

# THE GENOA ISSUE.

VOLUME XI.

GENOA, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, MAY 2, 1895.

NUMBER 27.

## AND THE REAPER IS DEATH.

The Sad Death of Mrs. Fred T. Robinson—The Funeral.

Never in our newspaper connections have we been called upon to chronicle a sadder event than that of the death of Mrs. Fred T. Robinson, which occurred in the early morning of Friday last. It was a decided shock to the good people of Genoa that during the early morning then just passed, the silent reaper had again, did its grim work and another had been added to the countless unnumbered dead, who silently and peacefully succumbed to the inevitable. As the sad tidings passed from lip to lip, many a loving word was said of the deceased, who in life had always a loving and cheerful word for all who came in contact with her. The awful suddenness of her demise made it so hard to realize and many would not believe that she who was the perfect picture of health, such a few days before could now lie cold and still, e'er-shrouded with the mantle of death.

Such, however, was proven to be so, and just at that period in woman's existence when life has settled down into the charmed home circle, with a kind and loving husband and affectionate children about her, that relentless reaper reaches out his tireless arms and plucks from that home the beloved wife and mother, leaving behind a mourning so sad that pen illy depicts it.

Anna McCormick-Robinson, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Richard McCormick was born in Genoa April 23, 1861. At an early age she attended the country school near her parent's home. Later she attended the Genoa public school, being among the first pupils of Prof. Gibbs. She later attended the seminary in Indianapolis. On her return from that school she taught in several of the district schools.

As a schoolmate she was loved by her classmates and when teaching she was not only considered as the teacher but as a friend by her pupils.

In September, 1888, she was wedded to Fred T. Robinson, one of Genoa's successful business men, who several years prior had become a widower, a son, Freddie, having been born of that union. Of his second marriage little Hazel was born. To them both deceased has been a kind and loving mother.

On Sunday afternoon at one o'clock the relatives and a few friends gathered at the saddened home where a short but touching service was held, Rev. W. C. Howard officiated, assisted by the order of Della Rebeccas, of which the deceased was a member. At two o'clock the funeral cortege started for the cemetery. The pallbearers, members of the Oddfellow order and schoolmates of the deceased marched on either side of the hearse, and was followed by a long line of carriages containing the relatives and friends. A procession, two abreast, nearly two blocks long, accompanied the remains to their last resting place. Two bus-loads of Rebeccas from Sycamore and Oddfellows from Genoa and neighboring towns made up the long procession. Inside the cemetery the casket was halted and the Rebeccas and Oddfellows marched by on either side with their fingers linked over it. The casket was then carried to the grave through the open ranks. The Rebeccas took their place at the grave, the Oddfellows forming a circle around them. The services were simple yet appropriate.

It was the largest funeral we have seen in Genoa and was a fitting tribute to the worth and popularity of the deceased.

The following resolutions of respect were adopted by Genoa Lodge No. 768 I. O. O. F., Monday evening:

WHEREAS, It has pleased the Supreme Grand Master of the Universe to remove from our midst Mrs. Anna Robinson, wife of our esteemed brother, Fred T. Robinson; and

WHEREAS, It is but just that a fitting recognition of her many virtues and of our brother's great bereavement should be had; therefore, be it

RESOLVED, By the officers and members of Genoa Lodge No. 768 of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of the State of Illinois, that while we bow with humble submission to the will of the Most High, we do not the less

mourn the untimely death of our brother's beloved wife, a noble and efficient worker in the Rebeccas lodge of our order, who has been so suddenly taken from us.

RESOLVED, That the sincere and heartfelt sympathy of this lodge be extended to our brother and his family in their affliction.

RESOLVED, That these resolutions be spread upon the records of this Lodge, and a copy thereof be transmitted to our bereaved brother and his family.

COMMITTEE, JOHN HADSALL, WM. WATSON, HENRY MERRITT.

## JUST HOW IT SEEMS!

On What Would You Do Under Existing Circumstances. What a deliciously chilling sensation it must be to wake up out of a peaceful, tranquil sleep to gaze into the mouth of a shining little piece of cylindrical steel, by courtesy, or rather trade mark, called a "bull dog." It must have about the same effect as stepping out from the hot sun into the freezing room of James Hutchinson's South Riley creamery.

Yesterday morning when all good people are supposed to be still in bed, a man, both bad and bold, by means of a back window, entered the residence of our respected citizen, Frank Jackman. By the aid of the fitting rays of a dark lantern he found Mr. J's room. Stealing softly to the bed the bad, bold man sprinkled a bottle of chloroform over the sleeping forms of Mr. Jackman and his son. Frank was sweetly sleeping the sleep that only those whose conscience troubles them not can enjoy. Dreaming sweet dreams of being on the right side of the market he was rudely awakened by several drops of chloroform striking him on his face. He came to the conclusion that he had, left his window open and that the rain was blowing in. He turned over with the intention of getting up, but—he changed his mind. And who can blame him. For upon turning over he was blinded by a flash of light which he said seemed as big as the searchlight on the manufacturer's building at the world's fair. A second sight revealed to him the shining barrel of a revolver, behind which stood the form of a man, from whose lips hissed in regulation J. James style, these words, "Move but a single hair of your whiskers, and you're a dead man. Hand over your valuables." And you can bet Frank didn't do a thing but hand over \$10 in cash and his time-piece. With Chesterfieldian politeness the midnight visitor, after extending his thanks, backed quickly out of the room and out of the house.

Owing to the fact that they had as guests two of the visiting clergymen a kind of doubling-up process had to be undergone. Mrs. Jackman and Miss Eva occupied an upper room. In her possession was \$10 in cash. Whether the burglar knew that ministers traveled on half fare permits and received other kindly considerations on account of the failure of the chloroform to get in its work on Mr. Jackman, he did not visit the upper floor. After the exit of his visitor Mr. Jackman quickly dressed himself and calling up Steve Abraham they took a trip around the town. In a boxcar in the St. Paul yard they ran onto a tramp, whom Steve quickly searched. All they found on him was a late issue of the Hampshire Register, two tooth-picks, a copy of Trilby, and a four-leaved clover.

Mr. Jackman describes the man as being of medium size, wearing a suit of dark brown clothes. He wore a handkerchief over his face for a mask.

Through the suspicion of Landlord Bowen of the Genoa House, the man who had been staying at that hotel Tuesday and Wednesday was arrested as he was about to take the St. Paul milk train west-bound last night. He denied the robbery when arrested, but weakened when in the lock-up and finally confessed and made clear all the details. In his grip was found a bottle of chloroform, two revolvers, a mask, a regular house-breaker's kit of tools. On his person was found the stolen watch and money. He waived examination and was at once taken to the county jail.

Steve Abraham is deserving of great credit for the arrest.

## DISSEMINATED MEETING.

Held in the M. E. Church Was a Gratifying Success.

The Rockford District Ministerial meeting was held in the M. E. church in this place on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of this week. The attendance each day was large. The meeting opened with a social hour in the church parlors Monday night after which services were held.

A large congregation assembled to hear their former pastor, Rev. Farnillio. He declined to preach a formal sermon but gave a congratulatory address to his old parishioners on the success of their building enterprise, highly complimented his successor and then earnestly exhorted the members of the church and congregation to consecrate themselves to God's service.

On Tuesday evening Rev. Shepard of Rockford, was also greeted by a large and appreciative audience. He took for his text "The fervent effectual (or agonizing) prayer of the righteous man availeth much." It was a scholarly discussion of the laws of prayer. Illustrated by arguments from science it was a masterly and very convincing presentation.

The responses to the various topics on the program were well prepared and held the close attention of the large day audiences.

With E. H. Lane at the large organ and the full choir present to lead the audience in song, the music brought forth many expressions of approval. During the day sessions and on Tuesday night Mrs. F. H. Sheets and Mrs. E. W. Oneal, sisters, sang several duets. The following resolution was presented and adopted and will be acted upon at a special session to be held at the camp meeting.

RESOLVED, That we, the "Rockford Ministerial Association," now in session, hereby express our judgment that in view of so many conventions now being held each year, that one ministerial association will meet the needs of the district, and that we ask that only one be held, and that such meeting be held in the spring. This is moved as an amendment to the constitution of the association.

S. EARNLEY, JOS. CALDWELL.

The following resolutions were adopted:

RESOLVED, That in the administration of our esteemed Presiding Elder, Rev. W. H. Haight, we have enjoyed throughout the district the firm hand of a thoroughly consecrated, well-balanced, business man, under whose guidance the work has greatly prospered, and at this final ministerial meeting for his sixth year, we gladly record our appreciation of his labors, our admiration of his manly christian character, our gratitude for his wise and faithful counsel, and trust that the richest blessings of our Heavenly Father may continue with him.

RESOLVED, That we do hereby congratulate the people of Genoa, and their most faithful and efficient pastor, Rev. W. C. Howard, upon the successful accomplishment of so magnificent a work, as the erection of this beautiful, commodious and very convenient church edifice free from all debt. May your spirit prove contagious. We also greatly appreciate the kindness of THE GENOA ISSUE in furnishing us a well-executed cut of this beautiful building to carry to our homes.

RESOLVED, That we gratefully appreciate the very courteous and cordial invitation extended to the wives of the ministers of the district, and we hereby for them, and for ourselves, express our most sincere thanks for the royal entertainment we have received.

F. F. FARMILIO, Com.

The following were here in the association, and were entertained as indicated below:

- |   |               |
|---|---------------|
| W A and Mrs Adron, Cherry Valley, D M Gibbs   | Edna          |
| W A Cross, Roscoe,                            | Edna          |
| J M Caldwell, McHenry,                        | S E Olmsted   |
| Wm and H E Clark, Rockton, F M Oversaker      |               |
| Wm and Mrs Craven, Belvidere,                 | S H Stiles    |
| J M and Mrs Cormack, Blaine, Ed Lawrence      |               |
| W B Doble, Poplar Grove,                      | A Portner     |
| Sam'l Earnley, Elgin,                         | C H Smith     |
| F F and Mrs Farnillio, Rockford, Mr Patterson |               |
| M E Fraser, Kirkland,                         | "             |
| J E Fluck, Garden Prairie,                    | S E Olmsted   |
| A T Horn, Sycamore,                           | K Jackman     |
| J N Hall, Rockford,                           | "             |
| E D Hall, Winnebago,                          | "             |
| E K D and Mrs Hester, Kirkland,               | Ed Lawrence   |
| O H Hoffman, Hampshire,                       | J Peterson    |
| W H Haight, Rockford,                         | Geo De Wolf   |
| F R McNamer, Woodstock,                       | W C Howard    |
| E W and Mrs Oneal, Plato Center,              | T L Kitchen   |
| T E Ream, Barrington,                         | A B Clefford  |
| B J Rose, Richmond,                           | Jas Hewitt    |
| J B Shadford, Fielding,                       | A Portner     |
| W M Satterfield, Austin,                      | R D Lord      |
| A W Hetrick, Hampshire,                       | S H Stiles    |
| N A Sunderlin, Harvard,                       | W C Howard    |
| F H and Mrs Sheets, Rockford,                 | H Holroyd     |
| W O Shepard, " "                              | F H Jackman   |
| W C Thornton, Marengo,                        | W C Howard    |
| W H Tuttle, Capron,                           | F Holroyd     |
| G L Wiley, Rockford,                          | H R Patterson |
|   | G H Stauley   |

Sickness, funerals, building enterprise, etc., detained others who expected to come, else every hostess would have had all who were expected. There was, however, a much larger per cent present than is usual.

The association accepted the invitation of Rev. F. F. Farnillio to hold the next session in Winnebago St. church, Rockford.

## The New Dry Goods Store

WILL OPEN Tuesday May 7th

with a complete stock of Dry Goods, Furnishings, Notions, and will offer for the opening week some extra values

Extra heavy unbleached muslin . . . . . 6c, worth 8c  
Ladies' seamless fast black hose . . . . . 10c, worth 15c  
Rockford socks . . . . . 5c, worth 8c  
Bleached muslin, good quality . . . . . 5c

C. E. PAIGE, MORDOFF B'LD'G, GENOA.

## THE LEADER IN DRY GOODS

BECAUSE Our stock is the Largest  
BECAUSE Our Prices are the Lowest  
BECAUSE Our Goods are the Best  
BECAUSE Our Styles are Up-to-Date

New Goods Arriving Daily.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF DRESS GOODS IN THE TOWN

We know we Lead and make the Low Prices, and Positively will not be Undersold in anything.

AT THE GENOA STORE OF E. CRAWFORD, EXCLUSIVE DRY GOODS.

## Children's ready-made Clothing

I have now on hand a large assortment of Children's ready-made Clothing, which are just the thing for school wear, or if you have a child in kilts that is old enough for a change, we can fit him out in his first pair of pants, and coat to match. Also have

## MEN'S READY-MADE CLOTHING.

Bear in mind that we have always on hand a complete line of men's and boys' furnishings in all the latest styles, and bound to please you.

F. O. HOLTGREEN  
MERCHANT TAILOR & GENT'S FURNISHER.

## A. H. MICHAELIS, Bakery - and - Restaurant,

Bakery Goods, Confectionery, Fruits, Cigars, Etc.

MEALS SERVED AT ALL HOURS.  
GENOA, ILLINOIS

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

DOMESTIC.

THE total receipts from internal revenue for the nine months of the present fiscal year ended March 31 were \$100,995,015, the net increase being \$1,939,103 over the preceding nine months.

THE United States supreme court set May 6 for hearing arguments on the petition for a rehearing of the income tax question.

FIRE in the manufacturing and wholesale house of Lampher, Finch & Skinner in St. Paul resulted in a loss of \$125,000.

IT was reported that seven Polanders who were clearing land at Wild Rose, Wis., were cremated by the burning of their shanty.

FIRE destroyed the entire business portion of Chester, Neb.

LOUIS BUDENWITZ and Senor Antonio Ren, citizens of Argentina who are making an overland trip for their government from Buenos Ayres to Chicago, arrived at Little Rock, Ark., having walked the entire distance, 11,111 miles. They left Buenos Ayres August 7, 1892.

THE carpet and plush mills of Dobson at Paris of Schuylkill, Pa., were closed indefinitely, throwing 2,000 employees out of work.

THE New York assembly adopted a resolution favoring the annexation of Canada to the United States.

A FOREST fire covering 6 square miles and consuming valuable pine timber was raging near Lakewood, N. J.

INCOME tax returns in Alabama numbered 370, and it was believed the tax in the state would amount to but \$50,000.

THE village of Perley, Wis., was nearly wiped out by fire.

A STATEMENT shows that the total western packing for the winter season, ending March 1, was 7,191,000 hogs, an increase of 2,307,000 over the preceding year.

THE Methodist Episcopal bishops of the entire world met in convention at Carlisle, Pa.

GEN. BALLINGTON BROWN of the Salvation Army, has renounced Queen Victoria and will become an American citizen.

CHAS. McCORMY SMITH, who pleaded guilty to poisoning his stepfather, Michael Smith, a year ago, was sentenced at Des Moines, Ia., to life imprisonment.

THE first national bank of Plainfield, N. J., was robbed of \$22,705 by burglars.

REPORTS indicated a widespread disposition on the part of farmers to move to the south.

IF Justice Jackson of the supreme court is in Washington May 6 the court will vacate the income tax decision handed down April 8 and open the case for reargument.

FOREST fires were raging in the vicinity of Phillips, Wis., doing immense damage.

A NEGRO who assaulted Mrs. Thomas Gray was hauled down by a posse near Parsons, Tenn., and killed with bullets.

THE safe of Noah Hertzler at Port Royal, Pa., was blown open and robbed of stocks, bonds and cash amounting to about \$37,000.

ROBERT OWEN SHOFARD killed his wife and Dr. J. E. Simmons at Houston, Tex., and then blew out his own brains.

BILL COOK, the notorious outlaw, and twelve companions were lodged in the Albany (N. Y.) penitentiary.

THE failure of Louis Schintz, real estate dealer at Appleton, Wis., made many old and helpless persons paupers.

ABOUT 3,000,000 feet of pine lumber in the yard of F. B. Newton & Co. at Cleveland was destroyed by fire.

THE government of all the states and territories will be asked, to aid in securing money to erect a suitable monument over the grave of Francis Scott Key, the author of the "Star Spangled Banner," whose remains are buried in Frederick, Md.

FIRE destroyed the business portion of Minnewaukan, N. D., the residence portion having a narrow escape.

GEORGE GESCHWILM, aged 32, was hanged at Columbus, O., for murdering his wife on March 8, 1894.

THE attorney general, in answer to the secretary of the navy, has decided that nominations to the naval academy made by the members of the last congress after noon of March 4 last are of no effect.

ROBERT FORD (colored), who shot and killed Jerry Brown (colored), was hanged in the jailyard at Nashville, Tenn.

AT Charlotte, N. C., the immense brick warehouse of Sanders & Blackwood was burned, the loss being \$100,000.

HONORABLE THOMAS HAY, having taken up the cause of their race who have been deceived into going into Mexico, where they are treated like Siberian exiles.

THE towns of Lytle, Benton City and Castroville, Tex., were devastated by a hailstorm, houses being riddled like a sieve, and the cotton and corn crops completely ruined. The loss was estimated at \$200,000.

THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 26th aggregated \$100,540,177, against \$98,274,551 the previous week. The increase, compared with the corresponding week in 1894, was 10.7.

DROVE a storm on the Rappahannock ten men (two white and eight colored) were drowned by the capsizing of a canoe at Burham's wharf in Virginia.

REQUISITS received at the immigration bureau in Washington show that during the last ten months the number of Italian immigrants arriving in this country was 10,025 less than during the same period last year.

THERE were 230 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 26th, against 241 the week previous and 174 in the corresponding time in 1894.

COUNTY TREASURER C. W. Nowe disappeared from Montezuma, Ia., taking with him, it is alleged, about \$15,000 of the funds of Poweshiek county.

MARION RAY, a disreputable negro, was hanged by a mob near Jesson, Ky.

CHARLES STANLEY shot and fatally wounded his wife at Los Angeles, Cal., and then killed himself. The couple had been married only three months. Jealousy was the cause.

GOLD was discovered near Raleigh, a suburb of Memphis, Tenn. It was plentifully mixed with platinum.

JOHN RISOULOS started to walk from San Francisco to New Orleans, his home. The midwinter fair broke him.

CHERRY GROVE, a small town in Pike county, Mo., was almost destroyed by fire.

COUNTY GOVERNOR C. D. Whitely of Hawaii, and United States Secret Service Agent Harris were warned of a conspiracy of foot in San Francisco to overthrow the Hawaiian government by means of another revolution.

JOHN ANDERSON was struck by lightning and killed instantly at Valley Springs, S. D., and Jacob Howard met a like fate at Luverne, Minn.

THE world's fair diploma awarded to exhibitors whose exhibits were favorably mentioned by the judges are being prepared at the bureau of engraving and printing in Washington and will be sent out in about sixty days.

MANY bucket shops throughout the United States and Canada were heavy sufferers by the failure of John C. Allen, who ran the Standard grain and seed exchange at Buffalo, N. Y. His liabilities were \$250,000.

SLOAN HUNT (colored), who shot and killed Lemly Daily December 3, 1894, was hanged at Abbeville, S. C.

THE bodies of James Yeager and his two children were taken from the ruins of the Finchel block fire at Louisville, Ky.

JOHN RICH, Sidney Burns, Annie Mitchell and Lora Long were standing on a ledge of rock 300 feet high at Coskottan, N. Y., when it fell and all were killed.

THE Manhattan exchange, stock brokers in New York, with about sixty branch offices in the eastern states, failed for \$400,000.

HAILSTORMS in Arkansas and Mississippi damaged growing crops and destroyed considerable farm property. A negro woman named Kaufman was frightened to death.

THE percentages of the baseball clubs in the National league for the week ended on the 27th were: Pittsburgh, .875; Baltimore, .667; Boston, .500; Brooklyn, .500; Washington, .500; New York, .500; Chicago, .500; Cleveland, .500; Cincinnati, .500; Louisville, .375; Philadelphia, .333; St. Louis, .250.

LAWYER THOMAS, a merchant at Hot Springs, Fla., was taken from his house and unmercifully whipped by feminine white caps for abusing his wife.

TAN TRADING COMPANY, a company of Laramie, Wyo., made an assignment for \$300,000.

MISS LOU WILSON, 20 years old, frustrated an attempt to wreck a passenger train on the Southern California railway just outside of Pasadena, Cal.

ADVICES from St. Johns, N. D., say that 1,500 Indians and half-breeds were on the warpath, and that 700 women and children were in tents on the prairie.

FIRE losses throughout the country for the week ended on the 27th amounted to \$2,126,423, against \$3,113,680 for the week previous.

THE Merchants' national bank of Rome, Ga., closed its doors. The bank had a capital of \$100,000.

ON a wager that he could kill 100 out of 100 picked pigeons at 30 yards rise, 50 yards boundary, Capt. Brewer killed 100 birds straight at Dexter Paris, Long Island.

MRS. MARY POET, her daughter, Mrs. Pat Finley, and little Ethel Finley, were drowned in the river near Autrain, Mich.

ROBERT LUSCOMBE, ex-assistant city attorney, and one of the best-known lawyers in Milwaukee, shot and killed his brother-in-law, Emil A. Sanger, because Sanger abused his wife.

GEN. GRANT'S 75th anniversary was celebrated in Chicago, Mrs. Grant and her daughter, Mrs. Sampson, being present at the ceremonies.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL. Mrs. WILLIAM BARTLEY, of Hartsboro, O. T., took a dose of arsenic and forced her 7-year-old daughter to swallow a like quantity of the drug. Both are dead.

COL. FRANKLIN FAIRBANKS, president of the Fairbanks Scale company, died at St. Johnsbury, Vt.

REV. DR. W. MITTENDORF, 64 years of age and for twenty years editor of German literature in the United Brethren publishing house, died in Dayton, O.

Mrs. CHRISTINA BORDER, aged 105 years and 6 months, died at Lewis-ton, Ill.

THE body of ex-United States Senator James F. Wilson was interred at Fairfield, Ia.

Dr. FRANK ANDROS, who was the first practicing physician to locate west of the Mississippi river, died in Minneapolis at the age of 93 years.

WILLIAM WILSON and James Conyers, farmers near Carlisle, Ky., engaged in a fight with revolvers and both were fatally wounded.

GEORGE JACOB SCHWEINFURTH, the alleged Christ, was found guilty of adultery by the grand jury at Rockford, Ill., and in default of \$1,000 bond was confined in the county jail.

FIRE destroyed a portion of the Willard state hospital at Ovid, N. Y., the loss being \$100,000.

Onto republicans will hold their state convention at Zanesville, May 28.

FOREIGN. Six men were killed and several wounded at the village of Huatla, Mexico, by the collapse of an amphitheater.

PRESIDENT CORDEIRO, of Ecuador, has resigned, the vice president taking his place.

A SCORE or more women and girl employees were killed or fatally hurt and \$500,000 in property was lost in a fire in W. C. McDonald's tobacco factory at Montreal.

THE Japanese government, replying to the note of the Russian government, intimating that a change is necessary in various conditions in the treaty of peace, says no change can be made.

FIFTEEN men were killed in a mine explosion at Denny, Scotland.

LATEST advices received from Nicaragua reported that the British troops had landed at Corinto and occupied the town.

JAPAN was amazed at the aggressive combination of Russia, France and Germany against the carrying out of the treaty with China.

FOUR towns in Hungary—Mosrin, Ketz, Vlova and Rudolfgrad—were practically destroyed by floods, the damage amounting to \$3,500,000.

At Hartney, a prosperous town in Manitoba, destroyed fourteen business places. Loss, \$100,000.

THE great dike at Bonzy, France, burst and 180 persons were drowned and the whole region over which the thousands of tons of water swept was strewn with every sort of wreckage.

ADVICES from Managua say that Nicaraguan protests before all nations against the outrage which Great Britain inflicts upon her by the military occupation of the port of Corinto in order to seize from her, by force a sum of money which is not owed, in absolute disregard of international laws and of the dictates of right, justice and equity.

LATER. THE gubernatorial investigating committee reported to the Tennessee legislature that Gov. Turney was elected by a plurality of 2,338 votes. The republican members of the committee presented a minority report in favor of Evans.

THE Lloyd, Lutz & Thompson Dry Goods company at Kansas City, Mo., failed for \$100,000.

THE residence of George Denniston in Crookston, Minn., was burned and his aged parents lost their lives in the flames.

THE sixth negro was lynched in Butler county, Ala., for the murder of young Watts Murphy.

ESU, POWERS, a farmer, and Jacob Kats were buried to death in a barn near Milford, Conn. The fire was of incendiary origin.

A VERTICINE swept through Omaha and vicinity and seven persons were injured and a large amount of damage was done to property.

AS a result of a trivial quarrel, W. W. Ellsworth, a noted swine breeder at Woodstock, Ill., killed his hired man, George Filzweber, and then blew his own head off.

THE attorney general of Illinois says that city councils cannot legally appropriate city funds to publish ordinances in the German language.

A TENEMENT house was burned in Pittsburgh, Pa., and Samuel Weaver, Frederick Snyder and William Mitchell perished in the flames.

TWO colored men of the 11th regiment Michigan state troops left Houghton for Marquette, Mich., to keep peace between union and non-union laborers on the docks of the South Shore railway.

JOSEPH DENMAN, 45 years old, drowned himself at Cleveland because he had been charged with forty-five crimes of which he had not been indicted.

THE 1890 census gives New York city a population of 1,399,806.

AGOSTUS FRANK, an ex-congressman, died at his home in Warsaw, N. Y.

SEVERAL villages in New Guinea were depopulated owing to a fierce tribal warfare waged there and women and children were mercilessly butchered.

FIRE partially destroyed the plant of the Kenhor Mining company in East St. Louis, the loss being \$100,000.

A MEXICAN dispatch says that Great Britain would withdraw her ships from Corinto and give Nicaragua fifteen days in which to pay the \$75,000 smart money if such a proposition would be accepted by Nicaragua.

IS YOUR BLOOD PURE?

Not One in a Thousand can say "Yes."

The human body is fertile soil for disease germs, but the man whose blood is pure has nothing to fear, because pure, rich blood will keep all the functions of the system in perfect working order. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies, vitalizes and enriches the blood, and in this way is a defense against disease.

Blood Poisoned.

"When I was 18 a bad fever sore came on my right leg. After a time it healed, but 21 years later, last winter, it broke out again terribly sore, and many said it would never heal up. My son read so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla he urged me to try it. I did so, and to my great joy in a short time

the sores ceased to discharge, and shortly after began to heal. After taking five bottles the poison was eradicated and the sores entirely healed. I now feel as well as ever and enjoy renewed strength and vigor." FRANK O. PIERCE, South Londonderry, Vt.

Running Sores.

"I have been troubled with running sores on my hip for years. I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla in September, and have not been troubled with running sores since January. I never felt better in my life. I weighed 93 pounds when I commenced taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and I now weigh 132 pounds." HOWARD DABBY, Saffinville, Ohio.

N. B. If you decide to take Hood's do not be induced to buy any other.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the Only True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye to-day

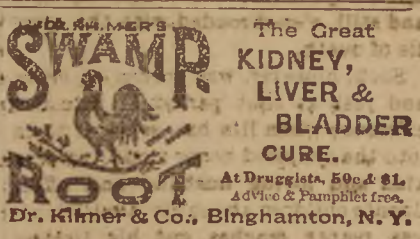
The ever popular comedian, Nat C. Goodwin at Hooley's Theater, Chicago, week of April 29.

THE MARKETS.

Table of market prices for various commodities like Live Stock, Grain, etc. in New York and Chicago.



KNOWLEDGE Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.



LOOK FOR THIS LOCK! IT IS ON THE BEST SCHOOL SHOE



Beecham's pills are for biliousness, bilious headache, dyspepsia, heartburn, torpid liver, dizziness, sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, loss of appetite, sallow skin, etc., when caused by constipation; and constipation is the most frequent cause of all of them.

Go by the book. Pills 10c and 25c a box. Book FREE at your druggist's or write B. F. Allen Co., 305 Canal Street, New York.



# The Genoa Issue.

G. E. SISLEY & CO., Publishers.  
GENOA, ILLINOIS.

## MY CALENDAR.

Each day I turn a new leaf down  
To mark time's weary flight;  
With every leaf I turn, my own  
I feel my love more bright.  
The weary days drag slowly on  
To weeks that seem to be  
Each one an age o'er it is done—  
When you are far from me.

With every dawn that glids the east  
I hold you dearer, love you more;  
Each evening finds my love increased—  
So it will be till life is o'er.  
And when the last leaf I have turned—  
The last day of the year—  
Not all love's lesson will be learned  
If you still teach me, dear.

Another calendar I'll find  
To count the new year's day;  
Not that I need it to remind  
That I love you always—  
A record in my heart I hold,  
When it is there I cannot err.  
For love does not, like time, grow old,  
And does not need a calendar.

—Miller Purvis, in Ohio Farmer.



## CHAPTER VII—CONTINUED.

"Oh, that was easy to find out," answered the civilian. "All the soldiers, all the laundresses, were full of information about Schramm, and the mere fact that he held aloof from all but a few of their number was sufficient to make them suspicious of those with whom he did associate. Mrs. Hinkel and Mrs. Schultz were sisters, I am told, and Schultz and Schramm became very friendly. Schramm, it appears, spent many an evening at Hinkel's, and took a box there when the battalion was packing for the field, and went there with a small bundle the morning he got in from the front, the morning of the robbery. Now we know just what these two men did in town, and what we want to find out is what they did out here, what that packet was and what became of it. To-morrow we expect to have the men themselves."

"You do? Where?"

"Oh, well, down the Ska somewhere. They doubtless think that the safest route. You see, they couldn't go in any other direction without their being headed off and its being open admission of their guilt. Possibly they mean to catch the regiment, go through the campaign with it, and by and by, when the thing has blown over, pull out the money that they've hidden hereabouts, and have a good time. We have two parties out after them now; one, to head them off, went down to Pawnee by rail and rode north from there; the other follows their trail. I suppose you know we found the valise?"

"No. Where?"

"On the north bank of the river, not more than a mile west of Minden, sliced open with a Bowie and rifled of whatever paper money there was in it originally. Nothing else was taken, so the paymaster and clerk say. They even left the nickels and dimes. Evidently they were in a big hurry."

Morgan's sad eyes wandered again over the prairie. The buggy was not a mile away, and another was following. If he could only see Mrs. Hinkel a moment before the inquisitors came. "Sudsville," that bustling suburb of the army post of those days, nestled along under the bank of a little tributary of the Mini Ska, while the cavalry stables and corrals occupied the broad low ground that skirted the stream itself on the southward side of the garrison. He had known the woman for years. She was an honest, sturdy, stout-hearted "frau," devoted to her husband, the Hanoverian sergeant, and proud of her brother-in-law, the Prussian Schultz, whose wife had died some years before. She held herself above the run of the colony of soldiers' wives, therefore they were not as ready to lie for her as against her. Nevertheless, she had won even their respect; but the gabble of the laundress' quarters had been amply sufficient to direct the scrutiny of the officials to her doors. Schramm, who left the box with her when the battalion marched, had left also a small package with her the morning he and Schultz rode in. Where were box and packet, and what did they contain? That was what the sheriff was determined to find out, and so certain was he of being on the trail of the robbers that he had hidden Graves and his clerk to follow and identify the money that might be recovered. When Morgan saw the occupants of the second buggy, as they drove by the south gate, he went straight to his quarters. "Is Constance asleep?" he asked of Mrs. Woods, as she met him at the stairs.

"No, she's awake and anxious to see you," was the answer.

Still undetermined what to do, the father slowly climbed the steep stairway. Oh, how fondly and trustfully the big eyes beamed upon him, as he tiptoed in. Already his child was looking better, almost happy. She

stretched forth her arms as he bent to kiss her.

"Dear old daddy! Ad the worry seems to come to you now, and Connie's forbidden to get up and help you. Is there any further news—of the robbery, I mean?"

"Yes." Then he paused a moment. "Constance, dear, the civil authorities claim that they know the robbers—that they are of our regiment and that we are shielding them. The general orders me to aid in the search. They say Mrs. Hinkel had a box which belonged to Schramm and contains now some of the stolen money. What box did she bring you last night?"

"Schramm's box, father, and begged me not to let it go. It contains no stolen money. It holds papers and personal—"

"No matter what it may hold, we cannot hold it for you. I do not blame Mrs. Hinkel for fetching it to you, but I must have it and the key."

"The box is in the lower drawer of the bureau, father. I have no key at all; Schramm has that. I did not tell you, because we knew if you were questioned about it you would have to tell the truth, and then poor Schramm's letters would be no longer sacred."

"They shall touch none of his letters if I can help it," said Morgan, "but they must be allowed to examine for themselves."

A quarter of an hour later, in the office of the commanding officer were Graves and his clerk, the sheriff and a deputy, Morgan and the post surgeon, the latter officer having been summoned at Morgan's request. On the table was a stout sole-leather case about two feet long and six inches deep, shaped something like a dispatch box, something like a valise. It was evidently of foreign make, strong, durable, yet showing signs of service and wear. Such a case had originally been painted on its end was long since carefully scraped and painted out. In addition to its straps, a strong brass clasp and padlock secured it.

"It seems a pity to burst such a lock and spoil such a case," said the doctor, gravely. "I suppose you gentlemen feel that it must be done?"

"Oh, I never had a straighter tip in my life," said the sheriff. "I am betting on finding important evidence right here, if not the swag itself."

"A soldier entered with some tools. "One moment now, gentlemen," said Morgan. "This box is the property of a comparatively new soldier of ours. I believe he occupied higher station abroad than here. If money be found therein, well and good, I've nothing to say; but I protest against any prying into his personal secrets. This isn't Russia."

But the very first thing lifted out of the leather box, as its clasp shattered, it lay open before their eyes, was a long, official envelope. The sheriff tore it open, and therein lay ten fifty-dollar bills, national currency, crisp and new.

"My God!" exclaimed Lacy, pale with excitement. "I believe I could almost swear that those are some of the very bills we drew from the First national."

"Do you ordinarily pay enlisted men in fifty-dollar bills, Mr. Lacy?" asked Morgan.

"Certainly not," was the prompt reply. "There were over twenty officers with Col. Winthrop's battalion; so we bought a thousand in one-hundreds and two thousand in fifties." And Lacy counted the bills over again with trembling fingers. The sheriff's big hands were dragging out other packets now, bundle after bundle of letters, old, faded and stained, several little books in German, three or four parcels wrapped in silk, each of which, when unrolled, proved to contain portraits. One of a soldierly, gray-mustached man of fifty-five or thereabouts, in the conventional broad-breasted undress uniform of the German army. Another—on ivory, this, and in costly frame—a painting of a lovely face with deep blue eyes and a fond, tender smile about the lips—a mother face, which appeared again, with more of silver and less of gold in the curling hair that framed it, in two or three

photographs. There was a photograph, too, of a stalwart young lieutenant in the dress of the Uhlan. Another, a boy not more than eighteen or nineteen, in the uniform of a foot-guard, with the iron cross on his breast. There was a sword-knot or two, and then some documents, closely written in German, filed, docketed and trimly wrapped, and these, one after another,

the sheriff was searching through and swearing over because he couldn't understand them, when again Morgan interposed.

"There's no more money there, Mr. Sheriff. Surely there's no reason for prying into the man's family affairs. When the arrest is made that will be time enough. You've got what money there is. Kindly give me a memorandum receipt for that and then seal the case up again. I say again, I'm ready to bet anything both Schultz and Schramm will be able to account for every moment and every dollar. All you have to do now is to get them, which your deputies can effect as soon as they reach the regiment."

And, seeing how much Morgan seemed to take the matter to heart and that the officers evidently agreed with him, the sheriff finally consented. "All right; only we've got to take this with us. We ought to hear through Pawnee from the parties sent to make the arrest by to-morrow night."

And hear they did, late the next evening. The party sent out from Pawnee, rode north to the Mini Ska until they struck the cavalry trail near Painted Lodge, then followed the battalion on to camp. Schultz and Schramm had neither been seen nor heard of by the battalion since they were sent back from Bear Fork.

## CHAPTER VIII.

It was on Wednesday morning that Old Tintop marched away from Ransom. It was on Friday morning a dawn that the robbery occurred at Minden, Friday at guard-mounting that Schultz and Schramm reached the post, Friday noon that the news of the robbery came to Major Rhett, by which time the two couriers were again up and away, going, as we have seen, to have a quiet dinner by themselves in the town before starting to return to their detachment. Fanning, proprietor of the Empire stables, said they had unsaddled in his corral about half-past twelve, had told him to feed at four, as they purposed starting in the cool of the evening; but they came back hurriedly just before three, saddled up, paid their reckoning and left. He knew Schultz well; the other was a stranger, twenty years younger. Conway, keeper of the thriving restaurant, said the sergeant and his friend came in about one. He knew Schultz well also, and Schultz ordered a good dinner to be served, with a bottle of Rhine wine, as soon as convenient. They were shown to the curtained glove at the rear end of the house, farthest from the bar, and were waited upon by the Mongolian combination cook and waiter. Meantime, everybody coming into the bar was talking of the robbery, and finally about half-past two Conway went himself to the box occupied by the Germans, and told them the news. They got up at once, left their wine and coffee unfinished, and hastened out to get further particulars. A few minutes after three they were seen riding briskly away on the Minden road, north of the river. It was Saturday morning when the sheriff's officers were sent in pursuit, one party going by rail to Pawnee, as has been said, then taking horses and riding over to the lower valley of the Ska; the other followed the trail. On Sunday evening members of both parties met near Painted Lodge one coming back from the command to report that Schultz and Schramm were not there and hadn't been there, the other riding eastward hard as they could to catch the malefactors whom they believed still ahead of them. Between the two the Germans had slipped out somewhere and gone none could say whither.

When Monday evening came there was news indeed. Tintop, by a forced march, had jumped between the Sioux raiding parties and the agency, whether the renegades were now returning, and there had been a battle to the death. The fight had come off somewhere among the breaks on the north side of the Ska Sunday afternoon, ninety miles from the agency and a hundred from the nearest railway station. The news came from Indian sources entirely, but neither agent, interpreter, mission priests nor soldier guards could tell by what means they got the tidings, and no Indian or half-breed would tell. That they believed it authentic was evident from the walls and lamentations of certain bereaved squaws. All the agent could telegraph was that a collision had occurred and the losses were heavy on both sides, Tuesday morning dawned with no further particulars worthy of credence. But when No. 3 came in for breakfast at Butte, Col. Rand, inspector general of the department, stopped briskly off and inquired for dispatches at the office of the hotel. Receiving several he was shown at once to Maj. Graves' room.

With the paymaster at the moment were the sheriff and a brace of reporters. Mr. Lacy was away on some mysterious errand which was to result, so it was said, in the recovery of a large portion of the stolen funds. He had been gone since Sunday night. Rand thoughtfully read his telegrams as he mounted the stairs. The bell-boy's rap was answered by the sheriff, who was seated nearest the door, a proceeding at which Graves reddened; it smacked of proprietorship, an indefinable air of authority and possession on the part of the sheriff having become more and more noticeable to the paymaster ever since their visit to Ransom. It galled him, yet was manifested in so intangible a way he knew not how to resent it. The fact of the matter was, Graves didn't know how

to do anything when Lacy was away. He had been in service only a year, despite his gray beard, and was the pomice of a man to whom neither executive nor senate could afford to say nay. He simply leaned upon Lacy, who for his part was unquestionably one of the ablest and most accomplished assistants a government official could expect to have.

"What do you want?" said the sheriff, gruffly. "Nobody rang."

"Don't want nawthin'," was the answer, as the boy's eyes wandered past the bulky form which was too familiar to be of interest, and sought out the party who had been "held up."

"There's a feller here askin' for Graves," he proceeded—the use of a handle to a man's name being regarded in many far western communities at that day as a virtual admission of personal inferiority. The paymaster heard his name and hastened to the door. Rand, swinging coolly along the corridor, reading his dispatches, glanced up, gave no sign of recognition of the sheriff, but held out his hand to Graves, whose face lighted with relief and hope at the sight of the staff officer.

"Come right in, colonel," he exclaimed. "I'm mighty glad to see you. I've been hoping you'd come. My God! did you ever hear of a more perfect plant? Come in; I want to talk with you."

"Had your breakfast?" asked Rand, briefly, and barely glancing at the other occupants.

"Not yet. I haven't much appetite to speak of, and these gentlemen came up to see me the first thing. Let me present—"

"Well, come and take breakfast with me, then. I'm hungry as a wolf, and I can't talk until later," interposed Rand.

"All right, colonel; I'll go with you in a minute. As I was saying, the sheriff and these gentlemen—" again indicating his friends.

"Don't let me intrude now, Graves. I'll order for two. Finish your business with your friends, and then join me as soon as you can." And, before the paymaster could present the sheriff or introduce anybody else, Rand whirled about and went striding slowly down the corridor, engrossed apparently in another dispatch.

"Give me the old room, if you can," said he at the office, "and order breakfast for two at once. Give us a little table by ourselves; I'll be back here in ten minutes."

The colonel was not in sight when Graves, still accompanied by the sheriff and correspondents, came down to the office. Nor did he reappear in the hall. Graves, nervous, anxious, and fretful, kept glancing at the main entrance, and finally led his faithful attendants to the porch without. Here they could command a view of the street both ways. In fifteen minutes a waiter came out to say that Maj. Graves' breakfast was getting cold, and the other gentleman was half through his'n; wanted to know if the major's friends wouldn't excuse him long enough to let him come in and get a bite. The correspondents saw through the scheme and took it all laughingly. The sheriff said he'd go with him. Rand looked neither surprised nor annoyed when the big fellow came bulging in. He bowed civilly, but continued his engrossing work of tearing a territorial chicken to shreds, simply saying they must excuse his apparent haste, he had had no supper the night before and a long day's work was ahead and he was ravenous. The sheriff grimly watched the well-known officer (every town and settlement in the department knew the general's right-hand adviser, Rand), and twice essayed to open talk on the subject of the robbery. Rand listened with every manifestation of polite interest, but vouchsafed not a word of his own. Suddenly pushing back his chair and tossing his napkin thereon as he rose, he said:

"Now excuse me, major; finish your breakfast, and I'll write a letter or two. Join me in the office as soon as you're ready."

Of course Graves was ready in three minutes, and the sheriff also. Rand looked up, nodded cheerily, and went on with his letters. These he presently read over, folded, addressed, and stamped, with easy deliberation, and by this time the correspondents rejoined the major. Rand glanced at his watch, picked up his letters and took them to the desk. Graves and party followed. Then out came Rand's big cigar case.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

## Unesthetical Salad.

"I want to get some lettuce. Yes, lettuce is what I want. Lettuce makes salad, doesn't it?"

And from the way she spoke, hesitatingly, and with her little white chip basket poised in front of her chin with a thoughtful air, it was plain that she had not done much marketing before and had lately gone to housekeeping.

"Yes, ma'am," replied the marketman. "Lettuce makes salad. We have it and very nice it is, ma'am."

"But haven't you any but green lettuce?" she said, anxiously.

"Why, ma'am! This isn't unripe because it's green! It's all right."

"Oh! I know it's ripe! I don't mean that. Does it all come in that shade?"

"Lettuce all comes one color, ma'am. It always shades on the green."

"Oh, my! Isn't that too bad! I have such a lovely blue dish to put lettuce in; but the idea! Green would look perfectly horrid in a blue dish!"

And the marketman said that a more disappointed customer never left his store.—Chicago News.

## ILLINOIS LEGISLATURE.

### Senate.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 24.—In the senate Wednesday Senator Crawford called up the Cook county civil service bill. The amendments offered by Senator Crawford were adopted, and the bill advanced to third reading. Senator Bogardus introduced a bill to promote the construction of waterways. Senator Coon's bill amending the special assessment law was advanced to third reading. Senator Bogardus' bill providing for granting relief to veterans through the grand army passed. D. A. Campbell's bill amending the election law advanced to third reading. J. R. Campbell's bill providing that constables and justices may pay themselves any fees due them to the extent of 50 percent of the moneys in their possession collected as fines passed. Senator Fowler's valued policy bill was called up by introductory and passed. Senator Hamer's bill to prevent adulteration of drugs, food or confections, was advanced to third reading. Senator Bartlett's bill to prevent the coloring of substitutes for butter yellow was advanced to third reading.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 25.—The valley people made their long-threatened attack upon the Humphreys sanitary district bill in the senate Wednesday morning. After the Humphrey bill was read for the second time, Senator Nichols offered an amendment to the bill. He said in explanation that the whole object of his amendment was to make it clear in the law that the trustees shall be compelled to send down through the canal a volume of 800,000 cubic feet of water per minute. The discussion continued up to adjournment, and will come up Thursday as the pending question. Senator Howell's bill appropriating \$40,000 for the improvements at the Normal university at Normal was advanced to third reading.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 25.—The Humphrey bill and its amendments came up for discussion in the senate Thursday morning, and after another heated and acrimonious debate further consideration was postponed until next Tuesday. Senator Dunlap called up the bill appropriating \$25,000 to build the statue of James Marquette in the capital grounds at Springfield. It failed to pass. Senator Fisher's bill appropriating \$50 to each farmer's institute, and Senator Higbee's, providing for the surrender of charters by corporations, passed. The senate then adjourned.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 27.—When the senate was called to order Friday, Senator Crawford stated that the two factions had after a conference concluded to adopt Senator Looper's amendment on Tuesday. By unanimous consent the bill was brought up, the amendment adopted and the bill advanced to third reading. The bill was then, on motion of Senator Crawford, made a special order for Tuesday. After disposition of the drainage bill, the senate took up the matter of advancing bills to third reading. D. A. Campbell's and Craig's bills amending the law in relation to beneficiary societies, were read a third time and the question of their advancement was made a special order for Tuesday. Senator Looper's bill amending the ware-house law was advanced to third reading, and made a special order for Tuesday. The house bill regulating the granting of franchises by city councils was advanced to third reading, as was also Wall's bill making a residence of ninety days in a township necessary in order to qualify a person to hold office. Senator Litcher called up his revenue bill, and by unanimous consent it was advanced to third reading and was made a special order for two weeks from next Tuesday. Senator Hamer's bill, enabling blind people to become pupils in the schools, was advanced to third reading. The senate then adjourned until 3 o'clock Monday.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 30.—In the house Monday a resolution was introduced and referred to the committee on penal and reformatory institutions favoring the construction of a ship canal to the Mississippi, and that a portion of the same from Lockport to La Salle be built by convicts from the state prisons. The bill for the speedy trial of election contests was made a special order this morning, as was the bill for the creation of free employment bureaus. A number of measures were advanced to third reading.

### House.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 24.—In the house Mr. Ellisworth introduced a bill Tuesday morning looking to the construction of a ship canal from Lake Michigan to the Mississippi river. The bill declares it to be the policy of the state of Illinois to procure the construction of a trunk waterway through the state from Lake Michigan via the Desplines and Illinois rivers to the Mississippi river of such dimensions and capacity as to form a homogeneous part of a through route from the Atlantic seaboard via the great lakes to the Gulf of Mexico. Mr. Dudley introduced a bill amending the act in relation to the state home for the Female Offenders. It provides that the home shall be under the control of three trustees, one of whom may be a woman, all to serve during the pleasure of the governor and without compensation. Mr. Green's bill requiring railroads to erect depots in all towns of over 200 population was advanced to third reading. The house adjourned until 10 o'clock Wednesday.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 25.—Mr. Gibson's resolution asking that a committee of five members of the house be appointed to investigate the offices of tax assessors of Cook county, against which charges of gross corruption have been made, came up as a special order in the house Wednesday morning. A spirited and acrimonious debate followed. The motion was lost and when the motion came up on the adoption of the resolution it was overwhelmingly beaten on a viva voce vote. Mr. Callahan called up as special order the judiciary committee bill. This precipitated a lengthy debate as to the whole matter of statutory revision, which was pending at the time of adjournment.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 26.—In the house Thursday Mr. Cody introduced a bill to prohibit barber shops from keeping open on Sunday. Mr. Hogan introduced a bill to prohibit the issuance or sale of so-called multiple bonds or annuities, the maturity of which depends upon chance or numbers or marks. Mr. Haines' bill appropriating \$30,000 to establish a western hospital for the insane, was advanced to third reading. Speaker Meyer announced that a reception to the visiting legislators from Wisconsin would be given at the executive mansion at 4 o'clock Thursday afternoon, and that the members would escort the visitors to the mansion. The house took a recess at 2 o'clock Thursday afternoon. The session will be devoted to the senate bills on second reading.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 27.—The house worked without a quorum Friday morning. Less than one-third of the members were present, but more business was transacted than on any other day this week in the way of clearing up the calendar. All the senate and house bills on the calendar on the order of first reading were read and advanced to the order of third reading. Among the important bills was that of Mr. Merriam, known as the anti-Catholic bill, and the bill to prohibit the use of alcohol in-the-slot machines. The house adjourned until 3 o'clock Monday.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 30.—In the senate Monday only half-a-dozen members were present. A resolution was introduced providing for a committee to investigate the so-called school book and school furniture trust doing business in Chicago.

**THE GENOA ISSUE.**

PUBLISHED THURSDAYS

By GEO. E. SISLEY & CO.

Per Year.....\$1.00  
If paid in advance.....\$1.25

**Council Proceedings.**

The Board of Trustees met pursuant to adjournment on Friday evening April 26, 1895. President Hutchison presided and all members were present. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

The following bills were read and referred to the finance committee:

H B Downing, balance salary, \$16.33  
Geo E Sisley & Co., printing.. 8.75  
H A Perkins, hardware..... 24.12  
The finance committee having reported favorably, on motion duly seconded and carried the clerk was instructed to draw orders on the treasurer for the several amounts.

A petition signed by nearly every business man in town was presented asking assistance in maintaining a night-watch. The matter was thoroughly discussed. On motion of Johnson, seconded by Prouty, the sum of \$15 per month was appropriated, Wyldie only voting nae on the motion. The chair appointed as a committee to confer with the business men regarding the appointment, Trustees Crawford, Brown and Lembke.

J. W. Wyldie's bond as treasurer, with A. H. Olmstead and Wm Wyldie as sureties was on motion of Lembke, seconded by Crawford, accepted.

Robert Patterson's bond as police and street commissioner, with John Patterson and A. M. Hill as sureties, was accepted on motion of Lembke, seconded by Johnson.

The petition of Chas. Lederle for saloon license was not granted owing to his bond not being signed by residents of DeKalb county.

The following ordinance known as ordinance No. 76 was read a third time on motion duly seconded was adopted:

An ordinance amending ordinance No. 42 regulating the meetings of the Board of Trustees.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained by the President and Board of Trustees of the Village of Genoa that so much of ordinance No. 42 as contained in section one (1) be amended as follows: That the regular place of meeting of the Board of Trustees of the village of Genoa shall be at the office of the village clerk in the said village of Genoa and the regular meeting shall be on second Friday of each month at the hour of 7:30 o'clock p. m.

SEC. 2. This ordinance shall be known as ordinance No. 79.

JAMES HUTCHISON, President.  
Attest: H. A. PERKINS, Clerk.

Ordinance No. 77, "An ordinance establishing boundary of fire limits" was read a third time and on motion of Prouty, seconded by Johnson, the ordinance was adopted.

Ordinance No. 78, "An ordinance regulating the erection and repair of buildings within the fire limits" was read a third time and on motion by Lembke, seconded by Crawford, the ordinance was adopted.

There being no further business the board adjourned.

H. A. PERKINS, Clerk.

**Schiller Theater.**

A great pleasure to the very best theatre-goers, in Chicago and vicinity, will be the return to the Schiller theatre next week of those justly eminent dramatic stars, Frederick Warde and Louis James. These accomplished and popular actors are now universally recognized as the only representatives of that historic and brilliant record of dramatic art, adorned by such magnetic stars as the elder Booth, Forrest, Edwin Booth, Lawrence Barrett, John McCullough, etc. They are always welcome in Chicago, and will doubtless again at the Schiller attract the large and appreciative audiences which made their visit last winter a most exceptional and pronounced success. Frederick Warde and Louis James will be seen here during the present engagement, commencing next Sunday evening, in that great American drama, made famous from its presentation by Lawrence Barrett, "Francesca da Rimini."

Those two recognized public favorites, Rose and Charles Coghlan, will fill a special engagement at the Schiller, commencing Sunday evening May 19th.

**For Rent.**

I have a 44-acre pasture one mile south of Genoa to rent. Enquire of GEO. H. EICHLER, Genoa.

WANTED, A boy to learn the printer's trade. Apply at this office.

**FINANCIAL STATEMENT**

Of the Village of Genoa for the Year Ending April 12, 1895.

1894	Cash on hand and received.	
April 19	Cash on hand	\$122 06
May 2	Recd of A U Schneider	20 00
June 6	H B Downing	20 00
June 6	H B Downing	10 00
July 11	County treasurer	354 57
July 11	A U Schneider	30 00
Aug 6	H B Downing	45 81
10	"	10 08
11	"	18 48
13	"	18 48
14	"	37 86
14	"	37 86
15	"	19 38
28	Wm P Lloid	293 00
Sept 5	B Downing	7 40
18	"	20 10
Oct 11	"	26 58
18	"	40 00
20	"	6 00
Nov 5	A U Schneider	150 00
19	I Q Burroughs	13 00
1895	A U Schneider	155 00
Feb 4	Town collector	1495 21
March 21	"	4502 52
April 12	amount rec'd	\$4502 52
April 12	amount paid out	3766 02
	Balance on hand	735 50

K. JACKMAN, Village Treasurer.  
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of April, 1895.  
A. S. MOLLEMBEK, Notary Public.

1894	Amount paid out.	
Apr 23	G H Ide, lumber	10 46
	White & Stiles, meals	12 00
May 7	Merritt & Hadsall, lumber	2 50
18	W S Strong	15 12
21	Merritt & Hadsall, lumber	18 15
21	A U Schneider, salary and supplies	18 15
June 11	H J Wells, sundries	36 58
11	Wm Heed, grave, and teaming	37 25
	H B Downing 2 mos salary	70 00
	Genoa Band, music	85 00
	G E Sisley, printing	20 50
21	M Harvey, freight	9 80
	Ed Stott, teaming	1 50
	Cash paid for tile	10 04
25	W Evans, street labor	3 00
	E Williams, st labor	1 50
	A Schneider, st labor	3 00
	O Buckley, st labor	7 65
	J Smith, st labor	4 20
	J Fair, side walk	251 10
July 2	H J Wells, mds	5 15
4	H A Perkins, mds	19 34
	J Meyer, stone	12 00
	A U Schneider, tile	26 62
20	John Fair, side walk	665 80
	H B Downing, salary	5 27
	O Buckley, st labor	3 50
	J Smith, st labor	4 20
	Willis Ide, st labor	1 75
21	J Kiddle, st labor	21 50
	J Wyldie, st labor	36 50
	I Q Burroughs, st labor	3 00
25	E Sisson, band	25 00
Aug 9	C Holroyd, st labor	18 50
	J Hadsall, judge election	1 00
	John Fair, side walk	5 00
11	H B Downing, salary	35 00
	John Mansfield, st labor	5 70
	Wm Heed, st labor	3 90
	F O Swan, draying	1 50
	Wm Evans, st labor	12 75
	C Holroyd, st labor	22 00
20	J Kiddle, st labor	4 50
	G E Sisley, printing	9 75
	E D Ide, judge election	3 00
28	John Fair, side walk	400 00
	G Burton on Thompson salary	10 00
31	F F Thompson, salary	30 00
	F O Swan, draying	0 2
	J Wyldie, tile	2 52
	Wm Heed, st labor	28 80
	H J Wells, mds	8 32
	C Holroyd, st labor	4 50
Sept 10	A L Holroyd, st labor	12 15
25	K Jackman, judge election	3 00
	A S Abraham, clerk election	3 00
Oct 13	H B Downing, 2 mo's salary	70 00
	M Blawin, st labor	11 25
	H J Wells, mds	11 95
	Wm Heed, st labor	9 70
	John Wyldie, st labor	22 00
	C Holroyd, st labor	0 00
Dec 13	J Keman, repairing pump	3 25
15	H B Downing, 2 mo's salary	71 50
	F O Swan, draying	1 75
	T G Sager, draying	14 45
	E L Abraham, going for sheriff	1 50
	H J Wells, mds	16 75
26	J Wyldie, gravel and labor	17 70
	Wm Heed, teaming	5 80
	F E Wells, supplies	1 20
	J A Kisten, repairing pump	1 00
1895	S Abraham, clerk election	3 00
12	Shurtleffe & Holcomb, tile	28 76
Feb 9	John Kiddle, teaming	3 00
Mar 11	H B Downing, three mos salary	105 00
	H J Wells, mds	16 38
	B F Thompson, salary	30 00
	John Wyldie teaming	3 00
	Wyldie & Heed, teaming	3 00
	Genoa Hotel, meals	50
13	G H Ide, lumber	11 24
16	F Swan, draying	7 5
	E Williams, st labor	7 5
	Merritt & Hadsall, lumber	36 31
29	J F Brown for J Fair, sidewalk	705 34
April 29	C & D, legal advice	5 00
	Amount paid out	3766 02

**Old People.**

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and a lterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old people find it just exactly what they need. Price, 50c per bottle. For sale by F. T. Robinson, Genoa; L. C. Shaffer, Kingston.

**Harness! Harness!! Harness!!!**

Farmers, look to your own interests. I have the largest stock of heavy and light, hand-made harness in this part of the county, which I am selling cheaper than ever before. All my work is made here in your town, not in prisons nor by cheap labor and of cheap stock. I warrant all my work and that is worth something, because I am here to make it good. I do repairing neatly and cheaply. Give me a call. 3-28-tf M. F. O'BRIEN.

**Two Lives Saved.**

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr Kings New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida street, San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching consumption, tried without result everything else, then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results of which these are samples that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in coughs and colds. Free trial bottles. Regular size, 50c and \$1. For sale by F. T. Robinson, Genoa; L. C. Shaffer, Kingston.

**Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke Your Life Away.**

The truthful, starting title of a book about No-to-bac, the harmless, guaranteed tobacco-habit cure. If you want to quit and can't, use "No-to-bac." Braces up the nerves, eliminates nicotine poisons, makes weak men gain strength, weight and vigor. Positive cure or money refunded. Book at drugists, or mailed free. Address, The Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago, 45 Randolph St.; New York, 10 Spruce st.

**BIG REDUCTION**

**FURNITURE AND UPHOLSTERED GOODS**

I want to reduce my stock. Don't want to move it. Will erect a new two-story brick building, 56x36, adjoining the City Hotel.

I have a.....

**NEW STOCK WALL PAPER--LARGEST IN TOWN WINDOW SHADES--CAN'T BE BEAT**

**CARPETS MATTINGS, Etc.**

Call and examine stock, it will surely please you, and at our reduced prices you will be sure to want something.

**Ice Boxes and Refrigerators AT BOTTOM PRICES. A. TEYLER,**

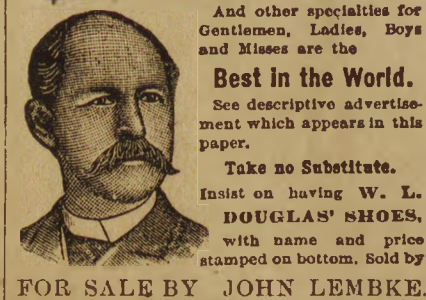


For Sale by H. H. SLATER

**REID'S German COUGH AND KIDNEY CURE. Contains no Poison.**

Reid's German Pills cure Constipation and Malaria. Sylvan Gum purifies the breath.

**W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.**



FOR SALE BY JOHN LEMBKE.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF A **Piano OR AN Organ**

WRITE TO **T. H. GILL.** At Marengo, and he will call on you.

**BIG THING.....**

My selling at cost sale was a stupendous success, the buyer realizing the greatest benefit. Never before in the history of Genoa was there such a quantity of footwear sold in such a short space of time.....

My new stock is here, and consists of the Latest shapes in Ladies' and Gents'

**FINE SHOES IN TANS AND PATENT LEATHERS.**

**THE PRICE** of leather may have gone up but not my prices, which are **ALWAYS THE LOWEST.**

**An Extension**

HAVING ENLARGED MY STORE BUILDING, I HAVE DECIDED TO PUT IN A STOCK OF

**Dry Goods and Groceries.**

Having secured the services of Charles Harth, I feel confident that I can give you good services in both these departments. My groceries are being placed in position now. My stock of dry goods will soon be here.

I ask a share of your patronage, **YOURS FOR TRADE,**

**John Lembke**

**NEW STOCK**

The largest and the Best Stock

Ever Received by a Dealer in DeKalb County, just unloaded by

**H. A. KELLOGG,**

CONSISTING OF.....

**TOP BUGGIES, SURRIES, ROAD CARTS, ROAD WAGONS, SINGLE & DOUBLE HARNESS.**

Horse Blankets and Laprobes. 100 Extra Buggy wheels. Extra Tops, Cushions and Dashes.

**Better Prices than before.**

**An Exclusive Grocer**

Is sure to please you when you want anything in this line. B. Crawford is the exclusive grocer of the town, and his line is exceptionally fine, being entirely new and first-class in every respect. His large store on the corner has been remodeled and rearranged inside, making it more convenient for you to be waited upon. That his stock is large and complete is made apparent to you the moment on entering this building. Come and see; courtesy will be extended you, with an endeavor to supply your wants.

**B. CRAWFORD.**

**PLATES \$8.**

Geo. E. Sager, Dentist, will visit Genoa every Tuesday. Will come prepared to do plate work or filling. Office hours 8:30 to 12:30 a. m., 12:30 to 2 p. m. Residence on Hotel Parlor, Main street.

**PAINLESS EXTRACTION.**

**A. M. HILL, M. D.**

Office over Lamm's jewelry store. Hours, 6:30 to 8 p. m., 12:30 to 2 p. m. Residence on State st. Calls promptly attended day or night.

**A. C. CHURCH.**

Presiding every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school 11:45. Children's meeting at 2 and young people's meeting at 6:30. Singing practice at the pastor's home on Friday evening at 7:30. G. J. French, pastor.

**SOCIETY AND BUSINESS DIRECTORY.**

**INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODDFELLOWS.** Genoa Lodge No. 768, meets in regular session every Monday evening. E. Sisson, Sec. Henry Olmsted, N. G.

**MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.** Genoa Camp No. 365, meets every second and fourth Thursday night. J. H. VanDreser, V. C. W. H. Sager, Sec.

**DELLA REBECCAS, I. O. O. F. No. 1.** Meet every other Friday night. Mrs. J. E. Stott, V. C. Mrs. John Wyde, Sec.

**GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC.** Encampment No. 478, meets on First Tuesday of each month. H. H. Slater, Commander. Geo. Johnson, Adjutant.

**KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.** Genoa Tent No. 44, meets every other Saturday night in Slater's Hall. John Hadsall, Com. F. M. Overaker, Sec.

**A. F. & A. MASON'S, GENOA LODGE.** No. 288, meets in regular session of Wednesday evening on or before the full moon of each month. Wm. C. A. Brown, Geo. E. Slater, Sec.

**KNIGHTS OF THE KOSBE.** GENOA No. 44, meets in regular session on the second and fourth Tuesday of each month. John Harvey, Pres. E. H. Lane, Adj.

**DR. M. D. LEFEBVRE,** Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist. Office Robinson's Drug store. Calls attended day or night.

**H. BURLINGTON,** Real Estate Agency and Collections, Race Springs, Neb. Both farm and city property for sale and rent. Office Baringer Bldg. Correspondence solicited.

**EXCHANGE BANK OF BROWN & BROWN.** Buy and sell Government Bonds. Passports Tickets to and from Europe. And for sale or rent some choice farms in this vicinity, and houses and lots in this village.

**LOCAL NEWS TOTTINGS.**

**Personal Notes, Happenings, Etc.** Pertaining to Genoa.

Buy barb wire at Sager's.

Iron and wood pumps at Sager's.

Best machine oil in town at Sager's.

John Hadsall transacted business in Chicago last Saturday.

Prof. and Mrs. F. M. Overaker were in Chicago last Saturday.

Highest stock of paints, oils and brushes in town at Sager's.

Take your lawn mower to Sager if you want it properly sharpened.

The W. C. T. U. meets with Mrs. A. Clefford Saturday afternoon at 2:30.

Croquet promises to be the out door amusement in Genoa this summer.

H. H. Slater is selling his last year's stock of shoes at cost and for less.

The Rutledge comedy company spent last week in Genoa and played to small houses.

Buy floor paint of paper—he sells the best.

Mr. and Mrs. James Hutchison spent Sabbath day with friends at Pecatonica.

Just received a carload of the Moline Plow Co's. celebrated goods at E. H. COHOON'S.

Jas. Kiernan has just received a carload of Hayes' corn planters. Call and inspect them.

Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Worcester, of Davis Junction, were the guests of relatives here over Sunday.

Call on Jas. Kiernan and he will give you thirty-six reasons why the Hayes' corn planter is the best.

A. L. Kent has gone to Hampshire with his photograph tent, and will return here some time next month.

Don't borrow a step ladder—buy one of Sager's.

Geo. Ide has made quite an important improvement in his office. It has a very attractive appearance now.

The harness trade is still increasing at E. H. COHOON'S. Come and see the bargains he is offering in his line.

To Rent—Desirable house in a desirable locality. Good residence property for sale. D. S. BROWN.

Come and look over Cohoon's immense stock of farm machinery and you will surely find something you want.

H. H. Slater is closing out his last year's stock of shoes for 95c a pair, worth \$1.50 to \$3.00 a pair. Come soon before the best are picked out.

Whips, curry combs and brushes at Sager's.

Jas. Hutchison entertained a Mr. Richmond from Wisconsin the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Kellogg and daughter visited relatives in Chicago this week.

The valuable bay horse, Colonel, owned by Geo. Gordon and cared for at H. A. Kellogg's, died Tuesday night.

Will ask is a fair comparison as to the quality of my goods and I know that the prices will suit you. E. CRAWFORD.

Dr. Secord, who was taken to Chicago a few weeks ago for treatment, died at the Imperial hospital, Chicago last Saturday morning.

Monday moving does not bother the good people of Genoa. But very few changes of residence will occur, as a great majority own their own homes.

For the next ten days I will sell my own-make of farm harness for \$25 cash. All work warranted. 3-28-21 M. F. O'BRIEN.

Don't fail to hear Mrs. Stone's singing of May 8th. Mrs. Stone is the vocal teacher at the Elgin Conservatory.

Be sure and hear Mrs. Buchanan in her monologue, "Behind the Curtain" May 8th. She will also give some Debarte posing.

Read the village treasurer's report in this issue if you wish to know how the village money is spent. It is published for your benefit.

The new council's committee on streets and alleys were out on a foraging party the first of the week and in consequence a number of our citizens have received notices to clean up.

Mr. McCannock and Miss Kate McCannock, of Shell Rock, Iowa; Mrs. Lizzie Martin, Chicago, and Miss Lily DeLoag, Rockford, attended the funeral Sunday of Mrs. F. T. Robinson.

Mrs. Emma C. Buchanan and Mrs. Carrie Whiting Stone, both of Elgin Conservatory of Music, will give an literary and musical program in the M. E. church, May 8th. Price, 25 cents.

On Friday night of this week Past Grand Master E. S. Conway, of Chicago, will lecture in Odd Fellow hall to the brethren, their ladies and friends. It is to be in commemoration of the anniversary of Odd Fellowship.

What a pleasant sight it is to the progressive man to see the bright attractive awnings taking the place of those ancient—before-the-flood wood awnings. Mr. Richardson, E. Crawford and E. Crawford have each put up new and attractive awnings.

On Friday and Saturday of this week County Superintendent Gross will be in the high school room in Genoa to conduct a teacher's examination. Those contemplating taking the examination should not forget this as it will save them a trip to the county seat.

After May 1st the Genoa barber shops will be closed on Sunday. The boys believe that fifteen hours a day six days in the week ought to be sufficient time to get shaved and we are of the same opinion.

The funeral of Fred Guskow, whose death occurred last week Wednesday, took place last Sunday, services being held at his late home in the country at 2 o'clock, and at the German church at 3, Rev. Piender officiating. The funeral was a large one. The deceased was a very successful farmer, and had a host of friends. He lost his wife a few years ago, and three little children survived her.

**An Opportunity, Ladies.** Ladies, do not miss the opportunity of a life time presented you by Fred Holroyd. By cutting out the following coupon and presenting it to him he will present you with a glass of that delicious soda water free. This coupon must be presented Saturday, May 4th.

**THIS COUPON** when presented by a lady WILL ENTITLE THE HOLDER To a Glass of Delicious SODA WATER, at F. H. Holroyd's, if presented Saturday, May 4

**Homeseecker's Excursion.** On April 30th, May 21st and June 11th the C. M. & St. P. R'y will sell special homeseecker's excursion tickets to certain points on their line in Iowa, South Dakota and Minnesota, also to points on connecting lines; at one regular first-class fare with \$2 added for the round trip, tickets good for 20 days. For further information inquire of J. M. Harvey, ag't, Genoa, Ill.

**A BELOVED WOMAN.**

Mrs. Eben Sumner, After a Long Life of Great Usefulness, Succumbs.

The death of Mrs. Eben Sumner on Tuesday last at 11 o'clock a. m. loses to Genoa one of its early settlers and beloved women. After a life stretching over four score years she quietly passed to her reward. During her entire life time she has been a consistent Christian woman whose constant aim was to do kindly and noble deeds. Above all she was a womanly woman and endeavored herself to all by her loving and thoughtful disposition. Her task was too great for her that would benefit her kindred. Her's has been a life that could be looked up to and followed without a fear of doing a wrong act. In this place, where the latter half of her life was spent, were her beautiful qualities best known and appreciated.

She was born in Oxford, Shenango county, New York, June 3, 1813, and was therefore 82 years old. When 15 years old she joined the Christian church, of which she was an earnest and active member and remained so until 1845, when she moved with her folks to Illinois. In 1831 they moved to Pennsylvania and to Illinois in 1845 where she united with the Methodist church, and up to her death was an active member of that denomination. She was united in marriage with Eben Sumner, January 1, 1838, and to them were born three daughters and two sons, who now survive them. Up to a few weeks ago she seemed in perfect health, possessing all her faculties and was a bright, sweet old lady, known better as Grandma Sumner. She has been revered for her sweet womanly ways, and her demise so sincerely mourned by all.

The funeral services were held at the M. E. church this afternoon, the sermon being preached by Rev. Joseph Caldwell, who in 1874 was the beloved pastor of the deceased. It was a masterly effort, and touched the hearts of those assembled as the reverend gentleman eulogized the life of the noble woman. The funeral was unusually large and was the last mark of respect and love to one who has entered a well-earned rest.

**Abolish Skin Games.**

Is it not about time that pea and soap skis were barred from playing their "head-sure" games in Genoa? They say a succor is born every minute of the day, and this statement was borne out in part Tuesday night, and a smooth-tongued fake left town the next morning with about \$20 in cold cash. There are people still alive who believe they can get something for nothing, and we suppose there will always be. But, nevertheless, it is to the disgrace of our town that for the paltry sum of \$1.50 these skin games are allowed to be played on our streets. We do not believe that the trustees were aware of the way their permit was to be used. If they did, it is to their eternal discredit. We have ordinances which prohibit games of chance, and there should be added an amendment which should read, and all games or sales which are of the "skin" variety.

**THIS SAID**



That 'a word to the wise is sufficient.'

**Then Take that Word**

**THE New Spring Styles IN DRESS GOODS AND Dress Trimmings AT**

**H. H. SLATER'S**

Are the finest in texture and up to date in styles

**SEE - THEM - EARLY!**

I have also a large assortment of

**WALL PAPER AND PAINTS,**

From which you can select JUST WHAT YOU WANT.



**OUR SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING**

**FOR MEN AND BOYS**

Is the Richest, the Choicest, the Best fitting, the Most Reliable, the Most Stylish, the Most Durable and Economical ever offered by anybody anywhere. The stock is teeming with new and handsome styles. Best that foreign and domestic looms can produce. The prices are so low that everybody who buys, sends somebody else. In fact, the.....

**LOW PRICES AND GOOD CLOTHING**

Is the magnet which draws the crowds our way. It's a wonderful and stimulating sight to see the people coming day after day. It's an unmistakable indorsement. It's what we expected. It rests with you whether you get your share of the dollars being saved this season at our store. Don't wait. Don't hold off until the lines are broken. Come early, come now, and you'll find that never in the history of clothes-selling have such prices been named.....

**Bicycles Sweaters, Caps and Hose.**

- Single Breasted Sack Suits
- Double Breasted Sack Suits
- Dove Tail Cutaway Suits
- Light-w't Spring Overcoats
- Men's Dress Suits
- Men's Trousers
- Boys' Suits
- Children's Suits
- Men's and Boys hats, caps.
- Children's Hats and Csp's.



**Cheap Charley, = 18-20 Douglas Ave ELGIN, - ILLINOIS**

**A Clean Collar**

One that you can keep clean all the time—a collar that does not wilt when you get over-heated; that does not fray on the edge, or tear out at the buttonholes, and can be cleaned by simply wiping off with a wet sponge or cloth. These collars and cuffs are made by covering linen collars or cuffs on both sides with waterproof "celluloid," thus giving strength and durability. They are the only waterproof goods so made, and every piece is stamped as follows:

**TRADE MARK.**

**THE CELLULOID CO.,** 427-29 Broadway, New York.

## A CLEVER TRICK.

### John Bull Outwitted by the Republic of Nicaragua.

Occupation of Corinto by British Forces Proves a Futile Measure by the Simple Means of Closing the Port.

NEW YORK, April 30.—A special to the World from Managua April 28 says: It is stated here that in view of Nicaragua's tactics, the last proposition made by United States Ambassador Bayard to the British government for a fortnight's truce for Nicaragua to pay the indemnity in will be accepted.

LONDON, April 30.—A dispatch from Managua gives the following details of the landing of a British force at Corinto. Shortly after 2 o'clock in the morning twenty-two boats filled with marines and seamen were lowered from the warships and immediately after the vessels came around bows on and advanced in a line toward the government pier. Each large launch carried a machine gun forward. There was a great crowd at the pier, but no hostile demonstration was made. The landing party marched without opposition to the custom house and hoisted the British flag thereon.

A part of the marines occupy the principal square of the city. Rear Admiral Stephenson has declared martial law. The landing party was commanded by Capt. French of the Royal Arthur, who immediately issued a proclamation assuring the citizens that their rights would be respected and that they might pursue their vocations without fear of molestation.

COLON, Columbia, April 30.—The Nicaraguan government, in view of the occupation of Corinto by the British forces under Rear Admiral Stephenson, for the purpose of collecting the customs revenues at that port to satisfy the demands of Great Britain for an indemnity for the expulsion of Consular Agent Hatch and other British subjects from Bluefields, has decreed the closing of the port.

PASO DE CABALLOZ, Nicaragua, April 30.—The plan of Nicaragua to isolate the British at Corinto is being carefully carried out. Orders for goods to be sent to Corinto have been countermanded until the blockade is raised. The threat now is the British will occupy more territory. It is not believed the United States will allow that.

## TWO TRIPLE ALLIANCES.

Talk of England, Japan and United States Combining Against Russia, Germany and France.

WASHINGTON, April 29.—Rumors of a new triple alliance were afloat among the diplomatic corps Friday. The members of the new international compact, if it be perfected, will be the greatest nations of the continents of Europe, Asia and America. In other words an effort is being made, according to diplomatic authority, to induce the United States to join Great Britain and Japan in an alliance against the powers of Europe and everywhere else.

Knowing well the disinclination of this country to entangle itself with foreign countries in defensive and offensive alliances, Great Britain and Japan are said to have suggested a mere commercial alliance. Should the invitation to join such an alliance be accepted by this government the mere announcement would, it is thought, be sufficient to hold Russia, Germany and France in check in their attempt to prevent the consummation of the treaty of peace between Japan and China by which China will cede certain of her territory to Japan.

LONDON, April 29.—The Daily News has this dispatch from Yokohama: The memoranda presented by the Russian, German and French ministers at Tokio represented the cession of Liao Tung to Japan as a constant menace to Peking, calculated to nullify the independence of Corea, therefore the powers, desiring to show their sincere friendship for Japan, advised her to renounce the possession of this territory. The friendliness of this advice was especially emphasized. The note, it was said, was not intended to be an open or covert menace. The impression grows that Japan can rely upon the friendly counsel and good offices of the United States in preventing her being deprived of the fruit of the victory.

SHANGHAI, April 29.—A dispatch received here from Peking says that affairs there are in a critical state. Some of the generals are in favor of continuing the war. The censors object to Viceroy Li Hung Chang and the terms of the treaty of peace between China and Japan, and the officials are claiming that the emperor alone should decide upon the terms. The ratification of the treaty, consequently, is uncertain and if it is not ratified it is feared that there will be trouble with the army.

### Debs Case Postponed.

CHICAGO, April 29.—District Attorney Black has received instructions from Attorney General Olney to postpone the trial of Eugene V. Debs et al for an indefinite period. The attorney general says the government does not desire to appear in the attitude of persecutor, and the case of these men is pending before the United States supreme court.

## DIRECT TAX.

Definition of the Term by Chief Justice Fuller.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—The text of the opinion of Chief Justice Fuller in the income tax case which was delivered April 8 was made public Wednesday. The opinion is preceded by an elaborate review of the history of the case. The opinion proper is introduced with the statement that "the constitution provides that representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several states according to numbers and that no direct tax shall be laid except according to the enumeration provided, and also that all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States."

Thus in the matter of taxation the constitution recognizes the two great classes of direct and indirect taxation, and lays down two rules by which their imposition must be governed, namely, the rules of apportionment as to direct taxes and the rule of uniformity as to duties, imposts and excises.

By far the greater part of the opinion is devoted to the consideration of the question whether a tax on rents is a direct tax within the meaning of the constitution.

The opinion here reviews numerous decisions under the act of 1861, including the Springer case, which was largely relied upon by counsel for the government in the present case to sustain their contention. Chief Justice Fuller says:

"It is conceded in all these cases, from that of Hilton to that of Springer, that taxes on land are direct taxes and in none of them is it determined that taxes on rents or income derived from land are not taxes on land."

Summing up, the chief justice says, among other things:

"The requirement of the constitution is that no direct tax shall be laid otherwise than by apportionment. The prohibition is not against direct taxes on land, from which the implication is sought to be drawn that indirect taxes on land would be constitutional, but it is against all direct taxes, and it is admitted that a tax on real estate is a direct tax. Unless, therefore, a tax upon rents or incomes issuing out of lands is intrinsically so different from a tax on the land itself that it belongs to a wholly different class of taxes, such taxes must be regarded as falling within the same category as a tax on real estate. The name of the tax is unimportant. The real question is, is there any basis upon which to rest the contention that real estate belongs to one of the two great classes of taxes and the rent or income, which is the incident of its ownership, belongs to the other? We are unable to perceive any ground for the alleged distinction. An annual tax upon the annual value or annual use of real estate appears to us the same in substance as an annual tax on real estate, which would be paid out of the rent or income. This law taxes the income received from land and the growth or produce of the land.

"Nothing can be clearer than that what the constitution intended to guard against was the exercise by the general government of the power of directly taxing persons and property within any state through a majority made up from the other states.

"We are of opinion that the law in question, so far as it levies a tax on the rents or income of real estate, is in violation of the constitution and is invalid."

Comparatively brief space is devoted to the question of a tax on the income derived from municipal bonds. The opinion says:

"The tax on government stock is thought by this court to be a tax on the contract, a tax on the power to borrow money, on the credit of the United States, and consequently to be repugnant to the constitution.

"Applying this language to these municipal securities, it is obvious that taxation on the interest therefrom would operate on the power to borrow before it is exercised and would have a sensible influence on the contract, and that the tax in question is a tax on the power of the states and their instrumentalities to borrow money, and consequently repugnant to the constitution.

## WANTS A MIXED DOLLAR.

Plan to Settle the Silver Question by Putting Both Metals in the Same Coin.

DETROIT, Mich., April 30.—The Tribune (rep.) publishes an editorial leader which declares in favor of the solution of the present money question by the creation of a new dollar, to be composed of proportionate parts of gold and silver. The article quotes the declarations of the republican national platforms of 1888 and 1892 in favor of bimetallicism, and points out the dangers of a practical silver monometallicism through the throwing open of the mines to unlimited coinage. It calls attention to the difficulties and delays which would attend the negotiation of an international compact and questions the successful maintenance of a parity of gold and silver by that means in any event. It calls upon the republican party to fulfill its platform pledges by formulating without delay a practicable scheme for bimetallicism, especially in view of the threatened disintegration of parties and the drawing of new party lines, with gold monometallicism on one side and silver monometallicism on the other.

## NOTED MEN TO TALK.

Southern Leaders Soon to Be Heard at Memphis.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 28.—The currency and banking conference to be held in Memphis May 23 promises to be one of the greatest economical conventions ever held in the south. Present indications are that every city of importance in the southern states will send delegates and that the discussion of finance and banking will be participated in by many popular leaders. Three hundred invitations have been sent to commercial bodies and 2,500 personal invitations have been extended. The responses have been general. John G. Carlisle, secretary of the treasury, has accepted the invitation to address the convention.

## A CONCESSION.

### Great Britain Will Give Nicaragua More Time.

Allows Her Fifteen Days Further in Which to Pay Her "Smart" Money—Warships Sent to Protect Interests of Americans.

LONDON, April 30.—A Managua dispatch says: At a late hour Monday evening President Zelaya received a telegram from Washington stating that Great Britain would withdraw her ships from Corinto and give Nicaragua fifteen days in which to pay the \$75,000 smart money if such a proposition would be accepted by Nicaragua. The dispatch also states that, so far as the remaining conditions in the ultimatum were concerned, they should be so modified as to meet the objections of Nicaragua. It is understood that these propositions are the results of the efforts of the United States to bring about a settlement of the pending difficulty in a manner alike honorable to both countries.

Upon the receipt of the dispatch President Zelaya at once held an audience with his principal advisers, and a reply will probably be made within a few hours. President Zelaya, it is believed, will be disposed to accept the terms outlined in the dispatch. It will, however, require careful consideration owing to the intense hostility which exists against the British government and the willingness on the part of some of the people to continue the struggle indefinitely.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Nothing can be learned here regarding the London dispatch containing news from Managua beyond the fact that such a telegram is understood to have been sent to President Zelaya. The matter is practically in President Zelaya's own hands and his conclusion will be final.

Particularly significant is the statement in the telegram to President Zelaya that the remaining proposition in the ultimatum will be modified to meet Nicaragua's objections. This has reference to a formation of a commission to assess the damages resulting from the arrest and expulsion from the republic last summer of the British subjects in addition to Consul Hatch. The ultimatum as originally drawn provided that one member of the commission should be a representative of Nicaragua; another of Great Britain and the third "not a citizen of any American state." This was construed by Nicaragua to refer to the United States as well as to the Central and South American republics. Nicaragua contended that her acceptance of these terms would result in a commission composed of two Europeans and one Nicaraguan and that Nicaragua would suffer in consequence. A month ago Sir Julian Pauncefote assured the state department that this qualifying phrase "not a citizen of any American state," did not refer to the United States and this is the construction that the department also presumably puts upon it. The assurance therefore that the third member of the commission may be a citizen of this country will be very gratifying to President Zelaya, and is expected to be not without its influence in determining his decision.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—After several conferences Monday with Secretary Gresham and Secretary Herbert, the secretary of the navy sent dispatches to the commanders of the United States gunboats Alert and the Atlanta, directing them to proceed without delay to San Juan del Sur and Greytown, Nicaragua, respectively. When Secretary Herbert was asked the significance of these orders he answered promptly as follows:

"The newspapers say that a revolution is probable in Nicaragua. They state that the people are very much dissatisfied with the course of the government and are likely to attempt to overthrow it. In order to protect the interests of American citizens, their lives and property, and following the policy always pursued in such contingencies, I have ordered the Alert to San Juan del Sur, and the Atlanta to Greytown. In addition to these vessels the Montgomery, now at Mobile, will sail on May 7th for Greytown, conveying the Nicaraguan canal commission to that place. The Monterey, which has sailed for Panama will remain at Panama for the present. With two United States ships on one side of Nicaragua and one ship on the other side, it is plain that American interests will be well protected if the rumored revolution should take place. But I wish it distinctly understood that these vessels are sent to Nicaragua for the purpose of caring for citizens of the United States and their interests, and not on any business connected with the situation at Corinto."

While the policy of this government in the trouble at Corinto is well understood, the first authoritative statement on the subject was not made until Monday. A cabinet officer said Monday evening that the United States could not interfere between Great Britain and Nicaragua in their matter of difference because Nicaragua was a sovereign state, recognized as such by Great Britain and the United States, and must hold herself responsible to Great Britain for offenses committed against British subjects. He said:

"The United States government does not undertake to extend a protectorate over Central America and South America to such an extent that a sovereign state of one or the other of these countries may insult another sovereign nation with the expectation that this government will protect it from forcible resentment by the nation insulted. Such a principle has never been recognized by the United States, and if we attempt to assert it, we would secure the enmity of every nation having dealings with Central and South America."

## A HERO'S BIRTHDAY.

Tender Tributes Paid to the Memory of Gen. Grant.

GALENA, Ill., April 30.—The people of this city, which was the home of Gen. Grant, celebrated Saturday the 75th anniversary of the illustrious commander's birth. The feature of the festivities was the presentation to the city by Judge C. C. Kohlsaat, of Chicago, on behalf of his brother, H. H. Kohlsaat, of a magnificent painting entitled "Peace in Union," by Thomas Nast. The painting, which is 9x12 feet,



GEN. GRANT.

illustrating the scene of Lee's surrender and contains the portraits of many famous war generals of both armies. Mayor Birmingham accepted the gift on behalf of the citizens. The painting will hang in Grant memorial hall in the public library building.

CHICAGO, April 29.—Mrs. Ulysses S. Grant, the widow of the warrior, statesman, diplomat and citizen, came into a draped box at the Auditorium Satur-



MRS. U. S. GRANT.

day night. The vast audience, which had come to do honor to the dead hero, arose and, with one accord, filled the air with waving handkerchiefs and applause which refused to be silent. Mrs. Grant bowed, wiped her eyes and, from the enthusiasm of the reception, the thousands sank into silence and a thoughtful worship at the shrine which the day had erected.

## ENDED IN DEATH.

Well-Known Railroad Man Commits Suicide at Tacoma, Wash.

TACOMA, Wash., April 26.—The experts who are examining the books of Paul Schulze, late general land agent of the Northern Pacific railway, have found that his defalcation amounts to over \$500,000, instead of a few thousand, as was at first supposed. The shortage, it is said, may even reach the enormous sum of \$700,000. The embezzler, who was one of the best known railroad men in the country and an influential resident of Tacoma, committed suicide a few days ago.

Disappointment in love is supposed to have had quite as much to do with Schulze's suicide as fear of disgrace. On his person was found a farewell letter to Marie Wainwright, the distinguished actress.

It will be recalled that when, two years ago, she announced her intention of retiring from the stage, Miss Wainwright was reported to be engaged to marry a prominent man in the west. The disastrous termination of her divorce proceedings put an end to this plan and she continued in her theatrical career.

## McCreary's Views.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 26.—Congressman McCreary in an interview said he was unalterably opposed to the free coinage of silver. His declaration was evoked by the free silver stand taken by Senator Blackburn. The congressman says in the course of a long prepared statement of his position and vote in congress: "I favor an international agreement, consistent with sound business methods, but to throw open the mints of this country to the world is simply preposterous." The senatorial race is given a new interest by the views of the aspirants for and against silver. The fight will be made on those lines.

Chinese Soldiers Kill Their Commander. LONDON, April 29.—The Times has this dispatch from its correspondent in Hong Kong: "Serious outbreaks have occurred throughout Formosa. H. M. S. Teander has gone to Takau and German sailors have been landed at Tamsui from the Irene to protect foreigners. The Chinese soldiers killed their general on April 22. The governor's bodyguard attacked them, killing thirty and wounding fifty. The governor is accused of stealing the soldiers' pay which is two months in arrears."

## Meets Once in Five Years.

CINCINNATI, April 29.—The constitutional grand lodge B'Nai B'Rith opens at Allemania hall Sunday. The session will cover a period of one week. This lodge meets but once in five years and embraces in its territory the United States and the whole of Europe.

## A MONTREAL HOLOCAUST.

Hundreds of People Caught in a Burning Factory.

MONTREAL, Can., April 27.—W. C. McDonald's extensive tobacco factory in Ontario street was partially destroyed by fire Thursday evening. Blanch and Victoria Thibeadeau were killed and thirty-three others, of whom most were girls, were badly injured. Fifteen of those hurt, it is thought, will die.

The loss will reach \$500,000, on which there is no insurance. There was not a fire-escape on the outside nor any appliances on the inside of the building for fighting the fire. Even the windows were guarded by heavy iron screens, presumably to prevent theft. The fire started at 5 o'clock in the drying-room, and for awhile smoldered. Then suddenly the flames burst through and a panic ensued.

There were 900 employes in the building, which had no fire escapes and only two staircases in the interior. All the windows were barred with heavy iron lattice work, a precaution taken to keep employes from throwing tobacco to their friends. Frantic with fear, the women, of whom there were fully 500 penned up on the top stairs, screamed for help, half choked by the greasy black smoke.

The dense crowd prayed and shouted as it swayed to and fro in its excitement and horror, and relatives and friends of the people made piteous appeals to save their loved ones. Some of the girls managed to tear one of the iron lattices from a window. Then the real tragedy of the night began.

Blanche Thibeadeau, aged 18, crazed with fear, jumped first and was battered into a shapeless mass. A cry of horror went up, but it was only a beginning. Before tender hands could lift the remains into an ambulance others had attempted the terrible leap, following the first like frightened sheep. Out they came, one after another, till twenty inanimate bodies littered the sidewalk and were carried away to the various hospitals among the lamentations of the crowd. Three priests, their soutanes trailing in the mud, were kneeling on the ground praying for the souls of the unfortunates. Ambulances could not attend to them all and cabs were pressed into service. Six were conveyed to the General, seven to the Notre Dame and nine to the Royal Victoria hospital.

Three firemen were on the roof and could not get down. For fully twenty minutes their lives were in jeopardy and they prayed and yelled by turns to be saved. Then sufficient length of ladders were secured to bring them down. They were terribly burned. In the meantime the firemen had managed to break some more lattices and were carrying crying women in long processions down the ladders. Another fireman was still on the roof and the scene with the flames around him, his hands raised in prayer, reminded one of the terrible disaster at the world's fair. Finally he was also taken down, but he was terribly burned. His name was Max Borel. Another fireman, Pat Cronin, fell from a ladder and had both legs broken. Two others also lost their footing and fell, breaking several ribs. At a late hour it is said at least six girls are missing and there is little doubt their charred and crushed bodies are in the ruins.

## TRAGEDY IN CHICAGO.

A Missing Man's Body Found in the River—Suspicious of Font Play.

CHICAGO, April 29.—The horribly figured and partially decomposed body of George W. Ebersol, who disappeared election night, April 2, was found Sunday in the Chicago river at the foot of Dearborn street.

The last time Ebersol was seen alive was 11 o'clock that evening, when he parted with his brothers, Charles and John, at Dearborn and Randolph streets, after having taken the first masonic degree in the Masonic temple. The police will not say whether the mutilations were caused by tug boats or an assassin's knife. The police are divided between the theory of robbery and revenge. Some time ago Ebersol discharged several employes from the George M. Clark stove works, of which he was foreman.

## KILLED HIS BROTHER-IN-LAW.

Ex-City Attorney Luscomb, of Milwaukee, Shoots Emil Sanger.

MILWAUKEE, April 29.—Emil Sanger, a brother of Walter Sanger, the bicyclist, was shot and killed by Robert Luscomb, ex-city attorney, at a late hour Saturday night and Luscomb is in jail. Sanger and Luscomb are brothers-in-law and there has been bad blood in the family for a number of years. Sanger's wife is a sister of Luscomb. Saturday night she sought shelter in Luscomb's house, claiming her husband was ill-treating her. Sanger went to Luscomb's house, sought admission, and Luscomb thereupon shot him through a plate-glass door with a double-barreled shotgun. The charge entered his head, killing him instantly.

## Confirmed.

MADRID, April 29.—The report that the Alliance affair has been settled by Spain's conceding the American claims, is confirmed officially. The Spanish government will give honorable satisfaction for the mistake and admits that the Alliance was outside her territorial waters when the Conde de Venadite fired upon her. Commanders of warships in Cuban waters have been instructed precisely not to fire on vessels outside the 3 mile limit.

## "SALVATION."

Rev. Dr. Talmage Discourses on  
the Needs of the Soul.

An Urgent Call to Personal Religion—The  
Gospel of Christ, as Presented  
Through the Bible, the  
Great Panacea.

The following sermon on the subject  
of "Salvation" was delivered by Rev.  
T. De Witt Talmage in the Academy of  
music, New York City, being based on  
the text:

Seek ye the Lord while he may be found.—  
Isaiah lvi. 6.

Isaiah stands head and shoulders  
above the other Old Testament authors  
in vivid descriptiveness of Christ.  
Other prophets give an outline of our  
Savior's features. Some of them  
present, as it were, the side face of  
Christ; others a bust of Christ; but  
Isaiah gives us the full-length portrait  
of Christ. Other scripture writers excel  
in some things. Ezekiel more weird,  
David more pathetic, Solomon more  
epigrammatic, Habakkuk more sub-  
lime; but when you want to see Christ  
coming out from the gates of prophecy  
in all his grandeur and glory, you in-  
voluntarily turn to Isaiah. So that  
if the prophecies in regard to Christ  
might be called the "Oratorio of the  
Messiah," the writings of Isaiah is the  
"Hallelujah Chorus," where all the  
banners wave and all the trumpets  
sound. Isaiah was not a man picked up  
but of insignificant by inspiration.  
He was known and honored. Josephus  
and Philo and Sirach extolled him in  
their writings. What Paul was among  
the apostles Isaiah was among the  
prophets.

My text finds him standing on a  
mountain of inspiration, looking out  
into the future, beholding Christ ad-  
vancing and anxious that all men  
might know Him; His voice rings  
down the ages: "Seek ye the Lord  
while He may be found." "Oh," says  
some one, "that was far, olden times."  
No, my dearer. If you have traveled  
in other lands you have taken a cir-  
cular letter of credit from some bank-  
ing house in New York, and in St. Peters-  
burg, or Venice, or Rome, or Mel-  
bourne, or Calcutta; you presented  
that letter and got financial help im-  
mediately. And I want you to under-  
stand that the text, instead of being  
appropriate for one age or for one  
land, is a circular letter for all ages  
and for all lands, and wherever it  
is presented for help, the help comes.  
"Seek ye the Lord while He may be  
found."

I come to-day with no hair-  
spin theories of religion, with no nice  
distinctions, with no elaborate dis-  
quisition; but with an urgent call to  
personal religion. The Gospel of Christ  
is a powerful medicine; it either kills  
or cures. There are those who say  
"I would like to become a Christian. I  
have been waiting a good while for the  
right kind of influences to come," and  
still you are awaiting. You are wiser  
in worldly things than you are in  
religious things. If you want to get  
to Albany you go to the Grand Central  
depot, or to the steamboat wharf, and  
having got your ticket, you do not sit  
down on the wharf or sit in the depot;  
you get aboard the boat or train. And  
yet there are men who say they are  
waiting to get to Heaven—waiting,  
waiting; but not with intelligent wait-  
ing; or they would get on board the  
line of Christian influences that would  
bear them into the kingdom of God.

Now you know very well that to  
seek a thing is to search for it with  
earnest endeavor. If you want to see  
a certain man in this city, and there is  
a matter of ten thousand dollars connect-  
ed with your seeing him, and you can not  
at first find him, you do not give up the  
search. You look in the directory,  
but can not find the name; you go in  
circles where you think, perhaps, he  
may mingle, and, having found the  
part of the city where he lives, but  
perhaps not knowing the street, you  
go through street after street, and  
from block to block, and you keep on  
searching for weeks, and for months.

You say: "It is a matter of \$10,000  
whether I see him or not." Oh, that  
men were as persistent in seeking for  
Christ! Had you one-half that persist-  
ence you would long ago have found  
him who is the joy of the forgiven  
spirit. We may pay our debts, we may  
attend church, we may relieve the  
poor, we may be public benefactors,  
and yet all our life disobey the text,  
never seek God, never gain heaven.  
Oh, that the Spirit of God would help  
me, while I try to show you, in carry-  
ing out the idea of my text, first, how  
to seek the Lord, and in the next place,  
when to seek him.

I remark, in the first place, you are  
to seek the Lord through earnest and  
believing prayer. God is not an auto-  
crat or a despot seated on a throne,  
with His arms resting on brazen lions,  
and a sentinel pacing up and down at  
the foot of the throne. God is a father,  
seated in a bow, waiting for His  
children to come and climb on His  
knee, and get His kiss and His bened-  
iction. Prayer is the grip with which  
we go to the fountain of living  
water, and the up-pouring refreshment  
for our thirsty soul. Grace does not come  
to the door to sit a cask at the  
corner of the house to catch the rain  
in the shower. It is a pulley fastened  
to the throne of God, and  
bringing the blessing.

I do not care so much what posture  
you take in prayer, nor how large an

amount of voice you use. You might  
get down on your face before God—if  
you did not pray right inwardly, there  
would be no response. You might cry  
at the top of your voice, and unless  
you had a believing spirit within, your  
cry would not go further up than the  
shout of a plowboy to his oxen. Prayer  
must be believing, earnest, loving.  
You are in your house some summer  
day, and a shower comes up, and a  
bird, affrighted, darts into the win-  
dow, and wheels about the room. You  
seize it. You smooth its ruffled plu-  
mage. You feel its fluttering heart.  
You say: "Poor thing, poor thing!"  
Now, a prayer goes out of the storm  
of this world into the window of God's  
mercy, and He catches it, and He  
feels its fluttering pulse, and He  
puts it in His bosom of affection and  
safety. Prayer is warm, ardent,  
pulsating exercise. It is an electric  
battery which, touched, thrills to the  
throne of God! It is the diving bell  
in which we go down into the depths  
of God's mercy and bring up "pearls  
of great price." There was an in-  
stance where prayer made the waves  
of the Gennesaret solid as stone pave-  
ment. Oh, how many wonderful  
things prayer has accomplished! Have  
you ever tried it? In the days when  
the Scotch covenanters were persecut-  
ed, and the enemies were after them,  
one of the head men among the  
Covenanters prayed: "Oh, Lord, we  
be as dead men unless Thou shalt help  
us! Oh, Lord, throw the lap of Thy  
cloak over these poor things!" And  
instantly a Scotch mist enveloped and  
hid the persecuted from their persecut-  
ors—the promise literally fulfilled:  
"While they are yet speaking I will  
hear."

Have you ever tried the power of  
prayer? God says: "He is loving and  
faithful and patient." Do you believe  
that? You are told that Christ came  
to save sinners. Do you believe that?  
You are told that all you have to do to  
get the pardon of the Gospel is to  
ask for it. Do you believe that? Then  
come to him and say: "Oh, Lord! I  
know thou canst not lie. Thou hast  
told me to come for pardon, and I  
could get it. I come, Lord. Keep thy  
promise, and liberate my captive soul."

Oh, that you might have an altar in  
the parlor, in the kitchen, in the store,  
in the barn, for Christ will be willing  
to come again to the manger to hear  
prayer. He would come to your place  
of business, as he confronted Matthew,  
the tax commissioner. If a measure  
should come before congress that you  
thought would ruin the nation, how  
would you send in petitions and re-  
monstrances! And yet there has been  
enough sin in your heart to ruin it for-  
ever, and you never remonstrated or  
petitioned against it. If your physical  
health failed, and you had the means,  
you would go and spend the summer  
in Germany, and the winter in Italy,  
and you would think it a very cheap  
outlay if you had to go all around the  
earth to get back your physical health.  
Have you made any effort, any ex-  
penditure, any exertion for your im-  
mortal and spiritual health?

Oh, that you might now begin to  
seek after God with earnest prayer.  
Some of you have been working for  
years and years for the support of  
your families. Have you given one-  
half day to the working out of your  
salvation with fear and trembling?  
You came here with an earnest pur-  
pose, I take it, as I have come hither  
with an earnest purpose, and we meet  
face to face, and I tell you first of all,  
if you want to find the Lord, you must  
pray, and pray and pray.

I remark again, you must seek the  
Lord through Bible study. The Bible  
is the newest book in the world. "Oh,"  
you say, "it was made hundreds of  
years ago, and the learned men of King  
James translated it hundreds of years  
ago." I confute that idea by telling  
you it is not five minutes old, when  
God, by his blessed spirit, retranslates  
it into the heart. If you will, in the  
seeking of the way of life through  
Scripture study, implore God's light to  
fall upon the page, you will find that  
these promises are not one second old,  
and that they drop straight from the  
throne of God into your heart.

I remark again, we must seek God  
through church ordinances. "What,"  
say you, "can't man be saved without  
going to church?" I reply, there are  
men, I suppose, in glory, who have  
never seen a church, but the church is  
the ordained means by which we are  
to be brought to God; and if truth af-  
fects us when we are alone, it affects  
us more mightily when we are in the  
assembly—the feelings of others em-  
phasize our own feelings. The great  
law of sympathy comes into play, and  
a truth that would take hold only  
with the grasp of a sick man, beats  
mightily against the soul with a thou-  
sand heart-throbs.

When you come into the religious  
circle, come only with one notion, and  
only for one purpose—to find the way  
to Christ. When I see people critical  
about sermons, and critical about  
tones of voice, and critical about ser-  
monic delivery, they make me think of  
a man in prison. He is condemned to  
death, but an officer of the government  
brings a pardon and puts it through  
the wicket of the prison, and says:  
"Here is your pardon. Come and  
get it." "What! Do you expect  
me to take that pardon offered with  
such a voice as you have, with such  
an awkward manner as you have? I  
would rather die than so compromise  
my rhetorical notions!" Ah, the man  
does not say that; he

takes it! It is his life. He does not  
care how it is handed to him. And if,  
to-day, that pardon from the throne  
of God is offered to our souls, should  
we not seize it regardless of all  
non-essentials?

But come now to the last part of my  
text. It tells us when we are to seek  
the Lord, "While He may be found."  
When is that? Old age? You may not  
see old age. To-morrow? You may  
not see to-morrow. To-night? You  
may not see to-night. Now! O, if I  
could only write on every heart, in  
three capital letters, the word N-O-W—  
Now!

Sin is an awful disease, I hear peo-  
ple say with a toss of the head and  
with a trivial manner: "Oh, yes, I'm  
a sinner." Sin is an awful disease, it  
is leprosy. It is dropsy. It is con-  
sumption. It is all moral disorders in  
one. Now you know there is a crisis  
in a disease. Perhaps you have had  
some illustration of it in your family.  
Sometimes the physician has called,  
and he has looked at the patient and  
said: "That case was simple enough;  
but the crisis has passed. If you had  
called me yesterday, or this morning,  
I could have cured the patient. It is  
too late now; the crisis has passed." Just  
so it is in the spiritual treatment  
of the soul—there is a crisis.

There are some here who can remem-  
ber instances in life when, if they had  
bought a certain property, they would  
have become very rich. A few acres  
that would have cost them almost  
nothing were offered them. They re-  
fused them. Afterward a large village  
or city sprung up on those acres of  
ground, and they see what a mistake  
they made in not buying the property.  
There was an opportunity of getting it.  
It never came back again. And so  
it is in regard to a man's spiritual and  
eternal fortune. There is a chance; if  
you let that go, perhaps it never comes  
back. Certainly, that one never comes  
back.

There is a time which mercy has set  
for leaving port. If you are on board  
before that, you will get a passage for  
Heaven. If you are not on board, you  
miss your passage for Heaven. As in  
law courts, a case is sometimes  
adjourned from term to term, and from  
year to year, till the bill of costs eats  
up the entire estate, so there are men  
who are adjourning the matter of  
religion from time to time, and from  
year to year, until heavenly bliss is  
the bill of costs the man will have to  
pay for it.

Why defer this matter, oh, my dear  
hearer? Have you any idea that sin  
will wear out? that it will evaporate?  
that it will relax its grasp? that you  
may find religion as a man accidentally  
finds a pocket-book? Ah, no! No  
man ever became a Christian by ac-  
cident, or by the relaxing of sin. The  
embarrassments are all the time in-  
creasing. The hosts of darkness are re-  
cruiting, and the longer you postpone  
this matter the steeper the path will  
become. I ask those men who are be-  
fore me now, whether in the ten or  
fifteen years they have passed in the  
postponement of these matters, they  
have come any nearer God or Heaven?  
I would not be afraid to challenge this  
whole audience, so far as they may not  
have found the peace of the Gospel,  
in regard to the matter. Your hearts,  
you are willing frankly to tell me, are  
becoming harder and harder, and that  
if you come in Christ it will be more of  
an undertaking now than it would  
have been before. The throne of judg-  
ment will soon be set; and, if you have  
anything to do toward your eternal  
salvation, you had better do it now,  
for the redemption of your soul is  
precious; and it ceaseth forever.

Oh, if men could only catch one  
glance of Christ, I know they would  
love Him! Your heart leaps at the  
sight of a glorious sunrise or sunset.  
Can you be without emotion, as the sun  
of righteousness rises behind Calvary  
and sets behind Joseph's sepulcher?  
He is a blessed Saviour! Every nation  
has its type of beauty. There is Ger-  
man beauty, and Swiss beauty, and  
Italian beauty, and French beauty;  
but I care not in what land a man first  
looks at Christ, he pronounces Him  
"chief among ten thousand, and the  
One altogether lovely."

The diamond districts of Brazil are  
carefully guarded, and a man does not  
get in there except by a pass from the  
government, but the love of Christ is a  
diamond district we may all enter and  
pick up treasures for eternity. "To-  
day, if ye will hear His voice, harden  
not your hearts."

Take the hint of the text that I have  
na time to dwell upon—the hint that  
there is a time when He can not be  
found. There was a man in this city,  
eighty years of age, who said to a  
clergyman who came in: "Do you  
think that a man eighty years of age  
can get pardoned?" "Oh, yes," said  
the clergyman. The old man said:  
"I can't; when I was twenty  
years of age—I am now eighty years—  
the spirit of God came to my soul, and  
I felt the importance of attending to  
these things, but I put it off. I re-  
jected God, and since then I have had  
no feeling." "Well," said the minister,  
"wouldn't you like to have me pray with  
you?" "Yes," replied the old man, "but  
it will do no good. You can pray with  
me if you like to." The minister  
knelt down and prayed, and commend-  
ed the man's soul to God. It seemed  
to have no effect upon him. After  
awhile the last hour of the man's life  
came, and through the delirious mark-  
ing of intelligence seemed to flash, and  
with his last breath he said: "I shall  
never be forgiven!" "Oh, seek the  
Lord while He may be found."

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

# Royal Baking Powder

## ABSOLUTELY PURE

When a man has more money than he  
knows what to do with, he proceeds to find  
out what he does not know.—Puck.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The reader of this paper will be pleased to  
learn that there is at least one dreaded  
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Cure is taken internally, acting directly on  
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move West. We have the finest location  
in the country for manufacturing, and an estab-  
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or exchange stock for machinery.  
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It would take several paragraphs to give details about this  
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MENTION THIS PAPER every time you write.

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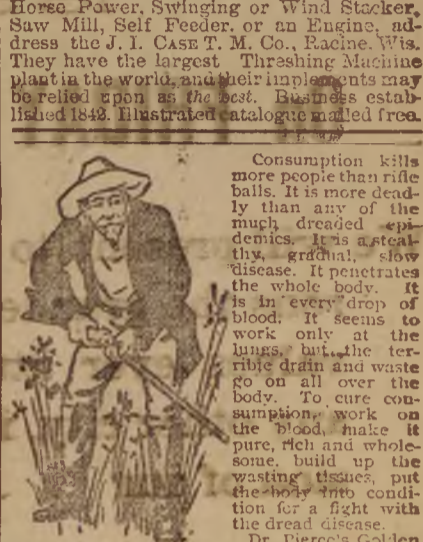
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The strongest and purest Lye  
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mildly dreaded epi-  
demics. It is actual-  
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disease. It penetrates  
the whole body. It  
is an "ever" drop of  
blood. It seems to  
work only at the  
lungs, but the ter-  
rible drain and waste  
go on all over the  
body. To cure con-  
sumption, make it  
the blood. Make it  
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wasting tissues, put  
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