

REVISED ORDINANCES OF THE VILLAGE OF GENOA

CHAPTER 3

Barbed Wire Barbs, Etc.

AN ORDINANCE

CONCERNING BARBS, BARBED WIRE AND OTHER INJURIOUS THINGS IN STREETS AND PUBLIC PLACES

(Passed July 30, 1907. Approved July 30, 1907. Published August 16, 1907.)

Be it Ordained by the President and Board of Trustees of the Village of Genoa:

Section 1. Barbed wire and other barbs, sharp, cutting, pricking or tearing points or edges on fences and streets prohibited.—It shall be unlawful to erect, build, construct, use or maintain within the Village of Genoa, along the line of or in, upon or along any street, avenue, alley, or public walk or public drive, any barbed wire fence or fence or structure having barbs or other sharp, cutting, pricking or tearing points or edges exposed to the public, public travel or public contact; and the erection, building, use or maintenance of the same is hereby declared to be a nuisance.

Section 2. Barbed wire and barbs, sharp, cutting, pricking or tearing points or edges on sidewalks and other places prohibited.—It shall be unlawful to place or to permit or suffer to be placed or to remain in or upon any street, public place or public way or sidewalk in said Village, any barbed wire or other material or thing having barbs or other sharp, cutting, pricking or tearing points or edges exposed to the public, public travel or public contact, and the placing or the maintenance of the same or permitting or suffering it to be placed or maintained as aforesaid is hereby declared to be a nuisance.

Section 3. Violation—penalty. Any person violating any provision of this ordinance, or causing, creating, suffering or permitting any such nuisance shall be liable to a fine or penalty of not less than \$2.00 nor more than \$25.00 for each offense, and a like fine or penalty of not less than \$2.00 or more than \$25.00 for each day he suffers or permits such nuisance to exist.

W. M. ADAMS, Village Clerk, pro. tem.

JAS. J. HAMMOND, President Board of Trustees.

CHAPTER 4

Board of Local Improvements

AN ORDINANCE

CONCERNING THE BOARD OF LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS

(Passed July 30, 1907. Approved July 30, 1907. Published August 16, 1907.)

Be it ordained by the President and Board of Trustees of the Village of Genoa:

Section 1. Membership—who shall constitute. There being no Public Engineer, Superintendent of Streets, or Street Commissioner in the Village of Genoa, and no ordinance therein providing for such officers, the Chairman of the Committee on Streets and Alleys, and the Chairman of the Committee of Finance and Judiciary of the Board of Trustees of said Village, are hereby designated as members of the Board of Local Improvements of the Village of Genoa, who together with the President of said Village, shall constitute the members of said Board, until otherwise provided by ordinance.

Section 2. Repeal.—All ordinances and parts of ordinances in conflict with the provisions of this ordinance are hereby repealed.

W. M. ADAMS, Village Clerk pro. tem.

JAS. J. HAMMOND, President Board of Trustees.

CHAPTER 5

Board of Trustees

AN ORDINANCE

CONCERNING THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

(Passed August 8, 1907. Approved August 8, 1907. Published August 16, 1907.)

Be it Ordained by the President and Board of Trustees of the Village of Genoa:

Section 1. Place of meeting fixed.—That all the meetings of the Board of Trustees of the Village of Genoa be held in the Village Council Room on Lot Number 4, Block 2, Merriman's Addition to Genoa, in said Village.

Section 2. Time of meeting—regular—special meetings—how called. All regular meetings of said Board shall commence at 7:30 o'clock p. m. on the day herein fixed. The regular meetings of said Board shall be held on the second Friday of each month. Whenever the President or any three Trustees call a special meeting as by law provided, the said call shall be in writing and delivered to the Village Clerk, who shall thereupon file the same in his office and make copies thereof. The Clerk may thereupon either personally deliver copies of said call as herein provided, or deliver said copies to the Village Marshal, who shall deliver the same as herein provided. A copy of such call shall be delivered to the President and each Trustee except the persons making said call, or such copy may be left at their places of residence at least ten hours before the time of any special meeting. Said call shall state the time and in a general way the object of said special meeting.

Section 3. Order of business—rules governing meetings and business—motions, member making and seconding to be entered in minutes—compensation of trustees. At every meeting of the Board at which a quorum is present, the order of business shall be as follows: First, roll call of members; second, reading of minutes of last meeting or meetings; third, presentation of petitions, communications, bills and accounts; fourth, Treasurer's report; fifth reports of standing committees; sixth, unfinished business; seventh, resolutions, ordinances and miscellaneous business.

In all cases where a resolution or motion shall be entered on the minutes of the proceedings of the Board, the names of the members moving and that of the member seconding the same shall be entered in the said minutes.

Each Trustee shall vote on all questions put to vote unless specially excused by the Board or by law. Each Trustee shall receive as compensation for his services the sum of \$2.00 for each regular meeting attended and \$1.00 for all special meetings.

On all points not specially provided for by law or ordinance, Robert's Rules of Order is hereby adopted as the law to govern the deliberation of said Board.

Section 4. Committees—how and when appointed—names of committees—accounts to be examined and certified—special committees—reports—how made. At the first meeting of the Board of Trustees held after the annual Village election and qualifications of Trustees, or as soon thereafter as practicable, the President of said Village shall appoint the following standing Committees of said Board.

1. Committee on Judiciary and Finance.
2. Committee on Fire and Water.
3. Committee on Street and Alleys.
4. Committee on Public Grounds and Buildings.
5. Committee on Police and License.
6. Committee on Lighting.
7. Committee on Miscellaneous Business.

Each of said committees shall consist of three members, of whom one shall be designated by the President making the appointment to act as Chairman of such Committee.

No account or other demand against the Village shall be allowed and directed paid unless the same shall have been examined and certified to be correct by the proper Committee.

All special Committees shall be appointed by the presiding officer of said Board unless otherwise specially provided.

All reports of Committees shall be in writing, and shall have attached thereto all resolutions, petitions, remonstrances, and other papers in its possession relating to the subject matter of said report.

Section 5. Sergeant-at-arms at meetings—care and custody of meeting room. The Village Marshal shall attend every meeting of the Board and shall be Sergeant-at-arms of said body. He shall have the care and custody of the Board room and shall cause the same to be kept clean and otherwise properly attended to. He shall receive from the Village Clerk the necessary fuel, lights and other articles required for said duties.

Section 6. Unlawful to disturb meetings—penalty. It shall be unlawful for any person to interrupt, interfere with or disturb any meeting of the Board of Trustees of said Village. Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be subject to a fine or penalty of not less than \$1.00 nor more than \$25.00 for each offense.

Section 7. Repeal.—All ordinances relating to the Board of Trustees heretofore passed, and all ordinances and parts of ordinances in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

T. M. FRAZIER, Village Clerk.

JAS. J. HAMMOND, President Board of Trustees.

CHAPTER 6

Buildings

AN ORDINANCE

CONCERNING BUILDINGS AND TO SECURE THE PUBLIC SAFETY

(Passed August 2, 1907. Approved August 2, 1907. Published August 16, 1907.)

Be it ordained by the President and Board of Trustees of the Village of Genoa:

Section 1. Frame—shall not be constructed. No person shall erect any wooden or frame building or addition to any building of any description within the fire limits of the Village of Genoa, under penalty of \$200.00 for each offense.

Section 2. Repairs to buildings—No person or persons shall repair any frame building within the fire limits of the Village when such building shall have been damaged by fire, decay or otherwise to the extent of fifty per cent of the value of such building.

Section 3. Damage—how ascertained. Whenever any frame building within the fire limits of the Village shall have become damaged by fire, decay or otherwise to the extent of which, in the judgment of the Fire Marshal, or if there is no Fire Marshal, the Village Marshal, exceeds fifty per cent of the value of such building, if the owner or owners of such building objects to the conclusion arrived at by such Fire Marshal or Village Marshal, he or they may file with the Village Clerk a petition asking for the appointment of arbitrators to determine the question of damage, or if the Fire Marshal or Village Marshal should conclude that the damage is less than fifty per cent, then and in that case the owners of adjacent property to such damaged building may claim an arbitration to ascertain the damage to such building, in either case the party asking for the arbitration shall pay \$12.00 to the Clerk of the Village on filing his petition, which shall be in full costs of such arbitration, each arbitrator to receive \$3.00 for his services, the arbitration to consist of three disinterested persons, one to be chosen by the Mayor, or in his absence the Village Clerk, one by the party filing the petition and the two thus chosen shall select a third, and the decision of a majority of the persons so selected shall be final and conclusive.

Section 4. Duty of Arbitrators—report. Arbitrators selected to ascertain such extent of damages, before entering upon their work shall make and subscribe an oath before the Village Clerk or a Justice of the Peace that they will make a thorough examination of the premises damaged as aforesaid, and make a just and true report as to the amount and extent of such damage, the report to be signed in duplicate, the original to be handed to the Village Clerk and the duplicate to be given to the owners of the premises in question.

Section 5. When buildings shall be condemned.—Whenever such building shall be adjudged by such arbitrators to have been damaged by fire, decay or otherwise to the extent of fifty per cent of its value, such building shall be condemned by the Fire Marshal, or if there is no Fire Marshal, by the Village Marshal, and it shall be unlawful as aforesaid to repair the same.

Section 6. Refusing to petition.—Whenever the owner, agent or occupant shall refuse or neglect, after five days notice, to petition for such arbitration, it shall be lawful for the Fire Marshal or Village Marshal, if there is no Fire Marshal, to declare such premises, as set forth in such notice, as having, in his judgment, been damaged by fire or decay to the extent of fifty per cent of their value.

Section 7. Roof repaired—when. The roof of any frame building that is damaged by fire less than fifty per cent of the cost of a new similar roof, may be repaired. If the roof is damaged more than half its value, the entire roof shall be taken off and a new roof put on, having a covering of incombustible material; in no case shall the highest point of the new roof exceed the highest point of the old roof; but if a flat roof is substituted for a pitched roof, the walls of the building may be extended to meet the requirements of such change in the pitch of the roof.

Section 8. Dangerous building—penalty. Whenever in the opinion of the Fire Marshal, or if there is no Fire Marshal, the Village Marshal, any wall or other part of a burned building is dangerous, or when any building shall be deemed unsafe for the purpose for which it is used, or shall be in danger of being set on fire from any defect in its construction, the Fire Marshal, or Village Marshal, shall notify the owner or his agent, in writing, specifying wherein such danger consists or wherein such building is unsafe or defective. If the owner neglects or refuses, for the space of five days after the serving of such notice, to proceed to put such building in safe condition, or forthwith to pull down or secure such dangerous wall, or dangerous parts of a burned building, he shall be subject to a penalty of not less than \$5.00 nor more than \$50.00 for each and every day such violation shall continue after five days from the serving of such notice.

Section 9. Public hall defined. Every theater, opera house, hall or other building intended to be used for public assemblages, shall be deemed a public hall within the meaning of this ordinance and shall have two exits, one in front and one in the rear of building.

Section 10. Stairways.—No stairway to any public hall, or part thereof shall be winding or circular. Each stairway and passageway shall have a strong hand rail on each side thereof thruout its entire length.

Section 11. Exits and aisles kept clear.—All aisles, passages and egress openings in public halls shall at all times be kept unobstructed.

Section 12. Doors to open outward.—All public hall within the meaning of this ordinance shall be so built and constructed that all doors leading from the main hall or place where the people may be assembled, or from the principal room which may be used for the purpose aforesaid, shall be so swung upon their hinges and constructed that such doors shall open outward; and that all means of egress for the public from the main hall or principal room, and from the building, shall be by means of doors which shall open outwards from the main hall or building.

Section 13. Penalty.—Any person who shall fail or refuse to comply with the provisions of this ordinance shall be fined any sum not less than \$50.00 nor more than \$200.00.

Section 14. Moving in streets—No person shall in any manner move along or place upon any streets or alleys of the Village, any building or other obstruction without having obtained a permit therefor.

Section 15. Clerk issue permits.—The Village Clerk shall, from time to time, issue permits under his hand and the seal of the Village to authorize the person therein named to move buildings along the streets and alleys of the Village. The said permit shall name the streets and alleys along which the said building is to be moved, and no building shall be moved along any street or alley not named in the permit.

Section 16. Bond—amount. No permit shall be issued under Section 2 until a bond is executed to the Village by the applicant for the permit conditioned that he will assume and become liable for all damages caused by reason of moving his building, to either the Village or its property or to any individual. The said bond shall be executed in the amount of \$500.00 with such sureties as the Village Clerk shall require.

Section 17. Penalty.—Any person who shall move any building along the streets or alleys of the Village without first having complied with the provisions of this chapter, shall be fined not less than \$25.00 nor more than \$100.00 for each offense.

T. M. FRAZIER, Village Clerk.

JAS. J. HAMMOND, President Board of Trustees.

CHAPTER 7

Calaboose

AN ORDINANCE

ESTABLISHING A VILLAGE CALABOOSE

(Passed August 1, 1907. Approved August 1, 1907. Published August 16, 1907.)

Be it Ordained by the President and Board of Trustees of the Village of Genoa:

Section 1. Village Calaboose established.—That the calaboose or Village prison heretofore constructed by the Village of Genoa and now located on Lot No. 4, Block No. 2, Merriman's add. to Genoa, Ill., is hereby established as the Village calaboose for the confinement of vagrants, idle and disorderly persons, and persons convicted of violating any Village ordinances, and such other person as may be by law confined therein.

Section 2. Keeper of the calaboose.—The Village Marshal is hereby appointed as the keeper of said Village calaboose, and shall have charge of all persons confined therein.

Section 3. Repeal.—All ordinances and parts of ordinances in conflict with the provisions of this ordinance are hereby repealed.

T. M. FRAZIER, Village Clerk.

JAS. J. HAMMOND, President Board of Trustees.

CHAPTER 8

Clerk

AN ORDINANCE

CONCERNING VILLAGE CLERK

(Passed August 1, 1907. Approved August 1, 1907. Published August 16, 1907.)

Be it Ordained by the President and Board of Trustees of the Village of Genoa:

Section 1. Bond—amount—conditions. The Village Clerk, before entering upon the duties of his office, shall execute to the Village of Genoa a bond in the penal sum of \$1,000.00, with sureties to be approved by the Board of Trustees conditioned as by law provided.

Section 2. Duties—notice to committees and trustees. In addition to the duties now imposed by law upon said Clerk, he shall issue notices to the members of the Board of Trustees when directed by that body, also to the members of the different committees of that body; and to all persons whose attendance may be required before either when directed by the President of said Village or Chairman of said Committee.

Section 3. Duties—papers and documents—list of committees. He shall without delay deliver to the officers of the Village and to all Committees of the Board of Trustees, all papers, documents, communications and other matters referred to them respectively, and shall promptly deliver to the President of said Village to be returned in due course of business, all ordinances, resolutions and other matters requiring the approval or action of said President. The said Clerk shall keep a list of all committees of said Board, and of the from time to time referred to them respectively, and a memorandum business of all reports made by said committees.

Section 4. Annual estimates to be furnished.—The said Clerk shall on or before the 15th day of May in each year and before the Annual Appropriation Ordinance is made, or at such time as the Board of Trustees may require, submit to said Board his estimates of moneys necessary to defray the expenses of the Village during the fiscal year then next ensuing and for which the Annual Appropriation Ordinance is about to be made. Said report shall show in detail the object and purposes as well as the amount of the expenditures or expenses of said fiscal year, all contracts made and unfinished and the probable amount necessary to finish same, the probable cost of proposed improvements, and the amount, if any, of all unexpended appropriations for the preceding year. Said report shall show the income of the current fiscal year from all sources, and the amount and nature of all liabilities outstanding and debts payable, and the time when the same are due and payable. In said report the Clerk shall give such other information as he may deem necessary to have said Board fully informed of the financial condition and prospects of said Village. He shall perform such other duties as may from time to time be required of him by said Board.

Section 5. Salary.—The Village Clerk shall receive a salary at the rate of \$100.00 per year.

T. M. FRAZIER, Village Clerk.

JAS. J. HAMMOND, President Board of Trustees.

HeWitt's Carbolyzed Witch Hazel Salve penetrates the pores and heals quickly. Sold by Hunt's Pharmacy.

My son, Charles, having left me I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by him.

CHARLES ROSENKA

HORACE HASKIN DEAD

WAS A RESIDENT OF GENOA TOWNSHIP 60 YEARS

FUNERAL KENDALL JACKMAN

Last Rites at the Cemetery Conducted by Masonic Fraternity of Which He Was a Member

The funeral services over Kendall Jackman's remains were held at the home last Friday afternoon, Rev. T. E. Ream officiating. Prof. H. F. Stout sang two solos at the house.

The services at the cemetery were conducted by the Masonic fraternity of which the deceased was a member, Dr. Tallyday of Belvidere officiating.

The following obituary was read by Rev. Ream.

The deceased, Kendall Jackman, one of our aged and much esteemed citizens, was born in Chateaugay, Franklin county, New York state, September 22, 1824 and passed away only a few days after his wife's death, August 7, 1907, being 82 years, 10 months and 15 days of age at the time of his decease.

Mr. Jackman was counted as one of the old settlers of DeKalb County. He came to Illinois and settled in the township of Sycamore in the year 1836 and with the exception of a few years has resided in DeKalb County for more than seventy years, and consequently has been prominently identified with the growth and improvement of this section of country.

When a young man he was united in marriage to Miss Ann C. Hunt, October 10, 1847, at Sycamore, Ill., and into their home two children were born, one of whom died in infancy and the other a son, Frank H. Jackman, a well known business man of this place being the only surviving member of the family.

Mr. Jackman's first wife having died he was again united in marriage to Mrs. Mary R. White in the year 1869.

But besides his son, Frank H. Jackman, the deceased leaves two grandchildren, Wm. H. Jackman and Mrs. Eva Whitwright, also one great grandson, child of his grand-daughter, all living in Genoa. He also leaves two stepsons and two step-daughters, children of his second wife.

Of his father's family he leaves one brother and five sisters. His brother is Martin Luther Jackman of Lynden, Washington. His sisters are Mrs. Eliza A. Brown of Genoa, Mrs. Armenia Nichols and Mrs. Louise Brown, both of Sycamore and Mrs. Hattie DePew and Mrs. Mary A. Field both of Chicago.

But besides the members of his own family and his near relatives there are many more distant relatives and neighbors and friends who sorrow as they again realize that one more who has passed through the struggles and hardships and also the joys of the early days, has been taken from their midst.

In the early part of his life, Mr. Jackman was engaged in farming and later he was engaged in the mercantile business at Sycamore, but for the last thirty years he has been engaged in the lumber, fuel and agricultural implement business here in Genoa, where he has made his home for a generation of time.

Mr. Jackman was a public-spirited man, also having been honored by the people of DeKalb county and Genoa township with several political positions of importance. He was for many years Justice of the Peace and Supervisor of Genoa township.

(Continued on page four)

ON THE TRAIL OF THE AMERICAN MISSIONARY

By WILLIAM T. ELLIS

This Distinguished American Journalist is Traveling Around the World for the Purpose of Investigating the American Foreign Missionary from a Fairly Disinterested, Secular and Non-Sectarian Standpoint. Illustrated with Drawings and from Photographs.

KING AND NOBLES IN KOREA FAVOR WESTERN RELIGION.

Seoul, Korea.—Outside of one or two minor states in Africa, there is probably no mission field where Christianity is accorded so great a degree of royal favor as in Korea. From the beginning of the opening of Korea to the world, a little more than 20 years ago, until the present time, the closest friends of the emperor, to whom he has turned in every crisis, have been the American missionaries. He is not yet a Christian, although he reads the Bible and has received some instruction in Christianity. In attendance upon the Seoul churches to-day may be found members of the royal family, as well as leaders of the nobility.

This is one of the remarkable facts about the recent phenomenal religious history of this country. While enjoying the favor of the court to a marked degree, the missionaries have yet devoted themselves chiefly to work among the plain people. The latter have been converted by thousands—the number of actual communicants, and not merely adherents, is now given as about 500,000—and gradually Christianity has worked from the bottom up, until to-day all of Korea seems favorable and hospitable toward it.

When interviewing the man who had been indicated to me by natives, Japanese officials and missionaries as probably the greatest living Korean, he said, speaking of the growth of Christianity and Christian schools, "The only lights in Korea's black sky are the churches." The opinion widely prevails that the real transformation of Korea will be effected,

plete set of modern medical textbooks; and his ambition is to turn out a set of competent native physicians who can, with the literature thus at their command, build up a Korean modern medical profession along up-to-date lines. With such an ambition as this, a man is not to be blamed for working far into the night, as Dr. Avison does.

Government Support for the Y. M. C. A.

Conspicuous among the religious enterprises of Seoul is the Young Men's Christian association, which is at present housed in some little old Korean building, but which is about to break ground for the erection of a modern structure, the gift of John Wanamaker, of Philadelphia. The association has 800 members, including more than 50 members of the highest rank of Korean nobility. The emperor's nephew teaches a Bible class in the association. Twice the emperor has given subscriptions to the organization, and the Japanese continue to give, from the Korean funds, an annual subscription of \$5,000.

The avidity with which Korean young men turn to the Y. M. C. A. would indicate, even to a superficial observer, that conditions here are extraordinary. The fact is, the young Korean, who has been sitting on his heels for centuries, in self-satisfied idleness, and an ignorance inconceivable to a westerner, is being rudely awakened. He is beginning to realize that his head and his hands must be trained, and that he must learn how to hustle. So the educational classes of the Y. M. C. A., which are chiefly industrial and commercial, are over-



An Unmarried Man in Korea Wears His Hair Braided Down His Back; a Married Man Wears His Twisted Up in a Knot.

not by Japan, but by Christianity. The missionaries are wakening up and lifting up the natives; and they assert that the latter have greater potentialities than either the Japanese to the south or the Chinese to the north.

A Canadian Who Doctors a King.

In Seoul it is noteworthy that the missionaries constitute the dominant Anglo-Saxon community. There are at this capital more missionaries than all other white foreigners combined. Because of their activity and long residence, they are the best known to the Koreans. While there is a small and not very closely-knit consular set, and a business set, as in other capitals, they rank after the missionary set, and, in fact, are in more intimate relations with it than usual.

A missionary physician is the doctor of the white community. This is Dr. O. R. Avison, head of the Severance Memorial hospital, which is spoken of in Seoul as "the hospital," though the Methodists also conduct a busy and successful hospital here. There is no lack of work for the medical missionary in Korea. The Severance hospital, which is the gift of Louis N. Severance, a well-known Presbyterian layman of Cleveland, O., is built and equipped on the lines of a first-class American hospital. Its patients include the best people in Seoul, and Dr. Avison is physician to his majesty.

The king recently made a gift of \$1,500 to the hospital, and another of like amount to Dr. Avison himself. The latter has been through dramatic and bloody scenes at the Korean court, but always as a personal friend of the emperor; he says that he and the emperor never talk politics. Associated with Dr. Avison, who is a Canadian, is Dr. J. W. Hirst, of Philadelphia, and these, with a trained nurse, Miss E. L. Shields, of Lewisburg, Pa., constitute the responsible heads of the hospital.

In connection with his hospital duties, Dr. Avison conducts a medical college. He is having translated into Korean, and mimeographed, a com-

crowded, the enrollment being 568, with the present inadequate equipment. An illustration of the practical bent of the association's methods is found in the fact that it is teaching plumbing, to prepare young Koreans for places as soon as the new city water system is established. Twice a week lectures, which might be styled "general information," are given to audiences of more than a thousand men, hundreds being commonly turned away. This Y. M. C. A. really stands for civilization to the behind-the-times youth. It is even teaching them how to use their bodies, in physical exercise and sport.

All sorts of Korean celebrities are more or less closely identified with this work; the native secretary is a man of rank, formerly Seoul's chief of police, who was converted while undergoing a term of imprisonment because he refused to order his men to fire on some reformers. The real motive power of the association are three young Americans, Secretaries Gillette, Brockman and Gregg.

Team Work by the Denominations.

While America is writing articles about church federation, and holding conventions on the subject, the real thing is under way in Korea, as in some other mission fields. Aside from a small Anglican work, and the Roman Catholic mission, Presbyterian and Methodist bodies are the only ones represented in this country. The way in which they work together is a rebuke to many a community in America, rent by sectarian jealousy and pride. The stage of mere good will was passed long ago.

Here in Seoul the Presbyterians and Methodists have united their academies in the John D. Wells training school, and the funds and teachers are supplied by both denominations. Arrangements are in the making for a union of hospital work as in Pyong Yang. The Methodist and Presbyterian church papers have been made one and the Sunday school literature is also issued jointly. Union revival services are held and union Bible classes. A union hymn book is being compiled, and the big Meth-

odist publishing plant is in process of being a joint concern.

Considerable attention is being paid to the publication of tracts, papers and other religious literature. The Korean Religious Tract society, which is one of the union enterprises, is even getting out a set of educational primers. The Korean common people have not been readers; so to the missionaries has come the opportunity to quicken a desire for reading in the nation, to teach it to read, and to create a literature. There is little or no evil reading matter to counteract; the field is open for the missionaries, and they are occupying it.

The demand for the Scriptures has not yet been met fully, since the Korean Christians are devoted Bible students. The New Testament has been put into the native tongue, and a board of translation is at work upon the Old Testament. This matter of Bible translation, which is financed and directed by the American and British and Foreign Bible societies, is considered of far reaching importance, inasmuch as it is done for all the future. Owing to the lack of native words to express many religious terms, a new Christian vocabulary is practically created.

The Cross on the Dance Hall.

The visible signs of Christianity which the casual visitor may find in Seoul would by no means tell the whole story. On two hills outside the old city walls (whose gates no longer shut at curfew, as they did a few years ago) may be seen imposing Roman Catholic churches. The Methodist church, not far from the American legation, is also in western style, as is likewise the Anglican church. One other large outbuilding on the main street bears the sacred symbol in the form usually seen over Protestant Episcopal churches; investigation shows, however, that the building is a low dance hall, the vilest resort in the city. How it ever came to be surmounted by a cross nobody seems able to explain.

The churches, for the most part, are in low one-story Korean buildings, the exterior giving no adequate conception of the seating capacity. The Presbyterians have what they call a "collegiate church." It comprises three congregations, meeting together for a joint preaching service by a missionary in the afternoon. In the morning Sunday schools are held, more adults than children attending, and in the evening the congregations worship separately usually with a Korean preaching. Several of the church buildings are too small to hold the crowds in attendance. Union services in English are held every Sunday afternoon on the Methodist compound.

The Methodist churches, like the Presbyterians, are experiencing a tremendous growth. Rev. Dr. George Heber Jones, pastor of the largest, tells me that upon his recent return from America he found no less than 800 probationers on the waiting list. One Sunday of my sojourn in Seoul one of the most notorious characters in the city arose in the Methodist church, and, confessing his sins, asked to be admitted as a probationer. He has been a high office holder and a wealthy man; his extortions had earned for him a nickname which Dr. Jones says can only be translated as "Min the cuss."

A Young Woman With Nerve.

A great deal of religious work in the surrounding country centers in Seoul. From this point many of the missionaries who reside here go out on their itinerating trips. It is seldom possible to find all the missionaries at home at once. A newspaper page could be filled with stories of the experiences of the itinerating missionaries.

At a little dinner party in Seoul I chanced to be seated alongside of a charmingly dressed young American woman. Apropos of my tale of riding 12 hours to Pyong Yang in zero weather in an absolutely unheated car, she told how before the railway was running she once started to come down from Pyong Yang to Seoul, in a Korean sampan filled with natives. There was only one room, no sleeping accommodations, and no privacy. The boat was scheduled to start at noon; by a wild rush the missionary arrived in time, and there she had to stay until six o'clock the next evening, expecting the boat to start at every minute, and with no heat and no food except Korean rice. After that delay of 30 hours came the long ride down the ice-filled river.

This young woman, apropos of the subject of foreigners feeling obliged to travel armed, for fear of Japanese coolies, related how in the earlier days, when there was considerable hostility to foreigners in the interior of Korea, she was wont to examine her revolver every night, in spectacular fashion, in order to impress the natives, although she was as much afraid of the weapon as they. Once, sojourning in an inn with an evil reputation, she overheard an ominous conversation. Going out front, and with great circumstance of preparation, the missionary made as if to shoot a magpie in a distant tree. The terrified natives besought her not to do so, and, with seeming reluctance, she put away the revolver—and slept undisturbed through the night. There is an amusing side as well as a seamy side and a hopeful side, to mission work in Korea.

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Marriage.

Cellbacy does not pay. A good marriage is the supreme human felicity; a tolerable marriage is as much as the tolerable majority of people deserve; but even a bad marriage is better than no marriage at all.—Sydney Bookfellow.

FINALLY ROUSED UP UNCLE.

How a Crowd of Villagers Stirred the Sage of the Cracker Barrel.

There was the usual crowd of villagers sitting on the postoffice steps waiting for the mail to be distributed, and among them was Uncle John. He had joined the sitters without saying a word, and at the end of fifteen minutes one of the men winked at the crowd and said:

"Well, Uncle John, have you heard about the big earthquake in Vermont, with 10,000 people killed?"

Uncle John looked at him in a weary way and shook his head.

"And the cyclone in Connecticut yesterday and 500 houses blowndown?"

continued the man.

"The Ohio river rose 200 feet of a sudden the other day and carried the city of Cincinnati down stream. Tens of thousands of people lost their lives. Any of your relatives down there, Uncle John?"

The old man slowly shook his head and reached down to pick up a silver and pick his teeth with it.

"And the whole state of Pennsylvania is caving in," said the joker, "and by to-morrow there will be a great lake where 5,000,000 or 6,000,000 people have lived."

Uncle John took the news without a word. In fact, he yawned and stretched over it.

"By thunder, but there goes a rat under that pile of lumber across the street," exclaimed the joker as he rose up. "Say, you fellows—"

But he got no further. Uncle John was across the street and had a club in his hand, and within the next ten minutes he had done a half day's work tearing down the pile to get at the rat. He had been aroused at last.—Kansas City Journal.

TWO WAYS OF LOOKING AT IT.

Wife's Sneering Comment Met with Sharp Answer.

Gelett Burgess at the recent dinner of the American Booksellers' association of New York said: "I once knew a San Franciscan who married a girl for her money. She was not a pretty girl, and as time passed and love cooled, she developed a rather tart tongue.

"One day her husband bought with his quarter's allowance a 20-horsepower automobile. He took the car home gayly and brought his wife out to the front door to look at it. She gave one sneering glance, and then said:

"It's very fine, but if it hadn't been for my money, it wouldn't be here."

"Well, Mamie," said the husband, quickly, "if it hadn't been for your money you wouldn't be here yourself."

USED BY THE DOCTORS.

Ninety Per Cent of the Drugs Prescribed Are Patent Medicines.

Despite the opposition of physicians, especially of those whose experience has been neither far reaching nor profitable, to "patent" medicines, ninety per cent of all drugs that physicians use are put up and compounded by manufacturing concerns,—are, in fact, "patent" medicines just as truly as if they were advertised in the newspapers.

The average doctor knows little or nothing of pharmacy and is, therefore, glad to depend on the very medicines, which in public he condemns, just as he is obliged in many cases to depend on the diagnosis of the patient himself, even while publicly decrying what he calls "self-diagnosis." How rapid has been the growth of the professional use of "patent" or "proprietary" medicines is shown in an article written for the Journal of the American Medical Association for September 29, 1906, by A. Jacoby, M. D., LL. D. He relates that 50,000 prescriptions, compounded in several drug stores were carefully examined. From 1850 to 1870 no prescription was found for "patent" or "proprietary" medicines. In 1874 but one prescription in 1,500 called for ready-to-use remedies. Between 1875 and 1880 the number calling for "patent" or "proprietary" medicines equalled two per cent of the total. This increased to 5 per cent in the period between 1880 and 1890. In 1895 it was 12 per cent, in 1898 it was 15 per cent, and in 1902-1903 was from 20 to 25 per cent.

Dr. Jacoby says that in a large store he was assured that 70 per cent of the prescriptions were for "patent" or "proprietary" medicines, and this probably is approximately the correct proportion at the present time. From this it would seem that if the "patent" and "proprietary" medicines are good enough for physicians to prescribe in seven cases out of ten they are good enough for family use. In cases of necessity and where the symptoms are well known and as easily understood by the people as by the doctors.

Always the Politeness.

A Germantown woman was not long ago watching a workman as he put up new window fixtures in her house. "Don't you think that you have placed those fixtures too high?" asked she, having reference to the curtain rolls last put in place. The workman, a stolid German, made no reply, but continued to adjust the fixtures. "Didn't you hear my question?" demanded the lady of the house. "How dare you be so rude?" Whereupon the German gulped convulsively, and then replied in the gentlest of voices: "I haf my mouth full of schraws, und I could not gpeak till I swallow some!"—Harper's Weekly.

THE NEW FOOD LAW

IT IS OF GREAT IMPORTANCE TO PEOPLE OF STATE.

Put Illinois in Front Rank of States in Matter of Inspection of Food Products—Operation of New Law.

Springfield, Aug. 12.—With the enforcement of its new food law, Illinois has taken front rank among the states which have gone in for public inspection of food products. There is demonstrated in a report which has just been made to Gov. Deneen regarding the effect of the new statute and changes which he has suggested in the work of the Illinois pure food commission since he became governor.

The commission is now acting under authority of a state statute modeled after the national pure food law and this, of itself, is a great aid to the work of the department. In addition decided improvements have been made in the matter of carrying on the detail work, the laboratory has been enlarged and refitted, and active, capable men have been enlisted to enforce the laws and the regulations of the department.

Recognizing the growing importance of the department and its possibilities of the new arrangement, the general assembly has given the commission material assistance in the way of appropriations and the money appears to have been well spent. While some other states have made a greater outlay, none has accomplished more in a practical way. Illinois has been particularly fortunate in getting the services of high grade chemists and inspectors who have secured recognition for its work throughout the country.

The plan of making the state legislation dovetail with the national pure food law was a happy conception in more ways than one. It has brought about not only harmony in the enforcement of regulations, but active and profitable co-operation between the federal and state officers. The state food department has, since its organization, occupied quarters in the Manhattan building in Chicago, and the United States has established offices and a laboratory on the same floor occupied by the state department.

The headquarters established by the national government are those of the middle division and are in charge of Dr. A. L. Winton, whose duty it is to enforce the national food law in this section of the United States. Arrangements have been made between the state officials and the national officials for co-operation and harmony in the enforcement of the law, and the state thus secures the benefit of Dr. Winton's assistance and experience.

Another scheme of co-operation worked out by the pure food commission takes in the local officials of Chicago and other cities where special officers are employed to enforce pure food regulations. In Chicago the assistance of local inspectors is a very important item, especially in guarding against the manufacture and sale of adulterated foods and with three departments working in unison much can be accomplished which would be impossible otherwise.

Must Label Food Products.

More attention is being given to these matters than ever before. Under the new laws—state and national—rulings have been made for the labeling of products and for standards of nearly every food product, and manufacturers and vendors who reside outside the state can be reached. Heretofore there was no way of reaching adulterators of food who lived in other states and sent their products across the line into Illinois.

During the two years last past more than 8,000 samples were taken and reported to the office of the state food department. Some of these were taken because they were misbranded or not labeled in conformity with the pure food law. Of the samples analyzed more than 6,500 were found to be pure or to meet the requirements of the law. Fifteen hundred were found to be adulterated or in violation of the state statutes.

Upon the laboratory devolved the work of determining what foods were adulterated or misbranded. It also ascertained the ingredients used in the adulteration of foods, and had the important work of determining whether the substances used were wholesome or injurious to health. Dr. T. J. Bryan is the state analyst and he is reputed to have made the laboratory one of the best state food laboratories in the country.

The work of the laboratory has been extensive along the various lines of adulteration, especially as to the use of preservatives and coloring matter used in food and dairy products. It has been clearly demonstrated that the use of these substances has been carried to an extreme and a campaign against them was carried on.

Issues Warning Bulletins.

The deleterious effects of coloring matter and preservatives upon the health has been clearly set forth in bulletins issued from time to time as these investigations have been made. In this manner the public has been informed as to their harmfulness, as well as by prosecutions instituted against manufacturers and dealers, and the department issued a bulletin in which "Standard for Purity of Food Products" was established and requirements were made for their manufacture and sale as standard of the articles—the standards being based on those adopted by the United States de-

partment of agriculture, that have been modified to accord with Illinois law and with local conditions.

The difficulty in the past has been that there were no legal standards for foods for the human family. There has been a great demand for standards for foods; grocers have needed them in stocking up their stores, manufacturers and manufacturing chemists have desired them in making trade preparations; law-makers could have employed them to great advantage in formulating needed legislation.

Watching Milk Supply.

During the past two years considerable attention has been paid to the milk supply of the large cities, and especially in the city of Chicago. This work was started primarily because the milk dealers and peddlers were using preservatives, such as formaldehyde. The samples taken in numerous instances resulted in the finding of this preservative. The condition of some of the milk and cream was such as called for numerous prosecutions for violation of the law in regard to preservatives.

The enforcement of the butter law enacted to regulate the manufacture and sale of substitutes for butter and to prevent fraud in the brand and sale of "process or renovated butter" has received considerable attention at the hands of the department, and a great improvement has been discovered in respect to the manufacture and sale of "oleomargarine" and "process or renovated butter."

H. E. Schuknecht, the new assistant food commissioner, who has special charge of the dairy industries, has changed the manner of inspecting the creameries and dairies of the state and the inspectors, who now have charge of inspecting the dairy products are experts. The work carried on has been very satisfactory and quite generally educational. A great many prosecutions have been very successfully brought against the adulterators of the various food and dairy products for selling imitation food and dairy products.

Regulates Interstate Foods.

A report to the governor makes the following comment regarding the enforcement of the food law:

"For the first time in the history of the country we have laws, national and state, which will control the manufacture and sale of foods, not only within the state but the nation as well. Heretofore our state has been flooded with cheap foods that come pouring over the border lines of the state, and could not be controlled for want of proper legislation, or laws, to control the same. From this time on, it will be different, as under our new state food law, which provides for co-operation with the national food authorities, we can secure a regulation of the traffic coming from other states as well as within the state.

"We now have uniform laws, national and state, regulating not only the manufacture and sale of the various food products, but also providing for a commission to fix standards and rules as to the proper labeling of all food products.

"The great trouble has been heretofore in trying to enforce the 'food law' of the different states—we had no uniformity of laws or unity of action; each state had its own law as to how foods should be prepared and labeled so as to conform to their laws, without any regard to uniformity, consequently the manufacturers and packers of foods have had to keep a different set of labels for each state and prepare their foods in conformity with these requirements.

"Under this new national food law each state can pass a food law, modeled along the line of the national food law, and have rulings and standards, and in conformity and harmony with it, and substantially one set of labels and standards will suffice for every state and territory in the union.

"Illinois has kept up with the procession of states, and is one of the first to take advantage of these conditions. Indiana, on the eastern border, has already passed a state food law, modeled along the lines of the national food law. Each of the other states is falling in line, and it will be but a short time until every state in the union will have laws in conformity with the national food law, and as a result there will be complete accord and harmony, not only in the laws, national and state, but in their enforcement as well.

Other Work of Commission.

"The department is mailing out 15,000 copies of the new state food law as well as bulletins and circulars explaining same. A copy of the new national food law, as well as the new state food law, has been added to the last annual report, and 10,000 copies of this report are being distributed.

"When it is remembered that Illinois has 16,000 retail grocers; 4,000 manufacturers and packers of food; 300,000 dairies; 700 creameries and 14 milk condensaries, not taking into consideration booths, depots, stations and buffets and dining cars, and that it is the first state in the union in the production, manufacture and sale of all this vast food product; and when we further remember that Illinois, on account of its fertile soil and salubrious climate, its broad prairies and fertile valleys—it being located almost centrally between the two great oceans—and peculiarly adapted to the growth and production of the very best—the most wholesome food products pertaining to the temperate zone—and Chicago being the distributing point of all these vast food products; we can then see and understand how necessary it is that Illinois should have a first-class food and dairy law and have the law rigidly enforced so as to regulate and control the manufacture and sale of these vast food products."

A TERRIBLE EXPERIENCE.

How a Veteran Has Saved the Amputation of a Limb.

B. Frank Doremus, veteran, of Roosevelt Ave., Indianapolis, Ind., says: "I had been showing symptoms of kidney trouble from the time I was mustered out of the army, but in all my life I never suffered as I 1897. Headaches, dizziness and sleeplessness, first, and then dropsy. I was weak and helpless, having run down from 180 to 125 pounds. I was having terrible pain in the kidneys, and the secretions passed almost involuntarily. My left leg swelled until it was 34 inches around, and the doctor tapped it night and morning until I could no longer stand it, and then he advised amputation. I refused, and began using Doan's Kidney Pills. The swelling subsided gradually, the urine became natural and all my pains and aches disappeared. I have been well now for nine years since using Doan's Kidney Pills."

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

IN THE NAME OF CHARITY.

Jack London's Story Carries Sting of Truth and Pathos.

"Jack London's famous definition of charity—'sharing a bone with a dog when you're as hungry as the dog'—recalls a story about charity," said a magazine editor, "that I heard Mr. London tell at a farewell dinner in New York before he sailed away on the Spark.

"Mr. London said two old men were smoking and drinking together after dinner.

"The host rang the bell and an old woman appeared.

"'Confound you, stupid!' said the host. 'Didn't I tell you I wanted the Scotch? Take this back, and bring what I asked for, you old fool!'

"'Come, come,' said the guest, after the old woman had hurried away in a great fright. 'Come, come, my friend, don't you think you are rather too sharp with your old servant?'

"'Oh,' said the other, 'she's not a servant. She's only a poor relation I'm keeping out of charity.'

"The guest looked relieved.

"That alters the case, of course," he said.—Washington Times.

Social Rank.

At a country dance in a southern town, when the fiddlers had resigned their bows and taken their places on the platform, the floor manager rose.

"Got 'yer partners for a cotillion?" he shouted, imperiously.

"All you ladies an' gemen dat wears shoes an' stockings take 'yer places in de middle ob de room. All you ladies an' gemen dat wears shoes an' no stockings take 'yer places immedijly behin' dem. An' you barefooted crowd jest jig it round' in de corners."—Youth's Companion.

The Modern Child.

Five-year-old Nellie had been naughty all day. Finally her mamma, a very portly woman, sat down and drew the little culprit across her ample lap to administer the long delayed punishment. Nellie's face was fairly buried in the folds of her mother's dress. Before the maternal hand could descend Nellie turned her face to say: "Well, if I'm going to be spanked I must have air."—Harper's.

The Size of Him.

"Yes," snarled the eminent Octopus who had just had returned to him what Shakespeare sarcastically called "trash." "This is my purse, and the contents, \$1,143.09, are intact; but it is three days, seven hours and nineteen minutes since I lost it. Where is my interest, young man; where is my interest?"—Puck.

High-Priced Meat

may be a

Blessing

If it gives one the chance to know the tremendous value of a complete change of diet.

Try this for breakfast:

- A Little Fruit
- A Dish of Grape-Nuts and Cream
- A Soft-Boiled Egg
- Some Nice, Crisp Toast
- Cup of Well-made Postum Food Coffee

That's all, and you feel comfortable and well-fed until lunch.

THEN REPEAT.

And at night have a liberal and vegetable dinner, with a Grape-Nuts pudding for dessert.

Such a diet will make a change in your health and strength worth trial.

"There's a Reason."

Read "The Road to Wellville." in pkgs.

HEALTH NOTES FOR AUGUST.

PE-RU-NA
FOR
CATARRH
OF THE
STOMACH,
BOWELS,
DIARRHEA,
DYSENTERY,
BOATING,
NIGHT SWEATS,
SUMMER COMPLAINT.

August is the month of internal catarrhs. The mucous membranes, especially of the bowels, are very liable to congestion, causing summer complaints, and catarrh of the bowels and other internal organs. Pe-ru-na is an excellent remedy for all these conditions.



Painting for Profit
No one will question the superior appearance of well-painted property. The question that the property-owner asks is: "Is the appearance worth the cost?"
Poor paint is for temporary appearance only.
Paint made from Pure Linseed Oil and Pure White Lead is for lasting appearance and for protection. It saves repairs and replacements costing many times the paint investment.
The Dutch Boy trade mark is found only on kegs containing Pure White Lead made by the Old Dutch Process.

SEND FOR BOOK
"A Talk on Paint," gives valuable information on the paint subject. Sent free upon request. All lead packed in 100 lbs. casks.

NATIONAL LEAD COMPANY
In charge of the following cities to nearest you:
New York, Boston, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, Philadelphia, John T. Lewis, Pittsburg (National Lead & Oil Co.)

SICK HEADACHE
Positively cured by these Little Pills.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Heavy Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Headaches, and all Biliousness. Made in the Month, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.
SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

SORE SHOULDERS
I would like very much to personally meet every reader of this paper who owns a horse that has sore shoulders and tell him about Security Gull Salve. This is impossible so I am going to tell you through the paper.
You and I both know that horses working with sore shoulders are in pain, and that they can't do as much work without running down as when they are free from pain. Also, know perfectly well that Security Gull Salve will cure these shoulders, but you do not know it. If you did you would buy a box of your dealer at once and cure them up, for you have no doubt often wished that you knew of something you could rely on. You can rely absolutely on Security Gull Salve. It will do its work every time, or if you prefer to try it first I will mail you a sample can free. Just write for it—it will go to you by first mail.
Also I want to tell you that Security Antiseptic Easor is as good for barb wire cuts as Security Gull Salve is for harness galls. Dealers carry them in 1/2 oz. and 3 1/2 oz. sizes. Use them for your needs. I guarantee you perfect satisfaction.
FRANK H. DENNIS, President.
SECURITY REMEDY CO., Minneapolis, Minn.

PATENTS AND TRADE MARKS
ALEX. ANDERSON & BOWEN, L. PATENT ATTORNEYS (Established 1857) 707 1/2 St. N. W., WASHINGTON, D. C. Book A of information sent FREE.

INCREASE Your Business. Your ads. inserted in every one of our different magazines, only one time. Lists, particulars, etc. Free. Queen City Advertising Co., 208 E. Tenth St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

100 ARE INJURED IN BLAST

STOREHOUSE OF DYNAMITE EXPLODES AT BOULDER, COL.

Property Damage \$250,000—Two Men Killed When Nitroglycerin Blows Up in Essex, Ont.

Boulder, Col., Aug. 12.—Fire that started at one o'clock Saturday morning in the Colorado & Southern freight depot here destroyed the depot with a vast quantity of freight and spreading a distance of 100 feet enveloped a powder house containing 1,000 pounds of dynamite, which exploded with tremendous shock, injuring perhaps 100 persons and breaking the plate glass in every business house in the city as well as that in hundreds of residences. It is believed that two of the injured will die. The property loss is estimated at \$250,000. The fire originated from some unknown cause and is believed to be incendiary. It was placed under control at 3:30 a. m.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 12.—Two men were killed, three more probably fatally injured and scores of people were slightly hurt by the explosion of half a car of nitro-glycerine at the Michigan Central railroad station at Essex, Ontario, 17 miles inland from the Detroit river Saturday. Practically every building in the little town of 1,500 people was injured, many of them being blown to pieces.

Ridgeway, Pa., Aug. 12.—Five trainmen were injured here by the explosion of what is believed to have been nitro-glycerine dropped or thrown by a man who was put off a Pennsylvania railroad freight train. The injured are in a hospital here. The man who had the explosive was injured and is in jail here. He was discovered riding on the freight train before it reached Ridgeway and was, according to the crew, apparently under the influence of liquor.

RAILROAD WAR IS ENDED.

Southern Road Makes Its Peace with State of Alabama.

Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 9.—Gov. Comer and the officials of the Southern railroad reached an agreement late Thursday afternoon and the license of the railroad in Alabama will be reinstated.

Beginning September 1, 1907, the railroad and its allied lines will put into effect the two and a half cent passenger fare act and the measure reducing the freight rates on 110 commodities commonly shipped in Alabama.

In consideration of the agreement of the railroad representatives to permit of the operation of these two laws, the one affecting the passenger traffic, and the other the freight, it was agreed by Gov. Comer that the revocation of the license of the Southern in Alabama should be canceled and the company permitted to do business without hindrance by the state. The compromise affects only the one railroad system, the Southern. The other railroads of the state were not parties to the conference.

WRIT OF ERROR IS GRANTED.

Standard Oil Is Permitted to Take Its Appeal.

Chicago, Aug. 10.—Judge Peter S. Grosscup, of the United States circuit court of appeals, Friday afternoon granted to the Standard Oil company of Indiana a writ of error allowing the defense to take its appeal from the judgment of Judge K. M. Landis, who imposed the record-breaking fine of \$29,240,000.

Efforts of the defending lawyers, Moritz Rosenthal and Merritt Starr, however, to obtain a supersedeas staying the execution of the judgment during the review of the case by the higher court without furnishing more than a bond for costs were thwarted.

DARING CHICAGO ROBBERY.

Masked Men Rob Cash Drawer of the Hamilton Club.

Chicago, Aug. 12.—Two hold-up men invaded the Hamilton club at Clark and Monroe streets at 10 o'clock Saturday evening. Although they missed an opportunity of relieving several prominent Republican politicians of their pocket money, they emptied the club's cash drawer and the pockets of its employees.

The robbery was daring, but it netted the perpetrators about \$50. After terrifying their victims with revolvers the robbers forced them into an elevator and ordered the conductor to "shoot it up to the top." They then made their escape.

STANDARD OIL DOWN TO 466.

Stock Reaches the Lowest Quotation in Many Years.

New York, Aug. 10.—Several stocks quoted in New York fell to new low record levels Friday. Notable among them was Standard Oil, which at one time during the day reached 466, the lowest point touched in many years. A little later the stock was offered at 475 with no bidders.

Several years ago Standard Oil sold above \$300 per share, and Friday's price indicates a shrinkage in value computed on the total capital stock of more than \$300,000,000.

Crop Condition Good.

Washington, Aug. 10.—The crop report of the agricultural department shows the condition of corn August 1 is 82.8; winter wheat production for 1907, about 409,500,000 bushels; an average of 14.6 per cent; spring wheat condition 79.4.

AS THE BOY UNDERSTOOD.

Probably to His Mind Conflict of Authority Was Vital.

In one of the Atlanta Sunday schools recently the lesson for the day had to do with Mammon and the corrupting influences of great riches.

Toward the close of the exercises, says Harper's Magazine, the superintendent called upon the infant class to repeat the golden text, which had special reference to man's inability to serve his Creator and the money god at one and the same time. The class failed to respond as it should, when the superintendent, noticing his own young hopeful in the ranks, who had that very morning been drilled thoroughly on the text, called to him. The response was immediate, though a slight departure from the original, for in a voice that was distinctly heard in all parts of the room there came the following modification:

"Ye cannot serve God and mamma!"

NO RELIEF FROM ECZEMA

For Over Two Years—Patent Medicines, Quack Cures and Doctors Fail—Cuticura Succeeds.

"I was very badly afflicted with eczema for more than two years. The parts affected were my limbs below the knees. I tried all the physicians in the town and some in the surrounding towns, and I also tried all the patent remedies that I heard of, besides all the cures advised by old women and quacks, and found no relief whatever until I commenced using the Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment, and Cuticura Resolvent. In the Cuticura Remedies I found immediate relief, and was soon sound and well. C. V. Beltz, Tippecanoe, Ind., Nov. 14, '05."

CHEAP IRRIGATED LAND.

Grand opening Sept. 5th under Carey Act. Little Snake River Valley, Routt County, Colo. \$25.50 per acre for land and water. \$5.25 per acre down. Excursion rates. Routt County Development Co., 814 17th St., Denver, Colo.

Calf Like a Kangaroo.

More like a jack rabbit or a kangaroo is a calf recently born in a western state. Its front legs are quite a little shorter than its hind ones, and it has no tail at all. Instead of moving and frisking about like its playmates, the odd looking creature covers the ground by leaps.

NEW HOMES IN THE WEST.

Send for free copy of pamphlet containing synopsis of the United States homestead laws and information how to secure a quarter section of splendid farming or grazing land free along the new railway lines of the Chicago & North-Western Ry. in South Dakota, Wyoming and other states. Special excursion rates to homeseekers. Full information on request to W. B. Kniskern, Passenger Traffic Manager, C. & N. W. Ry., Chicago.

No, Not as a Rule.

George P. Ansell, Boston's brilliant and powerful defender of animals from cruelty, was talking about nature faking.

"My friend, Will Long is no nature faker," he said, "but I admit that many of our myriad nature writers are. These men's idea of a lie seems too closely to resemble that of a little boy I know."

"The boy's teacher said from her desk one afternoon: 'I want every pupil who has never told a lie to hold up his hand.'"

"There was a doubtful pause. Two or three hands were raised. Then my little friend piped out: 'Teacher, is it a lie if nobody finds it out?'"

Depends on the Dogs.

Asa Goddard, of the American Automobile association, was recounting in Worcester some of his touring adventures.

"One summer morning," he said, "the approach of a great flock of sheep obliged me to pull off the narrow country road. I halted my car, and watching with interest the passage of the sheep, the intelligent dogs and the shepherd."

"I had a short talk with the shepherd about his odd and difficult trade. 'Look here,' I said, 'what do you do, driving sheep like this on a narrow road, when you meet another flock coming in the opposite direction?'"

"Well," said the shepherd, "ye just drive straight on, both of ye, and the one that has the best dogs gets the most sheep."

Fell Into Bad Company.

A canny Scot was brought before a London magistrate on the charge of being drunk and disorderly. "What have you to say for yourself, sir?" demanded the magistrate. "You look like a respectable man, and ought to be ashamed to stand there."

"I am verra sorry, sir, but I can't up in bad company fra Glasgow," humbly replied the prisoner.

"What sort of company?"

"A lot of teetotalers!" was the startling response.

"Do you mean to say teetotalers are bad company?" thundered the magistrate. "I think they are the best of company for such as you."

"Beggin' yer pardon, sir," answered the prisoner, "ye're wrong; for I had a bottle of whiskey an' I had to drink it all myself!"

COFFEE AILS
Quit when you use
POSTUM
"THERE'S A REASON."
Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pages.

What is Castoria.

CASTORIA is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

Dr. F. Gerald Blattner, of Buffalo, N. Y., says: "Your Castoria is good for children and I frequently prescribe it, always obtaining the desired results."

Dr. Gustave A. Eisenbrauer, of St. Paul, Minn., says: "I have used your Castoria repeatedly in my practice with good results, and can recommend it as an excellent, mild and harmless remedy for children."

Dr. E. J. Dennis, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have used and prescribed your Castoria in my sanitarium and outside practice for a number of years and find it to be an excellent remedy for children."

Dr. S. A. Buchanan, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have used your Castoria in the case of my own baby and find it pleasant to take, and have obtained excellent results from its use."

Dr. J. E. Simpson, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I have used your Castoria in cases of colic in children and have found it the best medicine of its kind on the market."

Dr. R. E. Eskildson, of Omaha, Neb., says: "I find your Castoria to be a standard family remedy. It is the best thing for infants and children I have ever known and I recommend it."

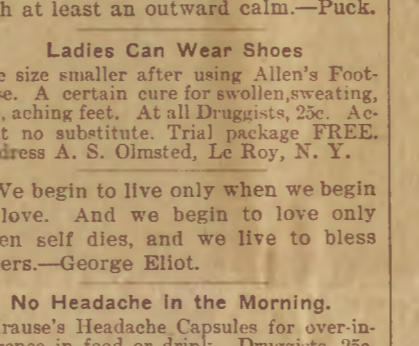
Dr. L. R. Robinson, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria certainly has merit. Is not its age, its continued use by mothers through all these years, and the many attempts to imitate it, sufficient recommendation? What can a physician add? Leave it to the mothers."

Dr. Edwin F. Pardee, of New York City, says: "For several years I have recommended your Castoria and shall always continue to do so, as it has invariably produced beneficial results."

Dr. N. B. Sizer, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I object to what are called patent medicines, where maker alone knows what ingredients are put in them, but I know the formula of your Castoria and advise its use."

Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.



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To convince any woman that Paxtine Antiseptic will improve her health and do all we claim for it, we will send her absolutely free a large trial box of Paxtine with book of instructions and genuine testimonials. Send your name and address on a postal card.

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cleanses and disinfects mucous membranes of mouth, throat and lungs; relieves sore throat and sore eyes; relieves nasal catarrh and inflammation caused by feminine ailments; relieves sore throat and sore mouth; by direct local treatment its curative power over these troubles is extraordinary and gives immediate relief. Thousands of women are using and recommending it every day. 50 cents at druggists or by mail. Remember, however, IT COSTS YOU NOTHING TO TRY IT. THE K. FAXTON CO., Boston, Mass.

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BEST FARMS
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1735 ACRES OF LAND for \$8,075, spot cash. 1735 ACRES OF LAND for \$8,075, spot cash. 1735 ACRES OF LAND for \$8,075, spot cash. A. N. K.—A (1907-33) 2191.

W. L. DOUGLAS
BEST IN THE WORLD
SHOES FOR EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY. AT ALL PRICES.
To any one who can prove W. L. Douglas does not make & sell more shoes \$3 & \$3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer.
THE REASON W. L. Douglas shoes are worn by more people in all walks of life than any other make, is because of their excellent style, easy fitting, and superior wearing qualities. The selection of the leathers and other materials for each part of the shoe, and every detail of the making is looked after by the most complete organization of superintendents, foremen and skilled shoemakers, who receive the highest wages paid in the shoe industry, and whose workmanship cannot be excelled. It could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer and are of greater value than any other make.
My \$4 Gilt Edge and \$5 Gold Bond Shoes cannot be equalled at any price. W. L. Douglas stamps his name and price on the bottom to protect you against high prices and inferior shoes. Take No. Substitute. Sold by the best shoe dealers every where. Fast Over Solelets used exclusively. Outlets mailed free. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

What is Castoria.

CASTORIA is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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Burlington

Mrs. John Thompson and Miss Edith were Elgin visitors Saturday.

A number of our people attended the show at Elgin Saturday.

Have you been to C. C. Godfrey's big clearance sale? If not, why not?

Mrs. John Mann of Nunda spent several days last week with Mrs. S. S. Mann.

Misses Edith Bishel and Minnie Pfingston attended a picnic at Schamburg Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Tony Hoffman of Elgin were guests at the home of M. Syller this week.

C. A. Haskins and daughter, Nora, of Madison, Nebr., visited friends and relatives here the first of the week.

Mrs. Mary Schneider was called to Chicago Monday to attend the funeral of her brother-in-law, John

Schneider, which was held Tuesday morning.

Lyman Godfrey and Herman Pfingston attended the ball game at Genoa last Saturday.

The friends of Miss Alice Mann will be pleased to hear of her improvement and wish her a speedy recovery.

Our old walks have been torn up this week and several teams are at work grading for new cement walks.

Mesdames Smith and Fitzsimons and Miss Pearl Smith returned from the Jamestown exposition Saturday morning.

Little Ralph Godfrey had the misfortune to fall down the basement steps and break his left arm last Monday.

No charge for cashing checks on Marengo, Sycamore or Belvidere at Farmers' State Bank, Genoa. Also interest on deposits. No charge for issuing drafts.

T. H. Solomon died at his home in this village Wednesday morning after a painful illness of several weeks. Mr. Solomon was a kind and loving husband and father, a kind and obliging friend and neighbor, and he will be greatly missed outside of his home circle. Mr. Solomon leaves a wife and six children who reside in and near Burlington. They are: Fred, Frank, Edna, Ida, Mrs. Will Vandusen and Mrs. Ed. Vogle. Mrs. Solomon and family have the sympathy of the entire community.

TWO FAMOUS SONGS.

"Home, Sweet Home," "Old Folks at Home," and Their Composers.

No two melodies have ever come nearer to touching the world's heart than have "Home, Sweet Home," and "Old Folks at Home." So many untrue stories have been circulated about the former that it is well occasionally to review the true origin of the composition. John Howard Payne, the composer of "Home, Sweet Home," first heard the air for which his song was written while strolling along a quiet country road in Italy. The sweet voice of a peasant girl troling the plaintive air as she wended her way to the city with her basket of fruit and flowers so caught his fancy that he accosted her and asked the name of the song. This the girl was unable to give, but at Payne's request she repeated the song, and while she did so he wrote down the notes. Soon after this Payne composed the words and, with the aid of a musician named Bishop, incorporated the song in his opera "Clari, or the Maid of Milan." This soon gave him worldwide fame, although it never brought him great pecuniary profit. "Home, Sweet Home," made the fortune of almost every one connected with it except that of its composer, although the popular story that its author wandered homeless and friendless from place to place is without foundation. Payne was cosmopolitan from choice, and, although in his latter days he suffered many pecuniary misfortunes, he was never without home and friends. The leading actors and literary men of his day loved him for his kindly nature and many personal attractions. Stephen Foster's "Old Folks at Home" is the only rival to "Home, Sweet Home," among English speaking people. As a musical critic has said, "If Foster had not made the song local by introducing the Suwannee river, it might have equalled Payne's melody as the home song of the world." Foster was born in Pennsylvania in 1826. He was of a peculiar and retiring nature, and a writer who knew him in New York city in 1852 relates that his favorite haunt was an old tumble-down grocery near the Bowery. Here one at least of his famous songs was composed. Whether it was "Old Folks at Home" or "My Old Kentucky Home" is not known. Foster was a true poet as well as a musician and always composed the words and airs of his songs. Unlike Payne, he reaped some of the monetary benefit of his compositions. "Old Folks at Home" is said to have yielded him \$15,000. Foster died in 1864, and at his request his favorite song, "Come Where My Love Lies Dreaming," was sung at the funeral.—Sarah Kennedy Winkler in Circle Magazine.

Tis said that Ringling Bros. will move their winter quarters from Baraboo, Wis., to Collinsville, Tex. Beloit, Wis., according to the school census, has a population of 21,000. A woman's idea of business acumen is to buy a dollar's worth of stuff she don't want in order to get a blue dish free.

HOW IT DWINDLED.

Shrinkage of the Fortune the Inventor Had In His Mind.

At last, says a writer in the New York Evening Sun, John, the inventor, received his letters patent. That night he burst in upon his wife. "I've got it!" he cried. "Got what?" "Got what? Why, got our fortunes!" "Dinner's ready." "Jane," he said as soon as he could get his mouth full, "do you know that every railroad in this country will buy millions of dollars' worth?" "Have another piece of bread, John."

"Millions, Jane, millions! And it's practically all profit." "Well, we shall not be disappointed anyway, shall we, John?" "Disappointed! Can't you do anything but sit there and throw cold water? Here I've been slaving for more than a year on it, and this is all I get. Disappointed!" "Of course they'll buy it!" cried Jane.

"You'll think so when you see the millions pouring in, when you see the automobile coming around to the door—one of those big ones—you'll think so then. A house at the seashore and a private yacht. Ah, that's the way to live!" said John.

Then he went to bed, for he wished to get up early so that he could sell his patent and have his money coming in without an hour's delay. "It takes time," said John. "I've got a week off from the office so I can put in all my time at it. Oh, it's a tremendous thing! Why, take the railroads alone. They could buy a million dollars' worth."

"Each of them," assented Jane. "No, all of them together. The automobile's coming, Jane."

But big things move slowly. At the end of the week John gave up his job so that he could have all his time for the patent. Every morning he hurried out with hope strong in his heart. "I never knew those big automobiles were so much trouble," he said one night. "Now, you take a little one."

"John," said Jane, "I've always wanted a little one."

The next night he was tired and went to sleep in his chair. Just before bedtime he blinked his eyes and said: "I don't know but a team of horses would be better than an auto."

"John," said Jane, "I've always had my mind set on a horse."

"Well, you shall have a team."

"I'll be tickled to death with one."

"I said you should have a team!" snapped John. But a week later he was sorry he spoke crossly, for he said:

"Of course, Jane, if you'd rather have one horse than a team!"

"Oh, much rather!" cried Jane. Another month passed. One evening Jane said:

"The milk bill came today, John—\$12."

"Twelve dollars!" said John in a tone of a weary man to whom \$12 is a stranger, and then he added, with a wistful look:

"I wish we had a cow."

Salt of the Earth.

In olden days salt was the emblem of purity and incorruption. It was supposed to have a sanctifying influence. Christ called his disciples the salt of the earth. Salt was such a serious matter that God gave the kingdom to David by a covenant of salt. The Roman soldiers were required to take a part of their wages in salt, which was as good as coin of the realm. Among the Arabs to eat a man's salt is to partake of his hospitality, and it forms a sacred bond between host and guest. You know many a man who "is not worth his salt," and many another who couldn't "earn enough for his soup." A man "true to his salt" is faithful to his employer. And he who "sits above the salt" is always in a place of distinction.—New York Press.

Doctor and Hearse.

A Washington physician was recently walking on Connecticut avenue with his five-year-old son, when they were obliged to stop at a side street to await the passing of a funeral procession.

The youngster had never seen anything of the kind. His eyes widened. Pointing to the hearse, he said, "Dad, what's that?"

"That, my son," said the physician with a grim smile, "is a mistaken diagnosis."—Washington Star.

A Modern Jacob.

"The case of Jacob sometimes has a modern parallel. I knew a man once who served five years for his second wife."

"How romantic!"

"Not so remarkably romantic. He married the second one without getting a divorce from the first and served five years for bigamy."—Chicago Journal.

Council Proceedings

Genoa, Ill., July 23, 1907.

Minutes of adjourned regular meeting. Called to order by President James J. Hammond. Present: Tischler, Adams, Awe, Hoover, Shipman and Dralle.

Petition for cement walk on west side of school ground north to Second Street also crossing across Second street read and referred to street and walk committee.

Petition for saloon license of W. H. Snow and E. H. Richardson read. Moved by Hoover, seconded by Adams that petition be laid on table until regular meeting in September. Motion carried.

Reading of ordinances continued. Moved by Adams and seconded by Shipman that Board adjourn to July 25, 1907. Motion carried.

T. M. FRAZIER, Clerk.

Genoa, Ill., July 25, 1907.

Minutes of adjourned regular meeting.

Meeting called to order with Hammond in chair. Present: Tischler, Adams, Awe, Hoover, Shipman, Dralle. Work of revising ordinances.

Moved by Shipman seconded by Tischler that Board adjourn until Friday night, July 26.

W. M. ADAMS, Clerk Pro Tem.

Genoa, Ill., July 26, 1907.

Minutes of adjourned regular meeting of village trustees.

Moved by Shipman, seconded by Adams that Tischler act as president pro tem. Present: Awe, Tischler, Adams, Hoover, Shipman and Dralle.

Moved by Hoover, seconded by Dralle that the street committee take up crossing on Genoa street at city hall and put sixteen feet across Hecht's alley. Motion carried. Reading of ordinances continued.

Moved by Shipman, seconded by Awe that Board adjourn to July 30, 1907. Motion carried.

T. M. FRAZIER, Clerk.

Genoa, July 30, 1907.

Meeting called to order with Hammond in chair. Present: Tischler, Adams, Awe, Hoover, Shipman and Dralle.

An ordinance amending section 12 of ordinance 106 read. Moved by Shipman, seconded by Tischler that it be passed to second reading. All yes. Motion carried.

Motion made by Hoover, seconded by Shipman that amendment to section 12 of ordinance No. 106 be passed. All yes. Motion carried.

Bill of A. E. Picket for \$2.00 for surveyor read. Moved by Hoover, seconded by Awe that bill be allowed and an order drawn on the treasurer for same. All yes. Motion carried.

Chapter one of the revised ordinances (amusements) of the Village of Genoa read. Motion made by Hoover, seconded by Shipman that ordinance be passed to second reading. All yes. Motion carried.

Motion made by Hoover, seconded by Shipman that ordinance be passed to second reading. All yes. Motion carried.

Ordinance on animals running at large read. Moved by Tischler seconded by Dralle that ordinance be passed to second reading. All yes. Carried. Motion made by Tischler seconded by Shipman that ordinance on animals running at large be passed as read. All yes. Motion carried.

Ordinance on barbed wire bars, etc., chapter 3 read. Motion by Awe seconded by Hoover that ordinance be passed to second reading. All yes. Carried.

Ordinance on Board of Local improvements, chapter 4, read. Motion made by Hoover, seconded by Awe that ordinance be passed to second reading. All yes. Carried. Ordinance passed to second reading. Moved by Hoover, second by Tischler that ordinance be passed as read and published. All yes. Carried.

Ordinance on Board of Local improvements, chapter 4, read. Motion made by Hoover, seconded by Awe that ordinance be passed to second reading. All yes. Carried. Ordinance passed to second reading. Moved by Hoover, second by Tischler that ordinance be passed as read and published. All yes. Carried.

Moved by Awe and seconded by Tischler that we adjourn until Thursday, Aug. 1. Motion carried. W. M. ADAMS, clerk, pro tem.

Genoa, Ill., Aug. 1 1907.

Minutes of adjourned regular meeting.

Called to order by President Jas. J. Hammond. Present: Shipman, Tischler, Adams, Hoover and Dralle. Ordinance 18, chapter 12 read. First reading.

Moved by Hoover, seconded by Adams that ordinance No. 18 be passed to second reading. All yes. Motion carried. Ordinance No. 18 read, second reading.

Moved by Shipman and seconded by Dralle that ordinance No. 18 be passed and adopted as read. All yes. Motion carried.

Ordinance No. 16 read, first reading. Moved by Hoover, seconded by Shipman that ordinance No. 16 be passed to second reading. All yes. Motion carried.

Ordinance No. 16 read, first reading. Moved by Hoover, seconded by Shipman that ordinance No. 16 be passed to second reading. All yes. Motion carried.

Ordinance No. 16 read, first reading. Moved by Hoover, seconded by Shipman that ordinance No. 16 be passed to second reading. All yes. Motion carried.

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WOMAN'S DANGER PERIODS

Zoa-Phora Brings Relief and Permanent Benefit to pains and Back-ache—It is a Certain Regulator and Safe Remedy in the Danger Periods of Woman's Life

In the three danger periods in woman's life, the young girl's period, motherhood and change of life, Zoa-Phora is the remedy that has brought prompt relief and prevented serious trouble later. In the attendant misery of suppressed menses, falling or displacements, in leucorrhoea, flooding, or the grave danger to a delicate woman in pregnancy or change of life, or for the young girl just coming into womanhood. Zoa-Phora relieves pain and distress almost instantly, builds up and strengthens rapidly and surely every time.

The best medical authorities speak in the highest terms of the medicine contained in Zoa-Phora. Multitudes of women in every state in the Union praise Zoa-Phora for the great good it has done. So wide has become the fame of this great medicine, that nearly all reliable druggists now have it on sale. You need make no explanation to the druggist. Just ask for Zoa-Phora and receive the medicine already prepared, compounded, in just the right proportions, and put up in sealed, sterilized, one dollar bottles. Full instructions will be found in each package, also a copy of "Dr. Pengelly's Advice to Women," containing interesting and instructive information for women, which will enable you to treat yourself in the privacy of your own home and you not tell your troubles to any one.

Carl Thorwarth has purchased the milk business of Alfred Stott and will take possession at once.

Buy SOUTH DAKOTA LAND OF THE D. N. HUNT Land Company NO AGENTS YOU SAVE COMMISSIONS REDFIELD, SOUTH DAKOTA

TRY A SACK of EXCELSIOR FLOUR

It may have equals, but there is nothing better. Its use means good bread absolutely.

GROCERIES

We have them, staple and fancy. All the fruits and vegetables in season.

T. M. FRAZIER

NEW PERFUMES

- Societ'i Le Grande, regular price \$1.50 per oz., introductory price..... \$1.00
- Jouvan Lilly, per oz. 50c
- Thorn Apple Blossom, per oz. 50c
- Ocean Spray, per oz. 50c

The above are all new and dainty odors that will appeal to lovers of delicate, refined perfume.

We have some generous samples of Societ'e Le Grande for grown up ladies. Ask for one.

We have many other odors that we also carry.

HUNT'S PHARMACY

Genoa, Ill. Phone No. 83

Simple?

Well we should say so! You use less gasoline, have practically no repair bills, and never even think cuss words when using

THE M'VICKER AUTOMATIC GASOLINE ENGINES

Call at our ware house and see one of these engines in operation. Don't make the mistake of buying one of the complicated makes.

E. H. Cohoon & Co.

County Tel. No. 16 Long Distance No. 3

Does Not Color Hair

Ayer's Hair Vigor, as now made from our new improved formula, does not stain or color the hair even to the slightest degree. Gray hair, white hair, blonde hair is not made a shade darker. But it certainly does stop falling hair. No question about that.

Does not change the color of the hair. Formula with each bottle. Show it to your doctor. Ask him about it, then do as he says.

Indeed, we believe it will stop every case of falling hair unless there is some very unusual complication, something greatly affecting the general health. Then you should consult your physician. Also ask him about the new Ayer's Hair Vigor. Made by the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

THAT LONG-FELT WANT

that unsatisfied feeling you carried about all day has been relegated to the past if you have acquired a habit of starting the day with a cup

of
KAR-A-VAN COFFEE

It comes in sealed one pound packages and at prices ranging from 20c to 40c. Try it.

Ladies of Genoa and vicinity

who have tried WHITE SWAN FLOUR are greatly pleased with the results. A Flour so white and of such quality is bound to please. We stake our honor on it.

Another lot of fine Water Melons on Ice!

REMEMBER OUR DELIVERY WAGON RUNS ALL DAY EVERY DAY.

DUVAL & KING, GENOA

DOINGS OF THE WEEK

THE assistance of all subscribers is invited and solicited in making this department interesting. Any item of news left at the office, in the box at the east corner of the Exchange Bank building or given to the editor on the street will be greatly appreciated. If you have visitors or have been away yourself or if you know anything good about your neighbors tell us about it.

See the new belts at Olmsted's. Miss Emma Austin is visiting friends at Aurora.

Indiana block coal for threshing at E. H. Cohoon's.

Mrs. Ed. Christman of Barrington is visiting Genoa friends.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Crowell and son went to Chicago Monday.

Thos. Hutchison of Chicago visited home folks over Sunday.

Mrs. Ellis Cooper and son, Clarence, visited in Elgin Sunday.

Miss May Corson of Waterloo, Iowa, is visiting Genoa relatives.

Mrs. T. Canavan and John Canavan spent Monday in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Buck were Chicago passengers Thursday morning.

Erick Bogren and S. B. Ream are visiting their aunt, Mrs. E. Harshman.

G. H. Miller was in Byron on business Tuesday and Wednesday of this week.

Wm. Haines of Conneaut, Ohio, was a Sunday caller at the home of Floyd Rowan.

Indiana block coal is the only coal to use for threshing. See E. H. Cohoon & Co.

Mrs. G. C. Rowen and daughter, Marjorie went to Chicago Thursday morning.

Miss Laura Schaffer of Chicago is a guest at the home of her uncle, C. K. Kinnear.

The Genoa band will play at Electric Park, near Sycamore next Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. I. Siglin of Iowa are visiting the latter's mother, Mrs. Scott, and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Hill welcomed a 10 pound boy to their home last Thursday morning.

Mrs. S. Abraham and son, Tom, are visiting at the home of the former's son, Len, at Morrison, Ill.

Hard coal for August delivery \$8.50 per ton. No deliveries at this price after Sept. 1. Jackman & Son.

Miss Mildred Hewitt returned home Monday after a two weeks' visit with relatives in Elgin and Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Dresser and son of DeKalb visited at the home of Geo. Duffey the first of the week.

We have a select line of silver ware which we would be pleased to show you. Prices are right. G. W. Buzzell.

Mr. and Mrs. Bowers and family were Sunday visitors at the home of the latter's sister, Mrs. Trenner, in Rockford.

For sale—7 sows with about 40 pigs by their sides. On Genoa and Belvidere road across from Davis church. W. H. HILL. 2t

H. A. Perkins and son were in Chicago Wednesday.

Butter sold for 24½ cents on the Elgin board Monday.

Will Adams transacted business in the windy city Wednesday.

Nelson Austin attended the Cub games in Chicago Sunday.

Mrs. Charles Maderer and son visited friends in Elgin Wednesday.

Rev. Cowert of Elgin was the guest of Rev. J. Molthan this week.

Willis Ide is laying cement blocks this week for the three-story addition to the Pickett building.

Lost—On Wednesday evening, a gold bracelet. Finder please leave same at the Republican-Journal office.

John Hutchison who has been working in St. Charles left this week for the harvest fields of North Dakota.

Mrs. Temperance Haines is visiting friends in Chicago and will also make a trip to South Haven and other points.

The Genoa Cubs or East End base ball team defeated the New Lebanon team at that place Sunday to the tune of 17 to 7.

The White Lily washing machine is sold under an absolute guarantee by Perkins & Rosenfeld. Enough said, isn't it?

Don't wait until the last minute to place your order for that new furnace or furnace repairs. See us now. Perkins & Rosenfeld.

See the reduction on lawns at Olmsted's. 15c goods are closed out for 8c yd. 18c goods for 12c yd. 25c and 35c materials for 18c yd.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Shurtleff returned Tuesday morning from their trip thru the West, both being greatly pleased with the country.

Having sold my milk business Carl Thorworth I desire an early settlement of all outstanding accounts which are payable to me only. A. W. STOTT.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Johnson and Mrs. Smith of Chicago left this week for an outing at Ghost Lake, Wis. Mrs. Smith is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Johnson.

Mr. and Mrs. Fuller arrived here from Byron, Minn., this week and are stopping at the home of Mrs. Fuller's sister, Mrs. E. J. Buss. Mr. Fuller will locate in Rockford.

Miss Hazel Harsham was the winner of the beauty contest at the Buss studio, in which young ladies between the ages of 10 and 16 were entered. Misses Winnifred Adams and Sarah Carb were tied for second prize.

New fall goods at Olmsted's. White waist sale on at F. W. Olmsted's.

Wm. Ritter is entertaining his father from Chicago.

Indiana Block coal for threshing. Jackman & Son.

D. S. Lord transacted business at the county seat Tuesday.

Mrs. S. S. Slater and daughters were Elgin visitors Tuesday.

Mrs. H. F. Stout is entertaining her mother, from Decatur, Ill.

Carl Schwarz and Chas. Nelson are visiting in Chicago this week.

Superintendent Coulon of the Thompson Piano Co., was here Tuesday.

Miss J. Saunders of Chicago was the guest of Miss Irene May last week.

The Royal Neighbors will meet with Mrs. W. H. Sager, Wednesday, August 21, 1907.

Mrs. Delia Totten is entertaining her grand daughter, Georgia Totten, of Michigan.

Miss Claire Drake returned on Saturday after a few weeks' visit with her sister in Iowa.

Cole Green of Williamsport, Pa., visited his mother, Mrs. Kathryn Green, last week.

Mrs. Geo. DeWolf is entertaining her sister, Mrs. Peters, and niece, Miss Etta Smith, of Monroe, Wis.

Mrs. Ethel Geithman and son, Hester, are visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Brown.

J. E. Jenkins has returned from an outing of several weeks in Michigan, being greatly improved in health.

Albert Ermit of St. Louis was a guest at the home of his uncle, J. A. May, several days during the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Andersop have gone to Davenport, Iowa, for a week's visit with their son and other relatives.

The event of the season. A guaranteed attraction. "The Girl and the Stampede" at the opera house, Thursday evening, Aug. 22.

Why don't you deposit your money in the Farmers' State Bank and get interest for six months at the rate of 3 per cent per annum? Try it.

Old, mellow and thoroughly matured—it possesses every essential of a genuinely fine, Kentucky liquor—that's why I. W. Harper whiskey is the most popular. Sold by C. A. God.ng.

For sale—5 residences in Genoa, 160 acres raw land in McPherson county, S. D. and 410 acre improved farm in Brown county, S. D. W. H. Sager, Genoa, Ill. 41-tf

Men wanted for conductors and motormen. A few intelligent, industrious men wanted on road operating city and interurban lines. Address "R" care of the Republican-Journal. 2t

Dan Cliffe of Sycamore was in town last week posting advertising matter for the Sycamore Chautauqua. He left a number of programs at the Republican-Journal office which may be had for the asking.

We make a specialty of plumbing and absolutely guarantee material and workmanship. Perkins & Rosenfeld.

Ben White of Oklahoma, a former resident of Genoa, is here this week visiting his sisters, Mrs. Geo. Duffey and Mrs. Sturtevant.

The Girl and the Stampede, a western comedy. Up to date and stands superior to all. At the opera house, Thursday evening, Aug. 22.

Amory Hadsall, Minard Scott, Clarence Butcher and Henry Smith witnessed the automobile hill climbing contest at Algonquin last Friday.

The Eureka Electric factory is shut down this week for the annual inventory. Many of the employees have left town for the week's vacation.

A trip thru Russia and Siberia at opera house, Thursday evening, Oct. 31. Wait for it. Watch for particulars. Best thing ever booked for Genoa.

Here is a suggestion of value. Old dressers, tables or sideboards are most expensive looking after getting a coat of Perma-Lac. Buy it from S. S. Slater.

Night Police Wm. Watson is enjoying a vacation this week visiting friends at DeKalb and other places. S. Abraham is wearing the star in the meantime.

Mr. Geo. N. Sleight, principal of the Elgin Academy, will be in his office at the Academy to consult with prospective students beginning Saturday, August 17, until the opening of school.

The Girl and the Stampede is free from dullness. It awakens the dormant side of life and leaves the spectator with that feeling of gladness for having seen a play that is really good. At the opera house, Aug. 22.

The Woman's Home Missionary society will hold their next meeting on Tuesday afternoon, August 20, at the home of Mrs. W. H. Sager. Let every one who has a mite box bring it at this meeting. Secretary.

For sale—Two houses on Genoa street, one on East Main street and vacant lot in Oak Park addition on Main street. Houses all new and modern. Will be sold cheap for cash or on easy payments. JAS. J. HAMMOND. 37-tf

The Union Giants put it all over the Genoa White Sox last Saturday, the latter being no match for the dusky ball tossers. The score was something like 17 to 2. It was well worth the price of admission, however, to see and hear the coons in their coaching stunts.

A. C. Senska has installed a cement mixing machine at his block works west of town. With this machine two men can do in five minutes the work that would require a half hour of hard labor. The cement, sand and water are placed in separate hoppers and when the machine is under motion the preparation comes out mixed in any proportion desired.

Genoa was surely a dead one last Sunday. Those who did not attend campmeeting at Epworth Grove were seeking shady nooks at the river or keeping as quiet as possible in their own homes. It was the hottest day of the year and to be active meant to wilt completely.

John Corson lost a three year old colt one night last week in a peculiar manner. The animal got out of the barn and when reaching for a few whisks of hay in a hay wagon which stood in the yard the ladder fell, catching the colt's head in such a manner that it choked to death.

The Girl and the Stampede might be justly termed, "The Girl from the Golden West," as the scenes are laid in that same atmosphere, breathing that natural simplicity that wins and holds one's admiration. At the opera house. Don't forget the date. Thursday evening, Aug. 22.

Mrs. J. A. Patterson entertained a number of young people at six o'clock dinner, Wednesday evening, in honor of her niece, Miss Katherine Smith. Those present were Loyal Brown, Blanche Patterson, Zada Corson, Guy Brown, Floyd Stevens, Hazel Brown, Jessie Griggs, Earl Brown, John Corson, Katherine Smith and Guyla Corson.

Could Harriet Beecher Stowe have witnessed the production of Uncle Tom's Cabin at the tent Tuesday evening she would have renounced all claim to the story. Such acting was never seen in Genoa before. If there was a redeeming feature about the show at all, Topsy and little Eva might share some praise. For the others—they would all make better stake drivers than actors.

The train from the west on the Illinois Central which passes thru Genoa at eight o'clock in the evening will stop for the accommodation of those who wish to attend the chautauqua at Rockford, providing there are ten or more in the party. Those intending to go to Rockford next Sunday will please leave word at F. Olmsted's store so that arrangements can be made with the agent.

Man Zan Pile Remedy comes put up in a collapsible tube with nozzle. Easy to apply right where the soreness and inflammation exists. It relieves at once blind, bleeding, itching or protruding piles. Guaranteed. Sold by Geo. H. Hunt's drug store. Sep 1

New Plumbing Firm
We wish to announce that we have located in Genoa with headquarters at T. G. Sager's store. We make a specialty of high grade plumbing in all its branches. We would also be pleased to figure with you on heating, in steam, hot water or furnace systems. Have had years of experience and guarantee satisfaction. See our window display at T. G. Sager's and ask him about us.

PADDOCK, KENYON & MONTGOMERY
Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup acts gently upon the bowels and clears the whole system of coughs and colds. It promptly relieves inflammation of the throat and allay's irritation. Sold by Hunt's Pharmacy.

Another Contest
Mrs. E. J. Buss, the photographer, will inaugurate another beauty contest beginning Monday August 19. All children between the ages of 4 and 10 will be privileged to enter. Two weeks will be allowed for sittings, the contest to close on Monday, Sept. 2. Voting will take place from September 9 to 16. The same prizes and same conditions as in previous contests.

DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills are best for backache and weak kidneys. Sold by Hunt's Pharmacy.

A. C. Church Notice
Sunday school at 10:30 a. m. No services on Aug. 25. There will be no services August 18 and 25 as Mendota camp meeting is in session at this time.

HORACE HASKIN DEAD

WAS A RESIDENT OF GENOA TOWNSHIP 60 YEARS

FUNERAL KENDALL JACKMAN

Last Rites at the Cemetery Conducted by Masonic Fraternity of Which He Was a Member

(Continued from page one)

He was also interested in our public schools having served for years as one of the directors and treasurer of the school board. He was also township treasurer for many years and in all these positions the people found him upright and honest, especially by Genoa's older citizens, who knew him best. Mr. Jackman has been counted as one of our representative citizens.

He was a tender hearted man, kind to the poor, helpful to those in trouble and sorrow, genial among his friends, one who has done many acts of kindness when no human eye could see.

He was a member of the Genoa Masonic Lodge for about 47 years and was a member of same at the time of his death.

For several years past Mr. Jackman has been in feeble health but was still able to be about in his home and among his friends until about two months ago when he met with an accident, which for him advanced in years became more and more serious, until finally death ensued and he "passed in peace to his Father's and was buried in a good old age."

HORACE HASKINS
Horace Haskins died at the home of H. C. Haskins near Madison, Nebr., on Wednesday, Aug. 7, aged 86 years, 8 months and 20 days. The remains were brought to Sycamore August 9 and interred beside his wife at Charter Grove cemetery. The funeral services were held at Charter Grove church, Rev. Cattermole of Sycamore officiating.

Mr. Haskins was born at Henderson, New York, November 17, 1820. He was married March 11, 1841 to Miss Maria Beebe of Lorraine, New York. They moved to Illinois in 1844 and located on a farm in Genoa township near Charter Grove where they resided for sixty years. He moved to Nebraska about four years ago. Two daughters and one son survive him: Mrs. John Haines of Charter Grove, Mrs. Dan Beebe of Sycamore and H. C. Haskins of Madison, Nebr. There are 15 grand children and 14 great grandchildren.

Mr. Haskins' wife died in 1895. He was a great sufferer for the last six months from the effects of kidney trouble. By hard work and frugality he accumulated a large property.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers don't sicken or gripe. Small pills, easy to take. Sold by Hunt's Pharmacy.

M. E. Church Notes
Services at the regular hours at the Genoa church next Sunday.

Rev. Ream will preach at Charter Grove next Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Choir rehearsal will be held Saturday evening at 7:45.

Rev. Glassburn will preach at Ney next Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

"God's Care for the Young" will be the topic for the Epworth League service next Sunday evening at 6:30. Miss Julia Bowers will lead the meeting. The singing will be full of enthusiasm and the scripture study very interesting.

Next week Thursday evening, Aug. 22, after the prayer meeting a very important meeting of the official board will be held in the church parlors. All officials of the church are urged to be present.

The bites and stings of insects, sunburn, cuts, burns and bruises relieved at once with Pinesalve Carbollized. Acts like a poultice. Draws out inflammation. Try it. Price 25c. Sold by Geo. H. Hunt's drug store. Sep 1

John Lembke

will have
Announcement
of particular interest
to Careful Buyers
in this space
Next Week.
Watch for it!

The Fetish of Thoroughness. A perfect housekeeper may not be a real homemaker. Her kitchen and bedrooms may be spotless and her dinners fit for an epicure; but if she never has an hour for reading, or leisure to play with her children or to talk with her husband, she is a failure as wife and mother.

The American Tourist. Every summer Americans overrun Europe in numbers "never equaled before." And every summer European newspapers, especially the English, discover that the American tourist is bad-mannered, that the father of the family chews cigars, that the mother is uneducated, and the daughter loud-voiced.

It is evident that there is no anti-American feeling in the royal family of Japan. A Japanese farmer has purchased a collection of American cows which will be taken to the orient to furnish milk for the use of the sovereign and his household.

A parachute aeronaut dropped from a balloon into a river at Middletown, N. Y., and was married a few minutes after she had been got ashore, according to the advertised program.

TRYING TO MAKE HARRIMAN ANSWER

GOVERNMENT BEGINS PROCEEDINGS TO FORCE REPLIES TO QUESTIONS.

Kahn Also Is Involved—Facts Relating to Control of the Chicago & Alton Sought from the Magnate and Banker.

New York, Aug. 13.—United States District Attorney Stimson Monday filed in the United States circuit court in this city a petition that E. H. Harriman and Otto H. Kahn, the latter of the firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., be summoned into court to show cause why they should not answer certain questions relating to the control of the Chicago & Alton railroad.

These questions were asked during the interstate commerce commission's investigation of the Chicago & Alton several months ago. Mr. Stimson acted for Attorney General Bonaparte in filing the petition.

Harriman Wouldn't Answer.

In 1904 the Union Pacific purchased 103,431 shares of Alton stock through Kuhn, Loeb & Co. at 87 1/2%. The stock was deposited with the bankers with the understanding that it was to be sold to the Union Pacific at a price to be made by a committee composed of Mr. Harriman, John A. Stewart and John J. Mitchell.

What Kahn Wouldn't Tell.

The questions which Mr. Kahn refused to answer had to do with the connection of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. with the purchase of stock in the Chicago & Alton and the Illinois Central and what portion of the stock so purchased was for the directors of the Union Pacific.

FATAL RIOTS IN BELFAST.

One Killed and Many Wounded by the Soldiers.

Belfast, Aug. 13.—Serious and fatal disorders occurred here again Monday evening. The troops fired into the crowd and a woman and a man were shot dead and a number of others were seriously wounded.

The conflict between the soldiers and the rioters took place in the vicinity of the constabulary barracks in the Cullingtree road. The trouble became acute about six o'clock when a mob of men and women attacked a police inspector. Soldiers were at once summoned to the scene, but they were met by a hail of paving stones which resulted in emptying some of the saddles.

The riot act was read, but the mad-dened mob refused to disperse and kept up a terrific fusillade of stones, broken bottles and brickbats against the police and the military. Bayonet and baton charges failed to rout the frenzied rioters and ultimately the order to fire was given.

GRAIN ELEVATOR BURNED.

Explosion of Boiler in Omaha Causes Great Damage.

Omaha, Neb., Aug. 13.—The east end of the ten-story elevator of Morland & Humquist at Sixteenth and Nicholas streets was blown out by the explosion of a boiler in the basement of the building late Monday afternoon. The elevator was full of grain, which probably will be a total loss.

No person was in the wrecked portion of the building when the explosion occurred and no one was injured. The damage will be heavy.

CAID MACLEAN SET FREE.

Raisuli Hands Him to Elkmes Tribe, Who Release Him.

Tangier, Aug. 13.—Caid Sir Harry MacLean has been handed over by his captor, the bandit Raisuli, to the Elkmes tribe, who in their turn set him at liberty.

Act Against Jap Poachers.

San Francisco, Aug. 13.—Private advices received from the cruiser Buffalo, which left here two weeks ago, state that it steamed away from the navy yard last week under telegraphic orders from Washington to protect American interests at Pribiloff island from the poaching depredations of the Japanese, which have been persistently carried on of late.

UNCLE SAM CONSIDERS THE SHOW BUSINESS.



ALL OPERATORS OUT IN NEW YORK

STRIKE EXTENDED TO MANY OTHER CITIES IN THE EASTERN STATES.

Montreal Men Quit in Sympathy—Associated Press Telegraphers Leave Their Keys—Gompers Promises Support of Federation of Labor.

Chicago, Aug. 13.—Walk-out of operators of the Western Union company and Postal company in New York was the chief development of Monday in the spread of the telegraphers' strike. The men in the eastern metropolises left their keys without orders of the union officials, but the latter will give support to the action.

Later in the day the Postal and Western Union operators in Philadelphia, those of both companies in Cleveland, Baltimore and Washington quit work.

Associated Press Men Quit.

Many of the telegraph operators employed throughout the country by the Associated Press went out on strike Monday evening. All of the night operators in the New York and Chicago offices quit.

Several of the large brokerage houses yielded to the demands of their operators and averted a strike, in others the men left their keys early in the day.

Backed by Federation.

President Samuel Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, arrived in Chicago Monday and held a long conference with other labor leaders. He and all the others declared that the federation would support the strikers. Mr. Gompers said:

"As to the merits of the operators' strike I know nothing. But the action has had the sanction of their executive committee and national officers and that removes from the scope of the inquiry any investigation into its merits.

"We assume that an affiliated organization which has legalized a strike has a just grievance and, adhering to labor union principles, we are determined to give the operators our fullest support."

These Now Strike-Bound.

The following cities, aside from Chicago, are now strike-bound: Memphis, Minneapolis, Oklahoma City, Dallas, New Orleans, Topeka, Pueblo, St. Paul, Knoxville, Sioux City, Meridian, Miss., Birmingham, Salt Lake City, Colorado Springs, El Paso, Little Rock, Ark., Galveston, Atlanta, Ga., Texarkana, Ark., Milwaukee, Houston, Tex., Sedalia, Mo., Columbus, O., St. Louis, Jackson, Miss., Augusta, Omaha, Council Bluffs, Helena, Kansas City, Los Angeles, Spokane, Butte, Denver, Charleston, S. C., Beaumont, Tex., Nashville, Tenn., New York, Fort Worth, Montgomery, Ala., Des Moines, Savannah, Cairo, Chattanooga, Detroit, Minneapolis, Montreal, Pittsburgh, Buffalo, Albany, Schenectady, Troy, Washington, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Jacksonville, Fla., Columbia and Charlotteville, S. C., Toledo, Cincinnati and Trenton.

Whole Country Involved.

Chicago, Aug. 12.—With Chicago as the center, the strike of the commercial telegraphers spread to nearly every section of the country Sunday. The strike fever seemed to run rampant, city following city in suffering isolation.

Chicago remains virtually isolated. Although a few leased wires are working and the Associated Press continue to furnish the newspapers with the regular day and night reports, so far as the public is concerned Chicago is all but off the map. Every branch telegraph office in the city remains closed and at the main offices of the

two companies there are only small and weakened forces.

Numerous meetings of the operators were held Sunday, one of the most important being that of the men employed by the Associated Press. They notified Manager Thomas Sunday evening that they would strike Monday at 7:30 p. m. unless they were granted more pay, an eight-hour day and one day off a week.

Similar demands were made on behalf of the operators employed by brokers and a reply demanded by 10 o'clock Monday morning.

Both the Western Union and Postal companies have announced that they will renege operators singly, but not as union or nonunion men.

Spreads Fast in West.

Chicago, Aug. 10.—The strike of telegraph operators, begun Thursday midnight in the Chicago offices of the Western Union company, spread rapidly Friday, tying up the local business of that corporation and practically putting out of service all its transcontinental lines.

At 6:15 o'clock Friday evening about 500 operators of the Postal Telegraph company left their wires and joined the strikers. Only ten employees remained in the main office and the company's 100 branch offices in the city were closed.

All but about a score of the 785 employees of the Western Union in this city quit their keys, and practically the entire forces walked out at Kansas City, Denver, Dallas, Fort Worth, Colorado Springs, Helena, El Paso and Salt Lake.

In New Orleans all the Postal Telegraph operators, numbering about 60, left their wires Friday night because an operator was suspended for refusal to work the Chicago wire. In the Western Union office there an operator was discharged for the same reason, but the union men did not make an issue of it because he was an extra man.

Exchanges Are Crippled.

The effect of the walkout of the operators in Chicago was apparent first on the board of trade and the stock exchange. The Western Union has the exclusive contract for handling the stock quotations between the exchanges of the country, and the failure of the company to summon sufficient loyal employees to handle the business put the brokers in a quandary. The firms which have leased wires, employing their own operators, handled all the information regarding the security markets in eastern cities that was available up to noon.

The Gold and Stock Ticker company, which is affiliated with the Western Union and operated the wires from the New York stock exchange, ceased to send the quotations.

A meeting of the grievance and executive committees of the union was held at one o'clock in the afternoon when the formal demands on the Western Union company were drawn up by presentation. These include the eight-hour day, a 25 per cent. increase in wages and recognition of the union.

Company Will Fight Hard.

New York, Aug. 10.—The Western Union Telegraph company will fight the strike of its operators in the western cities, in the east, or wherever the men may go out. It expects to win as it claims to have won in 1883. A strike among the 3,000 operators of Greater New York city is imminent, though the sentiment among the employees is said to be divided.

PASSENGER TRAIN WRECKED.

Engineer Is Killed and Fireman Fatally Injured.

Springfield, Mo., Aug. 12.—Passenger train No. 108, the fast Memphis-Kansas City train on the St. Louis & San Francisco railroad was wrecked near Mountain Grove, Mo., 70 miles from here, Sunday, resulting in the death of Engineer James McKenna, of this city, and fatal injuries to Fireman James Overland, of this city.

Three Burned by Gasoline Blast.

Pittsburg, Aug. 13.—Three men were burned, two probably fatally, by the explosion of a gasoline engine at Vandergriff, Pa. The victims were employees of the West Penn railroad. They were repairing the engine when the gasoline was ignited by a torch.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fifty-nine pounds of gold dust, valued at \$12,000, was stolen from a registered mail sack in Alaska.

H. S. Pugh, until recently telegraph editor of the Memphis News-Scimitar, was found dead in his room.

Three men were burned, two it is thought fatally, by an explosion of a gasoline engine at Vandergriff, Pa.

Lieut. Graetz of the Prussian army has essayed to cross the continent of Africa in an especially built automobile.

A census just completed shows that there are 50,000 persons in the Panama canal zone, only 20 per cent. of whom are white.

The Wyoming land board has thrown open 50,000 acres of irrigated land in the Eden valley in Sweetwater and Fremont counties.

George L. Seeberger, a Chicago dry goods merchant, died of wounds inflicted by two men who undertook to hold him up in his store.

Investigation into the affairs of Frank A. Warren, the missing insurance official of Middletown, Conn., reveals a shortage of \$9,000.

Miss Amy McMillan, daughter of the late Senator James McMillan, of Michigan, is to marry Sir John Lane Harrington, British minister to Abyssinia.

Seven persons were badly injured in accidents that marked the 24-hour international automobile endurance contest at the Brighton Beach race track.

Judge H. B. Short was arrested at Center, Tex., while holding court, on an indictment charging him with complicity in the murder of Dr. Mike Paul last fall.

Commander Peary postponed his expedition in search of the north pole until next year because of delay in putting new boilers in the steamer Roosevelt.

John J. Lane, political editor of the Chicago Inter Ocean and for years a well known newspaper man, fell dead in St. Louis as a result of the excessive heat.

John O'Grady, while walking on a New York street carrying his infant son, was beaten and nearly lynched by a mob of persons who thought he was a kidnaper.

Louis C. Bath, an insane patient who escaped from the asylum at Middletown, N. Y., has been captured through clues from souvenir postal cards he mailed.

New designs made by the late Augustus St. Gaudens have been accepted for the eagle, the double eagle and the cent piece. They involve radical changes in some instances.

One hundred independent bakeries in St. Louis will be taken over by the General Biscuit company, a new \$30,000,000 corporation formed in that city as a rival to the National Biscuit company.

As the result of a quarrel over an appointment which she claims her sweetheart failed to keep, Theresa Sullivan, of St. Louis, aged 22 years, is under arrest, charged with killing Michael Sanders.

N. Sture Mattson, son of ex-Gov. Mattson of Minnesota, after squandering an inheritance of \$1,000,000, turned tramp for years, but is now earning an honest living with a steam shovel gang in New York.

Counsel for Karl Han, formerly of Washington, D. C., under sentence of death at Karlsruhe, Germany, for the murder of his mother-in-law, Frau Molitor, have entered a motion to prosecute Olga Molitor, the deceased woman's daughter, for perjury.

WOMAN DIES BY POISON.

Pet Dog Licks Her Lips and Expires by Her Side.

Chicago, Aug. 13.—Mrs. Lena Mason, 35 years old, a widow, committed suicide Monday by swallowing poison in her flat at 2242 Wabash avenue. Her pet dog licked the poison-sprayed lips of its mistress and died at her side. The woman left behind a pathetic letter to her mother in which she mentioned a lover. The police are searching for a man named C. L. Delpeck.

THE MARKETS.

Table with market prices for various commodities like Live Stock, Flour, Corn, etc. Columns include item names and prices.

Professional Cards

C. H. MORDOFF M. D. Office and residence, south side of Main street. Office hours: 1 to 3 p. m., 6:30 to 8 p. m.

A. M. HILL, M. D. Office over Witt and Shork's jewelry store. Hours: 6:30 to 8 p. m., 12:30 to 2 p. m. Residence on East Main street. Calls promptly attended to day or night.

DR. T. N. AUSTIN Physician and Surgeon. Office over J. Lembke's store. Office hours: 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 2:30 p. m. and 6:30 to 8 p. m. X-ray laboratory in connection.

DR. E. A. ROBINSON Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence, corner Main and First Sts. Hours: 10:00 to 12:00 a. m. and 1:00 to 3:00 p. m. Calls promptly attended.

C. A. PATTERSON DENTIST. Office over Exchange Bank. Office hours: 8:30 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m.

G. W. MARKLEY, M. D. KINGSTON, ILL. OFFICE HOURS: 12 to 2 p. m., 6:30 to 8:30 p. m. Calls promptly attended to night and day.

Genoa Lodge No. 288 A. F. & A. M.

Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month. Geo. J. Patterson, W. M. W. M. Adams, Sec.

EVALINE LODGE NUMBER 344

Meets second Tuesday of each month in I. O. O. F. hall. Martin Malana, Perfect. Fannie M. Heed, Sec.

Genoa Lodge No. 163 M. W. A.

Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month. Visiting neighbors welcome. H. H. Vahlbreust, Ven. Consul. E. H. Browne, Clerk.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS

Meets every Monday evening in I. O. O. F. hall. JAS. SPENCE, N. G. J. W. SOWERS, Sec.

LIVERY AND FEED STABLE

If you want a GENTLE HORSE and a CLEAN BUGGY call here, one block north of Main on Genoa street. Calls answered day or night.

R. GALLAGHER Phone 146

Having taken possession of the old Kellogg & Adams stand, I have put in a complete new livery outfit, consisting of new harness, good buggies of all kinds and reliable, trusty horses which will be let at reasonable rates, with or without drivers. Try one of our turnouts. We can please you.

10 CENT FEED BARN

Your horse is your best friend. When you drive to Genoa put the horse up at our barn where it will be out of the cold and cared for. It only costs ten cents to drive in and hitch.

THE SYCAMORE BUS LINE

Bus leaves Genoa every week day at nine o'clock, returning leave Sycamore at 4 p. m. Leave orders at the stable.

L. ROBINSON PHONE 23

NEAT

Livery and Sale Stable. Having increased my stock with good, gentle horses,

CLEAN

new buggies and harness, I am prepared to furnish the public with

UP TO DATE RIGS

Busses and carriages for weddings, parties and funerals.

W. W. Cooper Phone 68

Exchange Bank of Brown & Brown

Genoa, Illinois

Does a General Banking business.

Sells Foreign and Domestic money orders.

Allows interest on time deposits and savings accounts at the rate of 3 per cent per annum. Interest on savings accounts computed every six months.

\$1.00 will open a savings account and get you a beautiful pocket

Savings Bank. Call and see about it

The Republican-Journal line of Calendars

Better than many, Excelled by none.

RAILWAY TIME CARD

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RY.

Table with railway time card information for various routes and times.

NEW LIVERY

Having taken possession of the old Kellogg & Adams stand, I have put in a complete new livery outfit, consisting of new harness, good buggies of all kinds and reliable, trusty horses which will be let at reasonable rates, with or without drivers. Try one of our turnouts. We can please you.

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THE SYCAMORE BUS LINE

Bus leaves Genoa every week day at nine o'clock, returning leave Sycamore at 4 p. m. Leave orders at the stable.

L. ROBINSON PHONE 23

THE PLUM TREE

BY DAVID GR. HAM PHILLIPS

AUTHOR OF THE COST, THE DELUGE, ETC.

CHAPTER IV.—Continued.

Ed was looking at me in dazed admiration. "Then," I went on, "there are the retail merchants of Fredonia. Has it ever occurred to them, in their excitement in favor of this road, that it'll ruin them? Where will the shopping be done if the women can get to Chicago in two hours and a half?"

"You're right, you're right!" exclaimed Ed, rising to pace the floor in his agitation. "Bully for you, Harvey! We'll show the people that the road'll ruin the town morally and financially."

"But you must come out in favor of it," said I. "We mustn't give Dunkirk the argument that you're fighting it because you'd be injured by it. No, you must be hot for the road. Perhaps you might give out that you were considering selling your property on the lake front to a company that was going to change it into a brewery and huge pleasure park. As the lake's only a few hundred yards wide, with the town along one bank and your place along the other why, I think that'd rouse the people to their peril."

"That's the kind of fire to fight the devil with," said he, laughing. "I don't think Mr. Senator Dunkirk will get the consent of Fredonia."

"But there's the legislature," said I. His face fell. "I'm afraid he'll do us in the end, old man."

I thought not, but I only said: "Well, we've got until next winter—if we can beat him here."

Ed insisted that I must stay on and help him at the delicate task of reversing the current of Fredonia sentiment. My share of the work was important enough, but, as it was confined entirely to making suggestions, it took little of my time. I had no leisure however, for there was Carlotta to look after.

When it was all over and she had told Ed and he had shaken hands with her and had kissed me and had otherwise shown the chaotic condition of his mind, and she and I were alone again, she said: "How did it happen? I don't remember that you really proposed to me. Yet we certainly are engaged."

"We certainly are," said I, "and that's the essential point, isn't it?"

"Yes," she admitted, "but—" and she looked mystified.

"We drifted," I suggested. She glanced at me with a smile that was an enigma. "Yes—we just drifted. Why do you look at me so queerly?"

"I was just going to ask you that same question," said I, by way of evasion. Then we both fell to thinking, and after a long time she roused herself to say: "But we shall be very happy. I am so fond of you. And you are going to be a great man and you do so look it even if you aren't tall and fair, as I always thought the man I married would be. Don't look at me like that. Your eyes are strange enough when you are smiling; but when you—I often wonder what you're so sad about."

"Have you ever seen a grown person's face that wasn't sad in repose?" I asked, eager to shift from the particular to the general.

"A few idiots, or near idiots," she replied, with a laugh. Therefore we talked of the future and let the past sleep in its uncovered coffin.

CHAPTER V.

A Good Man and His Woes.

After Ed and I had carried the Fredonia election against Dunkirk's road, we went fishing with Roebuck in the northern Wisconsin woods. I had two weeks, two uninterrupted weeks, in which to impress myself upon him; besides, there was Ed, who related in tedious but effective detail, on the slightest provocation, the achievements that had made him my devoted admirer. So when, I went to visit Roebuck in June, at his house near Chicago, he was ready to listen to me in proper spirit.

I soon drew him on to tell of his troubles with Dunkirk—how the senator was gouging him and every big corporation doing business in the state. "I've been loyal to the party for 40 years," said he bitterly, "yet, if I had been on the other side it couldn't cost me more to do business. I have to pay enough here, heaven knows. But it costs me more in your state—with your man Dunkirk." His white face grew pink with anger. "It's monstrous! Yet you should have heard him address my Sunday school scholars at the last annual outing I gave them. What an evidence of the power of religion it is that such wretches as he pays the tribute of hypocrisy to it!"

His business and his religion were Roebuck's two absorbing passions—religion rapidly predominating as he drew farther away from 60.

"Why do you endure his blackmailing, Mr. Roebuck?" I asked. "He is growing steadily worse."

"He's certainly more rapacious

than ten years ago," Roebuck admitted. "Our virtues or our vices, whichever we give the stronger hold on us, become more marked as we approach judgment. When we finally go, we are prepared for the place that has been prepared for us."

"But why do you put up with his impudence?"

"What can we do? He has political power and is our only protection against the people. They have been inflamed with absurd notions about their rights. They are filled with envy and suspicion of the rich. They have passed laws to hamper us in developing the country and want to pass more and worse laws. So we must either go out of business and let the talents God has given us lie idle in a napkin, or pay the Dunkirks to prevent the people from having their ignorant wicked way, and destroying us and themselves. For how would they get work if we didn't provide it for them?"

"A miserable makeshift system," said I, harkening back to Dunkirk and his blackmailing, for I was not just then in the mood to amuse myself with the contortions of Roebuck's flexible and fantastic "moral sense."

"I've been troubled in conscience a great deal, Harvey, about the morality of what we business men are

doing. I hope—indeed I feel—that we are justified in protecting our property in the only way open to us. The devil must be fought with fire, you know."

"How much did Dunkirk rob you of last year?" I asked.

"Nearly \$300,000," he said, and his expression suggested that each dollar had been separated from him with as great agony as if it had been so much flesh pinched from his body. "There was Dominick, besides, and a lot of infamous strike-bills to be quieted. It cost \$500,000 in all—in your state alone. And we didn't ask a single bit of new legislation. All the money was paid just to escape persecution under those alleged laws! Yet they call this a free country! When I think of the martyrdom—yes, the mental and moral martyrdom, of the men who have made this country—What are the few millions a man may amass in compensation for what he has to endure? Why, Sayer, I've not the slightest doubt you could find well-meaning, yes, really honest, God-fearing people, who would tell you I am a scoundrel! I have read sermons, delivered from pulpits against me! Sermons from pulpits!"

"I have thought out a plan," said I, after a moment's silence and shocked contemplation of this deplorable state of affairs, "a plan to end Dunkirk and cheapen the cost of practical business."

At "cheapen the cost" his big ears twitched as if they had been tickled.

"You can't expect to get what you need for nothing," I continued, "on the present state of public opinion. But I'm sure I could reduce expenses by half—at least half."

I had his undivided attention.

"It is patently absurd," I went on, "that you who finance politics and keep in funds those fellows of both machines should let them treat you as if you were their servants. Why don't you put them in their place, servants at servants' wages?"

"What do you propose?" he asked; and I could see that his acute business mind was ready to pounce upon my scheme and search it hopefully if mercifully.

"A secret absolutely secret, combine of a dozen of the big corporations of my state—those that make the bulk of the political business—the combine to me under the management of some man whom they trust and whose interests are business, not political," said Roebuck.

"I knew that he would point first and straight at that phase of my scheme, no matter how subtly I might disguise it. So I had pushed it into his face and had all but pointed at it myself so that I might explain it away. "Power?" said I. "How do you make that out? Any member of the combine that is dissatisfied can withdraw at any time and go back to the old way of doing business. Besides, the manager won't dare appear in it at all, he'll have to hide himself from the people and from the politicians, behind some popular figurehead. There's another advantage that mustn't be overlooked. Dunkirk and these other demagogues who bleed you are inflaming public sentiment more and more against big corporations—that's their way of fighting you into yielding to their demands. Under the new plan their demagogues would cease. Don't you think it's high time for the leaders of commerce and industry to combine intelligently against demagoguery? Don't you think they have cringed before it and have financed and fostered it too long?"

This argument which I had reserved for the last, had all the effect I anticipated. He sat rubbing his broad, bald forehead, twisting his white whiskers and muttering to himself. Presently he asked: "When are you and Lottie Ramsay going to be married?"

"In the fall," said I. "In about three months."

"Well we'll talk it over again—after you are married and settled. If you had the substantial interests to give you the steadiness and ballast, I think you'd be the man for your scheme. Yes, something—some such thing as you suggest—must be done to stop the poisoning of public opinion against the country's best and strongest men. The political department of the business interests ought to be thoroughly organized as the other departments are. Come to me again after you're married."

I saw that his mind was fixed, that he would be unable to trust me until I was of his class, of the aristocracy of corpulent corporate persons. I went away, much downcast; but two weeks afterward he telegraphed for me, and when I came he at once brought up the subject of the combine.

"Go ahead with it," he said. "I've been thinking it over and talking it over. We shall need only nine others besides myself and you. You represent the Ramsay interest."

He equipped me with the necessary letters of introduction and sent me forth on a tour of my own state. When it was ended, my "combine" was formed. And I was the combine—master of this political blind pool. I had taken the first, the hardest step, toward the realization of my dream of real political power—to become an unbossed boss, not the agent and servant of plutocracy or partizanship, but using both to further my own purposes and plans.

I had thus laid out for myself the difficult feat of controlling two fiery steeds. Difficult, but not impossible, if I should develop skill as a driver—for the skillful driver has a hand so light that his horses fancy they are going their own road at their own gait.

CHAPTER VI.

Miss Ramsay Revolts.

The last remark Roebuck had made to me—on his doorstep, as I was starting on my mission—was: "Can't you and Lottie hurry up that marriage of yours? You ought to get it over and out of the way." When I returned home with my mission accomplished, the first remark my mother made after our greeting was: "Harvey, I wish you and Lottie were going to marry a little sooner."

A note in her voice made me look swiftly at her, and then, without a word, I was on my knees, my face in her lap, and she was stroking my head. "I feel that I'm going to—to your father, dear," she said.

I heard and I thought I realized; but I did not. Who, feeling upon him the living hand of love, was ever able to imagine that hand other than alive? But her look of illness, of utter exhaustion—that I understood and suffered for. "You must rest," said I; "you must sit quiet and be waited on until you are strong again."

"Yes, I will rest," she answered, "as soon as my boy is settled."

That very day I wrote Carlotta telling her about my mother's health and asking her to change the date of our wedding to the first week in August, then just under a month away. She telegraphed me to come and talk it over.

She was at the station in her phaeton to meet me. We had not driven far before I felt and saw that she was intensely irritated against me. As I unbosomed my mind of my anxieties about mother, she listened coldly. And I had to wait a long time before I got her answer in a strained voice and with averted eyes: "Of course, I'm sorry your mother isn't well, but I can't get ready that soon."

It was not her words that exasperated me; the lightning of speech from the storm-clouds of anger to clear the air. It was her expression.

Never have I known anyone who could concentrate into brows and eyes and chin and lips more of that sullen and aggressive obstinacy which is the climax of provocation. Patience, in thought at least, with refusal has not been one of my virtues. This refusal of hers, this denial of happiness to one who had deserved so much and had received so little, set temper to working in me like a quick poison. But I was silent, not so much from prudence as from inability to find adequate words.

"I can't do it," repeated Carlotta, "and I won't." She made it clear that she meant the "won't"—that she was bent upon a quarrel.

But in my struggle to train those stanchest of servants and maddest of masters, the passions, I had got to least far enough away to choose both the time and the ground of a quarrel. So I said: "Very well, Carlotta. Then, that is settled." And with an air sufficiently deceptive to pass muster before angry eyes, I proceeded to talk of indifferent matters.

As I sat beside her, my temper glowing in the straining leash, I revolved her conduct and tried to puzzle out its meaning. It is clear, thought I, that she does not care for me as people about to marry usually profess to care. Then, does she wish to break the engagement?

That tamed my anger instantly. (TO BE CONTINUED.)

Didn't Want to Make Trouble.

When Bobbie went to see his grandmother he was much interested in whatever went on in the kitchen. One day she said to him: "I'm going to make you a nice little pie in a saucer, all for yourself. Don't you think I'm pretty good to take so much trouble?" Bobbie pondered. "Grandma," he said at length, "mother told me not to be a bother, and if it's going to be any trouble you can just as well make my pie regular size."—Harper's

Illinois State News

Recent Happenings of Interest in the Various Cities and Towns.

ITALIANS SEEK TO MURDER.

Mob of Section Hands Attempts Life of Roadmaster.

Murphysboro.—Twenty-five Italians, employed on an extra gang on the Iron Mountain railroad, terrorized the village of Fordyce, ten miles west of here, in an attempt to kill Roadmaster Carry, of the Illinois division.

With knives drawn, the Italians rushed upon the roadmaster and the foreman of the gang, John House, when Carry refused them transportation to St. Louis, after they had been discharged by House.

Carry took refuge in a saloon conducted by Richard Siebert and was followed closely by the Italians. The first man to enter the place was knocked down by Siebert, but in an instant he was overpowered and the men rushed after Carry. The chase continued through the village and Mayor Crain telephoned to Sheriff Hanson, of this city for aid.

The mayor and almost the entire male population of Fordyce then went to Carry's assistance and stayed the mob by surrounding it with armed men. Seventeen of the gang were arrested, but the remainder fled to the woods.

GASTMAN FUNERAL HELD.

Body of Former Superintendent of Schools of Decatur Laid to Rest.

Decatur.—The funeral of Enoch A. Gastman, former superintendent of the Decatur public schools and president of the state board of education, was held August 6.

The services were simple, in accordance with the expressed desire of Mr. Gastman a few months previous to his death. There was a score or more prominent educators from all over the state present, representing practically every educational institution in the state.

Will Meet at Decatur.

Decatur.—The pastor of the church having resigned, members of the Baptist church of Taylorville have asked the members of the First Baptist church of this city to prepare for the annual meeting of the Springfield district Baptist association, which was to have been held in Taylorville. The request was granted and the delegates will convene in Decatur September 4-5. There are 20 churches in the district, the largest cities represented being Springfield, Taylorville, Morrisonville, Pana and Shelbyville.

Fans Mob Physician.

Peoria.—A phalanx of deputy sheriffs and police rescued Dr. Smith and Dr. Dougherty, of Chillicothe, Ill., from a mob of infuriated fans at the entrance of the ball grounds here. Both physicians were in an auto. They had accidentally run down a boy on a bicycle, not injuring the lad but smashing his wheel. The two physicians were severely bruised before being rescued by the officers who charged the crowd.

Shock Caused Death.

Marshall.—Fright at injuries sustained by Bridget Bray, an old family servant, and shock at her own narrow escape from falling down a stairway, caused the death of Mrs. Eleanor Brown, widow of a banker and one of the richest persons in eastern Illinois. The servant leaped forward when she saw her mistress about to fall. She saved Mrs. Brown, but fell herself. Her leg was broken and she was internally injured. A few minutes later Mrs. Brown suddenly expired.

Wild Man Escapes Captors.

Carmi.—Living with a herd of cattle and subsisting on grass and herbs, a wild man was found south of this city in Herald's Prairie township. He was captured by a posse of farmers. The man was nearly destitute of clothing and talked in strange gibberish. The men brought him to this city and were preparing to turn him over to the authorities when he leaped from the buggy in which he had been held prisoner and escaped. All efforts to recapture him proved fruitless.

Will Enforce Auto Law.

Decatur.—There are three or four auto owners in Decatur, who have not yet conformed with the new state automobile law in regard to the numbers on the two front lamps of the machine. Those that have not their machines properly numbered will be liable to a fine of \$25 for the first offense and double that amount for the second offense.

New Motor Boat is Wonder.

Peoria.—The hydrocruiser, the new motor boat invention of C. A. Manker, of Pearl, Ill., made a speed of 35 miles an hour in a test run on the Illinois river. The hull, and not the engine power, is responsible for the speed, according to the inventor. The submerged portion is wider and narrows gradually to an apex at the stern, where it is of greatest draft. The sides are slightly convex. Instead of plowing into the water at high speed the boat has a tendency to skim over the surface.

BRYAN AT AURORA ASSEMBLY.

Eschews Politics and Talks of "Old World and Its Ways."

Aurora.—William J. Bryan opened the fifth annual chautauqua assembly, speaking before an audience of 4,000 people. He did not touch on politics, but told his listeners about "The Old World and Its Ways." During his stay he was the guest of Dr. W. A. Mathews, pastor of the Park Place Baptist church, an old acquaintance.

Masonic Grand Chaplain.

Rev. William White Wilson, who has been installed as grand chaplain of the Illinois grand lodge of Masons,



is a well-known clergyman, who for several years has been rector of St. Mark's Episcopal church at Thirty-sixth street and Cottage Grove avenue, Chicago.

VOLIVA QUILTS IN A HUFF.

New Leader of Zion Decides to Leave the Colony With Following.

Chicago.—Refused the granting of his petition that he be appointed by Judge Landis of the United States district court a co-receiver with John C. Hatley, now in charge of the Zion City property, and unheeded in his protests against the sale of the Zion lace industries, Overseer Voliva, who usurped the place of John Alexander Dowie, has asserted his defiance of the forces organized against him and declared that he would abandon Zion City to establish a colony of his own elsewhere.

Improving Chicago Park System.

Chicago.—Chicago's park system of the South and North sides is undergoing as extensive improvements as mark that of the West side, and it is declared by experts that when all the plans of the three park boards have been carried into effect this city will have a chain of parks unequalled by any municipality in the United States. The South Park board is going ahead with the work of park rehabilitation and extension begun four years ago, while it has plans for the future which are elaborate in the extreme. Over \$3,000,000 already has been spent by the South Park commissioners and the projects under consideration call for several more millions.

Was St. Gaudens' Aid.

Decatur.—Miss Frances Grimes of this city, daughter of Dr. Ellen F. Grimes, was the helper of Augustus St. Gaudens, the great sculptor of Cornish, N. H., who died recently. Miss Grimes had been his assistant four or five years. While he was sick, the work in the great master's art room progressed just the same. Miss Grimes carried out the designs of the great sculptor under his direction. She was the last to be under St. Gaudens' personal direction. Those who knew Mr. St. Gaudens recognized the importance in the art world of his coworker, and the two have turned out some noted works of art.

Interurban Route Approved.

Champaign.—General Manager E. E. Fischer and Land Commissioner J. E. Berry of the Illinois Traction system, have made a trip over the route of the system which the company proposes to run out of Lincoln in the direction of Mackinaw. Both men stated that they were well pleased with the progress of the road and the site selected for the new line.

Shop Girl's "Yes" Wins Husband.

Elgin.—A unique romance will culminate August 18, when Annie Glickman of 170 Maxwell street, Chicago, will become the wife of Joseph Waltzman of Elgin. He is one of the city's best-known German Hebrews and is reputed to be rich. Waltzman fell in love with Miss Glickman a few weeks ago while making a purchase at a bargain counter in a Chicago department store where she is employed. During the conversation regarding purchase he asked her to marry him, and she unhesitatingly consented.

MOORS ATTACK THE CASABLANCA CAMP

TWICE REPULSED BY FRENCH SHIPS AND TROOPS WITH HEAVY LOSSES.

Warships Fire on Them—Reported Bombardment of Mazagan Not Confirmed—Muley Amin Approves Action of Europeans.

Casablanca, Aug. 10.—The Moors Thursday night renewed their attempt to invade Casablanca, but were repulsed with heavy losses by the fire from the warships. All the consulates here are now guarded by machine guns.

The total of the Moorish losses here is estimated at 2,000.

Attacks Twice Repulsed.

Tangier, Aug. 10.—News has been received here that Arab tribesmen, who had gathered from the surrounding country to the number of five or six hundred, swept down upon Gen. Drude's camp outside Casablanca Thursday afternoon. They were driven off with considerable loss. Later they renewed the attack and again were repulsed. The French troops are in splendid condition and spirits. The warships supported them during this attack by keeping up a steady shell fire on the horsemen.

When the French consul from Casablanca arrived here Friday he received a letter from Muley Amin, the military governor of Casablanca, officially approving the action of the French forces and asking the aid of France in inflicting punishment upon agitators.

The latest advices received here do not confirm the reported bombardment of Mazagan. Advices from Mogador, dated August 7, say everything was quiet there then and that no trouble was apprehended unless European complications resulted from the bombardment of Casablanca. Morocco city is quiet.

More About Bombardment.

Further particulars of the bombardment of Casablanca show that when Admiral Philibert's squadron arrived off that port the armored cruisers Conde and Gloire bombarded the outskirts of the city while the Jeanne D'Arc shelled the Arab quarter. So soon as the foreign legion landed the gates were battered down, the soldiers took possession of the ramparts and the streets were cleared by the infantry, with the use of rapid fire guns. The French warships Conde and Galilee are at Rabat and the Du Chayla is still at Mazagan. Admiral Philibert has issued a proclamation at both places warning the natives that the least act of hostility against Europeans will result in the towns being completely destroyed.

The sacking of Cape Juby occurred July 30. Preaching a Holy War. Paris, Aug. 9.—Special dispatches received here from Tangier represent the situation as being more alarming on the coast and in the interior. Caid Sale, the administrator of customs at Rabat, is said to be openly preaching a holy war among the Mussulmans, as a result of which the French consul has distributed arms to the Europeans.

In addition a fanatical priest named Maclannin, at the head of a horde of followers, is traveling through the Littoral inflaming the anti-foreign sentiment. Reports from Fez say that the advisers of the sultan are terrified and have not yet informed him of the gravity of the situation. Up to six o'clock Thursday evening the foreign office here had no confirmation of the reported bombardment of Mazagan.

TORNADO HITS LA CROSSE.

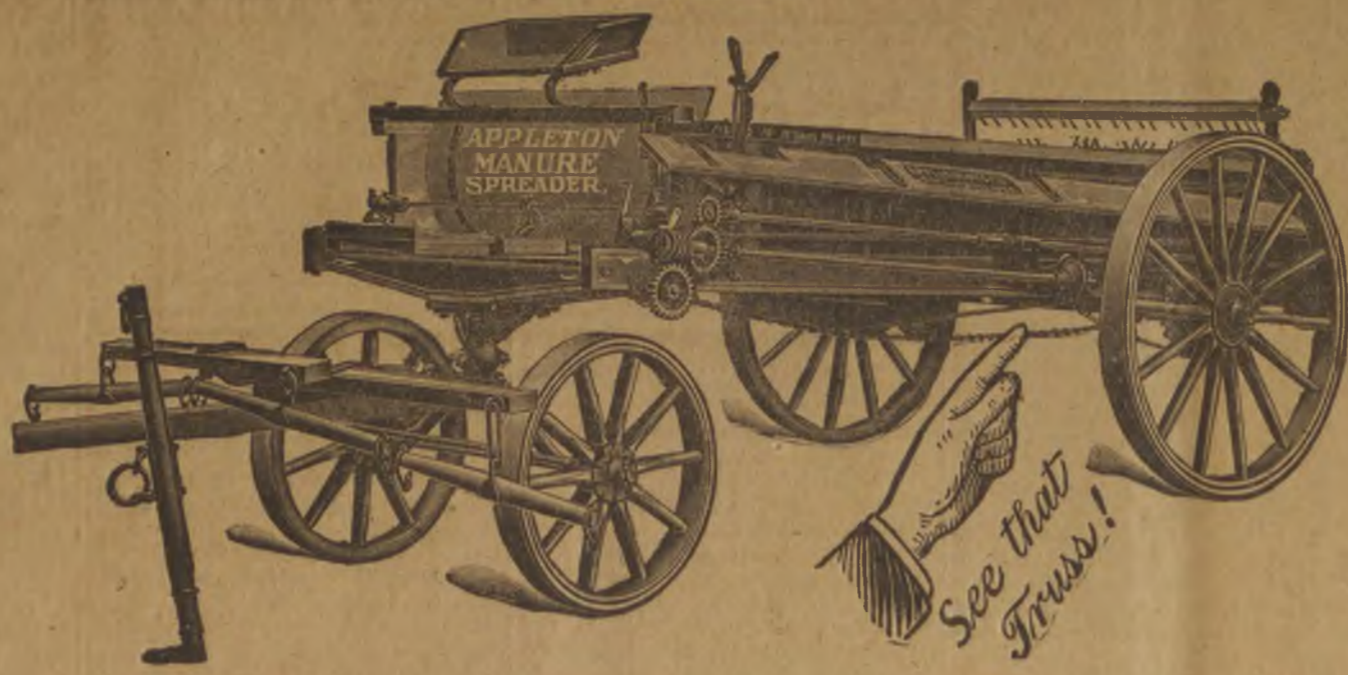
Great Damage is Done in the Wisconsin Town. La Crosse, Wis., Aug. 12.—The worst tornado ever experienced in La Crosse swept through the city at eight o'clock Sunday morning, and in 15 minutes had done an enormous amount of damage, so great, indeed, and widespread, that no accurate estimate of its extent can be made, but it will run into the tens of thousands of dollars in the city of La Crosse alone. The storm worked great havoc to factories, residences, churches and electric companies, and brought to earth thousands of the most beautiful shade trees, making the streets and walks in places impassable.

The day was fair and warm, with no prospect of weather disturbances, and hundreds of people were already upon the river for the day, or had gone into the country on picnic parties.

The greatest alarm was caused when the savage, twisting wind struck the water and the frail pleasure craft on it. In many cases the boats were swamped, the inmates being thrown into the water and obliged to swim to shore. In other cases, the occupants of the boats, unable to get to shore when because of the wind, abandoned them and, leaping into the water, swam ashore.

Jeremiah J. Hannigan Dies. St. Louis, Aug. 12.—Jeremiah J. Hannigan, former member of the house of delegates, who was the first delegate to be convicted and sentenced to the penitentiary for bootlegging, died Sunday. He had been an invalid for months and his death was believed to have been hastened through brooding.

The
Appleton
Spreader
Leads
Them
All.



WHY? Because of its simplicity, durability and working qualities. We have just received our second car load for this summer's sales. This speaks for the farmers' opinion. It is made at Batavia, Ill., hence repairs can be secured in one-half day. Don't buy a machine until you have inspected the "APPLETON."

J. H. UPLINGER, KINGSTON, ILLINOIS

KINGSTON NEWS

FRED P. SMITH, CORRESPONDENT

Mrs. R. Dunbar entertained a lady friend last week.

John Helsdon was a Chicago passenger last Saturday.

A. S. Gibbs and son, Roy, made a business trip to DeKalb last Wednesday.

Those of our people who were in Camp at Epworth Grove returned Monday.

C. A. Anderson and sister entertained their aunt and cousin of Batavia over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Daniels of Hampshire were guests of relatives over Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Jefferson Colvin and daughter, Vera, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ira Bicksler last Saturday.

C. W. Parker and daughter, Jessie, and F. W. Stark and daughter, Lois, were in Chicago last Saturday.

Mesdames B. F. Uplinger and O. W. Vickell accompanied by Mrs. Otto Swanson of Fairdale were shopping in Chicago Friday.

Mrs. I. A. McCollom went to Esmond last Wednesday, spending a few days with her daughter, Mrs. Alta Gross. Her grandson, Wyllys Gross, returned with her.

Miss Lizzie Sullivan, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Sullivan, was married to Thomas Blotchford of Shabbona on Wednesday of last week in Genoa. They came to Kingston after the ceremony and took the afternoon

passenger for a short honeymoon in Chicago.

L. C. Schaffer returned from Lake Preston, South Dakota last Friday.

Rev. and Mrs. C. H. Meyers entertained their son, Leo, over Sunday.

W. S. Weber and Jack Thurlby attended the show at Elgin Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Holcomb of Henrietta entertained their brother last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lapham of Ohio were guests of Mr. and Mrs. O. W. Vickell last Tuesday.

Mrs. Bert Rice and children of Fredonia, N. Y., are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Wilcox.

Mrs. Maggie Burton and daughter, Bessie, were guests of her brother-in-law, Chas. Burton, and wife this week.

Pierce Ort is improving the appearance of his house by having a large porch built. Mackey & Stuart did the carpenter work.

The threshing outfit owned by Chas. Aurner began threshing at Frank Lettow's. The one owned by Eli Brainard was started at Grant May's last week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Vandeburg are entertaining his nephew, Jefferson Vandeburg and wife, of San Fernando, California, and his niece, Mrs. Kennedy and her husband, of Talmage, Nebraska.

I. A. McCollom returned Monday from Lake Preston, South Dakota.

Mrs. Emma Tazewell came Monday evening to visit her son, Roy, and family.

Mesdames Maude O'Brien and Maye Pratt spent last Saturday afternoon in Genoa.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Burton and son, Sydney, spent last Saturday in Elgin with relatives.

John Dyer of Chicago was calling on friends and looking after his farm interests last week.

The Harmont family gave "Uncle Tom's Cabin to a good sized audience, Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Partlow and children of Belvidere were Sunday guests at the home of Ralph Quigley.

Mrs. Nessel and daughter, Esther, of Forest Park, Ill., were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Parker last week.

The Kingston hotel has been much improved in appearance by being newly painted. Will Sergeant and his help did the work.

Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Gibbs and son, William, of Chicago spent a few days last week with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Gibbs.

Mrs. Woodruff and daughter returned to their home in Rockford last Wednesday evening after a week's visit with her sister, Mrs. Frank Parker.

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Phelps entertained his father of Beverly, Ohio, last week. He is visiting his children at Garden Prairie and Herbert.

Ray, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. McClelland, has been very ill for the past two weeks with appendicitis. Dr. Carter of DeKalb and Dr. Markley gave him medical care.

Summer Diarrhoea in Children
During the hot weather of the summer months the first unnatural looseness of a child's bowels should have immediate attention, so as to check the disease before it becomes serious. All that is necessary is a few doses of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy followed by a dose of castor oil to cleanse the system. Rev. M. O. Stockland, Pastor of the M. E. church, Little Falls, Minn., writes: "We have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for several years and find it a very valuable remedy, especially for summer disorders in children." Sold by G. H. Hunt.

Farm for Sale or Rent
I offer for sale or rent my farm of 160 acres, located on Derby line, 3 miles from Genoa and one mile from Charter Grove. Good buildings, fences, well and cistern water. All land under plow. Inquire of M. Heine, one mile south of Genoa. Will sell on time if desired. 45-1f

Dades Little Liver Pills keep the system clean, the stomach sweet. Prompt relief for headache and biliousness. Good for all the family. Sold by Geo. H. Hunt's drug store. Sep 1

A RIVAL OF WHISTLER.

The Russian Wolkoff's Attempted Imitation of the Pastels.

One evening there was a convivial gathering of men from many different nations seated about a table in an open court of the Baner Grunwald, a well known Venetian restaurant. The conversation, I believe, was in English, and the subject of Whistler's pastels was brought up by one of his enthusiastic American admirers. A Russian named Wolkoff was flippant and depreciating, ridiculing them as works of art, jeeringly saying that he was willing to bet that he could make half a dozen pastels as good as Whistler's, and, if they were mixed with his, nobody could tell them apart. The American was surprised at this attitude and remarked:

"I'll bet a champagne dinner for all present that you can't."

"All right, I'll take your bet and prove what I say, but I will make one condition only, and it must be agreed upon by all present: I must be permitted to see Whistler's pastels before I begin."

"I will agree to that and arrange a day when you can see them."

All this was unknown to Whistler, who was innocent of the reason for the call of his Russian guest. He received him charmingly and showed him all his pastels. These he pinned on large cardboards, carefully, almost ceremoniously, and placed them before him upon a chair that served as an easel. This was the usual way he exhibited his pastels or etchings at home. The Russian was not heard from for six weeks. Then the committee in charge was informed that he could not go on because he found it impossible to purchase in Venice the peculiar brilliant pastels with which Whistler obtained his effects.

The American would not let him slip through in that way, so he managed to make it possible for his Russian friend to select numerous small pieces from Whistler's own pastel boxes. He selected all he wanted or thought he needed for the easy task of making a Whistler pastel and after this exceptional accommodation returned to his work, saying he would be ready for the jury in a week.

How or by whom the six jurors were selected I do not know, but I remember that two strangers, an Austrian and a Dutchman, were among them. Spain was represented by Martin Rico, England by Henry Woods, R. A., and America by Frank Duvencok and myself. By this time Whistler knew the wager. The jury met in a house on the Riva not far from the Casa Jankovitz, near enough for him to bring his pastels conveniently. The meeting was a very long room facing the lagoons. The American who had accepted the wager was not there. Wolkoff was at home, sick in bed. Whistler was in the darkest and farthest corner, with his back to the company and his pastels on a long table. I was selected to bring each exhibit from Whistler's hands and place it on a high backed chair.

It was an extraordinary position in which Whistler was placed and a veritable ordeal which he faced. He was serious and wore a troubled look, the truth being that he was nervous at the possibility that the jury might let one of the Russian's pastels slip by as one of his own. I am glad to say, however, that whenever a Wolkoff appeared it was instantly received with groans and shouts of "Take it away!" Not for one moment was there the least doubt or a dissenting voice.—Otto Bacher in Century.

Reduction on all oxfords at F. W. Olmsted's.

Riley Center

Threshing is in full blast. Oats are very light.

Mrs. Alva Ratfield and mother, Mrs. A. Couzen, are visiting in Elgin this week.

Several from here attended the circus at Elgin Saturday.

Ell. Mackey and family visited at the home of H. Corson, Sunday.

Mrs. Sarah Whiteman and daughter, Mrs. Fred Stockwell, were calling on friends here last week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Moore of Kingston were calling here Monday.

Miss Ruth Lind is entertaining company this week.

Miss Ida Nelson is here from Chicago this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Rudeen entertained company from Chicago last week.

Mrs. N. Brotzman is entertaining company from Chicago.

Mrs. J. Hall has returned from her visit at Lincoln, Ill.

"Make Hay While the Sun Shines," There is a lesson in the work of the thrifty farmer. He knows that the bright sunshine may last but a day and he prepares for the showers which are so liable to follow. So it should be with every household. Dysentery, diarrhoea and cholera morbus may attack some member of the home without warning. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which is the best known medicine for these diseases, should always be kept at hand, as immediate treatment is necessary, and delay may prove fatal. For sale by G. H. Hunt.

Another Illustrated Sermon
Next Sunday evening Rev. T. E. Ream will give the second of a series of illustrated sermons at the M. E. church. The topic will be: "The Land of the Incas" or "From Panama to Cape Horn."

This illustrated sermon will be one of the most interesting of the entire series, bringing the audience in sight of some of the most wonderful customs, religions and peoples on the face of the earth.

How's This
We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 18 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him. WALSING, KINMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. [Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.]

Special
Real Estate Bargains
Residence with 2 lots and crop on 4 lots, garden tools, good chicken houses, and well, all ready to use, \$700.00.

\$1,200.00 buys an 8-room house, in good condition.

\$2,500.00 buys a good residence property on Genoa street.

\$3,600.00 will buy fine residence with 4 acres of land.

All the above property is well located. D. S. BROWN at Exchange Bank, Genoa, Ill.

AN ORDINANCE

AMENDING ORDINANCE No. 106 Passed July 30, 1907. Approved July 30, 1907.

Be it ordained by the President and Board of Trustees of the Village of Genoa:

Section 1. That section 12 of Ordinance No 106, all owners or operators of vehicles, wagons or carts used for the purpose of sprinkling shall pay the following rates for water used from the Village dead end hydrants, to-wit: The sum of ten dollars (\$10.00) per season—shall be amended so as to read—The sum of ninety dollars (\$90.00) per season.

Section 2. All ordinances or parts of ordinances conflicting herewith are hereby repealed.

Section 3. This ordinance to be in effect from and after the date of its passage.

Section 4. This ordinance shall be known as ordinance 149.

W. M. ADAMS, Village Clerk pro tem.

JAS. J. HAMMOND, President Board of Trustees.

At this season we should eat sparingly and properly. We should also help the stomach as much as possible by the use of a little Kodol occasionally. Kodol for Indigestion and Dyspepsia will rest the stomach by actually digesting the food itself. Sold by Hunt's Pharmacy.

Shoe Factory Notes
Miss Emma Graby spent Sunday at Camp Epworth.

Miss Maud Downing started in the stitching room Monday.

Miss Emma Stoll was detained from work last week because of the sickness of her mother.

Rheba Dunn was on the sick list last week.

Miss Elsie Ferson spent Saturday and Sunday with Elgin friends.

Miss Ella Duval returned Monday from Camp Epworth where she spent a week attending camp-meeting.

Mr. Selz called at the shop Tuesday.

Frank Rebeck started work in the lasting room Tuesday.

Miss Hattie Hammond spent Saturday and Sunday at Camp Epworth.

Pineules are for the Kidneys and Bladder. They bring quick relief to backache, rheumatism, lumbago, tired worn out feeling. They produce natural action of the kidneys. 30 days' treatment \$1.00. Money refunded if Pineules are not satisfactory. Sold by Geo H. Hunt's drug store. Sep 1

Geo. Lauman of Woodstock spent Sunday here with his parents.

Kodol for Indigestion and Dyspepsia is a preparation of vegetable acids and contains the same juices found in a healthy stomach. It digests what you eat. Sold by Hunt's Pharmacy.

New Lebanon

Fred Benson of Wisconsin is visiting his friend, Harvey Peterson.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Nelson of Genoa spent Sunday with the latter's parents.

Herman Hartman went to Elgin on business Monday.

Mrs. John Schult was a Hampshire visitor Monday.

Those who attended the circus at Elgin, Saturday, were: Sam Coon, Arthur Hartman, Frank Tischbach, Mrs. L. Hartman and Mrs. C. Coon.

The Standards suffered defeat from the Genoa Cubs, Sunday, the score being 15 to 7. The Standards will play Burlington next Sunday at New Lebanon.

Summer coughs and colds yield at once to Bee's Laxative Cough Syrup, containing honey and tar but no opiates. Children like it. Its laxative qualities recommend it to mothers. Hoarseness, coughs croup yield quickly. Keep it on hand. Sold by G. H. Hunt's drug store. Sep 1

Russia and Siberia October 31. Keep the date in mind.

Administrator's Notice
Estate of Carrie Nutt Deceased.
The undersigned, having been appointed Administrator of the Estate of Carrie Nutt, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the County Court of DeKalb County, at the Court House in Swanton at the October Term, on the first Monday in October next, at which time all persons having claims against said Estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same considered. All persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned. Dated this 5th day of August, A. D. 1907. 45-1f RICHARD McCOLLUM, Administrator

Sour Stomach
No appetite, loss of strength, nervousness, headache, constipation, bad breath, general debility, sour risings, and catarrh of the stomach are all due to indigestion. Kodol relieves indigestion. This new discovery represents the natural juices of digestion as they exist in a healthy stomach, combined with the greatest known tonic and reconstructive properties. Kodol for dyspepsia does not only relieve indigestion and dyspepsia, but this famous remedy helps all stomach troubles by cleansing, purifying, sweetening and strengthening the mucous membranes lining the stomach.

Mr. S. S. Ball, of Ravenswood, W. Va., says— "I was troubled with sour stomach for twenty years. Kodol cured me and we are now using it in milk for baby."

Kodol Digests What You Eat.
Zotties only. Relieves indigestion, sour stomach, belching of gas, etc. Prepared by S. O. DEWITT & CO., CHICAGO. HUNT'S PHARMACY

PINEULES
30 DAYS' TREATMENT FOR \$1.00
Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

FOR ALL KIDNEY BLADDER TROUBLE, RHEUMATISM AND LUMBAGO
A dose at bed time usually relieves the most severe case before morning.

BACK-ACHE
PINEULE MEDICINE CO. CHICAGO, U. S. A. Hunt's Pharmacy.

Convalescents need a large amount of nourishment in easily digested form.

Scott's Emulsion is powerful nourishment—highly concentrated.

It makes bone, blood and muscle without putting any tax on the digestion.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND \$1.00.



THE
ELGIN ACADEMY
OF NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY
OPENS FOR ITS
52nd YEAR
Tuesday, Sep. 3, 1907

UNDENOMINATIONAL BY CHARTER, CHRISTIAN, CO-EDUCATIONAL
THE ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT offers instruction in Mathematics, Science, History, English, German, Latin, Greek, Elocution, Physical Culture and Mechanical Drawing.

THE BUSINESS COLLEGE DEPARTMENT—Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Business Arithmetic, Commercial Law, Shorthand and Typewriting, Filing, Manufacturing, Civil Service Subjects, etc. New and Most Modern Equipment just added. Superior Instruction.

THE PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT—Thorough Instruction in the Common Branches. Opportunity for Review.
PREPARATION for the Best Colleges, Business and Life. A LIVE SCHOOL WITH LIVE IDEALS. Athletics—All Instructors Specialists. Terms reasonable. Write for free catalogue and circulars to

GEORGE N. SLEIGHT,

Principal and Dean, ELGIN, ILL.