

THE GENOA ISSUE.

VOLUME XI.

GENOA ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, JANUARY 3, 1895.

NUMBER 10.

SOCIETY AND BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.
Genoa Camp No. 103, meets every Thursday night. F. H. VanDresser, V. C. W. H. Sager Clerk.

DELIA REBECCAS. L. O. F. No. 1142. Meets every other Friday night. Mrs. J. E. Stott, V. C. Mrs. John Wydie, Sec.

GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC. Re-aca Post No. 478. Meets on First Tuesday of each month. H. H. Slater, Commander Geo. Johnson, Adjutant.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES. Genoa Tent No. 44. Meets every other Saturday night in Slater's Hall. John Hadsall, Com. G. E. Sisley, Record Keeper.

A. F. & A. MASONS. GENOA LODGE No. 388. Meets in regular session of Wednesday evening on or before the full moon of each month. W. M. J. M. Harvey, Geo. E. Sisley, Sec.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODDFEL. Iowa. Genoa Lodge No. 768. Meets a regular session every Monday evening. F. M. Overaker, Sec. Henry Downing N. G.

KNIGHTS OF THE GLOBE. GENOA Garrison No. 56. Meets in regular session on the second and fourth Tuesday of each month. J. M. Harvey, Pres. E. H. Lane, Adj.

DR. M. D. LEFEVRE, Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist. Office Robinson's Drug store. Calls attended day or night.

E. H. BURLINGTON, Real Estate Agency and Collections, Blue Springs, Neb. Both farm and city property for sale and rent. Office Barlinger Bldg. Correspondence solicited.

EXCHANGE BANK OF BROWN & BROWN
Buy and sell Government Bonds. Sell Passage Tickets to and from Europe. And for sale or rent some choice farms in this vicinity, and houses and lots in this village.

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Farm Property, Especially,
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The Farmer's Mutual,
KINGSTON, ILL.

ROCKFORD
Steam Laundry Co.

Leave order, and have work called or every Wednesday morning, at the

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AL. U. SCHNEIDER,
Proprietor.

Do You Want Work

A steady job with the largest house in the west, 20 years established. With our facilities we can make a good salesman in two weeks from raw material. Nursery stock that is warranted to grow. 35 best varieties of seed potatoes in the world; etc. If you want money write stating age.

L. L. MAY & CO.
(Nurserymen, Florists and seedmen.)
St. Paul, Minn.

This house is responsible.

LOCAL NEWS JOTTINGS.

Personal Notes, Happenings, Etc., Pertaining to Genoa.

Jesse Wing was in town last Thursday.

Miss Sadie Brown was here from Elgin Christmas week.

Geo. Shurtleff has been under the weather.

J. W. F. Randall has moved his stock of boots and shoes to Kingston.

—Shining Light axle grease is the best.

Herbert Low, of Chicago, is visiting his aunt, Mrs. Burley.

—Millard is now prepared to grind feed with the latest appliance.

Mrs. John Floto spent the spent the holidays in Chicago.

Miss Emma Brill of Hampshire was a guest yesterday at Geo. E. Sisley's.

Mrs. Watson visited friends in DeKalb last week.

Miss Zina Smith of New Lebanon was in Genoa Wednesday.

B. G. Westover is visiting his daughter at Dane, Wisconsin.

Mrs. J. D. Craft and children of Chicago spent the holidays in Genoa.

Mrs. James Hewitt is visiting her mother in Wheaton.

Examine our clubbing list in another column.

Freddy Robinson spent his vacation with his aunt in Chicago

Millard sells ground feed at \$18.00 per ton.

Cynie Farmaloe was here from Rockford over Sunday.

Bennie Golden has recovered from a severe illness.

Attorney John Brown of Elgin was here Sunday.

Arthur Meade, of Elgin, spent Christmas with his parents here.

B. Goldman transacted business in Chicago Thursday last.

Miss Lizzie Brown was the guest of Elgin friends Christmas week.

—Don't miss Crawford's dress goods sale for the next thirty days.

Norman Kelley visited relatives in Chicago Christmas and the day after.

Miss Nellie Johnson is home from a visit with Chicago friends.

Dr. Billig recently made a very successful business trip into Wisconsin.

You save money by taking advantage of our clubbing offer.

Newton Stanley is clerking for F. E. Wells.

Fred Holroyd attended the doll carnival in Chicago Christmas day.

James Mansfield returned from Elgin Saturday.

Seba Buzell was a visitor in Elgin last week.

Al. Schneider has been confined to his home the past week by illness.

J. A. Burch and wife spent last week at Byron visiting friends and relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Randall, of Elgin, were visitors at James Mansfield's Christmas.

The Misses Alice and May Reid were here from Hampshire over Sunday the guests of M. and Mrs. Joe Corson.

Mrs. Doss Craft and children, of Chicago, spent the holidays with Mrs. Donohoe.

—You can't afford to miss those bargain Crawford is offering in dress goods.

Mrs. Edsall and Miss Jennie spent the holidays with Mr. and Mrs. Otto Schneider.

—We offer for the next thirty days our fine stock of dress goods at cost.

A. Crawford & Son.

Miss Mary Canavan of Savannah spent the holidays with her brother Thomas Canavan.

Miss Lida Sellers has returned from Chicago, where she has been spending her holiday vacation.

To RENT—Desirable house in a desirable locality. Good residence property for sale.

D. S. Brown.

Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Sisson visited friends in Mason, Illinois, during the holidays.

—Let your light so shine and use Shining Light axle grease, sold by Jas. Kiernan.

Dr. C. H. Mordoff was in Chicago last week looking after his property interests there.

—Make it easy as you can on your horses by using Shining Light axle grease. Sold by Kiernan.

Babe Hollingsworth conducted a very successful dance at Kirkland New Year's night.

Mrs. Fred Robinson and Mrs. Ed. Richardson drove over to Belvidere one day last week.

Mrs. Hill and Mrs. Nichols, of Nemaha Co., Neb., are guests at E. Q. Sumner's.

The Misses Della Corson, Florence Hadsall and Maggie Kelley, of Chicago, were Christmas visitors here.

R. Uhlman, a student at the German Lutheran seminary at Springfield, was a guest at Rev. Plehler's.

Prof. and Mrs. Overaker and sons enjoyed the holidays at McLean, this state. They also attended the state teacher's meeting at Springfield.

Our Chinese washer man is doing a good business these days. He does considerable work for Kingston.

F. R. Brill passed through here last Friday on his way home to Hampshire from Springfield. Superior railway facilities, you know.

Will Sager returned last Friday from Springfield where he went as a delegate to the state meeting of the M. W. of A.

—You buy it now and try it and you will use it all winter. There is none so good in town. That kiln-dried buckwheat at Slater's.

Mrs. Charles Kezar was called to Chicago last week to remain with her daughter Lenora, who is there receiving treatment for a hip trouble.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Kellogg were here from Cedar Falls, Iowa, Christmas week, the guests of H. A. Kellogg and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Corson enjoyed Christmas hospitality with relatives at Hampshire.

Receiving no turkey from our admiring subscribers, the editor and family participated in a family dinner affair at Hampshire Christmas day.

—Bright colored, crisp buckwheat cakes, steaming hot, what is there better these crisp mornings. That's what you get when you use that kiln-dried buckwheat, at Slater's.

The Misses Maude and Grace Schoonmaker, of Hampshire, were the guests of their sister, Mrs. Sisley, several days last week.

I have again taken charge of the Olmstead mills and will hereafter grind every day until further notice.

W. H. Strong.

We failed to notice that recently Divine Dean Esq., one of Genoa's most worthy citizens, had a surprise party to help him celebrate his 60th birthday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira J. Brown entertained Christmas day Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Hollebeck and the Misses Gertie Maynard and friend of Elgin.

Tuition scholars attending Genoa school district no. 1 must pay the tuition now due.

By order of School Directors.

Dr. Billig's brother is here from Wisconsin. He is a student of dentistry and will return here before long to take a practical course in the profession with his brother.

A benefit dance will be given Geo. Goupill, the young man who lost an arm in a feed cutter recently, on Tuesday evening, Jan. 8th. Help the young man along by purchasing a ticket at 75 cents.

Cassie E. Howard, who has made her home since June with her aunt, Mrs. W. C. Howard, returned to her home in Topeka, Kas., last week Wednesday, via Illinois Central and Santa Fe routes. Her uncle accompanied her as far as Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Malana are very grateful to the many kind friends who assisted them during their late sad bereavement and take this opportunity of extending their heart-felt thanks.

A very pleasant Christmas dinner party took place at the residence of our esteemed townsman, Mr. D. S. Brown just south of town, on Christmas day. It was a family affair and heartily enjoyed.

Nathaniel Parkhurst Thurber, the gentlemanly manipulator of telegraphy at the St. Paul depot, enjoyed Christmas week with relatives in Wisconsin.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Pond and daughter, of DeKalb, were here Christmas day. Mr. Pond is quickly coming to the front as one of DeKalb county's brightest attorneys. He has a bright future before him and his many friends here in his old home are pleased with his success.

—That delicious molasses taffy and peanut candy at Fred Holroyd's should be in every well regulated household. It drives away dull sorrow and care and makes a man feel like a million ire.

The Masonic fraternity enjoyed the presence here last week of Harry J. Todd, state lecturer for Missouri. He is "way up" in Masonic work and is a genial gentleman to meet. May his shadow never grow less.

Many stubborn and aggravating cases of rheumatism that were believed to be incurable and accepted as life legacies, have yielded to Chamberlain's Pain Balm, much to the surprise and gratification of the sufferers. One application will relieve the pain and suffering and its continued use insures an effectual cure. For sale by F. T. Robinson, Druggist.

About fifty neighbors and friends gathered at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. John Buzell to assist in the observance of the birthday of their daughter, Mrs. Libbie Burch. It was a decided surprise. She was the recipient of many valuable presents. A light repast was served and at a late hour the company dispersed, having spent a very enjoyable evening.

A special meeting of the Loyal Temperance Legion will be held at the A. C. church, Saturday next, January 5th, at two o'clock. Let every boy and girl member be present, as the meeting is an important one, and a seasonable treat is in store for them. By order of L. T. L. Supt.

Carlton Cornwell, foreman of the Gazette, Middletown, N. J., believe that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy should be in every home. He used it for a cold and it affected a speedy cure. He says: "It is indeed a grand remedy, I can recommend it to all. I have also seen it used for whooping cough with best results." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by F. T. Robinson, Druggist.

The Woman Foreign Missionary Society will meet with Mrs. Susan and E. Olmstead Wednesday evening Jan. 9. Tea served at 5:30 and later. All wishing conveyance please report to Miss Jenny Lawrence on or before Wednesday morning. If the weather should be inclement the meeting will be postponed until the following Friday.

There is good reason for the popularity of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Davis & Buzard, of West Monterey, Clarion Co., Pa., say: "It has cured people that our physicians could do nothing for. We persuaded them to try a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and they now recommend it with the rest of us." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by F. T. Robinson.

A happy party of young people watched the old year out and the New Year in with Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Sisley Monday night.

A Parting Cheer.
A number friends gathered at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. James Wydie on Wednesday evening of last week to bid them a happy journey prior to their departure for California. They left on Thursday in company with A. B. Clefford for Los Angeles, where they go to look up the creamery business. They left over the Illinois Central, stopping off at New Orleans returning via Ogden, Salt Lake City, Denver and Sioux City.

STRUCK BY A FREIGHT.

YOUNG MARTIN MALANA LOSES HIS LIFE.

Was Run Down by a Milwaukee & St. Paul Freight Train. Remained Unconscious Until Death.

This community was startled last Thursday afternoon by the news that Martin Malana, the thirteen-year-old son of our respected townsman, M. Malana, had been struck by a west-bound St. Paul freight, just this side of the Illinois Central bridge.

The sad news quickly spread and in an incredibly short time it was known all over town that the little fellow was lying at the depot in an unconscious condition.

He was sent on an errand early in the afternoon, to the north part of town. Boy-like he walked on the railroad track. The wind was blowing a stiff gale and snowflakes were flying madly through the air. He felt the keen, cold air, on his ears, covering them with his mitted hands. He marched quickly on, the howling winds and the blinding snow shutting out all other sounds from his hearing. Looking up he watched an approaching Illinois Central train.

His thoughts were no doubt of a happy nature, visions of the morrow's skating flitting through his mind. No thought of death came to him as he trod blithely along on that blustering winter day. No warning hand was stretched out to draw him from that impending death, nor warned him of that shrieking, iron monster that was so soon to crush out his young life. He heard not that awful shriek of warning which those horror-stricken men were sending him, as they bore rapidly down on him. Those ponderous drive wheels were reversed with a noise that was deafening, yet he for whom that train crew was straining every muscle heard it not.

The guard of the engine struck the little fellow throwing him with frightful force against the boiler, from which his body rebounded, rolling down the embankment.

The train was stopped as quickly as possible. The little form was tenderly picked up by the brakemen and placed in the caboose and the train backed to the depot. Drs. Robinson, Mordoff and Hill were quickly present and every effort was made to restore him to consciousness, but without avail. He lingered in an unconscious state until eleven o'clock that night when he quietly breathed his last.

The grief-stricken parents have the tenderest sympathy of the entire community in their terrible bereavement.

Martin was a boy of unusually bright intellect and was a general favorite with all his companions. As a pupil in our public school he was up with the leaders of his classes. A bright future was before him. But that fell reaper, death, cut down that bright young life, without the slightest warning. Truly, in the midst of life is death.

The remains were interred in the Catholic cemetery at Belvidere on Saturday last, the services being largely attended.

That Milk Case.

The farming element herabouts have been much interested in a lawsuit growing out of four cans of skimmed milk, which were received at the creamery of Ira J. Mix here. For four mornings in succession a can of skimmed milk came to the factory brought by one of the regular haulers. The matter was carefully sifted and a charge was entered against M. Hines. The case was called before Squire Burroughs and a change of venue was taken to Squire Wyllys, of Kingston, the case coming up for trial last Friday. On a technicality the case was dismissed by the justice. It will no doubt be brought up again by the complainant as he is determined to make an example of the offender.

A committee has been selected to solicit contribution for the relief of Nebraska sufferers. All articles of clothing provision or money will be gladly received at the home of Mrs. John Patterson at any time before January 11th, 1895 and forward to the State Relief Commissioners.

By order of Committee.

THE NEW YEAR'S BELL.



Y THRONE is yonder belfry;
Hark how I wake the world!
Oh, joyful be the message
That broadcast now is hurled!
A word of hope and triumph,
Again I wait to you.
Ringing out the old year,
Ringing in the new!

I've marked the gains and losses,
The strivings of the hour;
Rank weeds I've seen upgrowing,
Where should have bloomed the flower.
The nobler path and purpose,
I bid ye all pursue,
Ringing out the old year,
Ringing in the new!

To all a heart of gladness,
To all a kindly thought!
Beneath Time's opening portals,
No good deed be unwrought!
How soon my voice is silent,
Its moments now, how few!
Ringing out the old year,
Ringing in the new!

May brightest sunshine gather
About each roof-tree fair!
God's blessing on the harvest,
That bounteously we share!
Joys blossom in life's pathway!
And thus I bid adieu—
Ringing out the old year,
Ringing in the new!

—George Cooper, in Golden Days.

POVERTY'S NEW YEAR.

WELL," impudently queried the man as he stood in the door of a fourth floor room and looked into the face of a woman whose cheeks had grown white as she heard his step on the landing.

"I'm sorry, sir, but—" "Same old story, is it?" "I've had to tell you for the last two months—that I was out of work and couldn't pay my rent. That was bad enough, but now my Tom is out of work, too. He's there on the bed, sir, and the doctor says it's a touch of pneumonia."

"You owe two months' back rent," he said, as he inspected the poor, old furniture and wondered if it would pay to attach it.

"Yes, sir, but if you'll only have a little patience we'll pay you." "Patience won't pay taxes nor make repairs. I'll give you the day to pack your traps."

"But where will I go?" "Beat some other landlord out of two months' rent."

"I haven't a shilling in the house and there lies my sick boy! Give me a week, anyhow. It will be the death of Tom to be carried out. It's too cold in the room here, but I've only a little coal and have to use it more carefully than you do gold."

"You can talk to the constables when they come; I'm sick and tired of hearing these yarns."

"Before the week is out I may find work. If Tom was well I wouldn't say a word, but don't set us out with him so badly off that the doctor—"

"Talk to the constables!" shouted the man as he turned to go.

"But, sir, if you would only let us stay another week I'm sure you wouldn't lose by it. There's such a thing as the Lord raising up a friend for the widow, and the fatherless just as they are ready to give up."

"Can't stop—talk to the constable—two months' back rent or out you go."

That was the way the year opened for Widow Flint and her boy Tom. It was hard times all around. Plenty of energetic, skillful mechanics were out of work and behind in their rent, and dealers and manufacturers who generally had plenty of work to give out were holding back to watch the business outlook. Tom might have kept his place at three dollars per week in the box factory, but the want of proper food and clothing had made him susceptible to exposure and brought him low. There wasn't money enough in the house to get the doctor's prescription filled at a drug store, and it was well that the boy's fever blunted his appetite, as a loaf of bread was the only palatable thing in the house. Neighbors! Yes, plenty of them. There were forty families under that roof, but most of them had little else but bread. When poverty begins to hunger their poverty is selfish.

It makes people selfish to herd them together. The sight of each other's destitution blunts all sentiment.

"But—He's like the mayor, ain't he—never noticing anybody but well-off folks."

"Tom, the Lord looks down upon us

all—the poor as well as the rich. We are all in His keeping. Don't doubt His goodness. It's hard work to be sick and freezing and hungry, but if it's our burden to bear we must do it. You must have medicine, Tom. I'm going out to see if I can pawn my shawl."

"And then you can't go out to look for work."

"But it may save you." She went out and walked about for an hour, but pawnbrokers and second-hand clothing dealers were taking a holiday with the rest of the world. She finally entered a drug store, and asked of the urbane proprietor, who came forward rubbing his hands, to take the shawl and fill the prescription.

"Very sorry, you know, but we couldn't do it," he replied. "Medicines are cash, and the shawl is old and thin and not worth anything."

"But my Tom is threatened with pneumonia, sir."

"Y-es. Just the sort of weather for pneumonia, and most of the cases seem to prove fatal."

"And must he die for the want of this medicine?"

"Good day, ma'am—good day. I notice the thermometer is down to zero, and I shouldn't wonder if it would go lower before night."

She had assured Tom that there was only one God, and that He watched over the poor as well as the rich, but as she wended her way homewards she had to combat her doubts. His fever was worse, and he was out of his mind, and all day long he moaned and tossed about, and she could do no more than hold a cup of water to his lips now and then. When night began to fall she made a bundle of Tom's clothes. They were old, but of more value than her shawl. If he died she would not redeem them; if he got well—well, she had said that the Lord sometimes raised up a friend for the poor and distressed.

"Humph! Four o'clock p. m., and New Year's day and you not out of bed yet?"

It was a young man of twenty-five, who had gone to bed at 2 o'clock that morning. His face was pinched and pale, his eyes hollow and bloodshot.

longer you are going to continue this sort of business. You've had six or seven years of it, and it seems to me that you ought to be through. When a young man gets to that point where he realizes that he is an ass he's ready for a change. Suppose we swear off? Suppose we surprise the old folks by dropping this high-roller business and living a half-way decent life. Champagne, cards, songs, cigars, and all that last night till you were drunk as an old bum. That reminds me. Seems to me I had a streak of luck. Let's see!"

He had money in every pocket—twos, fives and tens. The bills were crumpled and rolled, but he smoothed them out on his knee and counted them over and said:

"A fool for luck! Here's an even three hundred dollars, and I must have had luck, just about enough to pay for a wine supper, and just about a hundredth part of what I've lost at cards. Well, what are you going to do about the other matter—swearing off? Strikes you as about the correct thing, does it? All right. Hold up your right hand and repeat after me."

"I, James Forbush, being in my right mind for the first time in several years, and fully realizing that I am the biggest idiot in North America, do hereby affirm and declare that I am no longer a high-roller on wheels. In other words, I pledge myself to eschew cards, drink and other rapid transit matters from and after this first day of January, 189—, and if I break my word may I be despised by men and kicked by animals."

"That's all right, old man—all right. May come hard, but you'll wobble through. Now, as to the money. You don't need it. It was won at cards, and there's wine stains on every bill. In being a high-roller you've forgotten all about charity. You've been ready to flip a dollar to the dorky who held your overcoat, but never a nickel to the beggar on the street. Let's take a walk."

"Well, what's the matter with you?"

"Don't arrest me, sir, I'll move on!"

"Arrest nothing! What's in the bundle?"

"Tom's suit, sir."

"And who's Tom?"

"My boy, sir, and he's sick with pneumonia and I'm trying to sell his clothes to get medicine."



WAS IT THE LANDLORD?

and one looking at him might have taken him for an old man.

"Made a fool of yourself again last night, didn't you?" he growled, talking to himself as he lay looking around.

"Old man, do you know that I'm about ready to cut your acquaintance? A young man of decent family—plenty of money—good prospects, and yet how are you using yourself? Champagne, cards, dissipation. Going right to the dogs on the gallop. At twenty-five you feel like a man of fifty. Health, prospects and the whole outfit going to the devil, and what are you getting in exchange? You are the son of your father and a high-roller—that is all. When you come to figure it down you are a champion fool—nothing less."

He lazily turned over, sat up on the side of the bed, and continued:

"Head as big as a house and your stomach full of vitriol. Nice chap you are. A decent mule ought to be ashamed to kick you. No sand—no energy—hardly strength enough to get into your clothes and wash up. You and I are going to have a talk after a bit. Had no idea where the boys tucked me away this morning, but I guess this is a hotel, and I'll order up a bite to eat."

Half an hour later the high-roller sat down to his cigar, and, as he smoked, he said:

"What I want to know is how much

"Come off! I never heard of such a thing!"

"Here's the prescription, sir, and will you come with me and see for yourself?"

She led the way and he followed. When he saw the pinching poverty and heard her story—when he stood by the bed and saw how sick poor Tom was, he smiled grimly and said:

"Then there are high-rollers and low-rollers. Never knew that before. Never had an idea that people really suffered from poverty. So this is poverty, eh?—no money—no hopes—boy sick—rent due—coal out—and you are trying to sell the boy's clothes for medicine!"

At that moment Tom ceased his moaning and opened his eyes and saw the strange man in the room.

"I thought it was a dream, mother,"

"What, Tom?"

"About the Lord. I was walking the streets and looking all over for Him, and He was right here all the time. Now we'll have the medicine and a good fire and something to eat! You said there was a Lord, but—"

"What does he mean?" asked the high-roller.

"Why, sir, I told him that the Lord might raise up a friend for us. He was so ill and we were so poor that he doubted if the Lord watched over the poor."

One by one he counted the bills into her hand—just three hundred dollars, and put on his hat to go.

"Why, sir—but you see—you don't mean all this for me?"

"Get medicine, a doctor, coal, provisions—save Tom's life!" he said, as he went out.

She sat down in a chair, dazed and wondering if she had not passed from earth to Heaven, and as he clattered downstairs and out into the cold and the night he muttered:

"Old man, you've made a beginning, and now see if you can't keep it up."—Detroit Free Press.

HOW TO BEGIN THE NEW YEAR.

Don't Get Discouraged, But Keep on Making Your Resolutions.

It is pretty well known by this time that the designation of the first day of January as the beginning of the new year is purely arbitrary. In neither an astronomical or climatic sense has any particular change taken place, and, as a matter of fact, the date, which should have been in March, at the time of the vernal equinox, has been distorted to its present place by a series of changes extending over many centuries.

But, for practical purposes, it matters nothing if the year began in July, so long as the seasons came around in their regular sequence. The year must begin somewhere, and the first of January is as good as any other day, and in all probability the date is now fixed for all time to come.

It may be remarked here, however, that fiscal years, whether by nations or corporations, almost invariably begin on some other date than the first of January. Why this is so no one can explain; perhaps it is due to the inherent perversity of human nature.

How the beginning of the new year became associated with the making of new resolutions is easily explainable. As merchants open up a new set of books, so the average person, not in business, feels it incumbent upon himself to open up a new set of resolutions. How nice it would be if he could close up the old books, and start the new year with a clean balance sheet.

But, as it happens, there is no way of effacing the past, so the boy or girl who looks back on the old year, and contemplates a long line of follies and faults, can only sigh for the broken resolutions of the past and make new ones for the future.

Perhaps this may not appear to be a very profitable transaction, but it is better than it seems. No one can be good without first desiring to be so, so that New Year's resolutions are first steps toward the end.

This is taking it for granted that we are all going to make resolutions, which, of course, is not strictly true. Some very worthy boys and girls, as well as other persons, are doubtless discouraged by this time, and say, despairingly: "It is not for me to resolve. I can't be gentle, truthful, industrious and studious. I know I can't, because I resolved that I would be last New Year's day, and before the summer came I was as bad as ever!"

No doubt that is all true, but there is no need of getting disheartened about it. "Try, try again" refers to resolutions as well as deeds.

If you can keep a resolve for two months one year and three months the following year there is a distinct gain, and gives reason to believe that you can keep your resolution for a whole year by and by.

Then consider the pleasure of making good resolutions. The most mischievous of boys may be a veritable saint for an entire day or maybe a week, and the memory of the event will redound to his credit and may palliate future misdeeds. He can realize for one day at least that there is actual enjoyment in behaving himself, and who knows what impression such a lesson may possibly make?

Suppose that the resolutions are only kept on the day that they are made. Well, even that is something gained. If everybody resolved to be polite, considerate and amiable on the first day of January it would certainly be a happy New Year's day. Or, better still, suppose we all resolved to try to make some other person happy. And why not? It takes very little to bring happiness to the majority of people. A word, a look, a smile, are alike productive of pleasure, and cost nothing at all. They actually exert a reflex action, making the one who confers just as happy as the one who receives. And it is easier to be in a good humor than in a fit of temper. There is no strain on the nerves, which, as everybody knows, tends to shorten life.

So, as we said before, why not have a happy New Year which shall be twelve months long, since it can be had by simply resolving? Begin on the first day of January, if you will, and repeat the resolve on the second day and every one thereafter. Don't try impossibilities; just simply make some person happy each day in the year and see how happy it will make yourself.—Golden Days.

What He Had On.

"Did you see Freddie Twiggins on New Year's day?" asked one girl. "No," replied the other; "I was told, though, that he—er—that he had skates on." "Skates," repeated the other; "skates doesn't begin to express it. Those were snow shoes."—Indianapolis Journal.

SPRINGER'S SUBSTITUTE.

It Embodies Material Changes from the Carlisle Bill.

The Measure Does Not Make It Compulsory on Banks to Organize Under the New System—it Removes Another Objection.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 24.—Mr. Springer (dem., Ill.) at a late hour Friday afternoon, laid before the house a substitute for the pending currency bill. It consists of the amendments which have been agreed upon by the democratic members of the committee; others that were suggested by Secretary Carlisle, the author of the bill that has been under consideration all the week, as well as certain features of the Carlisle bill which it has been deemed advisable to retain. After laying the substitute before the house, Mr. Springer briefly explained the important changes made in the Carlisle bill and their effect as follows:

Provisions of the New Bill.

1. Permitting the deposit of currency certificates issued under section 5,193 of revised statutes, to secure circulation as well as the deposits of legal tender notes and treasury notes. These certificates represent legal tender notes actually held in the treasury, and the effect of depositing certificates is, therefore, the same precisely as to require the deposit of notes.

2. So amending the present law as to permit state banks to deposit legal tender notes and procure these currency certificates in the same manner that national banks are now permitted to do.

3. Dispensing with the provision which authorizes an assessment upon the national banks to replenish the safety fund for the redemption of the notes of failed banks and, in place of this provision, insert one providing that the collection of the one-fourth of a cent tax for each half year shall be resumed when the safety fund is impaired and continued until the safety fund is restored.

4. Authorizing the comptroller of the currency instead of the banks themselves to designate the agencies at which national bank notes shall be redeemed. The effect of this will be to secure the redemption not only at the office of the bank, but at other places accessible to note holders.

5. Dispense with the provisions compelling existing national banks to withdraw their bonds now on deposit and take out circulation under the new system, and in lieu of that provision insert one permitting the banks to withdraw their bonds, if they see proper to do so, by depositing lawful money, as now provided by law, and then to take out circulation under the new system if they choose to do so.

6. Providing that the notes of failed national banks which are not redeemed on demand at the office of the treasurer of the United States, or any assistant treasurer of the United States, shall bear interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, from the date of the suspension of the bank until thirty days after public notice has been given that funds are on hand for their redemption.

No Obligation on the Government.

This imposes no obligation upon the part of the United States to use its own funds for the redemptions, as the safety fund is in the hands of the treasurer, and he will redeem notes out of that fund.

Important Changes Made.

Two very important features make their appearance for the first time in the substitute. The main one will have the effect of allowing the national banking system to run along, without an arbitrary provision that banks must organize under the new system.

If national banks wish to continue to hold their United States bonds and issue circulation thereon they may do so. It is felt that they will soon discover the advantages of the new system and will therefore adopt it voluntarily.

The other important feature of the substitute is that it does away with the unknown liability of banks to guarantee the notes of all other banks. This feature of the original bill has been much criticised. It contemplated that if a national bank failed its notes would be paid out of its assets and the "general safety fund," made up by all the banks. But if the assets and safety fund were insufficient to pay the notes of the failed bank, then the comptroller of the currency was to make a pro rata assessment on all the banks of the country.

SLAIN IN HER HOME.

Mrs. Matson, a Prominent Topeka (Kan.) Woman Outraged and Murdered.

TOPEKA, Kan., Dec. 23.—The dead body of Mrs. A. D. Matson, one of the best known women in Topeka, was found in her home Thursday afternoon, where she had evidently been outraged and murdered ten days ago. A boy who had been delivering milk to her for a long time noted the fact that the cans which he left on her back porch had not been disturbed by her for nearly two weeks, and he thought it worthy of the notice of the police. He reported to headquarters.

Mrs. Matson was for several years a member of the city board of education from the Fifth ward and took an active interest in the city schools. She was at one time a city teacher and was as well known as any woman in the city. She was generally supposed to have considerable money and owned five or six houses on the east side. Her husband left her four or five years ago and took up a homestead in California, where he has since lived. Mrs. Matson was a member of the Topeka Equal Suffrage association and a prominent suffrage worker.

Schedule to Purify Elections.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Dec. 18.—Representative J. C. Manning, of Clay county, the populist leader of the Alabama legislature, has gone to consult leading populists and republicans in Tennessee and other states on the subject of a plan proposed by him to organize into a league all of those in the south who favor ballot reform and protection.

A MIRACLE IN TEXAS.

Investigated by the Texas Christian Advocate and Vouched for by Dr. C. H. Stansbury.

(From the Texas Christian Advocate.)
Our representative has made a careful investigation of the H. E. Spaulding case at Longview, which is here published for the first time, and which will be read with great interest by medical men everywhere. In reply to the Christian Advocate's questions Mr. Spaulding said: About eight years ago while running a locomotive I contracted sciatic rheumatism in my left side from my hip down. It came on slow but sure and in a few months I lost control entirely of that member, it was just the same as if it was paralyzed, I was totally unable to move out of my room for a year and a half, six months of which time I was bedridden. I tried every remedy suggested, and had regular physicians in constant attendance on me. I was banded up and sent to Hot Springs where I spent three months under the treatment of the most eminent specialists, all of which did me no good, and I came back from the springs in a worse condition than when I went. I came home and laid flat on my back and suffered the most excruciating agonies, screaming in pain every time anybody walked across the room, the only ease I obtained being from the constant use of opiates. After three months of this kind of agony, during which time my entire left leg perished away to the very bone, my attention was called to a new remedy called Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, by Mr. Allison who is now train dispatcher at Texarkana, and who was relieved of locomotor ataxia of twenty years duration. At his urgent and repeated solicitation I consented to give them a trial, after taking a few doses I began to improve. I continued taking the pills and kept right on improving until I was finally cured. My leg is just the same size now as the other one, and I am sure that Pink Pills not only cured me but saved life.

The reporter next visited Dr. C. H. Stansbury, a graduate of one of the medical schools of Kentucky, and a man who enjoys the confidence of everybody in Longview. He said: "I know that Mr. Spaulding had a terribly severe attack of sciatic rheumatism of which I tried to cure him; used everything known to my profession in vain and finally recommended him to go to Hot Springs. He came back from the springs worse than when he went and I thought it was only a matter of time until his heart would be affected and he would die. I also know that his cure is the direct result of the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

"That is rather an unusual statement for a regular physician to make, doctor."
"I know it is, but a fact is a fact, and there are hundreds of people right here in Longview who know what I say is the truth. I also know Mr. Allison and know that he was relieved of a genuine and severe case of locomotor ataxia of twenty years standing."

THOUGHT SHE WAS A BOY.

That is Why Albert Rides Out with Another Girl Sunday.

The park was almost deserted in the dusk and their bicycle lamps made a will-o-the-wisp effect through the mist. Both were young and both were pretty, but one of them wore skirts while the other displayed a boyish-looking costume of shirt, jacket and attenuated bloomer.

"They say that Albert is perfectly devoted to you," remarked she of the skirts, after a short silence.

"What an idea! To be sure he does call rather frequently and we always go out for a spin together Sunday afternoons. O, Louise, what do you think he will say to my bloomers?"

"H'm. I don't know—I don't care to wear them myself."

"Of course not, dear; but you'll feel differently about it when you gain flesh from the fresh air and exercise."

"Perhaps. But about Albert—I thought you didn't like him; you said that you could never really respect a man whose necktie was always over his collar in the back."

"O, well, if one was married to him she could tell him when his tie slipped. Besides, Susie is awful jealous."

"Has he said anything definite yet?"

"Well, no—that is, nothing except to ask me if I could make my own gowns."

"That shows he is thinking."

"Yes. Somehow I have an idea that he will say something that settles it when he sees me for the first time in this costume."

"If he does you must tell me every word he says."

"I will. I do believe that is him now coming behind us; it sounds like the tone of his bell."

"Well, you must like him if you even recognize that."

"Sh—sh; don't speak so loud—if he really loves me he will know it is I, even if it is almost dark and he has never seen me in bloomers. Here he comes right behind us! O, I wonder what he will say to my bloomers?"

Just then he came up with them and what he did say was:
"Hello, there! Say, do you happen to have a light about you?"

And now she has returned to her skirts, while he rides out with another girl on Sundays.—Chicago Tribune.

—Beethoven was very fond of a kind of meat pudding made in Vienna, closely approximating the modern wienerwurst. With a plentiful supply of this, a hunk of pampnickel and a glass of beer, he was perfectly content.

The Profit of Time.
Fill up each hour with what will last;
Buy up the moments as they go;
The life above, when this is past,
Is the ripe fruit of life below.
—Selected.
—Friendship is the only thing in the world concerning the usefulness of which all mankind are agreed.—Cicero.

CAN DO NO BETTER.

Secretary Gresham Submits Information of Behring Sea Award.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—Secretary Gresham Thursday afternoon furnished the house of representatives full information touching the payment by the United States to Great Britain of \$425,000 for damages growing out of the Behring sea controversy in compliance with a resolution in the house. In transmitting the papers to the speaker, Secretary Gresham says in explanation of the matter:

"The Paris tribunal of arbitration held that the United States had no right of protection of property in the fur seals in Behring sea outside the ordinary 3-mile limit. Under article 8 of the convention of February 20, 1882, whereby the questions which had arisen between the two governments concerning the jurisdictional rights of the United States in the waters of Behring sea were submitted to arbitration, the arbitrators unanimously found that a number of British sealing vessels were seized in Behring sea or warned therefrom by cruisers of the United States on the days and at the places in the special finding mentioned, leaving for future determination the questions as to the value of the said vessels or their contents, or either of them, and the question as to whether the vessels mentioned in the schedule to the British case, or any of them, were wholly or in part the actual property of citizens of the United States.

"If the plan of settlement recommended by the president in his last annual message is not acceptable to congress the remaining controverted questions must be determined either by the organization of a joint commission or by negotiations between the two governments. Experience has shown that international commissions are slow and expensive. Should such a course be resorted to, the evidence would be found mostly on the Pacific coast widely scattered and counsel would be needed to examine and cross-examine witnesses. The question of indirect or consequential damages having been withdrawn from the tribunal of arbitration, the pending claims are for British vessels actually seized in Behring sea or warned out of it by cruisers of the United States.

"It will appear from the submitted correspondence that the agreement to pay a lump sum of \$425,000 in full settlement of all demands authorized to be made under the treaty and award was proposed by this government. The amount is considerably below the damages claimed by Great Britain, exclusive of the interest for a number of years. If this agreement does not receive the approval of congress and the disputed questions are submitted to an international commission, it is believed that the amount allowed and the expense of the tribunal, including witnesses and the taking of their testimony, will largely exceed \$425,000.

"In view of all the facts and what may be reasonably expected as the result of a commission, the undersigned submits that a prompt and final settlement of the vexatious controversy by an appropriation of the lump sum agreed upon is advisable."

AWFUL OUTRAGES.

A Correspondent's Version of the Atrocities of Port Arthur.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—The World prints the following special advice from its correspondent, James Creelman, who was with the Japanese army, dated Port Arthur, November 24, via Vancouver, December 19:

"The struggle for the emancipation of Corea has been suddenly turned into a savage war of conquest. It is no longer a conflict between civilization and barbarism. Japan for the last four days has trampled civilization under the feet of her conquering army. The taking of Port Arthur and the possession of one of the most powerful strongholds in the world was too great a strain upon the Japanese character, which relaxed in a few hours back into the brutish state from which it was awakened a generation ago.

"Almost the entire population found in Port Arthur has been massacred and the work of butchering the unarmed and unresisting inhabitants has been continued. China is now at the mercy of the island empire."

After detailing the circumstances of the fighting which ended in the capture of Port Arthur, the correspondent tells how the Chinese mutilated the corpses of the Japanese dead. He says:

"I saw the Japanese dead on the road with their heads gone and their bodies mutilated. Several corpses were without hands, two had been butchered like sheep and their hearts and livers torn out.

"As the Japanese troops moved on they saw the heads of their slain comrades hanging by cords, with their noses and ears gone. There was a rude arch in the main street decorated with bloody Japanese heads. A great slaughter followed. The infuriated soldiers killed every one they saw. No attempt to take prisoners was made. Women and children were hunted and shot as they fled to the hills with their protectors. The town was sacked from end to end and the inhabitants were butchered in their own homes. The van of the second regiment reached Fort Ogunsan and found it deserted. Then they discovered a junk in the harbor crowded with fugitives. A platoon was stretched across the end of a wharf and fired into the boat until every woman, man and child was killed. The torpedo boats outside had already sunk ten junks filled with terror-stricken people. I am satisfied that not more than 100 Chinamen were killed in fair battle at Port Arthur, and that at least 2,000 unarmed men were put to death."

CRACKED A SAFE.

Burglars Plunder a Banking Institution at Mansfield, Ill.

MANSFIELD, Ill., Dec. 22.—The examiner for the state auditor was in Mansfield Thursday for the purpose of examining the Farmers' and Merchants' state bank. The examination kept the examiner and the head bookkeeper at work until 10 o'clock p. m. At that hour the examiner completed his work and went to his hotel. An hour later the bookkeeper closed the safe and left the building.

When the bank was opened Friday morning it was discovered that the large safe had been practically blown to pieces, and everything indicated that experienced cracksmen had been at work on the job. The blasts that shattered the safe were so powerful that much of the contents was destroyed. The thieves secured all the gold and silver, \$320, belonging to the postmaster, which was on a tray, not in the inner vault. The loss in money is about \$1,800, and the bank is damaged \$1,000. About \$1,000 in bills was so mutilated by the explosion that the safe blowers left it behind. It was blown into such small pieces that but little of it can be redeemed.

THE CURRENCY BILL.

Secretary Carlisle's Measure Discussed in the Lower House of Congress.

On December 18 Mr. Springer (dem., Ill.) in committee of the whole opened the debate on the currency bill. The great importance of the pending measure, he began, could not be more effectively emphasized than by referring to the report of the comptroller of the currency, which showed that last year there were 8,000,000 depositors in national banks having a capital stock aggregating \$1,050,000,000. Their deposits amounted to \$4,220,000,000. Mr. Springer declared that the committee had given the subject the most careful consideration. It had carefully examined the recommendations of the president and the secretary of the treasury, had called before it some of the ablest financiers in the country, and the result had been the presentation of the pending measure as a measure of financial reform.

Mr. Mahone (rep., Pa.) thought that if half the banks should fail and the other half be assessed to redeem the failed banks' notes, the solvent banks would be bankrupted to add the insolvent banks, to which Mr. Springer replied: "If all the banks should fail under this system the note holders would be secure."

Mr. Walker (rep., Mass.) said the bill presented by the secretary of the treasury had not one feature that could be enacted, except after remodeling, without endangering the financial interests of the country. He then spoke of his own bill and its superiority over the Carlisle bill, and expressed his hope that his bill would be passed in place of the Carlisle bill.

Mr. Hall (dem., Mo.) said it must be distinctly understood by members that the Walker bill was not under discussion and that when they came to vote they must vote either for the Carlisle bill or a continuation of the present system. Mr. Hall contended that the Carlisle bill was opposed by the national banks because they preferred the Baltimore plan. Why? Because in the Baltimore plan the government stood behind the notes issued, and in the Carlisle bill the banks themselves were responsible for their notes. Mr. Hall insisted that every bank official summoned before the committee had been forced to admit, when concerned, that currency issued under the Carlisle bill would be entirely safe. They had opposed the bill on account of the fifth section, which made the banks solely responsible for their issues.

On the 19th Mr. Johnson (rep., Ind.) admitted the defects of our currency system, but he said their correction could not be obtained along the lines suggested by the committee. He said he would propose a bill to attack the present system after a safe substitute for it. While remedial legislation might be advisable, this was no time for experimental legislation. Mr. Johnson then contrasted the advantages of the national banking system with respect to prompt and satisfactory settlement against failed banks and of security to note holders, with those of the state bank system revived by the bill.

Mr. Warner (dem., N. Y.) advocated the passage of the bill because of the proposed rehabilitation of state banks, and because of the fact that it took the government out of the business of issuing currency.

Mr. Ellis (dem., Ky.) opposition was largely based upon the fact that the bill provided for a reorganization and extension of the national banking system, when every state and national convention of the democratic party for years had declared against it, and this at a time when the necessity for their services as fiscal agents, if it ever existed, had absolutely passed.

Mr. Bland (dem., Mo.) gave notice that he would move to amend by substituting for the bill his free coinage of silver and coin note scheme.

On the 21st Messrs. Pendleton (dem., W. V.), Russell (rep., Conn.), Sikes (dem., N. Y.), McClaurin (dem., S. C.) and Rawlins (dem., Utah), participated in the currency discussion. Mr. Sikes said that he would like to see the measure perfected in order that he could give a cheerful vote for a bill intended to relieve the financial embarrassments of the country. Two evils, said he, threatened the nation. First, the serious drain of gold from the treasury as a result of the outstanding legal tenders. In this bill he found no remedy for this alarming menace. This fact constituted his first criticism of the bill. It was in this respect inadequate. The government paper was in reality a government debt which ought to be funded. "Let us return," said Mr. Sikes, "to the sound principles of the days before the war. Let us adopt the McCulloch plan of funding the greenbacks."

IN ANNUAL SESSION.

Fourteenth Annual Convention of the American Federation of Labor.

DENVER, Col., Dec. 10.—The first business on Monday was to determine the future location of the headquarters of the federation. The vote resulted: Indianapolis, 1,200; Washington, 926. The election of officers was then taken up.

Mr. Gompers and John McBride, president of the United Mine-Workers, were the only candidates for president. The vote resulted: McBride, 1,192; Gompers, 937. President Gompers moved that it be made unanimous, but a delegate objecting that vote failed.

Vice presidents were elected as follows: First, P. J. McGuire, Philadelphia; second, James Ducaan, Baltimore; third, Rody Kenahan, Denver; fourth, T. J. Elderkin, Chicago; for secretary, A. McCraith, of Boston.

New York was selected as the place for holding of the next convention. The committee on resolutions reported favorably upon a number of resolutions as follows:

Condemning attempts to secure for transportation lines the involuntary servitude laws of the maritime trade; to restrict transient provincial immigration by national legislation; opposing the Baltimore plan of financial legislation; to secure state legislation to abolish the sweating system; declaring for a work day of not more than eight hours; advocating the liberation of Beatty and Dempsey, Homestead strikers, now incarcerated in the Allegheny penitentiary; urging the adoption of the referendum in national and state legislation; condemning the padrone system of labor employment; against blacklisting of railway employees; against further bond issues, unless specifically authorized by the lower house of congress.

Life Imprisonment for Murder.

URBANA, O., Dec. 20.—Edward Rose, the wife-murderer, was found guilty of murder in the second degree Wednesday and immediately sentenced for life. Rose killed his wife Sunday, July 22. He induced her to walk to the woods and then shot her.

Fell Dead on the Rostrum.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—Sir Edmund A. B. Lechmere, member of the house of commons for the Evesham division of Worcestershire, died suddenly Tuesday night. He was about to address a meeting at Pershore, Worcestershire, when he fell dead.

No Substitutes

For Royal Baking Powder. The "Royal" is shown by all tests, official, scientific, and practical, stronger, purer, and better in every way than all other Baking Powders. Its superiority is privately acknowledged by other manufacturers, and well known by all dealers.

If some grocers try to sell another baking powder in place of the "Royal," it is because of the greater profit. This of itself is good evidence of the superiority of the "Royal." To give greater profit the other must be a lower cost powder, and to cost less it must be made with cheaper and inferior materials, and thus, though selling for the same, give less value to the consumer.

LOOK with suspicion upon every attempt to palm off upon you any baking powder in place of the "Royal." There is no substitute for the "Royal."

STRANGER—“Zum Donnerwetter, now you have put my chin a second time. If you can't shave better than that, you will lose all your customers pretty quick.” Barber's Apprentice.—“Not at all! I am not allowed to shave the regular customers yet; I only shave strangers!”—Fliegende Blätter.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The reader of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.
Address, F. J. CROZBY & Co, Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills, 25 cents.

“ARE you used to serving roast beef rare?” said the lady who was endeavoring to learn whether she suited the new cook. “No ma'am,” was the loftily-spoken reply. “Up to me prising employment Ol've been used to serving it frequent.”—Washington Star.

If Santa Claus

Were bilious he wouldn't be the jovial friend of little boys and girls that he is. Bilious people are cross. They ought to take Hostetter's Stomach Bitters and banish the bile from their blood and their tempers at one and the same time. The Bitters is an infallible preventive of malarial, kidney and rheumatic ailments, and triumphs over dyspepsia and nervousness. It regulates the bowels without gripping them.

SURE TO HAVE A GOOD TIME—“Have you received an invitation to the Bachelors' ball?” “Yes, indeed, I'm to be the only girl there.” “What?” “Yes, really. You know the bachelors only had an invitation apiece to send out, and I've received one from each.”—Harper's Bazar.

NOT HIS WEAK POINT—Ajax—“Wert thou not wounded in the battle-to-day, Achilles? Methought I saw thee stricken by a Trojan spear.” Achilles—“I was stricken, Ajax; but, fortunately, I got it in the neck.”—Pack.

I THOUGHT you told me that Miss Brown had spent a great deal of money on her voice! “Well, so I did.” “But she can't sing.” “Well, I didn't say that she could, did I?”—Truth.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has no equal as a Cough medicine.—F. M. ABBOTT, 383 Seneca St., Buffalo, N. Y., May 9, 1894.

Cures ST. JACOBS OIL Cures

Rheumatism,	Sprains,	Swellings,	All Aches,
Neuralgia,	Bruises,	Soreness,	Stiffness,
Scolia,	Burns,	Headache,	Cuts, Hurts,
Lumbago,	Wounds,	Backache,	Frost-bites.

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We Keep it Clean
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Santa Claus Soap.

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THE GENOA ISSUE.

PUBLISHED THURSDAYS

BY GEO. E. SISLEY & CO.

For 12 issues.....\$1.25
By mail in advance.....\$1.25

Why We Missed.

Many were the causes why we missed the publication of last week's issue. The main reason was that our quarters have not been satisfactorily arranged, placing us at a disadvantage in doing our work. This we have now overcome and we are now in proper shape to do all kinds of printing on short notice.

Another reason for our omission was that the force had to have their annual Christmas observance and as printers have but one square meal a day it is not hard to imagine the aftermath. We had a very pleasant Christmas. Thank you, and hope that our one omission did not impair your week's pleasure.

During the year 1895 it will be our one ambition to give you such a paper as will eventually banish from your mind our sin of omission.

We have a few words to say to those few who so kindly borrow their neighbor's paper. Don't do it any more. They want the paper themselves. Come in and hand us \$1.25 and get fifty-two copies of THE ISSUE. You will feel at peace with yourself and the world. If you are really too poor come in and tell us so and we will gladly send you the paper free for one year, but don't borrow your neighbor's paper.

To those who kindly extended us aid and spoke kindly of our work we extend our thanks and kindly ask them to do it some more.

Cosmetic Value of Laughter.

The therapeutic value of a hearty laugh is not half appreciated by a vast number of the weary travelers through this perplexing world. There is nothing that so penetrates the remotest fiber and hidden recess of the body as a hearty, stirring-up laugh; if it shakes the body, all the better. It stimulates the blood to move more rapidly, and gives an onward impulse to sluggish veins. If you would add years to make the home merry as well as as happy, and save up amusing stories to tell at the table. From *Kernels of Precaution and Comfort* in *Decorative Magazine* for January.

Schiller Theater.

The year at the Schiller has been marked by a very gratifying degree of general prosperity. The house has evidently grown into the favorable estimation of the very best class of Chicago's playgoers.

The fact that the theater is one of the handsomest in the country, and that an enterprising and experienced management is ever upon the alert to present its patrons and the public generally with the highest class of theatrical attractions certainly justifies the success which has attended the house thus far—a success which promises to be permanent and indeed much emphasized and increased, as the seasons succeed one another. Mr. Thomas W. Prior, who for a number of years was identified with the Chicago Opera House, as its assistant manager, assumed the management of the Schiller theater, as the active representative of the German Opera Company, owners of the theater and building, the 19th of February last.

Those distinguished actors and welcome public favorites, Frederick Ward and Louis James, supported by a splendid company of accomplished dramatic artists, are making a popular run at the Schiller theater. This handsome house, which has been the scene of a series of remarkable public successes this amusement season, is crowded nightly to witness these eminent dramatic stars, appearing for the first in Chicago as associate stars, in the great romantic play, "The Lion's Mouth," which has aroused so much public interest and attention, and in a great repertory of classic and romantic drama. The performances of "The Lion's Mouth," conclude with the present week. Next week commencing Sunday evening, January 6th, Frederick Ward and Louis James unite in producing upon a scale of scenic and spectacular beauty, comparable only to the Henry Irving revivals of Shakespearean drama, several of the great plays, commencing next Sunday evening with "Othello," a grand production of "Henry IV," is to follow, a stage presentation which has made an immense success this season, such a splendid series of stage tableaux as it

the stage of the Schiller by the Ward-James Company.

The repertory for the next week is arranged as follows: Sunday, January 6th, and Thursday and Friday evenings, "Othello"; Mr. Ward as Othello Mr. James as Iago. Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday matinee, "Henry IV" Mr. Ward as Prince Hal. Mr. James as Falstaff. Wednesday evening and Saturday matinee, the last of the engagement, only performance of Richard III, with Mr. Ward as Richard and Mr. James as Richmond.

Messrs. Ward and James bring all their scenic accessories and stage equipments. There are fully two car loads of scenery for Othello, Henry IV and Julius Caesar.

Oddfellow Dedication.

The Odd Fellows are putting forth every effort to make the dedication of their new hall an event to be remembered. It will take place on the evening of January 14th. Very handsome invitations have been issued, the work of THE ISSUE office. Past Grand Master Ellwood, of Sycamore, will conduct the ceremonies. An interesting program will be rendered and an elaborate banquet spread. Many visiting brethren are expected.

Something Very Neat.

GEO. E. SISLEY, Genoa, Ill.

Dear Editor—I send you sample of Photo-frame which may be had by writing three of your friends a letter requesting them to write three of their friends, all of whom are to send 25c to us and receive in return this beautiful photo-frame.

Very truly yours,
THE Sycamore SUPPLY Co.,
95 Lake St., Chicago.

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ONLY

\$18.00 PER TON

AT

E. B. MILLARD'S.

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Is a new, quick and direct line (effective Dec. 2) from Sioux City, Sioux Falls, Dubuque, Rockford, Chicago and intermediate station, via

HOLLY SPRINGS, BIRMINGHAM AND ATLANTA.

To Jacksonville and all Florida points, and such principle points south as Birmingham, Ala., Atlanta, Augusta, Macon, and Savannah, Ga., and Charleston, S. C. By rail one can leave Sioux City at 8:00 p. m. daily, and arrive Birmingham 7:50 p. m., Atlanta 8:20 p. m. the second day, and at Jacksonville 9:55 a. m. the third morning after leaving Sioux City, and can make the journey for the entire distance in a Pullman Car from Sioux City to Jacksonville with but one change, and that at a reasonable hour, en route from through Sioux City and New Orleans sleeper to through Jacksonville car, on which through reservations can be made from starting point. Ask for special Florida folder of I. C. R. E. issue; they as well as tickets and full information, can be obtained of your local ticket agent, or by addressing A. H. HANSON, Chicago.

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1895.

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In each issue, in addition to the usual Short Stories, Novelles, Essays, Poems, &c.

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We avoid the objection held by so many readers to a continued story.

During the coming year novels may be expected from

Capt. King, Amelie Rives, Gertrude Atherton, Mrs. Stickney, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Train

(Author of "The Autobiography of a Professional Beauty")

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HARD COAL

PRICES DELIVERED,

\$6.50 to \$7.00 per ton.

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Prices have been reduced to suit the hard times on WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY.

ALBERT HAGOPEAN

Buy now and Save Money.

IN REPAIRING

Have had 17 years' experience and guarantee all work.

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Farm sales a specialty. Satisfaction guaranteed or no charges made.

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The Merry School Bell Peals

Are Boys and Girls Properly Shod?

SCHOOL SHOES FOR SCHOOL CHILDREN

... SHOULD BE ...

Strong' Stylish Shapely Well Made Well Fitting

We Have Them at all Prices from

75c to \$1.75.

Call on me for ...

Good, Strong.

Wear-resisting Shoes

AT LOWEST PRICES.

Yours Very Respectfully,

JOHN LEMBKE.

Repairing neatly Done.

The Greatest Milling Plant in the World its Record.

Four of the Pillsbury-Washburn Flour Mills Co., Limited, made during Dec. 1st, 1894, the enormous amount of 122,400 bushels of the best flour on earth.

making a total weekly output of all

five mills of 130,000 bushels of the best flour on earth.

The necessity for ordinary output is found in the unparalleled popularity of

The Pillsbury Mill in quality but quantity of flour produced.

A. CRAWFORD &

Try our Pennsylvania Buckwheat. None Better.

P. W. WILBORN,

The New Store at Sycamore

Has The Largest Stock of

Dress Goods, Cloaks and Underwear

DeKalb County.

Our Immense Trade is Proof that our

Prices are all right.

P. W. WILBORN

SYCAMORE.

JAS. KIERNAN

WILL SELL YOU ...

PUMPS & REPAIRS

Steam and Gas Pipe Fittings.

Wagons, Farm Machinery

MACHINE OIL, HAND CARTS, &c.

PLATES \$3.

Geo. E. Smith, Dentist, will visit Genoa every Tuesday. Will come prepared to do plate work or bridge work. Office hours, 8:30 to 12 noon. Office at the City Hotel Parlor, Main Street.

PAINLESS EXTRACTION.

A. M. HILL, M. D.
Office over Lane's jewelry store. Hours, 8:30 to 8 p. m., 12:30 to 2 p. m. Residence on State st. Calls promptly attended day or night.

To Cousin Ellery.

It being so kind of my dear cousin
Who wrote me up in verses dozen,
To try and rid me of my face,
And put my whiskers in disgrace,
Receiving attention from one so fair,
In style and verses used so rare,
A youth with beard is doubly blest,
Such friends as you are to possess.
To make some answer I can't refrain
Though it my head severely strain
And in the Spring I'll send to you,
My whiskers with a bill-touche.
Though some to colors they may run,
Yet say are tinted with the Sun,
Some time I hope may furnish light,
When you've an errand after night
I would not have it noised around
Who for two people could a pound,
Of rice and how it swelled until,
A whole wash-boiler it did fill.
You say I am a fiend for beans,
I surely would not be so mean,
As tell how the cooking went to smash,
When you put syrup in the hash.
Likewise to mention the Freeport ball,
Where we went gaily round the hall,
And seated at the banquet spread,
In silent work you bent your head.
And if I were compelled to tell,
Your appetite was fairly well,
Though on my foot I sat atop,
No whiskers then your feed could stop.
I'll not mention while on the train
We were returning, did one complain,
Of aching feet though shoes not tight,
But wore my brogans home that night
With printer's ink you've filled the gun
My whiskers shot at just for fun,
And you're to blame if they are pink,
For every one has red the ink.
Haste to the banquet hall,
To answer Esther's call,
For new words I now will sing,
On whiskers on a king.
SHAKEBEARD.

Death the Reaper.

Charlie, the second son of Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Evans, passed suddenly away Wednesday noon, December 26, aged three years and seven months. He was sick only since Sunday night. The funeral took place from the house Thursday after noon. The family has the sympathy of a large circle of friends in their hour of unlooked for and severe sorrow.

The funeral of the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Emory M. Byers, was held from their home north of town, Thursday December 20th. Rev. F. F. Farmiloe and W. C. Howard had charge. They with Mrs. D. M. Gibbs and Mrs. Howard, formed a quartette which gave three beautiful selections. A large company of neighbors assembled to weep with the stricken young parents over the transfer of their only child to the life beyond, yet not for the child, but for them who are left so lonely. The interment of the little body was made in the beautiful cemetery of the grove four miles beyond where in silence it shall rest until the "mortal shall put on immortality."

M. E. Church Notes

There was a delightful program and tree at Charter Grove church Monday night. The program contained thirty numbers all of which were well given. Then Santa Claus heard the new church bell ring and came trudging in to the great delight of the children. The tree bore much fruit. The young people deserve much credit for arranging and carrying out the work. The new church bell was the gift of Moses Dean, Esq. of Sycamore. It weighs with mountings 600 pounds. It is a very acceptable Christmas present. Mr. Dean has the thanks of the community.

Rev. and Mrs. Howard received a fine rocking chair on Christmas bearing card of compliments from Dr. Hill and S. S. Slater, for which the recipients hereby return thanks and best wishes. Several other tokens of good will were likewise received at the parsonage which call forth a similar response.

Al. W. Hetrick is to begin meetings at Creston, Iowa, January 6th.

Revival services are expected to begin in the Ney church January 7th.

A. C. Church Notes.

The Northern Ill. A. C. conference will hold their annual meeting in Genoa beginning Thursday evening, January 10, and continue over Sunday. There will be preaching probably every afternoon and evening. We will be delighted to see a large attendance at all these meetings, and we hereby extend a cordial invitation to everybody. We expect to continue our meetings a few weeks after conference and ask all earnest Christians to pray for the conversion of sinners in this meeting.

While some very important repairs must be left till another summer, we now have our house quite comfortably fixed. It is now papered, new lamps have been hung, and a new baptistry completed, so that we are prepared to administer the ordinance at any time "decently and in order." We again thank all who have so kindly assisted in our improvement.

It will be an object to anyone desiring a heater for shop or office to call on us. We have two good stoves to sell cheap, also four good chandeliers containing two lamps each, with ropes and pulleys complete which we offer for a very low figure.

The writer preached to the A. C. church of Elgin, last Sunday, and Elder G. W. Turner, of Chicago, filled his pulpit at this place. We go to Elgin on Wednesday to attend the funeral of Mrs. Roe, known by many of Genoa, who died last Sunday at the age of ninety-two years, with Bright's disease. GEO. J. FRENCH.

Good Housekeeping for December is a Christmas number. Nearly all of the verse, one or two excellent short stories, and several minor papers are devoted to the holiday season; but this is not at the expense of matters of general household interest, which always receive so judicial and liberal in this model publication. Among the notable articles are "The Effort to Procure Pure Foods," by Mrs. H. M. Plunkett; "The Markets of Rotterdam and The Home," by Maria Parloa; "Cheese and Cheese Making," by J. Brewster Sedgwick, M. D., and "Warning and Lighting," by Mrs. Arthur Stanley. A very appropriate and acceptable gift to any home would be a subscription to this excellent monthly. Clar W. Bryan Company, Springfield, Mass.

CLUBBING OFFER.

The first of the year is a good time to make your selection in reading matter for the winter. We are prepared to save you from 25 to 50 cents on any newspaper or magazine published, provided you pay your subscription to the issue in advance. If what you want does not appear below, call and see us and we will make you an especially low offer. We will send THE ISSUE and any one of the below for the price set opposite the name.

PERIODICAL	CLUB	RETAIL
Prairie Farmer	\$1 75 2 25
Chicago Inter Ocean wkly.	1 90 2 25
" " " " daily	6 80 7 25
Art Amateur	4 70 5 25
Demorests	2 85 3 25
Century	4 80 5 25
Fireside Companion	3 60 4 25
Frank Leslie's Monthly	3 75 4 25
Harper's Monthly	4 35 5 25
Harper's Young People	2 85 3 25
Chicago Weekly Journal	2 05 2 25
Lippincott's	3 35 4 25
McClure's Magazine	2 45 2 75
Munsey's Magazine	2 05 2 25
North American Review	5 45 6 25
Peterson's magazine	2 05 2 25
Staats Zeitung	2 85 3 25

Eucklen's Arnica Salvo.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, better chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles or no-pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 per box. For sale by P. T. Robinson.

Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke Your Life Away.

The truthful, starting title of a book about No-to-bac, the harmless, guaranteed tobacco-habit cure. If you want to quit and can't, use "No-to-bac." Braces up the nerves, eliminates nicotine poisons, makes weak men gain strength, weight and vigor. Positive cure or money refunded.

Book at druggists, or mailed free. Address, The Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago, 45 Randolph St.; New York, 10 Spruce St.

WANTED Agents in every town. **MARK TWAIN'S** NEW BOOK "PUDD'HEAD WILSON."

Best thing for years. Sold only by agents. Now is the opportunity for ladies or gentlemen out of employment to make money. Secure territory at once. Send for descriptive Circulars and terms to agents. Mention paper. Address: NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., CHICAGO.

We can Collar and Cuff any man in America

and do it too in a way that he will like. Every man that wears collars and cuffs should know about the "CELLULOID" Interlined. A linen collar or cuff covered with waterproof "CELLULOID." They are the only Interlined Collars and Cuffs made.

They are the top notch of comfort, neatness and economy. They will go through the day with you in good shape, no matter how hot or how busy you get. You can clean one yourself in a minute, without dependence on busy wives, unskillful hired girls or uncertain and distant laundries. Simply wipe them off.

Every piece is marked as follows:



You must insist upon goods so marked and take nothing else if you expect satisfaction.

If your dealer should not have them, we will send you a sample postpaid on receipt of price. Collars 25c. each. Cuffs 50c. pair. Give size, and specify stand-up or turned-down collar as wanted.

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The thumb is an infallible index of character. The Square Type indicates a strong will, great energy and firmness. The Oval Type is the symbol of a family man, a person of advanced ideas and business ability. Both of these types belong to the boy man or woman; and Demorests' Family Magazine, prepared especially for such persons a whole volume of new ideas, condensed in a small space, so that the record of the whole world's work for a month may be read in half an hour. The Central Type indicates refinement, culture, and a love of music, poetry, and fiction. A person with this type of thumb will thoroughly enjoy the literary attractions of Demorests' Magazine. The Artistic Type indicates a love of beauty and art, which will find rare pleasure in the magnificent illustrations of fancy, and fact of the day. Demorests' is simply a perfect Family Magazine, and was long ago crowned Queen of the Monthlies. Send in your subscription; it will cost only 2.00, and you will have a dozen Magazines in one. Address: W. JENNINGS D. MOWAT, Publisher, 18 East 14th Street, New York. Though not a fashion magazine, its perfect fashion pages, and its articles on family and domestic matters, will be of superlative interest to those possessing the Feminine Type of Thumb, which indicates in its small size, shapeliness, soft nail, and smooth, rounded tip, those traits which belong essentially to the gentler sex, every one of whom should subscribe to Demorests' Magazine. If you are undecided about its merits, send for a specimen copy (free), and you will admit that seeing the THUMB has put you in the way of saving money by finding in one Magazine everything to satisfy the literary wants of the whole family.

gentler sex, every one of whom should subscribe to Demorests' Magazine. If you are undecided about its merits, send for a specimen copy (free), and you will admit that seeing the THUMB has put you in the way of saving money by finding in one Magazine everything to satisfy the literary wants of the whole family.

REID'S German COUGH AND KIDNEY CURE.
Contains no Poison.
Reid's German Pills cure Constipation and Malaria.
Sylvan Gum purifies the breath.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.
And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the Best in the World.

See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper.
Take no Substitute.
Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

A few facts THE BEST IS ALWAYS THE CHEAPEST. CERESOTA FLOUR IS ALWAYS THE BEST.

"Ceresota" Flour is made from the choicest varieties of Hard Spring Wheat, carefully selected for this special purpose; and is manufactured by original methods and processes. "Ceresota" is the highest product of modern milling science and is absolutely unequalled in all desirable bread-making qualities. One trial will convince the most skeptical of its superiority over all other flours. It is more economical for bread-making purposes than any other flour. Keep abreast of the times and

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Ceresota Flour

EVERY BARREL WARRANTED.

F. E. WELLS

Is Exclusive agent for Genoa.

WE ARE BETTER PREPARED

Than Ever Before to

Clothe - the - Male - Portion

.....Of Genoa and Vicinity.....

A Fine Line of.....

Men's, Boys and Youth's

Ready - Made Clothing

and FURNISHING GOODS.

F. O. HOLTGREN

MERCHANT TAILOR & GENT'S FURNISHER.

Come and See my New Store.

We Are Selling

.....An Extra Fancy Line of.....

Desirable - UNDERWEAR

At Prices that defy competition. Sizes for old and young and middle age.

DRESS GOODS

A Splendid Stock to Select from

AND AT NEW TARIFF PRICES.

GROCERIES:

I have been established in business here over a quarter of century. I have always sold goods at the lowest possible price. I can sell you groceries as cheap as anyone. Your dollar will buy as many pounds of sugar or crackers or prunes here as any place in town. Remember just this I will not be undersold,

Respectfully, H. H. SLATER.

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Proceedings of the Second Session. The senate was addressed by Messrs. Hill and Turpin...

In the senate on the 20th bills were reported to revise the grade of lieutenant general in the army...

DOMESTIC.

JOHN E. BIELBY, cashier of the Central national bank of Rome, N. Y., confessed to being a defaulter...

A FIRE at Huron, O., destroyed the Reporter printing establishment. LUCY M. GRUBER sues Roswell E. Messinger...

WILLIAM MEYERS and Alexander Carr, murderers, were sentenced to be hanged at Atlanta, Ga., on February 8. In a fit of despondency Mrs. William Jones...

A MURPHY temperance movement has been inaugurated in Salem, O., over 1,000 having already signed the pledge. UTICA, N. Y., road supervisors decided to tax wheelmen three dollars a year...

The grand jury voted to indict twenty-six of the men charged with lawlessness at the polls on election day in Chicago. Three of the number are policemen.

FIRE at Napoleonville, La., destroyed seven blocks, including most of the business portion of the town. Loss, \$125,000. STATUTES of Daniel Webster and Gen. John Stark were unveiled at the national capital with appropriate ceremonies.

THE steamer Campania lowered her east-bound Atlantic record to five days nine hours and eighteen minutes. ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY hunters from various Colorado points killed 1,000 jack rabbits in a day's hunting at Lamar.

STATE department officials discredit the report that Great Britain is planning to secure possession of Hawaii. A SHORTAGE of \$9,000 was discovered in the accounts of J. H. Henderson, late treasurer of Bureau county, Ill. WISCONSIN courts have decided that the Illinois Order of Foresters is without legal right to do business in that state.

THE president has respite for the fourth time Thomas St. Clair, sentenced to be hanged in California for murder committed on the high seas. The Babbitt block, a four-story structure at Morristown, N. J., in which were the First national bank and Kelse's clothing store, was burned, the loss being \$100,000.

CHARLES PETERSON shot his wife in New York, killing her, and then killed himself. Five young children were left orphans by the tragedy. WHILE fooling with a gun Simeon Bowen shot and killed the two little daughters of Zeke Bryant near Troy, Ala.

THERE were 349 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 21st, against 349 the week previous and 334 in the corresponding time in 1893. The National Educational association, department of superintendence, is to hold its annual meeting February 13, 20 and 21 in association hall at Cleveland, O. EN ROUTE from Celina to Versailles, O., Andrew Baumgartner met a stranger who proved to be his brother, who left home twenty years ago and was believed to be dead.

THE wife and 6-year-old son of Yellow Bull, of the Rosebud Agency, S. D., a subchief of the Sioux, were found murdered in an isolated spot. A STATEMENT prepared at the internal revenue bureau in Washington shows that the net decrease in the receipts during November, 1894, from those of November, 1893, was \$4,111,314.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

THEODORE HUSTON, of Macomb, Ill., United States consul at Paso del Norte, Mexico, died from consumption, aged 42 years. SAMUEL M. BRIDGEMAN, a veteran of two wars and the oldest employe of Pinkerton's detective agency, died at Evanston, Ill., aged 76 years.

JAMES L. ALBORN, ex-United States senator and former governor of Mississippi, died at his home at Eagle Nest, Miss., aged 78 years. DOUGLAS PUTNAM, a great grandson of Gen. Israel Putnam, of revolutionary fame, died at Marietta, O., aged 88 years.

FOREIGN.

THE number of persons killed in the recent earthquake in southern Italy is officially stated to be eighty-six. In addition 600 were injured. THE expulsion of Jews from territory nearer the frontier than fifty versts has been stopped by order of the Russian minister of the interior. THE Korean government announced that Chinese would be allowed to reside in the treaty ports of Corea.

DISPATCHES say that twenty-three Armenian villages were laid in ashes, eleven others pillaged and forty priests massacred by Turkish soldiers. VIOLENT earthquake shocks in south Hungary threw down houses and drove the residents to the streets. In an engagement at Ialaj, Abyssinia, six companies of Italian troops defeated the Arabs, killing a great number of them.

FOUR THOUSAND hungry women and children called on President Caeceras, of Peru, and asked for bread. A riot ensued and many persons were killed and wounded. DURING a riot among government troops at Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil, many soldiers were killed. A number of the men deserted. THE Chinese government appointed two peace commissioners, who will open negotiations with the Japanese.

EMPEROR WILLIAM, in answer to an appeal, announced that he would protect the Jews in Germany. LATER. SENATOR MORGAN addressed the United States senate on the 22d in favor of the Nicaragua canal bill. A resolution was introduced for information as to why all United States ships of war had been withdrawn from the Hawaiian islands. Adjourned to January 8, 1895. In the house a bill was introduced to exclude political influence in the appointment of postmasters. Mr. Bryan (Neb.) spoke against the Carlisle currency bill. Adjourned to January 3, 1895.

CALENDAR FOR 1895.

Calendar for 1895 showing days of the week and dates for January through December.

\$6.00 to California. Is price of double berth in Tourist Sleeping Car from Chicago on the famous "Phillips-Rock Island Tourist Excursions." Through cars on fast trains leave Chicago Tuesdays via Ft. Worth and El Paso...

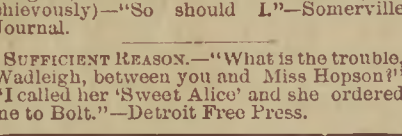
MOTHERS, When Your Children Take cold and are sick with a Cough or Croup, give them Allen's Lung Balm; you will be pleased with the result.

STOCKLY—"I hear that your son went into the office to work this morning." Jobly—"He went into the office to work me. I was out, but I guess I'd have been out more if I'd been in."

OVERHEARD IN SOCIETY—"I hear De Graff is making a great success as a musician." "But he doesn't know anything about music." "No; that is why he succeeds."

SUFFICIENT REASON—"What is the trouble, Wadleigh, between you and Miss Hopson?" "I called her 'Sweet Alice' and she ordered me to Bolt."

In Our Great Grandfather's Time, big bulky pills were in general use. Like the "blunderbuss" of that decade they were big and clumsy...



Assist Nature a little now and then, with a gentle, cleansing laxative, thereby removing offending matter from the stomach and bowels, toning up and invigorating the liver and quickening its tardy action...

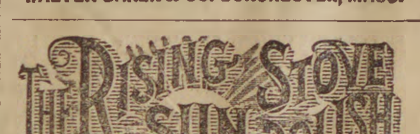
That, of all known agents to accomplish this purpose, Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are unequalled, is proven by the fact that once used, they are always in favor. Their secondary effect is to keep the bowels open and regular...

Grip-Rheumatism

William Munson, a member of the firm of Munson Bros., the well-known leaders at Clinton, Mo., makes this statement: "In 1891 I had the grip, which settled in my limbs. My right side was paralyzed. I was obliged to walk with a cane..."

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner Pills, assist digestion, cure headache. 25c. WALTER BAKER & CO. The Largest Manufacturers of PURE, HIGH GRADE COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES.



FOR DURABILITY, ECONOMY AND FOR GENERAL BLACKING IS UNEQUALLED. HAS AN ANNUAL SALE OF 3,000 TONS. WE ALSO MANUFACTURE THE SUN PASTE STOVE POLISH.



CHICAGO TO ST. LOUIS TO ST. LOUIS SPECIAL. SOLID VESTIBULE TRAIN. Daily at 9:00 p. m. from Chicago. New and elegant equipment, built expressly for this service.

Ely's Cream Balm WILL CURE CATARRH. Price 50 Cents. Apple Balm into each nostril!

500 SALEMEN WANTED. THE JEWELL NURSERY COMPANY LAKE CITY, MINN. Largest Nursery in the Northwest.

CHICAGO & ALTON RAILROAD NOW THE BEST LINE TO CALIFORNIA, ARKANSAS AND TEXAS.

FREE TO AGENTS. Gold and Silver Watches, Silver Tea Sets, Mantel Clocks, Umbrellas, etc., given in exchange for Coupon Certificates...

ESTEY PIANOS. 300,000 OF THESE ILLUSTRIOUS INSTRUMENTS. Proclaim their Superiority! They Always Please!

\$100 A MONTH. SELL YOUR GOODS. Mail samples 50c. FIVE ALASKA CO., Iowa City, Ia. NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

DR. PIERCE'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION. CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y. Address, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

The Genoa Issue.

G. E. SISLEY & CO., Publishers.

GENOA, : : : ILLINOIS.

THE LAND OF DREAMS.

I had a wonderful dream last night,
For I dreamed that I had strayed,
Through a shadowy valley, far away,
To the land where dreams are made.

And there on the left I saw a house,
Gloomy and dark and tall,
And a black nightmare, with fiery eyes,
Was tied beside the wall.

Forth from the door a figure came,
Wrapped in a mantle gray;
Onto the black nightmare he leaped,
And galloped and galloped away.

And above the door were letters carved
In a grinning gargoyle's shade,
And I read the words: "In here are dreams
For naughty children made."

And I also saw where a castle stood,
With domes and turrets too;
The walls with varying colors shone
As the glistening bubbles do.

A sound of music breathed within,
And the door was opened wide;
There an angel stood, and up and down
He looked on every side.

And a troop of little children came
In white, with naked feet;
They entered in—he closed the door,
And left me in the street.

Then I looked and saw above the door,
In letters large and clear,
That shone like gold: "Good children's dreams
Are made for them in here."

But no more I saw, for then I was drawn
Into a dream-deep,
Silent and dark, and the name of it
Was "The Cave of Dreamless Sleep."
—Katherine Fyie, in Harper's Young People.



[COPYRIGHT, 1894.]

CHAPTER XI.—CONTINUED.

No one followed the slow development of public suspicion so carefully as Hendricks. He had the papers forwarded to him under various addresses by Fenning, but it was not till the expiration of the year and a half that he closed the Memphis office and called in Fenning and Miss Laport, between whom appears to have grown up a very strong attachment. Hendricks was too shrewd not to know that the Memphis branch was now the most dangerous outpost. Indeed Fenning had warned him for some time that his position there was growing untenable, and that he expected every day that their wire would be quietly tapped.

This was the growing crisis of affairs when, one morning in June, there was a consultation in what Hendricks called his sub-library. It was a handsomely fitted up room on one side of the rotunda. It was furnished in elaborate style, and four men were sitting at a large center table which was heaped with maps and papers. One of the men was Hendricks himself; his eager face was more serious than usual, but he was self-assured and calm. One of the others was Dr. Pellissier. On one side of him sat Fenning, who was studying a railroad map. On the other sat Gen. Waterson, a young and fiery southerner whom we have seen drilling the regiment. Pellissier was smoking a cigarette. Hendricks picked up a letter and read it:

"There will positively be a strike all along the line. It is only the preliminary movement of a socialistic revolution. The whole country is honey-combed with discontent. All that the

gating people need is a leader; somebody with the brains, the courage and the character to marshal all the elements into a popular movement." Hendricks laid the letter down. "Gentlemen," he said, "by next winter I shall be master of the states or their victim. There is just two hundred thousand dollars in the treasury. I must have a million before next month."

"Can you get it?" asked Fenning. "Yes, if you carry out my plan. We shall have to spend one hundred thousand to accomplish our purpose and in six weeks from that time we shall be shut up here by a siege. It is not till then that we can thoroughly test our strength and secure all the money that we need. Are you prepared for war?" "It is rather late to ask that question," said Pellissier. "We are in for conquest—equalization of wealth and social justice."

"On the 23d there will be two millions paid over to the First national bank of St. Mary's, it being the purchase of

the St. Mary's plant of iron works by an English syndicate. We must have that money. Will your men be ready, general?"

"They are ready now," said the general. "We could carry out the programme to-morrow. I believe every man is anxious to try the novel experiment and win his thousand dollars."

"The moment the feat is accomplished I will acknowledge that I took the money from the monopolists and gave it to the people. Then we are into the fight, but we will have a sufficiently large proportion of the populace with us. Everything depends on the reliability and celerity of your men."

"As to reliability and celerity," said the general, "I'll tell you what I can do. I can take my regiment to New York, march it down Broadway, take the money out of the Park bank and get away before the local forces can stop me. A regiment that vanishes into thin air is a novelty."

"Unquestionably. But what are we to think of an eighty-pound gun that vanishes when it has done its work?" "That will be a miracle, indeed," said the general. "In the first place, it is incomprehensible."

"Not at all. Our friend Laport has been explaining to me a gun of his invention which will do it, and he says he has tested the principle."

"Is that what those nickel steel plates were for?" asked Fenning.

"Yes, Laport is at work on a six-inch gun now."

All three of Hendricks' companions expressed a strong curiosity to hear what the principle of the gun was.

"Its simplicity will astonish you," said Hendricks. "It gives you a gun of any conceivable caliber and two men can transport it anywhere. It is constructed on this principle—"

At that moment a little bell tinkled on the index board on the side of the room and the men all looked up at it. It was an electrical warning from above. Hendricks got up and went to the telephone close at hand and listened. Presently he began to repeat a communication:

"Four deputy sheriffs and a United States marshal in possession of the house; forced an entrance through the

feeling pretty sure that the officers would in time grow tired of waiting aimlessly in the vicinity.

And matters below were indeed of vital importance to the success of Hendricks' schemes. Six hundred men had left the place through the Bayou house during the week and four hundred more were to be sent out. This distribution was comparatively easy so long as he had the use of a boat at the bayou and could distribute the men along the Mississippi. But even with this advantage, there was a great deal of detail work. It was resolved to keep a nucleus of a hundred men in the place—the rest were repeatedly instructed as to their future duties, as they left and scattered over the country. They took nothing away but the clothes they brought with them. The greatest care was exercised in distributing them. Over a hundred and fifty went separately afoot to Memphis and gave out that they had been working on the levee at the bayou. Nearly a hundred went across country eastward into the mountains. It was urgently necessary to get the remaining men out before the officers discovered the southwestern exit.

It took three days to accomplish this and it soon became apparent that Fenning was more restive than Hendricks.

The communications were kept up with the sanitarium mainly at night. On the second night, Hendricks asked what the situation was and the doctor replied:

"Calico is a guest. He has taken rooms in the north end for himself and the young man whose name is Stocking. He has seen the mails delivered, but they were fortunately in the regular bag. He is walking now on the lawn with Mrs. Hendricks and I take the opportunity to send down the letters and the most important papers. It is well to keep some of them here to make a show."

"Ask him where Miss Laport is," said Fenning.

"She's on the balcony."

"Is she alone?"

"No. Stocking is there."

"What is she doing?"

"She is in a rocker. Stocking is reading something to her."

"Try and get her to the signal-room."



"ARE YOU PREPARED FOR WAR?"

gate armed with a warrant for the arrest of Hendricks and Fenning."

Pellissier lit a fresh cigarette.

"Where is Miss Laport?" Hendricks asked in the phone.

"Somewhere on the grounds."

"Where is Miss Endicott?"

"In her room."

"Keep your eye on her and let me know if they attempt to take you. Wait a moment."

Hendricks turned to the men at the table. "I wish Miss Endicott were below," he said.

Pellissier got up and stretched himself, saying: "You are right."

It was an hour later when fresh word came from the doctor, who had gone above.

"These fellows are going to be troublesome," he said; "for they have come to stay. The chief is Marshal Calico, and I believe he knows more than he will betray."

"Is he impertinent?" asked Hendricks.

"No," was the answer. "He's as smooth and specious as a diplomat. Two of the others are coarse deputies, but the third I can't make out. He is a good-looking young fellow with a military air and he and Calico evidently understand each other."

Hendricks' instructions were to this effect: "They will tire themselves out in time. Be cautious, and get Miss Endicott down here at the first opportunity."

Fenning was piqued. "I suppose we shall have to be deprived of the lady's society till these interlopers go away."

"It looks like it," replied Hendricks, "but we've got a good deal to do."

The situation was now a very peculiar one. Four officers of the law were quietly waiting within fifty feet of the conspirators, but in entire ignorance of their whereabouts. It was Hendricks' policy not to precipitate matters. He wished above all else to bring on a conflict with the authorities until his plans were all matured. He felt perfectly safe from force in his retreat, and he felt reasonably certain that, if the doctor and Mrs. Hendricks were discreet, the means of communication would not be discovered. He therefore decided to let things take their course above ground and look after the important matters below,

Fenning is very anxious to speak to her. Where is Miss Endicott?"

"She is in her room. I can't get her out."

"Has the marshal seen her?"

"Yes. He has been curious about her. I can't get her down without making a scene."

"Can't you get the men away so that Mrs. Hendricks can communicate with me?"

"I thought she did last night. I suggested it to her."

"She did not. Tell her I want to hear from her."

"Are your men all off?"

"Yes."

Late that night Mrs. Hendricks came to the signal-room and the following conversation took place.

"What are you doing with the officers?"

"Keeping them in good humor."

"What have you learned?"

"Not much. The principal is a very adroit man. By some of his attempts to draw me out unawares I fancy he has some evidence about the Corinthian affair."

"Ask her," said Fenning, "if Miss Laport is trying to find out how much the other one knows."

Hendricks did not ask that question. What he said was:

"Does Miss Laport understand her father's danger?"

"Calico asked me yesterday," was the answer, "when she was going away. She had told Stocking she was going away in a week or two."

"Send her down here to-night. Her father wishes to see her. Do these officers suspect the Bayou house?"

"I don't think they know of it. Their impression appears to be that you are away and will come back unsuspectingly and fall into their arms on the front lawn."

Another day passed. Miss Laport had not been heard from and it was not till late the next night that the doctor called up Hendricks.

"I don't like the situation here," he said. "The ladies, if you will permit me to say it, do not appear to be in a hurry to get rid of our guests. I feel as if I were in the way. Calico is communicating in some way with the authorities, I am sure."

Hendricks stopped him. "Come

down," he said, "immediately. I can't talk to you through this thing."

"It is not safe to leave this part of the establishment to the women. You want a man here. I heard Calico walking through the upper hall last night when everybody was asleep but myself. I don't know what he was doing. I asked him this morning what disturbed him, and he said the room was so close-it was like sleeping in a cave. This may have been an accidental speech, but I thought he said it with a peculiar significance."

"Have you ever slept in a cave?" I asked.

"No," he replied, looking me in the eye. "Have you?"

"Do you know I begin to suspect that this man is not an officer. Wait, I hear footsteps overhead."

Hendricks waited some time and no fresh signal coming, he went to bed. It was half-past twelve. He slept soundly until four o'clock, when he



"FENNING, YOU ARE THE COOLEST MAN I'VE GOT."

got up, washed himself and went into Fenning's apartment to wake him and was surprised to see him sitting up in a rocker smoking a pipe, in his shirt-sleeves.

"Hallo," he said, "couldn't you sleep?"

"No," replied Fenning. "If I don't get some sunshine, I shall have permanent insomnia."

"Give me one of your cigars. I have ordered Sam to have breakfast at five. We'll get some coffee and go down to the Bayou house and take a dash out doors. It will do you good and I want to talk to you."

When he had lit his cigar he sat down and said:

"Fenning, you're the coolest man I've got. Let me have your bottom thought."

"I'm afraid of Mrs. Hendricks," said Fenning, "and the idea of being sealed up here makes me restive."

"Thanks for your frankness," replied Hendricks. "Dismiss the idea of treachery. As to the sealing up, it is impossible. Come and get some strong coffee into you and then we'll try to get some sunshine. I don't intend you shall be sealed up."

Half an hour later a car was ready and they got aboard to go to the western entrance. The ride was a peculiarly ghostly one at this hour. Here and there an incandescent burner lit up the immediate spaces and left great gulfs black and foreboding. No one was astray and it was a half hour's ride through gigantic shadows and successive strata of odors that betokened the stores and the stables. When they arrived at the bayou shaft, the sleepy sentinel was just being relieved. They went to the signal room and Hendricks inquired if his telegram had been received.

"Aye, aye, sir," came a cheery voice, as if from another world.

"Are the horses ready?"

"Aye, aye, sir."

The moment they stepped from the lift, they smelt the oxygen and saw the sunlight, and Fenning, with sudden effusiveness, cried out: "Thank God."

He then noticed that Hendricks had his powerful field glass over his shoulder.

"A dash of action with danger in it will revive your spirits," Hendricks said. "We'll make a reconnaissance. I'm going to take the captain with us. He's been here over night."

A few minutes later they found four horses, the best the establishment furnished, waiting, and the captain turned up, blinking and growling, but sober. The fourth man of the party was a Tennessean, whom Hendricks called Ben—a long, lank, determined mountaineer, with a hatched face and tangled sand-colored hair. He had a carbine slung across his shoulder, and he was holding an extra horse with a side-saddle and a basket strapped upon it.

Hendricks looked at Fenning, and seeing his surprise, said: "I don't explain because I don't know myself. We'll be governed by circumstances. I'll tell you more as we go along. Come."

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

DILLON.

Some years ago the authorities of a certain town in Iowa took praiseworthy steps to bring about the destruction of the gophers that infested that part of the country. It was publicly announced that the munificent sum of twelve and a half cents would be paid for each one "kilt," provided that "the tails of the same were decapitated and presented for reclamation."—Youth's Companion.

Heading Him Off.

Fweddy—Aw—Miss Ginevra, could you—aw—live in a flat?

Miss Ginevra—Yes, but not with one.

—Chicago Tribune.

STORMS ABROAD.

Havoc in England, France, Germany, Belgium and Holland.

More Than Fifty Persons Are Said to Have Lost Their Lives—Many Vessels Wrecked—Great Losses on Land.

LONDON, Dec. 24.—Reports of the storm received from all parts of England show that immense damage has been everywhere caused by the recent gales. The loss will reach tens of thousands of pounds. Many buildings have been blown down and telegraph wires have suffered greatly. Traffic has been completely suspended in many places on account of the floods. Many ships have been driven ashore by the winds.

Over fifty persons have been reported dead in different places as a result of the storm, while hundreds have been injured. Eight persons, while attempting to escape from a bark driven ashore at Holy Head, were drowned. A chimney at Sheffield was blown down and it is reported that five persons were killed and many injured. It is impossible to estimate the damages, as reports from different sections of the United Kingdom swell the list of accidents and wrecks hourly. The gale is said to be the worst that has occurred in thirty years.

Three fishing smacks went down Saturday night off Stornaway, on the Scotch coast, and all three crews, numbering twenty-two men, were drowned. At Teelin a house collapsed and the three occupants were killed. In Stanolar two persons were killed by a falling chimney.

Several vessels went adrift in Aberdeen harbor and grounded. The roof of the MacDonald art gallery was ripped open and many valuable pictures were injured. The brig Loven was wrecked in the Firth of Clyde near Androssan and her crew of five were drowned. At Lochwinnoch, near Paisley, part of a three-story cabinet factory was wrecked. Forty persons were buried in the ruins. Four were killed outright and twenty were injured seriously. The proprietor was struck in the back by a falling timber and is dying. Only five persons escaped without injury. The coast steamship Brook was stranded near Berwick, Scotland, and her crew was brought ashore with the breeches buoy.

The gables were blown off a dozen houses in Yarmouth, Wofkshire, and the tide in the river Yare rose several feet above the normal high water mark. Hundreds of houses have been flooded. At Lancaster the wind blew the roof off a house, and the whole structure collapsed, burying three persons in the cellar. All were seriously injured. Several other houses in course of building were demolished. At Morecambe several smacks were sunk. At Grimsby a workshop collapsed, burying thirty persons. One was killed and three were seriously injured. Telegraph wires, timber, stacks, etc., were blown down in all directions.

Dispatches from the continent say that northern France and Germany suffered severely from the storm, although the loss of life and property cannot be estimated. At Hamburg many vessels went adrift and collided or grounded. The tide was the highest seen since 1882. The lower parts of Wilhelmshaven on the North sea were flooded and the dykes would have gone if the garrison had not worked energetically for hours to strengthen them. Luebeck and Colberg also suffered much damage.

At least thirteen persons were killed and sixty injured, many of them fatally, by the wreck of the Manchester express on the London & Northwestern railway, at Chelford, Saturday. The accident in reality was caused by the recent storm, which has wrought so much damage throughout England. A luggage train was first derailed about 5 o'clock in the afternoon by the force of the gale. Before notices of the danger could be sent to Crewe and neighboring stations the express struck the baggage cars, causing a great deal of damage to both trains. The express train was running full speed at the time the accident occurred. The carriages were badly smashed and thrown in all directions by the force of the concussion. It was hours before the debris was removed and traffic resumed. The wounded are being cared for by physicians of Manchester and Crewe. There were many heartrending scenes as the dead and wounded were extracted from the ruins.

Paris, Dec. 24.—The storm which has swept northwestern Europe has done great damage in Belgium. The Dendre overflowed its banks at Termonde, and the inhabitants were aroused at midnight by ringing bells to flee for their lives. In Rotterdam the water rose 12 feet above the usual high water mark. The streets were under 2 or 3 feet of water, and the inhabitants paddled about on rafts and in boats. The dykes of the Meuse and Yssel were strained severely along their lower courses. At one place a large break let out a flood which covered a wide area and did enormous damage. Throughout the Netherlands and Belgium many persons were injured and a few were killed by falling chimneys and timbers. The pilot cutter Limaneur capsized off Dunkirk and three of the crew were drowned.

KINGSTON.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Landis took the 2:30 train for Adelina, Ogle, Co. last Monday, remaining all the week. His brother Alonzo took charge of the livery barn in his absence.

Mrs. Fellows, of Belvidere, spent Christmas at R. K. Quigley's. They also entertained a number of other relatives and that day.

The Misses Eula and Ruby Taplin came from Belvidere last week to spend Christmas at Chas. Arbuckle's. J. D. Taplin, who has been working for E. W. Case, at Belvidere during the holiday vacation, goes back to school as soon as an inventory is taken. By a large amount of studious work, he expect soon to develop into a specialist.

Any farmer who has anything to sell, or wishes to buy something, will please letve them at the News office, for in our People's Column. Lost and Found article will also be inserted in that space.

At the pleasant farm house of Mrs. and Mrs. H. N. Parker, on Christmas Day, the venerable couple were surrounded by all their children, and all their grandchildren living, except two, the company numbering twenty-five in all. It had been twenty-five years previous to the occasion when all had been gathered under the parental roof.—City Weekly.

Mary and Walter Harvey came up from Clare, on Monday evening and witnessed the cantata at the Baptist church. Water returned home on the home on the next day, being employed in his father's creamery, while Mary remained all the week, going from home to Belvidere where she visited friends.

Mrs. F. H. Palmer were Prof. and Mrs. F. H. Palmer were released from a pecunia here Monday. Mrs. Palmer re-ports things as moving smoothly. Mrs. Palmer teaches an inter-mediate room.

Mr. and Mrs. Wallace McDonald of this village. Mr. McDonald, in this village. Mr. McDonald, in this village. Mr. McDonald, in this village.

J. W. Randall, proprietor of the Lynn Shoe Co., has moved all his goods from Geneva to the Fellows building. The village board were rather hasty in stopping his auction Saturday afternoon but he thinks he has satisfactorily adjusted matters.

Ed Stuart left on last Sunday for New York, where he will enjoy himself for about a month. The presumption is that he will not return alone. Charles Whitney is in charge of the farm during his absence.

Calvin Krissinger, of Fairmont, Minn., stopped off here Christmas day, and resumed his trip to Pennsylvania on a visit to relatives.

Marvellous Results.

From a letter written by Rev. Gunterman, of Dimondale, Mich., we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvellous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the church at Rives Junction she was brought down with pneumonia succeeding la grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours without any interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at F. T. Robinson's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.

Dr. Parkhurst has entered into a contract with The Ladies' Home Journal by which he will practically become a regular editorial contributor to that magazine for some time. The great New York preacher says that he has for a long time past been desirous of saying some very necessary things to women, and he now announces that he will say them through these articles. He will take up all that is social, moral and equality questions which are so uppermost in the minds of women today. Dr. Parkhurst will begin this work at once, his first article appearing in the next issue of the Journal.

Chicago Excursion.

The National Cycle Exhibition will be held in Chicago, January 7-12 1895. The armories of Battery D and Second Regiment I. N. G. will be used for this occasion. The C. M. & St. P. Ry. will make an excursion rate of one and one third fare on the certificate plan for this occasion, you can take advantage of the cheap rate whether you are a cyclist or not.

J. M. HARVEY, Agt.

Four Big Successes. Having the needed merit to more than make good all the advertising claimed for them, the following four remedies have reached a phenomenal sale. Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, each bottle guaranteed—Electric Bitters, the great remedy for liver stomach and kidneys. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, and Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are a perfect pill. All these remedies are guaranteed to do just what is claimed for them and the dealer whose name is attached herewith will be glad to tell you more. Sold by F. T. Robinson.

Mr. Ira. P. Wetmore, a prominent real estate agent of San Angelo, Texas has used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in his family for several years as occasion required, and always with perfect success. He says: "I find it a perfect cure for our baby when troubled with colic or dysentery. I now feel that my outfit is not complete without a bottle of this Remedy at home or on a trip abroad For sale by F. T. Robinson, Druggist.

Any one who has children will rejoice with L. B. Mulford, of Plainfield, N.J. His little boy, five years old was sick with croup. For two days and nights he tried various remedies recommended by friends and neighbors. He says: "I thought sure I would lose him. I had seen Chamberlain's Cough Remedy advertised and I thought I would try it as a last hope and am happy to say that after two doses he slept until morning. I gave it to him next day and a cure was effected. I keep this remedy in the house now and as soon as any of my children show signs of croup I give it to them and that is the last of it." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by F. T. Robinson, Druggist.

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ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILWAY TIME CARD. PASSENGERS EAST GENOA CHICAGO. No. 2, Vestibule, 11:30 A.M., 1:30 P.M. No. 3, Express, 4:15 A.M., 7:00 A.M. No. 24, Express, 8:15 P.M., 1:15 P.M. No. 24, Express, 8:41 A.M., 10:30 A.M. No. 26, Milk Train, 7:35 A.M., 10:25 A.M. No. 22, Way Freight, 12:15 P.M., 7:05 P.M. PASSENGERS WEST. No. 1, Vestibule, 4:02 P.M., 2:20 P.M. No. 3, Express, 3:02 A.M., 1:35 P.M. No. 31, Express, 10:57 A.M., 8:30 A.M. No. 33, Express, 7:32 P.M., 4:45 P.M. No. 35, Milk Train, 1:54 P.M., 3:00 P.M. No. 37, Way Freight, 4:05 P.M., 9:30 A.M. No. 2 stops for Chicago passengers and leaves passengers getting on at or west of Rockford. No. 32 stops only to take passengers for Chicago, and to leave passengers from Rockford and beyond. Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 daily through trains from Chicago to Sioux City. No. 33, Chicago and Freeport. No. 32, Waterloo to Chicago, and Nos. 33 and 34 between Chicago and Freeport and are daily except Sunday. Nos. 35 and 36 daily milk Chicago and Rockford. No. 1 stops only to leave passengers from Chicago and take on those for Rockford, Freeport and beyond. Nos. 31 and 32, way freights, carry passengers daily except Sunday. For all information about connections and through tickets apply to E. Sisson.

C. M. & ST. PAUL TIME CARD. TRAINS GOING EAST. LVE GENOA ARR CHICAGO. No. 2, 5:08 A.M., 7:35 A.M. No. 4, 7:11 A.M., 9:00 A.M. No. 24, 8:04 A.M., 10:35 A.M. No. 26, 12:04 P.M., 3:00 P.M. No. 22, 3:26 P.M., 5:50 P.M. No. 24, 7:10 P.M., 1:00 P.M. TRAINS GOING WEST. LVE CHICAGO LVE GENOA. No. 3, 10:35 P.M., 12:54 A.M. No. 21, 1:30 A.M., 10:44 A.M. No. 25, 1:30 P.M., 3:25 P.M. No. 27, 3:00 P.M., 6:12 P.M. No. 1, 3:20 P.M., 5:07 P.M. No. 14, 7:20 P.M., 1:00 P.M. No. 2, 2, 22, 23, 26 and 34, except Sunday. No. 3 and 4 stop on along for Chicago passengers. No. 1 and 3 stop to help Chicago passengers and pick up through passengers west, all other trains stop. No. 1 and 3 Omaha limited trains. Close connections made for important points north and south through cars for St. Paul, Minneapolis, Sioux City, No. 2 and 3, Omaha, Cedar Rapids, Dubuque Express, No. 21 and 23, Rockford, Freeport, and local points. Through tickets to all important points in U. S. and Canada. J. M. HARVEY Agent.

C. & N. W. R. R. TIME AT HENRIETTA. TRAINS GOING NORTH. Passenger, 8:54 A.M. Passenger, 5:49 P.M. Stock Freight, 5:58 A.M. TRAINS GOING SOUTH. Freight, 8:54 A.M. Passenger, 3:06 P.M. Passenger, 5:11 P.M. W. H. HUGHES, Agent

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