

THE GENOA ISSUE.

VOLUME XI.

GENOA, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, AUGUST 1, 1895.

NUMBER 40.

Everybody Surprised

OVER OUR FRESH ARRIVALS OF

Hard Times

5 ct.

Counter Goods!

Surprised First

AT THE
LARGE ASSORTMENT!

Surprised second

AT THE
SUPERIOR QUALITY!

Surprised Third

AT THE
IMMENSE VARIETY!

Surprised Fourth

AT THE
VERY LOW PRICES!

H. H. SLATER, E. CRAWFORD

Has Closed Out,

Not his Store, but his stock of Shoes that he has been selling at Cost. In its place has been put one of the best stocks of Fine Footwear ever offered for sale in Genoa.

Leather Has Advanced

But 'twill cut no figure with my prices. I am offering some splendid bargains in footwear and it will be to your advantage to investigate them.

Dont Forget That I am headquarters for Dry Goods at Lowest Prices.

IT will pay YOU

... TO CALL ON.....

F. O. HOLTGREN

MERCHANT TAILOR & GENT'S FURNISHER.

YOU WILL ALWAYS FIND THE

Correct goods
Correct Styles
Correct prices

The Vital Things

Summer Suits. Summer Coats.
Summer Vests. Summer Hats.
Summer Ties. Summer Shirts.
To keep cool see Holtgren at once.

LOCAL NEWS JOTTINGS.

Personal Notes, Happenings, Etc.
Pertaining to Genoa.

The McCormick corn-binder is a success.

Mrs. Susan Olmstead is on the sick list.

Geo. Letts was here from Rockford Saturday.

Rev. Huth was here from Hampshire yesterday.

Mrs. E. G. Weightman visited in Chicago Saturday.

Mrs. Otto Schneider was out from Chicago, yesterday.

A single carriage to sell cheap. K. Jackman & Son.

Hampshire's only "Ma!" Howe was here last Saturday.

E. G. Weightman is entertaining his niece from Chicago.

Have you seen that milk wagon at K. Jackman & Son's?

Mrs. Evans, of Sycamore, recently visited at Ed. Lawrence's.

—Try that dry willow stove wood at E. H. Cohoon's. It's dandy.

August Magnuson is the possessor of a new Phoenix bicycle.

Mr and Mrs. L. Portner have returned from a week's outing.

Miss Lida Sellers has returned from a visit with friends in Belvidere.

Ed. Billig left here, Saturday, for his home at Fennimore, Wisconsin.

—Desirable lots and residence property for sale. D. S. Brown.

Miss Sadie Brown of Elgin, has been visiting relatives here the past week.

A bargain in a house and lot if taken at once. D. S. Brown.

If you want a good sack of flour, call for Big Jo. K. Jackman & Son.

Mrs. Ora Crocker-Smith of Freeport is visiting her parents here this week.

Miss Bell Cliffe is home from Belvidere, where she has been for some time.

Mrs. C. Wilson was in Chicago Monday after new things in the millinery line.

Leander Lovell, Sycamore's musical hustler, was in town yesterday on business.

Miss Temperance Baldwin leaves tomorrow for a visit with friends in Naperville.

Miss Jennie Eadsall is at home from from an extended visit with her sister in Chicago.

Miss Lila Chamberlain was out from Chicago Sunday, the guest of her mother.

—Ladies desiring shoes repaired by W. Scherer, can leave them at John Lembke's store. 6 20 tf

Mayor Hutchison entertained W. H. Hintz, of Elgin, and R. C. McCredie, of Mt. Morris, Tuesday.

Miss Olive Woodbridge returns to her home in Michigan tomorrow after a several weeks visit here.

The funeral of Miss Mary Burton, sister of George and Walter Burton, occurred in Elgin Monday.

The Misses Eva Jackman, Lizzie Brown, Sloan and Mrs. Sloan drove over to Belvidere, Sunday.

A run-away team made things lively on Sycamore and church Sts. about one o'clock Monday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. John Vanderhook and two children were guests over Sunday of Alderman Brown and family.

There is not a single vacant house in town notwithstanding that nineteen have been erected so far this year.

An Epworth League pin was lost near the school house, Tuesday. Finder will please leave same at this office.

For assortment, for good goods, for the lowest of low prices, go to Amundson, Mordoff bldg., when you need shoes.

Chas. Sager, Ed. Stott and Harry Baldwin went to Sycamore on their bikes, Sunday, making the return trip in twenty seven minutes.

Wm. Henry, of Sycamore, Sundayed in Genoa.

The members of the Genoa L T L enjoyed a picnic in the woods Monday.

The post office at Esmond was "touched" last week by burglars, and relieved of a large amount of stamps and some cash.

\$50,000.00 at 6 per cent. Eastern money to loan on approved or farm security. JOHN BROWN, room 16 and 17. Town's block, Elgin.

Misses Ida and Effie Sison report a very enjoyable trip on the whale-back steamer Christopher Columbus to Milwaukee Saturday.

Will Zimmer has been kept busy the past week telling the boys how the horses got away from him Sunday night. Well, we have our opinion.

About twenty Masons drove over to Sycamore last Saturday night to assist Sycamore lodge in conferring degrees. They were banquetted and greatly enjoyed themselves.

The Rebeccas to the number of forty surprised Prof. and Mrs. Overaker one evening last week and presented them with a handsome easy chair. A very enjoyable time was the outcome.

Prof. Overaker moved his household effects to St. Charles Tuesday. He will conduct a two weeks teacher's institute in Nebraska this month.

Some one entered Babe Holinsworth's barn last Wednesday night and turned his puggy upside down and threw his harness all around the barn. "Babe" says he is grateful that they left the shoes on his horse.

Those who contributed to the dinner which was served by the ladies of the W C T U on July 4th, who have not had their dishes returned, will find them at the residence of H H Slater.

If the man that carried a sack of oats from K. Jackman & Son's elevator one evening four or five weeks ago will call and settle it will save him trouble.

There will be no ball game here Saturday, the Monroe's sending word that they would be unable to be here. Wonder if it has anything to do with that DeKalb game last Saturday.

DeKalb's crack ball team will play the Chicago Unions, colored, the fastest amateur players in Chicago and the best colored players in the north west, at DeKalb Saturday. A number from will see the game.

A. R. Johnson and A. L. Marks, of Hampshire, are here. The former has secured a job of plastering. The latter is not the lawyer whose name is Marks and who is expected here Aug. 14th, but a laborer who comes to a busy little city to get a job.

W. M. Smart of Hampshire, was in town Sunday. He has been coming so often of late that we were wondering the cause. We have decided that he comes here to breathe the pure air of a hustling little city, the atmosphere of a dead town like Hampshire being unhealthy for him.—Kingston News.

Besides auditing a few bills, ordering a cement sidewalk laid for Henry Patterson and appointing I. Q. Burroughs, K. Jackman and Thos. Kitchen, judges, and Chas. Sager, E. Ide and S. Abraham, clerks, of the special election, the village board transacted but little business last Friday night.

The Annual Institute for DeKalb Co. will be held at DeKalb, beginning Aug. 19th., lasting one week. An able corps of instructors has been employed. We will try to provide places of entertainment for all who attend. Lewis M. Gross, Co. Supt.

Go to the Genoa Harness Shop for axle grease and harness oil. A 1-pound pail of Allerton's axle grease for 75c; 10 pounds for 50c; 5 pounds for 30c; 3 pounds for 20c; pound boxes 6 for 25c. The best black oil, 60c a gallon.

Mr. C. D. Yonker, a well known druggist of Bowling Green, Ohio, in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, says: "I take great pleasure in recommending it to my customers, for I am certain it will always please them. I sell more of it than all other put together." For sale by F. T. Robinson, Genoa.

The dog days season is not far off, but we are happy to say that dog is a very scarce article here just now. If there were less dogs in the country, bicycle riding would be more healthy for all concerned. It certainly is enough to cause the cold chills to chase each other down any wheelman's back when he looks behind him and sees a dog about the size of a full grown grizzly bear, close onto his rear wheel.

On the farm of G. W. Burbank Tuesday, Jas. Kiernan threshed twenty-six acres of oats realizing 1680 bu. Considering the bad reports from this cereal this is a remarkably good yield. Mr Burbank claims that Kiernan is the best timothy thresher in this country for from a half acre of timothy being about a half load of bundles, he threshed over three heaping bags full of seed.

An editor was once confronted with a question which read as follows: "Is it right and in keeping with the rules of the best society for a girl to sit on a man's knee?" The editor read the question twice and then answered it in this wise: "If it is our girl and your knee it is not in keeping with the rules of the best society; but if it's your girl and our knee, it is all right."

Geo. Mordoff in a contest with a drove of hogs the other day, came out second best. He was driving his speedy little mare, Last Chance, when he came across a drove of hogs. Last Chance no doubt thought her last chance had come and proceeded to dump George out and skate for home, where she arrived all right. The former suffered several injuries. The hogs were uninjured.

Terry's Uncle Tom's Cabin Co. played to a good audience last night in West Burlington. A decided improvement on the close and suffocating atmosphere of the interior of an opera house at this season of the year is the large and spacious tent in which this company exhibits. Everything inside the pavilion is arranged with an eye to the comfort of the audience. It is well lighted, the seats are comfortable. The performance was one of unusual merit and the wonderful drama faithfully executed.—Burlington Hawkeye. At Genoa Aug. 14.

Prof. Bettis' vocal class is a success. He is a splendid teacher. The best singers should give him their very heartiest support, for his instruction in chorus work is just what they need; while he needs them, in order to make it the full success it ought to be. We might also remark that the city government would do itself honor by seeing that the class is not annoyed by mocking, stone-throwing "hoodlums", standing about the building and making such disturbances. Put some of those "smarties" on a rock-pile for a few days, regardless of relatives, and such pranks will cease. It had better be nipped in the bud.

Don't miss the races at Hutch Kellogg's new track on his farm just east of Genoa, on Thursday Aug. 1st., commencing at 2 o'clock p. m. It will be a matinee of interesting events. One of these events will be a trial between Willie B, a bay gelding owned by Mrs. G O Gordon, of Chicago, and the bay mare, Last Chance, owned by Geo. Mordoff, of Genoa. The race between the seal brown stallion, Highland Laddie, and the black mare, Conrite owned by Wm. Nulle, of Genoa, will be of interest. An opportunity will be given lovers of fast pacing to see Genoa's speedy pacing mare, Flora F., and Idle Jack, with a record of 2.15' and owned by G. O. Gordon, of Chicago. There will be a number of interesting running events.

The basket sociable held at the M. E. church parlors last night was well attended, and all those who were present reported it as a very enjoyable affair. A very pleasant and interesting program was rendered, and greeted with much applause and cheering. Immediately after the program was rendered, the bountifully filled baskets were given out to those gentlemen who held the number that corresponded with that attached to the basket. About thirty were sold.

"Reg" Oats is back from a week's visit at Oregon.

The Genoa Issue.

G. E. SISLEY & CO., Publishers.

GENOA, ILLINOIS

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

DOMESTIC.

The Lake View Land company at Los Angeles, Cal., failed for \$200,000. DURING a fire in the residence of Rev. W. H. Scudder, pastor of the Congregational church at Norwich, N. Y., two of his children, Mary and Clarine, aged 6 and 2 years respectively, were burned to death.

W. H. TAYLOR, dealer in dry goods at Fort Worth, Tex., failed for \$100,000. J. B. PITCHARD and his wife, who lived near Rosston, Tex., were killed by lightning.

ROSE GARDEN, a dissolute woman, killed Mary Sullivan and Lizzie Brown at Barbourville, Ky.

TROOPS were ordered out to protect the settlers in the Jackson Hole country in Wyoming.

JOHN S. COLLINS, a negro who shot and killed Student Frederick Ohl at Princeton, N. J., last June, was sentenced to twenty years at hard labor in the state prison.

GEORGE REED, a painter 36 years of age, shot and killed his wife in St. Louis in a fit of jealous rage.

At a convention of coal miners in Pittsburgh, Pa., it was decided to give the operators their choice of advancing wages or fighting another strike.

CHARLES M. WEBB has declined the appointment of associate justice of the supreme court of Wisconsin.

The city waterworks at Ironton, O., were burned, the loss being \$100,000.

A NATIONAL association of wire goods manufacturers was formed at Cincinnati with Fred J. Meyers, of Hamilton, O., as president.

The third annual convention of the United States League of Building and Loan associations convened in Cleveland.

RAINS have put an effectual check to forest fires in Michigan.

TEN cars and an engine were smashed in a freight wreck at New Florence, Pa., and Fireman Peter Cover was instantly killed.

GRATON G. WILLIAMS, paper dealer in Philadelphia, failed for \$100,000.

DAISIE aged 13, daughter of Charles Klaus, of Columbus; May, aged 11, and Hulda, aged 7, daughters of George Klaus, were drowned in the Platte river near Columbus, Neb.

WILLIAM TAYLOR, a negro, aged 21 years, was executed at Columbus, O., for killing Farmer Yeakum to rob him.

By a decision of Judge Johnston all cigar stores in Columbus, O., will be closed on Sunday.

ALABAMA populists and free silver republicans will hold a joint silver convention in Birmingham in November.

ROBERT E. RIVERS, principal owner of the Pickwick and Royal hotels in New Orleans and of a half dozen sugar plantations, failed for \$330,000.

EMELINE G. CIGRAND and her husband, Robert E. Phelps, and a young girl whose name the police refused to divulge were the latest to be numbered among the supposed victims of H. H. Holmes in Chicago. All three have been missing more than two years.

FIRE in Melrose, Ia., burned most of the village.

TWO NEGRO murderers, Whit Ferrand and Anderson Brown, were executed at Salisbury, N. C., in the presence of 5,000 people. Each confessed his guilt.

The Central Labor union of Cleveland, O., decided to boycott all grocers and dealers who sell nonunion bread.

ADVICES from Wyoming say that fifty-nine white people were killed by the Bannock Indians near Jackson's Hole.

As a result of a duel at Brandenburg, Ky., Col. George Robinson, a county official, was dead, and Maj. Blood Schacklett, a county commissioner, was fatally injured.

The commissioner of internal revenue in his annual report for the fiscal year ended June 30 says the total receipts from all sources for the year were \$143,245,977, a decrease of \$3,922,471 as compared with 1894.

PHILIP NORMAN NICHOLAS was hanged at Richmond, Va., for murdering William J. Wilkerson and James Mills by drowning them.

TOM JOHNSON, a negro who murdered Mrs. Hartfield and her daughter at Meridian, Miss., and assaulted another daughter, was burned to the stake by a mob.

The secretary of the treasury directed that the money paid into the treasury on account of the income tax be refunded to the persons and corporations respectively entitled thereto upon the filing of the refunding claims.

The national prohibition camp-meeting commenced at Decatur, Ill.

TUDOR BROWN, Willie Cook, Sim Echols and John Armstrong, negro desperadoes who broke jail at Fernandina, Fla., were driven into the ocean by bloodhounds and all were drowned.

The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 26th aggregated \$726,665,760, against \$1,030,030,049 the previous week. The increase, compared with the corresponding week in 1894, was 20.

A BILL was introduced in the Illinois legislature for a tax of 2 per cent. upon the gross receipts of all games of ball and to prohibit the game on Sunday.

PROSPECTS for an enormous crop of corn and other products throughout the west and northwest were never more promising.

THE American Mutual Home association is the name of an organization formed at Kansas City, Kan., to encourage matrimony and to cultivate a love of home and habits of industry and sobriety.

It developed that the negro Bob Haggard, who was lynched at Ford, Ky., charged with having outraged Miss Elkin, was innocent of the crime.

SECRETARY MORTON has abolished the seed division of the agricultural department in Washington, to take effect on the 1st of October next.

THERE were 202 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 26th, against 256 the week previous and 249 in the corresponding time in 1894.

JOSEPH A. BEAM was hanged at the United States jail at Washington for the murder of his stepdaughter, Mrs. Annie Leahy, last December.

ADVICES from the Indian trouble in Wyoming say that every man, woman and child in Jackson's Hole had been murdered by the red men and the settlement burned. The place had about 140 inhabitants.

EVERY day brings to light one or more atrocious murders committed by H. H. Holmes, the insurance swindler. In all, so far as known, circumstantial evidence of the strongest character points to the man as the slayer of Julia Connor, Gertrude Connor, Amelia Cigrand, Benjamin F. Pitzel and his three children, Howard, Alice and Nellie, Minnie and Alice Williams and a Miss Wild. Mrs. Patrick Quinlan confessed in Chicago all she knew about Holmes, and she and her husband were arrested as accomplices.

FIRE destroyed the county insane asylum at Verona, Wis., and Superintendent Edwards was probably fatally injured.

MRS. KATHERINE ROBERTS, who is 100 years old, broke her arm in a fall at Topeka, Kan.

A MONUMENT was dedicated at Spirit Lake, Ia., to the memory of the pioneers killed in the Spirit Lake massacre of 1857. Many prominent men of the state were present.

As a result of a fifteen-cent drop in the price of oil the last few days "wild catting" had been stopped and the oil boom was considered ended.

WILLIAM FREDERICKS, who murdered Cashier William A. Herrick in an attempt to rob the San Francisco Union savings bank in March, 1894, was hanged at San Quentin, Cal.

THE percentages of the baseball clubs in the National league for the week ended on the 27th were: Cleveland, .605; Pittsburgh, .603; Baltimore, .581; Boston, .575; Cincinnati, .563; Chicago, .548; Brooklyn, .539; Philadelphia, .524; New York, .520; Washington, .357; St. Louis, .346; Louisville, .203.

CHARLIE BURWELL (colored), about 65 years old, was lynched at Meridian, Miss. It was thought that he was concerned in a murder.

FORTY people were poisoned by eating pressed beef at the home of George Griswold in Thompson, Ia.

At Big Stone Gap, Va., John Hicks' house was burned and four of his children perished in the flames.

TWELVE THOUSAND tailors in New York city struck for more wages and shorter hours.

Gov. CULBERSON issued a proclamation forbidding the Corbett-Fitzsimons fight in Texas.

THE Indian bureau in Washington received a dispatch from Agent Teter saying that there was no truth in the report of a massacre of the Jackson's Hole settlers in Wyoming by Indians.

J. W. BLUNDON and Charles Lynch, 13 years old, and J. Guy Brown, 15 years, were struck by an express train near Riverdale Park, Md., and instantly killed.

VICTOR ADAMS, who shot and killed Justice Boker, his father-in-law, at O'Neils, Cal., was lynched by a mob of sixty men.

HENRY BRADSHAW, a wealthy farmer near Paris, Tex., killed his wife and daughter and then himself. No cause was known.

The supreme court of Oklahoma has again declared that probate judges have no right to grant divorces, and that all divorces granted by them are null and void.

DURING a storm in the vicinity of Three States, Mo., George McClelland and his wife and three children and a man named Thomas and his wife were killed by lightning.

THE Superior national bank of West Superior, Wis., suspended with liabilities of \$141,300.

GEORGE WOLFE rode from Chicago to New York on a bicycle in six days three hours and five minutes, breaking all previous records.

A HAILSTORM in North Dakota destroyed 80,000 acres of wheat, causing a loss to farmers of \$500,000.

EDWARD KNEVES, of Dayton, Ky., fatally shot Mary Schaefer, of Alexandria, Ky., in Cincinnati, and then shot himself. Unrequited love was the cause.

THE stores of Scharles Brothers, dealers in toys, and Jacquin & Co., dealers in French millinery, were burned in New York, the total loss being \$220,000.

FORTY prominent merchants in Macon, Mo., were arrested for doing business on Sunday.

THE Jacob Katz company, supposed to be one of the strongest mercantile establishments in Milwaukee, failed for \$110,000.

H. Z. SALOMON, one of the pioneer merchants of Denver, failed for \$100,000.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

THE republican state executive committee of Ohio decided to open the campaign on September 10 at Springfield.

JAMES BUNN, chief of the Shinnecock Indians, died at Southampton, L. I., aged 85 years.

MRS. ISABEL MCKEEHAN, of Washington county, Tenn., died at the age of 112 years.

WILLIAM WILLIS, the president's coachman, died in Washington of paralysis, aged 48 years. Mr. Willis had been driver for all the presidents that have occupied the white house for the last twelve years.

REV. DR. EDWARD BEECHER, brother of Henry Ward Beecher, and the oldest of the surviving children of Lyman Beecher, died at his home in Brooklyn, aged 92 years.

FOREIGN.

ITALIAN government officials openly declared that war with Abyssinia had been decided upon.

NINE small traders who were passing the night in the open air at Amrosifka, Russia, were murdered and robbed of 48,000 rubles by a man who joined them in the guise of a trader.

A VIOLENT hurricane swept the coast of Japan, during which many vessels were wrecked and their crews drowned.

THE United States cruiser Columbia sailed from Southampton for New York on her speed test across the Atlantic.

EARL GALE, aged 10; Clifford McDonald, aged 9, and William Rodgers, aged 8, were drowned in the Thames river at Chatham, Ont.

A TRAIN crowded with pilgrims returning from the shrine of St. Dauray, France, was wrecked near St. Brieuc and twelve persons were killed and twenty-five injured.

EDDIE BROPHY, aged 13; Walter Brophy, 19, and Alex. Brophy, 22 (brothers), and the 13-year-old son of Rev. W. Winfield, were drowned in a lake at Ottawa, Ont., by the capsizing of a boat.

A GREAT mass-meeting was held at Rio Janeiro to protest against the action of England in taking possession of the island of Trinidad.

LONDON advices say that with all the contingencies save two heard from the new house will consist of 323 conservatives, 70 liberal-unionists, 164 liberals, 65 anti-Parnellites and 19 Parnellites.

A TRAIN bearing 400 Japanese soldiers was thrown into the sea by an accident near Kobe and fourteen soldiers were drowned.

SINCE the outbreak of cholera in Japan 9,000 persons have been attacked with the disease and over 5,000 persons have died.

LATER.

THE visible supply of grain in the United States on the 29th was: Wheat, 39,229,000 bushels; corn, 5,207,000 bushels; oats, 4,887,000 bushels; rye, 154,000 bushels; barley, 40,000 bushels.

THE lugger Zenith was burned off Queenstown and in the panic which ensued nine seamen were drowned.

CAPT. GEN. DE CAMPOS pardoned all the political and war prisoners in Cuba and ordered them to be set at liberty.

It was announced that silver leaders had agreed to call a convention to meet in St. Louis in September for the purpose of forming a national silver party.

ANDREW FRANKLIN, 105 years old, died at Burlington, Kan.

THE gold and silver debate between Messrs. Horr and Harvey came to an end in Chicago after nine days of talk.

RECENT discoveries show that the Honduras treasury was robbed of \$2,500,000 during President Bogran's administration.

JUDGE GEORGE F. BLANKE, of the superior court, died suddenly at his home in Chicago of heart disease.

THE next expedition to find the north pole is to be by balloons. The project was gravely discussed by the geographical congress in London.

MRS. OLLIE CORBETT was granted a divorce in New York from James J. Corbett, the pugilist.

FOR 100 miles southeast of Perry, O. T., many fine fields of corn were under water waist deep, and hundreds of acres had been washed away.

ABOUT 20,000 members of the Brotherhood of Tailors were on a strike in the cities of the New York, Brooklyn and Newark.

THE Union national bank of Denver, Col., closed its doors with liabilities of \$400,000.

A CLOUDBURST did great damage at Central City, Col., and at Blackhawk, and for an hour the streets were roaring torrents.

CHAUNCEY, aged 11 years, and Henry Brails, aged 8 years, sons of Joseph Brails, were drowned at Providence, R. I.

ADVICES from the negro colony at Mapimi, Mexico, indicated that the negroes were on the point of starvation.

BURGLARS robbed and probably fatally wounded Abraham Lutz and his wife near Massillon, O.

A TORNAADO damaged nearly every building in Kewanee, Ill.

A GIGANTIC conspiracy was unearthed at Beaufort, S. C., by which life insurance companies had been defrauded of thousands of dollars during the last eight years.

A LONG LIST.

Many Persons Thought to Have Been Victims of Holmes.

CHICAGO, July 29.—Every day brings to light one or more atrocious murders committed by H. H. Holmes. In all, so far as known, circumstantial evidence of the strongest character points to the man as the slayer of the following:

Connor, Julia L., who lived with Holmes as his wife; supposed remains found in basement of Holmes' building, 791 Sixty-third street, Chicago.

Connor, Gertrude, daughter of above; supposed remains found in basement of Holmes' building, 791 Sixty-third street, Chicago.

Cigrand, Amelia, Holmes' secretary; disappeared.

Pitzel, Benjamin F.; dead body found at 1816 Calverhill street, Philadelphia.

Pitzel, Howard, 11 years old, son of Benjamin F. Pitzel; disappeared; supposed to have been murdered in Indianapolis.

Pitzel, Alice, daughter of Benjamin F. Pitzel; dead body found in the cellar of St. Vincent street house, Toronto.

Pitzel, Nellie, daughter of Benjamin F. Pitzel; dead body found in the cellar of St. Vincent street house, Toronto.

Williams, Minnie, disappeared from 791 Sixty-third street, Chicago, where she lived with Holmes; supposed to have been murdered.

Williams, Annie, younger sister of above; disappeared as did her sister.

Wild, Miss, formerly a clerk in Holmes' employ at the "Castle"; she disappeared two years ago and has never been heard from.

In addition to this Holmes is believed to have been concerned in the murder of Mrs. Cron, the old woman who was so ruthlessly killed at Wilmette two years ago.

Other persons known to have been identified with Holmes at Englewood and other places have disappeared, but as yet little evidence has been found to show that Holmes had a hand in their sudden retirement from usual scenes.

TORONTO, July 26.—The inquest into the murder of the Pitzel children was concluded Wednesday night before Coroner Johnson and a jury. Some evidence was taken and strong and vigorous summing up was made. The jury was out only fifteen minutes, and there was from the beginning no disagreement among them. They returned the following verdict:

"That Alice Pitzel came to her death on or about the 25th of October, in the city of Toronto, and that H. H. Holmes, alias Mudgett, alias Howard, did on or about the day last aforesaid at the city of Toronto, unlawfully, wilfully and with malice aforethought, kill and murder her, the said Alice Pitzel, contrary to the peace of her sovereign lady, the queen, her crown and dignity."

BASEBALL.

Standing of the Various League Clubs for the Week Ending July 28.

The following tables show the number of games won and lost and the percentage of the clubs of the leading baseball organizations. National league:

CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Cleveland	52	34	.604
Pittsburgh	47	31	.603
Baltimore	46	31	.601
Boston	44	31	.587
Cincinnati	45	35	.562
Chicago	40	38	.517
Brooklyn	41	35	.540
Philadelphia	39	34	.534
New York	36	36	.500
Washington	25	45	.357
St. Louis	28	53	.345
Louisville	15	59	.203

Western league:

CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Kansas City	43	30	.600
Indianapolis	41	30	.594
Milwaukee	45	33	.578
St. Paul	43	33	.565
Minneapolis	34	49	.409
Detroit	38	47	.447
Terre Haute	28	48	.368
Grand Rapids	25	52	.323

Western association:

CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Peoria	47	24	.662
Lynchburg	40	28	.588
Des Moines	39	34	.534
Quincy	36	37	.498
Denver	35	37	.486
Rockford	33	39	.458
St. Joseph	27	44	.380
Jacksonville	27	45	.375

Summer Weakness

Is caused by thin weak, impure blood. To have pure blood which will properly sustain your health and give nerve strength, take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, of ROXBURY, MASS., Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor.) He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. Read the label.

If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause squeamish feelings at first.

No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Sold by all Druggists.

Beecham's pills are for biliousness, bilious headache, dyspepsia, heartburn, torpid liver, dizziness, sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, loss of appetite, sallow skin, etc., when caused by constipation; and constipation is the most frequent cause of all of them.

Go by the book. Pills 10c and 25c a box. Book FREE at your druggist's or write B. F. Allen Co., 365 Canal Street, New York.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

★ ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR ★

IMPERIAL GRANUM

IT IS

★ THE BEST ★

FOOD

FOR NURSING MOTHERS, INFANTS AND CHILDREN

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No Failure of Crops! A Sure Thing!

GARDEN, FRUIT AND TRUCK FARMS.

10 ACRES will give a family a good living. 40 ACRES will place you in a few years in an independent position.

WHY SLAVE ALL YOUR LIFE!

When Georgia and South Carolina offer such grand inducements for the frugal, thrifty man and woman—climate, soil and surroundings unsurpassed. FREE RAILROAD FARE. Free moving of all your effects, from the time you reach our road. Call or address LAND DEPARTMENT, AUSTIN & SOUTHERN R. R., Carolina Midland R. R. WALTER M. JACKSON, Commissioner of Immigration, Augusta, Ga. F. S. CHURCHMAN, General Agent, 225 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

The Genoa Issue.

G. E. SISLEY & CO., Publishers.

GENOA, ILLINOIS.

COURAGE.

Because I hold it sinful to despond,
And will not let the bitterness of life
Blind me with burning tears, but look beyond
Its tumults and its strife.

Because I lift my head above the mist,
Where the sun shines and the broad breezes
blow.

By every ray and every raindrop kissed
That God's love doth bestow;

Think you I find no bitterness at all?
No burden to be borne like Christian's
pack?

Think you there are no ready tears to fall,
Because I keep them back?

Why should I hug life's ills with cold reserve,
To curse myself and all who love me? Nay!
A thousand times more good than I deserve
God gives me every day.

And in each one of these rebellious tears,
Kept bravely back, He makes a rainbow
shine:

Grateful I take His slightest gift; no fears
Nor any doubts are mine.

Dark skies must clear, and when the clouds
are past.

One golden day redeems a weary year;
Patient I listen, sure that sweet at last
Will sound His voice of cheer.

—Celia Thaxter, in N. Y. Ledger.



A Revelation of the Romantic and Remarkable Career of Lawrence Bangs, the Famous Yale Athlete.

BY HOWARD FIELDING.

Copyright, 1894.

CHAPTER VIII.—CONTINUED.

"By Jove," he cried, "it would be a great thing if I could get both of you into shape for the game. We could play it on Harvard in great shape. We'd have one of you half killed in practice just before the Harvard game. Probably it would be to you, because Paddy would be the better man. Then I'd put you in the hospital and let everybody know that you were there. We'd have reliable doctor's certificates to show that you couldn't possibly play again during the season. There'd be a jubilee in Cambridge and Harvard money would come out at odds on. Then, at the last minute, I'd get you out of the hospital and hide you, and Paddy could go into the game. All Harvard would walk back from Springfield and Yale would have money to burn after the game. It would beat the trick we played the first year I rowed on the crew. We got an artist to paint boils on the backs of our necks, and the papers came out with a story that we had been poisoned. The odds on Harvard jumped to three to one; and then we won the race by about a quarter of a mile. As a matter of fact they hadn't been in it from the first of May to the day of the race."

Lawrence faithfully observed his brother's directions. He had noticed that outdoor life and exercise were improving Paddy's appearance, and he had Florence's word that the Irishman was the better looking of the two. It must not be supposed that he was unaffected by this criticism or that he was so much wrapped up in his studies as to be entirely oblivious to the consideration of his personal appearance. He decided that a little color in the cheeks would improve him, and so he mounted to the roof the next day with the anticipation of securing great benefit. It was very hot in the corner which Harry had selected for him, but Lawrence stuck to it all day with the exception of his hours of recitation. By evening his face was burned to a blister, and he had to remain in the house two or three days until the color moderated to a shade which matched Paddy's.

He was equally faithful with the exercise which Harry had recommended. He entered into this with an enthu-



TO SECURE THE REQUIRED COLOR.

iasm which delighted his brother. In reality Lawrence had conceived a fierce jealousy of Paddy, and had begun to long to surpass him physically. He had no love for athletic sports, and did not, at this time, hope to supplant Paddy in that line of life. But he would have liked to be able to take the young Irishman to a remote corner of some deserted region, and there inflict upon him a corporal chastisement which would settle forever the question of physical superiority. Probably his jealousy would never have led him

to such an extreme, but he felt that it would be a great satisfaction to him to know that he could do it any time he desired.

It was about this time that the name of Larry Bangs began to be conspicuous in the newspapers. His singular taciturnity on the athletic field had already been noted, and he had come to be spoken of as the "Speechless Wonder." Lawrence had been interviewed three or four times, and his views on baseball—of which, despite his patient study of full scores, he was profoundly ignorant—were given at great length. Paddy had read these articles and had expressed the utmost contempt for them.

"You ought to try to learn something," he said to Lawrence. "What's the matter with you, anyway? Can't you get it through your head? It's easy enough."

Once Paddy was caught by a reporter, and he gave a first-rate interview. As he said nothing but yes and no, the representative of the press was able to talk all he pleased without interruption. He was an expert in baseball, and his views, credited to Paddy, seemed wonderfully sound.

Lawrence was greatly disappointed with his own first interview. On that occasion he had skillfully led the conversation away from sport, and had spent an hour or more discussing educational topics in a manner which he believed would win him recognition from the authorities of the college. He had an idea that the publication of these views would excite considerable comment throughout the country, and he told the reporter that such would be the result. The reporter replied "Yes," in a tone so oracular that it might have come from Paddy himself. As a matter of fact the able journalist knew that there was a gentleman with a blue pencil in the editorial room of his newspaper, and that it would be easier for a rich man to enter the kingdom than for a column of stuff about the best method of instilling the classics into a freshman to get into print. He took down what Lawrence said because Lawrence was looking, but he did not make the mistake of turning it in as copy.

When the article appeared the absence of all reference to educational subjects was the most conspicuous thing about it—to Lawrence. But it is safe to say that nobody else noticed it.

The reporter was a very polite young man, and did not wish to offend anybody who would be good for so much space in the future as Larry Bangs would. So he wrote a nice note to the subject of the interview, explaining that he had faithfully recorded all that Lawrence had said, but, unhappily, "space" was short in that particular Sunday's paper, and so the educational matters, as being of less interest to the public, were crowded out.

Lawrence had a considerable respect for the profession of journalism, which he had some thought of entering after his college course was over. He did not intend to reform it. On the contrary he thought it quite good enough as it was to engage his most serious efforts. He was not nearly so much inclined to question the judgment of the editor who had omitted the educational part of his interview, as one acquainted with his studious disposition might have expected that he would be. On the contrary he was led to wonder whether education had not ceased to be of any importance in the world. Evidently that was the view of the editor, and such a man should be in touch with public sentiment. The experiences of his first year at college had naturally prepared him to take such a view. Therefore on the occasion of the second reporter's visit he devoted all his time to a serious discussion of baseball and its probable effect on the destiny of mankind, interspersed—at the reporter's request—with stories illustrating the most advanced methods of bulldozing an umpire as that science was taught at Yale.

The whole of this interview was printed. Most of it was unintelligible to Paddy, but such parts as he understood—to use his own expression—"gave him a pain."

"It's no use, Larry," he said, "you haven't got the head for it."

And Lawrence was inclined to agree with him in secret, though openly he affected to despise advice from such a quarter.

"Is it possible," he said to himself afterwards, "that in regard to certain important branches of human knowledge I am what Patrick would call 'thick.'"

CHAPTER IX.

A PLOT AGAINST THE UNIVERSITY.

Lawrence Bangs had been reading from the works of Quintus Horatius Flaccus, a gentleman for whom he entertained, in his customary state of mind, the most cordial sentiments. On this occasion, however, he laid down the monument more lasting than brass, and scowled at it in a dark and menacing fashion.

It was eleven o'clock, and that was a very early hour for Lawrence to cease studying; but he had less appetite for study on this night than any other that he could remember. The truth is that he had reached a crisis which usually comes much later in the college life of a thoughtful man, that period, to put it plainly, when he first realizes that he does not know as much as a cow. The information of a cow, regarding that sphere of life to which she is called, is apparently exhaustive, and eminently satisfactory to

herself. She has learned to chew the cud, an operation which yields greater contentment with less visible result, than anything else in the world. To the college professor is often granted an almost identical blessing, but it is different with the student. He will certainly feel, now and then, a desire to do more than chew the cud; he will wish to swallow it. In other words, he will desire to make an end of something, not merely by laying it aside, but by getting the whole of it. And he can't do it, in his line of life. Not one educated man in a thousand really knows very much about the alphabet. He cannot give its full history, nor suggest a truly valuable improvement upon it, nor even say it backwards without making a mistake. When the student finds that this is true of everything which he had previously thought that he knew, he may very naturally feel a desire to turn to some other pursuit in which the triumphs are speedy and final. He will find such a pursuit right under his nose. He will see that the man who makes a home run with the bases full, exhausts the possibilities of the situation, so that anything which he or anybody else may do afterwards, will be, at best, no more than a repetition. And though the finest player in the world may scarcely hope for so much glory as that, there are lesser achievements which have the same agreeable quality of completeness, and are nearly sure to come.

Lawrence's thoughts took such a course as this while he sat scowling at his book, and when he had reached the point to which the reader has been brought, he lifted his gloomy eyes from good old Horace and fixed them upon Paddy O'Toole. The hour which was



"I DO," RESPONDED PADDY.

early for Lawrence was late for Paddy, who was ordinarily asleep by ten. The sight of him at that moment would naturally have led one to believe that the youth had been kept from his bed by a multitude of the most agreeable thoughts. He sat in a big arm chair with his head thrown back, and smiled at the ceiling.

"What are you thinking about, Patrick?" asked Lawrence.

"Nothing," answered Paddy, with the utmost cheerfulness.

"But, great heavens, man. Your mind couldn't have been an absolute blank."

"Don't you fool yourself about my mind," rejoined Paddy. "It seems to worry you a big lot, but it never bothers me any."

"You were thinking of something agreeable," said Lawrence, positively. "Your face showed it."

Paddy rubbed his head doubtfully.

"Well," he admitted at last, "I was feeling pretty good."

"I perceive the distinction," said Lawrence. "The point is well taken. I would like to feel better and think less myself. I would like to change places with you, Patrick."

"Do you mean that you'd like to play ball?"

"Well, if it comes to that, I would; though that was only a small part of my thought on the matter."

Paddy slowly and gently pitched an imaginary outcurve.

"You can't," he said. "It isn't in you."

"You might teach me."

"Not in a thousand years," said Paddy, promptly.

"I don't believe it. It is incredible that you should know anything that I can't learn."

Paddy did not respond. The idea failed to appeal to him. Lawrence tried another line of approach.

"Is there anything in my life," he asked, "that would make you wish to change with me?"

"Yes, there is," responded Paddy. "You go to places that I'd like to go to. You see all those girls any time that you want to. Say, they're a great crew! They got hold of me out on the field, and I never struck anything like it in my life. Say, they just talked the ears off of me, and they can do it again any time they're ready. It was great."

"You enjoyed their conversation?"

"You bet! It was up to the limit. But I didn't get a show. I couldn't say anything but yes and no; and I'm telling you there were times when it was all I could do to get in as many words as that. They talked most all the time themselves."

"I can readily believe it."

"I had things to say, though. I'm no dummy. I wanted to tell the girl that talked the most about the game that she didn't know enough about baseball to keep tally on a board with a piece of chalk. But of course I couldn't do it. I'd promised your brother."

"It's a pity you didn't say it," said Lawrence.

"I've been thinking that perhaps it was just as well that I didn't," said Paddy, reflectively. "She might have got mad."

"Unquestionably; but the other girls would have loved you forever. There is no gain in this world without some small loss, and especially not in society, for you lose your time, if nothing else. However, you should have said it carefully and with tact. It is possible that I could teach you how to do those things."

"Say, will you do it?" said Paddy, with unwonted animation. "I'd like to learn that. I ain't much on grammar and those other things that your brother tried to drive into me, but I can learn anything that's got sense to it, and is going to come handy to a fellow."

"I will do it gladly," said Lawrence.

"If you will teach me to play ball."

Paddy sat up and looked Lawrence in the eye.

"You don't mean that you want to get out there on the field and pitch a game?" he asked.

"I mean just that."

"Not against Harvard?"

"Against Harvard especially."

"If you go up against those fellows," said Paddy in a hushed and solemn tone, "they'll make a thousand home runs."

"Let them do it if they can," responded Lawrence, firmly. "All I ask of you is to give me a chance to try. You teach me all you can about pitching, and I'll teach you all I can about how to behave in society. Then you fix it so that I can pitch a game, and I will get you into the swellest social affair that there is in New Haven during the remainder of the season."

"It's a go," said Paddy. "It ain't quite a square deal on your brother, but it's even worse for us. Say, they'll but you out of the box. It will ruin you."

"It may," said Lawrence, "both ways. But I'll take the risk."

"Don't you be afraid of my part of it," rejoined Paddy. "That'll be all right. Say, shall I put on that swallow-tailed dress suit of yours now, and learn to sit down in it?"

Lawrence agreed; and thus was ratified a most nefarious agreement calculated to be highly detrimental to the university. It must be admitted that Paddy did extremely well. Within an hour he had mastered the fashionable hand-shake, and had learned to enter a room without giving the impression that he was hunting for trouble. Lawrence was a patient teacher, and encouraged his pupil heartily.

The next day, however, the boot was on the other leg, and the relations between teacher and pupil were less cordial.

Lawrence may have been by nature as apt a scholar as the other, but the young gentleman from the South Cove was wholly lacking in the educational method.

They went to a vacant lot in a secluded part of the city, and there practiced in the shelter of a board fence.

"You've got to learn the curves to begin with," said Paddy. "We'll begin with the outcurve because there's some kind of a chance that you can learn it in two or three years. Now take the ball this way and slam it in."

Paddy hurled the ball against the board fence and splinters flew off the board which it struck.

"I would suggest," said Lawrence, turning his spectacles toward Paddy, "that you give me some brief theoretical demonstration of the leading principle involved."

"Give you what?" gasped Paddy.

"Say, I ain't got it with me."

"I mean that instead of resorting to simple imitation, which will be extremely difficult for me as I am unfamiliar with the method, you would do better to give me a sort of lecture on the subject at first. Then I can begin work with an intelligent appreciation of the necessities of the case."

He drew a note book from his pocket, and sat down a log, ready to reduce Paddy's lecture to writing. But the "Speechless Wonder" had never been less able to talk.

"Perhaps I have not made myself clear," said Lawrence. "Let me explain. The ball as propelled by you takes a course which varies from that of ordinary projectiles. Now what makes the ball curve?"

"I do," responded Paddy, promptly.

"What did you think it was?"

"How do you do it?"

"Why, this way," said Paddy; and he banged the ball against the fence once more.

This scrap of conversation may give some idea of the difficulties under which Lawrence labored. And it is, therefore, the more to his credit and to the honor of the sporting blood of the Bangses in his veins, that he triumphed over these obstacles and learned to pitch a curved ball within a week.

Lawrence, as has been said, was strong, although very thin from overwork. He developed speed wonderfully soon.

"It's your build," Patsy said. "You can't be absolutely no good. You're too much like me. But this is only part of it. Have you got it in your head? That's the question."

"I believe that I have," said Lawrence. "Only I can't do it as well as you can yet. But wait awhile. There's a fortnight yet before the next Harvard game."

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

THE man who dares to traduce because he can with safety to himself is not a man.—Cowper.

ILLINOIS LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 24.—The senate convened Tuesday morning with a majority of the members of both parties present. Senator Bogardus presided in the absence of President Gill. Senator Fitzpatrick, chairman of the financial committee, reported favorably a committee bill to increase the state tax levy to \$500,000 a year for the next two years. Senator Dunlap's bill appropriating \$5,000 to pay the employees of the special session was read a third time and passed by unanimous vote. The arbitration bill of the judiciary committee was read a second time, but not advanced, to await the result of the joint republican caucus Tuesday afternoon. At 10:30 the senate took a recess until 4:30 o'clock.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 25.—The bills introduced in the senate Wednesday numbered five. Among them are bills to tax gas and electric light franchises, to tax telephones and to tax foreign life insurance premiums. The senate refused to take up the house arbitration bill. On motion of Senator Morrison the senate adjourned until 10 o'clock Thursday.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 26.—In the senate Thursday morning Mr. Craig offered a resolution to have the bills recalled from the committee and that the senate continue in session until all subjects mentioned in the governor's call had been disposed of. The resolution went over under the rules. The judiciary committee's arbitration bill was read a second time and advanced to the third reading. The house arbitration bill, introduced by Hogan, was read a first time and referred to the committee on judiciary. Senator Fitzpatrick's bill to provide additional revenue of \$500,000 a year for state purposes was taken up on second reading.

Senator Herb's bill to tax express companies was advanced to third reading. Senator Evans' motion to recommend this bill to the committee on revenue was also defeated. The senate then adjourned until 10 o'clock Friday.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 27.—The senate judiciary committee reported the house arbitration bill favorably. It was advanced. The house, after completing in committee of the whole its work on the whole revenue bill adjourned until 5 o'clock Monday evening.

HOUSE.
SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 24.—After the reading of the journal in the house, Tuesday morning, Hogan's arbitration bill was taken up and read the third time and passed. The revenue bill of Fern's was then read for the first time. Col. Jonathan Merriam attempted to introduce his resolution calling for an investigation of the charges of corruption among the members of the Thirty-ninth general assembly. After the resolution had been read, a motion to suspend the rules and consider it was lost. The house then adjourned.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 25.—Klein introduced a bill in the house Wednesday morning making it a penal offense for officials to loan public moneys in their keeping. The house went into the committee of the whole to consider revenue legislation. A bill formulated by John S. Miller, of Cook, Judge Hurd and President Smith, of the Chicago real estate board, revising the revenue law and providing for a system of county assessors, was introduced by Jones, of Joplin, and read. The three gentlemen named above, by invitation of the house, addressed the committee of the whole on the subject. When they had finished the house rose from committee of the whole, and reported its progress to the house and asked for further time. The house then took a recess till 11 o'clock in the afternoon.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., July 26.—Just before the house adjourned Thursday, Representative Kilcourse, of Cook, created a sensation by introducing a race-track and pool-selling bill under the head of revenue. Representative Merritt called up his resolution relative to fees of public officers. Consideration was postponed one week. The house, in committee of the whole, with Mr. Graham in the chair, resumed the consideration of the revenue bill. The amendments offered Wednesday, embodying changes desired by the Chicago real estate board and civic federation were adopted without material change. The committee asked and was granted more time in which to report. Senate bills appropriating \$5,000 for the payment of employees of the special session passed. Mr. McCarthy then introduced a bill taxing bascule games and prohibiting games on Sundays. The house then adjourned till 10:30 o'clock Friday.

RUIN AT KEWANEE.

Scarcely a House in the Illinois Town Unharmed by the Storm.

KEWANEE, Ill., July 30.—The tornado of Saturday night lasted an hour. There is now scarcely a house in town which is entirely sound. The streets are choked with fallen trees and other debris. The worst effects of the storm are seen in the business portion of the city, where many store buildings caught the full force of the wind. The Masonic hall suffered severely. The roof was torn off and carried a block down the street and deposited on the roof of another building, which it crushed in.

The storeroom of the Boss Manufacturing company, in which many valuable packages ready to be shipped were kept, is a total wreck and the contents were spoiled by the water before they could be removed. In the east park every tree has contributed to an immense pile of debris which workmen have collected in one place. The flagstaff, 100 feet high, was the first thing to fall.

GOLD IN CHICAGO.

Latest Reports Show That the Banks There Hold \$20,451,692.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The accumulation of gold in Chicago national banks is noticeable in the report of the condition of those banks at the close of business July 11, recently called for by the comptroller of the treasury. The aggregate as shown thereby on that date was \$20,451,692, of which \$17,734,342 was coin and the remainder in gold certificates. Loans and discounts amounted to \$97,805,653 and individual deposits \$71,782,731. The total resources amounted to \$167,261,593 and the average reserve 31.54 per cent.

Will Be a Great Crop.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Prospects for an enormous crop of corn and other products throughout the west and north-west have never been more promising, and railroad officials look forward to a larger business this fall than they have been doing for years. The flattering prospect is not confined to any one state or locality, but extends over Kansas, Missouri, Iowa, Illinois, Texas, Nebraska and other states.

THE GENOA ISSUE.

PUBLISHED THURSDAYS

By GEO. E. SISLEY & CO.

Per Year.....\$1.00

If paid in advance.....\$1.25

GENOA, the Gem City of DeKalb county.

LET us keep up our record for progressiveness.

By voting for water works you are voting for prosperity for Genoa and its people.

GENOA has received many flattering comments regarding the proposed water works. Let us deserve these kindly comments.

THE "ex-official" is either trying to mislead the voters or else he is grossly ignorant of the contents of the statutes, or rather that part of it pertaining to the bonding of a town for a system of water works.

AN air of improvement pervades the Gem City. We are in the midst of a good honest boom, not in real estate speculation but in the building line. Let us keep it up by putting a cross in the official ballot after the word YES.

KINGSTON

H. R. Fuller visited his niece at Downer's Grove last week.

J. A. Kepple has some fine honey at only 20 cents per cake.

Miss Jessie Pond was quite sick one day last week, but she has recovered.

Dr. J. McLean of Chicago was at this place on business several days last week.

Herman Dagman, of Chicago, visited his aunt, Mrs. C. Ackerman, at this place last week.

Work has been commenced on the school house. The foundation is laid and lumber is being hauled to the ground by the carload.

A number from this place attended the ice cream sociable at Sheley's Hall at Herbert last Wednesday evening.

Chas. Tazewell and sister Jennie of Elgin, are visiting Mrs. R. Tazewell and family.

The bridge north of town has been treated to a layer of new plank, on account of the advent of the steam thrasher for the season of '95.

C. L. Donaldson of DeKalb will be at L C Shaffer's every Wednesday prepared to repair watches, clocks, and everything in the jewelry line. He is a first class workman and does the best work at the lowest prices. All work guaranteed.

Mrs. D. B. Arbuckle returned from her visit of several weeks with relatives in Kansas. Mrs. Dunwell of Cherry Valley who accompanied her will remain until winter.

O. B. Chalmers severed his connection with the C. M. & St. P. Ry. last Wednesday and has been staying here several days, prior to his departure for the state of Washington where he will probably sign with the Northern Pacific.

Lee Harris, of Kansas, a brother-in-law of Mrs. B. F. Uplinger, stopped off at this place last week, on his return from New York state, where he attended the funeral of his mother, who died last Sunday and was buried on Tuesday.

Word has been received from California to the effect that Ed Yonken who has been staying at Los Angeles, has been married to a San Francisco young lady, of eighteen summers. His many friends here will certainly give him numerous congratulations.

Miss Eva Hitchcock and Miss Foster, of Minooka, this state, have been visiting Mrs. Mate Shrader, and other friends here. They will remain several weeks.

Remember you get an elegant crayon or water color tint picture at N. E. Schule's with cash purchases amounting to \$10. Step in and see one of the pictures.

Word was received by Ira Bixler that his nephew, Geo. Wakely, a conductor on a freight train running from Springfield to Bloomington, had been killed at the latter place by being caught between two bumpers in the act of coupling them. His chest was crushed.

SYCAMORE.

Miss Edith Shattuck Sundayed in Chicago this week.

Mr. John Craft, of Chicago, spent a few days with his family, in Sycamore.

Miss Hattie Cooper, of Pittston, Pa., who has been visiting her cousin Mrs. C. O. Boynton, for a few weeks, returned to her home last Monday.

Mrs. S. T. Armstrong is slowly improving from a serious spine difficulty.

The Y. P. S. C. E. have their service next Sunday morning at 6:30. A large number have expressed their desire to hold a sunrise prayer meeting.

Horse sale in Sycamore, Wednesday. Mrs. Reuben Edwood had a stroke of paralysis last Monday, and is now seriously ill at her home.

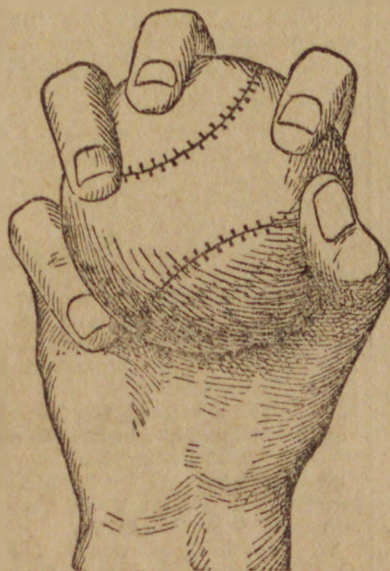
Mrs. Kate Allport, of Minneapolis, is visiting friends and relatives here.

Mrs. General Dustin is slowly recovering from a severe illness.

Mrs. P. S. Coolidge and Blanche went to Blunt, Dakota, last Monday, to visit Mrs. Ida Witte.

The Athena C. L. S. C. had their annual banquet in Marsh's Park last Thursday.

The streets are being much improved here, and with houses numbered and streets named in a visible manner, we begin to feel as if we were still on earth, even if we are said to be asleep.



Judgment!

From every tobacco chewer is wanted as to the merits of

LORILLARD'S

Climax

PLUG.

All good judges of chewing tobacco have thus far been unanimous in pronouncing it the best in quality, the most delicious in flavor, the best in every way. It's Lorillard's. Ask the dealer for it.

REID'S German Cough AND KIDNEY CURE.
Contains no Poison.
Reid's German Pills cure Constipation and Malaria.
Sylvan Gum purifies the breath.



For Sale by H. H. SLATER

Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke Your Life Away.

The truthful, starting title of a book about No-to-bac, the harmless, guaranteed tobacco-habit cure. If you want to quit and can't, use "No-to-bac." Braces up the nerves, eliminates nicotine poisons, makes weak men gain strength, weight and vigor. Positive cure or money refunded.

Book at druggists, or mailed free. Address, The Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago, 45 Randolph St.; New York, 10 Spruce St.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25c box. For sale by F. T. Robinson.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Administratrix of the estate of Mary T. Randolph, late of the county of DeKalb, and State of Illinois, will attend upon the County Court of DeKalb County, Illinois, at a term thereof to be held at the court house, in Sycamore, in said county, on the first Monday in the month of October next, for the purpose of settling and adjusting all claims against said decedent, therefore all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified and requested to attend at said term of said Court for the purpose of having their claims adjusted; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

GEORGE C. ROWEN, Administratrix.

July 22nd, 1895.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Administratrix of the estate of Elijah Stiles late of the county of DeKalb, and state of Ill., will attend upon the county court of DeKalb county, Ill. at a term thereof to be held at the court house in Sycamore, in said county, on the first Monday in the month of Sept. next, for the purpose of settling and adjusting all claims against said decedent, therefore all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified and requested to attend at said term of said court for the purpose of having their claims adjusted; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

MARY A. STILES, Administratrix.

July 15th, 1895.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILWAY TIME CARD.

PASSENGERS EAST	GENOA	CHICAGO
No. 2, Vestibule	11:20 A. M.	1:10 P. M.
No. 4, Express	4:12 A. M.	7:00 A. M.
No. 32, Express	5:19 P. M.	7:45 P. M.
No. 34, Express	8:31 A. M.	10:24 A. M.
No. 36, Milk Train	7:35 A. M.	10:25 A. M.
No. 92, Way Freight	11:40 P. M.	7:00 P. M.

PASSENGERS WEST	CHICAGO	GENOA
No. 1, Vestibule	4:02 P. M.	2:30 P. M.
No. 3, Express	2:02 A. M.	11:35 P. M.
No. 31, Express	10:57 A. M.	8:30 A. M.
No. 33, Express	7:02 P. M.	5:15 P. M.
No. 35, Milk Train	7:54 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
No. 91, Way Freight	3:40 P. M.	9:30 A. M.

No. 2 stops for Chicago passengers and leaves passengers getting on at or west of Rockford.

No. 32 stops only to take passengers for Chicago, and to leave passengers from Rockford, and beyond.

Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 daily through trains from Chicago to Sioux City. No. 31, Chicago to Freeport. No. 32, Waterloo to Chicago, and Nos. 33 and 34 between Chicago and Freeport and are daily.

Nos. 35 and 36 daily milk Chicago and Rockford.

No. 1 stops only to leave passengers from Chicago and take on those for Rockford, Freeport and beyond.

Nos. 91 and 92, way freights, carry passengers daily except Sunday.

For all information about connections and through tickets apply to E. Sisson Agent.

G. M. & ST. PAUL.

TIME CARD.

TRAINS GOING EAST.	LVE GENOA	ARR CHICAGO
No. 2	5:08 A. M.	7:15 A. M.
No. 4	7:11 A. M.	9:00 A. M.
No. 34	7:46 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
No. 26	12:09 P. M.	2:00 P. M.
No. 22	3:30 P. M.	5:50 P. M.
No. 92, frt.	1:30 P. M.	

TRAINS GOING WEST.	LVE CHICAGO	LVE GENOA.
No. 3	10:35 P. M.	12:34 A. M.
No. 21	8:30 A. M.	10:42 A. M.
No. 25	1:30 P. M.	3:30 P. M.
No. 35	4:00 P. M.	6:02 P. M.
No. 1	8:20 P. M.	8:07 P. M.

No. 1, 34 and 35 run daily. No. 2 except Monday. No. 3 except Saturday. Nos. 21, 22, 25, 26 and 92 daily except Sunday. No. 2 and 1 stop on signal for Chicago passengers. No. 1 and 3 stop to let off Chicago passengers and pick up through passengers west, all other trains stop. No. 1 and 4 Omaha limited trains close connections made for important points north and west through cars for St. Paul, Minneapolis and Sioux City. No. 2 and 3, Omaha, Kansas City and Cedar Rapids Express No. 25 and 26 Cedar Rapids, Dubuque Express. No. 21 and 22, Rockford and Janesville and local points. Through tickets to all important points in United States and Canada.

J. M. HARVEY Agent.

G. & N. W. R. R.

TIME AT HENRIETTA.

TRAITS GOING NORTH.	Passenger	Stock Freight
Passenger	8 54 A. M.	5 49 P. M.
Stock Freight	1 58 A. M.	

TRAITS GOING SOUTH	Freight	Passenger
Freight	8 54 A. M.	2 05 P. M.
Passenger	5 11 P. M.	

W. H. HUGHES, Agent.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF A

Piano OR Organ

T. H. GILL.

At Marengo, and he will call on you

JOHN LEMBKE

DEALER IN

GENERAL

MERCHANDISE.

As in the past, I shall in the future continue to make a specialty of all kinds of

Fine Footwear, . . .

At my well known Low Prices.

I ask a share of your patronage

For the benefit of those who use good coffee we are pleased to announce that

WE SELL
CHASE & SANDORNS' FAMOUS BOSTON COFFEES

YOURS FOR TRADE,

John Lembke



OUR SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING

Is the Richest, the Choicest, the Best fitting, the Most Reliable, the Most Stylish, the Most Durable and Economical ever offered by anybody anywhere. The stock is teeming with new and handsome styles. Best that foreign and domestic looms can produce. Their prices are so low that everybody who buys, sends somebody else. In fact, the . . .

LOW PRICES AND GOOD CLOTHING

Is the magnet which draws the crowds our way. It's a wonderful and stimulating sight to see the people coming day after day. It's an unmistakable endorsement. It's what we expected. It rests with you whether you get your share of the dollars being saved this season at our store. Don't wait. Don't hold off until the lines are broken. Come early, come now, and you'll find that never in the history of clothes-selling have such prices been named.

Bicycles Sweaters, Caps and Hose.

- Single Breasted Sack Suits
- Double Breasted Sack Suits
- Dove Tail Cutaway Suits
- Light-wt Spring Overcoats
- Men's Dress Suits
- Men's Trousers
- Boys' Suits
- Children's Suits
- Men's and Boys hats, caps.
- Childrens Hats and Csp.



Cheap Charley, = 8-20 Douglas Ave
ELGIN, ILLINOIS

FOR MEN AND BOYS

PLATES \$8.
 GEO. E. SMITH, Dentist, will visit Genoa every Tuesday. Will come prepared to do plate work or filling. Office hours 8:30 o'clock, a. m. to 12 noon. Office at the City Hotel Parlor, Main Street.

PAINLESS EXTRACTION.
A. M. HILL, M. D.
 Office over Lane's jewelry store. Hours, 6:30 to 8 p. m., 12:30 to 2 p. m. Residence on State st. Calls promptly attended day or night.

A. C. CHURCH.
 Presiding every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school 11:45. Children's meeting at 3 and young people's meeting at 8:30. Singing practice at the pastor's home on Friday evening at 7:30. G. J. French, pastor.

SOCIETY AND BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODDFELLOWS. Genoa Lodge No. 788, meets in regular session every Monday evening. E. Sisson, Sec. Henry Olmsted, N. G.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA. Genoa Camp No. 163, meets every second and fourth Thursday night. J. H. VanDresser, V. C. W. H. Sager, Clerk.

DELLA REBECCAS, I. O. O. F. No. Meets every other Friday night. Mrs. J. E. Stort, V. C. Mrs. John Wylie, Sec.

GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC. Reg. Post No. 478. Meets on First Tuesday of each month. H. H. Sater, Commander. Geo. Johnson, Adjutant.

KNIGHTS OF THE MAJACABEES. Genoa Tent No. 45, Meets every other Saturday night in Sater's Hall. John Hadsall, Com. F. M. Overaker, Record Keeper.

F. & A. MASONS, GENOA LODGE. No. 288, meets in regular session of Wednesday evening on or before the full moon of each month. W. M. C. A. Brown, Geo. E. Slesley, Sec.

KNIGHTS OF THE GLOBE, GENOA. Garrison No. 56, meets in regular session on the second and fourth Tuesday of each month. J. M. Harvey, Pres. E. H. Lane, Adj.

DR. M. D. LEFFVRE, Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist, Office Robinson's Drug store. Calls attended day or night.

F. H. BURLINGTON, Real Estate Agency and Collections, Blue Springs, Neb. Both farm and city property for sale and rent. Office Baringer Bk. Correspondence solicited.

EXCHANGE BANK OF BROWN & BROWN. Buy and sell Government Bonds. Sell Passage Tickets to and from Europe. And for sale or rent some choice farms in this vicinity, and houses and lots in this village.

E. A. ROBINSON, M. D.
 OFFICE AT RESIDENCE,
 Cor. Monroe and First Sts., Genoa
 Office Hours—10 to 11 and 1 to 3.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I am now prepared to get out PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS and any one contemplating building this season, would do well to give me a call. ESTIMATES cheerfully given on all classes of work in my line. Residence over H. R. Patterson's.

C. F. DUTTON,
 Contractor and Builder, - - - Genoa, Ill.

DR. BILLIG'S DENTAL PARLORS
 IN BANK BUILDING, GENOA
 SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
 CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK A SPECIALTY.

CALL AND SEE HIM.

Buckman & Riddle,
 CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS,
 Kirkland, - Illinois.
 ESTIMATES FURNISHED ON SHORT NOTICE.
 Orders by Mail Will Receive PROMPT ATTENTION.
 SATISFACTION - GUARANTEED.

G. G. ROWAN AND EUGENE OLMSTEAD, AGENTS

The Farmer' Mutual,
 KINGSTON ILL.,

Well! Well! Well!
 To put it in the language of Genoa's great coacher, "We never saw the likes of such, never", and we hope never to see another game as we witnessed Saturday. It is a conceded fact that the boys have a "good eye" but they evidently didn't have that indispensable member with them on that day, for their adversaries gained an easy victory.

Those of the Genoa boys that did have their "eye" with them soon lost it after the game was called. The larger part of the throng that attended the game, consisted of the fairer sex, and these young ladies captured many a glance that should have been fixed upon the leather covered sphere.

The Marengo's played a good game. Smith, their pitcher, fanning out sixteen men; but if our conjectures are right, and some of the Marengo people told us the unadulterated truth, their catcher and short stop were members of the first nine, The Stars.

While driving over to Marengo something came in contact with one of Harvey Ide's optics, which greatly annoyed him all day, and was undoubtedly the cause of some of his wild pitching.

Jimmy Hutchinson deserves credit for several good plays. The first man that came to bat for the Marengo's sent a liner tearing down to third like a cannon ball, but Jimmy was there, and pulled the little sphere down from its rapid flight as though he was an Anson instead of being the smallest boy in the team. He, in reality, was the only one that did not lose his bearing.

The Marengo boys are gentlemen in every respect, and they treated their visitors well.

Clayton Patterson, and Meham, of Marengo, umpired the game. The score: Marengo 22, Genoa 10.

A. C. Church Notes.
 A number of friends from a distance were in attendance at church Sunday, among whom were Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Smith and daughter from near DeKalb. Mrs. and Nellie Norton and Louie Rockwell, of DeKalb, Sister Cook, (Bro. Shurtleff's daughter,) from Iowa, Sister Matthews from Rockford and Miss Lowe. We were cheered by their presence and bid them come often.

Please notice the regular appointments mentioned weekly in the Issue. Mrs. French may be expected to preach next Sunday evening.

Unclaimed Letters.
 John Andeline, Geo. Boyle, Mrs. Mattie E. Bartlet, J. W. Carlson, Boyd Paul Crow, Miss Lotta Denney, Mr. Dubertine, Franz Gumpert, Miss E. Harrington, Mr. Hanes, R. D. Hollenbeck, L. D. Koletz, Mrs. Lizzie Maynard, Frank Messer, Mrs. Ed Miller, Nels S. Nelson, Alfred Nordling, Miss Belle Stooksbury, Matilda Schmidt, Sam Tomlin, Thos. Wallace, Mrs. Willcock.

My little boy, when two years of age was taken very ill with bloody flux. I was advised to use Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, luckily procured part of a bottle. I carefully read the directions and gave accordingly. He was very low, but slowly and surely he began to improve gradually recovered, and is as stout and strong now as ever. I feel sure it saved his life. I never can praise the Remedy half its worth. I am sorry every one in the world does not know how good it is, as I do.—Mrs. Lina S. Hinton, Grahamsville, Marion Co., Fla. For sale by F. T. Robinson, Genoa, and H. R. Fuller, Kingston.

Columbian Catholic Summer School.

For the first annual meeting of the Columbian Catholic Summer School at Madison, Wis. July 14 to Aug. 4, the North-Western Line will sell tickets at reduced rates on the certificate plan. For tickets and full information apply to Agents Chicago & North Western Ry.

Free Pills.
 Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25 cts. per box. Sold by F. T. Robinson, Genoa, and L. C. Shaffer, Kingston.

Notice.
 I would respectfully ask of those who are indebted to me, to please call and settle on or before Aug. 1st.
 A. TEYLER.

Life of an Old Settler.

Mrs. Mary Randolph, whose recent decease we had barely space to mention, was one of the oldest settlers of this part of Illinois, coming here by team in 1844. Her husband built the first log house erected on prairie near Shattuck's Grove, and for several years was the only prairie farmer.

She saw all the privations of a pioneer life, and left a good record for hospitality and integrity. She was the mother of a large family, half of whom survive her. She was 76 years old and had been a member of the M. E. Church for sixty years. Kind of heart and faithful in life, she leaves behind her many precious memories, among a large circle of friends.

Mrs. G. C. Rowan, one of her surviving daughters, resides here, and with her family is the recipient of much sympathy regarding the separation which so unexpectedly came.

Mother Randolph's outline of life is briefly thus: Born, 1819; Converted, 1835; Married 1842; Came to Ill., 1844; Died, 1895. But around and between these dates lies the activity of a life requiring pages to review. Thus the early settlers are going, but they leave lasting impressions on us who remain.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
 When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
 When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
 When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Election Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that on the 6th day of Aug. next, at the office of K. Jackman and son, in the village of Genoa, in the town of Genoa in the county of DeKalb and state of Illinois, an election will be held for the purpose of electing one village trustee to fill vacancy. Also to vote on the proposition of building a system of water works in said village. Which election will be opened at seven o'clock in the morning, and shall be closed at five o'clock in the evening of that day. Dated at Genoa this 15th day of July A. D. 1895.

H. A. PERKINS, Village Clerk.

A social dance will be held in the opera house on Wednesday evening, August 14th. A pleasant time is anticipated.

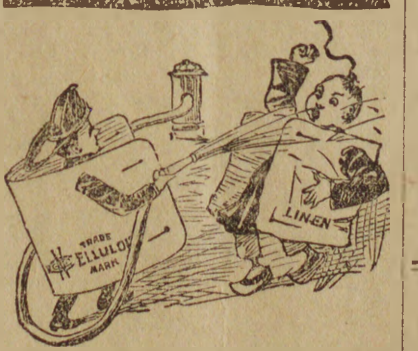
Uncle Tom and little Eva will be here the 14th. So will "I'm a lawyer, and my name is Marks".

John Ryan, of Sycamore, transacted business here yesterday.

Mrs. H. Kellogg has been on the sick list.

Odd Fellows hall was turned over to the spirits last night, and the willy goat was securely locked up. The spiritualists held a very interesting seance there, and it was well attended.

—Robbed—of a nice head of hair just through negligence. When your hair begins to fall out don't neglect it but get a bottle of Beggs' Hair Renewer which will stop its falling off, and if turning gray, will restore its natural color. Sold by Shaffer.



Waterproof collars and cuffs that will not wilt, are not effected by moisture and look just like linen are all the fashion now. They are made by covering a linen collar or cuff with "celluloid" and are the only waterproof goods made with an interlining, consequently the only ones that will stand wear and give perfect satisfaction. Try them and you will never regret it. Always neat, and easily cleaned. When soiled simply wipe off with a wet cloth or sponge. Every piece of the genuine is stamped as follows:



Ask for those so marked and refuse any imitations, as they cannot possibly please you. If your dealer does not keep them, we will send a sample direct on receipt of price. Collars 25c. each. Cuffs 50c. pair. State size and whether stand-up or turned-down collar is wanted.

THE CELLULOID COMPANY,
 127-129 Broadway, New York

All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it free. Call on the advertised Druggist and get a trial bottle, free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen and Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills Free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing. At F. T. Robinson's, Genoa, and L. C. Shaffer's, Kingston.

Take your summer vacation trip to Colorado and Yellowstone Park. The Burlington Route will run a special car, personally conducted tours to Colorado and the Yellowstone Park leaving Chicago June 26, August 7 and 14. First class service. Low rate, including all expenses. For descriptive pamphlet apply to T. A. Grady, Manager, 211 Clark St., Chicago.

Since 1878 there have been nine epidemics of dysentery in different parts of the country in which Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was used with perfect success. Dysentery, when epidemic, is almost as dangerous as Asiatic cholera. Heretofore the best efforts of the most skilled physicians have failed to check its ravages, this remedy, however, has cured the most malignant cases, both of children and adults, and under the most trying conditions, which proves it to be the best medicine in the world for bowel complaints. For sale by F. T. Robinson, Genoa, and H. R. Shaffer, Kingston.

Ave May, of Herbert, had his new threshing machine at work on "Fat John's" farm, Tuesday, and it drew quite a crowd of spectators. It is one of the finest equipped threshing machines in use. It is the Garr, Scott & Co. make and is equipped with one of those Uncle Tom's Farmers Friend stackers, which consists of a telescope pipe, through which the straw is blown by means of a fan at the base. This stacker does away with the necessity of having a man to stack. It does not allow the chaff to settle in one spot, but divides it through the stack. The machine has also a Garr, Scott & Co. feeder, which consists of a canvas carrier, on which the bundles are thrown. This carries the bundles towards a cylinder on which numerous knives are located, which cut the bundles. The cereals are carried up through a pipe into a wagon. No scatterings fall through any part of the machine, and it does its work up in good shape.

A farmer living north of here came to town the other day, looking for the boys that stole a can of milk. Suspicion rested on the second nine, but as the boys all swear they don't like milk and haven't used any since they left their mother's apron strings, we suppose they will have to be believed. The farmer didn't kick about the milk, but he did want the can back again.

Miss Carrie Schneider is visiting relatives in Chicago.

Messrs. Calkins, Sivwright and Boynton were over from Sycamore last night to see their lady-loves.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.
 "Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
 Dr. G. C. OSGOOD,
 Lowell, Mass.

Castoria.
 "Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
 H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
 DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
 Conway, Ark.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
 UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
 ALLEN C. SMITH, M.D.,
 Boston, Mass.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

C. B. CRAWFORD'S

You can find everything in the line of **Fresh Fruits and Vegetables** That the market affords.

Now is the time to "put up" fruit for winter use. Leave your order with me, I can save you money and give you a better quality of fruit

"THE ALL-SEEING."

Rev. Dr. Talmage Discourses Upon the Human Eye.

The Imperial Organ of Man's Many Wonderful Parts—Divine in Its Conception and Wonderful in Its Construction.

The following discourse on "The All Seeing" is chosen by Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage for publication this week. It is based on the text:

He that formed the eye, shall He not see?—Psalm xciv. 9.

The imperial organ of the human system is the eye. All up and down the Bible God honors it, extols it, illustrates it, or arraigns it. Five hundred and thirty-four times it is mentioned in the Bible. Omnipresence—"the eyes of the Lord are in every place." Divine care—"as the apple of the eye." The clouds—"the eyelids of the morning." Irreverence—"the eye that mocketh at its father." Pride—"Oh, how lofty are their eyes!" Inattention—"the fool's eye in the ends of the earth." Divine inspection—"wheels fall of eyes." Suddenness—"in the twinkling of an eye at the last trump." Olivetian sermon—"the light of the body in the eye." This morning's text—"He that formed the eye, shall he not see?" The surgeons, the doctors, the anatomists and physiologists understand much of the glories of the two great lights of the human face; but the vast multitudes go on from cradle to grave without any appreciation of the two great masterpieces of the Lord God Almighty. If God had lacked anything of infinite wisdom he would have failed in creating the human eye. We wander through the earth trying to see wonderful sights, but the most wonderful sight that we ever see is not so wonderful as the instruments through which we see it. It has been a strange thing to me for forty years that some scientist, with enough eloquence and magnetism, did not go through the country with illustrated lectures on canvas thirty feet square, to startle and thrill, and overwhelm Christendom with the marvels of the human eye. We want the eye taken from all its technicalities, and someone who shall lay aside all talk about the pteryomaxillary fissures, and the chiasma of the optic nerve, and in common parlance, which you and I and everybody can understand, present the subject. We have learned men who have been telling us what we were. Oh! if some one should come forth from the dissecting table and from the class-room of the university and take the platform, and, asking the help of the Creator, demonstrate the wonders of what we are!

If I refer to the physiological facts suggested by the former part of my text, it is only to bring out in a plainer way the theological lessons of the latter part of my text, "He that formed the eye, shall he not see?" I suppose my text referred to the human eye, since it excels all others in structure and adaptation. The eyes of fish, and reptiles, and moles, and bats are very simple things, because they have not much to do. There are insects with a hundred eyes, but the hundred eyes have less faculty than the human eye. The black beetle swimming the summer pond has two eyes under water and two eyes above the waters, but the four insectile are not equal to the two human. Man, placed at the head of all living creatures, must have the supreme equipment, while the blind fish, in the Mammoth cave of Kentucky have only an undeveloped organ of sight, an apology for the eye, which, if through some crevice of the mountain they should get into the sunlight, might be developed into positive eyesight. In the first chapter of Genesis we find that God, without any consultation, created the light, created the trees, created the fish, created the fowl, but when He was about to make man He called a convention of divinity as though to imply that all the powers of Godhead were to be enlisted in the achievement. "Let us make man." Put a whole ton of emphasis on the word "us." "Let us make man." And if God called a convention of divinity to create man, I think the two great questions in that conference were how to create a soul and how to make an appropriate window for that emperor to look out of.

See how God honored the eye before He created it. He cried, until chaos was irradiated with the utterance: "Let there be light!" In other words, before He introduced man into this temple of the world He illuminated it, prepared it for the eyesight. And so, after the last human eye has been destroyed in the final demolition of the world, stars are to fail, and the sun is to cease its shining, and the moon is to turn into blood. In other words, after the human eyes are no more to be profited by their shining, the chandeliers of Heaven are to be turned out. God, to educate and to bless and to help the human eye, set in the mantle of heaven two lamps—a gold lamp and a silver lamp—the one for the day and the other for the night. To show how God honors the eye, look at the two halls built for the residence of the eyes, seven bones making the wall for each eye, the seven bones curiously wrought together. Kingly palace of ivory is considered rich, but the halls for the residence of the human eye are richer by

so much as human bone is more sacred than elephantine tusk. See how God honored the eyes when he made a roof for them, so that the sweat of toil should not smart them; and the rain dashing against the forehead should not drip into them; the eyebrows not bending over the eye, but reaching to the right and to the left, so that the rain and the sweat should be compelled to drop upon the cheek, instead of falling into this divinely protected human eyesight. See how God honored the eye in the fact presented by anatomists and physiologists that there are eight hundred equitrivances in every eye. For window-shutters the eyelids opening and closing thirty thousand times a day. The eyelashes so constructed that they have their selection as to what shall be admitted, saying to the dust, "Stay out," and saying to the light, "Come in." For inside curtains, the iris, or pupil, of the eye, according as the light is greater or less, contracting or dilating. The eye of the owl is blind in the daytime, the eyes of some creatures are blind at night, but the human eye, so marvelously constructed, can see both by day and by night. Many of the other creatures of God can move the eye only from side to side, but the human eye is marvelously constructed has one muscle to lift the eye, and another muscle to lower the eye, and another muscle to roll it to the right, and another muscle to roll it to the left, and another muscle passing through a pulley to turn it round and round—an elaborate gearing of six muscles as perfect as God could make them. There also is the retina, gathering the rays of light and passing the visual impression along the optic nerve, about the thickness of the lampwick—passing the visual impression on to the sensorium, and on into the soul. What a delicate lens, what an exquisite screen, what soft cushions, what wonderful chemistry of the human eye! The eye washed by a slow stream of moisture, whether we sleep or wake, rolling imperceptibly over the pebble of the eye and emptying into a bone of the nostril. A contrivance so wonderful that it can see the sun, ninety-five million miles away, and the point of a pin. Telescope and microscope in the same contrivance. The astronomer swings and moves this way and that, and adjusts and readjusts the telescope until he gets it to the right focus; the microscopist moves this way and that, and adjusts and readjusts the magnifying glass until it is prepared to do its work; but the human eye, without a torch, beholds the star and the smallest insect. The traveler among the Alps, with one glance taking in Mont Blanc and the face of his watch to see whether he has time to climb it.

Oh! this wonderful camera obscura which you and I carry about with us, so to-day we can take in our friends, so from the top of Mount Washington we can take in New England, so at night we can sweep into our vision the constellations from horizon to horizon. So delicate, so semi-infinite, and yet the light coming ninety-five million miles at the rate of two hundred thousand miles a second is obliged to halt at the gate of the eye, waiting for admission until the portcullis be lifted. Something hurled ninety-five million miles and striking an instrument which has not the agitation of even winking under the power of the stroke. There, also, is the merciful arrangement of the tear gland, by which the eye is washed, and from which rolls the tide which brings the relief that comes in tears when some bereavement or great loss strikes us. The tear not an augmentation of sorrow, but the breaking up of the arctic of frozen grief in the warm gulf stream of consolation. Incapacity to weep in madness or death. Thank God for the tear glands, and that the crystal gates are so easily opened. Oh! the wonderful hydraulic apparatus of the human eye. Divinely constructed vision! Two light houses at the harbor of the immortal soul, under the shining of which the world sails in and drops anchor. What an anthem of praise to God is the human eye! The tongue is speechless and a clumsy instrument of expression as compared with it. Have you not seen it flash with indignation or kindle with enthusiasm, or expand with devotion, or melt with sympathy, or stare with fright, or leer with villainy, or droop with sadness, or pale with envy, or fire with revenge, or twinkle with mirth, or beam with love? It is tragically and comically and pastorally and lyrically in turn. Have you not seen its uplifted brow of surprise, or its frown of wrath, or its contraction of pain? If the eye say one thing and the lips say another thing, you believe the eye rather than the lips. The eyes of Archibald Alexander and Charles G. Finney were the mightiest part of their sermon. George Whitefield enthralled great assemblages with his eyes, though they were crippled with strabismus. Many a military chieftain has with a look hurled a regiment to victory or to death. Martin Luther turned his great eye on an assassin who came to take his life, and the villain fled. Under the glance of the human eye, the tiger, with five times a man's strength, snarls back into the African jungle. But those best appreciate the value of the eye who have lost it. The Emperor Adrian by accident put out the eye of his servant, and he said to his servant: "What shall I pay you in, money or in lands? Anything you ask

me; I am so sorry I put your eye out." But the servant refused to put any financial estimate on the value of the eye, and when the emperor urged and urged again the matter, he said: "Oh, emperor, I want nothing but my lost eye." Alas for those for whom a thick and impenetrable veil is drawn across the face of the heavens and the face of one's own kindred. That was a pathetic scene when a blind man lighted a torch at night and was found passing along the highway, and some one said: "Why do you carry that torch when you can't see?" "Ah!" said he, "I can't see, but I carry this torch that others may see me and pity my helplessness and not run me down." Samson, the giant, with his eyes put out by the Philistines, is more helpless than the smallest dwarf with vision undamaged. All the sympathies of Christ were stirred when He saw Bartimeus with darkened retina, and the only salve He ever made that we read of was a mixture of dust and saliva and a prayer, with which He cured the eyes of a man blind from his nativity. The value of the eye is shown as much by its catastrophe as by its healthful action. Ask the man who for twenty years has not seen the sun rise. Ask the man who for half a century has not seen the face of a friend. Ask in the hospital the victim of ophthalmia. Ask the man whose eyesight perished in a powder blast. Ask the Bartimeus who never met a Christ, or the man born blind who is to die blind. Ask him. This morning, in my imperfect way, I have only hinted at the splendors, the glories, the wonders, the Divine revelations, the apocalypses of the human eye, and I stagger back from the awful portals of the physiological miracle which must have taxed the ingenuity of a God, to cry out in your ears the words of my text: "He that formed the eye, shall he not see?" Shall Herschel not know as much as his telescope? Shall Fraunhofer not know as much as his spectroscope? Shall Swammerdam not know as much as his microscope? Shall Dr. Hooke not know as much as his micrometer? Shall the thing formed know more than its master? "He that formed the eye, shall he not see?"

The recoil of this question is tremendous. We stand at the center of a vast circumference of observation. No privacy. On us, eyes of cherubim, eyes of seraphim, eyes of archangel, eyes of God. We may not be able to see the inhabitants of other worlds, but perhaps they may be able to see us. We have not optical instruments strong enough to desery them; perhaps they have optical instruments strong enough to desery us. The mole can not see the eagle mid sky, but the eagle mid sky can see the mole mid grass. We are able to see mountains and caverns of another world; but perhaps the inhabitants of other worlds can see the towers of our cities, the flash of our seas, the marching of our processions, the white robes of our weddings, the black scarfs of our obsequies.

But you say: "God is in one world and I am in another world; He seems so far off from me, I don't really think He sees what is going on in my life." Can you see the sun ninety-five million miles away, and do you think God has as prolonged vision? But you say: "There are phases of life, and there are colors—shades of color—in my annoyances and my vexations that I don't think God can understand." Does not God gather up all the colors and all the shades of color in the rainbow? And do you suppose there is any phase or any shade in your life He has not gathered up in His own heart? Besides that, I want to tell you it will soon all be over, this struggle. That eye of yours so exquisitely fashioned and strung, and hinged and roofed, will before long be closed in the last slumber. Loving hands will smooth down the silken fringes. So He giveth His beloved sleep. A legend of St. Protobert is that his mother was blind and he was so sorely pitiful for the misfortune that one day in sympathy he kissed her eyes, and by miracle she saw everything. But it is not a legend when I tell you that all the blind eyes of the Christian dead under the kiss of the resurrection morn shall gloriously open. Oh! what a day that will be for those who went groping through this world under perpetual obscuration, or were dependent on the hand of a friend, or with an uncertain staff felt their way; and for the aged of dim sight about whom it may be said that "they which look out of the windows are darkened" when eternal daybreak comes in. What a beautiful epitaph that was a for a tombstone in a European cemetery: "Here reposes in God, Katrina, a saint, eighty-five years of age and blind. The light was restored to her May 10, 1840."

—Martin Luther found a Bible. The greatest discovery a man ever makes is when he finds a Bible. It's a dreadful thing—it's like finding dynamite. It's the making or ending of a man. If he puts it aside, it's the end of him; if he takes it to his heart, it's the making of him.—Dr. Alexander McKenzie.

—Of bituminous coal over one-third is produced in Pennsylvania, while Pennsylvania and Illinois together produced a little over one-half.

—There are people who never recognize one another in church, but expect to know each other in Heaven.

THE LAST ROUND.

Great Horr-Harvey Debate Closed—The Final Arguments.

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CHICAGO, July 30.—The Horr-Harvey silver debate came to an end Monday. Every seat in the art gallery of the Illinois club was occupied when time was called for the closing session of the great war of words, and the walls were lined with listeners eager to catch the closing remarks of the contestants.

Twenty-four hours in all have been consumed in the debate which ran through eight days, and 145,000 words in all were spoken, according to the original agreement. The two gentlemen still have 2,500 words each in which to close. This is to be submitted, however, in manuscript any time within seven days to be inserted in the book which is to be published. Resolutions were passed thanking the Illinois club for the use of their house and expressing appreciation of all that had been done by various ladies and gentlemen to assist in the carrying on of the debate. A resolution was also passed thanking Messrs. Horr and Harvey for the mass of information with which they have presented the public since the debate began. Then the closing arguments were commenced.

Mr. Horr led with the sweeping assertion that in the few cases in which the figures cited by Mr. Harvey were correct they had tended to weaken his own argument. He then referred to Mr. Harvey's statement, which the latter had said was based upon the authority of Carroll D. Wright, United States commissioner of labor to the effect that there were between 2,000,000 and 4,000,000 unemployed men in the country. In refutation of these figures, he produced a telegram from Mr. Wright expressly disclaiming them.

The effect of this shot was spoiled, however, by Mr. Harvey's explanation that these were the only figures that he had used in his book that had not been verified, and that immediately after the appearance of the first edition he had written to Mr. Wright and upon receipt of his reply had erased the incorrect data from the stereotype plates of the book. After this temporary digression, the silver champion expressed his obligations to every one who had assisted him in the debate, from the judge and referee to his fair stenographer, and then resumed the thread of his argument by producing a printed table showing the amounts of silver coined annually from 1792 to 1873, for the purpose of demonstrating the falsity of the statement made by the monometallists that for the first fifty years of the present century the United States was on a silver basis, and on a gold basis from 1803 to 1873.

The statement, he said, that gold did not seek the mints for the first fifty years, and that silver did not seek the mints for the last thirty years prior to 1873, is not true. He quoted from the United States coinage laws, appendix of 1894. The stock of gold is there given as \$3,931,900,000; the stock of silver, \$3,351,500,000. On account of the great use of gold in the arts he maintained that there was not enough of the yellow metal to answer the needs of money.

Mr. Horr maintained his previous statement that no nation alone can establish the old ratio of 16 to 1, and he did not believe that Mr. Harvey thinks any one nation can do it. Nationally their laws do not fix the value of things. They cannot do it if they try. The actual value of the two metals at the present time is wide apart. The ratio of 16 to 1 is today a thing of the past. Always from the earliest foundation of society the relative value between gold and silver has been fixed by the people of the world, and not by legislation. Mr. Harvey and Lagree that the free coinage of silver will decrease the measure of value used here in this country. The burden of his whole talk in this debate is that we ought to have a cheaper measure; that the unit is worth too much. So now we agree that it will change the measure. Mr. Harvey says that is what ought to be done because, he says, the whole world is in debt and our country is on the brink of ruin because the present dollar is too valuable. That is a position in which I differ from him. The debts of the day have all been contracted with the gold dollar as the measure, and to relieve the payment of them in any way by a trick of this kind is repudiation.

Mr. Harvey continued his quotations from statistics in relation to the world's supply of gold and the bearing the arts had toward it. The more costly either gold or silver becomes, he said, the greater the demand among the rich for it for use as ornaments. Where the dealer is used exclusively for primary money it is the one that is hoarded. When gold and silver were both used as money in their own right silver was hoarded by the plain people and was brought forth to serve them in time of need. Gold is principally hoarded by the rich to serve a purpose in bulling the money market. Hoarding of silver by the people was beneficial; hoarding of gold is an injury. The cause of hoarding in the two instances is different. In the first instance it is the natural law providing for the future; in the second instance it is a commercial motive affecting injuriously the community. This is one of the reasons why silver has always proved the more stable money.

Mr. Horr referred to Mr. Harvey's habit of comparing size as having something to do with value, and stated that the amount of gold in the world all put in a cube hasn't anything to do with how much it is worth. He accused the dealer of comparing things that are not alike with each other, and when a man does that, he said, he is always in the wrong. Now, there is no distinguishing the issue between us. It is simply this: Can we benefit the people of this republic now by making a dollar mean about half as much as it now means? Can we benefit them by making it seem any considerable amount less than it now is by making it actually less in value? We may disguise it as much as we will, the free coinage of silver on a ratio of 10 to 1 means silver monometallism.

Mr. Harvey maintained that there will be a commercial parity between gold and silver at the ratio of 10 to 1. If the law is passed putting both metals on an equal footing at that ratio. What he meant by an equal footing is that both shall have the right to enter the mints free to be coined into money with 23.22 grains of pure gold to be a dollar and 371 1/4 grains of pure silver to be a dollar. The money made from both metals to be full legal tender money in the payment of all debts and the debtor to have the right to pay in either metal. The supply of silver is limited. When a great nation like this, whose normal capacity for the absorption of money in the transaction of its normal business is not far from \$4,000,000,000, opens its mints to silver it fixes the price of silver the world over. So long as the supply of silver is limited, as it is now, no one will part with it for any less than what they can get for it in the United States. Mr. Horr will say to this: "The government does not buy the silver under free coinage. It stamps it and hands it back to the owner worth no more than when he brought it to the mint." What the government has done is this: It has given to silver a new use, and the use is what gives to it its value.

Mr. Horr closed the debate with an eloquent peroration on the revival of business; of the appeal of Cuba against oppression; of the distressing situation of the South American republics, and said: "We are fighting the battle of liberty for the world. The result of your verdict upon this momentous question will be world wide. It will convey words of cheer and stimulate the nerves of free men in every land."

A JOB FOR THE PRESIDENT.

To Act as Arbitrator in a Dispute Between Italy and Colombia.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—One of the first matters of public interest to engross President Cleveland's attention after his return to Washington in October will be a consideration of the dispute between the kingdom of Italy and the republic of Colombia, growing out of damages sustained by a subject of the former country during a revolution in Colombia in 1885. The amount of the claim is between \$600,000 and \$700,000. President Cleveland was asked in February last if he would fill the role of arbitrator, and after due consideration gave his consent. Both governments felicitate themselves upon the president's acceptance, as he is regarded not only as an excellent lawyer, but as a painstaking, conscientious man whose conclusions will be rendered only after a thorough examination of all the papers submitted to him.

OUR RECEIPTS.

The Sum of \$143,245,978 Collected by Uncle Sam Last Year.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The preliminary report of Internal Revenue Commissioner Miller, for the year ended June 30, 1895, was presented to Secretary Carlisle Thursday afternoon. Total receipts from all sources were \$143,245,978, a decrease from the receipts of 1893-4 of \$3,923,472. The percentage of cost of collection, including the income tax and sugar bounty, was 2.84; for the previous year, 2.70. The expenditures on account of the income tax were \$88,939; receipts, \$77,131.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The amounts collected the last year from the principal internal revenue districts are as follows: First Illinois, \$7,601,198; Fifth Illinois, \$13,407,108; Eighth Illinois, \$9,067,430; First Missouri, \$7,588,495; First Ohio, \$9,673,887; Fifth Kentucky, \$10,167,993; Third New York, \$4,255,766; First Wisconsin, \$4,202,684.

MADE HER A TARGET.

American Schooner's Exciting Experience Off Cape Antonio.

BREAKWATER, Del., July 26.—Capt. Quick, of the American schooner Carrie E. Lane, upon his arrival here Wednesday night had a tale to tell about a thrilling encounter in Cuban waters with a Spanish gunboat. Two shots were fired at the Lane by the man-of-war, and one of the schooner's crew narrowly escaped being killed by one of them. The vessel was made to heave to and give an account of herself before being allowed to proceed.

Capt. Quick says that he could not get the name of the gunboat. He adds that after the first shot was fired at the Lane he caused the stars and stripes to be hoisted at the peak, but the only response the Spaniards made was a second shot. The gunboat did not hoist her colors until after the first shot was fired.

TWENTY-FIVE DEAD MINERS.

Fire Damp Explodes During a Storm with Frightful Results.

BERLIN, July 27.—During a violent storm at Bochum, Westphalia, Thursday night, an explosion of fire damp and coal dust occurred in the Prinz von Preussen mine, which is 350 meters in depth. Friday morning twenty-five dead and eleven injured men were found in the pit, but the total number of deaths is not yet known, as the pit has not been fully explored. Hundreds of the wives, children and other relatives of the dead and injured and missing men are congregated about the mouth of the pit and their cries and lamentations are heart-rending.

KNIGHTS TEMPLARS CONCLAVE.

Boston Making Preparations to Entertain 25,000 to 35,000 Knights.

BOSTON, July 25.—Preparations are being made for the reception of the army of knights templars next month. There will be between 25,000 and 35,000 knights in the parade on August 27, while it is expected that as many more, including the families of the templars and others, will be in the city during the convalescence. The committee on accommodations has already made provision for the reception of 20,000 knights, leaving about 200 commanderies to be heard from.

Lynched an Innocent Man.

FORD, Ky., July 29.—It developed Friday that the negro, Bob Haggard, who was lynched here last week, charged with having outraged Miss Elkin, was innocent of the crime with which he was charged. The story told of how the deed was done has been proven to be utterly false. The work was done by a few hot-headed men who did not take time to inquire whether Haggard was guilty or not.

No Massacre at Jackson's Hole.

SALT LAKE CITY, U. T., July 30.—The wild rumors received Saturday that a general assassination of whites had occurred at Jackson's Hole appear to be without foundation in fact, and a short dispatch received at an early hour Saturday morning from Market Lake saying that all was quiet at Jackson's Hole and no fighting had occurred has since been confirmed.

Passes Away.

NEW YORK, July 29.—Rev. Dr. Edward Beecher, brother of the late Henry Ward Beecher, died at his home, 183 Macon street, Brooklyn, early Sunday morning, aged 91 years.

THE HOLMES CASE.

More Discoveries Are Made in the Englewood House.

CHICAGO, July 30.—The huge brick vault underneath Holmes' charnel house was unearthed by the police Monday, who are still delving in the earth in and about the cellar. The existence of this vault has been theoretical until now. Many rumors of such a receptacle have been circulated but it was not until the police discovered Machinist Chappel that they succeeded in gaining any idea of the location of the vault. When Chappel accompanied the officers through the Holmes house Sunday he indicated the location of the vault in the southeast corner of the cellar, and early Monday morning half a dozen men were put to work digging in the place indicated.

The police theory is that Holmes used this vault for quickliming the bodies of his victims and getting them into such a condition that they could not possibly be identified, and that Chappel, the articulator, would not suspect that the bodies were anything more than cadavers secured at some of the medical colleges, morgues or hospitals. While the police officials are not hopeful of finding bodies of murdered people in the vault, they are at the same time hopeful of securing evidence to fully establish just what the vault was used for and what connection, if any, the vault had with the half destroyed human bodies that were carted away from the charnel house to the home of the articulator. The finding of the vault made the police much firmer in their belief that Chappel is a reliable and valuable aid to them in the work they have before them.

Almost every new development lands Janitor Quinlan more fairly in the police net, much to their satisfaction. They know he is unwilling to tell all he knows and are anxious to secure enough evidence to force a confession from him in order to fasten the crimes upon Holmes.

The skeletons are not perfect. Inspector Fitzpatrick said Monday morning that he expected to get the remainder of them but would not tell from what source. Medical experts pronounce the skeletons as having belonged to two girls about the age of twenty and a woman of middle age. Not all the teeth were removed and the police hope that there may be some sort of identification from those which remain. It is not at all certain that the bones belong to Holmes' victims. As an insurance swindler nothing would have been more natural than for him to have procured bodies with the intention of deceiving the companies and then to have had their skeletons articulated as an extra source of revenue. The market price of the human frame when neatly mounted ranges from \$40 to \$50, and the furnaces in the cellar which it is believed were used for bending plate glass would have been good places to boil the bodies and dispose of the flesh.

PHILADELPHIA, July 30.—Holmes' attorney gave out another statement Monday night, purporting to come from the arch-conspirator and relating to the statements made by Chappel of Chicago to the effect that he had articulated four skeletons for Holmes. In the first place, Holmes declared that any medical man who fails to make a living by the practice of his profession adds to it in many ways by calling into play his scientific knowledge. Accepting this idea himself, he said, he resolved to procure a number of skeletons, and when he found them expensive he concluded that to deal in the ghastly article would be a lucrative business. Thereupon he procured a number of corpses and had them scraped and articulated, but the supposition that he had murdered people to obtain them he scouted as arrant nonsense.

"I got them in a legitimate manner," he continued, "and I am prepared to prove it when the time comes. There is not a soul living in Chicago who can prove that I had anything to do with the disappearance of this aggregation of people whose murder I am accused of."

TORONTO, Ont., July 30.—Though Acting Attorney General Hardy has not yet given his decision it is learned on most reliable authority that Toronto will not ask for the extradition of Holmes until all legal sources have been exhausted in the United States. The attorney general is under the impression that the police authorities here have been a little too sanguine in their belief that they have strong enough evidence to hang Holmes. He would much rather have Illinois or Pennsylvania be at the expense and trouble than Ontario. The expense of extradition and trial, it is estimated, would cost the province in the neighborhood of \$3,000.

TWENTY THOUSAND IDLE.

New York, Brooklyn and Newark Brotherhood Tailors on Strike.

New York, July 30.—About 20,000 members of the Brotherhood of Tailors were on strike Monday in the cities of New York, Brooklyn and Newark. There has been no disorder in connection with the strike. A monster mass-meeting will be held at Cooper Union Tuesday evening. It is expected that, among others, Samuel Gompers will address the meeting.

NOT MOLESTED.

Settlers at Jackson's Hole Are Not Troubled by the Indians.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Further detail of the reports of a massacre at Jackson's Hole, Idaho, reached the interior department Monday in a dispatch from Indian Agent Teter. The dispatch was dated Rexburg, Idaho, near Market Lake, July 28, and says:

"On the 27th inst. I met Sheriff Hawley near Rexburg, returning from Jackson's Hole, where he had been sent to ascertain if the settlers had been killed by the Indians. Hawley states that the settlers have not been molested by the Indians, who are supposed to be encamped about 40 miles from the settlement in a practically impregnable position. There is no doubt of the fact that a large body of Lemhi Indians have recently joined the other Indians in Hoboek's canyon."

MARKET LAKE, Idaho (by courier from Sargeant's Lodge), July 30.—We have discovered that the fires thought to be signal fires are in reality only forest fires, which the rains have now extinguished. The settlers are very greatly excited and many have deserted their homes, fearing an outbreak.

The first man actually known to have come through Jackson's Hole is J. S. Barry. He said that the Indians were not visible, and that nobody has been harmed since the first shooting on the day of the Indian break for liberty, and that only Indians, of course, were hurt then. The settlers are, however, still entrenched, and the Indians in the hills and canyons are behaving in such a way as to imply that they are ready to respond to every act. They did not shoot at him, and he saw none on his way through this most dangerous part of the journey. He said, however, that the man who wanted an Indian fight could get it.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, July 30.—It is reported that a few Indians are returning to the Bannock reservation from Jackson's Hole, but much greater numbers are pouring in than those leaving. Tourist parties have stopped at Teton Basin, because it is unsafe to enter the Jackson's Hole country. At 2 o'clock Monday afternoon the special train bringing transportation facilities for the infantry on their march across the country arrived at Market Lake. Two hundred and fifty men of the Seventeenth infantry left Market Lake for Jackson's Hole Monday night, but owing to the roughness of the road it will take them longer than was expected to complete the march of over a hundred miles.

The Indians are watching all passes going in from the St. Anthony side. At least 200 Indians claiming to be Lemhis have crossed the river 7 miles above St. Anthony within the last week. No squaws were with the last parties, but they are taking many horses with them. Settlements are becoming alarmed and are making preparations to organize companies. A number of men are going in, via Teton Basin, to assist the whites, who are making rifle pits at different points.

JUST LIKE ADAM.

Charles Ringo Blames His Wife for a Terrible Crime.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., July 30.—Charles Ringo (colored), who was tried at the recent term of the criminal court, charged with the killing of one of his little stepsons and was released, and who is now indicted for the killing of the other one, made a confession Monday. He states that his wife, the mother of the boys, strangled them and threw their bodies into the river. He states that he was an eye-witness to the terrible affair, but did not divulge this before on account of his love for her. He said that now, since she was trying so hard to convict him he was going to give the whole affair away. He exhibited some letters which have some bearing on the subject. The authorities are working on the case, and Mrs. Ringo will probably be arrested. She claims her innocence.

SEATTLE'S BIG SHIP CANAL.

Work Began on Reclaiming 1,500 Acres of Tide Lands.

SEATTLE, Wash., July 30.—Ten thousand persons witnessed the exercises Monday in connection with the beginning of actual work on the Lake Washington canal and the filling in of tide lands south of the city. The lever of the big dredge Anacosta was pulled by Miss Semple, daughter of ex-Gov. Semple, president of the Waterway company, at 11:30 and the big enterprise started. Addresses were made by Gov. McGraw, ex-Gov. Semple and others. The filling in of the tide land will reclaim 1,500 acres and the harbor will be connected with Lake Washington by a ship canal, capable of receiving the largest vessels. Work is to be completed in six years and the estimated cost is \$6,000,000.

KEEPING UP THE RESERVE.

Bond Syndicate Deposits \$2,000,000 Gold to Replace Amounts Shipped Abroad.

NEW YORK, July 30.—It is announced that on Friday last the government bond syndicate deposited with the treasury \$2,000,000 in gold in exchange for legal tenders. This was done for the purpose of making good to the treasury the amount of gold withdrawn by various persons for shipment to Europe and other places during the month. This deposit brings the government gold balance up to the highest point reached since the syndicate completed its payments on account of bonds.

The Golden Now.

There's a time to wake and a time to sleep, A time to labor, a time to rest; There's a time to give and a time to keep, Ere the hands at last clasp over the breast And the form is still on the still white bed, Ere the dull orbs under the lids no more May kindly lead where the weary tread— The road we do must do before The stars are out, and the night is nigh Wherein we never may still a sigh.

Some day the hands so quick to caress Will clasp each other no more; some night The brow that the brown locks love to press Will lift no more in the war for right; The lips that offer sweet words of hope To hearts o'erburdened will smile for none— No aid from these for the lost who grope Through the fog of sin, for their day is done. We may wound or heal, we may scold or pray, But that we would do must be done to-day. —Charles Eugene Banks, in Chicago Post.

He Will Not Drown Himself.

(From the Troy, N. Y., Times.)

R. W. Edwards, of Lansingburg, was prostrated by sunstroke during the war, and it has entailed on him peculiar and serious consequences. At present writing Mr. E. is a prominent officer of Post Lyon, G. A. R., Cohoes and a past aide de camp on the staff of the commander-in-chief of Albany Co. In the interview with a reporter, he said:

"I was wounded and sent to the hospital at Winchester. They sent me together with others to Washington—a ride of about 100 miles. Having no room in the box cars we were placed face up on the bottom of flat cars. The sun beat down upon our unprotected heads. When I reached Washington I was insensible and was unconscious for ten days while in the hospital. An abscess gathered in my ear and broke; it has been gathering and breaking ever since. The result of this 100-mile ride and sunstroke was heart disease, nervous prostration, insomnia and rheumatism. A completely shattered system which gave me no rest night or day. As a last resort I took some Pink Pills and they helped me to a wonderful degree. My rheumatism is gone, my heart failure, dyspepsia and constipation are about gone, and the abscess in my ear has stopped discharging and my head feels as clear as a bell when before it felt as though it would burst, and my once shattered nervous system is now nearly sound. Look at those fingers," Mr. Edwards said, "do they look as if there was any rheumatism there?" He moved his fingers rapidly and freely and strode about the room like a young boy. "A year ago those fingers were gnarled at the joints and so stiff that I could not hold a pen. My knees would swell up, and I could not straighten my leg out. My joints would squeak when I moved them. That is the living truth."

"When I came to think that I was going to be crippled with rheumatism, together with the rest of my ailments, I tell you life seemed not worth living. I suffered from despondency. I cannot begin to tell you," said Mr. Edwards, as he drew a long breath, "with my feeling as I present. I think if you lift the weight right off my life and left me prime and vigorous at forty-seven, I could feel no better. I was an old man and could only drag myself painfully about the house. Now I can walk off without any trouble. That in itself," continued Mr. Edwards, "would be sufficient to give me cause for rejoicing, but when you come to consider that I am no longer what you might call nervous and that my heart is apparently nearly healthy, and that I can sleep nights, you may realize why I may appear to speak in extravagant praise of Pink Pills. These pills quiet my nerves, take that awful pressure from my head, and at the same time enrich my blood. There seemed to be no circulation in my lower limbs a year ago, my legs being cold and clammy at times. Now the circulation there is as full and as brisk as at any other part of my body. I used to be so light-headed and dizzy from my nervous disorder that I frequently fell while crossing the floor of my house. Spring is coming and I never feel better in my life, and I am looking forward to a busy season of work."

"Do you think that Blickeens would deceive a friend?" "Of course not. None of his friends would believe a word he says." —Washington Star.

THE FARMER IS HAPPY!

The farmer reporting 60 bushels Winter Rye per acre; 6 tons of hay and 52 bushels of Winter Wheat has reason to be happy and praise Salzer's seeds! Now you try it for 1896 and sow now of grasses, Wheat and Rye. Catalogue and Samples free, if you write to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and send this slip along. [K]

THE MARKETS.

Table with market prices for various commodities like Live Stock, Flour, Wheat, Corn, etc. Columns include item names and prices per unit.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

"TALK about tender-hearted children," said Anna Post, rocking reflectively in her chair, "I never saw anybody to equal the Marshall boys. You couldn't ask either of 'em to fetch in a pail of water, but he'd burst right out crying."

Tobacco Stinking Breath. Not pleasant to always carry around, but it don't compare with the nerve-destroying power that tobacco keeps at work night and day to make you weak and impotent. Dull eyes, loss of interest in sweet words and looks tell the story. Brace up—quit. No-To-Bac is a sure, quick cure. Guaranteed by Druggists everywhere. Book, titled "Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke Your Life Away," free. Ad. Sterling Remedy Co., New York City or Chicago.

"You will notice that I have you on the string," said the boy to the kite. "Yes," answered the kite. "And that is what makes me soar."—Indianapolis Journal.

Laugh and Grow Fat! You shall do both, even if you are a staid, faded, pallid, woe-begone dyspeptic, if you reinforce digestion, insure the conversion of food into rich and nourishing blood, and recover appetite and sleep by the systematic use of the great, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which also remedies malarial, kidney and rheumatic trouble, nervousness, constipation and biliousness.

We speak of some men as all wool, probably because they shrink at nothing.—Boston Transcript.

The Most Pleasant Way Of preventing the grippe, colds, headaches, and fevers is to use the liquid laxative remedy Syrup of Figs, whenever the system needs a gentle, yet effective cleansing. To be benefited one must get the true remedy manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only. For sale by all druggists in 50c. and \$1 bottles.

MEN are born with two eyes, but with one tongue, in order that they should see twice as much as they say.—Colton.

THE pyramids themselves, dotting with age, have forgotten the names of their founders.—Fuller.

RHEUMATIC Pains are greatly relieved by Glenn's Sulphur Soap. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, 50 cents.

CORRECTION does much, but encouragement does more.—Goethe.

Hill's Catarrh Cure Is a Constitutional Cure. Price 75c.

REVISED VERSION.—Whatever a man seweth, that shall be also rip.—Yale Record.



LEAVES ITS MARK

—every one of the painful irregularities and weaknesses that prey upon women. They fade the face, waste the figure, ruin the temper, wither you up, make you old before your time. Get well: That's the way to look well. Cure the disorders and ailments that beset you, with Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

It regulates and promotes all the womanly functions, improves digestion, enriches the blood, dispels aches and pains, melancholy and nervousness, brings refreshing sleep, and restores health and strength.



USE NO SOAP

with Pearline. 'Twould be absurd. It isn't necessary. Pearline contains everything of a soapy nature that's needed or that's good to go with it. And Pearline is so much better than soap that it has the work all done before the soap begins to take any part.

You're simply throwing away money. It's a clear waste of soap—and soap may be good for something, though it isn't much use in washing and cleaning, when Pearline's around.

Millions NOW use Pearline

POPULAR NOVELS.

ADAMS' PEPSIN TUTTI-FRUTTI

packages contain a list of novels by the most popular Authors. Five Cents in stamps will procure any one of them delivered FREE.

ADAMS & SONS CO., Sands St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Madison St., Chicago, Ill.

UNEQUALED AS A HEALTH RESORT. ST. CLARA'S ACADEMY,

Shushanna, Grant Co., W. (Shushanna Mound) CONDUCTED BY THE DOMINIAN SISTERS. Situated five miles from Dubuque, Ia., and ten miles from Galena, Ill. Water works, perfect sewer system and telephone connection with neighboring cities. The plan of instruction carried out in this institution unites every advantage which can contribute to a good education. For further particulars address BROTHER PIERCESS, St. Clara's Convent, SHUSHANNA, WIS.

ALBERTA—"I do wish it were not the custom to wear the engagement ring only on the third finger of one's left hand." Aethona—"So do I. I can't get more than half my engagement rings on at one time, now."—Life.

Piso's CURE is a wonderful Cough medicine.—Mrs. W. PICKETT, Van Siclen and Blake Aves., Brooklyn, N. Y., Oct. 26, '94.

IN nine cases out of ten the man who has riches paid too much for them.—Kam's Horn.

HOOLEY'S Theater, Chicago, is now presenting the much-discussed "Tribby" by A. M. Palmer's New York Company.

SCROFULA CURED advertisement featuring SSS logo and text about curing skin diseases.

SUMMER VACATION TOURS advertisement for Yellowstone Park with details on routes and prices.

25 Cts. PAYS FOR SIX MONTHS' subscription to THE MONTHLY REPORTER AND FALCON.

PISO'S CURE FOR advertisement with logo and text about curing various ailments.

Proceedings of the Board of Supervisors, July Session, A. D. 1895.

The annual meeting of the Board of Supervisors of DeKalb county was called to order at 2 o'clock p. m. Monday July 8, 1895, by A. S. Kinsloe, county clerk, the same being the second Monday of said month.

On motion of Mr. Meyer James Byers was chosen temporary chairman. The roll was then called and the following found present: Messrs. Byers, Cole, Dodge, Fisk, Glidden, Gormley, Harper, Howard, Hay, Holland, Jackman, King, Meyer, Roberts, Storey, Smiley, Sivwright, VanOhlen, Wesson, Woods, Winne, Whittemore and Wyman.

On motion of Mr. King, chair appointed a committee of three on credentials consisting of Messrs. King, Winne and Cole, who submitted the following report:

Mr. Chairman—Your committee on credentials having examined the certificates as presented would recommend that the following named gentlemen be declared entitled to act on this Board: James Harper, Septimus Storey, B. B. Smiley, S. D. Wesson, Humphrey Roberts, V. A. Glidden, Marcus W. Cole, I. M. Hay, Jas. D. Gormley, John King, B. F. Wyman, K. Jackman. All of which is respectfully submitted, John King, C. Wesson, M. W. Cole.

On motion of Whittemore report was adopted.

On motion of Wyman James Byers was unanimously chosen permanent chairman of this Board.

Board adjourned until 9 o'clock a. m. July 9th, on motion of Wyman.

TUESDAY, JULY 9, 1895.

Board met at 9 o'clock a. m. Called to order by James Byers, chairman. Roll called and all members found present. Minutes of proceeding of July 8 read and approved. The chair announced the following as the standing committees of the Board for the ensuing year:

- Finance, Whittemore, chairman, Wesson and VanOhlen
- Pauper claims, Howard, chairman, Hay and Dodge
- Poor Farm, Winne, chairman, Woods and Holland
- Cause other than Pauper, Myer, chairman, King and Jackman
- Public Buildings and Grounds, Wyman, chairman, Sivwright and Fisk
- Highways, Cole, chairman, Holland and Storey
- Relating Taxes, Harper, chairman, Roberts and Smiley
- Education, Glidden, chairman, Wyman and Roberts
- Fees and Salaries, VanOhlen, chairman, Harper and Gormley
- Printing, Storey, chairman, Cole and Glidden
- Elections, Gormley, chairman, Whittemore and Harper
- Canada Thistles, Sivwright, chairman, Van Ohlen and Wesson.

REALIZATION OF ASSESSMENT.

Grievances, Woods, chairman, Hay, Smiley, King and Wyman.

Lands, Fisk, chairman, Gormley, Roberts, Harper and Glidden.

Lots and blocks, Fisk, chairman, Winne, Jackman, Whittemore, and Wesson.

Personal Property, Holland, chairman, Van Ohlen, Sivwright, Meyer and Storey.

Railroads, Wesson, chairman, Howard and Cole

Report of Grand Jury of the June term circuit court on condition of jail was then read, which was as follows:

Grand Jury Room, DeKalb County Court House, Sycamore, Ill., June 18, 1895.

To the Hon. Charles Kellum, Judge of the DeKalb County Circuit Court.

We, the Grand Jurors of the June term of the circuit court of DeKalb county and State of Illinois, respectfully submit the following report:

We have today visited the county jail, a body and found it in first-class condition; the arrangement seemed to be complete for keeping the debtor and criminal prisoners separate, and also the males and females if any should be. The rooms and cells were perfectly clean and sweet and the sanitary department, having water constantly running through it, would also indicate cleanliness. The prisoners were in good spirits apparently and acknowledged that they were well treated and well fed. We recommend a better protection for the jail windows, to prevent prisoners from receiving outside assistance.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

H. D. Wagner, foreman, Henry Young, clerk.

On motion of King the report was referred to committee on public building and grounds.

Board adjourned on motion of Sivwright until one o'clock p. m.

AFTERNOON.

Board met at one o'clock p. m. and was called to order by Chairman Byers. Members present same as forenoon.

On motion of Whittemore Board adjourned to 9 o'clock a. m. July 10.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 10, 1895.

Board met at 9 o'clock a. m. and was called to order by Chairman Byers. Roll called and all members found present, except Smiley. Minutes of 9th inst. read and approved.

Whittemore presented and moved the adoption of the following report:

To the Board of Supervisors, DeKalb county, Illinois.

The undersigned, a special committee appointed by the Board at the July session, 1893, respectfully report that on the 22d day of August 1893, in joint meeting with the commissioners of Highways of the town of Franklin, a contract was entered into with K. D. Wheaton & Co., of Chicago, to erect an iron bridge across the Kishwaukee river near the village of Kishland, said bridge to consist of two spans of thirty feet each, as per plans and specifications agreed upon, for the sum of thirty-five hundred dollars.

That at a joint meeting of your committee and the commissioners of Highways of said town of Franklin, held at the town clerk's office in said town, January 2, 1894, after examining said bridge and comparing the same with the specifications, it was decided by the unanimous vote of said committee to accept said bridge.

H. C. Whittemore, James Sivwright, Samuel McCleary Com.

Motion for adoption of report prevailed.

Board adjourned until 1 o'clock p. m. on motion of Mr. Wesson.

AFTERNOON.

Board called to order at 1 o'clock by Chairman.

Members all found present.

Mr. Chairman and gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors:

Your committee on claims other than pauper would beg leave to report that they have examined all claims presented to them, and recommend the payment of the following and that the clerk be directed to issue orders on the county treasurer to the claimants for the several amounts allowed, as follows, to-wit:

Jan. 1, 1895, to April 1, 1895, 60 00 60 00

III No. H's for license clothing, 1892 of 592 01

III Ind. Sent for girls' maintenance of inms 1891 to Jan 1, 1895, 60 00 60 00

III Ind. Sent for girls' support of inms 1891 to Jan 1, 1895, 60 00 60 00

III Ind. Sent for debt and child's clothing 15 on 15 00

III Ind. F. even band, cloth, 1 Oct 1894 to Oct 1895 10 07 10 07

III Ind. F. the milled children, cloth 14 59 14 59

Whitfield Co. snare, 1893, papers 77 51 77 51

Your committee further recommends that the sum of \$20 be paid to James N. Shafer, sheriff of DeKalb county, to apply on account of boarding of prisoners; also the sum of \$250 to apply on account of light duty, and the sum of \$250 to apply on account of heavy duty said sums to be deducted from the amount shown due him at the September session of this Board, A. D. 1895.

Respectfully submitted, Chas. F. Meyer, chairman, John King, K. Jackman.

Report adopted on motion of Mr. Howard.

Mr. Whittemore presented and moved the adoption of the following:

WHEREAS, On the 22nd day of August, 1893, a contract was entered into between the county of DeKalb and the township of Franklin, in said county of the first part, and the firm of R. D. Wheaton & Co., of the second part, under which said party of the second part erected an iron bridge across the Kishwaukee river in the township of Franklin, for the sum of Thirty-Five Hundred dollars, one-half of said sum to be paid by the county of DeKalb, and one-half by said township of Franklin; and

WHEREAS, Said bridge was completed by R. D. Wheaton & Co. and accepted by the highway commissioners of said township and the committee of this Board; and

WHEREAS, Said R. D. Wheaton & Co., on the 8th day of January, 1894, assigned their claim against this county to one John C. Darsh, and also, on the 25th day of January, 1894, assigned said claim to the Canton Bridge Co., and also, on the 14th day of April, 1894, in writing, revoked their assignment of said claim to this Canton Bridge company; said claim of \$750 still remains unpaid by reason of two different claimants to the same; therefore be it

Resolved, That no payment of said claim be made until the rights of the several claimants are either adjusted among themselves, and the claim of one withdrawn, or an indemnifying bond, with sureties residents of this county, be filed with the clerk of this Board, conditioned for the protection of the county against future payment and expense, said bond to be approved by the clerk of this Board.

The question being on adoption of resolution, motion prevailed. Board adjourned until 9 o'clock a. m., July 11th on motion of Wyman.

THURSDAY, JULY 11, 1895.

Board called to order at 9 o'clock a. m. by the chairman. Roll called. All members found present except Smiley. Minutes of 10th inst. read and approved. Mr. Dodge presented the following report:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors:

Your committee on lands beg leave to report that we have carefully examined the assessment rolls of the several townships of the county and would respectfully recommend that the same remain unchanged.

Respectfully submitted, Thos. W. Dodge, chairman, James D. Gormley, V. A. Glidden, H. Roberts, James Harper.

Report adopted on motion of Mr. Wesson.

On motion of Winne, committee on public buildings and grounds were instructed to investigate and report at September session of this Board as to the practicability and expense of steam heating for the court house, if supplied by the proposed plant to be located in Sycamore.

The following report was presented by Holland.

Mr. Chairman and gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors:

Your committee on personal property beg leave to report: That we have carefully examined the returns of DeKalb county assessors and respectfully recommend that the valuations of personal property as fixed by them remain unchanged.

Respectfully submitted, Thos. Holland, chairman, Wm. Van Ohlen, Jas. Sivwright, Septimus Storey, Charles F. Myers.

On motion of Sivwright report was adopted.

Mr. Wesson presented the following report:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors:

Your committee on railroads and telegraph beg leave to report that we have carefully examined the returns of DeKalb county assessors and respectfully recommend that the valuations as fixed by the assessors remain unchanged.

Respectfully submitted, Wesson, chairman, Cole and Howard.

Report adopted on motion of Holland.

Mr. Storey presented the following report:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors:

Your committee on printing beg leave to report: We respectfully recommend that pay for the publication of proceedings of this Board for the ensuing year, remain as fixed by the Board at the July session, 1894.

Respectfully submitted, Storey, chairman, Cole and Glidden.

On motion of Winne report was adopted.

Mr. Fisk presented the following report:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors:

Your committee on printing beg leave to report: We respectfully recommend that pay for the publication of proceedings of this Board for the ensuing year, remain as fixed by the Board at the July session, 1894.

Respectfully submitted, Storey, chairman, Cole and Glidden.

On motion of Winne report was adopted.

Mr. Fisk presented the following report:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors:

Your committee on printing beg leave to report: We respectfully recommend that pay for the publication of proceedings of this Board for the ensuing year, remain as fixed by the Board at the July session, 1894.

Respectfully submitted, Storey, chairman, Cole and Glidden.

On motion of Winne report was adopted.

Mr. Fisk presented the following report:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors:

Your committee on printing beg leave to report: We respectfully recommend that pay for the publication of proceedings of this Board for the ensuing year, remain as fixed by the Board at the July session, 1894.

Respectfully submitted, Storey, chairman, Cole and Glidden.

On motion of Winne report was adopted.

Mr. Fisk presented the following report:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors:

Your committee on printing beg leave to report: We respectfully recommend that pay for the publication of proceedings of this Board for the ensuing year, remain as fixed by the Board at the July session, 1894.

Respectfully submitted, Storey, chairman, Cole and Glidden.

On motion of Winne report was adopted.

Mr. Fisk presented the following report:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors:

Your committee on printing beg leave to report: We respectfully recommend that pay for the publication of proceedings of this Board for the ensuing year, remain as fixed by the Board at the July session, 1894.

Respectfully submitted, Storey, chairman, Cole and Glidden.

On motion of Winne report was adopted.

Mr. Fisk presented the following report:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors:

Your committee on printing beg leave to report: We respectfully recommend that pay for the publication of proceedings of this Board for the ensuing year, remain as fixed by the Board at the July session, 1894.

Respectfully submitted, Storey, chairman, Cole and Glidden.

On motion of Winne report was adopted.

Mr. Fisk presented the following report:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors:

Your committee on printing beg leave to report: We respectfully recommend that pay for the publication of proceedings of this Board for the ensuing year, remain as fixed by the Board at the July session, 1894.

Respectfully submitted, Storey, chairman, Cole and Glidden.

On motion of Winne report was adopted.

Mr. Fisk presented the following report:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors:

Your committee on printing beg leave to report: We respectfully recommend that pay for the publication of proceedings of this Board for the ensuing year, remain as fixed by the Board at the July session, 1894.

Respectfully submitted, Storey, chairman, Cole and Glidden.

On motion of Winne report was adopted.

Mr. Fisk presented the following report:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors:

Your committee on printing beg leave to report: We respectfully recommend that pay for the publication of proceedings of this Board for the ensuing year, remain as fixed by the Board at the July session, 1894.

Respectfully submitted, Storey, chairman, Cole and Glidden.

Specimen Ballot.

I hereby certify that the following is a specimen of the official ballot for the Special Election to be held in the Village of Genoa, Ill., Tuesday, August 6, 1895.

H. A. PERKINS, Village Clerk.

PETITIONER. PETITIONER. PETITIONER.

For Trustee to Fill Vacancy, For Trustee to Fill Vacancy, For Trustee to Fill Vacancy,

JAMES SPENCE. JOHN HADSALL. CYRUS WAIT.

FOR OR AGAINST THE PROPOSITION TO BUILD WATER WORKS.

YES	
NO	

Board adjourned on motion of Mr. Wesson.

JAMES BYERS, Chairman.

Attest, A. S. KINSLOE, Clerk.

REVIVAL RESTORES VITALITY
Made a Well Man of Me.
1st Day, 15th Day, 30th Day.
THE GREAT 30th Day.

FRENCH REMEDY produces the above results in 30 days. It powerfully and quickly cures when all other fat Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emission, Loss of Power, Falling Memory, Wasting Diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indigestion, which unfit one for a new business or marriage. I not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink color to pale cheeks, restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, in other, it can be carried in your pocket. At retail \$1.00 per package, or six for \$5.00, with a post free written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular free. Address: ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 53 River St., CHICAGO, ILL.

FOR SALE BY F. T. ROBINSON, DRUGGIST.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the Best in the World. See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper. Take no Substitute. Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

FOR SALE BY JOHN LEMRKE

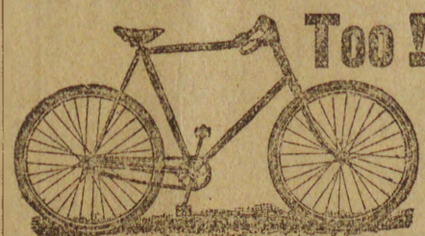
THE ACCIDENTS OF LIFE

Write to T. S. QUINCEY, Drawer 156, Chicago, Secretary of the Star Accident Company, for information regarding Accident Insurance. Mention this paper, by so doing you can save membership fee. Has paid over \$600,000.00 for accidental injuries.

Be your own Agent.

NO MEDICAL EXAMINATION REQUIRED.

WE MAKE WHEELS TOO!



Quality Guaranteed the BEST.

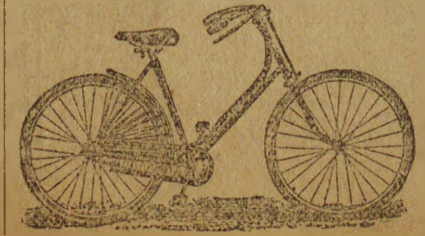
OUR LINES, WEIGHTS AND PRICES ARE RIGHT!

THE ELDREDGE & BELVIDERE IN TWENTY-FIVE STYLES.

WRITE FOR DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE.

National Sewing Machine Co.

BELVIDERE, ILL.



Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THEO. E. SWAN,

UNIVERSAL PROVIDER. ORIGINATOR LOWEST PRICES

Elgin's Greatest Sale!

The sale of all sales will take place commencing Monday, July 29th in the BIG STORE, the Most Modern, the Most Enterprising, the Most Liberal Store, the store that all lesser dealers try to imitate, but can't, why? Because they are not properly constructed, (not built right), they haven't the space.

Our Dept. Buyers and Spot Cash being ever on the watch for good things for our customers and being in touch with the ruling markets of the world, together with our immense purchases of Siegel, Cooper & Co. of the

Dernburg, Glick & Horner

LEADER : STOCK,

which recently failed in Chicago, will enable us to offer a bigger load of merchandise for one dollar than it ever drew before.

Remember the date, one week, commencing July 29.

Great Department Store,

ELGIN

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Send me SIX CENTS in stamps for NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD SKETCHES OF WONDERLAND

Chas. S. Fee, Gen'l Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn. YELLOWSTONE PARK

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.