

THE GENOA ISSUE.

VOLUME XI.

GENOA ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, JANUARY 10, 1895.

NUMBER 11.

SOCIETY AND BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.
Genoa Camp No. 163, meets every Thursday night. F. H. VanDresser, V. C. W. H. Sager, Clerk.

DELLA REBECCAS, I. O. O. F. No. 283.
Meet every other Friday night. Mrs. J. E. Stott, V. C. Mrs. John Wyde, Sec.

GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC. Re-saca Post No. 478. Meets on First Tuesday of each month. H. H. Slater, Commander. Geo. Johnson, Adjutant.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES. Genoa Tent No. 44. Meets every other Saturday night in Slater's Hall. John Hadsall, Com. G. E. Sisley, Record Keeper.

A. F. & A. MASONS. GENOA LODGE No. 283. Meets in regular session of Wednesday evening on or before the full moon of each month. W. M., C. A. Brown. Geo. E. Sisley, Sec.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODDFELLOWS. Genoa Lodge No. 783, meets in regular session every Monday evening. F. M. Overaker, Sec. Henry Downing N. G.

KNIGHTS OF THE GLOBE. GENOA GARRISON No. 56. Meets in regular session on the second and fourth Tuesday of each month. J. M. Harvey, Pres. E. H. Lane, Adj.

DR. M. D. LEFEVRE, Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist. Office Robinson's Drug store. Calls attended day or night.

E. H. BURLINGTON, Real Estate Agency and Collections, Blue Springs, Neb. Both farm and city property for sale and rent. Office Burlington Bldg. Correspondence solicited.

EXCHANGE BANK OF BROWN & BROWN Buy and sell Government Bonds. Sell Passage Tickets to and from Europe. And for sale or rent some choice farms in this vicinity, and houses and lots in this village.

E. A. ROBENSON, M. D.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE,
Cor. Monroe and First Sts., Genoa
Office Hours—10 to 11 and 1 to 3.

DR. BILLIG'S

DENTAL PARLORS

—OVER—

BANK BUILDING, GENOA

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK
A SPECIALTY.

CALL AND SEE HIM.

O. BECKINGTON

AUCTIONEER

and Real Estate Agent.

Farm sales a specialty. Satisfaction guaranteed or no charges made. Leave orders at this office or address

O. BECKINGTON,

Boone Co. Belvidere,
Telephone No. 51.

G. C. ROWAN AND EUGENE OLMSTEAD, AGENTS

The Farmer's Mutual.

KINGSTON, ILL.

ROCKFORD

Steam Laundry Co.

Leave order, and have work called every Wednesday morning, at the

Genoa Barber Shop.

AL. U. SCHNEIDER,
Proprietor.

Do You Want Work

A steady job with the largest house in the west, 20 years established. With our facilities we can make a good salesman in two weeks from raw material. Nursery stock that is warranted to grow. 25 best varieties of seed potatoes in the world, etc. If you want money write stating age.

L. L. MAY & CO.
(Nurserymen, florists and seedmen.)
St. Paul, Minn.

This house is responsible.

LOCAL NEWS JOTTINGS.

Personal Notes, Happenings, Etc., Pertaining to Genoa.

Mrs. John D. Page is quite ill.

Butter sold at 25c at Elgin Monday.

Tommy Allen has gone to Chicago.

Ira J. Mix was from Chicago Monday.

Millard sells ground feed at \$18.00 per ton.

Genoa's tax collector is abroad in the land.

—Shining Light axle grease is the best.

Agustus Fraley of Hampshire was in town Friday.

Miss Wylla Richardson was a visitor with relatives in Chicago last week.

Prof. Overaker and family returned on Friday from their holiday vacation.

T. E. Getzelman was here from Elgin last Saturday.

Examine our clubbing list in another column.

Sheriff Shafer and Deputy Sheriff Holcomb were in town Monday.

—Millard is now prepared to grind feed with the latest appliance.

You save money by taking advantage of our clubbing offer.

School re-opened on Monday after a two week's vacation.

—E. B. Millard is shelling and grinding corn for 7c, and crushing for 8c.

Misses Bernice and Louise Millard visited friends in DeKalb last week.

Will Millard returned to school in Chicago last Wednesday after a brief vacation.

A number of relatives and friends from Hampshire attended the funeral of Mrs. Shabbers Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Brown rejoice over the advent of a little girl baby at their house.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Schaefer are here from Chicago on a two weeks' visit with relatives.

D. V. Hall who has been visiting with the family of H. Shattuck returned to his home in Oregon, South Dakota, Monday.

We inadvertently omitted to mention a pleasant party tendered to Miss Sadie Brown on New Year's eve. A number of young friends and relatives enjoyed a very pleasant evening.

The Genoa Oddfellows' are enjoying an unprecedented growth. They held an all night session Monday night in initiating five candidates and conferring the first second and third degree on four others. They enjoyed a midnight supper at the Genoa House.

Invitations have been extended to nearly everybody in town to attend the Odd Fellow dedication next Monday night. If any were missed it is simply an oversight and the committee takes this opportunity to extend to them a special invitation.

The next meeting of the Genoa W. C. T. U. will be held at two o'clock p. m. Saturday next, January 12th, at the home of Mrs. John Patterson. A request is made that all members be present as far as possible.

Ed Wilcox was here from New York last week. He is superintending the exhibit of the Stearns' Mfg. Co. at the Chicago Cycle Exhibit.

The forming of a partnership between W. L. Pond and A. G. Kennedy brings together two bright young attorneys, with a brilliant future before them.

John McCreedy, of Elgin, was a guest a few days last week at Jas. Hutchinson's. Mr. McCreedy has a fund of sea stories to relate, having been a sailor all his life. He has rounded Cape Horn twenty-five times.

Mrs. Thos. Lawrence and son from Minnesota, and John Lawrence of Sycamore, were guests at Edward Lawrence's last week.

Burlington, just east of here, on the I. C. road, is to be brought into prominence by the proposed cow boy race from Minneapolis to Chicago, starting February 7. That village is to be one of the registering points.

Wm. Lloyd filled his ice house this week.

James Hutchison was in Chicago Tuesday.

Miss Ella White is spending the week in Chicago.

Mrs. James Hewitt returned home from Wheaton Monday.

Fred Worcester, of Davis Junction, was in town Tuesday.

Miss Grace Stott spent Sunday with relatives in Rockford.

E. C. Sisson of Chicago stopped here on his way to California.

D. S. Brown attended the cycle exhibit at Chicago yesterday.

The reading circle meets tonight with Miss Marguerite Cliff.

Fred Masche has become a Benedict. We failed to learn the ladies' name.

Miss Mary Canavan returned to her home in Sycamore the first of the week.

Joe Craft returned to his home in Chicago, Saturday, after a week's visit in Genoa.

Geo. Sowers has been here from Mason City, Iowa, a guest of his sister, Mrs. A. Stiles.

—Let your light so shine and use Shining Light axle grease, sold by Jas. Kiernan.

Mrs. Barnes, of Porwicia, Conn. on her way to Hot Springs, is a guest of Mrs. Charles Whipple.

Mrs. John Gallagher returned on Tuesday from Canada, where she has been visiting the past month.

—Make it so easy as you can on your horses by using Shining Light axle grease. Sold by Kiernan.

Ira J. Mix filled his ice house this week. The ice is clear and thick and is about the best ever stored here.

—You buy it now and try it and you will use it all winter. There is no so good in town. That kiln-dried buckwheat at Slater's.

—Bright colored, crisp buckwheat cakes, steaming hot, what is there better these crisp mornings. That's what you get when you use that kiln-dried buckwheat, at Slater's.

I have again taken charge of the Olmstead mills and will hereafter grind every day until further notice.
W. H. STRONG.

An additional feature of the Odd Fellow dedication next Monday night will be a public installation of the Rebeccas.

Pan Connors looked upon that which was rosy, too off, on Tuesday, and in consequence nurses a cracked skull. Skull vs. frozen ground.

Conference at the A. C. church will open on Thursday evening with song service at 7 o'clock. At 7:30 the president, Elder D. R. Mansfield of Chicago, will give an address on the "Office of the Holy Spirit."

There is good reason for the popularity of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Davis & Buzard, of West Monterey, Clarion Co., Pa., say: "It has cured people that our physicians could do nothing for. We persuaded them to try a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and they now recommend it with the rest of us." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by F. T. Robinson.

If the course of things do not change soon weather prophet Hick's assertion may come true. We have already had a number of the twenty-three snow storms with no sleighing. The weather prophet must have "a wheel in his head" if he thinks he will let nothing but wheeled vehicles run this year.

A party consisting of Elder and Mrs. French, the Misses Millard, Mrs. Silsby, of Chicago, Miss Louie Patterson, Bert and Will Millard, Tom Frazier, and John Howe of Sycamore, gave Miss Jennie Lowe of Mayfield, a surprise on New Year's eve, which was heartily enjoyed by those present.

Many stubborn and aggravating cases of rheumatism that were believed to be incurable and accepted as life legacies, have yielded to Chamberlain's Pain Balm, much to the surprise and gratification of the sufferers. One application will relieve the pain and suffering and its continued use insures an effectual cure. For sale by F. T. Robinson, Druggist.

Will Criswell returned last week with his bride, Miss Claudia Jenkins, of Carroll county, Maryland. They were married there on Dec 24th. For the present they will reside at the residence of James Wyde. The many friends of the groom extend congratulations to the happy young people.

Mr. Ira P. Wetmore, a prominent real estate agent of San Angelo, Texas has used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in his family for several years as occasion required, and always with perfect success. He says: "I find it a perfect cure for our baby when troubled with colic or dysentery. I now feel that my outfit is not complete without a bottle of this Remedy at home or on a trip abroad. For sale by F. T. Robinson, Druggist."

The firm of A. Crawford & Sons has been dissolved. A Crawford withdrawing. The sons, Everald and Burt continuing the business, the former taking the dry goods, and the latter the groceries. He is having the corner store fitted up and will conduct an exclusive grocery business. They are both progressive young business men and THE ISSUE wishes them success.

The publishers of Home Life, a Family Paper, will send FREE to any boy or girl a handsome American Watch, stem wind and stem set, fully guaranteed as payment for a few hours work. Send a 2c stamp for full particulars and outfit, with testimonials from many who have received and worn these watches, to Home Life Co., Caro, Michigan.

Carlton Cornwell, foreman of the Gazette, Middletown, N. J., believe that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy should be in every home. He used it for a cold and it effected a speedy cure. He says: "It is indeed a grand remedy. I can recommend it to all. I have also seen it used for whooping cough with best results." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by F. T. Robinson, Druggist.

The Kingston Farmers' Mutual Insurance company held their ninth annual meeting in Kingston on Tuesday of this week. There was a good attendance despite the severity of the weather. The company presents a good standing and is fast gaining popularity among the farmers of DeKalb county. January 1st, 1895, there were 500 policies in force, with risks amounting to \$935,102, a gain over last year of \$77,315. The following directors were elected for three years: Henry Wood, Sycamore; J. K. Gross, Mayfield; W. J. Barr, DeKalb; Geo. Clark, DeKalb; and John Blake, South Grove, to fill vacancy. After the annual meeting the directors met and elected the following officers: Henry Wood, president; J. K. Gross, vice president; A. N. Wyllys, secretary; M. W. Cole, treasurer.

The first entertainment to be given by the Genoa Athletic club will take place in Crawford's opera house on Friday evening, January 18. Besides the athletic program there will be a dance. The following is a few of the events: Double club swinging act, by Abraham and Ide; wrestling match, between Shudder of Dixon and Adams of Genoa. Shudder to forfeit \$10 if he fails to throw Adams in ten minutes. The champion lady club swinger of Illinois will give an exhibition of club swinging. To conclude with an interesting four-round sparring match for points, between Cook, of Dixon and "the Unknown" of Genoa. The best of order will be maintained. Admission to dance and entertainment 75c.

Any one who has children will rejoice with L. B. Mulford, of Plainfield, N. J. His little boy, five years old was sick with croup. For two days and nights he tried various remedies recommended by friends and neighbors. He says: "I thought sure I would lose him. I had seen Chamberlain's Cough Remedy advertised and I thought I would try it as a last hope and am happy to say that after two doses he slept until morning. I gave it to him next day and a cure was effected. I keep this remedy in the house now and as soon as any of my children show signs of croup I give it to them and that is the last of it." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by F. T. Robinson, Druggist.

Tax Collector.
I will be at H. Perkins and Son's hardware store on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday of each week until further notice.
FRED. ADGATE.

Kirkland is reported to have a case of smallpox. We understand that the authorities there have taken every precaution and that there is little likelihood of a spread.

Beautiful faces are always features of Hood's Sarsaparilla Calendars, and they were never more charming than they are this season. Their calendar for 1895 is heart shaped and is ornamented with representations of Summer and Winter. A sweet little face which peeps out from a dainty cap, with the snow flakes falling all about, represents the season of ice and snow, while the sunshine of summer lights up a softer face at the left. The design was made by one of the most gifted water color artists in the country and the work of the lithographer is seemingly perfect. Hood's calendar as usual, presents all the desired information about the lunar's changes and other astronomical events. Ask your druggist for a copy, and if his supply is exhausted send six cents in stamps for one calendar, ten cents for two, to C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

To RENE—Desirable house in a desirable locality. Good residence property for sale.
D. S. BROWN.

Four Big Successes.
Having the needed merit to more than make good all the advertising claimed for them, the following four remedies have reached a phenomenal sale. Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, each bottle guaranteed—Electric Bitters, the great remedy for liver stomach and kidneys. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, and Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are a perfect pill. All these remedies are guaranteed to do just what is claimed for them and the dealer whose name is attached herewith will be glad to tell you more than. Sold by F. T. Robinson.

Chicago Excursion.
The National Cycle Exhibition will be held in Chicago, January 7—12 1895. The armories of Battery D and Second Regiment I. N. G. will be used for this occasion. The C. M. & St. P. Ry. will make an excursion rate of one and one third fare on the certificate plan for this occasion, you can take advantage of the cheap rate whether you are a cyclist or not.
J. M. HARVEY, Agt.

Marvelous Results.
From a letter written by Rev. Gunderman, of Dimondale, Mich., we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the church at Rives Junction she was brought down with pneumonia succeeding la grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with out any interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at F. T. Robinson's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.

—That delicious molasses taffy and peanut candy at Fred Holroyd's should be in every well regulated household. It drives away dull sorrow and care and makes a man feel like a millionaire.

HOLLY SPRINGS ROUTE

OF THE
ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD

FLORIDA

Is a new, quick and direct line (effective Dec. 2) from Sioux City, Sioux Falls, Dubuque, Rockford, Chicago and intermediate station, via

HOLLY SPRINGS,
BIRMINGHAM
AND ATLANTA.

To Jacksonville and all Florida Points, and such principle points south as Birmingham, Ala., Atlanta, Augusta, Macon, and Savannah, Ga., and Charleston, S. C. By it one can leave Sioux City at 8.00 p. m. daily, and arrive Birmingham 7.50 p. m., Atlanta 8.50 p. m. the second day, and at Jacksonville 9.55 a. m. the third morning after leaving Sioux City, and can make the journey for the entire distance in a Pullman Car from Sioux City to Jacksonville with but one change, and that at a reasonable hour, en route, from through Sioux City and New Orleans sleeper to through Jacksonville, on which through reservations can be made from starting point. Ask for special Florida folder of I. C. R. R. issue; they as well as tickets and full information, can be obtained of your local ticket agent, or by addressing A. H. HANSON, Chicago.

The Genoa Issue.

G. E. SISLEY & CO., Publishers.

GENOA : : : ILLINOIS.

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Proceedings of the Second Session.
In the senate on the 3d notice was given of several proposed amendments to the tariff bill, one being for the payment of a bounty on the present year's sugar crop of one cent a pound, and another to strike out all provisions for an appropriation for the collection of an income tax. The Nicaraguan canal bill was discussed. In the house a bill was introduced for a tax of two dollars per barrel on malt, brewed or fermented liquors. The currency question was considered, Mr. McCreary (Ky.) advocating state banks.

The senate passed the military academy appropriation bill on the 4th and the Nicaraguan canal bill was further discussed. Senator Lodge (Mass.) spoke on his resolution of inquiry as to why the United States warship has been withdrawn from Honolulu. Adjourned to the 7th. In the house a bill was passed granting an increase of pension to Hosca Brown, aged 103, survivor of the war of 1812. The currency question was further debated.

The senate was not in session on the 5th. In the house the time was consumed by debate over the Curistie currency plan, in which Mr. Cookran, of New York, was the most conspicuous figure. He opposed the bill throughout and declared himself in favor of the Baltimore plan.

DOMESTIC.

FIVE of the seven children of Jacob K. Levan, of Oley, Pa., died within twenty-four hours of diphtheria.

INSTRUCTIONS were issued to postmasters at all delivery offices to prevent further overtime claims of letter carriers.

A CENSUS office report shows that owners of farms and houses possess more than 90 per cent. of the wealth of the country.

LENA LEHMAN and her two children were suffocated in a tenement-house fire in New York.

The monthly statement of the receipts and expenditures of the United States shows receipts during December amounting to \$21,866,136; disbursements, \$27,135,460, leaving a deficit for the month of \$5,269,324 and for the six months of the present fiscal year \$27,564,465.

DURING a carousal on the old Sisseton reservation in South Dakota the building took fire and two Indians and a white man were burned to death.

The Massachusetts supreme court decided the sale of oleomargarine colored in imitation of butter to be illegal, even though no attempt were made to hide its character.

The Crystal Ridge and Cranberry collieries at Hazleton, Pa., shut down for an indefinite period, throwing 1,000 men out of work.

A PARTY of Polish Jews camping near Brazil, Ind., were charged with cutting up a dead child's body and feeding it to bears.

A HALF-WITTED son of August Beasly, who lived near Port Washington, Wis., locked his parents in a barn, to which he then applied the torch, and they were fatally burned.

A SYNDICATE composed of New York and Boston men purchased 800,000 acres of timber lands in Nova Scotia.

WHILE Henry Clements and Miss Lillie Deils were skating at Lima, O., they went into an opening and were drawn beneath the ice and drowned. They were to have been married in a few hours.

Gov. LEWELLING pardoned Hugh Gilliland, aged 70, who had been in the Kansas penitentiary on a life sentence for twenty years.

The Riverside Water company at Riverside, Cal., failed for \$600,000.

JOHN B. BERGAMINI, aged 80 years, and his wife, Kate, aged 70, were found asphyxiated by gas in their home in New York.

The public debt statement issued on the 2d showed that the debt increased \$31,321,786 during the month of December. The cash balance in the treasury was \$153,337,579. The total debt, less the cash balance in the treasury, amounts to \$910,903,690.

BOB MOORE and George East, Oklahoma outlaws, were killed in an encounter with deputy marshals, one of whom they wounded.

PRESIDENT HARPER received \$175,000 from John D. Rockefeller, of New York, as a New Year's present to the Chicago university.

The main building of the Illinois southern hospital for the insane at Anna was burned, the loss being \$300,000.

CHARLES A. BUSHEL was inaugurated governor of New Hampshire.

As a result of increase of postal business twenty-nine international money-order offices, ninety domestic money-order offices and 102 limited money-order offices will be established throughout the country immediately.

SEVEN three-story brick buildings, including the new Masonic block, were destroyed at Coffeyville, Kan. Loss, \$105,000.

FIRE destroyed a four-story building belonging to the Gas Light and Coke company at Cleveland, O., the loss being \$150,000.

TWO BURLINGTON (Ia.) citizens, named Nemire and Hornung, went to New York and paid \$1,500 for \$35,000 of counterfeit money.

TWENTY-ONE coal mines in the Pittsburgh district were idle, and it was probable that many more would close down. The miners refuse to work at the rates offered.

JOHN L. SULLIVAN, while in a drunken fit at Paris, Ill., beat members of his company and the organization was disbanded.

SECRETARY MCBRYDE, of the United Mine Workers, issued an address to miners, urging them to shun Sovereign and Hayes.

JOHN A. CREIGHTON, of Omaha, Neb., was given the title of count by Pope Leo for aiding the Catholic church.

HENRY B. CLEAVES was inaugurated governor of Maine for the second time and made a strong plea for protection.

COMMISSIONER MILLER, of the internal revenue bureau, was making active preparations to collect the income tax. At a conference of senators of both parties in Washington it was decided to make no attempt to correct errors in the tariff law.

EXCHANGES at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 4th aggregated \$944,978,848, against \$836,401,764 the previous week. The decrease, compared with the corresponding week in 1898, was 4.6.

GEORGE JORDAN (colored) shot his wife, 6-year-old son and 3-year-old daughter, and then shot and killed himself at Savannah, Ga. Jealousy was the cause.

The terms of 135 presidential postmasters will expire during the month. The City national bank of Birmingham, Ala., has decided to go into liquidation.

ROBERT NICOLS and John Mullaney were killed in a snow slide at Silver City, N. M.

A WING of the state asylum for imbeciles at Columbus, O., was burned.

VIGILANTES came up with a band of horse thieves near Cantonment, I. T., and captured three of their number and hanged them to a tree.

In Gov. Waite's final message to the Colorado legislature he scores the old parties and the federal courts.

No MATERIAL improvement in trade was noted in Bradstreet's. Merchants were declared to be awaiting settlement of the currency question.

The business failures in the United States during 1894 were 13,885, with liabilities of \$172,092,850, a decrease of over 50 per cent. over 1893.

An order was issued extending the civil service regulations to all superintendents of stations in the post offices in the United States. There are 126 of these offices.

THREE THOUSAND miners at Dubois and Reynoldsville, Pa., struck on account of wholesale discharges.

An explosion of fireworks in Dolorme & Quentin's store at Milwaukee started a fire which caused \$100,000 damage.

JUDGE PARKER, of the New York supreme court, decided the new constitution did not prohibit state officials using railroad passes.

The officials of Sacramento, Cal., announced that any burglar or robber would be lynched if caught in that city.

JOHN F. BERGERON, a white man, was lynched by a mob at Idalia, N. C., for killing a man named Watson.

The total bank clearings at sixty-nine cities in the United States during 1894 aggregated \$44,996,000,000, 16 per cent. less than in the year 1893.

The Honduras Lottery company, formerly the Louisiana, has at last been completely driven from all New England states.

Mrs. WILLIAM FLINT, of Utica, N. Y., fatally shot her husband and his mother because of the latter's interference in her affairs.

A RACE from Minneapolis to Chicago between cowboys mounted on bronchos has been arranged, the date of the start to be February 7.

Mrs. MARY J. DUNLEY and James S. Dunley, six times divorced and seven times married, were united for the latest—and they say the last—time by Justice Randall H. White in Chicago.

RAY WICKHAM, the 6-year-old son of a banker at Thornton, Ind., was stolen and held for ransom. He was rescued.

Mrs. SUSAN ROWE expired while attending services in Woodward Avenue Baptist church at Detroit. She was 74 years old.

DURING a quarrel S. L. Swim shot and killed Widow Cooper and her daughter at the McDaniel farm, 12 miles from Newport, Ark.

ONE of the mills of the Miami powder works near Xenia, O., was blown up, three employes being killed.

The village of Stuartsville, 4 miles northeast of Findlay, O., was nearly destroyed by fire.

FIRE near Baltimore, which destroyed a Standard Oil plant, acid and fertilizer works, caused a loss of \$200,000.

FIRE originating in the Eagle flour mills destroyed the business portion of Hamlin, W. Va.

A BODY in the morgue in Chicago was identified as that of T. B. Smith, who was supposedly buried at Crystal Lake, Ill., four years ago.

Mrs. MARY A. LIVERMORE, the woman suffragist and temperance advocate, will shortly retire from the temperance platform.

Mrs. CLARA PENNELL, of Clinton, Ia., kidnaped when a child by her father, was reunited to her mother at Rockford, Ill.

J. E. RUMSEY, ex-mayor of Tipton, Ind., was found dead in bed.

LOUIS GALLOWAY (colored), living a mile from Edwards, Miss., together with his wife, were found murdered near their cabin.

FOUR lives were lost by the sinking of the pilot boat D. J. Lawler by a fishing schooner in the fog off Minot's light near Boston.

A RECEIVER was appointed for the Jefferson iron works of Stebensville, O., the indebtedness being \$180,000.

JAMES COOK, a well-known character and ward politician, and Charles Huddell, a city employe, killed each other in a duel in New Orleans.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

MARY T. LATHROP, one of the most prominent Woman's Christian Temperance union workers in the world, died at her home in Jackson, Mich., aged 56 years.

Mrs. CATHARINE NOLAN died in Litchfield, Ill., aged 112 years and 9 days. She was born in Wickow, Ireland, December 25, 1782, seven years before Washington's inauguration.

THOR H. PAYNTER, judge-elect of the court of appeals, handed in his resignation to Gov. Brown as a member of the present congress from the Ninth Kentucky district.

Dr. GEORGE MARX, of the agricultural department, a well-known entomologist and a world's authority on spiders, died in Washington.

DANIEL H. CRAIG, who was the first general manager of the New York Associated Press, died at Asbury Park, N. J., aged 80 years.

SOFA MAI BOWMAN, for twenty-one years treasurer of Gardiner, Me., died at the age of 88. A remarkable fact in his life was that he had never ridden on a railroad train.

GEN. PHILIP SIDNEY POST, member of congress from the Tenth Illinois district, died suddenly in Washington, aged 62 years.

WILLIAM WHITE, 108 years old, died at Ottawa, Kan.

FOREIGN.

The coasting steamer Intra hull foundered during a gale on the Irish coast and its crew of twenty-six men was lost.

In a recent gale 322 English fishermen belonging to Hull, Grimsby and Yarmouth were lost.

ALFRED McCLURE, United States vice consul general at Belgrade, Serbia, died after a lingering illness.

Violent earthquake shocks in Italy shook Reggio, Messina and Milazzo.

The Belgian government has decided to propose to parliament the annexation of the Congo Free State.

MEXICO was actively preparing for war with Guatemala. An invading army of over 5,000 was awaiting transportation at Acapulco.

CANADA's public account shows an enormous increase in the dominion's public debt.

The crown prince of Siam, Somdech Chouta Maha Vajirunhis, died at Bangkok, aged 27 years.

A FIRE that started in the Globe office in Toronto, Ont., resulted in the death of one fireman, severe injuries of Fire Chief Ardagh and five other firemen, and a property loss of about \$400,000.

CAPT. ALBERT DREYFUS, convicted treason, was degraded in front of military school at Paris in the presence of 5,000 troops.

LATER.

A BILL was introduced in the United States Senate on the 7th for the admission of Oklahoma as a state and one was reported favorably for the relief of homestead settlers on timber lands in Wisconsin, Minnesota and Michigan who suffered loss by forest fires. Resolutions of respect to the memory of Gen. Post, of Illinois, were passed. In the house the death of Gen. Post, was announced, and after appropriate resolutions an adjournment was taken.

Mrs. W. H. UPHAM was inaugurated as governor of Wisconsin.

The legislatures of Idaho, Montana and California convened.

It was said that in five of the coal-producing counties of Ohio there were 50,000 persons in actual want, and an appeal was made to the governor for aid.

AUGUST TRUMPLER, aged 71, and his wife, aged 69, were suffocated by coal gas in their home at Baltimore, Md.

A NEGRO named Ware, living near Dunagan, Ga., murdered his wife and mother-in-law and then burned his house. He was arrested.

Gov. RICHARDS and the other state officers were sworn in at Cheyenne, Wyo.

POSTMASTER FRANK M. DOLL and his wife and son were murdered at Alma, A. T., by robbers who broke into the post office.

MICHAEL NUAGENT died at Springfield, O., from the effects of a blow on the nose received in a boxing match.

The boilers of the steamer Port Nichteroy exploded in Rio Janeiro harbor, causing the death of 120 persons, mostly excursionists.

APPRAISER McCLEURE, of New York, reports the value of the Gould estate for purposes of taxation at \$80,934,580.79.

The World's Women's Christian Temperance union has issued a call for the third biennial convention to be held in London June 14 to 21 next.

FLOODS in the Ohio river and its tributaries were causing great damage. Mrs. KATE HORN died in Fairmount township, Pa., aged 95 years. She was a member of the Methodist church for eighty years and in that time she missed church on Sunday only nine times.

TWO MEN were killed and four injured in a collision between Lake Erie freight trains near Norwalk, O.

The republicans of Wayne county nominated Homer Greene, of Honesdale, Pa., to fill the vacancy in congress caused by the death of Myron B. Wright.

Remember.

When comes the sad year to its close,
And leaves fall fast about thee, think,
In other gardens stripped and brown,
In other gardens summer glows,
And others, thirsting, breathe and drink
The perfume of the rose;
Behold thee, even in thy snows!

And when thy rose is blossoming, know,
Though thine laugh in its rosy crown,
In other gardens, stripped and brown,
At other foot, dead leaves fall down;
Dead roses lie beneath the snow,
Remember, when thine bud and blow!
—Grace Ellery Channing, in Youth's Companion.

The Town Fiddler.

He ain't no good at workin'—
Jest loaf around all day;
He never made no cotton,
An' ain't ahead on hay.

He never made a campaign speech,
An' hardly ever votes;
An' all the money that he knows
Is plain one-dollar notes.

Don't say a word in meetin';
Don't talk much on the street;
But you jest git around him
And shuffle with yer feet—
An' then you'll see that feller
Knows how to walk a chalk!
Just put some rozzum on his bow,
An' make a fiddle talk!

—Atlanta Constitution.

A Winter Thought.

Old Winter is a surly soul,
Gaunt, haggard, grim and gray;
His trumpet blast sweeps from the knoll
All that is green and gay.

But isn't he a poet still,
Of sweet and gentle art,
Who feels a kind and gentle thrill
Of sunshine in his heart?

When he depicts in dreams wind-tost
The flowers of summer's train
In arabesque of sparkling frost
Upon the window-pane?
—R. K. Munkittrick, in Harper's Weekly.

LOW-RATE EXCURSION

January 15, 1895.

On the above date the MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY and IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE will sell tickets at half rates (plus \$2) from St. Louis, Cairo and Missouri River gateways to all points on their lines in Arkansas, Louisiana, including points on the K. C. W. & G.; to all points in Texas, Downing, N. M., and Pecos Valley points in New Mexico. Will also sell from and through St. Louis to points in Missouri south and west of Harrisonville; from and through St. Louis, Kansas City, Leavenworth, Atchison, St. Joseph and Omaha to points in Kansas, Nebraska and Colorado. For particulars regarding limit, stop-over privileges and further information see nearest ticket agent.

H. C. TOWNSEND,
General Passenger Agent, St. Louis.

NETTIE—"What did Mr. Knowall write on the card he put in the basket of flowers?"
Blanche—"For the one I love best."
Nettie—"The horrid creature has bought them for himself!"—Inter Ocean.

Beware of Ointments for Cataract
Contain Mercury
as mercury will surely de-
stroy and completely ruin
system when used
on eyes surface.
Be used
only
on
the
eye.

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 15, 1895.—The man-
agement of the Toledo, O.,
is taken inter-
est in the blood and
of the system. In buying
the Cure be sure you get the gen-
uine. It is taken internally, and made in
Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testi-
monials free.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle.
Hall's Family Pills, 25 cents.

"You say you and your wife never quar-
rel?" "Never; you see, whenever she fires
up I always get out."—Atlanta Journal.

A Cheap Trip South.

Tickets will be sold at one fare round trip to points in Tennessee, Kentucky, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Florida, on the line of the Louisville & Nashville, and Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railroads, on January 8, February 5, March 5, April 2 and 30, 1895. Ask your ticket agent about it, and if he cannot sell you excursion tickets write to C. P. Atmore, General Passenger Agent, Louisville, Ky., Jackson Smith, D. P. A., Cincinnati, O., or Geo. L. Cross, N. W. P. A., Chicago, Ill.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.



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Scrofulous Taints

Lurk in the blood of almost every one in many cases they are inherited. Scrofula appears in running sores, bunches, pimples and cancerous growths. Scrofula can be cured by purifying the blood with

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Sarsaparilla. This great remedy has had wonderful success in curing this disease. It thoroughly eradicates the humor from the blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the sores and eruptions by removing their cause—impurities in the blood. Get Hood's.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills. 25c.



Wife—"What in the world are you doing up there?"
Husband—"I am trying to find the big thing in the column you spoke of."
Wife—"You great goose, it was in a newspaper column."
Of course you are not a goose, reader, but you will be if you do not look up the big offer of \$48.00 for \$2.00 in another column of this paper, and take advantage of it.

Of course you are not a goose, reader, but you will be if you do not look up the big offer of \$48.00 for \$2.00 in another column of this paper, and take advantage of it.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE

IT IS THE BEST FIT FOR A KING.
\$3. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF.
\$4.35 FINE CALF & KANGAROO.
\$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES.
\$2.50 02. WORKINGMEN.
EXTRA FINE.
\$2.17 50 BOYS.

SHOES

...satisfactory...
...for the money...
...shoes in style and fit...
...qualities are unsurpassed...
...are uniform, stamped on sole...
...\$1 to \$3 saved over other makes...
If your dealer cannot supply you we can.

RISEING SUN

FOR DURABILITY, ECONOMY AND FOR GENERAL BLACKING IS UNEQUALLED. HAS AN ANNUAL SALE OF 3,000 TONS. WE ALSO MANUFACTURE THE

SUN PASTE STOVE POLISH

FOR AN AFTER DINNER SHINE, OR TO TOUCH UP SPOTS WITH A CLOTH. MAKES NO DUST. IN 5 & 10 CENT TIN BOXES. THE ONLY PERFECT PASTE. MORSE BROS., PROP'S, CANTON, MASS.

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Ely's Cream Balm

Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation Restores the Sense of Taste and Smell. Heals the Sores. Ely's Cream Balm is sold by all druggists. ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N.Y.

CLOVER SEED

Largest growers of Grass and Clover Seeds in America. 6000 acres. Our Grass Mixtures last a lifetime. Mow down in April and give a good crop in July. Prices dirt cheap. Mammoth farm seed catalogue and sample of Grass Mixture, free for 7c. postage. JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., La Crosse, Wis.

Hustlers DO YOU want a "HOT SELLER?"

Write WENZEL MFG. COMPANY, Marquette, Ill. NAME THIS PAPER every time you write. A. N. K-A 1534

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

The Genoa Issue.

G. E. SISLEY & CO., Publishers.

GENOA. : : : ILLINOIS.

THE CURTAIN.

BEFORE.

A thrill of rapturous applause,
From every row ascending;
The actor gives a gracious pause,
To those before low bending,
Admired of all the ladies rare,
What compliments they utter!
How many hearts amid the fair
Are now set in a flutter?

The play goes on, the curtain falls
Upon the act of splendor;
Each heart emotional recalls
Its incidents so tender.
Oh, sweet the glamour of the scene,
With nothing coarse to break it!
Imagination rules serene,
And fancy's what we make it.

BEHIND.

The leading lady, just deceased,
Has got a fit of laughter;
The leading man, from toil released,
A sandwich has sent after.
The stageboard seats are put aside,
The lovely sylphs are yawning;
The dancing girls in plain clothes hide,
No beaux among them fawning.

The funny men are scowling now,
And he who gold dust scattered
Upon the scene with happy brow
Looks doleful now and shattered.
And so it is throughout the days
Of this our life uncertain;
To view it truly, you must gaze
On both sides of the curtain.
—Mark Meredith, in N. Y. Clipper.



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CHAPTER XI—CONTINUED.

Ben did not know the country any better than did Hendricks. They took to the woods and went north, Hendricks and Fenning riding on either side of the captain, and Ben following at some distance behind.

It was some time before they reached an open country, and, rough as it was, they galloped away and soon left Ben far out of sight.

"You are going to the Laran house," said Fenning, who had recovered his spirits.

"Yes," replied Hendricks. "Have you divined the rest?"

"No."

"Wait, I hardly know myself." It was ten o'clock when the party having toiled slowly up a long acclivity, came out upon a wooded brow of the hill looking eastward. It was a magnificent stretch of country and it was radiant with the morning light. Hendricks dismounted and looked through his glass.

"If you follow the top of that stone ledge, to the second green line of hills and look between those two rounded knolls, just under that white cloud that hangs down like a teat—you will see the Laran chimney." And Hendricks handed the glass to Fenning.

"Yes, I can see it," said Fenning. "How far is it?"

"Approximately four miles and a half. We can get within a pistol shot of the house from this direction. I know every turn in the way. We'll wait here for Ben, get a bite and a drink, take the extra horse and leave him here to wait for us."

It was eleven o'clock before Ben came up and the captain was the most impatient of the party, but Hendricks beguiled the time in telling Fenning some of his earlier experiences in the place and Fenning's remark as the narrative ended was: "Well, I wouldn't doubt that woman either. But you never can tell what a woman will do."

At half-past eleven, Hendricks and Fenning, with the captain between them, set off in the direction of the Laran house, Hendricks leading the extra horse.

This part of the way was by all odds the most difficult of any. As they descended into the valley they had to skirt a primeval morass, its pools inhabited by millions of water-fowl. But Hendricks' knowledge of the country enabled him to pick his way through the labyrinth and about two o'clock, he said, as he reached an almost impenetrable covert and dismounted: "Do you know where you are?"

Fenning looked about him and shook his head. But the captain recognized the place. Darning his eyes, he remarked that he and Endicott had been there a hundred times.

"So has Miss Endicott," said Hendricks, "and now that you are here I hope she will come again."

Hendricks fastened his horse and beckoned to Fenning, who stepped aside out of sight of the captain.

A few paces away and covered with brambles there was a smooth crown of rock. Hendricks parted the brush, got down on his knees and searched a moment with his hand. He then took a small stick and dug the dead leaves out of a depression in the rock and put his ear to the spot.

"Just listen there a moment," he said to Fenning as he got up. "What is it?" asked Fenning who had put his ear down to the hole.

"It's the dynamo running underneath. It's directly under our feet. I bored that hole nearly two years ago to see how thick the crust was. In all

I made about fifty of them, but Laport stopped most of them because they leaked.

"We are then within two hundred feet of the house," said Fenning, with astonishment.

"We are within twenty feet of the steel fence. You can touch it if you go through that brush; so speak softly. It is the wildest spot in the neighborhood, and to reach us the inmates must come round from the entrance. There is a corner of the road visible from that opening. I'm going to ask you to watch it, while I give the captain his instructions."

Fenning took his place at the opening, and almost immediately said: "There's somebody now."

Hendricks quickly used his glass. "It's Mrs. Hendricks and Calicot," he said. "They are going for a ride, and will keep to the road. There's only three of them left, and one of them is probably on the balcony. We have got to wait."

This was the hardest part of all. One whole hour passed, and the captain swore that four had passed, but Hendricks' repeated injunction was: "Have patience and keep silent." It must have been three o'clock when, in a moment of silence, all three of them heard a twig snap, and Hendricks and Fenning put hands on their revolvers. The next instant the green leaves were parted by a pair of white hands, and an equally white face looked suddenly in upon them, and its eyes rested upon the captain with a look of dreamy hopelessness and terror.

"Miss Endicott," exclaimed Fenning, between his teeth.

Hendricks with a motion bade him be silent.

The girl stepped into the center of the little space, her eyes still fixed on the captain.

"What have you done with him?" she said.

"You are to go to him," said Hendricks. "There is your horse. Get upon it."

"Yes," she said. "I must go."

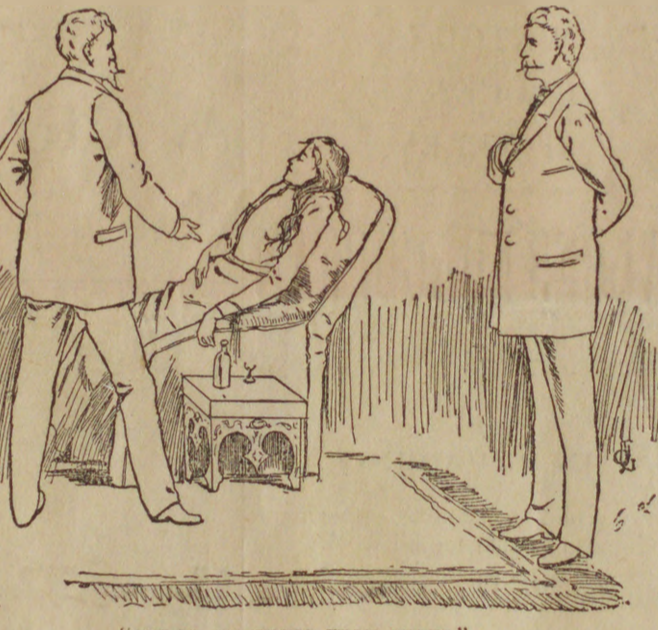
"Get upon the horse," repeated Hen-

drick, imperatively, and he took her hand.

She obeyed him passively. "Quick, now," he said to Fenning, "we must get away."

"What would you do?" asked Fenning.

"I would conceal our retreat," answered Hendricks, in a hoarse whisper.



"SHE IS SUFFERING FROM SHOCK."

drick, imperatively, and he took her hand. She obeyed him passively. "Quick, now," he said to Fenning, "we must get away."

"What would you do?" asked Fenning.

"I would conceal our retreat," answered Hendricks, in a hoarse whisper.

CHAPTER XII.

It was nearly nine o'clock at night when they got back to the Bayou house. The return had been a slow and difficult one, but the rescue was accomplished. The girl was tenderly cared for, and the next morning Hendricks said: "Our knowledge now, I hope, of what is going on in the world is not entirely cut off."

Fenning confessed that he did not understand.

"I will show you," replied Hendricks, "but first we must hear from above."

It was the same hour at which Mrs. Hendricks and Calicot had ridden away the day before when word came from the doctor.

"Miss Endicott has disappeared," he said. "There has been a search made for her and the men report that an armed force must have been in the woods last night, as they have discovered the fresh marks of horses' hoofs. Two of the marshal's men have been sent south on the search, but I believe that is a blind."

"What does Mrs. Hendricks say about it?"

"She has not expressed an opinion to me. If the girl has been abducted, she will disclose everything."

"Are you sure of that?"

"Positively. She is a clairvoyant. I believe Calicot has got her safely in charge of experts. She is the only person who can describe your hidden operation without being with you."

"Then we should not have permitted her to escape."

"Certainly not. I wouldn't give a farthing for any of your schemes if she is in their hands. She says her father was murdered by the captain and she can describe the captain in the act. Don't it occur to you from what is going on that there must be treachery somewhere?"

"It looks like it. To circumvent it, you must come down immediately."

"But Mrs. Hendricks will know where I am and may take advantage of my absence."

"Nevertheless, come down at once."

"Very good."

The moment the doctor arrived at the bottom of the shaft, Hendricks said: "I have got Miss Endicott here. You might have guessed it. If she can be of service to the government, she can be of service to us. Can you put her in rapport with Mrs. Hendricks?"

"Have you got any of Mrs. Hendricks' hair?"

"Yes, there is a packet of it. The hair was cut off when she wore the light wig."

After explanations from Hendricks of the abduction which elicited unbounded admiration from the doctor, they proceeded to the rooms that had been set apart for Miss Endicott. Hendricks, it should be stated, had provided his retreat with several negro servants. They had their own quarters and several of them were women, one of whom had been assigned to take care of Miss Endicott. They found the young woman sitting in a chair in a normal condition and indignant.

"You have made me a prisoner again in this place," she said, "and it will kill me."

"My dear young lady," said the doctor, "you are not a prisoner. In a few days you will be restored to your friends, if you have any."

"I must look for my father," she said. "He is the only friend I have."

"I have come down to take care of you. You shall make a confidant of me. I'm your friend. No one here has the desire to harm you. We must find out about your father. I dare say you have neglected your meal, as usual."

"I cannot eat," she said.

"But you know I told you that you must eat. If you do not obey me, what can I do for you?" and the doctor shrugged his shoulders. A moment later he said: "Here, take my arm and let us walk about a bit. You must keep your blood in circulation."

She let him assist her and passively

"Do you not see a woman?" asked the doctor. "Look well. There is a woman—you must see her."

"So many men," said the girl. "Perhaps they will look for my father. There is the sound of the train—there are more men coming—" Her face assumed a painful immobility. She gasped, threw up her arms, uttered a shriek and fell forward. The doctor, who sprang to catch her, found both her hands over her ears and her arms were rigid. One of her hands still clasped the hair and he could not extricate it from her fingers.

For quite an hour he worked with restoratives over her. Hendricks walked up and down in the arena and waited.

At last the doctor appeared. "I've got her around," he said; "but it's the most extraordinary thing I ever heard of. She is suffering from shock."

"What do you make of her talk?" asked Hendricks, somewhat impatiently.

"My dear sir," said the doctor. "I don't know what to make of it. But I am bound to tell you that these extraordinary creatures not only have clear sight but at times precience. It may be that she saw and described something that has not yet taken place. The great Zehokke often did it in very much the same way."

"That may be very interesting to science," replied Hendricks; "but what we want described is the thing that is happening at present; that ought to be a much easier matter. The hair trick did not work."

"There is no infallibility about it," said the doctor. "It may work four times and fail on the fifth."

"Then by all means make the other four experiments immediately."

"Impossible. I wouldn't guarantee her life if she doesn't recover from the shock. She acts like a creature who has been in a terrible explosion."

Finding that there was no moving the doctor from this decision Hendricks, with his usual tact, immediately turned his mind to other matters.

Close confinement underground was telling upon all the inmates and even upon Hendricks himself. He noticed that the long deprivation of sunlight made everybody gloomy and doubtful. Up to within a week his men had all taken regular turns in the air. In this respect they had nothing to complain of. They had gone out at the western exit in groups—had hunted and fished and enjoyed themselves and he had lost none of them. The privilege had been shut off as soon as the regiment got away and the one hundred men left behind, although made up of the workmen and help of the establishment, were becoming restive under the restraint. In spite of the fact that the ventilation had been improved very much and the variations of temperature were scarcely appreciable in the rotunda, which was not only the most spacious, but the most enjoyable part of the Laran, the doctor found that he was encountering a new group of complaints and he had the good sense to attribute them to the condition of confinement.

The day after the failure of the doctor's experiment with Miss Endicott, the general, who had been away on a mission of importance, suddenly returned. He came in at the bayou entrance late at night, but he reported to Hendricks, who got out of bed and the two sat in consultation until morning. Whatever the nature of their conference was, its importance and the urgency of events were made apparent by the general's words at its close.

"We have just three days to get the rest of our men out—that leaves them five days to assemble. They must be in St. Mary's on the 5th. You have no suspicion, have you, that the new move is known in any way to these officers above ground?"

"I know absolutely nothing as to what these men suspect. For some reason Mrs. Hendricks is reticent. The only thing to do is to go ahead and disregard them. They have got no posse in the neighborhood, for I have been over the ground."

At this point the doctor came in and announced that Miss Endicott, who had not been out of her bed since the shock, was in one of her trances and they might, he thought, renew the experiment in a guarded way.

Hendricks excused himself to the general and went to Miss Endicott's bedside, where, after turning out the negroes, the two men sat down. The doctor then proceeded as before, and when the girl's eyes were fixed upon vacancy, he said: "Tell me what you see."

"Yes, I will tell you," she replied, as if in some terror of the doctor. "Let me be sure. I see a woman. I know her. She is standing in the curtains at the window—she—yes, she has the curtain pulled about her—she is listening."

"Look well. What is she listening to?"

"I cannot tell. Yes—some one is walking on the balcony—the window is open—it is Miss Laport and a young man. They sit down on a bench near the window."

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Not Necessary.

Clerk—I can't live on forty dollars per month.
Employer—I never insisted on your living.—Hullo.

Presence of Mind.

Angelina—Heavens! what an escape! My heart went down into my boots.
Edwin—That must have been a tight squeeze.—Harper's Bazar.

JUDGE RICKS ACCUSED.

His Impeachment Demanded on Charges of Complicity in Fraud.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—In the house Monday Mr. Johnson (O.) presented a memorial from Samuel J. Ritchie, of Ohio, asking for the impeachment of Judge Augustus J. Ricks, of Ohio, and the committee on judiciary was instructed to investigate the charges contained therein.

The charges against Judge Ricks are made under oath by S. J. Ritchie, of Akron, O., a wealthy capitalist of that section. While directed mainly at Judge Ricks, they indirectly affect Judge Burke and ex-United States Senator Payne, of Cleveland. The charges involve losses reaching \$6,000,000. Mr. Ritchie claims to have suffered in decisions made by Judge Ricks affecting Canadian copper and nickel mines.

The memorial covers twelve typewritten pages and tells of the discovery of valuable copper and nickel deposits at Sudbury Junction, in Canada, by the memorialist in 1885, which have become of world-wide fame and have supplied all the nickel for armor-plates used in the United States navy and by European governments.

In order to develop them, to organize corporations and to build a connecting railway, he says he associated with himself Stevenson Burke, Henry B. Payne and Thomas W. Cornell, who were at that time believed by him to be honorable and trustworthy. The corporations were known as the Canadian Copper company and Anglo-American Iron company, with principal offices at Cleveland.

Mr. Ritchie avers that in 1889 he negotiated in England for the sale of the property for \$15,000,000, when, his petition alleges, his associates commenced to put into execution a thoroughly planned and infamous scheme to rob himself and his wife, who had the largest interests. To assist them in their designs, it is charged, Judge Ricks prostituted his office and became their subservient and pliant tool.

Mr. Ritchie says that while he was confined to his bed in 1888 and unable to attend to his business James B. and George W. McMullen, of Ontario, secured judgment in Canada on a contract by which he was to purchase from them certain railroad bonds, and brought suit in the circuit court of the northern district of Ohio and secured judgment.

Stevenson Burke acted as his attorney, he recites, and says Burke professed to defend the case, but called a meeting of Payne and Cornell, whom Ritchie terms conspirators, at which they agreed to appropriate to themselves securities worth \$2,500,000 belonging to Mr. Ritchie and deposited with them in connection with their mutual Canadian interests, appropriating them ostensibly to prevent them from being seized under the McMullen judgment, and then entered into an agreement with the McMullens that the latter should file a creditor's bill in the court over which Judge Ricks presided and which they boasted would sustain their interests. It is alleged to have been a part of the agreement that Burke, Payne and Cornell were to be made parties to the bill and the securities in their possession brought into court.

In furtherance of this plan, it is alleged, Ritchie's partners defeated the sale for \$15,000,000 arranged, planned the destruction of the market value of the properties, and fraudulently transferring to themselves the stocks owned by him elected Burke president of the company. The books of the company, which contained a correct statement of his standing he charges Judge Ricks with withholding from him, refusing permission to his attorneys to inspect them, acting from corrupt motives, and in the face of the fact that for eight years no statement of the condition of the companies had been made, as required by law. Every other party to the suit, it is declared, had free access to them.

CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 8.—Ex-Senator Payne, when shown the dispatch from Washington in reference to the memorial presented to congress against United States Judge Ricks said:

"The charges are ridiculous and an outrageous slander. Let Mr. Ritchie pay Judge Burke, Mr. Cornell and myself what he owes us and he can get his stock. Judge Ricks did not decide that case. He simply coincided with Judge Layton, of Tennessee. Ritchie borrowed money from Burke, Cornell and myself aggregating a million and a quarter dollars."

HARRIS TO BE RETURNED.

Nominated by Tennessee Democrats to Succeed Himself.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 8.—A joint caucus of the democrats of the senate and house met Monday morning and nominated Isham G. Harris for United States senator, E. S. Craig for state treasurer, and James Harris for state comptroller. The caucus then adjourned subject to the call of the chairman. The nominations are equivalent to an election in each instance.

CHINA'S DECISION.

She Refuses to Give Up Any Territory to Insure Peace.

PARIS, Jan. 8.—The Paris edition of the Herald prints a dispatch from Shanghai saying that China's peace envoys to Japan have been instructed not to surrender any territory. China is merely willing to concede the independence of Corea and to pay an indemnity. The failure of the negotiations is regarded at Shanghai as a foregone conclusion.

THE GENOA ISSUE.

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There is but one man in the world that can command the princely sum of one thousand dollars for a single lecture and that is Dr. Talmage.

That reconciliation between Hill and Cleveland has created a lively interest in what could have brought it about. It will now find Hill fighting the battles of the administration.

An Iowa woman has at last broken the record and got the best of her step father and step-mother, by her sixth marriage, which makes her mother-in-law to both.

The governor of Texas by issuing a requisition on New York's governor for several millionaires showed that riches had no terrors for him. His name is Hogg.

The DeKalb Chronicle's souvenir edition has brought forth merited praise from the press of Illinois. It is a credit to its publishers and the city of DeKalb.

Billy Mason is a very popular man with the masses, but it's not the masses that elect a United States Senator. The election of a United States Senator should be left to the people and thereby save an added expense to the state.

A New York youth owns forty pair of trousers, thirty suits of clothes, a dozen silk hats, and changes his shirt three times a day. And we were rejoicing with ourselves that we possessed a full suit of clothes and one extra pair of trousers in case of accident.

Should your Uncle Joseph, Medill by name, continue his present ways, he will have laid up for himself treasures, not heavenly. Not satisfied with "whipper-snapping" the editorial fraternity of Illinois he opens the vials of his wrath on the brethren of Iowa. Your Uncle Joseph's actions would indicate that second stage in man.

Great destitution prevails throughout western Nebraska and the eastern and western states are responding promptly to the call for aid. Anything in the line of clothing, foot-wear, bedding, fuel or edibles will be of greatest benefit to the sufferers. Let our people do something for these distressed people of Nebraska.

A Year with Popular Authors.

Nearly all the most popular authors seem to have been drawn upon by the editor of "The Ladies Home Journal" to insure for his readers a particularly interesting year for 1895. Jerome K. Jerome, for example, will resume his role of an "Idle Fellow" for the benefit of American girls and women in a series of articles. Bret Harte will have a new love story, while Frank R. Stockton has given the Journal not less than three of his quaintest and drollest tales; Mrs. Burton Harrison will write on correct deportment and usages of good society, while Mrs. A. T. Whitney is to write to girls on marriage and dress; Madame Nordica and Jessie Bartlett Davis will tell of the care of the voice; Mr. Howells will continue his successful literary autobiography; Dr. Parkhurst, the famous New York preacher, will write his first series for women on the questions of the day which women are thinking about; Edward Bellamy will add a chapter to his "Looking Backward"; Eugene Field, Bill Nye, John Kendrick Bangs and Robert J. Burdette will supply the humor; Conan Doyle will give his views of "The Literary Side of America"; Frances Hodgson Burnette, the late Jane Austin, Julia Magruder and Elizabeth Bellamy will supply novellets; Kate Greenaway is to draw her quaint little tots of women for the first time for a magazine, while Palmer Cox will supply some new "Brownies"; a unique article on "Mrs. Shakespeare" will present all that is known of Shakespeare's wife; Margaret DeLand, Sarah Orne Jewett and Mrs. Burton Harrison will discuss "When Lady: When Woman";—when those terms should be used; E. S. Martin is going to tell "Where Was the Garden of Eden?"; Reginald de Koven has given his new song, while other famous composers will also be represented by songs marches and waltzes. And in this representative manner, The Ladies Home Journal will really cover every interesting phase of contemporary life,—especially that of woman. The magazine will indeed be worth having during the new year.

Schiller Theater.
The superb productions of romantic and tragic drama, by those eminent dramatic stars, Frederick Ward and Louis James, at the Schiller, upon an unusual scale of scenic and spectacular completeness and beauty, recalling the Henry Irving plays, have kept this handsome and popular house in the front rank of public attention. The Ward-James engagement, the last occasion when the associate stars will be seen together in Chicago in one company, concludes this week with the performance of "Julius Caesar" Friday evening and at the Saturday matinee and "Richard III" Saturday night.

Merriment, genuine rollicking fun in the very best sort of successful farce—comedy, is the next welcome attraction at the Schiller, for the favorite comedian, Charles Dickson, returns for a week, commencing next Sunday evening in his familiar character "Tom Stanhope" in the irresistibly funny "Incog". Dickson made a popular hit when at the Schiller theater a short time ago in his new play "A Jolly Good Fellow," but there are a great many of his Chicago admirers who much desire to see him once more as "Tom Stanhope" in "Incog", the play in which he has won his greatest reputation as one of the most amusing and accomplished comedians of the day, so the return engagement with "Incog" for next week was arranged. This farce—comedy has made a record of one uninterrupted success before the public, and has won from leading critics the distinction of being termed the funniest play on the stage. It ran one hundred nights in New York and has been given for more than fifty nights to delighted audiences in Boston, Philadelphia and Chicago and therefore Charles Dickson's representation of it at the Schiller theater next week, will be a welcome and agreeable announcement to the fun loving public.

An extraordinary dramatic novelty will be presented to the patrons of the Schiller for the week after next, beginning Sunday January 20th., when will be given, by a great combination of dramatic stars, supported by a large company, a magnificent production of the celebrated Dickens drama "Oliver Twist", upon a scale of dramatic and scenic excellence never before attempted upon an American stage. This performance is certain to be a remarkable one judging from the star cast of the principal characters: Nancy Sykes, Elta Proctor Otis; Fagin, Frank Keenan; Bill Sykes, Charles Barron; W. A. Mestayer and Charles Coote as the Artful Dodger.

The special production of Dickens' masterpiece will be a notable event in the Chicago amusement season. It will be produced with special scenery costumes and an equipment of stage accessories that will result in a series of splendid stage pictures. The scenery has been made a special subject of study, and every scene in old London touched upon in "Oliver Twist", will be faithfully depicted by a leading N. Y. artist, who has made the illustrations of this production a careful study for two years past.

Something Very Neat.

GEO. E. SISLEY, Genoa, Ill.
Dear Editor—I send you sample of Photo-frame which may be had by writing three of your friends a letter requesting them to write three of their friends, all of whom are to send 25c to us and receive in return this beautiful photo-frame.

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Prices have been reduced to suit the hard times on WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY.

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Piano Organs

Write to

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And Your Boys and Girls Properly Shod?

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... SHOULD BE...

Strong'

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AT LOWEST PRICES.

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JOHN LEMBKE.

Repairing neatly Done.

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The necessity for this extraordinary output is found in the unparalleled popularity of Pillsbury's Best.

The Pillsbury Mills lead all others, not only in quality but quantity of flour produced. We are exclusive agent for Genoa.

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Try our Pennsylvania Buckwheat. None Better.

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Prices are all right.

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Wagons, Farm Machinery

FARM MACHINE OIL, HAND CARTS, &c

PLATES \$8.

Geo. E. Smith, Dentist, will visit Genoa every Tuesday. Will come prepared to do plate work or filling. Office hours 8:30 o'clock, a. m. to 12 noon. Office at the City Hotel Parlor, Main Street.

PAINLESS EXTRACTION.

A. M. HILL, M. D.
Office over Lane's jewelry store. Hours, 8:30 to 8 p. m., 12:30 to 2 p. m. Residence on State st. Calls promptly attended day or night.

M. E. Church Notes.

The pulpit will probably be supplied next Sunday by preachers from the A. C. conference. If not the pastor will preach as usual.

There will be no choir rehearsal this week, but all singers are requested to be on hand Sunday.

Prof. Gibbs will lead the prayer meeting Thursday night. Mrs. Gibbs and Mary Patterson will have charge of the music. A large attendance is requested.

The Epworth League will hold a business meeting in the parsonage Saturday night. All members are requested to be present. Those desiring to join will please hand names to W. H. Stanley or any other league officer.

Meetings are now in progress in Ney church.

Services in Charter Grove church next Sunday p. m.

It is desired that so far as convenient those subscribing to the new church at dedication, pay the same by Jan. 20. This of course does not refer to those who have arranged for a later date.

Subscriptions to meet the incidental expenses of the M. E. church for 1895 are now being made. The stewards desire to raise one thousand dollars. This fund is to meet all expenses, for pastor, fuel, lights, taxes, janitor and wear and tear. Envelopes are furnished all who make payments each week. S. S. Slater is treasurer.

Late Literary News.

An old-fashioned sea story full of interest and adventure, with a strong love motive, is begun by W. Clark Russell in the January Cosmopolitan "Quida" succeeds Froude, Cosse, Lang and other distinguished writers with an installment of the "Great Passions of History" series, which has been appearing in The Cosmopolitan. A discussion is aroused by Mr. Edward Bok's article on "The Young Man and The Church," which will consume tons of ink before it is settled. Just preceding the famous Charcot's death he prepared an article for The Cosmopolitan on Pasteur, to be published after Pasteur's death. But Charcot has died first so with the consent of Charcot's executors, the article is given now. The present "Theatrical Season in New York" is critically considered by James S. Metcalf, editor of Life, and there are stories by Tourgee, Howells and the famous French writer Francois Coppee.

Cleanable Collars and Cuffs.

"Celluloid" collars and cuffs are one of the greatest blessings that was ever brought to mankind by the geni of invention, especially the man whose occupation demands that he wear his Sunday clothes every day, as Bill Nye puts it. A daily change of linen runs into a considerable laundry bill in the course of a year. "Celluloid" makes it possible to add this item to the years savings. Many men when buying waterproof collars and cuffs make the mistake of believing that it is all the same so long as they are called "celluloid". This is a grievous error. The genuine "celluloid" collars and cuffs are peculiarly made, being in reality a linen collar or cuff covered on both sides with pure waterproof "Celluloid". This prevents cracking, and increases the durability of the article. When soiled it can be wiped off with a damp cloth and made to look as well as the most skillfully laundered linen. All dissatisfaction with "celluloid" collars and cuffs can be avoided by looking for trademark. "Celluloid" stamped on the inside of every piece.

An esteemed contemporary hits the nail on the head thus: Many a good item is lost to the newspaper by the modesty of people who hesitate to tell a reporter of things pertaining to themselves. Not that they do not want to appear in print, but they are afraid they will be pushing themselves forward. That is wrong—from a reportorial standpoint. The man who will stop a newspaper reporter on the street and inform him that he has been in Chicago, or that he is going to get married or that his wife entertained friends from a distance is the dearest man on earth. May his like increase through the world.

CLUBBING OFFER.

The first of the year is a good time to make your selection in reading matter for the winter. We are prepared to save you from 25 to 50 cents on any newspaper or magazine published provided you pay your subscription to THE ISSUE in advance. If what you want does not appear below, call and see us and we will make you an especially low offer. We will send THE ISSUE and any one of the below for the price set opposite the name.

PERIODICAL	CLUB	RETAIL
Prairie Farmer	31 75 2 25
Chicago InterOcean wkly.	1 90 2 25
" " daily	6 80 7 25
Art Amateur	4 70 5 25
Demorests	2 85 3 25
Century	4 80 5 25
Fireside Companion	3 60 4 25
Frank Leslie's Monthly	3 75 4 25
Harper's Montly	4 35 5 25
Harper's Young People	2 85 3 25
Chicago Weekly Journal	2 05 2 25
Lippincott's	3 35 4 25
McClures Magazine	2 45 2 75
Munsey's Magazine	2 05 2 25
North American Review	5 45 6 25
Peterson's magazine	2 05 2 25
Staats Zeitung	2 85 3 25

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The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles or no-pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 per box. For sale by F. T. Robinson.

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The truthful, starting title of a book about No-to-bac, the harmless, guaranteed tobacco-habit cure. If you want to quit and can't, use "No-to-bac." Braces up the nerves, eliminates nicotine poisons, makes weak men gain strength, weight and vigor. Positive cure or money refunded.

Book at druggists, or mailed free. Address, The Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago, 45 Randolph St.; New York, 10 Spruce st.

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G. M. & ST. PAUL.

TIME CARD.

TRAINS GOING EAST.

NO.	LVE GENOA	ARR CHICAGO
No. 2	5:08 A. M.	7:15 A. M.
No. 4	7:11 A. M.	9:01 A. M.
No. 34	8:04 A. M.	10:35 A. M.
No. 28	12:04 P. M.	2:00 P. M.
No. 22	3:38 P. M.	5:50 P. M.
No. 92, frt.	1:30 P. M.	

TRAINS GOING WEST.

NO.	LVE CHICAGO	LVE GENOA
No. 3	10:35 P. M.	12:34 A. M.
No. 31	8:30 A. M.	10:44 A. M.
No. 25	1:20 P. M.	3:25 P. M.
No. 35	4:00 P. M.	6:12 P. M.
No. 1	6:20 P. M.	8:07 P. M.

No. 1, 4, 34 and 35 run daily. No. 2 except Monday. No. 3 except Saturday. No. 21, 22, 25, 26 and 92 daily except Sunday. No. 2 and 4 stop on signal for Chicago passengers. No. 1 and 3 stop to let off Chicago passengers and pick up through passengers west, all other trains stop. No. 1 and 4 Omaha limited trains. Close connections made for important points north and west through cars for St. Paul, Minneapolis and Sioux City. No. 2 and 3, Omaha, Kansas City and Cedar Rapids Express. No. 25 and 26 Cedar Rapids, Dubuque Express. No. 21 and 22, Rockford and Janesville and local points. Through tickets to all important points in United States and Canada.
J. M. HARVEY Agent

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILWAY TIME CARD.

PASSENGERS EAST	GENOA	CHICAGO
No. 2, Vestibule	11:20 A. M.	1:10 P. M.
No. 4, Express	4:12 A. M.	7:09 A. M.
No. 33, Express	2:19 P. M.	7:15 P. M.
No. 34, Express	8:41 A. M.	10:20 A. M.
No. 36, Milk Train	7:35 A. M.	10:25 A. M.
No. 92, Way Freight	12:15 P. M.	7:05 P. M.

PASSENGERS WEST.
No. 1, Vestibule..... 4:02 P. M. 2:20 P. M.
No. 3, Express..... 2:02 A. M. 11:25 P. M.
No. 31, Express..... 10:57 A. M. 5:30 A. M.
No. 33 Express..... 4:32 P. M. 4:45 P. M.
No. 35, Milk Train..... 5:54 P. M. 3:00 P. M.
No. 92, Way Freight 4:05 P. M. 2:30 A. M.

No. 2 stops for Chicago passengers and leaves passengers getting on at or west of Rockford.
No. 33 stops only to take passengers from Chicago, and to leave passengers from Rockford, and beyond.
Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 daily through trains from Chicago to Sioux City. No. 31, Chicago to Freeport. No. 32, Waterloo to Chicago, and No. 33 and 34 between Chicago and Freeport and are daily except Sunday.
Nos. 35 and 36 daily milk Chicago and Rockford.
No. 1 stops only to leave passengers from Chicago and take on those for Rockford, Freeport and beyond.
Nos. 91 and 92, way freights, carry passengers daily except Sunday.
For all information about connections and through tickets apply to
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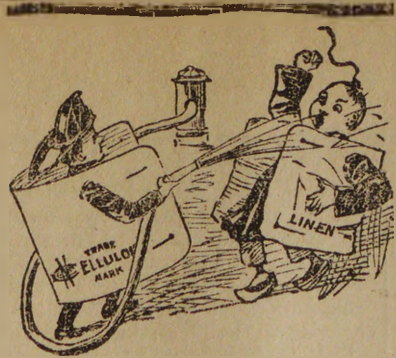
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TIME AT HENRIETTA.

TRAITS GOING NORTH.	
Passenger 8 54 A. M.
Passenger 4 49 P. M.
Stock Freight 10 57 A. M.

TRAITS GOING SOUTH.	
Freight 8 54 A. M.
Passenger 2 05 P. M.
Passenger 5 11 P. M.

W. H. HUGHES, Agent



Waterproof collars and cuffs that will not wilt, are not effected by moisture and look just like linen are all the fashion now. They are made by covering a linen collar or cuff with "celluloid" and are the only waterproof goods made with an interlining, consequently the only ones that will stand wear and give perfect satisfaction. Try them and you will never regret it. Always neat, and easily cleaned. When soiled simply wipe off with a wet cloth or sponge. Every piece of the genu-ine is stamped as follows:

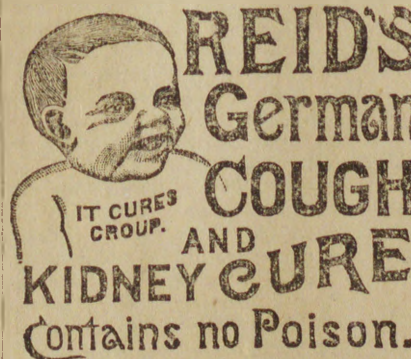


Ask for those so marked and refuse any imitations, as they cannot possibly please you. If your dealer does not keep them, we will send a sample direct on receipt of price. Collars 25c. each. Cuffs 50c. pair. State size and whether stand-up or turned-down collar is wanted.

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The thumb is an infallible index of character. The Square Type indicates a strong will, great energy and firmness. Closely allied to the Squaroid Type, the thumb of those of advanced ideas and business ability. Both of these types belong to the busy man or woman and Demorest's Family Magazine prepares especially for such persons a whole volume of new ideas, condensed in a small space, so that the record of the whole world's work for a month may be read in half an hour. The Conical Type indicates refinement, culture, and a love of music, poetry, and fiction. A person with this type of thumb will thoroughly enjoy the literary attractions of Demorest's Magazine. The Artistic Type indicates a love of beauty and art, which will find rare pleasure in the magnificent oil-pictures of roses, 1 1/4 x 2 1/4 inches, reproduced from the original painting by De Louppre, the most celebrated of living flower painters, which will be given to every subscriber to Demorest's Magazine for 1895. The cost of this superb work of art was \$3000, and the reproduction cannot be distinguished from the original. Besides this, an exquisite oil or water-color picture is published in each number of the Magazine, and the articles are so promptly and superbly illustrated that the Magazine is, in reality, a portfolio of art works of the highest order. The Philosophic Type is the thumb of the thinker and inventor of ideas, who will be deeply interested in those developed monthly in Demorest's Magazine, in every one of its numerous departments, which cover the entire artistic and scientific field, chronicling every fact, fancy, and fad of the day. Demorest's is simply a perfect Family Magazine, and was long ago crowned Queen of the Monthlies. Send in your subscription; it will cost only \$2.00, and you will have a dozen Magazines in one. Address W. JENNINGS DEMOREST, Publisher, 15 East 14th Street, New York. Though not a fashion magazine, its perfect fashion pages, and its articles on family and domestic matters, will be of comparative interest to those possessing the Feminine Type of Thumb, which indicates in its small size, slenderness, soft nail, and smooth, rounded tip, those traits which belong essentially to the gentler sex, every one of whom should subscribe to Demorest's Magazine. If you are unacquainted with its merits, send for a specimen, free, and you will admit that seeing these THUMBS has put you in the way of saving money by finding in one Magazine everything to satisfy the literary wants of the whole family.



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I have been established in business here over a quarter of century. I have always sold goods at the lowest possible price. I can sell you groceries as cheap as anyone. Your dollar will buy as many pounds of sugar or crackers or prunes here as any place in town. Remember just this I will not be undersold.

Respectfully, H. H. SLATER.

"TOMB AND TEMPLE."

Rev. Dr. Talmage Talks on the Mausoleum of Taj Mahal,

The Most Beautiful Work of Art in the World, Where Repose the Remains of Queen Montaz-Shah Jehan's Black Tomb.

The following discourse, in continuation of his 'Round the World' series, is given out by Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage for publication this week. "Tomb and Temple" is its subject, being based on the text:

From India even unto Ethiopia.—Esther 1:1.
In a journey around the world it may not be easy to tell the exact point which divides the pilgrimage into halves. But there was one structure toward which we were all the time traveling, and, having seen that, we felt that if we saw nothing more our expedition would be a success. That one object was the Taj Mahal of India. It is the crown of the whole earth. The spirits of architecture met to enthrone a king, and the spirit of the Parthenon of Athens was there; and the spirit of St. Sophia of Constantinople was there; and the spirit of St. Isaac of St. Petersburg was there; and the spirit of the Baptistery of Pisa was there; and the spirits of the Great Pyramid, and of Luxor Obelisk, and of the Porcelain Tower of Nankin, and of St. Mark's of Venice; and the spirits of all the great towers, great cathedrals, great mausoleums, great sarcophagi, great capitolis for the living, and of great necropolises for the dead, were there. And the presiding genius of the throng with gavel of Parian marble smote the table of Russian malachite, and called the throng of spirits to order and called for a vote as to which spirit should wear the chief crown, and mount the chief throne, and wave the chief scepter, and by unanimous acclaim the cry was: "Long live the spirit of the Taj, king of all the spirits of architecture! Thine is the Taj Mahal of India!"

The building is about six miles from Agra, and as we rode out in the early dawn we heard nothing but the hoofs and wheels that pulled and turned us along the road, at every yard of which our expectation rose until we had some thought that we might be disappointed at the first glimpse, as some say they were disappointed. But how can any one be disappointed with the Taj almost as great a wonder to me as the Taj itself. There are some people always disappointed, and who knows but that having entered Heaven they may criticize the architecture of the temple, and the cut of the white robes, and say that the River of life is not quite up to their expectations, and that the white horses on which the conquerors ride seem a little spring-halt or spavined?

"My son said: 'There it is.' I said: 'Where?' For that which he saw to be the building seemed to me to be more like the morning cloud blushing under the stare of the rising sun. It seemed not so much built up from earth as let down from heaven. Fortunately, you stop at an elaborated gateway of red sandstone one-eighth of a mile from the Taj, an entrance so high, so arched, so graceful, so four-domed, so painted, and chiseled, and scrolled that you come very gradually upon the Taj, which structure is enough to intoxicate the eye, and stun the imagination, and entrance the soul. We go up the winding stairs of this majestic entrance of the gateway, and buy a few pictures and examine a few curios, and from it look off upon the Taj, and descend to the pavement of the garden that raptures everything between the gateway and the ecstasy of marble and precious stones. You pass along a deep stream of water in which all manner of brilliant fins swirl and float. There are eighty-four fountains that spout and bend and arch themselves to fall in showers of pearl in basins of snowy whiteness. Beds of all imaginable flora greet the nostrils before they do the eye, and seem to roll in waves of color as you advance towards the vision you are soon to have of what human genius did when it did its best; moon flowers, lilies, marigolds, tulips, and almost everywhere the lotus; thickets of bewildering bloom; on either side trees from many lands bend their arborescence over your head, or seem with convoluted branches to reach out their arms towards you in welcome. On and on you go amid tamarind, and cypress, and poplar, and oleander, and yew, and sycamore, and banyan, and palm, and trees of such novel branch and leaf and girth, you cease to ask their name or nativity. As you approach the door of the Taj one experiences a strange sensation of awe, and tenderness, and humility, and worship. The building is only a grave, but what a grave! Built for a queen, who, according to some, was very good, and according to others was very bad. I choose to think she was very good. At any rate, it makes me feel better to think that this commemorative pile was set up for the immortalization of virtue rather than vice. The Taj is a mountain of white marble, but never such walls faced each other with exquisiteness; never such a tomb was cut from block of alabaster; never such a congregation of precious stones, brightened and gloomed, and blazed, and chastened, and glorified a building since sculptor's

chisel cut its first curve, or painter's pencil traced its first figure, or mason's plumb-line measured its first wall, or architect's compass swept its first circle.

The Taj has sixteen great arched windows, four at each corner. Also at each of the four corners of the Taj stands a minaret one hundred and thirty-seven feet high. Also at each side of this building is a splendid mosque of red sandstone. Two hundred and fifty years has the Taj stood, and yet not a wall is cracked, nor a mosaic loosened, nor an arch sagged, nor a panel dulled. The storms of two hundred and fifty winters have not marred, nor the heats of two hundred and fifty summers disintegrated a marble. There is no story of age written by mosses on its white surface. Montaz, the queen, was beautiful, and Shah Jehan, the king, here proposed to let all the centuries of time know it. She was married at twenty years of age and died at twenty-nine. Her life ended as another life began; as the rose bloomed the rose withered. To adorn this dormitory of the dead, at the command of the king Bagdad sent to this building its carnelian, and Ceylon its lapis lazuli, and Punjab its jasper, and Persia its amethyst, and Tibet its turquoise, and Lanka its sapphire, and Yemen its agate, and Punah its diamonds; and blood-stones, and sardonyx, and chalcidony, and moss agates are as common as though they were pebbles. You find one spray of vine beset with eighty, and another with one hundred stones. Twenty thousand men were twenty years in building it, and although the labor was slave labor, and not paid for, the building cost what would be about sixty million dollars of our American money. Some of the jewels have been picked out of the walls by iconoclasts or conquerors, and substitutes of less value have taken their places, but the vines, the traceries, the arabesques, the spandrels, the entablatures are so wonderful that you feel like dating the rest of your life from the day you first saw them. In letters of black marble the whole of the Koran is spelled out in and on this august pile. The king sleeps in the tomb beside the queen, although he intended to build a palace as black as this was white on the opposite side of the river for himself to sleep in. Indeed, the foundation of such a necropolis of black marble is still there, and from the white to the black temple of the dead a bridge was to cross; but the son dethroned him and imprisoned him, and it is wonderful that the king had any place at all in which to be buried. Instead of windows to let in the light upon the two tombs, there is a trellis work of marble, marble cut so delicately thin that the sun shines through it as easily as through glass. Look the world over and find so much translucency; canopies, traceries, lace work, embroideries of stone.

But I thought while looking at that palace for the dead, all this constructed to cover a handful of dust, but even that handful has probably gone from the mausoleum. How much better it would have been to expend sixty million dollars, which the Taj Mahal cost, for the living. What asylums it might build for the sick, what houses for the homeless! What improvement our century has made upon other centuries in lifting in honor of the departed memorial churches, memorial hospitals, memorial reading rooms, memorial observatories. By all possible means let us keep the memory of departed loved ones fresh in mind, and let there be an appropriate headstone or monument in the cemetery, but there is a dividing line between reasonable commemoration and wicked extravagance. The Taj Mahal has its uses as architectural achievement, eclipsing all other architecture, but as a memorial of a departed wife and mother it expresses no more than the plainest slab in many a country graveyard. The best monument we can any of us have built for us when we are gone is in the memory of those whose sorrows we have alleviated, in the wounds we have healed, in the kindnesses we have done, in the ignorance we have enlightened, in the recreant we have reclaimed, in the souls we have saved! Such a monument is built out of material more lasting than marble or bronze, and will stand amid the eternal splendors long after the Taj Mahal of India shall have gone down in the ruins of a world of which it was the costliest adornment. But I promised to show you not only a tomb of India, but a unique heathen temple, and it is a temple underground.

And now we come near the famous temple hewn from one rock of porphyry at least eight hundred years ago. On either side of the chief temple is a chapel, these cut out of the same stone. So vast was the undertaking, and to the Hindoo was so great the human impossibility that they say the gods scooped out the structure from the rock, and carved the pillars, and hewed its shape into gigantic idols, and dedicated it to all the grandeurs. We climb many stone steps before we get to the gateways. The entrance to this temple has sculptured doorkeepers leaning on sculptured devils. How strange! But I have seen doorkeepers of churches and auditoriums who seemed to be leaning on the demons of bad ventilation and asphyxia. Doorkeepers ought to be leaning on the angel of health, and comfort, and life. All the sextons and

janitors of the earth who have spoiled sermons and lectures, and poisoned the lungs of audiences by inefficiency ought to visit this cave of Elephanta and beware of what these doorkeepers are doing, when instead of leaning on the angelic they lean on the demonic.

In these Elephanta caves everything is on a Samsonian and Titanian scale. With chisels that were dropped from nerveless hands at least eight centuries ago, the forms of the gods Brahma, and Vishnu, and Siva were cut into the everlasting rock. Siva is here represented by a figure sixteen feet nine inches high, one-half man and one-half woman. Run a line from the center of the forehead straight to the floor of the rock, and you divide this idol into masculine and feminine. Admired as the idol is by many, it was to me about the worst thing that was ever cut into porphyry, perhaps because there is hardly anything on earth so objectionable as a being half man and half woman. Do be one or the other, my hearer. Man is admirable, and woman is admirable, but either in flesh or trap rock a compromise of the two is hideous. Save us from effeminate men and masculine women.

That evening of our return to Bombay I visited the Young Men's Christian association with the same appointments that you find in the Young Men's Christian association of Europe and America, and the night after that I addressed a throng of native children who are in the schools of the Christian missions. Christian universities gather under their wing of benediction a host of the young men of this country. Bombay and Calcutta, the two great commercial cities of India, feel the elevating power of an aggressive Christianity. Episcopalian liturgy and Presbyterian Westminster catechism, and Methodist anxious seat, and Baptist waters of consecration now stand where once basest idolatries had undisputed sway. The work which Shoemaker Carey inaugurated at Serampore, India, translating the Bible into forty different dialects, and leaving his worn-out body amid the natives whom he had come to save, and going up into the heavens from which he can better watch all the field—that work will be completed in the salvation of the millions of India; and beside him, gazing from the same high places, stand Bishop Heber, and Alexander Duff, and John Scudder, and Mackay, who fell at Delhi, and Moncrieff, who fell at Cawnpore, and Polehampton, who fell at Lucknow, and Freeman, who fell at Futtyghur, and all the heroes and heroines who, for Christ's sake, lived and died for the christianization of India; and their Heaven will not be complete until the Ganges that washes the Ghats of heathen temples shall roll between churches of the living God, and the trampled womanhood of Hindooism shall have all the rights purchased by him who amid the cuts and stabs of his own assassination cried out: "Behold thy mother!" and from Bengal bay to Arabian ocean, and from the Himalayas to the coast of Coromandel there be lifted hosannas to Him who died to redeem all nations. In that day Elephanta cave will be one of the places where idols are "cast to the moles and bats." If any clergyman asks me, as an unbelieving minister of religion once asked the duke of Wellington, "Do you not think that the work of converting the Hindoos is all a practical farce?" I answer him as Wellington answered the unbelieving minister: "Look to your marching orders, sir!" Or if any one having joined in the gospel attack feels like retreating, I say to him, as Gen. Havelock said to a retreating regiment: "The enemy are in front, not in the rear," and leading them again into the fight, though two horses had been shot under him.

Indeed, the talking of this world for Christ will be no holiday celebration, but as tremendous as when in India during the mutiny of 1857, a fortress manned by Sepoys was to be captured by Sir Colin Campbell and the army of Britain. The Sepoys hurled under the approaching columns burning missiles and grenades, and fired on them shot and shell, and poured on them from the rumparts burning oil, until, a writer who witnessed it says: "It was a picture of pandemonium." Then Sir Colin addressed his troops, saying: "Remember the women and children must be rescued!" and his men replied: "Ay! Ay! Sir Colin! We stood by you at Balaklava, and will stand by you here." And then came the triumphant assault of the battlements. So is the gospel campaign which proposes capturing the very last citadel of idolatry and sin, and hoisting over it the banner of the Cross, we may have hurled upon us mighty opposition and scorn and obloquy, and many may fall before the work is done, yet at every call for new onset let the cry of the church be: "Ay! Ay! Great Captain of our salvation, we stood by thee in other conflicts, and we will stand by thee to the last!" And then, if not in this world, then from the battlements of the next, as the last Apollyonic fortification shall crash into ruin, we will join in the shout: "Thanks be unto God who giveth us the victory!" "Hallelujah! for the Lord God Omnipotent reigneth!"

—Buskins were high boots, made of velvet or other cloth, and worn by ladies, and by ecclesiastics when celebrating the rites of the church.

CLEVELAND LIKES IT.

Carlisle's Scheme Meets the Approval of the President

But He Thinks the Pending Measure Only a Step in the Direction of Currency Reform and a Sound Financial Condition.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—The president has thrown off his usual reserve in discussing the pending currency bill with members of the congress. Chairman Springer of the currency committee, Representative Culberson and several other house leaders have called at the white house of late and have talked at length with the president on the currency question. In these talks Mr. Cleveland has urged the great need of passing some form of currency legislation. He has pointed out that the Carlisle bill was not a reform of every existing evil of the financial system, any more than the tariff bill was a complete realization of the hopes of tariff reform. Yet, in the judgment of the president, the Carlisle bill was a step in the right direction, and with that accomplished there was hope of progressing until the financial system was perfected at every point. Mr. Cleveland expressed his approval of the Carlisle bill as a whole and in detail. He did not point out to his callers anything that he regarded as a flaw in it. He expressed the hope that it would receive favorable and speedy action.

HE EXPLAINS.

The President's Pointed Statement Regarding a Hawaiian Incident.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—The senate debate on Senator Lodge's resolution in regard to Hawaiian matters has elicited a pointed statement from the president. The attention of the president having been called to a hint thrown out in the senate discussion on Friday that the visit of a certain "committee of royalists" from the Hawaiian islands was connected in some way with the departure of American ships from that locality, the president said:

"Of course such an insinuation is very absurd. Its propriety and the motive behind it, I am sure, can safely be left to the judgment of fair and right thinking Americans. I am entirely willing that all our people should know everything I know concerning the visit of the so-called 'committee of royalists.' Last year in the latter part of July, or early in August, three gentlemen from Hawaii arrived here and asked through the secretary of state my designation of a time when they could have an interview with me and present a message from the deposed Hawaiian queen. Though I could not with propriety recognize them, I was not disposed to refuse them personally the courtesy of an audience. Therefore a future day and hour were fixed for the interview. In the meantime at my request, transmitted through the secretary of state, these gentlemen made known the precise purpose of their visit in a note signed by J. A. Cummings, H. A. Wideman and Samuel Parker, in which they announced themselves as commissioners of Queen Liliuokalani, and formally requested an audience with the president, saying that they desired to ask his excellency whether there is any hope of his doing anything for the restoration of the constitutional government of the Hawaiian islands."

"After this note had been submitted to me I prepared in writing, with some care, a reply to the question they contained, and read by me to the commissioners at our meeting. I intended to avoid all misunderstanding and misconception by absolutely confining myself to such written reply, of which the following is a copy: 'GENTLEMEN: You must permit me to remind you that this interview is not an official one, and instead of receiving you in any representative capacity, I meet you as individuals who have traveled a long distance for the purpose of laying a certain matter before me. You ask me if there is any hope of my doing anything for the restoration of the constitutional government of the Hawaiian islands.' I suppose that this question is largely prompted by the fact that soon after the overturning of the late government of the queen, I investigated that transaction and was satisfied that there had been such an unjustifiable interference in aid of that movement, on the part of the representatives of the government of the United States in Hawaii which is in full force and operation in Hawaii, that I felt it my duty to call for correction, not only to rectify what seemed to be a wrong done to others, but also through that rectification to ward off what appeared to be a danger to American honor and probity. Fully appreciating the constitutional limits of my executive power and by no means unmindful of the hindrances that might arise, I undertook the task.

"Having failed in my plans, I committed the entire subject to the congress of the United States which had abundant power and authority in the premises. The executive branch of the government was thereby discharged from further duty and responsibility in the matter unless moved thereto by congressional command. The congress has, both by its action, and refusing to act, signified that nothing need be done touching American interference with the overthrow of the government of the queen.

"Quite lately a government has been established in Hawaii which is in full force and operation in parts of the islands. It is maintaining its authority and discharging all ordinary governmental functions. Upon general principles, and not losing sight of the special circumstances surrounding this case, the new government is clearly entitled to our recognition without regard to any of the incidents which accompanied or preceded its inauguration.

"This recognition and the attitude of the congress concerning Hawaiian affairs, of course, led to an absolute denial of the least present or future aid or encouragement on my part to an effort to restore any government heretofore existing in the Hawaiian islands.

"GROVER CLEVELAND."
"When the day appointed for the meeting arrived I was confined to my bed by illness and unable to keep my engagement. I therefore signed the paper I had expected to read, and it was delivered to the commissioners, who, I believe, returned at once to Hawaii. I never saw any member of this commission or committee, and have never had any communication or transaction with any of them, directly or indirectly, except as I have here stated."

Young Woman Breaks Her Neck.

ALMONTE, Ont., Jan. 3.—Miss Belle Armstrong, a wealthy young woman, jumped from a moving train and broke her neck. Her father witnessed the accident and the shock made him insane.

CARLISLE'S BILL.

It Receives the Indorsement of the House Democratic Caucus.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Three hours were spent in caucus Monday afternoon by the democrats of the house. The purpose of the caucus was to secure an exchange of views regarding the Carlisle banking bill which was taken up for debate a week before the holiday recess, and which is still before the house. A number of speeches were made in favor of the bill, while the opposition was also well represented. The principal vote of the day hinged on a resolution introduced by Speaker Crisp "that it is the sense of the house that the Carlisle currency bill should be passed by the house of representatives substantially as presented." This resolution was finally adopted by a vote of 81 to 59.

The vote showed that seventy-five democratic members of the house were not present at the caucus. This vote and the speeches for and against the bill seemed to be differently interpreted. Mr. Springer, for example, believes that many of those who opposed the Crisp resolution Monday will support the Carlisle bill in the end, the more especially as some of them are constrained to believe that it will be amended so as to be more in conformity with their sentiments. He says that to argue that the fifty-nine gentlemen who opposed the resolution will also oppose the bill would be to say that the caucus has no persuasive power, a fact which he is inclined strongly to dispute. He believes that a majority of the seventy-five absentees will also support the bill and that it will carry by a fair majority.

Other gentlemen regard the spirit displayed at the caucus as indicating the death of the measure. They say that the speeches in opposition to the bill show that the extreme silver men as well as the opponents of free silver, with but few exceptions, have joined hands in opposing the measure, and that their opposition will be supplemented by the solid vote of the republicans and populists, and that as a result the measure cannot pass the house.

One of the curious incidents of the caucus was the meager support accorded to the amendment offered by Mr. Sperry (Conn.), the purpose of which was to commit the caucus to an indorsement of the bill introduced by him last week to fund the greenbacks and the treasury notes into bonds. An analysis of the vote given for this amendment shows that four of its thirteen supporters are western men, two from Ohio and two from Wisconsin, and that the remaining nine are from the east.

Equally surprising was the large vote given to the Terry amendment, which authorized the coinage by the secretary of the treasury of a silver dollar of 412½ grains for each inhabitant of the forty-four states and territories. This amendment received the support of fifty-four members, and was defeated by a bare majority of ten.

Mr. Livingston (Ga.) made a motion that all those present should be bound by the action of the caucus. There was an instant chorus of "nos" and a point of order was made against the motion. The chair (Mr. Holman) sustained the point of order, stating in effect that the uniform practice of thirty years was that caucuses are advisory and not binding in their character.

The meeting of the republican senatorial committee Monday morning had a very important bearing on legislative possibilities. There were present Senators Allison, Hale, Aldrich, Dubois, Lodge and Manderson. A general discussion of the situation resulted in a determination to stick to the policy of non-action previously resolved upon. Not only was it resolved to suffer no amendment of the tariff laws, but it was also tacitly agreed to obstruct anything looking to currency reform or financial relief for the treasury.

DISTRESS IN OHIO.

Miners from Nelsonville Report Great Distress.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 8.—A delegation of miners has arrived here from Nelsonville for the purpose of making an appeal to the people through the governor for assistance. They tell a most remarkable story of suffering among the miners and say that unless aid is furnished at once many of them will die of starvation. According to their statement there are 1,800 idle miners in the immediate vicinity of Nelsonville who, with their families, make a total of nearly 9,000 persons who have no means of obtaining even the most common necessities of life, and are suffering for want of food and clothing. In the five counties in that coal section they estimate that there are about 50,000 persons who are in actual want and must have aid. They say the great national strike of last summer impoverished them, and as work has been very slack since then, they have not been able to recover.

This information comes like a clap of thunder from a clear sky. No one had ever dreamed of the existence of such a condition of affairs in this state, and the sufferers refrained from making an appeal to the people until they were actually driven to it. Until now they have tried to conceal the horrible truth. There is no doubt the governor will act promptly, and that the people of the state will respond liberally to the appeal for aid.

CURRENCY DISCUSSED.

Carlisle's Bill Under Debate in the National House of Representatives.

On January 3 Mr. Black (dem., Ga.) resumed the debate on the currency question which had been interrupted by the holiday recess. He denied that the banking and currency committee had heard only national bankers while considering the pending measure and had turned a deaf ear to all others. Legislation had not caused all the misfortunes under which the people were suffering, he said. It might have contributed to their misfortune, and he believed the passage of the present bill would contribute to their relief, but he deprecated the feeling abroad in the land that for all the ills and misfortunes of the people they should turn to congress. Mr. Black's advocacy of state banks of issue was ardent, but he concluded by expressing the opinion that the only real function of the government was the coinage of gold and silver.

Mr. Haughen (rep., Wis.) described the currency bill, as a crude, ill-considered measure, fraught with dangers to the country, and created considerable amusement by his reference to Mr. Springer's position last summer, when he (Springer) antagonized the repeal of the otate bank tax. He referred to Mr. Springer as the most "agile" member on the floor, one whose voice had been on every side of every question, and said the administration had made no mistake when it had selected him to press the proposition for a "flexible and elastic" currency.

Mr. McCreary (dem., Ky.) said he had examined all the plans suggested for a reform of the currency, and he regarded the Carlisle bill, as amended by this Springer modification as the best solution of the problem offered. He was opposed, he said, to funding the greenbacks with interest-bearing bonds. He believed the banking business should be divorced from the government, that the greenbacks should be retired by the surplus revenue as rapidly as possible, and that a safe and elastic currency should be provided. These objects, he thought, would be attained by the passage of the pending bill. Mr. McCreary expressed the opinion that in the event of the failure of some currency legislation at this session, \$100,000,000 or \$150,000,000 of bonds would have to be issued.

On the 4th Mr. Hendrix (dem., N. Y.), a banker, continued the debate. Mr. Hendrix described at length the process by which the gold was withdrawn by speculators for shipment abroad, and then proceeded to contrast this with the situation in France, where the bank of France refused to pay, except where actually necessary, more than 5 per cent. of gold on its demand obligations. These aggressions on our gold reserve must be stopped, and if the pending bill would stop them, afford relief, take the government out of the banking business as it had been taken out of the silver business, he would vote for it.

Mr. Hendrix said that the pending bill was open to the vital objection that it would not do what it set out to do. It would not relieve the treasury of the aggressions on its gold; it would be a failure as a bank measure, because it would superimpose upon an uncertain body of public credit, currency a much longer and more uncertain body of private credit currency, without sufficient foundation under the

government guarantee the notes the opposition of bankers would be instantly withdrawn. The superiority of the Carlisle plan over the Baltimore plan was that it contemplated ultimate retirement of government notes, while the latter had no object but the profit of its framers.

Mr. Hendrix, of New York, declared that there was not a banker or anybody else who ever has commended that plan who has not proceeded upon the theory that the government would pay its floating debt and cease to use it as a currency. They were not formulating legislation foreign to them. They were settling a banking theory. They expected the retirement of the greenbacks and legal tenders.

Mr. Catehings spoke in support of the soundness of state banks. The assertion that state bank supporters of the south and west, those who demanded more money, represented people who had nothing to exchange for money was erroneous. There was not enough money for the banks to supply the needs of his section.

Mr. Pence (pop., Col.) brought up Secretary Carlisle's advocacy of silver while a member of the house in supporting the Matthews resolution, and asked if soon after accepting the treasury portfolio he had not announced his intention of paying some of the government's obligations in silver and had been called down.

Mr. Boatner (dem., La.) expressed surprise at the opposition to the measure which had developed on the democratic side of the house. He paid a tribute to the abilities of Secretary Carlisle, and dwelt upon the duty of supporting him, which, he said, rested upon democrats.

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involved the use of a host of empty phrases and much mystery, but had brought but very little practical good to the people generally. The tendency to treat political economy as a mysterious science had enabled men to pose as statesmen, who, if they talked common sense, would have been discovered, but were able to confuse the people by shouting platitudinous nonsense.

"I am not one," said Mr. Cockran, "who pretends that prosperity can be forced in this chamber or by the law of the land. I believe all the law and gospel on the subject of political economy was revealed to the first man when a just God told him that 'By the sweat of his brow he must earn his bread.' Prosperity was in the earth, and charlatans who said they had it in their clothes or their brains, and who had cursed the country for twenty-five years, it was the chief object of his speech to oppose."

Taking up the banking and currency bill he spoke briefly of the claims of the committee that it would promote the ends of trade. He claimed that instead of promoting it would prevent, forbid and obstruct the very thing it was hoped it would accomplish. For local and domestic purposes, Mr. Cockran said he would not be afraid of silver as a standard of value, but his objection to it was based on the fact that throughout the world everything is measured by gold, and even if we had a local or national silver standard the products of the farmer and of other producers must ultimately after all be measured by the universal standard.

"I am opposed to any tax on currency," he replied to a question concerning the 10 per cent. tax on state bank issues. "It is like taxing blood, like taxing the speed of a locomotive; it would be to tax everything valuable, to retard progress."

As to the pending bill, so far as it provided that money should be based on property it was sound, but its provisions would nullify its object. If it became law it would fall stillborn; not one note would be issued under it in twenty years. It would be a monument to the folly of the congress which followed the Sherman act by another makeshift. While the greenback had its uses, and the greenbacker was unjustly characterized as a crank, these bills had served their proper functions and should be taken out of our currency.

In reply to a question, Mr. Cockran said he favored the Baltimore plan in its entirety. Mr. Henderson (rep., Ill.) asked if the pressing question was not how to pay the running expenses of the government.

"That is the question, but not all the question. But it is a very serious position which makes any trade dependent on the solvency of the treasury, and what I am seeking is a system that will divorce commerce from the government."

Mr. Catehings (dem., Miss.) said the upshot of Mr. Cockran's speech was to adopt the Baltimore plan, and thus turn his back on the treasury, leaving it to take care of itself. The purposes of the bill were to provide the people with a more abundant and elastic currency, and to relieve the treasury by retiring the large proportion of outstanding greenbacks. In discussing the probable effect of the Carlisle bill Mr. Catehings said that the outstanding certificates would be changed for those of smaller denominations to satisfy the needs for small money.

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Smitten by Cold or Damp,
The kidneys become sore and cease to act properly. Relieve their distress and set them in vigorous motion with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, and all will be well. Otherwise, apprehend Bright's disease, diabetes or albuminuria, all dangerous maladies. Malaria, dyspepsia, constipation, biliousness and nervousness all yield to this benignant and agreeable medicinal agent, which promotes appetite and a gain in vigor and flesh.

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Magnificent ballet spectacle, with new songs, dances and music, march of amazons and great transformation scene. Seats secured by mail.

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THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 3	
LIVE STOCK—Cattle	\$3 75 @ 5 15
Sheep	2 00 @ 3 75
Hogs	4 00 @ 5 05
FLOUR—Minnesota Patents	3 05 @ 3 70
City Mills Patents	4 00 @ 4 15
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	61 1/2 @ 61 3/4
No. 1 Northern	70 @ 70 1/4
CORN—No. 2	31 1/2 @ 52
May	51 1/2 @ 51 3/4
OATS—No. 2	34 @ 34 1/4
RYE	56 @ 58
PORK—Mess, New	12 75 @ 13 25
LARD—Western	7 10 @ 7 12 1/2
BUTTER—West'n Creamery	15 @ 25 1/2
Western Dairy	10 @ 17
CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Shipping Steers	\$3 35 @ 5 80
Stockers and Feeders	2 20 @ 3 00
Hutchinson Steers	3 00 @ 3 00
Texas Steers	2 70 @ 3 30
HOGS	3 80 @ 4 75
SHEEP	1 50 @ 3 75
BUTTER—Creamery	12 @ 25
RYE	56 @ 58
EGGS—Fresh	18 @ 20
BROOM CORN (per ton)	80 00 @ 120 00
POTATOES (per ton)	45 @ 57
PORK—Mess	11 50 @ 11 02 1/2
LARD—Steam	6 82 1/2 @ 6 85
FLOUR—Spring Patents	3 25 @ 3 50
Spring Straights	2 20 @ 2 75
Winter Patents	2 50 @ 2 70
Winter Straights	2 25 @ 2 50
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2	53 1/2 @ 54 1/4
Corn, No. 2	45 1/2 @ 45 1/4
Oats, No. 2	31 1/2 @ 32
Rye	48 @ 49 1/4
Barley	52 @ 53 1/4
LUMBER—Common Boards	13 40 @ 13 50
Fencing	12 00 @ 15 00
Lath, Dry	2 20 @ 2 25
Shingles	2 30 @ 2 75
MILWAUKEE.	
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 Spring	54 1/2 @ 54 3/4
Corn, No. 3	43 1/2 @ 43 3/4
Oats, No. 2 White	31 1/2 @ 31 3/4
Rye	50 @ 50 1/2
Barley, No. 2	49 1/2 @ 50 1/4
PORK—Mess	11 60 @ 11 65
LARD—Steam	6 85 @ 6 90
ST. LOUIS.	
CATTLE—Texas Steers	62 75 @ 4 00
Native Steers	67 75 @ 5 00
HOGS	4 25 @ 4 50
SHEEP	2 75 @ 3 00
OMAHA.	
CATTLE—Light and Mixed	62 00 @ 4 00
Heavy	3 05 @ 4 30
HOGS	4 20 @ 4 40
SHEEP	2 25 @ 3 00

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THE dirt-eater of Patagonia kissed his wife fondly. "And what?" he cheerily asked, "has my little girl for supper tonight?" "I thought I'd surprise you," she exclaimed, "so I bought a nice corner loaf, high and dry, and only three minutes' walk from the post office."—Detroit Tribune.

JINKS—(At the door impatiently)—"Are you all ready, dear?" Mrs. Jinks—"All but putting on my bonnet." Jinks—"H'm! Well, I've time for two more cigars, any way."—Harper's Bazar.

WIFE—"There, now! This paper says that married men can live on less than single men." Husband—"But, my dear, all of us haven't wives who take in washing."—Dubuque Times.

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- | | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Shakespeare, | Robert Browning, | Herbert Spencer, |
| Rev. Charles H. Farkhurst, | Nathaniel Hawthorne, | Edwin Booth, |
| George W. Childs, | General Sherman, | Henry Ward Beecher, |
| Susan B. Anthony, | Rev. Phillips Brooks, | Paderewski, |
| Abraham Lincoln, | Haydn, | Harriet Beecher Stowe, |
| Miss Emma Calve, | Ralph Waldo Emerson, | Count Leo Tolstol, |
| William II., Emperor of Germany, | Alexandre Dumas, pere, | General Grant, |
| Prince Bismarck, | Alexandre Dumas, fils, | General Sheridan, |
| William M. Everts, | Alexander III., late Czar of Russia, | Joseph Jefferson, |
| President Cleveland, | President Cleveland, | Luce Stone, |
| William Lyne Wilson, | Mrs. Grover Cleveland, | Napoleon Bonaparte, |
| Rev. Thos. De Witt Talmage, | Handel, | Empress Josephine, |
| John Ruskin, | Governor McKimley, | Elizabeth Cady Stanton, |
| A. Edina Patti, | William E. Gladstone, | Henrik Ibsen, |
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KINGSTON.

O. B. Chalmers made a business trip to DeKalb Monday.
Mrs. Nellie Mack visited Rockford last week remaining a short time.
Mrs. Knappenburger has removed here from Iowa and will reside with her daughter, Mrs. F. L. Campbell.
Fred Fulkerson, of Mayfield, went to Chicago on Sunday, where he will remain several weeks.
Alfred Nelson shipped a number of horses and mules from the stock yards here last week.
J. D. Taplin was here Monday night on his way to Dixon, where he resumes his studies in a few days.
Supervisor Branch was at the county seat on Monday. He contemplates a trip to Eureka Springs for his health.
John Reynolds has been released from the county jail under bonds furnished by his brothers.
Miss Maud Artley is under the care of Dr. Ludwig for a severe throat trouble, brought on by a bad cold.
Mrs. James Weaver, of North Kingston, is ill. Dr. Ludwig is in attendance.
Ed. Buxton and wife, of Vinton, Iowa, are still visiting relatives and friends in this vicinity.
Mrs. Thos. Lawrence, of Lake Belt, Minnesota, visited relatives and friends here last week.
S. R. Saum has returned from a visit with his brother George, at Gilman this state.
Lawrence Search has been here from Evanston, during the absence of his cousin, S. R. Saum.
Mrs. Emma Post, (nee Poust) of Freeport, visited her mother east of town last week. She was accompanied by her child.
Miss Sada Arbuckle of North Kingston, has been sick for several days, with a severe cold, being threatened with pneumonia.
O. S. Lowe, who spent several weeks at Mineral Springs, Indiana, has returned very much improved in health. He speaks very highly of that resort.
Miss Laura Rudderham, of Chicago, who has been visiting her friend, Miss Fulkerson, of Mayfield, for several weeks returned home on Sunday.
Prof. A. L. Thorpe spent Christmas and New Years with relatives at Rochelle, Flagg and other Ogle county towns, returning on Wednesday a. m.
Emil Ackerman, of Chicago, came out last week to visit his parents. He is a clerk in his uncle's store in Chicago.
Ed. Mulford, of Rockford, visited the family of Mrs. Ann Stuart last week.
Byron Poust, st. agent at Bensonville, visited friends and relatives here last week. He is rapidly working up his way in railway circles.
Rev. Hester left on Tuesday for his home in Indiana, where he will remain for several weeks.
Miss May Heckman attended school Monday after a several days' absence on account of illness.
The Willing Workers of the Baptist church, of Herbert, gave an oyster supper last night at Sheley's Hall, in Herbert.
G. S. Gibbs was slightly under the weather the first of the week, prohibiting his attendance at the regular meeting of the village council.
J. E. Davis has just completed a furnace to be sent to Elgin. His furnaces are just the thing for this weather.
No services will be held at the M. E. church Sunday except Sunday school at ten o'clock and Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. Subject, "the Altar."
School was resumed on Wednesday morning, after the holiday vacation, although the scholars could have stood several days more without any extra effort. A new supply of report cards have been purchased with which to begin the term.
Chas. Branch who has been here for some time taking charge of the farm north of town during his brother's sickness, returned to his home in Kansas last Wednesday. Our supervisor we are happy to note has so far recovered as to be able to come to the village.
Although society in Kingston was comparatively quiet last week, the echoes of pleasure were awakened on both sides of us. In Mayfield a surprise party was precipitated upon "Bennie" Westlake, and notwithstanding the cold, a large number were present. But to quote the words of an attendant, they would have been more surprised if their guests hadn't come, than they were.

On Friday evening Jan 4th the Kingston Camp M. W. A. elected officers.
Isaac Greenberg made an overland trip to Chicago last week to enlarge his stock of goods. He also fitted out his wagon a little more extensively in order to make its carrying capacity larger.
The skaters of Kingston do not mean to be baffled in their skating and for that reason some of the more enterprising boys shovelled off some of "the beautiful" last week. It would certainly be too bad if that sport should be spoiled.
The ninth annual meeting of the Farmers' Mutual Insurance Co. met in Uplinger's hall on Tuesday. Considerable business was transacted and new directors elected. The town was crowded with the "noble sons of toil" as it always is on that date.
We didn't think it was so near spring until we heard that Benjamin Worcester was now making his garden. You need not be surprised at this assertion, so keep your seat. Bro. Worcester resides near Mobile, Alabama.
Dr. C. W. Gee of Marengo, has been stopping in town for several days, although the idea of repeating Queen Esther has been abandoned. He has been trying to complete arrangements for the rendition of the cantata at Kirkland. He certainly knows how to produce the play.
As a result of the recent frost in the south, several hundred carloads of oranges having been frozen. This naturally raises the price of that fruit. On account of the scarcity of oysters in Baltimore, that fruit also has advanced in price. Do not therefore be surprised if you are called upon to pay more for those articles than heretofore.
A. D. Fuller, the genial agent of the Woodman Accident Insurance Co., by coming to Kingston, must have thought he was going to the "piney woods" or some similar district, to hunt, although he did manage to scare up a wolf south of H. M. Stark's last week, and took it to the county clerk, receiving the \$10 bounty.
Big boys as well as little boys can have surprise parties and on their 50th birthday as well as their 10th. This fact was demonstrated on last Saturday evening and as we didn't get particulars before we will be obliged to tell it now. Our genial little blacksmith, G. D. Wyllys was the victim of the surprise. He being planned by his family. A large number of his "young friends" were present and all experienced a jolly, good time. Accompanying the surprise was a hand some chair.
J. DeWolf, inspector of semaphores on the C. M. & St. P. Rv., was in town last Monday. He was refused breakfast at the Morris House, Kirkland, on account of small pox in that house, and as he didn't insist on it he went hungry till he got to Kingston.
The newly elected officers of the Baptist Sunday school are as follows:
M. W. Cole, Superintendent.
Charles Uplinger, Assistant.
Ernest Kepple, Secretary.
Clarence Uplinger, assistant.
Mrs. James Mackey, treasurer.
Miss Vera Walker, organist.
Miss Jessie Kepple, assistant.
The past year has been a very prosperous one for the Sunday school, the receipts being about \$49.50 and the enrollment being 125.
At the Baptist church, Thursday afternoon a box of clothing will be prepared to be sent to Nebraska sufferers. All having contributions are invited to bring them.
Sunday School at 10 o'clock and Christian Endeavor meeting at 6:30 P. M. led by Mrs. J. A. Kepple to which all are invited to come and bring bibles.

KIRKLAND.
Will Downing is here from Evanston visiting with his daughter who is ill.
Mrs. Grant Norman accidently fell Saturday afternoon and was severely injured. Her arm was broken and her wrist was thrown out of joint.
Rowan's new opera house has been opened for roller skating and our young people are greatly interested in the pastime.
On last Friday night Nels Nelson met his death on the railroad track. He was last seen alive about ten o'clock in company with a friend, walking down the track, whom he left shortly after. He was in an intoxicated condition and evidently had fallen and gone to sleep with his head on the rail. From the marks on the body the co-conductor must have glanced over his forehead, the wheels crushing his skull. A coroner's inquest was held the next day and a verdict entered according to the above facts. The funeral service was held at the Swedish Lutheran church, and the remains interred in Charter Oak Cemetery.

HERBERT.
Hon. George Reed goes to Springfield this week.
Frank Witt has gone to Elgin to learn jewellers trade.

Mr. and Mrs. Carpenter left last Friday for their future home in Burr Oaks, Kansas.
Clarence Winnie visited friends at Rochelle last week.
Wilfred Norman left last Thursday for his home in England. He will sail from New York the 16th.
A number of the young people attended the surprise party at Mr. Wickers Friday evening. All report a good time.
F. A. Reed is buying and shipping a great many hogs and cattle lately.
R. P. Brooks thinks of selling his farm and moving to Louisiana. He has just returned from a trip there and is much pleased with the country.
Mr. and Mrs. Thornton rejoice over the arrival of a baby girl.
Sam Blackledge is back from Ohio where he has been for a year.
The willing workers gave a social at the Hall Tuesday evening.

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