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Our Query and Reply Department



How does the British house of lords compare with the United States senate in size?

The senate consists of two from each state, ninety-six at present, while the house of lords consists of 4 princes of the blood, 2 archbishops, 22 dukes, 23 marquises, 125 earls, 35 viscounts, 24 bishops, 316 barons, 16 Scottish representative peers elected for each parliament and 28 Irish representative peers elected for life—in all 583 members.

Who was the author of "The Old Oaken Bucket?"

Samuel Woodworth, born in Massachusetts in 1785 and died in New York city in 1842. He was quite a popular poet in his day and published a volume of verse, but nothing has survived but "The Old Oaken Bucket." A competent critic says: "Woodworth's fine song, 'The Old Oaken Bucket,' which has embalmed in undying verse so many of the touching recollections of rural childhood, will preserve the more poetic form of oaks, together with the memory of the almost obsolete implement it celebrates, through all dialect changes as long as English shall be a spoken tongue."

How many times has Christmas come on Thursday in the last twenty years, and when will it next after 1913.

It did in 1890 and 1902 and will again in 1919.

Will you kindly give some information on model state prisons in the west?

The west is experimenting along modern lines in its prisons, and Colorado, Oregon and Arizona are apparently producing very good results with the honor system. The federal prison at Leavenworth, Kan., was looked upon as a model prison at the time of its construction.

A prison is soon to be built in Illinois on a novel circular plan. Another well appointed western prison is the Indiana state reformatory at Michigan City, and the Indiana state reformatory at Jeffersonville, Ind., is a good type of penal reformatory. Minnesota is also building an up to date state prison.

You might get full information regarding prisons in the west by writing to the secretaries of the various state governors at the capital cities.

What do the following countries possess in the way of armament in the air: Germany, Great Britain, France, Russia, Italy and Japan?

According to the latest figures obtainable, they have the following: Germany, 48 flying machines, 10 dirigibles; Great Britain, 29 flying machines, 6 dirigibles; France, 200 flying machines, 13 dirigibles; Russia, 117 flying machines, 9 dirigibles; Italy, 26 flying machines, 3 dirigibles; Japan, 14 flying machines, 2 dirigibles.

FREE TRADE FOR FARMERS?

They Say Not—Statistics Prove New Tariff Bill is not for them

Is the Underwood tariff law, which permits the free importations of grain from every country in the world, a better law than the last Republican tariff law? Hinebaugh says it is. Fuller denies that proposition and says that the present Democratic measure discriminates against the American farmer. In proof of this he refers to the fact that during the months of October, November and December 1912 and January 1913 there was imported into the United States, under the Republican tariff law, 258,679 bushels of corn; and during the same months a year later, under the Democratic tariff law, there were imported into the United States free of duty, 7,034,159 bushels of corn. In the same months under the Republican tariff law there were imported into the United States, 23,580 bushels of oats, and under the Democratic law, just a year later, for the same corresponding months, 16,194,145 bushels of oats. There were corresponding increases also in the importation of wheat, breadstuffs, potatoes, butter and cattle, while of eggs there were no importations reported

Does Shakespeare anywhere mention tobacco?

No.

What are bacteria, plants or animals? Bacteria are infinitely minute vegetable organisms, once called animalcules, but now better understood, which possess wonderful power of reproduction and have a wide range of important functions in the material world. They are also called microbes and bacilli, and scientists everywhere are studying them. They are plants, not animals, and are practically omnipresent, being found in earth, air and water.

Please state whether or not General Stoessel was executed for the surrender of Port Arthur. If not, please give names of men that were executed for this offense.

No person was executed for the surrender of Port Arthur. Largely in response to popular clamor General Stoessel was condemned to death, but was pardoned by the czar.

From what source do we get the idea that pansies are emblems of thought, and from what is the following: "Pansies—that's for thoughts?"

The English word pansy is a corruption of the French pensee, thought, from penser, to think, but that does not account for the connection of the flower with thoughts, which probably is arbitrary or sentimental. Another common name of the flower, heartsease, seems to carry the idea of tranquillity of mind or feeling, as if the flower was suggestive of pleasant thoughts. The English word pansy has the same root. "And there is pansies—that's for thought," is from Hamlet, act 4, scene 5. Shakespeare uses the word pansies once and heartsease two or three times. George Chapman, a contemporary poet with Shakespeare, has:

What flowers are these? The pansy this. Oh, that's for lovers' thoughts.

Please inform me if Will Carleton and Sam Walter Foss, verse writers, are still living?

Carleton died Dec. 18, 1912, and Foss Feb. 26, 1911.

Are the Japanese eligible to citizenship in California or any other state?

Section 2109 of the United States laws and statutes as amended in 1875 reads: "The provisions of this title [citizenship] shall apply to aliens being free white persons and to aliens of African nativity and to persons of African descent." This has been so construed by the courts that alien Japanese, being of the yellow race, are not eligible to citizenship in the United States. Another section expressly excludes alien Chinese from citizenship. Any person, however, no matter whether he is a Japanese or Chinese, is an American citizen if born in this country.

under the Republican law, when they were allowed to come in free of duty, there were in the four months mentioned, 2,885,561 dozen brought into this country from abroad. Whatever the faults of the Payne law it did not discriminate against the American farmer; it closed no factories, and it deprived no laboring man of the chance to make an honest living by honest toil.

HULLS ALFALFA SEED

B. C. Awe First in the County to Produce Seed of this Profitable Crop

Last week B. C. Awe hulled a small amount of alfalfa seed, it being the first seed produced in the county, of which is known. This seed was hulled from plants which withstood the severe winter two years ago. It will be remembered that most of the alfalfa in this part of the country was killed by the frost that winter. The plants which passed thru the season and lived naturally are to live in the future thru their seed. This small quantity of seed produced by Mr. Awe may be the nucleus for a large part of the county's alfalfa seed in the future, it having been proven that it is hardy and adapted to the climate.

Read the "Want Ad" column

A CHRISTMAS SHIP

Magnificent Charitable Act Fostered by the Chicago Herald

EVERYONE MAY HELP CAUSE

Genoa Woman's Club in Genoa will Collect Articles and Forward them to Proper Destination—"Do Unto Others"

Inasmuch as ye have done it unto the least of these, my brethren, ye have done it unto me."—St. Matthew, xxv 40.

On Sept. 5 the Chicago Herald printed an appeal addressed "To the Children of America."

It pictured the sufferings and unhappiness of the hundreds of thousands of war made orphans in Europe and asked American children the following question:

"If you could make Christmas happy for these unhappy thousands, you would, wouldn't you?"

It then outlined a plan by which American children could become Santa Clauses to the little unfortunates abroad, and announced that a Christmas ship would be sent to Europe with their gifts.

Response to the plea has been overwhelming. From every corner of the nation have come thousands of promises of support. As a result America has been turned into a vast workshop, the products of which will be happiness, love and a human service which knows no bounds of nation, race, religion or creed.

The Genoa Woman's Club are busily engaged working for the Christmas Ship and asked everyone to give something for it. The following are the things needed:

Mittens, sweaters, mufflers, muffs, furs, coats, suits, dresses, dress goods, hats and trimmings, shoes, caps, gloves, hoods, ear muffs, stockings, underwear, bath gowns, bedroom slippers, neckties, neck bows, ribbons, handkerchiefs, comfortors, blankets, household linen, sheets, pillow cases, pillow slips, towels, wash cloths, table linen, baby clothes, towels, aprons, sewing baskets, knitting needles, yarns, candy (sealed), toys, picture books, scrap books, writing materials, colored crayons, pictures.

Canned goods, dried fruits, dried beef, hams, bacon, etc., of imperishable variety.

Cash donations will be acknowledged, both personally and by publication. The fund so created will be used to purchase gifts most suitable to the needs of the children for whom they are intended.

Any one wishing to give money may leave same with Miss Margaret Slater.

All articles must be in by Oct. 28.

Wrap all packages carefully and tie with strong cord. Write plainly on each package what it contains.

Leave the articles at place nearest you.

The following are the places: Mrs. George Buck, Mrs. Jerry Patterson, Mrs. Chas. Stewart, Mrs. Henry Burroughs, Mrs. Ernest Corson, Mrs. S. R. Crawford, Geo. Martin (jewelry store.)

Hog Cholera Raging

Hog cholera is raging in the country about seven miles southwest of Tampico and over 500 heads are affected at different farms according to Veterinarian Jed Badgley, who has ordered over \$200 worth of serum to vaccinate the porkers. The disease seems to be confined principally to this district although some cases are reported west of Tampico about six miles.

Try the "Want Ad" column

AUTOMOBILES IN GENOA

List Shows that this Township Has its Full Share of Joy Buggies

As promised some time ago the Republican-Journal publishes herewith a list of the automobile owners in Genoa township and the make of car each is privileged to enjoy. The list is as near complete as we are able to ascertain at the present, but no doubt some have been overlooked, not intentionally, however. If any person knows of a car owned in the township not mentioned here we will be pleased to get the information and make good next week.

L. J. Kiernan, Paige Thos. Christensen, Jackson Wm. Gnekow, Jackson Claude Senska, Jackson Ralph Patterson, Maxwell Fred Gahl, Maxwell Hoover & Loptien, Buick Jas. R. Kiernan, Maxwell Dr. J. W. Owitz, Maxwell Mrs. Cora Robinson, Maxwell A. G. Stewart, Overland Frank Wyld, Overland G. H. Ide, Overland H. H. Shurtleff, Overland W. H. Geithman, Overland J. J. Hammond, Overland Mrs. F. W. Olmsted, McIntyre Dr. C. A. Patterson, Overland H. A. Perkins, Overland C. A. Brown, Overland Frazier & Son, Overland Dr. A. M. Hill, Overland I. W. Douglass, Overland E. Adler, Overland L. A. Wyld, Overland Wm. Wyld, Ford J. Montgomery, Ford C. L. Nelson, Ford Henry Wahl, Ford Dr. T. N. Austin, Ford L. W. Duval, Ford Will Duval, Ford Frank Clayton, Ford A. D. Hadsall, Ford Wm. Hecht, Ford Fred Wells, Ford Henry Krueger, Ford Fred Niss, Ford Dr. C. H. Mordoff, Ford C. A. Goding, Hupmobile F. P. Glass, Hupmobile J. A. Patterson, Ford J. R. Kiernan & Son, Buick P. A. Quanstrong, Oakland Charles Brendemuel, Veile Hoover & Loptien, Cadillac J. R. Furr, Jeffery Fred Johnson, Jeffery R. J. Cruikshank, Sr., Ford R. J. Cruikshank, Jr., Stoddard-Dayton

Charles Cole, Detroit L. W. Miller, Warren-Detroit Charles Cole, Brush Charles Cole, Winton I. W. Douglass, Brush L. C. Duval, Grant Robert Furr, Grant G. W. Buck, Stanley Steamer Chas. Whipple, Regal John Reinken, Paige L. M. Olmsted, Flanders 20 John Canavan, Flanders 20 F. O. Swan, Flanders 20 S. D. Mann, Hudson Peter Rosenke, Cadillac V. J. Corson, Krit Dr. J. H. Danforth, Krit C. Butcher, Warren-Detroit F. P. Renn, Stevens-Dureya W. H. Jackman, R. C. H. Frank Scott, I. H. C. Chas. Thomas, Duer F. Fischbach, Staver Fred Holroyd, Flanders 20 Chas. Coon, Overland C. H. Awe, Maxwell Fred Worcester, Oldsmobile Chas. Prain, Maxwell E. H. Cohoon, Bendix Colton Bros., Auburn Hepburn Bros., Ford H. N. Olmstead, Ford Thos. Holmes, Overland Ralph Reinken, Maxwell Lewis Hartman, Veile Arthur Hartman, Veile Geo. Hasler, Overland Henry Holsker, Jackson Geo. Geithman, Maxwell Roy Buck, Hupmobile W. M. Seward, Maxwell Emil Becker, Overland Will Becker, Ford Mrs. Anna Schnur, Ford M. L. Geithman, Flanders F. W. Olmsted, Overland Frank Clausen, Maxwell Frank Eiklor, Veile Ted Sturtevant, Cadillac Elmer Naker, Overland.

If you are owing Jackman & Son please call and settle, as they need the money.

YOU MUST REGISTER

If Name is not on List at Election Time You Must Swear Vote in

OCTOBER 27 THE LAST DAY

Registers Now Hang in the Polling Places for Inspection of Voters—Women Interested as Well as Men Voters

Is your name on the registration books? If not you had better see to it at once or you may have to swear in your vote on the third of November, and that might make you peevish.

Tuesday of this week was the first registration day at which time the board met and revised the list to the best of its knowledge. Names were taken from the poll book of the last election which includes practically all the voters in the township. However, the members of the registration board are only human and therefore not infallible. They may have, unintentionally, let some name slip away from them. It is up to the voter to make sure that his or her name is written there. The ladies will have to register too if they wish to vote on the third without the necessity of swearing their votes in. There having been only a very few women's votes cast at the last election, there is no guide for the board to follow so it is up to the women to get busy.

During the next two weeks the registers, as they have been revised, will hang in the polling places (the city hall and Jackman & Son's office) where voters may look them over. If one finds that his or her name is not recorded, an opportunity will be given on the twenty-seventh of October to have the name enrolled. On that date the board will again meet to give the lists the final touch. The women in particular should give this matter attention. Registration only takes place once in two years. If they register now they will be privileged to vote at the primaries preceding the presidential election in 1916 without further bother. In the meantime there may be a constitutional amendment which will give them the right to vote for all officers.

Remember the date, October 27. Do not be satisfied with the idea that you are to well known and popular to have your name overlooked. You might be the very one. The only safe way is to look over the register during the next two weeks or call on the board on the 27th.

FIFTY MILES AN HOUR

Machine Turns Turtle and DeKalb Man Meets Instant Death

James Rowe, who ran a saloon near the Northwestern station in DeKalb for years while that city was in the "wet" column, met instant death when his automobile turned turtle near Kaneville last Wednesday night.

Rowe's machine was reported to be going at terrific speed, some reports placing the pace at fifty miles an hour. A tire burst and the car skidded into a ditch and turned over and over. When help arrived Rowe was found dead, his neck having been broken.

In the wild ride Rowe, who is a married man, was accompanied by Mrs. Vanstone, daughter of Dr. Bageley, of DeKalb. Mrs. Vanstone fortunately escaped serious injury.

Henrietta Latham, Osteopathic Physician, Office over Pickett's dry goods store. Phone 153. 49-tf.

Patterson Bros. moved J. P. Evans' household goods to Huntley this week.

DeKalb County Soil Improvement Association

EDITED BY

WM. G. ECKHARDT

CONSULTING AGRICULTURIST FOR DEKALB COUNTY
TELEPHONE 1007, DEKALB, ILL.

Our Motto: A permanent, profitable agriculture: the farm the best place in the world to live.

Hog Cholera Information

The advantages as well as the disadvantages attending the use of hog cholera virus for the purpose of immunizing hogs against the contagion of cholera may be briefly summarized as follows:

Hog cholera virus, like dynamite, should be handled with care and only by persons thoroughly familiar with the fact that it kills hogs when improperly used as an immunizing agent. The administration of virulent virus in addition to a natural infection or exposure to badly infected premises is a sure way to kill hogs. A weak virus used in conjunction with a potent serum will not produce a lasting immunity. On the other hand, a virulent virus used in conjunction with a weak serum will kill hogs and further spread the contagion of cholera.

Successful immunization of hogs against the contagion of cholera requires virulent virus, tested serum and competent administration. With everything in its favor hogs can be safely and

permanently immunized against cholera by the serum and virus treatment. Otherwise excessive losses are frequently induced.

When hogs or premises have become infected with the contagion of cholera, virus should not be used for at least twenty-one days after treating the hogs by serum alone. The simultaneous treatment can then, usually, be safely administered.

Fall Plowing

DeKalb county farmers have well learned the lesson in fall plowing. Clover fields, stubble land, and pastures are being, as a rule, fall plowed. No labor on the farm pays better than this fall plowing. The rains and winter snows will soak into the soil to be stored for the next season's crop. The farmer gets this work out of the way, and when spring comes he can disc the land, thus making a mulch to prevent loss of water and at the same time destroy a world of weeds. Let us carry this good principle of farm practice one step further and plow under corn stalks.

FULLER AT SANDWICH

Twists the Donkey's Tail and De-horns the Bull Moose in Speech

A three cornered political debate enlivened the day's exercises at the Sandwich corn festival and fair Friday afternoon, the speakers being Attorney General Patrick J. Lucey for the Democrats, Congressman W. H. Hinebaugh for the Progressives and Judge Charles E. Fuller for the Republicans. A large crowd was present and listened with interest to the speakers.

Attorney General Lucey and Congressman Hinebaugh were the first speakers. They both joined in pronouncing the obituary of the Republican party. Hinebaugh calling it deader than usual and attacking the G. O. P. fore and aft. Only occasional applause came from the crowd.

Before Judge Fuller took the stand A. G. Kennedy, of DeKalb, announced that the DeKalb Republican committee had engaged the Barb City quartet for the occasion and that crack organization made a decided hit with the audience.

Judge Fuller then replied to the statements made by Messrs. Lucey and Hinebaugh. He said it was not surprising that both Attorney General Lucey and Congressman Hinebaugh held the same opinions concerning the Republican party and that both made similar arguments. One was an outspoken representative of the Democratic party, the other an assistant to help the Democrats keep in power in Illinois and the nation, both going around making practically the same kind of attacks on the Republican party and both trying to keep the Republicans from winning.

Judge Fuller was credited with making one of the best speeches at his command. Anyway he had the audience cheering him on repeatedly and so high was the enthusiasm at the close of his address that three rousing cheers and a tiger were sent up with resounding shouts by the crowd and he received congratulations from all sides.

A. A. Stiles and D. C. Moorehouse were in Elgin Thursday.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION

DeKalb County Association to Meet at Waterman Wednesday, Oct. 21

Following is a tentative plan of the program for the DeKalb County Sunday School Convention to be held at Waterman on Wednesday, Oct. 21:

Tuesday Forenoon
10.00. Devotional service.
10.30. Roll call of townships. Standard organization. How does your township "stack up?"
11.30. Keynote address.
11.50. Appointment of standing committees.

Afternoon
1.30. Praise service.
2.00. State work, by Dr. Shepard, state educational secretary.
7.30. Music.
7.45. Religion of a "Kid," Rev. D. A. McGregor.

Wednesday Forenoon
9.00. Devotional.
9.30. Business.
10.00. A construction program of amusement.
11.00. A church program of civic training.

Afternoon
1.30. Devotional.
2.00. Round table of section. Nothing succeeds like success. What have you been doing this "panned out?"
3.00. Construction program for the new year.
3.30. Fellowship praise.
4.00. Adjournment.

Let every Sunday school in the township send a large delegation to Waterman. All adults interested in the children are welcome.

County Superintendent Gilbert says that the program should appeal vitally to all friends of the children, to all who believe that right education is the only certain pathway to right manhood and womanhood. The full program has not yet arrived and as this is the last opportunity, I submit this incomplete one.

Mrs. A. J. LETTOW,
Township Pres.

The ladies of Genoa and vicinity are invited to call at my home and see my line of 150 samples of the latest patterns, for made to measure suits, coats, dresses and skirts. I also take orders for ready made garments and sell Parker's guaranteed hosiery for men, women and children. 44-tf. MRS. JENNIE FOOTR



ANNE IVES MASCOT

H.M. EGBERT

ILLUSTRATIONS BY O. IRWIN MYERS (COPYRIGHT 1913 W.G. CHAPMAN)

CHAPTER VII—Continued.

A cab was drawn up at the door for they had arranged their plan down to the last detail—and Charles and I entered, together with the officers, while Magniff betook himself elsewhere. A long ride through the Paris streets terminated at the principal fortresses of the capital. There we were separated; Charles was taken in one direction and I in another, along a branching stone corridor and into a small but fairly well-furnished room, clearly no prison cell, where I was left to my meditations.

An hour later I received a visit from a man in uniform, who courteously requested my presence before the examining magistrate. He seemed to regard me as some rare and valuable wild animal, and my youthful appearance evidently astonished him.

"Monsieur Pichon has the reputation of a brute, mademoiselle," he said. "But have no fear. You need confess nothing, and he is merely an adjunct to the military law under which you will be tried. You will have ample time in which to prepare your defense."

"For myself, I need none," I replied. "But where is the chevalier? Shall I see him?"

The major shook his head. "He has already been examined," he answered, smiling faintly. "I fear it will go hard with him. France has had too many betrayals of late. But have no fear for yourself," he continued, scrutinizing my face. "The utmost penalty for treachery in time of peace is exile upon the Ile du Diable."

The Devil's island! Remembrances of all that I had read about that fearful place rushed through my mind. For the moment I thought that I would faint. The walls reeled round me and I saw the face of the officer through a wavering mist. Then I collected my wits resolutely, and, indicating that I was ready, followed him out of the room and down a long corridor, until we entered a small office containing a high desk and a number of chairs. Behind the desk, on a bench, sat a stern-looking, black-bearded magistrate, wearing the gown and cap of his professional office. Seated in the room were Magniff and the officials who had arrested us, with two or three officers in uniform.

The magistrate beckoned insolently to me to approach his desk, and, when I stood before him, fixed his penetrating black eyes full on my face for some half minute. Then, seeing that my own gaze did not falter, he cried in savage tones:

"You will confess everything immediately, to the last iota. Your fellow conspirator has done so already. You will tell me the entire story of your infamous treachery and what power induced your lover to steal the document."

I am not hot tempered. For a moment I was dazed at his brutality. But at this insolent assumption of my guilt, combined, as it was, with the utmost insolence of bearing, I lost all self-control. I took a single step forward and did a thing that I have never done before or since. I boxed his ears—twice!

He had recovered speech, the rest of the court rushed forward; he would have manacled me, but suddenly and swiftly the officer who had arrested me to the office interposed. "Well done, mademoiselle," he cried. "Back, all of you." He turned to the magistrate. "This is a military case," he cried, "and let me remind you that you are an accessory only. The lady shall not be insulted, or I withdraw the case from your hands."

There was a full half minute's silence. Then, swallowing in his throat and muttering angrily the magistrate called upon the banker and began to interrogate him, one side of his face still scarlet with my finger marks.

"Mr. Magniff, you will please place me in possession of sufficient facts to permit of my signing the paper of detention," he intimated.

The banker stepped forward briskly. "This woman came to me three weeks ago to demand possession of certain bonds which she alleged were in a certain safe in my vaults," he said. "I laughed at her and showed her to the door, but she persisted in her claim, and, after having warned her what the consequences of a fraudulent claim would be I permitted her to proceed."

"Prisoner, you may deny any or all of those statements," shouted the magistrate.

I remained silent, fixing my eyes on Magniff. My direct gaze seemed to disconcert him; he turned his back to me and continued:

"By some means she had obtained knowledge of the combination code. Again I warned her. She persisted in her claim, alleging that she was Anne Ives, a grand-daughter of the Comte d'Yves, and owner of the bonds. My books show that a certain woman of this name actually does own some worthless bonds in the old Panama

company, but they have been lost these thirty years and are certainly not in my safe.

"She alleged that she had lost the key. Resolved to bring her to justice, I told her to return today, when a duplicate key would be made and the safe opened. Then, I said, playing upon her greed, I would purchase the bonds from her at an enormous price. Immediately upon her departure I had the safe opened. It was empty."

"Proceed, monsieur," said the magistrate, smiling.

"I immediately investigated this woman's record," Magniff continued. "I found that she had actually come from Canada recently, as one of my woman witnesses will shortly show. In London she became acquainted with the prisoner d'Yves. They flew together in an aeroplane at an aviation meeting. Subsequently the traitor took her into Westminster abbey at the time of the coronation, ostensibly as his wife.

"The most damaging feature, however, in my opinion, is—"

"Pardon, monsieur, you may not draw inferences," interposed the magistrate suavely. "That is my province, though doubtless—he smiled knowingly—"your inferences and mine will coincide in so clear a case of guilt."

"I furthermore submit," Magniff continued, "that this woman has stayed at Clichy, the home of the male prisoner, during the last two weeks, and is doubtless thoroughly conversant with his plans. On board the ship, and subsequently, while visiting the Louvre, ostensibly for the study of art, she was seen in the company of a certain Greek named Zeuxis, who, as you are aware, is being sought by the Government as being directly implicated in this crime. Undoubtedly the two men and the woman hatched the scheme together and are untiedly responsible for it."

"I thank you, monsieur," said the magistrate. "You have rendered France a service of incalculable value. Please conclude your evidence."

"This morning, or rather soon after noon," concluded Magniff, smiling broadly, "the two prisoners came to my office with the utmost effrontery, for the purpose of recovering the bonds. I knew that at some recent date some forged bonds had been placed in the safe. With them, but so cunningly hidden among the mass of papers that no casual observer would have perceived it, was the stolen document. I knew it was there; I suffered this woman to remove it, and she was immediately arrested. She trembled and betrayed every evidence of guilt."

"You may go, monsieur," said the magistrate, bowing to Magniff. Immediately the two officials were called and gave formal evidence concerning the events of the afternoon.

"Have you any rejoinder to make?" demanded the magistrate, scowling at me.

"I think, monsieur, that I have made you a rejoinder already," I observed mockingly.

"I have no more to say to you. But to this gentleman," I continued, turning to the major, "I beg to announce that I am completely innocent. I do not know," I continued, with increasing agitation which, in spite of all my efforts, I was not able wholly to conceal, "I do not quite know what depths of villainy have been sounded in this infamous conspiracy against the Chevalier d'Yves and myself. But he is innocent, and pursued by that rogue and his scheming son to further their hateful designs against Clichy, which they hope to snatch out of my grandfather's possession."

"The prisoner, in response, alleges conspiracy to obtain a title to land," murmured the magistrate, jotting down a few words upon his pad.

"My principal female witness will arrive tomorrow morning," interposed Magniff, "when I hope to be able to place you in possession of the remaining facts."

"Remanded in ball of the amount of one hundred thousand francs," said the functionary. "Remove the prisoner." He leaned over his bench, and shook his finger at me. "Once more I counsel you," he roared; "make a clean breast of the whole affair and throw yourself upon the mercy of the court."

The officer of the fortress interposed, turning his back upon M. Pichon contemptuously, and touched me on the arm. I placed my hand in his, and he conducted me from the court room. When we had reached my room he stopped and said, admiringly:

"Mademoiselle, you are so brave I quite believe you guilty."

"You did not before?" I asked smiling.

"Before," he answered, "the charge seemed incredible. Why, you should have been across the frontier instantly, instead of waiting to trick Magniff in such a clumsy fashion as that. Did the Germans pay your lover well?"

"Believe what you like; I am innocent. As innocent as—the chevalier," I added.

"I can well believe that," said the officer, bowing himself out of the room.

One problem perplexed me greatly: who was the "Principal female witness" of the prosecution?

CHAPTER VIII.

A Turn of the Wheel.
(In which my adversary discovers that he has trumped his ace.)

In spite of my assumed indifference, I spent a miserable night within the prison fortress. I could not help realizing that the case against Charles looked black; I had no strong faith in French justice particularly in a case of alleged espionage, which would send up the nation's anger to the boiling point. When the first streaks of daylight entered my room I arose and dressed with feverish anticipation of the day's developments. The "principal female witness" of whom the banker Magniff had spoken was due to arrive that morning. Whoever she might be, I hoped that her evidence would prove a boomerang for the prosecution. Certainly the climax of the affair must be at hand; this racking, torturing suspense could not endure much longer.

My only joy—but how great a one, how strong a comfort I cannot put into words—was the recollection that Charles and I had publicly pledged our troth; nothing could take away the memory of that or tear from either the possession of the other's heart, no matter what the outcome.

The development was even speedier than I had imagined. After I had breakfasted upon a light meal brought in by the same kindly officer of the preceding day, visitors were announced. The major, who had introduced them, withdrew, muttering something about privacy, and there entered—Magniff himself, followed by a woman whom, though her face seemed familiar, I did not immediately recall. Indeed, I hardly looked at her, so astonished was I at seeing the change which the night had wrought upon the banker. For all his self-confidence was gone; his hair was ruffled, his garments untidy, his face was haggard; he looked as though he was upon the verge of a nervous breakdown.

"Do you know this woman?" he asked me, indicating his companion, without even the formality of a greeting.

I looked hard at the shabby, middle-aged figure in the threadbare gown, and suddenly my memory rushed back to me.

"Madame Zeuxis!" I cried.

The recognition was mutual. The woman rushed forward, laboring under an emotion more intense than the banker's. She seized my hands in hers and covered them with kisses. This outburst astonished me no less than her companion.

"It is Miss Ives!" she cried. "The lady of the ship! I learned your name from the ship steward, lady, for I meant to go to you and kill you. Ah! forgive me. I was mad with jealousy, for my man had made me think he loved you, and all the while he used you as a decoy to divert my suspicion, while he made love to another."

She sprang back and, with arms upraised, poured forth an incomprehensible outflow of maledictions.

"Now I will tell you all," she cried to Magniff; and there was pathos mingled with tragedy in this revival of ancient fires in the middle-aged Greek; I could imagine how many sorrows, how much jealousy she had suffered since she gave herself into the scoundrel's keeping. Her utterance was intensely dramatic.

"Now, I shall tell all the truth," she declared. "When the letter-writer wrote these for me, saying that I would prove the guilt of the Chevalier, I did not know that Miss Ives here was his betrothed. For you are betrothed to him, are you not?" she pleaded. "Yes, so all are saying this morning. Well, my man was to induce me to give false evidence against him, and it was all arranged. But that was a week ago."

"Now everything is changed, for he himself has been deceived, and he wants his revenge. When I left him five days ago, I was to tell the half truth. But I shall tell everything. The Chevalier is innocent—as innocent as this lady of his imprisoned here."

She was becoming incoherent in her statements. I made her sit down and gave her water. Presently she resumed, more calmly:

"Constantinopulo Zeuxis, my man, he stole the key to the safe from the purse of Miss Ives in London," she continued. "It was arranged long before. He took the key to Paris, removed the bonds, and substituted the forged ones. He also stole the treaty from the Chevalier and handed it to the chief conspirator. He was to have

received a thousand pounds for his share in the work."

"Who was his accomplice?" I asked calmly; and I saw a shade of gray pass over the banker's face.

"Leopold Magniff—your son," said Madame Zeuxis contemptuously, spinning round and facing the father.

Magniff, pere, threw up his arms as though to ward off a sudden blow. He sank down into a chair, his face ashen gray, breathing heavily.

"It is impossible!" he muttered, more to himself than us. "Leopold was a good boy—a little wild, but always a good boy. He had all the money he needed. No, he could not have been the traitor."

I took up the part of the cross-examiner.

"Why was the treaty put back in the safe if it was of so much value?" I asked the woman.

"Because Leopold's hatred for the Chevalier was stronger than his desire for revenge," she answered quickly. "He wanted the bonds, because he knew that he could force his father to buy them back from him at any price, by threatening to dispose of them elsewhere. Monsieur Magniff here had to have the bonds; he agreed to sell them to the American government years before; he had sold them, trusting that they would never be found. The holder could have made him pay millions for the possession of the bonds, too. Germany or Italy would have paid well for it—not so much as M. Magniff would have given for the bonds but still a large sum. Of this my man Constantinopulo was to have received a thousand pounds."

"Go on," I said.

"Afterwards, when Leopold Magniff discovered that the Chevalier was his bitterest enemy, his desire for revenge proved stronger than his greed. He induced my man to replace the stolen treaty in the safe, knowing that it would be discovered there, and that Miss Ives and the Chevalier would be involved in a common ruin. So the treaty was not sold, and my man gets nothing."

"When he found that he had been cheated he would have murdered his confederate. But Monsieur Leopold set the government upon his track, and he was forced to fly, his vengeance unaccomplished. It was then that my man sent to Monsieur Magniff here to betray his confederate."

"But I shall tell more than that—I shall tell you where Constantinopulo is hiding, for I have since learned that he has again betrayed me. He has made love to another woman, the woman on the boat, to conceal whom he pretended that he loved Miss Ives. Fool that I was! I should have known that he was not worthy to blacken her shoes. He is hiding with her in the islands—at Scuto, off Corsica—and all those whom he has betrayed shall soon be on his track."

She ceased, exhausted by the vehemence of her anger. And I looked toward the banker. He had collapsed into his chair and was staring wildly around him. I caught the words he uttered.

"No, no," he was whispering. "Leopold is a good boy. He could not be a thief and a traitor."

I went over and shook him by the arm.

"Monsieur Magniff," I said, "you see now that you have been mistaken. It is your duty to save an innocent man."

"But there is nothing that can be done," he cried, awakening from his lethargy.

"Yes," I replied. "We must get Zeuxis and bring him here to testify. He will tell all, out of his hatred for—I was going to add 'your son,' but ended with 'his fellow conspirator.'"

"But my son will suffer imprisonment—he will go to the Devil's Island!" Magniff cried. "He is a good boy—it cannot be true."

"It is true," I answered sternly. "He must be brought back."

"And the bonds, too," cried the woman suddenly.

"He took them with him. He must get the bonds also—your bonds. They are worth millions. He took them to spite your son, Leopold."

"My bonds," muttered Magniff, remembering even then that I had sold them to him. "My bonds. I must have them."

"Will you permit your son to be denounced for the sake of the bonds?" I asked.

"No, no," he cried. "No, he must have promise of immunity. Then he will tell all. But he must not go to the Devil's Island. Leopold is so delicate; the climate would kill him there."

The sight of this querulous old man, reduced to such depths of abjection touched a slight chord of pity in my heart. But at all cost Charles must be set free. That was my first and overwhelming duty.

"Listen, Monsieur Magniff," I said, more gently. "It will be impossible to obtain immunity for both conspirators. For Zeuxis, yes, for he was but a tool. For your son, no. But at least he can have warning, so that he may, if he can, put some distance between himself, and the avengers of the law. That is all that can be done. Now—you must offer your bonds for me to the value of my ball and I will get Zeuxis and bring him back to testify at the trial."

Magniff got suddenly out of his chair; upon his face was an expression of feeble triumph.

"It cannot be done," he cried. "The trial takes place on the tenth day from today." He pulled a newspaper out of his breast pocket. "See!" he said, tapping it with his fingers triumphantly, "read this demand, to which the government has been forced to accede. In ten days the Chevalier d'Yves must have been tried and condemned and be on his way to the Dev-

il's Island, or there will be a revolution in Paris. All the towns know of it; all France and Europe know. France has harbored too many traitors. Paris is calling for immediate punishment. And the government has yielded. It was announced in the Chamber of Deputies yesterday that a special military court shall convene on Monday week."

I glanced over the article hastily. It was a terrible philippic, one of those furious cries for vengeance such as stirred the hearts of Parisians. That Charles was of the old aristocracy of France had added fuel to the popular flame. He must be tried at once, the writer demanded; otherwise the government would fall. There must be no delay in measuring out condign punishment to the traitor.

"You see," cried Magniff, "you cannot get the man Zeuxis here from the Island of Corsica in less than three weeks. There is but one steamer a week from Marseilles. And in ten days—Mon Dieu! Nothing except a swift aeroplane could cross those waters and bring him back in time."

I caught at his words with mad eagerness.

"It shall be done," I cried. "I shall set to Corsica in the Chevalier's airship. And in ten days I shall return with Zeuxis."

"You are insane, girl," cried the banker, angrily. "The science of flight is in its infancy. Even if you reached Marseilles you would be swamped in the gales of the Mediterranean. 'No,' he continued craftily, "we can devise some scheme by which the Chevalier shall get off lightly. I will give evidence as to his monetary needs. I will say he needed the money from the sale of the treaty to save Clichy for his father. That will touch the judges' hearts, that filial piety. And you shall be freed. I will withdraw my charge," he went on, watching my face eagerly. "And I will pay you the fifty thousand francs I promised you, even if you do not obtain the bonds. You will be rich, you will—"

I could not feel any sentiment but pity at the aspect of this miserable old man, desperately striving to free himself from the meshes of his own net.

"Monsieur Magniff," I said quietly, "you will go on my ball at once, and I shall depart for the L'Paris. Otherwise your son shall be arrested within an hour. Which shall it be?"

He fell to pleading then; and offered me double the reward, fabulous gifts. His love for his son seemed stronger than his cupidity. At last he was compelled to face the issue.

"You swear to give the government no warning about Leopold before your departure?" he asked, cringing before me. "You will allow him the six days in which to flee?"

"He can go to the ends of the earth for all I care," I responded. "I do not want vengeance upon him, miserable scoundrel that he is. Leave him to the future. Some day his evil deeds will recoil on him. Come, you agree?"

Magniff drew in a deep sigh and submitted.

"I accept," he answered. "But mademoiselle, you will remember that the bonds are mine?"

"Assuredly," I answered.

He stumbled weakly from my presence and out of the room. The woman seized my hands again and kissed them passionately.

"At Scuto, off the coast of Corsica," she whispered. "He will go with you eagerly, if he is promised immunity."

"And what is your reward?" I asked curtly.

The woman looked at me strangely. "Is it not enough that I shall see my man again and win him from that woman who stole his heart from me?" she asked, with pathetic dignity. "You do not understand, lady? Ah, but when you are married—then you will know."

She followed Magniff out of the room.

Within an hour my ball had been formally accepted and I was at liberty. Magniff obtained a hasty interview with the Minister of War, at which immunity for Zeuxis was promised, in case he should offer satisfactory evidence against the principal conspirator, whose name the banker did not divulge. Magniff was a power in France, and his word was ample.

The sun was not yet high when I walked out of my prison doors. I had seen nobody; the magic of Magniff's word had sufficed to set me free. After all, though so much had been done, the government had no special interest in me. They were sure that they had in Charles the real traitor; I was but an accessory, and they shrewdly surmised, I think, that I was to turn state's evidence and bring the rest of the confederates to justice.

The trial had been set for Monday week, at ten o'clock in the forenoon. This was Friday. Each hour now was of incalculable value. The scheme appeared preposterous. But I had flown in Canada, until I was fairly sure of myself, and with Charles I had soared triumphantly in his aeroplane in England, seeking the regions of the sun, high above our competitors, we two together. I knew how staunch and true the winged vessel was; I knew which levers controlled each of her movements; and at Clichy we had made several excursions. I had a confidence now that was almost superstition in the success of my desperate undertaking.

Would that I could have told him! But he was too closely guarded; even Magniff, with all his power, had been denied admission to him.

I caught a train back to Clichy, arriving toward the middle of the afternoon. It was a sad home-coming. A curious crowd watched me descend at the little railroad station, and a newspaper correspondent (I learned afterward that my movements had been watched by a whole corps of newspaper men and government spies since I left the fortress) snapped his camera in my face. But one learns to be tolerant of these things when one's whole mind is set on a single desire.

The crowd followed me to the gates of the chateau. Only there did they leave me.

And then, for the second time, I received an object lesson in the bearing of a French nobleman and noblewoman. The old butler who admitted me stared at me as if I had been a newly risen ghost, and his knees trembled as he ushered me into the room in which my grandfather and Charles' mother sat. She was sewing busily; the old man, at his writing desk, was drafting some form of document, a pitiful, dignified petition, I believe, to the government on behalf of Charles, setting forth the stainless honor of their race throughout five centuries. But when I entered they rose and came forward to greet me as calmly as though Charles was absent upon a personal errand in Paris and were soon to return.

And their first words were of congratulation upon my engagement! The papers had been full of it, appeared. The notary before whom we had appeared, swelling with self-importance, had run with his evidence to the government.

"You will make Charles a good wife, my dear," said his mother, kissing me. "Would that we could have a fair inheritance for him. Clichy must go—but at least the family will be perpetuated."

"It is fate brought you to us," said the old Comte. He had grown even feebler during the brief interval of my absence, it seemed to me; the shock had told perceptibly upon him.

"It is fate brought you to us," he repeated, "to be the consolation of my old age and the hope of the d'Yves."

Then we began talking of Charles, and, as briefly as possible, since there was not time for emotion, I laid bare the story of our arrest, placing special emphasis upon the fact that the conspiracy was breaking down.

And then I laid before them the plan that I had formed, of flying to Scuto, and, to my astonishment, they both fell in with it immediately. But, though I could never doubt their love for me, their eagerness for my safety, the family, as ever in France, ranked paramount in their eyes. It seems strange now, as I look back on it, this persistent clinging of theirs to the old forms and duties of past ages in face

of modern change. But it did not seem strange then.

"You have flown in England," said the old Comte enthusiastically, "and here the winds are no less favorable. Your act will be no more, in its peculiar way, than other women of our line have done. It is not for Charles alone that you will offer up your life to the gods of the air, Anne, but for the race, for the long line of the d'Yves. And I know that you will succeed. God has not sent you to us in so miraculous a way, and guarded you through such great dangers, that you should fail now. You will return at the appointed time," he continued, his eyes flashing as he paced up and down the room, "and you will save Charles from the hands of his enemies. The battle has been long—but it has been shorter than the wars of the Fronde. We have suffered much—Richelieu persecuted us more harshly, and yet Clichy has never fallen. I almost believe," he ended, "that you will live to inherit Clichy and to restore its fortunes, and hand it down to our descendants."

But when I urged that I should start that night neither would hear of it.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)



The Woman Seized My Hands Again and Kissed Them Passionately.



"Now I Will Tell You All," She Cried to Magniff.



Their First Words Were of Congratulation Upon My Engagement!

It requires good tobacco to make good cigarettes, and good tobacco comes high. Only the inexpensive, sensible wrapping enables us to offer 20 Fatima Cigarettes for 15 cents.

"Distinctively Individual"

Leggett & Myers Tobacco Co.



WELL KNOWS TRUMPET CALL

Army Horse May Lose Its Rider but Always Will Keep Its Formation and Seek Camp.

It was recently announced that the Dutch across the border knew the Germans had been routed by the riderless horses they saw galloping about in troops.

The return of riderless horses to camp is an almost certain sign of a rout that amounts almost to annihilation. A horse may lose its trooper, but unless it is wounded, it will nearly always keep on with the rest.

If the battle is lost, and the army is driven from the field in confusion, the ownerless horses will return to camp or remain on the field, often galloping about in military formation, but avoiding the wounded.

An army horse knows the trumpet call as well as its rider, and when a squadron forms up to charge it will strain at the bit, anxious to be off; but it does not like waiting doing nothing, especially if exposed to fire.

Many attempts have been made to extend the Geneva convention to animals; the proposal has received sympathy everywhere, but nothing definite has yet been done, though every soldier does his best for his steed so far as in him lies.

In this war the purple, instead of red, Genevan cross has been adopted by British horse lovers who intend to follow the battle lines to minister to wounded horses, and to assist riderless charges to escape hunger.

British Nobles as Police.

While all classes of Englishmen, from the highest to the lowest, are fighting for king and country on the battlefield, an almost equally inspiring picture of national unity may be witnessed in England's capital.

For the further protection of life and property hundreds upon hundreds of special police, from marquises to mechanics, are ready for duty in London.

Two of the newest and most distinguished members of the force are the marquis of Lincolnshire and the earl of Selborne.

American Goods in Australia.

Australia has been making steady increases in her purchases of goods from the United States in the five year period following 1909. The total in 1912 was more than \$22,000,000.

Breakfasts of "Other Days"

ran something like this:

Ham, bacon or sausage; fried potatoes; doughnuts and coffee—prepared by overworked mothers.

Today's and Tomorrow's Breakfasts

"SWISSAM" MEANS UNDERWEAR COMFORT

THOSE WHO HAVE WORN "SWISSAM" UNDERWEAR this summer know what real underwear comfort means. The "Swissam" closed-crotch union suit is not equalled anywhere. In this garment the old argument against union suits is done away with. In the "Swissam" the crotch does remain closed and the garment affords comfort not found in any two-piece suit or any other union suit.

**We Have "Swissam" Union Underwear
IN ALL WEIGHTS**
All Wool, Part Wool, Heavy and Light Cotton

If You Prefer the Two-Piece Underwear We Have Them in the Same Quality

F. O. HOLTGREEN

"S W I S S A M"

A. V. Pierce transacted business in Elgin Tuesday.
Miss Anna Preston is visiting friends in Chicago.
J. A. Patterson went to Chicago Tuesday to see the ball game.
Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Corson were Elgin passengers Tuesday morning.
J. G. C. Pierce is attending the Masonic Grand Lodge in Chicago this week.
V. J. Corson is navigating with the aid of crutches this week owing to a sprained ankle.
J. W. Wylae was a visitor in the windy city Tuesday.

Elza McClelland left Genoa Friday to make his future home in the west.
Mrs. R. J. Cruikshank, Jr. visited relatives at Greenwood, Ill., last week.
Born, to Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Robinson at Rockford, Monday, Oct. 12, a daughter.
Hemenway's Orchestra furnishes music for dances or entertainments. Any number of pieces.
Mr. and Mrs. N. P. Thurber of Milwaukee were guests the first of the week at the home of the latter's mother, Mrs. Henry Holroyd.

Children's dresses for winter wear, at Olmsted's.
Mrs. L. D. Kellogg was an Elgin visitor Monday.
A new lot of flannelettes, from 10c to 15c, at Olmsted's.
Roman stripe silks for trimmings and sashes, at Olmsted's.
Lee Miller will soon move into the Eiklor house on West Main street.
Jackman & Son have a few gates they have got to sell or go broke.
Latest styles in winter coats.
Palmer's best makes and styles, at Olmsted's.
Lorin Geithman and Ralph Browne attended the city series in Chicago last week.
Mrs. Carrie Oursler visited her brother, Harvey Geithman, and wife at Rockford the past week.
Born to Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Jackman, at a hospital in Freeport, Friday, Oct. 9, a daughter.
Mesdames Arthur and Frank Eiklor, T. M. Gibbs and E. W. Sommerville were in Elgin Tuesday.
Dr. Barber, optician and optometrist, will be in Genoa at Dr. Mordoff's office, Wednesday, Oct. 21, from 10:30 a. m. to 4 p. m.
Many Genoa folks were present at the barn dance given at the home of Mr. Lynns northeast of Genoa, last Wednesday night.
If you have anything to sell, want to buy anything, lost anything or wish to trade, try the Republican-Journal, "want ad." Everybody reads these adlets as you do.
Chicken dinner will be served at St. Catherine's hall Sunday, Oct. 18, from 12 to 2 and supper from 5 to 7. Everybody is invited to attend and partake of the good things.
Souvenir spoons at Martin's. Just the thing for a birthday gift. Get the habit of giving that girl a spoon every birthday. She will appreciate them more as the years roll by. All the newest designs.
Perkins & Rosenfeld make a specialty of the heating proposition, whether it be a range, base burner or furnace. Talk to them about that stove you intend to purchase. They can save you money.
Miss Flossie Kellogg has been engaged by the anti-tubercular association, to get the statistics of DeKalb county. She will get a report of the number of deaths from that disease during the past three years and also get the number of persons suffering at present from that disease. She started work Monday last in Sandwich.
Let Olmsted's show you some of those new shoes in all styles.

Olmsted's would like to show you some of those stylish coats.
Mrs. Carb has gone to Michigan for an extended visit with relatives.
Watch for posters, Special sale on tennis flannels next week, at Olmsted's.
Oysters, any style, at the Cozy restaurant. It's the best place in town for a light lunch or full meal.
Mrs. Louisa Geithman and Mr. and Mrs. Ross of Milwaukee visited at John Geithman's last Tuesday.
Doing any interior painting or decorating? See Perkins & Rosenfeld about varnish stains and wall finish.
Warranted silverware in all grades at Martin's. "Community" and "Rogers" are here for your inspection.
P. A. Quanstrong is moving the old Hoover machine shop onto his land in the west end of town, near the tile works.
E. Adler is confined to his home, having suffered an attack of appendicitis. At the time of this writing he is improving.
Ernest Koff and wife, who were here on a two weeks' visit at the home of Mrs. Louisa Geithman and other relatives, returned Monday, to their home at Royceville, Wisconsin.
Elmer Harshman is enjoying a two weeks' vacation. He will visit in Chicago, Sterling, Dixon and other cities. W. F. Nulle is acting as police and superintendent of streets during the former's absence.
Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Edwards and sons, Chester and Herold, of Garden Prairie and Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Swebke and daughter, Viona, of Belvidere called on Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Nicholson and family at the home of B. C. Awe Sunday afternoon.
Friends from the country and relatives in town to the number of fifty invaded the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Geithman on Thursday evening last and gave them a surprise in remembrance of the twenty fifth anniversary of their marriage. There was a feast of good things to eat and a goodly sum of money was left with the hosts with which to purchase silver as remembrances from their friends.
Mr. and Mrs. Gustav Schmitz gave a farewell dinner to a few old friends last Sunday. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Vandresser and daughter, Grace, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Thorworth, daughter and son, Mary and Irvan, Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Brown and Cecil Lane of Belvidere. Mr. Schmitz was presented with an Odd Fellow pin and Mrs. Schmitz with a linen table set. All wondered how "Mike" felt the next day.
Wool dress goods all shades and weaves, prices to suit, at Olmsted's.
Olmsted's have just what you want in winter underwear, both light and heavy weight.

Wants, For Sale, Etc.

Ads in this column 25c each week for five lines or less; over five lines, 5c per line.

FOR SALE—Cook stove which has been used only three months. Good as new. Will be sold right. Inquire of R. B. Field, Genoa. 2-2t

FOR SALE—Base burner stove, in good condition. Inquire of A. C. Reid, Genoa.

FOR SALE—Hard coal stove, nearly new. Inquire at Republican-Journal office. 2-2t

FOR RENT—Two fine office rooms in the south-west corner on our 2nd floor. Slater & Son. 49-1f

FOR SALE—The A. Swanson house barn and two lots. For terms write Mrs. A. M. Carlson, St. Charles, Ill. 45-1f

IRON FENCE BRACES, for sale by Sycamore Iron and Metal Co., Sycamore, Ill. Phone 222. 3-f

FOR SALE—Large 7-room house, with furnace. For information apply at this office. 2-f

CORD WOOD, pole wood, wood in stove lengths and fence posts for sale. Stumps to give away. Geithman & Hammond, Genoa. 2-1f

WELL WORK—Seward & Driver are fully equipped to drill your well and do any work along that line on short notice. Phone No. 1225. 1f

DEAD ANIMALS removed free of charge if the hides are left on. The Genoa Rendering Plant. Telephone No. 909-14 or 37. 1f

SOFT COAL HEATER for sale—in good condition and will be sold cheap. Inquire of Vern Bennett, Genoa.

FARM FOR SALE—Near Geneva, Illinois, 220 acres; black level prairie soil; buildings fair; wants some tile; situated in the midst of the German neighborhood; the cheapest farm in Northern Illinois, price \$115.00 per acre. Also 200 acres two miles from Union, McHenry Co., Ill.; prairie soil; fair house and barn; new hog house and silo; street car line at rear of the farm; wants some tile; \$125.00 per acre. Particulars furnished upon application and guarantee pay for time and expense if not as represented. A. L. Carlisle & Son, Geneva, Ill. 2-4t

Lewis Scott was a Chicago passenger Saturday.

Miss Emily Burroughs visited in Chicago Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Loptien are enjoying an auto trip thru Iowa.

Special next week! Tennis flannel see posters at Olmsted's.

You cannot afford to miss next week's special on tennis flannels, at Olmsted's.

Mrs. D. C. Moorehouse returned Friday after a six weeks' visit in Colorado and Iowa.

Mrs. Howard Renn, son and daughter, and the Misses Hemenway were Elgin visitors Saturday.

Dr. J. H. Danforth, Dr. J. W. Ovitz and R. B. Field attended the Cubs-Sox game in Chicago Monday.

Mrs. O. F. Schneider of Chicago visited at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Edsall, over Sunday.

John Brown and family of West Chicago and Miss Sadie Brown of Chicago were Sunday guests at the home of their aunt, Miss Henrietta Brown.

Miss Cora Awe has been a guest at the home of her uncle, Chris Awe, for the past few days, returning home Sunday.

The fifteenth of October and no frost is a record for Northern Illinois, but we are sure getting our share of "duck weather."

Miss Jennie Little of Sycamore and niece, Mrs. Martin, of Seattle, Wash., were guests of the former's sister, Mrs. Clark, at the editor's home Tuesday.

Mrs. J. H. Clark, Mrs. Schoonmaker's nurse, was in Chicago last Friday where she met her son-in-law of Kansas City. The latter, who is a post office inspector, was on his way from Washington.

Mrs. Emma Corson has moved into the residence on Genoa street which she recently purchased of Mrs. Luella Crawford. Mrs. Crawford moved into a cottage in the Cisizens' addition.

At the regular meeting of the city council Friday evening it was voted to gravel Locust street, from Main street to the cemetery, using washed gravel. Since this street was torn up for the sewer it has been in a bad condition and the property owners there will be mighty glad to get the improvement.

Hampshire Defeated
The Genoa base ball team went over to Hampshire last Sunday with a "Belgian" feeling in their hearts. The boys had suffered at the hands of the Giants in several battles this season and the memory of the several reverses lingered with them. Each one of the fellows took with him a big stick, carefully selected, determined to "show up" that man Bauman, and they did. Eleven scores tallied up before Bauman and his Giants could get the dust out of their eyes. The Giants put four over the plate and were mighty lucky to get that many. Next Sunday will be the deciding game and there is a prediction that Hampshire must be the goat. The game will be played in Genoa.

Richardson Assessed \$250.00
E. H. Richardson appeared before the circuit court last Friday and pleaded guilty to the charge of selling liquor illegally and keeping a nuisance. He was fined \$250.00, with costs, which he paid.
Motion pictures Saturday night.

The Usage Your Bedding Gets....

Eight hours of steady use out of every twenty-four. Your bedding has to be good to hold up under this strain. That is why we specialize on bedding that keeps its shape and is always comfortable.

There is a lot to know about bedding—a good deal more than just size, weight and price—another case of buying what you cannot see.

The furniture business is full of this kind of buying, and we make it as simple for you as we can by

Telling the Truth about our goods. We are careful to carry only such goods as can stand the truth

Our big fall shipment of bedding has just arrived. Never mind waiting until you actually need it. Come and see

This Exhibit Now

In our stock will be found your every requirements in Mattresses all sizes

Fall and Winter Comfortables and Both Cotton and Woolen Blankets

S. S. SLATER & SON
GENOA, ILLINOIS

The Only Place in the City where You can Buy the Famous "Hoosier" Kitchen Cabinet

DO NOT FORGET
Election, Tuesday, Nov. 3

AND
DO NOT FORGET

TO VOTE FOR
For Representative
in Congress, 12th District
 CHARLES E. FULLER



OUR AIM—SECURITY AND GOOD SERVICE

ADVERSITY

is a good teacher. The average person who has not sufficient foresight to appreciate that there is always a possibility that hard times may overtake him but lives wholly up to his income may not relish some of adversity's lessons. However, he must accept them for they cannot be shirked.

A BANK ACCOUNT

in this Bank will teach the same lesson—the virtue of economy—but the experience will be one wholly of pleasure and actual profit. Come in today.

We Help by Paying 3 per Cent Interest on Savings Deposits

THE EXCHANGE BANK

Deposits Guaranteed With Over \$300,000.00

D. S. BROWN, Pres. C. J. BEVAN, Cash. E. W. BROWN, Asst. Cash
BESSIE BIDWELL, Bookkeeper.

Petey Wales
Kinodrome Shows
OPERA HOUSE

NEXT WEDNESDAY NIGHT

You Laugh
You Learn--
Comedy
Educational

ADMISSION

ONE DIME

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Cataract that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.
FRANK J. CHENEY
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1888.
A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, etc.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

FRENCH TURCOS SELECTING GERMAN WAR TROPHIES



Squad of the fierce-fighting Turcos from the French African possessions, selecting souvenirs from a heap of German equipment captured by them in their successful encounter with the kaiser's troops at Neufmontiers, near Meaux.

GERMANS TAKE POSSESSION OF CITY OF ANTWERP

Belgians Surrender the Town to Enemy After a Siege of Eleven Days.

RETREAT TO OSTEND

British Naval Brigades Aided in Defense of City, but Without Avail—German Army Preparing for Movement That is Expected to Be Decisive—General News of the War's Progress.

London, Oct. 13.—Antwerp and the forts surrounding the city are now in complete possession of the Germans, but the greater part of the Belgian army has escaped.

It took the Germans just eleven days to capture one of the strongest fortresses in the world.

An official admission that the British participation in the defense of Antwerp is contained in an admiralty announcement that three naval brigades with heavy guns had been sent there during the last week of the German attack.

The announcement adds that in the retreat from Antwerp two of the British brigades reached Ostend safely.

The other, however, was cut off to the north of Lokeren (a town of East Flanders, twelve miles northeast of Ghent), and 2,000 of the men were interned in Holland.

The retreat of the Belgian army was accomplished successfully.

The losses of the British naval brigades probably will be less than 300 out of a total of 8,000 men.

Helpless Before Heavy Guns. The fall of Antwerp is evidence that even the most powerful forts are no match for the colossal howitzers which the invaders have successfully employed against every fortified place that stood in their way.

These huge guns open gaps through which the besiegers find an entrance for their field artillery and infantry.

The Germans, after shelling the city itself for many hours, making it untenable, entered the town through the suburb of Berchem, to the east.

They had made a breach in the outer line of forts, some of which were destroyed by the big guns and others blown up by the defenders.

The Germans followed similar plans in dealing with the inner belt of forts and at the same time threw shells into the city which set afire many places.

The inner forts, like those farther out, soon succumbed to the enormous shells, and on Friday morning several of these forts had fallen, opening the way for the Germans into the city.

By midday they were in occupation of the town and at 2:30 in the afternoon the war banner on the cathedral was replaced by a white flag, indicating surrender.

Belgian Army Escaped. A few forts continued to hold out, and it was not until eleven o'clock in the morning that the Germans, according to their own official report, were in complete possession of the city and fortresses.

When they arrived they found that the Belgian field army and at least part of the garrison had anticipated them, and, like the king and royal family, had escaped.

The death roll resulting from the attack on and defense of Antwerp has not been compiled, and probably the

full details never will be known; but all accounts describe it as terribly heavy. The Germans, although their big guns cleared a path for them, had to sacrifice many lives in crossing the rivers and canals and in driving out the defenders who held the intrenchments to the last.

Crowds of refugees arrived in London. Most of them left Antwerp Thursday night, and their accounts of the attack are confused. The Belgians themselves, besides destroying the forts, blew up steamers at the docks and set fire to the petrol stores and everything that could be of use to the invaders. They also took away what the transports could carry.

Germany has imposed a fine of 20,000,000 pounds sterling (\$100,000,000) on Antwerp as a war indemnity.

PREPARE TO TAKE OFFENSIVE.

On the Battle Front, via Paris, Oct. 14.—The whole German front is preparing to take the offensive along a battleline no less than three hundred miles long.

German cavalry has advanced within thirty miles of Ostend; Ghent, according to a dispatch to the London Star from Rotterdam, has been captured by the invaders; Uhlans, screening a heavy Prussian force, have been encountered all through the territory west of Lille.

These are maneuvers covering the establishment of the new Belgium battle line reaching out from and connecting with the German right wing in France.

Between Arras and the Oise the enemy has renewed his attacks with increasing fury; the plateau north of Soissons continues to be the scene of vigorous offensive movements by the kaiser's forces, and Verdun, for eight weeks under almost incessant fire from the German guns, now is to be made the target of the monster howitzers that reduced Antwerp.

Belfort, too, is to be battered by the monster siege guns.

Results of Antwerp's Fall. The fall of Antwerp was essential to the consummation of far greater and more stupendous plan of campaign being initiated by the German staff, if for no other reason than that it signaled the crushing of Belgium, making three-quarters of the kingdom solidly held by the kaiser; it eliminated Antwerp as a thorn in the side of Germany, and lastly and most important, it released 130,000 men and the besieging army's big guns, making them available for active operations against the more formidable opponent in France which the kaiser could not move.

This force under General von Beecher, it is expected, will shortly swing in the southwesterly direction, seeking a junction with the army under General von Boehm, who is supporting von Kluck just over the border.

The attempt of this Antwerp attacking army to effect this junction in its westward movement toward the coast will be the signal, military experts here believe, for a general attack along the whole German battle front.

Russ Flee From Przemysl. London, Oct. 14.—A dispatch from Amsterdam to Reuter's Telegraph company says:

"A telegram from Vienna states it is officially announced that the Austrian rapid advance has relieved Przemysl, Galicia, of the Russians. The Austrians have entered the fortress at all points and where the Russians attempted resistance they were beaten. The Russians fled in the direction of the River San, attempting to cross at Sniava and Lenaysk, where a great number were captured." The Austrians also claim victories over the Russians at Lancut and Dynow, in Galicia.

Sink Russian Submarine. Petrograd, Oct. 14.—It is officially

announced that a German submarine torpedoed and sank the Russian armored cruiser Pallada in the Baltic sea. Of the Pallada's crew of 580 men 563 were lost.

Kaiser Rushes Troops to France. London, Oct. 14.—Three German army corps (129,000 men) have been released from the siege of Antwerp and are being rushed to France, says a dispatch from the Belgian capital.

Belgians Reach Holland. The Hague, Oct. 14.—A dispatch to the Nieuwe Courant from Hulst, Holland, quotes a Belgian officer as saying that the total number of Belgian and British soldiers who have crossed from Belgium into Holland is about 26,000.

Germans Lose 12,000 in Battle. London, Oct. 12.—One of the correspondents in France of the Daily Mail in a message dated Saturday says: "The Germans suffered decisive defeat in the Arras district yesterday with a loss of approximately 12,000 killed and wounded."

Report Heavy German Loss. London, Oct. 12.—A dispatch to the Reuter Telegram company from Petrograd gives the following official statement:

"The last of the German soldiers has evacuated Suwalki (a government of Russian Poland), carrying off the valuables they had taken as loot. They did not have time to force the payment of a war levy of \$50,000 which had been imposed.

Cholera Cause for Alarm. London, Oct. 12.—The Rome correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph company, says that, according to a Vienna message, cholera is now spreading over the entire dual monarchy, new cases averaging forty daily.

German Force Is Vast. Rome, Oct. 12.—From a reliable source it is learned that Germany's force engaged at present consists of 54 army corps, 27 of first-line troops and 27 of reserves, totaling about two million two hundred thousand men.

CLAIMS OF RIVAL NATIONS

GERMAN.

Antwerp's fall led French to withdraw cavalry around Arras. German cavalry routed French cavalry west of Lille. Bombardment of Reims resumed. On the whole the situation for the Germans is favorable. Russian report of victory at Augustowo and Suwalki is invented. In South Poland German advance has reached the Vistula. First and second Russian armies repulsed and Russian outflanking efforts in East Prussia also repulsed, many prisoners being taken.

The greatest battle of the war, so far, is shortly to be fought on the north end of the opposing lines, between Lens and Cassel, each perhaps to the southeast and connecting with the left flank engagements of the battle of Seven Rivers, now in its twenty-ninth day, according to fragmentary information disseminated by the press bureaus of the belligerent powers.

Belgian Capital Moved to France. Official announcement was made at Bordeaux that the Belgian government was transferred from Ostend, which is menaced by the Germans, to Havre, France.

This announcement indicates that the allies have little hope of being able to keep Ostend out of the Germans' hands.

Germans Seek to Trap Allies. That the Germans are rapidly shifting their forces in an attempt to trap the Belgian army and the British forces that assisted in the defense of Antwerp is indicated by dispatches received from three different sources. Two showed that German troops were moving rapidly westward from Antwerp and the third reported strong German detachments moving north-west, all apparently converging on Ostend, whither the Antwerp garrison fled.

Boers Revolt and Join Germans. London, Oct. 15.—The government press bureau announces that part of the forces of the Union of South Africa have rebelled. This information came in a dispatch from the governor general of South Africa. The revolting troops are those under Colonel Maritz and they have been stationed in the northwest of the Cape provinces, supposedly close to German Southwest Africa. It is understood that the mutineers are mostly Boers. As a result of the revolt of the troops serving under the English flag martial law has been proclaimed throughout the Union of South Africa. According to the allegations, the Germans were to help the followers of Colonel Maritz to overthrow the existing government in British South Africa, establish a republic and sever connections with England. German Southwest Africa was to get the British territory of Walbush bay and other land in compensation.

Warsaw Threatened by Germans. Washington, Oct. 15.—Warsaw, capital of Russian Poland, is threatened by German forces and may fall at any moment, according to an official dispatch to the American government from one of its consuls, who asked for instructions as to the care of foreign interests during the expected period of occupancy. In case Warsaw does fall, the United States probably will take charge of Russian interests. Russia has abandoned the narrow point in Galicia between Przemysl and Cracow, Russian forces having virtually occupied all of Galicia with the exception of these two places, says a dispatch from London. Vienna officially announces that Jaroslau and Lezaysk have been retaken by the Austrians. An unconfirmed rumor that the Austrians have retaken Lemberg, Galicia, is current in Berlin. Berlin claims that all of the western part of Russian Poland is now in the possession of Germany and that every place west of Vistula, except Warsaw, is in their hands.

Germany Has New Surprise for Allies. New York, Oct. 15.—The Germans are preparing to spring an even greater surprise on the world than their now famed 42-centimeter guns, that have demolished modern fortresses in this war much as if such obstacles were but of cards. Within a few weeks the Germans will introduce to the world and at the same time to the allies their latest invention of war, the king of cannon, the 52-centimeter (20-inch) gun, on which the Krupps have spent months. The statement was made by a mechanical expert.

LILLE IS RETAKEN WIN WORLD'S TITLE

Germans Again Capture Town From Allies—Bruges Also Occupied.

BELGIAN CAPITAL TO FRANCE

King Albert's Ministers Flee to Havre—Germans Continue Advance on Town—Seek to Cut Off Defenders.

Paris, Oct. 15.—Lille has been captured by the Germans. This is the outstanding feature of an official statement issued here. The fighting has centered about Lille for nearly two weeks. The admission by the French that it has been lost indicates that the Germans are gaining in their counter-flanking movement against the allies' left wing and that the kaiser's troops will now sweep quickly to the coast. The capture of Lille was effected by a German army corps, says the official statement. The French claim that they have gained ground between Arras and Albert southwest of Lille, and also at the center of the battle front in the region of Berry-aud-Dac.

Bruges, for the second time in this war, is in the hands of the Germans, who occupied Ghent in force on Monday. The telegraph lines from Bruges to Ostend have been cut. Lens, which is less than ten miles from Arras, has changed hands three times in two weeks.

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Braves Defeat Philadelphia in Fourth Game by Score of 3 to 1.

NOW CHAMPIONS OF WORLD

King Evers of Boston is Batting Hero of the Day, Driving in Two Runs in Fifth Inning That Gave His Team Victory.

Fenway Park, Boston, Oct. 15.—The Boston Braves are the world's baseball champions of 1914. They defeated the Philadelphia Athletics on Tuesday by the score of 3 to 1, winning the series with four straight games, the champions of the American league not capturing a contest.

With the score knotted at 1 to 1 and with two out in the fifth, Rudolph started the rally that put his mates in the lead when he poked a single to center. Moran lined a double to the left field fence and Rudolph was halted at third.

In this crisis Evers was worked into a three and two count, and then Johnny landed on a fast one for a slashing single to center, scoring Rudolph and Moran. The crowd gave Evers a great ovation.

Moranville shared honors with Evers when he made a marvelous stop of Collins' drive over second in the sixth inning and threw him out at first.

Boston scored the first run in the fourth inning, when Evers worked Shawkey for a pass, advanced on Connelly's out and Whitted's scratch hit and scored when Barry threw out Schmidt. The Athletics tied it up in the fifth, when Barry beat out a scratch hit in deep short and scored on Shawkey's double to left field fence.

Penock replaced Shawkey on the mound in the sixth inning and Manager Stallings countered by sending Mann to left field.

It is the first time a world's series has been won in four straight games, and after the last man was out the Athletics rushed over and congratulated their rivals. The spectators went mad with joy and paraded the field, singing and cheering.

Charlie Deal, a castoff of the Detroit Tigers and in the series by an accident, executed a number of brilliant fielding plays.

Table with columns: Athletics, A. B. R. H. P. O. A. E. and rows for various players like Murphy, Collins, Baker, etc.

Table with columns: Boston, A. B. R. H. P. O. A. E. and rows for various players like Moran, Evers, Connelly, etc.

Summary: Athletics 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1; Boston 1 0 0 1 2 0 0 0 1.

Two-base hits—Walsh, Shawkey, Moran. Stolen bases—Whitted. Left on bases—Athletics, 4; Boston, 4. Bases on balls—Off Shawkey, 2; off Penock, 2; off Rudolph, 1. Struck out—By Penock, 5; by Rudolph, 6. Passed ball—Schang. Hits—Off Shawkey, 4 in 5 innings. Wild pitch—Rudolph. Time, 1:49. Umpires—Klem, Dineen, Byron and Hildebrand.

BOMB IN N. Y. CATHEDRAL

Edifice Escapes Serious Damage in Explosion—Pilot on Cardinal Denied.

New York, Oct. 15.—A bomb was exploded in St. Patrick's Catholic cathedral on Tuesday. Although many worshippers were in the edifice, the hour being that of evening prayer, no one was injured. The damage was slight. The bomb tore a hole in the floor and smashed the entrance to two pews. Fragments went into the arched roof and knocked off chips of stone. Cardinal Farley denied himself to interviewers, but Mr. Lavelle said it was ridiculous to suppose the bomb had been an attempt on the cardinal's life.

TEN FLEE JAIL IN ILLINOIS

Sheriff of Kankakee Suspects Cake Brought by Woman Contained Saws.

Kankakee, Ill., Oct. 15.—George Lauchren, held in the jail on a robbery charge, had a visit from a woman who said she was his wife. She brought him a cake and a few other delicacies, had an hour's visit and departed. On Tuesday Lauchren left the jail. Nine fellow prisoners followed him. Sheriff Lee believes Mrs. Lauchren had a couple of saws in the cake.

Five Drowned at Memphis.

Memphis, Tenn., Oct. 15.—Five men employed by the government fleet opposite Memphis were drowned when a gasoline boat used to transfer them from the city to the fleet capsized in the middle of the Mississippi river.

War Causes Murder and Suicide.

Ashland, Wis., Oct. 15.—After a quarrel over the war, George Gasper, a Hungarian farm hand, shot and killed his employer, Bert Walsack, a Pole. Gasper informed his victim's wife of the murder and killed himself.

Sick Women Attention

Is it possible there is a woman in this country who continues to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial after all the evidence that is continually being published, which proves beyond contradiction that this grand old medicine has relieved more suffering among women than any other medicine in the world?

We have published in the newspapers of the United States more genuine testimonial letters than have ever been published in the interest of any other medicine for women—and every year we publish many new testimonials, all genuine and true. Here are three never before published:

From Mrs. S. T. Richmond, Providence, R. I. PROVIDENCE, R. I.—"For the benefit of women who suffer as I have done I wish to state what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I did some heavy lifting and the doctor said it caused a displacement. I have always been weak and I overworked after my baby was born and inflammation set in, then nervous prostration, from which I did not recover until I had taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. The Compound is my best friend and when I hear of a woman with troubles like mine I try to induce her to take your medicine."—Mrs. S. T. Richmond, 199 Waldo Street, Providence, R. I.

A Minister's Wife Writes: CLOQUET, MINN.—"I have suffered very much with irregularities, pain and inflammation, but your wonderful medicine, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, has made me well and I can recommend the same to all that are troubled with these complaints."—Mrs. JAS. ARKMAN, c/o Rev. K. ARKMAN, Cloquet, Minnesota.

From Mrs. J. D. Murdoch, Quincy, Mass. SOUTH QUINCY, MASS.—"The doctor said that I had organic trouble and he doctored me for a long time and I did not get any relief. I saw Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound advertised and I tried it and found relief before I had finished the first bottle. I continued taking it all through middle life and am now a strong, healthy woman and earn my own living."—Mrs. JANE D. MURDOCH, 25 Gordon St., South Quincy, Mass.

Write to LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. (CONFIDENTIAL) LYNN, MASS., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

Women Active in Battle. In all probability there were numerous women engaged in our Civil war, especially in the gallant South. During the present Mexican anarchy and brigandage the brown women south of the Rio Grande have followed their men by hundreds and gone into the fight with rifles in their hands. The Boer women of the Transvaal fought beside their men in practically every battle of both wars with England and won many laurels by their excellence in marksmanship and bravery. There are battalions of Chinese women ready to support the celestial republic. It is reported that female battalions are being formed in Ireland to defend the homes from invasion. Throughout the Balkans women are preparing for military activities.

Out of the Mouths of Babies. Little Julia's mother had just returned from a visit to the hairdresser with her hair all fluffy. "Oh, mamma," cried Julia, "who fricasseed your hair?" "Listen, Elva," said the fond mother, "and I'll read to you about heaven and its beautiful golden streets." "Never mind, mamma," replied the little miss, "I'd rather wait until I go there and be spriced."

Brain Food Needed. "Fish are brain food," remarked one member of the angling party as they squatted in the reeds. "I need all the brain food I can get," growled the other. "I was an imbecile to come on this trip."

After the War. "Is this a cubist painting?" "No; it's the map of Europe,"—Judge.

Many a man walks around and runs a risk at the same time.

Your Liver is Clogged Up That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days. They do their duty. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion and Sick Headache. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature.

Hay's Hair Health. Nature's Method of Restoring Gray Hair NOT A DYE. You no longer have to use deleterious and destroying drugs and dyes to rid yourself of gray hair. You can do so in a natural and harmless way by using HAY'S HAIR HEALTH. It feeds and strengthens the hair and at the same time so prepares it that the air acts upon it and causes it to come back to its original color. Begin at once; results are sure. Druggist refunds money if it fails. Tones scalp and REMOVES DANDRUFF. Makes hair soft and lustrous. NOT A DYE. \$1.00, 50c, 25c as drug stores on direct receipt of price and dealer's name. Philo Hay Specialties Co., Newark, N. J.

TYPHOID is no more necessary than Smallpox. Army experience has demonstrated the almost miraculous efficiency of the latest Antitypoid Vaccination. Be vaccinated NOW by your physician, you and your family. It is more vital than house insurance. Ask your physician, druggist, or send for "Have you had Typhoid?" telling of Typhoid Vaccine, results from use, and danger from Typhoid Carriers. The Cutter Laboratory, Berkeley, Cal., Chicago, Ill. Producing Vaccines and Serums under U. S. License.

Bettis Eye Salve GRANULATED ITCHING LIDS. Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Book free. High quality medicine. Best price.

It's hard to teach a man anything when he doesn't even know when he is licked.

Patents. Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Book free. High quality medicine. Best price.

SOLDIERS' FOOD MADE STUDY

Composition of Rations Dealt Out to Fighting Men Has Been Most Carefully Considered.

The rations on which England's soldiers are being fed during their European campaign are based on the results of a series of interesting experiments which were completed only a short time before the war clouds began to gather.

In the first experiment 20 volun-

teers and four officers of the Royal army medical corps went on practice marches during October, when there was almost continuous rain. The ration consisted of fresh beef, whole meal biscuits, bread, a vegetable ration, jam, sugar, salt and tea.

The energy value of the ration was 3,465 calories, which is slightly less than the standard laid down by Professor Atwater for moderate work, 1,000 calories less than that for hard work, and 750 calories less than that supplied to convicts in England on

hard labor. The health of the men was excellent throughout. During the first five days, the average loss in weight was just over one-half pound in the men and three-fourths of a pound in the four officers. It was calculated that the men were losing two and a quarter pounds of fat and nearly six pounds of flesh during the last five days, and the conclusion was reached that the ration was too small and that at least 4,500 calories should be furnished, or even more for big men.

Germany Has New Surprise for Allies. New York, Oct. 15.—The Germans are preparing to spring an even greater surprise on the world than their now famed 42-centimeter guns, that have demolished modern fortresses in this war much as if such obstacles were but of cards. Within a few weeks the Germans will introduce to the world and at the same time to the allies their latest invention of war, the king of cannon, the 52-centimeter (20-inch) gun, on which the Krupps have spent months. The statement was made by a mechanical expert.

Libby's Hawaiian Pineapple. Tropical Hawaii, the home of the finest Pineapple, is too distant to supply you with the fresh fruit that has ripened on the plant. If you want the delicious Hawaiian Pineapple in all its perfection after fully ripening in the field, buy Libby's. Yellow and mellow when harvested and placed right into the tin the day it is picked. You can buy it sliced or crushed. At Your Grocers Libby, McNeill & Libby Chicago

CORRESPONDENT WITH GERMAN ARMY DESCRIBES CONFLICT ON THE AISNE

By RAYMOND E. SWING. Correspondent of Chicago Daily News. With Right Wing of the German Army in France.—Five miles ahead are the trenches, 200 yards apart, where the British and German troops are taking their heroic parts in this bloodiest and hardest fought battle of modern times. Occasional explosions from big guns can be plainly heard. I have just returned from an automobile ride which brought me near enough to the firing line to see shells exploding on the horizon. First there was a great flash lighting up the evening sky, followed by a thunderous discharge. I was not allowed to drive nearer.

British Behind Rock Defenses. The positions on both sides are excellent. The British troops at this point are mainly behind rock defenses, but the Germans have worked their way so close up that accurate fire on both sides means death to the soldier who carelessly protrudes his head. One of the diversions of the Germans is to put a cap on a rifle, hoist it above the trenches and draw the immediate and unerring fire of the opponents. The soldiers in the trenches for days and nights have had a terrible experience. Recently they were lying in water under the exploding shrapnel and receiving food only at night, when black bread, wine and sometimes soup were passed to them under cover of the darkness. On the German side for many days the wounded lay in the trenches until night before they could be removed.

Flashlights Reveal foe. My impression is that such fighting can continue unrelentingly and that here at least the Germans will perhaps only attempt to hold the lines while some other portion of the German army breaks through, either on the far right wing or at Verdun. The British troops made several attempts at night charges two nights ago. They left their trenches and advanced on the German positions, but the movement was suddenly revealed by a German flashlight, machine guns were quickly brought into position and an entire regiment of Englishmen was mowed down by the deadly fire.

Flies Away Under Fire. Another explosion, another white ball and the aeroplanes close by. A third, fourth and fifth boom came, each followed by the appearance of a white ball of smoke, but each time the flyer was still there. After ten shots had been fired there was a row of great round clouds of smoke stretched half way across the sky with the black speck of the aeroplane in the lead, and gradually mounting higher, away from the dangerous fire.

Special Shrapnel for Air Shots. The shrapnel fired at flyers is constructed differently from ordinary shrapnel, which describes a parabola, and is timed to explode over the enemy and send down a shower of shot from above. These aeroplanes shrapnel send the shot straight ahead, and so probably every one of the shells I saw exploding sent some bullets through the wings of the aeroplanes.

Hate But Respect British. Throughout the army wherever I talked with officers and men, I found bitter hatred for the English, but warm praise for their fighting capabilities. Especially effective has been the English artillery, which the Germans say astonished them by its accuracy. One reason for this is that the region of France where we are has been used for maneuvers and the enemy knows the exact range. Nevertheless there is no sparing of praise for the good marksmanship. The English here have done great damage.

English soldiers have also astonished the Germans by their powers of resistance and accurate rifle fire, but the Germans say that the English strength lies mostly in the defensive. As much as the English are hated so much are the French respected. Everywhere the officers speak well of the French. "They fight a gallant fight and observe the rules of war," say the Germans. "They are a worthy foe."

Aged Author Seeks Service. Paris.—Denied a position in the French navy because of his age (sixty-four years), Pierre Loti, the author, who is a captain in the French naval reserve, asked to be joined to the marines serving as guards in Paris.

3,000 GERMAN DIE IN FIVE FIERCE CHARGES. London.—Details are just available of the heroic attempt of Prussian guards to cut the railway connecting Reims and Verdun. This attempt failed and the Germans were in danger of being caught between the French infantry and cavalry. It was at this moment, while the greater part of the German troops were routed, that a section of

ILLINOIS NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

Wire Reports of Happenings From All Parts of the State.

KILLS WIFE; SLAYS HIMSELF. Henry M. Weisenborn, Former Pana Linotype Operator, Dies in Dallas, Tex., One Hour After Shooting.

Pana.—Henry M. Weisenborn, thirty-seven years old, formerly of Pana, a linotype operator on Dallas (Tex.) newspapers, shot and instantly killed his second wife, to whom he had been married a year. She had filed suit for divorce. He then shot himself and died one hour later. Weisenborn's first wife and four children are here with her parents.

Joliet.—The Joliet Building Trades council was organized at a meeting of the building trades unions of the city in Och's hall. Emmett Flood, organizer for the American Federation, was present at the meeting and opened the charter. Labor conditions in general were discussed.

Carlinville.—Rev. W. M. Hudson, D. D., president of Blackburn university, Carlinville, Ill., volunteered to drive a cow from Collinsville to Carlinville if someone would give the animal to the university. The offer was made in the course of a report before the Alton Presbytery in session here.

Springfield.—Mrs. Emma L. Schrage has instituted a suit in the circuit court for herself and nine children, in which she wishes damages of \$5,000 from Bartol Ramsbacher and Joseph Grobelnik, as a result of their selling liquor to her husband, John D. Schrage.

Springfield.—While attempting to locate the man who stole a set of harness from theivery barn of Emmanuel Salzenstein, Lawrence Brooks was badly beaten and received a handful of pepper in his eyes which may impair his eyesight.

East St. Louis.—In less than an hour after Mrs. Etta Kildea (nee Davis) of 1474 Gaty avenue filed suit for a divorce from John E. Kildea, an employe of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad company, charging him with desertion, the divorce was granted.

Marion.—E. G. Lentz, former superintendent of Marion city schools and last year principal of the Marion township high school, has been employed as assistant instructor in English at the Southern Illinois Normal university at Carbondale.

Springfield.—The locomotive firemen and engineers, through their state legislative board, will seek a change in the federal law so as to reduce the hours of trainmen from 16 to 10 a day.

Taylorville.—Harry Forbes, who shot and killed his brother, Marion, on the evening of June 20, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to life imprisonment in the Chester penitentiary.

Taylorville.—Tools found in the bank of the Citizens' State bank, which was blown by robbers, were discovered to belong to a paving gang of this city. A gang sledge, wrench and crowbar were found.

Quincy.—Frank D. Hubbard, seventy-four, was found dead from gas and his wife was found unconscious under a bed in their home. Mrs. Hubbard was revived. The coroner's jury declared Hubbard's death was accidental.

Girard.—Silas Jackson, a Civil War veteran, died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Samuel Smith, west of this city, at the age of eighty-four years. Mr. Jackson was born in Delaware county, Ind., October 1, 1830.

Niantic.—Thirty-five families have moved away from Niantic since the closing of the coal mine. The M. E. church has lost 64 members by these removals.

Bloomington.—Stepping from his engine after completing a run from St. Louis, Fireman Andrew Moran was struck by another engine and killed.

Dundee.—John Grant of Hampshire, cursed violently on the street here, and was fined \$345. As he is unable to pay the fine, he will have to spend 88 days in the Kane county jail.

Pana.—Oran Gabhart, aged eighteen of Brunswick, east of Pana, was thrown from a horse while racing with his brother and killed. The accident was caused by a stirrup breaking.

Rockford.—Theodore F. Hopkins, president of the National Saddlers' association, died here after a brief illness. He was sixty-eight years old.

Peoria.—Rosa Reeves is suing the Peoria Railway company for \$15,000 for injuries received in 1908, in the circuit court.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Hutchins. In Use For Over Thirty Years CASTORIA. 900 DROPS. ALCOHOL-3 PER CENT. VEGETABLE PREPARATION FOR ASSIMILATING THE FOOD AND REGULATING THE STOMACHS AND BOWELS OF INFANTS AND CHILDREN. Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC. Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER. Pumpkin Seed - 1/2 lb. Aloes - 1/2 lb. Senna - 1/2 lb. Rochelle Salts - 1/2 lb. Licorice - 1/2 lb. Syrup - 1/2 lb. Clarified Sugar - 1/2 lb. Wintergreen Flavor. Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep. Fac Simile Signature of Dr. J. C. Hutchins. THE CENTRAL COMPANY, NEW YORK. At 6 months old 35 Doses - 35 CENTS. Guaranteed under the Food and Drug Act. Exact Copy of Wrapper.

For DISTEMPER Pink Eye, Epizootic Shipping Fever & Catarrhal Fever. SPOHN MEDICAL CO., GOSHEN, IND., U. S. A.

MOTHERS AND DAME FASHION. Women Mold Her Daughter in Foundation of Style and Taste From Earliest Years.

Take the average girl, carefully note the manner in which she is dressed and then you have an advertisement—good or bad—for her mother. In some subtle manner a mother molds her daughter from babyhood in the style of her clothing, and it is a very important molding, too. For if clothes do not make the man they do go a long way in giving a true impression of a woman.

Every new dress that a mother buys for her little girl is a small stone in the foundation of style and taste that will guide her daughter in future years. I was taking tea with a well-known public woman recently, and she called my attention to two young business girls who were sitting at another table in the restaurant. From the hat of one hung a faded-looking rose, her low-necked blouse was not improved by her soiled coat collar, and above her cheap-looking patent shoes showed tawdry openwork stockings. The other wore a smart, perfectly plain hat, neat, well-fitting costume, and was tastefully booted.

"Different mothers!" said my companion briefly. — Rehoboth Sunday Herald.

Sign Causes a Near Riot. A sign in the window of a grocery store at Forty-third and Butler streets that sugar was selling 25 pounds for \$1.10 caused a rush of women.

Men working at night or going to work in the early morning had read the sign and hastened to tell their wives of the sale. Three hundred women congregated, seeking opportunity to buy.

The storekeeper found that a joker had been at work. Wednesday evening he had painted a sign, "Sugar, 25 pounds \$1.90." Some one had erased the loop from the figure nine. — Pittsburgh Gazette-Times.

Got Him Both Ways. Diner—You charge me more for this steak than you used to. Restaurant Manager—I have to pay more for it. The price of meat has gone up. D.—And the steak is smaller than it used to be. R. M.—That, of course, is on account of the scarcity of beef.

And What Happened Then? He—I would kiss you if I dared. She—If I were a man I think I would dare anything.

YOUR BLOOD is the canal of life but it becomes a sewer if clogged up. All life consists of building up and tearing down and just in the same manner that the blood carries to the various parts of the body the food that the cells need for building up, so it is compelled to carry away the waste material that's torn down. These waste materials are poisonous and destroy us unless the liver and kidneys are stimulated into refreshed and vigorous life. DR. PIERCE'S Golden Medical Discovery is the balancing power—a vitalizing power. It acts on the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition—on the purifying filters which clean the blood. This fresh vitalized blood feeds the nerves, heart—and brain. This well-known alternative relieves catarrh of the stomach and headaches accompanying same, and has been successful for more than a generation as a tonic and body-builder. It builds up the rundown system. You need it if you are always "catching cold"—or have catarrh of the nose and throat. The active medicinal principles of American-Native-roots are extracted without alcohol and you can obtain this tonic in liquid or tablet form at any drug store or send 50 cents in 1-cent stamps for trial box of tablets. A SEWER

Need Cheer in the Kitchen. "Too many women are cheerful in the parlor and are not so in the kitchen," said Dr. Stanley J. Krebs the other afternoon to the women—and three men—that formed the audience for his second series of lectures at the Propyleum. Doctor Krebs is taking the adult for his subject. He told how a person may be cheerful under adverse circumstances, and he quoted a friend who was and had been a cripple from rheumatism forty years, and yet she is the cheeriest of women. "Cheerfulness," he said, "is the sunshine of the soul. A person gets joy and life from what is received and this woman preached by her life." Cultivated people should be cheerful, he said, and added there are three things that cheerfulness will do. It will drive away the gout, it will make one live long and it will make one good looking and attractive.—Indianapolis News.

Premonitory. Blobs—Why do you call Groucheigh the human tadpole? Slobbs—Oh, he always feels that he has a kick coming.—Philadelphia Record.

Many a man who tries to make money merely succeeds in making trouble. Cupid could give the fool killer a lot of pointers.

SOME FLIES IN OINTMENT. Bride Was Happy Enough, but There Were a Few Things That Might Be Improved On.

A maid who had been employed in the Benner home for several years took unto herself a husband and went to a nearby town to live. One day about a month after the wedding she came to call on her former mistress, who said:

"Well, Phoebe, I hope that you are happy in your new home. How is your husband?" "To this the bride of a month made reply:

"Well, reckon I'm happy enough, but the chimney in the kitchen don't draw none too good, an' the water in the well is so brackish I ain't never goin' to git used to it. As for my husband, well, ma'am, it's with him as it is with your man an' all the rest of 'em, if the Lord had 'em to make over he could improve some on the job. Ain't eggs turrible high?"

Constipation causes and aggravates many serious diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. The favorite family laxative. Adv.

Not cost. "Why, baby, you have lost a tooth." "No, I haven't lost it, mother. I swallowed it."

Top Prices For Your Hogs. More pork, better pork and a better price. Sleek, fat hogs in the pink of health and ready for market weeks earlier. Less feed used. Lower feeding costs. Greater profits. Fatten your "mortgage lifters" by using Pratt's Animal Regulator in the feeding and fattening ration. Feed it from the start to hogs, cattle, horses and sheep. Keeps them robust and always ready for their feed. Builds up sick and run-down animals. Prevents hog cholera. Dairy cows produce more milk. Has been used in the dairy ration of millions of farm stock in the past 42 years. More used today than ever before. Try it if you never have. Every package sold as it always has been—on a guaranty of your perfect satisfaction or money back. Do not get confused. Ask for Pratt's and look for the name on the label. Sold in packages, 25c, 50c, \$1.00 25-lb. pails, \$3.00. For clean, healthy hogs and cattle, use Pratt's Dip and Disinfectant freely as a dip or spray. Cures Ticks, Lice, Mange, Sores, Cuts and all Skin Diseases. Only \$1.00 a gallon. 40,000 Dealers Sell Pratt's PRATT FOOD COMPANY PHILADELPHIA CHICAGO TORONTO

Happy Evenings 'Round the Rayo Lamp. The circle 'round the center table flooded with soft, mellow, yet brilliant light that allows the family to read, embroider, sew and study all through the long winter evenings. RAYO LAMPS give a clear, steady, restful light, without glare or flicker, smoke or odor. For the light that is next best to daylight, that saves the eyes and prevents eye strain, as well as to give the family pleasure and comfort, get a RAYO Lamp for the reading table. For Best Results Use Perfection Oil (244). STANDARD OIL COMPANY, Chicago, Illinois (AN INDIANA CORPORATION)

WINCHESTER "Nublack" and "New Rival" Loaded Shotshells. Good shooters and sure shooters are Winchester "Nublack" and "New Rival" black powder loaded shells. They are strongly made and loaded with only standard brands of powder, shot and wadding. Their even pattern and deep penetration make them sure game getters. You will find nothing better. Sold everywhere. Look for the Red W on the box. They Are Uniform, Highly Satisfactory Loads.

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 Legal Notices, per brevier line 5c
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 First Page at double rates.
 Minimum Display accepted 50c
 Minimum Local accepted 35c

Opera house Saturday night.

For China Stand.
 When one has a china umbrella stand it is a wise plan to place a sponge in the bottom of the jar to keep it from being cracked or broken. The sponge not only prevents it from being broken, but also absorbs the water which drips from the umbrella.

No Job too Small nor too Large
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 Teaming and Draying
 Prompt Service. Phone 24

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 No. 121
 Odd Fellows Hall
 2nd and 4th Friday of each month
 KLINE SHIPMAN, Chief Patriarch
 J. W. SOWERS, Scribe

Genoa Nest No. 1017
 Order of Owls
 Meets 1st and 3rd Tuesdays Each Month
 HARRY WHIPPLE, Pres.
 F. L. KOHLBURNER, Sec.

C. A. Patterson
 DENTIST
 Hours: 8:30 to 12:00 a. m.
 1:00 to 5:00 p. m.
 Office in Exchange Bank Building

Dr. J. W. Ovitz
 Physician and Surgeon
 Office over Slater's Store.
 Hours: 10:00 to 12:00 a. m.
 2:00 to 4:30 p. m.
 Phone No. 11 7:00 to 8:30 p. m.

EVALINE LODGE
 No. 344
 Meet 4th Tuesday
 of each month in
 I. O. O. F. Hall
 E. M. Trantman, Prefect
 Fannie M. Heed, Secy

Genoa Camp No. 163
 M. W. A.
 Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month.
 Visiting neighbors welcome
 B. C. Awe, V. C. A. R. Slater, Clerk

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 X cut saws 10c per lineal foot.
 Hand and Buck saws, price according to condition of saw.

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 Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month
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 T. M. Frazier Secy.


GENOA LODGE
 No. 768
 I. O. O. F.
 Meets every Monday evening
 in Odd Fellow Hall.
 D. R. MARTIN, J. W. Sowers, Sec.
 N. G.

The Republican Ticket
 For United States Senator—
 Lawrence Y. Sherman.
 For State Treasurer—Andrew
 Russell.
 For Superintendent of Public
 Instruction—Francis G. Blair.
 For Clerk of the Supreme Court
 —Charles W. Vail.
 For Representative in Congress
 at Large—Burnett M. Chipperfield
 and J. McCan Davis.
 For Representative in Congress,
 12th District—Charles E. Fuller.
 For Clerk of Appellate Court
 —Christopher C. Duffy.
 For State Central Committeeman—
 Fred E. Sterling.
 For State Senator, 35th district
 —Adam C. Cliffe.
 For Representative in General
 Assembly—William L. Leech and
 F. A. Brewer.
 For County Judge—William L.
 Pond.
 For County Clerk—S. M. Henderson.
 For County Treasurer—Charles
 C. Pond.
 For Sheriff—Daniel Hohm.
 For Superintendent of Schools
 —W. W. Coultas.
 For Senatorial Committeeman
 —Frank W. Greenaway. tf.

Grundy county in the recent primary gave Hinebaugh only 55 votes.
 Has any one heard of any old soldier, or soldier's widow, or any one else in all the 12th congressional district who has been benefited by Mr. Hinebaugh's service in congress?

How Judge Fuller stands in his own county where everybody knows him and where he has lived all his life is best shown by the vote of that county. In the recent primary in Boone county Fuller received 2,023 votes, Kennedy, 175, and Hinebaugh 102.
 Less has been said about it, but

Why You Should Buy Your Watch at ROVELSTAD'S



We not only sell you a watch at a reasonable price that can be depended upon for time, but we also render you an expert service that makes it more valuable to you. We see that it is in first class shape when you get it and keep it so while you are wearing it. Our Guarantee protects you in every way.

NOW—A Good Time To Buy

We have stocked up adequately for the fall trade and have about any style or grade you can wish for. Our prices will always be found as reasonable as good watches can be sold at.

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 Jewelers and Opticians
 ESTABLISHED 1893 ELGIN, ILL.

it is none the less true, that Judge Fuller in Congress and in all his public career has been not only the friend of the old soldier but equally the friend of the farmer and laboring man. All measures in their interest have had his cordial support. Every man who toils knows that in Judge Fuller he has a friend and advocate.

Hinebaugh says the Underwood bill is a much better bill than the much maligned Payne-Aldrich bill. He will have a hard job to convince the farmers of that fact, if it be a fact. Whatever may be said of the Payne-Aldrich bill it did not discriminate against the farmers and did not deprive them of all protection as does the Underwood bill. Likewise it closed no factories and threw no laboring man out of employment.

The Rockford Republic, a progressive paper, has made the statement that Judge Fuller was present but 39 days and absent 61 days during his last term in congress. Judge Fuller comes back with an affidavit that he was not absent one single day during that time. The Republic does not state, however, that during Congressman Hinebaugh's first session there were 71 roll calls and that he answered to only 22 of them. As a matter of fact there is no way to determine a member's presence or absence except by the roll calls, and a member is generally mighty anxious to not miss answering when the roll is called, because that is the permanent record.

ADVERTISEMENT
 Instructions to Bidders

Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received at the Town Hall in Monroe Center, Illinois, by the superintendents of highways of DeKalb and Ogle Counties, until twelve o'clock noon, October 23, 1914.

Designating Jewitt Bridge over Gallier Run on the highway between Sections 25 and 30 in the Township of Monroe in Ogle County and the township of Franklin in DeKalb County, respectively.

Substructure: 9 feet high, reinforced concrete construction.
 Superstructure: Span, 10 feet; roadway, 18 feet; reinforced concrete construction.
 The right to reject any and all bids is reserved.

Proposals shall be addressed as follows: "Proposal for bridge construction DeKalb-Ogle County Line, F. A. Drager, Town Clerk, Monroe Center, Illinois."

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of F. A. Drager, Town Clerk, Monroe Center, Illinois, or may be had by writing to the State Highway Department, Springfield, Illinois, for plans and specifications Number 19.5-1.

The work to be completed by November 15, 1914. All work to be constructed in accordance with the State of Illinois, State Highway Department, Contract Form and General Specifications for Bridge Work, Edition of April, 1914.

Holy War Not Probable.
 I am of opinion that unless you could bray Christianity in a mortar, and mold it into a new paste, there is no possibility of a holy war.—Bacon.

Sabotage.
 A reader asks this center of enlightenment to explain the meaning of the word "sabotage." Did your mother ever cut your hair? That's the apotheosis of sabotage.

HEALTH CERTIFICATE
 Another Qualification which will be Demanded of School Teachers

The demand that teachers in high schools present certificates of health as a condition of their contracts with boards of education, which appeared in a few high schools at the opening of the year's work, has not spread widely as a general movement throughout the state. Officials of the state superintendent's office say that to date the examples of this requirement have been isolated and sporadic, and that during the present year at least it is not likely to be extended.

While agreeing with advocates of the plan that good health is an essential for teaching efficiency, the state superintendent's office has not begun and does not expect to begin this year any campaign to secure requirements of health certificates from teachers.

State Senator Magill, Superintendent of the Springfield city schools, and president of the Illinois Teachers' association, is in favor of the requirements, and was one of the first to have it enforced in his schools.

It is probable that the requirement will be considered by the state teachers at the annual association meeting in Springfield in January, and some steps may be taken to secure its general adoption.

W. C. T. U. Notes

The press superintendent of the W. C. T. U. has been very negligent of duty in the past weeks, but not so the members, who have kept steadily on finding enough to do in our 40 lines of work. We do not have the saloons to fight any more in our city, thanks to the loyal hearted men and women, but there is still much to be done and we cannot lay down our arms or even rest from our labors. The burning question before us is "What next can we do to accomplish the most good either in homes school, or community?" Three weeks ago a very interesting meeting was held with Mrs. Etta Olmstead where reports were read and arrangements made for delegates to attend the county convention. It was a picnic and a very enjoyable one. Mr. Olmstead came down with a conveyance and took 19 members and there was a goodly number besides who came in other ways. A fine lunch was served all came away feeling that Mr. and Mrs. Olmstead were royal entertainers. The reports showed good work done especially in Flower Mission work, caring for the sick and shut-ins with flowers, fruit and care. Last week they met with their president, Mrs. A. C. Reid, and listened to the reports from the convention which Mrs. Reid and Mrs. Olmstead attended. The reports told of good work being done all over the county.

Host's Bad Break.
 High society has its crude personalities, if a story in one of the magazines is true. At a dinner given to the famous pianist, Liszt, his host, Count Ludolf, right in the middle of Liszt's most exquisite playing, "said in a loud voice, 'If anyone wishes to have a game of whist, there are tables in the other room.'" Liszt, says the narrator, stopped short, but as no one moved he consented amiably to remain at the piano. The amount of wine that had been consumed by Liszt's host on this occasion is not stated.

A. J. PATTERSON
 Press Supt.

COMFORT IN THE HOME

IS DEPENDENT UPON THE FURNISHINGS

IT IS NOT THE MOST EXPENSIVE FURNITURE AND RUGS that make up the comfortable home, either. But it must be something good. Our entire line of rugs and house furnishings is made up of the quality which appeals to the family of moderate means and the prices quoted are less than can be found at any mail order or part payment house. It is house cleaning time. You may find that a

New Rug, Linoleum or a Piece of Furniture is Needed

We'll be more than glad to show you our immense stock. If we have't what you want on the floor, we can get it in a few days.

DON'T FAIL to look over our line of RUGS. All sizes and all prices.

W. W. COOPER

ELGIN'S MOST POPULAR STORE

WILL PARTICIPATE IN ELGIN'S FOURTH GREAT

DOLLAR DAY

Wednesday, Oct. 21st

With Hundreds of the Most Wonderful Dollar Bargains That Have Ever Been Offered

Don't fail to come to this store next Wednesday and get your share of the savings that are afforded in this stupendous bargain event. Every department in the store will be represented.

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THE BEST PAID PROFESSION IN THE WORLD TODAY IS STENOGRAPHY

If you are ambitious and want to better your position, stenography offers more real opportunities than all other lines. Let us make you a competent stenographer by home study during your spare hours.

We offer the only complete correspondence course in the country that enables the students to finish the course in from three to five months. In this time you can become an expert stenographer and be in a position to command a salary of from \$60 to \$150 per month. Do you know of any other profession that you can learn during that time in your spare hours which will bring in such large returns? Every young man and woman should learn some trade or profession as it is absolutely essential now days to specialize in some one line if you wish to make a success, and stenography offers more golden opportunities than any other profession you can learn.

Would you give just one hour a day to the study of Stenography for four months if you were sure you would then be in a position to command a salary twice as much as you are now earning?

If you will give us this much time we can assure you of a position paying at least \$60 per month to start.

If you are anxious to improve your position and succeed in the world send for enrollment blank and further details.

Typewriters and all supplies are furnished free to our students. Low rates of tuition on easy monthly payment plan.

Write Plainly and fill out the Coupon NOW
 National Business Institute, 230 S. LaSalle St., Chicago

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Gentlemen—Please send me an enrollment blank and special terms for your stenographic course. 972-B.

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Sycamore Woven Wire Fence

We have it in all sizes and sell it at the same price it would cost you at the factory, and it is Just As Good as the Best

We have a sample fence up near the office. Come and see it. Will show you a good steel gate too.

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HASTING SHINGLES

They are not better than the best but BETTER THAN THE REST

GENOA LUMBER CO.

SUPERVISORS' PROCEEDINGS, DE KALB COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

The annual meeting of the board of supervisors of DeKalb county, Illinois, was called to order at the Court House in Genoa, Ill., on Tuesday, Sept. 23, 1914, by Alvin Warren, chairman.

The roll being called the following members were present: Messrs. A. W. Bala, Bell, Burton, Chesbro, Conrad, Dick, Dodge, Hayward, Hogan, Hyde, Jacobson, Latimer, McClary, Raymond, Storey, Townsend, White, Wright and Chairman Warren.

The minutes of the proceedings of July 16th, 1914, were read and approved. An invitation of St. Clair county for delegates to their centennial celebration at Belleville, Sept. 14 to 19th, was presented by the clerk.

No action was taken by the board. A resolution from Ford county, DeKalb for the collection of all taxes by the county collector, was presented by the clerk and referred to the county committee on motion of Mr. Jarboe.

A resolution from Stephenson county in regard to the state aid granted was presented and read by the clerk and was laid on table on motion of Mr. White.

The board adjourned on motion of Mr. White to meet Tuesday, Sept. 22d, at 2 P. M.

TUESDAY, SEPT. 22D.

Board met at 2 o'clock P. M., pursuant to adjournment of Sept. 8th, and was called to order by Alvin Warren, chairman.

The roll being called all members were present except Messrs. Kellam, Kellam and White.

The minutes of the proceedings of Sept. 8th were read and approved. The report of S. M. Henderson, county auditor, showing the expenditures of the county for the year ending Aug. 31st, 1914, was presented and read by the clerk.

County orders charged to pay current expenses, as follows:

Table with columns for item description and amount. Includes sections for Board of Supervisors, County Clerk, Sheriff, Pauper Expenses, County Infirmmary, Elections, and various other county expenses.

County orders charged to pay current expenses, as follows: Board of Supervisors, County Clerk, Sheriff, Pauper Expenses, County Infirmmary, Elections, and various other county expenses.

RECEIPTS.

Table listing various receipts for the county, including taxes, fines, and other income sources, with corresponding amounts.

EXPENSE OF COUNTY INFIRMARY.

Table detailing the expenses of the county infirmmary, categorized by month and item, such as medical supplies, food, and other costs.

July, 1914—Anna Napf, laborer, 12.00; July, 1914—Tom Wyvling, laborer, 30.00; July, 1914—Ezra Cumley, laborer, 30.00; July, 1914—Eugene Grey, laborer, 30.00; July, 1914—Emma Hooker, laborer, 20.00; July, 1914—Gladya Anderson, laborer, 15.00; July, 1914—Maurine Darnell, laborer, 20.00; July, 1914—Ella Erickson, laborer, 15.00; July, 1914—James Darnell, salary, 100.00; July, 1914—George Cheney, groceries, 614.98; Aug., 1914—Holcomb Bros., soft coal and fence post, 31.41; Aug., 1914—J. C. Butzow, corn binder, 12.00; Aug., 1914—Olson, Walrod & Co., groceries, 34.55; Aug., 1914—C. S. Cusson, chicken feed, 109.72; Aug., 1914—J. S. Cusson, chicken feed, 19.15; Aug., 1914—National Mercantile Co., 15.75; Aug., 1914—Columbia Tea Store, tea and coffee, 18.72; Aug., 1914—Blomquist Bros., shoes, 2.35; Aug., 1914—The McAllister Co., dry goods, 9.45; Aug., 1914—Astorla Drug Co., 4.90; Aug., 1914—B. C. Knoodle, hardware, 10.95; Aug., 1914—James Wilson, laborer, 11.50; Aug., 1914—H. Wagner, dry goods, 11.50; Aug., 1914—C. A. Anderson, hardware, 22.89; Aug., 1914—Carlson and Anderson, cutting wire, 3.89; Aug., 1914—J. C. Middleton, repairer, 2.00; Aug., 1914—L. C. Middleton, repairer, 1.70; Aug., 1914—Dr. C. Schuyler, dentist, 2.50; Aug., 1914—Harry Low, batteries, 6.00; Aug., 1914—Electric Co., lighting, 11.82; Aug., 1914—Friedman Mfg. Co., but-terine, 21.60; Aug., 1914—Eugene Grey, laborer, 30.00; Aug., 1914—Thos. Votaw, laborer, 30.00; Aug., 1914—L. C. Middleton, repairer, 1.70; Aug., 1914—Maurine Darnell, laborer, 25.00; Aug., 1914—Maurine Darnell, laborer, 25.00; Total amount received from Dec. 1st, 1913, to Sept. 1st, 1914, \$14,220.50; Total amount received from Dec. 1st, 1913, to Sept. 1st, 1914, \$20,555.50; Balance on hand Sept. 1st, 1914, \$5,695.55.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 23.

Board met at 9:30 a. m. and was called to order by the chairman. Members present: Messrs. Potter and White. Minutes of the proceedings of Sept. 22 were read and approved.

Mr. Holland presented and read the following report of the superintendent of the county infirmmary, which was referred to the county infirmmary committee on motion of Mr. Kellam.

Mr. Hyde presented and read the following report of the county clerk, which was referred to the county clerk committee on motion of Mr. Jarboe.

Mr. Jarboe presented and read the following report of the county auditor, which was referred to the county auditor committee on motion of Mr. Jarboe.

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THURSDAY, SEPT. 24.

Board met at 9:30 a. m. and was called to order by the chairman. Members present: Messrs. Potter and White. Minutes of the proceedings of Sept. 23 were read and approved.

Mr. Jarboe presented and read the following report of the county auditor, which was referred to the county auditor committee on motion of Mr. Jarboe.

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FRIDAY, SEPT. 25.

Board met at 9:30 a. m. and was called to order by the chairman. Members present: Messrs. Potter and White. Minutes of the proceedings of Sept. 24 were read and approved.

Mr. Jarboe presented and read the following report of the county auditor, which was referred to the county auditor committee on motion of Mr. Jarboe.

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SATURDAY, SEPT. 26.

Board met at 9:30 a. m. and was called to order by the chairman. Members present: Messrs. Potter and White. Minutes of the proceedings of Sept. 25 were read and approved.

Mr. Jarboe presented and read the following report of the county auditor, which was referred to the county auditor committee on motion of Mr. Jarboe.

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Illinois Brevities

East St. Louis.—One thousand horses for service in the French army were shipped from the St. Louis National Stock Yards to New Orleans.

Danville.—Ellsworth Dare, who, September 23, shot and killed his wife and then fired a shot into his own brain, died in the county hospital.

Bloomington.—Edward P. Chadwick, a veteran minner and song writer of Minonk, was killed by a train there by failure to hear its approach on account of deafness.

Duquoin.—The Illinois miners' examining board has announced places and dates of examinations for miners' certificates as follows: Danville, October 13; Pana, October 14; Springfield, October 15-16; Eldorado, October 20; Duquoin, October 21; Herrin, October 22-23; Willisville, October 24; Staunton, October 26.

Danville.—John Fosselman, a veteran of the Second Missouri infantry and a former resident of Kirksville, is dead at the Soldiers' Home following a fall from the third story of a hotel here.

Chicago.—Thirty-two persons were murdered in Chicago during August. At this rate, experts have calculated, 249 persons will have been murdered by the end of the year.

Springfield.—A meeting of the state public utilities commission to be held in Chicago on Monday, October 12, at which time the industrial railroad switching question in Illinois will be discussed, and a rule adopted to govern rates, rules and regulations of switch movements in this state.

Lincoln.—Carl Person, editor of a labor magazine, was found not guilty of the murder of Anton Musser, former chief of police of Clinton. The jury reached the verdict after it had deliberated 20 hours and had taken 22 ballots.

Alton.—Joseph Winkler of Alton choked William Sweeney, a paroled convict, to death when Sweeney tried to burglarize the Winkler home. Fred Winkler, eighteen, a son, screamed when he saw a negro bending over his bed. The negro attacked him.

Lincoln.—Father Peter, Roman Catholic chaplain of the Illinois state penitentiary, was called to the bedside of the oldest inmate of the prison, serving the remainder of his life term in a bed in the hospital because he is too feeble to work.

Belleville.—Rumors that a typhoid fever epidemic threatened Belleville were denied after a meeting held by the Belleville physicians, at which cases were reported upon.

Belleville.—Dr. Portoqueno, president of the Belleville board of health, reports only three cases at the present time.

Belleville.—Deputy sheriff set out to drag the drainage canal for the body of A. E. Steed, founder and proprietor of the National Business college of Joliet, who disappeared in a package of letters and a paper.

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DISBURSEMENTS. By December, 1913, report \$18,499.10. By January, 1914, report \$1,218.02. Total \$19,717.12.

KINGSTON NEWS

FRED P. SMITH, CORRESPONDENT

Miss Mande Bradford went to Chicago Wednesday.

Rev. Pease will speak in the Baptist church Friday night.

Miss Edith Aurner spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Aurner.

Hector Gable of Ames, Iowa, is the guest of relatives and friends in Kingston.

Mrs. Josephine Hitchcock went to Rockford Saturday where she spend a few days with relatives.

Mrs. E. L. Bradford received word this week of the death of her brother-in-law, Mr. Sydney Bradford, of Eagle Grove, Iowa.

HARRY L. FORDHAM

DIXON, ILL.



PROGRESSIVE CANDIDATE
FOR STATE SENATOR
THIRTY-FIFTH DISTRICT

49-1f

Electric Service

FROM A

CENTRAL STATION

Embodies every modern improvement and assures to users

The King of Artificial Light

and every variety of labor-saving and comfort-giving appliance.

ELECTRIC SERVICE IS CHEAP

The Most Moderate Income Can Afford It

ILLINOIS NORTHERN UTILITIES CO.

Mr. R. S. Tazewell was in DeKalb Friday.

Miss Georgia Walker was at Rockford Sunday.

Miss Gladys Burgess spent Thursday at Belvidere.

Mrs. Ed. Smeltzer and children were in Sycamore Saturday.

Ray Heldson was home from Chicago a few days last week.

Floyd Rowen and family of Genoa spent Sunday at J. P. Ort's.

Misses Cora and Nora Bell and Ferne Gustavson spent Saturday in Rockford.

Rev. C. A. Briggs is attending the annual Rock River Conference at Austin, Ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Irland and Ellen and Emil Nelson of DeKalb spent Sunday at O. W. Vickell's.

Miss Clara Ackerman returned home last week from a three week's visit with relatives in Chicago.

Mrs. R. Burke returned Saturday to Mrs. Vickell's after visiting relatives in Durand and Rockford.

Miss Gladys Burgess spent a few days this week with her friend, Miss Nellie Castle, at Fairdale.

Mrs. Horace Biggs left Saturday for Amherst, Wisconsin, where her husband recently located in business.

Last Thursday the Ladies' Aid of the Baptist church had a supper at L. Bickler's. It was Mrs. Bickler's birthday. About twenty-five were present.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Wells of Rock Grove, Ill., Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Wells and daughter, Lorena, of Sycamore, and Mrs. Cora Rockey and son of Afolkey, Ill., spent Sunday at Ed. Smeltzer's.

Prayer meeting Saturday night, Oct. 17. By staying away you don't know what you are missing. Sunday, Oct. 18, Sunday school at 10:00, preaching services at 11:00. A tremendous question. Special singing. J. W. GREEN, pastor.

Mrs. Fred Helsdon and daughter, Nina, returned to their home in Chicago Saturday after a week's visit with relatives here. They were accompanied home by Mrs. Helsdon's sister, Miss Ida Moore, who will spend a couple of weeks there.

The Towers Return

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Tower arrived home from their eastern trip last week. They first went to Niagara Falls which is visited by 800,000 people every year. In describing the Falls and other points Mrs. Tower says: Its grandeur is indescribable. Prospect point is one of the best points of view, the water falling 161 feet into the Niagara River. Horseshoe Falls is another great sight as is the whirlpool two miles below, of which the depth is not known. We visited Devil's Hole, a cave along the Niagara River where the Indians massacred 96 men, only one of the party escaping. Bloody Run is a small stream coming out of the cave. The old forts, built on the bend of the river and lake Ontario are in a good state of preservation. We went thru the gorge to Youngstown, about twelve miles from Niagara in the fruit district where farmers have acres of apples, peaches and pears. A whole settlement of Towers live in this section of the country. Peter Tower sold 11000 baskets of peaches from his orchard last year. Spent a day in Buffalo visiting the parks. Went to Springville, a beautiful city of 35000 population, then thru the grape country in Chautauqua county. We saw fields of grape vines. We visited in Wyoming county, Pa. This part of Pennsylvania is very mountainous. Saw the mountain where Indians surrounded the white settlers, the latter jumping down the side of the mountain in a distance of 500 or 600 feet rather than be taken captives. Visited near Wilksbarre, in the great coal district, had a ride on the Susquehanna river and visited a few days at Ithica, N. Y., at the home of Prof. Williams, an old school mate of Mr. Tower's at Champaign, Ill. Prof. Williams is a member of the faculty of Cornell which has a campus of 2000 acres. The buildings are magnificent.

The Pinch.

"Yes, I don't so much mind 'em givin' me the sack. That's all right. But 'e was a dirty outsider to send a letter to the paper advertisin' for a boy—a boy, mark you—to take my place!" —London Opinion.

Administrator's Notice

Estate of Jesse E. Little, Deceased. The undersigned, having been appointed Administrator of the estate of Jesse E. Little, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the County Court of DeKalb County, at the Court House in Sycamore at the Court Term, on the first Monday in December next, at which time all persons having claims against said Estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 13th day of October, A. D. 1914.
J. B. LITTLE, Administrator.
Stott & Brown, Attorneys.

New Lebanon

Mr. and Mrs. Lou Hartman were in Genoa Monday.

Art Hartman was in Elgin on business Saturday.

Seward & Driver are drilling a well on Chas. Coon's farm.

The H. O. A. club will meet with Mrs. O. R. Gray this week.

A Greek extra gang is surfacing tracks on the railroad near here.

Mrs. O. R. Gray and daughter, Roberta, visited in Kingston Thursday.

Miss Ruby Dreblö of Kingston was the guest of Mrs. O. R. Gray Saturday night.

Chas. Coon and family visited Mr. and Mrs. Joe Dumolin Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Wade King and Mrs. Carl Klome called on Mrs. Lem Gray Friday afternoon.

Chas. Coon and family and Mrs. A. Wallace were Genoa visitors Saturday night.

Chas. Coon and family and Carl Klome and family attended the show in Genoa Wednesday night.

Miss Dora Kuhl visited Mrs. Ben Awe the latter part of the week and attended the dance Saturday night.

Ralph Gray has purchased a Bull Traction machine which he expects to use for breaking sod and heavy plowing.

Sycamore Man Killed

A work train manned by Belvidere trainmen ran over and killed Charles Olson, a well known Sycamore milk dealer, at a crossing north of Sycamore Wednesday.

Olson was driving his wagon across the Northwestern tracks at the crossing, one and one-half miles north of Sycamore, and failed to observe the approach of the train. His rig was scattered along the track and when picked up Olson was dead. Olson had been a well known milk dealer in Sycamore for some years. He crossed and recrossed the track every day. The only explanation offered by his friends is that he knew the hours for regular trains and was not on the outlook for the extra work train.

Special Assessment Notice

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested that the City Council of the City of Genoa, DeKalb County, Illinois, having ordered that a special assessment for the local improvement consisting of paving a part of Main Street in accordance with the provisions of an ordinance providing for said improvement, said ordinance for the same being on file in office of the City Clerk of the City of Genoa, DeKalb County, Illinois, having applied to the County Court of DeKalb County, Illinois, for the assessment and cost of said improvement according to benefits and the assessment thereof having been made and reported to said Court, a final hearing thereon will be had on the 26th, day of October A. D. 1914, at the hour of ten o'clock A. M. of said day, or as soon thereafter as the business of the court will permit; said assessment roll having been filed in said Court on the 5th, day of October A. D. 1914, said assessment being payable in ten installments, each bearing interest at five per cent per annum.

All persons desiring may file objections in said Court before said day and may appear on the hearing and make their defense.

JOHN HADSELL, Commissioner appointed to make said assessment.

Dated, Genoa, Illinois, October 8, 1914.

Administrators Notice

Estate of Sophronia Eklor, Deceased.

The undersigned, having been appointed Administrator with will annexed of the estate of Sophronia Eklor, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the County Court of DeKalb County, at the Court House in Sycamore at the December Term, on the first Monday in December next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 13th day of October, A. D. 1914.
WILLIAM A. BIKLOK, Administrator with will annexed.
Stott & Brown, Attorneys.

Postcard Hint

Save your picture postcards and when preparing them to send to hospitals and orphan asylums paste two together, back to back, thus concealing the address and message, and also giving the sick babies two pictures to look at instead of one.

Notice

To George Bartholomew, Daniel Bartholomew, John H. Ball, Peter Bartholomew, Mary Bartholomew, Blanche Hollebeak, Henry Hollebeak, Roy Hollebeak, Reuben Wager, Keubin Wager, Philinda P. Wager, Philinda P. Wager, Laura A. Hill, Harriet L. Nichols, Caroline F. Sumner, William H. Sumner, Horace Sumner, Belle Sumner, W. D. Palmer, Charles O. Boynton Wm. D. Palmer, D. B. James, Hiram Read, Anson Sperry, the unknown heirs, devisees and legatees of George Bartholomew, deceased; Daniel Bartholomew, deceased; John H. Ball, deceased; Peter Bartholomew, deceased; Mary Bartholomew, deceased; Reuben Wager, deceased; Philinda P. Wager, deceased; Philinda P. Wager, deceased; W. D. Palmer, deceased; Charles O. Boynton, deceased; Wm. D. Palmer, deceased; D. B. James, deceased; Hiram Read, deceased; Anson Sperry, deceased, and all unknown owners of and all unknown parties in interest in and to the whole or any part of the following described real estate, to-wit: The east half (1/2) of the Northeast Quarter (N. E. 1/4) of Section (7) and the West half (1/2) of the Northwest Quarter (N. W. 1/4) of Section Eight (8) all in Township Forty two (42) North Range (5) East of the Third (3rd) Principal Meridian in DeKalb County, Illinois, excepting therefrom the right of way of the Woodstock & Sycamore Traction Company being a tract of land 33 feet wide, the Northernly boundary of which is the southerly boundary line of the public highway running along the northernly side of the above described premises. You are hereby notified that there is now pending in the Circuit Court of DeKalb County, in the State of Illinois, a certain suit (General No. 18904) wherein Walter W. Buck is complainant and you together with Delia Ann Totten, Emma R. Hollebeak, Ralph D. Hollebeak, Emily Ide, George W. Buck, Alfred Buck, Henry A. Sumner, Sarah J. Sumner, Elva A. Sumner, Alma Sumner, are defendants; that a summons has been issued in said cause returnable at the Court House in Sycamore, in said County, on the fourth Monday of October, 1914.

W. M. HAY, Clerk of Said Court.

Stott & Brown, Solicitors for Complainant.
52-41. Genoa, Illinois.

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