

THE GENOA ISSUE.

VOLUME X.

GENOA, ILLINOIS, JUNE 28, 1894.

NUMBER 36.

RESTS WITH THE PEOPLE.

Whether or No Genoa is to Have a System of Water Works.

At a special meeting of the village board of trustees held Tuesday evening, the petition for a system of water works was accepted and a special election ordered held Saturday, July 7th. We feel assured that property owners of Genoa are all heartily in favor of this question. That we should have a proper protection against fire, we cannot believe that there is one single man or woman in Genoa who can conscientiously oppose the passage of this important question. No one who has the slightest interest in the welfare of the village will oppose it.

It is not the matter of the dollars and cents that are put into it, but the dollars and cents that will be saved by it through its protection against fire. We believe that the best proposition so far made was that offered in the petition to the council, the building of mains and hydrants that will be a permanency and the erection of a stand pipe or water tank that will hold sufficient water for all temporary purposes.

We have talked with a number of citizens who would be glad to have the chance to get water into their houses, paying a reasonable price for the same. This is a matter that should not be neglected for should this be done it would make the water works self sustaining. There is not a village or city, where water works are in force, that they are not self sustaining, some paying a good profit on the investment.

There is no reason in the world why Genoa should not have a good system of water works. Our citizens are not dead, but active, energetic workers for the town's good. Do not remain inactive in this election but get out and stir yourself and your neighbors and let's roll up a unanimous approval for good improvements.

A. C. Church Notes.

The next meeting of the L. T. L. will be at the A. C. church, Saturday, June 30th, at 2 o'clock p. m.

A new Superintendent has been chosen who will be glad to see all children who are members and as many of their friends as they can persuade to come.

The regular meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be at the same place immediately following the L. T. L. hour, beginning at the usual time, three o'clock. The last meeting was one of importance with a good attendance. The President desires to meet every member as soon as possible and urges that as many as can be present Saturday next.

Eld. and Mrs. Geo. J. French went to Elgin Tuesday to assist in the tent meetings. The meetings start out well and good results are hoped for.

Mrs. Mandifield of Chicago preached there last Sunday. Eld. E. W. Shepard of Aurora is expected to give his lectures on the chart at the tent meeting in Elgin next week.

Covenant meeting at the A. C. church Saturday evening at 7:45. Regular services on Sunday, and communion services follow preaching services in the evening.

Geo. J. French.

M. E. Church Notes.

There is to be an ice cream social by the Rev. W. F. M. S. at Mr. Campbell's next Saturday night.

Watch for the announcements of Ralph and Ruth Bingham in the interest of the new church.

Notwithstanding the extreme heat, and "tired" condition of people generally, Rev. Howard was greeted with a good audience Sunday night for the first address on Methodism. The second one will be given next Sunday night. A Fourth of July sermon will be presented in the morning.

There is talk of laying a five-foot cement walk in front of the new church. If the other property owners along the street south of John Patterson's will put it down in front of their lots, there is no doubt but what the church will follow their example.

Notice.

All those indebted to me are requested to call and settle with me at once as I am closing out my business.

Joe. Corson.

COUNCIL MEETING.

GENOA, ILL., June 25, 1894.

An adjourned regular meeting of the board of trustees was held at K. Jackman's office, President Stott in the chair, and trustees Abraham, Wylde, Burton and Riddle present. Minutes of last meeting were read and approved.

The following bills were read and referred to finance committee:

O. Buckie, labor.....\$7 65
H. J. Wells, oil and matches..... 5 35
Jas. Smith, labor..... 4 20
John Fair, 1,620 feet walk.....251 10

Motion by Riddle, seconded by Wylde, bills were ordered paid; yeas, 4, naes 0.

Motion by Wylde seconded by Riddle that petition No 1 be granted and sidewalk ordered laid, yeas, Wylde, Burton and Riddle, Naes, Abraham.

The following ordinance was read and on motion by Burton seconded by Wylde was adopted as read and ordered published:

An ordinance in relation to building new sidewalks. Be it ordained by the President and Board of Trustees of the village of Genoa, Ill.

SEC. 1. That a new sidewalk be constructed and the same is hereby ordered to be constructed in the said Village of Genoa, Ill., as follows: to wit: Commencing on the north side of Main street, on the west side of Lot eleven (11), Block two (2), of J. E. Stott's addition to the said village of Genoa, Ill., thence extending easterly on the north side of said Main St. to the east side of lot fourteen 14, Block nine 9, of citizens addition to Genoa, Ill., in front of lot eleven 11 and 10 of Block two 2, of Stott addition to the Village of Genoa, Ill., owned by J. E. Stott, 154 feet; alley 16 feet, Lot thirteen 13, Block ten 10 of Citizens' Addition to the village of Genoa, Ill., owned by B. Goldman, 72 feet, lot twelve 12, Block ten 10, owned by Wm. Guckow, 8 1/4 feet, across Brown St. 66 feet, Lot seventeen 17, Block nine 9 owned by A. U. Schneider, 72 feet, Lot sixteen 16, Block nine 9, owned by Alfred Buck 8-8; Alley sixteen 16 ft., Lot fifteen 15, Block nine 9, owned by P. N. Corson, 72 ft., Lot fourteen 14, Block nine 9, owned by B. Goldman 8-8 thence extending north on the west side of Hadsall street on the east side of Lot fourteen 14, Block nine 9, owned by B. Goldman 112-6 ft. Alley sixteen 16 ft. Lots thirteen 13, and twelve, 12 of Block 9, owned by J. E. Stott, 100 ft; Lot eleven 11, Block nine 9, owned by Wm. White, 50 ft; Lot ten 10, Block nine 9, owned by Lizzie Brown, 50 ft; Lot nine 9, block 9, owned by Andrew Olmstead, 50 ft; Lot eight 8, Block nine 9, owned by Grace Shelby, 50 ft; intersecting with tile walk laid to south line of lot seven 7, Block nine 9, of the said Citizens' Addition to the Village of Genoa, Ill.

SEC. 2. All of said sidewalk shall be four 4 feet wide constructed of artificial stone or cement as now being built in the village of Genoa, Ill., by John Fair, and raised to grade with gravel as fixed by Committee on Streets and Walks, said walk to be assessed with or against the property adjacent.

John Hadsall furnished estimates of the costs of erecting a tank for water system.

On motion of Riddle seconded by Wylde, the judges and clerk of election were allowed their fees.

On motion by Abraham, seconded by Burton, a special election was called to vote on the question of waterworks.

K. Jackman was appointed judge and G. H. Ide, clerk for the special election.

On motion, the board adjourned to meet July 13, 1894.

A. U. SCHNEIDER, Clerk.

Genoa a Close Second.

In the Sycamore-Courtland race Tuesday Bert Swanson of Genoa was a very close second, coming but four seconds behind the leader, a young man who has won several medals and been a racer for a number of years, while this is Bert's first year as a wheeler and the second event in which he has entered. The race was for the championship of DeKalb county and a \$25 gold medal, and was won by P. Nelson, of DeKalb in 28 minutes, 34 1/2 seconds, Swanson making the 9 2-5 miles in 29:39. Had Swanson given himself the training that Nelson had received he would have proven himself an easy winner. Swanson's prize was a nickle plated lantern.

Nelson will have to do some very hard work to retain the championship of the county for Genoa wants it and is after it with both feet.

That Experience Meeting

The experience meeting of the Ladies' Society held at Mrs. S. Stiles was a success financially, and \$58 came rolling in of which two were given by gentlemen. The ladies wish to thank all and especially those who are not so particularly interested. Now bachelors and gentlemen if you have any buggies to wash, potatoes to sprout, sand and rubbish to be removed from door yards, washing, mending, good victuals, such as cakes, bread, good butter, Dutch cheese, ice cream, book keeping, just call on the Genoa ladies to assist you as they are in need of more dollars.

THE ANNANIAS CLUB.

A DeKalb City Organization Meets at Fox Lake.

Friday last a sedate looking party of three left the barbed wire city on an afternoon passenger train enroute for Fox Lake where the first annual meeting of their organization was to take place, and where officers were to be duly installed and new members initiated. The party consisted of Mayor Ed. Lott, City Attorney W. L. Pond, and Alderman Billy Carter. Ye editor by reason of hard work during the week then just passed, being incapacitated for any labor of a mental quality, was by order of his physician on his way to sylvan retreats and flowery dells, and also the home of the elusive fish, when he encountered the aforesaid Annanias.

At McHenry the party was further augmented by the addition of Hon. Jas. Lott that prince of wits and graceful manipulator of jack kettles and erst President of the First National bank of DeKalb.

The party during the two hours wait at the ancient town at the head of the River Fox, put in their time in the profitable study of the industry of the monster beast of the African jungle and the study of the product of the paper mill and printing press industry.

On the way up the river on the handsome and commodious steamer which had been chartered for the accommodation of the company, the steamer being in charge of the junior member and the stewardship being in the hands of the aforementioned P. of W. and G. M. of J. K's., who with great solicitude catered to the wants of his dependent guests. The party studied the country through which they were navigating, particular attention being given to the product of the agricultural districts. As the boat rounded the point going into the lake and the dock of the Howard House was seen in the distance, the party on board were exceedingly gratified to note that a large concourse of people swarmed the dock to extend a hearty reception to their visiting association. As the steamer crept nearer and nearer to the dock the forms of the people seemed to be becoming fewer and fewer until they seemed to fade into one substantial form which upon close inspection proved to be the happy and smiling countenance of Hiram Ellwood, who had preceded the association to make the necessary arrangements for their comfort.

The boat was then turned over to the proper owners and the association proceeded to their headquarters, where they were welcomed by the genial host, Ed. C. Howard and his charming wife, who tendered the freedom of their place to them; which offer was quickly accepted. After a hearty supper the association was called together and the election of officers took place and resulted as follows:

All Fired, Great, and Illustrious Holder of —, E. C. Lott; Venerable Oracle of S. S., Hiram Ellwood; Most High and Mighty Gibbet, Jas. Lott; Worthy Apostle and Genus of B. H., W. C. Pond; Honorable Custodian of Ancient Bucklery, the Scribe; Immortal High and Mighty Egger, Wm. Carter.

The association immediately proceeded to the business before them, quickly transacting same, after which the party retired to their usual resting places, with the exception of the venerable oracle, who performed his usual feat of smoking while locked in the arms of Morpheus, a feat which has so seldom been successfully carried out by competitors, but for which he has a national reputation.

The second day's session was opened with short services, after which the association accepted the freedom of the lake. The third day being Sunday, but little was done. Typical Fox Lake services were held morning and evening, the latter services being of unusual interest and with gratifying results, the last named official reaping the greatest substantial benefits.

Early Monday morning carriages were furnished the guests affording them a pleasure drive around the verdant country, joyously drinking—in the perfume-laden air, finally winding up at McHenry where the train was taken for home.

[NOTE—The Annanias Club was organized for a worthy purpose, which we have not the space nor time to mention at this writing, but, at the next meeting of the association their good work will be brought to light.]

This Means You!

I wish to impress upon your mind the fact that you can always find a complete stock of GROCERIES & PROVISIONS at my store. In canned goods I can save you money and at the same time give you a superior quality of goods. I sell the famous Chase & Sanborn teas and coffees, the best on earth. In dried fruits I can give you good bargains. Come and see me. Yours for trade,

F. E. WELLS,

A Bona Fide Closing Out Sale

A GOING OUT OF BUSINESS SALE.

It's Your Chance Now

AT PRICES NEVER SO LOW MY ENTIRE STOCK OF

Light & Heavy Single & Double Harness.

Lap Robes and Dusters. Fly Nets and Whips, Blankets, Halters, Whips, and

HORSE GOODS GENER'LY

Having sold my store building I have moved my stock into the Mordoff building where it will be sold at prices way below anything you ever heard of. Its your chance now. Don't neglect it.

JOE. CORSON.

A New Bargain Centre!

P. F. WILBORN'S, Sycamore.

Genuinely Interesting Bargains

Will be offered you each week in this paper.

For this week we offer for your selection

1000 Curtain Ends, Choice for 25c

Anything So It's Comfortable.

That's what the average man asks for

AND Solid Comfort

Is just what you'll find in one of those

Light-Weight Wool Coats

The Very Latest.

They are New, Neat and Nobby.

See Them at

F. O. HOLTGREN'S,

The Genoa Issue.

G. E. SISLEY & CO., Publishers.

GENOA, ILLINOIS.

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Regular Session.

NUMEROUS changes were made in the free list of the tariff bill by the senate on the 19th. Iron ore, meats, lard and quicksilver being among the articles on which a duty was placed. In the house the bill to pension widows whose names were taken from the rolls because they had remarried and whose second husbands have died or been divorced was favorably reported. The anti-option bill was further discussed.

On the 20th the tariff bill was further discussed in the senate and it was voted to put logs and lumber, including dressed lumber, on the free list. In the house Mr. Cramer (Tex.) introduced a bill to place on the free list all products controlled by trusts. The anti-option bill was further considered.

In the senate the income tax feature of the tariff bill was discussed on the 21st. Senator Hill (N. Y.) speaking against the measure in vigorous terms. In the house several bills and resolutions were passed and the anti-option bill was further considered.

On the 22d bills were passed in the senate to incorporate the supreme lodge of the Knights of Pythias and making the first Monday in September of each year (Labor day) a legal holiday. The tariff bill was discussed. In the house the anti-option bill was passed by a vote of 149 to 87 and the general deficiency appropriation bill was taken up.

SEVERAL amendments to the tariff bill offered in the senate on the 23d by Senator Hill looking to a reduction of the limit of taxable incomes were voted down. Senator Allison introduced an amendment to increase the tax on retail liquor dealers from \$25 to \$50 and on wholesale dealers from \$150 to \$200, but no action was taken. In the house the deficiency appropriation bill was further discussed.

DOMESTIC.

FIFTY men were imprisoned in a burning mine at Lewisburg, Ala., and four of them were suffocated.

The gold reserve in the treasury at Washington was down to \$64,703,047, the lowest in its history.

ARRESTED for an old murder, Rev. B. B. Swartzbar, Livingston's African interpreter, cut his throat in a Cincinnati prison.

ERASTUS WIMAN, convicted of forgery in New York, was sentenced to a term of five years and six months in Sing Sing.

FOURTEEN houses were struck by lightning during a storm at Brazil, Ind., and several persons were badly injured.

The Eckington hotel in the suburbs of Washington, the temporary home of many congressmen, was totally destroyed by fire, the loss being \$100,000.

A BAND of white caps, composed of the leading farmers of Mason county, W. Va., captured Archie, Bert and Wilbur Haines, three colored desperadoes who had been terrorizing that vicinity, and strung them up to a tree.

CLARA NEWTON and Maude Madison, each aged 17 and of prominent families, were drowned in the river at Anoka, Minn., while bathing.

DUDLEY FOSTER, aged 17 years, who had the reputation of being the smallest man in the world, being 30 inches tall and weighing twenty pounds, died at Bridgetown, N. S.

EIGHT men were indicted at Brazil, Ind., for the murder of Engineer Barr during the miners' strike.

E. C. KNAPPE, bookkeeper of the Chicopee national bank at Springfield, Mass., confessed to embezzling \$25,000.

Mrs. JOHN NELSON and Mrs. William Paasta took their own lives at Plymouth, Wis. No cause was known.

The Black Hills national bank of Rapid City, S. D., closed its doors.

The twenty-fifth annual reunion of the Army of the Potomac was held at Concord, N. H., and Gen. A. S. Webb, of New York, was elected president.

A CYCLONE swept over the country a mile west of Booneville, Mo., unroofing houses, blowing down trees and fences and causing great damage to crops.

COLGATE university celebrated its seventy-fifth annual commencement at Utica, N. Y.

DR. GUSTAVUS DROLBHAGEN and his wife were murdered by an assassin who entered their home at Lawtry, Fla., while they were sleeping and crushed their skulls with an ax.

EXTENSIVE floods were raging in New Mexico and western Texas, doing immense damage.

WILLIAM WHALEY (colored) was hanged in the penitentiary at Columbus, O., for the murder of Allan Wilson in Greene county.

VIOLENT storms swept over Iowa, Minnesota and portions of Illinois, Wisconsin and Indiana, doing much damage. Six persons were killed by lightning.

THOMAS KANE, the rejected lover of Mamie Quigley, of Philadelphia, killed her and then committed suicide.

THE wife and three children of Benito Garcia were drowned near Brownsville, Tex., by the upsetting of a boat.

THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 22d aggregated \$847,973,101, against \$852,863,697, the previous week. The decrease, compared with the corresponding week in 1898, was 18 1/2.

ONE of Armour & Co.'s warehouses at the stock yards in Chicago was burned, the loss being \$100,000.

THERE were 214 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 22d, against 232 the week previous and 278 in the corresponding time in 1898.

HARRY and Frank Rice, 10-year-old twins, were drowned in Hoover's lake near Lima, O.

HENRY CAPUS, a negro who attempted to assault three young ladies at Magnolia, Ark., was swung to a limb by a mob and his body riddled with bullets.

THE supreme court at Columbus, O., declared the cigarette tax law constitutional.

TILLIE and Fanny Levy, aged 16 and 14 years respectively, were given tickets from Chicago to New York, three dollars in money and started to Russia by their father.

DUN's review of trade says merchants are disappointed that the end of the strikes has not brought better business.

WILLIAM DUNBAR, aged 16, was drowned at McCausland, Ia., and William Triton, while trying to save him, also lost his life.

UNION stockyards officials at Sioux City, are accused of stealing \$900,000 by the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Trust company.

DURING the past fiscal year the value of bullion coined at Denver was \$3,240,000, of which \$3,220,000 was gold, the remainder being silver. This is a gain over the fiscal year of 1898 of \$1,830,000.

THE Commercial Travelers' Protective association in session at Milwaukee elected John A. Lee, of St. Louis, as president.

PULLMAN cars will be boycotted by the American Railway union, beginning June 26, unless a compromise is effected in the Chicago strike.

Mrs. LIZZIE HALLIDAY, convicted of the murder of Mrs. McQuillan in Monticello, N. Y., was sentenced to death by electricity early in August.

REV. CHARLES WARNEKESSE, of Shamokin, Pa., committed suicide, and at the same hour his nephew was killed by a train of cars.

GRADUATES of the Nebraska state blind institute refuse to leave the asylum, claiming they are entitled to maintenance.

GREAT damage was done by an overflow of the Arkansas river, and Wichita, Kan., was almost under water.

THE percentages of the baseball clubs in the national league for the week ended on the 23d were: Baltimore, .739; Boston, .654; Pittsburgh, .608; Brooklyn, .604; Philadelphia, .596; Cleveland, .587; New York, .540; St. Louis, .442; Cincinnati, .388; Chicago, .320; Washington, .314; Louisville, .240.

FREDERICK BAHN, of New Brunswick, N. J., killed his wife and then himself. He is believed to have been insane.

FOUR little boys were drowned while bathing in the Delaware river at Camden, N. J.

REY EL SANTA ANITA, owned by "Lucky" Baldwin, of San Francisco, won the eleventh American Derby at Washington park in Chicago in 2:30 in the presence of 40,000 people, with Senator Grady second, Despot third and Domino ninth.

OFF Bay Ridge, N. Y., a yacht capsized and five persons lost their lives. A 2-year-old girl was the only survivor.

AT Frog's Crossing, Ky., J. P. Maddox and Mrs. Lewis Maddox and her two children were killed by a railroad train.

AN electric launch was caught in a squall on Lake St. Clair, near Detroit, and capsized, and three persons were drowned.

ADJT. GEN. TARSNEY, of Colorado, was kidnapped from his hotel by masked men and given a coat of tar and feathers. The governor offered \$1,000 reward for arrest and conviction of the participants.

IN a storm at Brazil, Ind., the tower of the city hall was blown down, the bell completely wrecking the building.

Mrs. JOHN FREEZE, living near Joliet, Ill., gave birth to quadruplets—two girls and two boys.

THREATENED with starvation, the Coxeyites determined to break camp at Washington and after marching to New York to give Wall street an object lesson the army will return to Massillon, O.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

THE following congressional nominations were made: California, Second district, G. L. Johnson (rep.); Third, S. G. Hilborn (rep.); Sixth, James McLuckin (rep.); Texas, Seventh district, Isaac N. Barber (pop.); Thirteenth, D. B. Gilliland (pop.); Indiana, Thirteenth district, J. W. Forrest (pop.); Ohio, Eleventh district, L. J. Fenton (rep.); renominated; Nineteenth, S. A. Northway (rep.); renominated. Iowa, Eleventh district, George D. Perkins (rep.); renominated.

BISHOP W. PERKINS died suddenly in Washington, aged 53 years. Mr. Perkins was a member of the Forty-eighth, Forty-ninth, Fiftieth and Fifty-first congresses, and on January 1, 1892, was appointed United States senator to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Preston B. Plumb.

IN convention at Montpelier the Vermont republicans nominated G. A. Woodbury for governor.

MORRIS M. ESTEE, of Napa, was nominated for governor by the republicans in convention at Sacramento, Cal. The platform indorses the McKinley tariff, denounces the repeal of the federal election law and the administration's Hawaiian policy, condemns the Wilson bill as a sectional measure and a corrupt surrender to trusts, and favors the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1.

CYRUS P. LELAND, auditor of the Lake Shore railroad and associated with the line for thirty-four years, died at his home in Cleveland.

CONGRESSIONAL nominations were made as follows: Illinois, Twentieth district, J. R. Williams (dem.) renominated; Twentieth, Orlando Burrell (rep.); Indiana, Eleventh district, A. M. Benson (pop.); Twelfth, J. E. Graham (pro.); Ohio, Fourteenth district, W. S. Kerr (rep.); Fifteenth, H. C. Van Voorhis (rep.) renominated. Iowa, Seventh district, J. H. Barcroft (industrial.)

JOHN F. DEZENDOFF, ex-member of congress from Norfolk, Va., died at his home there, aged 60 years.

IN convention at Waco the Texas populists nominated a state ticket with Judge Nugent for governor.

ALFRED P. BURBANK, the lecturer and reciter, died at his home in New York of consumption, aged 45 years.

GEORGE P. A. HEALY, one of the greatest portrait painters of the century, died at his home in Chicago, aged 81 years.

GEN. WILLIAM F. WHEELER, who located the first line of telegraph in Minnesota and was a pioneer railroad builder, died in Helena, Mont.

J. FRANK ALDRICH was renominated for congress by the republicans of the First Illinois district.

ROBERT TUCKER, the oldest negro in Indian territory, died at the age of 113 years.

COL. S. H. BOYD, ex-minister to Siam and ex-congressman, died at a fishing resort near Springfield, Mo., where he had gone for his health.

FOREIGN.

THE damage by floods in Hungary amounts to 60,000,000 florins. Many of the largest estates in the kingdom were devastated and thousands of houses destroyed.

FIRE in London destroyed a number of factories and other buildings, the total loss being \$1,000,000.

ARTHUR ZIMMERMAN, the American rider, won the international bicycle race at Florence, Italy. Harry Wheeler, the other American rider, was second.

EARTHQUAKES in Japan killed many natives at Yokohama and Tokio and destroyed much property.

IN a battle between Spanish troops and Mussulmans on one of the Philippine islands 100 of the latter were killed.

By an explosion in a colliery near Port-y-Pridd, Wales, 250 miners lost their lives.

A SON was born to the duchess of York, wife of Prince George of Wales, the heir presumptive to the British throne.

MARIETTA ALBANI, the greatest contralto singer of the century, died in Paris. She was the wife of Count Pepolo.

M. SADI-CARNOT, president of France, was stabbed by Cesare Giovanni Santo, a young Italian anarchist, while in his carriage on the way to a Lyons theater and died soon after. The president was visiting Lyons in connection with the international exhibition. The assassin would give no reason for the deed.

LATER.

THE death of President Carnot was the sole theme in the United States senate on the 25th, and after adopting resolutions of sympathy an adjournment was taken. In the house resolutions sympathizing with the people of France in their national bereavement were passed, and then the house adjourned.

THE Hyatt school slate factory at Bangor, Pa., was destroyed by fire, the loss being \$100,000.

Mrs. CARRIE REID was shot and killed in the office where she was employed in Chicago by an unknown man, who then killed himself.

FURTHER advices say that forty-two lives were lost by the sinking of the tug Nicoll near New York.

GENERAL managers of the twenty-two Chicago terminal lines resolved to unitedly oppose the boycott on Pullman cars.

FRANK BONGEUR, of Aurora, Ill., shot and killed his wife, whom he mistook for a burglar. She had arisen to close a window.

A CYCLONE struck the town of Keighly, Kan., nearly wiping it out of existence and killing several persons.

WHILE suffering from the effects of indulgence in liquor Joseph Mesternan fatally stabbed his wife in Chicago and inflicted a mortal wound on himself.

PATH, MALLET & Co., warehousemen in New York, failed for \$200,000.

WILLIAM ARTHUR PARSON, aged 20, Frank B. Skeeles, aged 19, and Walter Bulwer, aged 12, were drowned at Toronto.

THOMAS A. EDISON, the great inventor, was thrown to the floor by the giving way of a chair at Ogden, N. J., and it was feared that he sustained serious internal injury.

IN the French senate and chamber of deputies announcement of the murder of President Carnot was made by the presiding officers. Italian shops in Lyons were sacked by the enraged citizens.

THE populists met in state convention at Deer Lodge, Mont., and nominated George W. Reeves for justice of the supreme court.

WILLIAM STACY, of Iowa Falls, Ia., was hanged by a mob in Texas for land swindling.

CONGRESSIONAL nominations were made as follows: Illinois, Fourteenth district, George O. Barnes (dem.); Maine, Third district, S. W. Gould (dem.); Third, C. G. Sheldon (pop.); Pennsylvania, Thirteenth district, P. B. Strubinger (dem.).

THE COAL MINERS.

A Great Strike Virtually Comes to an End at Last.

Many Districts Agree to the Columbus Compromise, But Many Also Hold Out—Northern Illinois Won't Resume—Indiana Falls Into Line.

REJECT THE SCALE.

STREATOR, Ill., June 25.—The convention representing the miners of northern Illinois has adjourned after a heated meeting. It determined to repudiate the action of the Columbus convention and to stand for last year's prices. The members invited the operators to meet them, which they declined to do, stating that they had already met the miners' representatives at Columbus, and were ready to carry out the agreement made there, and invited the miners to do the same. On receipt of this declination the miners declared for a continuation of the strike. The miners of northern Illinois have isolated themselves by this action, and taken an independent stand. The trouble, it is thought, will now take on a more acute form in this section.

Returning to Work.

St. Louis, June 25.—A large number of mines in southern Illinois have resumed work. Among them are the Carterville Coal company's mine, Brush mine, St. Louis and Big Muddy, two at Breeze, one at Trenton, the Joseph Taylor at Trenton, the Joseph Taylor at O'Fallon, Oak Hill, Oakland, Avers & Randall's Belleville, Tilden, Walnut Valley, Banderburg of Glendale Coal company, Mission Fields and Peoria, of Consolidated Coal company, and F. J. Langmeyer's, in the Breeze district. Active preparations for resumption are being made everywhere. The Consolidated company expect to reopen in several mines at once. General Manager Simpson states that the Staunton men had never been on a strike and were always willing to work. Ten or more coal mines in the vicinity of Belleville have resumed operations. The Maule mine, the largest in the vicinity, resumed with about seventy-five men. Both the Crown Coal company's mines on the Air Line started up with all their old miners, numbering nearly 100. The other mines in operation are the Kloess & Oak Hill on the Air Line, the Humboldt & Brandenberger on the L. & U., and the Nicol & Avery on the Cairo Short Line.

An Appeal to Miners.

COLUMBUS, O., June 25.—The executive board of the Ohio division of the United Mine Workers has prepared a circular appealing to the miners to return to work. A committee representing 2,500 miners met the Hooking and Sunday Creek valley operators to arrange the scale for machine mining on the 60 cent rate for pick mining. An agreement was finally reached to pay three-fifths of the price of pick mining for machine work.

Indiana Miners Yield.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., June 25.—By a vote of 28 to 14 the delegates to the state convention of miners on Friday reconsidered the action of last Saturday and accepted the Columbus scale, but with a strongly worded protest. The resignation was demanded of all the officers of the United Mine Workers who signed the agreement. The vote on this proposition was 32 to 26. The block coal delegates did not vote on the proposition to accept the scale because the block miners at a mass meeting Wednesday had already done so. Work is to be resumed next Monday.

Will Continue to Strike.

SCOTTSDALE, Pa., June 25.—The miners convention decided on the continuation of the strike, and resolutions to that effect were passed. A resolution was also passed advocating the withdrawal of the strikers from the region in a body if their demands are not granted.

Joyful Surprise for Miners.

HOUTZDALE, Pa., June 25.—Notices have been posted by the United Collieries company notifying the men that the collieries would start Monday at the old rate of fifty cents per gross ton. The notices created great excitement throughout the region, as the companies seemed determined not to pay more than forty cents per gross ton. The men will start to work Monday.

REVIEW OF TRADE.

The Past Week Rich in Promise but Poor in Performance.

NEW YORK, June 23.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: "The week has been rich in promise but poor in performance. It was confidently promised that exports of gold would cease, but they have not. It was promised that the end of the coal strike would bring immediate recovery of industries, but partial resumption of work disclosed comparative scantiness of demand for products. Operations in wheat advanced the price 1/2 cents. Corn advanced, but again receded, with small exports and fairly large receipts. Cotton declined a sixteenth, but recovered. There is much disappointment that the partial termination of the coal strike does not promptly enlarge the demand for iron and steel products, which is evidently too narrow as yet to support such increase of production."

House Votes for Anti-Option.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—On Friday the lower house of congress went into committee of the whole. The bill was read for amendments. The amendment exempting thirty-day options from the provisions of the bill was narrowly lost on a tie vote. The committee of the whole having risen. Mr. Hatch's bill was passed—149 to 87.

Are You Going to Travel?
If so, and in whatever direction, or by whatever route, have a sufficiency of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters with you. Then you may bid defiance to sea sickness, brave the influences of a malarious climate or abrupt transitions of temperature, avoid dyspepsia, and the stomachic jaundis gotten of bad food and water, and counteracts an unexpectedly developed tendency to constipation, biliousness and rheumatism.
A Love that does nothing is no love at all.—Rams Horn.

Hall's Catarrh Cure
Is taken internally Price 75c.



Chronic Indigestion
Kept me in very poor health for five years. I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and my digestion was helped by the first three

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Cures
doses. I have now taken over four bottles and I firmly believe it has cured me, and also saved my life. Mrs. R. E. PRINCE, Bushville, N. Y. Get HOOD'S.
Hood's Pills are purely vegetable.

BIG FOUR
ROUTE
BEST LINE TO
CINCINNATI,
INDIANAPOLIS
AND ALL
SOUTHERN POINTS.
ARRANGE YOUR TRIP VIA
BIG FOUR ROUTE.

E. O. McCORMICK, D. B. MARTIN,
Passenger Traffic General Passenger and
Manager, Ticket Agent,
CINCINNATI, O.

TAKE A REST
GO EAST
GO VIA THE LAKE SHORE ROUTE
AMERICA'S BEST RAILWAY.

VISIT SOME OF THE DELIGHTFUL MOUNTAIN, LAKE or SEA SHORE RESORTS OF THE EAST, A FULL LIST OF WHICH WITH ROUTES AND RATES WILL BE FURNISHED ON APPLICATION.
SEND 10c. IN STAMPS or silver for Beautiful Litho-Water Color View of the FAMOUS EXPOSITION FLYER, the fastest long distance train ever run.

C. K. WILBER, West. P. A.,
CHICAGO.

On the face and back of every card of genuine De Long PAT. HOOKS AND EYES will be found the words:
See that
hump?
Richardson & De Long Bros., Philadelphia.

RUMELY
TRACTION AND PORTABLE
ENGINES.
Threshers and Horse Powers.
Write for Illustrated Catalogue, mailed Free.
M. RUMELY CO., LA PORTE, IND.
NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

\$85.00
Waverley
28 In. Scorchers, 28 lbs. Fitted with G. & J. Clincher pneumatic tires. Warranted equal to any bicycle built, regardless of price. Catalogue free. Agents wanted in every town. Indiana Bicycle Co., No. 10 Z St., Indianapolis, Ind.

WATKINS REDUCED
25 to 50%
in 10 to 15 days
without treatment by
using Dr. J. C. McVicker's
Throat Cure. Send for
O. W. F. McVICKER, M. D., Mail Dept. 21,
McVicker's Theater, Chicago, Ill.
NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tasteless. Use
in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

The Genoa Issue.

G. E. SISLEY & CO., Publishers.

GENOA, ILLINOIS.

THE FREIGHT TRAIN.

How I love to watch the local
Winding up around the hill
In the sunrise of the morning.
When the autumn air is still
And the smoke like loosened tresses,
Floats away above her back,
And to hear the chuka, chuka,
Chuka, chuka of the stack.

The man who rides these mountains,
Whose jery steed of steel
Drinks at nature's flowing fountains,
Must inevitably feel
A divine and peerless painter
Spread the scenes along the track,
While he hears the chuka, chuka,
Chuka, chuka of the stack.

In the solemn hush of midnight,
When his pilot plows the gloom,
From a hundred hills wild roses
Send their subtle, sweet perfume
To the weary, weary watcher
Whose lamps light up the track,
And a hundred hills give back the
Chuka, chuka of the stack.

Oh! how I miss the musto
Of the whistle and the bell,
And the drumming of the furnace,
More than any tongue can tell!
And the mighty massive mogul
Always seems to call me back,
With her chuka, chuka, chuka,
Chuka, chuka of the stack.

—N. Y. Sun.

THE OLD MILL MYSTERY

By Arthur W. Marchmont, B. A.

Author of "Miser Hoadley's Secret," "Madeline
Fower," "By Whose Hand,"
"Isa," &c., &c.

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CHAPTER IV.

SAVANNAH MORBYN.

The days that followed were days of trouble and doubt. Gibeon Prawle's influence with the men prevailed; the strike was determined upon, and the notices were given in.

After the scene in Mary's cottage there was no longer room for doubt in Tom's mind as to which side he would take, and he declared strongly and angrily against Gibeon.

This brought about much ill-feeling, and Tom was threatened more than once with what would happen if he turned "knobstick." Others, however, more cautious and friendly, urged him to leave the place and not fly in the face of the majority.

"We must obey the vote of the majority," said they, "no matter what the cause may be. This giving in by the minority is the very life-blood of all trades unions."

"Then I'll have no more to do with trades unions," answered Tom, resolutely. "What I say is that I'll never be a party to championing such a fellow as Gibeon."

"But it isn't championing him, but standing by the union, lad, that you've got to think of in this matter."

"Then let the union take a sensible line and act justly. D'ye think I haven't worked for the union? Nay, you know I have, and that there's no firmer believer than I in the right of the men to stand or fall together when the cause is just. But not to protect such fellows as Gibeon Prawle. If the cause were a good one, I'd starve till every blessed ounce of flesh wasted off my bones before I'd give in; but not for a skunk like that."

And they could not move him. They went to Mary to see whether she would influence him; for after the time when he had rushed in to protect her, he had let it be known that they two were to be married; but Mary would not hear a word against Tom. She thought he was doing the right thing and said so.

Reuben Gorringer went to Tom some few days before the notices expired, and spoke to him.

"What are you going to do in this matter, Tom?" he asked.

"I'm going on with my work," he said.

"But you're local secretary of the union."

"I was. I've resigned. I've left the society—at least they as good as turned me out, when I wouldn't strike."

"Come to the office, I want to speak to you," and when they were alone, he said: "Have you no influence to stop this folly?"

"No, none. I have tried, but the men are determined to stand by Gibeon," said Tom.

"They are fools, and that's the long and short of it. What about the women?"

"I don't think many of them will go out, if any do. I've heard one or two talk about giving in a notice, but I don't think they will. They know what strike pay means too well to quarrel with their victuals for a shifty scoundrel like Gibeon Prawle."

"They can't beat me," said the manager, resolutely.

"What about Gibeon?" said Gorringer, after a pause. "What's your candid opinion about him?"

"I don't want to talk of him. He's a scoundrel and a cowardly frightened of women," said Tom, his eyes brightening with anger.

"What do you mean? Is it because he is the man concerned that you stand by me and against the society?" asked Gorringer, looking searchingly at the other.

"Yes, that's about the size of it," answered Tom.

"If he came back to the mill we should leave."

"We?" said Reuben Gorringer, quickly and suspiciously.

"Yes. Mary and I have settled that. We'd neither of us work where he was. We're going to be married, you know, when this trouble's passed over a bit."

The manager had bent over a drawer at his table while this was said, and made no answer for quite a minute, seeming to be searching for something he could not find. At last he got up from his chair, and continued the search with his back to Tom.

"Oh, are you?" he said, in a voice meant to be indifferent.

"We shall wait till after this business of the strike," said Tom, all unconscious of the effect likely to be produced by his words.

Reuben Gorringer was a long time searching what he did not find, and when at length he turned to Tom he said:

"I wanted to show you a sample of short-stapled stuff that I think we can use; but I can't put my hand on it now. You must come in presently. If you hold by me in this bother you understand it'll be for your good. I shall want to have some one to depend upon."

Tom thought as he went out that the manager was looking unusually worried and bothered. And he might have thought the matter still more serious had he seen Reuben Gorringer directly the latter was left alone. The manager locked the office door and gave himself up to deep thought; a set, hard, desperate look fixing all the muscles of his face in a rigid, thoughtful, malignant expression.

But Tom saw nothing of this, and thought so little of what he seen that when he told Mary what had passed at the interview he scarcely deemed it worth while to mention to her that he had spoken of their coming marriage.

But Mary was thoughtful, and though she said nothing to Tom she recalled Reuben Gorringer's words, and was vaguely uneasy for a day or two.

At the end of that time, however, Reuben, looking haggard and troubled, went to her, and finding her alone spoke to her about the marriage, and his words were kind.

"I heard the news from Tom," he said, "and I was—was glad that it was no other man. I thought I should like to see you alone for a minute and tell you I was glad."

Mary smiled very sweetly at the implied praise of her lover, and thanked Gorringer for his words.

"I thought, too," he continued, speaking not without some effort, "that I should like just to tell you that I am sorry for what I may have said the last time we—were together. I can't tell you that my feeling for you is changed in one respect," he said, smiling sadly; "perhaps it would be a good thing if I could. That feeling will never change, Mary, but I will bury it and hide it, and play at pretending that it's dead. Tom and you are acting well by me in this strike bother, and I'll do what I can for you both. I'll show you that if I'm not to be chosen before another man, at least I can be man enough to bear no malice toward him. Give me your hand, my lass," he took it and pressed his lips to it. "God bless you, and make you as happy as I wish you to be."

The girl said nothing—could find nothing to say, being touched by his words; but let her hand rest in his for a moment and then drew it gently away, saying after a long pause:

"I hope we shall be friends; nor had she even the faintest spark of suspicion that he was not absolutely sincere in all his words.

"Yes, we shall be friends, and there is something I can ask you to do as a first proof of it. You can do it, I think. It is something connected with this business of the strike. I have arranged, as you know, for the places of some of the men who are going out to be taken by women whom I am bringing to Walkden Bridge. There may be a little difficulty in getting some of them housed, and I want to know if you can take one of them here."

"Oh, yes, easily," answered Mary, readily. "Who is it? Where does she come from?"

"She is a weaver, named Savannah Morbyn; and she comes from the other side of the county."

"When will she be here?"

"To-morrow evening, so as to be ready for the next day."

"Do you know anything about her?—her character, I mean?" asked Mary.

"I know her to be a good hand, steady and reliable. A good girl, I believe," and then he left.

Tom was pleased when Mary told him as much of the interview as was necessary to explain the reason of the new hand coming into the cottage, and drew from it a good omen as to their future relations with Gorringer. He on his side also had good news, for the manager had offered him a better position in the mill, to act partly as overlooker and partly to find employment in the office, a position showing trust and confidence and bringing better wages.

Mary looked on this as a further proof of Gorringer's sincerity in wishing to show his friendship, and was both glad and grateful.

In the evening, therefore, she set to work with a light heart to make the cottage ready for the visitor, and the next day as soon as the day's work was done she hurried to the cottage and found the stranger had already arrived.

"Are you Savannah Morbyn?" she asked, looking curiously at the girl whom she found sitting with her hat and jacket still on.

"Yes; and you, I can see, are Mary Ashworth. I knew you at once from the description given to me."

The stranger got up from her chair and went holding out both her hands to Mary, who placed hers in them, confidently and readily, and looked into the other's face.

As she touched the girl's hands and met the gaze of her eyes, Mary felt herself shrink as if with instinctive distrust.

"You are cold," said the newcomer, who tried to draw the girl closer to her.

"I am tired, I think," said Mary, moving away from her. "The work has been very hard and—I want my tea." It was a lame conclusion, but the girl could not explain nor account for the feeling which took possession of her.

She took Savannah up the narrow staircase and left her in the bedroom she was to occupy, while she herself went to that in which her mother and herself were to sleep, and tried to shake off the feeling that oppressed her. They had tea, and when Tom came in to speak of the arrangements for the next morning he found them together.

"And is this Tom—your Tom?" said Savannah, rising and smiling to Mary.

She put her hand into Tom's and clasped his firmly in her own while she looked at him fixedly out of her deep violet eyes.

And as he held her hand and gazed at her, devouring with his eyes the ravishing and voluptuous beauty of her face, and the full, rich, graceful form, he felt that such a woman as this had never before stood clasping his hand in hers, and reading his very soul with eyes that seemed to burn into every nook and cranny of his mind.

He stood holding her hand, and felt as though he could not turn away from the eyes that riveted his, holding him as in chains which he had no wish to loose, until she herself released him.

There seemed some subtle power in the woman that he had never met with before; it maddened him, and even the pained and scared look which he saw on Mary Ashworth's pale face did not serve to recall him wholly to himself, nor make him conscious of anything except a strange, fierce, passionate pleasure in the company of this wondrously beautiful creature. He was like a man intoxicated.

CHAPTER V.

THE STRIKE.

Next morning the whole of Walkden Bridge was early astir, and the greatest excitement prevailed everywhere as to what would happen at the mill, what course the strikers would take, and whether there would be any disturbance.

Tom, who was much cooler and more collected in the morning than he had been when with Savannah Morbyn on the previous evening, was out very early, as he had promised to be with the two girls.

About half-past five, all the people in the village turned out and began to form little knots of talkers here and there in the street, gradually drawing nearer and nearer to the mill.

Presently there was some little hooting and hissing heard and a number of people ran to see what was the cause. It came from a small group of the strikers, who were standing together; and the noise was intended as a demonstration against Reuben Gorringer, who had passed on his way to the mill, and was looking after some of the new hands.

He turned on the men at once and went up and spoke to them.

"Why do you hiss me and hoot at me?" he asked, in a loud ringing voice.

"What man among you all, or in the whole of Walkden Bridge, can say I have ever done him anything but good? Haven't I always paid good wages? Can any man say with truth that I haven't tried to make the place comfortable? Can anyone of you say that I ever discharged a man, woman or child without full and sufficient cause? Why, then, do you hoot me?"

"Can't we do as we like with our own tongues? You ain't boss of them, I should think," cried one of the men; and the others laughed a little.

Gorringer faced him in a moment, and addressed him by name.

"That's not the tongue you spoke in last fall, Dick Grant, when you were away two months and a half, and I paid your wages all the time. I'm not boss of your tongue, it's true; and so far as you're concerned, I'm not boss of your gratitude either."

"What do you want to go against the society for?" asked another, after a pause.

"Put yourself in my place for a moment, Silas," answered Gorringer. "Supposing you were running the mill and were paying me the wage of a tackler and I was earning that of a tenter for you, would you go on doing it because I perhaps happened to be popular with the union?"

"You can't go against the union," replied the man whom he had addressed as Silas. "It's like letting the spindle run when the yarn's broken—only waste 'll come of it."

"Aye, aye; that's it," chorused one or two.

"Then it must come," said Gorringer. "But it's you are forcing this fight, not I. And some of you know me well

enough to be able to tell whether I'm likely to give in. If you hold out, your places will be filled up; and I've more offers of hands than I've places for."

"They won't be allowed to work," muttered one man. "We don't mean having scallywags here."

"Then if you win, it'll mean the shutting up of the mill; that's all. I don't know whether you think that's likely to do you any good. It'll harm Mr. Coode and me a bit, no doubt; but I'll go back to the loom again before I'll give in. And now, look here. I'll give you all a word of advice." He spoke excitedly. "If you mean violence by what you say about scallywags, I tell you this: I'll meet you with your own weapons. Two sides can carry on that sort of play, and you'll find that I can be as much in earnest in protecting those who stick to me as I can in opposing those who turn against me."

With that Reuben Gorringer went on his way; and now no sound followed him. His will had for the time conquered them; and more than one of the men were sorry that any dispute had arisen.

In truth there was not much heart in the quarrel. The men had obeyed the call of the society in coming out; but they all knew that Gorringer had been a fair employer, while many had received such services as that he had twitted the man Grant with having forgotten.

After Gorringer had left them, there were a few mutterings and murmurs, and some of the men even talked about going home, when messengers came up the street saying that the strikers were to go together in a body to the mill gates before the time for opening them.

"Come on, lads," cried Gibeon Prawle, "let's get up to the mill and see what sort of scallywags old Gorringer has bought. We'll give 'em a bit of Walkden Bridge greeting, eh?" and as he laughed some of the others joined.

But the men were neither enthusiastic nor angry—only rather curious to see who had been brought over to the mill.

They had not been long at the gates before a little commotion showed that some of the workers were approaching. Two or three women weavers and a couple of half-time lads and lasses were the first to come in sight; but when they saw the crowd and the long lane of strikers and their friends, they hesitated, stopped, and then turned back. At this there was a great burst of cheering. It was the first victory.

But it was not to last long.

The cheer had not died away before one of the heavy gates was swung back, and Reuben Gorringer stood in the way as calm and collected as if it was an ordinary day and he were waiting to greet the workers. At sight of him a groan was raised. He took not the slightest notice of it and walked forward between the rows of men and women to the roadway.

When he reached the road he waited for the first workers—not those who had before appeared and retired—and when they came he spoke quietly to them, as if no one were present but themselves; and walked with them until they were inside the gate.

No attempt had been made to interfere with the women as they passed through, and others, seeing this, came forward at once, and, hurrying between the rows of men and women, entered the mill gate. The first really hostile demonstration was made when the first strangers—half a dozen women and three or four men—came in sight and were led by Reuben Gorringer into the mill.

At first an attempt was made by the pickets to intercept and speak to them. This was foiled, however, by Gorringer. Then one or two cries and a little hooting followed, and a few muttered exclamations.

"No knobsticks; down with all scallywags! Ugh, blacklegs! What do you want to come here and take honest folks' work, for?" and questions of that kind, especially from the men's wives, were heard amid excitement.

The strikers grew more angry as the number of new hands increased, till talk of violence began to be heard from men and women alike.

The excitement had reached its height just when Tom Roynance came in sight with Mary and Savannah; and his appearance seemed to fill the whole crowd with anger.

"Knobstick! Scallywag! Blackleg!" resounded on all sides and in all keys of angry-voiced men and women, with hoots and yells, and some threats; while fists were clenched and shaken, and the whole crowd surged about excitedly.

Tom walked in front with Mary, and he passed deliberately through the angry, flushed and gesticulating crowd, casting a glance now and then over his shoulder, as if to assure himself that Savannah Morbyn, who was following close behind, was safe.

Savannah seemed almost to enjoy the scene. She held her head erect and faced the crowd with a smile as she passed through them. Her tall and stately figure, drawn up to its full height, and her beautiful face brought upon her the eyes of many, and some of the younger men would have pardoned her for her acts on account of her pretty looks. But not so the women, whose scornful, angry comments were loud and voluble.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

EVERY-DAY BEAUTY.

Loveliness of the Ever-Changing Aspect of the Sky.

The impressiveness of lofty mountains, the grandeur of the boundless sea, few of us fail in some degree to appreciate. We travel in search of them; we pause in our work or our pleasure to behold and admire. But there are many persons who do not live within view of either mountain or ocean, and who can not travel. How many of these observe, enjoy and appreciate that other even greater glory of nature, which is with them and with all of us everywhere and every day? How many of us study and love the sky?

In a recent article on "John Ruskin at Home," in McClure's Magazine, the writer states that Ruskin has for many years kept account of the weather in his diary, not merely by records of the thermometer and mention of drought or tempest, snow or sunshine, but by notes with accompanying color sketches of the more striking, beautiful or unusual aspects of the sky.

In his beautiful home, Brantwood, on the banks of Coniston Water in the lovely lake region of England, Ruskin's first remark to a guest in the morning, often eagerly delivered at the moment of an early knock at the bed-room door, is commonly:

"Are you looking out?"

"Indeed, the scene is worth looking out upon, and it is no wonder that the hospitable and artistic soul of such a host should shrink from allowing a friend to miss the early beauties of dewy lawn and woodland, shadowy mountains and morning skies reflected in so fair a lake.

"Not less than the English Ruskin did the observant and poetic American, Ralph Waldo Emerson, love the sky. He could not depict its exquisite varieties with pencil and brush, but in his verse he speaks of it always with rare accuracy as well as charm.

"It was his wise and graceful custom, too, to make it a part of the daily enjoyment of his children, as it was a part of his own. He taught them to notice clouds, mists and rainbows; and when discord or fretfulness threatened their play within doors, he would often, instead of reproving or punishing, quietly send the child most grieved or angry out to the garden gate, "to look at the sky," and bring him word whether it was fair or clouding over, and which way the wind blew. The child did not understand why he was sent, but never failed to return after a few moments' contemplation of the heavens with a calmer spirit, as well as with an accurate report."

Even a little sky—a strip of blue—holds an infinity of changeable beauty for those whom city walls shut away from the spectacle of the wide firmament, unmarred by impertinent chimney-pots and the towering intrusiveness of ten and fifteen-storied buildings.

Sometimes, indeed, even ugliness will turn to beauty for those who have cheerful eyes to see. The tall, circular chimney of a mill erected against her sky-line quite spoiled the view, one woman thought, until she learned to look toward it in the early morning, when the machinery was first started.

It was toward the east, and as the black smoke poured forth, and a more delicate plume of white steam floated beside it, the sun, rising behind the contrasted wreaths of black and silver, turned them to veritable "trailing clouds of glory" above the sooty summit of the hated mill.

If we can not have what we like, we must like what we have. A range of mountains or the Atlantic ocean is no small thing to do without; but if we can not have them, the sky, which is always ours, is no small thing, either. Let us make the most of it.—Youth's Companion.

Needed Preparation.

Bloomfield called on his friend Snaggs a few evenings since, and found him swinging heavy clubs and taking other energetic exercises.

"What's this mean?" he asked. "You are not training for a prize fight, are you?"

"No; but I am going on my vacation in a week or two, and I want to gather enough strength to stand the strain."

—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

Cold Comfort.

Fussy Passenger—Why does your company insist that passengers must purchase tickets before entering the train? Are they afraid that if we pay money to you, that you will steal it?

Conductor (with dignity)—Certainly not. They are afraid the train may run off the track before I can get around.—N. Y. Weekly.

Doubt.

The Fiancee—George, are you sure that you have always treated your mother as you should?

The Fiance—Why, I think so! What makes you ask such a question?

The Fiancee—Because she seems to think I am good enough for you.—Luck.

—There are at work in Turkey 500 missionaries and 1,800 native assistants. Throughout the lands of the sultan are more than 200 Christian churches, with 21,000 communicants, and in all there are 84,000 Protestants.

—Mammoth drops of water.

Little grains of cash.

Make this life a burden

To speculators rash.

—American Industries

—Tasmania exports hops, fruit in great quantities, and iron, tin and galena.

THE GENOA ISSUE.

PUBLISHED THURSDAYS

By GEO. E. SISLEY & CO.

For Year.....\$1.50
If paid in advance.....\$1.25

CROKER will return to New York next month and those fellows that said mean things about the "boss" will swear they never said it.

THE Republicans of Cook county have nominated a good, strong county ticket and the prospects for the election are bright.

THE American derby has been run and the terrible uncertainties of racing have again been demonstrated, a horse on which but very little money was placed and at odds of 30, 40 and 50 to 1 won with ease.

THE Republican party should win the presidential election with ease on a platform advocating "gold and silver and the paper dollar as good as either." "Them's our sentiments."

The young grandson of General Hancock was rejected for admission to West Point on account of his being five pounds under weight. He passed a creditable examination and claims to have lost weight owing to close study.

SHOULD the sugar jobbery pass both houses, the democratic party will have immersed itself into such a mess of stickiness that it will never overcome. Such a downright, above the board robbery of the people would never be tolerated by a democrat of even partial liberalism.

ANOTHER terrible crime causes the deepest sorrow throughout the entire world. Not unlike the assassination of Lincoln, Garfield and Harrison, a fiend in human form, with some supposed grievance, plunges a dagger into the heart of France's beloved President, M. Carnot. Is not the thought terrible, that a man must needs take his life into his hands when he accepts the gift of the highest office at the hands of his people. There must be some remedy for this awful sacrifice.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of headache Electric Bitters have proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure, and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yields to its influence. We urge every one who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In case of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tonic to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only 50c at F. T. Robinson's drug store.

SYCAMORE.

Mr. C. C. Wayland and Miss Bertha Burns of the Fielding schools are home for the summer vacation. The school closed on Friday last and on Saturday a picnic was held. Mr. Wayland has been reengaged as principal with an increase in salary of \$10 per month.

Dr. and Mrs. Ohlmacker and Mrs. Wm. Peck returned Tuesday from an outing at Lake Delavan.

Miss Elsie Dow, instructor in Wheaton College and Mr. Arthur Nichols, a student in the same school have returned home for the summer.

About 300 men, women and children have been at work the past week gathering in the crop of peas for the preserve works.

Will Dutton is home from Harvard college for the summer vacation.

Mrs. Beardsley, of Chicago, is the guest at the home of George Preston.

Miss Lillian Adee returned home from Plato, where she has been visiting.

Mrs. N. S. Bowton, of DeKalb, is visiting her parents Rev. and Mrs. Hewitt.

R. A. Simpson and A. C. Dunlap have formed a partnership for the purpose of carrying on the business of a patent cure for the liquor habit. The treatment has been tried by parties addicted to the habit in Sycamore and has proven successful.

Sycamore seems to be a favorite run for the DeKalb bicyclists. A crowd of about forty wheelman appeared on our streets two evenings of last week.

Mrs. Richards and Miss Frances are in Mississippi on a visit to friends.

Bucken's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles or no way required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 2 cents per box. For sale by F. T. Robinson.

HARD TIMES

Prices have been reduced to suit the hard times on
**WATCHES,
CLOCKS,
JEWELRY.**

ALBERT HAGOPEAN

Buy now and Save Money.

IN REPAIRING

Have had 17 years' experience and guarantee all work.

Mordoff Building, Genoa.

Why

Bake Bread this hot weather and suffer all the discomforts of a hot kitchen, when you can get such delicious bread as the Forest City bread, fresh every day.

Try it once and you'll use it all the time. Get a loaf at

FRED. HOLROYD'S,

where you can also find at all times

Fruits & Vegetables

Both Fresh and Canned.

Ice

Cream

By the dish, pint or quart.

A choice line of Confections and Bakery Goods.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

DR. M. D. LEFVRE, Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist, Office Robinson's Drug store. Calls attended day or night.

E. H. BURLINGTON, Real Estate Agency and Collections, Blue Springs, Neb. Both farm and city property for sale and rent. Office Baringer Bldg. Correspondence solicited

EXCHANGE BANK OF BROWN & BROWN Buy and sell Government Bonds. Sell Passage Tickets to and from Europe. And for sale or rent some choice farms in this vicinity, and houses and lots in this village.

A. F. & A. MASONS, GENOA LODGE No. 288, meets in regular session of Wednesday evening on or before the full moon of each month. W. M. J. M. Harvey.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODDFELLOWS, Genoa Lodge No. 763, meets in regular session every Monday evening. F. M. Overaker, Sec. A. U. Schneider, N. G.

KNIGHTS OF THE GLOBE, GENOA Garrison No. 56, meets in regular session on the second and fourth Tuesday of each month. J. M. Harvey, Pres. E. H. Lane, Adj.

G. W. & ST. PAUL TIME CARD.

TRAINS GOING EAST.		LVE. CHICAGO ARR. CHICAGO	
No. 2.....	5:07 A. M.	7:15 A. M.	
No. 4.....	7:35 A. M.	9:40 A. M.	
No. 34.....	8:03 A. M.	10:35 A. M.	
No. 26.....	12:04 P. M.	2:00 P. M.	
No. 22.....	3:36 P. M.	5:50 P. M.	
No. 92, frt.	8:35 A. M.	Elgin 10:30 A. M.	
TRAINS GOING WEST.		LVE. CHICAGO ARR. CHICAGO	
No. 3.....	10:35 P. M.	12:34 A. M.	
No. 21.....	8:30 A. M.	10:44 A. M.	
No. 25.....	1:00 P. M.	3:14 P. M.	
No. 35.....	4:00 P. M.	6:05 P. M.	
No. 1.....	6:15 P. M.	8:05 P. M.	

No 1434 and 35 run daily. No 2 except Monday. No 3 except Saturday. Nos 21, 22, 25, 26 and 92 daily except Sunday. No 2 and 4 stop on signal for Chicago passengers. No 1 and 3 stop to let off Chicago passengers and pick up through passengers west, all other trains stop. No 1 and 4 Omaha limited trains Close connections made for important points north and west through cars for St. Paul, Minneapolis and Sioux City. No 2 and 3, Omaha, Kansas City and Cedar Rapids Express. Nos 25 and 26, Cedar Rapids, Dubuque Express. No 21 and 22, Rockford and Janesville and local points. Through tickets to all important points in United States and Canada. J. M. HARVEY Agent.

HARNESS

—AND—

BUGGIES.

I wish to notify the public that I have been spending a few days in the city and purchased the

LARGEST FINEST STOCK

ever yet.

They are first-class, such as the

Staver & Abbott

Buggies, Carriages, Road Wagons, Road Carts, Spring Wagons.

Also some fine specimens of their

Hand-Made Harness.

These rare specimens are for sale at prices to suit the financial condition of these times. Ask your dealer for Staver & Abbott goods. The answer is "We do not handle them."

Why?

Because they can buy cheaper goods, and sell them for a larger profit.

I CHALLENGE any one in the COUNTRY to DUPLICATE MY PRICES and VARIETY in STOCK.

I never make note of a shipment of five or six jobs, as many dealers do, but consider an invoice of thirty or forty worthy of notice. Yours Truly,

H. A. Kellogg.

G. C. ROWAN AND EUGENE OLMSTEAD, AGENTS

The Farmer's Mutual,

OF KINGSTON.

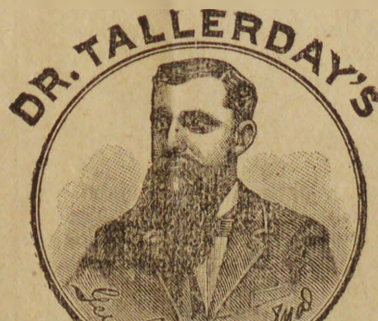
ROCKFORD

Steam Laundry Co.,

Leave order, and have work called or every Wednesday morning, at the

Genoa Barber Shop.

AL. U. SCHNEIDER, Proprietor.



DR. TALLERDAYS' FEMALE TONIC

Contains the most approved Blood Purifying Agents known to the medical fraternity.

It Cures Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Enlarged Glands, Ulcers,

Removes Rheumatic Taint in the Blood.

Regulates Digestion, Enriches the Blood,

A BOON TO NURSING MOTHERS.

Strengthens the Entire Body surely, placing the system in the most vigorous state.

SICK HEADACHE are cured by the effect on the nervous and NEURALGIA vous system and removing foreign matter from the body. FOR SALE BY

Do You

Take A Good Photograph?

No ?

Call at

Clark's Art Gallery, Sycamore,

His Pictures tell their own story, and will please you no matter how skeptical you are.....

Our Crayon Portraits Are all the Go.

FRAMES Do you want one? We have on hand 150 ready made frames, and the Largest line of Mouldings to be seen outside of Chicago. Visit us.

BREAKING IN

Our Shoes are easy from the start. You need not hire any one to wear them for you a week or two.

WE HAVE PEGGED

away at prices, to, until we have brought them down to something remarkably low.

OXFORD TIES and a new stock of

the Latest Styles in **RUSSET GOODS**

Shoes for Outing and Vacation

In wide variety as well as various widths.

Repairing neatly Done.

JOHN LEMBKE.

OF COURSE YOU USE

GROCERIES

and of Course you want the

THE VERY BEST

GROCERIES

That you can buy for the money.

We carry a complete line of the Best Grades of

Canned Fruits, Vegetables

TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES, ETC., and

BEST IN THE WORLD Pilsbury's Flour.

Try a Sack and you'll use no other.

A. CRAWFORD & CO.

HORSE SENSE

IN A FEW WORDS



Stablefield April 8/94
"Ordinary" Mowers do not get the hardest pulling mowers I ever backed up against. Stuckled one of them two years ago and stuck to it till it knocked me out. The draft is the heaviest I ever saw - Why not you pattern after the McCormick No. 4 Steel Mower. Its draft is extremely light making it very easy on horse flesh. Yours Truly, A Horse

THE WORLD'S FAIR

Committee, who tested the McCormick No. 4 Steel Mower in the only regular exposition field trials, in a heavy growth of timothy and clover, said, in their official report: "The efficiency of the machine is thus, under fair conditions, nearly 70 per cent. Ordinary figures for ordinary mowers are at least twenty pounds higher in total draft, with an efficiency of not above 60 per cent, which latter figure good machines should be expected to exceed." The McCormick is the lightest draft, and most effective grass cutter yet produced. [Highest Medal awarded.]

McCormick Binders, Reapers and Mowers are built by the McCORMICK HARVESTING MACHINE CO., CHICAGO, and are for sale wherever grain or grass is grown

And by **K. Jackman**

PLATES \$8.
 GEO. E. SMITH, Dentist, will visit Genoa every Wednesday. Will come prepared to do plate work or filling. Office hours twelve o'clock a. m. to 5 p. m. Office at the City Hotel Parlor. Main Street.

PAINLESS EXTRACTION.

A. M. HILL, M. D.
 Office over Lane's jewelry store. Hours: 6:30 to 8 p. m., 12:30 to 2 p. m. Residence on State st. Calls promptly attended day or night.

LOCAL NEWS & NOTINGS.

Personal Notes, Births, etc., Pertaining to Genoa.

—Paints, oils and brushes at Sager's.

Mr. and Mrs. Whipple were in Chicago Tuesday.

Ed Richardson and James Stott were Chicago visitors last week.

Cynie Farmiloe, of Rockford, visited here over Sunday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Foster are visiting relatives in Sycamore.

—Visiting and wedding cards at this office.

Mrs. R. White is visiting relatives in Elgin.

—The best floor paint in town at Sager's.

John Bolland, of Kingston, was here Tuesday.

—Save money by buying hay rope of Sager.

Thomas Canavan is visiting his family in Genoa this week.

—Screen doors and windows at Sager's.

Ira Flemming, of Decatur, is a guest at D. W. Sisson's this week.

Go to Fred H. Holroyd's for fruits and fresh berries.

—Ma and Mrs. Ashford, of Sycamore, have been visiting at Wm. Watson's.

Best and no mistake—Pillsbury's Best flour \$1.00 a sack at Crawford's.

The Messes Hoof and Renwick of Chicago, are visiting at Joe Green's.

Snokers are invited to inspect Fred H. Holroyd's stock of fine cigars.

Miss Eva Farmiloe, of Rockford, is visiting her schoolmates of this place.

—A new stock of the celebrated Glidden barb-wire at Sager's.

E. C. Sisson, of Chicago, was a Sunday visitor.

—Your shoe will work perfectly if you buy gasoline at Sager's.

Miss Eva Burroughs is the guest of Kirkland friends.

Forest City bread is just the best. Fred H. Holroyd sells it.

D. S. Brown and G. E. Sisley were at Fox Lake last week.

Buy Pillsbury's flour once and you buy no other. \$1.00 a sack at Crawford's.

Prof. Overaker is visiting McHenry friends and indulging in some excellent fishing.

Mrs. S. W. Winders and children, of Sycamore, visited friends here last week.

Mrs. M. Snyder, Temperance Redwin and Alvea Summer were in Sycamore Wednesday.

Just fact—Pillsbury's flour is positively the best in the market. \$1.00 per sack at Crawford's.

Mrs. E. Dolph and daughter of Wayne, Ill., have been visiting the past week with A. V. Pierce.

Mrs. Cudden left on Tuesday night for Ferguson, Iowa, where she will visit relatives.

Miss Mary Donohue, of Sycamore, spent the first part of the week with relatives in Genoa.

Mrs. Jane Pike, of Chicago, will spend the summer with her daughter, Mrs. Emory Prouty, of this city.

Miss Lou Wagner, of Chicago, visited over Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Burch.

A consignment of Gold Mine Flour just received and every sack warranted at F. E. Wells'. No one better.

To RENT—Desirable house in a desirable locality. Good residence property for sale. D. S. Brown.

The Casino Comedy Co. played Uncle Josh Whitecomb to a good house Saturday night. The play was well received.

Walt Tyler was in Chicago Wednesday purchasing musical instruments for the band. He brought two new clarinets home.

M. A. Burch, of the law firm of Pinckney, Fatge & Burch, of Chicago, was the guest of his brother, J. D. Burch over Sunday.

—Haying tools at Sager's.

B. G. Westover returned home from Minnesota Thursday.

Norman Kelly visited the windy city last Friday.

Chas. Corson and brother Joe were Chicago visitors last week Friday.

Frank Green, Cherrydale, Kansas, was a guest of Fred Foster the first of week.

Mrs. Lottie Sivright, of Mayfield, has been visiting her sister Mrs. Dell Wright.

Mrs. Frank Abbott and son, of Chicago, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Emory Prouty.

Mrs. W. C. Howard returned Wednesday morning, bringing her little niece Cassie Howard with her.

First Gun. J. Vooman says I have used a good many machines in my time. But the new steel McCormick Mower I bought of K. Jackman & Son takes the cake. It is a dandy.

—Gasoline at Sager's.

There are a large number of tuition pupils who have not paid last year tuition. This money is needed by July 1st, and if it is not paid all accounts will be placed in the hands of proper authorities for collection. By order of the Board of Directors.

For sale cheap—50 sheep. Well graded shropshires. J. E. STOTT, Genoa, Ill.

Sometime ago I was troubled with an attack of rheumatism. I used Chamberlain's Pain Balm and was completely cured. I have since advised many of my friends and customers to try the remedy and all speak highly of it. Simon Goldbaum, San Luis Rey, Cal. For sale by F. T. Robinson druggist.

—Barnsicks at Sager's.

Many of the citizens of Rainsville, Indiana are never without a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in the house," says Jacob Brown, the leading merchant of the town. This remedy has proven of so much for colds, cough whooping cough in children that few mothers who know its worth are willing to be without it. For sale by F. T. Robinson, druggist.

Ladies before you buy your shoes call on John Lembke and examine his new stock of fine \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00 shoes. By so doing you will quickly convince yourself that his shoes are equally as good in style and quality as those shoes advertised being worth from \$2.00 to \$5.00 and sold for \$2.50 to \$3.50.

Guaranteed Cure.
 We authorize our advertised druggist to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, coughs and colds on this condition. If you are afflicted with a cough, cold or any throat, lung or chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We could not make this offer did not know that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption can be relied on. It never fails. Trial bottle free at F. T. Robinson's drug store. Large bottles 50c and \$1.

Schiller Theater.
 The melodious and attractive opera "The Chimes of Normandy" now running to a crowded house at the Schiller Theatre, has scored another great hit for the Schiller Opera Company. It is the fourth new production of the summer opera season at the Schiller, which is now in its seventh week of an uninterrupted successor Messrs. Prior and Wolf, the managers, were wise in these times of financial stringency to reduce prices on the opera loving public can hear the favorite standard operas at the low price of a dollar for the best seat in the house.

Next week the Schiller opera company, in accordance with the very generally expressed desire from musical people in the city, produces the ever delightful and welcome "Bohemian Girl," commencing next Sunday night. This opera company is so constituted as regards exceptionally talented and favorite principal artists, and a musical and dramatic ensemble generally, as to be able to give "The Bohemian Girl" a splendid cast. It certainly is fully capable of investing this celebrated and popular opera with greater lyric beauty than has been afforded it in its presentation in Chicago for years past. Its delicious arias, pretty duets and chorusses will doubtless be charmingly given by this the best balanced and most thoroughly organized and musicianly company brought together in Chicago for a long period. It will be given with new and beautiful scenery and brilliant stage settings and accessories, and is certain to prove a treat to all lovers of melodious and melodious opera.

SPECIAL ELECTION.
 Notice is hereby given that a special election will be held at K. Jackman & Son's office on Saturday July 7th. for the purpose of voting for or against the erection of a system of water works which election will be opened at 2 o'clock p. m. and be held open until 5 p. m.
 Dated at Genoa, Ill., this 27th day of June, A. D. 1894.
 A. U. SCHNEIDER, Clerk.

The C. M. & St. P. Ry. will sell excursion tickets to points within 200 miles on their line at one fare and a third for the round trip. Tickets for sale July 3rd and 4th, good to return until July 5th.

Did you ever see one of the famous waterproof Interlined Collars or Cuffs? It's very easy to tell, for they are all marked this way

TRADE MARK. ELLULOID MARK.

They are the only Interlined Collars and Cuffs, and are made of linen, covered with waterproof "CELLULOID." They'll stand right by you day in and day out, and they are all marked this way

TRADE MARK. ELLULOID MARK.

The first cost is the only cost, for they keep clean a long time, and when soiled you can clean them in a minute by simply wiping off with a wet cloth—that is the kind marked this way

TRADE MARK. ELLULOID MARK.

These collars and cuffs will outlast six linen ones. The wearer escapes laundry trials and laundry bills—no chafed neck and no wilting down if you get a collar marked this way

TRADE MARK. ELLULOID MARK.

Ask your dealer first, and take nothing that has not above trade mark, if you desire perfect satisfaction. All others are imitations absolutely.

If you can't find collars or cuffs marked this way, we will send you a sample, postpaid on receipt of price. Collars, 25 cts. each. Cuffs 50 cts. pair. Give your size and say whether stand-up or turned-down collar is wanted.

THE CELLULOID COMPANY, 427-29 Broadway, NEW YORK.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILWAY.
 OFFER ITS PATRONS,
Lowest Rates
 OF FARE

From Genoa station to all stations on its line within 200 miles, on account of the

4th of July

Tickets on sale July 3d. and 4th., good to return until July 5th, inclusive For Specific Rates. Tickets, etc., call on

E. Sisson Agt.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILWAY TIME CARD.

PASSENGERS EAST	GENOA	CHICAGO
No. 2, Vestibule	11:20 a. m.	1:10 p. m.
No. 4, Express	4:12 a. m.	7:00 a. m.
No. 32, Express	5:20 p. m.	7:30 p. m.
No. 34, Express	8:41 a. m.	10:30 a. m.
No. 36 Milk Train	7:35 a. m.	10:25 a. m.
No. 92, Way Freight	12:15 p. m.	7:05 p. m.
PASSENGERS WEST.		
No. 1, Vestibule	3:48 p. m.	2:00 p. m.
No. 3, Express	2:02 a. m.	11:35 p. m.
No. 31, Express	10:57 a. m.	8:30 a. m.
No. 33 Express	6:50 p. m.	3:00 p. m.
No. 35, Milk Train	3:54 p. m.	3:00 p. m.
No. 91, Way Freight	4:08 p. m.	9:30 a. m.

No. 2 stops only to take passengers for Chicago, and to leave passengers from Rockford, and beyond.

No. 1, 2, 3 and 4 daily through trains from Chicago to Sioux City. No. 31, Chicago to Freeport. No. 32, Waterloo to Chicago, and Nos. 33 and 34 between Chicago and Freeport and are daily except Sunday.

Nos. 35 and 36 daily milk Chicago and Rockford.

No. 1 stops only to leave passengers from Chicago and take on those for Rockford, Freeport and beyond.

Nos. 91 and 92, way freights, carry passengers daily except Sunday.

For all information about connections and through tickets apply to

E. Sisson, Agent

If you are in need of a

Piano, Organ,

Write to

T. H. GILL.

of Marengo, and he will call on you.

You
 Can buy the best
GROCERIES
 For the least money.

You
 Can make a Dollar
GO FARTHER
 And get much better Goods.

You
 can find
 at all times
 The most complete Stock of
CANNED GOODS.

H. J. WELLS,
 GENOA'S ONLY EXCLUSIVE GROCER. Burroughs Building.
 Goods Promptly Delivered.

TIME is LIMITED.

There is a time in the affairs of every man when he should gird up his loins and

hustle

Seeking improvement in his general appearance. Now that Spring has quit cutting up capers with Winter and settled down to her proper atmospheric condition,

don't you know

that a nobby spring suit would be just the thing, the kind that is made by

J. D. PAGE,
 THE TAILOR
 Guarantee Fit and Satisfaction.

BUY OF ME
 And you not Only Save Money
But Get the Best.

You want a new mower and of course with your past experience, in buying a machine you realize that the best is the cheapest at any price. Your choice Naturally falls on the

Champion



Mower,

For it has those advantages over other makes that go to make haying easy. Not only this but so constructed that it is not continuously getting out of order, and this seems the trouble with most makes.

It Has
 No Pitman.
 No Up-and-Down Movement.
 No Friction or Wear.
 No Breaking of Knife Heels.
 No Cramping.
 No Equal.

Remember that I keep a Large Stock of

Pumps and Repairs.

JAS. KIERNAN.
 GENOA, ILL.

CARNOT IS SLAIN

President of the French Republic
Assassinated at Lyons.

His Murderer Refuses to Tell the
Motive of His Awful Deed.

Plunged a Dagger Into His Victim's
Body as He Rode in a Carriage.

The Famous Frenchman Does Not Long
Survive His Wounds—His Career.

CARNOT CUT DOWN.

LYONS, June 25.—M. Sadi-Carnot, president of the French republic, is dead. He was struck down Sunday night by the hand of an assassin and died soon after midnight. The most intense excitement reigns throughout France.

The president was visiting Lyons in connection with the international exhibition. Upon his arrival here he was tendered a reception at the prefecture, after which he visited the exhibition. After spending some time there he proceeded to the Palais de Commerce, where a banquet was given in his honor.

At 9:25 President Carnot started for the theater, where a gala performance was to be given because of his presence in the city. Several carriages were in the procession, the first one being occupied by the president. M. Carnot's carriage was driven slowly along in front of the Palais de Commerce, and



PRESIDENT CARNOT.

then turned into Rue de la Republique, still following the facade of the palace. When half way down the street, which was lined with enthusiastic crowds of people, who were loudly cheering, a man rushed out of the crowd and sprang upon the steps of the president's landau.

Just at this moment M. Carnot was waving his right hand and saluting with his hat in his left hand in response to the ovation that was being given him.

Saw the President Stabbed.

The people close to the carriage saw that the man standing on the step had a knife in his hand. By the glare of the electric lights they saw the bright blade gleam in the air as the assassin's arm descended, and President Carnot was seen to fall back in his seat, his face deathly pale. One of his hands was pressed over his heart where the steel had entered the body.

M. Rivaud, prefect of Lyons, who was seated beside M. Carnot, immediately struck the assassin a blow full in the face and knocked him from the step, thus preventing the man from again stabbing the president, which it was his evident intention to do.

The Assassin Captured.

Instantly cries of: "The president is assassinated!" "Death to the assassin!" were heard on every side, and the crowd in the vicinity of the carriage swelled to enormous proportions, every member seemingly intent upon killing the assassin. He was grasped by a dozen hands and his life would have then and there paid the forfeit of his crime had it not been for several sergeants de ville, who seized and attempted to draw him away from his captors.

This was found to be impossible, as the infuriated populace was determined to lynch the man and the efforts of the sergeants availed nothing beyond saving the man from instant death. Blows were aimed at his face and head, over the shoulders of the police, who had by this time received reinforcements, and many of the blows landed fairly. At last the police succeeded in driving the howling mob back a foot or so from the prisoner, but to get the captive through the crowd was a physical impossibility.

Troops Charge on the Crowd.

In the meantime the news of the attempted murder had spread with lightning-like rapidity and mounted guards were sent to the aid of the police, who were still struggling to preserve the life of the assassin. With drawn sabers in their hands the guards rode down into the crowd, heedless of whom their horses trampled upon. The crowd gave way before the horses and at last the center of the mob was reached.

Then a cordon was formed around the ten almost exhausted policemen and their captive and the march to the police station began. Even thus surrounded the prisoner was not safe, for men in the crowd made frantic endeavors to reach him. The guards repelled these attacks with the flat sides of

their swords, while at the same time keeping watchful eyes upon the crowd to prevent the prisoner from being shot. Maledictions were hurled upon the captive, and never before has such wild indignation against a human being been seen in this city.

In the meantime physicians were hastily summoned to attend the president, who had almost immediately been conveyed to the prefecture. A careful examination was made of the wound and the doctors declared that the condition of M. Carnot was hopeless.

Sensation at the Theater.

The receipt of the news of the assassination caused a great sensation at the Grand theater, which was filled to the walls by the elite of Lyons. The theater presented a brilliant scene, the handsome toilets of the ladies being offset by the gay uniforms of the many military officers present. All were awaiting with impatience the arrival of the president and were unable to understand the delay. Suddenly a man entered the theater, crying at the top of his voice: "The president has been assassinated!"

The most intense excitement followed this abrupt announcement. Women screamed and several fainted. Many men, without waiting to secure their hats, ran out of the building in order to confirm the news. They found all the streets leading to the palace filled with excited throngs, and in a few minutes they were convinced that the report of the cowardly attempt upon the life of the president was true.

Suddenly through the throng sped a landau conveying Adrien Dupuy, a brother of the prime minister, Deputy Chauby and Prefect Rivaud, the crowd falling away before it as it dashed into the Rue de la Republique, preceded by four mounted gendarmes. The crowd thinking now that the report of the assassination was untrue and that the president was in the carriage shouted: "Vive Carnot," "Vive la Republique."

Cheers Turned to Curses.

The carriage was stopped and M. Chauby and M. Rivaud, in tremulous voices, said: "Don't shout; the president has been the victim of an outrage."

The cheers were instantly turned to curses, and many and loud were the cries for vengeance.

The landau proceeded to the theater, where Rivaud and M. Chauby went to the president's box. As soon as they were seen the whole audience arose and amid profound silence M. Rivaud said, in a voice broken with sobs: "The president has just been assassinated."

Death to the Assassin.

This announcement was received with a terrible explosion of fury as the audience on the first report of the assassination had, though greatly excited, generally discredited it. The theater resounded with shouts of "A mort la assassin!" and cries for vengeance upon him.

When silence was in a measure restored M. Rivaud continued:

"In the Rue de la Republique a miscreant, under the pretext of presenting a petition, stabbed M. Carnot with a dagger."

M. Rivaud was again interrupted with shouts of "Death to the murderer!" "Revenge!" "Revenge!"

Waving his hand for silence M. Rivaud again spoke, saying:

"Do not make my mission more painful. We left M. Carnot in the hands of doctors. You understand that under these conditions our hearts are filled with sorrow, and that the proposed performance in the president's honor cannot take place."

The audience then left the building, many of them proceeding at once to the prefecture, where they stood in the streets waiting for any report that might be given out and discussing the crime that they considered had cast disgrace upon the fair fame of their city.

The assassin is an Italian named Cesare Giovanni Santo.

The Assassin a Beardless Youth.

Santo, the assassin, is a beardless young man of 20 or 25 years old. When arrested he was attired in a brown suit and wore a peaked cap that matched the suit in color. As he marched, under his police guard, from the Rue de la Republique to the station, he held his head down.

The Wounded Man's Removal.

President Carnot lay motionless and unconscious upon the cushions of the carriage. His eyes were closed. His waistcoat was unbuttoned and his shirt, on which the bright red sash of the Legion of Honor was conspicuous, was covered on the left side, just over the heart, by a large blood stain, which extended to the hip. It was impossible to tell from his appearance whether he was dead or alive.

The crowd surged about in the vicinity of the carriage, but mounted guards and foot police held them in check some distance from the landau in which the president was lying. Many were the expressions of pity for the president and anger at his assassin.

Gen. Borius, the prefect, and the mayor, assisted by a number of attendants, lifted M. Carnot from the carriage and with difficulty carried him as tenderly as possible to a room on the first floor of the prefecture and laid him on a bed. Dr. Gailleton, who is mayor of Lyons, then examined the wound.

Died Soon After Midnight.

President Carnot died at 12:45 o'clock this morning. Shortly after midnight the archbishop of Lyons was sum-

moned to the bedside of the dying president to administer to him the last rites of the church. He was in the room but a short time when he emerged and retired to an adjoining room. Here he remained until 12:30, when he was again summoned to the president's room, where he administered to him the sacrament.

M. Carnot remained conscious to the last. He realized that his life was rapidly ebbing away and twice he said: "Je m'en vais." Dr. Ponce leaned over the bed on which the president was lying and said to him: "Your friends are here, monsieur le president." M. Carnot replied: "I am grateful for their presence," and in less than a minute he gasped for breath, there was a convulsive shuddering of his body and the president of France was dead. Immediately after the death of M. Carnot Prime Minister Dupuy started on his return to Paris to officially announce the news to the senate and the chamber of deputies.

The bed on which M. Carnot died was of iron. It was placed between two windows of the palace. At its foot was the bed of honor which had been reserved for the president. The incision made by the doctors in order to stop the internal hemorrhage measured about 3 inches long by 2 inches wide.

Murderer Will Not Tell His Motive.

Santo, who speaks French badly, when questioned by Prefect Lepin at the police station in Rue Moliere, said he had lived at Certe, department of Herault, for the past six months, and had only come to Lyons Sunday. He gave his age as 23 years. His replies were given coolly, but without any sign of bravado. He refused, however, to answer any of the many questions put to him regarding his motive for stabbing the president, declaring that on this subject he would speak only before a tribunal. When he was searched by the police a book was found in one of his pockets in which it was written that he had been born in a village in the province of Milan, Italy.

Mobbed the Italians.

After M. Carnot had been taken to the prefecture it became generally known that his assassin was an Italian and the feeling of deep indignation among the crowd found vent in the form of attacks upon cafes kept by inoffensive natives of Italy. Three such places in the vicinity of the palace of commerce were totally wrecked by the infuriated mob.

After the attacks upon the Italian cafes the disorderly element among the crowds devoted their attention to the Italians whom they found upon the streets. Several of these men were pursued by the mob and barely escaped with their lives. The police, who were extraordinarily vigilant, had great difficulty in rescuing the hunted men. The Rue de la Barre is now barricaded at both ends and guarded by troops.

To Choose a New President.

PARIS, June 25.—An official note has been issued calling upon the senate and chamber of deputies to assemble in congress at Versailles at 1 o'clock Wednesday afternoon for the purpose of electing a new president.

USEFUL AND BUSY LIFE.

Career of Marie Francois Sadi Carnot, President of France.

Marie Francois Sadi Carnot, who, December 3, 1887, succeeded Jules Grevy as president of the French republic, was considerably younger than any of his three predecessors, having been born in 1837 at Limoges. The son and grandson of most distinguished republican statesmen, he was brought up as a civil engineer and graduated with the highest honors at the Ecole polytechnique in 1857, and subsequently at the famous Ecole des Ponts et Chaussées in 1863. After having acted as government engineer in several provincial districts he was in 1871 appointed prefect of the Seine department, which includes the civil governorship of Paris and its suburbs, and took a prominent part in organizing the national defense against the German invaders. A few months later he was elected by the Cote-d'Or district to represent them in the national assembly, and after taking his seat became the organizing secretary of the republican left party in the chamber. In 1876 he was elected by the inhabitants of the district of Beaune to represent their interests in parliament. In 1878 he was appointed under secretary of state for the ministry of public works. In 1880 he became minister of the same department in the cabinet of Jules Ferry. On the resignation of the latter in 1885 he was reappointed to the same ministry in Henri Brisson's cabinet, and on the resignation of M. Clamageran a few months later he succeeded him as minister of finance, an office which he likewise held in the Goblet ministry.

On the retirement of President Grevy the two great republican orators, Ferry and Freycinet, were the principal candidates for the succession. In the first trial ballot of the republican senators and deputies on the morning of December 3, 1887, the former received 200 and the latter 198 votes, Brisson coming next with 81, and then Carnot with 69. The election of Ferry threatened to produce a popular disturbance, and Freycinet's supporters, when they saw that his chance was hopeless, decided to give their votes to Carnot. When the congress met in the afternoon Carnot received on the first ballot 303 votes; Ferry, 212; Gen. Saussier, 148; Freycinet, 75; Gen. Appert, 72; Brisson, 25, and other candidates, 31. Freycinet and Ferry then withdrew in favor of Carnot, who was elected on the second ballot by 616 votes, Gen. Saussier receiving from the conservatives 186.

President Carnot's widow is the daughter of Dupont White, who translated John Stuart Mill's works into French. Four children, all of whom are living, were the result of the union. One of two sons is in the French army and another represents a steamship company in Brazil.

M. Carnot's father, who was minister of public instruction in the republican government of 1848, and who, together with Gen. Cavaignac, refused to take the oath of allegiance to Napoleon III. in 1851, was one of the most popular statesmen and distinguished scientists and authors in France. His grandfather also figured prominently in French history as one of the leading members of the convention in the great revolution of 1793.

FRENZY IN FRANCE.

Cries for Vengeance Flow from the
Lips of a Stricken People.

Italian Residents and Shopkeepers Suffer
from the Fury of a Mob in Lyons—
Carnot's Funeral to Be Held
in Paris Sunday.

TO REST IN THE PANTHEON.

PARIS, June 26.—The funeral of President Carnot has been fixed for Sunday. The remains will be laid in the Pantheon, where Victor Hugo is buried, beside those of Lazare Carnot, the president's grandfather. It is said M. Carnot shrank from going to Lyons. When, however, his friends began to talk of the Lyons anarchists avenging Vaillant's death the president thought he was in honor bound to go. Daily, since Vaillant's attempt, the president received menacing letters, sometimes ten or twelve in a single day. He disdained these threats and would not allow any precautions for his safety to be taken.

LYONS, June 26.—The mob Monday evening set fire to several of the Italian cafes. A police official begged the crowd to respect the affliction of Mme. Carnot, but the rioters replied with shouts of "We will avenge Carnot!" During the afternoon the doctors made a post-mortem examination of the remains of the late president and afterward issued a report to the effect that the wound was just beneath the right false ribs. It was two-thirds of an inch wide and 4 inches deep. The blade of the stiletto penetrated the right lobe of the liver, cutting the porta in two places. The latter caused into-peritoneal hemorrhage, resulting in death.

The body of M. Carnot was taken from the prefecture Monday evening and placed on the train that will convey it to Paris. After prayers for the dead had been offered the casket containing the remains was carried out and placed on a gun carriage. While this was being done salutes of artillery were fired, trumpets were sounded and drums were beaten. Every civil and military honor was shown the dead. The square in front of the prefecture was densely thronged, as were all the streets leading to the railway station. Troops and gendarmes kept the route clear. The procession that followed the body was a very long one. It included all the civic and military authorities of Lyons and a large number of delegates from different cities and towns.

As the sad cortege passed slowly along the streets were remarkably quiet. Almost the only sounds that could be heard were the trampling of the horses and the rumbling of the gun carriage. Every man along the line of march removed his hat as the body passed by him and there were silent prayers offered for the repose of M. Carnot's soul.

No sooner had the cortege gone by, however, than a great change appeared in the crowd. The people who had heretofore stood reverent and mute before the nation's martyr now gave vent to their pent-up excitement and rage. Everywhere could be heard cries of "Long live Carnot and death to his murderer!" The sudden change in the feelings of the crowd boded ill for the resilient Italians, and when some of the more hot-headed men in the crowd proposed that an attack be made upon the Italian quarter the proposition was received with wild cries of approval. In almost less time than it takes to tell it an enormous mob, at the head of which was carried a French flag, was en route to that part of the city given over to the Italians. Before the police could intervene to prevent the trouble the mob had attacked all the shops belonging to the foreigners and sacked them.

As the night advanced the rioting in the city became more widespread, and at one time it appeared as though the mob would take full possession of the town. In the Guillotiere quarter the disturbances were particularly violent. Thousands of men and boys paraded the streets and attacked and sacked every Italian store they came across. Grosso's distillery, Silveti's iron mongery and Carpinello's grocery and wine shop were among the larger places attacked.

Many acts of violence were committed and threats of death to the Italians were freely bandied about. The streets are strewn with debris of every description. The left side of the River Rhone was the scene of the worst acts of violence. Here the troops who were summoned to aid the police had the utmost difficulty in restoring order. In the center of the town the mobs were more amenable to orders and the troops were repeatedly cheered. During the night a total of 300 arrests were made.

The facility with which Santo was enabled to approach the president's carriage is explained by the fact that M. Carnot had directed that anyone desiring to communicate with him while on the way from the chamber of commerce to the theater should be allowed to do so.

M. Lepine, who accompanied M. Carnot, says that Santo appears to be very intelligent. He ran after the president's carriage holding in his hand a large bouquet. When he jumped up on the carriage step he adroitly drew his dagger out of the flowers. It has not yet been discovered whether the assassin had accomplices.

SANTO AN ANARCHIST.

It Was This That Made Him the Assassin
of Carnot.

PARIS, June 26.—France is ablaze with an indignation that approaches wild frenzy. The sorrow that first struck the people dumb when the news of President Carnot's assassination was received seems to have been forgotten in the fierce desire of the populace to wreak vengeance on some one. To what extremes the fury of the populace may be carried no one can predict. Italians and anarchists are the objects of the mobs, wrath, and persons known to be Italians or suspected of affiliation with the anarchistic movement are in deadly peril at the hands of the crowds. People recall that several of the attempts on the lives of French rulers have been made by Italians, and these reminiscences serve to fan the flames of indignation against all that nationality. All Italian shops and cafes are closed, and their owners are in hiding. Should any known anarchist be arrested now the police will have to fight vigorously to save him from the mob.

All public and many private buildings have been draped in mourning. Everywhere the French flag, half covered with crape, may be seen. Several Italian flags draped in black were displayed, but this seemed to increase the anger of the mobs, and some of them were pulled down.

The police are investigating anarchy here as never before. Many houses have been searched and a number of persons arrested. Complete proofs of a wide conspiracy have been obtained, it is said, and a list of prominent personages marked for assassination is said to have been found.

The inquiries of the police resulted in showing that Santo was born at Motta Visconti, northwest of Pavia, in December, 1873. The prisoner is a baker by trade, and was tried in Milan in 1892 for breach of the peace, but he was acquitted owing to lack of sufficient evidence against him. Santo was known as a dangerous anarchist, and delivered anarchistic lectures of the wildest character before going to Switzerland last year.

The assassin is in prison at Lyons. He was badly bruised in the violent assault made on him by the mob just after the murder. He does not seem to glory in his deed as did Ravachol and Vaillant. He is, on the contrary, cool and self-collected, but seemingly aware that his end is the guillotine. To questions by the police he will reply only that he is an anarchist and killed the president for the good of humanity. He disclaims any personal enmity against his victim; but says that as Carnot was the chief representative of government and of capital his death was necessary for the new social order which is coming. Santo said also that many more assassinations would follow soon, and that the work would be kept up until the people are given their rights. The prisoner's full name is Cesare Giovanni Santo, and he is a native of a small village in the province of Milan, Italy. He claims to have lived in France at Certe for the last six months and came to Lyons to kill M. Carnot.

MUCH GRIEF IN ITALY.

Government Buildings to Be Draped in
Honor of Carnot.

BERLIN, June 26.—The assassination of President Carnot has caused a profound sensation at Berlin. All classes of people are indignant and much sympathy is expressed for France. Emperor William, upon receiving the news at Kiel, immediately telegraphed to Mme. Carnot, expressing his condolence in warmly sympathetic terms.

ROME, June 26.—All the Italian bourses have been closed out of sympathy for the great loss France has sustained by the assassination of President Carnot.

The flags on all the public buildings throughout Italy have been ordered half-masted, and all ministers, senators and deputies and the elite of Roman society called during the day at the French embassy. Both the political and fashionable worlds are doing their utmost to attenuate the moral effect of the crime committed by an Italian. The senate chamber and that of the deputies will, as a result of a motion, be draped with black for the remainder of the session, as though the death of a member of the royal family of Italy were being mourned.

The pope was painfully impressed by the news of M. Carnot's death. He at once sent a telegram of sympathy to M. Hanotaux, the French foreign minister.

Premier Crispi's official dispatch to the French government read as follows:

"Deeply afflicted at the news of the shocking misdeed which has robbed France of her first magistrate and Italy of a friend, I beg to express the feelings of horror and pain felt by the king's government and the whole Italian nation and my personal grief for the illustrious man France has just lost. He was attached to me not only by ties of admiration but by sincere friendship. Assassins have no country, and the countries giving those committing such crimes birth are the first to repudiate them. France and Italy can see in the assassin only an enemy of humanity."

LONDON, June 26.—Following the precedent adopted at the time of the late President James A. Garfield, the British court will go into mourning for a week out of respect to the memory of the late President Carnot.

SHOW THEIR SORROW.

The Senate and House Take Action on the Death of Carnot.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—Official announcement of the assassination of President Carnot came to M. Patenotre, the French ambassador to the United States, early in the morning, in two cablegrams, the first announcing the attack on the president of the French republic and the second the death of M. Carnot.

Secretary Gresham also received a cablegram from United States Ambassador Eustis, of Paris, reporting that he had been notified by the minister of foreign affairs of the French republic of the assassination of President Carnot and that his successor will be chosen on Wednesday.

Patenotre remained some time with Secretary Gresham and apprised him officially of the news he had received. The secretary was very much affected at the receipt of the information given him and in an unofficial manner expressed to Ambassador Patenotre his deep regret at what had taken place. A message to congress conveying the intelligence of President Carnot's death was prepared.

The following official action was taken by the state department on the receipt of Ambassador Eustis' official notification:

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 25. Executive Mansion.—Eustis, Ambassador, Paris, France.—Express to the minister of foreign affairs the profound sorrow with which the president and American people have heard of the atrocious crime which has robbed the sister republic of its wise, humane and patriotic chief magistrate.

The president took notice of the sad tragedy in the following message to congress:

TO THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES: The shocking intelligence has been received that the president of the French republic met his death yesterday at the hands of an assassin. The terrible event which has overtaken a sister republic cannot fail to deeply arouse the sympathies of the American nation, while the violent termination of a career promising so much in aid of liberty and in advancing civilization should be mourned as an affliction of mankind.

GROVER CLEVELAND. "Executive Mansion, June 25, 1894."

The death of President Carnot was the sole theme about the senate, and was recalled in a prayer, marked by deep feeling, delivered by Rev. Dr. Milburn, the blind chaplain of the senate. Immediately after the opening prayer Senator Morgan, chairman of the committee on foreign relations, offered the following resolutions, which were adopted:

"Resolved, That the senate of the United States unites with the American people in expressing to the people of France their sorrow and sympathy in the national bereavement they are suffering from the cruel blow of an assassin, which was aimed at the peace of France and fell upon the heart of President Carnot. And as a mark of respect due to the memory of the wise, virtuous and patriotic president of the republic of France the senate will at the close of this proceeding stand adjourned until Tuesday at 10 o'clock."

"Resolved, That the president of the United States is requested to communicate this expression of national sorrow to the government of the republic of France and to Mme. Carnot."

Senator Morgan made a brief speech, in which he referred to the patriotism of the people of the French republic and the cordiality of the relations between the two republics. At 10:30 the senate adjourned.

When the house met it was generally understood that it would adjourn early out of respect to the memory of President Carnot of France. Chaplain Bagby referred in his prayer to the great calamity which had befallen our sister republic in the murder of its president. A message from the president was announced and Executive Clerk Pruden appeared at the main door, bearing a large envelope containing the president's announcement to the senate and house of the death of President Carnot. Mr. McCreary, chairman of the committee of foreign affairs, thereupon arose and offered the following resolutions:

"Resolved, That the house of representatives of the United States of America has heard with profound sorrow of the assassination of President Carnot and tenders the people of France sincere sympathy in their national bereavement. That the president of the United States be requested to communicate this expression of sorrow to the government of the republic of France and to Mme. Carnot, and that as a further mark of respect to the memory of the people of the French republic, the house of representatives do now adjourn."

Mr. McCreary and Mr. Hitt spoke on the resolutions, and they were adopted unanimously, the house at once adjourning.

FIERCE STORMS.

Much Damage Done to Life and Property in the Northwest.

OMAHA, Neb., June 22.—Between 6:30 and 7 o'clock Wednesday evening Omaha was visited by one of the strongest gales experienced in years. The wind came from about two points west of south and blew in gusts for half an hour, attaining at times a velocity of nearly 40 miles an hour. It was accompanied by dense clouds of dust that obscured the sky until all was dark as midnight. Not a great deal of rain accompanied the storm, but quite a shower fell after it.

At Courtland beach one man was caught in a boat on the lake and drowned. His body has not been recovered and it is not known if the victim is Braden, the boat tender, or O'Brien, his assistant. At the Ames avenue street car house one of the electric wires was blown into a tree and Foreman Parish climbed up to disentangle it. He received a fatal shock from the wire.

BANGOR, S. D., June 22.—A cyclone struck northeast of this place Wednesday afternoon, bringing with it very heavy rain, which fell generally throughout this section. The whirlwind totally demolished fourteen houses, killing the little child of John Samfelt and leaving the rest of his family in a severely injured and critical condition. A man named John Long was also killed.

FORT DODGE, Ia., June 22.—The extent of the damage by the cyclone at Callender and Moorland Tuesday was not as extensive as first reported. Numerous small outbuildings and barns were overturned, and Councilman & Co.'s elevator at Callender was moved from its foundation. Matt Harbachek, aged 13, of Moorland, received injuries from which he died, and Rob Goddard, aged 25, was killed near Callender. Goddard was carried 50 feet into the air. He was dead when reached.

SIoux CITY, Ia., June 22.—A terrible storm of wind, rain and hail struck this city at 9 a. m. The roof of the Illinois Central station was carried over the Union depot and dropped into Third street. The Peavy & Stevens wholesale furniture house was unroofed and the Gettysburg Cyclorama wrecked. The air for forty-five minutes was so full of flying debris that it was not safe on the streets. It was a straight blow, and was followed by ten minutes of hail and rain. The streets were badly washed out, and the corn crop in this vicinity suffered. It is believed that immense damage was done in the surrounding country.

A SCORE LOST.

An Excursion Steamer Goes Down Off New York.

NEW YORK, June 26.—The tug James D. Nichol, with sixty-three excursionists and a crew numbering ten or twelve, sunk at about 1 o'clock Sunday afternoon 3 miles off the highlands. Forty-four of those on board have been accounted for. The rest were probably drowned.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., June 25.—A catboat was capsized by a sudden squall Sunday morning off the Atlantic Yacht clubhouse, at the foot of Fifty-sixth street, Brooklyn. Two men, two women and a boy were drowned.

DETROIT, Mich., June 25.—By the capsizing of the electric launch Ellen W. during a squall on Lake St. Clair Sunday afternoon three persons were drowned and two others narrowly escaped a similar fate. The storm struck the tiny craft so suddenly that she was swamped almost instantly.

WOMAN TORN INTO FRAGMENTS

Mrs. John Klump Meets a Horrible Death at Bloomington, Ill.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., June 22.—John Klump, a farmer, and his wife were driving to their home in Hudson from this city, and while crossing the Alton tracks at Main street in Normal their wagon was struck by the limited express bound for Chicago. In the crash Mrs. Klump was torn into fragments, her body being scattered along the tracks for rods. Her husband received probably fatal injuries about the head. Both horses were killed, and the vehicle torn into kindling wood. Two passenger trains pass near this point, and while Klump was watching one the other struck them.

CUT OFF BY FLAMES.

Fifty Miners Caught in a Burning Coal Pit in Alabama.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., June 22.—Shortly after 2 o'clock Wednesday fire was discovered in the Mary Lee mine, about 400 feet from the mouth. The alarm was given at once and the work of rescuing the miners was begun. The dead are Jack Whalen, J. W. Baskins, Will McKenzie and an unknown man. At least fifteen are yet in a precarious condition. The fifty men on the top side of the mine managed to get out without any assistance. The fire is still burning.

The Income Tax.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—The much mooted income tax was before the senate Thursday. Senator Hill (dem., N. Y.) made a speech bitterly opposing this feature of the tariff bill. Senator Hoar (rep., Mass.) also argued against it. An amendment was passed making the date on which the income tax should cease January 1, 1900. Senator Pepper's (pop., Kan.) amendment proposing a graduated form of the income tax was lost.

The Wood Thrush.

When to theinmost secret of the wood I do betake myself, and therein find A mossy seat, flower-broidered to my mind, Whereon to muse of little understood And vexing questions: Whether God be good To send such pain and toll to all mankind; Or if the world be ruled by nature, blind And deaf and callous to her crying brood, Sudden the silence breaks into a song Such as to summer woodlands doth belong, A song that hath a soul and speaks to mine In heavenly parlance; by that holy sign My faith that tottered is made strong and whole, Nature is God, if nature hath a soul. —Danske Dandridge, in N. Y. Independent.

Going Home.

A misty silence on the hills; No more the lowing cattle roam; A bell the dreamy twilight thrills And sweetly chimes my welcome home.

The patter of little feet Adown the dusky path I hear, And lips meet mine with kisses sweet And tenderest welcome. Home is near!

Forgot the toll that makes the day— The absent joy, the hope denied; Light as a dream they fade away Where love sits at the fireside! —Frank L. Stanton, in Atlanta Constitution.

Phoebe.

When skies are blue And threaded through With skeins of sunlight spangles, And breezes blow Quite soft and low Amid the tree-top tangles; When summer has the world in thrall, And joy is sovereign over all, 'T is curious that a little bird Should utter such a wistful word As "Poor me! Poor me!"

When days are long And limbs are strong, And blithe with youth the season; When everything Is tuned to spring And rhyme, and not to reason; When life is all a holiday With naught of care and much of play, 'T is sinful that a little maid Should such complaining words have said As "Poor me! Poor me!" —Julie M. Lippman, in St. Nicholas.

If every dog has his day it seems funny that dog days don't last longer.—Philadelphia Record.

THE MARKETS.

Table with market prices for various commodities like LIVE STOCK, FLOUR, WHEAT, etc. Columns include item name, price per unit, and location (NEW YORK, CHICAGO, KANSAS CITY, OMAHA).

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

HUSBAND—"At the sewing circle this afternoon I suppose the ladies did little else than to display their finger rings to each other." Wife—"That's just all you know about sewing circles. I'd have you know that not one of the ladies removed her gloves during the whole afternoon."—Boston Transcript.

Fishing Among the 1,000 Islands. 50 pages, beautifully illustrated; nine maps, showing exact location of the fish; full information, with numerous accurate illustrations of tackle, &c., will be sent to any address, free, postpaid, on receipt of five two-cent stamps, by GEORGE H. DANIELS, General Passenger Agent, Grand Central Station, New York.

Miss SKRUMCHUS—"I was so disgusted to see people take up their ear of corn in their fingers. I always use a knife to detach the corn from the ear." Mrs. Homespun—"Well, I suppose a knife answers right well where one has no teeth."—Boston Transcript.

It is a pleasure again to announce the return of the venerable James H. McVicker, one of the oldest and best-known theatrical managers in the theatrical profession, hale and hearty from a six months' absence in the South. Mr. McVicker comes back full of ambition and determined to see the new summer company venture at his theater a success. One hopes that it may not again be necessary for him to flee from the fierce weather of Chicago.

"SPEAKING OF PERSISTENCY," remarked the bill poster, thoughtfully, "my trade is certainly one in which a man will never make a cent except by sticking at it."—Buffalo Courier.

Fourth of July Rates. On July 3d and 4th, 1894, the North-Western Line will sell round trip tickets to stations within 200 miles at very low rates, good returning until July 5th, inclusive. For tickets and full information apply to Agents Chicago & North-Western Ry.

FRANCES and her papa had a few squares to go and the latter asked: "Frances, shall we walk or take the street car?" "Well, papa," replied the little girl, "I'll walk if you'll carry me."—Harper's Bazar.

"MARY GOLD'S beautiful bathing dress is hopelessly ruined." "What happened to it?" "She went too near the water yesterday and it got wet." "Mary always was a careless girl."—N. Y. Press.

PIMPLES are inexpressibly mortifying. Remedy—Glenn's Sulphur Soap. Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, 50 cents.

NODD—"The janitor's wife in our apartment overslept herself the other morning." Todd—"How did you know that?" Nodd—"Because we had cream."—Truth.

MANDEE—"Do you believe in hereafter, Jack?" Jack—"Certainly I do. If I didn't I wouldn't have asked you to marry me next month."—Boston Courier.

ON EASY STREET.—Worker—"What would you do if you had a million dollars?" Hard Worker—"Nothing, mostly, and demand twenty-four hours a day to do it in."—Detroit Free Press.

PROFESSOR—"All natural products are divided into three parts. Mr. Thompson, where would you place sugar?" Mr. Thompson—"Into the coffee."

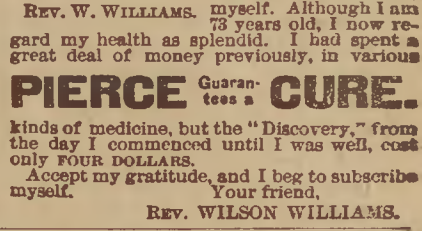
A HARD CASE, ANYWAY.—If a man gushes over womankind he is succeeded at as a sentimentalist, but if he doesn't he is stigmatized as a brute.—Brooklyn Eagle.

"BRIEFKINS has graduated from the law school, hasn't he?" "Yes." "Practicing?" "Not yet. He's looking for somebody to practice on."—Washington Star.

THE higher up a thermometer gets the lower it falls in the public estimation.—Philadelphia Record.

What a Minister Says.

Trinity Station, Morgan Co., Ala. DR. R. V. PIERCE: Dear Sir—In the fall of last year I suffered from rheumatism in my left shoulder and elbow. I tried a great many remedies, recommended to me by friends, but they all failed to afford relief. From the time I began Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery until I felt that I was cured, was a period covering four or five months. While the attack lasted, I suffered a great deal, and could not dress or undress myself. Although I am 73 years old, I now regard my health as splendid. I had spent a great deal of money previously, in various kinds of medicine, but the "Discovery," from the day I commenced until I was well, cost only FOUR DOLLARS. Accept my gratitude, and I beg to subscribe myself, Your friend, REV. WILSON WILLIAMS.



PIERCE'S GUARANTEE CURE.

Kind of medicine, but the "Discovery," from the day I commenced until I was well, cost only FOUR DOLLARS. Accept my gratitude, and I beg to subscribe myself. REV. WILSON WILLIAMS.

Everything connected with Butter

—churns, patters, tubs, firkins—ought to be washed with Pearline. That gets at the soaked-in grease as nothing else in the world can. Things may seem to be clean when you've washed them in the usual way; but use Pearline, and they really are clean. It might make all the difference, sometimes, between good butter and bad. Wherever you want thorough cleanliness, or want to save your labor, the best thing to do is to use Pearline.

Send it Back Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, be honest—send it back. JAMES PYLE, New York.



It's like comparing "A Candle to the brilliancy of the Sun" to compare other Soaps with SANTA CLAUS. Because it's the purest, best and most economical.

SANTA CLAUS SOAP THE N.K. FAIRBANK COMPANY Chicago.

THE POT INSULTED THE KETTLE BECAUSE THE COOK HAD NOT USED

SAPOLIO GOOD COOKING DEMANDS CLEANLINESS. SAPOLIO SHOULD BE USED IN EVERY KITCHEN.

ELY'S CREAM BALM CURES CATARRH PRICE 50 CENTS, ALL DRUGGISTS



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs. Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance. Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

KINGSTON.

John Sturges has proved to be a very efficient sign writer having painted two signs for Irish & Moore.

Mrs. Frank Shrader went to Minooka, Will Co., last week to witness the graduation of her two youngest sisters, Grace and Eva, who are well-known by some of Kingston's young people.

Byron Poust, station agent at Bensenville, on the C. M. & St. P. Ry., visited friends in Kingston on last Thursday.

C. Kniprath was obliged to go to the Ellwood farm on last Tuesday in order to meet the Janesville passenger, its engine having given out.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Skinner drove over from Marengo last week to visit friends. Mr. S. is also trying his luck at angling, at which he is an expert.

Clark and Jolly are doing some excellent work painting buggies. They do first class work at a very low price.

A representative of the Rockford Spectator was in town on last Friday, soliciting subscribers. The majority of the people think that we have enough weeklies at home.

While Mrs. J. A. Stuart is recovering from her serious illness, one of their young daughters is suffering from inflammation of the bowels, caused by eating green cherries.

W. H. Hughes and wife are taking a vacation by visiting the former's parents at Norwood Park, near Chicago. Mr. Kelly, of Belvidere is acting as station agent in his place.

The Misses Nora and Allie Gros teachers in Sycamore High School, are spending their vacation by visiting relatives in Kingston and Mayfield.

O. W. Vickers was called to the bedside of his mother-in-law at Rockford on Saturday. She is very low, his wife being with her. A man was sent to take his place as station agent here, remaining over Sunday.

Word was received here of the marriage of Mr. Eugene Graves and Miss Julia Bishop, which occurred on Sunday evening at 8 p. m. We extend congratulations.

A lawn social will be held on the lawn between C. Uplinger's and Ell Brainerd's. If it rains the social will be held at the Baptist church.

A gentleman and boy representing Hamlin's Wizzard Oil Co., gave several entertainments on our streets last week. They sold a large quantity of medicine on the last night.

Mrs. Dockham has been afflicted with rheumatism during the last week. Mrs. Bishop came out from Chicago to care for her mother Mrs. Whitney, while Mrs. D. is sick.

Miss Lillian returned from Normal School on Monday last. At that place she witnessed the graduation of the class of '94. Many of whom are her acquaintances.

John O'Brien, son of Wm. O'Brien, who until about two years ago, was a resident of this place, visited friends here the first of the week. He, with his brother Joe, is conducting tonsorial parlors in Chicago.

Foster Bennett and wife, of Sibley, Iowa, who formerly resided here visited friends here last week.

We are greatly indebted to H. M. Bacon for a wide plank-side walk which he has placed along the out skirts of his property on Main Street.

Although the threatening clouds tried to "bluff," those who wished to attend the lawn sociable at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Millard Gross was largely attended.

The rain stopped a game of ball between the Genoa and Kingston nines at the former place on Saturday afternoon, after one inning had been played.

Henry Whitney and family visited his father north of town on Sunday. He now resides at Belvidere.

L. C. Schaffer has received a large consignment of crockery.

Ladies Home Journal.

W. D. Howell in the Ladies Home Journal for July recounts in his inimitable style his literary passions. He says that love of literature and the hope of doing something in it had become his life, to the exclusion of all other interests or it was at least the reality and all other things were as shadows.

Fourth of July Rates.

On July 3d and 4th 1893, the North-Western Line will sell round trip tickets to stations within 200 miles at a very low rate, good returning until July 5th, inclusive. For tickets and full information apply to Agent Chicago & Northwestern Ry.

THOS. F. SWAN.

It Requires Some Talking

To sell 50 cent Ladie's Silk Mitts for 50 cents.
To sell 50 cent Ladie's Fast black Hosiery for 50 c.
To sell 50 cent Ladie's Jersey Ribbed Vest for 50c.
The goods may be stylish, may be servicable, may be worth all of 50 cents, but what's the use when all we ask is 24 ce ts.

We put the Public where it Belongs; have Goods sell then selves. dispose of large quantities, that's our way.

From Our Suit Room.

It's all nonsense to bother to buy the material for your Wrapper or House Gound or your child's vacation dress, before you have finished, the materfal will cost you more than we ask for the garments, ready made, ready to wear, and fit guaranteed.

40 doz Ladie's wrappers worth 1.00 will be sold at 69 cents each.

50 doz Ladie's two piece dress waist and shirt worth 1.50 for 85 cents each.

38 doz children's dresses, age 1 to 14 from the ordinary Calico at 11c to the finest Zephyr Gingham at 1.98 ea c.

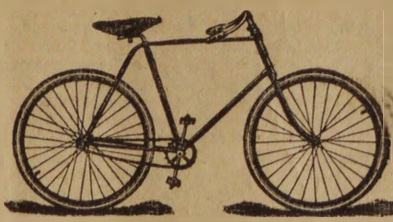
8 doz Ladie's Plaited waists sold all over at 45 and 50 cents our pice is 29 cents.

From our Paint Dep't.

2147 Cans Best Mixed Paint, All colors, bought for for a song. The usual charges elsewhere are 1.20 per gal, our price on this lot for two weeks will be 65 cents per gallon.

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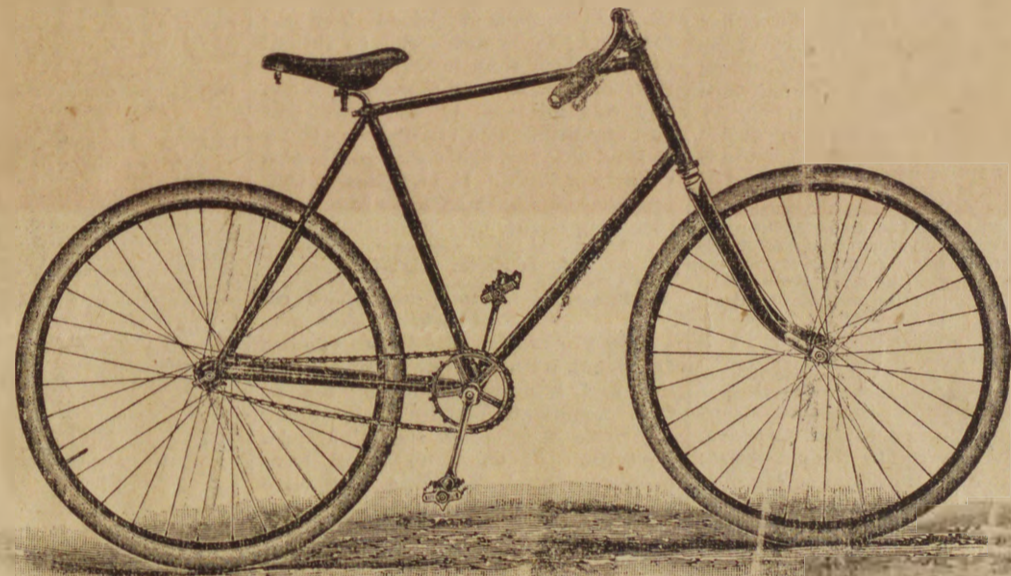
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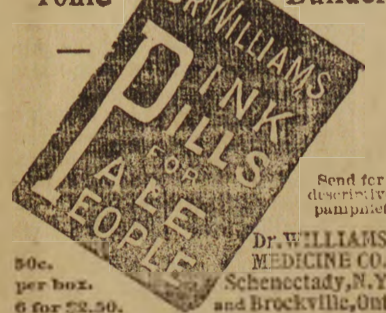
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G. O'CONNELL, Prop.

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