

OF GENERAL INTEREST

ITEMS STOLEN FROM COLUMNS OF EXCHANGES

FACTORY FOR HAMPSHIRE

The Borden Co. Has Let Contract for Erecting a Bottling Plant at That Place

Rochelle will soon hold an election to choose a sight for a new \$25,000 school building.

A woman's organization in Sweden is called the "Dammklubb." There are several in this country that are called the same thing by their husbands.

DeKalb Advertiser:—On account of increased cost of stock the horseshoers of DeKalb, Sycamore, Genoa and Cortland will on July 1st raise the price of new shoes to 50 cents each.

A Freeport youth was arrested and had to pay a fine and costs to the amount of \$10 for abusing a livery horse which he had hired. There is just one way to check this evil, and that is to apply the law as severely as possible.

Frank J. Vincent, a prosperous Sugar Grove farmer, was instantly killed and his 17-year-old son, Elmer, lying at St. Charles hospital in Aurora, seriously injured, was the result of one of a distressing grade crossing accidents Sunday.

Onkin Geiken, who lives on the Chase farm near Cherry Valley, had a narrow escape from death during the storm on Monday of last week, being shocked into unconsciousness by a bolt of lightning which struck a wire fence while he was crawling thru.

The postoffice department at Washington has issued instructions to all postmasters of the United States, requiring all matter sent out from their respective offices to be weighed for six months, or from July 1 to December 31. This means quite a task to the postoffice employees.

The contracts have been let for the construction of Hampshire's Borden milk bottling plant for \$26,000. Chas. E. Gertz & Son of Elgin will do the brick and cement work for \$11,000 and Smith & Wilkening of Elgin the carpenter work for \$15,000. The main building will be 220x50 and another structure will have dimensions of 192x20 feet.

"Advertising is no good," said the man in old clothes. "It never helped me none." The millionaire merchant smiled. "That is because you tried it, John, as the Indian tried a feather bed. An Indian took a feather placed it on a plank and slept on it all night. In the morning he growled: 'Paleface say feathers heap soft. Paleface heap fool. Ugh!'"

True Republican:—Sarah McCarthy of Sandwich who was married in 1881 to William S. McCarthy, by whom she is the mother of five children, has at last got tired of the "old man" and has filed in circuit court a bill for divorce, accusing him of intoxication and beating her. She says that he is a laborer and gets at least \$10 a week, and she asks that he help support the children, who are aged from 12 to 6 years, and of whom she seeks the custody.

The automobile drivers are plenty numerous in DeKalb county to form an association and have a run occasionally to some attractive places within easy reach. They could go to Starved Rock, Deer Park or Monumental Park in LaSalle county or to the picturesque Rock river bluffs in Ogle county, making either trip in a day handily. In addition to seeing some delightful scenery they could get wise on the early history of their state.

Let Every Man in Genoa Consider Himself a Committee of One to Help Entertain Our Guests Today

HARRY J. BALDWIN

Particulars Regarding his Untimely Death at Plymouth, N. C.

The deplorable accident in which Harry Baldwin met his death occurred at Plymouth, N. C.

Harry, who was a locomotive engineer, was backing his engine and a few freight cars, going at slow speed, when the cars suddenly left the rails. The cars thus stopped forced the tender of the engine up into the cab. Harry had no warning of the accident and was caught in the deathly trap. The locomotive toppled over into the ditch, with the engineer in the cab. It was found that death must have been almost instantaneous. The back of his head was crushed and the escaping steam had scalded the body.

The negro fireman saw the approaching danger and escaped by jumping.

The funeral services were held at the M. E. church last Thursday morning. Rev. T. E. Ream officiated and read the obituary which appears below.

The floral offerings were many and beautiful. Many of the boyhood friends and schoolmates of the deceased were present.

Harry J. Baldwin, well known in Genoa and vicinity, was born in Genoa, June 11, 1878, and passed away at Plymouth, N. C., where he met death accidentally while at his post of duty. He was 29 years and 10 days of age at the time of his decease.

He was united in marriage to Miss Olive Veasey of Harrimon, Tenn. To Mr. and Mrs. Baldwin one child was born, Catharine, who is now about 5 years of age.

Harry, as he was known to nearly every one in Genoa and this community, was a graduate of the Genoa high school and he was especially a favorite with both teachers and scholars, and loved by all who ever made his acquaintance, and indeed many who have gathered here today are schoolmates and boyhood friends who take their places beside those who mourn and weep with those who weep.

While living in Genoa, Harry was a member of the Genoa M. E. Sunday school. Mrs. Julia Gibbs, wife of Prof. D. M. Gibbs was his Sunday school teacher for many years, and Harry with many others of his class took great delight and pleasure in the Sunday school and the study of the scriptures. He was also an attendant at church services with his mother while in Genoa.

After he graduated from high school he left Genoa and went south to Harrimon, Tenn., to live with an aunt, Mrs. Burroughs, and while there he became interested in rail road work. He finally became engineer on the Norfolk and Southern Rail Road, and met his death while faithful at his post of duty.

Besides his bereaved wife and little daughter and his grief-stricken mother, all of whom are today bowed down in deep sorrow over his sudden and altogether unexpected death, there are many more distant relatives and a large circle of friends who also sorrow as they realize once more that one of their number, whom they dearly loved, has been called away.

All who ever knew Harry learned to love and esteem him. He was kind hearted and from boyhood was devoted and kind to his mother. He was honestly and manfully making his way upward in life. Ambitious to make the most of himself and his talents, he was a hard worker and at the time of his death was filling a position of great responsibility.

It is needless to say that the sorrowing loved ones of our deceased brother have the deep and sincere sympathy of all who knew him and all who know them.

Alexander Henry Durham

Mr. Alexander Henry Durham, well known in this community, was born in Genoa, Ill., August 26, 1841, and passed away at the home of his son, Amber S. Durham, June 24, 1907, being 65 years, 9 months and 28 days of age at the time of his death.

Mr. Durham has lived in Genoa nearly all his life. About twelve years ago he left Genoa and moved to Arcola, La., where he has since made his home, but from time to time he returned to Genoa to visit his many friends and relatives.

On January 1, 1862, he was united in marriage to Miss Jennie Farr and to them were born four sons, three of whom survive their father. The oldest son, Elmer, died about 16 years ago. Mrs. Durham died about 2 years ago. The sons who mourn the death of their father are: Leonard P. and Roy H. of Arcola, La., and Amber S. of Genoa, Ill. He also leaves a sister, Mrs. Sarah Chapman of Kingston, Ill. Besides his immediate relatives and the members of his family he leaves a large circle of friends and neighbors in this community to mourn his departure.

Mr. Durham has lived long enough in this community so that his life has elevated his character to all. His work was that of farming which he followed all his life. He bore the reputation of being honest, upright and honorable. He was a man of retiring nature, yet kind and generous of heart. About three weeks ago he came from the south to visit relatives and friends, and while he was in feeble health yet his death was not anticipated so soon.

A few days before his death he told his loved ones that he expected soon to go. Death to him therefore was not a surprise. The funeral services were held at the M. E. church on Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Rev. T. E. Ream officiating.

Fortune from Advertising

T. I. Barrett, one of the chief proprietors of the Pears' soap concern which has spent \$15,000,000 in advertising, is emphatic in expressing his conviction that advertising is the best kind of commercial investment.

"I cannot understand how the question can be debated," he said. "Why, the fact that advertising pays is as clearly demonstrated every day as that the sun rises. Select the proper medium, advertise intelligently, and your fortune is made."

"You must have new ideas for the changes of fashion, I spent \$630,000 in advertising in one year, and it paid us well."

"Good goods, good advertising and plenty of it is my advice to ambitious commercial men."

"The Runaways."

HORSE GETS AWAY

Three Persons are Thrown from Buggy Saturday Evening

W. H. Jackman's driving horse indulged in a few circus stunts last Saturday evening and during the mix-up Mr. and Mrs. Jackman and Mrs. S. R. Crawford were thrown to the ground. All escaped, however, with only slight bruises.

The horse began its antics when a part of the harness broke letting the carriage come up to the horse's legs. The animal made a few kicks and despite the best efforts of Mr. Jackman to hold it in threw that gentleman over the wheel to the earth. The fun began near the Wilcox place west of town. The horse, after getting free from the lines, tore down thru the piano factory lot and was brought to a halt only when it encountered the barbed wire fence at the railway tracks. Here the two ladies were thrown out, landing in the fence. The horse became entangled, but escaped again and was finally captured up on Main street. The animal was scratched slightly by the barbs on the fence and sustained a few bruises.

Hutton-Buck Nuptials

At four o'clock last Thursday afternoon Mr. Wm. Hutton of Milwaukee, Wis., was united in marriage to Miss Cora Etta Buck, daughter of Alfred Buck. The ceremony took place at the home of the bride's brother, Glen Buck, of Ney, Ill.

There were about fifty guests present, to witness the ceremony, including the more immediate relatives of the bride and a few special friends. Rev. T. E. Ream performed the ceremony using the beautiful ring service of the Methodist Episcopal church. The couple were married under an artistic arch of white flowers interspersed with green.

The groom is a well-to-do manufacturer of Milwaukee, Wis., and the bride is the older daughter of Mr. Alfred Buck, and has a great many relatives and friends in this community, and is much esteemed for her amiable character and fine qualities. After the ceremony the entire company sat down to a bountiful wedding supper.

Mr. and Mrs. Hutton will spend a few days on a wedding trip after which they will make their home in Hyde Park, Ill.

To Name Farms

A custom which is rapidly gaining favor among our rural residents is that of giving their farms an appropriate title.

A large number of farms in the vicinity of Geneva Lake have been christened in the past few years and their owners have had stationery printed bearing the name, and in a number of instances cuts of farm buildings and residences or some familiar scene have been added.

This is a commendable move. It is a noticeable fact that farms and country homes thus designated are almost without exception kept in a better state of repair and modern improvement than those that are not named.

Fourth of July Speech

The speaking exercises today will take place in Albert Shurtleff's grove, just west of his residence, in the west end of town.

SPIRITUALISTS GET \$250,000

Supreme Court Decision Confirms Bequest Made in Will

The following is a special dispatch from Bloomington, Ill.: By the action of the Illinois supreme court in sustaining the will of the late J. T. Crumbaugh, the wealthy banker of Leroy, this county, Spiritualists of the World will probably realize on the bequest of \$250,000, which he left to the cult.

This is the largest bequest that Spiritualism has ever received, and it has attracted wide attention. Crumbaugh became a convert a few years before his death, and when his will was probated it was found that he had left the bulk of his fortune for the construction of a Spiritualistic church in his home city and also for the promulgation and dissemination of the tenets of that belief in the hope of securing converts. He planned to erect a church costing fully \$50,000, while the income from the remainder of the estate was to be used for its maintenance and also for the extension of the work.

It was Mr. Crumbaugh's idea to make Leroy the headquarters of spiritualism the world over and to carry the work of proselytizing from there. The relatives who were ignored in the will, succeeded in having it set aside in the lower court, following an exciting trial. They asserted that Spiritualists had exerted such a peculiar control over the old man that his mind had become affected, and that he was not capable of writing a sane will.

Italian Fined \$100.00

Dominick Cerami, a son of sunny Italy, was fined \$100 and costs and sent to jail by Justice Marean of Belvidere Tuesday, on an old charge brought by Mr. and Mrs. Edward Fryer of Irene. It appears from the story that Cerami was formerly employed on the Illinois Central road and about a year ago he visited the Fryer home near where the track gang was working, to buy some eggs and grossly insulted Mrs. Fryer. He left the vicinity suddenly, and the family never had seen him since till the other day he was discovered in the vicinity of their home in Belvidere, they having moved to that city since that time. He was arrested on serious charges with the result noted above.

A. C. Church Notice

Preaching services at 10:30 a. m. and 8:00 p. m. Morning sermon: "Tithing." Evening sermon: "Christ the High Priest." Sunday school at 11:30 a. m. Prayer meeting at 7:30 Wednesday evenings. Bible study Friday evening at the home of Mrs. Lauman. Choir practice at 8:00 o'clock Saturday evenings.

The Northern Illinois Conference will convene July 11 at Elgin, Ill., continuing over Sunday. Genoa brethren are urged to attend. W. T. Loomis, Pastor.

"The Runaways" at the Genoa opera house Wednesday evening, July 10.

THEY SURPRISED HER

About Thirty-five Friends Call on Miss Maud Sager

Miss Maud Sager was the victim of a well planned conspiracy at her home last Friday evening, there being no less than thirty-five young people interested in the event. It was an agreeable surprise and the evening was enjoyed by all. The lawn was well lighted by the arc light which was close by and judging from the sounds of merriment which issued from that neighborhood some exciting games were put to the test.

Lunch consisting of ice cream was served, and as a climax a flash light picture of the group was taken.

BOUNTY FOR CROW HEADS

Ten Cents for Every Crow Slain and Five Cents for Each Egg

Hereafter ten cents will be paid for every crow slain and five cents for every egg secured.

It is anticipated that the farmers and many others will take advantage of the bounty offered by the state and will slaughter the ravens in such numbers as to cause a mitigation of the evil from them that has so long existed. It is a peculiar fact that the sportsmen pay their own bounty. It is done, however, in an indirect way. The thousands or tens of thousands of dollars that pour into the state treasury annually from the license fees exacted from those carrying guns will be used to pay this bounty.

Graduation Story

Here is the story of a boy in college who was about to graduate, says an exchange. He wrote back to the farm for his mother to come. She replied that she could not do so. She said her clothes were worn out and she had no money with which to buy new ones for the occasion. The boy said come anyhow. The poor mother went in her best but was not stylish. The commencement was in a fashionable church. The son was prouder of his mother than his honors. He walked down the aisle with her to the center of the church and took her to one of the best seats. There were tears in her eyes and she burst out weeping when her son pronounced the valedictory. The president pinned a badge on his coat, but he took it and pinned it on his mother's faded dress as he bent and kissed her wrinkled face. The boy with this kind of pride will be an honor to his country. May his number increase and the shadow of his loveliness cover the world.

Lewis was Murdered

The Republican-Journal has just learned the details regarding the murder of Elmer Lewis, which occurred in South Dakota two weeks ago. Mr. Lewis, who resided in Genoa for some time previous to going to South Dakota, had been working on a farm near Dazey in that state for a man named Geo. N. McClure. It seems that McClure was a beast and was in the habit of abusing his wife. On such occasions Lewis interfered in behalf of the woman and incurred the enmity of McClure. Lewis finally quit the farm after a quarrel with his employer. The next morning McClure went to a neighbor's where Lewis was staying and without any warning shot Lewis thru the neck. The victim died within a few minutes. McClure is now in jail, having given himself up at once.

STRINGENT AUTO LAW

REGULATES SPEED IN CITY AND COUNTRY

MACHINES TO BE NUMBERED

Four Inch Figures on Front and Rear—Red Tape in Securing License

Automobile owners of Genoa are greatly incensed over the restrictions placed on them by the new state automobile law which went into effect Monday. With the great amount of red tape which has to be gone thru and the heavy expense necessitated, the motorists feel that the law is an unfair one.

That he may procure a state license, the owner must make application to Secretary of State Rose. Then, according to an applicant, before he receives a reply from the official he is the recipient of a letter from a firm specializing in signs and figures. The sign firm directs him to send \$1.50 to the secretary and the figures will be forwarded. However, if he does not comply with this advice and has originally sent \$2 to the secretary, he receives an aluminum license button, on which his number is given. The button is about two inches in diameter and similar to the one the average city gives to junk dealers. Provided the auto owner does not buy his figures of the firm stipulated, it costs him at least \$5 to be equipped with figures by the local dealer.

Four sets of numbers are required by the new law—one on both front and back and one on each light. Each figure on the front and rear must be four inches high and one-half inch wide. Then on the lamp the figures must each be one inch high and the lamp itself must throw a light at least 100 feet in advance of the car. A red light without a figure must be supplied for the rear of the machine.

The law regulates the speed of automobiles to six miles an hour in business districts, eight miles in residence districts and twenty miles in the country.

WILL SUE BILLY SUNDAY

Evangelist Failed to Keep Date With Chautauqua in Iowa

The Midland Chautauqua, a lyceum bureau, will sue "Billy" Sunday for \$5,000 damages for failing to appear at the Des Moines Chautauqua, where he had an engagement recently. A few hours before the time for his speech the officers received a telegram stating that Mr. Sunday had found it necessary to cancel all his engagements up to July 14. The management was wroth and announced their intention of starting suit for \$5,000.

OPERATORS' STRIKE LIKELY TO SPREAD

MEN IN KANSAS CITY AND ST. LOUIS MAY WALK OUT WITHIN A WEEK.

Are Restive in Chicago—Telegraphers in That City, if Called From Keys, Will Spend the Time at Michigan Resort.

Chicago, July 2.—Secretary Wesley Russell, of the Commercial Telegraphers' union Monday admitted for the first time that active preparations were under way for the extension of the strike against the Western Union and Postal companies.

This is taken to mean that the union leaders have despaired of winning their contention with the big telegraph companies by a single strike demonstration at San Francisco, and are now ready to enlarge their operations. Kansas City and St. Louis are two western cities that are mentioned in connection with the proposed new strike field. It is believed that the operators will be called from the offices in those cities within a week.

To Extend Strike This Week. Secretary Russell was unwilling to divulge the details of the plans that have been made by the union leaders to carry the new operations into effect. The exact time and place for the next move in the union's guerrilla warfare against the companies were known only by President Small, said Russell. He expected to hear definite news of the projected war plan within a few days. It is his belief that the men will go on strike in one or more towns outside of San Francisco and Oakland, Cal., by the end of the present week. He refused to hazard a guess if Chicago would be included in the new strike operations. St. Louis and Kansas City were said to be more probable locations.

Officials Express No Fear. Although the union leaders are said to have been satisfied with the strike situation in the west they have decided that in order to win a decisive victory they must extend their lines to include more big cities. Many operators in Chicago are beginning to lose interest in the fight and have expressed the opinion that more vigorous blows should be struck. The telegraph company officials in New York and the west have expressed no degree of fear over the situation and have taken no particular pains to avert a possible universal strike. They say they have made no preparations for a strike as they do not believe that the men will vacate the keys.

Delicate Situation in Chicago. The situation in Chicago has become somewhat complicated by the action of the Western Union company in discharging Operator William W. Main last week. Main is said to have been violating rules of the office when he was dismissed. The operators believe that his discharge is a slap at the union and will make a contest have Main reinstated. In the present state of feeling against the company the incident is felt to be unfortunate and may provoke radical action by the men. The case was taken up by the local union's grievance committee.

Outing Planned if a Walkout. Unique methods for the entertainment of the Chicago telegraphers will be followed in the event that local operators are called out on strike. Secretary Russell explained that a movement is on foot to provide an outing for the Chicago operators that will extend during the entire time of their idleness. It is proposed to charter a lake steamer and transport the 800 or 1,000 operators and their families to some Michigan resort at the expense of the union.

Looks Better in Frisco. San Francisco, July 2.—Manager O'Brien, of the Western Union Telegraph company, said Monday that the situation showed decided improvement. He had opened five branch offices in this city. Several operators had returned to work and the company was taking on competent men who applied for positions.

ROCKEFELLER NOT YET FOUND. Oil King Succeeds in Eluding the United States Marshal. New York, July 2.—The search for John D. Rockefeller by United States Marshal Henkel and half a dozen deputies, who wish to serve him with a subpoena directing him to appear before Judge Landis, of the United States circuit court in Chicago, on July 6, is still unrewarded and Mr. Rockefeller's whereabouts are as much a mystery as ever.

Three other Standard Oil officials, Charles M. Pratt, I. Q. Barstow and Wm. H. Hutchinson, were served with subpoenas Monday.

Epidemic Among Wyoming Sheep. Cheyenne, Wyo., July 2.—The board of sheep commissioners of Wyoming has appealed to the bureau of animal industry of the United States to assist the Wyoming flockmasters in investigating and stamping out an epidemic which is killing thousands of sheep and threatening the sheep industry of the entire state. It is believed the trouble is caused by a small fly which enters the nostrils of the lambs.

Employees' Wages Increased. El Paso, Tex., July 2.—The American Smelting & Refining company voluntarily raised all employees' wages from eight to 15 per cent.



STRIKE OF GARBAGE DRIVERS IS ENDED

MAYOR OF NEW YORK INDUCES MEN TO RETURN TO WORK BY PROMISES.

City in Great Distress—Streets Blocked by Heaps of Putrefying Refuse—Police Sergeant Badly Injured by a Bomb.

New York, July 2.—The strike of the city garbage collectors is over and the fears of a serious epidemic as the result of the conditions which have existed for the past week are at rest. A committee representing the striking drivers conferred with Mayor McClellan Monday. He promised that if they would return to work he would take up their grievances. Later the committee announced that they had decided to send all the men back to work, trusting to the mayor's promise. It was also announced that the men would work overtime until the accumulation of garbage in the streets had been removed.

Police Protect the Carts. All day long the health department officials put forth their utmost efforts to gain some headway against the rapidly increasing accumulations in the streets. About 250 carts were in use, but strike breakers were hard to find and difficult to hold.

Every cart was protected by police and detachments of officers preceded the squads in which the carts were sent out, driving loafers off the streets and out of the saloons and doing all possible to prevent assaults on the drivers. Even on the East Side, where the danger to health from the heaps of putrefying refuse was rapidly becoming very grave, hundreds of people hooted the strike-breaking drivers from the windows of tenements and hurled missiles at them.

Officer hurt by a Bomb. Police Sergeant William Duggan was seriously injured by the explosion of what the police believe was a bomb while escorting two carts in One Hundred and Sixteenth street late in the day. The sergeant was blown several feet. He was taken to a hospital suffering from shock and lacerations.

Several of the drivers were badly beaten by strike sympathizers before they could be rescued by the police. On the East Side streets conditions are almost unbearable. The return of hot weather has added to the seriousness of the situation.

Refuse Blocks Streets. In places the heaps of garbage practically fill the streets and traffic is interfered with. Attempts to dispose of the accumulations by burning have been largely unsuccessful. But it is not alone the East Side that suffers. The entire city is affected by odors. The health department is still struggling to make some impression on the mountainous heaps of refuse, but even if the full force returns to work Tuesday it will require several days of hard labor before normal conditions are restored.

FIVE ASSAYERS ARRESTED. Stolen Gold Ore Worth \$50,000 Recovered at Goldfield, Nev. Goldfield, Nev., July 1.—Five assayers were arrested Saturday and 1,500 pounds of high grade ore alleged to have been stolen from Little Florence mine and valued at \$50,000 was recovered. The men under arrest are M. J. Smith, S. H. Prince, C. J. Trask, Henry Lutzenheiser and Fred Lutzenheiser. All gave bail in the sum of \$1,000 and the cases were set for hearing on July 12.

Wisconsin Girl Murdered. Wausau, Wis., July 2.—Jennie Rehe, daughter of John E. Rehe, aged 16 years, was assaulted and murdered Sunday afternoon in a strip of woods near her home. Two men were arrested on suspicion.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

A large part of the town of Bisbee, Ariz., was destroyed by fire. Count Constantine Nigra, dean of Italian diplomats, is dead at Rome.

Charles Short, of Des Moines, Ia., fell and a needle in his vest pocket pierced his heart, killing him.

The French government has prohibited the annual pilgrimage to Lourdes because of the agitation in the south.

The Western Federation of Miners adopted a new preamble to its constitution which pledges the members to socialism.

Four 160-acre Texas farms are to be awarded as premiums at the National Corn exposition to be held in Chicago, October 5 to 19.

Five men were severely burned by molten metal and \$40,000 damage was done in the plant of the Illinois Steel company at South Chicago.

During the year ended Saturday \$223,000,000 was collected in customs duties at New York—\$23,000,000 more than in the preceding year.

Thirty-one Princeton students, mostly Frenchmen, were expelled for attending a "leg party" against the orders of President Wilson.

Dock Posey, a white man who confessed to attacking his nine-year-old stepdaughter, was taken from jail at Dalton, Ga., and lynched by a mob.

Capt. D. J. Moon, a well-known stock man of Creston, Ia., died of blood poisoning resulting from a scratch received from a wire fence.

A number of persons were killed in the province of Valdivia, Chile, by the formation of a lake of boiling water due to eruptions of a new volcano.

Seven Japanese chambers of commerce warned the United States that attacks on Japanese in San Francisco might obstruct trade between the two countries.

Four hundred journeymen plumbers went on strike in St. Louis because the master plumbers refused to accede to a demand for an increase of wages from \$5 to \$6 a day.

Mrs. Carrie C. Lomax, one of the most noted women in Alabama, died at Montgomery aged 81. She was the widow of Col. Tennent Lomax, who was killed at the battle of Seven Pines.

Mrs. French, wife of the salvation army commandant of the Pacific coast, has offered to go to the Lifer Island of Molokai for mission work and has expressed a willingness to consecrate her life to the cause.

C. C. Waller, of Texas, president of the Southern Bank & Trust company; F. Demre Lemon, of Pittsburg, Pa., vice president; Ed. Hunt, assistant cashier, and J. M. Langston, Jr., director, were found guilty at Fort Smith, Ark., of using the mails to defraud.

Over a tenanted grave in Fairmount cemetery in Denver, Col., the Woodmen of the World unveiled a monument to the memory of the late head consul, E. A. Falkenberg. Mrs. Falkenberg falls, daughter of the dead man, objects to the use of her father's name on the monument.

INDIAN UPRISING FEARED. Lives of Whites at McDowell Agency, Arizona, in Danger.

Washington, July 2.—A telegram was received Monday from Superintendent Goodman, of McDowell agency, Arizona, by the Indian bureau confirming the report of trouble at that agency. He says the shooting of an Apache by Farmer Gill grew out of an effort to remove some troublesome Indians from the agency, which was undertaken on orders from Washington, and was in self-defense.

Mr. Goodman says the lives of whites, friendly Indians and of the Indian police are in danger, but that the sheriff of Navajo county with seven others is on the way to the scene of trouble and that the territorial militia will be available if needed. The aid of the national troops will not be asked unless the situation assumes a more serious aspect than at present. Gill is a preacher.

THE MARKETS. New York, July 2. LIVE STOCK—Steers 4.85 @ 5.05; Hogs, State 7.00 @ 7.20; Sheep, State 3.50 @ 4.45.

CHICAGO. CATTLE—Choice Steers 5.00 @ 7.10; Pair to Good Steers 5.25 @ 6.00; Yearlings, Good to Fancy 6.00 @ 8.25.

MILWAUKEE. GRAIN—Wheat, No. 1 Northern 1.05 @ 1.06; September 97 @ 99 1/2; Corn, September 87 1/2 @ 88 1/2.

KANSAS CITY. GRAIN—Wheat, July 88 1/2 @ 88 3/4; September 91 1/2 @ 91 3/4; Corn, July 49 1/2 @ 49 3/4; Oats, No. 2 White 45 @ 45 1/2.

ST. LOUIS. CATTLE—Beef Steers 4.00 @ 6.90; Texas Steers 2.50 @ 5.75; HOGS—Packers 5.85 @ 6.15; Butchers 6.05 @ 6.17 1/2; SHEEP—Natives 3.25 @ 5.75.

OMAHA. CATTLE—Native Steers 3.00 @ 6.75; Stockers and Feeders 3.00 @ 4.75; Cows and Heifers 3.75 @ 4.35; HOGS—Heavy 5.85 @ 5.95; SHEEP—Wethers 6.00 @ 6.55.

Prudential Quits Texas. Newark, N. J., July 2.—The Prudential insurance company announced Monday that, following the example of a number of other life insurance companies, it would withdraw from Texas, considering it impossible to comply with the law recently passed in that state.

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Four hundred journeymen plumbers went on strike in St. Louis because the master plumbers refused to accede to a demand for an increase of wages from \$5 to \$6 a day.

Mrs. Carrie C. Lomax, one of the most noted women in Alabama, died at Montgomery aged 81. She was the widow of Col. Tennent Lomax, who was killed at the battle of Seven Pines.

Mrs. French, wife of the salvation army commandant of the Pacific coast, has offered to go to the Lifer Island of Molokai for mission work and has expressed a willingness to consecrate her life to the cause.

C. C. Waller, of Texas, president of the Southern Bank & Trust company; F. Demre Lemon, of Pittsburg, Pa., vice president; Ed. Hunt, assistant cashier, and J. M. Langston, Jr., director, were found guilty at Fort Smith, Ark., of using the mails to defraud.

Over a tenanted grave in Fairmount cemetery in Denver, Col., the Woodmen of the World unveiled a monument to the memory of the late head consul, E. A. Falkenberg. Mrs. Falkenberg falls, daughter of the dead man, objects to the use of her father's name on the monument.

INDIAN UPRISING FEARED. Lives of Whites at McDowell Agency, Arizona, in Danger.

Washington, July 2.—A telegram was received Monday from Superintendent Goodman, of McDowell agency, Arizona, by the Indian bureau confirming the report of trouble at that agency. He says the shooting of an Apache by Farmer Gill grew out of an effort to remove some troublesome Indians from the agency, which was undertaken on orders from Washington, and was in self-defense.

Mr. Goodman says the lives of whites, friendly Indians and of the Indian police are in danger, but that the sheriff of Navajo county with seven others is on the way to the scene of trouble and that the territorial militia will be available if needed. The aid of the national troops will not be asked unless the situation assumes a more serious aspect than at present. Gill is a preacher.

THE MARKETS. New York, July 2. LIVE STOCK—Steers 4.85 @ 5.05; Hogs, State 7.00 @ 7.20; Sheep, State 3.50 @ 4.45.

CHICAGO. CATTLE—Choice Steers 5.00 @ 7.10; Pair to Good Steers 5.25 @ 6.00; Yearlings, Good to Fancy 6.00 @ 8.25.

MILWAUKEE. GRAIN—Wheat, No. 1 Northern 1.05 @ 1.06; September 97 @ 99 1/2; Corn, September 87 1/2 @ 88 1/2.

KANSAS CITY. GRAIN—Wheat, July 88 1/2 @ 88 3/4; September 91 1/2 @ 91 3/4; Corn, July 49 1/2 @ 49 3/4; Oats, No. 2 White 45 @ 45 1/2.

ST. LOUIS. CATTLE—Beef Steers 4.00 @ 6.90; Texas Steers 2.50 @ 5.75; HOGS—Packers 5.85 @ 6.15; Butchers 6.05 @ 6.17 1/2; SHEEP—Natives 3.25 @ 5.75.

OMAHA. CATTLE—Native Steers 3.00 @ 6.75; Stockers and Feeders 3.00 @ 4.75; Cows and Heifers 3.75 @ 4.35; HOGS—Heavy 5.85 @ 5.95; SHEEP—Wethers 6.00 @ 6.55.

Prudential Quits Texas. Newark, N. J., July 2.—The Prudential insurance company announced Monday that, following the example of a number of other life insurance companies, it would withdraw from Texas, considering it impossible to comply with the law recently passed in that state.

Professional Cards

C. H. MORDOFF M. D. Office over Witt and Shork's jewelry store. Office hours: 1 to 3 p. m., 6:30 to 8 p. m.

A. M. HILL, M. D. Office over Witt and Shork's jewelry store. Office hours: 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 2:30 p. m. and 6:30 to 8 p. m. X-ray laboratory in connection.

DR. T. N. AUSTIN Physician and Surgeon. Office over J. Lemble's store. Office hours: 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 2:30 p. m. and 6:30 to 8 p. m. X-ray laboratory in connection.

DR. E. A. ROBINSON Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence, corner Main and First Sts. Hours: 10:30 to 12:30 a. m. and 1:30 to 3:00 p. m. Calls promptly attended.

C. A. PATTERSON DENTIST. Office over Exchange Bank. Office hours: 8:30 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m.

G. W. MARKLEY, M. D. KINGSTON, ILL. OFFICE HOURS: 12 to 3 p. m., 6:30 to 8:30 p. m. Calls promptly attended to night and day.

Genoa Lodge No. 288 A. F. & A. M. Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month. Geo. J. Patterson, W. M. W. M. Adams, Sec.

EVALINE LODGE NUMBER 344 Meets second Tuesdays of each month in I. O. O. F. hall. Martin Malana, Perfect. Fannie M. Head, Sec.

Genoa Lodge No. 163 M. W. A. Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month. Visiting neighbors welcome. J. H. Van Dresser, Ven. Consul. E. H. Browne, Clerk.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS Meets every Monday evening in I. O. O. F. hall. JAS. SPENCE, N. G. J. W. SOWERS, Sec.

LIVERY AND FEED STABLE If you want a GENTLE HORSE and a CLEAN BUGGY call here, one block north of Main on Genoa street. Calls answered day or night.

R. GALLAGHER Phone 146

NEW LIVERY Having taken possession of the old Kellogg & Adams stand, I have put in a complete new livery outfit, consisting of new harness, good buggies of all kinds and reliable, trusty horses which will be let at reasonable rates, with or without drivers. Try one of our turnouts. We can please you.

10 CENT FEED BARN Your horse is your best friend. When you drive to Genoa put the horse up at our barn where it will be out of the cold and cared for. It only costs ten cents to drive in and hitch.

THE SYCAMORE BUS LINE Bus leaves Genoa every week day at nine o'clock, returning leave Sycamore at 4 p. m. Leave orders at the stable.

L. ROBINSON PHONE 23

NEAT

Livery and Sale Stable. Having increased my stock with good, gentle horses,

CLEAN

new buggies and harness, I am prepared to furnish the public with

UP TO DATE RIGS

Busses and carriages for weddings, parties and funerals.

W. W. Cooper Phone 68

Established in 1882

Exchange Bank of Brown & Brown Genoa, Illinois

Does a General Banking business.

Sells Foreign and Domestic money orders.

Allows interest on time deposits and savings accounts at the rate of 3 per cent per annum. Interest on savings accounts computed every six months.

\$1.00 will open a savings account and get you a beautiful pocket

Savings Bank. Call and see about it

The Republican-Journal line of Calendars Better than many, Excelled by none.

RAILWAY TIME CARD ILLINOIS CENTRAL R.Y. Leave Genoa Arrive Chicago

Table with 2 columns: Leave Genoa and Arrive Chicago. Rows include No. 36, No. 32, No. 6, No. 3, No. 31, No. 35.

• Daily except Sunday. S. R. Crawford, Agent.

THE LIONS OF THE LORD

A TALE OF THE OLD WEST
BY HARRY LEON WILSON
AUTHOR OF
"THE SPENDERS"
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CHAPTER XXXVI.—Continued.

In the light of the fire the little man could see their faces, and he became suddenly coherent, smiling at them in the old way.

"Why have you come so far in the night?" he asked Prudence, taking one of her cool hands between his own that burned.

"But, you poor little father! Why have you come, when you should be home in bed? You are burning with fever."

"Yes, yes, dear, but it's over now. This is the end. I came here—to be here—I came to say my last prayer in the body. And they will come to find me here. You must go before they come."

"Who will find you?"
"They from the church. I didn't mean to do it, but when I was on my feet something forced it out of me. I knew what they would do, but I was ready to die, and I hoped I could awaken some of them."

"But no one shall hurt you."
"Don't tempt me to stay any longer, dear, even if they would let me. Oh, you don't know, you don't know—that devil's drumming over there to madden me as on that other night. But it's just—my God, how just."

"Come away, then. Ruel will find your horse, and we'll ride home."

"It's too late—don't ask me to leave my hell now. It would only follow me. It was this way that night—the night before—the beating got into my blood and hammered on my brain till I didn't know. Prudence, I must tell you—everything—"

He glanced at Follett appealingly, as he had looked at the others when he left the platform that day, beseeching some expressions of friendliness.

"Yes, I must tell you—everything." But his face lighted as Follett interrupted him.

"You tell her," said Follett, doggedly, "how you saved her that day and kept her like your own and brought her up to be a good woman—that's what you tell her." The gratitude in the little man's eyes had grown with each word.

"Yes, yes, dear, I have loved you like my own little child, but your father and mother were killed here that day—and I found you and loved you—such a dear, forlorn little girl—will you hate me now?" he broke off anxiously. She had both his hands in her own.

"But why, how could I hate you? You are my dear little sorry father—all I've known. I shall always love you."

"That will be good to take with me," he said, smiling again. "It's all I've got to take—it's all I've had since the day I found you. You are good," he said, turning to Follett.

"Oh, shucks!" answered Follett. A smile of rare contentment played over the little man's face.

In the silence that followed, the funeral drum came booming in upon them over the ridge, and once they saw an Indian from the encampment standing on top of the hill to look down at their fire. Then the little man spoke again.

"You will go with him," he said to Prudence. "He will take you out of here and back to your mother's people."

"She's going to marry me," said Follett. The little man smiled at this.

"It is right—the Gentle has come to take you away. The Lord is cunning in His vengeance. I felt it must be so when I saw you together."

After this he was so quiet for a time that they thought he was sleeping. But presently he grew restless again, and said to Follett:

"I want you to have me buried here. Up there to the north, 300 yards from here on the right, is a dwarf cedar standing alone. Straight over the ridge from that and half-way down the other side is another cedar growing at the foot of a ledge. Below that ledge is a grave. There are stones piled flat, and a cross cut in the one toward the cedar. Make a grave beside that one, and put me in it—just as I am. Remember that—unconfined. It must be that way, remember. There's a little book here in this pocket. Let it stay with me—but surely unconfined, remember, as—as the rest of them were."

"But, father, why talk so? You are going home with us."
"There, dear, it's all right, and you'll feel kind about me always when you remember me?"
"Don't—don't talk so."
"If that beating would only stay out of my brain—the thing is crawling behind me again! Oh, no, not yet—not yet! Say this with me, dear:
"The Lord is my Shepherd; I shall not want."
"He maketh me to lie down in green pastures: He leadeth me beside the still waters."
She said the psalm with him, and he grew quiet again.

"You will go away with your husband, and go at once—" He sat up

suddenly from where he had been lying, the light of a new design in his eyes.

"Come—you will need protection now—I must marry you at once. Surely that will be an office acceptable in the sight of God. And you will remember me better for it—and kinder. Come, Prudence; come, Ruel!"

"But, father, you are sick, and so weak—let us wait."
"It will give me such joy to do it—and this is the last."

She looked at Follett questioningly, but gave him her hand silently when he arose from the ground where he had been sitting.

"He'd like it, and it's what we want—all simple," he said.

In the light of the fire they stood with hands joined, and the little man, too, got to his feet, helping himself up by the cairn against which he had been leaning.

Then, with the unceasing beats of the funeral drum in their ears, he made them man and wife.

"Do you, Ruel, take Prudence by the right hand to receive her unto yourself to be your lawful and wedded wife, and you to be her lawful and

the gray paled until a flush of pink was there, and they could see about them in the chill of the morning.

Then came a silence that startled them all. The drum had stopped and the night-long vibrations ceased from their ears.

They looked toward the little man with relief, for the drumming had tortured him. But his breathing was shallow and irregular now, and from time to time they could hear a rattle in his throat. His eyes, when he opened them, were looking far off. He was turning restlessly and muttering again. She took his hands and found them cold and moist.

"His fever must have broken," she said, hopefully. The little man opened his eyes to look up at her, and spoke though absent, and not as if he saw her:

"They will have a spade with them when they come, never fear. And the spot must not be forgotten—300 yards north of the dwarf cedar, then straight over the ridge and half-way down, to the other cedar below the sandstone—and unconfined, with the book here in this pocket where I have it. Thou prepare a table before me in the presence of mine enemies: Thou anointest my head with oil; my cup runneth over. Surely goodness and mercy shall follow me all the days of my life: and I will dwell in the house of the Lord forever."

He started up in terror of something that seemed to be behind him, but fell back, and a moment later was rambling off through some sermon of the bygone year.

Slowly, then, the little smile faded—the wistful light of it dying for the last time. The tired head fell suddenly back and the wan lips closed over lifeless eyes.

From the look of rest on the still face it was as if, in his years of service and sacrifice, the little man had learned how to forgive his own sin in the flash of those last heart-beats



Beware of Tainted Bargains

By Mrs. Maud Nathan

Bargain Hunting an Expensive Recreation—Bargains Legitimate and Otherwise—Sweat Shop Clothing Often Physically Tainted—Morally Tainted Bargains Even More Dangerous—Smuggling Goods Encourages Unscrupulous Merchants—Lace Made at Cost of Poor Woman's Eyesight—Purchasers Should Demand a Guaranty—The Perils of Tenement-Made Baby Underwear.

(Copyright, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

(Mrs. Frederick Nathan is one of the best examples in the United States of the busy woman of leisure. Her time is given for the most part to practical charities. As president of the Consumers' League of New York city she has been able to achieve far-reaching results, the benefits of which go to the poorer paid classes of workers. Mrs. Nathan is a graceful writer and interesting lecturer on subjects relating to reform by women. She was one of the original vice presidents of the Woman's Municipal League, a director of the Congress of Liberal Religions, of the Southern Library fund and of the Jewish Council of Women.)

The word bargain to the average woman is very much like the word cocktail to the average man. It tickles the palate; it awakens pleasant anticipations. The woman who is offered a bargain and the man who is offered a cocktail both hope to get something at the expense of some one else. They may be getting something they do not require, perchance what is not good for them; but the temptation to avail themselves of the opportunity, in either case, is hard to resist.

The habitual bargain seeker is as apt to come to grief as the habitual tippler. Just as the too frequent cocktail impairs the digestive system so the abnormal appetite for the bargain weakens the moral constitution. There is a glamour that impairs the vision, so that the defects of the bargain cannot be estimated and renders the bargain hunter oblivious of the old maxim, "penny wise and pound foolish." Who does not know the shopper who refuses to buy rennaissance centerpieces at the counter for \$2.75, but who, seeing the same articles at a bargain table the following week surges, rushes to secure one at \$2.83?

She feels a triumphant thrill at having clutched and retained the very one that her neighbor was endeavoring to secure. She glows with pride when she finds that there are no more of that design; the one she grasped in such a frenzy cannot be duplicated. She admires her own perspicacity; it was well worth giving up a quarter of an hour in order to feel that to the victor belongs the spoils. Who has not met the woman who shows with pride the bargain she has obtained at a reduction of 12 cents, but who, in order to obtain it, was jostled and pushed about at a bargain counter for fully half an hour, and then, finding it too late to reach home in time for luncheon, has gone to a restaurant and expended thrice the amount saved? This type of woman, however, probably derives more than her money's worth of pleasure from the mere idea of procuring a bargain. And the recreation is harmless enough if the bargain be not a "tainted" one.

There need be no antipathy to the word bargain in itself; some bargains are wise. There need be no denunciation of all bargains. Some from the ethical point of view no woman should countenance; but any thoughtful person must concede that there are many that are legitimate. In this class we may place (1) articles that are sold cheap because they have been manufactured in modern factories with the assistance of the most modern inventions and therefore at low cost; (2) those sold cheap because manufacturers have obtained material under peculiarly advantageous conditions in very large quantities; (3) those where the manufacturer or merchant is overstocked; (4) those which are no longer fashionable or novel; (5) those sold at a low price as a method of advertisement. Any shopper, however conscientious, could take advantage of an opportunity to obtain a bargain that would fall in one of the above classes.

In the category of "illegitimate" bargains come (1) articles sold cheap because given out to be made under the contract system of work—a system which reduces the profits of the workers to almost nothing in order to place money in the pockets of contractors and subcontractors; (2) articles sold at a low price because made in sweatshops, where amid unwholesome surroundings the workers are compelled to toil 14 and 16 hours a day—poor folk who must pay the rent of the workrooms, pay for the lighting and heating of them, for the machinery and tools and for the delivery of goods; (3) articles sold cheap because children under legal age have been employed, or the factory laws in other ways violated, or because the workers have not received a fair living wage for their work or have been in some other way imposed upon for selfish and avaricious purposes.

Dangers lurk in many so-called bargains, such as cheap wall paper that exudes arsenic, cheap plumbing that causes illness, cheap medicine that does not cure. There is, however, a large class of intelligent and well-to-do shoppers who entirely ignore the dangers lurking in another class of bargains. I know a mother who so carefully guarded her child that she had never allowed her to ride in a street car nor play in the park with other children, nor go to any school, lest she might contract some contagious disease. Yet this same careful mother had purchased a cheap cloak ready made, at a well-known establishment, where only the "custom-made" clothing was made in the firm's own workrooms, the rest being purchased from manufacturers who shirked all responsibility by giving their work out to be done under the contract system. The child died from scarlet fever. Where caught? No one knows. But another case came under my personal observation, where investigation was possible. A woman bought a shirt waist at a bargain counter a few years ago and shortly after wearing it noticed a peculiar rash on her body. This proved to be a well-known skin disease, which the physicians found difficult to cure. Her husband made a search and discovered that the shirt waist had been made in a dirty sweatshop by a young girl who for years had been a victim of this disease. These bargains were indeed costly to the purchasers, and the foolhardiness of buying sweatshop bargains, physically tainted, becomes at once apparent.

It is conceded that tuberculosis is infectious; it is an established fact that many of the tenement houses in that quarter of New York city known as the "east side" are filled with tuberculosis germs; the dried tubercle has been found in the dust taken by way of experiment from different houses at random. There are about 104,000 people in the entire state of New York employed in the garment-making industry and of this number about 80,000 work in this crowded tenement-house district. Men, women and children in the last stages of consumption work until they are too weak to sit up, and the garments made in these infected hovels are distributed all over the country. Is there any wonder that one-seventh of the entire number of deaths is due to tuberculosis? Persons living in Kalamazoo, Topeka, Richmond or Savannah are just as likely to buy these germs with their garments as though they purchased them in New York.

However harmful the results may be from buying physically tainted bargains, those that are morally tainted ultimately cost more to the community, if not immediately to the individual. The consequences are much farther reaching and more difficult to overcome. Would one buy stolen goods knowingly, however cheap they might be? Some would refrain, no doubt, for fear of the legal penalty involved, but the consciences of the majority of people would rebel from the idea of thus encouraging robbery. Yet how many would refrain from buying goods that are cheap because part of the time or wages or health of helpless working girls has been practically stolen in order to sell the articles at a low figure? Most people's consciences are rather elastic in regard to buying smuggled goods or even to personal smuggling. Many who would scorn to swindle an individual boast of their ability to swindle a large group of individuals representing the national government. Usually the people who enjoy cheating the government out of its dues are first to rush to its representatives for protection.

It may be pertinent to ask those who consider smuggled goods "bargains" whether they take into consideration the fact that they may be called upon to pay extra taxes for the building of workhouses, reformatories and penitentiaries should factories shut down; whether they realize that to help build up the business of unscrupulous merchants they actually help wreck the business of their high-principled competitors and thus lower all business standards; whether they appreciate that they must contribute toward defraying the cost of extra detective service for the customs office, made imperative by smugglers. In short, can they call any goods "bargains" when the cost is official bribery and corruption, a cost so great that it cannot be measured in dollars and cents?

The output of any industry carried on under conditions that make for degradation and misery and undermine physical health or moral character is costly to the community, however cheap the product may be when put over the market. Sound physical health, morality, energy, a high standard of civic character, aesthetic or artistic taste, are what enrich and ennoble a community. Industry alone cannot do it, else would some of our mining towns or stone-quarrying villages or lumber districts be typical of our highest civilization. The fact is that if miners, stone quarriers or lumbermen are kept at work from early dawn until evening on such a pittance that their homes are mere hovels, if they have no places of recreation save the saloon and the gambling den, it

is not likely that they will be inspired by noble thoughts or be moved to perform heroic deeds. Walt Whitman summed it all up: "A great city is that which has the greatest men and women; if it be a few ragged huts it is still the greatest city in the world."

It will be asked how can we distinguish between tainted and wholesome bargains? Many women, realizing the evils that underlie the bargain system, have satisfied their consciences by refusing to purchase goods that are sold below the market price. They delude themselves into believing that if they pay a high price for their purchases they are supplying their wants according to a high ethical standard. The fallacy of this line of action is most apparent. Some of the most costly garments have been wrought out of the most tragic elements in life; some of the very cheapest have been made from start to finish under the very best possible conditions. High-priced hand-made lace made at the cost of the eyesight of some wretched, underpaid woman is a tainted bargain to be spurned by all self-respecting women, while cheap Nottingham lace, machine-made in model factories, under the most wholesome conditions, could, if viewed in the proper light, be worn with pride by a duchess.

The purchaser must demand a guaranty that the article offered for sale has been made under proper conditions. We do not buy real estate without searching the title; we do not buy cutlery without looking for the name of the manufacturer as a pledge that the steel is well tempered. When we buy china we look for the mark to guide us in selecting the ware. Let us take the same means of ascertaining whether the garments we buy are made in bright, well-ventilated sanitary factories or in dark, dirty, disease-infected hovels. There are a considerable number of manufacturers of women's white underwear using the label of the National Consumers' League, a label that is only given if their work done on their own premises and given after the factories have been inspected and the executive committee of the league is convinced that the conditions are perfectly satisfactory.

Mercantils are beginning to realize that their customers are demanding in goods something more than quantity or quality, or even style, and it is interesting to note the recent change in the character of advertisements, due to this gradual awakening of the consumers' conscience in regard to bargains.

A few years ago the merchants contended that it was not the business of the purchasers to inquire into the conditions of manufacture under which their garments were made and that it was a piece of impertinence on their part to endeavor to acquaint themselves with the true nature of their purchases. They therefore advertised merely the quality of goods or the style of garments they placed on their counters. But consumers, learning to demand proper conditions in slaughter houses, bakeries and dairies, are at last beginning to be aroused to look into the conditions surrounding the manufacture of clothing. To-day we find such advertisements as the following:

"Made by clean, contented and well-paid people with plenty of time. No 'Song of the Shirt' horrors are stitched into our garments."
"Baby clothes safe to wear. It is a well-known fact that many garments offered for sale at low prices and sometimes even the better grades are manufactured in tenements or other unwholesome places under conditions that make it hazardous to wear them, especially for infants and small children. We cannot tell where these goods are to be found, but we can tell you about the other kind—made in light, clean workrooms."

"Sensible women all over this country are combining and organizing in an effort to put an end to the sale of sweatshop, nonsanitary under and outer clothing. These women are looking for a label—the one that we show above. It is a guaranty that the garment which bears it is made under clean and healthful conditions."
Do not such advertisements suggest that the public conscience is awakening?

There is never a supply of anything until there is a demand. The consumers, who make the demand for articles, actually create the supply. Every one who purchases a garment that has been made in a sweatshop is helping to swell the output of such goods. The sweatshop system of work is most degrading and has dragged the garment-making industry down to a shockingly low level. When the consumer insists upon maintaining the right to know how the articles purchased are made, then the merchant will be forced to demand of the manufacturer a guaranty of his responsibility.

Even a cheap Bible may be a "tainted bargain" if the book is sold cheap because the workers have not been paid a fair wage for the printing and binding. There is a standard of morality for spending money just as there is one for earning money.

Ideal Friendship.
Of all intellectual friendships, none are so beautiful as those which subsist between old and ripe men and their younger brethren in science or literature or art. It is by these private friendships, even more than by public performance, that the tradition of sound thinking and great doing is perpetuated from age to age.—Philip Gilbert Hamerton.

A title to heaven is worth more than all the titles of earth.

ONE MAN'S EXPERIENCE IN WESTERN CANADA.

There Are Thousands of Opportunities in the Land of Opportunity.

To the Editor.

Dear Sir:
The following experience of an Illinois man who went to Western Canada six years ago is but one of the thousands of letters that could be reproduced showing how prosperity follows the settler on the fertile lands of Western Canada. This letter was written to the Chicago agent of the Government of the Dominion of Canada and is dated at Everts, Alberta, April 8th, 1907:

"It is six years the 5th of this month since I and family landed in Red Deer, family sick and only \$75 in my pocket. Bought a \$12 lot, built a 12x14 shack and went to work as a carpenter. Next May sold for \$400 (had added 16x18 building to shack). Purchased two lots at \$70 each and built a 23x28 two story building and sold for \$950. Filed on a quarter section 33 miles N. W. of Red Deer and have spent three years on it and am well pleased. Quarter all fenced and cross fenced, wire and rail, 2 1/2 miles of fence. House 29x31 feet on stone foundation. Last year was my first attempt to raise grain, 1 1/2 acres of fall wheat, yield grand, but was frosted August 2nd, was cut August 16th and made good pig feed. Had 1 1/2 acres fall rye that I think could not be beat. A farmer from Dakota cut it for me; he said he never saw such heavy grain anywhere. Straw was 7 feet high. I had 4 acres of 2 rowed barley on fall breaking that did not do so well, yet it ripened and gave me all the feed I need for stock and seed for this spring. I did not have grain threshed, so can't give yield, but the wheat would have gone at least 25 bu. to the acre. Have a log stable 31x35 feet, broad roof and two smaller buildings for pigs and chickens.

"I have lived in Harvey, Ills., and know something about it. I have been hungry there and though able and willing to work could get none to do. One Saturday evening found me without any supper or a cent to get it with. A friend, surmising my situation, gave me a dollar, which was thankfully accepted and later paid back. Wife and I are thankful we came here. We were living near Mt. Vernon, Ills., as perhaps you remember visiting me there and getting me headed for the Canadian Northwest, and a happy day it has proved for me. I have not grown rich, but I am prospering. I would not take \$3,000 for my quarter now. The past winter has been a hard one, but I worked outside the coldest day (52 below) all day and did not suffer. We are getting a school started now that is badly needed.
"Our P. O., Everts, is about 15 miles; there is another office 6 miles, but it is not convenient to us. Wife and I would not exchange our home here for anything Illinois has to offer.

"Yours truly,
(Sd.) E. EMBERLEY."

HERE'S ONE ON THE "ROOKEY."

Gets Sentry Call Twisted When Dazzled by Commander.

A drummer sometimes gets his orders twisted, but never quite so badly as the "rookie" I saw down at Chickamauga when the troops were being mustered in for the Spanish-American war, says a traveling man in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

This boy, fresh from St. Louis, was on the way to the front and proud of it. He had his first assignment to guard duty and he had been carefully instructed as to calling "Who goes there?"

The officer in command of the division was a dignified martinet. The "rookie" had never seen him. About midnight the general came home from a reception in town. He was all fixed up in his dress togs and he was the swiftest thing the new guard ever saw. As the general passed his post the boy gazed at him open-mouthed. Just in time he remembered he was expected to say something. So he gasped:

"There goes who?"

TWO TERRIBLE YEARS.

The Untold Agonies of Neglected Kidney Troubles.

Mrs. James French, 65 Welr Street, Taunton, Mass., says: "When I began using Doan's Kidney Pills I was so run down and miserable that I could hardly endure it. Terrible pains in the back attacked me frequently and the kidney secretions were much disordered. I was a nervous wreck and there seemed no hope. Doan's Kidney Pills brought my first relief and six boxes have so thoroughly cured and regulated my kidneys that there has been no return of my old trouble."
Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Utter Silence.
"Charley, dear," said young Mrs. Torkins, "is it true that money talks?"
"I suppose so."
"You must be very fond of silence. After losing your money at the races you go to the ball game and lose your voice."

Unprogressive London.
New York city has more telephones than London, though London has 2,000,000 more inhabitants than New York city.



"Oh! Oh! My Poor Sorry Little Father—He Was So Good to Me!"

wedded husband for time and eternity.

Thus far he had followed the formula of his church, but now he departed from it with something like defiance coming up in his voice.

"—with a covenant and promise on your part that you will cleave to her and to none other, so help you God, taking never another wife in spite of promise or threat of any priesthood whatsoever, cleaving unto her and her alone with singleness of heart?"

When they had made their responses, and while the drum was beating upon his heart, he pronounced them man and wife, sealing upon them "the blessing of the holy resurrection, with power to come forth in the morning clothed with glory and immortality."

When he had spoken the final words of the ceremony, he seemed to lose himself from weakness, reaching out his hands for support. They helped him down on to the saddle blanket that Follett had brought, and the latter now went for more wood.

When he came back they were again reciting the psalm that had seemed to quiet the sufferer.

"Yes, though I walk through the valley of the shadow of death, I will fear no evil; for Thou art with me; Thy rod and Thy staff they comfort me."

Follett spread the other saddle blanket over him. He lay on his side, his face to the fire, one moment saying over the words of the psalm, but the next listening in abject terror to something the others could not hear.

"I wonder you don't hear their screams," he said, in one of these moments; "but their blood is not upon you." Then, after a little:

"See, it is growing light over there. Now they will soon be here. They will know where I had to come, and they will have a spade." He seemed to be fainting in his last weakness.

Another hour they sat silently beside him. Slowly the dark over the eastern hill lightened to a gray. Then

when his soul had rushed out to welcome Death.

Prudence had arisen before the end came. Follett was glad she did not see the eyes glaze nor the head drop. Then he sprang quickly up and put his arm about Prudence.

"Come, sit here close by the fire, dear—no, around this side. It's all over now."

"Oh! Oh! My poor, sorry little father—he was so good to me!" She threw herself on the ground, sobbing.

Follett spread a saddle blanket over the huddled figure at the foot of the cross. Then he went back to take her in his arms and give her such comfort as he could.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

CUT OUT FOR A DIPLOMAT.

Quick Wit Extricated Young Man from Difficult Situation.

Most people take things lightly at the seashore, so that probably accounted for the fact that a certain young man found himself engaged to two charming girls at one and the same time while enjoying his vacation during the past summer.

One day he was seated, half dozing, on the deserted piazza of the hotel where all three of the interested parties were stopping when suddenly two little hands were clasped tightly over his eyes, and a sweet voice whispered, "Guess who?"

Was it Clara or Nan? Should he say one of the names and chance it? These thoughts were flashing through his brain, when an inspiration struck him.

"It's the dearest, sweetest, prettiest little girl in all the world," he said. "Oh, you dear old Jack boy!" she whispered, satisfied and delighted, and the hands dropped from his eyes to his shoulders.

Impossible.
They say that politicians steal and wealth is always tainted—This would never be, we feel, as bad as it is tainted.
—Washington Star.

DELICIOUS, BUT DEADLY.

Fet Akee Is One of the Favorite West Indian Fruits.

Every person who eats akee runs the risk of sudden and painful death or at least a severe illness, and yet akee is one of the favorite fruits of the West Indians. It is as beautiful to look upon as it is delicious to eat and in certain conditions is perfectly harmless. The majority of tourists to the islands where it abounds are familiar only with the sight of it, as great baskets of red and creamy and brilliant black specimens of the fruit are brought to market. The native black women carry these baskets on their heads, and mused in this way the akee looks like a cluster of brilliant flowers.

When ripe the outer skin, which shades from deep pink to a creamy yellow, bursts open and turns back in three sections, exposing the fruit, which is also creamy in coloring and substance. In the center of each akee are three glossy black seeds, each one about the size of the end of the thumb.

To be quite harmless and wholesome the akee must be picked only under certain conditions. If a part of the branch upon which the fruit hangs is broken or hurt, the fruit is poisoned. Fruit that is picked from the ground is unfit to eat, and fruit that is not ripe is like a death dose.

Because of its poisonous qualities hotels in the tropics rarely offer akee in any form to their patrons. They can never be absolutely sure of its being safe to eat. In private homes, however, where the black cook is to be trusted akee frequently forms the piece de resistance at formal and informal affairs.

Akee is never eaten uncooked. It is usually served with salt fish, the combination being an excellent one. When boiled, akee looks not unlike scrambled eggs, though there is nothing of an eggy taste to it. On the contrary, it has rather a salty flavor, but is unlike anything else in the food world.—New York Herald.

The Greatest Indian Organizer.
Pontiac exemplified at once the best and the worst traits of the American Indian. He seemed not to have been so great a warrior as Osoola or as able a general in the field as Cornstalk or so unselfish a patriot as Tecumseh, but as an organizer among a people with whom organization is almost impossible and as a master of the treacherous statecraft of his race he probably surpassed them all. As soon as his death was known the French governor at St. Louis sent for his body and buried it with full martial honors near the fort. "For a mausoleum," Parkman finely says, "a great city has arisen above the forest here, and the race whom he hated with such burning rancor trample with unceasing footsteps over his forgotten grave."—New York Globe.

Were Superstitious Too.
A woman who takes her superstitions seriously started to enter a big department store one morning last week when she noticed a porter on a tall stepladder that stretched directly across the doorway. In spite of the fact that there were five women behind her eager to pass into the shop she came to a sudden halt, looked up at the ladder and cried out, "Oh, I'll never walk under that!" saying which she turned and strode away. Before she had gone far her sense of humor rose superior to her fear of ladders, and she looked to see if her remark had had any effect on those who had been within sound of her voice. Walking directly behind her were the five women who had heard her exclamation.—New York Press.

Origin of Kissing the Book.
The exact origin of kissing the book in English courts, though modern, is obscure. It is not, I should say, a matter of legal obligation, but seems to be merely a custom dating from the middle or end of the eighteenth century. If a witness claims to follow the law according to Coke and to take his "corporal oath" by touching the book, who shall refuse him his right? The "kissing" act seems akin indeed to what the "fancy" call somewhat unpleasantly a saliva custom, which in modern life exists in very few forms, though many of the lower classes still spit on a coin for luck.—Cornhill Magazine.

The Well Knit College Chap.
Ethel's big sister has an ardent admirer who is a college athlete—a big, broad shouldered chap. Ethel overheard her sister say that he was well knit. The next evening when the young man called Ethel went into the parlor to entertain him. "Do you know what sister says about you?" demanded Ethel. "No. Something nice, I hope," said the young man. "Oh, yes; it's very nice," replied Ethel. "She says you are beautifully crocheted."—Judge.

South Riley

Let's all celebrate at Genoa. Will Redpath was in South Riley Sunday. Dell Anderson's family were visiting here Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Frazier were here from Genoa Sunday. Henry Groth and family were in Genoa Friday evening.

Mrs. Chester Shipman called at Marengo the first of the week. Miss Miller of Chicago is visiting at Alfred Buck's this week. Geo. Geithman and family visited at John Geithman's Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. August Ulrich attended church in Marengo Sunday. J. W. Stockwell brought a new surry home from Marengo Monday.

Frank Wyde of Genoa visited at L. E. Mackey's Friday and Saturday.

No fatalities have been reported this year as the result of the Corson picnic.

Chas Corson is recovering from the injuries he received in the runaway last week.

Mrs. Estella Howlett and Mrs. Olive Baldwin called at Curtis Mackey's Saturday.

Ernest Reed has returned from Kansas and will spend his summer vacation at home.

Mrs. John Pierce and sons have arrived from California and will spend the summer with Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Reed.

Several young people attended the band concert at Marengo after the Hutton-Buck wedding Thursday, making the trip in Robinson's auto.

Pineules are for the Kidneys and Bladder. They bring quick relief to backache, rheumatism, lumbago, tired worn out feeling. They produce natural action of the kidneys. 30 days' treatment \$1.00. Money refunded if Pineules are not satisfactory. Sold by Geo. H. Hunt's drug store. Sep 1

His Opinion of the Regiment.
The commanding officer of a corps was much troubled about the persistent untidiness of one of his men. Reprimand and punishment were unavailing. The man was incorrigible and remained as dirty as ever. A brilliant idea struck the colonel. Why not march him up and down the whole line of the regiment and shame him into decency? It was done. The untidy warrior, who hailed from the Emerald Isle, was ordered to exhibit himself and march up and down the entire regiment, and the men were told to have a good look at him. The unabashed Pat halted, saluted the colonel and said in the hearing of the whole corps with the utmost sang froid, "Dhirstiest regiment I iver inspected, sorr!"—Pearson's Weekly.

Man Zan Pile Remedy comes put up in a collapsible tube with nozzle. Easy to apply right where the soreness and inflammation exists. It relieves at once blind, bleeding, itching or protruding piles. Guaranteed. Sold by Geo. H. Hunt's drug store. Sep 1

BIRD MIGRATION.

How Do the Flocks Accomplish Their Annual Flights?

Bird migration remains a puzzle to the naturalists. The feathered travelers are known to leave their southern habitats at the end of the rainy season and to gather in vast flocks at regular meeting places. Not all the migratory birds, by the way, migrate. In many or most of the species there are individuals who rest and mate in their winter homes, letting the flocks of their kind depart. But most of them mysteriously draw together at one place and time and rise high in the air, where they can be seen moving like a swift dark cloud, making for the north.

Some of our North American birds winter as far south as Central and even South America. They are observed to take certain routes in their annual journey. The long, narrow Pacific slope is one of these aerial ways, another lies across the Texas plain and northward to the Missouri valley, and a third passes over the Antilles and Florida and forks in central Alabama to the west and east of the first walls of the Appalachians. The westward way leads to the eastern Mississippi and the great lake basins, the eastward fliers skirt the coast midlands and pass after leaving some of their number along the way into the Hudson valley, their gateway to New England and the north. These routes all furnish rest and water and avoid ocean stretches, great mountain heights and head winds.

But how do the birds concert their meeting? How do they direct their flight? Do they await the south wind to blow them north as fast again as they can fly? What tells them east and west and the location of the faroff places to which they are bound? How long do they take to cover the zone from the tropics to the cold north? How many birds pass in those great clouds of migrants which farmers in certain regions can see during half the spring? Why do they travel such enormous distances, passing over in certain instances regions that seem quite as well suited for their habitat as are the places where they finally decide to settle? All the mysteries of the air have not yet been solved by the naturalists, nor are all of them likely to be solved very soon.—Scrap Book.

Talk about your breakfast foods. A thousand you can see; I would not have them as a gift. But would have Rocky Mountain Tea. Slater & Douglass and Hunt's Pharmacy.

The Fool and His Umbrella.
The man who doesn't know how to carry his umbrella is quite as much an English institution as American. Maybe the English type is worse than the American. He is extremely dangerous when he enters an omnibus, for, carrying his umbrella with a grasp about its middle and its sharp iron point uppermost, there isn't an eye or a tooth in the omnibus that is safe. The London Saturday Review, which is considerably agitated over the question of "the fool and his umbrella," wants the omnibus companies to point the finger of scorn at the fool by posting a notice that his "other end up, grip around the middle fashion of carrying his umbrella will not be allowed."—New York Times.

A cleansing, clean, cooling, soothing, healing household remedy is DeWitt's Carbolized Witch Hazel Salve. Sold by Hunt's Pharmacy.

M. E. Church Notes

Choir rehearsal will be held Saturday evening at 7:45. Rev. Ream will preach at Ney next Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Next Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock Rev. Glossburn, the assistant pastor, will preach at Charter Grove. Services at the regular hours at the Genoa church next Sunday. Rev. Ream will preach in the morning and in the evening the assistant pastor, Rev. Glassburn, will preach. There will be some special singing arranged for both services. There will be a very important

PINEULES

30 DAYS' TREATMENT FOR \$1.00
Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

FOR ALL KIDNEY BLADDER TROUBLE, RHEUMATISM AND LUMBAGO
A dose at bed time usually relieves the most severe case before morning.

BACK-ACHE

PINEULE MEDICINE CO. CHICAGO, U. S. A. Hunt's Pharmacy.

TRY A SACK of EXCELSIOR FLOUR

It may have equals, but there is nothing better. Its use means good bread absolutely.

GROCERIES

We have them, staple and fancy. All the fruits and vegetables in season.

T. M. FRAZIER

business meeting of the official board next Thursday evening after the prayer meeting. Camp meeting will begin at Camp Epworth August 1 and will last to August 10. Several from Genoa are building new cottages on the camp ground. "Public Affairs a Divine Trust" will be the topic of the Epworth

League meeting Sunday evening. The singing will be interesting. The public is cordially invited.

The bites and stings of insects, sunburn, cuts, burns and bruises relieved at once with Pinesalve Carbolized. Acts like a poultice. Draws out inflammation. Try it. Price 25c. Sold by Geo. H. Hunt's drug store. Sep 1

TRUNKS TELESCOPES SUIT CASES BAGS
A Large Display of Honest Goods

PRICES ARE RIGHT

Come and look over our line. The biggest stock ever seen in Genoa

Genoa Harness Shop
M. F. O'Brien, Prop.



MARVEL CAR

Don't place your order for an automobile until you see and inspect the Marvel. It has them all beat. Rides easy and is practically noiseless. Sample runabout at our warerooms.

HERSCHEL LAWN MOWER

has no equal. We have sold many of them and everyone is giving satisfaction. And the price is right, too.

PHONOGRAPHS AND RECORDS EDISON AND VICTOR

No home is complete without a phonograph. Don't make a mistake, buy the best. We always keep on hand a large stock of disc and cylinder records.

E. H. Cohoon & Co.
County Tel. No. 16 Long Distance No. 3

Opportunities Along a New Line

Today the great opportunities in farming, in cattle raising, in timber and commercial lines are in the country and in the towns along the Pacific coast extension of the

CHICAGO MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY

It has been a long time since a transcontinental line has been built. It will probably be a longer time after the completion of this one before another one is built. It is worth your while to investigate these openings. This you can best do by a personal visit. Such a trip is made inexpensive by the low rates via this railway to

South Dakota North Dakota Montana Idaho Washington

If you are interested, write for information, asking specific questions. A letter and descriptive book and map will be sent by return mail.

F. A. MILLER
GENERAL PASSENGER AGENT
CHICAGO

June 21—July 5

CAMERA SUPPLIES

Now Is The Time You Want Them!

We will be pleased to supply you with the best goods; PLATES, PAPERS both gas light and sun light, DEVELOPING POWDERS and LIQUIDS, TONING and FIXING SOLUTIONS, TRAYS, MOUNTS, ETC.

Prices are right, goods are right.

HUNT'S PHARMACY
GENOA, ILL. TELEPHONE NO. 83

Sour Stomach

No appetite, loss of strength, nervousness, headache, constipation, bad breath, general debility, sour risings, and catarrh of the stomach are all due to indigestion. Kodol relieves indigestion. This new discovery represents the natural juices of digestion as they exist in a healthy stomach, combined with the greatest known tonic and reconstructive properties. Kodol for dyspepsia does not only relieve indigestion and dyspepsia, but this famous remedy helps all stomach troubles by cleansing, purifying, sweetening and strengthening the mucous membranes lining the stomach. Mr. S. S. Ball, of Ravenswood, W. Va., says: "I was troubled with sour stomach for twenty years. Kodol cured me and we are now using it in milk for baby." **Kodol Digests What You Eat.** Bottles only. Relieves indigestion, sour stomach, biliousness of gas, etc. Prepared by R. O. DEWITT & CO., CHICAGO. HUNT'S PHARMACY

Buy SOUTH DAKOTA LAND OF THE **D. N. HUNT Land Company** NO AGENTS YOU SAVE COMMISSIONS. REDFIELD, SOUTH DAKOTA

C. F. HALL CO. CASH DEPARTMENT STORE DUNDEE, ILLINOIS

July Sales
Owing to the very late spring many goods have not sold as fast as usual hence in our July sales of this year will be found larger assortments and better values than ever before. Do not overlook these special items:

Ladies' white Lawn suits, over 200, sizes 32 to 38 only, new up-to-date styles now on sale at precisely the cost prices
\$1.25 \$1.75 \$1.50 \$2.00 \$3.50

Men's summer underwear, 50c quality, 2 for 75c
Men's \$1.25 Rockford fancy dress shirts..... 75c

Sample dresses, children's, size 6, at cost price—all styles and makes
50c \$1.00 \$2.00 \$3.50

Boys' play suits, best wash materials, sizes 2 to 6, at... 45c
Men's 2-piece wool outing suits, styles and qualities worth from \$7.50 to \$10.00 now for **\$7.95 and \$4.95**

Good quality ladies' tan and infants' fancy hose, per pr... 5c
Little folks fancy box coats, wash goods..... 49c
Large size, 6 ft. brussels rugs, big values..... **98c, \$1.15**

Misses' Dress Skirts
July clearing sale of stylish dress skirts, fancy wools, blacks and colors, lengths 32 to 30. These are mostly samples from Yellin & Co. of New York, they show a saving of from \$1.00 to \$2.50 on a skirt.

Men's Sample Suits
Sale of over 90 high grade suits, best makes in all new summer styles, suits which we guarantee cannot be duplicated at these prices. The purchase of the entire quantity enables us to place these \$18.00 and \$20 suits on sale at
\$11.95 \$12.45 \$14.85

Remember
We are headquarters for **Solid Leather Shoes, Millinery at Bargain Prices, Ladies', Children's and Men's Ready-to-Wear Goods.**
Trade \$10.00 and show round trip ticket and we refund your car fare.
Dinner Tickets, Horse Tickets or Introduction Tickets given if you drive.

DOINGS OF THE WEEK

THE assistance of all subscribers is invited and solicited in making this department interesting. Any item of news left at the office, in the box at the east corner of the Exchange Bank building or given the editor on the street will be greatly appreciated. If you have visitors or have been away yourself or if you know anything good about your neighbors tell us about it.

Base Ball Saturday July 6

**Belvidere
Nationals
vs.
Genoa White Sox**
Game called 2:30

Mrs. F. R. Scott was an Elgin visitor Monday.

Mrs. F. O. Swan called on Elgin friends Tuesday.

Mrs. Stanly was a Belvidere visitor over Sunday.

Miss Hazel Robinson of Elgin visited in Genoa over Sunday.

Mrs. Harry Baldwin returned to her home in Virginia Saturday.

E. B. Mead of Belvidere was calling on Genoa friends Monday.

Miss Lake of Chicago is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Hutchison.

John Hutchison of St. Charles is spending a week's vacation with home folks.

L. Stanley of Tilden, Nebr., has been visiting relatives in Genoa and vicinity.

Evans & Spence, who are doing cement work at Marengo, are

home for a few days.

C. A. Sharkey of Billings, Mont., has been the guest of his sister, Mrs. Moan, the past week.

Mrs. Geo. Dye of Sycamore and Mrs. Fred Malana of Elgin were here over Sunday visiting friends.

Lost—Small silver watch, last Sunday. Finder, please leave at Burzell's jewelry store and receive reward.

Miss O'Berg, superintendent of the Sherman hospital, Elgin, was a guest last Friday at the home of W. H. Sager.

Miss Maude Sager accompanied her sister, Eva, to Elgin Monday. The former will also train as a nurse at Sherman Hospital.

Mrs. Mable Tucker, nee Messick, and daughter of Freeport were guests the first of the week of Mrs. Temperance Haines.

For rent—120 acre farm 5 1/2 miles north east of Genoa. For further particulars inquire of C. A. Brown at Exchange Bank.

A. E. Pickett is covering his store building with steel siding in imitation of rock. When painted it will be a big improvement for the corner.

Jas. Hutchison went to Wisconsin Wednesday and will return Saturday evening. The Mix interests in that state are becoming heavy.

Why don't you deposit your money in the Farmers' State Bank and get interest for six months at the rate of 3 per cent per an-

num? Try it.

Fred Raymond's Sycamore Stock company will produce the play "The Runaways" at the Genoa opera house Wednesday evening, July 10.

The Epworth League will serve a splendid dinner in the church parlors on the Fourth of July. Plenty of good things to eat and a good place to rest.

Remember, its only two cents a mile on the railroad if you buy a ticket, but if you fail to secure the little piece of card board the conductor will collect three cents per mile.

For sale—5 residences in Genoa, 100 acres raw land in McPherson county, S. D. and 410 acre improved farm in Brown county, S. D. W. H. Sager, Genoa, Ill. 41-tf

The Genoa band will appear today in new Khaki uniforms. They are not elaborate nor beautiful, but decidedly neat and comfortable and will give the band a pleasing appearance.

All members of Genoa Camp No. 163, M. W. A., are urged to attend the next regular meeting, Thursday evening, July 11. A musical program will be furnished and there will be work.

Old, mellow and thoroughly matured—it possesses every essential of a genuinely fine, Kentucky liquor—that's why I. W. Harper whiskey is the most popular. Sold by C. A. Godong.

A severe wind and rain storm passed over the country south of Genoa Sunday evening, flattening oats in many fields. There was a heavy wind in this vicinity but the rain fall was light and no damage resulted.

For sale—Two houses on Genoa street, one on East Main street and vacant lot in Oak Park addition on Main street. Houses all new and modern. Will be

sold cheap for cash or on easy payments. JAS. J. HAMMOND 37-tf

Anyone desiring anything in the way of a horse, from a genuine, well-broken family animal to a heavy draft, would do well to see W. H. Graham, as he is in a position to supply anything in that line at reasonable prices. R. 3, Sycamore, Ill. County Phone. 33-tf

FOR SALE OR TRADE: Farm of 200 acres 2 1/2 miles from town; good new house, good new granary, splendid tubular well, new barn capable of sheltering 200 head of stock. This is a real bargain. Possession given in the fall. Write or see W. H. Graham, R. 3, Sycamore, Ill. County Phone. 33-tf

Kodol will nourish and strengthen your digestive organs and furnish the natural digestive juices for your stomach! It will make you well. Kodol digests what you eat. Sold by Hunt's Pharmacy.

D. W. Schwartz, a former resident of Genoa, died in the Evangelical Hospital in Chicago last Sunday. He was taken from his home in Oak Park to the hospital several weeks ago in hope that an operation for the removal of a tumor would give relief to his sufferings. The disease was too firmly rooted, however, and the patient lived but a few days afterwards. He had reached the age of fifty-nine years, and leaves a widow, three sons and two daughters. Mr. Schwartz was a harnessmaker by trade and for a number of years was located in Genoa.

Your brain goes on a strike when you overload your stomach; both need blood to do business. Nutrition is what you want, and it comes by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Slater & Douglass and Hunt's Pharmacy.

SLEEPING AFTER MEALS.

It Is Apt to Have a Harmful Effect Upon Digestion.

Science in its study of men and animals finds all sorts of contradictory evidence respecting the relative values of exercise and of rest during the process of digestion. It has been proved that climate is the principal consideration at the outset.

In the tropics the siesta, or short nap, after the midday meal is found to be a natural development and a necessity for human beings, while in the temperate zones sleep immediately after eating is apt to prove harmful, though rest in a waking state is desirable in most cases.

The whole subject is well outlined in a Paris scientific journal, *Cosmos*, from which the following paragraph is translated:

"In temperate climates an adult in good health who eats moderately does not feel the need of sleep immediately after eating. Somnolence attacks only dyspeptics, aged persons and excessive eaters. In warm climates, especially in the tropics, it is impossible to go out of doors between 11 a. m. and 2 p. m. or to occupy oneself in any way. People are thus led to lie down, heat and digestion aiding this tendency, and the siesta becomes a habit, not an absolute necessity."

If one does lie down after meals should he sleep or remain awake? Dr. Schule, an assistant of Baumbler at Freiburg, has analyzed the contents of the stomachs of two normal subjects removed several hours after an identical test meal of bread and distilled water, followed in the one case by sleep, in the other by simple rest in a horizontal position. He shows that sleep during digestion always results in weakening the motility of the stomach and increasing the acidity of gastric juice—a fact attributed by Schule to the irritation caused by the chyme's remaining abnormally long in the stomach.

He has also remarked that simple repose in a horizontal posture, not accompanied by sleep, stimulates the gastric function without increasing the acidity.

The conclusions of this physiologist need to be supported by a very large number of tests. The simplest test is to ask whether persons who sleep after eating experience any discomfort. Numbers of them say that a siesta interrupts digestion and that on awakening they have a bitter taste in their mouths.

Court House News

PROBATE

Joshua Siglin—Report of distribution approved, estate settled and administrator discharged.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

Genoa
Mabel G Phelps to Edw Pierce, lots 14 and 15, blk 4, Stephens, \$1700.

Anna Donahue to H M Crawford, n 50 ft 1, blk 1, Travers, \$2750.

Chas. A. Brown to Ada M. Brown, lot 5, blk 1, C. A. Brown, \$1.

Jas E Stott to Paul Weber, lots 10 and 11, blk 2, J E Stott, \$3500.

G. E. Stott to Geo. Dearing, lot 6, blk 2, Oak Park, \$350.

Somonauk
Albert Benoit to Frank W Rompf, s 1/2 ne 1/4 and s 1/2 nw 1/4, \$15260

Afton
August C Hartman to Thos Bennett, und 1/4 ne 1/4 and n 1/2 se 1/4 sec 35, \$5000.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

Theodore Carlstrom, aged 28, and Gertrude S. Stone, aged 22, both of DeKalb; Lyle K. Stockholm, 26, and Bertha Lobdall, 19, both of Sanawich; Frederick N. S. Solsen, over 21, of Creston, and Blanche T. Crandall, 16, of Malta; Joseph Oliver Hill, 23, and Minnie Anora Sanderson, 19, of Milan; Louis W. Duval, 25, Genoa, and Annetta N. O'Berg, 22, of Sycamore; Charles F. Seeley, 32, DeKalb, and Olive Genevieve Morey, 20, Sycamore; Joseph A. Clyne, 24, Maple Park, and Flora M. Nelson, 21, Cortland; James A. Hammond, 26, and Jennie Agnes Collins, 26, both of DeKalb; Charles E. Morehead, 28, and Allene Taylor, 21, both of DeKalb; William H. Rickert, over 21, and Grace B. Williams, over 18, both of Hinckley.

When there is the slightest indication of indigestion, heart burn, flatulence or any form of stomach trouble take a little Kodol occasionally and you will get prompt relief. Sold by Hunt's Pharmacy.

NAMING THE STARS.

African Bushmen Called the Milky Way the Ashen Path.

From time immemorial the heavens have been an object for investigation and amazement of the inhabitants of the globe, and to the student of astronomy nothing is more interesting than the great similarity of the stories that have grown up about the stars among the most widely separated peoples.

The constellation which today is called the Milky Way was known to the primitive Indians and to the African bushmen as the Ashen Path, the cinders of which were conceived to be hot and glowing. The ancient inhabitants of Britain called it Watling Street, or the path of the mythical giants, the Watlings.

To the casual eye the gulf between the highly civilized, ancient Greeks and the American Indians is well nigh impassable. Yet the constellation known colloquially to modern Americans as the Dipper was called the Bear by both these peoples.

The imaginative Indian thought of the four front stars as a bear, those in the tail as pursuing hunters and the small star on the end as a pot in which they were to cook their victim. In England the Great Bear is known as Charles' Wain, and it is interesting to note in this connection that Dickens mentioned them in "Hard Times" as the names of two different constellations.

The aboriginal inhabitants of Australia showed an ingenuity almost equal to that of the Greeks in naming the planets. The constellation of the Pleiades, which is composed of seven stars, was considered by the Greeks to be a band of maidens. In explanation of the dimness of the seventh star they said that one of the maidens fell in love with a mortal and thereafter hid her light through envy of her sisters, who were beloved of the gods.

To the Australians, on the other hand, they were known as a queen with her six attendants. Like the Greeks, the Australians also sought to account for the dim star, and so the myth grew that the queen had been stolen by a neighboring constellation, the Crow.—St. Louis Republic.

Use Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup. Contains no opiates. It drives the cold out of the system by gently moving the bowels. Contains Honey and Tar and tastes nearly as good as maple syrup. Children like it. Sold by Hunt's Pharmacy.

Michael's Interpretation.

An old Irish gardener, meeting his employer, touched his finger to the tip of his cap and said:

"Good morning, yer honor. Oi had a fine drame of ye last night."

"Indeed, Michael!" remarked the employer. "What was the dream?"

"Oi dramed that ye gave me a fine box o' tobacco an' thot her ladyship, yer honored wife, gave me humble wife a can o' th' best tay."

"Ah, Michael, but you know dreams always go by contraries."

"Thin," said Michael, "maybe ye'll be after givin' me wife th' tobacco an' her ladyship 'll give me th' tay."

The best remedy for backache, weak kidneys, inflammation of the bladder is DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills. Their action is prompt and sure. A week's treatment for 25c. Sold by Hunt's Pharmacy.

Worked the Mistress.

Here is a good story of the dangers of giving gratuitous information: A servant wounded her hand with the prong of a fork. In reply to her mistress' inquiries she explained that she was very nervous lost the wound should become inflamed, as she believed the fork to be nickel plated.

"Oh, you may set your mind at ease on that score," replied the mistress. "Those forks are all silver."

The next morning forks and servant were missing.—Strand Magazine.

Dades Little Liver Pills keep the system clean, the stomach sweet. Prompt relief for headache and biliousness. Good for all the family. Sold by Geo. H Hunt's drug store. Sep 1

Made it a Good Omen.

Napoleon III. did a graceful thing to avert an ill omen. Captain Jean Coeurpreux in a ball given at the Tuileries tripped and fell. But Napoleon held out his hand to help him up, saying as he did so: "M. le Commandant, this is the second time I have seen you fall. The first time I was by my side on the field of Magenta."

Then turning to the lady he addressed: "Henceforth Captain Coeurpreux is commandant of my guides."

DRINKING WATER.

To Be of Any Use It Must Be Pure or Comparatively So.

Water is the universal solvent, and it preserves this property inside the human body as well as without. It is therefore a useful, indeed indispensable, substance. But it must be taken with discretion.

If one drinks a hard water—one already saturated with salts—it does little good, for all its energy must be expended in removing from the system the mineral matter which it already holds in solution, and the animal waste is left where it was before.

A drinking water to be of any use must be pure or comparatively so. Distilled water is the best drink, but unless it is aerated—shaken up so as to absorb air—it is flat and most unpalatable.

Rain water in the country is distilled water and if properly collected and stored is excellent for drinking purposes. The first fall should be allowed to run away, for it contains the dust and other impurities in the air and also the bird droppings and dirt from the roof or other collecting surface.

The cistern in which it is stored should be protected from the surface drainings and should be tightly covered to keep out dust. Water so kept is greatly preferable to well water, which is almost never beyond the possibility of contamination, no matter how far it may be from the barn or the outhouses and no matter though it may be at a higher level. There are often seams and cracks in the earth which give free way to water, and in this way the surface washings may be carried to the bottom of a deep well a long way off and on a higher level.

Many persons will not trust any natural supply and drink only bottled water, either natural or artificial. But this is not always as safe as it seems to be. The maker of the artificial water may not filter it before charging it with carbonic acid gas, and then of course it is no better than the water of the town where it is made.

The natural waters may be pure and they may not, just as any spring may be pure or contaminated.

Those who live in cities where the water is filtered may safely drink it if they can be sure the water supplied is always that which came through the filter beds. Those in charge of public water supplies have been known to mix unfiltered water with the filtered or to substitute it entirely without warning to the users.—Youth's Companion.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers, small, sure, safe pills. Sold by Hunt's Pharmacy.

PAISLEY SHAWLS.

How These Once Fashionable Wraps Were Crowded Out.

Does any one ever see a specimen of the old Paisley shawl nowadays? Yet how much in vogue they used to be!

Paisley has been famous for its textile fabrics as far back as the year 1695, and the industry grew steadily until in 1820 there were as many as 7,000 looms in the town.

About the beginning of the last century the weavers commenced to imitate the renowned Kashmir shawls, some of which were brought to western Europe by the French on their return from the campaign in Egypt.

The ill fated Empress Josephine wore one of the Kashmir productions, and the graceful manner in which she did so gave an impetus to the fashion for donning such articles of apparel. There was a demand for something similar. The cost and difficulty of obtaining the real article led to imitations, and Paisley gained the first position by its splendid sample of work.

It was somewhere about the year 1805 that the making of the Paisley shawl was commenced, but in the year 1820 the hand loom was perfected for this kind of manufacture, and it at once achieved such great popularity that the sale increased by leaps and bounds, and in 1834 the output of the Scottish town was valued at \$5,000,000 per annum.

The sale continued, with periods of depression resulting from bad times, for some thirty years more, when the vogue began to decline, and the manufacture of this once celebrated shawl entirely ceased in the seventies.

The decline of the old shawl was due to a change of fashion and the attempts to produce a cheap quality. In other words, it became common, and this helped to kill the fashion.

The original Kashmir shawls were rather needlework than textile, and the wonderfully ingenious contrivance by which a clever imitation of them, both in pattern and texture, was produced in so successful a manner did great honor to the skill of the Paisley weavers.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

LOW PRICES

Commencing the first Saturday after the 4th. July 6 to 13.

THREE SPECIALS

No. 1

All 60 cent Wool Suitings in checks, plaids and stripes for per yd.....**39c**

\$1.00 Novelty Suitings per yard.....**75c**

No. 2

Colored Lawns. Short lengths of white goods at way down prices.

No. 3

Ladies silk coats, suits, jackets, cravenettes priced lower than ever before.

We rather loose money than carry over.

DON'T MISS THESE BARGAINS

Frank W. Olmsted, Genoa

SUPERVISORS PROCEEDINGS

Proceedings of the Board of Supervisors, De Kalb County, Ill., June session, 1907.

A regular meeting of the Board of Supervisors of De Kalb County, State of Illinois, was called to order at the Court House, in Sycamore, in said county, at 2 o'clock p. m. Monday, June 10th, 1907, by S. M. Henderson, County Clerk.

Nominations for temporary Chairman were called and accepted. The following were nominated and unanimously elected by acclamation.

Motion by Mr. Whittemore that the Chairman appoint a committee of three on Credentials, prevailed. The Chair named as Committee on Credentials Messrs. Dodge, Winne and Whittemore.

On motion of Mr. Whittemore the following report of the Committee on Credentials was accepted and adopted.

Mr. Whittemore moved that the temporary be made the permanent organization of the Board for the ensuing year. Motion prevailed.

Roll called and the following named members were found present: Messrs. Arbutle, Chesbro, Dodge, Dick, Duval, Francisco, Gormley, Hurt, Hyde, Jordan, Johnson, McGirr, McMurry, Middleton, Potter, Sanderson, Townsend, Von Ohlen, Winne, Whittemore, Warren, White and V. A. Glidden, Chairman.

Minutes of the proceedings of December 8 read and approved. Board adjourned on motion of Mr. Whittemore until 9:30 a. m. June 11th.

TUESDAY, JUNE 11. Board met at 9:30 a. m. and was called to order by the Chairman.

Minutes of the proceedings of June 10th read and approved. The Chair announced the following as the Standing Committees of the Board for the ensuing year.

CLAIMS PAUPER - T. W. Dodge, Chairman; S. M. Sanderson, G. E. Dick, C. W. Wynn, J. D. Gormley, D. B. Arbutle, A. Warren. FINANCE - S. M. Sanderson, Chairman; George S. Hyde, William Von Ohlen, Chairman; W. G. Potter, H. E. White.

EDUCATION - William Von Ohlen, Chairman; George S. Hyde, F. W. Duval, REFUNDING TAXES - H. G. Hurt, Chairman; T. W. Jordan, H. E. White, C. W. Wynn, D. B. Arbutle, A. Warren. FARM - C. W. Wynn, Chairman; Ed. Halt, J. M. Johnson. ELECTION - D. B. Arbutle, Chairman; T. W. Jordan, H. E. White, C. W. Wynn, D. B. Arbutle, A. Warren.

HIGHWAYS - T. W. Jordan, Chairman; C. W. Wynn, D. B. Arbutle, A. Warren. RAILROADS - D. B. Arbutle, Chairman; J. W. Middleton, H. G. Hurt. PRINTING - J. M. Johnson, Chairman; T. W. Jordan, J. M. Francisco. CANADA - T. W. Jordan, Chairman; George S. Hyde, H. E. White.

Mr. Winne read the following resolution favoring aid for a highway to connect a deceased relative of Sandwick, and moved that the resolution be referred to the Pauper Claims Committee. Motion prevailed.

WHEREAS, Comrade Lorenzo D. Smith, late Company G, Twenty-third Regiment New York Volunteers, a comrade of this post, died on September 19, 1898, in Indiana, and his funeral was approximately about one hundred dollars, we most respectfully request the Board of County Supervisors, and ask them to reimburse us for the amount of said funeral expenses.

Under the act passed in 1881, and in force July 1, 1881, entitled an act in relation to the burial of indigent or Friendless Union Soldiers or Marines, chapter 24, this act was amended by act No. 134, page 88, sections 112, 113, 114, "Hurd's Revised Statutes of Illinois."

The Chairman of the Poor Farm Committee announced that the committee and others who wished to visit the county house on Monday, June 10th, 1907. Board adjourned, on motion of Mr. Winne, until 1:30 p. m.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 12. Board met at 9:30 a. m. and was called to order by Chairman Glidden.

Roll called and all members found present, except Messrs. McGirr and Townsend. Minutes of the proceedings of June 11 read and approved.

On motion of Mr. Sanderson the Board adjourned until 1:30 p. m. WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON. Board met at 1:30 p. m. and was called to order by the Chairman.

Roll called and all members found present, except Mr. Townsend. Minutes of the proceedings of June 12th read and approved.

The following resolution was presented to the Board and read by the Clerk: RESOLVED, That this Board hereby appropriate \$500.00 for the annual meeting of the De Kalb County Farmers' Institute, to be held in the State Normal School building in De Kalb, in December of January next.

Motion by Mr. Winne that the resolution be adopted, prevailed. On motion of Mr. Dodge, until 3:30 p. m. THURSDAY, JUNE 13TH. Board met at 9:30 a. m. and was called to order by V. A. Glidden, Chairman.

Roll called and all members found present, except Mr. Whittemore. Mr. Von Ohlen presented and read the following report of the Committee on Education, which was read by the Clerk.

Mr. Winne moved that the report be adopted. Motion prevailed. Mr. Winne moved that \$500.00 for expert assistance and for the salary of the Superintendent of Schools. Motion prevailed.

Board adjourned until 9:30 a. m. June 14th, on motion of Mr. Potter. Board met at 9:30 a. m. and was called to order by V. A. Glidden, Chairman.

Roll called and all members found present, except Mr. Duval. Minutes of the proceedings of June 13th read and approved.

Motion by Mr. Winne that Mrs. Mary Wood be admitted to the county house upon payment of the per capita cost of the same. Motion carried.

Motion by Mr. Whittemore that the County Clerk be authorized to draw on the Circuit Court room at a cost not to exceed \$40.00. Motion prevailed.

Motion by Mr. Winne that the Committee on Buildings and Grounds be authorized to change the windows in the north end of the hall of the court house, so as to ventilate the court rooms. Motion prevailed.

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Squaw Grove Precinct-Polling place, Town Hall; Judges, William Von Ohlen, C. F. Leffert, H. O. Dean.

Pierce Precinct-Polling place, Town Hall; Judges, James Gormley, Frank Denton, J. W. Callaghan.

Cortland Precinct-Town Hall; Judges, John Francisco, C. F. Noble, E. M. DeLana.

Sycamore Precinct, First District-Johnson's feed stable; Judges, Alfred W. Johnson, B. F. Wynn, Hiram Hancock.

Sycamore Precinct, Second District-Scheidt's feed stable; Judges, H. C. Whittemore, H. A. Wellman, George E. Stafford.

Sycamore Precinct, Third District-Olmacher & Root's building, Sonoma street; Judges, E. P. Sanford, L. W. Higgins, Axel Stroberg.

Genoa Precinct-Polling place, Jackson & Son's office; Judges, T. W. Duval, Harry Olmstead, E. H. Crawford.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED, EDWIN HAIT, H. C. WHITTEMORE, J. M. FRANCISCO, Chairman.

Motion by Mr. Halt that the report be accepted and adopted. Motion prevailed. Mr. Johnson presented and read the following report of the Committee on Printing.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors: Your Committee on Printing beg leave to report that we have recommended that the compensation for printing the proceedings of the Board of Supervisors for the year 1907 remain the same, namely, the sum of \$6.00 for the publication of the proceedings of each session, for each paper published.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED, J. M. JOHNSON, Chairman, M. FRANCISCO, Secretary, T. W. JORDAN.

Report accepted and adopted on motion of Mr. Halt. Mr. Dodge presented and read the following report of the Committee on Pauper Claims.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors: Your Committee on Pauper Claims beg leave to report that we have examined all claims presented to them, and recommend the payment of the following, and that the Clerk be directed to issue orders on the County Treasurer to the claimants for the amount allowed, as follows, to-wit:

Table listing names and amounts for pauper claims, including entries for G. W. & J. B. Nesbit, J. S. Rankin, J. S. Rankin, J. S. Rankin, etc.

Mr. Dodge moved the acceptance and adoption of the report. Motion carried. Mr. Middleton moved that the matter of compensation for services in smallpox cases be laid over to the September meeting. Motion carried.

Mr. Gormley presented and read the following report of the Committee on Claims other than pauper.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors: Your Committee on Claims other than pauper claims would beg leave to report that they have examined all claims presented to them, and recommend the payment of the following, and that the Clerk be directed to issue orders on the County Treasurer to the claimants for the several amounts allowed, as follows, to-wit:

Table listing names and amounts for non-pauper claims, including entries for Illinois Northern Hospital, Illinois Asylum for Feeble-Minded Children, Illinois Manual Training School, etc.

Table listing names and amounts for non-pauper claims, including entries for Daniel Holm, Sheriff, Daniel Holm, Sheriff, Daniel Holm, Sheriff, etc.

Report accepted and adopted on motion of Mr. Gormley. On motion of Mr. Winne the Clerk was instructed to draw orders on the Treasurer for the amount of the claims, and to be ready for attendance at this session and to be ready for his position, recording the minutes and preparing copy for publication. Motion prevailed.

Board adjourned on motion of Mr. Von Ohlen. Attest: S. M. HENDERSON, Clerk.

RIVER MADE HIM INSURE. Got Tired of Falling into Water and Sought Protection.

One of our men selling insurance tells of an instance where a special manifestation and a moving of the spirit and the flesh were necessary to make a New Madrid man take out a policy, says an insurance man in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

He had a place on the river bank below the town. His little shack was perched on a bluff which jutted far out over the water. There had been a good many landslides down there, caused by the disintegration of the bank.

The agent sighted the shack the first thing when he made the town and that afternoon he went up there to talk business. There was nothing doing. The old fellow was a fatalist and he didn't believe in insurance.

"I go as the spirit moves me," he said, solemnly. The agent was persistent. "You might fall in the river some day," he said.

Is the Sailors' Friend. Sixty thousand sailors look to H. A. Hanbury for advice and for protection.

Mr. Hanbury is the United States shipping commissioner for the port of New York. He is the sailors' judge and jury. The men who sign on foreign craft now must appear before him for their papers instead of going to the consuls of the various countries.

He decides all disputed questions between the men and their sailing masters. Many of the abuses of these men that formerly were common, such as compelling them to buy their outfits from the ship owners or captains, have been done away with under Mr. Hanbury's rule.

His office is on the Battery park, New York, where he easily can reach all the ships leaving that port.

INSURANCE INVESTMENTS. How One Company's Assets Are Distributed in the South and West.

In connection with its withdrawal from Texas, along with many other companies, rather than to submit to the new law which requires that 75% of the reserves on Texas policies shall be invested in securities of that state, which securities shall be deposited in the state and subjected to heavy taxation, in addition to the large tax now imposed on life insurance premiums, the Equitable Life Assurance Society has made public the distribution of its assets, at the end of the second year of the new management.

The Equitable's report shows that more than 37% of its total reserves are now invested in the southern and western states, while only 35% of its total insurance is carried in these states.

Its investments are distributed as follows: Ala., \$3,099,000; Ariz., \$374,000; Ark., \$4,038,000; Cal., \$5,142,000; Col., \$5,222,000; Fla., \$1,924,000; Ga., \$4,048,000; Idaho, \$5,197,000; Ill., \$12,617,000; Ind. Ter., \$4,443,000; Ia., \$6,836,000; Iowa, \$3,690,000; Kan., \$11,627,000; Ky., \$2,831,000; La., \$3,054,000; Md., \$2,207,000; Mich., \$6,009,000; Minn., \$2,065,000; Mont., \$767,000; Mo., \$8,197,000; Nev., \$1,890,000; Neb., \$7,528,000; Nev., \$640,000; New Mex., \$1,376,000; N. C., \$1,649,000; N. D., \$677,000; Ohio, \$11,634,000; Okla., \$1,006,000; Ore., \$1,158,000; S. C., \$975,000; S. D., \$1,305,000; Tenn., \$1,909,000; Utah, \$2,134,000; Va., \$6,592,000; Wash., \$1,202,000; W. Va., \$5,523,000; Wis., \$2,342,000; Wyo., \$3,367,000.

SIGNS FOR PAST SHOWS. Mark Twain Regrets Vanished Joys of Other Days.

Where now is Billy Rice? He was a joy to me, and so were the other stars of the nigger-show—Billy Birch, David Wambold, Backus and a delightful dozen of their brethren who made life a pleasure to me 40 years ago and later.

Birch, Wambold and Backus are gone years ago; and with them departed to return no more forever. I suppose the real nigger-show—the genuine nigger-show—the show-travagant nigger-show—the show which to me had no peer and whose peer has not yet arrived, in my experience. We have the grand opera; and I have witnessed, and greatly enjoyed, the first act of everything which Wagner created, but the effect on me has always been so powerful that one act was quite sufficient; whenever I have witnessed two acts I have gone away physically exhausted, and whenever I have ventured an entire opera the result has been the next thing to suicide.

But if I could have the nigger-show back again, in its pristine purity and perfection, I should have but little further use for opera. It seems to me that to the elevated mind and the sensitive spirit the hand-organ and the nigger-show are a standard and a summit to whose rarefied altitude the other forms of musical art may not hope to reach.

Mark Twain, in North American Review.

COFFEE COMPLEXION. Many Ladies Have Poor Complexions from Coffee.

"Coffee caused dark colored blotches on my face and body. I had been drinking it for a long while and these blotches gradually appeared, until finally they became permanent and were about as dark as coffee itself."

"I formerly had as fine a complexion as any one could ask for. "When I became convinced that coffee was the cause of my trouble, I changed and took to using Postum Food Coffee, and as I made it well, according to directions, I liked it very much, and have since that time used it in place of coffee."

"I am thankful to say I am not nervous any more, as I was when I was drinking coffee, and my complexion is now as fair and good as it was years ago. It is very plain that coffee caused the trouble."

Big Sewer Contract Let. Pana.—The contract for the sewerage for west Pana was awarded to John Ham, of Litchfield, Ill., for \$20,479. By rejecting all bids one week ago and re-advertising for bids the city saves the taxpayers over \$3,000.

Illinois Pioneer Woman Dead. Dakota.—Mrs. O. D. Weaver, Sr., died at the home of her son, O. D. Weaver, 252 North Winchester avenue, Ravenswood, while visiting there with her husband. She was born in Center county in 1841.

Illinois State News

Recent Happenings of Interest in the Various Cities and Towns.

CARNEGIE TO AID AUGUSTANA.

Offers \$20,000 Provided the College Raises \$80,000 Additional.

Moline.—Andrew Carnegie has offered Augustana college \$20,000 to apply to its endowment fund, provided the college raises \$80,000 additional. Augustana synd, in behalf of the college, is raising \$250,000 for the endowment fund, to be completed by the time of the semi-centennial of the college in 1910.

The college received 20,000 kronen (\$5,291.01 in United States money) from Consul Oscar Ekman, Swedish philanthropist, the gift having been ordered on his deathbed.

PLAN TO GET CONVENTIONS.

Chicago Business Men Want Big Political Gatherings.

Chicago.—Plans for raising a \$150,000 campaign fund for the purpose of bringing one or both of the national political conventions to Chicago in 1908 were formulated by the executive committee of the Chicago Commercial association at a meeting at the Great Northern hotel. It was practically agreed that merchants or others who subscribed to the fund would have only to pay 60 per cent. of their original subscription pledge in case only one of the conventions was brought to Chicago.

THOMAS M. LOGAN DEAD.

Brother of Famous Soldier Passes Away Suddenly.

Murphysboro.—Thomas M. Logan, aged 80 years, dropped dead at his home here. He was a brother of Gen. John A. Logan and a son of Dr. John Logan, a pioneer who donated the site for the founding of Murphysboro.

Thomas M. Logan was instrumental in the upbuilding of Murphysboro, owned a great deal of property here, and was associated with Vice President Clarke of the Missouri Pacific in the real estate business in Murphysboro years ago.

Mr. Logan owned one of the best strings of race horses in the middle west and was well known throughout this section of the country.

Body Found in Old Cistern.

Benton.—The decomposed body of Thomas Pritchard was found in a cistern behind an old saloon building in Sesser, a village in Franklin county, located on the new extension of the Burlington road. Pritchard had been missing since June 8. Coroner Adams held an inquest and returned a verdict that Pritchard had been murdered. The skull was found crushed and the neck broken.

Company Declared Bankrupt.

Decatur.—Felix B. Tait, president and principal owner of the Tait Manufacturing company of this city, has failed, his liabilities being estimated at \$250,000. He was out of the city, in the west, when the bankruptcy proceedings were started, and has not been heard from since.

Illinois Politician Weds.

Freeport.—Homer F. Aspinwall, former state senator and Republican leader, was married to Miss Jane Clingman at the home of her parents in Dakota village. Mr. Aspinwall recently was the candidate for the Republican nomination for state treasurer.

Victim of Premature Fourth.

Effingham.—Walter Margworth, aged seven, died of tetanus, the first victim here of those who celebrate a noisy Fourth. He was wounded in the hand by a toy pistol and lockjaw followed.

Stone Tied to Dead Man.

Carroll.—Bearing evidence of murder, the body of T. A. French was found in the Washburn river. Tied to his neck was a heavy rock. French had been missing a week.

Wife Slayer Is Suicide.

Kankakee.—Henry Harnes, a wealthy Bonfield farmer, who recently shot his wife, committed suicide by hanging himself with a necktie and towel in the county jail.

Killed by Horse at 107.

Quincy.—John Chandler, born in Kentucky 107 years ago, died at Hulls, near here, as a result of being thrown from a buggy. He was driving a fractious horse.

Accepted Call to Chicago.

Bloomington.—Rabbi Lee Mannheim of the Jewish synagogue has accepted a call to Emanuel congregation, Chicago, and will take charge on September 1.

Paying Good Price for Oats.

Arthur—Arthur dealers have contracts for large deliveries of new oats at 33 cents per bushel, which seems to be considered above the prices paid in other towns. The present crop promises to be a bumper.



REV. J. NORDBY.

Lee (Il) Clergyman Who Was Recently Elected Bishop of the Eastern District of the Norwegian Lutheran Synod of America.

MRS. DE PASSE OF NEW YORK CITY

"I Consulted Several Physicians, but they Did Me No Good. Peruna and Man-a-lin Helped Me."



MRS. ALINA DEPASSE.

Mrs. Alina DePasse, 778 E. 165th St., New York, N. Y., writes:

"It gives me pleasure to testify to the curative qualities of Peruna and Man-a-lin."

"I was afflicted for over seven years with catarrh of the head, throat and digestive organs. I consulted many physicians, but they did me no good."

"One day I happened to read some testimonials in your Peruna almanac. I decided to try Peruna and Man-a-lin. I bought a bottle of each, and after taking them for a week I noticed a change for the better. So I kept it up, and after using twelve bottles I was perfectly cured."

"I also gave the medicine to my children and they had the same beneficial result. I would never be without these remedies in the house."

"I highly recommend Peruna and Man-a-lin to all my friends, and in fact to everybody."

Miss Mildred Grey, 110 Weimar St., Appleton, Wis., writes:

"It gives me pleasure to recommend Peruna for catarrh of the stomach. I had this disease for a number of years, and could not enjoy a mouthful of food that I ate. It was indeed a great relief when I hit upon Peruna, and obtained decided results from the first. I took six bottles before I felt entirely cured of my trouble, but I had an aggravated case."

Pure White Lead is the Natural Paint Pigment

Numerous compounds are being offered to take the place of white lead as a paint, but no real substitute, alone fulfills all the requirements of the ideal paint. Every keg which bears the Dutch Boy trade mark is positively guaranteed to be absolutely Pure White Lead made by the Old Dutch Process.



SEND FOR BOOK "A Talk on Paint" gives valuable information on the subject. Sent free upon request.

NATIONAL LEAD COMPANY
In whichever of the following cities is nearest you:
New York, Boston, Buffalo, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, Philadelphia (John T. Lewis & Bros. Co.), Pittsburgh (National Lead & Oil Co.)

MICA Axle Grease

takes miles off the road, and wears the team and pays the teamster.
Practically destroys friction. Saves the wear that comes from jolting over rough roads, and lengthens the life of a heavy vehicle more than any other one thing.
Ask the dealer for Mica Axle Grease.
STANDARD OIL COMPANY

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.
They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, ROYAL LIVER PILLS.
They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.
SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.
Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature
Brewer's Food
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE 100 acres all level, 4 miles from county seat; the drained; good buildings; fruit and pasture; 10000 ft. of water. Address, ROBERT D. PEASE, Kansas, Ind.

PINKERTON SPIES AMONG THE MINERS

MANY DOCUMENTS FROM THE AGENCY READ TO THE HAYWOOD JURY.

State Does Not Object—Former Stenographer Friedman Defends His Taking of the Papers—Wallace Tells of Misuse of Militia.

Boise, Idaho, July 2.—Morris Friedman, the young Russian stenographer who left the employ of the Pinkerton agency at Denver to write a book in which he published certain correspondence of the agency that passed through his hands, was again the principal figure in the Steunenberg murder trial Monday.

More than half of the court's day was occupied in reading to the jury copies of the documents which Friedman took from the Pinkerton records. They were chiefly the daily reports of secret agents operating as spies among the unions and union men at Cripple Creek, Victor, Globeville, Colorado City, Trinidad and Denver, and showed a complete surveillance of the Western Federation of Miners and the United Mine Workers of America during the labor troubles in Colorado in 1903-04. Pinkerton men sat in the federation convention at Denver in 1904 reporting all proceedings.

Refuses to Be Called Thief. The prosecution offered no opposition to any feature of Friedman's testimony, and no objection to the introduction of any one of the documents that the defense obtained through him, and when Friedman was handed over for cross-examination it endeavored to ascertain if Friedman had any more reports or letters bearing on the general issue. It attacked Friedman on the ground that he had played the Pinkertons false, had violated his pledge to them and had stolen the documents which he produced, but the witness would not admit that he had stolen the papers and would not allow Senator Borah to call him a "Pinkerton."

He insisted that it was not stealing to take information that had been obtained by the fraud and deceit of secret service men, and declared that the public service which he performed in informing the people of the methods of the agency fully justified anything that he had done.

Misuse of Militia Charged. Another interesting witness was James I. Wallace, an attorney of Cripple Creek, who served with the militia, first as a private and then as a lieutenant, during the strike of 1903-04. He related several instances as tending to show the misuse of the power of the militia by the mine owners; gave the criminal records of some of the gun fighters imported by the mine owners; told of the working of the card system; recited the circumstances connected with the looting of the union stores and a newspaper office, and swore that he saw K. C. Sterling, chief detective for the mine owners, fire the first shot in the Victor riot the day of the independence station incident.

M. E. White, an organizer for the Western Federation, was the last witness brought to great good humor with the drollest kind of a tale of his arrest by the militia with all the pomp and ceremony of war times, the activities of the vermin in the bull pen and his happy release by a brother Woodman of the World, who commanded the militia.

Counsel for the defense said Monday that they might succeed in finishing with all of their witnesses except Haywood and Moyer by the end of the week. Their plan is to reserve those two principals for the last. The defense has prepared its draft of instructions and the state is working up its rebuttal case, so that the end of the trial approaches.

"Alibi" for Orchard. Boise, Idaho, July 1.—The defense in the Steunenberg murder trial began Saturday morning with a further attack on the testimony of Harry Orchard, and then presented testimony to show that Jack Simpkins was cruelly treated in the Idaho "bull pen" and that union miners were whipped and driven from Cripple Creek.

Dominick Flynn, who conducted a cigar store in Mullen, Idaho, in 1899, swore that Orchard was in his store playing poker the day that the Bunker Hill and Sullivan mill was blown up, and Pat McHale, who gave the occupation of barkeeper and said he gambled whenever he got a chance, swore that he sat in the game with Orchard.

McHale, who is a bartender in Mullen, followed Flynn on the stand. He said he played poker with Orchard in Flynn's cigar store the 29th of April, 1899, and had never seen the man since. Frank Hough, who testified to conditions in the Idaho "bull pen" and the treatment of Jack Simpkins, swore that Orchard told him at Wallace in the fall of 1905 that he had just come from Alaska, the first mention in the case by the defense of the supposed visit of Orchard to Alaska. Morris Friedman, a former employe of the Pinkerton detective agency who recently left the service and published a so-called expose of Pinkerton methods, was called to the stand shortly before noon.

Friedman testified as to the methods of the Pinkerton agency in connection with the strikes in Colorado.

Francis Murphy is Dead. Los Angeles, Cal., July 1.—Francis Murphy, the temperance lecturer, died at 10:30 a. m. Sunday.

FLEES THE CZAR'S POLICE

YOUNG POLE GOES TO FAR WEST TO HIDE IDENTITY.

Fugitive Who Participated in Student Riots Thinks He Was Followed to Kansas City.

Kansas City, Mo., July 1.—Exiled from his native land for treason in participating in the student riots in Poland last year, and followed, as he believes, by Russian police who desire to arrest him and return him to Russia, Vasi Kotoff, a member of a noble Polish family, has given up his position with a local packing house and fled to the far west in an effort to hide his identity from his would-be oppressors.

While the student riots were in progress in Warsaw, Poland, last year, young Kotoff, according to his story, mounted on a horse and headed one of the processions of rebellious subjects of the czar. He was there to denounce the czar for not giving Poland her promised assembly. He was arrested and placed in prison. Through an interpreter Kotoff told this of his escape:

"With two others I escaped. We spent two weeks in a wheat field living on grain and fruit. After almost starving we reached Germany. In order to cross the border out of Russia we walked into the sea at night until our heads were just above the water. At a German seaport town we arranged for passage for Mexico.

"I went to San Antonio, Tex., where I worked in a mill. I made my way to Kansas City by riding the trucks. Now I want to go west so no one will know me."

"What would have been your punishment?" he was asked. "Death, or perhaps, if I had friends, a life sentence in a Siberian prison, chained to a truck which I would have been compelled to push all day."

Kotoff speaks four languages, but very little English.

NAMED TO TEST MRS. EDDY.

Federal Judge Aldrich Will Determine Her Mental State.

Concord, N. H., June 29.—Judge Edgar Aldrich, of Littleton, was appointed master to determine the competency of Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy by Judge Robert N. Chamberlain, of the supreme court, late Friday. The master is named in connection with the suit brought by Mrs. Eddy's son, George W. Glover, of Lead, S. D., and others as "next friends" for an accounting of Mrs. Eddy's property.

He is directed to ascertain, determine and report whether Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy was capable of intelligently managing, controlling and conducting her financial affairs and during such time before that date as may to the master seem reasonable. No limitations are made as to the evidence to be introduced. The master is directed to make and file his report with the clerk of the court on or before September 30, 1907.

HOLDS WAR TAX ILLEGAL.

Decision Rendered by Judge Pollack, of Federal Circuit Court.

St. Louis, June 29.—A decision was handed down Friday by Judge Pollack, in the United States circuit court, holding that the tax of \$3,173.39 levied upon the estate of Judge George A. Madill, as a Spanish-American war tax, was an illegal action. The suit was instituted originally as a test case by the Union Trust company, executor for the Madill estate. It has gone through the federal courts and to the United States supreme court twice, the supreme court dividing each time. If Judge Pollack's decision is affirmed by the supreme court the result will be that \$7,000,000 collected by the United States as a war tax must be returned.

FARMER KILLS HIS WIFE.

Says That She Attacked Him with a Bread-Knife.

Waverly, Minn., June 29.—John J. Mooney, a well-to-do farmer living near here, killed his wife shortly after noon Friday. Then he came to town and surrendered himself. He says that when he went home to dinner he found no preparations made for a meal and when he complained to his wife she told him to cook his own dinner. He was doing so when the woman attacked him with a bread-knife, cutting him on the wrist. Mooney had a block of wood in his hand, which he was about to put into the stove. He hit his wife over the head with this and killed her instantly.

St. Paul Men Accused of Fraud. St. Paul, Minn., June 29.—Lewin A. Wood, George W. Wood, Bruce D. Tuttle and Martin P. Quigley were arrested by United States deputy marshals Friday afternoon on warrants charging them with using the United States mails for fraudulent purposes.

Bechtel Given Five Years. Minneapolis, Minn., June 29.—W. F. Bechtel, former president of the Northwestern National Life Insurance company, was sentenced Friday to state's prison for five years. He was convicted of grand larceny from the company while in office.

Cincinnati Professor Dies. Cincinnati, June 29.—Prof. Thomas B. Evans, of the University of Cincinnati, who had just been granted a year's leave of absence for the benefit of his health, died at his home in this city Friday.

HAPPENED AT BAD TIME.

Minister's Fall Significant in View of Previous Words.

In a small church in one of the mining towns of Pennsylvania was a pulpit both antique and unique. It was about the size and shape of a four barrel, was elevated from the floor about four feet and was fastened to the wall. The ascent was by narrow winding steps.

A minister from a neighboring town, a man of great vigor and vehemence, preached there one Sunday. While preaching he bent forward and shouted out with great force the words of his text:

"The righteous shall stand, but the wicked shall fall."

Just as these words escaped from his lips, the pulpit broke from its fastening, and he fell out and rolled over on the floor before his congregation. In an instant he was on his feet again and said:

"Brethren, I am not hurt, and I don't mind the fall much, but I do hate the connection."

ELEVEN YEARS OF EZEMA.

Hands Cracked and Bleeding—Nail Came Off of Finger—Cuticura Remedies Brought Prompt Relief.

"I had ezema on my hands for about eleven years. The hands cracked open in many places and bled. One of my fingers was so bad that the nail came off. I had tried so many remedies, and they all had failed to cure me. I had seen three doctors, but got no relief. Finally I got a cake of Cuticura Soap, a box of Cuticura Ointment and two bottles of Cuticura Resolvent Pills. Of course I keep Cuticura Soap all the time for my hands, but the one cake of Soap and half a box of Cuticura Ointment cured them. I recommend the Cuticura Remedies to all suffering with ezema. Mrs. Eliza A. Wiley, R. F. D. No. 2, Liscomb, Ia., Oct. 18, 1906."

New Austrian Railway.

Hitherto tourists from the United States who chose the southern trip to Europe left the steamer at Gibraltar or Naples, but many, chiefly those who had already been in Italy, now come to Trieste and continue from here their voyage by the new Austrian railway. There can hardly be a more beautiful country than the regions which are made accessible by this new Transalpine railroad. The new railway is owned by the state, and is 130 miles long. There are 49 tunnels, with a total length of ten miles. There are 50 bridges, one of which, across the river Isonzo, has the longest stone span in the world. There are, besides, as many as 573 smaller bridges and viaducts.—Consular Reports.

Sheer white goods, in fact, any fine wash goods when new, owe much of their attractiveness to the way they are laundered, this being done in a manner to enhance their textile beauty. Home laundering would be equally satisfactory if proper attention was given to starching, the first essential being good Starch, which has sufficient strength to stiffen, without thickening the goods. Try Defiance Starch and you will be pleasantly surprised at the improved appearance of your work.

New in Wall Paper.

A new design in fancy wall paper patterns comes from Kansas City; also a way to utilize cancelled checks. A firm has had all its offices papered with old checks, placed neatly edge to edge. The face figures of the checks vary from \$30,000 to \$1,000, and the total for one room is \$3,000,000. As a gilt moulding runs around the edges of each check-panel, the general effect is rather pleasing.

The extraordinary popularity of fine white goods this summer makes the choice of Starch a matter of great importance. Defiance Starch, being free from all injurious chemicals, is the only one which is safe to use on fine fabrics. Its great strength as a stiffener makes half the usual quantity of Starch necessary, with the result of perfect finish, equal to that when the goods were new.

To Tell of Royal Scandal.

A book is soon to appear in Dresden, entitled "A Fight for a Royal Child." The author is Ida Kremer. She tells of her experiences as governess in the house of the Countess Montignoso until she was obliged to depart by order of the court marshal of the king of Saxony.

Describing Weather Conditions.

The weather is called calm if the air is not moving at more than three miles an hour; 34 miles is a strong breeze, 40 a gale, 75 a storm, and 90 a hurricane.

Shake into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease. It cures painful, swollen, smarting, sweating feet. Makes new shoes easy. Sold by all Druggists and Shoe Stores. Don't accept any substitute. Sample FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Reforms in Chinese Currency.

The Chinese minister of finance is planning reforms in the silver and copper currency of the empire.

No Headache in the Morning.

Krause's Headache Capsules for over-indulgence in food or drink. Druggists, 25c. Norman Lichty Mfg. Co., Des Moines, Ia.

Grass is green, but an encounter with a grass widow is apt to render a man color blind.

Lewis' Single Binder costs more than other 5c cigars. Smokers know why. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

A boost when needed is better than a pull that isn't.

Save the Babies.

INFANT MORTALITY is something frightful. We can hardly realize that of all the children born in civilized countries, twentytwo per cent., or nearly one-quarter, die before they reach one year; thirtyseven per cent., or more than one-third, before they are five, and one-half before they are fifteen!

We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save a majority of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many of these infantile deaths are occasioned by the use of narcotic preparations. Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain more or less opium, or morphine. They are, in considerable quantities, deadly poisons. In any quantity they stupefy, retard circulation and lead to congestions, sickness, death. Castoria operates exactly the reverse, but you must see that it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. Castoria causes the blood to circulate properly, opens the pores of the skin and allays fever.

Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. A. F. Peeler, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria in many cases and have always found it an efficient and speedy remedy."
Dr. E. Down, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria in my practice for many years with great satisfaction to myself and benefit to my patients."
Dr. Edward Parrish, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I have used your Castoria in my own household with good results, and have advised several patients to use it for its mild laxative effect and freedom from harm."
Dr. J. B. Elliott, of New York City, says: "Having during the past six years prescribed your Castoria for infantile stomach disorders, I most heartily commend its use. The formula contains nothing deleterious to the most delicate of children."
Dr. C. G. Sprague, of Omaha, Neb., says: "Your Castoria is an ideal medicine for children, and I frequently prescribe it. While I do not advocate the indiscriminate use of proprietary medicines, yet Castoria is an exception for conditions which arise in the care of children."
Dr. J. A. Parker, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria holds the esteem of the medical profession in a manner held by no other proprietary preparation. It is a sure and reliable medicine for infants and children. In fact, it is the universal household remedy for infantile ailments."
Dr. H. F. Merrill, of Augusta, Me., says: "Castoria is one of the very finest and most remarkable remedies for infants and children. In my opinion your Castoria has saved thousands from an early grave. I can furnish hundreds of testimonials from this locality as to its efficiency and merits."
Dr. Norman M. Geer, of Cleveland, Ohio, says: "During the last twelve years I have frequently recommended your Castoria as one of the best preparations of the kind, being safe in the hands of parents and very effective in relieving children's disorders, while the ease with which such a pleasant preparation can be administered is a great advantage."

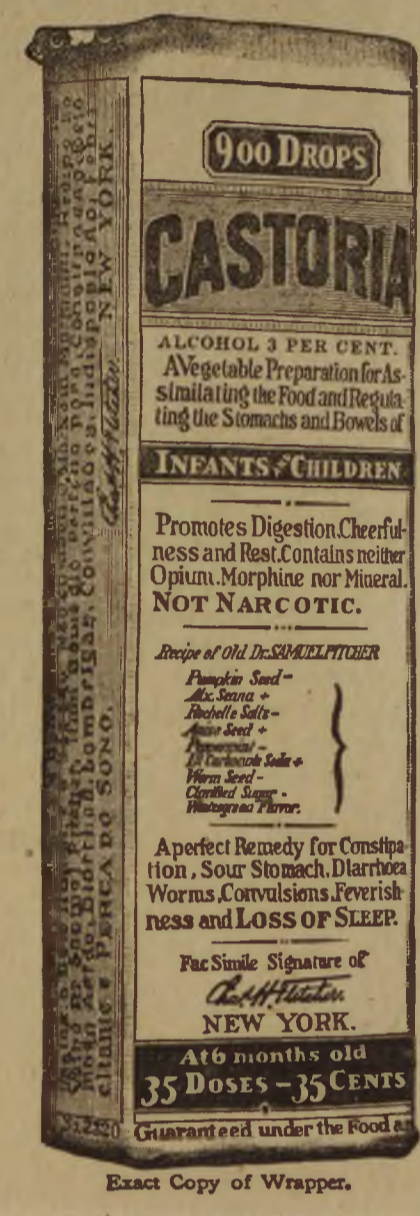
GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, 77 BURNAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.



KINGSTON NEWS

FRED P. SMITH, CORRESPONDENT

See that new line of pipes at H. W. Witter's. 43-2t* Alfred Nelson of DeKalb was a business caller last Friday.

John Moyer is improving the appearance of his home with paint.

Rockford "Swiss" laundry agency at H. W. Witter's. Excellent work. 43-2t*

The Kingston hotel has been leased by Mr. and Mrs. H. N. Peavy and daughter.

Mrs. Frank Holcomb returned Friday from Rockford where she had spent a few days.

Mrs. George Sexauer and children spent last Friday with her sister, Mrs. Biester, near Belvidere.

Miss Pearl Bass went to Chicago Thursday to spend a few weeks with her cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Outman.

Mr. and Mrs. John Donaldson and daughter, Miss Deba, of Irene, were guests at the home of Charles Phelps Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. I. A. McCollum accompanied by Dr. and Mrs. H. A. Wyllys spent a few days with relatives at Esmord and Cortland last week.

Mrs. Lillian Pratt and daughter, Blanche, were sight seeing in Chicago last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Chellgreen entertained his brother, Oscar, of Chicago a part of this week.

Mrs. Frank Churchill of Kirkland spent Sunday at the home of her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Parker.

Miss Marjorie Stanchfield, who was the guest of her uncle, E. A. Lutter, for two weeks, returned to Lena last Thursday.

Eugene Bradford Jr., met with an accident while butchering one day last week. The left shoulder and two ribs were broken.

A goodly number of our people attended the Ice cream social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Arbuckle Saturday evening.

Stuart Walker left Monday for his home in Pennsylvania, summoned there by the illness of his mother.

Last Friday evening the Eastern Star entertained a large number belonging to the Sycamore, Kirkland and Genoa chapters.

After the business meeting in the Masonic hall a banquet was served to which all did ample justice.

Mr. and Mrs. George Moore and Mrs. Nina Moore entertained their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Moore of Belvidere this week. Roy Tupper of Chicago came Saturday to spend a few weeks with his cousins, R. S. Pratt and Mrs. Roy Gibbs, and their families.

Dr. H. A. Wyllys and wife returned to their home in Wyoming, Ill., Monday from Esmord where they spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. James Gross.

A Sunday school convention was held at the Congregational church in Mayfield last Sunday afternoon. Our young ladies' quartette sang a number of songs.

Rev. and Mrs. W. H. Tuttle and daughter, Miss Hattie, were visitors at Camp Epworth and at the Belvidere Chautauqua on Thursday and Friday of last week.

R. G. McDonald of Chicago, representing the Anti Saloon League, spoke at the M. E. church Sunday morning. In the evening a missionary program was given.

Mr. and Mrs. John Crane, who were recently married at Rockford, will make their home with the bride's parents for the present. They will later move into a new house which the groom will build on one of the Beers farms.

Walter S. Young, who had lived in Henrietta a number of years, was taken to Belvidere hospital last Wednesday and passed away the next day, Thursday, with dropsy. The remains were interred at Shirland. He left two sons who reside in Freeport.

Catarrah Cannot be Cured
with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrah is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrah Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrah Cure is not a quick medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in the country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect continuation of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrah. Send for testimonials free.
E. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, price 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Col. Frank O. Lowden, owner of a 2,000 acre farm near Oregon, Ogle county, and breeder of high grade cattle, broke all records in the prizes obtained for his cattle offered for sale in the stock yards in Chicago on Tuesday of last week. Sixty-one head of short-horns were sold and brought a total of \$38,000, or an average of \$630 a head. One of the herd sold for \$3,000 and a cow for \$2,000. The first ten animals in the lot, all females, sold at prices averaging \$840 each. The highest price paid for one of the ten was \$2,405 and the lowest \$600.

Modest Claims Often Carry the Most Conviction

When Maxim, the famous gun inventor, placed his gun before a committee of judges, he stated its carrying power to be much below what he felt sure the gun would accomplish. The result of the trial was therefore a great surprise, instead of disappointment. It is the same with the manufacturers of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. They do not publicly boast of all this remedy will accomplish, but prefer to let the users make the statements. What they do claim, is that it will positively cure diarrhoea, dysentery, pains in the stomach and bowels and has never been known to fail. For sale by G. H. Hunt.

H. E. Johnson of Stillman Valley declares deer are running wild in the woods near his farm. He complained to the authorities at Oregon that deer were destroying his strawberry vines, but could not get permission to kill them. Scare images were put in the garden but these did little good, as deer in so thickly a settled section are not even afraid of human beings.

Summer coughs and colds yield at once to Bee's Laxative Cough Syrup, containing honey and tar but no opiates. Children like it. Its laxative qualities recommend it to mothers. Hoarseness, coughs, croup yield quickly. Keep it on hand. Sold by G. H. Hunt's drug store. Sep 1

SHABBY PORT SAID.

"The Gateway to the East" a Cheap and Flimsy Place.

After a quiet night in the roads the dock passed into the vestibule of the canal before the assembled motley crew that comprises the population of the place. Cheap, flimsy, shabby Port Said—an exceedingly inflated fake. About the wildest excitement in sight that night was a "moving picture" show with alleged "comics." A ladies' brass band was attached, and after every "spiel" the ladies gave a sweet smile with each plate contribution. Of course there is the Arab quarter, which a half dozen or so "Champagne Charlies" that follow you about are anxious for you to see, but nobody goes there after night-fall.

From down at the end of the dark, unlighted streets, like the murmurings of a stage mob, comes the noise of the coaling of ships. All day and all night they coal at Port Said. The coal imps in "skoots" and turban or fez keep step with pattering feet to a prolonged wailing yell without beginning and without end as beneath baskets of dusty coal they crawl out of the lighter up the high side of the ship. Under the flickering smoky glare of great torches naked yelling figures fill the baskets of the endless chain that to a weird, formless chant goes round and round up the springy plank and back again.

As you look over the side it needs no stretch of fancy to lose the sense of the grimy coal dust, the smut and sweat of the toilers, and see instead demons in a darksome pit scraping, always scraping, the darkness into baskets for the wailing line of their long, lean and lank brothers, who hoist their burdens on naked shoulders and join the weird parade. In the ruddy glare of the torch their teeth show white and their skins a dull red, only to be swallowed up in a moment in the dull orange glow that envelops all.

Fantastically almost the ship builds up out of the confusion below. Vaguely masts, rigging, funnels and ventilators are outlined or touched here and there with a delicate rosy light so full of subtle meaning that the entire fabric is built up by a few suggestive lights, while the whole is repeated in still dark waters beneath.—W. J. Aylward in Scribner's.

Montezuma's Well.

Among the many natural curiosities of Arizona, but one that is not often visited by ordinary tourists, is the singular bowl shaped depression in Yavapai county called "Montezuma's Well." It is nearly circular and between 500 and 600 feet in diameter at the brim. It lies in the midst of a nearly level area. The sides are vertical to a depth of thirty or forty feet. Below that they merge into a sloping talus, which extends down to a circular pool of water, alleged by popular tradition, as are so many other not very deep areas of water, to be bottomless. This remarkable formation has usually been described as a "pit crater" of volcanic origin, but Professor William P. Blake believes it to be the result of the falling of the roof of a cavern formed in the limestone strata by running water. The water of the pool, he says, flows out through a subterranean channel into the valley of Beaver creek.—New Orleans Picayune.

A King's Title.

The full title of the king of Siam is: "Most high, illustrious, invincible and powerful monarch, crowned with 101 golden crowns, each adorned with nine species of precious gems, greatest, purest and most divine master of immortal souls, who sees all things, sovereign-emperor, under the shadow of whose wings lies the rich and incomparable kingdom of Siam, king, to whom is subject the most fruitful of all lands lit by the sun, greatest of lords, whose palace is of fine gold and gems, divine master of the golden thrones and of the white and red elephants, sovereign god of the nine kinds of gods, king who is like unto the sun at its zenith and like the full moon, king whose glance is more dazzling than the orb of the morning, king who is above all emperors, monarchs and potentates of the universe from the rising to the setting sun."—St. James' Gazette.

What Hurt Him.

"How are you getting along?" asked a traveling man of an acquaintance who had gone on the stage.
"Oh, I have met with a share of success. I played Hamlet for the first time."
"Did you get through all right?"
"Yes, except that I happened to stumble and fall into Ophelia's grave."
"That must have been embarrassing."
"It was, but I wouldn't have minded it if the audience hadn't seemed so disappointed when I got out."

Belvidere Mayor Oversteps

Because he had the courage to uphold his own ideas regarding municipal affairs despite the protests of the mayor Alderman E. A. Cleveland was ejected from the city council rooms one evening last week during a session of the city council by orders of Mayor William L. Pierce, who first ordered Chief of Police Floyd Smith to remove Mr. Cleveland and on the alderman's refusal to be removed the mayor telephoned to one of the night men to get the other officers and come to the city council chamber immediately. Assistant Chief Blachford, Officer James Devlin and Merchant Policeman Loomis Shattuck responded to the summons. On direct and explicit orders from Mayor Pierce that they put Alderman Cleveland out of the council chambers, Chief of Police Smith, Assistant Chief Blachford and Officer Devlin seized the alderman and despite his repeated refusal to leave the room and the resistance he offered them, they forced him across the floor and out of the council chambers.

Saved his Comrade's Life

"While returning from the Grand Army Encampment at Washington City, a comrade from Elgin, Ill., was taken with cholera morbus and was in a critical condition," says Mr. J. E. Houghland, of Eldon, Iowa. "I gave him Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and believe saved his life. I have been engaged for ten years in immigration work and conducted many parties to the south and west. I always carry this remedy and have used it successfully on many occasions." Sold by G. H. Hunt.

The Illinois Central reaches all homeseeker's points that are authorized by the various R. R. lines. Remember the I. C. R. R. homeseekers. Enquire of agent for rates and dates. S. R. Crawford.

When the Hair Falls

Then it's time to act! No time to study, to read, to experiment! You want to save your hair, and save it quickly, too! So make up your mind this very minute that if your hair ever comes out you will use Ayer's Hair Vigor. It makes the scalp healthy. The hair stays in. It cannot do anything else. It's nature's way.

The best kind of a testimonial—
"Sold for over sixty years."
Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufactured at
SARSAPARILLA,
PILLS,
CHERRY PECTORAL.



Keep the Hens Warm.

PAROID

Is recommended by some of the largest poultrymen as the most economical roofing and siding for poultry houses, sheds, etc. Shingles and clapboards cost more and do not keep the buildings as dry and warm.

YOU CAN APPLY IT YOURSELF
with roofing in each roll. It does not require painting when first applied, and lies flat. Send to-day for free samples and our booklet, "Building Economy."

TIBBITS, CAMERON LUMBER CO.

C. H. Altenberg, Manager, Genoa, Ill. J. S. Newberry, Manager, Sycamore.

J. C. C. CORSET

J. C. C. Models mould to perfection the slender, medium and stout forms with the newest figure fashions in vogue. . . .

JOHN LEMBKE
Genoa, Illinois
Phone No. 20

THE MONITOR



WINDMILL

is not an experiment. It has stood the test of years and still stands in the lead. We have sold these windmills for several years and have yet to hear of one that is not all that we represented. You may judge of our confidence in them when we say we have just unloaded another

CAR LOAD LOT

The running gear of the Monitor is practically perfect, being the result of years of experiments under all conditions. It is perfectly balanced and responds to the slightest breeze. The mill stands on one of the most rigid steel towers on the market. Come in and let us give you prices. We do not fear competition.

J. H. UPLINGER
KINGSTON, ILLINOIS

JACKMAN & SON

Millfeed Seeds and Coal. Poultry Supplies. Special Feeds for Little Chicks. Poultry Fence. All Kinds of Farm Seeds.

AMERICAN FIELD FENCE

Remember that good fences add materially to the value of farm property. This is the season for building new fence and AMERICAN FIELD FENCE is the best in the world. We sell it.

GRAIN BUYERS