

Genoa Republican-Journal

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NEW SERIES } VOLUME IV, NO. 52

AN INSANE MOTHER

HAMPSHIRE WOMAN POISONS CHILDREN AND SELF

ALL DRINK CARBOLIC ACID

Tragedy Takes Place on Charles Holtgren's Farm Southeast of Hampshire—Sister Makes Discovery

Administering deadly doses of carbolic acid while in a fit of temporary insanity Mrs. Matthew Berna, a 32-year old Hampshire woman, on Monday fatally poisoned herself and three children. At this time (Tuesday noon) two children are dead. Physicians in attendance give little hopes for the recovery of the third child and the mother.

The dead:
George Berna, 2 months old.
Lena Berna, 2 years old.
The dying:
Frances Berna, 4 years old.
Mrs. Matthew Berna, 32 years old.

The Berna family resides on Charles Holtgren's farm, about one and one-half miles south-east of Hampshire. Mrs. Berna was formerly Frances Herman, daughter of Kate Herman, who resides in the village of Hampshire.

The tragedy occurred between eleven and twelve o'clock Monday forenoon, while the mother and three children were alone on the farm. It was not discovered until 1:30 in the afternoon when the woman's sister, Rosa Herman, 18 years of age, went to the farm to make a call.

There she found the forms of the victims. Little Frances was screaming with pain. She explained that her mother had given them poison. Miss Herman immediately summoned Dr. F. A. Olms of Hampshire. Late in the afternoon he announced that there was little hopes for any of the victims of the terrible tragedy.

At the time of the crime Mr. Berna and one of the children were in Elgin.

Rev. Father Huth of Hampshire went to the home as soon as word reached him. He questioned the woman regarding her actions, but she could not give any reason for the deed. Her only answer was that she did not know why she did it.

The supposition in Hampshire is that Mrs. Berna's temporary insanity was due to the trials of child birth. Mr. and Mrs. Berna were married nine years ago and have seven children.

The following confession was made by Mrs. Berna at the inquest held Tuesday:

"I didn't know what I was doing when I gave my children and myself carbolic acid. I first thought about it Monday morning when I got up. I wanted to die because I felt bad since the last baby was born, and I wanted to take the children along with me.

"I had thought of doing this before, but I gave it up, and then when my husband went away Monday morning I thought it would be a good chance to get through with it before anyone would find out.

"I got dinner early and sent the hired man and little boys, Matt and Tony, to get a bed tick at Hampshire, and within ten or fifteen minutes after they had left I gave the poison.

"I gave it in a teaspoon, first to the baby, George, then to Frances, the little girl that is living, and then to Lena that is dead. I then drank some myself. Then I laid the children on the bed and laid down beside them. The baby was lying in the crib when I gave him the acid.

"I had intended to drown the children and myself in the water tank, but just as I went to do that I saw the bottle of acid on the shelf, and changed my mind. I don't know when this bottle was brought here or who brought it. It was upon a high shelf where the children couldn't get it.

"My husband and I have been married nine years and never had any trouble. I bade him good-bye yesterday morning the same as I always did. He was always kind and good to me and hadn't said anything to me to make me feel bad.

"I couldn't have been in my right mind when I did this yesterday. The last two children were born too soon and I had so much work with them that it is no wonder I was out of my head.

"I am in my right mind now and realize that what I did yesterday was wrong and I am sorry for it. I want to get well if I can and want my little girl to get well, too. I think I will take care of my children if I get well and don't think I would ever try this thing again. I have no thoughts of it now.

"I was at the hospital five years ago after the birth of a little boy that died and was terribly sick. It had looked since the birth of the last child as if the same trouble was coming on again and I didn't want to live to bear it. I knew I would have to go to the hospital and leave my children and I didn't want to do that, and so I thought I'd just take them along."

ANOTHER GASOLINE EXPLOSION

DeKalb Woman Burned to Death in Filling Tank

By the explosion of a gasoline tank she was filling at her home in DeKalb Sunday morning, Mrs. A. K. Lewis was so badly burned that she died during the afternoon. Her daughter in trying to aid the unfortunate woman was quite badly burned also and her mother who is a semi-invalid, was so overcome by the tragic occurrence that she is in a precarious condition.

It is said that Mrs. Lewis had turned off the fire and supposed it was completely out, an error which cost her life. It was known from the start that it was a doubtful case as she was frightfully burned, but she was conscious during the forenoon and the doctors who rushed to her aid had some hope; but soon after the dinner hour she began to sink and at three o'clock she died.

She was a woman of middle age and the mother of several children.

The terrible happening of a bright Sunday morning cast a gloom over the Garden street neighborhood and but little else was talked of through the day.—DeKalb Advertiser.

Killed by Care

A break for liberty, made by three boys who were inmates of the St. Charles Home for Boys, had a tragic ending Wednesday night, when Norman Nelson, one of the boys, was crushed under a box car in the Geneva yards of the Northwestern road and received injuries from which he died about 12:50 Thursday.

Is a Malicious Libel

A Kansas City paper is telling the story of a McPherson county woman who bought some materials for curtains, but finding it "too thin and open" for that purpose, made a shirt waist of it. Of course, this is a malicious libel and it is a good thing for the paper that the lady was not named.

THE GRADING BEGINS

CONTRACTOR SEYMOUR HAS SEVERAL TEAMS AT WORK

FILLING IN AT DEER CREEK

Directors and Stock Holders of Sycamore Woodstock Road Here Last Wednesday Forenoon

Work on the Woodstock, Marengo, Genoa and Sycamore Electric railway is now under way with several teams at work. A gang of men is working in advance of the graders, grubbing out trees, clearing the right of way and building the line fence. About one mile of this fence has been constructed north from the corporation line. The graders are now cutting down the Cohoon hill and hauling the dirt into the Deer Creek basin where the pile driver is now stationed and where the first bridge will be built. From this point north a considerable distance there will be comparatively little cutting and filling as the country is quite level.

Twelve of the directors and stock holders of the company were in Genoa last Wednesday on a tour of inspection of the route. The visitors were; Clinton G. Lumley, president. E. B. Harang, vice president. Charles A. Spenny, secretary and treasurer. M. A. Garrett. B. E. Livingston. E. C. Winans. F. H. Rhodes. D. R. Leland. Peter B. Oleson. Dr. Otto H. Neithammer. Dr. W. E. Duncan. J. C. Spiess.

Mr. Seymour will use the rooms over Carmichael's drug store for headquarters while working in this vicinity.

Illegal Fishing Worries the Real Sports of Belvidere

Belvidere Republican: The dynamiting of fish in the Kishwaukee river bids fair to not only wipe out the bigger fish but to destroy the small ones as well, and many of the small fish have been put into the river at much expense and trouble by some who had hoped that within a few years the river might furnish some good fishing and a generous supply of bass and pike.

It is said that seines have been used at various points along the river during the summer, and though there have been some arrests it has not stopped the practice. The use of dynamite is ten times worse, as the shock which kills the big fish and brings them to the top of the water to the hand of the illegal fishers also wipes out the small fish which may be in the vicinity of the spot where the dynamite was exploded. This is the worst feature of the dynamiting.

BUTTER MARKET FIRM

Former Price of 23 Cents is Maintained by Elgin Board

No advance or decline in the price of butter was noted Monday and the old quotation of 23 cents and firm was declared by the board of trade. The next meeting of the board will be Saturday morning at 11 o'clock as next Monday is Labor day.

The output from the Elgin district the past week was 818,500 pounds. Former markets: August 24, '08, 23c. August 31, '07, 16c. September 1, '06, 24c. September 2, '05, 21c.

GENOA DEFEATED

Holcomb Wins in an Indifferent Game Saturday

The Genoa fell from grace last Saturday when they were defeated by the Holcomb team. Both teams played ragged ball, but there were many interesting features despite the hard luck shown in the error column. This is the first game in which the home team has shown really loose work. The best of 'em have their "off" days, however, and we can not hope to be an exception. Next Sunday the locals will meet DeKalb at Electric Park for the rubber, each having won a game.

The score:
GENOA AB R H PO A E
Patterson, lf... 5 0 1 1 0 0
Leitzow, cf... 3 1 0 4 3 0
McKee, 3b... 5 2 1 2 2 1
Senska, 2b... 4 2 1 3 5 0
A. Crawford, rf... 3 1 1 1 1 0
Olmsted, lb... 5 1 1 8 0 1
Crawford, c... 5 1 1 6 1 0
Evans, ss... 2 1 0 1 1 1
Furr, ss... 2 0 0 1 2 2
Senska p... 4 0 1 0 3 1
Total... 38 9 7 27 18 6

Holcomb—
Driscoll, ss... 6 3 3 5 1 1
Kelley, cf... 5 1 0 3 0 0
Drager, 3b... 5 2 3 3 2 1
Saterbok, 2b... 4 2 2 1 2 0
Oakes, lb... 5 0 2 6 0 1
Morrison, lf... 5 0 1 3 0 0
Castle, p... 5 0 2 3 1 0
Knott, rf... 5 0 1 0 0 0
Matthews, c... 5 2 3 6 0 1
Total... 45 10 17 27 6 4

Three base hits—Saterbok. First on balls—off Senska 1; off Castle 6. Left on bases—Genoa 7, Holcomb 6. Wild pitches, Castle 1, Senska 1. First base on errors—Genoa 4, Holcomb 7. Two base hits—Driscoll, Draeger, McKee. Struck out—by Senska 2, by Castle 7. Double plays—Senska to McKee to Evans, Lit-zow to Senska, Senska to Senska to Olmsted.

WILL FILL HOLE

C. M. & St. P. Company Unloads two Car Loads of Gravel

The C. M. & St. P. railway Co has unloaded two car loads of gravel to fill up the low spot south of the depot. This move on the part of the company should be fully appreciated by every one in Genoa, and the way to show appreciation is to meet the company half way. If, after the gravel is spread over the place, the water still stands there after a rain, the city should see to it that proper drainage is established.

After the article of two weeks ago employees of the road called the writers' attention to conditions which are under control of the city and individuals and we were compelled to "acknowledge the corn." There were patches of weeds in several places about the city which would look better after the scythe treatment. During the past week the city has been cutting weeds along the streets. Now it is up to the individual property owners and renters to do likewise. Let's all get together and clean up before the noxious weed seed time.

Sycamore Veteran Dead
Wells Briggs, a veteran of the Civil War and respected citizen of Sycamore since 1875, passed into his last sleep Sunday night, the body being found cold in death in bed Monday morning at his home on Sycamore street. Though ailing the past six weeks or more, Mr. Briggs was able to be around most of the time by the aid of crutches. His feeling somewhat uncomfortable on Sunday was attributed to the depressing atmosphere of that day and he ate his usual evening meal and retired at the usual hour. His passing is accounted for by heart failure.

MRS. BAUMAN DEAD

PASSED AWAY AT SHERMAN HOSPITAL AUGUST 29

FIVE CHILDREN ORPHANS

Royal Neighbors of Hampshire Have Charge of Funeral Services at M. E. Church Sunday

After an illness of several months Mrs. Lawrence Bauman passed away at Sherman Hospital, Elgin, Saturday, Aug. 29.

Mrs. Bauman was taken to the hospital about two weeks ago where it was intended to perform an operation to remove a growth from the stomach. Owing to her weakened condition, however, a complete operation was not performed and she gradually wasted away. Mr. Bauman was burned to death north of Genoa in October 1907. The death of Mrs. Bauman leaves five children as orphans. They are Edna, age 14 years; Charlie, age 12 years; Dorothy, age 10 years; Willie, age 8 years and Margaret age 5 years. All of the children have found homes with relatives.

The deceased was born in Whitenberg, Germany, May 12, 1866 and came to America when eighteen years of age. For two years she made her home with Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Spansail at New Lebanon. On February 24 1893, she was united in marriage to Lawrence Bauman. They resided on a farm near Genoa for a short time and later moved to Genoa. Mrs. Bauman was a faithful wife and a devoted mother, the future welfare of her children being her last thought.

The funeral services were held at the M. E. church in this city Sunday afternoon, Rev. W. B. Slaughter officiating. The burial services were conducted according to the rites of the Royal Neighbors of which order she was a member, in the Hampshire lodge. A large number of the ladies were here from that place to attend the funeral and assist in the ceremony. The attendance was unusually large and the floral offerings beautiful. Interment took place at the Genoa cemetery.

Mrs. Bauman carried \$1,000 insurance in the Royal Neighbors. H. M. Crawford has been appointed administrator of the estate.

BURST FILES LIQUOR SUITS

A Dozen DeKalb Dealers Accused in County Court

State's Attorney Burst Monday filed informations in the county court against twelve people of DeKalb for alleged violations of the Local Option law. Fifteen cases in all are filed, as follows:

Michael Hannan, two cases; Moses Brown, one case; Henry Hoyt, three cases; Robert, alias Doc Searles, two cases; James Rowe, one case; Timothy A. Duggan, two cases; Otto Lind and Gust Stroberg, two cases; Saren Arenkill and Thomas Collins, one case; Harry Painter, one case.

The evidence in the above cases has been furnished by the Law and Order League of De Kalb, most of the evidence having been obtained during the past two months.

The suits will be heard at the regular session of the court the first week in October.—Tribune.

Riddle Sells Saloon

Louis F. Walker of Elgin has purchased the saloon of John Riddle in Marengo and is in possession. The former owner was in business four months.

EDUCATOR IN EARNEST PLEA

Miss Mabel Carney Tells of Need of Country Schools

Nobody is better able to speak for the Country Teachers' Association of Illinois than its president, Miss Mabel Carney, of Macomb, who in her own country school work has shown some of the most skillful transforming leadership of many sides of the district life, and the following is taken from her address at the first annual meeting of the association in Macomb.

"The one-room country school has long been neglected. Illinois has hundreds of uninviting, dilapidated buildings, unkept grounds, small, ineffective schools and untrained teachers that bear witness of this neglect. Country children have suffered much loss. Healthy intellectual, contented farmers must be educated, not in towns and cities, but upon the soil. One fundamental weakness is the inefficient preparation of teachers.

"Among all the educational institutions of the state not one responds directly and effectively to the problems, interests and distress of the country school teacher and country school. Rural teachers have long sought bread and been given a stone.

"The Country Teachers' Association of Illinois, organized in 1907, now has 400 members. Its emblem is corn because of its great industrial significance, and green and gold are the colors. 'Back to the Country' is the motto. The primary purpose is to do something practical, definite and tangible for the rural teachers, and through them for the rural communities, to increase the efficiency of the country schools, and to make life 'large and lovely' for the country child."

REV. A. P. MOORE DEAD

Former Pastor of Genoa A. C. Church Passed Away at Mendota

Rev. A. P. Moore, pastor of the A. C. church at DeKalb, formerly of Genoa, died at Mendota, Ill., Saturday evening, Aug. 29, after a few days' illness.

Rev. Moore left DeKalb on Monday of last week for Mendota to attend the A. C. camp meeting. He was in good spirits when he left accompanied by a number of the members of his church. He attended one service, which was his last. At midnight he had an attack of an old malady from which he never rallied. He died the following Saturday at 7:00 p. m., aged 69 years.

Rev. Moore spent over 49 years in the ministry and by his gentle and loving disposition always made friends wherever his work called him. His body will be interred at Darien Center, New York.

Rev. Moore was pastor of the Genoa church three years, following Rev. French's term.

J. Riis is Adjudged Insane

Jacob Riis, living in the east part of Cortland township, was brought before Judge Iond in county court Monday morning and adjudged insane after a hearing before a jury.

Riis proved one of the most abstruse individuals of his class the officers here have had to deal with for some time. He is a young man about thirty years of age, well built and powerful. Imagining at times he was being pursued first by one thing and another his ravings and antics as a result made him decidedly difficult to handle without doing him bodily injury.—Tribune.

OF GENERAL INTEREST

ITEMS STOLEN FROM COLUMNS OF EXCHANGES

TRAMPS WORK OR LEAVE

Ford Automobile Co. of Michigan is Paying Larger Dividends than Standard Oil.

Franklin McVeagh, a millionaire Chicago grocer, a gold standard Democrat, has declared his intention of supporting Taft for the presidency.

Baseball is dead at Streator. The management after losing \$400 this season, paid off all the players and told them to return to their homes and try to get jobs elsewhere.

The Sycamore Chautauqua proved a success throughout, and on the last day 900 of the necessary 1,000 tickets for another chautauqua were sold. This is one of the Holbrook chautauquas and appears to have been one of the most successful chautauquas held anywhere this year.

Rural Mail Carrier Samuel Brown and the old sorrel horse are taking a vacation, having been in the government service six years and traveling 46,800 miles. Mr. Brown says the old horse would go the route alone if he could only fish the pennies from the mail boxes and lick the stamps.—Wenona Index.

Owing to the many deaths and accidents which have happened recently between Cortland and DeKalb the Northwestern has erected signs forbidding anyone to use its right of way between the two towns. When a man wants booze it will require more than a sign to prevent him from getting it.

Ford's Automobile company of Michigan have already paid sixty per cent dividends on their capital stock this year, with several months to hear from. This is better than Standard Oil ever did. Automobiles could be made at half the price and afford a good profit, but as long as people buy them faster than they can be made at present prices, why lower them?

Forty-two per cent of Colorado's population are women, and they cast 48 per cent of the state's total vote. Their use of the ballot, however, has not tended to destroy corporate control of the machinery of the two great political parties, of solving the liquor problem or of discouraging the use of dynamite as agencies for promoting success in the case of strikes.

The LaSalle police have compiled a city directory of what are rightly called "home talent tramps," and has issued an ultimatum to them. They have their choice of going to work, getting out of the city or going to jail. In the police directory are sixty-one names of men whose ages range from 25 to 67 years, and Friday the police devoted considerable time to rounding them up and serving notice on them to get out, get to work or suffer the consequences.

The Stephen Rowan farm, in the southeast edge of Kirkland, has been sold to a Chicago man, the deal having been made thru W. H. Bell, the Kingston real estate agent. The farm consists of 170 acres and was taken up from the government by the late Stephen Rowan in 1847. It has remained in the Rowan family continuously since that time and belonged to the five children of the late Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Rowan. The price has not been made public, but it is understood to have been a high figure. Possession will be given next March.

The Republican-Journal

C. D. SCHOONMAKER, Publisher.
GENOA, ILLINOIS.

To the Pole.

Commander Peary is on his way to the arctic, confident that this time he will reach the north pole. Whether he succeeds or not, he is without doubt the best equipped arctic explorer who has thus far appeared. He has spent more years and more thought upon the problem than any other man. He has reached a point nearer the pole than any other explorer; and if he had known as much as he now knows about the direction of the ice drift above Greenland, he would at least have come pretty near reaching his goal. This time he starts with that knowledge. He is planning to establish his base of supplies, not on the land, but on the ice, 125 miles farther north, and will travel northwest with his sledges, hoping that the eastward drift of the ice will be the same as he found it before. If this should be the case, he ought to be able to make good progress in the direction of the pole itself. He has adopted an ingenious way of carrying a house north with him for use as headquarters. It will be built of the boxes containing his supplies, explains the Youth's Companion. Each box is eight inches high and ten inches wide, and of such length as is convenient. These boxes will be piled up to form the walls of the house, with the end to be opened turned to the inside. When a package of crackers is needed, he can knock out a panel in the wall of his house—that is, open the end of a box—reach in and get all the crackers he needs, and so on with bacon, pemican, oatmeal, sugar, tea, coffee, roast-beef hash or condensed milk.

A publication devoted to femininities asks what has become of the fair haired people we used to admire? Where are lovely blondes, the strawberry blonde and the blonde cendre, or even the red-headed girls, where are they? Look where one will, brown hair or dark hair predominates. Science tries to account for it. We are told that the time is coming when the genuine golden haired beauty will be as rare as the "copper butterfly," and that a head like a wheat sheaf will be to proclaim aloud the coiffeur's artful aid. The best of it is, exclaims the Boston Herald, the peroxide blonde has "passed away," so much so, in fact, that the very name is spoken in derision. And what means this darkening of the race? One theory is as good as another, and a favorite answer is, intermarriage; the different countries, with their distinguishing types, are blending more and more. Scandinavia and Italia, the north and the south, mingle in the west, and the degree of latitude, the temperate zone does the rest.

Nature may as well prepare to give up her secrets. Thomas A. Edison is going to quit the moneymaking game and devote the rest of his life to investigations in the realms of pure science. Now we shall know why is a hen and all those other intricate and hitherto unanswerable problems. The vermiform appendix that heretofore has laughed when questioned as to its purpose will have to sit up and give straight answers or it will be ruthlessly exposed. University professors who have been making starfish may as well throw up their hands. The electric wizard doubtless will make sunfish or moonfish at the first attempt. As for radium, probably he will show how each family can make a supply for home consumption out of a pair of old shoes. Proceed, Tom, exclaims the Chicago Daily News. May you live long enough to find out all there is to be known, and write it out for us in a neat, if rather large, book.

Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, the president of the Canadian Pacific railway, was the guest of honor at a banquet given in Toronto on June 16. In the course of his speech Sir Thomas referred to the fact that just 26 years have passed since his arrival from the United States to assist in the management of Canada's new transcontinental railway. The influence of that line on the development of Canada is beyond estimate. England has recognized the service rendered to Canada by this Milwaukee-born American railroad man, and it would be hard to say how much has been done for the United States by Sir Thomas Shaughnessy and by that other American-born railway builder, Sir William Van Horne.

William Redmond, the Irish leader in the British house of commons, recently in a genial mood and in playful allusion to the birthday honors list asked whether "as a matter of general convenience and in order that honorable members might know how to address their colleagues with becoming respect it could be arranged that honorable gentlemen who had joined the titled classes should wear rosettes for at least one month after the conferment of the title." No minister was bold enough to answer.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Kermit Roosevelt, son of the president, started on a hunting trip in the northwest.

Fire destroyed the tannery of Davis, Medary & Platz, in La Crosse, Wis., the loss being about \$40,000.

Henry Lavayea, a prominent financier and politician, died of heart failure at his residence in Los Angeles, Cal.

Mrs. Matthew Berna of Hampshire, Ill., went insane, killed one of her children and fatally poisoned three others and herself.

A crowd of men and boys in Chicago tried to lynch a negro who had attacked a white girl in the hallway of a building in which she worked.

The British bark Amazon, for Iquique from Port Talbot, has been wrecked near the latter port. Only five out of her crew of 32 were saved.

Mrs. Arch Pickett shot and killed her husband, a well-known resident of Jonesboro, Ark., because, she alleged, he was "mean to her and abused her."

President Roosevelt has approved the plans of the proposed new battleships Florida and Utah which were authorized at the last session of congress.

George Bailey, aged 70, and Miss Lida Dans, his sister-in-law, aged 40, were fatally burned in an explosion of natural gas that wrecked their home in Wellington, Kan.

After having their automobile wrecked, A. M. Duff, Walter Ranger and Joseph J. Hayes of Minneapolis, Minn., were attacked by three negro bandits and robbed of \$235.

E. M. Garber, aged 40 years, a delegate from Holton, Kan., to the meeting of the Illinois Life Insurance association in Philadelphia, was mysteriously drowned at Atlantic City.

Becoming financially involved, two brothers, Ben S. Woolfaver, aged 36, and Elmer, aged 39, committed suicide in the Sangamon river not far from their homes near Edinburg, Ill.

Mrs. Earl Hallam of Springfield, Ill., declared that George Richardson was not the negro who attacked her. It was his removal from the city which caused the bloody race riots.

Dispatches from Peking said the Chinese government was likely to recall Minister Wu Ting Fang from Washington, because of dissatisfaction with his doings and public speeches.

The Queen Louise balloon, which ascended from Columbus, O., with Lieut. Benedict and T. L. Semple aboard, landed in Lake Erie and the aeronauts were rescued by a steamer.

Standing at the stern of a motor boat which he had stolen and with bullets whizzing over his head, Edward Burnett, a full-blooded Pottawatomie Indian, led two detectives in an exciting chase through the downtown section of the Chicago river clear to the drainage canal before he was captured.

AERONAUTS IN DIRE PERIL.

Narrowly Escape Death in Whirlpool Rapids at Niagara.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Sept. 2.—Fearful a storm on Lake Ontario, the crew on board the racing balloon Ville de Dieppe tried to descend at Niagara Falls Tuesday. The rip cord failed to work properly, resulting in a perilous landing. The three men in the basket got a bad shaking up and narrowly escaped death in the whirlpool rapids.

Capt. A. F. Mueller, in charge of the balloon, suffered the most. He was taken to a hospital and may be internally injured. With Capt. Mueller were Perry Gregory, 16 years old, and Gerald Gregory, 18 years old, sons of C. F. Gregory of Chicago, secretary of the American Federation of Aerial Clubs.

Gen. A. P. Stewart Dead.

Bloom, Miss., Aug. 31.—Gen. Alexander P. Stewart, one of the last surviving lieutenant generals of the confederate army, died at his home here Sunday. Although he was in his eighty-seventh year and suffering from the infirmities of old age, his death was sudden.

THE MARKETS.

New York, Sept. 2.	
LIVE STOCK—Steers	\$4 75 @ 7 50
Hogs	6 80 @ 7 00
Sheep	4 00 @ 4 15
WHEAT—September	1 03 1/2 @ 1 04 1/2
December	1 03 1/2 @ 1 03 1/2
CORN—December	77 1/2 @ 77 1/2
RYE—No. 2 Western	83 1/2 @ 84
BUTTER—Creamery	15 @ 24
EGGS—September	94 @ 99
CHEESE	94 @ 134
CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Prime Steers	\$6 75 @ 7 80
Fair to Good Steers	6 00 @ 6 75
Yearlings, Plain to Fancy	4 50 @ 7 50
Plain to Fancy Heifers	4 25 @ 6 25
Calves	4 50 @ 7 50
HOGS—Heavy Packers	6 40 @ 6 55
Mixed Butchers	6 80 @ 6 90
Pigs	4 25 @ 6 00
BUTTER—Creamery	19 @ 25
Dairy	16 1/2 @ 19
LIVE POULTRY	10 1/2 @ 14
EGGS	13 1/2 @ 25
POTATOES (per bu.)	63 @ 70
FLOUR—Spring Wheat, Sp 1	6 20 @ 6 50
GRAIN—Wheat, September	96 1/2 @ 96 1/2
December	77 1/2 @ 78
Corn, September	48 1/2 @ 49 1/2
Oats, September	39 @ 41
Rye, No. 2	69 @ 71
MILWAUKEE.	
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 1 No. 1	\$1 03 @ 1 04
December	94 1/2 @ 95 1/2
Corn, December	67 1/2 @ 67 1/2
Standard	48 @ 49
Rye, No. 1	76 @ 77
KANSAS CITY.	
GRAIN—Wheat, September	\$8 75 @ 8 84
December	83 1/2 @ 84 1/2
Corn, September	62 1/2 @ 63 1/2
Oats, No. 2 White	48 @ 50
ST. LOUIS.	
CATTLE—Beef Steers	\$4 00 @ 7 50
Texas Steers	2 50 @ 6 25
HOGS—Packers	6 25 @ 6 90
Butchers	6 70 @ 7 10
SHEEP—Natives	3 00 @ 4 75
OMAHA.	
CATTLE—Native Steers	\$4 00 @ 7 25
Stockers and Feeders	2 75 @ 4 60
Cows and Heifers	3 00 @ 4 25
HOGS—Heavy	6 25 @ 6 55
SHEEP—Wethers	2 75 @ 4 25

ENCAMPMENT OF GRAND ARMY OPEN

TOLEDO THROGGED WITH THE OLD SOLDIERS AND THEIR FAMILIES.

First Night is Gorgeous—"Venetian Night" on River, Public Reception and Magnificent Illumination of City Delight the Visitors.

Toledo, O., Sept. 1.—A sweltering, crushed and irritated person who had struggled through the hordes of encampment visitors Tuesday estimated the strangers within the city gates at a round billion. This was an exaggeration, however, for Adj. Gen. Scott of Illinois, who is a judge of crowds, declared that there was not more than half that number—seemingly. Inquiry at the various headquarters where newcomers report for assignment to quarters indicated the presence of a sufficient number of out-of-town people to swell Toledo's 200,000 to 300,000.

What with the marvelous illumination of the downtown streets, the "Venetian Night" on the river, and the public reception by the local committee and Commander-in-Chief Burton, and numerous other attractions marking the formal opening of the forty-second encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, the downtown streets were well-nigh impassable Monday night.

Big Crowd, Fine Sight.

Five and drum corps, brass bands, arriving delegations and squads of sight-seers blocked the pavements from curb to curb. Street orators, stidshoes, catch-penny devices and the like gathered their crowds and made it seem that the boundaries of the city had suddenly contracted and squeezed the whole population into the compass of a few blocks. But the sight was worth the battle for foot room. "Riot of color" is a cold and futile phrase to serve as descriptive of the illuminations and decorations.

Sunday it seemed that the use of electricity and bunting could go no further, but Toledo citizens were merely experimenting. Monday night, with the formal opening of the reunion, all their batteries of astounding color conceptions were turned loose, and, as Capt. J. E. Meginn, who came all the way from Mexico City, and is in a post all by himself, said: "It was worth the money."

Fort Meigs Shaft Dedicated.

Toledo, O., Sept. 2.—A street parade of a civic character, prefatory to the G. A. R. parade of veterans Wednesday and the dedication of the Fort Meigs monument at Perryburg, 12 miles from Toledo, divided interest Tuesday in the forty-second encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic.

Forty thousand persons journeyed by trolley and boat to the historic spot where Gen. William Henry Harrison, in 1812-13, checked the ambitions of the British Gen. Proctor. Many speeches were made, chief among them being the utterances of Senator J. B. Foraker, Gov. Harris and Gen. Bennett H. Young, who represented Gov. Willson of Kentucky, who was unable to be present.

W. R. C. Reception for Burton.

Tuesday night the Woman's Relief Corps gave a reception to Commander-in-Chief Burton of the G. A. R., and the ex-prisoners of war held a campfire at Memorial hall. Senator Foraker addressed an audience of negro veterans at the African Methodist Episcopal church. The spectacular feature of the evening was a parade on the river. All the pleasure craft in the harbor, led by the old gunboats Wolverine and Essex, alive with flags, streamers and lights, moved down the river under the rays of powerful searchlights, thousands of people watching their progress.

Smaller Crowd of Visitors.

There was a decided decrease in the size of the visiting throng, though many persons came from Philadelphia and New York out of sheer curiosity to see what Atlantic City, the playground of the cities, looked like on a dry Sunday. The weather was well nigh ideal and ordinarily, the inn keepers declared, they would have had their facilities taxed to handle the crowd. The closing down of the saloons undoubtedly kept away many thousands of regular Sunday visitors from nearby places. The majority of the boardwalk multitude here, however, seemed not to mind the change of conditions and enjoyed themselves in other ways.

A spokesman for the affected liquor interests, and one of the local political leaders declared that the loss from closing would amount approximately to \$150,000. He declared that the saloons would close every Sunday hereafter until some warrant of law will permit of their remaining open. "We will appeal to the legislature when it meets in January, and have hope of securing some sort of relief," he said.

Corner-Stone Contents Stolen.

Islip, Aug. 31.—Emperor Francis Joseph on Saturday laid the foundation of a hospital in memory of the late Empress Elizabeth. During the night the foundation stone was removed from its setting and the casket containing the imperial signed record and the customary coins was stolen.

Prominent Man Kills Kin.

Manson, Ia., Aug. 31.—J. M. Brown killed his daughter-in-law, Mrs. G. G. Brown with an Indian club Saturday, following a quarrel over Brown's invalid wife. Brown accused his daughter-in-law of abusing his wife. He surrendered to the police. All parties are prominent.

Two Faribault Boys Drown.

Faribault, Minn., Sept. 2.—Fred Peterson, aged 11 years, and Henry Arner, aged 12 years, were drowned at Cedar lake Tuesday afternoon while playing in a boat.

MR. SUMMER BOARDER.



BLUE SUNDAY IN ATLANTIC CITY

EVERY SALOON AND HOTEL BAR IN THE BIG RESORT IS CLOSED UP TIGHT.

Result of Fort's Threat—Liquor Sellers Heed the Governor's Warning, Though It Costs Them About \$150,000—Cafes Are Deserted.

Atlantic City, N. J., Aug. 31.—A real blue Sunday came to Atlantic City. Many persons familiar with the history of this far-famed resort had been inclined to doubt the possibility of such a thing, but everyone of the 220 saloons and hotel bars was closed. They were closed alike to bona fide guests as well as to strangers, just arrived within the gates.

It is said that this was the fourth time in the 54 years of its existence that a drinkless day had been experienced in Atlantic City. A bulletin posted at police headquarters Sunday afternoon stated:

"Saloons all closed. No troops in town."

Another bulletin, officially signed by the chief of police, consisted of a card on which was printed:

"In 1861 it was held the fort. Today it is Fort holds you."

Fort's Threat Has Effect.

Gov. Fort's proclamation containing his threat to send troops to the seashore resort in the event of a further violation of the Sunday closing law had its effect. Saloonkeepers and hotel men reluctantly accepted the advice of the mayor and of the more conservative members of the saloon men's organization, and closed their places of business as tightly as they knew how. Screens came tumbling down Saturday midnight and remained down all day.

Boardwalk cafes that on Sundays past have been thronged to their utmost capacity serving liquors and food were all but deserted. A visit during the height of the afternoon crush on the boardwalk to one of the famous seaside thoroughfares disclosed the fact that not a single patron was in the place. The proprietors declared that the loss of the drink privilege had carried with it a nearly equal loss in the sale of foodstuffs.

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JAIL NO PLACE FOR THAW

SO REPORTS COMMISSION OF PRISONS SECRETARY.

White's Slayer Has Extensive Quarters, Like Business Office, and Discipline is Demoralized.

Albany, N. Y., Sept. 2.—A protest is made in a report submitted to the state commission of prisons Tuesday by Secretary George McLaughlin against the further confinement in the Dutchess county jail at Poughkeepsie of Harry K. Thaw, acquitted on the charge of murder on the ground of insanity.

The report says in part: "Mr. Thaw has been held in this jail for several months pending the outcome of litigation, which looks now as though it might be interminable. His presence in this jail is embarrassing to the sheriff and objectionable on many accounts. The sheriff has no room for him except in the padded cell; even this he needs for temporary use, and it would be an entirely unfit place in which to confine a man for months. Having been adjudged insane with homicidal tendencies, the sheriff would not be justified in confining him with the other prisoners. He cannot keep him in the quarters intended for boys. To do so would compel him to keep the boys with the adult prisoners, which the law forbids. He cannot keep him in the hospital room for two reasons. First, it is not sufficiently secure; second, it cannot be spared for the permanent occupancy of Mr. Thaw. The result is that the sheriff has to give him an entire corridor with the 13 cells adjacent in the principal jail for men."

"The jail is not the proper place for the confinement of a lunatic. His presence here demoralizes the discipline of the institution. He sleeps in the corridor and not in a cell. He has all the fixtures and paraphernalia of a business office. He orders his food from the hotel, which has to be brought to him three times a day. Silly people send him bouquets of flowers. He is allowed the use of a whole corridor, constituting one-quarter of the entire principal jail for men, while the other prisoners are crowded two in a cell frequently. All these things are under the observation of the other prisoners and create dissatisfaction, a belief that men with money constitute a separate class even in prison. These things produce an ugly feeling of discontent and rebellion among the other prisoners."

SLOOP UPSETS; SEVEN DROWN.

Disaster Overtakes Sailing Party in Penobscot Bay.

Deer Isle, Me., Sept. 2.—Seven summer visitors out of a party of ten were drowned by the capsizing of a 35-foot sloop in Penobscot bay, off this island, Tuesday.

The drowned are: Miss Alice Torro, Washington; Miss Eleanor Torro, Washington; Miss Kellogg, Baltimore; Lutie Kellogg, Baltimore; Mrs. Lucy S. Crawley, Philadelphia; Miss Elizabeth G. Evans, Mount Holyoke seminary, Mass.; Jason C. Hutchins, Bangor, Me.

Bought by the McKinley System.

Cairo, Ill., Sept. 1.—Announcement was made Monday night that the Cairo Electric Traction company and the Cairo City Gas company have been bought by the McKinley Traction system. The new owners now control all the public lighting and traction facilities of this city.

Mr. Taft Begins Fishing.

Middle Bass Island, O., Aug. 31.—William H. Taft and party arrived at the Middle Bass club at four o'clock Sunday morning. He rested throughout the day, and on Monday began fishing.

Population of Kansas.

Topeka, Kan., Sept. 1.—Official returns compiled by Secretary of Agriculture Coburn show the population of Kansas to be 1,656,799, an increase over last year of 6,639.

REPUBLICAN LOSS IN VERMONT VOTE

PLURALITY IS ESTIMATED AT ABOUT 3,000 LESS THAN IT WAS IN 1904.

Somewhat Smaller Decrease is Shown by the Democrats—Davidson and Aylward Nominated for Governor in the Wisconsin Primary Election.

White River Junction, Vt., Sept. 2.—The Republicans retained complete control of legislative and executive branches of government of Vermont in the state election Tuesday, the party endorsing the ticket for state officers headed by George H. Prouty of Newport, electing to congress from the First district David J. Foster of Burlington for another term, and from the Second district, Frank Plimley of Northfield for the first time, and choosing a majority of the state legislature which will select a successor to the late Senator Redfield Proctor. At 10:45 p. m. Prouty's plurality was estimated at 28,000.

Returns from 157 towns and three cities, including Burlington, out of 240 towns and six cities of the state, gave for governor:

Prouty (Rep.), 30,176; Burke (Dem.), 10,674; Baekus (I. L.), 764; Campbell (Pro.), 620; Dunbar (Soc.), 305.

Same cities and towns in 1904 gave Bell (Rep.), 32,726; Porter (Dem.), 10,921.

These figures indicate a Republican loss of eight per cent, and a Democratic loss of two per cent. On this basis Prouty's plurality is estimated at 28,000, compared with Bell's plurality of 31,557 in 1904.

Wisconsin Primary Results.

Milwaukee, Sept. 2.—Returns from the primary election in Wisconsin indicate that the various parties have nominated state tickets as follows:

For governor—James O. Davidson, Soldiers Grove, Republican; John A. Aylward, Madison, Democrat; Winifred D. Cox, Milwaukee, Prohibitionist; Harry Dee Brown, Racine, Social Democrat.

For lieutenant governor—John Strange, Oshkosh, Republican; Burt Williams, Ashland, Democrat; Charles H. Forward, Oshkosh, Prohibitionist; Chester M. Wright, Manitowoc, Social Democrat.

For secretary of state—James A. Frear, Hudson, Republican; Frank B. Schutz, Milwaukee, Democrat; Linns H. Park, Racine, Prohibitionist; John G. Irwin, Wycocena, Social Democrat.

For state treasurer—Andrew H. Dahl, Westby, Republican; William F. Pierstorff, Middleton, Democrat; Waldemar Ager, Eau Claire, Prohibitionist; Henry M. Parks, Superior, Social Democrat.

For attorney general—Frank L. Gilbert, Madison, Republican; Evan A. Evans, Baraboo, Democrat; Jabez B. Smith, Madison, Prohibitionist; Horace B. Walmesley, Ashland, Social Democrat.

For commissioner of insurance—George E. Beedle, Embarras, Republican; William Cullane, Hartford, Democrat; David M. Emerson, Emerson, Prohibitionist; Herman W. Bistorius, Milwaukee, Social Democrat.

Stephenson for Senate.

Returns received by the Milwaukee Sentinel indicate that United States Senator Isaac Stephenson received the endorsement of the Republicans of the state by several thousand plurality over his three opponents, Samuel A. Cook of Neenah, Francis E. McGovern of Milwaukee, and William H. Hatton of New London.

The Democrats have endorsed Neal Brown of Wausau over Melvin A. Hoyt of Milwaukee.

Bradley Wins in Michigan.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 2.—Both the Detroit News and the Free Press say that Auditor General J. B. Bradley won the Republican nomination for governor in Tuesday's primaries. The Free Press estimates Bradley's majority at 2,500, and the News places it at 4,000. With 387 precincts missing out of a total of 2,015 in the state the vote was: Gov. Warner, 70,363; Bradley, 72,012; Earle, 20,010.

For lieutenant governor on the Republican ticket, P. H. Kelly, the present incumbent, had no opposition for renomination.

Lawton T. Hemans of Mason had no opposition for the Democratic nomination for governor, and the Democrats will nominate a lieutenant governor at their state convention, no one having petitioned for a place on the primary election ballots.

On the prohibition ticket, John W. Gray for governor and Henry C. Carpenter for lieutenant governor had no opposition, and A. M. Sterton and V. F. Kirk had no opposition for the Socialist nomination for governor and lieutenant governor, respectively.

Mr. Hisgen Is Notified.

New York, Sept. 1.—Thomas L. Hisgen of Massachusetts was formally notified here Monday evening of his nomination for the presidency by the Independence party convention in Chicago. In his speech of acceptance he discussed at length the necessity for organizing the new national party.

Spanish War Veterans Meet.

Boston, Sept. 1.—Over 3,000 veterans of the Spanish war are gathered in this city for the fifth annual encampment of the United Spanish War Veterans, which opened Tuesday. The Philippines were represented by a delegation that arrived by train from New York.

What is Pe-ru-na.

Are we claiming too much for Peruna when we claim it to be an effective remedy for chronic catarrh? Have we abundant proof that Peruna is in reality such a catarrh remedy? Let us see what the United States Dispensary says of the principal ingredients of Peruna.

Take, for instance, the ingredient hydrastis canadensis, or golden seal. The United States Dispensary says of this herbal remedy, that it is largely employed in the treatment of depraved mucous membranes lining various organs of the human body.

Another ingredient of Peruna, erythraea formosa, is classed in the United States Dispensary as a tonic. Cedron seeds is another ingredient of Peruna. The United States Dispensary says of the action of cedron that it is used as a bitter tonic and in the treatment of dysentery, and in intermittent diseases as a substitute for quinine.

Send to us for a free book of testimonials of what the people think of Peruna as a catarrh remedy. The best evidence is the testimony of those who have tried it.

MUCH UP AGAINST IT.

Old Lady's Description of Ms Some what Confusing.

Mrs. Rhoda Holmes Nichols, the artist who spends the summer at Gloucester, Mass., where she teaches a numerous sketch class, tells of an old woman who lives on the outskirts of the town and whom she has known for a number of years. The old lady has often been sketched by the students of Mrs. Nichols' class and is known to them and to every body else as Aunt Sally.

When Mrs. Nichols went to Gloucester this year she called at the quaint little cottage and found the old woman rather more bent than last year and looking a good deal older as she tottered along her little garden leaning on a stick.

"Well, Aunt Sally," said the artist "how have you been since last summer?"

"Oh, not very well," she replied shaking her head, "not very well."

"Is the rheumatism still bad?"

"Oh, yes, miss, it's that bad now days I can't set and I can't scarcely lay."

WHICH?

Visitor—Can I see the editor, my lad?

Office Boy—Are you a contributor or gentleman?

STATE OF OHIO CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY, }
FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence this 6th day of December, A. D. 1888.
A. W. GLEASON,
NOTARY PUBLIC.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all DRUGGISTS.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Baseball Technically.

A few weeks ago some boys were playing ball in an apartment house yard. A colored waiter came out of the kitchen and in a very cross manner told them to stop right away. One boy, who had gone to get a drink came back and found the others making ready to leave; he asked, wondering, "What is the matter?" and another one calmly answered, "the game was called off on account of darkness."

Instruments of Torture.

"You don't seem to be keeping up very well this summer," said Father's Cane to Mother's slipper.

"True," acknowledged the handy spanker, regretfully, "I've been falling astern lately."

You always get full value in Lewie's Single Binder straight 5c cigar. Your dealer or Lewie's Factory, Peoria, Ill.

BAD ROADS AMERICA'S LONE CURSE

by HOWARD S. GROSS



THE untraveled American is apt to have some exaggerated opinions of his own country; he is prone to regard other countries as "back numbers" and some of them as half-civilized. When one has traveled in many lands he finds he has much to learn and often from unexpected sources.

There can be no doubt that the United States has the greatest opportunity ever given to any people in the world's history. It has a domain washed by two oceans and soil of unsurpassed fertility. The Mississippi valley is the very garden of the world, while the mountains are storehouses of mineral wealth. Everything man needs of necessity and luxury can be "home grown." If we did not succeed under such conditions it would be our everlasting disgrace. We have more wealth producing elements and more enterprise in certain ways than any other nation. As a people there is nothing of comfort or luxury that we may not have if we will.

We are above all an extravagant nation and wasteful to a sinful degree. It is said that France could live well upon what we waste and it is probably true. The great need of to-day is the prevention of waste and the proper use and conserving of our resources. Every man who keeps at all in touch with the affairs of business knows how important it is to keep down expenses and to make every stroke count. He knows freight charges in the last 25 years have been more than cut in two, and this has been possible because of the better construction of the road beds and more powerful locomotives and better management. A railroad that would attempt to do business to-day upon the basis of 20 years ago would be a bankrupt in six months. While there has been a tremendous improvement in railway operations there has been little, if anything, done to improve wagon transportation over the highways. Good roads are as important from an economic standpoint to the farmer as cheap railroad rates, and equally affect his profits.

There is no country in the world outside of the United States that could stand what we are compelled to bear every year because of bad roads. We have the distinction of being the richest country and having the poorest roads of any on earth. While we have mastered many things and all told have made and are making wonderful records, we have failed signally in dealing with the question of highways. Good roads pay from an economic standpoint alone, but there is a higher reason for good roads, namely, the social, ethical and educational advantages.

It would be interesting to know what other countries have done upon this important matter and the illustrations herewith show the conditions in other countries and also indicate how highly important good roads are regarded in the several countries. We get a glimpse herewith of the famous Appian Way, one of the oldest roads in the world leading from the Rome to Southern Italy, built before Christ was born. It is still in use and serving its purpose. One of the glories of the Roman empire was the construction of highways. When Caesar invaded England one of the first things done was the building of a number of splendid roads, some of which are in use to-day. A people that build good roads also look after personal cleanliness, so the Romans built not only roads but baths. One of the early Roman baths may be found to-day just off the Strand in London, near the Norfolk hotel. This bath is still used after 2,000 years.

As a road builder Napoleon was almost as famous as he was as a military genius. The roads of France are the best in the world, inaugurated and many of them planned and built by the little corporal. One of the illustrations shows a road in southern France where a mountain is tunneled and the side of the road walled up with masonry. This road is one of the sights of southern France. It proved a splendid investment and is visited by thousands of people every year.

In Norway and Sweden many of the roads are built by blasting out a shelf from the solid rock. What is true of Norway and Sweden is equally true of Switzerland, where the roads are uniformly good and the admiration of every traveler.

In faraway Australia and New Zealand splendid roads abound, while in our own great country less than eight per cent. of the roads are permanently improved! There is a reason. We have been working upon the wrong plan. We have treated the roads as purely a local and not a general proposition. Highway conditions influence market conditions and this touches everyone. The roads abroad are generally good because the central government helped to build them. The steps to take here to solve this question are first state and next national aid, and not put the whole expense on the township or road district.

In colonial times there were few cities of any size and most people were producers of what they consumed. The spinning wheel was to be found in their home and many hand looms in every community. The "homespun" prevailed. There was very little travel from one community to another. Many persons were born, grew old and passed away without going 20 miles from their birthplace. Produce was largely a matter of barter and exchange between neighbors. There was no telegraph, no railroads, few newspapers and an uncertain and intermittent mail service. Postage was from five to ten times the present rate and consequently there was little correspondence. The several communities were self-contained; their interest and business was usually bounded by the horizon. How natural then that the public roads should have only a local significance. Under such conditions what interest could the rest of the world have in them? The concept that the roads belonged to those that used them and it was their duty to care for them was the logical sequence of the times.

When the railways came and spread over the country, and cities were built where the wild flowers grew, the factory plan came in and relegated the spinning wheel and hand loom

to the attic as relics of former conditions. Thousands upon thousands came upon the scene who did not produce what they consumed; the food products had to be sent to them over the country roads and railways. In the span of a single human life conditions so changed that the neighborhood market of barter and exchange gave way to a world wide market, the fluctuations of which were hourly flashed across continents and under the oceans. A mighty system of distribution has grown up by which food and other products are shipped half way around the world from where they are grown. The cost of this distribution is a prime factor in determining the market value of everything of this nature. It all must pass over country highways in order to reach the consumer, the facility and cost of performing this service is in a large degree determined by the physical condition of the highways. Therefore, within a few decades roads as a purely local matter has grown into one of state and national importance. The former conception is giving way; the progressive states have taken up and are taking up the subject as one of interest.

Under the new conditions the state recognizes its duty to the highways. State aid in road building is the result. The next and final step is national aid to supplement state aid.

Let us see by a comparison to what degree our own country is able to assist in road building. How better can this be done than by comparing the government debt and interest charge per capita? Let us do so. The national debt of France per person is \$144; England, \$88.83; Germany, \$49; Italy, \$82; Spain, \$98; Australia, \$278; United States, \$11.11. While every Frenchman has \$6.05 interest to pay per year we have 29 cents.

Strange as it may seem this country needs a larger debt. There is a dearth of good securities. More government bonds are needed as a basis of circulation. The government needs roads. The rural mail service is costing now \$25,000,000 per year. It will soon cost \$50,000,000. With good roads everywhere good service can be performed at a saving of 20 per cent. This means a saving of \$7,000,000 to \$10,000,000 per year in the cost of the service and this would pay the interest on a very large sum of money.

The government has the right under the constitution to build roads or help build them. It needs them to use and it has almost unlimited ability to help build them. If the government were to issue \$400,000,000 of two per cent. bonds to assist the states in building roads that are used for rural mail delivery, say in paying one-fourth of the cost, the sum would be sufficient for the purpose and the saving in rural delivery alone would pay the interest on the bonds. While the government would save from \$7,000,000 to \$10,000,000, the people would save \$150,000,000 to \$200,000,000 by good roads. The great need of this country to put it on a par with other countries in the matter of transportation is good country roads.

Use Of Microscope in Unique Test

The United States bureau of chemistry has found that the microscope may be used to excellent advantage in the examination of food and drug products for the discovery of adulterants. This is a new idea and a large amount of work has been done in the application of the microscope to analytical work, but there are certain parts of the field as yet untouched. Microscopic tests have become an important adjunct to the test-tube and blast-lamp methods of analytical work. As an example of the use of the microscope, a case recently brought to the attention of the bureau of chemistry was a sample of celery seed adulterated with nearly 40 per cent. of powdered rock. This adulteration was of such a character as would easily escape the notice of the ordinary buyer. The usefulness of the simple magnifier in examining food and drug materials, however, is limited and recourse must be had to the compound microscope for the examination of the products which are made up of small articles.

Key To Photographs

- (Copyright, 1908, by Underwood & Underwood.)
1. Norway Road Blasted Out of Solid Rock Which Runs to Voring Falls. It is 12 Feet Wide.
 2. Thoroughfare Connecting Baramula and Cashmere, India, Which is Lined with Tall Poplars.
 3. Women Doing Men's Work in Constructing Road at Darjeeling, India.
 4. Typical German Woman Road-Maker at Work Breaking Rock for Thoroughfare. Her Wage is Equivalent to 16 Cents a Day.
 5. A French Road Cut in the Mountain Side. This Thoroughfare Was Planned by Napoleon Bonaparte.

to the attic as relics of former conditions. Thousands upon thousands came upon the scene who did not produce what they consumed; the food products had to be sent to them over the country roads and railways. In the span of a single human life conditions so changed that the neighborhood market of barter and exchange gave way to a world wide market, the fluctuations of which were hourly flashed across continents and under the oceans. A mighty system of distribution has grown up by which food and other products are shipped half way around the world from where they are grown. The cost of this distribution is a prime factor in determining the market value of everything of this nature. It all must pass over country highways in order to reach the consumer, the facility and cost of performing this service is in a large degree determined by the physical condition of the highways. Therefore, within a few decades roads as a purely local matter has grown into one of state and national importance. The former conception is giving way; the progressive states have taken up and are taking up the subject as one of interest.

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BIG MINE STRIKE IS OFF

BIRMINGHAM MINERS RETURN TO WORK IN DISTRICT.

Official Order Places Collieries on Non-Union Basis—Much Violence Marked the Walkout.

Birmingham, Ala., Sept. 1.—An official order calling off the strike of coal miners in the Birmingham district was issued to all the camps in this section Monday. It was signed by President Lewis, Vice-President White and Secretary-Treasurer Ryan of the United Mine Workers of America. The end of the strike means that practically all of the mines in the Birmingham district will be on a non-union basis. No conferences between officials of the union and officials of the operators' association were held in Birmingham. It is known, however, that operators take back all the men except those who have committed acts of lawlessness. The order ends a strike which began July 6 and which has been marked by much violence. The official order after reviewing the history of the strike, says: "The climax was reached when the governor of Alabama said that the miners shall not be permitted to live in tented camps and that public meetings shall not be held in the mining communities of the state during the strike. In other words, the strike must end, regardless of the cost to the miners or any rights they have in the premises."

Butte, Mont., Sept. 1.—In consequence of the failure of the coal mine operators and mine workers to reach an agreement at a conference which was held in this city last Friday and Saturday, all of the coal mines in the state of Wyoming under the control of the Mine Owners' association of Wyoming were closed down Monday night and will remain closed for an indefinite period. About 8,000 men are affected.

BIG FIRE IN NEW ORLEANS.

Property Loss is Between One and Two Million Dollars.

New Orleans, Aug. 31.—Fire which broke out in the center of the commercial district Sunday afternoon swept over portions of three blocks, destroying a large number of wholesale houses, manufacturing plants and small stores. Originating at Bienville and Chartres streets, the flames worked their way north as far as Conti street, and west towards Royal, bringing about a loss of between one and two million dollars before they were finally subdued. Several circumstances combined to give the fire a headway which proved hard to overcome. At the time the alarm was turned in, shortly before three o'clock, the New Orleans firemen were in the midst of their annual picnic at a suburban park, and the engines and patrols responded with a mere handful of men. It was fully an hour before the department was in a position to make anything like a successful fight against the fire, and then the handicap against it was added by an inadequate supply of water.

BANK ROBBED OF SMALL SUM.

Woman Sees Burglars Working, But Fright Keeps Her Silent.

St. Joseph, Mo., Aug. 31.—The Bank of Easton, at Easton, Mo., about 12 miles east of St. Joseph, was robbed early Sunday morning of \$150, the funds belonging to the post office. The money was between the outer and inner doors of the vault, and the robbers were frightened by daylight before securing the bank's funds. The vault was wrecked and a large hole blown in the floor. The four men who committed the robbery were seen at their work for two hours by Mrs. A. Marshall, from across the street, but she was too frightened to give the alarm. They drove away in a carriage toward St. Joseph. They are believed to be the same men who robbed the bank at Rushville, Mo., last Wednesday, for whom a reward of \$5,000 has been offered.

RECEIVER FOR FAILED COMPANY.

Congressman Littlefield to Handle Brown Affairs.

Woodstock, Conn., Aug. 31.—Congressman Littlefield was appointed receiver of the Wall street firm of A. O. Brown & Co. Saturday by Judge Holt of the United States court of the Southern district of New York. Mr. Littlefield will be required to give a bond of \$250,000. The receiver was appointed upon the application of William C. Rosenberg of counsel for the creditors of the suspended firm, and the papers were presented to Judge Holt Friday afternoon at his summer home in this town. The matter was taken under consideration. Swift Enterprise Near Winnipeg. Winnipeg, Man., Sept. 1.—Swift & Co. of Chicago, in connection with the railroad systems here, have purchased 200 acres of land across the river in St. Boniface on which they will erect an abattoir and lay out a stock yards on a large scale. The expenditure is to be over a million dollars. Pays Off Immense Loan. New York, Sept. 1.—The Trust Company of America of New York, upon which a sensational run was precipitated during the financial panic of 1907, has managed its business so successfully as to enable it to pay off a loan of \$25,000,000 which it then effected.

WHAT THE TRADE MARK MEANS TO THE BUYER

Few people realize the importance of the words "Trade Mark" stamped on the goods they buy. If they did it would save them many a dollar spent for worthless goods and put a lot of unscrupulous manufacturers out of the business.

When a manufacturer adopts a trade mark he assumes the entire responsibility for the merit of his product. He takes his business reputation in his hands—out in the limelight—"on the square" with the buyer of his goods, with the dealer, and with himself.

The other manufacturer—the one who holds out "inducements," offering to brand all goods purchased with each local dealer's brand—sidesteps responsibility, and when these inferior goods "come back" it's the local dealer that must pay the penalty.

A good example of the kind of protection afforded the public by a trade mark is that offered in connection with National Lead Company's advertising of pure White Lead as the best paint material.

That the Dutch Boy Painter trade mark is an absolute guaranty of purity in White Lead is proved to the most skeptical by the offer National Lead Company make to send free to any address a blow-pipe and instructions how to test the white lead for themselves. The testing outfit is being sent out from the New York office of the company, Woodbridge Building.

PICNIC FOR THE PUP.

His Devotion to Duty Rewarded by Strange Luxuries.

A Boston bulldog owned by George H. Clapp was so determined to capture a woodchuck which he had chased into its den that he followed after and staid in the hole all night.

When the dog had got his jaws about the enemy he found that he could not get out owing to the small size of the animal's hole.

Rather than lose his prey the dog retained his hold on the woodchuck over night, and was helped out by his master in the morning. The dog was nearly exhausted, and revived after feeding and drinking in a curious manner.

He consumed about two quarts of unguarded ice cream, which had been set aside for a party, and capped the climax by falling into a bucket of lemonade.—Worcester (Mass.) Telegram.

PRECISE.



Miss Sentimental—Tell me, are you sure, Milton, that I'm the first you've asked to marry you?" Mr. Manyack—Do you mean this present month or do you include last as well?

Not Guilty.

"Now, Mrs. McCarthy," said counsel for the defense, "please tell us simply as you can your version of this affair. It is alleged that you referred to Mrs. Callahan in disparaging terms." "Not a bit of it. I didn't say anything about disparaging nor disparaging nor any other garden truck, except that I said she had a nose like a squash and her complexion was as bad as a tomato in the last stages. Yez can see for yerself if it ain't the truth."

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Wm. C. Littlefield* In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

The people of Paris, 2,714,000, could stand on 0.29 of a square mile, and the population of Chicago on about 0.22 of a square mile.

Lewis' Single Binder costs more than other 5c cigars. Smokers know why. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

It takes a woman with sound judgment to generate silence.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Pride and prejudice make an unsatisfactory pair to draw to.

Feet Ache—Use Allen's Foot-Powder. Over 20,000 testimonials. Refuse imitations. Send for free trial package. A. S. Glendon, Le Roy, N. Y.

A woman is known by the acquaintances she cuts.



We are now offering a limited amount of stock in a Sheep Company which we are organizing in southwestern Montana. If you are interested in a good dividend paying proposition write us for description and full particulars of the Company. Johnson & Boons, Dillon, Beaverhead County, Montana.

The Republican-Journal

Published every Friday at Genoa, Ill.
Subscription Price, \$1.25 per Year

Office Telephone, No. 28

C. D. Schoonmaker, Publisher

Friday, September 4, 1908.

REPUBLICAN TICKET

Election November 3



- For President United States
W. H. TAFT
- For Vice President United States
JAMES S. SHERMAN
- For Governor of Illinois
CHARLES S. DENEN
- For Lieutenant Governor
JOHN G. OGLESHY
- For Secretary of State
JAMES A. ROSE
- For Auditor of Public Accounts
JAS. S. McCULLOUGH
- For State Treasurer
ANDREW RUSSELL
- For Attorney General
W. H. STEAD
- For Clerk Supreme Court
J. MCCANN DAVIS
- For Congressman 12th District
CHARLES E. FULLER
- For State Senator 5th District
B. F. DOWNING
- For Representatives 33rd District
ADAM C. CLIFFE
- JOHN H. GRAY
- For Clerk Appellate Court
CHRISTOPHER C. DUFFY
- For Clerk Circuit Court DeKalb Co.
WALTER M. HAY
- For States Attorney DeKalb Co.
EDWARD M. BURST
- For Coroner DeKalb County
J. D. MORRIS
- For Surveyor DeKalb Co.
CHAS. H. WHITMORE

HARRY K. THAW was saved from death by the best lawyers in the country. Now Harry can find no one to save him from his lawyers.

"Shall the people rule?" asks Mr. Bryan. Well, according to past records they shall. Mr. Bryan should remember that the people did rule twice and will no doubt rule the third time. The people's rule does not include Bryan in its list of wants.

MR. KERN, the democratic candidate for vice president, tries to demonstrate that Bryan and Taft stand for about the same policies. If we let it go at that would it not be better to trust the handling of those policies to the experienced man rather than the theoretic wind jammer?

SHIFTING like the winds, Mr. Bryan turns from one panacea to another. He is all things by turns, and nothing long. He drops his "cross of gold," drops free silver, drops government ownership, drops the election of federal judges, drops other fantasies which he has advocated, and drops them, not because he has perceived their unwisdom, but because he has discovered that they are unpopular, that the country will not follow him in the pursuit of his vagaries. He picks up tariff reform, not because he is convinced of its economic soundness, but for no other reason that we can see than that he believes there are votes in it.—Boston Herald.

In the primary election held on August 8, 1908, the vote for Republican candidate for United States Senator was in favor of Senator Hopkins. The present senator from Illinois received a majority over Mr. Foss of 47,873, and over Mr. Mason of 81,657. In Cook County, the vote was almost evenly divided among these three candidates. This is nothing remarkable for Messrs. Foss and Mason, considering the facts that this county is the home of those two candidates and that Senator Hopkins made absolutely no campaign there. In the one hundred and one counties of the State of Illinois outside of Cook

County, Senator Hopkins received 11,102 more votes than Messrs. Foss and Mason combined, and 1,448 more than all his opponents combined. Leaving out the Cook County vote, Senator Hopkins ran 57,374 votes ahead of Mr. Foss and 78,046 ahead of Mr. Mason. Senator Hopkins carried 86 counties in the State; Mr. Foss carried 16 counties; and Mr. Mason did not carry any county. Mr. Webster, also a Chicago man, received between 14 and 15,000 votes and did not carry a precinct in the State.

HOME COMING FESTIVAL

McHenry County's Annual Exposition will be held Sept. 7 to 11

All residents of DeKalb county, especially those who formerly resided in McHenry county, are cordially invited to attend the McHenry County Fair and Home Coming Festival, to be held at Woodstock, the second week in September and see what the management have provided in the way of entertainment.

The program of special free attractions will surpass anything ever before presented at a fair in northern Illinois. The Elton-Polo-Aldo troupe presents the best comedy acrobatic act ever seen; Prof. Darnell, the Indiana aeronaut, will give balloon ascensions each day, and the Withington Zouaves, twenty of the world's best drilled soldiers, will appear in wall scaling, pyramid building and military feats, their exhibition alone being worth many times the price of admission to the fair.

The speed program under the management of Supt. A. S. Wright, will be a big attraction. The entry list is large and contains the speedy steppers of this section. Fast and exciting contests are assured.

The Home Coming Festival will be one of the most interesting features of the fair. Special programs of music and speaking have been arranged and a tent will be provided, where visitors are requested to register and make their headquarters.

Who Shall Wear G. A. R. Buttons
The statutes of Illinois provide that it shall be unlawful for any person to wear the badge or emblem of the Grand Army of the Republic, the United Spanish War Veterans' Association or the Army of the Philippines, unless he shall have been honorably discharged and entitled to wear or use the same under the rules and regulations of the Grand Army of the Republic. This means that any person who wears the Grand Army button without authority to do so is liable to a fine of from \$10 to \$200.

40-ACRE FARMS \$200

On the Birmingham Line of the Illinois Central Railroad, Corinth, Mississippi, to Haleyville, Alabama. Soil adapted to corn, cotton, oats, fruits and vegetables. Climate and water good. Lands unimproved are selling for \$25.00 to \$100.00 per acre; partially improved, \$75.00 to \$150.00 per acre. For a free copy of an eight-page leaflet describing this new territory on the Illinois Central, address the undersigned at Muncie, Ind.

J. F. MERRY, General Immigration Agent, Sep. 15

Beet Crop Good
G. W. Seward, farm manager for the Rock County Sugar company of Janesville, Wis., reports that the crop of sugar beets in this section of the state will be much larger this year than ever before. On nearly every farm where beets were planted the yield promises to be excellent, and it will mean a large financial return to farmers of this vicinity.

One thing that has greatly increased the value of this year's beet crop is the long dry spell of July and August. The dry weather caused the beets to send down unusually long tap-roots, which are essential to the formation of large beets. It is estimated that the dry weather increased the yield of beets in this section fully one-third.

Cultivation of the crop has been finished, and the beets will require no attention from now until the harvest begins. Mr. Seward states that the last cultivating was completed last Saturday. The harvest will begin this year about the second week in October, although a few fields may be ready to be pulled slightly before that time.

Government Land

President Roosevelt has issued a proclamation for opening to settlement the surplus lands, 800,000 acres of the Rosebud Indian reservation in South Dakota.

The lands will be selected by the lottery process, the drawing to take place at Dallas, S. D., October 19 next. The minimum price fixed is \$6 per acre, and the homestead laws are made applicable to all entries.

The registration will begin October 5, at Dallas, Chamberlain, Gregory or Presho, S. D., or O'Neill, or Valentine, Neb.

WM. BELL



AUCTIONEER
FARM SALES A SPECIALTY
Dates for fall season now being scheduled. If you intend to have a sale this fall drop me a card and I will call on you.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED
WM. BELL
KINGSTON, ILLINOIS

WE HAVE IT

IF ITS USED ON A FARM

When a farmer wants an implement, wagon or repairs he wants them quick. We try to make his burdens easy in this respect by keeping on hand at all times everything that is needed in farm work from a

CORN BINDER MANURE SPREADER

down to the most insignificant repair. We want your trade and are making an effort to get it by being prepared to meet demands.

E. H. Cohoon & Co.

Houses and Lots For Sale

RESIDENCES, ready to use, in all parts of town, anywhere from \$500.00 to \$8000.00. VACANT LOTS, anywhere from \$300.00 to \$400.00, according to location. BUSINESS PROPERTY, worth the price. FARMS of various sizes, from 80 acres to 200 acres, at \$100.00 per acre and up. HOUSES to let.

D. S. Brown EXCHANGE BANK Genoa, Ill.

Administrator's Notice

Estate of Rosa Bauman Deceased. The undersigned, having been appointed Administrator of the Estate of Rosa Bauman, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the County Court of DeKalb County, at the Court House in Sycamore at the November Term, on the first Monday in November next, at which time all persons having claims against said Estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned. Dated this 31st day of August, A. D. 1908. 52-31 H. M. CRAWFORD Administrator

C. F. HALL CO. CASH DEPARTMENT STORE DUNDEE, ILLINOIS

Bargain Sales

To omit taking advantage of some of these values is a misfortune. We cannot duplicate many of these goods, and urge careful buyers to come early. We close all day Labor Day.

Big 10 Cent Sale

Men's Underwear, dark brown silk finished summer weight goods shirts or drawers in all sizes. Regular 25c goods, now.....10c

Boys' Shirts or Drawers reduced to.....10c

Full size Horse Nets, covers entire horse, worth 50c, at the least now.....10c

School Necessities

Girls' Dress Bargains, over 100 Dresses including gingham, white lawns and percales, reduced to.....49c

Tablets, Pencils, Slates, our 5 and 10c bargains, in the 5 and 10 cent dept.

Boys' heavy calf and army

half lace Shoes, at

\$1.29 \$1.49

Girls' fine navy calf Shoes, only

\$1.19 \$1.29

Good fitting, kid lace Shoes, girl's sizes

89c 98c

Boys' Waists, sample lot of over 150 at 1/2 regular prices, all 50c makes now.....25c

Boys' Suits, good makes in all sizes.....\$1.29

Unexcelled clothing, the stock was bought out at a saving of 1/3. See the Suits at

\$2.29 \$2.69 \$2.98

Household Values

Men's Blue Gingham and fancy percale shirts, all 50c makes, now 3 for.....\$1.00

1600 yards, 32 in percales all colors, per yd.....6 1/2c

Men's new fall Hats, \$2.00 makes for.....\$1.65

32 in. Flannellets for per yd...5c

Ladies' Jumper Suits now \$1.98. They are wool suits.

36 x 45 Pillow Cases only....10c

Lonsdale Cambric, per yd.....9c

Ladies' Department

New fall Suits, finest showing of the leading fall styles.

A visit will well repay careful buyers.

Ladies' Duck Suits, tailor made, 1/2 former price.

Waist Clearing Sales, 3 lots:

Lot 1.....25c

Lot 2.....50c

Lot 3.....98c

Reduced prices on a special lot of white silk Waists.

Big values now.

Trade \$10.00 and show round trip ticket and we refund your car fare.

Dinner Tickets, Horse Tickets or Introduction Tickets given if you drive.

Professional Cards

C. H. Mordoff, M. D.

Office and residence, south side of Main street
Office hours: 1:10 p. m., 6:30 to 8 p. m.

A. M. Hill, M. D.

Office over Burzell's jewelry store.
Hours: 9:30 to 5 p. m., 12:30 to 2 p. m. Residence on East Main street. Calls promptly attended to day or night.

Dr. T. N. Austin

Physician and Surgeon.
Office over J. Lemcke's store.
Hours: 7:10 to 9 a. m., 1 to 2:30 p. m. and 6:30 to 8 p. m. X-ray laboratory in connection.

Dr. E. A. Robinson

Physician and Surgeon
Office and residence, corner Main and First Sts.
Hours: 10:00 to 12:00 a. m. and 1:00 to 3:00 p. m.
Calls promptly attended.

C. A. Patterson

DENTIST
Office over Exchange Bank.
Office hours: 8:30 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m.

G. W. Markley, M. D.

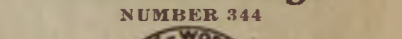
KINGSTON, ILL.
OFFICE HOURS:
12 to 3 p. m., 6:30 to 8:30 p. m.
Calls prompt by a corded night and day

Genoa Lodge No. 288 A. F. & A. M.



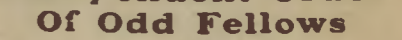
Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month.
C. A. Brown, W. M. T. M. Frazier, Sec.

Evaline Lodge NUMBER 344



Meets second Tuesdays of each month in J. O. F. hall.
Martin Malana, Perfect. Fannie M. Heed, Sec.

Independent Order Of Odd Fellows



Meets every Monday evening in I. O. O. F. hall
B. C. AWE, N. G. J. W. SOWERS, Sec

Genoa Lodge No. 163

M. W. A.

Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month. Visiting neighbors welcome
J. H. VanDresser, Ven. Consul
H. E. Browne, Clerk

YES, THEY'RE HERE

THE FAMOUS

KUPPENHEIMER CLOTHES

"NINE" REASONS

- Have you seen the new "CUB" hat?
- The snappiest "EVERS" seen-
- Take a "CHANCE"
- You'll "KLING" to it-
- And prefer it "OVERALL" your hats.
- You'll like it "MORAN" more each day
- Comes in "BROWN" and other colors
- "STEIN-FELD" T of it, and says-
- My wife will "PFIESTER" eyes on it.
- You fellows better "TINKER" with it.

Only \$3.00

We don't have to stand and argue to induce a man to select a

KUPPENHEIMER

SUIT

The second largest manufacturers of the world today have a reputation of making the best

WE ARE READY

Olmsted & Geithman

HEAD TO FOOT OUTFITTERS

GENOA, ILLINOIS

YOU WILL SAVE MONEY

BUY



A

AT

HOME

HOME

PIANO

If you are contemplating the purchase of a Piano we would be pleased to have you inspect our Factory and the high grade instruments we are manufacturing therein.

Exquisite in design and beautiful in tone, the THOMPSON piano is the result of many years careful study in Pianoforte construction, and the use of the very best material that money can buy, combined with the highest class workmanship makes the THOMPSON an artistic, finely finished and unusually durable instrument.

A call will be appreciated and we know we can save you some money. We shall be more than elated to know that the home industry is still in the minds of the residents of this city and locality.

A few discontinued styles, dropped from new catalogue, will be closed out at bargain prices.

THE THOMPSON PIANO CO.

GENOA, ILLINOIS

DOINGS OF THE WEEK

THE assistance of all subscribers is invited and solicited in making this department interesting. Any item of news left at the office, in the box at the east corner of the Exchange Bank building or given the editor on the street will be greatly appreciated. If you have visitors or have been away yourself or if you know anything good about your neighbors tell us about it.

Read the Want ads.

W. J. Prain was a Chicago visitor Wednesday.

Emmett Burr called on Elgin friends last week.

A. C. Senska was a Chicago caller last Saturday.

G. E. Stott transacted business in Chicago Wednesday.

Jack Canavan attended the ball game in Chicago Sunday.

J. E. Stott and son, Victor, were Chicago visitors Monday.

E. A. Carr of Chicago is visiting his cousin, Wm. Foote.

Geo. W. Buck was a Chicago visitor the first of the week.

S. H. Stiles called on DeKalb friends a few days last week.

Mrs. Dusenberre is in Chicago buying her new fall millinery.

Found—Gold bead necklace. Inquire of Claude Senska, Genoa, Ill.

Miss Belle Campbell is at Chicago for a week's visit with relatives.

Jas. J. Hammond transacted business in the windy city last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Granger of Kingston were Genoa shoppers Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Bright of Chicago visited Genoa relatives this week.

Mrs. Burbank and Mrs. Bagley visited relatives in DeKalb Monday and Tuesday.

Mr. Dunn, the carpenter, has moved into J. W. Wylde's house on North Emmett street.

Miss Mabel Wallace of Marengo has been the guest of Miss Flora Buck the past week.

Dr. J. H. Danforth entertained his brother in law, Mr. Wright, of Idaho the first of the week.

Miss Lottie Reams of Rockford spent a few days with her sister, Mrs. John Wahl, last week.

A large crowd attended the picnic at Kingston last Thursday, Genoa being well represented.

The C. M. & St. P. has extended the side track which leads to Cracraft, Leich Electric factory.

Miss Julia Bowers is again on duty at the postoffice after a six weeks' vacation, spent in Indiana.

Ben White of Oklahoma and Alfred Dresser of DeKalb were Sunday callers with Mrs. Sturtevant.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Watson spent a few days at the home of the latter's sister in DeKalb last week.

E. S. Gregory of Oelwein, Iowa, is visiting his sister, Mrs. John Patterson, and other relatives this week.

Miss Mabel Andrews has returned to her home in Belvidere after a visit at the home of A. V. Pierce.

Ave May is running a refreshment stand at the Boone county fair this week, assisted by "Clusky" Ide.

Mrs. Golda Underwood and child of Sycamore visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Evans, this week.

Mrs. Mable Eiser of Freeport is visiting at the home of her grand-parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. Robinson.

Miss Myrtle and Zella Jane of Algonquin were Saturday and Sunday guests at the home of C. H. Awe.

Mrs. S. Abraham and son, Thos., are spending a few days with the former's son, Len, at Morrison, Ill.

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Furr and Miss Emma Furr of Seneca, Ill., are visiting the former's children of this place.

Mrs. Hoinville returned to Chicago Wednesday after several weeks' visit with her daughter, Mrs. John Pratt.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Abraham

WANTS, FOR SALE, ETC.

RATES: 5 lines or less, 25 cents for first week and 15 cents for each following week; over five lines, 5 cents per line first week and 3 cents per line for each following week.

FOR SALE—A residence in Genoa, 160 acres raw land in McPherson county, S. D., and 160 acres raw land in Brown county, S. D., \$16,000 an acre. W. H. SAGER, Genoa, Ill. Phone No. 6.

WANTED—to know why it is not a good thing to advertise in the want ad column. People read these ads. You are doing it now. If you don't, you are not.

FLAT FOR RENT—all conveniences including electric light, city water, cistern and drainage. Six rooms and closets. \$8.00 per month. F. A. QUINSTRONG.

FOR SALE—Several hundred burr oak and white oak fence posts. Inquire of Alfred Johnson, near Illinois Central depot, Genoa, 28-41-22pd

FOR RENT—House centrally located. C. A. BROWN 30-41

COTTAGE for Rent, on Stott street, in first class repair, newly painted and papered, city water and electric light. Inquire of J. A. PATTERSON. 41-11

Advertising Rates
Space Advertising—8 and 10 cents per column inch. Full page, \$10.00.
Local—5 cents per line.
Want, Found and Lost Ads—See Want Column.
Cards of Thanks—5 cents per line.
Resolutions—3 cents per line.
Society Notices of meetings, when no admission fee is charged—Free.

and son, Roy, were in Chicago several days last week, returning Sunday evening.

Mrs. Florence Snow and Mrs. Chas. Saul and daughter, Rhea, are visiting relatives at Roscoe, Ill., and Dane, Wis.

If you have found it, lost it, want to sell or buy it, no matter what it is, use the want ad column.

Fred Holroyd and S. D. Mann left on Tuesday for Waubana, Minn., where they will wage war against the finny tribe.

Mrs. F. O. Swan entertained the H. A. G. T. club at Oak Park Tuesday afternoon. Refreshments were served.

Miss Georgia Walker formerly of Kingston will teach the New Lebanon school this year, commencing Monday, Sept. 7.

Mr. Stretlow, of the Thompson Piano Co., has moved into J. A. Patterson's house on Stott street, recently vacated by C. E. Kinneer.

Just one month from this date a little fire will feel comfortable. Is your furnace in good repair? If not, see Perkins & Rosenfeld at once.

Mrs. Electa Patterson has moved into the first floor rooms of C. A. Brown's house at the corner of Main and Sycamore streets.

J. H. Patterson and family of Marengo and Miss Iva Titus of Belvidere, were visitors last Sunday at the home of Mrs. S. Crocker.

All but two of the large tanks at the pickle factory are now filled with cucumbers. During the past week the crop has been enormous.

Your fall house cleaning will be made a pleasure if you brighten the furniture and floors with China-lac. Sold by Perkins & Rosenfeld.

Why don't you deposit your money in the Farmers' State Bank and get interest for six months at the rate of 3 per cent per annum? Try it.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Anderson who have been visiting their son at Davenport, Iowa, during the past four months, returned to Genoa Tuesday.

FOR SALE—Bunch of Durod Jersey Hogs, consisting of thoroughbred sows and thoroughbred stock hogs. Call on A. B. Stray, Colvin Park, Ill. 52-6t*

Abiram Crawford, Geo. Evans and Andrew Leitow were in Chicago a few days during the past week, attending the Cub-Giant game on Sunday.

Mr. Muzzy was out from Chicago over Sunday, returning Tuesday accompanied by his wife who had been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Willis Ide.

NOTICE—Having sold my business I hereby notify all those who have repairs at my store to call and get them and settle at once. G. W. BURZELL.

Ed. Geithman of McIntyre, Iowa, is visiting home folks this week. He contemplates moving back to this county. Mrs. Geithman was here last week.

Mrs. O. M. Barcus will entertain several ladies at dinner this evening in honor of Miss Gertrude

Kirk who will soon leave for Chicago to spend the winter.

Mrs. Ella Robinson has opened a millinery establishment at her home on Jackson street with a full line of ready-to-wear hats and trimmings. Visitors welcome.

Mrs. Wm. Hutton who has been visiting with relatives the past two weeks, left Tuesday for Dexter, New Mexico, to visit her brothers, Walter and Roy Buck.

Mrs. Geo. Richardson was in Genoa Wednesday after her children who have been spending the month of August here, while their parents were visiting in eastern cities.

Miss Harriet Slaughter will leave Monday for Oxford, Ohio, where she will take a special course in piano and violin instruction, also instruction in elocution in Oxford college.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. DeWolf left Wednesday morning for Climax, Mich., where they will spend two weeks. Robt. Gallagher will carry the mail on route 2 during Mr. DeWolf's absence.

The Kirkland morning mail was scattered along the right of way for miles Monday morning. The pouch became entangled with the wheels when it was thrown from the train.

Christian Science services are held at Slater's hall every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. Everyone is welcome. Testimony meeting is held at the same place the first and third Wednesdays of each month.

E. O. Gustavison escorted a large party of land seekers to South Dakota this week. The following from this vicinity were in the party: Roy Crawford, Will Japp, Jos. Koerner, Chas. Coon, Fred Awe.

The India Tea Co., which has had headquarters on East Main street, has closed its agency here and will work this country from Elgin and Belvidere. Perry Sturtevant, the local manager, has severed connection with the company.

A half-mile race track has been laid out east of the Eureka Park addition by a syndicate of Genoa horsemen. The track will be used at present for trying-out purposes. If sufficient interest is manifest later some "events" may be pulled off.

Mrs. Clara Burbank of Omaha has been a guest of Mrs. Thomas Bagley and other friends in Genoa for a few days past. Mrs. Burbank is president of the Frances Willard W. C. T. U., member of Executive Board of the O. W. Club and chairman of the News-Boy's Committee.

G. W. Burzell has sold his jewelry store to G. H. Martin of Malta, the latter taking possession Wednesday of this week. Mr. Burzell is an experienced jeweler and watch maker and a pleasant gentleman to meet. Mr. Burzell and family will soon move to California.

The ladies of the Missionary Society met with Mrs. F. E. Wells on Tuesday afternoon for the election of officers for the year. After the business meeting refreshments were served by the hostess in Japanese style. A jolly good time was had by all present.

Meet with Flattering Success

DeKalb Review.—Promoters of the Sandwich-Somonauk-Waterman-DeKalb electric road are getting the survey and right of way. They are very successful. The farmers with the DeKalb-Sycamore case fresh in their minds recognize the great benefit and are taking hold of the enterprise with great vigor. It is recognized as one of the best railroad propositions in this part of the country. Those along the route will be most benefited and it is no wonder that they signify a willingness to go down into their pockets.

Court House News

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

Genoa

Wm. M. Adams to Wm. Rid, WD lot 2 blk 3 Morningside, \$1600.00.

Agnes L. Clark to Harriet E. St. John QCD and int NW 1/4 & s 1/2 NE 1/4 tied 2 \$200.00.

Farmers State Bank Genoa to Edgar Willett, WD lot 6 blk 6 Morningside, \$75.00.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Albert Henry Diamond, Herbert, Ia.

Viva Marion Sergent, Genoa.

George A. Blenson, State Center, Ia.

Harriet Riemsnyder, Hinckley.

Glen H. Kenyon, Chicago.

Minnie L. Buell, Sycamore.

David Rickard, Fairdale.

Katnyren A. Shepard, DeKalb.

Emil Carlson, Sioux City, Ia.

Irene Gustes, Sioux City, Ia.

In a battle with an angry bull Thomas Sims of Ridott was fatally injured yesterday. He was tossed about and trampled on for half an hour before he was rescued.

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No Question

?

There is no question about the reliability of our grocery stock. Everything conforms to the pure food laws. The old reliable brands can always be found on our shelves. We carry a full line of fancy articles, but pride ourselves on the splendid stock of

Staple Groceries

EXCELSIOR FLOUR

is the perfect flour and of course makes the whitest and best bread. Once a user of this flour, always a user.

T. M. FRAZIER

Established in 1882

Exchange Bank

of

Brown & Brown

Genoa, Illinois

Does a General Banking business.

Sells Foreign and Domestic money orders.

Buys mutilated and Foreign currency and coins.

Allows interest on time deposits and savings accounts at the rate of 3 per cent per annum. Interest on savings accounts computed every six months.

\$1.00 will open a savings account and get you a beautiful pocket

Savings Bank.

Call and see about it

Piano Tuning

It has been brought to my attention that a piano tuner from out of town has made the assertion that no one in Genoa knows enough to tune a piano. The man who makes such a statement tells an absolute falsehood, for the sole purpose of advancing his own interests. I will be pleased to, and am anxious to meet him face to face to see who can stand the test in piano knowledge. I am not afraid to guarantee my work to be absolutely first class. If it were not so I would not be in the employ of the Thompson Piano Co. B. HEMMELGARN.

The Directoire Gown This Fall

Paris says: Extreme Directoire modes for the autumn—the sheath skirt slashed at the sides, satin knickerbockers in place of petticoats, the highest of high collars and the slimest of slim silhouettes," writes Grace Margaret Gould, the fashion expert, in Woman's Home Companion for September.

New York says: Directoire modes? Yes, but first let us modify them. The American woman likes to take her fashions from France, but always subject to her own ideas. She wants to be in style, of course, but she wants more to be herself. This will be specially evident this fall.

Ernest Peterson of Rockford who recently discovered two large pearls in the Kishwaukee river, has sold the largest of the pair for \$125. The gem weighed 19 1/2 grains and was oval in shape.

A half pint of whiskey is enough for any one for medicinal purposes in the opinion of seven members of the Rockford city council and the next permit granted the local druggists to dispense alcoholic concoctions will be marked by this limitation.

Compilation by a prominent New York banker recently of some of the richest men in the United States shows that John D. Rockefeller possesses \$600,000,000; Andrew Carnegie, \$300,000,000; W. W. Astor, \$300,000,000 and J. P. Morgan \$300,000,000. Division of Marshall Field estate shows Marshall Field, Jr., to possess \$75,000,000 and Henry Field \$50,000,000; James J. Hill is listed at \$60,000,000; J. Ogden Armour at \$30,000,000 and Norman B. Ream at \$20,000,000.

The stockholders of the new Exchange Telephone company held a meeting at DeKalb last Saturday afternoon. Four hundred stockholders, representing seven hundred shares were present. Ninety miles of poles are up and about sixty phones in. It was voted to increase the capital stock from \$25,000 to \$50,000, but very few shares dissenting therefrom.

LOW FARE RATES

Via Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. Low fares every day, September 1 to October 31, to points in California and the Pacific Northwest. \$38 for one-way second-class ticket from Chicago to San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland, Seattle, Tacoma, Spokane, Victoria, Vancouver and many other points. Choice of routes. Low fares from all stations on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. Liberal stop-over arrangements. \$7 for double berth in tourist sleeper from Chicago to the Pacific Coast. This is a splendid opportunity to investigate the agricultural and commercial openings now offered along the Pacific Coast Extension of this railway. Complete information free. F. A. Miller, General Passenger Agent, Chicago. 52-3t

The effect of malaria lasts a long time. You catch cold easily or become run-down because of the after effects of malaria. Strengthen yourself with **Scott's Emulsion**. It builds new blood and tones up your nervous system. ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND \$1.00.

TETLEY'S INDIA AND CEYLON TEA

This is not a new tea by any means. It has been on the market for years and is considered by tea drinkers everywhere to be second to none. It has a peculiar and delightful flavor that recommends it. It is a new tea for Genoa, however, and we want you to try a can. You will like it

DUVAL & KING

Save Money

by using

Standard Fly-Shy

It takes energy to fight flies; it takes feed to make energy and feed is money.

Standard Lice Killer

Evaporates when used and forms a gas which is destructive to insect life.

L. E. CARMICHAEL DRUGGIST, SOLE AGENT

BASE BALL

GENOA

VS.

DEKALB

Sunday, Sept. 6

AT

ELECTRIC PARK

Sycamore, Ill.

Free from Alcohol

Since May, 1906, Ayer's Sarsaparilla has been entirely free from alcohol. If you are in poor health, weak, pale, nervous, ask your doctor about taking this non-alcoholic tonic and alterative. If he has a better medicine, take his. Get the best always. This is our advice.

We publish our formulas. We banish alcohol from our medicines. We urge you to consult your doctor.

A sluggish liver means a coated tongue, a bad breath, and constipated bowels. The question is, "What is the best thing to do under such circumstances?" Ask your doctor if this is not a good answer: "Take laxative doses of Ayer's Pills." Made by the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

JOHN HENRY

ON THE HORSE TRADER.



BY GEO. V. HOBART, ("HUGH M'HUGH.")

Dear Bunch: Your letter from Berlin is here, and after picking all the "Hoehs" and "Gesundheits!" out of it we're hep to the fact that you're both having a swell time among the Germans.

Tell Alice to bring me home a stein—empty. I can get the beer and the "Prosits!" over here.

Your German letter having created an atmosphere, it's up to me to tell you about old Elsie Shulz, who is spending a few days at Uncle Peter's home across the road.

Elsie is a sort of a privileged character in our family, having lived with Aunt Martha for over 20 years as a sort of housekeeper.

Yesterday morning, while Peaches and I were at breakfast, Elsie mean-



"I Got It."

dered in, bearing in her hand a wedding invitation which Herman had forwarded to her from Plainfield.

Elsie read the invitation. "Mr. and Mrs. Rudolph Ganderkurds request der honor of your presence at der marriage of der daughter, Verbenza, to Galahad Schmalzenberger, at der home of der bride's parents, Plainfield, N. J., May first, R. S. V. P."

"Well," said Elsie, "I know der Ganderkurds and I know der daughter Verbenza, and I know Galahad Schmalzenberger; he's a floorwalker in Bauerhaupt's grocery store, but I don't know vot is dot R. S. V. P. yet!"

I gently kicked Peaches on the instep under the table and said to Elsie: "Well, that's a new one on me, also. Are you sure it isn't R. & O. or the C. R. R. of N. J.? Those are a couple of railroads in New Jersey, but I never heard of der R. S. V. P."

For the first time in her life since she's been able to grab a sentence between her teeth and shake the pronouns out of it Elsie was amazed.

She kept looking at the invitation and saying to herself: "R. S. V. P. I. Vot is it? I know der honor of your presence; I know der bride's parents, but I don't know R. S. V. P."

All that day Elsie wandered through the house muttering to herself "R. S. V. P. I. Vot is it? Is it some secret between der pride and groom? R. S. V. P. I. It ain't my initials, because dey begin mit E. S. Vot is dot R. S. V. P. I. Vot is it? Vot is it?"

That evening we were all at dinner when Elsie rushed in with a cry of joy. "I got it!" she said. "I have untied der meaning of dot R. S. V. P. It means Real Silver Wedding Presents!"

I was just about to drink a glass of water, so I changed my mind and nearly choked to death.

Peaches tried to say something, which resulted in a gurgle in her throat; the Swede servant girl rushed out in the kitchen and broke a couple of dishes, while Uncle Peter, who was dining with us, fell off his chair on the cat which had never done him any harm.



"Herman Would Yell Whoa!"

Elsie's interpretation of that wedding present is going to set Herman Shulz back several dollars, or I'm not a foot high.

This same Herman is a character, by the way, Bunch.

He's a horse trader by profession and a con thrower by nature.

I must tell you, Bunch, about Herman when he lived and flourished in Rochester, N. Y.

A friend of ours named Will Hodge also lived in Rochester at that time, and Will went to Herman to buy a horse.

Herman had at this time an old sorrel horse which would never travel over half a mile without balking.

At some remote period of its life the sorrel had been docked, but Herman decided he could sell the horse quicker if it had a long tail, so he glued on a tall which he kept in the barn for this purpose.

One of the peculiar features about

this old sorrel was the fact that just before he would begin to balk and stop dead in his tracks the right ear would fly back and stay there.

And just before he intended to start again the left ear would fly back and join the right ear.

Then as the old sorrel went joyously on his way once more both ears would stand out straight, and all would be well.

The old sorrel always made these signals, rain or shine.

Another peculiar fact was this, that once the old sorrel's nose was pointed for home he never stopped, but went like the wind—when it isn't blowing very hard.

Well, off goes Will Hodge to Herman Shulz to inquire about a horse, and Herman hitches up the old sorrel.

While hitching Herman starts in to explain what a clever old beast the sorrel is, and by the time they get started out of the barn in the buggy Hodge has an idea that he is riding behind Sysonby's stepbrother.

When they got out about half a mile back went the sorrel's right ear, and Herman said quickly: "Whoa, whoa, boy! Whoa!"

Of course, the old sorrel intended to whoa anyway, but Hodge didn't know that.

Then Herman would point at the scenery with the whip and describe it, all the time watching the old sorrel's left ear for the starting signal.

Presently back went the left ear, and then Herman would stop describing the scenery, and with a loud "Ged-dap!" the old sorrel would start off once more.

At the end of another half mile back would go the sorrel's right ear, and Herman would yell "Whoa!" and then say: "Here on the right I would like to point out to you the Methodist orphan asylum, and over there is Chase & Pendleton's celebrated sash factory. Over there on the left—"

But just then the sorrel's left ear would fly back, and Herman would have to say "Ged-dap!" right in the midst of his description of the scenery.

This was kept up about four times, and then all of a sudden Hodge let out a roar.

"For the love of a kind Heaven!" yelled Will, "don't you know that I came out here to see this horse go and not to listen to your lectures on this bum scenery? Why, man, I have lived in Rochester all my life and I know all about the sash factories and the orphan asylums, and I am on familiar terms with every bit of scenery you can shake a whip at, so now I will thank you kindly to point the reins of this horse and make him commence."

"Ach! oxcoos, oxcoos," said Herman. "You wish to see him trefel, is it? So! I show you!"

Then Herman turned the old sorrel around, pointing his nose at the oats in the barn, and the wise old bonerack never stopped running until they were back home.

Hodge bought the horse on the strength of that return trip.

That afternoon Hodge took the sorrel out for a little exercise. Pretty soon it began to rain, the glue melted, and when Will saw his horse's tail drop off he nearly fell out of the wagon.

An hour later Herman was sitting in his barn door, when he saw a man running towards him who looked something like Hodge and something like a vigilance committee.

The man had a buggy whip in one hand and a horse's tail in the other, and he was traveling hell bent for election.

Herman took one peep at him, then he fell sideways out of the barn window and hid for three days in his cellar.

I don't think Will and Herman ever meet, because both of them are still alive and uninjured.

Yours for the Germans,
JOHN.

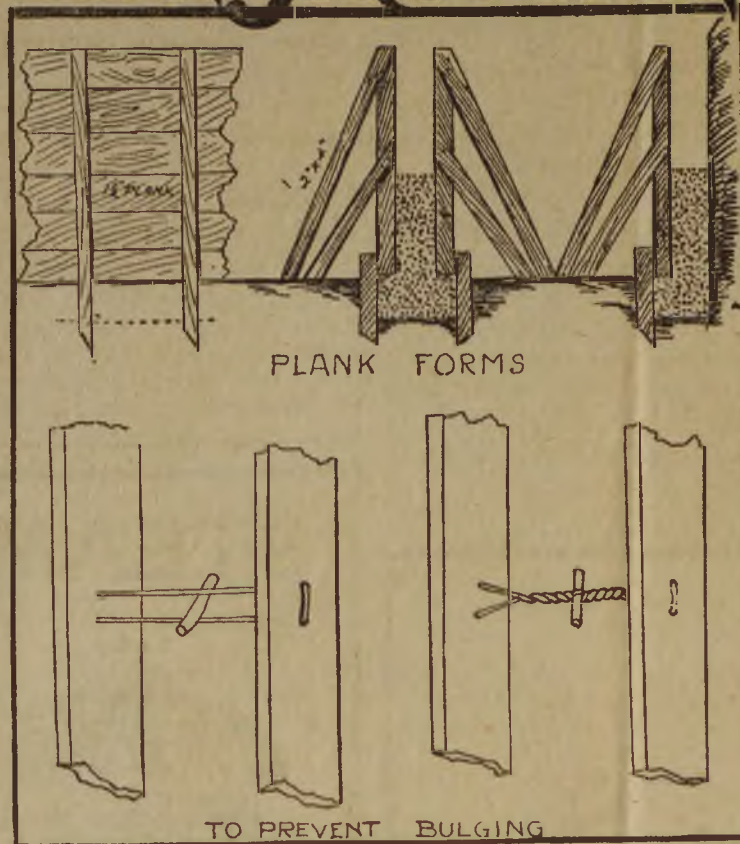
(Copyright, 1908, by G. W. Dillingham Co.)

Creolian Women Advance a Step.

The chamber of deputies of Greece has passed a law by which, for the first time in modern Greece, women are admitted in the public service.

In accordance with this law, the director of posts and telegraphs is authorized to employ 50 women, to be used mainly in the telephone service. They are to be between 21 and 35 years old, and are to receive 70 drachmas (about \$13.50) a month, for six hours' work a day.

CONCRETE CONSTRUCTION



Mixing of concrete should be done on a flat water-tight platform. Spread the sand in a layer of even depth, place the cement on top and turn with the shovel at least three times, or until the two are thoroughly mixed as shown by uniform color. Stone (thoroughly wet) should then be thrown on top of the whole and turned at least three times, water being added on the second turning, the quantity varying according to the nature of the work. In general sufficient water should be used to give a "mushy" mixture just too soft to bear the weight of a man when in place. Water should be added to the mixture of stone, sand and cement, a little at a time, until the proper consistency is reached. A sprinkling pot is handy for adding water as it does not wash away the cement.

In making the forms, green timber is preferable, for if seasoned it is likely to swell and warp when brought in contact with moisture from the concrete. Pine or spruce are suitable. If a smooth surface is desired the sheathing the concrete must be planed.

It is usually advisable to grease the inside of the forms with soap, linseed oil or crude oil; otherwise particles of concrete will be detached when the forms are removed thus giving a rough surface to the wall. Forms should not be greased when it is intended to plaster the surface of the concrete, but should be thoroughly wet immediately before placing the concrete. Forms should be left in place from three to four weeks if there is any earth or water pressure against the wall. If, on the other hand, there is no strain upon it, 24 hours' setting, or until the concrete will withstand the pressure of the thumb without indentation, is sufficient.

An easy method of preventing the forms from bulging is shown in the illustration above. Two holes are bored in both sides of the form and a wire passed through them and the ends tied together. A piece of wood or large rail is then used to twist the two strands together. The form can thus be drawn together and held securely in place. In removing the forms cut the wire at the sides and trim off even with the wall.

The Three Varieties of Foxtail Millet



The foxtail millets are by far more generally grown in this country than the other groups. They may be distinguished by the shape of head—a single spike.

Three varieties of this group are well known and very generally grown. They are common, Hungarian and German millets.

Common millet, as its name indicates, is the variety which first came into general use. In length of season it is the earliest of the three and consequently is grown in the northern part of the millet section. It is considered rather more resistant to drought and will give better returns upon poor soils than the German, though not as large yields upon rich soil. The head is medium in size; seed somewhat larger than either Hungarian or German, oval in shape and yellow in color.

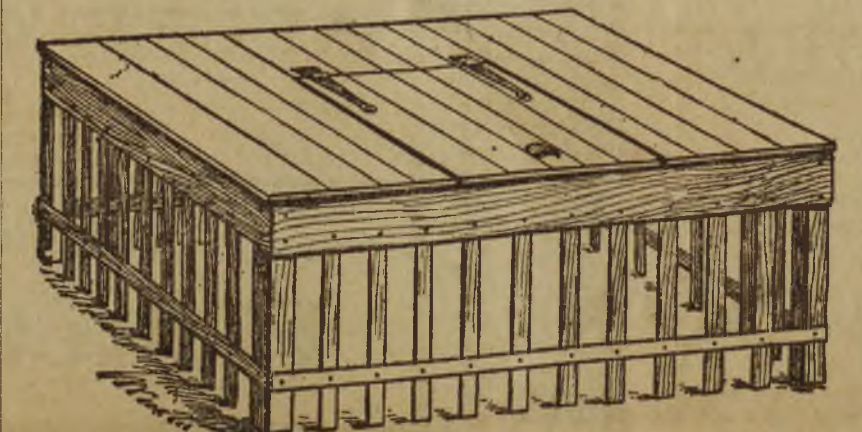
Hungarian millet, sometimes called Hungarian grass, differs from the

other varieties of this group in having shorter and more erect heads and a large percentage of dark purple seeds. Part of its seeds are yellow and part purple. In length of season it is intermediate between the common and the German. It is not as coarse as the German and makes a rather more desirable quality of hay. Like the common, it produces a number of stems from a single seed. It is very popular in Ohio and east.

German millet is a later variety; a very rank grower, has large, nodding heads, frequently an inch in diameter; leaves broad, short and stiff; seeds small and yellow. This variety usually produces but one stem per seed. It is grown quite extensively upon the better lands of the south and has a place upon the richer lands of Ohio, but will not bear quite as late seeding as the smaller varieties.

The foxtail millets weigh 48 to 50 pounds per bushel.

Feeding Yard for Young Chicks



It Keeps the Old Hens from Troubling the Little Fellows During Feeding Time.

THE LAND OF GRAIN

—BY—
JAMES OLIVER CURWOOD

Author of "American Farmers Building a New Nation in the North"—"Canada—The Land of Greater Hope"—"The Invasion of Canada by American Farmers"—"A Thousand Miles on Horseback Across the Dominion Provinces," Etc., Etc.

Not so very many years ago the majority of people in the United States laughed at the prediction that the day was coming when Western Canada would far outstrip this country in the raising of grain—when, in other words, it would become the great bread-basket of the world. During the past three or four years the enormous production of grain in the Dominion West has thinned the ranks of those who doubted the destiny of Canada's vast grain growing regions; the crops of this year will dispel the doubts of the remaining few. From Winnipeg westward to the foothills of Alberta, over a country nearly a thousand miles in width, the grain production this year will be something to almost stagger the belief of those hundreds of thousands of American farmers whose average yield is not more than from ten to fifteen bushels of wheat to the acre, and who are finding that their product is also outclassed in quality by that of their northern neighbors.

The enormous grain crop of this year in the Canadian West may truthfully be said to be the production of "a few pioneers." Only a small percentage of the unnumbered millions of acres of grain land are under cultivation, notwithstanding the fact that tens of thousands of homesteads were taken up last year. And yet, when all the figures are in, it will be found that the settlers of the western prairies have raised this year more than 125,000,000 bushels of wheat, 100,000,000 bushels of oats and 25,000,000 bushels of barley. It has been a "fortune making year" for thousands of American farmers who two or three years ago owned hardly more than the clothes upon their backs, and whose bumper crops from their homesteads will yield them this season anywhere from \$1,500 to \$2,500 each, more money than many of them have seen at one time in all their lives.

Very recently I passed through the western provinces from Winnipeg to Calgary, and in the words of a fellow passenger, who was astonished by what he saw from the car windows in Manitoba, we were, metaphorically speaking, in a "land of milk and honey." The country was one great sweep of ripening grain. In fact, so enormous was the crop, that at the time there were grave doubts as to the possibility of GETTING ENOUGH BINDER TWINE TO SUPPLY THE DEMAND. A situation like this has never before been known in the agricultural history of any country.

Before I made my first trip through the Dominion west I doubted very much the stories that I had heard of this so-called "grain wonderland" across the border. I believed, as unnumbered thousands of others believed, that the stories were circulated mostly to induce immigration. I quickly found that I was wrong. As one Alberta farmer said to me a few weeks ago, "If the whole truth were told about this country I don't suppose you could find one American in ten who would believe it."

This year the prospects of the wheat crop of Saskatchewan, Manitoba and Alberta are an average of over TWENTY-FIVE BUSHELS TO THE ACRE, and that this grain is far superior to that raised in the states is proved by our own government statistics, which show that American millers are importing millions of bushels of B "Canadian hard" to mix with the home product in order that THIS HOME PRODUCT MAY BE RAISED TO THE REQUIRED STANDARD. It is a peculiar fact that while the Dominion Government is anxious for its western provinces to fill up with the very best of immigrants, there has been no blatant or sensational advertising of those lands.

For this reason it is probable that not one American farmer out of fifty knows that Canada wheat now holds the world's record of value—that, in other words, it is the best wheat on earth, and that more of it is grown to the acre than anywhere else in the world.

A brief study of climatic conditions, and those things which go to make a climate, will show that the farther one travels northward from the Montana border the milder the climate becomes—up to a certain point. In other words, the climate at Edmonton, Alberta, is far better than that of Denver, 1,500 miles south; and while thousands of cattle and sheep are dying because of the severity of the winters in Wyoming, Montana and other western states, the cattle, sheep and horses of Alberta GRAZE ON THE RANGES ALL WINTER WITH ABSOLUTELY NO SHELTER. This is all largely because sea-currents and air-currents have to do with the making of the climate of temperate regions. For instance, why is it that California possesses such a beautiful climate, with no winter at all, while the New England states on a parallel with it have practically six months of winter out of twelve?

It is because of that great sweep of warm water known as the "Japan current," and this same current not only affects the westernmost of the Dominion provinces, but added to its influence are what are known as the "chinook winds"—steady and undeviating air-currents which sweep over the great wheat regions of Western

Canada. There are good scientific reasons why these regions are capable of producing better crops than our own western and central states, but best of all are the proofs of it in actual results. This year, for instance, as high as one hundred bushels of oats to the acre will be gathered in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta, and some wheat will go AS HIGH AS FIFTY BUSHELS TO THE ACRE, though of course this is an unusual yield.

Last spring it was widely advertised in American papers that Alberta's winter wheat crop was a failure. In fact, this is Alberta's banner year in grain production, as it is Saskatchewan's and Manitoba's, and from figures already in it is estimated that Alberta's wheat will yield on an average of THIRTY-FIVE BUSHELS TO THE ACRE. In many parts of the province returns will show a yield of as high as FIFTY bushels to the acre and it is freely predicted by many that when the official figures are in a yield of at least forty-five instead of thirty-five bushels to the acre will be shown.

At the time of my last journey through the Canadian West, when my purpose was largely to secure statistical matter for book use, I solicited letters from American settlers in all parts of the three provinces, and most of these make most interesting reading. The letter was written by A. Kaltenbrunner, whose postoffice address is Regina, Saskatchewan.

"A few years ago," he says, "I took up a homestead for myself and also one for my son. The half section which we own is between Rouleau and Drinkwater, adjoining the Moosejaw creek, and is a low, level and heavy land. Last year we put in 100 acres of wheat which went 25 bushels to the acre. Every bushel of it was 'No. 1.' That means the best wheat that can be raised on earth—worth 90 cents a bushel at the nearest elevators. We also threshed 9,000 bushels of first class oats out of 160 acres. Eighty acres was fall plowing AND YIELDED NINETY BUSHELS TO THE ACRE. We got 53 cents a bushel clear. All our grain was cut in the last week of the month of August. We will make more money out of our crops this year than last. For myself, I feel compelled to say that Western Canada crops cannot be checked, even by unusual conditions."

An itemized account shows a single year's earnings of this settler and his son to be as follows:

2,500 bushels of wheat at 90 cents
a bushel.....\$2,250
9,000 bushels of oats at 53 cents
a bushel.....4,770

Total.....\$7,020

It will be seen by the above that this man's oat crop was worth twice as much as his wheat crop. While the provinces of western Canada will for all time to come be the world's greatest wheat growing regions, oats are running the former grain a close race for supremacy. The soil and climatic conditions in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta are particularly favorable to the production of oats, and this grain, like the wheat, runs a far greater crop to the acre than in even the best grain producing states of the union. Ninety bushels to the acre is not an unusual yield, whole homesteads frequently running this average. And this is not the only advantage Western Canada oats have over those of the United States, for in weight they run between forty and fifty pounds to the bushel, while No. 1 wheat goes to sixty-two pounds to the bushel. In fact, so heavy is Canadian grain of all kinds, and especially the wheat, that throughout the west one will see cars with great placards upon them, which read: "This car is not to be filled to capacity with Alberta wheat."

When I made my first trip through the Canadian West a few years ago I found thousands of settlers living in rude shacks, tent shelters and homes of logs and clay. Today one will find these old "homes" scattered from Manitoba to the Rockies, but they are no longer used by human tenants. Modern homes have taken their place—for it has come to be a common saying in these great grain regions that "The first year a settler is in the land he earns a living; the second he has money enough to build himself a modern home and barn; the third he is independent." And as extreme as this statement may seem to those hundreds of thousands of American farmers who strive for a meager existence, it is absolutely true. I am an American, as patriotic, I believe, as most of our people—but even at that I cannot but wish that these people, whose lives are such an endless and unhappy grind, might know of the new life that is awaiting them in this last great west—this "land of greater hope," where the farmer is king, and where the wealth all rests in his hands. As one American farmer said to me, "It is hard to pull up stakes and move a couple of thousand miles." And so it is—or at least it appears to be. But in a month it can be done. And the first year, when the new settler reaps a greater harvest than he has ever possessed before, he will rise with 200,000 others of his people in Western Canada and thank the government that has given him, free of cost, a new life, a new home, and new hopes—which has made of him, in fact, "a man among men, a possessor of wealth among his people."

Thoreau's Sensible Answer.

When the forest-haunting hermit Thoreau lay on his deathbed, a Calvinistic friend called to make inquiry regarding his soul. "Henry," he said, anxiously, "have you made your peace with God?" "John," replied the dying naturalist, in a whisper, "I didn't know that God and myself had quarreled!"



This woman says that sick women should not fail to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as she did.

Mrs. A. Gregory, of 2355 Lawrence St., Denver, Col., writes to Mrs. Pinkham:

"I was practically an invalid for six years, on account of female troubles. I underwent an operation by the doctor's advice, but in a few months I was worse than before. A friend advised Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it restored me to perfect health, such as I have not enjoyed in many years. Any woman suffering as I did with backache, bearing-down pains, and periodic pains, should not fail to use Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

FACTS FOR SICK WOMEN.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has positively cured thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness or nervous prostration. Why don't you try it?

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has given it to thousands. Write to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Dis-ease from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Heavily Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER.

They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature. **Small Food** REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.



KNOWN SINCE 1836 AS RELIABLE. (TRADE MARK)

PLANTEN'S BLACK C & C OR CAPSULES

SUPERIOR REMEDY FOR URINARY DISCHARGES ETC. DRUGGISTS OR BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF 50c.

H. PLANTEN & SON 93 HENRY ST. BROOKLYN, N.Y.

SEATTLE, WASHINGTON

Hotel Savoy

Concrete, steel and marble. In heart of city. 210 rooms, 135 baths. English Grill \$1.00 up.

Out They Go

To Eastern Colorado. We have the best and last crop of good, cheap prairie lands suitable for raising all kinds of crops in abundance. Write or call on us if you want a good farm or an investment that will make you some money.

HOWE-HEIDE INVESTMENT COMPANY 15 North 4th Street, Room 1023, 714 West Minneapolis, Minn. or Denver, Colorado

YOUNG MEN

Would you expect \$25 an hour? You can get an Honorable and Profitable Profession? We teach Men and Women to Fit Glasses. Send for Free Catalogue. Northern Illinois Optical College, 59 State St., Chicago.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Restores Faded and Greasy Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures itching Scalp, Dandruff, Itching, etc., and \$1.00 per Droggists.

We Have

a large list of fine Iowa farms from 10 to 1000 acres, ranging in price from \$40 to \$100 per acre. Write us kind of farm and location you want. We can furnish it. Corn Belt Land & Loan Company, Des Moines, Ia.

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RESPONSIBLE BUSINESS MAN wants partner. \$1000.00. Light business. Average big profit. Pays \$10 for every \$1 invested. Box, 150 State St., Boston, Mass.

PATENTS

Watson E. Colver, Inventor, D.C. Patent and Trademark Office, Washington, D.C.

Thompson's Eye

A. N. K.—A (1908—36)

KINGSTON NEWS

FRED P. SMITH, CORRESPONDENT

Harmon Colvin was very ill a few days this week.

A number of our teachers are attending the Institute this week.

Mrs. Frank Sparrow was shopping in Elgin Monday afternoon.

Miss Anna Anderson returned from her visit in Aurora Wednesday of last week.

Len Irish and Mark Eychaner painted the schoolhouse at Reed's Crossing this week.

Miss Ollie Phelps returned Monday from a stay with cousins at Garden Prairie.

Fred Larson returned last Saturday from his vacation spent in Stockbridge, Wisconsin.

Mrs. A. Lilly and children of Durand, spent last week with her sister, Mrs. O. W. Vickell.

Miss Nora McDonald of Elgin spent a few days last week with relatives in North Kingston.

Misses Maude and Ruth Benson returned last Saturday from a week's stay in Madison, Wis.

Miss Zada Whitney returned from Chicago last Wednesday where she had been to visit relatives.

Miss Betty Byer of Sycamore was a guest of her cousins, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Beckner last Saturday.

Mrs. Edith Brewer and children of Rockford spent a few days last week with her mother, Mrs. S. Scott.

Mrs. Sophia Cunningham of Pittsburg, Penn., came Friday of last week to see her mother, Mrs. R. S. Dunbar.

Miss Claire Catlin returned to Chicago last Saturday after a month's stay with her cousin, R. S. Pratt and family.

Mr. and Mrs. William Swinbank and Hope Piper, of Sycamore were guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. Witter last Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Stark are the parents of a daughter born last Saturday evening. Mother and child are doing nicely.

Miss May Taylor returned from Woodward, Okla., Wednesday of last week where she had spent the summer with her father.

We wish to correct the error that Ralph Quigley was a guest of his sister, Mrs. M. J. Fellows instead of Mrs. M. J. Witter, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Cronkhite, of Frederika, Iowa, were entertained at the home of their niece, Mrs. M. J. Witter, a few days last week.

Mrs. Jessie Gust and daughter of Waukegan and her cousin, Mrs. George Knapp of Belvidere, attended the picnic last week Thursday.

Mrs. C. G. Chellgreen and daughter, Leona, were accompanied home from Woodhull, Ill., by her mother, Mrs. S. T. Olson, Thursday.

Mrs. Jessie Trumbauer and son, Earl, of Wyanet, who had been guests of relatives for nearly two weeks, went to DeKalb last Saturday evening.

Miss Lucy Ruback, while enroute home from the summer spent in Montague, Mich., was a guest of Miss Isabel Catlin in Chicago last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Poust, of Sandwich, were entertained at the home of her brother, F. W. Stark, and other relatives in this vicinity last week.

Miss Ella Erdman returned to her home in Berlin, Wis., Wednesday accompanied by her sister, Mrs. Samuel Pelz, whom she has been visiting a few months.

Miss Mae Conklin came from her home in Galena last Saturday to attend the Teacher's Institute this week and to teach the primary room the coming year.

H. M. Stark, G. D. Wyllys and H. M. Bacon attended the funeral of a graduate, Wells Briggs, held in Sycamore Tuesday. Mr. Bacon

and the deceased were in the 95th Illinois.

C. G. Chellgreen rendered several cornet solos at the entertainment given in the Congregational church at Kirkland last Friday evening. Miss Hattie Tuttle was the accompanist.

Mrs. B. J. Moyers and sons, Gale and Raymond, left last Wednesday evening for Princeton, Ill., to see her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Clem Harrington. Her husband joined her Tuesday.

Mrs. Laura Patterson and three daughters, Maude, Belle and Marion of Rochelle, and Mrs. Emma Tazewell and daughters, Edna and Zada, of DeKalb, attended the picnic and spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Tazewell.

Mr. and Mrs. Henderson and son, Stiles, of Scio, New York, were entertained by the former's cousin, M. W. Cole and his daughter, Mrs. Allie Pond, a few days last week. Judge W. L. Pond of DeKalb spent Sunday here with his wife and daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Walton Blackledge, daughter, and brother-in-law, Mr. James, of Blue Rock, Ohio, came to Elgin last Thursday where they spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Wallace McDonald. On Monday they came to Herbert to visit the former's brothers, John and Emerald, and aunt, Mrs. Eva McDonald.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy Harrington and children of Malta spent last Wednesday evening and Thursday with her parents, Supervisor and Mrs. D. B. Arbuckle. Other guests at the Arbuckle home on Friday were Mrs. Jessie Straube and son, Alfred, of Downer's Grove, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Heckman and daughter, of Ravenswood and Dr. Irving Heckman of Hinckley.

Mary A. Tower

Mrs. Mary A. Tower, formerly Miss Daily, was born at Northmoorland, in Wyoming county, Pa., on June 6, 1831. She resided in that community until she was 15 years of age. At that time she migrated westward by the overland route to McHenry county, Ill. One year later she was united in marriage to Mr. David Tower of DeKalb county.

Three children were born to them all of whom survive.

Mr. Tower pursued farming as his life occupation. At one time they left the farm and moved to Sycamore for a brief period. The purpose for so doing was to give their children better opportunities for schooling.

After being companions and helpmates to one another for nearly sixty years, Mr. Tower passed away November 9, 1906.

Mrs. Tower united with the Disciples church in Mayfield some forty years ago and has adhered to their teachings ever since.

Her late illness was caused by a fall she sustained one evening while walking across her yard, and which resulted in a broken hip. Notwithstanding the fact that she had wonderful power of endurance, this, when complications set in, at her advanced age, was more than she could endure and she passed away about sunset, Sunday evening, Aug. 23, at the age of 77 years.

She leaves to mourn their loss three children: George W., David J. and Mrs. Harriet B. Lanan, all of whom are residents of May-

field. She also leaves two sisters, Mrs. Rhoda Jane Waters and Mrs. Elizabeth Wright, both of Vernon, Pa.

New Lebanon

School will commence Monday, Sept. 7.

L. S. Ellithorpe visited in Elgin Sunday.

Barney Stuter spent Sunday with his uncle, Louie Sester, in Pingree Grove.

John Awe visited with his daughter, Mrs. Albert Teable, in Chicago Monday.

Mrs. Wm. Bottcher spent a few days last week with her sister, Mrs. Will Gahl, near Marengo.

Will Schult and sister, Maggie, drove to Huntley Sunday where they visited their uncle, Fred Schult.

Chas. Carlson and daughter, Mary, of McLean county were

guests at the home of the former's sister, Mrs. John Peterson, last week.

F. Awe, Ed. Gustafson, Will and Henry Japp, Chas. Coon and Joe Koener went to South Dakota Tuesday where they intend to take up claims.

Serves 'em Right

Two Sandwich hunters who have violated the game laws were arrested by Deputy Warden Wilmer E. Orr and brought before the bar justice last week. John Best, who shot one robin and one Virginia rail bird, and was shooting without a license, was fined \$45 and costs, a total of \$59.30. John Chioles paid \$5 each for eight robins he had shot, a total of \$54.19. Justice Barlow heard the cases and assessed the fines.

CUT PRICES

on winter goods in the summer would not appeal to you, would they? We have made a few cut prices on some very reasonable goods, however, and the proposition is worthy your prompt attention. We want you to see our line of

Lawns, Dimities,
Fine Ginghams, Batiste
Cotton Suitings

Note how we have slashed the prices:

50c	quality, now selling at	29c
25c	" " " "	19c
20c	" " " "	15c
15c	" " " "	12c
15c	" " " "	10c
18c	" " " "	13c

There are many other bargains in the store besides these. There is a reason for letting these goods go at these prices. We would rather have the cost price than carry the goods thru the winter.

See our line of

Coats and Skirts
JOHN LEMBKE

ORDER COAL

NOW

It is always wise and safe to order the winter's supply of coal during the summer and have it in the bin before the first touch of fall weather. The price is as low now as it will be. In fact in past years the price has always steadily advanced with the season. Then, with your bin full of coal, a miner's strike or any cause of delay would cause you no worry. Let us talk over the matter with you now. We would like to take the fresh, new coal direct from the cars as it arrives and place it in your cellar or bin.

WE HANDLE THE BEST

There is a difference in coal, don't forget that. But we make it a point to secure the best that the market produces.

THE BEST THRESHING COAL HERE JACKMAN & SON



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UNDENOMINATIONAL BY CHARTER, CHRISTIAN, CO-EDUCATIONAL
THE ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT offers instruction in Mathematics, Science, History, English, German, Latin, Greek, Elocution, Physical Culture and Mechanical Drawing.

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Principal and Dean, ELGIN, ILL.

STEAM AND HOT WATER HEATING



During the present season I will make a specialty of steam and hot water heating, being situated to do the best of work, with years of experience and the necessary labor saving equipment to work with. I have gone through the long list of boilers on the market to find one that in my estimation would prove the best under all conditions. The result is that I have decided to recommend and install where possible the

"IMPERIAL" ROUND BOILERS

These boilers are designed for small heating plants as in residences or any ordinary two or three story building. In designing the boiler the makers have several objects in view, viz: To furnish a boiler that would be simple in construction; easy to install, thus saving in labor; economical in the consumption of fuel, strong and durable. The boiler above the base is cast in one piece, insuring durability, as there are no joints of any description to rust out or leak.

TALK TO US NOW. ESTIMATES FURNISHED FREE

EXPERT PLUMBING AND GAS FITTING
REBUILT GAS AND STEAM ENGINES

T. J. HOOVER, GENOA, ILLINOIS

SHIRT AND CAP — SALE — SATURDAY, SEPT. 5

We're proud of our line of Shirts. It's the finest lot ever displayed in this section. All the very latest patterns on the market, direct from the best known factories in the world. We have them at prices to suit all, from 50c to \$2.00. They are all great values, but we especially call your attention to the large lot at

50c and \$1.00

Our cap line for fall is complete, in fact the biggest lot ever shown in Genoa, for men and boys. All styles for fall and winter from 25c to \$1.50. For Saturday we are going to offer a great value in caps at only

50 cents

ADLER & SON'S CLOTHING
M. D. WELLS SHOES

OUR MOTTO: WE TRY TO PLEASE

Pickett THE Clothier