

# Genoa Republican-Journal

ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MATTER, SEPTEMBER 16, 1904, AT THE POSTOFFICE AT GENOA, ILLINOIS, UNDER THE ACT OF CONGRESS OF MARCH 3, 1879

PUBLISHED BY C. D. SCHOONMAKER

GENOA, ILLINOIS, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1912

NEW SERIES VOLUME VIII, NO. 21

## The Past, Present and Future of Agriculture in DeKalb County--by Parke

Several years ago a bee became busy under the hat of a young farmer who makes his home south of Genoa. That bee kept buzzing and buzzing until the owner of the hat simply had to take it off and give the pestiferous insect a chance to circulate. Since that time things have been happening in DeKalb county, the culmination being the organization of the DeKalb County Soil Improvement Association, the engagement of Wm. G. Eckhardt as the county expert and placing DeKalb county on the map as the most progressive county in the entire United States.

Henry Parke, the man with the bee, has not been seeing visions, but has pictured the future possibilities of the soil expert scheme on facts. His arguments have been so substantial and full of common sense that there was little trouble in getting some of the leading men of the county into line for the great movement. The combined efforts of these men have started hundreds of others thinking and working.

At a meeting of the DeKalb County Newspapermen's Association at DeKalb on the third of February several of the leaders of movement were invited to be present and enlighten the editors regarding the cause of all these doings and probable effects. Speeches were made by Mayor Bradt of DeKalb, President Gurler of the Farmers' Institute, Representative Smily, Attorney McEwen of DeKalb, D. S. Brown of Genoa and Mr. Parke.

The principal speech was made by the latter. This address is too good to be laid aside without giving it to the people at large, and it is herewith published:

It is indeed a pleasure for me to meet with the DeKalb County Newspapermen's Association, and especially so, since this is an organization established not only for mutual benefit but for public good.

I thoroughly believe in organization. Organization is the corner stone of success. It is the center around which all great movements revolve. But little has been accomplished in this world without organization.

DeKalb is well organized except politically. She has a live Newspaper's Association and a County Farmers' Institute well organized. She has eight healthy farmer organizations or Farmers' Clubs with more to follow. She has a strong Bankers' Association, every bank or of whom is a member. The latest I hear is that the ministers of the county have organized.

I sincerely hope that none of these will prove to be temporary organizations. I hope for the good of each and for DeKalb County that these organizations will last for all time to come.

With our four organizations; agricultural, financial, editorial and religious, riding in one band wagon, what could we not accomplish? We can make DeKalb County known, round the world. The plans already affected by the press, the bankers and the Farmers' Institute will in a short time give us a statewide reputation. The executive committee of these three associations has already secured for DeKalb county one of the ablest and most talented soil expert in the United States. A man gifted by nature for the position. He will give his undivided attention in putting into common practice the best methods of farming known to science.

Why do this thing? Why is it so all important? There is no need to remind you that the basic support of all our industry and our prosper-

ity is our agriculture, DeKalb county is primarily an agricultural county. Our farmer has learned well the art of agriculture. He has made use of every available resource for taking out of the soil the plant food contained therein; better drainage has helped him, also have better tillage, improved machinery and better selection of seed. But little of this plant food have they returned.

The live stock farmer has maintained the fertility of his farm at the expense of other farms, in the purchase of grain grown on other farms and fed on his own farm. This system of soil robbing will slowly but surely lead to land ruin.

This system of farming in vogue in DeKalb county for the past 50 and 60 years is the same system that lowered the price of land in Ohio from \$100 to \$50. This system has depleted the richest soil in New York state, that of the Mohawk Valley, till you can buy land there for the price of the buildings.

Only a short time ago a farm was bought, within ten miles of our capitol at Washington, a farm that owing to its location was worth \$500 an acre if DeKalb countyland is worth \$150, and with soil equally as good as ours. That farm sold for \$10 an acre and this right under the nose of our congressmen.

Go over to China or Japan and you will find waste areas of abandoned farms marked only by the ruins of elegant mansions. Palestine, once the land of milk and honey, is now an abandoned waste traveled over by wandering tribes of Arabs.

Russia gives the least attention to her agriculture of any of the European countries. Russia faces annually an increasing famine. All these lands, in a virgin state, yielded abundantly. Soil depletion has marked their downfall.

In the state of Illinois, our own state, in the southern part known as Egypt, once the garden spot of Illinois, the farms have ceased to produce clover. You can go from 80 to 100 miles and not see a spear of clover. Their average yield of corn is 15 to 30 bushels to the acre and wheat 10 bushels. These farms will sell for \$35 an acre. They have mined their soil until it has ceased to produce at a profit.

In our own DeKalb county the farmers are beginning to complain of clover failures. For the last two years our stands of clover have been a total failure. This has meant to DeKalb county a loss of over a million dollars. Not only have we lost our clover seed and clover crops but we are going to lose 5 to 15 bushels for the next two or three years of the corn and grain crops that follow clover. A loss of 5 bushels of corn alone to the acre for one year is a loss to DeKalb county of \$300,000.

Are these facts not worthy of the attention of the banker, the merchant, the business man and the editor? Your bread and butter comes from the farmer. He feeds the world, the laborer, the merchant and the millionaire. When he fails we all fail.

It may be well to emphasize the fact that the responsibility of such conditions rests not alone with the farmer, but with the people of trained minds and business ability, who know that knowledge exists, and where and how to get it, and who, if they would, could get that knowledge themselves and disseminate it among the farmers. The members of the Newspapermen's Association of DeKalb county can do more than publicize to alleviate such conditions than any public spirited men.

Last year at twenty different experiment fields situated all over the state on normal types of soils there also were twenty clover failures. Within 20 feet of these failures where a better and a more permanent system of farming was put into practice, methods that any farmer can use, there were 20 perfect stands of clover. There the farmer had 40 bushels of wheat instead of 20, 85 bushels of oats instead of 25 bushels and 90 bushels of corn instead of 39 bushels.

The farmer here was not only maintaining his soil fertility but was actually building it up. He simply put back into the soil the plant food that had formerly been taken out. This is what must be done all over DeKalb county farms. This knowledge must be taken to the farmer on his own farm. This is what has been done all over western Europe, in Germany, France, England, Holland and Belgium. They brought these better methods to the farmers thirty and forty years ago.

England began a campaign of agricultural education fifty years ago. Today her average yield of wheat is 30 bushels instead of 15 bushels. They are taking from the United States nine-tenths of our annual output of phosphate (the most valuable asset of soil fertility we have.)

In 1885 the Belgian government placed an agricultural expert in each of her provinces, to direct and introduce a better and more profitable system of farming. To-day the yield of her three staple crops, rye, oats and barley, is nearly double what it was in 1885.

Seven years ago the U. S. Department of Agriculture placed an agricultural expert in each county in the cotton growing states. They then raised mostly cotton and but little corn. Last year nearly 1/3 of the corn grown in the United States came from the southern states.

In view of the remarkable results obtained by the dissemination of agricultural information in this and other countries I think DeKalb county can justly feel proud in being the first county in the U. S. to take this great step in bringing to herself and her farmers the fundamental principles underlying a permanent agriculture.

If the fertility of our soil is to be maintained, these simple but fundamental truths must become common knowledge. These facts must be known by our statesmen, our editors, our preachers, our bankers and our merchants as well as our farmers. They should be taught in every school in our country, for they are the basic principles that underlie our prosperity. Every man, woman and child can learn them.

The progressive move that we are now undertaking will require the combined effort of all organizations. We must raise a guaranty fund of \$10,000 for three years to properly carry on the work. The bankers of DeKalb county have subscribed \$100 each or \$2,000, DeKalb township has guaranteed \$500, South Grove has guaranteed \$300, Malta \$300. Many interested farmers in other townships have offered from \$10 to \$50. We must raise from \$300 to \$500 from every township.

The ease with which this fund can be raised will depend largely upon the publicity and sentiment expressed by the local newspapers.

In fact, the success of this movement will depend upon the support given it by each and every member of his association. Furthermore, the interest taken now and hereafter by each editor is going to reflect credit upon the editor himself, upon his publication, his community and DeKalb county.

Mr. Wm. G. Eckhardt the county expert whom we have secured is of German parentage. He is at home with the farmer or the editor. He is naturally gifted for his position. Mr. Eckhardt has complete charge of the 20 experiment fields scattered thruout the state. He is acquainted with the soil conditions all over the state and knows our conditions and many of our farmers.

The late Frank Hall of Aurora, an educator of national reputation and ex-superintendent of all Farmers' Institutes told me five years ago that Mr. Eckhardt was one of the coming men of Illinois.

Gentlemen we have a great cause to work for, that of making DeKalb County the banner county in the state. We must all pull together, the editor, the banker and the farmer and secure for DeKalb County that prize, which surely will reward us with better farmers, larger yields, higher land values, better roads, better schools, better industrial conditions and a higher standard of living for all.

### JOHN LEONARD MARRIED

Miss Anna Peterson of Belvidere Became His Bride Last Week

John Leonard and his bride were here last week calling on the former's family and friends. Regarding the ceremony which took place on the 1st of February the Belvidere Republican says:

"The marriage of John Leonard and Miss Anna Peterson took place at 9:30 o'clock Thursday at the East Lincoln avenue residence of Rev. W. T. McKee, pastor of the Presbyterian church. They were unattended. Soon following the ceremony the couple boarded an east bound train and will visit in Chicago and other places before returning to make their home west of the city.

### C. A. Patterson

DENTIST

Hours: 8:30 to 12:00 a. m.  
1:00 to 5:00 p. m.

Office in Exchange Bank Building

### A. M. Hill, M. D.

Office over Martin's jewelry store.

Hours: 12:30 to 2 p. m.  
5:30 to 8 p. m.

Residence on East Main St. Calls promptly attended to day or night

### Dr. E. A. Robinson

Physician and Surgeon.

Hours: 10:00 to 12:00 a. m.  
1:00 to 3:00 p. m.

Office and residence cor. Monroe & 1st Sts. Calls promptly attended.

### SAW DENTIST

A. D. HADSALL

If there are any teeth left in the saw I can put it back into commission. All work guaranteed.

### BUTTER OFF FOURCENTS

Congested Condition of Market in East is Responsible

Elgin-Butter firm at thirty-two cents, a drop of four cents from last week; output 620,000. Congested condition of leading market in the east is responsible for a four cent reduction made by the quotation committee of the Elgin butter board when they declared butter at thirty-two cents. This afternoon members of the committee declared the output had materially increased during the last week.

### Malta Gets Factory

Malta is to have a canning factory, the deal being signed up Thursday. It will be a branch plant of the Hohendel Stocking Co, that operates a line of plants at Rochelle, Byron, Janesville and many other points. They have purchased 800 acres of farm land near that village and have option of 200 acres more. Owing to the lateness of the season, it is not probable that the company will erect a plant there this year, but will ship its product to Rochelle.

where the groom is engaged in farming with the bride's father, John Peterson.

"Their marriage to-day is a surprise to their friends, who knew of the approaching nuptials but knew nothing of the probable date.

"The bride is a well known young lady who has been employed at the main office of the National Sewing Machine company. She has many friends to wish her happiness, and the groom also has a wide circle of good wishers who will bespeak prosperity for himself and his bride."

### DE KALB CANDIDATES

One for Circuit Clerk and the Other Wants Attorney Job

DeKalb has two candidates in the field for county offices this spring, Harry McEwen wants the states attorney job while Earl O. Fay would like to get into the circuit clerk's office.

Mr. McEwen stands well among the members of the bar, according to the Chronicle and is recognized as a lawyer of ability. He has no unsavory past record to clear up and will make a clean candidate. Attorneys Kennedy and Prentice had thoughts of going after the plum but have decided to give McEwen a clear field in the city of DeKalb. The present incumbent has not made an announcement.

Earl O. Fay, son of H. W. Fay, of the DeKalb Review, and associated at the present time with his father in the publication of that paper is out for circuit clerk. Mr. Fay is one of the bright young men of the county and is assured of strong support in his home city.

### Hinckley Has Another Fire

Another fire at Hinckley Wednesday night destroyed a building containing a lot of machinery, owned by Swanson brothers, who do threshing, shelling and the like. This was Hinckley's fifth fire in a year. Loss was between \$5,000 and \$6,000, it is said, with insurance to cover.

The petition requesting that the saloon question be put on ballot at the coming township election in Belvidere has been filed with Town Clerk M. C. Marean. It bears 475 names.

Note Pickett's great offer.

### ADULTERATED OATS

Department of Agriculture Makes Ruling Regarding Sulphuring

A most important development which may revolutionize the oats trade of the country was brought out in the ruling of Dr. Wiley of the bureau of chemistry of the Department of Agriculture, who construes the sulphuring or purifying of oats a violation of the pure food act. A large per cent of the commercial oats business of the country is in sulphured oats, many people using them without knowing it. It is a most profitable industry, and the trade is reluctant to give it up, although the government threatens to confiscate the sulphured oats and prosecute the shippers, but an effort is being made to have a ruling that will enable the trade to fulfill present contracts and dispose of stocks on hand.

Low grade oats with sulphuring permitted sell close up to good, but without the latter a widening of the difference in values is expected, in fact, poor oats were off 1 and 2c Saturday, while good were unchanged.—Inter Ocean.

### They Were Surprised

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Bowers were surprised by about forty of their friends and neighbors last Tuesday evening, and it was a real surprise, the victims not having the least intimation of the affair until the guests arrived. Mr. and Mrs. Bowers were presented with a rug by the guests, the latter serving an excellent lunch late in the evening. They will soon leave Genoa and make their home on the Clint Powers farm on the Belvidere road.

### THE MYSTICS INSTALL

Local Lodge of Workers in a Flourishing Condition

On the 24th of January the local lodge of Mystic Workers installed the following officers:

Perfect, C. H. Altenberg.  
Monitor, J. W. Sowers.  
Secretary, Fannie Heed.  
Banker, Jennie Gordon.  
Marshal, Verde Patterson.  
Warder, Fred Clausen, Jr.  
Sentinel, E. M. Trautman,  
Manager, M. Malana.

C. H. Altenberg and J. W. Sowers have held the respective offices to which they have been installed for three years, while Fannie Heed was installed into the office of secretary for the twelfth consecutive time, being the only incumbent of that office since the lodge was organized in Genoa. J. L. Patterson acted as installing officer and Bertha Patterson as conductress.

At the close of the meeting C. H. Altenberg and J. W. Sowers were each presented with a fountain pen by the members. The supper committee did its part well, giving the members a fine lunch.

Mrs. Fannie Heed was elected delegate to the supreme lodge meeting to be held in June of this year at Milwaukee, Wis.

### DeKalb County Insane

A report from the Elgin State Hospital shows that there were 61 from DeKalb county in that institution on January 1. Of these, three were admitted in the 80s, eight in the 90s, 32 between 1900 and 1910 and 18 from 1910 up to the present time.

Last call—Shoes at 98c, sizes 3 to 7, good widths. Olmsted's.

### MUSIC IN THE SCHOOL

Prof. Toenniges of DeKalb Engaged to Teach the Grades

For some time Prof. Toenniges of DeKalb, instructor of the Third Regiment Band in that city and of the Genoa Band, has been teaching music in the Genoa high school. The Mothers' Club, an organization which has been doing good since its inception some months ago, has been instrumental and took the initiative in giving the grades in the public school the benefit of these music lessons. Last week a committee from the club met with the board of education and petition that body to stand the expenses of the proposition. The members could readily see the advantage of such a move and granted all that was asked. The course will consist of one lesson a week.

Prof. Toenniges is a thoro master of music, can play almost any kind of instrument, and knows exactly how to impart his knowledge to others so that they will understand. He now has a large class in Genoa on various instruments, including piano, violin, trombone and clarinet.

### DeKalb-Sycamore Line Sold

The deal between the Rockford & Interurban interests and the DeKalb-Sycamore Electric company whereby the Rockford corporation secures the holdings of the local institution took effect February 1. The name of the company will not be changed but will remain the DeKalb-Sycamore company retaining its corporate existence and being a separate institution from the Rockford line.

## SUES FOR \$20,000

MAN INJURED BY FALL OF GRAND STAND AT ELGIN

### DEKALB HAS AUTO ENGINE

Automobile Road Race Association at Elgin Asks for Five Year Lease of Farmers—Permanent Grandstand

Dr. Francis W. McNamara, who was injured when the grand stand collapsed at the Elgin automobile races last August, filed suit for \$20,000 damages in the Cook county circuit court last week against the Chicago Motor club, Elgin Automobile Road Race association, and P. A. McHugh, contractor. Only the praecipe in the suit was filed, but, according to Attorney Henry N. Seligman, the action is based on injuries suffered by Dr. McNamara.

Up-to-the-minute DeKalb has joined the ranks of live cities which possess an automobile fire engine. Friday night at the meeting of the city council the city dials let the contract for a Webb motor-propelled combination chemical engine and hose wagon.

The Elgin Automobile Road Race Association is asking farmers along the race course to sign five-year leases, in order to guarantee the erection of a concrete grand stand, thus obviating the possibility of such an accident as marred the sport last year.

The report of the secretary of the state board of agriculture regarding the finances of the last state fair has just been made public and shows that the fair of 1911 lost \$13,000. The fair cost the state the sum of \$160,000 and the total receipts were \$13,000 less than the sum.

Clarence Darrow is to receive a fee of \$50,000 for his services in the McNamara case, but a good many struggling young lawyers are of the opinion that they could have let the dynamites be convicted for less money.

Lawrence Miller, 14 years old, son of John Miller, a merchant of McHenry, Ill., died at the West side hospital in Chicago yesterday from hemorrhage caused by severing an artery in his left leg on Wednesday with a hockey skate while skating.

Sycamore Republican: Frank C. Patten, former owner of the Patten factory and mayor of Sycamore, has been arrested at St. Louis, and was held at Quincy, charged with obtaining money under false pretenses.

The state of Wisconsin has one cow for every eight acres of land, the biggest cow acreage in the world.

**GENOA LODGE NO. 288**  
A. F. & A. M.  
Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month  
O. M. BARCUS, W. M.  
C. D. Schoonmaker, Secy.

**GENOA LODGE No. 768**  
I. O. O. F.  
Meets every Monday evening in Odd Fellow Hall.  
E. C. Oberg, N. G. G. W. Sowers, Sec.

**EVALINE LODGE**  
No. 34  
Meets 4th Tuesday of each month in I. O. O. F. Hall  
C. H. Altenberg, Prefect  
Fannie M. Heed, Secy

**Genoa Camp No. 163**  
M. W. A.  
Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month.  
Visiting neighbors welcome  
B. C. Awe, V. C. E. H. Browne, Clerk

From the standpoint of utility, except in so far as decorativeness is utility, not much can be said for the average cat these days. The cat enjoys its privileges without greatly concerning itself with the responsibilities. And in point of fact, its services in most houses would be superfluous. The mousetrap now does for most households what the cat formerly did. Nor is the cat particularly distinguished by the affection for its master which is so conspicuous in the dog, its sole domestic rival for the warm spot under the kitchen stove. If you will note the cat carefully, you will observe that it usually wants something of you when it comes around. None of its calls are courtesy calls. The arched back and the "mew-mew" are eloquent of its desires. If it does not receive these marks of attention and fails to find anything else that interests it, say, a nice warm spot in your lap to take a doze on, the cat moves majestically and indifferently away. Your personality has no particular charm for it. It admires the radiator more than it does you. These characteristic symptoms of self-centeredness and grave detachment are enforced by the eyes of the cat. A cat's eyes look at you, but they seem to be looking beyond you. They are like the eyes of the caged lion, which always seem to be seeing the distant desert that it loves and that is calling to it by night and day.

From year to year there have come reports of the increase of deer in Connecticut which western people have found it difficult to believe. Last year there were complaints that the protected animals were destroying farmers' crops. This year comes the story that the Connecticut game warden have given warning that motormen on interurban electric cars must exercise the utmost care not to run down deer which happen to get upon the track, or they will be made to incur the full penalty of the law for killing deer out of season. It is said that a considerable number of deer have been killed in this way, especially at night, when they were attracted by the headlights. Deer stalking with an electric car is certainly a modern method of acquiring venison; but they were always an ingenious folk in the state of the wooden nutmeg.

A bonfire was held by the Postoffice Department of over 170,000 Christmas postal cards, barred because of their tinsel decoration, notification having been made that these cards are unmailable on account of danger to the clerks in handling. The number sent in spite of the warning shows that men and women are but children of a larger growth, who keep on doing things apparently because they have been told not to do them.

Census returns of the foreign-born inhabitants of Greater New York show that there are more natives of Italy residing in the Empire City than there are in Palermo. In a similar way the Russian-born population of New York far exceeds the entire number of inhabitants of so characteristic a Russian city as Kiev. The Russian-born New Yorkers number almost half a million and the Italian-born New Yorkers exceed 340,000.

The patient Griselda's famous record for meekness and endurance has been beaten by a woman in Chicago. For twelve years she supported her husband with patient resignation, but finally decided that having to take beatings as well as give earnings was a little too much, even for a modern Griselda.

A medical journal has started a campaign against the beloved student pipe, alleging that students who smoke are not those standing highest in their classes. This journal is behind the times, holding the antiquated idea that college students in these strenuous days go there to study.

Sixteen babies in a courtroom in New York upset the court's dignity and yelled their contempt of court till the latter was driven to ignominious surrender in an adjournment. Which proves that the infant of the species is more vociferous than judicial precedent.

"When I read I don't like to think," is a remark credited to Thomas A. Edison. A good many others feel the same way, which is a possible explanation for the abundant output of light literature that calls for no thought in the process of its perusal.

The pure food board has issued a definition of mince-meat. But it has offered no bets that it can define the things mince-meat produces the night after.

## TROOPS GET ORDERS

UNITED STATES SOLDIERS HELD IN READINESS FOR DUTY ON MEXICAN BORDER.  
CALLS TO WESTERN POSTS

Several Regiments of Infantry and Company of Artillery Told to Prepare for Move to Southern Boundary in Case of Trouble.

Chihuahua, Mexico, Feb. 7.—The guards at the state penitentiary have deserted and imprisoned the director, Rafael Raembo, after which they took to the hills to join Rojas. Officials here say the Madero regime is dead and that the state government is ready to be turned over to Emilio Vasquez Gomez.

U. S. Troops Ready to Move.  
Washington, Feb. 7.—The war department has given orders to commanders of military posts in the west to hold in readiness several regiments of soldiers to be sent to the Mexican border in case their services are required there.

This step is due to the recent outbreak of a revolutionary movement in the northern part of Mexico by the followers of Emilio Gomez, which may make necessary the reassembling of American troops along the Rio Grande to enforce observance of the neutrality laws and possibly act for the protection of citizens of the United States on their property.

While the mobilization is not likely to assume such proportions as that of last summer, when 20,000 men were sent into the field, enough soldiers will be placed on duty to guard against complications at points of threatened danger on the boundary.

Call to Coast Artillery.  
Galveston, Tex., Feb. 7.—Major E. M. Blait, commanding officer at Fort Crockett, has received telegraphic instructions directing that the 104 men of the One Hundred and Twenty-eighth Company Coast Artillery be prepared to take the field with full equipment within twenty-four hours. The One Hundred and Twenty-seventh Company of Coast Artillery also is quartered at Fort Crockett.

Fort Douglas Receives Orders.  
Salt Lake City, Feb. 7.—Colonel J. A. Irons, in command of the Twentieth Infantry at Fort Douglas, admitted that he had orders to hold his regiment in readiness for a call to the Mexican border. There were details of the order that Colonel Irons would not divulge.

Montana Post Given Warning.  
Helena, Mont., Feb. 7.—Orders have been received at Fort William Henry Harrison for the four companies of the Fourteenth Infantry, stationed here, to hold themselves in readiness to move on instant notice to the Mexican border.

Orocco Installed as Governor.  
El Paso, Tex., Feb. 7.—General Pascual Orocco has been detailed as governor of the State of Chihuahua, according to passengers arriving here on the first train to reach Juarez since Wednesday. No demonstration attended the inauguration or the arrival in Chihuahua of the mutinous garrison.

The train brought sixty American refugees from Chihuahua and intervening towns. Wire communication still was interrupted between the state capital and Mexico City, the wires being cut at Ortiz. Train service south of Chihuahua City was interrupted.

Abraham Gonzales, minister of President Madero's cabinet, was reported to have left a north-bound train at Santa Rosalia, his journey to Chihuahua being interrupted by the receipt of a telegram which, it is said, threatened assassination.

FLEET IN SECRET CRUISE  
Present Southern Trip Surrounded With Mystery by Heads of Navy Department.

Washington, Feb. 5.—Intense public interest in the navy maneuvers of the Atlantic fleet, consisting of twenty-one battleships, four armored cruisers and a dozen torpedo boat destroyers, in charge of Rear Admiral Hugo Osterhaus, has been aroused on account of the unusual secrecy maintained by the navy department surrounding the situation. The fleet is engaged in one of the most difficult games of mimic warfare ever devised for American naval commanders, concerning plans of which not a word has been made public.

HOLDS MEMORIAL TO GOEBEL  
Kentucky Legislature Recalls Murder of Governor at Capitol—City Then an Armed Camp.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 6.—Memories of the most exciting days in Kentucky's political history were revived when the legislature held exercises in honor of William Goebel, who was shot to death from a window in the old state capitol, during the memorable Taylor-Goebel contest for the governorship a dozen years ago. At that time Frankfort was an armed camp of hostile partisans.

Memorial exercises were held in the chamber of the lower house. Congressman A. O. Stanley delivered the principal eulogy.

Peru Minister Ill.  
Lima, Peru, Feb. 7.—Finance Minister Ernesto Raex, being unable on account of ill health to perform his official duties, Luis F. Villaran has been appointed temporary finance minister.

## THE HOME VERDICT IS BEST



STEEL PAPERS LOST  
GOVERNMENT ALLEGES DESTRUCTION OF EVIDENCE AND OBTAINS INJUNCTION.

CRIMINAL ACTION IS HINTED  
Court is Asked to Safeguard Records That May Be Required by the Government in Preparation of Future Indictments.

Washington, Feb. 7.—Intimation that criminal indictments and prosecutions of certain officers of the United States Steel Corporation and its subsidiaries are under consideration by the Department of Justice was given through an unexpected move in the government's suit against the trust now pending.

Judge Gray, in the United States court of the third circuit, issued an injunction restraining the defendants in the federal action from destroying books and papers desired by the government.

The injunction was issued on a petition of the Department of Justice, which alleges that several thousand papers and documents, which were used in the government's criminal prosecution of the "wire pool" last fall, have been destroyed.

Aim is to Stop Destruction.  
The injunction, which is a temporary one, is to forbid the destruction of any other books or papers which the government may desire in the anti-trust suit.

The destroyed papers, it is charged, were in a trunk which, with its contents, was delivered on June 29, 1911, by United States District Attorney Wise to Charles MacVeagh, general solicitor of the United States Steel Corporation, who gave a written agreement, it is said, that he would keep the papers in his personal charge, subject to examination by Mr. Wise or his assistants at any time.

Unable to Regain Papers.  
The government, through Henry E. Colton, special assistant to the Attorney general in the dissolution suit against the Steel corporation, began negotiations for these papers in connection with the pending proceedings on Jan. 26.

R. C. Bolling, assistant general solicitor of the Steel corporation, informed Mr. Colton, it is alleged, that the trunk had been returned to the American Steel and Wire company about Oct. 1, 1911, and that all the papers had been destroyed by Frank Baacks, vice-president and general sales agent of the wire company.

The papers, it is charged in the government's petition, "contained matters tending to show that J. A. Farrell, formerly president of the United States Steel Products (export) company, now president of the United States Steel Corporation, not only knew of said unlawful pools and combinations described, but aided and abetted in their successful operation."

Hints at Further Indictments.  
The petition avers that certain much-wanted documents are in imminent danger of destruction, "because there are officers of the United States Steel Corporation and its subsidiaries who have not yet been indicted for the practices which said papers tend to show them guilty of."

The rule issued by Judge Gray directing the defendants to show cause why a permanent injunction should not issue is returnable on March 5.

BATHTUB CASES ARE NOLLED  
United States Suit at Detroit Has 13 Firms and 24 Single Defendants Left.

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 7.—When the government's criminal case against the so-called bathtub trust was called in the United States District court the government nolle prossed the indictments against W. C. Winfield of Warren, O., J. J. Mahoney of Chattanooga, Tenn., George W. Frauzheim of Wheeling, W. V., and Bert O. Tilden, secretary of the Colwell Lead company of New York. This action reduced the number of defendants to thirteen firms and twenty-four individuals.

## WORLD TAXES SUGAR

KNOX'S LETTER SHOWING HOW PRODUCT IS MADE REVENUE SOURCE GOES TO CONGRESS.  
PRICES OF COMMODITY VARY

In Spain and Italy It Sells for 14 Cents and Glasgow Purchases it at 5 Cents, According to Report Made by the Secretary of State.

Washington, Feb. 6.—Sugar, universally consumed and universally taxed, is subjected to government control and regulation as to price in almost every country and to varying trade methods as well, says Secretary of State Knox in a letter which President Taft sent to congress.

The letter, important at this time, in connection with the sugar tariff revision bill which the house ways and means committee begins framing this week, was brought out by the house "sugar trust" investigating committee's request for foreign data. It summarizes consular reports which Mr. Knox called for from every part of the world, showing sugar to be a source of customs and internal revenue by means of import duties and by taxes on consumption in the form of national excise duties, and local or municipal charges.

Chargeable to Cuban Shortage.  
Retail prices of sugar, varying even in different localities in the same country, generally showed an increase throughout the world between July and November last, attributed to the shrinkage in the Cuban cane crop and prospective shortage in the beet crop of Europe. The increase ranged from 1 to 3 cents a pound, averaging about 2 cents, on ordinary white sugar. The great range of price quotations is shown by the 14 cents a pound charged in Italy and Spain and 5 cents in Glasgow, Scotland.

Secretary Knox said that in Spain, where the July prices ranged close to 10 cents, actual decreases even took place in some cities. In Russia, where a large surplus stock had been carried over from the preceding seasons, the government kept the prices unchanged. The sugar combination in Sweden, which had been enforcing a high price before the general deficiency in the supply, found it difficult to make increases.

Where Nations Control.  
Russia exercises absolute control over the prices. Trade guilds in Japan and Brazil individually assert the right to manipulate prices. The Argentine Republic fixes prices by law. In Canada, Montreal refiners control the situation. In Sweden retail dealers combine to keep the prices just low enough to make imports unprofitable.

The United Kingdom, the Netherlands, Belgium, Switzerland, Greece and Peru treat sugar solely as a source of revenue.

Combine Seeks Immunity.  
New York, Feb. 6.—A plea to estop the government from further prosecution of the trust case is contained in the answer of the American Sugar Refining company and other defendants, filed in the dissolution suit against it.

The plea is based on the contention that the United States Supreme court, in deciding the suit against the E. C. Knight company and others, disposed of the allegations brought in the present suit. The American company was one of the defendants in the action against the Knight company.

The defendants declare that their business does not exceed 40 per cent of the entire sugar trade of the country. The chief reasons for the original combination in 1887, the answer states, was not to restrict or monopolize trade, but by economic management to place the business on a sound basis.

They also deny that the underweighting of sugar on its admittance to this country was done with their knowledge or consent, and allege that the frauds aggregated less than two-thirds of one per cent of the total duties of \$334,000,000 which they have paid.

SENATE OUSTS BLUMENBERG  
Official Reporter of the Lorimer Investigating Committee Is Dismissed for Outbreak.

Washington, Feb. 6.—The Lorimer senatorial investigating committee summarily dismissed Milton Blumenberg, its official reporter, because of his conduct at the hearing on Saturday night.

Pending the disposition of the contempt charges against him, Blumenberg will be held as a committee witness. He is also an official reporter of the proceedings of the senate, but it is said will not be employed there until the charges against him are cleared up.

Blumenberg declined to make a statement to the committee when called before it in executive session. The committee then adopted resolutions to prosecute him for contempt. Pending these proceedings he was ordered released from the custody of the sergeant-at-arms.

Other stenographers were employed for the committee's work and a recess was taken. Blumenberg created a sensation by charging that the stenographic notes of an alleged confession of perjury of Charles McGowan, a Hines-Lorimer witness, had been "faked" by the stenographer in the employ of a detective agency.

Blumenberg's friends say his outbreak was caused by a nervous breakdown brought on by overwork.

## JUST A LITTLE TOO HASTY

Mr. Newlywed Resented What He Considered Impertinence, but the Joke Was on Him.

They were on their wedding tour, and imagined that every civility given them related to their new condition of servitude.

Having stopped at a way station, the bridegroom was approached by the station agent, who asked: "Are you going to take the next train?"

"It's none of your business," retorted the bridegroom, indignantly, as he guided the bride up the platform, where they consoled with each other over the impertinence of some of the natives.

Onward came the train, its vapor curling from afar. It was the last to their destination that day—an express. Nearer and nearer it came at full speed; then in a moment it whizzed past and was gone.

"Why in thunder didn't that train stop!" yelled the bridegroom.

"Cos you said 'twasn't none of my business. I has to signal if that train's to stop."

PIMPLES COVERED HIS BACK  
"My troubles began along in the summer in the hottest weather and took the form of small eruptions and itching and a kind of smarting pain. It took me mostly all over my back and kept getting worse until finally my back was covered with a mass of pimples which would burn and itch at night so that I could hardly stand it. This condition kept getting worse and worse until my back was a solid mass of big sores which would break open and run. My underclothing would be a clot of blood."

"I tried various remedies and salves for nearly three years and I was not getting any benefit. It seemed I was in eternal misery and could not sleep on my back or lean on a chair. I was finally given a set of the Cuticura Remedies and inside of two weeks I could see and feel a great relief. I kept on using Cuticura Soap, Ointment and also the Resolvent, and in about three or four months' time my back was nearly cured and I felt like a new being. Now I am in good health and no sign of any skin diseases and I am fully satisfied that Cuticura Remedies are the best ever made for such diseases. I would not be without them." (Signed) W. A. Armstrong, Corbin, Kan., May 26, 1911.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston.

Works Either Way  
Tatterdon Torn—Wot drove you to drink, Tistry?  
Thirsty Thimbumbob—Me love for a woman.  
Tatterdon Torn—Did she turn you down, or marry you?

Cole's Carbolic acid quickly relieves and cures burning, itching and torturing skin diseases. It instantly stops the pain of burns. Cures without scars. 25c and 50c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

If a leap year girl has money to burn it isn't difficult for her to find a young man willing to furnish a match.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. Constipation is the cause of many diseases. Cure the cause and you cure the disease. Easy to take.

The man who is satisfied with himself never worries on account of his neighbor's estimate of him.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE."  
That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of J. W. CHOLEY. Used the World Over to Cure a Cold in One DAY. 25c.

All women love a lover—but most married men feel sorry for him.

Right in Her Line.  
Gillet—The people in the flat above us are constantly fighting.  
Perry—Doesn't your wife object?  
Gillet—No. She likes to have a fuss made over her.

When Your Eyes Need Care  
Try Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting—Feels Fine—Acts Quickly. Try it for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Illustrated Book in each Package. Murine is compounded by our Oculists—not a "Patent Medicine"—but used in successful "Physicians' Practices" for many years. Now dedicated to the Public and sold by Druggists at 25c and 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve to Aseptic Tubes, 25c and 50c. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

We are told that it is the unexpected that always happens. If this is true, we should learn to expect it.

FREE  
I want ever person who is bilious, constipated or has any stomach or liver ailment to send for a free package of my Paw-Paw Pills. I want to prove that they positively cure Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Belching, Wind, Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and are an infallible cure for Constipation. To do this I am willing to give millions of free packages. I take all the risk. Sold by druggists for 25 cents a box. For 50c per package. Prof. Munyon, 53rd & Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.

The Farmer's Son's Great Opportunity  
Why wait for the old farm to become your inheritance? Begin now to prepare for your future prosperity and independence. A great opportunity awaits you in the West. Buy a 160-acre farm in Western Canada. Excellent farming facilities. Low freight rates. Free water and lumber easily obtained.

Now's the Time  
—not a year from now, when the market will be high. The profits secured from the abundant crops of Wheat, Oats and Barley, as well as the raising of stock, causing a steady advance in price. Government returns show that the 160-acre farm in Western Canada from the 1870s to 1910 has the largest increase of any other crop.

Free Homesteads of 160 Acres and 320 Acres. 160-acre farms at \$5.00 an acre. Fine climate, good schools, excellent farming facilities. Low freight rates. Free water and lumber easily obtained.

For pamphlet "Last Best West," particulars as to suitable location and best routes, write to Dept. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada. Also write to C. J. Broughton, 1127 North Main St., Chicago, Ill. Geo. A. H. 216. For 160-acre farms, write to Geo. A. H. 216. For 320-acre farms, write to Geo. A. H. 216. Geo. A. H. 216. Geo. A. H. 216.

WESTERN CANADA FARM LANDS for \$10-\$20 the finest mixed farming district in Canadian West. Close to Prince Albert, Sask. Splendid market. Free Government homesteads also within 25 miles of city. Crop excellent, settlement coming in fast. For free literature and maps, write to J. H. Woodward, Sec. Board of Trade, Dept. L, Prince Albert, Sask.

Virginia Farms and Homes  
FREE CATALOGUE OF SPLENDID BARGAINS  
R. B. CHAFFIN & CO., Inc., Richmond, Va.

FOR SALE—Big bargain. Poor health necessitates moving to California. 10 acres alfalfa and grain. Also another 10 acres apples and pears, all full bearing, fine blue. If located write to J. Woodward, Sec. Board of Trade, Dept. L, Prince Albert, Sask.

PERLESS SOUTH DAKOTA—Corn, Alfalfa and Flax were great crops in South Dakota last year. Prospects now are bright. Located in the best around crop this year in the State's history. If you want a homestead, deeded land, or business opportunity, write to J. H. Woodward, Sec. Board of Trade, Dept. L, Prince Albert, Sask.

GREAT FARM BARGAIN 300 ac. fertile prairie, all good land, low price, level soil. From good inland town. Delightful climate all year. If suitment, write to Geo. A. H. 216. Also more general literature, invoice about \$200. Geo. Williams, Amsted, N.Y.

FOR SALE Southern Farm Lands, over lands. We can supply your wants at attractive prices. Kindly specify kind of land and size of tract desired and let us furnish you further information. LAND DEPARTMENT, BANK OF COMMERCE & TRUST CO., Memphis, Tenn. Capital & Surplus \$2,000,000.00

CHEAP FARMS IN SUNNY TENNESSEE  
Good country for man of moderate means. Good soil, low taxes, the climate and water, fuel plentiful. For particulars write to "FARMER" CRENS, Kingsport, Tenn.

Utah Land and Water Co.  
Kibberia, Utah. If wanting irrigated land, send for our handsome booklet free.

# PRINCE OF HEAVENLY QUARTERS

By MARCIN BARBER  
ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS

Copyright, 1934, by MIFPAT, WARD AND COMPANY

**SYNOPSIS.**

The story opens with a scream from Dorothy March in the opera box of Mrs. Missioner, a wealthy widow. It is occasioned when Mrs. Missioner's necklace breaks, scattering the diamonds all over the floor. Curtis Griswold and Braxton Sands, society men in love with Mrs. Missioner, rather up the gems. Griswold steps on what is supposed to be the celebrated Maharane and crushes it. A Hindoo declares it was not the genuine. An expert later pronounces all the stones substitutes for the original. One of the missing diamonds is found in the room of Elinor Holcomb, confidential companion of Mrs. Missioner. She is arrested, notwithstanding Mrs. Missioner's belief in her innocence. Meantime, in an uptown mansion, two Hindoos, who are in America to recover the Maharane, discuss the arrest. Detectives Britz takes up the case. He asks the co-operation of Dr. Fitch, Elinor's fiancé, in running down the real criminal. Britz learns that the Hindoos are materially interested in the case. Pretending to be a reporter, Britz interviews the Swami as to the rare diamonds of India. Britz learns of an insane diamond expert on Ward's Island and decides to interview him. He learns enough to believe that either Sands or Griswold employed the insane man to make counterfeit diamonds of the Missioner gems.

## CHAPTER XVI—(Continued.)

"We've got the motive for the crime," the two men shouted in one breath.

Britz assumed an attitude of eager interest. The prosecutor looked significantly at him.

"What have you discovered?" he asked.

"That man Fitch is mixed up in the case just as I always thought," Donnelly informed him. "She stole those diamonds for his sake. It's another case of the girl turning thief to help her lover."

"We've run the whole thing down and we have it here in black and white." His fingers clasped three or four letters which he flaunted temptingly before the eyes of the prosecutor. "They confirm our suspicion that Fitch is at the bottom of the whole case. Rather, that he's the man 'higher up.'"

Mott gathered the contents of the missives in three or four sweeping glances as he handed them to Britz. He perused them closely, as if weighing their import while noting their contents. His impassive face masked the emotions they aroused in him, and he returned them to the assistant district attorney with an air of indifference.

"These letters are conclusive," Mott pronounced.

"Conclusive of what?" demanded Britz.

"That Miss Holcomb was the tool of her fiancé, and that the two have combined to enlist your sympathy."

"I guess it wasn't a bad bit of detective work to get those letters," Donnelly smiled.

"I guess not," agreed Carson, anxious to justify his partner's little outburst of self-adulation.

Britz turned to them abruptly. Their flippant tones irritated him. His nature revolted at the ill-bred rejoicing over the prospective degradation of a woman.

"How did you get the letters?" he asked brusquely.

Donnelly, ready to burst with the importance he had gathered, needed no urging to impart the desired information.

"I had Doctor Fitch shadowed from the day he appeared at headquarters to inquire about Miss Holcomb," he said. "That's how I got on that he was negotiating with a real estate agent. Luckily, the agent was a friend of mine, and he informed me that Fitch had purchased and paid for a site on which to build a modern sanitarium. Yes, sir, he put up \$90,000 for the ground; and the buildings and furnishings, I learned, are to cost nearly a quarter of a million. It wasn't easy to get the agent to turn over Fitch's letters, but I told him he'd have to produce them before the grand jury under a subpoena, so he handed them over."

"Have you tried to learn where he got the money?" Britz demanded.

"It's plain enough where he got the money. The individual stones of the necklace would bring all the money he needed for the deal."

"But have you tried to make sure that he sold the diamonds?" Britz persisted.

"I'll get all that without much trouble," was the confident reply.

"Well, go ahead and get it," Britz ordered.

When the two detectives left the room Mott found it impossible to restrain his gratification.

"I guess you'll admit you're on the wrong lay?" he jeered. "You've bewildered yourself with your own zeal. This is the sort of stuff I want," he declared, fingering the letters.

"You've been led astray. Now get on the right trail and accomplish something."

An attendant entered with a card. The prosecutor glanced at it and passed it over to the detective.

"He's an old friend," Mott remarked. "We were in college together."

A dark flush suffused Britz's countenance and deepened his yellow ivory complexion to a dull gray. He fixed a look of anxious interrogation on Mott, as if doubtful of the wisdom of

admitting the visitor into this back room of the temple of justice.

"I know he's one of your suspects," the prosecutor laughed, at the same time pressing a button which sounded a buzzer in the reception room. "Yes, he's one of the figures in this comedy of errors you're playing, but I'll not inform him that, in your eyes, he's one of the possible thieves. You may go ahead suspecting whom you will without interference on my part."

The swinging door opened, and Griswold sauntered into the room. The cordial smile he bestowed on Mott faded to superciliousness when he beheld Britz. He glanced at the detective as if resentful of his presence.

"I presume you can guess why I called," he said familiarly to the prosecutor.

"It requires no mind reader to fathom the object of your visit," Mott laughed back.

"Mrs. Missioner is on the verge of nervous prostration," Griswold informed. "She asked me to inquire about the progress of the case. Do you know, she can't get herself to believe Elinor guilty. Sands is inclined to agree with her to the extent of offering to go on Miss Holcomb's bond."

"Why doesn't he do so?" inquired the prosecutor.

"Because Mrs. Missioner objects," Griswold replied. "She believes that the swiftest way to clear Elinor is to permit her to remain in the Tombs. I confess I cannot see the force of her argument, but she is evidently acting under what she believes to be competent advice."

Britz cushioned his head against the back of the chair in the attitude of an indifferent listener to the conversation between the other men. If he had any views on the subject under discussion, he gave no audible indication of them.

"This man Sands," suddenly queried Mott, "seems to be an accepted suitor of Mrs. Missioner, doesn't he?"

A wave of red mounted to Griswold's forehead. An angry twitch of the corners of his mouth revealed that the prosecutor had touched a tender spot.

"He seems to divide his time between pursuing Mrs. Missioner and dropping his inherited millions in Wall street," Griswold replied. "I understand he has been hard hit in the street, and that his fortune is dwindling at a rapid rate."

"Is that so?" came a meaning query from Britz. He exchanged significant glances with Mott.

"Do you happen to know anything of his financial affairs?" asked the prosecutor. The question threw Griswold into a deep study, out of which he came gradually by slow stages of mental effort.

"I know he's been hard hit," he drawled. "And I know also that he's trying to conceal his reduced circumstances from Mrs. Missioner. In fact, I believe he needs money with which to carry his stocks."

Conscious of the shaft he had thrust and of the vague insinuation his words carried, Griswold stopped to watch the effect. Britz stared vacantly at the ceiling, as if unconscious of the hint conveyed by Griswold. Mott seemed interested.

"You don't think it possible he also is implicated in the theft?" he asked.

"I should regard such a supposition as absurd," Griswold declared. "But," he added, hastily, "I've had no experience with criminals."

With a sidelong look at the detective Griswold arose and left the room. As the door swung behind him Britz asked:

"Mott, what do you know about Griswold?"

"Nothing that could be of any service to you in hunting down the Missioner thief."

"How long has he been in business here?"

"About ten or fifteen years I should say."

"He's been engaged in various enterprises since leaving college, hasn't he? Most of the ventures proved failures?"

"You seem to know something of his business affairs," Mott fired back.

"At present he's secretary of the Iroquois Trust company," Britz continued, disregarding the prosecutor's remark. "Do you know what salary he is receiving?"

"He gets \$10,000 a year," the attorney informed him.

"His fortune would be materially improved if he married Mrs. Missioner."

"And you believe the theft of her jewels would help his suit?" the prosecutor asked sarcastically.

The detective vouchsafed no reply. With characteristic abruptness, he switched to Sands.

"If Sands has lost heavily in Wall street we ought to look into it. He had equal opportunity with Griswold to steal the collarette," he said.

"I have no objection," Mott smiled, "have you obtained any trace of the truth as to who manufactured the Maharane?"

"I have found the manufacturer," Britz replied calmly.

"What!" The prosecutor bounded out of his chair as if released by a

spring. "And you've withheld the information from me?"

"The manufacturer of the stone is useless as a witness. He's hopelessly insane."

"Has he thrown no light on the case at all?"

"Yes, some light," Britz admitted reluctantly. He was not prepared to disclose his hand yet. In fact, he realized an abundance of work still was necessary before the result of the interview in the insane asylum could be shaped into tangible evidence against the man who had ordered the duplicate diamond.

"Doesn't he recall who ordered the duplicate?" the prosecutor asked.

"No," the detective replied. "He is in the last stage of dementia. But we searched his effects and found a sketch of the Maharane drawn on the back of a visiting card."

Triumphant beams shot from Mott's eyes. He faced the detective, one hand extended in congratulation.

"I take back everything I said about your having botched the case," he offered apologetically. "Whatever the outcome, you certainly are close to the heart of the mystery. Britz, was it a man or a woman who ordered the stone?"

The detective's hand slipped into the inner pocket of his coat. It produced a long envelope from which he took the card, passing it over to the prosecutor. Mott looked at the name engraved on the postboard with widening eyes. His lips extended until the mouth seemed a thin, shapeless slit. Suddenly his jaw opened and snapped, as if he had come to a quick determination.

"Sands!" he exclaimed. "So he ordered the fake Maharane! By George,

ly to Britz. "What do you make out of it?" he snapped.

"It is one of the guideposts to the diamond theft," Britz pronounced.

The look of inquiry which the prosecutor bestowed on the detective remained unanswered. As if fearful of having committed some indiscretion in giving even this meager hint of his thoughts, Britz rose hastily and with a parting hint as to the complexity of the case, swung through the door and hastened out of the building. Unconsciously, his footsteps took him to headquarters, and into Manning's presence.

"Griswold was down here to see me about the case," the chief informed him. "He tells me you induced Mott to postpone it for a month?"

"I'm reaching out for the real thief," Britz returned. "I've got him, Manning. He can't get away."

"Well, who's the thief?" the chief inquired tersely.

Britz averted his face to conceal the unwonted agitation that had suddenly sprung up within him. A new light gleamed in his eyes—a light not called up by the excitement of the chase. The mere tracking of criminals was part of the routine of his life; he followed the course of his trails unemotionally, like a well-oiled machine. But the contemplation of saving a human soul in distress, the consciousness of exercising his talents in behalf of a woman who had touched his utmost pity, the knowledge that he alone stood between her and the living death that awaited her in state prison, increased the pulsation of his heart, thrilled him with a sense of noble purpose that was a new and agreeable excitement. When he regained his customary nonchalance he

fixed his gaze on the chief and, in a tone of cold indifference, said:

"The thinnest of veils is drawn between the thief and his complete exposure. I am not prepared to draw the veil aside yet. But it will be torn away shortly—very shortly. And then he'll stand revealed before the world."

"As mysterious as ever," the chief commented with a show of impatience. "Go ahead with your own way."

CHAPTER XVII.

A Pair of Thieves.

Two men, late on that February afternoon, were hastening eagerly along converging routes to the bachelor home of Braxton Sands. One was Sands himself. The other was Lieutenant Britz of Headquarters.

Every detail in the millionaire's suite in the St. Barnabas and of his private room in the Bowling Green office was known to Britz even more minutely than to the owner. That had been among the early activities of the sleuth in connection with the case. He was able to assure himself, therefore, that no matter how much Sands might admire the Maharane diamond, especially when it encircled the white throat of the wealthy widow, it would be nonsensical to suppose this admiration could descend to covetousness. Clearly, Britz was in some sort of blind alley.

As the two men left their offices almost to the minute, Britz, many blocks ahead of Sands, had arrived at the St. Barnabas before the millionaire turned the Grace church bend in

fixed his gaze on the chief and, in a tone of cold indifference, said:

"The thinnest of veils is drawn between the thief and his complete exposure. I am not prepared to draw the veil aside yet. But it will be torn away shortly—very shortly. And then he'll stand revealed before the world."

"As mysterious as ever," the chief commented with a show of impatience. "Go ahead with your own way."

CHAPTER XVII.

A Pair of Thieves.

Two men, late on that February afternoon, were hastening eagerly along converging routes to the bachelor home of Braxton Sands. One was Sands himself. The other was Lieutenant Britz of Headquarters.

Every detail in the millionaire's suite in the St. Barnabas and of his private room in the Bowling Green office was known to Britz even more minutely than to the owner. That had been among the early activities of the sleuth in connection with the case. He was able to assure himself, therefore, that no matter how much Sands might admire the Maharane diamond, especially when it encircled the white throat of the wealthy widow, it would be nonsensical to suppose this admiration could descend to covetousness. Clearly, Britz was in some sort of blind alley.

As the two men left their offices almost to the minute, Britz, many blocks ahead of Sands, had arrived at the St. Barnabas before the millionaire turned the Grace church bend in

ly to Britz. "What do you make out of it?" he snapped.

"It is one of the guideposts to the diamond theft," Britz pronounced.

The look of inquiry which the prosecutor bestowed on the detective remained unanswered. As if fearful of having committed some indiscretion in giving even this meager hint of his thoughts, Britz rose hastily and with a parting hint as to the complexity of the case, swung through the door and hastened out of the building. Unconsciously, his footsteps took him to headquarters, and into Manning's presence.

"Griswold was down here to see me about the case," the chief informed him. "He tells me you induced Mott to postpone it for a month?"

"I'm reaching out for the real thief," Britz returned. "I've got him, Manning. He can't get away."

"Well, who's the thief?" the chief inquired tersely.

Britz averted his face to conceal the unwonted agitation that had suddenly sprung up within him. A new light gleamed in his eyes—a light not called up by the excitement of the chase. The mere tracking of criminals was part of the routine of his life; he followed the course of his trails unemotionally, like a well-oiled machine. But the contemplation of saving a human soul in distress, the consciousness of exercising his talents in behalf of a woman who had touched his utmost pity, the knowledge that he alone stood between her and the living death that awaited her in state prison, increased the pulsation of his heart, thrilled him with a sense of noble purpose that was a new and agreeable excitement. When he regained his customary nonchalance he

fixed his gaze on the chief and, in a tone of cold indifference, said:

"The thinnest of veils is drawn between the thief and his complete exposure. I am not prepared to draw the veil aside yet. But it will be torn away shortly—very shortly. And then he'll stand revealed before the world."

ly to Britz. "What do you make out of it?" he snapped.

"It is one of the guideposts to the diamond theft," Britz pronounced.

The look of inquiry which the prosecutor bestowed on the detective remained unanswered. As if fearful of having committed some indiscretion in giving even this meager hint of his thoughts, Britz rose hastily and with a parting hint as to the complexity of the case, swung through the door and hastened out of the building. Unconsciously, his footsteps took him to headquarters, and into Manning's presence.

"Griswold was down here to see me about the case," the chief informed him. "He tells me you induced Mott to postpone it for a month?"

"I'm reaching out for the real thief," Britz returned. "I've got him, Manning. He can't get away."

"Well, who's the thief?" the chief inquired tersely.

Britz averted his face to conceal the unwonted agitation that had suddenly sprung up within him. A new light gleamed in his eyes—a light not called up by the excitement of the chase. The mere tracking of criminals was part of the routine of his life; he followed the course of his trails unemotionally, like a well-oiled machine. But the contemplation of saving a human soul in distress, the consciousness of exercising his talents in behalf of a woman who had touched his utmost pity, the knowledge that he alone stood between her and the living death that awaited her in state prison, increased the pulsation of his heart, thrilled him with a sense of noble purpose that was a new and agreeable excitement. When he regained his customary nonchalance he

fixed his gaze on the chief and, in a tone of cold indifference, said:

"The thinnest of veils is drawn between the thief and his complete exposure. I am not prepared to draw the veil aside yet. But it will be torn away shortly—very shortly. And then he'll stand revealed before the world."

"As mysterious as ever," the chief commented with a show of impatience. "Go ahead with your own way."

CHAPTER XVII.

A Pair of Thieves.

Two men, late on that February afternoon, were hastening eagerly along converging routes to the bachelor home of Braxton Sands. One was Sands himself. The other was Lieutenant Britz of Headquarters.

Every detail in the millionaire's suite in the St. Barnabas and of his private room in the Bowling Green office was known to Britz even more minutely than to the owner. That had been among the early activities of the sleuth in connection with the case. He was able to assure himself, therefore, that no matter how much Sands might admire the Maharane diamond, especially when it encircled the white throat of the wealthy widow, it would be nonsensical to suppose this admiration could descend to covetousness. Clearly, Britz was in some sort of blind alley.

As the two men left their offices almost to the minute, Britz, many blocks ahead of Sands, had arrived at the St. Barnabas before the millionaire turned the Grace church bend in

ly to Britz. "What do you make out of it?" he snapped.

"It is one of the guideposts to the diamond theft," Britz pronounced.

The look of inquiry which the prosecutor bestowed on the detective remained unanswered. As if fearful of having committed some indiscretion in giving even this meager hint of his thoughts, Britz rose hastily and with a parting hint as to the complexity of the case, swung through the door and hastened out of the building. Unconsciously, his footsteps took him to headquarters, and into Manning's presence.

"Griswold was down here to see me about the case," the chief informed him. "He tells me you induced Mott to postpone it for a month?"

"I'm reaching out for the real thief," Britz returned. "I've got him, Manning. He can't get away."

"Well, who's the thief?" the chief inquired tersely.

Britz averted his face to conceal the unwonted agitation that had suddenly sprung up within him. A new light gleamed in his eyes—a light not called up by the excitement of the chase. The mere tracking of criminals was part of the routine of his life; he followed the course of his trails unemotionally, like a well-oiled machine. But the contemplation of saving a human soul in distress, the consciousness of exercising his talents in behalf of a woman who had touched his utmost pity, the knowledge that he alone stood between her and the living death that awaited her in state prison, increased the pulsation of his heart, thrilled him with a sense of noble purpose that was a new and agreeable excitement. When he regained his customary nonchalance he

fixed his gaze on the chief and, in a tone of cold indifference, said:

"The thinnest of veils is drawn between the thief and his complete exposure. I am not prepared to draw the veil aside yet. But it will be torn away shortly—very shortly. And then he'll stand revealed before the world."

"As mysterious as ever," the chief commented with a show of impatience. "Go ahead with your own way."

CHAPTER XVII.

A Pair of Thieves.

Two men, late on that February afternoon, were hastening eagerly along converging routes to the bachelor home of Braxton Sands. One was Sands himself. The other was Lieutenant Britz of Headquarters.

Every detail in the millionaire's suite in the St. Barnabas and of his private room in the Bowling Green office was known to Britz even more minutely than to the owner. That had been among the early activities of the sleuth in connection with the case. He was able to assure himself, therefore, that no matter how much Sands might admire the Maharane diamond, especially when it encircled the white throat of the wealthy widow, it would be nonsensical to suppose this admiration could descend to covetousness. Clearly, Britz was in some sort of blind alley.

As the two men left their offices almost to the minute, Britz, many blocks ahead of Sands, had arrived at the St. Barnabas before the millionaire turned the Grace church bend in

ly to Britz. "What do you make out of it?" he snapped.

"It is one of the guideposts to the diamond theft," Britz pronounced.

The look of inquiry which the prosecutor bestowed on the detective remained unanswered. As if fearful of having committed some indiscretion in giving even this meager hint of his thoughts, Britz rose hastily and with a parting hint as to the complexity of the case, swung through the door and hastened out of the building. Unconsciously, his footsteps took him to headquarters, and into Manning's presence.

"Griswold was down here to see me about the case," the chief informed him. "He tells me you induced Mott to postpone it for a month?"

"I'm reaching out for the real thief," Britz returned. "I've got him, Manning. He can't get away."

"Well, who's the thief?" the chief inquired tersely.

Britz averted his face to conceal the unwonted agitation that had suddenly sprung up within him. A new light gleamed in his eyes—a light not called up by the excitement of the chase. The mere tracking of criminals was part of the routine of his life; he followed the course of his trails unemotionally, like a well-oiled machine. But the contemplation of saving a human soul in distress, the consciousness of exercising his talents in behalf of a woman who had touched his utmost pity, the knowledge that he alone stood between her and the living death that awaited her in state prison, increased the pulsation of his heart, thrilled him with a sense of noble purpose that was a new and agreeable excitement. When he regained his customary nonchalance he

fixed his gaze on the chief and, in a tone of cold indifference, said:

"The thinnest of veils is drawn between the thief and his complete exposure. I am not prepared to draw the veil aside yet. But it will be torn away shortly—very shortly. And then he'll stand revealed before the world."

"As mysterious as ever," the chief commented with a show of impatience. "Go ahead with your own way."

CHAPTER XVII.

A Pair of Thieves.

Two men, late on that February afternoon, were hastening eagerly along converging routes to the bachelor home of Braxton Sands. One was Sands himself. The other was Lieutenant Britz of Headquarters.

Every detail in the millionaire's suite in the St. Barnabas and of his private room in the Bowling Green office was known to Britz even more minutely than to the owner. That had been among the early activities of the sleuth in connection with the case. He was able to assure himself, therefore, that no matter how much Sands might admire the Maharane diamond, especially when it encircled the white throat of the wealthy widow, it would be nonsensical to suppose this admiration could descend to covetousness. Clearly, Britz was in some sort of blind alley.

As the two men left their offices almost to the minute, Britz, many blocks ahead of Sands, had arrived at the St. Barnabas before the millionaire turned the Grace church bend in

ly to Britz. "What do you make out of it?" he snapped.

"It is one of the guideposts to the diamond theft," Britz pronounced.

The look of inquiry which the prosecutor bestowed on the detective remained unanswered. As if fearful of having committed some indiscretion in giving even this meager hint of his thoughts, Britz rose hastily and with a parting hint as to the complexity of the case, swung through the door and hastened out of the building. Unconsciously, his footsteps took him to headquarters, and into Manning's presence.

ly to Britz. "What do you make out of it?" he snapped.

"It is one of the guideposts to the diamond theft," Britz pronounced.

The look of inquiry which the prosecutor bestowed on the detective remained unanswered. As if fearful of having committed some indiscretion in giving even this meager hint of his thoughts, Britz rose hastily and with a parting hint as to the complexity of the case, swung through the door and hastened out of the building. Unconsciously, his footsteps took him to headquarters, and into Manning's presence.

"Griswold was down here to see me about the case," the chief informed him. "He tells me you induced Mott to postpone it for a month?"

"I'm reaching out for the real thief," Britz returned. "I've got him, Manning. He can't get away."

"Well, who's the thief?" the chief inquired tersely.

Britz averted his face to conceal the unwonted agitation that had suddenly sprung up within him. A new light gleamed in his eyes—a light not called up by the excitement of the chase. The mere tracking of criminals was part of the routine of his life; he followed the course of his trails unemotionally, like a well-oiled machine. But the contemplation of saving a human soul in distress, the consciousness of exercising his talents in behalf of a woman who had touched his utmost pity, the knowledge that he alone stood between her and the living death that awaited her in state prison, increased the pulsation of his heart, thrilled him with a sense of noble purpose that was a new and agreeable excitement. When he regained his customary nonchalance he

fixed his gaze on the chief and, in a tone of cold indifference, said:

"The thinnest of veils is drawn between the thief and his complete exposure. I am not prepared to draw the veil aside yet. But it will be torn away shortly—very shortly. And then he'll stand revealed before the world."

"As mysterious as ever," the chief commented with a show of impatience. "Go ahead with your own way."

CHAPTER XVII.

A Pair of Thieves.

Two men, late on that February afternoon, were hastening eagerly along converging routes to the bachelor home of Braxton Sands. One was Sands himself. The other was Lieutenant Britz of Headquarters.

Every detail in the millionaire's suite in the St. Barnabas and of his private room in the Bowling Green office was known to Britz even

# White Muslin Underwear Sale is Now On!

We're not going to bother you with a lot of bunk, but submit right here in a few words some of the bargains which are being offered. Just read these prices, compare them and the goods with others; we'll not be afraid of your decision.

Corset Covers, worth 50 to 75c Sale Price <b>25c</b>	Embroidered Skirts, \$1.00 value Sale Price <b>69c</b>	Lace Trimmed Skirts, \$1.00 value Sale Price <b>69c</b>
Lace Trimmed Skirts, \$1.50 value Sale Price <b>98c</b>	Embroidery Trimmed Night Gown, \$1.25 value, Sale Price <b>98c</b>	Emb. Trimmed Night Gown, 65c value Sale Price <b>49c</b>
Apron Gingham, fast colors, 8c value, on sale at 5c	Embroidery Edges and Insertion to match, all widths, 9c	
All shades Poplin, 25c value, on sale at 15c	White Huck Towels, 36x18, regular 12c value, on sale 8c	

## John Lembke, - Genoa, Ill.

### GOTTLIEB SELL

The Following Obituary Was Read at the Funeral of Fred Sell by Rev. Molthan:

"It has pleased Almighty God to take from our midst Gottlieb Sell. He was born April 6, 1876, at Gora, West Prussia, Germany. In 1891 he came to America with his parents and lived in Genoa and vicinity. He was married to Miss Anna Frese, August 31, 1899. Four children were born to them. About two weeks ago he took sick with pneumonia and died January 31, at 9 a. m. A few days previously he set himself right with God by confessions of his sins and faults and receiving Holy Communion for his consolation. July 30, 1908, his wife died from burns received by an explosion of the gasoline stove. A year ago next Sunday one of his children preceded him in death. Those left behind are his parents, three children and four brothers. He was 35 years, 3 months and 25 days old at the time of his death. The remains will now be interred in Genoa cemetery in hopes that his soul rests in peace with God.

Read Pickett's adv.

### Attention Dairymen

I have secured the agency for the Richmond-Smith Milk Agency of Chicago and will be pleased to talk the matter of milk shipping with you. The Richmond-Smith agency is one of the most reliable in the city, absolutely guarantee to find a responsible buyer for your milk and guarantee that your check will never fail to come. If interested call me up by phone and I will call on you and explain fully.

Will Becker, Genoa, Ill.  
R. F. D. No. 3.

Those Woodmen who are talking secession are hasty and should look the matter square in the face before doing anything rash. It is true that the raise in rates is a large dose to swallow without one or two gasps, but as stated before in this paper it is only medicine which every man who carries fraternal insurance will be compelled to swallow sooner or later. If a new branch of Woodcraft is organized by the secessionists it is only a matter of time (and a short time at that) when the big rate will be compulsory. Let us not be hasty in this matter. There may be some things which we have not learned regarding the why and wherefore.

### Tax Books Open

The tax books for the town of Genoa are now open at Perkins & Rosenfeld's store. I will receive taxes on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday of each week from 8:00 a. m. to 4:00 p. m. and on Thursday and Saturday of each week from 8:00 a. m. to 8:00 p. m. E. D. Ide, Collector, 18-17

Thirty carloads of Kansas jack-rabbits have been shipped to the canneries to be worked up into clam chowder, while in England they're busily engaged making rabbit potpie out of clams.

There will be no shortage in office seekers this spring, the latest aspirant to make his announcement being James D. Beckler of Sycamore who wants the circuit clerk and recorder job. Jim is one of the popular young men of the county seat town and will make a showing at the primaries.

The LaFollette boom has busted. Too much hot air and over inflation will usually cause just such results. LaFollette has been a power in Wisconsin and has done much good in that state. His great mistake was in attempting to make people think that the entire country had gone to the bow-wows and that he was the man to save it. Had he come out and made a campaign on his own merits the ultimate result might have been different.

Don't leave carcasses of animals lying around or carelessly bury them, for this invites dogs and crows, and they spread disease. Call Hemmelgarn at the rendering plant or at his residence and he will properly remove them. Notice, however, must be given immediately on death of the animal and hide must be left on. 13-17

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Buerer and children returned home last Friday after a visit of six weeks with relatives in Nebraska. They first visited Mrs. Buerer's sister, Mrs. Chas. Suhr, at Gresham. From there they went to Geneva and saw Mr. Buerer's aunt, Mrs. John Klink, after staying here for a time they went to Bertrand and called on Mrs. John Schult, a sister of Mrs. Buerer, who formerly lived in Genoa. Mrs. Schult's family has been sick with typhoid fever. Mr. Buerer made a trip to Oklahoma.

The masquerade ball last Friday evening was well attended by about sixty couple and was thoroughly enjoyed by everyone. The lady's prize for the best costume was awarded to Miss Alys Sowers, while Lee Smith captured the one for the most ludicrous gentleman's outfit.

The Mothers' Club of Genoa school will meet in Miss Smith's room Wednesday afternoon, Feb. 14. There was a good attendance at the last meeting. If we could interest more mothers in these meetings much good could be done for the school and community.

If Mr. G. Hog had the nerve to come out of his hole last Friday he surely saw his shadow. Most anyone in this territory would have gladly hit him over the head before there was any chance of weather prognosticating. Six weeks of zero weather has been about enough.

The time for spring house cleaning and renovating will soon be here. Right now let us state that we have the desirable paints for interior work. Come in now and talk it over with us. You can make old furniture look like new with some of our varnish stains.

Perkins & Rosenfeld  
The most complete line of souvenir spoons ever shown in Genoa at Martin's. There is nothing that makes a more suitable birthday gift, especially for a little girl. Give her one every year and as the years go by she will appreciate them more. Glad to have you come and see them.

John Pierce and family, who have been visiting at the home of Mrs. Pierce's parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Reed, left on Tuesday for their home in Idaho. They formerly resided in California but before coming back to Illinois some time ago they sold out there, having acquired land in the state named.

Perhaps you do not know that those Ney cook books are the best that ever happened in this neck 'o woods. Call and see them at The Republican Journal office. You need not buy one unless so disposed. We are confident, however, that they will sell themselves if one just has a peep thru the pages.

Mrs. Margaret Allen of Chehalis, Wash., an aunt of the Patterson families in Genoa, was given a postal shower on her 80th birthday, January 31, and she wishes to thank every old friend and relative who contributed. In all nearly 300 cards were received and each one will be a bright spot in memory's casket, helping her to pass pleasantly some otherwise lonely hours.

Another Old Tyme dance will be held at the pavilion on the 15th of February. All those who received invitations to the dance given last Friday evening are again invited to attend and bring their friends. The same old numbers will be put on, the kind that the old people enjoyed years ago. As an additional attraction an "unknown" orator will give an imitation of a "Hard Shell" Baptist sermon.

# MILL END SALE

OUR FOURTEENTH  
**ANNUAL MILL END SALE**  
Elgin's Most Important Price Cutting Event of the Entire Year  
Will begin Saturday Morning, February Tenth  
and Continue Until the End of the Month

It will be a remarkable sale, overflowing with greater reductions and values than any it has been our good fortune to offer in the past. Be here on the opening day if you can, and as often as possible during the sale. It will pay you.

## Deep Reductions on Suits, Coats and Dresses Women's Long Coats at \$2.98 and \$4.98

In the mill end sale we offer a number of women's long coats in tan, black and novelty materials some strictly tailored and others in fancy effects, good, serviceable garments that were formerly priced at \$10.98 to \$12.98, arranged in two lots and priced at \$2.98 and \$4.98.

## EMBROIDERY DRESSES AT \$2.98

A special lot of beautiful embroidery and lace trimmed dresses in white and fancy colors, made from fine materials and designed and trimmed in a variety of effects; former prices ranged up to \$10.98, but some are muslin from display or try-ons and they are priced in the Mill End Sale at less than cost of materials; choice \$2.98.

Wash Dresses Sacrificed			Misses and Children's Tube Dresses			
A special lot of chambray, gingham, and linene dresses in a great variety of styles and colorings; come in plain pink, blue and tan, and in stripes, checks and other patterns. All sizes are included in this lot of dresses which were formerly priced up to \$11.98 but are marked in the Mill End Sale at			A wide assortment of desirable styles in misses, and children's dresses of lawns, ginghams, percales and galatea in light and dark colors. Some have sailor collars, some are trimmed with embroidery insertion and others piped in contrasting colors; long or short sleeves; dresses usually sold at \$4.98, to \$6.98 in four lots in Mill End Sale			
<b>\$2.98</b>	<b>\$1.98</b>	<b>\$1.49</b>	Lot 1	Lot 2	Lot 3	Lot 4
			<b>\$2.98</b>	<b>\$1.98</b>	<b>\$1.49</b>	<b>98c</b>
Women's Hose	Darning Cotton	Safety Pins	Emb'dery Silks	Wash Cloths	Unbl'd Muslin	
Women's fast black hose, ribbed to p., run-of-the-mill of 15 ct quality, Mill End Sale price pair	Best three-ply darning cotton, 45 yards on a spool, Mill End Sale price, 2 spools for	Nickle plated, rust proof safety pins, three sizes, 1 dozen on a card, Mill End Sale price, 2 cards for	A large lot of best quality embroidered in assorted odd shades, Mill End Sale price, skein	Turkish wash cloths with unfinished selvege ends, regular size worth 3c, Mill End Sale price, each	Dwight brand unbleached muslin worth 8c; desirable lengths, all perfect; Mill End Sale price, yard	
<b>10c</b>	<b>5c</b>	<b>5c</b>	<b>1c</b>	<b>1c</b>	<b>5c</b>	

## 1200 Pairs of Sample Hose at Substantial Saving

A maker's entire sample line of women's hose including all kinds and qualities — silk lisle, plain lisle and cotton — in plain black, lace, silk embroidered and fancy colors, every pair perfect. We offer them in the Mill End Sale in four lots priced as follows:—

15c and 19c values at pair	24c values at pair	35c values at pair	49c values at pair
<b>12c</b>	<b>19c</b>	<b>25c</b>	<b>35c</b>

## Women's Cashmere Hose

Women's fine quality cashmere hose in plain and ribbed, regular 49c quality special at pair 39c.

Women's regular 35c black cashmere hose, also fine silk fleeced hose, Mill End Sale price, pair 29c.

## Children's Hosiery

Boys' fast black, warm fleeced, heavy ribbed stockings usually priced at 24c; all sizes; sale price, pair 19c.

Children's fleece lined stockings in medium and heavy ribbed; sizes 6 to 10; special in the Mill End Sale at 2 pairs for 25c.

Petticoats	Embroideries	Ladies' Gloves	Inf'nts Sacques	Dress Gingham	Tennis Flannel
Black sateen petticoats with wide flounce and ruffle, 75c value, Mill End Sale price	Lot of regular 10c embroidery edges and insertions, some soiled, Mill End Sale price, yard	Silk lined chambray lisle gloves in sizes 5 1/2 to 7, 50c values, Mill End Sale price pair	Infants' white flannel sacques embroidered in pink and blue, special in the Mill End Sale at	36 inches wide, in plain colors and assorted patterns, 4 cent grades, Mill End Sale price, yard	Good lengths in wide variety of patterns and plain colors, 10c values, Mill End Sale price, yard
<b>49c</b>	<b>5c</b>	<b>24c</b>	<b>24c</b>	<b>8c</b>	<b>6c</b>

## Thousands of Yards Mill Ends at Great Price Reductions

### Mill Ends of Shirtings and Percales

Mill ends of 36-inch heavy shirtings in dark colors, regular 14c quality, all perfect goods at Mill End Sale price, yard 9c.

Mill ends of regular 12c percales in a great assortment of patterns in stripes and checks in all colors; Mill End Sale price, yard 8c.

### Mill End of Shirting Madras

Regular 19c and 24c qualities in shirting madras, 27 inches wide, in fancy and plain stripes; Mill End Sale price the yard 10c.

### Mill Ends of Longcloth

Mill ends of fine quality, soft finished longcloth, 36 inches wide, in desirable lengths, all perfect; Mill End Sale price, yard 8c.

### Mill Ends of Hope and Lonsdale Muslin

Lonsdale bleached muslin, the house-keeper's favorite brand, in mill ends up to 12 yards in length, worth 10c a yard, Mill End price 6 1/2c.

Mill ends of Hope Brand bleached muslin, 36 inches wide, worth 8c a yard in the piece; in good lengths at Mill End Sale price 6 1/2c.

### Mill End of Dress Gingham

Regular 12c dress gingham in a wide assortment of plain colors, mill ends in lengths up to 12 yards; Mill End Sale price, yard 7c.

Standard Prints	Lonsdale Cambric	Sheeting	Silk Messaline	Dress Goods	Table Damask
Thousands of yards of 9c light and dark prints, Mill Ends and full pieces; Mill End Sale, yard	Mill ends of this favorite brand of white cambric worth 16c yard, Mill End Sale price, yard	Fruit-of-the-loom bleached sheeting, 94 wide, regular 28c quality, Mill End Sale price, yard	27-inch silk messaline in navy, black, copenhagen, wine and tau, Mill End Sale, yard	A line of our regular 70c all wool dress goods, 42 inches wide, Mill End Sale price, yard	Bleached table damask, in part linen, any length cut from piece, Mill End Sale price, yard
<b>4 1/2c</b>	<b>9c</b>	<b>22c</b>	<b>75c</b>	<b>59c</b>	<b>11 1/2c</b>

Luncheon Served Free to out-of-town Patrons	THEO. F. SWAN <b>Great Departm't Store</b> ELGIN, ILL.	Carfare refunded according to amount of purchase
---------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------

## C.F. HALL

DUNDEE

## COMPANY.

ILLINOIS.

**In Dry Goods**

10c Grade Valmore Gingham ..... 7 1/2c

Unbleached Linen Towelling 8c; 20 yds. for ..... 75c

Lonsdale Twills, per yd. .... 8c

Red and Blue Table Damask ..... 25c

Children's Wool Sweaters, sizes 1 to 4, .50c to ..... \$1.00

Sample Wool Shawls 20 to ..... 75c

Stocking Caps 17 to 50c

Yard square, all wool rugs ..... 45c

**For Men**

"Steel Grip" Gloves and Mittens, palm and fingers set with steel fasteners; made to resist the hardest wear, pair ..... 50c

Ear Muffs ..... 25c

Way's Mufflers at 35c

Men's Knit Golf Gloves 25 to ..... 50c

**Shoe Special**

Men's Calf Shoes, mixed lot, all sizes, formerly \$2.49 now ..... \$1.98

**For Women**

First arrival of Girls' Confirmation Dresses, sizes 12 to 15 yrs., beautifully made and trimmed. \$5.98 6.49

White Underskirts in Misses' sizes, lace and embroidery trimmed 69c 98c \$1.29

Ladies Black Underskirts, sateen and other fabrics 37c 55c 95c \$1.19

Better grades, especially attractive at \$1.49 \$1.75 \$2.29

Black Sateen Shirts, in Misses' sizes 75c \$1.29 \$1.15

Ladies' Flannelette Night Gowns \$1.00 49c

Remember Reduction Sales in Furs and in Ladies' Cloaks. **5 & 10 Cent Dept.**

Full line of Postal Valentines at 2 for 5c and each ..... 1c

Lace Valentines, with embossed envelopes, 5, 10c

Special values in Granite Ware ..... 5, 10c

**Overcoats**

Too large purchases earlier in the season have forced a cut in our full line of Overcoats. This season's makes, up to date in every particular.

Coats we formerly sold at \$11.95, 12.95, and 13.95 now offered at ..... \$10.00

Better grades are also reduced, Coats which earlier we offered at \$14.95, \$15.95 and \$16.95 (and cheap at that) now reduced to uniform price of \$12.00.

Biggest cut however is on low priced Coats. (We have only the small sizes.) \$3.95, \$4.95, \$5.95 \$6.95 and \$7.95 values are now offered, without reservation at ONE HALF PRICE.

Remember Refunded Car Fare Offers. Show Round Trip Ticket If You Come By Train.

### CASH DEPARTMENT STORE.

# We Have Our New Spring Stock to Show!

**\$1.00**

**Note This!**

I will have 25 Boys' Suits in one pile which formerly sold from

**\$3.00  
up to  
\$7.00**

Some of them are 3-piece suits with long pants. Sizes range from 3 to 17 years.

**Listen**

The first 25 customers coming to my store for a boy's suit after this adv appears may have their choice of any one of these suits for the absurdly low price

**\$1.00**



Don't Forget the 5 per cent discount on Everything in this Store During the Month of February

## 40 pct. Discount on a Lot of Boys' Suits

We have a lot of 85 Boys' Suits, sizes 3 to 17, selling regularly at \$3.00 to \$7.00, which will be closed out at 40 per cent discount. Just think what this means--a saving of nearly one-half. They are all good every-day school suits, and many are good enough for Sunday wear. We have them in grey, brown and mixtures. Every suit a bargain. If after you have had one of these suits 5 days you're not satisfied with the bargain, your money will be refunded. Call and see them anyway.

## Great, Big Bargains in Men's and Boys' Overcoats

We are going to sell them at most any price for we never carry over Overcoats. Would rather have the money than the coats, even tho every cent of profit is sacrificed in the selling. Do you want a bargain, Mr. Man or Boy?

Are your Socks insured? If not, why not? The "Holeproof" and "Everwear" are insured. Guaranteed for 6 months. Six pair for \$1.50. We have the Silver and Arrow brand Collars in all the latest styles. Beautiful new line of neckwear in Four-in-hands and Bows.

**Pickett** The One Price Cash **Clothier**  
Genoa, Ill.

## Cut This Out

Value, 50c

This coupon is worth 50 cents and will be taken as cash on the purchase price of any shoe in the house for man or boy. Remember, we handle the Walk-Overs.



## Roller Skating AT THE PAVILION

Every Thursday evening and Saturday evening after the picture show



### A Note to You

GENOA, FEBRUARY 9, 1912

St. Valentine's Day, February 14th. There will be ample time to make your selections from our fine assortment of Valentines and Postal Cards.

They express almost any idea that you may wish to convey to anybody—friend, acquaintance or sweetheart. Sentimental, serio comic and comic. Come and look them over.

Yours truly,

L. E. CARMICHAEL  
DRUGS, STATIONERY, CONFECTIONERY & CIGARS.

Phone 83

Great bargains in shoes at Olmsted's.  
Shoes, shoes, shoes, 98c at Olmsted's.  
Satin and velvet pumps at Olmsted's.  
Lest you forget—98c shoes at Olmsted's.  
Geo. Loptin was in Chicago Wednesday.  
Read the opera house adv in this issue.  
Mrs. L. J. Kiernan visited in Elgin Tuesday.  
Muslin on sale Friday and Saturday at Olmsted's.  
Mrs. Carrie Reed is visiting her son at Mount Olive this week.  
Mrs. J. P. Cracraft is visiting friends in Chicago this week.  
See the new dress tringes, ball trimmings and yokings at Olmsted's.

J. P. Cracraft is attending the Telephone Convention in Chicago.  
Fred Renn has been on the sick list for the past two weeks.  
Mrs. M. Dunn is visiting at the home of Geo. Sowers this week.  
For sale, ten cords of dry wood. Inquire of Geo. Watts.  
Mrs. Fred Schert and son visited in Rockford Saturday.  
Lonsdale muslin 7½c a yard at Olmsted's, Friday and Saturday.  
Just received a nice line of spring shoes—98c at Olmsted's.  
Mrs. Lee Smith was a Chicago passenger Tuesday.  
Wanted—Women to save, by buying shoes at Olmsted's.  
Mrs. H. P. Edsall was a Chicago passenger Wednesday.  
The latest in tailored waists with soft collars and cuffs at Olmsted's.

New spring goods coming in every day at Olmsted's.  
Five room flat for rent. Inquire of Cooper & Patterson, Phone 68.  
P. A. Quanstron transacted business in the windy city Wednesday.  
For sale, house on Genoa street, new furnace, cellar cemented. Inquire at this office. 21-tf  
Good quality of muslins on sale for 6c, 6½c, 7c, 7½c a yard at Olmsted's.  
E. J. Lore of Hughesville, Pa., called on Genoa friends this week.  
Miss Ione Haines of DeKalb, spent the week end with Marjorie Rowen.  
Miss Amy Ponds of Sycamore, visited at the home of Henry Burroughs Friday.  
Andrew Sowers of Elgin was a guest at the home of his father, Geo. Sowers, last week.  
Miss Margaret Hutchison went to Chicago Tuesday where she will study stenography.  
Phone orders for Petroleum coke to No. 57. Its hard to get. Jackman & Son.  
Miss Ida Sylvius of Irene, spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of Miss Linda Patterson.  
A postal savings bank will be opened at the Genoa post office on the 21st of next month.  
The pictures at the pavilion are worth while, all new and complete. Don't miss them.  
Something doing at the opera house the balance of the week. Three nights of laughs and motion pictures.  
About sixty couple attended the old time dance at the pavilion Friday evening and were well pleased with the numbers put on. Another dance under the same management may be given in the near future.

**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**  
Absolutely Pure

Economizes Butter, Flour, Eggs; makes the food more appetizing and wholesome

The only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

The Manikin Circus at the opera house Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings of this week.  
Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Parke, who reside on a farm south of town, Tuesday, Feb. 6, a girl.  
For Sale—One and one-half story frame barn, practically new, in good condition. Inquire of F. A. Holly. 21-tf.\*  
The one best laugh of the season at the opera house Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings of this week.  
Attorney F. S. Abraham of Chicago called on his parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Abraham, the first of the week.  
Mrs. L. M. Olmsted is recovering rapidly from the effects of her recent operation at Sherman Hospital at Elgin.  
Mrs. Will Ruback, of North Kingston, left Tuesday evening for a visit with relatives in Pipestone, Minn.  
Mr. and Mrs. John Hutchison of St. Charles were Sunday guests at the home of the former's sister, Mrs. R. B. Field.  
F. A. Holly has purchased the John Moore house on West State street of Frank Drake. The barn is offered for sale by Mr. Holly.  
For sale, 7 room house in the east end of the city, and five-passenger Buick auto. Inquire of Chas. Nelson. 21-tf  
A. V. Pierce was in Chicago last Monday as a delegate from DeKalb county to the Milk Producers' annual meeting.  
W. M. Hay and S. M. Henderson were over from Sycamore Wednesday, taking survey on the farm recently purchased by the latter south of town.  
The ladies should not fail to attend the motion picture show at the pavilion Saturday evening and get one of those spoons. Get a full set.  
Will give a reward of five dollars to anyone returning my Beagle Hound—color black, white and tan—with shot in one ear. Will Furr, Genoa, Ill. 21-2t.\* R. K. No. 3.  
At a meeting of the Belgian Horse Co. Wednesday the following officers were elected: D. B. Arbuckle, president; A. V. Pierce, vice-president; Wm. Watson, Eph. Hall and W. Fague, directors.  
The Winters seed corn test is now being demonstrated in the show window of the Exchange Bank. This is acknowledged to be the best method known for testing seed and will be watched with interest by those who are looking for results.

Wanted—Some one to buy a modern house on Genoa street, Genoa, Illinois. This is a bargain you cannot afford to miss if you want a good home for a little money. D. S. Brown.  
Mrs. Charles Wolters is recovering nicely from the effects of an operation at Sherman Hospital Saturday. She was on the table four hours, 150 gall stones being removed. The operation was performed by Dr. W. S. Brown of Elgin.  
When visiting the Midwinter and Farmer's Institute Feb. 8, 9 and 10, we cordially invite you to make use of our rest room on the balcony on the main floor fitted up for this meeting with easy chairs, daily papers, magazines, telephone and messenger service free. Make arrangements to have your friends meet you in our rest room. Yours truly, W. M. McAllister Co.



**YOURS**

Yours for uniformity.  
Yours for greatest leavening power.  
Yours for never failing results.  
Yours for purity.  
Yours for economy.  
Yours for everything that goes to make up a strictly high grade, ever-dependable baking powder.  
That is Calumet. Try it once and note the improvement in your baking. See how much more economical over the high-priced trust brands, how much better than the cheap and big-can kinds.  
Calumet is highest in quality—moderate in cost.  
Received Highest Award—World's Pure Food Exposition.

**Kingston Taxes**  
The Kingston tax books will be open for collecting Monday, Jan. 22, at the Kingston State Bank. Will be in Genoa every two weeks at the Exchange Bank of Brown & Brown, commencing Friday, Jan. 26, H. N. Paevy, Collector. 18-4t

## A Word To The Wise

An idle dollar will soon wear a hole in your pocket. It requires constant watching to keep it there, and at the end of the year it has not earned enough to pay for mending the pocket. The active dollar has been passed through the Bank window, has found company with others, has passed through the different commercial branches of business-picking up a little interest on its travel—to return to its owner and receive his everlasting gratitude. The dollar was made round to roll, and flat to pile, and why not keep it rolling and piling, remembering that your dollar will be both active and safe deposited with

**EXCHANGE BANK BROWN & BROWN**

**ILLINOIS CENTRAL**  
Double Daily Train Service from Chicago and St. Louis to the South **NEW ORLEANS**

A City of unusual interest to visit. Send for illustrated booklet "New Orleans for the Tourist."

**MARDI GRAS**  
At New Orleans, February 23, 1912. The famous annual event of the Crescent City. Brilliant spectacular features described in illustrated folder entitled "Mardi-Gras." Ask for a copy.

**FLORIDA**  
Via the "Central Route to Florida and Cuba." Sold fast through train, Seminole Limited, from Chicago to Jacksonville. Corresponding service from St. Louis. Connects at Jacksonville with trains for all Florida points and steamship connections for Havana, Cuba. Florida folders on application.

**HAVANA, CUBA**  
Choice of routes via New Orleans or Florida. Cuba Folder mailed on request.

**PANAMA CENTRAL AMERICA**  
Illinois Central to New Orleans, and weekly steamships direct to Colon, Panama and Central America ports. "The Tourist Panama," illustrated booklet, sent on application.

**VICKSBURG, MISS.**  
Contains Vicksburg National Military Park, commemorating the siege and defense of the city. An interesting place to visit en route to New Orleans. Send for handsomely illustrated book entitled "Vicksburg for the Tourist" and "Siege and Defense of Vicksburg."

**HOT SPRINGS, ARK.**  
Quickest time from Chicago. Daily electric-lighted sleeping car the year round, through without change. Chicago to Hot Springs.

**TEXAS CALIFORNIA**  
Via New Orleans and the Illinois Central. Through electric-lighted sleeping car daily Chicago to Houston, San Antonio, El Paso, Texas, and intermediate points. Through tourist sleeping car to California every Monday from Chicago via Houston, San Antonio and El Paso, Texas. Ask for copy of California folder.

**"GO SOUTH YOUNG MAN"**  
ALL THE ABOVE LITERATURE FREE FOR THE ASKING.  
Tickets, reservations, train time, and specific fares from your station may be had of your local ticket agent.  
H. J. PHELPS, G. P. A., Chicago, Ill.

## Satisfied Customers

During the past two weeks more people have given the cash grocery system a trial and are convinced that it is the best way to do business for them as well as the dealer. No old grocery bill for the customer to worry about at the end of the month and the grocer does not have to worry about meeting his bills as he would under the credit system. We can afford to make special prices under these pleasant conditions and our customers have found that we are doing so. If you are not with us, let us sell you a coupon book today. Try it and you will be mightily pleased.

**E. C. OBERG**  
Phone No. 4



LIFE MASK OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN

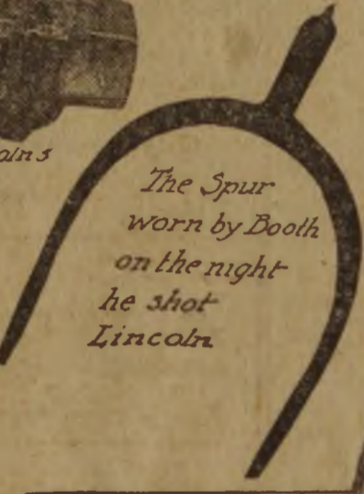
# The Most Interesting Lincoln Relics



The Last Handwriting of Lincoln and a lock of his hair



Model of one of Lincoln's inventions, made by Lincoln himself



The Spur worn by Booth on the night he shot Lincoln



THE LINCOLN FAMILY BIBLE



Lincoln's Office Chair, used in his law office at Springfield, Ill.

ALTHOUGH it is little more than half a century since the death of Abraham Lincoln, discoveries of heretofore unknown relics of the martyr president are of rare occurrence. Indeed, we hear of the disclosure of additional relics of George Washington more frequently than of additions to the known list of mementoes of the Civil War President. One explanation, perhaps, is found in the fact that there are comparatively few private collections of Lincoln relics. It is as though the wealthy men who have expended such vast sums to unearth trophies of Washington, Napoleon and other heroes had not yet awakened to the importance of the souvenirs of Lincoln.

Doubtless the quest on the part of private individuals for Lincoln relics would be pursued more energetically were it not for the manifest difficulty of securing Lincoln's former belongings and the yet greater difficulty of authenticating many of the objects that purport to be Lincoln relics. The martyr president rose from comparative obscurity and this in itself has made it difficult to locate minor objects connected with his boyhood and early life. Then, too, the circumstance that his activities covered widely-separated localities in Kentucky, Illinois, etc., has further complicated the task of tracing his one-time belongings. Lincoln relics, when they do come into the market via the medium of collectors' auction sales, invariably bring big prices. A Lincoln autograph or especially an autograph letter will always provoke spirited bidding; damaged and discarded pieces of the White House china made for Mrs. Lincoln and used on the presidential table during the Lincoln administration command prices of \$30 to \$50 each; and a lock of Lincoln's hair recently brought \$800 when sold at auction.

Some of the most interesting of the Lincoln relics are believed to be in the possession of Mr. Robert Lincoln, the only living son of the martyr president. However, Mr. Lincoln, who has but lately retired as president of the Pullman Car company, has not only never exhibited his relics publicly, but has never taken the public into his confidence regarding the exact character of the mementoes he possesses or what ultimate disposition he has planned to make of them. Even more valuable, however, than the Robert T. Lincoln collection is that which represents the life work of Osborn H. Oldroyd, a veteran of the Civil war and a most devoted admirer of Lincoln. It stands today as the greatest collection ever compiled by one man in tribute to a popular hero and its value has been variously estimated at from \$100,000 to \$250,000.

The collector began to accumulate Lincoln relics some time before the Springfield lawyer was nominated for president, and he has continued his labor of love ever since, with the result that he now has considerably more than 3,000 articles pertaining to the great idol. Some years ago the Congress of the United States gave him permission to place his relics in the house in Washington in which Lincoln died, and this unpretentious brick structure, which is now owned by Uncle Sam, has since been the home, rent free, of this persistent collector and the treasures which he has gathered together from all parts of the country at great expense.

What is generally accounted the most valuable of all Lincoln relics has a prominent place in this self-same collection. It consists of a heavy wooden sheltering under glass the last communication ever penned by Lincoln and attached to the precious missive, a lock of Lincoln's hair. This souvenir, which was originally in the possession of the man who was steward at the White House during the Lincoln regime, is valued at \$5,000, but it is doubtful if even that sum would buy it today. Persons who have been ignorant of the existence of this relic have designated other communications as the final handwriting of the martyr president, but in reality the honor unquestionably belongs to this small white card with its few hastily-penned lines. Novel and interesting are the circumstances connected with the origin of this priceless memento.

As Lincoln emerged from the White House on the fated night of April 14, 1865, on his way to Ford's theater, the steward hurried after him to explain the predicament of two gentlemen who had been waiting at the White House for some time in order to obtain from the president a permit to pass through the Union lines to Petersburg, Va. It was the theater hour and Mrs. Lincoln was already seated in the carriage, but the ever-obliging president paused a few minutes to write a few lines, explaining that no pass was necessary to go and return from Petersburg and Richmond and that "People go and return just as they did before the war." He handed this to the steward, reiterating verbally the statement made in the penned memorandum. The steward, realizing that the written explanation was really superfluous, and seizing a long-sought opportunity to secure a trophy of the beloved president, retained in his own possession the bit of handwriting and repeated to the waiting visitors the president's oral assurances on the subject. Later, after the death of Lincoln, the steward induced

the physician in charge to allow him to have a lock of Lincoln's hair.

One of the most interesting of the relics identified with the life of Lincoln before he entered the White House is the family Bible—considerably more than one hundred years old—which contains the family chronicle usually recorded in the spaces provided in such a book. From this well-worn volume Lincoln's mother read the Scriptures to him when he was a boy and on the inside cover is the autograph of Lincoln written when he was nine years of age. The cook stove,

## IN THE WILDS OF CANADA

"The interior of the provinces of Quebec and Ontario is nothing but a continuous stretch of dense forest, much of which has been burned over in days gone by, so that the deadfall was considerable," writes Frederick A. Talbot, telling of the surveys for the Grand Trunk Pacific railroad in the Engineering Magazine. "The forest was for the most part trackless, the Indians and trappers moving through this inhospitable country along the obviously easy channels—the waterways. Huge stretches of muskeg were encountered, for the land is in sore need of draining. As the western boundary of the province of Ontario is approached the country becomes more broken, lakes and swamps being intersected by stretches of badly broken rocky hills. From Lake Nipigon westward to the boundary of Manitoba the worst country between the Atlantic and Pacific had to be penetrated with great difficulty and arduousness.

"For the purpose of the surveys an elaborate organization had to be perfected, in order to ship in supplies and keep the surveyors well equipped with provisions. For six months of the year the country was in the grip of snow, the fall of which is heavy, while the thermometer drops to very low readings. As the nearest railway communication was 100 or more miles to the south, supplies had to be packed over and numerous caches had to be established. Tote roads were driven for team work as far as practicable in summer, trails had to be blazed to permit of the passage of the half-breeds (who, because of the physique and stamina

were pressed freely into service for carrying supplies on their backs), while large fleets of canoes of every description were acquired, the waterways being followed so far as possible. Packing by mules and horses could not be practiced extensively, owing to the muskeg and the absence of fodder, for the country was unsupporting to animal life while the shipping in of hay would have been impossible except at the expense of more urgent necessities. Owing to the uncharted character of the rivers canoeing demands extraordinary skill, and after the first few months' experience where unfamiliarity with these waterways was attended by considerable losses in boats and valuable supplies, only men familiar with the country, such as those in the employ of the Hudson Bay company, were permitted to handle these craft. Even then occasional losses were sustained and the stores of provisions suffered extensively from the ill effects of portaging, which was frequent and heavy. During the winter communication with the hinterland was maintained solely by means of dog sleighs, large numbers of these animals being acquired from the Indians and bred for this service."

Omar Revised.

"I understand," said the sympathetic friend, "that you borrowed money and are busy trying to pay the interest."  
"Yes," replied Mr. Higgins; "it has been a case of take the credit and let the cash go."

## NEWS OF ILLINOIS

ITEMS OF GENERAL STATE INTEREST FRESH FROM THE TELEGRAPH.

### FARMERS TO BUY RAILROAD

Fifty Organize to Purchase Tampico-Hoopole Electric Line at a Cost of \$60,000, for Grain Shipments.

Sterling.—Fifty farmers of Hoopole have organized to buy the bankrupt Tampico-Hoopole Electric railroad at a cost of \$60,000 to get an outlet for grain at Tampico, fifteen miles from Hoopole, which is without another road.

Kewanee.—Mr. and Mrs. George German, Henry county pioneers, celebrated their golden wedding.

Rockford.—E. J. Morey, who had been frozen so that both legs were amputated, died.

Kankakee.—Angered by finding only 57 cents in the unlocked safe owned by C. L. Moore, a coal dealer, burglars hammered off the combination dial and handle before leaving.

Freeport.—Rev. Ray C. Harker, pastor of the Embury Methodist church, has resigned. He will accept the pastorate of the First Methodist church at Phoenix, Ariz.

Chicago.—A seventeen-year-old boy was sentenced by Judge Michael L. McKinley to twenty-five years in Joliet penitentiary for the murder of his father. The boy was Joseph Vacek, Jr. When the jury returned the verdict of guilty and the judge pronounced sentence, Vacek gave no outward sign of emotion. His sister Annie became hysterical and had to be taken from the courtroom. Vacek, according to an alleged confession made to the police following his arrest, killed his father while the latter lay in his bed at their home, 2629 South Hamlin avenue, on August 3, 1910. He was arrested seven hours after the finding of the body and at first insisted that his parent had been murdered by the "Black Hand."

Peoria.—Louis Zerweck, the ex-policeman who shot and killed his wife January 4, appeared before Judge Worthington and pleaded guilty to the charge of murder and was immediately sentenced to life imprisonment in the Joliet penitentiary.

West End.—Frank and James Somers, twelve and fifteen years old, sons of a farmer near here, were killed by lightning while feeding stock in the barn. The barn was not damaged.

Herrin.—Burglars dynamited the large iron safe of the Zeigler Coal company at Zeigler, six miles north, and got a considerable sum of money.

Quincy.—Brewers operating saloons in Quincy have been criticised by retail liquor dealers and the council has adopted an ordinance prohibiting brewers from engaging in the saloon business. The ordinance provides there shall be no more saloons in Quincy until a population of 50,000 has been reached. A motion to raise licenses from \$500 to \$1,000 per annum was lost.

Streator.—Mrs. C. A. Porter, aged thirty-five, wife of a dry goods salesman, committed suicide by cutting her throat in her home while mentally deranged. She formerly was a resident of Benton Harbor, Mich.

Olney.—James C. Allen, ninety years old, United States commissioner, died here. Judge Allen had been circuit judge and congressman. He defeated Robert Ingersoll for congressman-at-large in 1862.

Fenton.—A hog owned by J. L. Thompson was buried three months under a strawstack, but was alive when found. It is believed to have fed on the straw.

Greenville.—Farmers of Bond county and business men of this city will unite in an active campaign against the chinch bug, to be carried on during the months of February and March.

Danville.—A cage containing eight miners dropped 200 feet to the bottom of the shaft at the Electric mine, six miles west of this city. It is reported that all of the men sustained broken legs and are otherwise injured, and it is thought some of them will die. Every ambulance in the city was sent to the mine, together with a dozen physicians. The accident occurred while the night and day forces were being shifted.

Grafton.—A man who has resided at Grafton for the last two years without any one knowing his name or anything about him, was found unconscious in a tent on the farm of Henry Simpson, his employer. Simpson hired the man as a woodchopper two years ago. He regained consciousness for a few minutes, but refused to give his name.

Rockford.—Fire partly destroyed the office building of the Emerson Brantnegan company, causing an estimated loss of \$50,000.

Decatur.—Directors of the Cunningham Deaconess Home and Orphanage, a Methodist institution at Urbana, notified the state board of administration that the board's order to discharge William Davis, superintendent of the home, would not be obeyed. Davis is charged with cruelty to inmates. Davis has been suspended, pending a public investigation in Urbana on February 15.

Springfield.—James M. Higgins, city editor and editorial writer on the Springfield State Register for a quarter of a century, dating back to 1861, died here, aged seventy-four.

Salem.—Elza Wiggins was stabbed seven times in a fight with Ben Wiggins, his brother. Ben was arrested on a charge of assault with intent to kill.

Ottawa.—Charles Beck, Joseph Peck and Edith Hornung, who were bitten by a dog, went to the Pasteur institute at Chicago for treatment. An examination showed that the dog was rabid.

Elgin.—Company E, the Elgin company of the Illinois National Guard, hopes to have an aeroplane squad by the time it goes into camp next summer.

Geneva.—John Warchal, alias John Yons, who made a spectacular escape from Peter Drautzberg of the United States secret service bureau in April, was arrested again at Geneva.

Champaign.—For preventing an old man, John Green of Chicago, from being run over at Chicago, R. Cecil Wicks of Champaign says he received notice that he had been given \$5,000. Wicks is a former sailor.

Belleville.—May Caswell, sixteen-year-old wife of George Caswell, fifty-eight years old, of East St. Louis, gave testimony in Judge George A. Crow's court in Belleville that resulted in Caswell and Lily Neeley of East St. Louis being convicted as "white slaves." Caswell was sentenced to serve one year in jail and to pay a fine of \$300 and the woman was fined \$300 and sentenced to six months in jail.

Jacksonville.—The Country club elected the following officers: Charles A. Barnes, president; Frank Bryna, vice-president; F. E. Farrell, secretary-treasurer.

Pleasant Plains.—The Farmers' elevator here is overloaded with corn coming in from the farmers around here. There are as high as fifteen or twenty wagons standing awaiting their turn for unloading.

Charleston.—William B. McKinley, representative from the Nineteenth congressional district, announces a corn-growing contest for the boys from his district, and for which he offers substantial prizes. To one boy from each of the counties of Champaign, Coles, DeWitt, Douglas, Piatt, Moultrie, Macon and Shelby, who shall be adjudged a winner will be presented a trip to Washington and return. This trip will include five days' entertainment, with all expenses paid.

Paris.—The campaign for hard roads in Paris township was begun when petitions were circulated asking that the proposition of brick pavements be submitted to the voters at the next election in April.

Hillsboro.—The following divorces were granted: Vivian Rutherford vs. James Rutherford; Alice Baker vs. Frank Baker; Carrie McIntosh vs. John McIntosh; Ira Davidson vs. Stephen Davidson.

Monmouth.—Superintendent of Schools C. E. Joiner is authority for the statement that since the announcement by Mayor Moore early last fall that the cigarette ordinance would be enforced, cigarette smoking among the boys and youths of the city has declined fully one-third.

Edwardsville.—G. C. Schwartz expressed a willingness to make a balloon ascension in the course of the Madison county centennial as a feature of the celebration.

Harrisburg.—The grocery store and meat market of H. A. McCoy was destroyed by fire. The loss was \$2,500. McCoy was attempting to kill a rat, which overturned a large can of kerosene near a stove. The kerosene was ignited.

Lincoln.—A twenty-three piece organization known as Merry's Cadet band has been organized here by H. O. Merry, head of the department of orchestral music of Lincoln college.

Toulon.—A passenger train running at full speed struck a herd of cattle near Toulon, killing eleven. Passengers witnessed a spectacle as the injured animals dragged themselves about.

Evanston.—Cheating in examinations has become so open at Northwestern university as to be disgraceful, according to the Daily Northwestern, the student publication, which demanded that the institution take steps at once to blot out the practice.

Alton.—Justice Daniel Gorman of Alton on his fiftieth anniversary smoked his first cigar, and the cigar was fifty years old. A friend, remembering Gorman's birthday, appeared with the aged cigar. He pleaded for old time's sake that the justice try one.

## SEVEN YEARS OF MISERY

How Mrs. Bethune was Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Sikeston, Mo. — "For seven years I suffered everything. I was in bed for four or five days at a time every month, and so weak I could hardly walk. I had cramps, backache and headache, and was so nervous and weak that I dreaded to see anyone or have anyone move in the room. The doctors gave me medicine to ease me at those times, and said that I ought to have an operation. I would not listen to that, and when a friend of my husband's told me about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and what it had done for his wife, I was willing to take it. Now I look the picture of health and feel like it, too. I can do all my own housework, work in the garden and entertain company and enjoy them, and can walk as far as any ordinary woman, any day in the week. I wish I could talk to every suffering woman and girl, and tell them what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."—Mrs. DEBBA BETHUNE, Sikeston, Mo.



Remember, the remedy which did this was Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It has helped thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing down feeling, indigestion, and nervous prostration, after all other means have failed. Why don't you try it?

Remember, the remedy which did this was Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It has helped thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing down feeling, indigestion, and nervous prostration, after all other means have failed. Why don't you try it?



DIDN'T THINK SHE WAS TIRED

Mr. Jinks' Mean Insinuation When Young Lady Disposed Him of His Seat.

"That was adding insult to injury," said Representative Mann, the minority leader of the house, apropos of a political squabble. "It reminds me of young Jinks.

"Late one night young Jinks sat in a crowded trolley car, and when a girl he knew got aboard and stood directly in front of him, he made no sign. His face hidden by his newspaper, he pretended that he didn't know the girl would like to have his seat.

"After a while she spoke. "Good evening, Mr. Jinks." "Why, good evening." "I've been to the Primrose social dance."

"Indeed." "Then, after a pause, she added: "It's a wonder, Mr. Jinks, you wouldn't offer me your seat!" "Jinks then got up. He was very angry. He said, as he hooked himself to a strap:

"I thought you wouldn't want it; for as you said you'd been to a dance, I knew you must have been sitting all the evening."

A Possibility. "He's gone to that meeting, full of fire."

"Then he had better be careful or they will put him out."

Nor a Brass Band. Booth—What is the difference between charity and philanthropy? Rube—Charity doesn't hire a press agent.

Like a Pleasant Thought of an old friend—

## Post Toasties

with cream. Sweet, crisp bits of white Indian corn, toasted to an appetizing, golden brown.

A delightful food for breakfast, lunch or supper—always ready to serve instantly from the package.

"The Memory Lingers"

For a pleasing variation sprinkle some Grape-Nuts over a saucer of Post Toasties, then add cream. The combined flavour is something to remember.

Postum Cereal Company, Limited Battle Creek, Michigan

# PAPER BAG COOKING

## WONDER-WORKING SYSTEM PERFECTED BY M. SOYER, WORLD'S GREATEST LIVING CHEF

### COOKING THE LORDLY TURKEY.

By Martha McCulloch Williams.  
The lord of the winter party or wedding anniversary feast is, of course, the turkey—and know ye, good housewives, one and all, that he can be cooked to a delicious turn by M. Soyer's method of paper bag cooking! In fact, the entire dinner can be prepared and cooked to perfection in paper bags, and after it has been eaten to the last turkey bone and last slice of pumpkin pie, the good housewife will not be confronted by a great pile of pots and pans to be cleaned—a task that has taken the edge off the happiness of many a housewife who has served one of her old-time famous meals for her guests, or her children back home to help the old folks celebrate their anniversary.

- Menu
- Grape Fruit aux Rhum, or with Raw Oysters
  - Salted Nuts Toasted Cheese Crackers
  - Roast Turkey
  - Sweet Potatoes in Syrup
  - Spanish Onions
  - Baked Pears Cranberry Sauce
  - Celery
  - Olives Radishes Sweet Pickles
  - Creamed Salsify
  - Smothered Chicken (Alternative to Chicken Pie)
  - Apple Pie Mince Pie Pumpkin Pie
  - Hickory Nuts Apples Pears
  - Grapes Black Walnuts
  - Black Coffee Water Wafers
  - Pimento Cheese
  - Beverages
  - Cider Cup Mineral Water Tea
  - Lemonade

Grape fruit, with rum, is, to my mind, the ideal appetizer, but if oysters are insisted upon, put three small raw ones in the middle of the prepared fruit and season with salt, pepper, Worcester sauce and tobacco. Keep the oysters very cold, and add them to the fruit very shortly before serving, thus the two flavors remain distinct to accent rather than to muddle each other.

Salted Nuts.—I made two bags—almonds and pecans—and hereafter shall never buy them ready prepared. The almonds were blanched and dried, the pecans, bought ready hulled, picked over, scalded by pouring boiling water through them in a colander, and instantly dried. Then both were put in thickly-buttered bags, set in a very hot oven for half a minute, then the heat was reduced three-quarters, and the nuts left to brown for ten minutes. They came out crisp and beautiful, needing only a sprinkling of salt.

The Toasted Crackers I prepared were tiny oyster crackers, as fresh as possible. They were put in buttered bag, lightly sprinkled after they were in, with melted butter skimmed clean of froth, then given a tablespoonful of grated Parmesan, which was shaken well through them before sealing the bag. Sealed, it went into a very hot oven, which after two minutes had the heat turned as low as possible. Eight minutes it made them not quite brown enough—a peep-hole in the bag top assured me of that—so I left them in three minutes longer. A few of them stuck together, but in the main, they looked as good as they tasted.

The Turkey.—Choose him as young, as tender, as fresh as you can. But if by ill chance you must take an old bird, therefore a tough one, then, indeed, you will find in paper bag cookery, succor from the sorrow of toughness. A tough bird will require a lot of grease in the bag with it, also long and slow cooking. But the end will crown the means—the will come forth tender and delicious, also well browned, but not too brown, and simply bursting with juice. Extra care must be taken in trussing him—the down legs and wings beyond any possibility of springing. Tough fowls have a way of stretching out their joints under the influence of heat, that, without this precaution, may make the legs and wings dangerous to the integrity of the bag.

Get the bird in hand early—the night before if possible. If he comes drawn, so much the better; if in a state of nature, pick, draw and singe at once, taking pains to get off all pinfeathers, and cutting out the oil-bag upon the "parson's nose"—otherwise known as the root of the tail feathers. Wash the bird thoroughly in very cold water. If there is the least sour smell, scald out by pouring through boiling soda water, followed by a cold rinse water. Drain well, wipe dry, inside and out, salt very lightly, and hang up in a cold place until morning—outside, unless the temperature is below freezing, or there is danger of thieves, four of two-footed. A city housewife will do well to cover the turkey while thus hanging out with either a loosely fitting grocer's paper bag or a square crash or cheese cloth. This keeps away soot and dust, which, once settled on the skin, defy wash-

ing off. Get the stuffing ready before taking in the bird. Dash cold water over and through it before putting in the stuffing, wipe inside and out with a soft, damp cloth, then resalt but very lightly outside and in.

Since the turkey is apt to require the whole oven and long, slow cooking, better put him on early, and take him up before beginning the other things.

Sweet Potatoes in Syrup.—Choose smooth, even potatoes of medium size, boil twenty minutes, drop in cold water, peel, dip in melted butter, roll in sugar, put into a buttered bag, with sugar, butter and lemon juice enough to make a fairly rich syrup. Seal bag, and cook for twelve minutes in a fairly hot oven. Pour the syrup from the bag around them into a hot dish.

Spanish Onions.—Parboil for fifteen minutes Spanish or Bermuda onions, chill them in cold water, then cut a V out of the hearts. Fill the space with butter, after dusting it well with salt and pepper, put the onions in a bag with a lump of butter and a very little water, seal and cook twenty minutes in a hot oven, or thirty minutes in a very moderate one.

Baked Pears.—Ripe, well-flavored pears are best for baking, but the ordinary cooking pear will answer if baked with sugar, lemon juice and spices. Peel the pears, cut off the stems and take out the core, but only a little way beyond the blossom end. Stick a clove, a shred of mace or bit of cinnamon in the core-space, fill in around it with sugar and roll the fruit in dry sugar before putting it in a buttered bag. Put in half a gill of water also to the half dozen, seal bag, and cook at slow heat fifty minutes to an hour.

Creamed Salsify.—Boil tender, drop into cold water, peel and cut in two-inch length strips, steep in a dressing of butter and cream, lightly seasoned with pepper and salt. Put in well-greased bag, seal and leave in the oven a few minutes only.

Smothered Chicken.—Have a good-sized broiler cut into joints, taking care not to leave sharp bones to the joints. Salt and pepper them lightly, dredge with flour and lay in a well-greased bag upon thin slices of bacon. Cover with more bacon slices, taking care to keep the chicken spread rather flat. Add a teaspoonful of water, or a couple of peeled and sliced tomatoes. Shreds of green pepper add somewhat of flavor to the tomatoes. Seal in bag and cook for forty minutes, slacking heat almost half after the first five minutes. Make a peep-hole in the upper side of the bag near the middle, and if the bacon and chicken are not as brown as you like, cook five to ten minutes longer. Serve on a hot dish with gravy from the bag.

Good pies demand good crust—shorter than any temper, easier broken than promises. Make it by M. Soyer's recipe, then surely it will be up to grade. Here is the recipe: Take one pound of flour, three-quarters of a pound of butter. Mix the flour with water and salt lightly until the consistency of butter. Leave this dough for half an hour, then flatten with your hand and lay your butter on the top of the paste. Then fold four-corner way, and give it two rolls, as usual. Leave your paste in a cool place for forty-five minutes, and then roll twice more. Leave it for forty-five minutes and then roll twice again.

Bake all your pies in bags; it may seem extravagant, but the gas-saving more than pays for the bags. Use thin pie tins. Roll out and fill as usual. Set pans inside bags and set the bags on trivets. Cook two pies at once, but shift them midway the cooking, from upper to lower shelf, and vice versa. Thus they will brown top and bottom. Grease the bags but lightly underneath; even though they crisp there it does no harm. The essential thing is to keep the upper surface covered and maintain steady heat. Have the oven hot at first, but slack it after a little—as soon as the oag corners show rather brown. Average pies, with average heat, require twenty-five to thirty minutes. Make peep-holes on top in the bags when you think they are done; if not brown enough, raise the heat a wee bit and cook five minutes longer.

To make the cider-cup, cut thin the yellow peel from six oranges and six lemons, squeeze out the juice and put in with the peel and three cups of sugar. Make a gallon of sweet cider very hot, but do not let it boil, pour it upon the peels and juice, and let stand in a cold place for twenty-four hours, stirring it several times. The peel can be strained out, but it looks rather pretty in glasses.

For tea lemonade, take the juice of a dozen well-washed lemons and three sweet oranges, and add it to the juice of five cups of sugar and strain over the whole a gallon and a quarter of weak tea, boiling hot, then add a cupful of rum. This also is better for standing—it keeps several days in a cool place. The rum can be omitted if there are scruples regarding it. In that case the strained juice of a pineapple that has been shredded and allowed to stand twenty-four hours in sugar can take its place. Dilute this one-fourth with mineral water in the glasses.

(Copyright, 1911, by the Associated Literary Press.)

Careful Parent.—Before I can give consent to your proposed marriage to my daughter, I must know something about your character.

Suitor.—Certainly, sir, certainly. Here is my bankbook.

Careful Parent (after a glance).—Take her, my son, and be happy.

## URGES NEEDS OF PUBLIC DOMAIN

Immediate Legislation Is Imperative, Says the President.

### ASKS NEW LAWS FOR ALASKA

Rules Governing Acquisition of Arid or Semi-Arid Lands Should Be Modified—Commission on Cost of Living.

Washington, Feb. 2.—A special message on the work of the interior department and other matters was read to Congress today.

To the Senate and House of Representatives: There is no branch of the Federal jurisdiction which calls more imperatively for immediate legislation than that which concerns the public domain, and especially the part of that domain which is in Alaska.

The progress under the reclamation act has made clear the defects of its limitations, which should be remedied. The rules governing the acquisition of homesteads, of land that is not arid or semi-arid, are not well adapted to the perfecting of title to land made arable by government reclamation work.

I concur with the Secretary of the Interior in his recommendation that, after entry is made upon land being reclaimed, actual occupation as a homestead of the same be not required until two years after entry, but that cultivation of the same shall be required, and that the present provision under which the land is to be paid for in ten annual installments shall be so modified as to allow a patent issue for the land at the end of five years' cultivation and three years' occupation, with a reservation of a government lien for the amount of the unpaid purchase money. This tendency to the reclamation homestead will relieve him from occupation at a time when the condition of the land makes it most burdensome and difficult, and at the end of five years will furnish him with a title upon which he can borrow money and continue the improvement of his holding.

I also concur in the recommendation of the Secretary of the Interior that all of our public domain should be classified and that each class should be disposed of or administered in the manner most appropriate to that particular class.

Leasing of Government Lands. The chief change, however, which I have already recommended in previous messages and communications to congress, is that by which government coal land and phosphate and other mineral lands containing non-metallic minerals, shall be leased by the government, with restrictions as to size and time, resembling those which now obtain throughout the country between the owners in fee and the lessees who work the mines, and in leases like those which have been most successful in Australia, New Zealand, and Nova Scotia. The showing made by investigations into the successful working of the leasing system leaves no doubt as to its wisdom and practical utility. Requirements as to the working of the mine during the term may be so framed as to prevent any holding of large mining properties merely for speculation, while the royalties may be made sufficiently low, not unduly to increase the cost of the coal mined, and at the same time sufficient to furnish a reasonable income for the use of the public in the community where the mining goes on. In Alaska, there is no reason why a substantial income should not thus be raised for such public works as may be deemed necessary or useful.

Would Build Trunk Line Railroad. I am not in favor of government ownership where the same certainty and efficiency of service can be had by private enterprise, but I think the conditions presented in Alaska are of such a character as to warrant the government, for the purpose of encouraging the development of that vast and remarkable territory, to build and own a trunk line railroad, which it can lease on terms which may be varied and changed to meet the growing prosperity and development of the territory.

I have already recommended to Congress the establishment of a form of commission government for Alaska. The territory is too extended, its needs are too varied, and its distance from Washington too remote to enable Congress to keep up with its necessities in the matter of legislation of a local character.

The governor of Alaska in his report points out certain laws that ought to be adopted, and emphasizes

Delicate Criticism. Served.

A woman well known in New York for her exquisite taste as well as knowledge of the decorative and architectural history of the world called on the wife of a multi-millionaire who had recently built and furnished a Fifth avenue mansion at great cost. "This," said the hostess proudly, as she threw open a heavy door, "is my Louis Quatorze room." The visitor gazed about her for a moment and then made answer: "What makes you think so?"

what I have said as to the immediate need for a government of much wider powers than now exists there, if it can be said to have any government at all.

Lower Colorado River. There is transmitted herewith a letter from the Secretary of the Interior setting out the work done under joint resolution approved June 25, 1910, authorizing the expenditure of \$1,000,000, or so much thereof as might be necessary, to be expended by the President for the purpose of protecting lands and property in the Imperial valley and elsewhere along the Colorado river in Arizona. The money was expended and the protective works erected, but the disturbances in Mexico so delayed the work, and the floods in the Colorado river were so extensive that a part of the works have been carried away, and the need for further action and expenditure of money exists.

Water-Power Sites. In previous communications to Congress I have pointed out two methods by which the water-power sites on non-navigable streams may be controlled as between the state and the national government. It has seemed wise that the control should be concentrated in one government or the other as the active participant in supervising its use by private enterprise.

The Secretary of the Interior has suggested another method by which the water-power site shall be leased directly by the government to those who exercise a public franchise under provisions imposing a rental for the water power to create a fund to be expended by the general government for the improvement of the stream and the benefit of the local community where the power site is, and permitting the state to regulate the rates at which the converted power is sold. The latter method suggested by the Secretary is a more direct method for Federal control, and in view of the probable union and systematic organization and welding together of the power derived from water within a radius of 300 or 400 miles, I think it better that the power of control should remain in the national government than that it should be turned over to the states. Under such a system the Federal government would have such direct supervision of the whole matter that any honest administration could easily prevent the abuses which a monopoly of absolute ownership in private persons or companies would make possible.

For some years past the high and steadily increasing cost of living has been a matter of such grave public concern that I deem it of great public interest that an international conference be proposed at this time for the purpose of preparing plans, to be submitted to the various governments, for an international inquiry into the high cost of living, its extent, causes, effects, and possible remedies. I therefore recommend that, to enable the president to invite foreign governments to such a conference, to be held at Washington or elsewhere, the congress provide an appropriation, not to exceed \$20,000, to defray the expenses of preparation and of participation by the United States.

Commission on Industrial Relations. The extraordinary growth of industry in the past two decades and its revolutionary changes have raised new and vital questions as to the relations between employers and wage earners which have become matters of pressing public concern. Industrial relations concern the public for a double reason. We are directly interested in the maintenance of peaceful and stable industrial conditions for the sake of our own comfort and well-being; but society is equally interested, in its effectively civic capacity, in seeing that our institutions are effectively maintaining justice and fair dealing between any classes of citizens whose economic interests may seem to clash.

The magnitude and complexity of modern industrial disputes have put upon some of our statutes and our present mechanism for adjusting such differences—where we can be said to have any mechanism at all—a strain they were never intended to bear and for which they are unsuited. What is urgently needed to day is a re-examination of Imported Goods.

My attention has been called to the injustice which is done in this country by the sale of article in the trade purporting to be made in Ireland, when they are not so made, and it is suggested that the justice of the enactment and own a trunk line railroad, which it can lease on terms which may be varied and changed to meet the growing prosperity and development of the territory.

Delicate Criticism. Served.

"Dearest," she asked, taking advantage of the fact that it was leap year, "will you be mine?" "For a moment the young man feared that he was up against it. Then, struck by a happy thought, he replied: "You will have to ask mother."

Reply in Kind. "If you had a leap year proposal from a pretty girl, what would you do?" "I'd jump at it."

## HOUSEWORK IS A HEAVY BURDEN

The woman who "keeps house" has enough to do when she is in good, sound health, but if she is weak, tired all the time, and suffering from morn to night with an aching back, house-work becomes a heavy burden.

Many women who were afflicted in this way say that Doan's Kidney Pills have made life easier for them.

Women are subject to kidney disease. The clothing they wear, the work they do, the worry and strain of bearing and rearing children, the lack of proper exercise; all tend to it.

Backache, bearing-down pains, headache, dizzy spells, faintness, fits of "blues," and other troubles often thought to be peculiar to the sex, are found frequently in kidney disease. When any one of these ills appears, together with a discolored condition of the kidney secretions, with passages too frequent, scanty or burning, just make up your mind that your kidneys are weak, and be quick to help them.

Doan's Kidney Pills have helped a great many weak women through the trying times when kidney disease means so much added misery. They do not disturb the stomach or bowels and contain no poisonous, dangerous or habit-forming drugs. Doan's are harmless for children too.

When Kidney Troubles Keep You in Misery Day and Night



"I just can't get up!"

The following case is typical of the cure effected by Doan's Kidney Pills. Gratefully testify to the best evidence.

MADE WELL AFTER DOCTORS GAVE UP HOPE.

Mrs. F. M. Hill, 183 W. 10 St., Waterloo, Iowa, says: "I enjoyed the best of health until the winter of 1905 when I was seized with kidney trouble. It gradually grew worse until I was devoid of all energy and ambition. There was a stinging pain through my kidneys, followed by a dull, grinding ache across my loins. The whites of my eyes changed color and the eyeballs bulged. My hands puffed and my feet became so swollen I could not wear my shoes. The kidney secretions caused great pain and also annoyance by their too frequent passage. I got so I could not eat, lost weight and was gradually growing weaker and weaker, when my father advised Doan's Kidney Pills. I obtained so much benefit from the very first that I continued and by the end of the first week the backaches and headaches had disappeared. I grew steadily better, and was at last completely cured. Doan's Kidney Pills saved my life when I was so sick that I did not care whether I lived or died. The doctors as well as myself had given up hope of my ever getting well. I am so grateful that I cannot recommend Doan's Kidney Pills too highly."

"When Your Back is Lame—Remember the Name"

## DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Sold by all Dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., Proprietors

Deep-Sea Version. Tommy Cod—What is it they call a pessimist, pa?

Pa Cod—A pessimist, my son, is a fish who thinks there is a hook in every worm!—Puck.

CREAM OF RYE For health and energy eat it for breakfast. Reduces cost of living. Free Silver Spoon in every package. Ask your grocer for a package.

Bigger Than Mobile. Ella—Don't you think she has a mobile mouth?

Stella—More than that; it is as big as the whole of Alabama.

DRUG HOUSEHOLD ARTICLES, Jewelry, Fancy Articles, Trunks, etc., sent by mail. Send for catalogue. STURTEVANT MAIL ORDER HOUSE, P. O. Box 919, Hartford, Conn.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Some cheerful givers make a specialty of handing out lemons.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS. Your druggist will refund money if PAIN OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Hemorrhoids, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

A tough man's idea of being well dressed is to wear a loud necktie.

Don't Persecute Your Bowels

Out out cathartics and purgatives. They are brutal, harsh, unnecessary. Try CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, stimulate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowels. Cure Constipation, Bilemurs, Sick Headache and indigestion, as millions know. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

IF YOU ARE A TRIFLE SENSITIVE About the size of your shoes, you can wear a size smaller by shaking Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder, into them. Just the thing for Dancing Parties and for Breaking in New Shoes. Gives instant relief to Corns and Bunions. Sample FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N.Y.

Brown's Bronchial Troches An old and reliable Cough Remedy. No opiates. Sample free. JOHN L. BROWN & SON, Boston, Mass.

DEFIANCE STARCH—15 ounces to the package—other starches only 12 ounces—same price and "DEFIANCE" IS SUPERIOR QUALITY.

## We Give Away Absolutely Free of Cost

The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in Plain English, or Medicine Simplified, by R. V. Pierce, M. D., Chief Consulting Physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute at Buffalo, a book of 1008 large pages and over 700 illustrations, in strong paper covers, to any one sending 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only, or, in French Cloth binding for 31 stamps. Over 680,000 copies of this complete Family Doctor Book were sold in cloth binding at regular price of \$1.50. Afterwards, one and a half million copies were given away as above. A new, up-to-date revised edition is now ready for mailing. Better send NOW, before all are gone. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, R. V. Pierce, M. D., President, Buffalo, N. Y.

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION THE ONE REMEDY for woman's peculiar ailments good enough that its makers are not afraid to print on its outside wrapper its every ingredient. No Secrets—No Deception.

THE ONE REMEDY for women which contains no alcohol and no habit-forming drugs. Made from native medicinal forest roots of well established curative value.

## W. L. DOUGLAS

\$2.25, \$2.50, \$3, \$3.50, \$4 & \$5 SHOES All Styles, All Leathers, All Sizes and Widths, for Men, Women and Boys. THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS.

THE NEXT TIME YOU NEED SHOES give W. L. Douglas shoes a trial. W. L. Douglas name stamped on a shoe guarantees superior quality and more value for the money than other makes. His name and price stamped on the bottom protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes. Insist upon having the genuine W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute.

HOW TO ORDER BY MAIL. Shoes Sent Everywhere—All Charges Prepaid. W. L. Douglas shoes are not made in your town, send direct to factory. Take measurements of feet as shown in model, and by the enclosed 1 size and width usually worn; place in envelope; heavy, medium or light sole; if desired, specify heel low, medium, high or the so-called. Illustration Free. Write to: W. L. DOUGLAS, 143 SPRING ST., BROOKLYN, MASS.

Lewis's Single Binder 5¢ Cigar

GUARANTEED

FRANK P. LEWIS'S STRAIGHT FIVE CIGAR MAKER

Many who cannot afford 10¢ cigars are now smoking Lewis's Single Binder straight 5¢ cigar. You pay 10¢ for cigars not so good.

## PARKERS JUMPING HORSE—GREATEST MONEY MAKER CARRY US ALL

ADDRESS—PARKER, LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS  
1 machine earned \$15,850 in 28 weeks in 1904  
1 machine earned \$17,943 in 29 weeks in 1905  
1 machine earned \$16,692 in 25 weeks in 1906  
1 machine earned \$16,917 in 26 weeks in 1907  
1 machine earned \$12,862 in 27 weeks in 1908  
1 machine earned \$16,842 in 25 weeks in 1909  
1 machine earned \$18,521 in 26 weeks in 1910  
Above figures will be verified to prospective customers. Write for catalogue and prices to C. W. PARKER, Leavenworth, Kansas. Main Office and Factory, Leavenworth, Kan.

## FISH CHEAPER THAN MEAT

We quote the following low prices for Cash with Order:

- TROUT, Heads on or Headless, lb. 70
  - WHITEFISH, (Selkirk) Dressed, 80c
  - YELLOW PERC, Round, 60
  - PICKEREL, (Jacks) Round, 50
  - HERRING, Dressed, 40
- Other varieties plentiful and cheap. Send for complete price list. If your requirements are small get your neighbor to order with you and save express charges. Northern Fish Co., (Not Inc.) Box 413, Chicago

## Onions

The largest, best keeping, headmost Onions are produced from Northern Jersey Farms, N. J. These are grown in the richest soil and under the best conditions, and for purity of quality and size are unsurpassed. B. M. KILPATRICK, 122 E. 12th St., New York City. The following are the three most popular varieties: Yellow Globe Danvers, Red Wethers and Red Onions. For 15c, 10,000 reports of various papers, Redish, Tomato, Cabbage, Turnip, Onion, Celery, Parsley, Carrot, Potato and other vegetables. Send for free catalogue and prices to John S. Sizer Seed Co., 500 E. 11th St., Grand Rapids, Mich.

## DON'T CUT OUT A VARICOSE VEIN USE ABSORBINE JR. FOR IT

A mild, safe, antiseptic, disinfectant, restorer of tone, and a proven remedy for this and other ailments. Mr. K. G. Kellogg, Becket, Mass., before using this remedy, suffered intensely with piles, and indicated veins; they were swollen, knotted and hard. He writes: "After using one and one-half bottles of ABSORBINE JR., the veins were reduced, inflammation and pain gone, and I have had no recurrence for the past six years." Also removes Gout, Rheumatism, Wens, Grains, Catarrhs of the Bladder and Bile's discolorations, etc., in a pleasant manner. Price \$1.00 and \$2.00 a bottle; druggists or delivered. Book 6 & Free. Write to: W. F. YOUNG, P. O. F., 310 Temple Street, Springfield, Mass.

## NEW RUPTURE CURE DON'T WEAR A TRUSS

Brooks' Appliance. New discovery. Wonderful. No obnoxious springs or pads. Automatic Air Cushions. Binds and draws the broken parts together as you would a broken limb. No surgery. No lymphol. No lies. Durable, cheap. Sent on trial. Pat. Sept. 10, '01.

## CATALOGUE FREE

C. E. BROOKS, 121 State St., Marshall, Mich.

## MARYJANE WANTS WOMEN

agents to sell celebrated Mary Jane dresses, aprons, kimonos, children's dresses and rompers to their friends and neighbors in few towns where these goods are not sold by the stores. If you show the goods they are sure to sell. Liberal commission. Address me personally. MARY JANE, Care of MARY JANE GARNETT COMPANY, Department K, Lincoln, Neb.

## 532 DOLLARS WORTH OF

Strawberries From One Acre You Can Do This. Write for Booklet to NEOSHO COMMERCIAL CLUB, Neosho, Mo.

## FRUIT TREES

Direct from Grower. Wholesale Prices  
Apple, \$1.00 per 100 Plum, \$1.00 per 100  
Pear, \$1.00 per 100 Cherry, \$1.00 per 100  
Peach, \$1.00 per 100  
Send for Our Free Book No. 3  
WE PREFER FRUIT

WOODLAWN NURSERIES, ROCHESTER, N. Y.

## Pettit's Eye Salve

100 YEARS OLD QUICK RELIEF EYE TROUBLE

WANTED EVERYWHERE.—Honest laboring men to operate our vacuum cleaning wagons. Partly cash or easy payment plan. \$20 capital required. Particulars Free. Book Form No. 100, 424 Astor, N. Y.

## DEFIANCE Cold Water Starch

makes laundry work a pleasure. 16 oz. pkg. 10c.

W. N. U., CHICAGO, NO. 6-1912.

**SOMETHING NEW--THE FIRST TIME IN GENOA**

**3 BIG NIGHTS 3**

Some High Grade Motion Pictures Every Night

**BELMONT'S MANIKIN CIRCUS**

Entire Change of Program Every Night

Opera House---Thursday, Friday, Saturday Nights, Feb. 8, 9, 10

**Thursday Night**

The Management wants everyone to see this Act. The biggest laugh you will have during the entire year 1912.

**Friday Night**

Every member of the **MOTHER'S CLUB** Admitted **FREE!** Special Children's Program

**Saturday Night**

An extra good program, just full of fun for young and old --with motion pictures that are bound to interest you.

Children, 5c

I haven't my picture in this advertisement to show you I am a handsome man, because I am not. It is a guarantee that you are going to see just what I advertise; you will see the funniest and best vaudeville act ever; and if after you have seen it all you are not satisfied, I will refund your money.

Adults, 10c

**EVERYBODY THAT SEES THIS ONE WILL WANT TO SEE IT AGAIN**

**KINGSTON NEWS**

FRED P. SMITH, CORRESPONDENT

Harry S. Heckman was home from Elgin Sunday where he is employed on the Courier.

Mrs. Mildred Farrell and daughter, of DeKalb, spent last Saturday with her father, A. S. Gibbs.

Mike Ludwig and Robert Helson have been ill with the grip and are slowly gaining.

William Krueger had a sale Tuesday which brought out a good crowd and it is said that good prices were received.

**Users of Azoa Rat Virus for the destruction of Rats and Mice**

testify that it Gives the Best of Satisfaction

Being harmless to other animals, it may safely be used in any place. The victims seek the open air to die, thus leaving no odor in the house. If persons who are troubled with the pest would give it a trial the country would soon be rid of them.

For sale by **IRA W. DOUGLASS** Phone No. 67

**WHY NOT MAKE \$200.00 A MONTH - - That's \$50.00 a Week, almost \$10.00 a Day**



Selling Victor Safes and fire-proof boxes to merchants, doctors, lawyers, dentists and well-to-do farmers, all of whom realize the need of a safe, but do not know how easy it is to own one. Salesmen declare our proposition one of the best, clean-cut money-making opportunities ever received. Without previous experience YOU can duplicate the success of others. Our handsomely illustrated 20-page catalog will enable you to present the subject to customers in as interesting a manner as though you were piloting them through our factory. Men appointed as salesmen receive advice and instructions for selling safes, giving convincing talking points which it is impossible for a prospective customer to deny. Why don't YOU be the first to apply from your vicinity before someone else gets the territory? We can favor only one salesman out of each locality.

The 25th anniversary of our company was celebrated by erecting the most modern safe factory in the world. Wide-awake men who received our special selling inducement, rendered it necessary to double our output. We are spending many thousands of dollars enlarging our sales organization, but to learn all particulars, it will cost you only the price of a postal card.

Ask for Catalogue 16T.  
**THE VICTOR SAFE & LOCK CO.**  
CINCINNATI, OHIO



Our New Home. Capacity 20,000 Safes Annually.

The Epworth Leaguers met with Mrs. J. P. Ort to transact business Tuesday evening.

Rev. and Mrs. C. A. Briggs entertained their friend, W. F. Schrawm, of Winslow, over Sunday.

Miss May Cross has been absent from Genoa school for a few days because of an attack of the grip.

Miss Edith Aurner entertained Misses Eloise and Alice Bradstreet of DeKalb over Saturday and Sunday.

John Taylor came over from Belvidere last Saturday evening to spend a few days with Dr. and Mrs. E. C. Burton.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Stark and son, Maurice, went to Chicago last Friday to attend the auto show. Mrs. Stark remained until Tuesday evening with her sister, Mrs. York.

Mrs. Lloyd Branch and children came from Holden, Missouri, last Thursday where they have spent a number of weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Elza Fulkerson.

Mrs. Mary Maltby Grover and two children, of Capron, Ill., were in attendance at the funeral of her uncle, G. W. Arnold, Sunday, returning home Tuesday.

Mrs. Martha Maltby Miner and four children came from Grant, Iowa, last Saturday to attend the funeral of her uncle, G. W. Arnold, and to spend a few weeks with relatives.

Mrs. E. A. Lutter and daughter, Mrs. Frank Arbuckle, attended the funeral of Mr. Lutter's brother-in-law at Beloit last Friday and the interment was made in Wiotia, Wisconsin.

Mrs. J. P. Ort went to Belvidere last Thursday, taking home her little grandson, Raymond Helson, who has been here for a number of weeks.

Miss Lena Bacon was out from Elgin Saturday and Sunday to see her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Bacon, who are both in poor health.

Prentiss Worthley, a former Kingston farmer, put now of Martin County, Minnesota, came Tuesday for a visit with the Uplinger families.

Mrs. Georgia Rowan, of Kirksville, grand lecturer of the O. E. S., held a school of instruction in the Masonic hall last Thursday. A number from Genoa were present.

Mrs. Allie Pond, while visiting at Mrs. Delia Branch's, accidentally sprained her ankle last Thursday evening, altho quite painful it is thought she will be able to walk again in a short time.

Gurdon William Arnold, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Arnold, deceased, who formerly resided in North Kingston, was born in Greenfield, Ulster county, N. Y. January 26, 1854. He came to DeKalb county with his parents when quite young. The deceased grew to manhood in this vicinity and never married. There were but two children in his parents family, he and his sister, Mrs. Laura Maltby, deceased wife of Jay Maltby of this place. He had not been in the best of health for ten days when he was stricken with pleurae pneumonia, and notwithstanding all that was done he breathed his last Thursday night at 6:30. Although he was afflicted with deafness, he was a faithful attendant of the M. E. church of which he was a member. His business was that of harness and shoe repairing and also carried a small stock of shoes in the building which he rented from the Arson estate. He also owned a house and lot on Main street. The funeral services were held from the M. E. church Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. Rev. C. A. Briggs, Sr. officiating. Interment in North Kingston cemetery.

**Court House News**

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS  
Genoa—James Hutchison wd to Arthur G. Stewart pt ne ¼ sw ¼ sec 19, \$3,200  
Franklin—Uno T. Anderson qcd to Chas. L. Adee pt nw ¼ and pt ne ¼ pt ne ¼ sw ¼ sec 17, \$16,000.

**Notice**

To James H. Cann: You are hereby notified that there is now pending in the Circuit Court of DeKalb County, in the State of Illinois, a certain suit (General No. 18065) wherein Mary Cann is complainant and you, the said James H. Cann, are defendant; that a summons has been issued in said cause returnable at the Court House in Sycamore, in said county, on the fourth Monday of February, A. D. 1912. W. M. HAY, Clerk of Said Court.  
H. T. Smith, Solicitor for Complainant.  
19-4t Sycamore, Illinois.  
House for sale or rent on Genoa street, Genoa, Ill. Inquire at this office or E. H. Richardson. 13-8\*

**Announcements**

I hereby announce my candidacy for the Republican nomination of Circuit Clerk and Recorder of DeKalb County, subject to the decision of the voters at the April Primary Election. Walter M. Hay. 18-1f

I have decided to become a candidate for the office of collector for the town of Genoa and will appreciate the support of voters at the spring primary. A. T. Hewitt. 18-1f

Being in poor health and unable to perform any hard labor I have decided to become a candidate for office of collector for the town of Genoa, the remuneration from which office would be of great assistance to me. Will appreciate the good will and support of friends. 19-1f\* M. D. Bennett.

I have decided to become a candidate for the office of collector for the town of Genoa and will greatly appreciate the support of friends at the caucus. I am in poor health and can make good use of the revenue from the office. 19-1f J. G. Stoll.

I am a candidate for the office of clerk of the circuit court and recorder, subject to the decision of the Republican voters at the April primary election. 21-1f James D. Beckler.

**Farm for Rent**  
325 acre farm, 4 ½ miles north west of New Lebanon, Illinois, and eight miles northeast of Genoa, for rent; enquire of Edward Farrell Sycamore, Ill. 52-1f

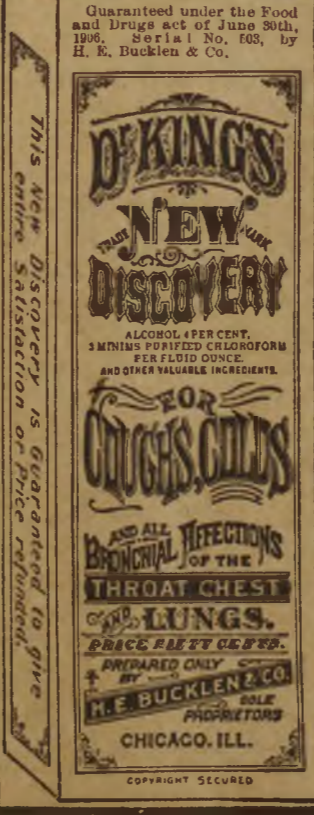
Dr. Thompson, Graduate of the American School of Osteopathy Kirksville, Mo., will be at the Eureka Hotel, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, mornings from 8 to 12 o'clock. 5 1f

**FIXED FOR 1912**

We are better able than ever to take care of your orders for Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Posts, Drain Tile, Sewer Pipe, Lime and Cement. All kinds of mill work. Come and figure with us and get the Right Prices.

**TIBBITS, CAMERON LUMBER CO.**  
C. H. Altenberg, Mgr.

**RELIABLE DEFENDERS OF OUR COUNTRY THE SOLDIER**



QUICK TO REPEL ATTACKS

**DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY**

JUST AS QUICK TO REPEL ATTACKS OF **COUGHS AND COLDS**

And all Diseases of **THROAT AND LUNGS** QUICKEST AND SUREST **WHOOPIING COUGH AND BRONCHIAL REMEDY**

Price 50c and \$1.00

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY

**L. E. Carmichael, Druggist, Genoa.**

