

THE GENOA REPUBLICAN-JOURNAL

ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MATTER, SEPTEMBER 16, 1904, AT THE POSTOFFICE AT GENOA, ILLINOIS, UNDER THE ACT OF CONGRESS OF MARCH 3, 1879

PUBLISHED BY C. D. SCHOONMAKER

GENOA, ILLINOIS, FRIDAY, JULY 2, 1915

NEW SERIES } VOLUME X, NO. 39



Ellis Brooks' Military Band Under the Personal Leadership of Ellis Brooks, Famous Composer and Band Leader of Chicago. Mr. Brooks and His Band Have Toured the World and Played at All Great Musical Festivals In America During the Last Two Decades. Afternoon and Night of the Fourth Day of the Chautauqua.

CHURCH IS PACKED

Bishop Muldoon Greeted by Large Audience at St. Catherine's Sunday

ROGER SULLIVAN IS PRESENT

Large Class Confirmed by the Bishop—Decorations in Church Beautiful and Singing Exceptionally Good—Masterful Address

St. Catherine's church was packed to its capacity last Sunday afternoon when a class of about sixty was confirmed by the Rt. Rev. P. J. Muldoon, bishop of the Rockford diocese. The church was beautifully decorated, the letters over the door, "Welcome to Our Bishop," being one of the attractive and appropriate features. The choir performed its part exceptionally well under direction of Geo. Cusper. Mrs. B. F. Kepner acted as organist.

The bishop's address to the class was masterful, Rev. Muldoon being considered one of the best speakers in this part of the country. His words of admonition carried weight and were of interest to everyone present.

The Genoa parishioners have reason to feel proud of the work that has been done in this community during the past few years. The congregation, thru the untiring efforts of the local pastor, Fr. O'Brien, has reached proportions which were thought impossible three years ago. The fine new church and rectory speak for the energy of the pastor and his people.

There were many out of town people present Sunday, including several clergymen from neighboring cities. Roger Sullivan of Chicago, who was candidate for United States senator, came over from Belvidere, his former home, with the bishop.

TO HANDLE TRACTORS

Hoover & Loptien Will Deal in Power Farming Machinery

Hoover & Loptien, of this city, who have for a number of years conducted a successful business as machinists, have decided to enlarge their field of operations by taking on the sale of power farming machinery.

They specialize in the sale of the celebrated Rumley, Advance and Gaar Scott lines of machinery, all of which are well and favorably known.

Hoover & Loptien are equipped to give first class service to their patrons. The company they represent is well established and backs up its sales agents with efficient service. The company maintains a large branch at Madison, Wis., through which the local firm will operate. The Madison branch is under the direction of Mr. A. M. Frish, who has a large acquaintance among the trade in northern Illinois. Mr. F. H. Shepard who represents the company in this territory as their traveling representative is well known as a reliable salesman. He has had years of experience with power farming machinery.

We predict much success for Hoover & Loptien in this new department of their business.—Adv.

Hamilton Gets New Trial

Bert Hamilton, of Aurora and other places, who was convicted by a jury in the DeKalb county circuit court in April of last year and sentenced to 18 years in the penitentiary, where he is now confined, will be given another trial, the supreme court having handed down a decision reversing and remanding the case.

No Indication. Because a man makes a profession of religion is no sign that he is way up in his profession.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

FARMERS TURN OUT

Thirty-five Hundred People Attend Meeting at Warren's Farm

SENATOR L. Y. SHERMAN SPEAKS

Sandwich Band and Barb City Quartet Furnish Music—Ladies of Church Feed Crowd with Barbecued Beef and Other Good Things

It is estimated that 3500 people were guests of Alvin Warren and the DeKalb County Soil Improvement Association at the Warren farm in Victor Township last Friday. There were over 500 automobiles parked about the farm, in orchards, front yard, barn yard, chicken yard and for a quarter of a mile along the side of the road. It was a marvelous sight and one that would not be thought possible four or five years ago. Practically all those present were farmers and farmers' families. One could not tell this, however by looking over the crowd. There is a wide difference between the family from the farm of today and yesterday. They dress the same as the family from town and more of them ride in their automobiles. The farmer is a business man, looking for those ideas which will make his business a better paying proposition. That he is after this knowledge and is desirous of profiting by the experience of others is evidenced by the remarkable turn-out last Friday. Three years ago Alvin Warren did not think much of scientific farming. Today he is one of the most progressive farmers in the south part of the county and is so enthusiastic over the results obtained that he simply had to call in his neighbors and show them. He did show them, too. He has as fine a herd of fat cattle as there is anywhere, over 400 head, and shows that he will place them on the market with a profit.

Mr. Warren's awakening came about thru a piece of practically worthless land on his place. This land would not produce more than ten bushels of corn to the acre. Mr. Eckhardt, the county advisor, happened down that way one day and his attention was called to that particular piece of land. He analyzed the soil, told Mr. Warren what to do, and he did it. The next season the yield was 60 bushels to the acre. From that

time to the present Mr. Warren has been one of the foremost progressives and is today chairman of the board of supervisors.

The ladies of Suydam church furnished the dinner Friday, feeding over 2000 people. The tables seated 500 at one time. The fatted calf, which weighed nearly 1000 pounds, was disposed of long before all were fed and more meat was brought in. Each woman in the community baked ten pies each. Fifteen bushels of potatoes were prepared, several bushels of beans and enough gravy to float a battleship. The great quantity of gravy was prepared in anticipation of the visit of Carl Bevan and Judge Stott. There was just enough left to go 'round.

The afternoon's program was opened by Mr. Eckhardt. After a few remarks he presented D. S. Brown of Genoa, president of the DeKalb County Soil Association, who took charge of the meeting. Mr. Warren gave an address of welcome, told in brief the story of his conversion to scientific methods and expressed his faith in the future of DeKalb county agriculturally.

The chief speaker of the day was Senator L. Y. Sherman. Although somewhat out of his element in talking about things agriculturally, Senator Sherman held the close attention of his audience. One who could talk would not be at a loss for words before such an audience. He is a firm believer in the new idea and Illinois farmers have a friend in Senator Sherman in the United States senate.

Mr. Atkins, former speaker of the house of representatives, president of the Illinois Live Stock Breeders Association, spoke briefly regarding the work of that association. He was followed by Mr. Rouch of the Illinois University, Senator Cliffe and others.

Farmer Fined

Judge K. M. Landis, of the United States district court, who once assessed a fine of \$29,240, 000 against the Standard oil company, imposed a fine of two cents against Henry Johnson, of Barington, Ill., today. Johnson with a shot gun drove a government agent off his premises when the agent was looking for cases of foot and mouth disease.

Opera House Saturday night,

PRESTON LOSES FARM

Daughter Wins Suit before Supreme Court of Illinois

The case of George L. Preston, veteran retired farmer of Sycamore and member of a widely known pioneer family of DeKalb county, against his daughter Mrs. Effie Preston Lloyd and her husband, residents of Chicago, which has attracted much interest during the pendency in the courts the last two years, was finally decided in an opinion rendered by the supreme court on Thursday, when the judgement of the DeKalb county circuit court was sustained in favor of the Lloyds.

This decision gives the homestead farm of some 200 acres to the daughter Mrs. Effie Preston Lloyd.

The contest was started when George L. Preston filed in the circuit court of this county in February, 1913, a bill in which he stated that undue influence had been used to induce him to execute a deed conveying the farm to his daughter, Mrs. Lloyd, and that it had been put on record without his consent, and he sued to recover title.

The Council Meets

Genoa, Ill., June 25, 1915

Adjourned regular meeting of city council called to order by Mayor P. A. Quanstrong. Members present: Danforth, Smith, Durham, Duval, Shipman. Absent: Noll.

The following bills were approved by the finance committee: M. J. Corson, drainage tile \$18.00 John Hadsall, making pavement assessment \$80.00

Moved by Durham, seconded by Duval that bills be allowed and orders drawn on treasurer for amounts. Motion carried, all voting yes.

Matter of drafting ordinance for fire escapes and metallic booths for motion picture machines was referred to fire and water committee with power to act.

The mayor appointed Danforth, Smith and Duval as committee to investigate and report on plans for improving pumping system.

Moved by Shipman, seconded by Smith that council adjourn. Motion carried.

L. F. Scott, City Clerk.

"The Master Key."

DAY FOR HORSEMEN

Four Big Races at Genoa Driving Park Saturday, July 3

PACING, TROTTING, RUNNING

Owing to the fact that the Genoa Base Ball Team Can Not be Rounded into Shape No Game will be Played as Advertised

There will be no base ball game in Genoa on the third of July, as advertised on the posters which have been put up about the country. Owing to several reasons the base ball team could not be rounded into shape for the day, hence the canceling of the game.

The horse races in the afternoon, however, will be pulled off as advertised. Five big events are on the program including the 2:17 pace, purse of \$50; 2:25 trot, purse of \$50; 2:40 pace, purse of \$40; 3:00 trot, purse of \$15; running race purse of \$10. Horses from Belvidere, Elgin, Marengo, DeKalb and Genoa have been entered, the field being exceptionally large. Dan Hohm of Sycamore will act as starter.

The races here a few weeks ago were a pronounced success, the attendance being large and the races far better than was expected. Lovers of horse flesh will surely enjoy the day if they come to Genoa.

Family Reunion

Members of the Smith family enjoyed a reunion in Mrs. Robinson's grove, on the banks of the Kishwaukee, last Sunday, all the immediate relatives being present except the Proctor family of New Orleans. It was an ideal day for the event and was thoroughly enjoyed by those present. It was the first time that the family had ever been together since the membership had been increased by marriage. A delightful picnic dinner was served. The following were present: Genoa—Mr. and Mrs. Henry Smith, Sioux City, Iowa—Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Hathaway, son, Harold, and daughter, Ruth, Chicago—Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Green, Mrs. Ed. Smith and son, John. Rockford—J. Collins, wife and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Green, Sycamore—Mrs. Preston and daughter, Charter Grove—E. L. Smith, wife and daughter, Esther. Lake Bluff—Mrs. Will Flint.

STERNBERG-HARLOW

Popular Genoa Girl Married at Home of Her Parents last Thursday

At the home of the bride's parents in this city Thursday morning, June 24, at eleven o'clock, occurred the marriage of Mr. Reuben H. Sternberg of DeKalb and Miss H. Amarett Harlow, the ceremony being performed by Rev. C. V. Peterson of Aurora, pastor of the Advent Christian church. Only immediate members of the two families and one or two close friends were present. Shortly after the ceremony the couple left for Chicago. They are now preparing their home at DeKalb and will be ready to receive their friends after the fifteenth of July.

The groom is a brakeman on the Northwestern railway, running between DeKalb and Chicago and has made many friends in the former city who speak of him in favorable terms as to character and industry. Mrs. Sternberg, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Harlow, grew to womanhood in Genoa, is a graduate of the Genoa high school and counts everyone her friend.

Special Cars

There will be special interurban cars operating on the fifth of July. The regular Saturday schedule will be observed on the north end from Genoa to Marengo, that is, leaving Genoa at 6:30 p. m. and leaving Marengo at 9:30 p. m. On the south end between Genoa and Sycamore the regular schedule will be followed, except that the car that arrives at Sycamore at 7:30 will leave Sycamore at 8 o'clock and come back to Genoa, leave Genoa 8:30 and go back to Sycamore and leave Sycamore for Genoa at 10:30 p. m.

Sullivan Gives \$7,000

Roger G. Sullivan, Chicago gas magnate, and United States senatorial candidate at the last election, last Sunday practically cleared of debt St. James Catholic church of Belvidere with a check for \$7,000. It was at St. James as a youth that Mr. Sullivan served as an altar boy.

More Important Thing. The latest estimate places the age of the earth at 100,000,000 years. However, the age of the earth isn't half as important to some men as the age of the liquor they consume.

NEW GAME LAW

Rabbits Now Protected During Portion of the Year

The open season for rabbits is Sept. 1 to Feb. 1. The use of ferrets for hunting is prohibited. Squirrels, from Aug. 1 to Feb. 1, Ducks, geese, brant and coot from Sept. 2 to 14, inclusive; spring season from Feb. 15 to March 31 inclusive. Prairie chickens from Oct. 1 to Oct. 15, inclusive. Quail from Nov. 11 to Dec. 9, inclusive. Mourning doves from Aug. 15 to Aug. 31, inclusive. Pheasants (cock only) from Oct. 2 to Oct. 4, inclusive.

The bag limit for one day is as follows: Rabbits, no limit; squirrels, 15; ducks, 15; geese, 10; brant, 10; coots (mud hens), 15; jack snipe, 15; quail, 12; prairie chickens, 3; cock pheasants, 2.

Farmers Join Merchants

More than 300 farmers residing in the nearby territory tributary to Harvard responded to the invitation of the Harvard Commercial and Farmers' Club to be their guests at a get-together and become better acquainted meeting at Saunders opera house on Tuesday evening of this week. Moving pictures, and an up to date vaudeville stunt, short talks, cigars and substantial refreshments in the eat line made up the evening program. Farmers, business men, professional men and people of all vocations mingled in the concourse that filled the opera house and passed the time in sociability and getting better acquainted with each other. It was such a gathering as Harvard had never before seen and its promoters were much elated over its success.

Concert Enjoyed

Those who failed to attend the sacred concert presented at the M. E. church last Sunday evening missed a musical treat. Every number on the program was good, the soloists and choir being at their best. The program was arranged and rehearsals heard under direction of the organist, Mrs. C. A. Patterson, who is deserving of congratulations. Such Sunday evening programs as this should pack the church auditorium, with an overflow into the class room. We have paid an admission fee to hear music of less merit.

HUERTA ARRESTED BY U. S. TROOPS ON THE BORDER

Gen. Orozco and Deposed Dictator Released on Bond.

NEW REVOLT IS UNDER WAY

Department of Justice Orders Two Seized to Halt Plot—Pair on Way to Attend Conference With Federal Officers.

El Paso, Tex., June 28.—Gen. Victoriano Huerta, former dictator of Mexico, and Gen. Pascual Orozco, the famous Mexican leader, were arrested at Fort Bliss on a federal warrant charging them with violation of neutrality. A short time later they were released on bonds, Huerta under \$15,000 and Orozco under \$7,500. The arrest was made on orders of the United States district attorney at San Antonio presumably acting under instructions from Washington. They will be given a preliminary hearing on Thursday.

Kidnaped From Train. The formal arrests followed the virtual kidnaping of the former dictator by federal authorities from the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific train on which he was proceeding to El Paso to attend the big junco of scientists to be held in this city on Tuesday. Huerta had planned to leave the train at Newman, N. M., just across the Texas border and enter El Paso secretly. The train, under orders issued at the request of the United States marshal, failed to stop at Newman and Huerta was brought across the state line where his capture was effected.

Guarded by U. S. Troops. Brought to El Paso under military escort the two Mexican leaders were held for a time in the federal building, but owing to hostile demonstrations by an enormous crowd of Mexicans they were removed to the prison camp at Fort Bliss, where they were held under guard of a military sentry until the formal arrest was made. That the arrest of Generals Huerta and Orozco "kipped another Mexican revolution" is the expressed belief of the representatives of the department of justice. United States officials had information that led them to believe that Huerta was to be taken by Orozco at once into Mexico to lead a military expedition, possibly against Juarez.

A large quantity of ammunition and rifles had been bought here by a purchasing agent of the new revolution and was stored in a warehouse back of General Orozco's home. Huerta denied he was planning to re-enter the lists as a revolutionary leader. He said: "If Villa and Carranza want to scratch their eyes out let them go to it, I am on the outside looking in. I am going to find a job contracting for cement work. Crushing cement will be easier than crushing Mexican revolutions."

It was learned here that the basis of the federal warrant on which Gen. Victoriano Huerta was arrested was the discovery of the purchase of a large quantity of war material to be used in furthering a military movement in Mexico.

WILSON WON'T SEE ANGELES

Envoys of Mexican Leader Reach President's Summer Home at Cornish, N. H.

Cornish, N. H., June 30.—Colonel Jesus Aguilar and Maj. I. A. Garcia arrived in Cornish, N. H., to arrange a conference between President Wilson and General Angeles. The president told Dr. Carey T. Grayson to explain to the Mexicans that he is on a vacation and is seeing no visitors. The Mexicans left a message for the president proposing the naming of Vesque Tagle as provisional president of Mexico. They stated that both General Villa and General Angeles were favorable to his selection, and believed he would be an ideal man. President Wilson may possibly see General Angeles in Washington after his return from Cornish, but has not yet given any hint of his intentions.

NEW RUSS MINISTER OF WAR

Pollivanoff Succeeds Soukhomlinoff by Czar's Order as Reorganized Russian Cabinet Visits Ruler.

Petrograd, June 29.—An official statement issued says the emperor has accepted the resignation of General Soukhomlinoff as minister of war and designated General Pollivanoff to succeed him. General Pollivanoff was assistant minister of war during the reorganization of the army following the Russian-Japanese war. He is popular on account of his liberal views. The reorganized cabinet has returned to Petrograd after a field conference with the emperor and Grand Duke Nicholas.

Trawlers Capture Submarine? Montreal, Que., June 29.—Passengers on the liner Grampan, just arrived from Great Britain, stated that while near the English coast the liners passed three trawlers towing a German submarine, which was bot-tomside up.

GEN. VICTORIANO HUERTA



General Huerta was arrested by United States officers in New Mexico on a charge of inciting another Mexican revolution. He was set free on a \$15,000 bond.

U. S. CHARGES GERMANY VIOLATED TWO TREATIES

Washington Insists Berlin Government Pay for Loss of Frye—Not a Prize Court Case.

Washington, June 29.—In a note to Germany made public by the state department in the case of the William P. Frye, the American vessel destroyed by the Prince Eitel Friedrich, this government maintains that Germany has violated a treaty obligation by destroying the vessel and demands prompt payment from Germany.

The following direct statement of the attitude of the United States is made by Secretary of State Lansing, who signed the note: "The real question between the two governments is what reparation must be made for a breach of treaty obligations and that is not a question which falls within the jurisdiction of the prize court."

Secretary of State Lansing points out to Germany that she previously admitted under the treaties of 1799 and 1829 her responsibility for the sinking of the Frye. He tells Germany that she now justifies the sinking under those two treaties and that because the treaties do not provide a way for paying indemnities the German foreign office has decided that the case must be referred to a prize court.

QUIGLEY'S CONDITION GRAVE

Relatives Called to Beside of Chicago Prelate—At Brother's Buffalo Home.

Rochester, N. Y., June 29.—Four physicians held a consultation at the home of Chief of Police Joseph M. Quigley, where his brother, Rt. Rev. James E. Quigley of Chicago, lies critically ill. It was announced that the prelate's condition is gravely serious. Archbishop Quigley is suffering from a nervous breakdown. Rev. Raymond C. Quigley of Corning, a nephew, and brother Donatita of the Alexian Brothers are within call of the sick room.

CARRANZA ARMY IS REPULSED

General Gonzales' Force Repulsed at Mexican Capital by Zapatista Defenders.

Washington, June 26.—That Gen. Pablo Gonzales and his Carranzista army, sent to occupy Mexico City were repulsed by a heavy artillery fire from the Zapatista defenders of the capital and forced to retreat some distance from the outskirts of the capital, was the news received in Washington from reliable sources. General Carranza had expected the Zapatistas to withdraw without showing fight.

3 ALABAMA MURDERERS HUNG

Two Negroes Are Executed at Birmingham and One White Man at Anniston.

Birmingham, Ala., June 26.—Len Carter, convicted of the murder of his wife, and Syd Jones, who killed a fellow convict in the Banner mines, were hanged in the county jail. Both were negroes. Tim Sharpe was hanged in Anniston for the murder of two policemen.

Captain of Flag Gets Reward. Rome, June 30.—For the capture of the first Austrian flag since the beginning of hostilities, a Tuscan infantryman, S. Brana, was awarded a silver medal and given \$2,000.

RESTA WINS BIG RACE

WORLD'S AUTO RECORDS GO CRASHING AS ITALIAN LEADS CHICAGO DERBY.

AVERAGES 97.60 AN HOUR

Victor Thrills Crowd by Clipping High Mark for Distance 26 Minutes 28 Seconds—Porporato Finishes Second—Grant Never Stops.

HOW RACERS FINISHED

Car and Driver. Time. Av'ge. Peugeot, Resta 5:07:27 97.60 Sunbeam, Porporato 5:10:50 96.50 Maxwell, Rickenbacher 5:14:20 95.80 Sunbeam, Grant 5:15:35 95.06 Stutz, E. Cooper 5:15:59 94.90 Stutz, Anderson 5:19:00 94.04 Duesenberg, Alley 5:27:04 91.70 Delage, Chevrolet 5:27:15 91.60 Peugeot, Burman 5:28:05 91.20 Sebring, J. Cooper 5:30:10 90.30

Speedway Park, Chicago, June 28.—Dario Resta, Italian motor racer, is the speed king of the world. He drove an automobile for 500 miles at a pace faster than it was ever driven before. He shattered world records, won prizes aggregating \$23,000, fought his way to supremacy over twenty rivals, and crossed the tape an easy winner of Chicago's first auto derby.

In his Peugeot French racing car, Resta traveled the 500 miles in five hours, seven minutes and twenty-seven seconds. His average rate of speed throughout the race was 97.6 miles an hour.

Once, in a hair raising spurt that spread the silence of fear over 55,000 spectators, he circled the two-mile course at the speed of 107 miles an hour.

All Break Records. Every one of the ten winning cars that followed Resta to the finish line made better time than the world's record established at the Indianapolis speedway on Memorial day by Ralph De Palma.

Porporato, another native of the land that once held all the high speed chariot records, finished second. He drove a hard race in his English racing car, the Sunbeam special Traveling at the rate of 96.5 miles an hour, he devoured the 500 miles in five hours, ten minutes, and fifty seconds. He won the second prize of \$10,000.

The first American to receive the checkered flag was Rickenbacher, who sent his American-made racer, a Maxwell special, across the line for third place. An average rate of 95.8 miles an hour brought the foremost American racer \$5,000 prize money.

Grant Never Stops. Grant, in another Sunbeam car, earned fourth place and prize with a wonderfully maintained speed of 95.6 miles per hour. In making his remarkable endurance drive, Grant stopped not once at the pits. This veteran of the speed course stopped neither for gasoline, tires, repairs, water nor food. With his gas tanks empty in the last half of the last lap of the long grind, he coasted in across the line and smashed the world's nonstop competitive record. The performance is startling to all motorists.

WILSON TAKING REAL REST

President Goes Automobiling Over Countryside—Gets Reassuring Messages From Washington.

Windsor, Vt., June 28.—With members of his family, President Wilson spent a quiet and uneventful day and night. He remained at the "summer White House," working on some correspondence, went automobiling through the Connecticut valley to Hanover, N. H., and White River Junction, Vt. He was accompanied on the ride by Mr. and Mrs. Francis B. Sayre, Miss Margaret Wilson, and Dr. Cary T. Grayson. Miss Helen Woodrow Bones and "Baby" Sayre remained at Harikenden house. The president received word from the White House in Washington that everything "was quiet." At present he has no expectation of leaving before July 4. While Mr. Wilson was riding three negro employees on his private car put out a fire.

THAW STILL INSANE—EVELYN

Actress Wife of Slayer Will. Not Testify Against Him Unless Forced by State.

Malone, N. Y., June 29.—Evelyn Nesbit Thaw is still unconvinced by her husband, Harry Thaw, who is now fighting for his liberty in sanity proceedings in New York city.

But unconvinced, she is unwilling to testify against him. Sought by subpoena servers for the state, she consented to talk to a reporter. "That's all I hear, that's all I hear—that they are going to free him, that he is being persecuted," she said, "but when the state of New York frees Harry K. Thaw it will have turned its back on common decency. The man is as mad today as he was on the night of the murder."

GERMAN NOTE IS PEACEFUL

Will Not Sink Ships If Assured That Merchant Vessels Won't Attack Submarines.

Berlin, June 26.—Germany will modify her submarine warfare to meet the demands of the United States provided it is given assurances that merchant ships will not attempt to sink the underwater craft which ball them. It was learned that this is one of the chief points in the preliminary draft of the reply to the second American note, which is being drawn up by Foreign Secretary von Jagow.

L. D. BRANDEIS



Mr. Brandeis, presiding over the convention of American Zionist organizations in Boston, was hailed as the future leader of all Jews.

RUSSIANS DRIVEN OUT OF GALICIA BY TEUTONS

Austro-German Forces Occupy Tomaszow, Poland, Says Vienna—Petrograd Says Losses Are Heavy.

Vienna, June 30.—Tomaszow, in Russian Poland, has been captured by the Austro-German forces, according to an announcement made by the Austrian war office. North of Kamionka, nearly thirty miles northeast of Lemberg, the Austrians repulsed a Russian attack which was made in great force.

London, June 30.—Sweeping across the frontier of Poland, 30 miles northeast of Lemberg, the German army has bent back the Russian line at Mosty Wielkie and northeast of Tomaszow, Poland, and for the first time since Von Hindenburg's retreat months ago has placed a huge body of Teutonic troops on Russian soil in this region for the new drive upon Warsaw.

Teutonic gains in this region, according to the official statement from Berlin, were accomplished only after a stubborn battle by the Russians who were finally forced back by a heavy fire from the great German guns which demolished their defenses. Following the retreat of the Russians in this region to the River Bug, the Slavs crossed that river and are retreating upon the Nanew and the River San.

At the same time General von Linsingen's army, which captured Halez, after a five-days' battle, has thrown the Russians back at practically all points along the Dniester, forcing them across the Gaita Lipa river at Firtelov, 30 miles southeast of Lemberg.

General von Hindenburg, who led two unsuccessful drives against Warsaw early in the war, is now leading a heavy attack on the Russian defenses about Przasnysz. His plan is to descend upon Warsaw from the northwest, while Von Mackensen cuts northward against the Polish capital.

From Berlin reports it appears that the only foothold which the Russians now maintain on Austrian soil is in southeastern Galicia, and at a few points some miles east of Lemberg. It is asserted that Petrograd that the next great battle will be along a 30-mile front east and northeast of Lemberg.

Unofficial dispatches received indirectly from the Russian front place the number of Teutonic casualties in the Galician campaign at 760,000, divided equally between the Germans and Austrians.

ZEPPELIN SHEDS SHELLED

French Aeroplane Obligated by Engine Trouble to Descend in Switzerland—Germans Win Air Duel.

London, June 29.—A French aeroplane dropped eight bombs on the Zeppelin hangar at Friedrichshafen and was obliged by engine trouble to land while escaping at Rheinfelden, on Swiss territory, according to the French official communique.

Berlin, June 29.—German aviators won a duel in the air with allied flyers, according to a statement issued here. It says: "In an aerial battle two enemy flying machines were shot down north of Schultsch pass and at Gardamer. Two other aeroplanes were forced to descend by our artillery at Lagritson and at Rheinfelden, on the Schwarle, in Swiss territory."

GERMAN NOTE IS PEACEFUL

Will Not Sink Ships If Assured That Merchant Vessels Won't Attack Submarines.

Berlin, June 26.—Germany will modify her submarine warfare to meet the demands of the United States provided it is given assurances that merchant ships will not attempt to sink the underwater craft which ball them. It was learned that this is one of the chief points in the preliminary draft of the reply to the second American note, which is being drawn up by Foreign Secretary von Jagow.

U. S. SHIPS ARE SAFE

GERMANY NOTIFIES COMMANDERS OF SUBMARINES NOT TO ATTACK VESSELS.

AMERICANS ARE NOT HOSTILE

Dr. Meyer-Gerhard, Special Envoy to Kaiser, Says Germans and Yankees Merely Misunderstand Each Other—Should Be Friends, He Says.

Washington, June 30.—Evidence accumulated at the state department that concrete plans are in process of formation between the United States and Germany to reduce to a minimum the dangers to American life and property in the German war zone.

It can be stated as a fact that there have been intimations from Germany, although not directly from the foreign office, that effort is now being made to avoid attacks on vessels flying the American flag.

It was admitted at the department on Tuesday that the United States is now advising the German foreign office of the date of sailing from America of every vessel flying the American flag and also of the approximate time such vessels will pass into the German war zone. This information is sent to Ambassador Gerard for communication to the German admiralty.

Officials say that it is obvious that the German admiralty has sent new stringent orders to its submarine commanders to avoid attacks on vessels flying the American flag unless absolutely certain that the flag is employed for deception.

There would be no surprise now at the state department if Germany was to admit her liability for reparation in the case of the Lusitania.

U. S. Not Hostile, Says Gerhard. Berlin, June 30.—Dr. Anton Meyer-Gerhard, special envoy of Count Bernstorff to the kaiser, published an article in Der Tag explaining the views of the United States regarding the Lusitania case.

"Germany and the United States misunderstand each other." That is the gist of the article. Doctor Gerhard adds that "German efficiency is making friends for the fatherland in the United States every day."

"It is true," says Dr. Meyer-Gerhard, "that the American press, with some laudable exceptions, especially the German-American papers, have not succeeded in remaining neutral, but the influence of the press upon public opinion is sometimes greatly overestimated. Doubtless large sections of the American people are friendly toward Germany, whose efficient organization is daily winning friends and arousing interest in things German."

Many in Sympathy. "One excellent effect of the war is upon German-Americans, who, without sacrifice of their loyalty to their adopted country, have shown strong remembrance of their descent, their education and their culture. Beside them, on the other side of the ocean, there are wide circles who sympathize with Germany."

Alluding to the discussion over the ammunition question, Dr. Meyer-Gerhard says: "Germans often mistake large ammunition orders for filled orders. To a large extent such orders are changing big factories into ammunition works. This is regrettable, but the writer is convinced that large parts of the American people disapprove of it. A popular vote would show a considerable majority against the practice."

BLAST SPOILS MOVIE PICTURE

Actresses Seriously Burned When Powder Goes Up at New York Studio.

New York, June 30.—Five hundred and fifty men and women, crowded into a temporary structure built for a moving picture scene, were imperiled by fire by the premature explosion of powder which was to have been used later to demolish the building. The most seriously injured is Miss May Kearney, a moving picture actress. At the Coney Island hospital it was said her condition was critical. Miss Catherine Fox and Mrs. Cockran Willard, actresses, were seriously burned and half a dozen others were slightly hurt. The explosion was caused by a wagon driving over electric wires on the ground leading to the powder and establishing a short circuit.

ALTON RAILROAD WINS FIGHT

Jefferson City, Mo., June 30.—The Missouri supreme court sustained the demurrer of the Chicago & Alton railroad against the suit of the state to recover \$2,000,000 in alleged excess fares collected while the two-cent rate and maximum freight laws were in litigation.

LIVE NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

Two thousand Albanian troops were killed or wounded in an attack on the Montenegrin frontier.

An unidentified negro was lynched near Cedar Bluff, Miss. The negro confessed he entered the room of a young white woman.

Thirteen hundred Turks have been killed in an all-day fight for a Turkish position at the Dardanelles, says an official bulletin from Cairo.

The Anchor liner Cameoona, which reached Liverpool from New York, reports that she was attacked during the voyage by a submarine, which the captain believes he rammed and sank. Mrs. Drusilla Carr was given title to 143 acres of land just east of Gary, Ind., worth perhaps \$1,000,000. She squatted there 40 years ago. The case has been in courts over five years.

A total of \$4,000,000 in tolls was collected for the use of the Panama canal in the time between the opening of the waterway for traffic in May last year up to June 5 last it was announced at Washington.

Governor Dunne ordered John P. Devine to remain at Joliet until he has cleared up satisfactorily all the reported irregularities concerning the investigation into the murder of Mrs. Odette Allen, wife of the warden.

The honorary degree of doctor of laws has been conferred upon Surgeon General William G. Gorgas of the United States army by Georgetown university in recognition of his work in the Panama canal zone.

Great crowds of students and citizens gathered in Potsdam, Germany, and tendered an ovation to Queen Victoria of Sweden, en route to Stockholm, following a visit with her mother, the Grand Duchess of Baden.

Gen. Christian De Wet, the famous Boer soldier, who was leader of the recent South African uprising, was found guilty on eight counts of the indictment charging him with treason. It is expected that he will be executed.

Secretary of State Robert Lansing denied a report at Washington that the United States had in any way, and particularly by a suggestion to Great Britain, prevented the use of Japanese troops on the continent of Europe.

The gunboat Marietta, en route from Boston to Vera Cruz, was diverted by a wireless to Progreso, Yucatan, by the navy department at Washington. The exportation of sisal fiber for manufacturing binder twine is reported to have been interrupted at Progreso again.

TROOPS GUARD SLATON HOME

Inauguration of New Governor of Georgia Marred by Some Hisses for the Retiring Chief.

Atlanta, Ga., June 28.—Artillery, cavalry and infantry of the state militia stood guard all day at the home of John M. Slaton, who retired as governor of the state, surrendering the office to Nat E. Harris. During the day 26 men were arrested by the militia near the Slaton home.

Presenting the seal, Mr. Slaton said: "Governor Harris, I know that during my term of office this great seal of state has not been dissonant." His words were greeted by a prolonged outburst of applause.

Leaving the capitol the crowd surged in on the former governor and had to be held back by militia.

YALE CREW IS THE WINNER

Blues Capture Race From Harvard in Easy Style, Leading From Start to Finish.

Regatta Course, New London, Conn., June 26.—Yale defeated Harvard in the annual varsity crew race in easy style, leading from start to finish. The Blue won by seven lengths. The official time was: Yale, 20:52; Harvard, 21:13 1/2. The first race, the second varsity eight, was won by the Blue oarsmen, by about a quarter of a length.

THE MARKETS.

New York, June 29.

LIVE STOCK—Steers..... \$5.50 @ 8.40 Hogs..... 7.90 @ 8.15 Sheep..... 8.25 @ 9.15 FLOUR—Spring Patents..... 6.35 @ 7.60 WHEAT—July..... 1.12 1/2 @ 1.13 CORN—No. 2 Yellow (New)..... 85 @ 85 1/4 OATS—Standard..... 53 1/2 @ 54 RYE—No. 2..... 85 @ 86 1/4 BUTTER—Creamery..... 24 1/2 @ 31 1/4 EGGS..... 19 1/2 @ 22 CHEESE..... 16 @ 17

CHICAGO.

CATTLE—Good to Choice..... \$7.45 @ 9.75 Inferior Heifers..... 5.00 @ 6.25 Choice Cows..... 6.00 @ 7.40 Heavy Calves..... 7.50 @ 8.50 Choice Yearlings..... 7.50 @ 9.85 HOGS—Packers..... 7.25 @ 7.40 Butcher Hogs..... 7.55 @ 7.70 Pigs..... 6.30 @ 7.25 BUTTER—Creamery..... 22 @ 27 Packing Stock..... 20 @ 20 1/4 EGGS..... 13 1/2 @ 21 LIVE POULTRY..... 9 1/2 @ 23 POTATOES (per bush)..... 29 @ 30 FLOUR—Spring Wheat, Sp'l..... 6.70 @ 6.90 WHEAT—May..... 1.04 1/2 @ 1.07 Corn, May..... 75 1/2 @ 74 Oats, May..... 43 1/2 @ 43 1/4

MILWAUKEE.

GRAIN—Wheat, No. 1 Northern..... \$1.28 @ 1.33 No. 2 Northern..... 1.25 @ 1.29 Corn, No. 3 Yellow..... 74 @ 74 1/4 Oats, Standard..... 43 1/2 @ 49 Rye..... 1.18 @ 1.18 1/4

KANSAS CITY.

GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 Hard..... \$1.24 @ 1.30 No. 2 Red..... 1.15 @ 1.16 Corn, No. 2 White..... 75 @ 75 1/4 Oats, Standard..... 54 1/2 @ 56 Rye..... 57 @ 58

ST. LOUIS.

CATTLE—Native Steers..... \$7.50 @ 9.40 Texas Steers..... 5.25 @ 8.65 HOGS—Heavy..... 7.70 @ 7.75 Butchers..... 7.85 @ 7.90 SHEEP—Clipped Lambs..... 7.50 @ 8.50

OMAHA.

CATTLE—Native Steers..... \$7.50 @ 9.30 Western Steers..... 6.50 @ 8.30 Cows and Heifers..... 5.75 @ 7.35 HOGS—Heavy..... 7.75 @ 7.85 SHEEP—Wethers..... 5.25 @ 6.25

BOUNTIFUL PROMISE FROM WESTERN CANADA

Average Increase of Acreage in Wheat Over 22 Per Cent.

Province Increase Saskatchewan..... 25 per cent Alberta..... 32 1/2 per cent Manitoba..... 15 per cent Average for prairies..... 22 1/2 per cent Saskatchewan.

The growth of the crop during the past week was very satisfactory. Rain fell in many places during the early part of the week, followed by warmer weather, which has been most beneficial to the grain. Breaking and summer-fallowing were well under way, and conditions generally were most promising.

The following reports have been received by the department from the various centers: Denholm—A little rain needed in the northern part to start late grain; remainder of district plenty of moisture. Davidson—Ideal growing weather; a few farmers harrowing grain to conserve moisture by breaking crust formed since last rain. North Battleford to Prince Albert—Good growing weather; crops looking well. Slight damage near North Battleford from outworn; recent rains beneficial. Kindersley—Crops looking fine and prospects good; plenty of moisture, with prospects of more rain. Every slough in this country is full. Prince Albert—Crops in fair condition, though outworn and light frosts have done damage in some sections. Have had moderate quantity of rain.

Owing to prompt marketing of the harvest of 1914, the farmers were enabled to devote more time than usual to cultivation in the autumn, under conditions which were decidedly favorable, and that, combined with the opportunities for soil preparation presented by an early spring this year, has resulted in the seeding of a wheat area estimated at twenty-five per cent greater than last year. Areas sown to oats and flax may be less than last year, because of the concentration upon the cereal in greater demand for export. Wheat seeding was completed eight days earlier than the average, under almost ideal conditions.

Alberta. "Prospects excellent. Abundant moisture throughout the province, following rain. Area thirty to thirty-five per cent greater. Crop generally two weeks earlier."

Attention is drawn to the fact that the land has not been in such fine condition to work for years; neither has there been as much moisture as there was last autumn. This was protected during the winter by a little more than the average snowfall, which remained on the land, not being removed by the warm chinook winds, as is usually the case. There never has been a more optimistic feeling than exists today, judging by the information received from various parts of the province. We feel justified in saying that the crop never went in under more favorable circumstances; weather splendid and land particularly well worked.

While it is true that the acreage will be greatly increased, it is pleasing to learn that, despite the high price of feed, the receipts of milk and cream at the dairies continue to keep up, and that the output of the creameries has increased in quantity.

One of the most encouraging things in last year's work was the increase of practically thirty per cent in the output of cream and butter south of Calgary.

Manitoba. Owing to the exceptionally early harvest last year and favorable fall weather, a much larger acreage of land was prepared than usual, and partly for the same reason and the prospects of high prices for all kinds of grain, farmers took more pains in the preparation of land, so that the spring opened up with 1,235,000 acres of fully prepared land above the previous year. Seeding was general by the 7th of April, some days in advance of the average. Since that time the weather has been exceptionally favorable for the sowing of wheat, and the farmers have taken full advantage of it. Much of the crop is now above the surface. There has been a very general and liberal rainfall; this will hasten the germination of the recently sown wheat, and will prevent the soil from drifting off the later sown crop. The area sown in wheat fully 15 per cent greater than last year.

To sum up the agricultural situation generally, the Department of Agriculture says: "The area is larger than usual, the land has been well prepared, and the wheat has been sown at the right time; not so early as to run the risk of being killed off by frost, but sufficiently early to insure its ripening in the fall."—Advertisement.

Shocking and Inexcusable Waste. "The plaintiff in a recent suit for divorce," related the simp, "declared that he awoke in the night to find his bed soaked with alcohol and his wife hunting for a match!"

"Ar-r-r!" grumbled DeLeary M. Trimmings, "that was a heck of a way to waste alcohol, wasn't it?"—Kansas City Star.

Few women would care to be angels if they couldn't talk out loud to each other while the heavenly choir is singing.

If you want to study human nature don't patronize a correspondence school. Watch your neighbors.

SUPERVISORS' PROCEEDINGS Of DeKalb County, Illinois.

The regular meeting of the board of supervisors of DeKalb County, Illinois, was called to order at 7 o'clock p. m. by the chairman, Geo. Weidnerman, at 7:00 p. m.

The roll being called, the following named members were found present: Messrs. Anderson, Bell, Burton, Conrad, Dick, Dodge, Heyward, Jarboe, Kellam, Latimer, McGirr, Raymond, Stewart, Townsend, White, Wilkison and Chairman Warren.

The minutes of the proceedings of April 14th were read and reported that at the June, 1914, meeting of the board the clerk was authorized to remove the remains of Erady from the county vault in the cemetery, from the burying ground north-west of DeKalb and bury the same in some appropriate place where the grave would be taken care of. It was further reported that the said remains were removed by the Fairview Commercial club with appropriate ceremony to the Fairview cemetery, south of DeKalb, and that the expense of the removal was \$2.10.

Mr. Jarboe reported that the remains of an old soldier by the name of Caleb Muzzev was removed from the county vault to the Fairview cemetery and that the cost of said removal was \$10, and that the remains of Stanley Van Houten and Caleb Muzzev were buried on a lot donated by the Fairview Cemetery association for the burial of soldiers.

Mr. Townsend moved that an order be drawn for \$2.10 in favor of the DeKalb Commercial club for the removal of the above named old soldiers. Motion carried.

The petition of Elizabeth Aldis for appropriation for blind person was presented by the clerk and was referred to Mr. Raymond, supervisor of Cordland township, for investigation, on motion of Mr. Jarboe.

A letter from the state highway commission, in reference to the payment of the county share of state aid roads was read by the clerk and on motion of Mr. Jarboe, the clerk was authorized to make payment for state aid roads when the same has been accepted by the state highway commission.

Mr. White moved to adjourn to 9:30 a. m., Tuesday. Motion carried.

Board met at 9:30 a. m. and was called to order by Chairman Warren.

The minutes of the proceedings of June 14th were read and reported that before the board they were excused for committee session.

Board adjourned to meet at 1:30 p. m. on motion of Mr. Dick.

The board met pursuant to adjournment, all members being present.

The clerk reported that \$2,482.55 had been received from the U. S. government to apply on the \$2,320.52 advanced by DeKalb county for disinfecting for foot-and-mouth disease and asked that the board authorize the county treasurer to receive the same.

Mr. Townsend moved that the treasurer be authorized to receive the \$2,482.55 from the U. S. government. Motion carried.

The clerk presented a petition for county aid in building two bridges in the Township of Pierce, which were referred to the road and bridge committee on motion of Mr. Horan.

bridge mentioned in the estimate to which this affidavit is attached, is necessary, and that the same will not be made more expensive than is needed for the purpose required.

H. S. DENTON, GEO. WEIDNERMAN, W. H. SCHULE, Commissioners of Highways. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3d day of June, A. D. 1915.

The clerk presented and read the following letter from the superintendent of the Board of Supervisors, DeKalb County, Illinois: Gentlemen—Herewith accompanying this letter are plans for three county line bridges between the townships of Pierce in the county and Franklin township of DeKalb county as approved by the state highway department, and the superintendents of highways of Ogle and DeKalb counties.

The board of supervisors of DeKalb County, Illinois, is hereby notified that the state highway department has approved the plans for three county line bridges between the townships of Pierce in the county and Franklin township of DeKalb county as approved by the state highway department, and the superintendents of highways of Ogle and DeKalb counties.

The board of supervisors of DeKalb County, Illinois, is hereby notified that the state highway department has approved the plans for three county line bridges between the townships of Pierce in the county and Franklin township of DeKalb county as approved by the state highway department, and the superintendents of highways of Ogle and DeKalb counties.

The board of supervisors of DeKalb County, Illinois, is hereby notified that the state highway department has approved the plans for three county line bridges between the townships of Pierce in the county and Franklin township of DeKalb county as approved by the state highway department, and the superintendents of highways of Ogle and DeKalb counties.

The board of supervisors of DeKalb County, Illinois, is hereby notified that the state highway department has approved the plans for three county line bridges between the townships of Pierce in the county and Franklin township of DeKalb county as approved by the state highway department, and the superintendents of highways of Ogle and DeKalb counties.

The board of supervisors of DeKalb County, Illinois, is hereby notified that the state highway department has approved the plans for three county line bridges between the townships of Pierce in the county and Franklin township of DeKalb county as approved by the state highway department, and the superintendents of highways of Ogle and DeKalb counties.

The board of supervisors of DeKalb County, Illinois, is hereby notified that the state highway department has approved the plans for three county line bridges between the townships of Pierce in the county and Franklin township of DeKalb county as approved by the state highway department, and the superintendents of highways of Ogle and DeKalb counties.

The board of supervisors of DeKalb County, Illinois, is hereby notified that the state highway department has approved the plans for three county line bridges between the townships of Pierce in the county and Franklin township of DeKalb county as approved by the state highway department, and the superintendents of highways of Ogle and DeKalb counties.

The board of supervisors of DeKalb County, Illinois, is hereby notified that the state highway department has approved the plans for three county line bridges between the townships of Pierce in the county and Franklin township of DeKalb county as approved by the state highway department, and the superintendents of highways of Ogle and DeKalb counties.

The board of supervisors of DeKalb County, Illinois, is hereby notified that the state highway department has approved the plans for three county line bridges between the townships of Pierce in the county and Franklin township of DeKalb county as approved by the state highway department, and the superintendents of highways of Ogle and DeKalb counties.

The board of supervisors of DeKalb County, Illinois, is hereby notified that the state highway department has approved the plans for three county line bridges between the townships of Pierce in the county and Franklin township of DeKalb county as approved by the state highway department, and the superintendents of highways of Ogle and DeKalb counties.

The board of supervisors of DeKalb County, Illinois, is hereby notified that the state highway department has approved the plans for three county line bridges between the townships of Pierce in the county and Franklin township of DeKalb county as approved by the state highway department, and the superintendents of highways of Ogle and DeKalb counties.

The board of supervisors of DeKalb County, Illinois, is hereby notified that the state highway department has approved the plans for three county line bridges between the townships of Pierce in the county and Franklin township of DeKalb county as approved by the state highway department, and the superintendents of highways of Ogle and DeKalb counties.

in the towns in which said Republican party cast the second highest number of votes for governor at the preceding general election, said selection being hereto attached and marked Exhibit "A," and also the selection made by the Democratic members of said board of supervisors, said Democratic members of the board of supervisors belonging to the political party having the second highest number of votes upon said board of supervisors and said selection being for a majority of the judges of elections in each district or precinct in the towns in which said Democratic party cast the highest number of votes at the preceding general election and a minority judge of elections in each of the districts or precincts in which said Democratic party cast the second highest number of votes for governor at the preceding general election, said selection being hereto attached and marked Exhibit "B," also the selection of polling places made by the board of supervisors, hereto attached and marked Exhibit "C."

EXHIBIT "A." Selection of election judges by Republican members of the Board of Supervisors. Paw Paw—Geo. S. Hyde, W. E. Dole. Shabbona—Wm. H. Storey, Charles G. Ames.

EXHIBIT "B." Selection of election judges by Democratic members of the Board of Supervisors. Paw Paw—E. L. Wright. Shabbona—John Griffin.

EXHIBIT "C." Selection of polling places by the Board of Supervisors. Paw Paw—Town Hall, Rollo. Shabbona—Masonic Hall, Shabbona.

W. E. Holdrege, mds. 13.72 13.52 L. M. Ricker, mds. 25.84 25.84 H. Harrison, mds. 13.92 13.92 W. E. Holdrege, mds. 24.05 24.05 H. A. Willys, M. D. services. 24.50 24.50 Harry W. Triger, M. D. services. 51.00 51.00 H. W. Triger, M. D. services. 3.50 3.50 E. P. Dean, mds. 16.40 16.40

Watkins & Ravatt, mds. 10.94 10.94 A. J. Heeg, mds. 24.25 24.25 J. J. Morris, mds. 10.80 10.80 C. H. Wilkinson, M. D. S. 25.00 25.00 J. R. Vanness, mds. 7.50 7.50 J. A. Badgley, M. D. S. 62.85 62.85 J. A. Badgley, M. D. S. 127.75 75.75 J. R. C. Plewellin, mds. 104.48 104.48

All of which is respectfully submitted. GEORGE E. DICK, J. H. JARBOE, O. T. D. BERG.

Mr. Jarboe presented and read the following report of the claims committee and moved that it be accepted and adopted. Motion carried.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors: Your committee on claims would beg leave to report that they have examined and amended all claims presented to them, and recommend the payment of the following for the several amounts allowed, as follows, to-wit:

Name of Claimant. For What. Amt. of Claim. All'd. St. Vincent Inf. School, care of inmates. \$46.00 \$60.00 Glenwood Man. Train. School. 180.00 180.00 Lincoln State School & care of inmates. 106.99 106.99 Ill. School for Blind, care of inmates. 14.62 14.62 Jas. Scott, sheriff, fees for county. 343.30 343.30 J. E. Ketchum, livery services, exp. and livery. 361.57 361.57 J. B. Mitchell, justice fees. 12.30 12.30 V. A. Gilder, justice fees. 32.10 32.10 John Bauder, justice fees. 4.75 4.75 John Bauder, justice fees. 4.80 4.80 Roche & Conding, justice fees. 2.00 2.00 Oscar Ramer, constable fees. 6.50 6.50 Charles Miner, constable fees. 13.25 13.25 H. G. Wright, coroner's fees. 21.00 21.00 Gunley Warren Print. Co. printing. 59.85 59.85 Gunley Warren Print. Co. printing. 79.00 79.00 M. N. Austin, M. D. services. 15.40 15.40 Pad. Kenyon & Mont, labor and material on int. 233.90 233.90 J. E. Ketchum, livery services. 22.00 22.00 W. C. Miller, state aid survey. 18.00 18.00 J. L. Miner, constable fees. 2.85 2.85 G. N. Buxton. 11.85 9.00 J. E. Buxton. 7.50 5.50 Swanson Bros. mds. house and jail. 8.54 8.54 J. E. Ketchum, livery services. 4.00 4.00 Jennie E. Little, taking notes grand jury. 14.25 14.25 E. M. Burt, assisting state's attorney. 275.00 275.00 E. M. Burt, assisting state's attorney. 47.00 47.00

Mr. Jarboe presented and read the following report of the claims committee and moved that it be accepted and adopted. Motion carried.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors: Your committee on claims would beg leave to report that they have examined and amended all claims presented to them, and recommend the payment of the following for the several amounts allowed, as follows, to-wit:

Name of Claimant. For What. Amt. of Claim. All'd. R. N. McInnes, M. D. services. 10.50 10.50 Harry W. Triger, M. D. services paupers. 65.00 65.00 A. D. Blagden, M. D. services paupers. 10.00 10.00 H. G. Wright, M. D. services paupers. 15.00 15.00 W. W. Wright, M. D. services. 8.00 8.00 Louise L. Culver, M. D. services. 35.00 35.00 G. S. Culver, M. D. services. 49.00 49.00 E. F. Dudley, M. D. services. 10.75 10.75 Frances E. Willard Hosp., M. D. services. 26.00 26.00 T. S. Carpenter, M. D. services. 6.00 6.00 Byron G. S. Gronlund, M. D. services. 20.00 20.00 J. W. Oltz, M. D. services. 30.00 30.00 J. W. Oltz, M. D. services. 16.50 16.50 J. W. Oltz, M. D. services. 6.00 6.00 J. W. Oltz, M. D. services. 35.50 35.50 T. N. Austin, M. D. services. 42.00 42.00 M. N. Austin, M. D. services. 19.00 19.00 T. N. Austin, M. D. services. 36.00 36.00 Holcomb Bros. mds. 5.50 5.50 Mosher & Castle, mds. 12.45 12.45 Albert F. Stevens, mds. 60.25 60.25 Philip S. Lindner & Co., mds. 60.95 60.95 G. Goodman, mds. 23.29 23.29 Warner Mer. Co., mds. 79.39 79.39 Tibbits Inc., mds. 2.38 2.38 Winkfield Grain Co., mds. 29.62 29.62 H. E. Davis, mds. 70.78 70.78 W. A. Congdon, mds. 25.00 25.00 F. H. McKinley, mds. 9.00 9.00 Fred Harrod, mds. 108.29 108.29 C. S. Hunt, mds. 14.25 14.25 Johnson Bros. mds. 11.12 11.12 E. O. Dyer, mds. 39.89 39.89 Kier & Cooper, mds. 53.85 53.85 DeKalb Fuel & Mer. Co., mds. 2.00 2.00 R. N. Leslie, mds. 6.00 6.00 Zeller & Son, mds. 2.10 2.10 Holmes & Tschler, mds. 10.42 10.42 J. W. Douglas, mds. 51.72 51.72 John Lemke, mds. 10.63 10.63 D. Turner, mds. 1.39 1.39 Candian Lumber Yards, mds. 2.25 2.25 Holman & Hough, mds. 15.10 15.10

Mr. Jarboe presented and read the following report of the claims committee and moved that it be accepted and adopted. Motion carried.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors: Your committee on claims would beg leave to report that they have examined and amended all claims presented to them, and recommend the payment of the following for the several amounts allowed, as follows, to-wit:

Name of Claimant. For What. Amt. of Claim. All'd. St. Vincent Inf. School, care of inmates. \$46.00 \$60.00 Glenwood Man. Train. School. 180.00 180.00 Lincoln State School & care of inmates. 106.99 106.99 Ill. School for Blind, care of inmates. 14.62 14.62 Jas. Scott, sheriff, fees for county. 343.30 343.30 J. E. Ketchum, livery services, exp. and livery. 361.57 361.57 J. B. Mitchell, justice fees. 12.30 12.30 V. A. Gilder, justice fees. 32.10 32.10 John Bauder, justice fees. 4.75 4.75 John Bauder, justice fees. 4.80 4.80 Roche & Conding, justice fees. 2.00 2.00 Oscar Ramer, constable fees. 6.50 6.50 Charles Miner, constable fees. 13.25 13.25 H. G. Wright, coroner's fees. 21.00 21.00 Gunley Warren Print. Co. printing. 59.85 59.85 Gunley Warren Print. Co. printing. 79.00 79.00 M. N. Austin, M. D. services. 15.40 15.40 Pad. Kenyon & Mont, labor and material on int. 233.90 233.90 J. E. Ketchum, livery services. 22.00 22.00 W. C. Miller, state aid survey. 18.00 18.00 J. L. Miner, constable fees. 2.85 2.85 G. N. Buxton. 11.85 9.00 J. E. Buxton. 7.50 5.50 Swanson Bros. mds. house and jail. 8.54 8.54 J. E. Ketchum, livery services. 4.00 4.00 Jennie E. Little, taking notes grand jury. 14.25 14.25 E. M. Burt, assisting state's attorney. 275.00 275.00 E. M. Burt, assisting state's attorney. 47.00 47.00

Mr. Jarboe presented and read the following report of the claims committee and moved that it be accepted and adopted. Motion carried.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors: Your committee on elections beg leave to report the following selection of judges of elections made by the Republican members of the board of supervisors of DeKalb county, Illinois, said party having the second highest number of votes on said board and said selection being for a majority of the judges of elections in each district or precinct in the towns in which said Republican party cast the highest number of votes for governor at the preceding general election and a minority judge of elections in each of the districts or precincts in which said Republican party cast the second highest number of votes for governor at the preceding general election, said selection being hereto attached and marked Exhibit "A," and also the selection made by the Democratic members of said board of supervisors, said Democratic members of the board of supervisors belonging to the political party having the second highest number of votes upon said board of supervisors and said selection being for a majority of the judges of elections in each district or precinct in the towns in which said Democratic party cast the highest number of votes at the preceding general election and a minority judge of elections in each of the districts or precincts in which said Democratic party cast the second highest number of votes for governor at the preceding general election, said selection being hereto attached and marked Exhibit "B," also the selection of polling places made by the board of supervisors, hereto attached and marked Exhibit "C."

EXHIBIT "A." Selection of election judges by Republican members of the Board of Supervisors. Paw Paw—Geo. S. Hyde, W. E. Dole. Shabbona—Wm. H. Storey, Charles G. Ames.

Mr. Jarboe presented and read the following report of the claims committee and moved that it be accepted and adopted. Motion carried.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors: Your committee on claims would beg leave to report that they have examined and amended all claims presented to them, and recommend the payment of the following for the several amounts allowed, as follows, to-wit:

Name of Claimant. For What. Amt. of Claim. All'd. St. Vincent Inf. School, care of inmates. \$46.00 \$60.00 Glenwood Man. Train. School. 180.00 180.00 Lincoln State School & care of inmates. 106.99 106.99 Ill. School for Blind, care of inmates. 14.62 14.62 Jas. Scott, sheriff, fees for county. 343.30 343.30 J. E. Ketchum, livery services, exp. and livery. 361.57 361.57 J. B. Mitchell, justice fees. 12.30 12.30 V. A. Gilder, justice fees. 32.10 32.10 John Bauder, justice fees. 4.75 4.75 John Bauder, justice fees. 4.80 4.80 Roche & Conding, justice fees. 2.00 2.00 Oscar Ramer, constable fees. 6.50 6.50 Charles Miner, constable fees. 13.25 13.25 H. G. Wright, coroner's fees. 21.00 21.00 Gunley Warren Print. Co. printing. 59.85 59.85 Gunley Warren Print. Co. printing. 79.00 79.00 M. N. Austin, M. D. services. 15.40 15.40 Pad. Kenyon & Mont, labor and material on int. 233.90 233.90 J. E. Ketchum, livery services. 22.00 22.00 W. C. Miller, state aid survey. 18.00 18.00 J. L. Miner, constable fees. 2.85 2.85 G. N. Buxton. 11.85 9.00 J. E. Buxton. 7.50 5.50 Swanson Bros. mds. house and jail. 8.54 8.54 J. E. Ketchum, livery services. 4.00 4.00 Jennie E. Little, taking notes grand jury. 14.25 14.25 E. M. Burt, assisting state's attorney. 275.00 275.00 E. M. Burt, assisting state's attorney. 47.00 47.00

Mr. Jarboe presented and read the following report of the claims committee and moved that it be accepted and adopted. Motion carried.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors: Your committee on claims would beg leave to report that they have examined and amended all claims presented to them, and recommend the payment of the following for the several amounts allowed, as follows, to-wit:

Name of Claimant. For What. Amt. of Claim. All'd. St. Vincent Inf. School, care of inmates. \$46.00 \$60.00 Glenwood Man. Train. School. 180.00 180.00 Lincoln State School & care of inmates. 106.99 106.99 Ill. School for Blind, care of inmates. 14.62 14.62 Jas. Scott, sheriff, fees for county. 343.30 343.30 J. E. Ketchum, livery services, exp. and livery. 361.57 361.57 J. B. Mitchell, justice fees. 12.30 12.30 V. A. Gilder, justice fees. 32.10 32.10 John Bauder, justice fees. 4.75 4.75 John Bauder, justice fees. 4.80 4.80 Roche & Conding, justice fees. 2.00 2.00 Oscar Ramer, constable fees. 6.50 6.50 Charles Miner, constable fees. 13.25 13.25 H. G. Wright, coroner's fees. 21.00 21.00 Gunley Warren Print. Co. printing. 59.85 59.85 Gunley Warren Print. Co. printing. 79.00 79.00 M. N. Austin, M. D. services. 15.40 15.40 Pad. Kenyon & Mont, labor and material on int. 233.90 233.90 J. E. Ketchum, livery services. 22.00 22.00 W. C. Miller, state aid survey. 18.00 18.00 J. L. Miner, constable fees. 2.85 2.85 G. N. Buxton. 11.85 9.00 J. E. Buxton. 7.50 5.50 Swanson Bros. mds. house and jail. 8.54 8.54 J. E. Ketchum, livery services. 4.00 4.00 Jennie E. Little, taking notes grand jury. 14.25 14.25 E. M. Burt, assisting state's attorney. 275.00 275.00 E. M. Burt, assisting state's attorney. 47.00 47.00

Mr. Jarboe presented and read the following report of the claims committee and moved that it be accepted and adopted. Motion carried.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors: Your committee on claims would beg leave to report that they have examined and amended all claims presented to them, and recommend the payment of the following for the several amounts allowed, as follows, to-wit:

Name of Claimant. For What. Amt. of Claim. All'd. St. Vincent Inf. School, care of inmates. \$46.00 \$60.00 Glenwood Man. Train. School. 180.00 180.00 Lincoln State School & care of inmates. 106.99 106.99 Ill. School for Blind, care of inmates. 14.62 14.62 Jas. Scott, sheriff, fees for county. 343.30 343.30 J. E. Ketchum, livery services, exp. and livery. 361.57 361.57 J. B. Mitchell, justice fees. 12.30 12.30 V. A. Gilder, justice fees. 32.10 32.10 John Bauder, justice fees. 4.75 4.75 John Bauder, justice fees. 4.80 4.80 Roche & Conding, justice fees. 2.00 2.00 Oscar Ramer, constable fees. 6.50 6.50 Charles Miner, constable fees. 13.25 13.25 H. G. Wright, coroner's fees. 21.00 21.00 Gunley Warren Print. Co. printing. 59.85 59.85 Gunley Warren Print. Co. printing. 79.00 79.00 M. N. Austin, M. D. services. 15.40 15.40 Pad. Kenyon & Mont, labor and material on int. 233.90 233.90 J. E. Ketchum, livery services. 22.00 22.00 W. C. Miller, state aid survey. 18.00 18.00 J. L. Miner, constable fees. 2.85 2.85 G. N. Buxton. 11.85 9.00 J. E. Buxton. 7.50 5.50 Swanson Bros. mds. house and jail. 8.54 8.54 J. E. Ketchum, livery services. 4.00 4.00 Jennie E. Little, taking notes grand jury. 14.25 14.25 E. M. Burt, assisting state's attorney. 275.00 275.00 E. M. Burt, assisting state's attorney. 47.00 47.00

Mr. Jarboe presented and read the following report of the claims committee and moved that it be accepted and adopted. Motion carried.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors: Your committee on claims would beg leave to report that they have examined and amended all claims presented to them, and recommend the payment of the following for the several amounts allowed, as follows, to-wit:

Name of Claimant. For What. Amt. of Claim. All'd. St. Vincent Inf. School, care of inmates. \$46.00 \$60.00 Glenwood Man. Train. School. 180.00 180.00 Lincoln State School & care of inmates. 106.99 106.99 Ill. School for Blind, care of inmates. 14.62 14.62 Jas. Scott, sheriff, fees for county. 343.30 343.30 J. E. Ketchum, livery services, exp. and livery. 361.57 361.57 J. B. Mitchell, justice fees. 12.30 12.30 V. A. Gilder, justice fees. 32.10 32.10 John Bauder, justice fees. 4.75 4.75 John Bauder, justice fees. 4.80 4.80 Roche & Conding, justice fees. 2.00 2.00 Oscar Ramer, constable fees. 6.50 6.50 Charles Miner, constable fees. 13.25 13.25 H. G. Wright, coroner's fees. 21.00 21.00 Gunley Warren Print. Co. printing. 59.85 59.85 Gunley Warren Print. Co. printing. 79.00 79.00 M. N. Austin, M. D. services. 15.40 15.40 Pad. Kenyon & Mont, labor and material on int. 233.90 233.90 J. E. Ketchum, livery services. 22.00 22.00 W. C. Miller, state aid survey. 18.00 18.00 J. L. Miner, constable fees. 2.85 2.85 G. N. Buxton. 11.85 9.00 J. E. Buxton. 7.50 5.50 Swanson Bros. mds. house and jail. 8.54 8.54 J. E. Ketchum, livery services. 4.00 4.00 Jennie E. Little, taking notes grand jury. 14.25 14.25 E. M. Burt, assisting state's attorney. 275.00 275.00 E. M. Burt, assisting state's attorney. 47.00 47.00

Mr. Jarboe presented and read the following report of the claims committee and moved that it be accepted and adopted. Motion carried.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors: Your committee on claims would beg leave to report that they have examined and amended all claims presented to them, and recommend the payment of the following for the several amounts allowed, as follows, to-wit:

Name of Claimant. For What. Amt. of Claim. All'd. St. Vincent Inf. School, care of inmates. \$46.00 \$60.00 Glenwood Man. Train. School. 180.00 180.00 Lincoln State School & care of inmates. 106.99 106.99 Ill. School for Blind, care of inmates. 14.62 14.62 Jas. Scott, sheriff, fees for county. 343.30 343.30 J. E. Ketchum, livery services, exp. and livery. 361.57 361.57 J. B. Mitchell, justice fees. 12.30 12.30 V. A. Gilder, justice fees. 32.10 32.10 John Bauder, justice fees. 4.75 4.75 John Bauder, justice fees. 4.80 4.80 Roche & Conding, justice fees. 2.00 2.00 Oscar Ramer, constable fees. 6.50 6.50 Charles Miner, constable fees. 13.25 13.25 H. G. Wright, coroner's fees. 21.00 21.00 Gunley Warren Print. Co. printing. 59.85 59.85 Gunley Warren Print. Co. printing. 79.00 79.00 M. N. Austin, M. D. services. 15.40 15.40 Pad. Kenyon & Mont, labor and material on int. 233.90 233.90 J. E. Ketchum, livery services. 22.00 22.00 W. C. Miller, state aid survey. 18.00 18.00 J. L. Miner, constable fees. 2.85 2.85 G. N. Buxton. 11.85 9.00 J. E. Buxton. 7.50 5.50 Swanson Bros. mds. house and jail. 8.54 8.54 J. E. Ketchum, livery services. 4.00 4.00 Jennie E. Little, taking notes grand jury. 14.25 14.25 E. M. Burt, assisting state's attorney. 275.00 275.00 E. M. Burt, assisting state's attorney. 47.00 47.00

Mr. Jarboe presented and read the following report of the claims committee and moved that it be accepted and adopted. Motion carried.

ILLINOIS NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

Wire Reports of Happenings From All Parts of the State.

BISHOP TOLL FALLS DEAD

Episcopal Prelate in Chicago Stricken on Stairs Leading to Elevated Railroad—Had Been Minister for Forty-Five Years.

Chicago.—Rt. Rev. William E. Toll, suffragan bishop of the Chicago diocese of the Episcopal church, fell dead on the stairs leading to the elevated railroad. He was seventy-nine years old and had been a minister for 45 years. Bishop Toll was born in England. He was consecrated a bishop in Chicago December 27, 1911. He was educated at Nashota college, Nashota, Wis.

Duquoin.—The deputy sheriffs who have been at the mining camp of Winkle to preserve peace have departed from town and all is reported quiet. Only a part of the men are working and it is reported here that about one-third of the usual tonnage is being mined. Enoch Martin of Duquoin, traveling auditor for the United Mine Workers of America, issued a statement defining the attitude of that organization with regard to the Winkle situation. He declared the union officials would employ honorable means only to effect a harmonious settlement of the differences between the one faction of miners and operators and the other faction of miners who refuse to work under present conditions.

Peoria.—Fire in the main plant of the Wilson Provision company at the foot of South street brought every piece of fire fighting apparatus in the city to the scene and caused a property loss estimated at \$200,000. Superintendent Barrett led a squad of men into the main office just as the flames burst through the big retaining wall and secured the records of the company. In the brine room the flames swept through the entire second floor for a stretch of 200 feet unchecked and nothing but the bare walls of the main building remain. The cause of the fire has not been ascertained.

Springfield.—The entire state of Illinois is out of the exposed area, with the exception of the Union stockyards, for the first time since the outbreak of the foot-and-mouth disease. The state board of livestock commissioners issued an order taking from the restricted area and placing in the free area the counties of Cook (except the Union stockyards), Ford, Kane, La Salle, Logan, McLean, Peoria and Vermilion. The following counties were taken from the partly modified area and placed in the modified area: McHenry, Lee and Ogle.

Effingham.—Seventy-two counties were represented in the eighth annual session of the Illinois Abstractors' association, which convened in Effingham. Addresses were delivered by J. R. Morgan of Kokomo, Ind., on "America's Title System;" Henry W. Berks of Champaign, "Suggestions to Abstractors;" and Effingham Judge William B. Wright on "The Abstractor and the Title Examiner." A banquet of 150 plates was given for the visitors.

Springfield.—Joseph Leonard, a miner, seventy years old, was shot and instantly killed here by J. J. Irwin in a pistol duel on the front porch of the hotel of the slain man. Irwin was wounded in the head and is expected to recover. The quarrel between the men started several months ago. Irwin accused Leonard of feeding glass to his cow. Later Irwin followed his victim home. Leonard's wife ran out with a revolver to her husband and the fight ensued.

Percy.—While at play, imitating a wild west show act, Elmo, twelve-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Hart, was shot and killed by his younger brother, Harry, eight. Harry had a shotgun and Elmo an airgun, neither thinking the gun was loaded. An older brother who had recently removed the shotgun had forgotten to remove the shell. The father was working in the garden and the mother was away from home.

Duquoin.—Officers of the Southern Illinois Soldiers' and Sailors' Reunion association will meet at Carbondale July 8 to fix the time and place for the thirty-third annual reunion. Former Congressman N. B. Thistlewood of Cairo is commander of the organization and Capt. E. J. Ingersoll of Carbondale, secretary. Du

Straw Hats at Prices From 25c up to \$5.00

Without boasting we claim to have the largest and best assorted line of straw, silk and canvas hats in Genoa or any other city of equal size. If you have not already made a purchase of a hat for summer wear you will surely do well to call here. The line includes straw hats at prices from 25 cents to \$3.50 and panamas from \$3.50 to \$5.00. This season many are preferring the silk hats and caps. They are especially adapted to motoring, but also make a comfortable head piece for anyone to wear. Will be pleased to show you every hat in the place if you call and we know that you will find a style that is becoming.

The Home Of
WALK OVER SHOES
A. E. PICKETT
The One Price Cash Clothier

The Republican-Journal GENOA, ILLINOIS

Published by C. D. Schoonmaker

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, \$1.25 IN ADVANCE

If you want a diamond, talk to Martin. Absolute satisfaction guaranteed.

We wish to thank the many who have favored us with a share of their patronage in the past and earnestly ask for a continuation of the same in the future. Browne's Marble Palace.

People who have guaranteed to dispose of chautauqua tickets may get them at Slater's store on Saturday of this week. Right now is the time to get busy. The chautauqua this year is to be better than ever and the ticket sale will be good.

Genoa is well cared for in the line of amusements this week. The Robbins Comedy Co. is here all the week. On Tuesday night the Sherman Kelley Co. appeared at the opera house and the Garland entertained with a five reel feature. Petey Wales was here on Wednesday, the Garland opens again tonight and Saturday. An old time dance is scheduled at the opera house on Friday and the regular picture show is pulled off there on Saturday. That's going some. Now the Sherman Stock Company is coming soon for a week's engagement, under canvas.

The Woman's Home and Foreign Missionary Societies will meet at the home of Mrs. Howard Crawford next Tuesday, July 6.

The season for paying dog licenses is here and the marshal will soon be on your trail. Better have your dollar ready to pay for the little brass tag.

An old time dance at the opera house on Friday evening of this week is the next attraction for that place. Vandresser's orchestra will furnish the music as usual.

On a hot summer day it is some task to prepare a meal. Why not take a rest and eat at the Cozy Lunch. Our dinners will please you as they have others.

Can you get up in the morning? If not, get one of those alarm clocks at Martin's. All prices. For a genuine alarm ask about "Big Ben." Would be pleased to talk watch with you.

Those fine boy twins which make things lively at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Holly, had their noses broken Monday morning when a ten pound baby sister arrived on the scene. All doing nicely, thank you.

The Mission festival at the German Lutheran church last Sunday was well attended. The sermons of the day were exceptionally good and the collections liberal. Everyone enjoyed the social features of the day.

Jas. R. Kiernan made a deal last week whereby he traded in his old Maxwell for a seven passenger Paige. The new car is a beauty and can go some on any kind of road.

The "Colts" came over from Hampshire last Sunday and showed up nine of Genoa's ball players to the tune of 6 to 4. The principal features of the game were Hampshire's two extra runs.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Coffey, who are now conducting the Commercial Hotel, will move into Dr. Hill's residence the first of the month and convert the place into a boarding house. No tenant has been found for the hotel up to the present time, altho Mr. Sowers has several applications on hand.

Work of renovating and remodeling the C. M. & St. P. depot in this city is progressing. The interior will be so changed that it will look like another place. The two waiting rooms will be connected by a passage way on the north where the ticket window is to be located. In this passage way a sanitary drinking fountain will be installed. New doors and window casings and a fresh coat of paint will finish the job. Station Agent Canavan asked for a larger office and toilet rooms, but could not bring the officials to his point of view. Perhaps the latter improvement will come later.

NEW SCHOOL BUILDING?

Meeting of School Patrons and Tax Payers Called for Friday Evening

The board of education has under consideration the building of an addition to the present school house, architect's plans made and bids received for the work. The bids were opened Thursday afternoon. It was found that the work will cost something over \$10,000, nearly \$3,000 more than the architect's estimate. The board does not feel like expending this amount of money on the old building if it can be avoided. However, more room is needed in the school and there is only two ways of overcoming the difficulty, building the addition or the erection of an entire new building.

Before going ahead with any further plans the board desires to get an expression of opinion from the citizens of the district. It is evident that the people want a new building rather than put so much money into the old structure, a special election will be called for a vote on the proposition. If the opposition to the building of a new structure is too strong there will be nothing left to do but go ahead with the addition.

A meeting has been called for Friday evening at the high school building. This is a matter of great importance to everyone in Genoa, more especially those who have children in the school or are otherwise interested. Remember the date, Friday evening, July 2.

There will be no meeting of the Friday Evening Club at the M. E. church this week.

Owing to the fact that we will observe the national holiday on Monday, July 3, no laundry will be collected on that day, but on the day following.

Genoa Laundry.

Northern Illinois will have corn crop as per usual if the fall weather is normal. During the past week of sunshine the fields have made a wonderful change. Weeds are disappearing and one can almost see the corn grow. That which will amount to anything at all is bound to arrive at schedule height on the fourth of July.

The Mystic Workers of Genoa, Kirkland, Sycamore and DeKalb will hold a union picnic in the near future and the local lodge is making a strong bid to land the affair in Genoa. The Mystic Workers are strong in the three towns and will draw a large crowd to the city. Genoa wants this crowd. We sure can entertain them.

Thru the courtesy of the Exchange Bank, Petey Wales will show a motion picture of the manufacturing of paper money in the United States mint at Washington next Wednesday. This is the first and only photograph of the kind ever made, the permit being granted to Thomas Edison only. It shows how paper money is made from start to finish and will be of great interest. Remember this feature and do not miss it.

Mr. and Mrs. Bunch and daughter of Norfolk, Va., are guests at the home of Mrs. Estella Howlett. Mrs. Bunch is a daughter-in-law of Mrs. Howlett. Mr. and Mrs. Bunch will soon leave for California and the daughter will go to Missouri with her grandmother for a visit with the latter's sister. Later Mrs. Howlett and her sister will visit the San Francisco fair.

The boys are enjoying these days down at old swimmin' hole. The recent heavy rains left the river well up and the warm weather following has made swimming a real sport.

Sherman Kelley and his splendid company opened their circuit stock engagement at the Genoa Opera House Tuesday evening with an excellent presentation of the well known comedy, "The Beauty and the Banker." This company will play in Genoa every Tuesday evening, and will offer next Tuesday, one of Mr. Kelley's feature plays, entitled, "Who's Little Girl are you?" With excellent vaudeville novelties between acts. See Kelley and learn to laugh.—Adv.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Coon and daughter, Carrie; Harvey Peterson and Rhode Carlson motored to Lake Delavan last Saturday afternoon, returning Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Wylde left Tuesday for their new home at Los Angeles, Calif. Mr. Wylde is vice president of the health resort known as Bimini Hot Springs near Los Angeles.

Rev. Molthan went to Chicago Heights Tuesday where his mother enters a hospital for treatment. The latter's home is in Sollitt, Ill. She has been in poor health for some time.

Miss Virginia Rosenstock submitted to a minor operation at Sycamore Monday, the Doctors Wright of DeKalb being the surgeons in charge. The little girl was able to get out of doors the same day of the operation.

Q. L. Corchrane is here for a vacation. Mr. Corchrane has been traveling thru the west for several months and during his absence his wife has been making her home with her mother, Mrs. Electa Patterson.

The Misses Marion Slater, Gladys Brown and Irma Perkins returned home last Thursday, having been graduated from the Northern Illinois State Normal school at DeKalb.

Len Abraham and family came to Genoa from Morrison, Ill., Wednesday. Mrs. Abraham will enter a hospital in Chicago for another operation. The three youngest children will remain in Genoa with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Abraham.

Frank Stanley left this week for a trip thru the West. He will visit many points of interest enroute, including the grand canon of the Colorado, Sante Fe, Salt Lake City, Los Angeles, San Francisco, San Diego, Seattle and Yellowstone Park. He will be joined by Dr. Hill in California, the latter also leaving this week.



Why not get a new Lawn Mower

TO KEEP YOUR LAWN LOOKING TRIM WILL BE EASY IF YOU BUY ONE OF OUR LIGHT-RUNNING LAWN MOWERS.

OUR MOWERS ARE FROM THE BEST FACTORIES; STRONGLY MADE AND EASY TO RUN. THEY CUT SMOOTH AND EVEN, AND MAKE MOWING YOUR GRASS A REAL PLEASURE. COME SEE AND PRICE THEM.

PERKINS & ROSENFELD

Petey Wales

Program for next Wednesday

Francis X. Bushman and Edna Mayo in a three part photo play

Stars in their Courses Change

Extra special!

By permission of the United States Treasury and thru the courtesy of the Exchange Bank of Genoa we project one of the most interesting demonstration subjects ever photographed

"THE NEEDS OF COMMERCE" or "MAKING PAPER MONEY"

Photographed by Edison at the U. S. mint at Washington

"HAZARDS OF HELEN"

Comedy

"Ham and the Jitney Bus"

Admission, One Dime

Special Bargains

For One Week Commencing

JULY 3

Values you can not get elsewhere.

Read these items over carefully

Children's rompers and dresses, in fancy and plain gingham, very neatly trimmed, sizes from 2 to 5 yrs. regular 35 and 50c values, special price at.....19c

Ladies' white undershirts, made of good quality of muslin, 15 inch embroidery flounce, special price.....59c

Ladies knit vests, medium and large sizes, full taped, each only.....10c

Ribbon, all silk messaline, 5 inches wide in all the leading shades per yard.....10c

6 inch all silk messaline, yd.....15c

Summer dress goods, in lawns and figured lace cloth fast colors per yard only.....10c

Remember all Palmer Coats are now on sale.

THE CONTEST IS COMING ON

Have you bought a due bill or saved your votes for the girls? Get into the game and help them to win.

SHOES, SLIPPERS, PUMPS

In white, black kid, patents, all sizes. We make a special of large sizes.

Little folks and misses shoes and slippers. Buster Brown and the educator. Every shoe of good leather.

F. W. Olmsted, Genoa

FAITHFUL SERVICE IN OUR GROCERY DEPARTMENT

Includes These Features:

Purity, Honest Measure, Prompt Delivery

We consider one satisfied customer a good asset and many such our hopes for a living. For this reason every customer is entitled and does get the same faithful service. We handle nothing in the grocery line that will not stand the "PURITY" test, we give full measure every time and deliver goods to your door promptly on time. If at any time there is any cause for complaint we are only too glad to make things right. GET IN TOUCH WITH OUR FRUIT AND VEGETABLE DEPARTMENT.

JOHN LEMBKE




Karo
(CRYSTAL WHITE)

Karo Preserves, jams and jellies rival in flavor and richness the fresh fruits. Try one part Karo (Crystal White) and three parts sugar instead of the old all-sugar method this season and you'll always make Karo preserves hereafter.

Formulas for all kinds of fruits given in our Free Preserving Booklet.

CORN PRODUCTS REFINING CO.
P. O. Box 161, New York City, Dept. P.K.



Charter Grove Hatchery

My Incubators Will Keep 15,000—Eggs Hot—

From now on until your last hen's egg is hatched.

Custom Hatching 3c a Chick
Baby Chicks 8c Each

Write your wants to
W. R. HIBBARD,
Charter Grove, Ill.

HIGH GRADE PIANOS
AND
PLAYER PIANOS

LEWIS & PALMER PIANO CO.

Stores at Sycamore and DeKalb. Expert Piano tuning and repairing.

Phone
Sycamore 234-I DeKalb 38

GOOD ROADS MEETING

Will be Held at Genoa Opera House on Thursday Evening, July 8

A public meeting will be held at the opera house in this city on Thursday evening of next week, July 8, for the purpose of discussing the good roads proposition. Everyone in the city and country about who is directly or indirectly interested in the improvement of the highways of the county is urged to be present. Good speakers and men who know where of they speak will address the meeting.

The good road movement in DeKalb county is here to stay, a permanent organization having been formed. Under the law which has just been passed by the legislature and is now before the governor for his signature every county in the state is provided with ways and means for improvement. But nothing can be gained except thru organized effort. Farmers, teamsters and automobile owners should fall in line and join the association. We do not want to wait fifty years for the consummation of the work now under way, which will be the case if things are allowed to drift.

Attend the meeting next Thursday evening and hear what the speakers have to say regarding plans for the future. The opera house should be well filled with good roads enthusiasts.

Decker Buys Livery

Henry Decker, for many years member of a well known South Grove township family, and who last year removed to Sycamore and purchased a residence on DeKalb avenue, has bought of C. V. Peterson & Son the livery business opposite the court house on State street. The new owner took possession on Saturday last. Mr. Peterson has resumed the management of the hotel lately known as Hotel Staff, owned and formerly conducted by him.

MARRIED IN CHICAGO

Miss Irene Darham of this City Becomes Bride of W. M. Richard

Miss Irene Ursula Durham of Genoa became the bride of Mr. Wm. M. Richard in Chicago Wednesday, June 30, 1915. The couple will be at home to their friends at No. 7 West Pearson street, Chicago, after July 25.

The bride is the only daughter of Alderman and Mrs. L. P. Durham of Genoa, having resided here since a child. Mr. Richard is not widely known in Genoa but those who have met him speak well of him. The happy couple have the congratulations of Genoa people.

Agreement

We, the undersigned business men of the city of Genoa, hereby agree to close our stores on the 5th of July at nine-thirty in the forenoon and remain closed during the remainder of the day and evening. No deliveries will be made at any time during the day.

John Lemcke
Genoa Cash Grocery
I. W. Douglass
E. J. Tischler

38 2t

ALBERTINA BUSER COLONIAL CONCERT COMPANY.



THEY WILL APPEAR AT CHAUTAUQUA.

ROLLO M'BRIDE.

Rollo McBride, about whom Chicago and Pittsburgh papers have published volumes on account of his wonderful relations with prisoners and other unfortunates in these cities. He founded the "Parting of the Ways" homes for these men and makes it his business



to see that they have food, clean clothing, clean sleeping quarters and a job with a chance to "come back." Mr. McBride has focused the attention of leading men throughout the nation upon this very grave human problem. He will speak the afternoon of the fifth day of the Chautauqua.

Getzelman Gets Prize Herd

T. E. Getzelman of Hampshire just received eleven head of cattle from New York state which he purchased the first of the month at a sale in Cazenovia, the purchase price of the eleven being \$20,000. The Breeders Gazette in telling of the sale says that the bidding of T. E. Getzelman was the feature of the sale and that he purchased Queen Segis Lillah, daughter of King Segis for \$3,400. She is a 35 pound cow. Martje Colantha was also purchased by Mr. Getzelman for \$1,900. Three calves were secured for \$1,000 each.

Righteously Indignant.

Head of the firm (discovering that his apprentice and his young daughter are corresponding)—Well, well, it's love letters the rascal is writing to my daughter, and on my typewriter, too!—Munich Fliegende Blaetter.

MORE ANCIENT HISTORY

James H. Moore Tells of the Capture of Horse Thieves and Primitive Threshing

In running down the band of horse thieves in Genoa in the early days Mr. Furness, Jerry Madison and Mr. Riley assisted and were at the hanging of the rascals. Mr. Furness lived on and owned the farm now owned by David Divine in Charter Grove. Jerry Madison was my mother's brother, living in Genoa, and Mr. Riley resided in Charter Grove. I wish I could have been there as I hate a thief above ground. We have them here in California. A few years after A. B. Green's horses were stolen a man came along riding one horse and leading two others which were for sale. J. L. Brown, Mr. Preston and B. J. Brown questioned the man so close that he broke loose and went off on the run out of town. They soon got Mr. Blagden, Mr. Abraham, James Sowers and others after the fellow but he gave them the slip at the edge of Pigeon Woods. The two lead horses were deserted by the thief, however, and brought back to Genoa by the posse. The horses were kept in B. J. Brown's barn under guard until the owners came for them from LaSalle.

The first threshing machine in the community was run in Kingston township in 1847. It consisted of an eight horse or oxen down power, a jack, wooden tumbling rods, one table, one small boy to cut bands, no straw stacker except about four feet to carry the straw over the sieves, two men to push the straw back. The grain was measured in a half bushel measure. If they threshed 250 bushels of wheat or rye or 600 bushels of oats a day they were going some. The charge was 5 cents for wheat and rye, 3 cents for oats and 4 cents for buckwheat. A few years later a machine came into the neighborhood from Wisconsin. It was on a small scale. It was placed on a wagon and geared to the hind wheels so that when the wagon went forward the machine began to thresh. A large rack in connection was loaded with bundles, the weight on the rear wheels giving the traction power. A boy drove the horses and one man cut the band and fed the bundles into the machine. It scattered the straw all over the field. Mr. Gregory and my father had the machine to do some threshing but it was too slow for anything and soon drifted out of the country. It is a query in my mind if Wm. Whipple and Fred Naker would like to step down from their splendid outfits and try the old machine. It would make them feel weak in the knees for they were the banner threshers in DeKalb county.

The first steel tooth riding self dump hay rake came out in 1864, costing \$75.00. S. S. Mann and Seth Sherwood of Burlington had them. It wasn't every small farmer that felt able to own one.

In 1837 David Shurtleff came in, settled on Coon creek and built a log cabin. His was as noble a family as ever came west. A few years later Stephen Hodgeboom, Mr. Oakley, Mr. Garvin, Mr. Bigsloe and David Lyons settled on the road now running to Burlington. I heard my father tell of the trouble Mr. Lyons had with his claim. He had hauled four logs and placed them on his claim as a foundation for his cabin when he had to go back east on business. When he returned he found a Mr. Cook had taken possession of the place, preparing to build a house. He told Mr. Cook that the claim was his and that he (Mr. Cook) had no right there. The latter said "I am here to stay." They had some words and finally Mr. Lyons said "I will give you just two and one-half days to vacate my claim." Mr. Cook was very stubborn and said that he would never vacate. When the two and one-half days were up Mr. Lyons came back and found Cook in the same state

WE WANT A LIVE TOWN

LET'S all get together and help to make our community a live one. We all realize the consequences of poor business, stagnation in commercial affairs, depression of real estate values, low wages, etc. What we want is plenty of business, money in circulation, a live interest in the building of houses, the sale of lots and acre property and a genuine healthy condition of business in our community.

HOW SHALL WE ACCOMPLISH IT?

The easiest thing in the world. Just keep our money in circulation, right here among ourselves, and we will create our own prosperous conditions. In other words, LET'S PATRONIZE OUR OWN BUSINESS MEN, INSTEAD OF SENDING OUR DOLLARS TO THE MAIL ORDER HOUSES. Let's be loyal to our own best interests instead of helping to bolster up the big monopolistic establishments that are draining our resources of all the ready money in sight.

It is the aim of the big city mail order houses to drive the small town merchants out of business, so that we will all be compelled to send to the cities for our merchandise. The big mail order houses are spending thousands of dollars every month to accomplish this object.

THEY WILL DO IT, TOO, UNLESS WE ARE SENSIBLE ENOUGH TO STOP IT.

It is up to us to prevent the big mail order houses from driving our storekeepers out of business, for several reasons, the greater of which are that our community will be rubbed off the map if we have no business concerns and that our ownership of property here will not amount to anything, in this event.

The local stores, to a very large extent, make this town. The taxes paid by our business men are the principal support of our schools and churches. It is the taxes paid by our storekeepers that pay for the local improvements, for the street lighting, for fire protection and for all other communistic privileges and protection.

If we permit the big mail order houses to drive our business men out of competition, what will we have left? A place of empty store buildings, an undesirable place in which to live.

If the mail order houses accomplish their purpose it is possible that railroad interests will decide there is not sufficient business to warrant the stopping of trains here—because there will be no reason, then, for traveling men to stay over in our town, no freight to be delivered to our stores.

In such cases we will be trying to sell our property, but will find no buyers, for who will think it a good investment to buy property in a dead town?

But this is just what we must expect if we keep sending our dollars to the mail order houses, for it is only the business of the town that makes the town possible.

When we send practically all of our business to the mail order houses in the cities there will no longer be a necessity for, or a reason for, a town here. It all resolves itself into the question: SHALL WE HAVE A PROSPEROUS TOWN, WITH GOOD LOCAL BUSINESS, GOOD REAL ESTATE VALUES, GOOD WAGES AND GOOD MUNICIPAL DEVELOPMENT, OR SHALL WE HAVE A DEAD TOWN, WITH PIGS ROOTING IN THE PRINCIPAL STREETS, STORE BUILDINGS EMPTY AND WITH "FOR SALE" SIGNS HUNG UP, NO LIGHTS AND NO FIRE PROTECTION.

IT ALL RESTS WITH US. WE ARE THE ONES TO DECIDE.

Common sense and good judgment tell us to protect our own interests. If we don't, who will?

What can we expect from the mail order houses after they shall have received our money and the local storekeepers have been put out of the running? Shall we expect help and assistance from the mail order monopoly?

We all know that the mail order houses do not pay any of our local taxes. They do not support our schools, or churches or help to pay for our lighting the streets or for our fire department.

Every dollar spent at home means added wealth, added prosperity, added real estate values and added facilities of all kinds.

Every dollar sent to the mail order houses means more unfair competition for our storekeepers and less taxes toward the support of our community.

Which do we prefer? We must make the decision. Are we for or against our community?

LET'S MAKE IT A LIVE TOWN BY KEEPING OUR MONEY IN CIRCULATION AMONG OUR OWN BUSINESS MEN.

of mind, saying that he would never move an inch. That night Mr. Lyons came with a yoke of oxen, a wagon and two men, took the claim jumper by force, placed him in the wagon and drove to Coon creek. They waded in up to their waists and ducked Cook under. When he came up he was still stubborn. After the third ducking, however, he was nearly a goner and agreed to move inside of two days. He went to Shattuk's Grove. That was one way of serving the claim jumper in the early day. Pretty harsh treatment.

JAMES H. MOORE,
Fresno, Calif., June 1, 1915.
Fully Prepared.

"How is this, Herr Zwetscke? You have got your room full of oleanders and other tropical plants, and a telephone, I see." "You see I have been asked to compose a poem on spring, that is why I have had a telephone laid on the public park to enable me to listen to the singing of the birds."—Der Floh.

Announcement
to Threshermen and
Power Farming Machinery Owners

We have secured the agency for the best known lines of Threshing Machinery, including Steam Engines, Gas and Kerosene Tractors, Grain Separators, Corn Huskers, Clover Hullers, Power Plows, and Thresher Supplies.

We represent

**Rumely -- Advance
Gaar Scott**



20 Horse Power Advance Rear Geared

HOOVER & LOPTIEN
GENOA, ILLINOIS

Get a Catalogue for complete specifications



MISS GRACE CAMMERON

Coming soon - Wait for the big one - Coming sure

Genoa **ONE WEEK** Starting Mon., July 5

The Show You all Know

THE SHERMAN STOCK CO.

UNDER THEIR BIG TENT THEATRE

Everything new and up-to-date. A brilliant and successful company of players. Presenting more successful plays than any similar organization. Without exception the highest class popular price stock company on the road today. Complete change of play nightly. Opening in the great New York success

"The Wages Of Sin"

Positively the first time in this city. Prices: Children 10c, Adults 25c.

MONDAY LADIES BARGAIN NIGHT

Any lady will be admitted for 15c Monday night only. Tent located on usual lot.

Dickie Paid the Debt

By Alvah Jordan Garth

(Copyright, 1915, by W. G. Chapman)

"I decline to take the responsibility." It was with decided firmness that Robert Gregory, mine manager, spoke. It was with resentful lips and a deep scowl that William Dale faced him. "Don't stand in your own light, Gregory," he uttered, and there was a hidden snarl in his tone. "I'm not thinking of that," declared the young manager freely. "My mind is with the men. You order the old shaft pierced. It cannot be tapped above the two hundred-foot level. There isn't a man in the gangs you could hire to go down Old Seven. They know that poisoned air, fire damp, sure death lie at the bottom of the abandoned shaft."

"Oh, they always say that," retorted Dale irritably. "I don't ask them to go down Seven. I want the wall pierced so we can break through across it to the new lode." "Why not work around it in the regular way?" challenged Gregory. "And waste over ten thousand dollars!" "A dozen lives are worth more than that," suggested Gregory steadily. Dale lost all patience with him. He looked ugly and menacing as he asked with an angry catch in his voice: "Then you refuse to give the order to the men?" "Positively. Mr. Ransom, the president of the company, may do so—I will not take the responsibility."

"But it is his expectancy to have the work accomplished by this time next week when he returns. He is bringing some capitalists with him. Your duty is clear—to put this work through, I fear," added Dale, as if he was pre-



"What am I offered?"

senting a clinching argument, "hesitation on your part may lead to the loss of his confidence—and well, that also of his family."

Gregory bowed with dignity and was silent, but he left the office fully aware of the significance of those last words. They referred to Miss Beatrice Ransom, daughter and heiress of the rich and powerful owner of the Blythesdale coal mines.

The allusion had disturbed Gregory. As he proceeded on his way his brain was hard at work, seeking to devise some method of tapping the new vein without risk. There was a way and he had suggested it, but it involved two months' labor and considerable expense.

On his way to the shaft house the young manager paused in front of one of the numerous wretched shacks that lined the road. A small poor crowd surrounded the place. In the front yard were a score or more of household articles, such as beds, a cupboard, chairs and tables.

A little white-faced crippled child sat on a bench just outside of the door, her crutches by her side. Standing near her was a hollow-eyed man, apparently her father. His eyes were swollen with despair as he viewed the proceedings about him.

"One of our workers, I remember him," soliloquized Gregory, becoming interested. "Oh, I see!"

Tacked to a tree was a legal notice of eviction and the seizure of chattels for delinquent rent. This was a common occurrence at the mines. In this special case, however, something in the pitiable helplessness of the little child and the forlorn bearing of the old man appealed strongly to the mine manager.

"What do you say?" shouted the auctioneer, taking up a bird cage and swinging it within the sight of his audience. "Cage and bird. A canary. Looks like a singer. What am I offered?"

The cage was of the commonest, its

feathered occupant as neglected-looking and cheerless as its owners. "Oh, papa!" spoke the little girl in pleading, tearful tones, "don't let them sell poor dear Dickie!" Robert Gregory moved to the side of the old man. "Don't I know you?" he spoke quickly.

"You put me on watch duty nights, sir," was the response, "but the old rheumatism laid me up. We came from the Dexter coal district when they shut down, and had no money. What you so kindly allowed me to earn here is all gone, and they're taking our poor belongings for rent." "I'll stop that," spoke Gregory firmly. "Don't cry, little one. You shan't lose your pet bird."

Robert Gregory was as good as his word. Inside of five minutes the claim upon which the sale was based was paid out of his own pocket, the goods restored to the house, and he was more than embarrassed at the overwhelming gratitude of his poor pensioners.

The little child had the bird out of its cage and was caressing it as if it were a petted child. "You don't know about Dickie," explained the old man. "He's a hero, he is, and an expert. Down at the Dexter mines twice we sent him into the shafts, and twice he came out, staggered and nearly gone. We knew what that meant, sir—fire damp."

A quick idea came to the mind of Gregory. He had read once of these trained mine birds. For some time he pried the old man with questions regarding the capabilities of the feathered pet.

"Can he do it!" exclaimed the old man—"could he tell how things are in the old shaft Seven? Why, sir, I'll be glad to try the experiment."

Two hours later a dozen curious miners watched a proceeding unique and mystifying to their point of view.

Old John Dean had not boasted vainly of Dickie and his clever abilities. The little bird stood on his finger, head on one side, watching him as if listening to an understood mandate as a board was pulled away from the shaft top.

Then, with a bright cheep Dickie plunged straight down into the gloom and darkness. Five minutes, ten minutes—no token of the return of the messenger. Fifteen minutes! John Dean looked grave and anxious.

Then a great wave of excitement passed over the gathered throng as there fluttered into view a wavering splash of yellow—Dickie.

The bird barely got through the aperture. Its head drooped, its wings folded. It sank, a helpless lump, to the ground. Its eyes moved once or twice, it straightened out, it spoke.

"It's death down there," spoke John Dean in a hoarse suppressed tone. "Poor Dickie—a hero to the last!"

At daybreak the next morning the warning of the expert little pet bore fruit. Old Shaft Seven was belching out smoke, the fire damp had begun its dread work.

"If we had pierced that wall, where would the new levels be now?" was the pertinent question Robert Gregory gravely put to Mr. Dale.

And the latter bowed his head, put out a trembling hand, and in his heart was a great thankfulness.

In a manner utilitarian, too, the fire damp cleared the way to safe progress in the new work.

Robert Gregory did not lose his prestige with his employer. Nor did he lose the peerless Beatrice.

As to the mine owner, he surpassed even Gregory in providing the Dean family a new home with permanent comforts.

Little Nellie Dean mourned the loss of her beloved pet. There was that which turned her sorrow into proud, peaceful calm, however.

Near the mouth of old shaft Seven a modest granite block of stone was placed, bearing the simple and touching inscription: "Sacred to the Memory of Dickie—a Bird."

MR. BARRIE IN THE CHAIR

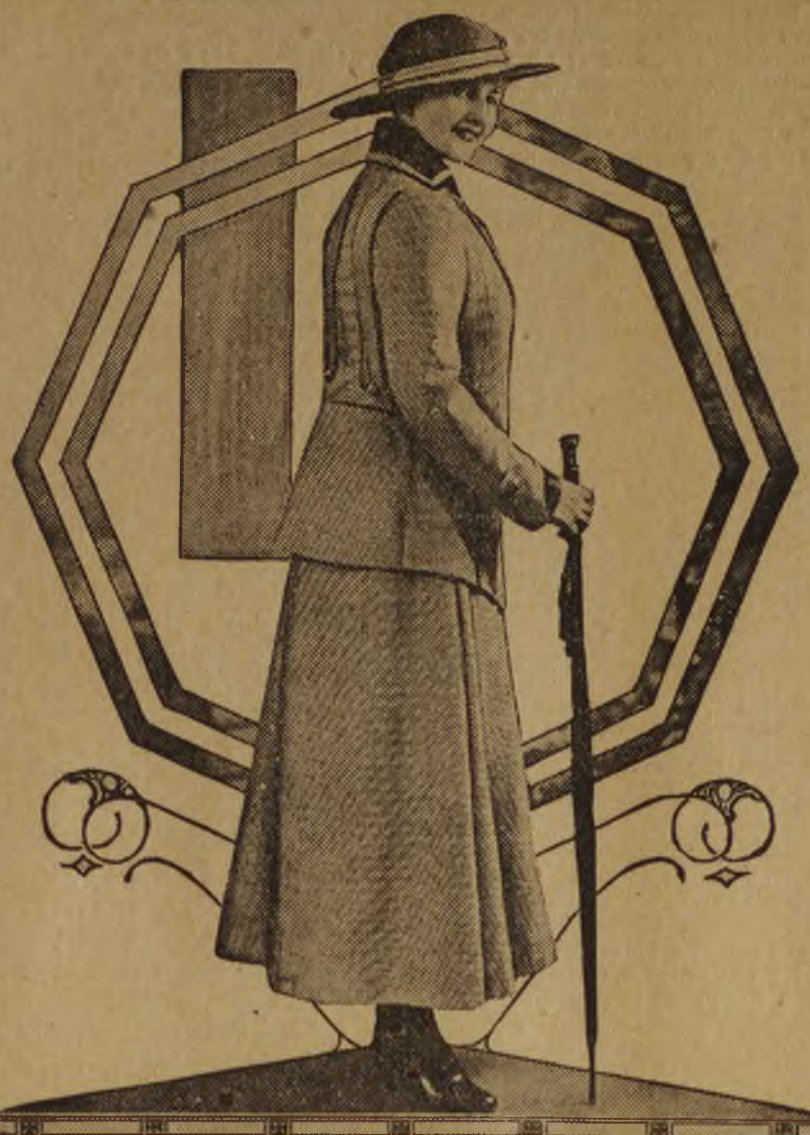
How Popular Scotch Author Served as Chairman of a Burns Celebration.

There is only one recorded instance of Sir J. M. Barrie's acting as chairman of a public meeting. In the Century Magazine John D. Williams has recently told the story to the American public. It was on the occasion of a Burns celebration.

Barrie took the chair as presiding officer and then kept to it firmly. Throughout the entire proceedings he did not utter a single word, but remained as if glued to the horribly conspicuous chair, loathing his predicament, but inwardly amused at the expressions on the faces of all about him, which made dimly clear the fact that he was a failure as a presiding officer.

When the meeting was almost half finished Barrie took advantage of a talkative group in front of him and quietly stole away before anyone had a chance to miss him. But the next week a well-known Saturday review printed a satirical article called "Mr. Barrie in the Chair." The thing was simply withering in its ironical account of the dumb presiding officer who eventually fled, leaving a meeting to preside over itself. The greatest regret was naturally expressed by those who had persuaded Barrie to come to the Burns celebration, and among his friends tremendous indignation was felt and vented. But some day they will know, if they have not already found out, that the article was written by Barrie himself!

Gowns of American Design



IF the new spring styles in gowns are strictly of American design, there is every reason to congratulate their creators. After a study of them one might be pardoned for quoting from the song which bids us heartily rejoice in the strength of our salvation and adding "from foreign-made modes" thereto.

The street costumes are cleverly shaped, comfortable, and clean cut. Their tailoring is a thing of faultless beauty. Skirts are short and just wide and flaring enough for comfort in walking and for style. Jackets and coats are easy and smart, improving the figure which wears them properly. One may have a choice as to length, as they are shown in both long and short models.

Materials are durable, old favorites being to the fore in the smartest garments. Decorations are few and elegant, buttons and straps and the introduction of outside pockets providing most of them. But it is the amazing cleverness in cutting both skirts and coats that this season has distinguished itself above others.

In party gowns skirts are more am-

ple, but made of the airiest fabrics over satin foundations. Bodices are modestly high, and satin bindings are used to finish the frounces and overdresses of net or crepe or chiffon. With all this fluffiness there is a little touch of the austere in the bodice usually.

In the picture given here a street suit of swell shepherd's plaid is shown. Plaids at the sides of both front and back pocket slightly flaring panels, the skirt being made up of four of these.

The jacket opens in a "V" at the front, with revers terminating at the bust line and an inlay of velvet which is carried to the high turnover collar.

A strap at each side of the back is finished with a simulated buttonhole and set, with a lone button, to the narrow, shaped belt which defines the slightly high waist line. The cuffs are odd, with the sleeve turned back from a band of velvet and fastened down with a button. The front of the jacket is almost straight, and cut with a dip.

The Motor Bonnet of Silk



THE motor bonnet of silk continues to stand at the head of the list as the most practical of things designed for the headwear of autoists. From the standpoint of comfort, service, low cost, becomingness, and the ease with which it can be made, the silk motor bonnet has no rival possessing all of its advantages.

There are, however, many bonnets that combine the soft millinery braids, like those of hemp or silk fiber, with silk in their construction, that are just as durable and becoming. By means of the braid the element of novelty in design enters into their composition, but they are less simple to make than the silk bonnets. The latter will not tax the ingenuity of the home milliner at all.

Taffeta silk is the most satisfactory weave to use. Its body gives the bonnet a chance to remain shapely; it sheds the dust easily and it is made in most appropriate and pleasing colors. Patterns by which to cut the body of bonnets are furnished by any of the standard pattern companies. Usually only about a yard of taffeta and a small strip of crinoline are needed, except when platings of the silk are used for trimming. An extra allowance must be made for this. Machine stitching, with silk thread, helps out in the finish and decoration of the all-silk bonnets.

The veil of washable chiffon holds its own with the silk bonnet as the best friend of the motorist. Chiffon veils are so essential that they form a part of the design in most bonnets and are always reckoned with, either as a part of the decoration or an accessory.

Several special kinds of hats appear among the spring showings of motor headwear, among them exquisite crocheted hats of silk fiber braid, and patent leather hats. The last are wholly rainproof. But the crocheted hats, and silk bonnets like those pictured here are not much damaged by rain. When the silk bonnet has served its day it can be replaced for so little money and is altogether so attractive that it is likely to remain a favorite.

JULIA BOTTOMLEY.

Velvets for Little Girls.

Girls from twelve to sixteen are following the example of their elders for afternoon in the wearing of velvet frocks. These usually have over-bushes or long-waisted effects, with the top skirt of velvet and the short underskirt of satin or plaided chiffon. A collar of lar lace and a satin belt or sash completes a very smart little costume which can be worn without a coat as warmer weather approaches.

Rice in Pincushion.

Rice makes an excellent filling for a pincushion. Take a yard of five-inch dresden ribbon, double and sew into a bag, stitching a quarter of an inch back from the edge along the sides, to leave for a finish. Fill it snugly with rice grains and you will find it keeps its place; even heavy hatpins do not turn it over.

Soiled White Inexcusable.

Clean white will cover a multitude of faults in style and material, but soiled white on a woman is quite as inexcusable as on a man.

GLOBE SIGHTS

Whisky talks. Adventure and trouble are near kin. There are some men you can't treat right. Theories won't fill a stomach like groceries.

Some reporters see signs of incendiarism in every fire.

We once knew a perfectly good man and he wasn't worth a damn.

A proud grandfather might as well admit that he is aging a little.

No boy should be named Algeron unless he has a suitable income to go with it.

While he doesn't mind running, a boy will go to considerable pains to avoid walking.

The letters a man forgets to mail, however, are less serious than those he neglects to burn.

By the time slippers become more of an asset than neckwear a man isn't as young as he used to be.

Neither can a man greatly enjoy a period of leisure if he has to devote it to searching for another job.

A man's idea of an appreciative woman is one who will harken to an extended recital of his autobiography. —Atchison Globe.

FOR LOVERS—AND OTHERS

Everybody who is at all alive is making love all the time to something or somebody.—"The Climber," by E. F. Benson.

To men, waiting is sometimes the hardest task in life; to women it is often the impossible one.—"Phoebe Maroon," by Mary Raphael.

A man will look into the eyes of a woman he has once loved and make no sign, but a woman always shows that she remembers.—"Life's Compass," by Priscilla Craven.

A kiss in the morning, another at night, and, for heaven's sake, don't bother me in the interval—that is marriage from a man's point of view.—"Here Are Ladies," by James Stephens.

The first kiss is usually the most passionate moment of a man's love story, but it is the later kisses which light blazing fires in a woman's heart.—"The Lesson," by G. Wentworth James.

Kissing is a mere matter of convention. Some women do it and some don't. To some it means as little as drinking a cup of tea, a pleasant and harmless stimulant. To some it is a sort of all or nothing.—"The Awakening," by R. S. Macnamara.

WORDS OF WISE MEN

We are as often duped by diffidence as by confidence.—Chesterfield.

Rousseau had not the talent of silence, an invaluable talent.—Carlyle.

A fool who has a flash of wit creates astonishment and scandal, like hack horses setting out to gallop.—Chamfort.

True friends visit us in prosperity only when invited, but in adversity they come without invitation.—Theophrastus.

A lady of genius will give a genteel air to her whole dress by a well-fancied suit of knots, as a judicious writer gives a spirit to a whole sentence by a single expression.—Gay.

Elegance is something more than ease; it is more than a freedom from awkwardness or restraint. It implies, I conceive, a precision, a polish, a sparkling, spirited, yet delicate.—Hazlitt.

With earth's first clay they did the last man knead, and there of the last harvest sowed the seed; and the first morning of creation wrote what the last dawn of reckoning shall read.—Omar Khayyam.

SOME REMARKS

Fools rush in where angels get cold feet.

It's hard for a man to be satisfied with his lot unless he has a lot.

Those who dance must pay the piper, but there is no use in paying in advance.

It's all right to meet trouble half way, but some people want to go three-quarters of the way to meet it.

FUNLETS

The mule possesses a good deal of the stuff of which martyrs are made.

Innocence is strong, but there is no particular harm in backing it up with a good lawyer.

Charming Porto Rico



COLON PLAZA, SAN JUAN

THE patriotic American who wears of the rigors of his home climate in winter wishes to seek solace farther south, it is not necessary for him to abandon the protection of his own flag. Let him pick out Porto Rico for his holiday, and he will simply be transporting himself from one section of the republic to another. Four and one-half day's sail from New York will land him at the quaint old capital city of San Juan, girdled with ancient walls, and boasting a combination of Spanish-tropical and modern American civilization of surpassing interest.

Porto Rico has been called "square as a brick," and this is literally so. It is a parallelogram in shape, 100 miles long and 36 miles broad, and on its 3,600 square miles it supports a population of 1,000,000 souls, 600,000 of them whites of Spanish extraction, 60,000 negroes, and the remainder colored people. It is one of the most densely populated islands of the West Indies, and under American rule it has progressed noticeably, both commercially and socially.

To the traveler its chief attractions, of course, are its picturesque scenery, old world customs, and luxuriant tropical vegetation. From far out at sea the voyaging American sights the towering mass of El Yunque, or "The Anvil," the crowning pinnacle of the rounded range of hills forming the island's backbone, which soars 3,600 feet above the sea. Then presently one perceives the bulk of old Morro—a once fortified Spanish town in the Caribbean had its Morro, as one soon discovers—with the multi-colored house roofs of the city shelving up behind it, tier on tier, and stretching away along the seaward face the crenellated wall built by Spanish Conquistadors, which connects with the fortress of San Cristobal.

City of Enchantment. San Juan is a city of infinite enchantment. Here one finds bewildering, but delectable, labyrinths of narrow, canyonlike streets, over which jut old world balconies, latticed and mysterious, through which jangle up-to-date American trolley cars, shouldering aside the bullock carts of the natives. There is the great gray pile of the cathedral, which contains the ashes of Ponce de Leon, "first Adelantado of Florida, first Conquistador and governor of this island of Juan," and many another famous don. There is the famous Casa Blanca, or Castle of Ponce de Leon, which he built for himself, hundreds of years ago, on a point projecting out into the ocean, still complete and every bit as medieval as when he left to venture on his last quest for the "Fountain of Youth." There is the vast mass of the Cuertal de la Ballaja, the barracks erected for the Spanish garrison, a ponderous pile of masonry, three stories in height, covering, with its patio, a space of 77,000 square meters, and now housing the Porto Rican regiment of our army.

It is hopeless to try to enumerate the out-of-the-way attractions of San Juan, a city which is utterly unlike anything the stay-at-home American has ever seen. It is Europe—and yet it possesses an abundance of charms that European cities lack. It is Spanish, Moorish, tropical, and, above all, Caribbean. Just fancy a city, for instance, which is inclosed by walls, and to enter which you must pass through massive gateways—and an American city at that. But there is a modern side of San Juan, a very modern side. It has all the facilities of business and comfort to which Americans are used. Here are fine banks, office buildings, hotels, restaurants and clubs. And after one has seen San Juan there is the rest of Porto Rico to discover, every mile of it containing fascinating memories, new and absorbing.

Forty Rivers in the Island. All travelers, as a matter of course, follow the route of the splendid Military road, most conspicuous monument left by the Spaniards, a highway 84 miles in length over the central mountain range from San Juan on the northern coast to Ponce on the southern coast. A line of motor vehicles traverses this highway. The only railroad on the island makes two-thirds of its circuit, and some day will be completed so as to link all of the principal towns, which are situated on the coast. The fare for the motor ride is eight dollars, and it gives a first-rate opportunity of seeing the inland vegetation of Porto Rico.

There are forty rivers in Porto Rico, not counting smaller streams, and its well-watered soil is tremendously prolific. On every hand one sees sugar plantations, tobacco fields and coffee growing on a wholesale scale. Indeed, there is very little unoccupied land on the island. Even the poor people cling to their holdings, realizing the wealth and the benefits constantly accruing to them in the way of increased production from the educational efforts of the agriculture station at Mayaguez.

The United States government, however, has set aside 65,000 acres in the rugged mountainous region of the east end section as a forest preserve. This tropical wilderness is densely clothed with verdure, bits of it having never been explored, it is said, and embraces in its extent the cloud-tipped cone of El Yunque, previously alluded to. Ascents of this mountain are more difficult than might be supposed, owing to the virgin condition of its forests, but they are well worth while, especially if the day be clear. Upon such occasions one may view the entire island, and glimpse the neighboring islands of Culebra and Vieques. Another point of interest, famed for its magnificent view, is the Alibonito pass, the summit of mountains crossed by the Military road. One pauses here for a few moments to view through the narrow gap the Caribbean on one hand and the Atlantic on the other.

READY WITH AN EXPLANATION

Guide a Little Short on Ancient History, but Proved a Hard Man to Corner.

The upturned guide at an English provincial art gallery deeply impressed a party of excursionists by the ease with which he reeled off the names of the bronze and marble busts.

This is Dante, and this is Lycurgus, and that one in the corner is Calligula," he explained. "The marble bust with the shaggy beard is Virgil!"

"Pardon me," an elderly bystander interrupted, "but you are giving our friends from the country misleading information. The gentleman with the beard is not Virgil, but Homer. This other one is Virgil!"

The guide recognized that his reputation was at stake, and turned on the daring bystander.

"See here, Mr. Clever, you think you know it all, but you've backed the wrong horse this time," he retorted. "It was here when the busts were made, and the sculptor—a clever man, but rather fond of his glass—got drunk one day, and chiseled 'Omer's whiskers on poor old Virgil's chin!'"

Then the bystanders gasped, and the guide went up with a bound in the general estimation.

Battle of Blenheim.

The Nibel river where it falls into the Danube is divided into several branches, with marshy ground between, and the French at the battle of Blenheim made it their left flank. The attack on the village had failed and Marlborough risked the crossing of this marshy stream, although the withering fire of the French artillery and the assaults mowed down his men like corn. But he not only succeeded in getting his own infantry and cavalry across, but routed the enemy when he had done so. It is recorded that the river literally ran blood.

Autos and Schools.

One farmer with a cheap automobile has more invested in that one piece of mechanism than the average rural community as a whole has in its school plant; and the owner of the auto frequently spends as much on the upkeep of his one car as the community spends for the total maintenance of the school, including the teacher's salary.—Exchange.

For the Young Man and Boy F. O. Holtgren

"The Royal Tailor Man"

The Store For
MEN AND BOYS

The regular price of clothing these days makes it possible to clothe the boy or young man well. From our line one can find a suit that will please in every way. The style is there as well as the wearing qualities. Right now we are making special prices on clothing for the younger members of the family. It is a good time to call with the boy and pick out a suit. We are always glad to have the mothers call, as we fully realize that they know the value of goods and appreciate good workmanship. It makes no difference whether the boy is about to wear his first suit or has reached the time for his last suit of knickerbockers, we can fit him. If he wants his first suit with long pants one can be made up for \$15.99. Satisfaction guaranteed.

PURELY PERSONAL

Mrs. Jas. Hutchison, Sr. is visiting her son at St. Charles.

H. A. Perkins and family spent Sunday with friends at Rockford.

Forrest Wilson of Marengo visited relatives in Genoa the first of the week.

Mrs. Carrie Reid called on relatives in Belvidere last Friday and Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Weideman are entertaining Chicago and Elgin friends this week.

Mrs. C. A. Briggs and children of Chicago were guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Field Thursday.

Bert Scott of St. Joseph, Mo., was a guest the first of the week at the home of Mrs. Elctra Patterson.

Clyde Perry and Miss Amy Noll of Chicago spent Sunday with Mrs. Kirkpatrick and daughter.

V. H. Julian and sister, Miss Corinne, of Chicago were week end guests of Mr. and Mrs. Loyal Brown.

Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Wells, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Buck and Miss Evelyn Patterson were at Camp Epworth Sunday.

Mrs. Foxworthy and son, Maurice, of Hoopston, Ill., visited at the home of H. J. Merritt Wednesday and Thursday. Mrs. Foxworthy was formerly Mrs. H. J. Wells.

Mrs. Charles Corson was an Elgin visitor last week.

George Sowers and wife were over from Elgin Monday.

Miss Minnie Reinken of Rockford is visiting home folks.

Mrs. E. H. Giddings of Lanark visited home folks over Sunday.

W. A. Eicklor attended the motor races at Maywood Saturday.

Kenneth Field will go to Rockford tomorrow for a visit with his grandparents.

Harvey Hall and daughter of Chicago spent the week end with Mrs. Margaret Shattuck.

Master Elmer Krause is visiting at the home of his sister, Mrs. E. H. Giddings, at Lanark, Ill.

E. W. Barnes, Jr. of Brooklyn, New York, visited last week at the home of Rev. R. E. Pierce.

Mrs. Kunkel and son, Paul, of Marion, Ind., are guests at the home of the former's sister, Mrs. B. F. Kepner.

Mrs. W. H. Sager, Mrs. C. A. Stewart and Mrs. Davis called on the former's daughter, Maude, at the Sherman Hospital in Elgin Tuesday.

Miss Marion Slater, who has been studying music at DeKalb during the past several months, will enter the summer school for music at Northwestern University the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Lembke are entertaining Mrs. Heft of Chicago this week.

Mrs. Carrie M. Peterson attended the children's day exercises at Ney Sunday.

Miss Eilene Robinson of Rockford is a guest at the Reinken home in the country.

E. A. Sowers and wife and Mr. and Mrs. Moody of Elgin were in Genoa Sunday, calling on relatives.

Mrs. Harris and Miss Wright of Chicago were Sunday guests at the home of their aunt, Mrs. J. W. Brown.

Mrs. L. W. Duval and daughter, Mildred, returned home Sunday after visiting a few days in Elgin and Dundee.

Mrs. R. E. Pierce returned home last week from a two weeks' visit with her mother, Mrs. R. C. Gillham, at Edwardsville, Ill.

Mrs. M. D. Myers left on Wednesday for her home in Grand Island, Neb., after a month's visit with her daughter, Mrs. Loyal Brown.

E. B. Arnold and daughter, Mrs. Weed, of Ft. Pierre, S. D., are visiting at the home of the former's daughter, Mrs. S. H. Matteson.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Patterson, son, Dillon, Mrs. R. B. Field and Miss Nell Scott motored to Powers Lake Monday, returning via Lake Geneva and Belvidere.

Mr. and Mrs. James Divine of Sycamore and Mrs. Sarah Fairclough of Champaign visited at the home of Will Parker Tuesday.

It will pay you to read Olmsted's special bargain ad.

Edgar Baldwin was out from Chicago the first of the week.

Jack Downing of Beloit, Wis., visited home folks over Sunday.

C. A. Goding and family motored to Byron Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Awe were Huntley visitors Sunday.

Jake Nideigh of Burlington transacted business in Genoa Monday.

Miss Gretchen Marquart of Valparaiso, is visiting Genoa friends.

Mrs. George Geithman and daughter, Myrtle, were Elgin visitors last Saturday.

Be sure and read Olmsted's ad. and know about the special bargains each week.

Mrs. Nellie Ryder of Wheaton has been a guest at the home of her sister, Mrs. James Hewitt.

Mrs. Estella Brown and sons, James and Walter, were visiting at the home of Chester Shipman and with Genoa friends last week.

Miss Nell Scott, former teacher of the Genoa primary school, now of Aurora, is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Field.

R. B. Field, L. W. Miller, Dr. J. H. Danforth and Jas. Hutchison attended the auto races at Maywood last Saturday.

Chas. Hall of Chicago was a week end guest at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Eli Hall.

Earl Deardurff, who is taking a course in telegraphy at Valparaiso University, is here for his summer vacation.

Miss Lura Lawyer of Janesville, Wis., is visiting at the home of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Downing.

Harry Whipple, who has been confined to his home during the past few weeks on account of sickness, is now out of doors.

L. J. Kiernan and brother-in-law, Mr. Wells, of Elgin motored to the races at Maywood Saturday.

T. E. Gibbs returned to his home from Sherman Hospital Monday. He is recovering slowly from his recent operation for appendicitis.

Hazel and Raymond Pierce of Iowa are visiting at the home of their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Scott Waite.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Cochrane and daughter of Michigan were guests last week at the home of the former's cousin, Mrs. R. B. Field.

Mrs. A. B. Clifford went to Rockford last Friday to visit her niece, Mrs. Hattie Huff, who recently submitted to an operation in that city.

Mrs. D. S. Brown came home from Hinsdale Saturday, being much improved in health. Mrs. L. M. Olmsted, who is a patient at the Hinsdale sanitarium, is somewhat better.

Lake fishing parties are the thing these days, hardly a day passes that an auto load does not find its way to one of the lakes of the north. Delevan thus far seems to be the most popular resort.

Think Often
of what you most want to be.

Lawyer, merchant, physician, banker, teacher, engineer, mechanic, stenographer, housekeeper.

Will a Bank Account HELP you in the attainment of any of these ambitions?

YES, IN EVERY ONE.

Will a Bank Account HINDER you in reaching any goal you may select?

NO, NEVER.

You are "alive to your own interests?"

Open an account then today and you will realize your ambitions the sooner.

THE EXCHANGE BANK

D. S. BROWN, Pres.
C. J. BEVAN, Cash.

E. W. BROWN, Asst. Cash.
BESSIE BEARDSLEY, Bookkeeper

Deposits Guaranteed With Over \$300,000.00

Hello! is this No. 74?

This is a question that we like to hear every morning, and more pleased to receive the order for groceries that follows the inquiry. Those who place confidence in our faithfulness in filling a telephoned grocery order never have cause to register a complaint. Every customer receives our best service, no matter whether the order is given personally or over the wire. Call us up tomorrow morning and give us an opportunity to prove the truth of the above assertion. Ask every morning about the fruit and vegetable market.

E. J. TISCHLER



**Chicken Chowder
Makes Chesty Chix**

Poultry profits depend largely on fast growing chicks. We absolutely guarantee during the first six weeks of a chick's life

**DOUBLE DEVELOPMENT
OR MONEY BACK**

if you follow the Purina Feeding Plan, using

**Purina Chick Feed and
Purina Chicken Chowder**

Don't risk future profits. Give your chick's the right start in life. Insist on the original

Checkerboard Bag

Genoa Cash Grocery
F. E. WELLS, Manager

**Safety in
Toilet Articles**

People have come to realize that safety in toilet articles is almost essential. Colgate's toilet articles stand for quality. They have been on the market for more than 100 years and can be depended upon. When you use a preparation on your face, you want to feel sure that your complexion will not be impaired or skin injured; just as you feel when you use a dentifrice for the teeth. We carry a complete line of all toilet preparations, perfumes, soaps, etc. We appreciate your patronage.

L. E. CARMICHAEL, R.P.
Phone 83

PAINTS
FOR
EVERY PURPOSE

Without fear of contradiction we state that this store carries the largest and most complete line of paints in Genoa. The man who takes a large contract or the man who wishes to do just a little touching up about the house will find here just what he wants and in the desired quantity. If you desire to paint the entire house or barn or all the buildings on the place, we will be glad to give you figures on the full bill. If you want only a pint of prepared paint or varnish stain, we will give your wants just as careful attention.

**For the Contracting
Painter**

we have a full line of leads, oils, colors, varnishes, putty and brushes and will make prices which will be interesting.

**For the Man of
the House**

we have all the prepared paints, varnish stains and brushes that are needed. Your immediate wants filled whether you intend to varnish a fine piece of furniture or paint the porch. See our show window this week.

S. S. SLATER & SON
FURNITURE DEALERS AND UNDERTAKERS
DEPENDABLE MERCHANDISE ONLY

**THE HABIT OF
MAKING GOOD**

This is a regular habit with the Douglass store and always has been, accounting in a great measure for the large volume of business done here. The buyer makes an honest effort to place groceries in stock which are absolutely right in every respect. Sometimes things go wrong (not often) but when such a case comes up there is every desire in this establishment to make it right. Our clerks know this to be the owner's policy and they all serve the trade accordingly. Your business is wanted and we consider it our business to treat you right.

FOR A LIST OF FRESH VEGETABLES, AND FRUITS, CALL US UP EVERY MORNING.

I. W. DOUGLASS
Phone 67 GENOA

Dark Hollow

By Anna Katharine Green
Illustrations by C. D. Rhodes
COPYRIGHT 1914 BY DODD, MEAD & COMPANY

SYNOPSIS.

A curious crowd of neighbors invade the mysterious home of Judge Ostrander, county judge and eccentric recluse, following a veiled woman who proves to be the widow of a man tried before the judge and electrocuted for murder years before. Her daughter is engaged to the judge's son, from whom he is estranged, but the murder is between the lovers. She plans to clear her husband's memory and asks the judge's aid. Deborah Scoville reads the newspaper clippings telling the story of the murder of Algernon Etheridge by John Scoville in Dark Hollow, twelve years before. The judge and Mrs. Scoville meet at Spencer's Folly and she shows him how, on the day of the murder, she saw the shadow of a man, while a stick and wearing a long peaked cap. The judge engages her and her daughter Reuther to live with him in his mysterious home. Deborah and her lawyer, Black, go to the police station and see the stick used to murder Etheridge. She discovers a broken knife-blade point embedded in it. Deborah and Reuther go to live with the judge. Deborah sees a portrait of Oliver, the judge's son, with a black band painted across the eyes. That night she finds, in Oliver's room, a cap with a peak like the shadowed one, and a knife with a broken blade-point. Anonymous letters and a talk with Miss Weeks increase her suspicions and fears. She finds that Oliver was in the ravine on the murder night. Black warns her and shows her other anonymous letters hinting at Oliver's guilt. In the court room the judge is handed an anonymous note. The note is picked up and read aloud. A mob follows the judge to his home. Deborah tells him why suspicion has been aroused against Oliver. The judge shows Deborah a statement written by Oliver years ago telling how he saw her husband murder Spencer at Spencer's Folly on the night the house was burned.

CHAPTER XIII—Continued.

Claymore tavern did change owners. When I heard that a man by the name of Scoville had bought it, I went over to see Scoville. He was the man. Then I began to ask myself what I ought to do with my knowledge, and the more I asked myself this question and the more I brooded over the matter the less did I feel like taking, not the public, but my father, into my confidence.

I had never doubted his love for me, but I had always stood in great awe of his reproof, and I did not know where I was to find courage to tell him all the details of this adventure.

There is one thing I did do, however. I made certain inquiries here and there, and soon satisfied myself as to how Scoville had been able to come into town, commit this horrid deed and escape without any one but myself being the wiser. Spencer and he had



He Found Deborah Standing Guard Over an Ill-Conditioned Fellow.

come from the West on route to New York without any intention of stopping off in Shelby. But once involved in play they had got so interested that when within a few miles of the town, Spencer proposed that they should leave the train and finish the game in his own house. Whether circumstances aided them, or Spencer took some extraordinary precautions against being recognized, will never be known. But certain it is that he escaped all observation at the station and even upon the road. When Scoville returned alone, the storm had reached such a height that the roads were deserted, and he, being an entire stranger here at that time, naturally attracted no attention, and so was able to slip away on the next train with just the drawback of buying a new ticket. I, a boy of fifteen, trespassing where I did not belong, was the only living witness of what had happened on this night of dreadful storm, in the house which was now a ruin.

I realized the unpleasantness of the position in which this put me, but not its responsibility. If I were going to do anything I should have done it at first—so I reasoned, and let the matter slide. I became interested in school and study, and the years passed and I had almost forgotten the occurrence, when suddenly the full remembrance came back upon me with a rush. A man—my father's friend—

was found murdered in sight of this spot of old-time horror, and Scoville was accused of the act.

I was older now and saw my fault in all its enormity. I was guilty of that crime—or so I felt in the first heat of my sorrow and despair. I may even have said so—in dreams or in some of my self-absorbed broodings. Though I certainly had not lifted the stick against Mr. Etheridge, I had left the hand free which did, and this was a sufficient occasion for remorse—or so I truly felt.

I was so affected by the thought that even my father, with his own weight of troubles, noticed my careworn face and asked me for an explanation. But I held him off until the verdict was reached, and then I told him. I had not liked his looks for some time; they seemed to convey some doubt of the justice of this man's sentence, and I felt that if he had such doubts, they might be eased by this certainty of Scoville's murderous tendencies and unquestionable greed.

And they were; but as Scoville was already doomed, we decided that it was unnecessary to make public his past offenses. However, with an eye upon future contingencies, my father exacted from me in writing this full account of my adventure, which with all the solemnity of an oath I here declare to be the true story of what befell me in the house called Spencer's Folly, on the night of awful storm, September 11, 1895.

OLIVER OSTRANDER.

Witnesses to above signature,
ARCHIBALD OSTRANDER,
BELLA JEFFERSON,
Shelby, November 7, 1898.

CHAPTER XIV.

The Telegram.

This was the document and these the words which Deborah, widow of the man thus doubly denounced, had been given to read by the father of the writer, in the darkened room which had been and still was to her, an abode of brooding thought and unfathomable mystery.

No wonder that during its reading more than one exclamation of terror and dismay escaped her. There were so many reasons for believing this record to be an absolute relation of the truth.

Incoherent phrases which had fallen from those long-closed lips took on new meaning with this unveiling of an unknown past. Repugnances for which she could not account in those old days, she now saw explained. He would never, even in passing, give a look at the ruin on the bluff, so attractive to every eye but his own. As for entering its gates—she had never dared so much as to ask him to do so.

Then the watch! Deborah knew well that watch. She had often asked him by what stroke of luck he had got so fine a timepiece. God! was her mind veering back to her old idea as to his responsibility for the crime committed in Dark Hollow? Yes; she could not help it. Denial for a monster like this—a man who with such memories and such spoil, could return home to wife and child, with some gay and confused story of a great stroke in speculation which had brought him in the price of the tavern it had long been his ambition to own—what was denial for such lips worth? The judge was right. Oliver—whose ingenuous story had restored his image to her mind, with some of its old graces—had been the victim of circumstances and not John Scoville.

Her thoughts had reached this stage and her hand, in obedience to the new mood, was lightly ruffling the pages before her, when she felt a light touch on her shoulder and turned with a start.

The judge was at her back. How long he had stood there she did not know, nor did he say, but when upon feeling his hand upon her shoulder she turned, he was there; and while his lips failed to speak, his eyes were eloquent and their question single and imperative.

"What do you think of him now?" they seemed to ask, and rising to her feet, she met him with a smile, ghastly perhaps with the lividness of the shadows through which she had been groping, but encouraging withal and soothing beyond measure to his anxious and harassed soul.

"Oliver is innocent," she declared, turning once more to lay her hand upon the sheets containing his naive confession. "The dastard who could shoot his host for plunder is capable of a second crime holding out a similar inducement. Nothing now will ever make me connect Oliver with the crime at the bridge. As you said, he was simply near enough the hollow to toss into it the stick he had been whittling. I am his advocate from this minute."

Her eyes were still resting mechanically upon that last page lying spread out before her, and she did not observe in its full glory the first gleam of triumphant joy which, in all probability, Judge Ostrander's countenance had shown in years. Nor did he see, in the glad confusion of the moment,

the quick abductor with which she lifted her trembling hand away from those papers and looked up, squarely at last, into his transfixed visage.

"Mrs. Scoville, I love my boy. I—what's that?"
The front doorbell was ringing. In a flash Deborah was out of the room.

When the judge at last came forth, it was at Reuther's bidding. A gentleman wished to see him in the parlor.

With a dark glance, not directed against her, however, the judge bade her run away to the kitchen and as far from all these troubles as she could, then, locking his door behind him, as he always did, he strode towards the front.

He found Deborah standing guard over an ill-conditioned fellow, whose slouching figure slouched still more under his eye, but gave no other acknowledgment of his presence. Passing him without a second look, Judge Ostrander found Mr. Black awaiting him.

There was no bad blood between these two, whatever their past relations or present suspicions, and they were soon shaking hands with every appearance of mutual cordiality.

The judge was especially courteous. "I am glad," said he, "of any occasion which brings you again under my roof, though from the appearance of your companion I judge the present one to be of no very agreeable character."

"Judge, I'm your friend," thus Mr. Black began. "Thinking you must wish to know who started the riotous procedure which disgraced our town to-day, I have brought the ringleader here to answer for himself—that is, if you wish to question him."

Judge Ostrander wheeled about, gave the man a searching look, and failing to recognize him as any one he had ever seen before, beckoned him in.

"I suppose," said he, when the lounging and insolent figure was fairly before their eyes, "that this is not the first time you have been asked to explain your enmity to my long-absent son."

"Naw; I've had my talk wherever and whenever I took the notion. Oliver Ostrander hit me once. I was just a little chap then and meanin' no harm to any one. I kept a-pesterin' of 'im and he hit me. He'd a better have hit a feller who hadn't my memory. I've never forgotten that hit, and I never will. That's why I'm hittin' him now. It's just my turn; that's all."

"Your turn! Your turn! And what do you think has given you an opportunity to turn on him?"

"I'm not in the talkin' mood just now," the fellow drawled, frankly insolent, not only in his tone but in his bearing to all present. "Nor can you make it worth my while, guess. I'll not take money. I'm an honest, hard-workin' man who can earn his own livin', and you can't pay me to keep still, or to go away from Shelby a day sooner than I want to. I was goin' away, but I gave it up when they told me that things were beginnin' to look black against Ol Ostrander—that a woman had come into town who was a-stirrin' up things generally about that old murder for which a feller had already been 'lectrocuted, and knowin' somethin' myself about that murder and Ol Ostrander, I—well, I stayed."

The quiet threat, the suggested possibility, the attack which wraps itself in vague uncertainty, are ever the most effective. As his raucous voice, dry with sinister purpose which no man could shake, died out in an offensive drawl, Mr. Black edged a step nearer the judge, before he sprang and caught the young fellow by the coat-collar and gave him a very vigorous shake.

"See here!" he threatened. "Behave yourself and treat the judge like a gentleman or—"

But the judge was not ready for this. The judge had gained a new lease of life in the last half-hour and he felt no fear of this sullen bit-poster for all his sly innuendoes. He, therefore, hindered the lawyer from his purpose, by a quick gesture of so much dignity and resolve that even the lout himself was impressed and dropped some of his sullen bravado.

"I have something to say to this fellow," he announced. "Perhaps he does not know his folly. Perhaps he thinks because I was thrown back today by those public charges against my son and a string of insults for which no father could be prepared, that I am seriously disturbed over the position into which such unthinking men as himself have pushed Mr. Oliver Ostrander. I might be if there were truth in these charges or any serious reason for connecting my upright and honorable son with the low crime of a highwayman. But there is not. I aver it and so will this lady here whom you have doubtless recognized for the one who has stirred this matter up. You can bring no evidence to show guilt on my son's part"—these words he directed straight at the discomfited poster of bills—"because there is no evidence to bring."

Mr. Black's eyes sparkled with admiration. He could not have used this method with the lad, but he recognized the insight of the man who could. Bribes were a sign of weakness, so were force and counter-attack; but scorn—a calm ignoring of the power of any one to seriously shake Oliver Ostrander's established position—that might rouse wrath and bring avowal; certainly it had shaken the man; he looked much less aggressive and self-confident than before.

However, though impressed, he was not yet ready to give in. Shuffling about with his feet, but not yet shrinking from an encounter few men of his stamp would have cared to subject themselves to, he answered with a re-

mark delivered with a little more civility than any of his previous ones: "What you call evidence may not be the same as I calls evidence. If you're satisfied at thinkin' my word's no good, that's your business. I know how I should feel if I was Ol Ostrander's father and knew what I know."

"Let him go," spoke up a wavering voice. It was Deborah's.

But the judge was deaf to the warning. Deborah's voice had, but reminded him of Deborah's presence. Its tone had escaped him. He was too engrossed in the purpose he had in mind to notice shades of infection.

But Mr. Black had, and quick as thought he echoed her request: "He is forgetting himself. Let him go, Judge Ostrander."

But that astute magistrate, wise in all other causes but his own, was no more ready now than before to do this.

"In a moment," he conceded. "Let me first make sure that this man understands me. I have said that there exists no evidence against my son. This I aver; and this the lady here will aver. You have probably already recognized her. If not, allow me to tell you that she is the lady whose efforts have brought back this case to the public mind: Mrs. Scoville, the wife of John Scoville and the one of all others who has the greatest interest in proving her husband's innocence. If she says, that after the most careful inquiry and a conscientious reconsideration of this case, she has found herself forced to come to the conclusion that justice has already been satisfied in this matter, you will believe her, won't you?"

"I don't know," drawled the man, a low and cunning expression lighting up his ugly countenance. "She wants to marry her daughter to your son. Any live dog is better than a dead one, I guess her opinion don't go for much."

Recalling before a cynicism that pierced with unerring skill the one joint in his armor he knew to be vulnerable, the judge took a minute in which to control his rage and then addressing the half-averted figure in the window said:

Mrs. Scoville, will you assure this man that you have no expectations of marrying your daughter to Oliver Ostrander?"

With a slow movement more suggestive of despair than any she had been seen to make since the hour of her indecision had first struck, she shifted in her seat and finally faced them, with the assertion:

"Reuther Scoville will never marry Oliver Ostrander. Whatever my wishes or willingness in the matter, she herself is so determined. Not because she does not believe in his integrity, for she does; but because she will not unite herself to one whose prospects in life are more to her than her own happiness."

The fellow stared, then laughed: "She's a goodun," he sneered. "And you believe that bosh?"

Mr. Black could no longer contain himself. "I believe you are the biggest rascal in town," he shouted. "Get out, or I won't answer for myself. Ladies are not to be treated in this manner."

Did he remember his own rough handling of the sex on the witness stand?

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

MATTER OF OFFICE HOURS

Diverging Opinions of Two Managers as to Attaining Results Are of Interest.

Two men with offices in the Wall street district, each employing a clerical force of a dozen persons, were talking shop at luncheon the other day and one said he was an early riser and usually was at the office before any of the clerks.

"I'm an early riser, too, and get up because I like to," said the other, "but I never get to my office before nine o'clock, a half hour after the office opens for business. I do this because after considerable experience and observation I found that it is more effective with the employees."

"They are shrewd folk, they are, and have their own methods of sising up the boss, and I find that they conclude that the employer who gets to his office early either needs the extra time to do his work in or he wants to see that his employees are not beating time on him. Either of these conditions is, in my opinion, not to the interest of the employer."

"Therefore, I let them see that I trust them to be on hand promptly and also that I can do my part of the work in less time than they can. I can't always, but when I can't I do it at home, where they can't see me or know anything about it. I respect my people and they respect me, and I don't have to get to the office early to do it, either."

Origin of Old Joke. Harper Pennington has revealed the origin of the "standing room only" joke: It appears that there was hardly ever any furniture in Whistler's house. He was peculiarly parsimonious in the matter of chairs. This led to a remark of Corny Grain's which became famous. "Ah, Jimmy! Glad to see you playing to such a full house!" said Dick (Corny) Grain when shaking hands before a Sunday luncheon, while glaring around the studio with his large, protruding eyes in search of something to sit on. "What do you mean?" asked Whistler. "Standing room only," replied the actor.

So Say We All. Landlady—How do you like your eggs, Mr. Newcomer? New Boarder—Fresh, please.

TEMPERANCE NOTES

(Conducted by the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union.)

THE FULL DINNER PAIL.

Everybody's Magazine, in its new department, "Keep Posted," narrates and comments in a recent number as follows: "Wine-woman-and-scent has gone up against dollars-and-cents in Lansing, Mich., and the result is one of the most notable so far achieved in America. The most prominent leader of the dries is not an evangelist, nor any other sort of custodian of the soul. He is simply a commercial person—R. H. Scott.

"In the year 1910, in the factory of which Mr. Scott is manager, in a period of ten successive weeks, the employees lost a total of 323 working days—and the wages of those days—because of not being able to recover promptly from party nights spent in saloons.

"In the dry-versus-wet campaign in 1910 in Lansing Mr. Scott fought for morals and economics. Nevertheless the campaign did not please all of Lansing's business men. They thought that a dry town would lose business to wet towns near by. So, two years later, Lansing went wet again.

"This gave everybody a wonderful chance to compare a dry Lansing with a wet Lansing, commercially.

"First, as for the cost of running the government, it was soon found that a wet Lansing had to spend a good deal of money supporting its wet citizens. One of many proofs was this: the cost of feeding the prisoners in the county jail during the two years while Lansing was dry had been \$5,600, while during the two ensuing years of wetness the cost of feeding them (at the same rate per person) was \$11,300. Quite a difference for a town of 40,000.

"Second, as for business itself, scores of merchants were converted to the proposition that the competition of saloons in nearby wet towns would not be half so injurious to them as the competition of saloons on Lansing's own streets. Their experiences may be summarized into the statement of a butcher who remarked merely that when the town was dry he could collect his back bills, and when it was wet he couldn't.

"In the last dry-versus-wet campaign in Lansing the merchants did not rally to the support of the flowing bowl at all. They turned to the overflowing pay envelope and the paid-up accounts. The issue discussed was prosperity, and the majority for going to it sober was 1,200.

"The efficiency of the factory is at least 10 per cent higher dry than wet, according to Mr. Scott.

"And a similar result is shown in the cost figures furnished to Everybody's Magazine by Mr. C. E. Bement, general manager of another company. In a dry Lansing—and for no reason except dryness and greater sobriety and energy—the cost of making engines by this concern has gone down 70 cents per horse power."

PERTINENT QUESTIONS.

(Asked by the Temperance Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church.)

Let us look these questions squarely in the eye.

Does the liquor traffic pay the United States?

Does it pay financially?

Does it pay commercially?

Does it pay industrially?

Does it pay physically?

Does it pay mentally?

Does it pay morally?

What single good thing can be said for the trade in liquors or the habit of drinking alcohol?

Nothing?

Then why not kill the traffic without further delay?

If we cannot kill it let us hang our heads in bitter humiliation, for it is greater than we.

If we can kill it, then in God's name let us do it!

FOOD FOR TAXPAYER.

Census bureau statistics show that for the year 1913 the liquor revenue received by state, county and municipal governments amounted to only \$79,516,989, or a per capita of 82 cents. This includes all incorporated places of 2,500 people and over. This liquor revenue constituted only 4.3 per cent of the total state, county and municipal revenues, \$1,845,901,128. To put it simply, the states, counties and cities got a total revenue of \$19 per capita and a liquor revenue of only \$0.82.

Inasmuch as the per capita drink bill of the American people is in excess of \$23, it is apparent that we spend about \$1 for every three and one-half cents returned to the states, counties and cities by the liquor traffic.

A JUST DECISION.

All social clubs of Atlanta, Ga., have been prohibited from dispensing liquor in any form. Claims of exclusiveness or aristocracy will cause no distinction in Chief of Police Beaver's ultimatum. Rigid democracy will govern all enforcement measures; the rich will not be permitted violations for which the poorer people are held accountable.

This decision has been won by the persistent work of Messrs. Eagan and Jackson, the "Men and Religion" advertising men of Atlanta.

SHOULD COOL OFF GRADUALLY

Mistake to Turn the Hose on Perspiring Team, is the Assertion of Veterinarian.

"In this hot weather there are always a number of fools who think they are kind to their horses when they turn a hose on them and drench them with cold water to thoroughly cool them off," said a veterinarian as he stopped a driver from throwing water over his perspiring team. "If the horse is overheated," he continued, "the shock of such a bath on the region where the kidneys are situated is enough to kill it, and even if it does no apparent harm the horse will succumb much more readily to the heat afterward. After a horse has been working in the broiling sun it should be cooled off as gradually as possible. The first thing to do is to take a sponge and wash out its mouth. This removes the saliva, which is poisonous, and refreshes the animal greatly, before it can be allowed to have a drink. After this the horse should have its four legs bathed—the hind ones as far as its haunches, the front ones up to the chest. Then it is safe to wet its head, neck and the part of its back immediately behind the neck. Care should be taken, however, to keep the region of the kidneys perfectly dry. This habit of driving a team up before a fire engine house and playing a hose indiscriminately over their bodies is accountable for the death of many good horses every summer."

Sad Part of the Allegation.

"Every darn' fool in this town thinks he could run a newspaper better than I can!" growled the editor of the Torpidville Tocsin and Guardian of the Hearthstone, the price whereof was a dollar a year and the time to subscribe now.

"By-yah!" replied Mortimer Morose. "And the worst of it is, a good many of 'em could!"—Kansas City Star.

Did Not Hat Him That Bad.

"I was telling Titewad this morning that shells for a 12-inch gun cost \$500 each."

"Well, what about it?"

"He said he wouldn't shoot one of those shells at his worst enemy."

Most Old Bachelors are Hard to Please.

They don't even think a girl baby is fit to kiss until she is sweet sixteen.

It is said men who work live longest but it may depend on whom they try to work.

Drink Denison's Coffee. Always pure and delicious.

In the Trenches. "No blankets, captain." "Well, boys, we'll just have to cover ourselves with glory."

Has the Air. "That new clerk of yours seems to be an important person about here." "You are right." "Then he is important?" "No. He seems to be."

Blissful Ideal.

"I hope," said the applicant for summer board, "that you have no mosquitoes, and that there will be chicken and fresh vegetables always on the table, and that the nights are invariably cool?"

"Great Scott, mister!" exclaimed Farmer Cornstossel, "what place are you lookin' fur? Heaven?"

Resembled Dining Car.

Jim Sullivan, typical American tramp, carried a kitchen cabinet under his coat, and when arrested in Red Wing, Minn., the following things were found: Eight large, raw potatoes, weighing seven pounds; one quart bottle of sweet milk, one ten-cent loaf of wheat bread, one-half dozen tea biscuits, one-half dozen rolls, fresh; two one-pound packages of ground coffee, two aluminum salt and pepper shakers, glass cruet filled with vinegar, one raw onion and two Japanese paper napkins.

From a Sinner's Diary.

A sinner can't lose. Some of his ships are always coming in.

I know a man who would spare no pains or expense doctoring an enlarged or otherwise out-of-tune liver. Yet he treats aching, aching, longing, loving hearts with scowls and sneers and sharp discouragements.

I know a woman who is for letting you have what you want when you want it, who favors vacations before you have to go on a stretcher.

Love—something that makes you want to surround and be surrounded by.

There's never a time when 'tis safe for a doctor to eat onions.

So take your pick—die off and be mourned, or live on and be cursed.—Lynette Fremire in Judge.

Crisp little bits of Indian Corn, rolled thin as paper, and toasted to a golden brown.

Post Toasties

Have a sweetness and tasty goodness distinctively their own.

And all the way from raw material to your table not a human hand touches the food—clean and pure as snowflakes from the skies.

Ready to eat right from the package with cream and sugar or crushed fruit, Post Toasties are wonderfully delicious.

Sold by Grocers Everywhere

Postum Cereal Company, Limited, Battle Creek, Mich.

WOMEN CAN HARDLY BELIEVE

How Mrs. Hurley Was Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Eldon, Mo. — "I was troubled with displacement, inflammation and female weakness. For two years I could not stand on my feet long at a time and I could not walk two blocks without enduring cutting and drawing pains down my right side which increased every month. I have been at that time purple in the face and would walk the floor. I could not lie down or sit still sometimes for a day and a night at a time. I was nervous, and had very little appetite, no ambition, melancholy, and often felt as though I had not a friend in the world. After I had tried most every female remedy without success, my mother-in-law advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I did so and gained in strength every day. I have now no trouble in any way and highly praise your medicine. It advertises itself." — Mrs. S. T. HURLEY, Eldon, Missouri.

Remember, the remedy which did this was Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. For sale everywhere.

It has helped thousands of women who have been troubled with displacements, inflammation, ulceration, tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing down feeling, indigestion, and nervous prostration, after all other means have failed. Why don't you try it? Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by **CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.** Purely vegetable — act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty. **SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.** Genuine must bear Signature *Asent Wood*

BLACK LEG LOSSES SURELY PREVENTED by Carter's Blacking Pills. Low priced, fresh, reliable; preferred by Western stockmen, because they protect where other vases fail. Write for booklet and testimonials — 10-cent package. Blacking Pills \$1.00. 25-cent package. Blacking Pills 4.00. Use any injector, but Carter's best. The superiority of Carter's products is due to over 13 years of specializing in vases and serums only. Resist all Cutters. If undesirable, order direct from The Cutter Laboratory, Berkeley, Cal., or Chicago, Ill.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c. and \$1.00 at Druggists.

Can't Be Done. "Mrs. Giddy has invited all the members of the sewing circle to a luncheon and matinee party." "Doesn't she know they have been gossiping about her something awful?" "Of course she does. That's the reason she's trying to square the circle."

More Important. "Fine feathers do not make fine birds," said the ready-made philosopher. "No," replied Mr. Growcher; "their responsibilities are greater. They are depended on to make fine human beings."

Paraffin paper tubes have been invented to aid the users of bubbling drinking fountains.

John Ruskin
BEST AND BIGGEST Cigar 5¢
PROFIT SHARING VOUCHER on the band of each JOHN RUSKIN CIGAR. Profit sharing catalog free on request. If your dealer cannot supply you with JOHN RUSKIN'S, write us and send us your dealer's name. L. Lewis Cigar Mfg. Co., Newark, N.J. Independent Manufacturers

6% AND SERVICE SAFETY FIRST
Your money cannot earn 15% with assured security. But it can earn 6% when invested in "BONFOY REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES." These loans are recognized as standard in investment circles. Write for Booklet W. BONFOY LOAN & INVESTMENT CO., 815-816 State National Bank Bldg., Oklahoma City, Okla.

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Best, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Kills all house flies, stable flies, and injures nothing. Guaranteed effective. All dealers or send express paid for \$1.00. HAROLD SOMERS, 150 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N.Y.

FOR SALE—480 a. stock, grain farm, easy terms, good bldgs., best location, fine neighborhood, telephone. R. F. D. Low price. C. M. Intercontinental, N.J.

What Really Happened ON FIRST INDEPENDENCE DAY

FROM much that historians have written about the Fourth of July, 1776, an erroneous idea of the happenings of that great day has become a common heritage of the people of our land. Many an American considers it a part of a patriotic duty to muse upon the imaginative picture entitled "The First Fourth of July," which some historical writer has painted upon his vision.

In fancy he sees Independence hall in Philadelphia and the Continental congress with its ruffled shirts, long cloth coats, knee pants, silk stockings and low shoes sitting with dignity, but listening spellbound to a wonderfully strange and entirely new document called "The Declaration of Independence."

In fancy he even hears the popular acclaim of "That is just what we all say" and "It is well worded, Mr. Jefferson." Then the mind pictures the various delegates to congress hastening forward, eager for the honor of fixing their signatures to a sheepskin document.

The scene changes to the ringing of the great liberty bell, to the assembling of the people at Philadelphia who applauded the reading of this bill of rights and to the final closing of the day with every man, woman and child in Philadelphia happy because he is no longer a British subject, having become a free American in a single day.

Such a vision pictures a heroic scene; but the true record of events does not affirm that these so-called happenings took place on that memorable day. By blotting out the imperfect details of the picture the Fourth of July is in no way robbed of any of its glory.

An authentic account of what transpired at that time changes the meaning of the Fourth of July from one day to about sixty in which the whole history of our national liberty is told and the heroic heart-throbs of the sorely tried colonists are keenly felt.

The day itself properly symbolizes the liberty for which the patriots of that time stood ready to sacrifice their lives in order to launch the United States as a national craft which should be anchored by no weight of foreign despotism.

It was a time of danger when brother, friend and neighbor became estranged by reason of political opinion. Some colonists still loved the mother country with true English pride, while others were so embittered by the injustice of the overweening across the seas that they willingly gave their all to the cause of the people of the new land.

During the latter part of 1774 George Washington himself wrote that no thinking man among the colonists wanted to separate from England, and Franklin ridiculed the idea.

During the early days of the revolution the bluecoats never dreamed of separating from the beloved land of their ancestors. In fact, such a course would have been condemned by Americans themselves as treason. Jefferson declared that prior to April 19, 1775, he had heard no whisper of the disposition of anyone to stand from under the governmental power of Great Britain.

The inevitable, however, came with the spring of 1776, when local assemblies began formal discussion regarding the liberty of colonists. These legislative bodies possessed but little power, but they did a great part in crystallizing the sentiment for independence in many quarters and forcing those opposed to the idea to declare their imical attitude.

The road work of these small legislative bodies was reflected and magnified as soon as the delegates were sent to the Continental congress. Then the spirit of liberty permeated the very atmosphere of the national assembly and many an individual received the courage to align himself with the new cause.

If, June 7, 1776, there had been an "extra paper" to have informed the public of the latest political news one might have read the flaring headlines "Richard Henry Lee of Virginia the Man of the Hour," for it was he who on that day started the Fourth of July. It was this southerner who introduced the first declaration of independence in congress declaring the American people free.

Good judgment dictated the caution of omitting John Adams' name from the minutes, as the second to that motion, yet the fact is known today, when there is no army of redcoats waiting to seize patriots as rebels.

Too much praise cannot be given to the introduction of Lee's resolution, yet it was to the credit of the Continental congress that action was not forced upon such an important measure at that time. It could not have succeeded until all objections had been silenced, all fears of England's success allayed, until all were conscientiously convinced that the cause of liberty was just. It was imperative that all should look the Goddess of Liberty squarely in the face with a devotion to follow where she should lead.

As no agreement could be reached on June 7 the resolution was laid over until the next day, when it was again postponed for consideration until July 1.

In order that the cause of liberty should not be retarded during this wait, congress at that



JOHN ADAMS

time appointed a committee of five to prepare a declaration of independence of the same purport as Lee's resolution, in the hope that the new doctrine would be unanimously accepted when the matter should be again taken up in July.

Polley demanded that a southerner should be chosen to write the declaration in order to increase the probability of its unanimous adoption. Logically, Jefferson was the man to carry this work through, for the mastery style of his pen was well known. With such coworkers, though, it cannot be supposed that he alone was the author of the resolution; for the responsibility had been assigned to all five jointly, and the counsel and advice of all were necessary.

However, the credit of the phraseology is given to Jefferson, while John Adams is said to have given close attention to the revision and the amending of the resolution. The entire committee helped perfect the documents by making it the subject of critical analysis. In allowing the Declaration of Independence to be ready before its assembly on June 28 congress preceded its schedule.

Satisfied that all were acquainted with its contents, the legislature then laid the bill on the table until it should come up for discussion by congress sitting as a committee of the whole.

By trial vote July 1 only nine colonies voted as favorable to the resolution.

Final legislative action was therefore deferred until the next day. That, July 2, was probably the most memorable of all dates of our national history. During the stormy debate at that time the declaration was both attacked and commended.

When the vote of the day was taken it was found that the declaration had been unanimously endorsed by all of the thirteen colonies.

The vote in favor of the declaration was not sufficient to make the adoption of the new resolution complete, for the next day congress sat as a committee of the whole to consider the bill. At that time slight alterations were made, certain clauses censuring England were omitted and others regarding slave trade were left out, while other amendments were added.

On July 4 congress assembled again and immediately resolved itself into a committee for the consideration of the Declaration of Independence.

lasted over until the next, and so July 5 would have become the birthday instead of July 4.

Toward evening the discomfort of the assembly was increased on account of the swarms of flies which came from a nearby ivery stable into the hall of legislature. These pests were so audacious in assaults upon the statesmen that Jefferson said their annoyance helped bring the matter to a conclusion, and Harrison reported the declaration to congress as accepted, though in the minutes of that day the declaration was at first left out on account of the vengeance of England.

Today Independence hall, in the old state house in Philadelphia, remains about as it was on that July 4, and so far as the setting of the stage the drama is complete, but the drama itself is left for us to supply.

All that we have left of the record of that memorable day is the text of the Declaration of Independence, and as that represents what all brave American colonists were ready to lay down their lives for and what should be handed down to us and guarded as courageously as it had to be won, the Fourth of July has amply served its purpose and deserved its one monument, "The Spirit of Liberty for All."

Whether or not the Declaration of Independence was signed on July 4, 1776, by any but Hancock, as president of the Continental congress, and Thompson, as secretary, is a matter of doubt, for the journal entry records "Jefferson by order of and in behalf of congress." Jefferson himself made conflicting statements regarding this question.

Some contend that the delegates met informally on the morning of July 5 and signed the document. Whether or not the signatures were affixed on July 4, congress' act was official on that day that Jefferson's Declaration of Independence was declared acceptable to every colony. And so it resolved that copies should be sent throughout the new-formed republic.

The general assemblies, conventions, councils, committees of safety and the commanding officers of the Continental army had to be informed of the independence of the United States. These copies were signed by Hancock and Thompson. The Congressional Record of July 19 shows that a resolution was introduced in the national assembly to the effect that the declaration should be engrossed on parchment and presented for the signature of every member on August 2.

This fact, therefore, serves as authority that the parchment copy signed on that day in August, after it had been compared with the fair copy after the latter destroyed, is the copy of the Declaration of Independence which was considered for so many years the original draft of the great bill of rights of the American people. It is said that even this signing was entered into with "fear and trembling."

Satisfied that the signed parchment was a lasting evidence of the birth of the new nation, congress took no further official action regarding the instruments itself until January, 1777.

By that time the new republic began to feel its strength, and congress decided to promulgate the names of the signers of the Declaration of Independence by ordering that printed copies of the document should be made, with the names of the signers added.

Mary Katharine Goddard, a woman who carried on the printing business on Broadside, Baltimore, probably never heard of woman's rights, yet it so happened that it became her right to print these copies of the American bill of rights.

From these copies numerous others were soon made, until before long every home boasted at least one copy of the original document which gave life to our republic.

Fresh Eggs One Year Old

STRANGE, but literally true, MORNING GLORY Egg Preservative will keep eggs fresh and sweet for an indefinite length of time in any climate or temperature. MORNING GLORY is purely vegetable in liquid form, and is applied with the hands. No brush or dipping. A child can treat 1,000 eggs with MORNING GLORY in twenty minutes. None of the preservative enters the egg. Pores of the shell are hermetically sealed and the egg retains its natural appearance, and can be transported without shrinkage or deterioration.

Until this wonderful discovery was made, the annual loss reported by the U. S. Agricultural Department was \$55,000,000 annually, due to spoilage in transportation. Think of it! Fifty millions of dollars that egg raisers of the United States can now save and do without cold storage entirely. The use of MORNING GLORY enables the producer to have fresh eggs for home consumption all the year round, and the surplus eggs can be sold at the price of new laid eggs at all times. After many exhaustive tests, lasting from three months to nearly two years, and subjecting treated eggs to extremely hot and then cold temperatures, the eggs were broken and found to be fresh and sweet. The latter reproduction at left is only one of many testimonials. . . . After six months test . . . year preservative is genuine. . . . Alfred W. McCann, Pure Food Export New York Globe, March 30th, 1915. Mail us One Dollar today for package of Morning Glory which will preserve 2,000 eggs. Or Two dollars for a package sufficient for 5,000 eggs. Immediate shipment by Parcel Post, prepaid. Full directions for use in each package. MONEY REFUNDED if not entirely satisfactory.

EGG PRESERVATIVE CO. TRADE MARK 2000 BROADWAY N.Y. MORNING GLORY MARK

Making it Even. "I hear the high-school girls made their own graduation gowns this year." "Yes, but they made up for it by cribbing their commencement essays out of the encyclopedia."

CLEAR YOUR SKIN By Daily Use of Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Trial Free.

You may rely on these fragrant supercreamy emollients to care for your skin, scalp, hair and hands. Nothing better to clear the skin of pimples, blotches, redness and roughness, the scalp of dandruff and itching and the hands of chapping and soreness. Sample each free by mail with 32-p. Skin Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. Y, Boston. Sold everywhere. Adv.

His Excuse. In his Savannah camp Bill Donovan, baseball manager, had a dusky hued waiter at the hotel by the name of Sutton. Bill had to reproach Sutton more than once for a lack of agility in arriving with the food. Sutton promised to improve. One morning he brought in a consignment of grid-dleakes that had gone cold. "What do you mean," said Bill, "by bringing me in cold cakes?" "Well, I tell you, boss," said Sutton, "I bring them cakes in so fast for you that I guess they hit a draft."

Important to Mothers Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher* In Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Conflicting. "What is the matter with the parson and the doctor that they cannot agree?" "The parson says the doctor is so contrary. Just as soon as he gets a man properly prepared for the next world the doctor goes to work and cures him."

Drink Denison's Coffee. Always pure and delicious. But a poet doesn't necessarily dwell in an attic for the sake of the view. Ready money is seldom ready when you want to borrow some.

WAVES HIGH UP IN RANK Sufferer From Effects of High Sea Was Designating Them as He Watched Their Approach.

A New York man was crossing the Atlantic with an army officer who suffered greatly from seasickness. On entering the stateroom one particularly rough day he found the officer tossing in his berth, muttering in what at first appeared to be a sort of delirium.

Stooping over to catch his words, the friend heard him say: "Sergeant . . . major . . . sergeant . . . major . . . brigadier general . . . ugh, lieutenant general . . . a-a-a-h!"

"What are you saying?" asked the friend in some alarm, as the sufferer looked piteously up at him after his last gasping "a-a-h!"

"Assigning the waves their rank," said the military man, rolling toward the wall again. "There have been eight lieutenant generals within the last twenty minutes."

NO MORE GRAY HAIRS Restore Youthful Color. No One Will Know You're Using Anything. Physicians advise against harmful hair-stains and dyes. But why use them when you can bring back the natural, youthful color with *Hay's Hair Health?* This is accomplished by the action of air, due to an element contained in this famous preparation. Absolutely harmless; so positive in results that druggists will refund money if it fails. Keeps new gray hairs from showing. Removes dandruff, tones scalp, makes the hair strong, vigorous and beautiful. 50c. and \$1.00 at drug stores or direct on receipt of price and dealer's name. *Philo Hag Specialties Co., Newark, N. J., Adv.*

Of Course. "Did you ever hear such silly rot as that line of Tennyson's: 'Half a league, half a league, half a league, onward?'" "What is there silly about it?" "Why, anybody knows that not more than half a league can be going onward at any given time. For every game one team wins some other team has got to lose one."

YOUR OWN DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU Try *Murine Eye Remedy* for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Grains. No Stinging. No Smarting. Just Eye Comfort. Write for Book of the *Murine* by mail. *Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago*

Good Reason. "Why is the policeman looking at your wall so suspiciously?" "I suppose he noticed it was covered with a vine that is something of a porch climber."

All things come to the man who waits—if he waits on himself while waiting.

It's a Picnic Getting Ready for a Picnic If you choose Spanish Olives Pickles Sweet Relish Ham Loaf Veal Loaf Chicken Loaf Fruit Preserves Jellies Apple Butter Luncheon Meats Pork and Beans

Libby's Ready to Serve Food Products

Insist on Libby's at your grocer's

Libby, McNeill & Libby Chicago

KINGSTON NEWS

FRED P. SMITH, CORRESPONDENT

H. A. Cross was an Elgin visitor Tuesday.

Miss Esther Branch of DeKalb is visiting with relatives here.

Mrs. Maude Schmeltzer and children returned home Monday from a several days visit with relatives at Freeport and Dakota, Illinois.

Mrs. Edith Bell returned home last week Thursday from Kaneville, Illinois, where she has been spending the past few weeks.

Mrs. Minnie Wilson and son, Earl, of Fairdale were guests of relatives here Sunday. They were accompanied home by her aunt, Mrs. Margaret Moore.

Frank Douglass was a Chicago visitor one day last week.

John Helsdon of DeKalb was the guest of relatives here Monday.

Miss Clara Ackerman is attending Summer school at DeKalb Normal.

Mrs. H. G. Burgess and daughter, Gladys, visited in Hampshire Monday.

Miss June Hammond of Genoa spent the week end with Miss Mayla Johnson.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Aurner entertained Mr. and Mrs. Palmer of Belvidere Sunday.

Mrs. Peter Rosenke and son, C. S. of Genoa were Kingston visitors Tuesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Uplinger and daughter, Eleanor, were Rockford visitors Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Moore entertained Mr. and Mrs. Ira Sandall of Belvidere Sunday.

Mrs. Geo. Helsdon and sons of Belvidere were guests of relatives here a few days last week.

Mrs. Michael Askins and sons of Belvidere spent one day last week with relatives and friends in Kingston.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Ort were guests at the home of their daughter, Mrs. Floyd Hubler, at Rockford Sunday.

The ice cream social held on Otto Swanson's lawn Tuesday evening by the W. C. T. U. was well attended.

Mrs. Emma Tazewell and daughter, Edna, of DeKalb were over Sunday guests at the home of the former's son, R. S. Tazewell.

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Branch and daughters, Mrs. Robert Dunbar and Mrs. Mary J. Fellows autoed in the former's car to DeKalb Sunday.

Miss Edith Aurner entertained several young ladies at her home last week Friday afternoon. An enjoyable time was had. Lunch was served.

Mrs. Ann Stewart and daughter, Alta; E. J. Stewart and Misses Bessie Sherman, Edith Moore and Daisy Ball autoed in the former's car to DeKalb Monday afternoon.

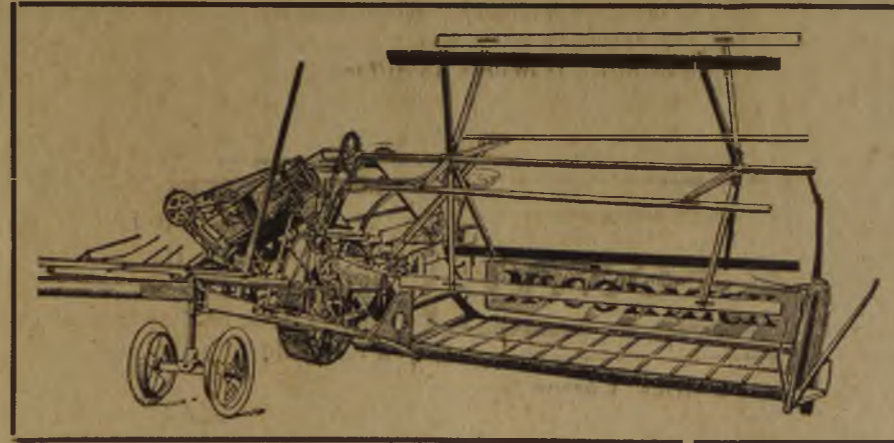
Miss Mayla Johnson entertained about twenty five young people at her home west of town last week Friday evening. The evening was very pleasantly spent with games and music. Refreshments were served.

"Abounding Love" will be the subject of the sermon by the pastor, J. W. Green, at the Kingston Baptist church next Sunday morning, July 4. The subject in the evening will be "Pay Day." The morning service will be strictly patriotic. A special invitation is extended to the veterans and sons of veterans. Also to the general public.

A meeting was held by the Northern Illinois Old Settlers and

YOUR BINDER TROUBLES WILL BE FEW IF YOU USE A McCORMICK

BUILT FOR LONG SERVICE



BUILT FOR GOOD WORK

Will be pleased to talk over the binder proposition with you. Call and see us, or call us up and we will come to you.

J. R. KIERNAN & SON, GENOA, ILL.



Aerolux Shades have many points of superiority over Porch Shades, but by far the most important improvement ever made in Porch Shades is the PATENT NO-WHIP ATTACHMENT. It is attached to and made a part of the shade itself. It is adjustable, and without placing strain on the shade holds it taut and prevents its flapping and whipping in the wind, which is both injurious to the shade and unpleasant to the occupant of the porch.

With these attachments it is not necessary to raise the shades at night, or when leaving the porch. This is a very great improvement in Porch Shades, and found ONLY on AEROLUX.

Aerolux Shades are Artistic

AEROLUX Splints are smoothed by a special process. All cords and twine are colored (except in grade 3) to match the splints, adding greatly to the appearance of the shade.

Complete line of Furniture and Rugs

W. W. Cooper

Genoa Opera House

TUESDAY, JULY 6

Sherman Kelley's

BIG

Stock Company

PRESENTING

"Who's Little Girl Are You"

A Musical Comedy in 3 Acts

14 People - 10 Singing Voices

Feature Vaudeville Between Acts

Prices, 10 - 25 - 35

See Kelly and Learn to Laugh



Our Estimate Man Is Always on Hand!

WE SELL AT RIGHT PRICES

Lumber, Lath, Posts, Shingles, Sash, Doors, Blinds.

Cement, Lime, Plaster, Roofing, Drain Tile, Brick, Etc., Etc.

And makes his multipliers and products as low as they can be figured. The cost of your bill depends largely on the Multiplier! Bring in your multipliers or dimensions and we will figure the cost as low as we can.

Tibbits, Cameron Lumber Co., Genoa, Illinois.

The Sherman Stock Company Here Monday, July 5

Among the plays of American authorship, which have found favor among the amusement going public, few have excelled in point of criticism and financial returns that which is credited to the delightful comedy drama entitled, "The Wages of Sin," which will be presented for the first time in this city by "The Sherman Stock Co." on Monday, July 5. This piece received its first production in New York City, where it had a remarkable run, during which period it received the strongest endorsement of the metropolitan press, it can be truthfully said, without receiving a single adverse criticism. The management of several of the Western states are now duplicating its metropolitan success in splendid styles. Prices: Children, 10 cents; adults, 25 cents. Monday night will be bargain night. Any lady will be admitted for 15 cents Monday night only.—Adv.

"Abounding Love" will be the subject of the sermon by the pastor, J. W. Green, at the Kingston Baptist church next Sunday morning, July 4. The subject in the evening will be "Pay Day." The morning service will be strictly patriotic. A special invitation is extended to the veterans and sons of veterans. Also to the general public.

A meeting was held by the Northern Illinois Old Settlers and

A meeting was held by the Northern Illinois Old Settlers and



CUT ME OUT WORTH 15 CENTS TO YOU

CELEBRATE JULY 4TH WITH ME AT Genoa

This Coupon and 15c will Admit one Lady to see THE SHERMAN STOCK CO.

In The Great Comedy Drama

"The Wages of Sin"

In their Big Tent Theatre at Genoa Monday JULY 5TH.

GLENN N. MERRY. Glenn N. Merry will follow the Colonial Concert Company the afternoon of the third day in his lecture entitled "Thirty Pieces of Silver." Professor



Merry is a Chautauqua man of long experience, whose appearances have everywhere been the cause of much thought as well as the subject of much favorable comment. The third day of the Chautauqua.

Wants, For Sale, Etc.

Ads in this column 25c each week for five lines or less; over five lines, 5c per line.

Lands, City Property

FOR SALE—Vacant lots and improved city property in Genoa, in all parts of town. Lots from \$200 up. Improved property from \$1000 up to \$5000, according to location and improvements. Some ought to suit you. Now is the time to buy. D. S. Brown, Genoa. 31-1f

LAND FOR SALE—295 acre farm in Martin county, Minn. 21 acres of timber land in Genoa township. A lot in Oak Park addition, on Main and B. streets. A large lot on Washington street. See H. A. Perkins, Genoa. 4-1f.

FOR RENT—Two fine office rooms in the south-west corner on our 2nd floor. Slater & Son. 49-1f

FOR SALE—Good Minnesota and Illinois farms. Write or telephone J. A. Patterson, Genoa, Ill. Phone No. 22. 28-1f.

Miscellaneous

LOST—Sweater coat and working jacket. Finder please notify W. J. Prain, Genoa.

INSURANCE—Call on C. A. Brown Genoa, Ill., for insurance. Surety and indemnity bonds. City Lots for sale, large and small. 30-1f

DEAD ANIMALS removed free of charge if the hides are left on. The Genoa Rendering Plant. Telephone No. 909-14 or 37. 1f

FARM HANDS FREE—Free of charge to farmers, help paying own train fares. We supply single farm hands, dairy hands and married couples thoroughly experienced. Diamond Farm Hand Agency, 32 So. Canal St. 2nd floor Chicago, Ill. Phone Main 5074 R. Diamond. 24-1f.

ESTRAY—Chestnut mare, with mane roached, one hind leg little larger than the other, has a white strip on head. Information leading to recovery of this mare will be rewarded. Telephone J. Nideigh, Burlington, Ill. 38-2t.*

Telephone 24 THE REDWOOD BARBER SHOP Prompt Service

Agency for

JOSEPH BROS. CLEANERS AND DYERS

If You Only Knew

how good our home made Ice Cream really is you would take a quart of it home with you some day. It is not only absolutely pure, but rich in quality and flavor. And remember, on Sundays, Saturdays and holidays we sell it at 25 cents per quart. You will find here every thing known in refreshing drinks and sundaes, liberal dishes and courteous service. We thank the people of Genoa for our growing trade and are looking for more friends. Our parlor is roomy, clean and always cool. No place could be more sanitary. Call and get acquainted. We want to know you.

The Genoa Candy Kitchen JOHN HINOS, Proprietor

Phone 164

Mordoff Bldg.

LET US TALK WOVEN WIRE FENCE WITH YOU

We have our yard full of all sizes, ready for immediate delivery

ZELLER & SON TELEPHONE 57