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Genoa Republican-Journal

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NEW SERIES VOLUME VII, NO. 23

OF GENERAL INTEREST

ITEMS STOLEN FROM COLUMNS OF EXCHANGES

I. C. RY. GETS RID OF SNOW

Elgin Man Serving Time for Abandoning Wife Who is Now Dead— Fined \$50.00

In Japan a new law has been enacted which provides that the state must find work for all discharged prisoners, and which makes it an offense to molest or boycott them.

Hoopston, known as the "Holy City," whose mayor draws a salary of fifty cents per year and whose aldermen serve without remuneration, will be investigated by the grand jury this week. It is stated that nearly as much money has been used at elections in that city as in Danville.

After being a fugitive for two years, John Ehlenfeldt, a former Elgin resident, who is known as the man with the sixth sense, was arrested in that city last week on a capias. He was taken to Genoa where he has a ninety day imprisonment to serve and a \$50 fine to pay for wife abandonment, although his wife is now dead.

New York state contains between 6,000 and 7,000 abandoned farms, many of them to be bought for about the cost of the buildings. They are not derelicts with broken-down fences, houses and barns, but in a fair state of repair, and have been abandoned simply because the children have gone west and the parents have grown too old to work and have moved into town.

The Illinois Central railroad company, according to newspaper reports, has found a means to get rid of the snow in its Chicago yards. There have been many calls for cars from the southern lines, and whole trains of cars were sent south last week filled with snow. It was planned to dump it out when the trains reached Kentucky, if it had not melted by that time.

April 30 has been set aside this year as "tuberculosis day," and will be observed in 200,000 churches in the country in a manner similar to that of "Tuberculosis Sunday" in 1910, when over 40,000 sermons were preached in the prevention of consumption. In this first official announcement of the occasion made by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, the leaders of the movement state that they hope to enlist all of the 33,000,000 church members in the country.

Miss Agnes Olson has been appointed postmistress at Shabbona. A while ago Editor Ray, of the Shabbona Express, received word that he had been recommended for the place, but the opposing faction got busy and had the appointment hung up. Then a petition was started for Editor Nolan, and all sorts of charges and counter-charges were made. An inspector was sent out to look into matters, and the result was the appointment of Miss Olson, who has been in the office for two years and is thoroughly competent.

You Pay Us \$50.00 and we will teach you Gregg short hand and secure you a position. If we fail to do so WE WILL Pay You \$50.00
ELLIS BUSINESS COLLEGE, Elgin

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES

Genoa High School Teams and Byron Will Play Friday Evening

Edna King and Irene Anderson spent Wednesday at the home of Merle Evans at Charter Grove. Harvey King, one of the graduates of 1910, visited high school Friday afternoon. Vacation Wednesday. Everyone celebrated Washington's birthday except those who had the measles.

Prof. B. F. Kepner attended the wedding of his brother at Warren, Ill., last Wednesday. His classes were carried on by Miss White.

The Schumann program, which was to have been given by pupils of the high school last Friday evening, was postponed on account of the weather. It will be given Friday evening, March 3.

The Genoa high school basketball teams (boys' and girls') will play the Byron highs at the pavilion on Friday evening of this week. The local teams have been practicing every night this week and expect to put up the best game of the season. The first game will start about 7:30 o'clock.

The class in Illinois history enjoyed a rare treat last Wednesday morning. Mrs. Andrew Olmstead, an early settler in the vicinity of Genoa, gave a talk to the class about the early days in Illinois. This was very interesting and enjoyed by all, and we hope to have her come again. It is not often a class can hear such stories from one who has actually taken part in them. It makes them seem more real than when reading them from books.

Cement Silos

P. A. Quanstron has taken the agency for the Polk System of concrete silos, one of the best that has been produced. It is built of solid monolithic type. The wooden silo, while only a temporary affair at the best, has been a blessing to the farming interests. The cement silo affords the same blessings and is a source of comfort to the farmer as long as he sticks to the farm, and to those who follow him. See Mr. Quanstron's adv on another page and note the solid appearance of the silo pictured there.

Remodeling Store

Olmsted & Browne's clothing store is all torn up this week, work of remodeling the interior being under way. All the shelving on the west side has been removed and will be replaced with more modern fixtures. The shoe department is to be pushed back to the rear of the store while the clothing cases will occupy the front part where there is better light. The show windows are being altered so that goods may be displayed to better advantage. When the work is finished the place will scarcely be recognized by its old friends.

A Question

This world is great and beautiful; and most men brave and dutiful; but is there a spot, or a helpful word, for a convicted man, or a cringing coward? Does God know he is living, does God care to have him live; or is he by God and man despised, and e'en by his mother cannot be prized? The answer will be found in the wonderful play, "The Coward," which will be given by a great cast at the Genoa opera house on Monday evening, Feb. 24.

TO GROW GOOD CORN

LECTURE AT CRAWFORD'S HALL SATURDAY AFTERNOON

FARMERS SHOULD ATTEND

One of the Most Successful Corn Growers in the State of Illinois Will Tell of His Experiences

Many farmers have expressed their intention of attending the meeting at Crawford's hall on Saturday afternoon of this week, when H. A. Winters of Wenona will talk about corn, the great Illinois crop. Mr. Winters, as stated in the last issue, is treasurer of the Illinois Corn Growers' Association and one of the most successful corn growers in the country. He is not only getting quality from his land, but quantity as well.

How often we hear the farmer say: "The yield was small but the quality is above the average" or "The quality is poor but the yield is heavier than usual." Would it not be better to say that both yield and quality were good. It is not the work of a wizard to produce a good corn crop on land which has been used for many years, but the work of one who has studied the soil, the question of seed selection and the variety of seed adaptable to the section of country in which it is to be planted. Mr. Winters has given all these questions years of study and has carried out his ideas with actual experiments which have been profitable to himself. He is willing and anxious to give the farmers of Illinois the benefit of his years of study, the only thing asked of the farmers is their willingness to attend the meeting and hear the words.

The program at the hall will begin at 1:30 with several musical numbers. At 2:00 o'clock Mr. Winters will start his lecture. Boys who are to enter the corn growing contest inaugurated by Brown & Brown are urged to be present for they will no doubt get pointers which will be of great benefit to them. School teachers and all boys over ten years of age are invited to attend. Of course all the ladies will be welcome, especially those who take an interest in the farm work, and all those who reside on the farm should be interested.

The Free Trial Fake

The fellow who attempted to make friends with a bull pup and found himself so tightly gripped by the animal that he shouted for someone to "help him let go" could sympathize with the farmer who bought a "mail-order" buggy on 30 days' trial.

Before the expiration of the 30 days he found that he had been "stung." He notified the concern that he wanted his money back. Told them the buggy was nothing but a "rattletrap" and that he could buy a much better one from the local dealer for less money.

Back came a letter telling the purchaser that he must be mistaken, the buggy had been carefully inspected before shipment and was in perfect condition.

Again the farmer wrote, stating in detail the various ways in which the vehicle was unsatisfactory.

The mail order concern came back at him with a sassy letter asking if he expected a \$200 buggy for \$50 and declared that there was nothing wrong with the vehicle.

By this time the patience of the customer was about exhausted and he wrote a sharp reply, insisting on the return of his money.

WILL OPEN THROUGH SERVICE

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Announces New Trains Direct to Coast

Through passenger service from Chicago to the north Pacific coast via the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, and the Chicago, Milwaukee and Puget Sound railways will be inaugurated on May 28, according to announcement made by the officials of the roads interested.

The inauguration of this service will make another transcontinental line from Chicago to the Pacific coast.

Two all-steel trains—"The Olympian" and "The Columbian"—will be operated daily in each direction between Chicago, Seattle and Tacoma.

The Highest Corn Trophy

At the national corn exposition held in Columbus, Ohio, last week, R. A. James, a young farmer of Coles county, Ill., won the \$1,000 trophy for the best single ear of corn grown in the United States during the season of 1910. Mr. James began to study corn breeding about five years ago. He chose the yellow dent variety of the Reid type. He has won many premiums at the local and state fairs. The ear that captured the national prize at Columbus measured ten inches in length, seven and one-half inches in circumference, and has twenty rows of grain with an average depth of five-eighths of an inch.

Significant Figures

According to the United States census report for 1910 Illinois has made a gain of 16.9 per cent in the last ten years. Cook county has made a gain in the same time of 34 per cent. Ten years ago Cook county contained 38 per cent of the entire population of the state and in 1910, 43 per cent of the people resided in Cook county.

An Arrant Coward

If you were a young girl, with all the fancies of youth and the admiration for the big, brave manly hero deeply implanted in your soul, and you met a fellow who was a cringing, crawling trembling coward, do you think you could ever love him, do you think he could ever become your ideal? See "The Coward" at the Genoa opera house Monday evening, February 27, and then answer.

FIRE AT KINGSTON

DESTROYS BAPTIST CHURCH LAST THURSDAY

INSURED FOR HALF VALUE

Fire Starts from Gasoline Stove and Spreads Before Help Arrives—Insurance Has Been Adjusted

The pretty Baptist church at Kingston was totally destroyed by fire last Thursday afternoon, entailing a loss of about \$4,000.00 half of which was covered by insurance. The fire started from a gasoline stove in the kitchen adjoining the main building, and before help arrived the flames were beyond control.

The ladies of the church had served dinner in the building on



KINGSTON BAPTIST CHURCH Burned February 16, 1911

the day mentioned. When the kitchen had been cleared up after dinner the valve under one of the burners of the gasoline stove was left open so that considerable gasoline escaped during the afternoon. When one of the ladies went to the kitchen late in the afternoon to start the fire for supper she did not notice the fluid had been leaking, and struck a match. In an instant the stove and the floor in the immediate vicinity were a mass of flames. There was nothing at hand with which to fight the fire and it was a long time before the people about town realized that anything was wrong at the church. Someone pulled the bell rope, but this did not seem to alarm the citizens, all thinking that it was perhaps an early call to supper. When the men did arrive they were too late to do any more than look after the surrounding property.

Had there been a water works system it would have been no trick at all to subdue the flames. It is another object lesson for those who have been adverse to the plan of installing a system in Kingston. They can now see that had their projected system been in working order last Thursday, the saving of the church would have paid one-half the cost of the water works. A year from now Kingston can bid defiance to the fire fiend, and in five years from this date everyone who fought the improvement will wonder how they could have done so.

The Kingston church was built in 1892 at a cost of \$4,000.00, but was worth nearer \$5,000.00 at the time of the fire. The edifice was insured in the Northwestern National of Milwaukee for \$2,000.00, the loss being adjusted to that amount on Tuesday of this week.

A movement is now on foot for rebuilding, many members of the congregation having signified their willingness to give the necessary financial assistance.

ILLINOIS LEADS M. W. A.

Reports Show this State to be Far Ahead in Point of Membership

Head Clerk C. W. Hawes of the Modern Woodmen Society has issued a statistical report for 1910

Major Hawes' report shows Illinois to be far in the lead in the number of Woodmen, the number of members in this state being 179,410, with insurance to the amount of \$312,770,000. Iowa, second in rank, has 98,298. Illinois has 1627 camps and Iowa 998. Illinois gained 10,407 members during the year.

THE W. C. T. U. WORK

LOCAL SECRETARY TELLS OF THE CAMPAIGN

ORGANIZED IN FIFTY NATIONS

Waging Helmsless War on Liquor, Cigarettes and Gambling—Tons of Literature sent out Annually

The question is often asked, "What is the W. C. T. U. doing anyway?" While perhaps we can not here see the results we would like from our banding together and doing what we can, it may not be amiss to tell you some of the things we have done and are doing. The national W. C. T. U. carries on forty-five departments of work, all tending to girdle the monster tree of the liquor traffic. (The tree that is girdled dies.) The society is organized in every state and territory in this country and in about fifty other nations. The W. C. T. U. has secured the enactment of temperance education laws for the public schools of every state and territory. The W. C. T. U. has been the chief factor in state campaigns for statutory prohibition, constitutional amendments, reform laws in general, and those for the protection of women and children in particular, and in securing anti-gambling and anti-cigarette laws. The crusade of the medical temperance department against concealed alcohol in proprietary and patent medicines resulted in agitation for legislation requiring the publication of the ingredients used, and awakened the churches and secular press to the danger lurking in medicine. The W. C. T. U. aided in obtaining an appropriation of \$9,000 from the legislature of Illinois for a statue of Miss Frances E. Willard in Statutory Hall, Washington, D. C., the only woman thus honored. It first secured the appointment of police matrons now required in nearly all the large cities of the United States. During the entire session of congress the W. C. T. U. keeps a superintendent of legislation in Washington to look after reform bills. The W. C. T. U. was among the first to ask for an appropriation by the United States congress for amusement halls, libraries, and better food for the soldiers, which appropriation now amounts to about two million dollars. Organization among colored people is a very encouraging feature of W. C. T. U. work, also among the Indians in the Indian schools. The department of organization among foreign speaking people prints and circulates literature in twenty different languages and keeps a missionary at the port of New York. It is planning to increase as rapidly as possible the number of languages in which the literature is printed. The W. C. T. U. distribute many millions of pages of literature annually in addition to the official W. C. T. U. papers. About six hundred thousand meetings have been held the last year under W. C. T. U. auspices or addressed by W. C. T. U. speakers. The society, the largest woman's organization in the world, constantly increases in membership. The gain in 1910, above all losses, was over 20,000. Each woman who joins the W. C. T. U., paying the annual membership fee, belongs not only to her local union, but also to the state, national and the world's W. C. T. U. I might multiply statements, but think this is enough to satisfy the most skeptical that the W. C. T. U. is doing work that will tell in the ages to come, and if we can not accomplish what we would like to here we can count one, wear our white ribbon and pay our dues to help others carry on the work for God and Home and Every Land. Press Supt

BUTTER PRICE IS STEADY

Quotation at 26½ Cents on Elgin Board of Trade Monday

The price of butter was declared steady at 26½ cents on the Elgin board of trade Monday, the same as last week. The meeting was the most sparsely attended of any held for some time. A comparison of the prices for the last several years follows:

February 13, 1911, 26½ cents.
February 21, 1910, 30 cents.
February 20, 1909, 30 cents.
The output for the week was 453,600 pounds.

Dead at DeKalb

D. Depue Brown, former mayor of DeKalb, died at his home in that city early Friday morning. He was engaged in pleasant social intercourse with Judge Pond and other friends at the Elks club early on Tuesday evening when he was suddenly taken ill. He was conveyed to his home, and his wife and daughter, Zada, who were attending a party at the home of Mrs. J. C. Joslyn in Sycamore, were hastily summoned, but before they could reach home, at about 9 o'clock, Mr. Brown had become unconscious, in which condition he remained. The physicians pronounced it a stroke of paralysis.

School Notice

A class for beginners will be started in the primary room Monday, Feb. 27. All children who will be six years old before July 1 may enter. Parents wishing their children to enter this class must have them enrolled within two weeks. It is by special arrangement that we are able to start a class at this time of the year.

B. F. KEPNER, Supt. School.

Genoa Camp No. 163 M. W. A.

Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month. Visiting neighbors welcome B. C. Awe, V. C. E. H. Browne, Clerk

THE STANDARD CLEANERS and DYERS Mrs. E. J. Carey, Prop. 3153 Belmont Ave. Chicago We clean and dye anything from a rug to a feather Repairing and remodeling a specialty For particulars phone M. Dunn, Genoa

GENOA LODGE NO. 288 A. F. & A. M. Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month Jas. Hutchison, Jr., W. M. C. D. Schoonmaker, Secy.

GENOA LODGE No. 768 I. O. O. F. Meets every Monday evening in Odd Fellow Hall. J. L. Brown, N. G. G. W. Sowers, Sec.

EVALINE LODGE No. 314 Meets 4th Tuesday of each month in I. O. O. F. Hall C. H. Altenberg, Prefect Fannie M. Heed, Secy

C. A. Patterson DENTIST Hours: 8:30 to 12:00 a. m. 1:30 to 5:00 p. m. Office in Exchange Bank Building

Dr. E. A. Robinson Physician and Surgeon. Hours: 10:40 to 12:00 a. m. 1:00 to 3:00 p. m. Office and residence cor. Monroe & 1st. Sts. Calls promptly attended.

A. M. Hill, M. D. Office over Martin's jewelry store. Hours: 12:30 to 2 p. m. 6:30 to 8 p. m. Residence on East Main St. Calls promptly attended to day or night

HUNTING AND FOOTBALL.

Thirteen men were killed while on hunting excursions in this state in the brief open season. That is the number of young men killed in football in the whole country this year, or as many Pennsylvanians as have died from this cause in a century.

A New York chauffeur, 17 years old, convicted of manslaughter in the second degree while on a joy ride, has been sentenced to spend 15 years in the Elmira reformatory.

Canada has custom house troubles also. It seems some of the fair damsels and matrons of the Dominion have the habit of coming over to "the States," getting new gowns and wearing them back across the border.

Proportionately, it is said, the number of insane people in this country is increasing faster than the population is growing, taking asylum statistics for it.

A feminine scientist wants a mother's course established in colleges. Still, the old-fashioned mother apparently understood her business very well, and probably present-day scientific infants are not so happy as her cuddled and petted babies.

A prisoner who stole 15 cents was discharged by the judge. That is a great disappointment to the authors of weepy poetry, who naturally expected the offender to be sentenced to imprisonment for life.

French aviators fell 600 feet in an aeroplane and were not hurt. Fate favors the bold, but then fate is also notoriously capricious, so experiments need not go on, depending on fate's favors.

OFFERS PEACE PLAN

MEXICAN STATESMAN PROPOSES REFORMS AS MEANS TO END THE REVOLUTION.

LAY DOWN ARMS IS DEMAND

Should Rebels Fall to Adopt His Advice Limantour, Diaz' Adviser, Recommends Formation of Guerrilla Bands to Combat Insurrectos.

Paris, Feb. 21.—Indications of a loosening of the iron grip of Porfirio Diaz on Mexico and the coming of more liberal rule for the republic as results of the revolution are seen here in an interview given by Jose Ives Limantour, minister of finance in the Mexican cabinet.

The government, says Senor Limantour, should grant a reform of the evils that led to the insurrection. An essential preliminary to peace he demands that the insurgents lay down their arms pending negotiations.

Remedy Abuses; Open the Land. The minister made three significant suggestions as to the crisis in his country:

1. The abuses contaminating local administrations in the cities and towns which have the greatest grievances should be immediately abolished.

2. Some means should be found to allow the people to share more extensively in the holdings of land. The vast estates in northern Mexico which have been handed down from generation to generation by individuals should be divided and distributed among the people.

3. There is opposition to President Diaz on the ground that he has been too long in office and that new blood is needed to direct the affairs of the republic.

Whether or not this last suggestion contains a hint of indorsement of the opposition to Diaz was not made clear.

"Federalists No Match for Cowboys." Should the insurgents fail to adopt the advice to return to their homes pending the initiation of negotiations with the government, Senor Limantour foresees the likelihood of a protracted and wasting struggle.

For himself, the minister said that he had no political ambitions, though he had been frequently urged to contest the presidency with President Diaz. He expects to start home within two weeks.

WAR OVER LORDS IS BEGUN

British House of Commons Gets Bill Abolishing Veto Power of Upper Chamber.

London, Feb. 22.—The government bill to abolish the veto power of the house of lords was introduced in the house of commons by Premier Asquith.

No one professes to see the outcome of the constitutional battle. The liberals are keeping their intentions to themselves.

The greatest controversy known in this country for several generations began with both sides apparently determined not to yield except to superior force.

In his statement offering the bill Mr. Asquith said the issue had gone before the people at the recent elections and had been indorsed by the return of its supporters to the house of commons with a majority of 226.

VETOES OREGON PLAN BILL

Governor Carroll of Iowa Tells Legislators It Evades the Constitution.

Des Moines, Ia., Feb. 22.—Gov. B. F. Carroll vetoed the Oregon primary plan bill, which had passed both houses of the Iowa legislature. The governor in his veto message, read to the joint assembly, characterized the measure as "an attempt to indirectly accomplish something that cannot be done directly," and declared that it is an evasion of the constitution of the United States.

Cox Indicted for Perjury. Cincinnati, Feb. 22.—George B. Cox, banker and politician, was charged with perjury in an indictment returned by the Hamilton county grand jury.

Illness of Pope at End. Rome, Feb. 22.—The pope resumed his audiences, having fully recovered from the recent attack of influenza.

TILLMAN IS HALTED IN EULOGY BY COLLAPSE

South Carolina Man Breaks Down in Speech Praising Dolliver and Clay.

Washington, Feb. 20.—Overcome by his emotions and weakened by the illness with which he was stricken during the last session of congress, Senator Tillman sank sobbing into his seat shortly after beginning a speech in eulogy of the late Senators Alexander S. Clay of Georgia and Jonathan P. Dolliver of Iowa.

Senator Bacon of Georgia moved hastily over and took a seat by the South Carolinian. A few words from Mr. Bacon in a measure restored the control of his nerves to Mr. Tillman, and shortly afterward he feebly walked from the chamber.

The attempt to speak at length was the first Mr. Tillman had made since his return to his duties, and his friends had feared it might prove too great a tax upon his impaired strength.

Mr. Tillman's concluding words were:

"Dolliver, as we called him, was a great man. Great men are plentiful in this country, but not so great as Dolliver. Good men are plentiful in this country, but not so good as Clay. They both have left us, and we know not how soon our own time may come.

"I feel that with especial force. But I cannot go on, Mr. President. I have thoughts, but the words will not come. So I will sit down."

SPECIAL MAKES RECORD RUN

Train Bearing Charles G. Gates Travels at Rate of Over Mile a Minute.

Chicago, Feb. 20.—The special train carrying Charles G. Gates, stricken son of John W. Gates, from Yuma, Ariz., arrived in New York city last night after a record breaking run over the New York Central lines from Chicago.

Mr. Gates was taken suddenly ill with blood poisoning in Texas and was rushed toward the eastern metropolis to receive expert medical attention.

On the last lap of the journey from Chicago to New York, 975 miles, all records for eastern travel were broken. The distance was covered in 989 minutes. Mr. Gates left Chicago at five a. m. and his train was standing in the Lexington avenue station at 10:49 p. m.

Through change of engines along the route there was lost 26 minutes, so that the actual running time for the distance was 963 minutes.

MANY TURKS DIE IN QUAKE

Violent Shock at Monastir Causes Loss of Life and Wrecking of Buildings.

Constantinople, Feb. 21.—A violent earthquake was experienced in the city of Monastir and elsewhere throughout the vilayet of Monastir. Many were killed. Several mosques and houses were demolished.

The population is camping out and suffering intensely from the cold. The authorities have appealed to the government for 300 tents and relief funds.

Monastir is a city of European Turkey, capital of the vilayet of Monastir, in Macedonia. It is 85 miles northwest of Saloniki. The population, which is estimated at 45,000, is a medley of all the nationalities found in Macedonia. Christians number about half of the total.

DEMOCRATS GET VETO POWER

House Adopts Rule Permitting Supply Bills to Carry by Two-Thirds Vote.

Washington, Feb. 21.—The naval appropriation bill was taken up when the Mann filibuster, which lasted three days in the house on the omnibus claims bill, came to an end with the adoption of a "gas" rule and the passage of the omnibus bill.

This rule was made to cover all bills carrying appropriations. It provides that they can be carried under suspension of the rules when supported by a two-thirds vote. This will restrict debate on them to 40 minutes.

The Democrats accepted the rule, as the two-thirds vote necessary gives them a veto power over the proposed suspension.

SEVEN PERISH IN FLAMES

Mother and Six Children Die, Father Saved by Collapse of Stairway.

Sutton, W. Va., Feb. 20.—Seven persons lost their lives in a fire which destroyed the home of J. D. Hardin in this city.

Only Mr. Hardin escaped, the six remaining members of his family and a little girl who made her home with the Hardins perishing in the flames.

The fire was caused by a natural gas grate. When Mrs. Hardin awoke the entire first floor was ablaze. Awakening her husband, he seized two of the children and dashed for a stairway, which immediately collapsed. The two children were lost, while the father was precipitated to a point of safety.

Illness of Pope at End. Rome, Feb. 22.—The pope resumed his audiences, having fully recovered from the recent attack of influenza.

WHICH?



TRUST IS HIT HARD

COLD STORAGE COMBINE LOSES MILLIONS OF DOLLARS IN BUTTER AND EGGS.

LANGFORD GETS DECISION

Australian Fighter Is No Match for American and Bout Ends in Sixth Round.

PRICES DECLINE 50 PER CENT.

Herbert A. Emerson, Chicago Packer, Declares Economy of Housewives Figure Largely in Causing Values to Decline.

TRUST MEETS WATERLOO.

"Consumers throughout the country will be greatly pleased to know that the butter and egg trust which has had such a firm grip on the throats of consumers and producers alike for the last five years, has at last met its Waterloo, and this has been brought about through the publicity given the operations of the trust by the press," said Mr. Emerson.

U. S. CALLS HALT ON HAITI

State Department, on Protest From British Consul, Warns Against Wholesale Executions There.

Washington, Feb. 22.—As the result of a protest registered by the British consul general at Port Arthur, against the reign of terror in Haiti, the state department made representations to the Haitian government on the wholesale executions of revolutionary prisoners, advising the authorities to adopt a more reasonable course.

COL. ROOSEVELT IN CHICAGO

Former President Makes Speeches Before the Harvard and Union League Clubs.

Chicago, Feb. 21.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt arrived in Chicago this afternoon for a two days' visit, in the course of which he is to deliver two addresses. Today he was the guest of the Harvard club of Chicago, a committee from which met him at the station and escorted him to his hotel.

CANAL IS TO BE FORTIFIED

Sundry Civil Bill as Completed Carries \$3,000,000 for Beginning of Work.

Washington, Feb. 21.—President Taft has won his fight with Chairman Towney of the house committee on appropriations over funds for fortifying the Panama canal. The sundry civil bill just completed carries \$3,000,000 for beginning these fortifications. They are to cost about \$11,000,000 under plans prepared for President Taft by a special commission of experts.

PUT BAN ON COLORED TEAS.

New York, Feb. 20.—According to government direction, no more artificially colored teas can be imported after May 1, and as a result many of the teas which have appeared in beautiful green shades for 100 years or more will come in hereafter in hues of brown, yellow and green.

READY TO REVISE

DEMOCRATS TO TAKE UP TARIFF REVISION IF EXTRA SESSION IS CALLED.

PARTY PLEDGES TO BE KEPT

Underwood, Chairman of New Ways and Means Committee, Gives Out Authoritative Statement—Farmers Protest Against New Treaty.

Washington, Feb. 22.—If an extra session of congress is called following the adjournment of the present session March 4 the Democrats of the house will set about at once to revise several schedules of the Payne-Aldrich tariff act.

An authoritative statement to this effect was given out by Representative Underwood of Alabama, who has been selected as chairman of the new committee on ways and means. It was made to correct an erroneous report which has gained circulation in the last few days. Mr. Underwood said:

"The statement that if an extra session is called the Democrats in the house will not begin the work of revising the tariff is absolutely unfounded. The Democrats are pledged to revise the tariff and if we go into an extra session the house unquestionably will pass some tariff bills, revising some of the schedules of the Payne act downward, before it adjourns."

Farmers' Protests Are Heard. Farmers registered protests against Canadian reciprocity at the hearing before the senate committee on finance. Former Governor N. J. Bachelder of New Hampshire, master of the national grange, made the opening argument and announced that if the committee had the time to hear them he would be followed by masters of granges in Indiana, Delaware, Michigan, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Maryland, New York, West Virginia, New Hampshire, Connecticut and Massachusetts, as well as representatives in the various states of dairy, horticultural and other associations, including directors of state experimental stations.

Says 6,000,000 Oppose It. Mr. Bachelder asserted that 6,000,000 farmers were united in opposition to the agreement, and he said he voiced their protests against free trade in farm products while protection was continued upon manufactured articles which the farmers were compelled to buy. He declared that Canada was the only country which the farmers had to fear, and that free trade with that country means that the farmers would derive no benefit from the tariff law. He denied that cheap food would be a result of the ratification of the agreement.

Says Agreement Will Pass. The agreement with Canada will pass the senate. This was the declaration of Senator Carter of Montana as he was leaving the White House after a conference with President Taft. Personally Senator Carter is opposed to the measure. Representative McCall of Massachusetts, who introduced the bill in the house, also discussed the situation with the president and is hopeful of the measure's success.

PRESBYTERIAN LAYMEN MEET

Great Convention of the Brotherhood of America in St. Louis Is Attended by Thousands.

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 21.—What is declared to be the greatest gathering of Presbyterian laymen ever held in this country, the fourth annual convention of the Presbyterian Brotherhood of America, opened this afternoon in the Washington and Crompton avenue church. The delegates and other visitors, numbering thousands, have come from all parts of the United States and all seem full of enthusiasm. The general theme of the convention is "The Brotherhood and the Gospel," and in order to make the meeting practical a part of the time usually given to set addresses was devoted to open parlaments and round-table conferences on Brotherhood work. Among the special topics for consideration was the boy problem, Sabbath observance and religion in the home.

TAFT SENDS IN JAP TREATY

Feature of Document Transmitted to Senate is Omission of Immigration Restrictions.

Washington, Feb. 22.—President Taft has transmitted to the senate the proposed new treaty with Japan.

The distinctive feature of the document is that it omits all reference to the restrictions now imposed by the United States on the admittance of Japanese immigrants to these shores. The understanding is that this all important question is left to the national honor of the Japanese government, which is expected to enforce at her home ports the limitations which are now enforced under the Root-Aoki agreement in the matter of her subjects who seek entrance to the United States.

WOMEN APPRECIATE

Step-savers and Time-savers.

Post Toasties

is fully cooked, ready to serve direct from the package with cream or milk, and is a deliciously good part of any meal.

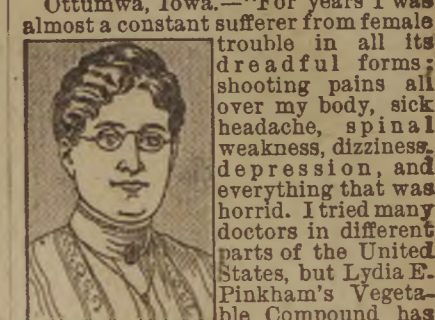
A trial package usually establishes it as a favorite breakfast cereal.

"The Memory Lingers"

POSTUM CEREAL CO., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

OTTUMWA WOMAN CURED

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound



Ottumwa, Iowa.—"For years I was almost a constant sufferer from female trouble in all its dreadful forms: shooting pains all over my body, sick headache, spinal weakness, dizziness, depression, and everything that was horrid. I tried many doctors in different parts of the United States, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done more for me than all the doctors. I feel it my duty to tell you these facts. My heart is full of gratitude to you for my cure."—MRS. HARRIET E. WAMPLER, 524 S. Ransom Street, Ottumwa, Iowa.

Consider This Advice. No woman should submit to a surgical operation, which may mean death, until she has given Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a fair trial.

This famous medicine, made only from roots and herbs, has for thirty years proved to be the most valuable tonic and invigorator of the female organism. Women residing in almost every city and town in the United States bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., invites all sick women to write her for advice. Her advice is free, confidential, and always helpful.

POST CARDS AT WHOLESALE PRICES. 10 beautiful embossed Easter or birthday Post Cards (Regular price 3 for 5) by mail for 2 for 25c. P. O. BOX 7, Importer and Jobber, Sac City, Iowa.

PISO'S

the name to remember when you need a remedy for COUGHS and COLDS

His Head Was Hard. It is a common belief that the negro's head is hard, capable of withstanding almost any blow.

The following story told of a prominent young dentist of Danville, Ill., would seem to indicate something of the kind, anyhow. Two negro men were employed on tearing down a three-story brick building. One negro was on top of the building taking off the bricks and sliding them down a narrow wooden chute to the ground, some thirty feet below, where the other was picking them up and piling them.

When this latter negro was stooping over to pick up a brick, the former accidentally let one fall, striking him directly on the head.

Instead of his killing him, he merely looked up, without rising, and said: "What you don't thar, nigger, you made me bite my tongue."—The Circle.

Scott's Rebecca in "Ivanhoe." The character of Rebecca, in Scott's "Ivanhoe" was taken from a beautiful Jewess, Miss Rebecca Gratz of Philadelphia. Her steadfastness to Judaism, when related by Washington Irving to Scott, won his admiration and caused the creation of one of his finest characters.

Not the One. "One of them actor fellers wants a doctor quick."

"There isn't a doctor handy, but tell him he might call the grocer—he cures 'hams!'"

Didn't Care. Hewitt—I guess you don't know who I am.

Jewett—No, and I haven't any woman's curiosity about it.

Keeping Oil Fire From Spreading. Milk will quench a fire caused by an exploding lamp, water only spreading the oil.

A man may go up when you kick him, but you cannot claim credit for kindness.



SYNOPSIS.

The story is told by Nicholas Trist. His chief, Senator John Calhoun, offered the portfolio of secretary of state in Tyler's cabinet, is told by Dr. Ward that his time is short. Calhoun declares that he is not ready to die, and if he accepts Tyler's offer it means that Texas and Oregon must be added to the Union. He plans to learn the intentions of England with regard to Mexico through Baroness Von Ritz, secret spy and reputed mistress of the English ambassador Pakenham. Nicholas is sent to bring the baroness to Calhoun's apartments, and while searching for the baroness' house a carriage dashes up and Nicholas is invited to enter. The occupant is the baroness, who says she is being pursued. The pursuers are shaken off. Nicholas is invited into the house and delivers Calhoun's message. He notes that the baroness has lost a slipper. Nicholas is given the remaining slipper as a pledge that she will tell Calhoun everything. He gives her as security an Indian trinket he intended for his sweetheart, Elizabeth Churchill. Elizabeth's father consents to Nicholas's proposal for her hand. Nicholas is ordered to leave at once for Montreal on state business, and decides to go by night. Calhoun becomes secretary of state. Tyler warns Pakenham that interference by England in the affairs of this continent will not be tolerated. The west demands that the joint occupancy of Oregon with Great Britain cease, and has raised the cry of "Fifty-four, Forty or Fight." The baroness tells Nicholas she will do her best to prevent his marriage. She returns the trinket and he promises to return her slipper. Nicholas enlists the services of Congressman Dandridge, a rejected suitor of Elizabeth's, to assist in the arrangements for the wedding and entrusts him with the return of the slipper to the baroness.

CHAPTER XI.

Who Giveth This Woman?

Woman is a miracle of divine contradictions.—Jules Michelet. On my return to my quarters at Brown's hotel I looked at the top of my bureau. It was empty. My friend Dandridge had proved faithful. The slipper of the baroness was gone! So now, hurriedly, I began my toilet for that occasion which to any gentleman should be the one most exacting, the most important of his life's events. Elizabeth deserved better than this unseemly haste. Her sweetness and dignity, her adherence to the forms of life, her acquaintance with the elegancies, the dignities and conventions of the best of our society, bespoke for her ceremony more suited to her class and mine.

I told none about my quarters anything of my plans, but arranged for my portmanteau to be sent to the railway station for that evening's train north. I hurried to the Bond's jewelry place and secured a ring—two sizes, indeed; for, in our haste, betrothal and wedding ring needed their first use at the same day and hour. I found a waiting carriage which served my purpose, and into it I flung, urging the driver to carry me at top speed into Elmhurst road.

As we swung down the road I leaned forward, studying with interest the dust cloud of an approaching carriage. As it came near I called to my driver. The two vehicles paused almost wheel to wheel. It was my friend Jack Dandridge who sprawled on the rear seat of the carriage! That is to say, the fleshy portion of Jack Dandridge. His mind, his memory, and all else, were gone.

I sprang into his carriage and caught him roughly by the arm. I felt in all his pockets, looked on the carriage floor, on the seat, and pulled up the dust rug. At last I found the license.

"Did you see the baroness?" I asked, then.

At this he beamed upon me with a wide smile.

"Did I?" said he, with gravity pulling down his long buff waistcoat. "Did I? Mos' adm'ble woman in all the worl'! Of course, Miss 'Lizbeth Churchill also mos' adm'ble woman in the worl'!" he added politely, "but I didn't see her."

The sudden sweat broke out upon my forehead. "Tell me, what have you done with the slipper?"

He shook his head sadly. "Mishtaken, my friend! I gave mo' adm'ble slipper in the worl', just ash you said, just as baroness said, to Miss Elizabeth Churchill—mos' adm'ble woman in the worl'!"

"Did you see her?" I gasped. "Did you see her father—any of her family?"

"God bless me, no!" rejoined this young statesman. "Feelings delicacy prevented. Wasn't in fit condition to approach family mansion. Always mos' delicate. Sent packazh in by servant, from gate—turned round—drove off—found you."

My only answer was to spring from his carriage into my own and to order my driver to go on at a run. At last I reached the driveway of Elmhurst, my carriage wheels cutting the gravel as we galloped up to the front door. My approach was noted. Even as I hurried up the steps the tall form of none other than Mr. Daniel Churchill appeared to greet me. I extended my hand. He did not notice it. I began to speak. He bade me pause.

"To what may I attribute this visit, Mr. Trist?" he asked me, with dignity. "Since you ask me, and seem not to know," I replied, "I may say that I am here to marry your daughter, Miss Elizabeth! I presume that the minister of the gospel is already here?"

"The minister is here," he answered.

54-40 OR FIGHT BY EMERSON HOUGH

"There lacks one thing—the bride." "What do you mean?" He put out his arm across the door. "I regret that I must bar my door to you. But you must take my word, as coming from my daughter, that you are not to come here to-night."

I looked at him, my eyes staring wide. I could not believe what he said. "Why," I began; "how utterly monstrous!"

A step sounded in the hall behind him, and he turned back. We were joined by the tall clerical figure of Rev. Dr. Halford, who had, it seemed, been at least one to keep his appointment as made. He raised his hand as if to silence me, and held out to me a certain object. It was the slipper of the Baroness Helena von Ritz—white, delicate, dainty, beribboned.

"Miss Elizabeth does not pretend to understand why your gift should take this form; but as the slipper evidently has been worn by some one, she suggests you may perhaps be in error in sending it at all." He spoke in even, icy tones.

"Let me into this house!" I demanded. "I must see her!"

There were two tall figures now, who stood side by side in the wide front door. "But don't you see, there has been a mistake, a horrible mistake?" I demanded.

Dr. Halford, in his grave and quiet way, assisted himself to snuff. "Sir," he said, "knowing both families, I agreed to this haste and unceremoniousness, much against my will. Had there been no objection upon either

So, briefly, I told him what little I knew of the events of the last hour. I told him of the shame and humiliation of it all. He pondered for a minute and asked me at length if I believed Miss Elizabeth suspected anything of my errand of the night before.

"How could she?" I answered. "So far as I can recollect, I never mentioned the name of the Baroness von Ritz."

Then, all at once, I did recollect! I did remember that I had mentioned the name of the baroness that very morning to Elizabeth, when the baroness passed us in the east room!

Dr. Ward was keen enough to see the sudden confusion on my face, but he made no comment beyond saying that he doubted not time would clear it all up; that he had known many such affairs.

"But mind you one thing," he added; "keep those two women apart."

"Then why do you two doddering old idiots, you and John Calhoun, with life outworn and the blood dried in your veins, send me, since you doubt me so much, on an errand of this kind. You see what it has done for me. I am done with John Calhoun. He may get some other fool for his service."

"Where do you propose going, then, friend?"

"West," I answered. "West to the Rockies—"

Dr. Ward calmly produced a tortoise shell snuff-box from his left-hand waistcoat pocket, and deliberately took snuff. "You are going to do nothing of the kind," said he calmly.



"There Lacks One Thing, a Bride."

side, I would have undertaken to go forward with the wedding ceremony. But never in my life have I, and never shall I, join two in wedlock when either is not in that state of mind and soul consonant with that holy hour."

All at once I felt a swift revulsion. There came over me the reaction, an icy calm.

"Gentlemen," said I slowly, "what you tell me is absolutely impossible and absurd. But if Miss Elizabeth really doubts me on evidence such as this, I would be the last man in the world to ask her hand. I have no time to argue now. Good-by!"

They looked at me with grave faces, but made no reply. I descended the steps, the dainty, beribboned slipper still in my hand, got into my carriage and started back to the city.

CHAPTER XII.

The Marathon.

As if two gods should play some heavenly match, and on this wager lay two earthly women.—Shakespeare.

An automaton, scarcely thinking, I gained the platform of the station. There was a sound of hissing steam, a rolling cloud of sulphurous smoke, a shouting of railway captains, a creaking of the wheels. Without volition of my own, I was on my northward journey. Presently I looked around and found seated at my side the man whom I then recollected I was to meet—Dr. Samuel Ward.

"What's wrong, Nicholas?" he asked. "Trouble of any kind?"

"You are going to keep your promise to John Calhoun and to me. Believe me, the business in hand is vital."

"I care nothing for that," I answered bitterly.

"But you are the agent of your country. You are called to do your country's urgent work. All life is only trouble vanquished. I ask you now to be a man; I not only expect it, but demand it of you!"

His words carried weight in spite of myself. I began to listen. I took from his hand the package, looked at it, examined it. Finally, as he sat silently regarding me, I broke the seal.

"Now, Nicholas Trist," resumed Dr. Ward presently, "there is to be at Montreal at the date named in these papers a meeting of the directors of the Hudson Bay Company of England. There will be big men there—the biggest their country can produce; leaders of the Hudson Bay Company, many public men even of England. It is rumored that a brother of Lord Aberdeen of the British ministry will attend. Do you begin to understand?"

Ah, did I not? Here, then, was further weaving of those complex plots which at that time hedged in all our history as a republic. Now I guessed the virtue of our knowing somewhat of England's secret plans, as she sure did of ours. I began to feel behind me the impulse of John Calhoun's swift energy.

"It is Oregon!" I exclaimed at last. Dr. Ward nodded. "Very possibly. It has seemed to Mr. Calhoun very likely that we may hear something of



great importance regarding the far northwest. A missed cog now may cost this country 1,000 miles of territory, 100 years of history."

In spite of myself, I began to feel the stimulus of a thought like this. It was my salvation as a man. I began to set aside myself and my own troubles.

"You are therefore," he concluded, "to go to Montreal, and find your own way into that meeting of the directors of the Hudson Bay Company. There is a bare chance that in this intrigue Mexico will have an emissary on the ground as well. There is reason to suspect her hostility to all our plans of extension, southwest and northwest. Naturally, it is the card of Mexico to bring on war, or accept it if we urge; but only in case she has England as her ally. England will get her pay by taking Texas, and what is more, by taking California, which Mexico does not value. She owes England large sums now. That would leave England owner of the Pacific coast; for, once she gets California, she will fight us then for all of Oregon. It is your duty to learn all of these matters—who is there, what is done; and to do this without making known your own identity."

I sat for a moment in thought. "It is an honor," said I finally; "an honor so large that under it I feel small."

"Now," said Dr. Ward, placing a gnarled hand on my shoulder, "you begin to talk like a Marylander. It's a race, my boy, a race across this continent. There are two trails—one north and one mid-continent. On these paths two nations contend in the greatest Marathon of all the world. England or the United States—monarchy or republic—aristocracy or humanity!"

CHAPTER XIII.

On Secret Service.

If the world was lost through women, she alone can save it.—Louis de Beaufort.

In the days of which I write, our civilization was, as I may say, so embryonic, that it is difficult for us now to realize the conditions which then obtained.

We had several broken railway systems north and south, but there were not then more than 5,000 miles of railway built in America. All things considered, I felt lucky when we reached New York less than 24 hours out from Washington.

Up the Hudson I took the crack steamer Swallow, the same which just one year later was sunk while trying to beat her own record of nine hours and two minutes from New York to Albany. She required 11 hours on our trip. Under conditions then obtaining, it took me a day and a half more to reach Lake Ontario. Here, happily, I picked up a frail steam craft, owned by an adventurous soul who was not unwilling to risk his life and that of others on the uncertain and ice-filled waters of Ontario. With him I negotiated to carry me with others down the St. Lawrence. One delay after another with broken machinery, lack of fuel, running ice and what not, required five days more of my time ere I reached Montreal.

As I moved about from day to day, making such acquaintance as I could, I found in the air a feeling of excitement and expectation. The hotels, bad as they were, were packed. The public places were noisy, the private houses crowded. Gradually the town became half-military and half-savage. Persons of importance arrived by steamers up the river, on whose expense lay boats which might be bound for England—or for some of England's colonies. The government—not yet removed to Ottawa, later capital of Ontario—was then housed in the old Chateau Ramezay, built so long before for the French governor, Vaudreuil.

Here, I had reason to believe, was now established no less a personage than Sir George Simpson, governor of the Hudson Bay Company. Rumor had it at the time that Lord Aberdeen of England himself was at Montreal. That was not true, but I established without doubt that his brother really was there, as well as Lieut. William Peel of the navy, son of Sir Robert Peel, England's prime minister.

I was not a week in Montreal before I learned that my master's guess, or his information, had been correct. The race was on for Oregon!

All these things, I say, I saw go on about me. Yet in truth as to the inner workings of this I could gain but little actual information. I saw England's ships, but it was not for me to know whether they were to turn Cape Hope or the Horn. I saw Canada's voyageurs, but they might be only on their annual journey, and might go no farther than their accustomed posts in the west. In French town and English town, among common soldiers, voyageurs, innkeepers and merchants, I wandered for more than one day and felt myself still helpless.

That is to say, such was the case until there came to my aid that greatest of all allies, Chance.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

TRAPPING OF MUSKRAT IS QUITE PROFITABLE

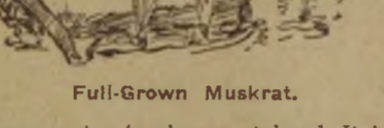
Best Skins Bring Good Price, Especially in London Where Most of Them Are Sent—Flesh of Too Strong Taste for More Refined.

(By WALTER B. LEUTZ.)

London alone takes over 4,000,000 muskrat skins every year, and most of these are shipped from the United States. The demand for muskrat skins is constantly increasing because of the decreasing supply of mink, beaver and other skins.

Only one other animal in the world, the European rabbit, now exceeds the muskrat in the number of skins marketed.

The common muskrat is about four times as large as the ordinary brown rat. It lives near streams and lakes



Full-Grown Muskrat.

where water is always at hand. It is a strong swimmer and is chiefly active at night. While they may occasionally be seen building their houses in the daytime, most of the work is done after nightfall.

Their houses are made of grasses, rushes and roots, with the bottom resting on the bottom of the pond and the dome rising two or three feet above the water.

From the part of the structure above the water an interior chamber is dug out, from which two or three passages lead downward through the mass to the water, reaching it at points below the frost line. If the water is shallow the muskrat digs a channel to deeper parts of the pond.

The young are seldom born in the houses, which are used chiefly to store food and for shelter in the winter.

When banks of streams or ponds are high enough for the purpose the muskrats burrow into them. The entrance to the tunnel is almost always under water, and the approach is by channels deep enough to prevent the ice from closing the passage.

It is very difficult to locate a muskrat channel, for this reason. Sometimes the tunnels extend upward into the bank above the level of the water, and extend back from ten to fifty feet into the bank, and terminate in a large chamber.

Usually two tunnels lead from the nest to the water, and often a tunnel was two branches or outlets.

Although the animals do not hibernate, and make little provision for winter food, they become very active as winter comes on, building new houses, adding to the old ones and deepening channels.

There is much difference of opinion as to the number of young raised by each female. Some observers say the muskrat has three litters in a season and from three to seven in a litter. The northern Indians, who were close observers, say that two litters are born the first year and three the succeeding seasons.

The muskrat lives mostly on roots and herbs, and sometimes will eat animal food. When located near gardens they do a tremendous amount of injury to the crops, eating corn when it is in the roasting ear and destroying vegetables such as beets, turnips and carrots.

In the south the muskrat is a great enemy of the rice planter. As it burrows into the embankment, it allows the water to flood the land. It also causes great damage to irrigation districts, ice ponds and river levees.

North American Indians eat the muskrat, but its strong flavor makes it unpalatable for people of more refined taste.

Muskrats are easily trapped. They take any suitable bait readily. The trap should be set under water so the animal will quickly drown, as they fear foot-loose and escape from the trap.

An ordinary steel trap No. 1 is best. Sink the trap in the trail partly in mud where water is two or three

inches deep, fasten the chain to a stake or pole, reaching to deep water. The pole, upon which the ring of the chain is to slide, should have a fork at the outer end to prevent it from slipping off. The other end should be stuck firmly into the bank. Fasten the bait to a stick set in mud so that it is about a foot above the par of the trap. The animal, in reaching for the bait, sets the hind foot upon the pan and is caught securely.

An open barrel sunk near the bank of the stream is said to be an effective trap, although a floating barrel is more generally used. A hole is sawed in the side and a strong cleat is nailed across each end, upon which boards, longer than the barrel, are nailed. Enough water is placed in the barrel to make a float with these platforms level with the surface. Apples or carrots are placed in the barrel for bait.

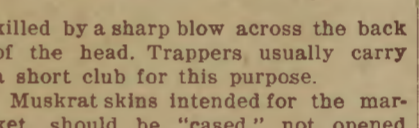
Trappers in Ohio, Illinois and some other middle states are reported to be able to earn from \$400 to \$900 during the season from January first to about the middle of March.

The owner of a 1,300-acre tract of marsh land, with the aid of his son, secured over 5,000 muskrats in one season, which were sold for \$2,300.

The skins are sorted into black and brown before being shipped to market.

Baltimore is a good market and pays from 35 cents for brown to 45 cents for black. St. Louis is also a large market, and prices are generally a little higher there.

Muskrats taken for the fur should be trapped, not shot or speared. If taken alive in a trap they should be



Floating Muskrat Trap.

killed by a sharp blow across the back of the head. Trappers usually carry a short club for this purpose.

Muskrat skins intended for the market should be "cased," not opened along the belly. In skinning, trappers begin at the heel and slit up the middle of the hind leg to the tail, around it, and then down the other leg to the heel in the same way. No other cuts in the skin are needed, though many trappers pass the knife around the feet, where the long fur ends. The skin is then turned back over the body, leaving the fur side inward. The skin peels off easily to the front feet. The trapper cuts closely around nose, ears and lips, so as not to tear the skin. If bits of flesh adhere to the skin about the head, they may be scraped off, but this is usually left for the fur dresser.

The skin, inside out, is stretched over a thin board or a shingle of the proper shape, and a tack or two is inserted to keep it in position until dry. Skins should be dried in the open air—not before a fire or in the sun.

Houses for Winter Farrowing. Provide good individual houses for sows due to farrow in cold weather. A canvas or burlap curtain hung in the door will keep out the cold and make the house more comfortable for the young litter. A lantern hung in the sowhouse on very cold nights when the pigs come will temper the atmosphere and aid in saving the lives of some of the pigs.

Feeding Dairy Cows. The cost of feeding the average dairy cow in the United States for a year is \$21, according to statistics gathered by one of the big dairy cattle societies. With the low prices of grain, the feed bill this year will run from five to ten dollars below these figures. Even at that there may be cows in the herd that do not earn their keep.

Chinese Corn. The department of agriculture is experimenting with corn shipped from China. Plants raised last year averaged less than sixteen inches in height with an average of 12 green leaves at the time of tasseling. The ears averaged 5 1/2 inches in length and 4-1/3 in greatest circumference, with 16 and 18 rows of small grains.

WHERE IT WAS LACKING



She—You puckered up your lips so then that I thought you were going to kiss me.

He—No; I got some grit in my mouth.

She—Well, for goodness' sake swallow it! You need it in your system!

SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT OF PIMPLES AND BLACKHEADS

A speedy and economical treatment for disfiguring pimples is the following: Gently smear the face with Cuticura Ointment, but do not rub. Wash off the ointment in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water and bathe freely for some minutes. Repeat morning and evening. At other times use hot water and Cuticura Soap for bathing the face as often as agreeable. Cuticura soap and ointment are equally successful for itching, burning, scaly and crusted humors of the skin and scalp, with loss of hair, from infancy to age, usually affording instant relief, when all else fails. Send to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Boston, Mass., for the latest Cuticura book on the care and treatment of the skin and scalp.

And It Was All Imagination. "I wonder how much imagination governs some persons' senses?" remarked a visitor at the St. Regis yesterday. "For a Christmas present I sent to a young woman of my acquaintance one of the most elaborate sachet cases I could find. It was such a beautiful thing that I didn't put perfume in it, for some women prefer to use a certain kind all the time, and I thought I would leave it to the recipient to put her own particular sachet powder in the case. You may imagine I was somewhat amazed to read this in her enthusiastic letter of thanks: 'It's perfume has pervaded the whole room.'"—New York Press.

Queen Mary's Trousseau. Queen Mary is following the example set by her mother, the duchess of Teck, who at the time of her daughter's wedding with the present king declared that for the trousseau "not a yard of cambric or linen, of flannel or tweed, of lace or ribbon should be bought outside the kingdom," and who kept to her word. Queen Mary is having her coronation robes and gowns for court functions as well as the opening of parliament gown made by a British firm of all British material. She has ordered eight dresses so far, and work on them has commenced.—London correspondence New York Sun.

No Purchase Recorded. There was a dealer who tried to sell a horse to the late Senator Daniel of Virginia. He exhibits the merits of the horse, and said, "This horse is a reproduction of the horse that General Washington rode at the battle of Trenton. It has the pedigree that will show he descended from that horse and looks like him in every particular."

"Yes, so much so," said Senator Daniel, "that I am inclined to believe it is the same horse."

IT'S FOOD That Restores and Makes Health Possible. There are stomach specialists as well as eye and ear and other specialists.

One of these told a young lady, of New Brunswick, N. J., to quit medicines and eat Grape-Nuts. She says: "For about 12 months I suffered severely with gastritis. I was unable to retain much of anything on my stomach, and consequently was compelled to give up my occupation."

"I took quantities of medicine, and had an idea I was dieting, but I continued to suffer, and soon lost 15 pounds in weight. I was depressed in spirits and lost interest in everything generally. My mind was so affected that it was impossible to become interested in even the lightest reading matter."

"After suffering for months I decided to go to a stomach specialist. He put me on Grape-Nuts and my health began to improve immediately. It was the keynote of a new life."

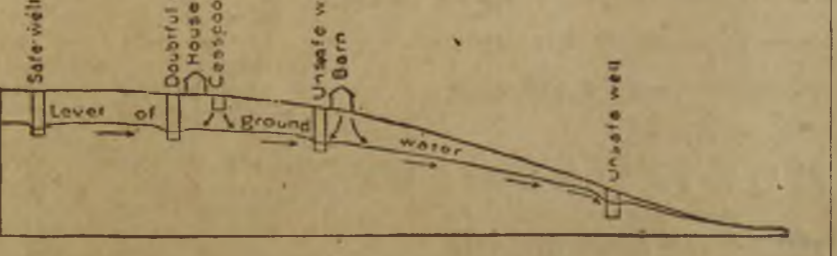
"I found that I had been eating too much starchy food which I did not digest, and that the cereals which I had tried had been too heavy. I soon proved that it is not the quantity of food that one eats, but the quality."

"In a few weeks I was able to go back to my old business of doing clerical work. I have continued to eat Grape-Nuts for both the morning and evening meal. I wake in the morning with a clear mind and feel rested. I regained my lost weight in a short time. I am well and happy again and owe it to Grape-Nuts." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read "The Road to Wellville," in pigs. "There's a Reason!"

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

PURE WATER SUPPLY FOR FARM



Polluted water is exceedingly common even on farms where it might be expected that the purest supply would be found. Typhoid fever is often communicated by water from shallow wells. The germs may be carried many rods through the soil and if a well is situated lower than the cesspool the danger is very great. The illustration shows position of safe and unsafe wells.

Staver Buggies

Just received, a car load of the famous Staver buggies, which I will be pleased to show you and the price is right. I also carry a full line of harness and blankets and everything for the horse. If you are going to buy a buggy, call and see me. If you have not got the money I will sell it to you just the same.

REMEMBER THE PLACE
COOPER'S
10c Hitch Barn
Successor to Kellogg & Adams
Horses Bought, Sold and Exchanged

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The Republican-Journal

Published every Friday at Genoa, Ill.
Subscription Price, \$1.25 per Year

Office Telephone, No. 28
C. D. Schoonmaker, Publisher

ACCORDING to the returns of the last state elections only about one-third of the voters of the state of Illinois have any moral right to kick on the way the affairs of the state and government are conducted, for approximately two-thirds of the voters remained away from the polls on the days when they might have exercised their rights as citizens. If poor timber is up for office and is elected, the voter who remains at home is just as responsible for his election as the man who casts a vote for the poor timber. And when that man gets into office and is accused of bribery, grafting and all the other things, the stay at home voter should be the last to open his head in protest. The Republican-Journal has not given the matter of enfranchising the women much serious thought (we've got to get busy with the thought now, however) but it has been a serious thought with us that man will not exercise his franchise as a citizen of this great nation and state. What earthly power would any corporation or corruptionist have if every voter would vote? It is a noticeable fact that the man who does not vote when matters pertaining to state and nation come up is the one who is usually the calamity howler. If the congressmen or members of the general assembly did not exercise their rights and vote on matters which come up before those bodies, the right

would soon be taken from them, would it not? There is no law that will disfranchise the citizen for not voting, but it would seem that he has no more right to neglect his duty than the congressman. There is the voter who will not vote because he has a grouch, another because he is not interested, and a very few will not vote until they are paid for it. If the two former will get busy the latter would soon be put out of business.

THOSE who have been hammering congress for the tariff bill recently passed, owing to the fact that it protected the manufacturing industries of the country, now begin to realize the nature of the task in formulating a tariff law that will please everyone. The manufacturers are not particularly adverse to the idea of reciprocity with Canada as that will effect the products of the farm more than manufactured goods. It is the farmer (the big grain men of the North-west) that are up in arms to fight the reciprocity bill, altho they were not particularly adverse to the idea of reducing the tariff on manufactured products, or removing the tariff entirely. All can now see that there is rightly two sides to the question, and that a congressman is not necessarily a crook if he has the backbone to vote as his conviction dictates. The manufacturer and farmer should both be protected. The thing to know is where protection ends and subsidy begins.

A MOVEMENT is on foot to change the village of Genoa into a city government, meaning the dividing of the corporation into three wards and making three voting precincts. It will be nice to be called a city and there are advantages in being incorporated as a city, but there are two sides to the question. It is a matter that each voter must think out for himself. There is a general movement about the country to change the present form of government of cities to the commission form, just the opposite of that which is now being proposed in Genoa. If there are really any advantages in the commission form over the plan which has existed for years, there is little need of Genoa becoming a city, as the village trustees are elected in the same manner that commissioners would be selected. It is the duty of every voter to study this matter from every view point before he goes to the polls, if it comes to a vote.

Horrible Bequest to Father.
What is probably the strangest and, at the same time, the most horrible bequest ever made, is to be found in the will of Lieutenant de Pap, formerly an officer in a smart regiment of Austrian Hussars, who was executed by strangling some few years ago for the murder of his brother. Previous to his execution the murderer requested that he might be photographed while hanging on the gallows, and a copy of the ghastly picture sent to his father.

DESERTS OF ARABIA.

Sand Dunes That Resemble the Billows of the Ocean.

In Arabia there are two great areas of sand dunes, one in the south, called the Roba el Khali, and one in the north, called Nafud. The southern desert is entirely unknown to Europeans, while the northern has been crossed at one point by a few travelers. The edge of this great sandy waste is, I think, the most impressive natural phenomenon I have ever seen. As I approached its western edge it seemed as if a long wall of red sand barred further passage. It began quite suddenly, without any warning of its proximity. In a few paces we passed from the hard desert on to the soft sand hills, and the camels stood with their feet in the first waves of this great sand desert of Arabia. Here was a "desert world of new and dreadful aspect" indeed. It was undoubtedly "new" to western eyes, and therefore of extreme interest, and it was certainly "of dreadful aspect," for the glare of its sands closed one's eyes and seemed to overpower one. What struck me most was the color of the sand hills in the morning light—every shade of yellow and red—but in the midday heat the color seemed to change to a glaring white.

In this region the prevailing wind is from the southwest, and therefore all the dunes gradually sloped toward the west, steep sided toward the east. The sand, on the whole, was hard; nevertheless traveling was toilsome in the extreme. Traversing this immense ocean of sand waves we clambered to the crests of giant sand dunes, only to find the leeward side of the dune too steep to descend, and accordingly we had to tramp along the crest of the hill in order to find a more easy descent. Then we were hidden in the great folds between the dunes, hemmed in by hot sandy walls and almost suffocated by the heat. In many ways this stretch of desert was similar to the sea. Its sand dunes had all the appearance of billows.—Wide World Magazine.

Fingers and Forks.
The highest Afghans still eat their food with their hands, and from a story told by Rev. Edward Gilliat, M. A., in his book, "Heroes of Modern India," it may be inferred that the custom is kept up because of some private intelligence concerning occidental dishwashing. Mr. Gilliat remembers an Afghan missionary telling the Harrow schoolboys how he was once dining in the tent of an Afghan chief and could not forbear remarking that in Europe it was thought rather a dirty habit to put fingers in the dish. The chief looked up.

"We in Afghanistan think it a very dirty habit to use forks," he said, smiling contemptuously, "because when you put your fingers in your mouth they are your own fingers, but when you put a fork in, how many people may have used that fork before?"

Hard Luck.
"Las' night I dreamed I died an' went ter heaben," said Toot. "St. Peter met me at de gate, an' I ax him of I could come in. He sez he hatter weigh me 'gainst mah sins fus', an' wid dat he git out a big pair ob balances an' put me in one pan an' a great big bag in de udder. De bag outweigh me way yondah, so he sez I can't come in. I ax him foh ter tell me whut's in dat bag, an' he bus' it open fo' me. Well, suh, it wuz plumb full ob watahmillions an' chickens! An' I sez, sez I, 'Ef yo'll leabe mah sins out yere wid me,' sez I, 'I won't ax ter come in.' Sez he, 'All right.' But, dog-gone mah skin, I wake up fo' I could git ter dem t'ings!"—Exchange.

Shared.
"I hope, Carruthers," said the sad parson, very gravely, "you don't spend all your earnings."
"No, sir," responded Carruthers respectfully; "I always makes it a strict rule, sir, never to spend more'n two-thirds of me wages, sir."
"Ah, that's good—that's good!" nodded the parson. "And do you put the other third in the bank?"
"Oh, no, sir," responded the man; "I puts it to much better use than that. I gives it to the missus to keep 'ouse on!"—London Telegraph.

Keeping Under Cover.
"Grandpa," said little Rastus as he turned the pages of the dream book, "why an it when witches fly around on broomsticks dey am always old wimmin? Where be deh husbands?"
"Lands, chile," laughed the old man as he cut a fresh watermelon, "yo' wouldn't expect deh husbands around when dey am armed with broomsticks, would you?"—Chicago News.

For Supervisor
I wish to announce that I will be a candidate for renomination to the office of Supervisor of Genoa township and will appreciate the support of my friends at the caucus to be held in March.
F. W. DUVAL.

For Highway Commissioner
I am a candidate for renomination to the office of highway commissioner and will appreciate the support of my friends at the caucus to be held in March.
JOHN PETERSON.

For Supervisor
I have decided to become a candidate for the office of supervisor of Genoa township, having been urgently requested to do so by many friends, and will appreciate the support of voters at the caucus to be held in March. It will be my aim to take care of Genoa first, last and all the time, and work for the best interests of the town and county.
C. H. AWE.

For Highway Commissioner
I have decided to become a candidate for the office of Com-

missioner of Highways, thru the earnest solicitation of friends, and will submit my name to the voters of Genoa township at the caucus to be held in March.
WILL DUVAL.

Pay Your Taxes Now
The Genoa tax books are now open at the store of Perkins & Rosentel. I will be at the store from 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. on Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week. On the other days of the week from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.
E. D. Ide, Collector.

RE-ENFORCED CONCRETE SILO

NO INSURANCE AND NO REPAIRS

AS SOLID AS THE ROCK OF AGES



Concrete, today, is considered to be the best material for exterior building, and in no line is it better adapted than in the construction of silos. Silos of concrete are the least expensive for the reason that there are no repair bills, no danger of being blown down or struck by lightning, and are absolutely fire proof. They merit their remarkable success because of their advantage as preservers of ensilage over other forms of construction. The Polk System is perfection in cement construction. The wood silo will soon rot and become lop sided, while the reinforced concrete structure will last forever and gain strength with age. It is left absolutely true and perpendicular, air tight and will remain so if constructed by the Polk System. The silo has become as important as the stable in this dairy country and every farm will soon have one. It will pay to build right at the start. I will be glad to explain the system to anyone interested and will give prices and estimates on the size of silo needed for your herd.

P. A. QUANSTRONG, GENOA, ILL.

SATISFACTION

This word means a whole lot. If your grocer pleases you in every particular, you have no cause for changing. Even we can do no more than that. But if you think some of making a change, we would be glad to give you the best service of which we are capable. Often and often we have turned now and again customers into steady patrons. We lose a surprising few of the really particular grocery buyers, who once become our customers.

Try us on anything you want
and we will do the rest

Yours for More Business

Shauger, Vincent & Lietzow
Genoa Phone 26

RELIABLE DEFENDERS OF OUR COUNTRY THE SOLDIER

QUICK TO REPEL ATTACKS

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

JUST AS QUICK TO REPEL ATTACKS OF
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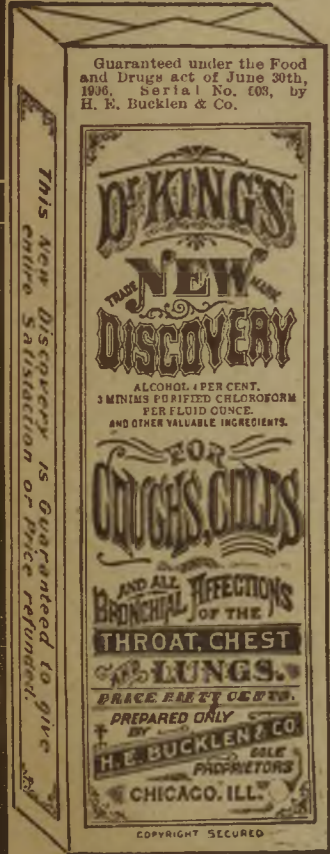
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WHOOPIING COUGH

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BRONCHIAL REMEDY

Price 50c and \$1.00

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L. E. CARMICHAEL



At Last! We Have Found a REAL FARM PUMP ENGINE!

We scanned the country for the best movable gasoline engine for farm use, and after investigating a score or more of designs and makes we selected the FULLER & JOHNSON FARM PUMP ENGINE.

It's a perfect little wonder! Everyone who has seen this engine at work is enthusiastic about it. We were even surprised ourselves when we hooked up the engine with a pump in our exhibition rooms and learned how easy it was to operate—how simple to start and stop—the tremendous amount of work it does—the extremely small amount of fuel it consumes.

Some of the Many Reasons Why This is the Only Real Farm Pump Engine

- No belts, shafts, traveling arms or walking beams needed.
- Can be attached to any pump in five minutes.
- No foundations and special platform.
- No extras. Engine sold complete, all ready to start to work.
- As high grade in workmanship and material as best automobile engines.
- Perfectly air cooled and self oiled. Cannot freeze or overheat.
- Easy to start and stop. Can be operated safely by children.
- Tank holds day's fuel. Runs 10 hours on few cents' worth of gasoline.
- Has pulley for running churn, separator, washing machine, grindstone, emery wheel. Plenty of power for any hand or foot machinery.
- Weights but 240 lbs. and can be moved anywhere on a wheelbarrow.
- Pumps 400 to 1,000 gallons per hour when attached to any force pump.
- Provides plenty of fresh water at right temperature without use of bothersome tank heater.
- Provides ample fire protection. Attached to force pump having air chamber, throws 60-foot stream with considerable pressure.
- Affords plenty of power for air pressure and gravity water systems.
- Costs less than a windmill and does ten times as much work.
- Does the work of two hired men. Is always on the job.

See the Little Wonder at Work!

It is worth a special trip to town just to see this Farm Pump Engine at work. It's a revelation and a sensation. A regular side show. We are doing all kinds of "stunts" with this engine every day. We show how it will pump from 400 to 1,000 gallons of water per hour—how it runs any hand or foot-power machinery—how it works right along without any attention. We want every farmer in this community to see these demonstrations. We are proud to "show off" the Farm Pump Engine at any hour of the day. You incur no obligation. We want to prove to the farmers that we are selling the only Farm Pump Engine worthy of the name.

Seeing is Believing—Come in and See

FULLER & JOHNSON Farm Pump Engine

Complete—Compact—Economical

There are no "extras" to buy when you purchase a Fuller & Johnson Farm Pump Engine. We sell you the outfit complete. Only necessary to tighten four nuts—fill the tank with gasoline—turn the fly-wheel and away goes your engine, working like a Trojan until you shut off the fuel. No cement foundations or special platform needed. Has its own base. No belts, shafts, arms, jacks, anchor posts, walking beams, tanks or towers. Can be attached to any pump in less than five minutes. The Farm Pump Engine is so compact and self contained that it can be moved anywhere on a wheelbarrow. Can be moved from pump to dairy, workshop or laundry in 5 minutes. It is as high grade in workmanship and material as engines used in best automobiles. It's perfectly air cooled and self oiled. Cannot freeze or overheat. Tank holds day's fuel. Runs for 10 hours on a few cents' worth of gasoline.

All the Water You Need

The Farm Pump Engine completely solves the perplexing problem of winter water supply. Provides 400 to 1,000 gallons per hour when attached to any force pump. Eliminates



Let This Engine Do Your Hardest Winter Work
Right now—during the cold winter months—is the time you need a Farm Pump Engine most. It costs less than a good windmill and does ten times as much work. Helps the women folk as well as the men. Gives the hired man more time to do other things. Bring the whole family in and let us prove these statements. (27)

JAS. R. KIERNAN, Genoa, Ill.

AT THE PAVILION

Roller Skating

Every Thursday Evening
and Saturday Evenings after Show

DOINGS OF THE WEEK

THE assistance of all subscribers is invited and solicited in making this department interesting. Any item of news left at the office, in the box at the east corner of the Exchange Bank building or given the editor on the street will be greatly appreciated. If you have visitors or have been away yourself or if you know anything good about your neighbors tell us about it.

New gingham at Lembke's. Mrs. G. W. Johnson is seriously ill.

Warranted cutlery at Perkins & Rosenfeld's.

Get a set of dishes at F. W. Olmsted's.

Jas. Mansfield was an Elgin visitor last Saturday.

Choice of trimmed hats at Olmsted's, \$2.00.

Enameled ware at Perkins & Rosenfeld's.

See the furs Olmsted has on sale for \$2.39.

N. H. Stanley was a Chicago visitor Tuesday.

H. B. Downing was a week end visitor in Chicago.

Ladies' black silk skirts for \$2.98 at Olmsted's.

Harry Lord of Elgin called on his mother here last week.

Every Wednesday—Wales Electric Theatre—Pavilion—10c.

Another lot of 15 cent oranges at Oberg's Friday and Saturday.

Attorney Finnegan was over from Sycamore Tuesday.

Kean's bread is wholesome, sweet, and good to eat.

Otto Draile, who is attending

school in Chicago, visited his mother a few days last week.

Floyd Olmstead is visiting friends at South Haven, Minn.

Wales—Pavilion—next Wednesday—10c.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Leonard were Chicago visitors Saturday.

A. L. Crawford (Sandy) was out from Chicago over Sunday.

Miss Ruby Stiles was a guest of friends at Elgin over Sunday.

Linen, napkins, towels, draperies, all on sale this week at Olmsted's.

The ladies' coats Olmsted has left will be closed out for \$6.00 and \$8.00.

See those pretty new gingham at Lembke's. They are selling at 13 cents per yard.

H. E. Vandresser and Frank Cronk were Chicago visitors last Saturday.

Get the habit of eating Kean's potato bread. Once tried, always used.

Can a woman love a coward? Answered at the opera house on Monday evening.

Mesdames John and W. A. Geithman called on Mrs. Milton

Geithman at the hospital in Belvidere last Saturday.

Miss Ida Sylvus of Belvidere was a week end guest at the home of H. R. Patterson.

"The Coward," a strong character play, at the opera house Monday evening, Feb. 27.

Wales Electric Theatre company at the pavilion every Wednesday night. Admission, 10c.

Kean's bakery is the place to get fresh rolls, fried cakes, pies, cookies and cakes.

Mrs. S. J. Miller left Monday for a two weeks' visit with friends and relatives in Hudson, Mich.

Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Field entertained the former's father of Rockford the first of the week.

Mrs. E. J. Carey of Chicago was an over Sunday guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. Dunn.

F. W. Olmsted will continue to give premiums to those who do not care to try for the set of dishes.

C. E. Dunn of Shawano, Wis., spent the week at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. Dunn.

The New York Journal says: "In this day of strong, realistic plays, 'The Coward' stands as an equal of the best."

All the best paints and varnish stains for interior work at Perkins & Rosenfeld's. Try a can of Ch-Namel. It has no equal.

Rev. Fr. Huth of Hampshire will celebrate mass at the chapel in the Kiernan block next Sunday morning at the usual hour.

The W. C. T. U. will hold a meeting Thursday, March 2, at the home of Mrs. A. C. Reid. A good attendance is desired.

Man and wife wish to get place on farm, have furniture. References exchanged. Inquire at Douglas or Oberg grocery.

Cess pools and vaults cleaned on short notice. M. Upson, 110 Franklin St., DeKalb, Ill. County phone No. 2842.

Don't fail to see the moving pictures at the pavilion Saturday

Makes Home Baking Easy

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

The only baking powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar
NO ALUM, NO LIME PHOSPHATE

evening. Room for everyone, the pictures are large and with but little flicker.

About twenty Odd Fellows attended lodge at Sycamore on Tuesday evening, witnessing first degree work put on by the DeKalb team.

The pavilion is still drawing big crowds at the moving picture show on Saturday evenings. You could not pass an hour more pleasantly.

Mrs. M. Hein, who resided south of Genoa, has moved to Elgin where she will make her home, she having two sons residing in the watch city.

Lemuel Gray was the recipient of a miscellaneous shower at the home of his parents last Friday evening. Mr. Gray will soon become a benedict.

F. B. Baker, who resided on a farm east of Genoa some time ago, later moving to Elgin, has returned and is now residing in the east end of the village.

Several new patterns of gingham have just arrived at John Lembke's. They are bright, new goods and are selling at 13 cents per yard. Call and see them today.

The moving pictures at the opera house are of high grade and the flicker has been reduced to a minimum. Not as trying to the eyes as many others. Ten cents admission.

Why not get in line? Yes, it is a special—a very special—rate. \$1.50 for this paper and The Weekly Inter Ocean and Farmer for one full year. Don't let it get away from you.

Rev. and Mrs. Loomis are the parents of a baby girl which arrived at their home in the West on the 13th of this month. Rev. Loomis was former pastor of the Genoa A. C. church.

Garfield Pierce left on Monday morning to report for duty in the railway mail service. He has not been assigned a regular run but for the present will assist in weighing the mails.

There is a large crowd out at Will Swanson's sale today. Joseph Blundy's sale tomorrow will also be a big drawing card. In the two sales there are nearly 150 head of live stock.

C. Scherf and Will Rosenke left for Davenport, Iowa, last Friday, having secured employment as cutters in the shoe factory there. Mrs. Scherf expects to leave in a few days for that city.

The people residing between Oregon and Sycamore are hopeful over the prospects of an inter-urban road from the former city to St. Charles, passing thru the DeKalb county city.

It is rumored that a certain young man in Genoa, whose hair is of the strawberry blond tint with an inclination to get into kinks, will soon be in line for congratulations. Ruaschmiter.

DR. L. G. HEMENWAY—General Practice. Office at residence in E. C. Crawford house, Genoa street, 2nd house south of Main. Office hours, 7:30 to 9:00 a. m. Phone 185.

Money to loan on farm lands at reasonable rates, with liberal pre-payment privileges. High grade farm mortgages for sale. Dutton-Becker Loan & Investment Co., Sycamore, Ill.

If you want a watch that is a watch, one that will always be a source of satisfaction, one that has the guarantee of the dealer and the manufacturer, now is the time to talk the matter over with Martin the jeweler. He is making special prices. Every watch that leaves the place is guaranteed to be exactly as represented.

The members of the B. W. Club met with Miss Grace Fishbach at the home of Mrs. Totten on Wednesday evening. Miss Fishbach has been employed as stenographer at the telephone factory for about two years but has resigned her position and expects to leave Genoa this week. The meeting was unexpected by Miss Fishbach but a very pleasant evening was spent by all. Light refreshments were served.

Several colored people furnished the music at the M. E. church last Sunday evening, rendering some excellent selections. The same company appeared here some time ago at the opera house. Their work at that time was indifferent, but their rendition of sacred music Sunday evening was beautiful. They happened to stop in Genoa while on their way to fill an engagement and volunteered to sing at the church.

The ladies of Golden Star Chapter O. E. S. entertained at a measuring party at their hall Tuesday evening, the guests paying admission at the door according to their height. It cost two cents per foot and one-half cent for every odd inch over the even number of feet. Some of the guests were really surprised when they learned how much they had grown recently. The evening was pleasantly spent, refreshments being served at a late hour.

Men and Women, sell guaranteed hose. 70 per cent. profit. Make \$10 daily. Full or part time. Beginners investigate. Wear Proof. 3038 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

The W. C. T. U. held a special meeting in memory of Frances E. Willard Thursday, February 16, at the home of Mrs. Nettie Harlow. Following the devotional and business meeting the program consisted of an appropriate duet by Belle Meyers and Ruby Stiles, and papers on Frances E. Willard and the continuation of her work, especially thru the Memorial fund. Stiles Harlow pleased the audience with a vocal solo, after which light refreshments were served.

LEGAL PHRASEOLOGY.

What Some of the Terms Common to Court Practice Mean.

To most persons the phrase "This indenture witnesseth" is as much Greek as the other common phrase "Witness my hand and seal." Yet both are relics of a time when these legal forms carried with them a significance not obtaining at present.

Legal documents were once engrossed upon parchment because paper cost so much more than dressed skin. The parchment was seldom trimmed exactly and the top was scalloped with the knife; hence the term "This indenture." Even where the lawyers have departed from the custom of using parchment for their legal forms the phrase has been retained.

In the same way the signature of "hand and seal" is a relic of those olden times when only clerks and the clergy could wield the pen. It was the custom for the contracting parties to lay their hands upon the document in token of good faith, and there remained a smudge. As these original thumb marks were not easily identified, the gentry added their seals for the purpose of further establishing the validity of the document. It may not be generally known that a seal is still required in law, though the need for it passed with the spread of education, and the bit of red paper affixed by the lawyer is as necessary as the signature to certain documents.

A court of law is a reminiscence of the time when justice sat in the open courtyard, and the "dock" is from a German word meaning a receptacle, while the "bar" is a Welsh word meaning a branch of a tree used to separate the lords of justice from their vassals.

The entire phraseology of the bench is reminiscent of the earlier days, but, having been proved proper, has been retained.—New York Herald.

Ed. Pierce, who was laid up several weeks with typhoid fever, received a check for \$115.00 last week from the insurance company which is conducted in connection with the Odd Fellow order.

Theo. Schoeneboom, wife and eight children, who came from Germany last fall and have since been residing in the east end of town, left the first of this week for Oklahoma where they will take up a claim.

Mesdames J. P. Cracraft, F. W. Olmsted, G. J. Patterson and D. S. Brown became charter members of the White Shrine at Elgin last Friday evening. The Shrine is a higher degree in the order of the Eastern Star.

John Martin, former meat cutter at Geithman Bros.' market, who went to Colorado last year to take up a homestead claim, will come back to Illinois the first of the month and go behind the block at F. W. Duval's market.

Why not buy a lot, build and live in a home of your own? 50x150 foot corner lot, in Morning-side addition, cement sidewalk on two sides, water in and all taxes paid to date. Cheap for cash. Charles H. Hoinville, 1543 East 61st street, Chicago, Ill.

The new gravel on Sycamore street has been appreciated by teamsters during the past week. It was rather hard pulling thru the mud at first as it is slow to pack, but it beats pulling thru the mud. The road will be one of the best in the country in another year, in fact it will be well worn this spring.

An epidemic of measles and mumps has kept things lively at the school during the past week, many of the pupils being out from one to three or four days. No one has been seriously ill, and no attempt has been made to check the fun. All were thoroughly exposed before the first altered complexions were noticed.

I HAVE RECENTLY TAKEN THE AGENCY FOR THE WELLS FARGO & CO. EXPRESS

I will receive all express packages and write money orders for said company.

L. E. Carmichael
Drugs - Stationery - Candy - Cigars
Phone 83 Opposite P. O.

Special Announcement GENOA OPERA HOUSE one night only MONDAY, FEB. 27 N. L. WAELCHI

OFFERS

The Great American Drama

THE COWARD

By CATHERINE DAVY the author of successes
Strong and Intense but not Melodramatic

SPECIALTIES BETWEEN ACTS

DON'T FAIL TO SEE THE COWARD
Prices 15, 25, 35, 50c
Seats on sale at usual place

MORE 15c ORANGES!

Yes—we have 10 more cases of Navel Oranges to sell at 15c per doz. for Friday and Saturday. And we wish to say to those who got their orders in too late last Saturday to order early; so please call up in the morning and we will save them for you. They will not last long. These oranges are the same quality as those selling at 30 and 40c per dozen, only smaller in size.

We also have in fresh for Friday and Saturday

Green Onions, Radishes, Spinach, Leaf Lettuce, Head Lettuce, Celery and Pie Plant.

Anything you want from Kean's Home Bakery delivered with your order

E. C. OBERG
Phone No. 4 Genoa, Ill.

READ

Wednesday, Thursday, Friday
Saturday

2 qt. Granite Basin - - 3c

One to a family.

Come yourself, do not send the children for it.

100 pieces 10 and 15c sheet music - - 5c

All wool Challies, per yd. - - 29c

Odds and ends of Dress Goods 75c and \$1 values, yd. - 39c

Ladies' Coates; 18.00 and \$16 coats - 8.00 and \$6.00

Ladies' Hats 5.00 and 6.00 values, choice - \$2.00

50 Furs put on sale for only - 2.39

Fleeced Hosiery - 11 and 19c

Ladies white hemstitched Handkerchiefs, each - 2 and 4c

Good, black taffeta silk Skirts - 2.98

Table Linen, Towels, Napkins, Draperies, all on sale this week.

Hair Ribbons, good quality taffeta, 4 inches wide, all colors 10c 5 inches - 13c yd.

See the set of dishes given away every week.

Frank W. Olmsted

A Wolf in Sheep's Clothing

A TRUE STORY OF THE SECRET SERVICE

By COL. H. C. WHITLEY Former Chief United States Secret Service



TIMES were pretty lively about Washington during President Grant's administration. The great, the near great, the shabby genteel politicians were to be daily met with. Each had an axe to grind. It was a busy day for adventurers and sharpers. Every device that human ingenuity could invent was in vogue for money making purposes. Men of respectability when at home often turned crooks after sojourning at the nation's capitol for a time. The war had left its demoralizing influence upon many and the opportunities for acquiring wealth were numerous and varied. For a long time before General Grant took his seat in the president's chair, there had been a looseness in the administration of government affairs resulting in organized frauds that would not be tolerated in this day.

The Credit Mobiler conspiracy, the whisky ring and many other monumental steals were being carried on in high-up official and private circles. The big fellows set the pace and the smaller crooks loitering about the city felt quite safe in taking a hand in what was going on. Some of the devices resorted to by the lesser fellows were quite ridiculous. I will disinter one of these schemes for the purpose of exhibiting the folly of some of the lotters of that day.

Shortly after President Grant's inauguration in the spring of 1873 he sent a messenger with a note requesting me to call at once at the White House. On entering his office I found him at his desk. He pointed to a nearby chair and bade me be seated. Reaching into a drawer of his desk he took out two long black cigars, and handing me one of them he bit off the end of the other and put it between his teeth. Straightening back in his chair, the big black cigar was pointed upward at an angle of about forty-five degrees. As the smoke curled lazily above his head I saw that there was something in his manner indicating that his usually placid temper was riled. Picking up a package of letters from his desk he turned towards me and said: "Here, Colonel, is a matter that needs your careful attention. During the last few days I have been receiving these letters. I want you to make an investigation at once. The persons engaged in this work must be punished. It is an outrage. It is probable that there is more than one person in the scheme."

President Grant spoke with great earnestness, and I saw that he was not a little disturbed and that his idea was to let no guilty man escape. The circulars he handed me were printed in letter form and had been sent through the mails to many postmasters throughout the south and west. The circulars read as follows. I give them verbatim.

Executive Mansion, Washington, Oct. 12th, 1872.
Memorandum of conversation between the president and his secretary.
Secretary—I wish to refer this telegram of Senator Morton's to the president.
To the President:

A conspiracy has been formed to overrun southern Illinois, Indiana and Ohio and to keep the colored vote from the polls in the southern states. Several thousand nonresidents will vote in Indiana. Men and money are needed. I send a man to you who has been in their council.
O. P. Morton.

President—Yes, I have thought that matter all over, and had a long talk with the man the senator sent. What does Mr. Cook say about money? You know that we have none, and that the committee's means are all necessary for the regular business.
Secretary—Mr. Cook will furnish you any amount you require.
President—Very well, I will take the responsibility. Have Captain C— select a dozen men to go west and south with funds and organize. The mere fact of a good organization will deter lawless bodies from attempting to defraud the people at the polls.
Additional conversation, March 24th, 1873.

Secretary—Mr. President, have you determined how you will reimburse Mr. Cook for the money furnished last October?
President—Yes, I have. The bishop has suggested Rev. J. Hale Barney to act as secretary in the matter. Appoint him immediately, and as our mails are so large and go to clerks to be arranged and briefed before we see them, you will have all letters on the subject addressed to him. Call upon our friends, and allow no one to contribute over ten dollars, and to prevent publicity and trouble, direct the remittance to be made by a single ten dollar note. Registered letters, drafts, or express would necessarily tend to publicity. Mr. Secretary, you will make an alphabetical list of every contributor, to which we can hereafter refer.

Confidential Circular No. 10.
Executive Mansion, Washington, April 5th, 1873.
"The annexed conversations are submitted to the friends of the president in confidence. Our friends can address Rev. J. Hale Barney, who is temporarily secretary in that behalf. Any one having conscientious convictions against contributing need only silently decline. The president has acted in good faith and confidently relies upon an active and cheerful assistance. Suppose nothing had been done and the state of affairs existing in Louisiana had more extensively prevailed, what would have been the result? Read carefully the president's views and act as your judgment dictates, remembering this subject is confidential and known only to three persons besides the president and that whatever is sent should be in currency in the enclosed envelope.
"Very respectfully,
"O. E. Babcock,
"Secretary."

With the above circular was also enclosed the following letter for return after being filled out:
"Rev. J. Hale Barney,
"Ex-Secretary, Etc.,
"Washington, D. C.
"Sir: Please find enclosed ten dollars in currency which you can apply



THE DETECTIVE EXAMINED THE LOCK

In any way you think necessary for the good of the cause.
"Yours truly,"
With this letter was an envelope addressed as follows:
"Rev. J. Hale Barney,
"Executive Secretary, Etc.,
"2126 Sixth St., N. W.,
"Washington, D. C."
It is scarcely necessary to say that the foregoing circulars had been concocted for the purpose of obtaining contributions from the appointees of the president. The Rev. J. Hale Barney was discovered in the person of one Colonel Pardi, who had recklessly assumed the role of a clerical gentleman for the purpose of making money. The circulars turned over to me was a source of great annoyance to the president, General Babcock and Senator Morton. Although the scheme was a foolish one, it was one of the boldest swindles of a pecuniary and political character that ever came up in Washington. It involved no less than three kinds of crime—using the mails for fraudulent purposes, forgery and obtaining money under false pretenses. The president was quite indignant. It was not alone a reflection upon him personally, but upon his administration.
Many of the postmasters in the south and west receiving these circulars remitted the amount called for

at once. Others were surprised and doubtful as to their genuineness and forwarded them to the president with a letter of inquiry. Taken altogether it was a most remarkable affair planned and carried out in a reckless manner. The report of the detectives sent to capture the schemer furnishes a chapter of racy reading.
It was discovered that a lady who rented furnished rooms at No. 428 Sixth street had sometime prior to the discovery of the forgeries received a letter from a man signing himself Rev. J. Hale Barney. He said he was a Methodist minister and that he would be absent from the city much of the time attending to the duties of his circuit, but he wanted to hire a good looking front room in her house for office purposes and a place to sleep and the delivery of his correspondence. He explained further that he had been appointed executive secretary of the Christian Brotherhood.
The lady thought it was a rare opportunity to secure an occupant of distinction. She had great confidence in Methodist ministers as she leaned that way herself, and she answered favorably. In a few days a large trunk was forwarded by express. It had an aperture in its top through which letters could be dropped. There were also forwarded two large cards upon which was printed "Rev. J. Hale Barney, Executive Secretary of the Christian Brotherhood," one to be hung upon the door, the other in the window of the room. Money was sent to pay a month's rent in advance.
The madame was delighted to rent her rooms to such a nice man. She had always maintained a highly respectable place and intended to keep it so. The trunk was put into one corner of the room hired, and all mail addressed to the reverend myth was dropped through the hole in the top of the trunk pending the arrival of his reverence.
The old lady was wholly unsuspect-

ingly secured a key to fit it. He had several circulars printed in facsimile of the original to be used as decoys. These were postmarked and given the appearance of having been sent by postmasters in the south. Some of them contained marked money. Excuses were made in other ways; money would be sent in course of time. Some of these letters were signed, "A Friend of the Cause," "A Sympathizer," "Depend Upon Me," etc. A letter carrier was made use of and the detective was kept posted in regard to the delivery of the letters.
When the "nice man" occupying the room back of the parlor was absent the letters contained in the trunk were examined by the detective. A short time after the return of the "nice man" he was seen to slip into the parlor through the rear door. The detective again examined the trunk. The letters were gone. Shortly afterwards the "nice man" occupying the room back of the parlor was arrested while in the act of dropping letters into the postoffice.
These letters were discovered to be circulars addressed to postmasters and others. The "nice man" arrested was searched and the marked money placed in the letters by the detective was found in his pocket. It was now certain that Rev. J. Hale Barney and the individual arrested were one and the same. The silent young man upstairs was suspected and arrested. His room was searched and a large number of printed circulars and envelopes addressed to postmasters were found.
The plot, although silly in its conception, was catchy because of its boldness. The "nice man" caught was a person of considerable prominence. He had served as a colonel of a regiment during the Civil war and was a gallant fighter.
The young fellow upstairs was a printer and had done the work on the circulars. Both of the schemers were



THE NICE MAN WAS ARRESTED AS HE WAS MAILING A LETTER

convicted and sentenced to do time in the penitentiary. This was only one of the many bold schemes practiced in our capital city by persons maintaining the outward appearance of eminent respectability.
(Copyright, 1910, by W. G. Chapman.)
How to Keep Young.
The fact that one has lived 60 or even for 80 years, is no reason why he should feel old.
When Longfellow was well along in years, his head as white as snow, but his cheeks as red as a rose, an ardent admirer asked him one day how it was that he was able to keep so vigorous and to write so beautifully.
Pointing to a blossoming apple tree near by the poet replied: "That apple tree is very old, but I never saw prettier blossoms upon it than those which it now bears. The tree grows a little new wood each year, and I suppose that it is out of that new wood that those blossoms come. Like the apple tree, I try to grow a little new wood each year."
And what Longfellow did we all ought to do.
We cannot stop the flight of time; we cannot head off the one event that happeneth to all; but we can keep on "growing new wood" and in that way keep on blossoming until the end.—Magazine of Mysteries.

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ILLINOIS HAPPENINGS

Kankakee.—Ruth, the 16-months-old daughter of Mrs. O. B. Thurston of Chicago, choked to death in her mother's arms on an Illinois Central train while attempting to eat a piece of peanut candy.
Champaign.—While playing around on the kitchen floor, Harold, the 15-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Collins, fell over backward into a tub of boiling lye water and suffered fatal burns.
Chicago.—A school has been formed here to teach men the mysteries of telephone work in order to meet the demands of large telephone companies that are planning to replace the girls now in charge of that work with men.
Pontiac.—Forgeries of more than \$70,000 have been discovered against George M. Chaney, and most of his victims are poor, so the board of supervisors of Livingston county offers \$200 for his capture.

Kankakee.—Miss Bertha Libbecks, better known as "Fainting Bertha," who during her residence in the Kankakee insane asylum, was able to pick the lock of any door in the institution and escape whenever she pleased, has been pardoned by the state board of pardons from the state prison at Joliet, where she was sent for larceny.
Chicago.—Desplines river is on a rampage and residents along the banks are fearful that the worst flood in years confronts them. The continued warm weather has sent thousands of gallons of water from the melting of the snows rushing into the river and already the stream has turned into a yellow, boiling torrent. The river is now five feet above its usual level and still is rising. Everything movable along the river bank has been carried away and the stream is filled with floating debris. Engineer Bielefeldt of the Desplines pumping station reports that the flood is getting worse. His station is located just a few feet from the river bank. "If the thaw keeps up the river will reach a height greater than it ever did before," he said. "It looks probable now that the water will continue to increase in volume. People are badly frightened and many residents refuse to allow their children to cross the river on the way to school."
Joliet.—A batch of minor cases were heard by the state parole board, in session at the prison here. The application for parole of only one criminal of note, "Fainting Bertha" Libbecks, was up for consideration. One feature of the February docket was the number of female prisoners who asked for freedom, there being about twenty applications. No decisions were announced, but Chairman Eckhart said that in all probability the Libbecks woman would be released.
Joliet.—Marie Sweetwood of Plainfield swallowed a pin while dancing a lively two-step and is in a serious condition, although the pin has been recovered.

Bloomington.—O. D. Dean has been appointed postmaster at Wadams Grove to succeed John Osborne, resigned after thirty-nine years of service. Osborne is now eighty-three and had the distinction of being the second oldest postmaster in the United States. The oldest resides in Georgia, Ill.
Centralia.—According to word received by contractors, work cannot proceed on the federal building until the arrival of federal authorities from Washington. Construction was stopped by Inspector Warmholz, who says the building must come down to the foundation and be rebuilt.
Mount Sterling.—Frank Bond and Miss Priscilla Worthington were married by Father Hefferman at St. Mary's church. This makes the fourth Bond boy in the family who has married a Worthington girl, all the boys being brothers and the girls sisters.
Paxton.—A fire at Loda destroyed the Catholic parsonage, containing the books and other valuable property of Father Healy. The church itself was saved.
East St. Louis.—Six men were seriously injured, two probably fatally, when the third floor of a four-story brick building at the Armour Packing company's plant here fell.
Aurora.—The Christian Advent college, a theological school for young men and women, will locate in this city and will soon start work on a new college building costing \$75,000.
Galesburg.—Testimony at the coroner's inquest brought out the fact that Basil Crum, an eighteen-year-old boy, was crushed to death beneath the wheels of a "Q" train here because a brake wheel broke and caused him to lose his balance and fall between the cars.
White Hall.—When Joseph Martin a well-known resident of this city stepped out of the way of an approaching train, he was struck and killed by a fast freight moving in the opposite direction.
Prophetstown.—Nathan Thompson, the venerable president of the Farmers' National bank of this place, is dead at the age of eighty-nine years.
Chatham.—Since a new system of electric lights have been installed in Chatham the local liveryman complains that his horses cannot sleep at night.
Paris.—Two small children of Mr. and Mrs. Ray Rambo are in a serious condition as a result of drinking a bottle of cough medicine.
Aledo.—President J. T. Davis of the Williams and Vashit college at Aledo has resigned and will go to Bloomington, Ind.

OATS—259 Bu. Per Acre.
That is the sworn to yield of Theodore Harnes, Lewis Co., Wash., had from Salzer's Rejuvenated White Bonanza oats and won a handsome 80 acre farm. Other big yields are 141 bus., 119 bus., 103 bus., etc., had by farmers scattered throughout the U. S.
Salzer's Pedigree Barley, Flax, Corn, Oats, Wheat, Potatoes, Grasses and Clover are famous the world over for their purity and tremendous yielding qualities. We are easily the largest growers of farm seeds in the world.
Our catalog bristling with seed truths free for the asking, or send 10c in stamps and receive 10 packages of farm seed novelties and rarities, including above marvelous oats, together with big catalog, John A. Salzer Seed Co., 182 South 8th St., La Crosse, Wis.

Real Courage.
He was the small son of a minister and his mother was teaching him the meaning of courage.
"Supposing," she said, "there were twelve boys in one bedroom, and eleven got into bed at once, while the other kept down to say his prayers, and that boy would show true courage."
"Oh," said the young hopeful, "I know something that would be more courageous than that? Supposing there were twelve ministers in one bedroom, and one got into bed without saying his prayers!"

The Handy Remedy for Eruption Caused by Poison Ivy or Wood Poison is Resinol Ointment.
I have used Resinol Salve for several years. I was badly broken out with eruptions caused by Poison Ivy. The itching was unbearable. My doctor recommended Resinol. It did its work fine. Being subject to wood poison, I now keep a jar of Resinol on hand. I have told others of it who had like results. Jno. H. Kohl, Benton, Kan.
Crutches or Biers.
Richard Croker, at a dinner in New York, expressed a distrust for aeroplanes.
"There's nothing underneath them," he said. "If the least thing goes wrong, down they drop."
"I said to a Londoner the other day: 'How is your son getting on since he bought a flying machine?'"
"On crutches, like the rest of them," the Londoner replied.

Literary Atmosphere.
"Mark Twain was not a widely read man. How do you suppose he ever managed to turn out so much good stuff?"
"I don't know, unless it was because he smoked so much."

It is unquestionably true that wealth produces wants, but it is a still more important truth that wants produce wealth.—Malthus.
No harmful drugs in Garfield Tea. Nature's laxative is composed wholly of clean, sweet, health-giving herbs!
Difficulties are often the barnacles that grow on delayed duties.
TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. They relieve in 10 to 15 minutes. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 2c.

When you find excess of speech look for shortage of sight.
To correct disorders of the liver, take Garfield Tea, the Herb Laxative.
A good home is the best exposition of heaven.
Stomach Blood and Liver Troubles
Much sickness starts with weak stomach, and consequent poor, impoverished blood. Nervous and pale-people lack good, rich, red blood. Their stomachs need invigorating for, after all, a man can be no stronger than his stomach. A remedy that makes the stomach strong and the liver active, makes rich red blood and overcomes and drives out disease-producing bacteria and cures a whole multitude of diseases.
Get rid of your Stomach Weakness and Liver Laziness by taking a course of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery—the Great Stomach Restorative, Liver Invigorator and Blood Cleanser.
You can't afford to accept any medicine of unknown composition as a substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery," which is a medicine of known composition, having a complete list of ingredients in plain English on its bottle-wrapper, same being attested as correct under oath.
Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

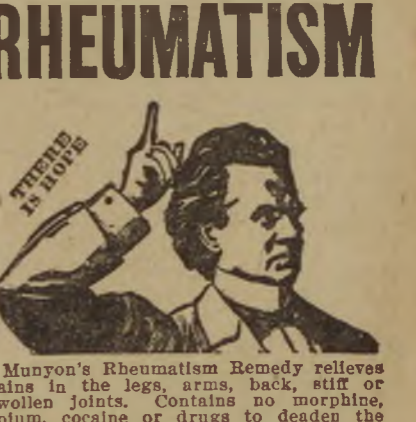
The Army of Constipation
Is Growing Smaller Every Day.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they not only give relief—they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Bileousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin.
SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE
Genuine must bear Signature
Asa Wood
New York, New York, Broadway Ave., near 328th St., West

A Country School for Girls
IN NEW YORK CITY. Best features of country and city life. Out-of-door sports on school part of 20 acres near the Hudson River. Academic Course Primary Class to Graduation. Music and Art. RISE EARLY AND BE WITNESS!
PRINCE ALBERT, SASKATCHEWAN
The center of the arid mixed farming district in Western Canada, offers certain success to workers. For free literature giving particulars of free homesteads, maps, etc., write JULIUS E. WOODWARD, Secretary Board of Trade, Prince Albert, S.C.
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DOLLARS FOR YOU Send for our new general catalogue. 12c free.
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Sticky Sweating Palms
after taking salts or cathartic waters—did you ever notice that weary all gone feeling—the palms of your hands sweat—and rotten taste in your mouth—Cathartics only move by sweating your bowels—Do a lot of hurt—Try a CASCARET and see how much easier the job is done—how much better you feel.
CASCARETS are a box for a week's treatment, all druggists, biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.
Even when you find yourself in hot water it is possible to get cold feet.

Simple, Rather.
He—You are the only woman I ever loved.
She—Do you expect me to believe that?
He—I do. I swear it is true.
She—Then I believe you. Any man who would expect a woman to believe that cannot have been much in the company of women.
A Dry Wash.
Representative Livingston of Georgia, who, disgusted at the bath-tub debate in the house recently, proposed that a little money might be made by renting the bath tubs out, said recently, apropos of this subject:
"We are now a good deal like Bill Spriggins on a zero morning."
"Bill's valet entered his bedroom one January morning and said with a shiver:
"Will you take your bath hot or cold, sir?"
"Thank you," said Bill; "I'll take it for granted."

RHEUMATISM
Munyon's Rheumatism Remedy relieves pains in the legs, arms, back, stiff or swollen joints. Contains no morphine, opium, cocaine or drugs to deaden the pain. It neutralizes the acid and drives out all rheumatic poisons from the system. Write Prof. Munyon, 633 and Jefferson St., Philadelphia, Pa., for medical advice, absolutely free.



Why Rent a Farm
and be compelled to pay to your landlord most of your hard-earned profits? Own your own farm. Secure a Free Homestead in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta, or purchase a 160-acre farm in the same districts and bank a profit of \$10,000 or \$12,000 an acre every year.
Land purchased 3 years ago at \$10.00 an acre has recently changed hands at \$25.00 an acre. The crops grown on these lands warrant the advance. You can
by cattle raising, dairying, mixed farming and grain growing in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. Free homestead and pre-emption areas, as well as land held by railways, lands and companies will provide homes for millions.
Adaptable soil, healthful climate, splendid schools and churches, good railroads. For settlement, descriptive literature—"Last Best West," how to reach the country and other particulars, write to Sup't of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the Canadian Government Agent.
C. J. Brughston, 412 Merchants Bldg., 4th Floor, 1700 Broadway, New York City.
Geo. A. Hall, 123 25th St., Milwaukee, Wis.

KNOWING SINCE 1836 AS RELIABLE
PLANTEN'S TRADE MARK C & C OR BLACK CAPSULES
SUPERIOR REMEDY FOR MEN ET AL.
AT DRUGGISTS. TRIAL BOX BY MAIL 50c.
PLANTEN, 93 HENRY ST. BROOKLYN, N.Y.

PROMISE TO PASS RECIPROCIY BILL

House Democrats Will Stand by Pact if Extra Session Is Called by Taft.

THIS MAY PERSUADE SENATE

Admiral Schley Regrets That Fall on Ice Interrupts His Boxing Bout—Many Government Officials Good Excuse for Its Slowness.

By GEORGE CLINTON.

Washington.—Definite word has come from the house leaders of the Democracy that if the reciprocity bill fails of passage in the senate at the present session, and President Taft calls congress together again in March, the Democratic majority in the representative chamber will stand by its present position and will vote the Canadian agreement into effect.

There are many Republicans and some few Democrats in Washington who have held that if an extra session were called the present house majority, soon to be the house majority, would ignore the president's reciprocity recommendations and would start at one to revise the tariff, very likely to put the provisions of reciprocity into their customs measure, depending upon Canada in return to make the concessions which already through its commissioners it has agreed to make in treaty form.

News that the Democrats of the house intend to stand by reciprocity if the president calls congress together in extraordinary session, may possibly have some effect on the present senate and induce it to allow the Canadian agreement to come to a vote at the present session. Opinion is about equally divided at present as to whether or not the senators will consent to a roll call on the subject of the adoption or rejection of the president's pet measure.

Admiral Schley as a Boxer.

Admiral Schley, who has been in the United States navy for fifty-four years counting his retired service, recently fell on the icy sidewalk in front of his Washington residence and fractured a rib. The admiral expects no serious consequences from his injury and he has told his friends that the thing that worries him most is the fact that he cannot keep up his daily boxing bouts.

Admiral Schley once had a bout not with gloves, however, with Admiral Sampson, as everybody will remember, over the matter of the naval fight near Santiago. It was a drawn battle, but it was warm while it lasted. Washington people who have seen Admiral Schley boxing almost daily with men who know how to use their fists say that despite his seventy-one years the old sailor makes it hard for the liveliest youngster to get the better of him.

There are several government officials of rank in Washington who box for exercise, and some of them are extraordinarily clever at the pastime. Postmaster General Frank A. Hitchcock is a boxer and he looks it. When he was in college he was a constant frequenter of the gymnasium where, like Theodore Roosevelt, who also was a boxer, he met not only fellow students in the college ring, but any amateur from the outside who cared to face him.

Brigadier General Clarence R. Edwards, chief of the bureau of insular affairs, also is a boxer. Edwards' boxing ability stood him in good stead at West Point when he was a cadet, for on one or two occasions he was called upon to show his ability in an "interchanging line," in which bullets were not the medium of exchange. Boxing now is taught at the military academy and all cadets are proficient in the sport.

Mrs. Cornelia D. Burney died a few days ago in Virginia just across the Potomac river from Washington. Up to the time of her death at the age of ninety-three years, she remembered perfectly the visit of Lafayette to this country. Mrs. Burney saw the great Frenchman when he paid his visit to the University of Virginia and not only did she see him, but she spoke to him.

Tariff Figures Hard to Collect.

If President Taft should call congress together in extra session, it is said to be his intention to give to the Democratic ways and means committee such information as the tariff board experts have succeeded in gathering. He will do this, however, only provided the Democracy shows it is bent on putting a tariff bill through the house and is not simply willing to sanction the Canadian reciprocity measure which, if it falls in the senate at the present session, will form the chief reason for calling congress together once more.

It is known in Washington that the tariff board members have not yet succeeded in getting all the information that they wish on the protected industries concerning which they have made inquiry with a view to finding out whether the protection which cover them is "too high" or "too low."

The investigation has been directed largely to the paper and pulp, the cotton, wool and woven industries. It is understood that unless the board works night and day all the information that is desired concerning wool cannot be obtained and formulated

for several months. It seems the tariff board has found that wool growing conditions vary in different parts of the country and that special inquiries are needed in each section. This has made the work much harder than it was supposed at first that it would be.

Board Criticized for Slowness. There has been a good deal of criticism of the apparent slowness of the board in securing facts. The experts when they say anything on the subject let it be known they think that instead of being criticized for slowness they should be commended for quickness. The strong intimation is that no one who has not actively engaged in the work can have an adequate idea of the enormous labor that is involved in getting at facts. Criticism, however, is not checked by the defense that is made. When the reports of the board on certain schedules are made public it will be possible to understand the amount of labor necessary to get the information which the president ordered the board to secure.

On February 17, 1909, Nicholas Longworth and Alice Roosevelt were married in the East room of the White House. This year, on the same date, of course, occurs the wooden wedding celebration.

It is said that Mr. and Mrs. Longworth have received enough wooden ware to start an ordinary couple in housekeeping and that more is to come. One young girl in Washington presented the couple with a huge, old-fashioned cupboard of the kind which old men remember as occupying the corner in the old farmhouse kitchen of 60 years ago. Old things of this kind nowadays are of immense value, for the collecting of them has become a fad. Washington has several shops given over entirely to trade in antiques which come from the farmhouses and the plantation homes all over the District and Maryland and Virginia.

Fordney's High Tariff Hobby. Individual members of congress have particular legislative hobbies and some of them ride them to such an extent that in the public mind they are never separated from their mounts. Representative Joseph W. Fordney of Michigan has the tariff hobby. In the public mind it is likely that John Daize of Pennsylvania is regarded as the staunchest high protectionist in Washington, but the fact is that Mr. Fordney is a general in the high protection ranks, while Daize is only a second lieutenant. Fordney is from Michigan and he glories in his high tariff sentiments and is willing to defend them in any place and at any time.

It is said that Speaker Cannon once was asked how it felt to be a stand-patter and he answered: "I don't know; ask Joe Fordney." Representative Hobson of Alabama, the hero of the sinking of the Merrimac, has a greater navy for his hobby, and, like Fordney on high tariff, he is willing to talk on heavy armor plate and more big battleships at any time and in any place. Hobson is a member of the naval committee of the house and if he were not such an extremist, as some men view it, on the subject of naval strength, it is probable he might be jumped over the heads of two or three of his Democratic brethren and be made chairman of the naval committee in the next house when the Democrats come into control.

Pathos of Possible Extra Session. Sentiment, of course, cannot enter into matters of great national moment, but if President Taft calls an extra session of congress there will be some old employees of senate and house who will be put to great inconvenience and possibly in one of two cases to actual suffering. Before this year has been told of the number of Republican employees who will be cut out from the pay roll in March if an extra session is called, instead of being allowed to remain on the lists as entitled to pay until next December. The cases now in mind are those of superannuated clerks who have been in the personal employment of senators and representatives anywhere from 25 to 40 years' service in the halls of congress.

A good many old timers have been voted out of office either by the people or by the legislatures of the states, and with them must go their personal secretaries, and in some cases their committee clerks.

There are men in service of this kind, who, because the work has become second nature to them, have been able to continue it even when old age has unfitted them for any other kind of labor. The pay has not been large, and they have been unable to save much money. A great many of them have been obliged to live up to their incomes, and when March 4 comes, if there is an extra session, they will be separated from the pay roll when they fully expected that they were to draw salaries until next December, and be given nine months in which to look about for something else to do.

There is one senatorial employee who held a judgeship in one of the states when he was a comparatively young man. For health reasons he wanted to move to Washington, and he took a clerical position under the pay of a senator. He has been in this city for so many years that most people have forgotten when he came. He has been so much a part of the capitol as the old senate clock, but, unlike the old clock, which has not been voted out of office, he, in company with his chief, has been voted out, although he is not yet "run down."

There are plenty of cases just like the one cited, and there is a good deal of sympathy among the members of both parties for the old time employees who in their old age must go out "to begin life over again."

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SPARKS FROM LIVE WIRES

The pope has resumed his audiences, having fully recovered from the recent attack of influenza.

Mrs. Arthur Nevins, wife of the American composer, has been appointed a bacteriologist at the Pasteur institute in Paris.

An explosion in the purifying plant of the Laclede Gas Light company at St. Louis injured nine workmen. The walls of the buildings were blown down.

That Harvard university has grown beyond its financial resources is revealed in the annual report of President Lowell. The deficit for the last year exceeded \$50,000.

A movement is on foot to add the words "by air" to the prayer in the Church of England litany: "That it may please thee to preserve all that travel by land or water."

Japan has denounced the Anglo-Japanese convention of 1905, regulating the commercial relations between Canada and Japan. The convention will expire in July.

Mrs. Agnes Orner was placed under arrest at El Paso, Tex., following her return from the funeral of her little daughter. A considerable quantity of arsenic was found in the child's stomach.

Prof. T. N. Carver, the Harvard economist and sociologist, in a statement published opposes the recent argument for large families made by President Emeritus Charles W. Elliot of Harvard.

Harry Plate, a plumber of Hanover, who was raised to the dignity of life membership of the Prussian house of lords on the emperor's birthday, is the first artisan who ever attended such a place.

It is given out by friends of Lina Cavalieri that the singer has succeeded in obtaining a financial settlement from her husband, Robert Winthrop Chanler, and that court proceedings have been dropped.

Martin W. Littleton, newly elected Democratic representative from Theodore Roosevelt's home district, announces his candidacy for the United States senate from New York, to succeed Chauncey H. Depew.

Charles F. Walsh of San Diego, Cal., took his wife and two children for an outing in his new Curtiss type aeroplane at Dominguez field. The machine landed half a mile from the starting place without a jar.

The east-bound Southern Pacific China and Japan fast mail was derailed near Palisade, Nev., and fifteen persons were injured. It is supposed the wreck was caused by the engine and mail car breaking a rail.

A tablet marking the place where one of the most sanguinary engagements of the Revolutionary war was fought was unveiled at Savannah, Ga., February 22. The tablet is at the point of Spring Hill, redoubt, around which American and British soldiers battled October 9, 1779.

Illness of Foreman of Danville Grand Jury Postpones Inquiry Into Alleged Corruption.

Danville, Ill., Feb. 21.—Owing to the serious illness of Foreman Isaac Woodyard, the grand jury which is investigating the alleged corruption through the buying and selling of votes in this (Vermilion) county, has adjourned until Monday, February 27.

WINNIPEG, MANITOBA, THE GREATEST WHEAT MARKET ON THE CONTINENT

REMARKABLE YIELDS OF WHEAT, OATS, BARLEY AND FLAX IN WESTERN CANADA LAST YEAR.

Figures recently issued show that the wheat receipts at Winnipeg last year were 88,269,330 bushels, as compared with the Minneapolis receipts of 81,111,410 bushels, this placing Winnipeg at the head of the wheat receiving markets of the continent. Following up this information it is found that the yields throughout the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, as given the writer by agents of the Canadian Government stationed in different parts of the States, have been splendid. A few of the instances are given:

Near Redvers, Sask., Jens Hortness threshed about 50 acres of wheat, averaging 29 bushels to the acre. Near Elphinstone, Sask., many of the crops of oats would run to nearly 100 bushels to the acre. A Mr. Muir had about 200 acres of this grain and he estimates the yield at about 60 bushels per acre. Wheat went 35 bushels to the acre on the farm of Mr. A. Loucks, near Wymyard, Sask., in the fall of 1910. K. Erickson had 27 and P. Solvason 17. In the Dempster (Man.) district last year, wheat went from 25 to 30 bushels per acre. Fifteen acres on the Mackenzie & Mann farm today went forty-three bushels to the acre. In the Wainwright and Battle-river districts yields of wheat averaged for the district 26 bushels to the acre. M. B. Ness, of the Tofteld, Alberta, district, got 98 bushels and 23 lbs. of oats to the acre, while near Montrose, over 94 bushels of oats to the acre was threshed by J. Leonie, notwithstanding the dry weather of June. Further reports from the Edmonton district give Frank McWay of the Horse Falls 100 bushels of oats to the acre. They weighed 45 lbs. to the bushel. A 22-acre field of spring wheat on Johnson Bros' farm near Agricola yielded 40 1/2 bushels to the acre. Manitoba's record crop for 1910 was grown on McMillan Bros' farm near Westbourne, who have a total crop of 70,000 bushels, netting \$40,000 of 2,200 acres. G. W. Buchanan of Pincher Creek, Alberta, had 25 1/2 bushels of No. 1 spring wheat to the acre. Mr. A. Hatton of Macleod district had wheat which averaged 21 bushels to the acre. B. F. Holden, near Indian Head, Sask., threshed 950 bushels of wheat from 20 acres.

On the Experimental Farm at Indian Head, wheat has gone below 40 bushels, while several, such as the Marquis and the Preston, have gone as high as 54 bushels to the acre. At Elstow, Sask., the quantity of wheat to the acre ran, on the average, from 28 right up to 40 bushels per acre, while oats in some cases yielded a return of 70 to 80 bushels per acre, with fax giving 13 to 14 bushels per acre.

W. C. Carnell had a yield of 42 bushels per acre from six acres of breaking. Neil Callahan, two miles northwest of Strome, had a yield of 42 bushels of wheat per acre. Wm. Lindsay, two miles east of Strome, had 1,104 bushels of Regenerated Abundance oats from ten acres. Joseph Scheelar, 11 miles south of Strome, had 12,000 bushels of wheat and oats from 180 acres. Part of the oats yielded 85 bushels to the acre, and the wheat averaged about 40 bushels.

Spoehn Bros., four miles southwest of Strome, had a splendid grain yield of excellent quality wheat, grading No. 2. A. S. McCulloch, one mile northwest of Strome, had some wheat that went 40 bushels to the acre. J. Blaser, a few miles southwest of Strome, threshed 353 bushels of wheat from 7 acres. Among the good grain yields at Macklin, Alberta, reported are: D. N. Tweedle, 22 bushels to the acre; John Curran, 24 bushels wheat to the acre; Sam Fletcher, 20 bushels to the acre.

At Craven, Sask., Albert Clark threshed from 60 acres of stubble 1,890 bushels; from 20 acres of fallow 900 bushels of red fife wheat that weighed 65 pounds to the bushel. Charles Keith threshed 40 bushels to the acre from 40 acres. Albert Young, of Stony Beach, southwest of Lumsden, threshed 52 bushels per acre from summer fallow, and George Young 5,000 bushels from 130 acres of stubble and fallow, or an average of 38 1/2 bushels to the acre. Arch Morton got 5,600 bushels of red fife from 160 acres. James Russell got 8,700 bushels from stubble and late breaking, an average of 23 1/2 bushels.

At Rosthern Jacob Friesen had 27 bushels per acre from 80 acres on new land and an average over his whole farm of 21 1/2 bushels of wheat. John Schultz threshed 4,400 bushels from 100 acres, or 44 bushels to the acre. John Lepp had 37 bushels per acre from 200 acres. A. B. Dirks had 42 bushels per acre from 25 acres. Robert Roe of Grand Coulee threshed 45 bushels to the acre from 420 acres.

Sedley, Sask., is still another district that has cause to be proud of the yields of both wheat and flax. J. Cleveland got 30 bushels of wheat per acre on 100 acres and 18 bushels of flax on 140 acres. T. Dundas, southeast of Sedley, 40 bushels per acre on 30 acres; M. E. Miller, 34 bushels per acre on 170 acres of stubble, and 35 bushels per acre on 250 acres fallow; W. A. Day had 32 bushels per acre on 200 acres of fallow, and 35 bushels on 250 acres of stubble; J. O. Scott had 30 bushels of wheat per acre on 200 acres, and 18 bush-

els of flax per acre on 300 acres; James Bullock averaged 29 bushels of wheat; A. Allen 30 bushels; Jos. Runlows, 40; Alex Ferguson, 38; W. R. Thompson, 35, all on large acreages. The flax crop of J. Cleveland is rather a wonder, as his land has yielded him \$60 per acre in two years with one ploughing. Russell, Man., farmers threshed 30 bushels of wheat and 60 to 80 bushels of oats. A. D. Stenhouse, near Melford, Sask., had an average yield on 13 1/2 acres of new land, 63 1/2 bushels of Preston wheat to the acre. Hector V. Swanson, a farmer near Welwyn, Sask., had 5,150 bushels of wheat from one quarter section of land. John McLean, who owns two sections, threshed 12,860 bushels of wheat.

Woman as Bank Cashier. Miss Ethel Boynton is cashier of the National Bank of Bayville, L. I., the only woman in the state holding such a position. She says that to be trustworthy a man or woman must first be kind, then he cannot find it in his heart to betray the trust that is reposed in him.

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*. In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Cheap Form of Fuel. A Welsh rabbit may be cooked on an electrical chafin dish at an expense of 1 1/2 cents for current.

LADIES CAN WEAR SHOES one size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Paste, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy. Refuse substitutes. For Free trial package, address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The Breed. Stella—Is her coat Persian lamb? Bella—No; Podunk mutton.—Judge.

Tightness across the chest means a cold on the lungs. That's the danger signal. Cure that cold with Hamlin's Wizard Oil before it runs into Consumption or Pneumonia.

He who cannot do kindness without a brass band is not so scrupulous about his other dealings.

WE CURE YOU OF KIDNEY TROUBLES and Rheumatism by neutralizing Uric Acid in the blood. Money back if not relieved. People say "I had great luck with E. W. Orth's Kidney Pills." J. M. Alexander Drug Co., Lexington, Miss.

The recording angel may take more interest in your day book than in your hymn book.

Dr. Pierce's Peppermint, small, sugar-coated, easy to take as candy, regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels and cure constipation.

Preaching produces so little practice because people look on it as a performance.

Your working power depends upon your health! Garfield Tea corrects disorders of liver, kidneys, stomach and bowels.

Magnify your personal rights and you are sure to create some social wrongs.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Much moonshine goes into plous talks about making sunshine.

Taking Garfield Tea will prevent the recurrence of sick-headache, indigestion and bilious attacks. All druggists.

Afflictions mark the difference between iron and steel.

FILES CURVED IN 8 TO 14 DAYS. Your druggist will refund money if FAZU OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 8 to 14 days. 50c.

One might fight a lie and still not follow the truth.

Take Garfield Tea to arouse a sluggish liver—all druggists sell it.

To weep for joy is the belt of pessimism.

BLOOD HUMORS

It is important that you should now rid your blood of those impure, poisonous, effete matters that have accumulated in it during the winter.

The secret of the unequalled and really wonderful success of Hood's Sarsaparilla

as a remedy for Blood Humors is the fact that it combines, not simply sarsaparilla, but the utmost remedial values of more than twenty ingredients—Roots, Barks and Herbs—known to have extraordinary efficacy in purifying the blood and building up the whole system.

There is no real substitute for Hood's Sarsaparilla, no "just as good" medicine. Get Hood's today, in liquid form or tablets called Sarsatabs.

FOR PINK EYE DISTEMPER CATARRHAL FEVER AND ALL NOSE AND THROAT DISEASES. Cures the skin and acts as a preventive for others. Liquid given on the tongue. Safe for brood mares and all others. Best kidney remedy. 50 cents and \$1.00 a bottle; \$5.00 and \$10.00 the dozen. Sold by all druggists and horse goods houses, or sent express paid, by the manufacturers.

Go West This Spring

Decide now, to go out in the Great Northwest where there is room to grow—where the climate is healthful and where the big crops of wheat, grain and fruit are making people prosperous and independent.

The cheap logged-off lands in Minnesota, the fertile prairies of North Dakota, the millions of acres of Free Homestead Lands in Montana and Oregon and the rich productive fruit valleys of Washington need men of brain, brawn and energy to develop them. Go this Spring. Take advantage of the Great Northern's one-way

Special Colonist Fares

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To points in Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon and British Columbia; good for stopover and good in Tourist Sleeping Cars on payment of berth fare.

Very low "Settlers' fares to points in North Dakota and many points in Montana—March 14, 21, 28 and April 4, 11, 18, 1911.

Daily Tourist Cars

Through from Chicago, Kansas City and St. Paul to Pacific Coast. Electric lighted, leather upholstered, equipped with all conveniences so that passengers can prepare their own meals. Send for free book on the state in which you are interested.

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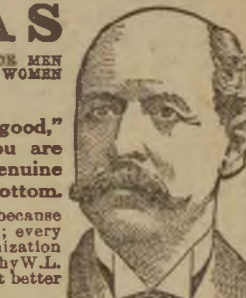
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W. L. Douglas shoes cost more to make than ordinary shoes, because higher grade leathers are used and selected with greater care; every detail in the making is watched over by the most skilled organization of expert shoemakers in this country. These are the reasons why W. L. Douglas shoes are guaranteed to hold their shape, look and fit better and wear longer than any other shoes you can buy.

If your dealer cannot supply you with the genuine W. L. Douglas shoes, write for Mail Order Catalog. Shoes sent direct from factory to wearers, all charges prepaid. W. L. Douglas, 145 Spark St., Brockton, Mass. \$2.00, \$2.50 & \$3.00



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we want representatives in your locality for a wonderful English Hair Dressing Lotion and Hair Preserver. Send 50 cents for full size bottle and agents' terms (a money maker). Money refunded if not as represented. BELL'S ENGLISH HAIR DRESSING LOTION COMPANY, 414 E. 6th St., Chicago, Ill.

NOTHING JUST AS GOOD as Cap-to-Grip for the relief of severe Colds, La Grippe and Neuralgia, neuralgic convulsions, rheumatism or from Pain Brusters, Gouva-balsamine, Mayland.

Bokara Diamonds Everyone wanted to wear Gems. Write for sample offer and catalog. Free. Northwestern Jewelry Co., 401 Northwestern Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

REAL ESTATE.

OLDEST RANCH IN ALBERTA For Sale in the warm Chinook belt of the Rockies. 10,000 acres of blue, fenced and irrigated. Excellent before settlement, 16 miles west of Calgary. 60,000 population. 1/2 mile from C. P. R. station and Glenbow main C. P. R. Bounded north by 11 mi. river frontage over 600 acres. 1/2 mile from C. P. R. station. 1,000 acres of brush slightly rolling soil black loam, no sand or stones, raising the best of wheat, oats, barley, hay and vegetables. District exhibit in Alberta Provincial Exhibition. Pastureage, brush grass strongest grass sown, stock wintered. Ideal for mixed farming or pure bred stock, good roads, well watered, close to shipping point, along competitive home and B. C. markets. Cream 8 per gallon in Calgary. To reduce price, 100 acres of brush cleared at \$10 to \$15 per acre. In two blocks 1,500 acres each and one 100 acre block with 100 buildings reserved at \$3. Offers for whole considered. Terms 1/3 cash. Maps and full particulars. As an investment or for holding, this is the best of all holdings this is the cheapest genuine offer on the market. Land values advanced rapidly. Apply Owner Bow River Horse Ranch, Cochrane, Alberta, Canada.

BETTER FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN THAN CASTOR OIL,

SALTS, OR PILLS, AS IT SWEETENS AND CLEANSES THE SYSTEM MORE EFFICIENTLY AND IS FAR MORE PLEASANT TO TAKE.

SYRUP OF FIGS and ELIXIR OF SENNA

IS THE IDEAL FAMILY LAXATIVE, AS IT GIVES SATISFACTION TO ALL, IS ALWAYS BENEFICIAL IN ITS EFFECTS AND PERFECTLY SAFE AT ALL TIMES.

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ALL RELIABLE DRUGGISTS SELL THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE WHEN CALLED FOR, ALTHOUGH THEY COULD MAKE A LARGER PROFIT BY SELLING INFERIOR PREPARATIONS, YET THEY PREFER TO SELL THE GENUINE, BECAUSE IT IS RIGHT TO DO SO AND FOR THE GOOD OF THEIR CUSTOMERS. WHEN IN NEED OF MEDICINES, SUCH DRUGGISTS ARE THE ONES TO DEAL WITH, AS YOUR LIFE OR HEALTH MAY AT SOME TIME DEPEND UPON THEIR SKILL AND RELIABILITY

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TRUCK FARMERS MAKE BIG MONEY

In the Peninsula District of Florida. Five acre tracts \$30.00 down—\$50.00 a month. Profits average \$1,500 to \$3,000 yearly. Canning factory on property guarantees market. Soil expert and demonstration farm makes mistakes impossible. We want more farmers and will help you make good. Write for our booklet telling of the wonderful opportunities in this country. PENSACOLA REALTY CO., Pensacola, Fla. P. O. Box 17

STLEY & SHACKLE

Alberta Land Special. 1600 Acres Property, Farm, Coal and Mineral Lands, 116 8th Ave. W. Calgary. There are all money making 160 acres with good 1/2 section one mile from station on C. P. R. Main Line. 10 roomed house with bath. Foreman's cottage, excellent bridge, 36 acres brood stock, 100 head of cattle, 2000 acres, on survey by New Line, near Calgary. Good timber, 3000 acres broken, nearly all could be, 6000 acres brush, etc. Price \$150 per acre. Write stating what you require and we will send you list and map free.

\$50 PER ACRE

Irrigated Lands Sacramento Valley, California. Five years to pay. Poultry, dairy, fruit, grapes, etc. Cheapest good land in State. Literature on request. Watson, Fund & A. L. D. Dept. 21, San Francisco, Cal.

SUNNY ALBERTA FARM LANDS

offer 160 acre home, rich soil, abundant crops. Cheap fuel. Low taxes. Good schools. Write for particulars and samples grain. Frank Layton, Calgary, Alberta, Can.

WESTERN MANITOBA

—400 acres all cultivated. First class buildings and equipment. Eighty horses, some cattle. Mile from elevator. Thirty six thousand ft. Jackson or W. R. Bowen. Box 212, Winnipeg.

LANDS FOR FARMS,

grazing, investments, etc. Well watered, rich soil. Abundant crops of sold or leased. \$30 to \$50. American Homestead Co., Box 57, Chippewa Falls, Wis.

I WILL SELL ALL

or part of my farm—200 acres in the dairy district of Southern Wisconsin, \$20 per acre. Very easy terms. Edward Doran, Hollandale, Wisconsin.

IMPROVED FARMS

to \$15 per acre. Good soil, climate, water. In healthy, act soon. R. A. Radin, Tallahassee, Florida.

Houses and Lots For Sale
RESIDENCES, ready to use, in all parts of town, anywhere from \$500.00 to \$2000.00.
VACANT LOTS, anywhere from \$50.00 to \$500.00, according to location.
BUSINESS PROPERTY, worth the price.
FARMS of various sizes, from 80 acres to 200 acres, at \$100.00 per acre and up.
HOUSES to let.

D. S. Brown
EXCHANGE BANK
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Colonist Tickets

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On Sale Daily
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to Seattle, Tacoma, Portland, Spokane, Vancouver, Victoria, San Francisco, Los Angeles and other points. Northwest—West—Southwest, via the

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F. A. MILLER
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Established in 1882

Exchange Bank
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Does a General Banking business.

Sells Foreign and Domestic money orders and transfers money by telegraph to any part of the world.

Buys mutilated and Foreign currency and coins.

Allows interest on time deposits and savings accounts at the rate of 3 per cent per annum. Interest on savings accounts computed every six months.

\$1.00 will open a savings account and get you a beautiful pocket

Savings Bank.
Call and see about it.

Nervous Prostration For Three Years

"Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine cured me of a period of nervous prostration of over three years duration, and the Anti-Pain Pills are as necessary to us as the roof of our house. They have been household remedies with us for many years."

WM. J. LOUGHRAN,
1214 Catherine St.,
Philadelphia, Penna.

Much sickness is due to nervous troubles. Headache, dizziness, epilepsy and insanity are nervous troubles. Then there is a large class of disorders which arise from a weakness of the nerves of an organ or part, as weak lungs, heart, stomach, kidney, bladder, eyes, etc. Dyspepsia and indigestion are usually the result of nervous disorders.

Restorative Nervine soothes the irritated nerves, and assists the nerve cells to generate nerve force.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold by all druggists. If the first bottle fails to benefit your druggist will return your money.

MILES MEDICINE CO., Elkhart, Ind.

KINGSTON NEWS

FRED P. SMITH, CORRESPONDENT

BAR OF BULLION

Brought in from Mine Owned by Illinois People—Value, \$1,000.00

"A bar of bullion valued at over \$1,000.00 was brought in from Olinghouse gulch last evening by Dr. Wyllys and P. P. Thomas, recent arrivals from Illinois, who have purchased the Jumper mine in that camp.

"The bar was the result of a run of about 30 tons through the Thomas and Poole mill. The ore was not selected for its richness, but was a sampling from the various portions of the mine. The value of the ore thus broken down was considerably in excess of \$30 to the ton and this average can be maintained for a long time without any further development work.

"The new owners of the property are men of means and have strong financial connections in the east. They intend to open up the property on an extensive scale and treat the ore on the ground

"Since they bought the mine they have opened up an entirely new ore body. The ledge is from 4 to 16 feet in width and contains good milling values throughout. Four men are at work on development.

"This is but one of the five properties in the camp that are in ore. Great things are expected of Olinghouse during the coming season. This is one of the few mining camps that has paid its way from grass roots."—Reno (Nevada) Gazette.

Dr. Wyllys mentioned is a son of Mrs. I. A. McCollom of this place and is well known to our people.

L. C. Shaffer was down from Sycamore Tuesday.

Some of our young people have had the Dutch measles.

Miss Edith Aurner entertained a friend of DeKalb over Sunday. Mrs. Minnie Dockham was a guest of friends in Kirkland last Friday.

Mesdames O. W. Vickell and Otto Swanson spent Monday in Chicago.

The fourth son was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Howe last Saturday. All are doing nicely.

Dell Lanan and J. H. Uplinger took a carload of horses to Pennsylvania the first of the week.

Mrs. D. B. Arbuckle returned last Saturday from an extended stay in Knoxville and Woodhull.

Miss Nona Phelps went to Irene Tuesday to be a guest of Miss Deba Donaldson a few days.

Verne Baker of Iowa came on Tuesday for a visit with relatives in Mayfield and friends in this vicinity.

Mrs. May Brown went to DeKalb Monday to spend a few days with her niece, Mrs. Mildred Farrell.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira Wyhe have rented the farm owned by Frank Parker and took possession last week.

Mrs. Mary Miller of Fairdale and Mrs. Amanda Moyers spent Tuesday in Genoa with Mr. and Mrs. Lee Miller.

H. G. Burgess and J. P. Miller enjoyed a vacation on Washington's birthday from their duties on the rural routes.

A. S. Gibbs went to Mongona, Iowa, last Saturday to see his brother, Sears, who is very ill at the home of their brother, Parker.

Mrs. Delia Branch and daughter, Miss Polly, will entertain the members of the O. E. S. Club and their friends at their home Saturday afternoon.

A large crowd heard the Mason Tennesseans at the M. E. church Monday evening. Principal Howard Johnston was instrumental in giving our people a treat.

Miss Polly Branch entertained the members of the Young Ladies' Sewing Circle Wednesday evening of this week. Last week they met with Miss Blanche Pratt.

Miss Lila Whitney was a guest of her cousin, Miss Bessie Upstone, at Fairdale last Thursday evening and Friday. Miss Upstone accompanied her home for a few days' stay.

Nehemiah Stark returned to his home in Pennsylvania Tuesday after spending two months with relatives in this vicinity. His nephew, H. M. Stark, accompanied him to Chicago.

William Armbruster left Monday with a carload of stock, machinery and household goods for McClave, Colo., where he will homestead a farm. His wife and daughters will go later.

Mr. and Mrs. George A. Campbell and children of East Kingston expect to move their household effects into the house recently vacated by Mr. and Mrs. Jay Wilson, southwest of town.

Miss Bessie Holland of DeKalb, while returning from a visit in Fairdale, called on Mrs. Otto Swanson Tuesday afternoon. She was accompanied by her aunt, Mrs. Henry Harrison, of Fairdale.

The members and friends of the Baptist church will meet on next Sunday in G. A. R. hall at usual time for services. It is especially urged that as many as possible be in attendance, this being Mr. Houghton's last Sunday with friends before taking up his appointment in Chicago.

For Highway Commissioner

I have decided to become a candidate for the office of highway commissioner for the town of Kingston, and would appreciate the support of voters at the caucus to be held in March.

E. L. COOPER.

For Highway Commissioner

At the request of friends I have decided to become a candidate for the office of highway commissioner of the town of Kingston and will appreciate your support at the caucus.

A. V. PIERCE.

For Supervisor

I hereby announce that I am a candidate for renomination to the office of supervisor of the town of Kingston, subject to the approval of the voters at the coming caucus.

D. B. ARBUCKLE.

Railway Casualties

According to the first bulletin of the Interstate Commerce Commission there were 22,328 casualties of all kinds—2,948 killed and 19,380 injured—on American steam railroads in July, August and September of last year. The new law requires reports on many accidents not previously included. The number killed in train accidents was 321 and the number injured was 3,892.

Public Sale

Frank Yates, Auctioneer

The undersigned will sell at public auction on the old Eichler homestead, 5 miles north-east of Genoa

Saturday, Feb. 25

commencing at 1:00 o'clock p. m., the property described below:

Bay mare, 9 yrs, in foal, wt 1250; bay horse, 9 yrs, wt 1150; sorrel horse, 5 yrs, wt 1250; sorrel mare, 12 yrs, wt 1200; brown mare, 12 yrs, wt 1200; cow, milker; 20 tons tame hay in barn, 8-ft Plano harvester, 16-disc Rock Island pulverizer, Gilpin sulky plow, Fowler surface corn plow, Rock Island wood drag, hay rack, truck wagon, 2 set heavy double harness, numerous other articles. Machinery all new, in use only one year.

Terms of Sale: Sums of \$10 and under, cash; on sums over \$10 credit of 6 months will be given on approved notes with interest at 7% per annum. No property to be removed until settled for. 2% discount for cash on sums entitled to credit.

FRANK CALDWELL, Martin Anderson, Clerk.

It's Worth Your While to Hurry to this 13th Annual Mill End Sale. Don't miss sharing in the record bargains of the season. This is your best saving time. Here are mill ends and manufacturers' accumulations from their past season—short ends, broken lines, remnants and surpluses—equal in quality to their regular standard products, but to be obtained now, by you, at a fraction of their regular cost. Our own stocks contributed to this bargain feast with most extraordinary values.

Women's \$12.00 coats in black and colors, \$4.98.

Two-piece percale house dresses at 79c.

\$2.00 Heatherbloom petticoats, special at \$1.75.

Women's 49c vests and drawers, special 39c.

Silk ribbons worth 25c, at yard 15c.

17x21 all feather filled pillows, each 34c.

Men's 49c blue chambray shirts, special 35c.

Heavy Rockford socks, four pairs for 25c.

Mill ends of best apron gingham, at yard 5/4c.

Our \$1.15 "P. & L." French kid gloves, at pair 79c.

Regular 98c Pongee and Foulard silks, yard 69c.

Theo. F. Swan,
Great Dep't Store, Elgin

Married at New Lebanon

Lemuel Thos. Gray, son of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Gray, and Miss Hattie Caroline Bottcher, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bottcher, were married at the home of the bride's parents near New Lebanon on Wednesday evening, Feb. 22, at 7:00 o'clock. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. Molthan of the German Lutheran church. A bountiful dinner was served immediately after the knot was tied. Only the immediate relatives of the couple were present. Mr. and Mrs. Gray will make their home on a farm about 1 1/2 miles north of New Lebanon.

C. A. Lenmers, publisher of the Woodstock Republican, was recently presented a gold medal upon the completion of twenty-five years of service as clerk of the Modern Woodmen of America. He was re-elected for another year.

Master's Sale

State of Illinois } ss
County of DeKalb }
In the Circuit Court thereof,
October Term, A. D. 1910.

Ethel Clayton

-vs-
Isaac Clayton, Louisa Clayton, Frank Clayton, Earl W. Brown and William Swanson, administrators of the estate of James A. Clayton, deceased, defendants.

Partition, Gen. No. 17710.

Public notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of a decree made and entered in the above entitled cause on the 31st day of January, A. D. 1911, I, A. W. Fisk, Master in Chancery of the Circuit Court of said DeKalb County, Illinois, will on Saturday, the 4th day of March, A. D. 1911, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon of said day at the South Front Door of the Court House in the City of Sycamore, in the County of DeKalb and State of Illinois, sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder, provided that said bid upon each piece or parcel shall be equal to at least two-thirds of the valuation put upon the same, as shown by the report of the commissioners heretofore appointed by the court in the above entitled cause, or that the other pieces shall at the same time sell for enough to make the total amount of the sales equal to two-thirds of said valuation, the following described real estate situated in the County of DeKalb and State of Illinois, to-wit:

The East one-half (1/2) of the Southeast one-fourth (1/4) of Section Fifteen (15), Township 42 North, Range Five (5), East of the 3rd Principal Meridian, being in the Township of Genoa.

Said above described real estate to be sold free, clear and disencumbered of the dower rights and interest of said Ethel Clayton, also to be sold free, clear and disencumbered of the mortgage indebtedness of Earl W. Brown, he having elected to take the same in cash.

Terms of Sale: Ten (10) per cent of each bid to be paid in cash on the day of sale and the balance to be paid in cash upon the confirmation of the sale by the court and the execution and delivery of proper deed or deeds of conveyance of premises so sold.

Dated at Sycamore, Illinois, this 8th day of February, A. D. 1911.

A. W. FISK,
Master in Chancery.
Cliffe & Cliffe & G. W. Humphrey,
Solicitors for Complainant.
George Brown and G. E. Stott,
Solicitors for certain Defendants.

21-3t

Methodist Episcopal Church
Morning subject, "Religious Discouragement."

Evening subject, "Lot Pitches His Tent Toward Sodom."

The Charter Grove people have postponed their fair until the weather is settled. You will hear later from them.

The Ney people are going to put in the graded Sunday School work in April. Send your children for they will be interested in that work. Prayer meetings every Tuesday at Ney are held in the homes of the people. Next Tuesday the meeting will be held at Cole Kitchen's. Meetings begin at 7:30.

Good Manners a Requisite.

A brilliant mind, the possession of unusual talents and worldly success are all to be desired, but nothing will compensate for a lack of good manners, while the possession of good manners will frequently make amends for a certain lack of book knowledge, talent and world success.

Peat Not Good Fuel.

Experiments made last year on the Swedish railroads in regard to the possibility of employing peat as a fuel for locomotives of various types have not given the results which were hoped for. On the contrary, they show that the locomotives now in use are not suitable for the employment of peat, unless this is mixed with a large proportion of other fuel. In consequence of these results, the engineers of the Swedish government railways are engaged in designing locomotives better adapted for the combustion of peat and with these locomotives the experiments will be continued.

FARMS FOR SALE

We have the following list of improved farms for sale:

Prices Right. Terms Reasonable

320 acres 3 1/2 miles from Genoa, Ill.
240 acres 4 miles from Genoa, Ill.
240 acres 1 1/4 miles from New Lebanon, Ill.
240 acres 3 1/2 miles from Genoa, Ill.
230 acres 3 miles from Genoa, Ill.
200 acres 1 1/2 miles from New Lebanon, Ill.
180 acres 4 1/2 miles from Kirkland, Ill.
180 acres 5 miles from Kirkland, Ill.
160 acres 2 1/2 miles from Genoa, Ill.
160 acres 4 miles from Genoa, Ill.
160 acres 6 miles from Sycamore, Ill.
160 acres 3 miles from Plato Center, Ill.
160 acres 5 miles from Genoa, Ill.
146 acres 6 miles from Genoa, Ill.
120 acres 2 1/2 miles from Burlington, Ill.
120 acres 1/2 mile from Genoa, Ill.
120 acres 2 miles from Kirkland, Ill.
80 acres 1 1/2 miles from Hampshire, Ill. (no imp.)
80 acres 3 miles from Burlington (no imp.) 60 a timber
80 acres 2 1/2 miles from Genoa (no imp.) some timber
80 acres 2 miles from Genoa, Ill.
80 acres 3 1/2 miles from Kingston, Ill.
80 acres 2 1/2 miles from Genoa, Ill.
57 acres 2 miles from Kingston, Ill.
55 acres 2 miles from Genoa, Ill.
40 acres 6 miles from Genoa, Ill.

GEITHMAN & HAMMOND LAND AG'Y
GENOA, ILLINOIS

C. F. HALL COMPANY.
DUNDEE ILLINOIS.

NOTICE

Our Overcoat Stock is Too Large
We Take This Means of Reducing It
FOR 11 DAYS

From Wednesday, March 1st to Saturday, March 11th
We Offer all Our Men's and Young Men's
WINTER OVERCOATS
AT ONE-HALF PRICE

Original price tickets on every garment and none with-held from sale.
Remember refunded car fare offers. Show round trip ticket if you come by train.

CASH DEPARTMENT STORE.

REPUBLICAN-JOURNAL AND WEEKLY
INTER OCEAN \$1.50 PER YEAR

CARTERVILLE

WASHED EGG

Is the standard of quality in washed coals. The Carterville mines have been tied up by a strike since April 1st and have just resumed mining and shipping coal. We were fortunate in getting some of the first shipments made and from October 1st on will be able to take care of all orders. If you use soft coal for cooking, this is the very best coal that you can buy.

We also carry four different kinds of lump coal at various prices. One of these is bound to please you. Our hard coal is the reliable Scranton. There is none better.

JACKMAN & SON

PHONE NO. 57

BEEN SELLING GOOD COAL SINCE 1875