is to regulate and restore normal functions of these organs, no matter whether the trouble be suppressed menstruation, or its opposite, profuse.

This medicinal plant, Life Root, with others of equal value, are found in Zoa-Phora. Your druggist will supply you with this remedy, already prepared, compounded in just the right proportions, and put up in sealed, sterilized, dollar bottles. Ask him for Zoa-Phora—no further explanation will be needed. Each package contains complete and explicit directions for using the medicine, also a copy of "Dr. Pengelly's Advice to Women," a little book of great value, explaining about the various forms of womanly weakness and disease and the proper treatment for their cure.

If you desire more information about Zoa-Phora, the Zoa-Phora Company, Kalamazoo, Mich., will cheerfully answer all inquiries. No higher authority regarding the value and use of a medicine is known than that above mentioned. In addition, and to prove conclusively to the most skeptical, the value of Zoa-Phora, we have the personal experience of Dr. Pengelly, the formulator of Zoa-Phora, who used this prescription constantly in his private practice for many years in treating the various diseases and ailments to which the delicate organism of woman is singularly subject.

Clearance Sale

To Begin

Saturday, July 20, and Continue 30 Days

Unusual Bargains

Owing to our heavy buying and the backward season we find ourselves still heavily stocked on clothing and other wearables. You know what this means. We must have the room they occupy for our fall goods that will soon come in and we don't want to carry over goods to another season. Hence, we are going to make a price on them that will move them quickly. We mean exactly what we say--that we are going to sell these goods regardless of their cost to us. You need the goods, we need the money. Remember, every item that leaves this store is fully guaranteed as represented or your money will be cheerfully refunded.

Men's Suits

Worsteds, Cassimeres. Plain and fancy patterns.

\$8.00 suits	\$6.00	15.00 suits	11.25
10.00 "	7.50	18.00 "	13.50
12.50 "	9.25	20.00 "	15.00

Young Men's Suits

During this Sale

\$5.00 suits	\$3.50	10.00 suits	7.50
7.50 "	5.50	12.00 "	9.00
8.00 "	6.00	15.00 "	11.25
9.00 "	6.75	18.00 "	13.00

Children's Suits

Age 3 to 16 years. Short pants. Single and double breasted. These consist of about 125 suits in fancy grays and dark worsteds. The low price will surprise you when you see the goods.

\$2.00 suits	\$1.50	3.00 suits	2.25
2.50 "	2.00	4.00 "	3.00

\$5.00 suits.....\$4.00

More Bargains

About 100 suits of young men's and small men's sizes to be closed out during this sale at less than actual cost of manufacture. These

sizes range from 33 to 37. We have an overstock on these sizes and while they are good clean merchandise they must go regardless of cost. These are exceptional bargains. DON'T MISS SEEING THEM.

Men's Extra Pants

Light and medium weights. Fancy worsteds and Cassimeres. Must be seen to be appreciated. Regular price has been slaughtered.

\$5.00 pants sale price	\$3.75	3.50 pants sale price	2.75
4.50 " " "	3.25	3.00 " " "	2.25
4.00 " " "	3.00	2.50 " " "	2.00
2.00 pants sale price		1.75	

Straw Hats

For men, young men and children. Dress hats in sailor and feather weights, and work hats. 40 per cent discount will be given on all straw goods during this sale. These prices should interest you.

Shoes! Shoes!

Our enormous shoe stock consists of W. L. Douglas and the All America kinds. Dress shoes and work shoes. 10 per cent discount will be given on any pair of shoes in our store during this sale.

This is absolutely a bona fide clearing sale. Remember, a dollar saved is as good as two dollars earned. You profit by this sale as well as we. You save in price and we have the money to use instead of having the stock on our tables. See the point?

Olmsted & Geithman

Genoa, Illinois



JACKMAN & SON

Millfeed Seeds and Coal. Poultry Supplies. Special Feeds for Little Chicks. Poultry Fence. All Kinds of Farm Seeds.

AMERICAN FIELD FENCE

Remember that good fences add materially to the value of farm property. This is the season for building new fence and AMERICAN FIELD FENCE is the best in the world. We sell it.

GRAIN BUYERS