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## AGED COUPLE DEAD

### KENDALL JACKMAN AND WIFE PASS AWAY

### FUNERAL HELD ON MONDAY

Masonic Fraternity Will Conduct Services at Mr. Jackman's Funeral this Friday Afternoon

Mrs. Kendall Jackman died at her home in this city last Saturday evening after a short illness.

The funeral services were held at the home on Tuesday afternoon at 1:30, burial taking place in Sycamore. Miss Alice Davis sang two appropriate selections, Rev. T. E. Ream, pastor of the M. E. church, of which the deceased was a member, officiated at the service, reading the following obituary:

Our deceased sister, Mrs. Mary Rice Jackman, maiden name Holcomb, was born in Western New York State, September 11, 1827, and passed away at her own home in Genoa, Ill., August 3, 1907, being 79 years, 10 months and 22 days of age at the time of her decease.

Her parents came to Illinois in the year 1839 when she was but eleven years old. They secured a government claim just east of the village of Sycamore, Ill., Mrs. Jackman grew up to young womanhood, and like all others of that early day when the country was new the family passed through many of the varied and thrilling experiences incident to that time, and consequently Mrs. Jackman has been truly counted among the early settlers of DeKalb county.

As a young lady she taught country schools and took part in church work, and was active in the social life of her day.

When she was twenty-four years of age, October 22, 1851, she was united in marriage to Oliver P. White of Sycamore, Ill., and into their home were born four children, all of whom are now living:

Miss Ella White of Genoa, Mrs. Blagden of Sycamore, Frank White of Sherburn, Minn., and Fred White of Chicago.

Her husband, Oliver White, died June 30, 1866, while the family were living in Michigan. Mrs. White and her children then returned to Sycamore, Ill., where her children were educated in the public schools.

On October 30, 1869, she was again united in marriage to Kendall Jackman, their marriage covering a period of 38 years. As a business called Mr. Jackman to Genoa, the family moved there in the summer of 1876 where Mr. and Mrs. Jackman have made their home for more than thirty years and where they have many dear friends and neighbors who sorrow with the loved ones whom Mrs. Jackman in her death has left behind.

But besides her own children she leaves in her departure her step-son, Frank K. Jackman, well known in this community, and also other more distant relatives and a large circle of friends both here and at Sycamore, Ill.

Mrs. Jackman was an exemplary christian woman, conscientious and sincere in her faith in God and the Gospel of Christ. She was baptized in the christian faith and united with the M. E. church at Sycamore, Ill., in her young womanhood and has been a member of the Genoa M. E. church for about thirty years.

When health permitted she was active in christian work. She was the first president of the Ladies' Aid Society and for many years a member of the W. C. T. U., being a member of both societies at the time of her death.

She will be greatly missed in this community especially by the older settlers, but her memory will be precious as they now think of her in her Heavenly Father's house of many mansions.

Mr. Kendall Jackman died at his home in Genoa on Wednesday morning of this week. The funeral will be in charge of the Masonic fraternity at the home at 2:00 o'clock today.

## REVISED ORDINANCES OF THE VILLAGE OF GENOA

### CHAPTER I

### Amusements

#### AN ORDINANCE

TO LICENSE, TAX, REGULATE, SUPPRESS, AND PROHIBIT THEATRICALS AND OTHER EXHIBITIONS, SHOWS AND AMUSEMENTS, AND TO REVOKE SUCH LICENSE AT PLEASURE.

Passed July 30, 1907. Approved July 30, 1907. Published August 9, 1907.

Be it Ordained by the President and Board of Trustees of the Village of Genoa:

Section 1. Amusements—license required—when prohibited. It shall be unlawful to hold, conduct, give exhibit or perform, or to suffer or permit to be held, conducted, given, exhibited or performed any public theatrical or other exhibition, show or amusement in the Village of Genoa unless first licensed so to do as herein provided, and then only upon complying with all the terms and conditions of this ordinance, and the holding, conducting, giving exhibiting or performing, or the suffering or permitting to be held, conducted, given exhibited or performed of any such public theatrical or other exhibition, show or amusement contrary to the terms and provisions of this ordinance is hereby prohibited.

Section 2. License—application for—prerequisites. Before any license shall issue hereunder, the fee therefor as herein fixed shall first be paid to the Village Clerk, and application in writing to the Village of Genoa for such a license shall be made by the person or persons, desiring the same, or his or their authorized agents; said application shall state the name or names of the person or persons desiring the said license, the period or time for which it is desired, and the particular theatrical or other exhibition, show or amusement (describing the same) for which said license is to issue.

Section 3. License—how issued—contents of. The license herein required shall be in writing over the name and under the corporate seal of said Village, and executed by its Village Clerk. Said license shall express the amount of the fee paid therefor, the time it is to operate and continue, the particular theatrical or other exhibition, show or amusement, (describing the same) licensed thereby, and shall contain a statement that the license is accepted subject to the terms and conditions of the ordinances of the Village of Genoa, now in force or which may hereafter become in force, relating to said license or the subject matter thereof, and that it is issued subject to revocation by the President of said Village. No license shall be issued hereunder to extend beyond the last day of the fiscal year of said Village in which it is issued.

Section 4. Amusements—kind prohibited. It shall be unlawful to hold, conduct, give exhibit or perform any immoral, immodest or indecent theatrical or other exhibition, show or amusement in said Village, or to suffer or to permit the same to be held, conducted, given, exhibited or performed.

Section 5. Amusements—on Sunday prohibited. It shall be unlawful to hold, conduct, give, exhibit or perform or to suffer or permit to be held, conducted, given, exhibited or performed any theatrical or other exhibition, show or amusement in said Village except sacred or religious concerts or exhibitions on the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday.

Section 6. License—discretion in issuing. Nothing in this ordinance contained shall be construed to take away or prohibit the exercise of any discretion in the issuing of any such license by the Village or any officer thereof which may now or hereafter be vested in them by law.

Section 7. License—amount of fee—amusements divided into classes. In order that the fee to be paid for any such license may be fixed in a just and equitable manner, all public theatricals and other exhibitions, shows and amusements shall be divided into classes, which classes and the license fee therefor are as follows:

Class 1. All entertainments of a dramatic or operatic character including lectures, public readings and recitations, and exhibitions of paintings and statuary, shall belong to the First Class, and the license fee therefor shall be \$2.00 for one performance, \$3.00 for two successive performances, and \$1.00 for each performance succeeding the second.

Class 2. All concerts or other musical entertainments, panoramas, performance of any feats of jugglery, sleight of hand or necromancy, or exhibition of any natural or artificial curiosity shall belong to the Second Class, and the license fee shall be \$1.50 for one performance, \$2.00 for two successive performances and \$1.00 for each performance succeeding the second.

Class 3. All circuses or circuses and menageries shall belong to the Third Class, and the fee therefor shall be \$15.00 for each day.

Class 4. All side shows with any circus or circus and menagerie shall belong to the Fourth Class and the fee therefor shall be \$5.00 for each day.

Class 5. All merry-go-rounds shall belong to the Fifth Class and the fee therefor shall be \$5.00 for the first day and \$3.00 for each succeeding day.

Class 6. All caravans, minstrel, musical or variety entertainments given under a covering of canvas, exhibition of monsters, freaks of nature and all other exhibitions, performances or entertainments not enumerated, given in a building, hall or under any canvas or within any inclosure shall belong to the Sixth Class and the fee therefor shall be \$3.00 for the first day and \$1.50 for each succeeding day.

Class 7. All theatricals or other exhibitions, shows or amusements not herein otherwise enumerated or provided for, shall belong to the Seventh Class, and the fee therefor shall be \$3.00 for the first day, \$2.00 for the second day and \$1.00 for each succeeding day.

Class 8. All amusements or other exhibitions, shows or amusements not herein otherwise enumerated or provided for, shall belong to the Eighth Class, and the fee therefor shall be \$5.00 per year, and at that rate for any part of the year, except that no license shall be issued hereunder for less than \$2.50.

Section 9. License—to persons under disability prohibited—revokable—when and how. No license shall be issued under this ordinance to any minor, drunkard, spendthrift, idiot insane, distracted or other irresponsible person. Any license issued hereunder shall be revokable by the President of said Village at any time after

its issuance upon proof furnished him of the violation of the ordinances of said Village now in force or which may be in force during the term of said license relating to such license or the subject matter thereof.

Section 10. Amusements—in streets prohibited. The issuing and acceptance of any license hereunder shall not be construed to permit or allow the obstruction or encumbrance of any street, alley, public ground or way, or the holding, conducting, giving exhibiting or performing therein of any such theatrical or other exhibition, show or amusement, and such obstruction, encumbrance or use of such street, alley, public ground or way is hereby prohibited unless otherwise lawfully authorized.

Section 11. Conflicting ordinances—repeal. That all ordinances or any part thereof passed prior to this one and now in force relating to theatricals or other exhibitions, shows or amusements, and all ordinances and parts of ordinances in conflict with the provisions of this ordinance, are hereby repealed.

Section 12. Penalty. Every person or corporation violating any provision of this ordinance or failing, neglecting or refusing to comply with or observe any of the terms or provisions thereof, shall be subject to a fine or penalty of not less than \$3.00 nor more than \$100.00 for each and every offense.

W. M. ADAMS, Village Clerk pro. tem.

JAS. J. HAMMOND, President Board of Trustees.

### CHAPTER 2

### Animals Running at Large

#### AN ORDINANCE

TO REGULATE, RESTRAIN AND PROHIBIT THE RUNNING AT LARGE OF HORSES, CATTLE, SWINE, SHEEP AND GOATS.

(Passed July 30, 1907. Approved July 30, 1907. Published August 9, 1907.)

Be it ordained by the President and Board of Trustees of the Village of Genoa:

Section 1. Animals kind—running at large prohibited. It shall be unlawful for any and all horses, cattle, swine, sheep and goats to run at large in the Village of Genoa; and the running at large of any such horses, cattle, swine, sheep and goats in the Village of Genoa is hereby declared to be a nuisance and is hereby prohibited.

Section 2. Animals—unlawful to suffer or permit to run at large. It shall be unlawful for any person to suffer or permit any horses, cattle, swine, sheep and goats to run at large in the Village of Genoa.

Section 3. Animals at large to be impounded—where. Every one of such horses, cattle, sheep, swine and goats running at large in said Village of Genoa contrary to the provisions of this ordinance shall be retained and impounded in a place provided for that purpose by said Village.

Section 4. Keeper of pound—care and custody of animals—impounding. The Village Marshal is hereby declared to be the keeper of the Village Pound provided for in this ordinance, and shall have the custody and charge of all animals impounded therein and shall provide and care for the same. He is hereby authorized to and shall impound all such animals running at large in said Village contrary to the provisions of this ordinance.

Section 5. Animals—taking up—fees how paid. The fees and charges to be allowed and paid to said Village Marshal for the duties and services herein required of him are hereby fixed as follows: For impounding each animal, 25 cents; for keeping each animal and caring for the same, being for his labor only, 25 cents per day; for medicine, veterinary attendance, food and other necessary material and articles furnished, the actual cost to the Village thereof, which fees and charges shall be paid by the owner or owners of any such animal before same is discharged from said pound, or may be recovered from a sale of such animal as herein provided.

Section 6. Notice to owner—contents—how and when animals released. If the name of the owner of any such animal impounded is or becomes known to said Village Marshal, it shall be his duty to notify such owner of the taking and impounding of said animal, that the same is in custody of said Village Marshal, and that it will be promptly delivered to said owner upon paying the costs and charges of such taking and impounding, and when such costs and charges are paid to the said Village Marshal, it shall be his duty and he is hereby instructed to release said animal from said pound and deliver it to its owner.

Section 7. Notice of impounding posted—contents of notice. It shall be the duty of the Village Marshal, within five days after taking and impounding any such animal as herein provided, to post up notices in three public places in said Village, stating when such animal was taken in and impounded, where the same may be found, and giving a particular description thereof, so far as he is enabled to do. Said notice shall be over the name of the Village Marshal as keeper of said Village pound.

Section 8. Action to recover charges and fees—owner known—procedure—judgment. If the owner of any such animal is known or becomes known to the Village Marshal, it shall be his duty, as soon as possible after the taking and impounding of such animal if the same is unredeemed and service by summons can be had upon said owner in DeKalb county, to commence an action against him in the name of said Village, before any Police Magistrate or Justice of the Peace having an office in said Village and summons shall be issued and served in like manner as in other suits by said Village under its ordinances. If upon the trial the defendant is found guilty of any violation of this ordinance, judgment shall be rendered against him for the fine to be assessed by said Magistrate or Justice, and the costs and charges of the Village Marshal found to be due; but if section one of this ordinance only is violated judgment shall only be rendered for such costs and charges of the Village Marshal as shall be found due. And in either case an order shall be entered that the said animal or animals be sold to satisfy said judgment and cost in case the same shall not be paid forthwith.

Section 9. Action to recover charges and fees—owner unknown—procedure—judgment. Whenever the owner of any such impounded animals shall be unknown to said Village Marshal, or if no service or summons can be had upon him in DeKalb county, and said animal remains unredeemed, it shall be his duty forthwith to make complaint before any such Magistrate or Justice against the owner or owners of any such impounded animal or animals, and if the name of said owner or owners is unknown, then against them as unknown owner or owners, and thereupon said Magistrate or Justice before whom complaint is made shall issue a notice describing the animal or animals so impounded, giving the day of such impounding and fixing therein a day and hour for trial in his office in said Village not less than five nor more than fifteen days from the date of said notice and citing said owner or owners if known, and if unknown citing them as unknown owner or owners, to appear at the said time and place and defend. One of said notices shall be posted at the Village Pound, three more in 3 public places in said Village, and one shall be sent to the address of the owner if known, at least three days before the time set for said trial. At the time and place fixed for the trial, the Magistrate or Justice shall proceed to trial as in other cases, and if the owner do not appear, or section one only of this ordinance is violated, he shall render judgment for the costs and charges of the Village Marshal found to be due; and if the owner or owners do appear and defend, and he or they be found guilty of any violation of this ordinance, judgment shall be rendered against him or them

for the fine assessed by said Magistrate or Justice, and also the costs and charges found to be due; and in either case an order shall be entered that animal or animals be sold to satisfy said judgment and costs in case the same shall not be paid forthwith.

Section 10. Judgment—how enforced—notice—procedure—sale. Upon any judgment being rendered hereunder by said Magistrate or Justice or upon change of venue or appeal, a special execution as in cases of attachment before Justices of the Peace shall be issued upon said judgment, commanding and directing the sale of said animal or animals. The issue, service and return of said execution and the sale and proceedings thereunder shall conform as nearly as practicable to the issue, service, sale and proceedings of such execution issued in attachments before Justices of the Peace to sell attached property. In case there are no bidders at said sale, or for any lawful reason no sale can be made under said execution, alias executions may issue until a sale is lawfully made. Within one day after the issue of any such execution, it shall be the duty of said Village Marshal to post three notices in three public places in said Village, which notices shall in substance be as follows:

#### POUND SALE

Taken up and impounded in the Village Pound of Genoa the following described animals, to-wit:..... Poundmaster. which, unless redeemed, will be sold at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, on the..... day of..... A. D., 19..... at the hour of..... o'clock..... m., by virtue of a special execution and order of sale issued by..... Justice of the Peace (or Police Magistrate).

Dated this..... day of..... A. D., 19..... Poundmaster.

In any sale hereunder each animal shall be sold separately. Section 11. Proceeds of sale—how applied—surplus—to whom paid. When the proceeds of the sale of any animal or animals hereunder shall exceed the amount of the judgment and costs and the costs and charges accruing upon such sale subsequent to the rendition of the judgment, such excess shall be paid to the Village Treasurer for the use of the owner or owners of said animals and shall be held by him as a special fund for that purpose and no other. The owner or owners entitled to the money so deposited with said Village Treasurer shall make application to the Board of Trustees and present satisfactory evidence to it of his or their right to said money so deposited for their use with the said Village Treasurer, and said Board of Trustees so finding them to be the owner or owners of said animal or animals so sold, shall authorize a warrant on said Treasurer to be issued to said owner or owners for said money so deposited for their use.

Section 12. Unlawful to interfere with impounding—impounded animals—pound—Marshal. It shall be unlawful for any person to break open or assist in breaking open the Village pound or to let out or to assist in letting out or in the escape of any animal impounded therein, or to interfere with or prevent the said Village Marshal in the performance of his duties hereunder.

Section 13. Penalty—Any person violating any provision of this ordinance shall be subject to a fine or penalty of not less than \$5.00 nor more than \$25.00 for each offense.

Section 14. Conflicting ordinances—repeal. All ordinances heretofore passed relating to animals running at large, and all ordinances and parts of ordinances in conflict with the provisions of this ordinance are hereby repealed.

W. M. ADAMS, Village Clerk, pro. tem.

JAS. J. HAMMOND, President Board of Trustees

### CHICAGO UNIONS SATURDAY

Famous Colored Base Ball Team Will Play in Genoa

The Union Giants, the famous colored base ball team, will play the Genoa White Sox on the local diamond on Saturday of this week.

It is well worth the price of admission to see the Giants in preliminary practice, so go early and see the fun.

The Sox will put a strong team into the field and expect to make the colored men go some to win.

Usual prices will prevail. Game called at 2:30

### HOTEL CHANGES HANDS

C. E. Saul Leaves Eureka Hotel to Manage Ward at Sycamore

On Monday of this week C. E. Saul relinquished his lease on the Eureka Hotel and is now in charge of the Ward House at Sycamore.

Since Mr. Saul assumed control of the Eureka he has won an enviable reputation for the house and traveling men were pleased with the table. Competition in the hotel and restaurant line has become keen in Genoa during the past four months, however, and Mr. Saul has decided to enter a larger field.

We do not know how the Ward House has been conducted of late but the Sycamore people may be assured that if the house has no reputation Mr. Saul will give it one, and if it has a good name he will maintain it.

For the present G. W. Sowers, the owner of the property, will conduct the Eureka. Before the retiring manager went in Mr. Sowers was running the place on right lines and knows how to please the transients.

### Sells Dakota Land

August Teyler has just sold 160 acres of land near Miller, S. D. at \$1700 per acre. This piece of land is a portion of a half section purchased of G. W. Sowers seven years ago at six dollars an acre.

### DOUBLE TRACKS FOR CENTRAL

Rumored that Road Will Double Its Lines from Chicago to Omaha

Rumor has it that the Illinois Central will double track its line from Chicago west to Omaha, and that the work will start not later than next spring.

It is stated that the Central has had great difficulty in handling its traffic from the west, and that the building of double tracks is necessary to preserve its present traffic contracts with the Union Pacific.

### AGAIN IN THE TOILS

Thos. McCartney Appears in Justice Court Saturday Morning

Thos. McCartney who was fined recently for being drunk, disorderly and for fast driving, was again taken in charge last Friday evening for being drunk. He was given a hearing Saturday morning before Magistrate Lord who made an assessment of ten dollars and costs. McCartney could not pay the fine and was taken back to the cell to think over his folly.

This makes McCartney's court expenses something like \$35 for two times up. Whether it will have any effect will be known later. It is a cinch that if he appears before Magistrate Lord again he will get a fine that will make him stagger.

### Fire Companies Out

An incipient blaze at the home of Ed. Fryer on First street called the fire companies out Tuesday morning. A small quantity of clothing on the second floor burned, but no further damage resulted. Altho the fire was extinguished before the fire fighters arrived, they were on the scene in a remarkably short time.

Under the present conditions it would be under extraordinary circumstances that a blaze could gain much headway during the day. What the boys could do in the night has never been tested.

## ON THE TRAIL OF THE AMERICAN MISSIONARY

By WILLIAM T. ELLIS

This Distinguished American Journalist is Traveling Around the World for the Purpose of Investigating the American Foreign Missionary from a Purely Disinterested, Secular and Non-Sectarian Standpoint. Illustrated with Drawings and from Photographs.

### PICTURESQUE OLD KOREA IS NOW "GETTING RELIGION."

Pyeng Yang, Korea.—To the traveler in Korea, Pyeng, the second city in the empire, is notable as a boat-shaped city where the people are afraid to dig wells lest they should sink the city; and as the ancient capital of the nation where Keja who was Korea's Peter the Great, ruled about the time King David was on the throne of Israel and Keja's grave and Keja's well are still preserved. To the religious world, Pyeng Yang is known as the center of the most remarkable missionary work now under way anywhere on the earth.

Within 16 years a Christian constituency of 5,000 persons, that is doubling itself annually, has been built up and in the surrounding country the number amounts to more than 25,000. As an instance of the way in which the church grows may be mentioned the fact that the mother church of Pyeng Yang has swarmed three times within four years and yet retains a membership of 914 communicants and 334 catechumens. The church, which seats 1,200 persons on its floor—of course there are no pews or chairs—is crowded every Sunday. The attendance at the mid-week prayer meeting ranges from more than 700 to 1,200 or 1,300. The smallest of the congregations which have gone out from Central church numbers more than 250 members; the largest twice that many.

Where Religion Has Introduced Baths. All of these congregations are entirely self-supporting, and they maintain several religious enterprises, such as day schools, colporteurs and a book store and library. They have established a school for the blind, and have

Bible and followed the Scripture reading. The address was listened to with all the intentness and responsiveness that any speaker could desire. At its close the leaders and many of the other men crowded to the platform to speak with their beloved "Moksa," or pastor. It struck me that this Korean missionary, and many of his associates, have a work and an opportunity which the ablest preacher in America might covet.

How American Doctors Fit the Orient. One of the first facts about the missionary community here which strikes a visitor is the harmony and cooperation existing between the two missions. The missionaries are the only white people in Pyeng Yang, except one French tradesman and a French priest. Their social solidarity is as marked as the unity of their labors.

The three hospitals are run as one, although maintaining, in some respects, their separate identity. The largest is the Presbyterian hospital, conducted by Dr. J. H. Wells, and ministering to about 10,000 patients a year. Dr. E. D. Follwell, at the Methodist hospital, treats about 9,000, and Dr. Hall, whose work is entirely for women, about 8,000 patients a year. Jointly, the two men doctors are training 22 students, who not only pay for their instruction, and for the privilege of working in the hospital, but are also required to do evangelistic work among the patients. One notable characteristic of these hospitals, which are almost entirely self-supporting, is the adaptation to the Korean style of living. While they have wards containing beds, most of their patients sleep on the floor, as in their own homes.



A Missionary Home at Pyeng Yang, Korea.

made the beginnings of an insane asylum, both the first of their kind in Korea.

More significant than any of these offshoots of the church, is the public bath house run by the Christians; for badly as it needs religion, Korea needs soap and water. I ask no further proof of the genuineness of the conversion of these people than the fact of this bath house, with its four bath tubs and two shower baths—the latter made by up-tipped and perforated Standard oil cans. The full meaning of this institution can be appreciated only by one who has traveled in Korea.

The three pioneers of this Pyeng Yang work are still here, and still young men. They arrived 16 years ago, Rev. Dr. S. A. Moffett, Rev. Graham Lee and Dr. J. Hunter Wells, of the northern Presbyterian board. They chanced to be men of large vision and statesmanlike mold, and so they laid broad foundations upon which the present phenomenal enterprise has been rising. Following them at intervals came 17 other missionaries of the same denomination. Prior to the Presbyterian settlement, Dr. and Mrs. W. J. Hall, medical missionaries of the Northern Methodist church, were already in Pyeng Yang, but at the death of Dr. Hall in 1894 the Methodists withdrew for a time, but later they re-established and now have missionaries in the field, and two thriving churches in the city proper, as well as their country work. I found Mrs. Noble, wife of a Methodist missionary, teaching the bible one week day morning to a class of more than a hundred women and girls, who had come in from the country for that purpose. Mrs. Hall, who is a physician, has since returned and conducts a hospital for women, which, however, burned down a few weeks ago.

An Extraordinary Prayer Meeting.

What may safely be called the most remarkable midweek prayer meeting in the world is that which I attended in the big church in Pyeng Yang. The building is L-shaped and divided into halves by wooden partitions at the angle of the L. One side is reserved for women and the other for men. The church is utterly devoid of furniture. Into rough straw mats on the floor. It was there gathered on this Wednesday evening no less than 1,200 persons, men and boys, women and children, all seated upon the floor.

The congregation was quiet, alert and reverent. At prayer they all bowed forward, with their heads to the ground. Missionary Lee led the music with a coronet, and the people sang lustily. Everybody carried a

shop than any other industrial school I recall.

The manager of this industrial school is Rev. Graham Lee, who seems to be a practical mechanic. In addition to running the industrial school he is the pastor of the largest church in Korea, and has charge of 40 country churches besides.

Like Story-Book Missions.

This suggests the country work that centers in Pyeng Yang, and one peculiar phase of Korean missions. The church here is self-supporting. New churches spring up almost in a night, without ever having seen a missionary. The Korean Christians are trained to do personal work. Everyone is expected to be an evangelist. Thus it comes to pass, that, by the telling of the news from mouth to mouth, the number of believers spreads with greater rapidity than the missionary can follow. It seems literally true here that the missionary cannot keep up with the work, much less lead it.

A few days ago Dr. Wells and Dr. Sharrocks went to Wiju, a city north of here, which figured often in the war dispatches. En route they looked in upon some country congregations. The first night, in a little village of about 1,200 inhabitants, they found a prayer meeting under way—the regular midweek service, with no less than 700 persons present. This, be it remembered, was in a village where no missionary resides, and where no white man visits oftener than once a quarter.

The next night they came, as unexpectedly as before, upon another village prayer meeting, with 600 persons in attendance. In these villages, as in many others round about, the villagers, Christian and non-Christian, are in the habit of gathering in the church for morning prayers, before going out to the fields for work.

It seems as if religion has become the very life of these people. It is certainly their supreme interest and pleasure. They build their own churches, with their own hands. Indeed the Christian communities throughout Korea probably come as near communism, in their simplicity and fraternity and cooperation, as anything known in this present day. One Man Baptizes More Than a Thousand. From Wiju I hear a story that matches the famous incident of the delegation of Indians to St. Louis, years ago, to seek somebody to go back with them to teach them the white man's book. The Wiju Christians have built themselves a commodious church and have now established an academy or higher school. Among them, however, was nobody qualified to conduct the latter. So at the annual meeting of the Presbyterian mission a delegation was sent down from Wiju to Seoul to plead for a missionary. The people agreed not only to give him the heartiest of welcomes, and to pay all his expenses, but also to provide his salary as well. Yet they were sent back with their request denied. There are not enough missionaries to go around.

Here in Korea there is no hunting up of people for the church; the people are clamoring to come in. During the mission year just ended, one man in this region, Rev. C. E. Kearns, baptized 1,100 Koreans. Yet it is not made easy for a Korean to become a Christian. Careful always lest men and women should desire to enter the church from unworthy motives, every applicant is obliged to become a catechumen for at least one year. Then he must pass a rigid examination as to his character and his knowledge of Christian truth. The missionaries impose what they say is the New Testament standard of conduct upon the people. Every Christian is required to be a total abstainer, to refrain from all forms of gambling, to observe Sunday strictly, and to have a clean character morally. An offending member is promptly disciplined.

The Magistrate's Concubine. When it is considered that these people are just emerging from the raw heathenism and devil worship which prevails around them, these standards seem the more remarkable. The Korean Christians here go farther than their fellows in America. In the "big church" of Pyeng Yang some of the members have formed an anti-tobacco society, for the Koreans, men and women, are confirmed smokers. These people give the money they thus save to the church, and two colporteurs are so supported.

No distinction is made among classes. In a village near here the magistrate, who is the chief resident official, desires to become a Christian. The local church leaders came to the missionary to ask what they should do, since this great man keeps a concubine. The decision was immediate and decisive that he could not be accepted as a catechumen until he had conformed to the church's standard in all respects, no matter how high his office or how great his wealth.

It is said that, with respect to the percentage of gifts and with respect to the activity of the ordinary members of the churches, Christianity in Korea is far ahead of Christianity in America. Certainly for ingenious, open-hearted, childlike Christianity, I have never seen anything to equal these Koreans. Their manner, their words and their work irresistibly suggest the church of the apostolic age.

(Copyright by Joseph B. Bowles.)

Bunyan's Primitive Flute. The most curious story told of John Bunyan's life in Bedford jail is this: To pass away his gloomy hours he took a leg out of his stool and with his knife fashioned it into a flute. The keepers repeatedly searched his cell to find the cause of the music, but when he heard them coming he would always replace the leg in the stool, and they never discovered how the music had been produced.

## NEW STATE COLLEGE

VETERINARY INSTITUTION PROVIDED FOR.

To Be Located at Chicago and Will Be of Vast Importance to Agricultural and Other Interests of the State.

Springfield, Aug. 5.—A state veterinary college under the direction of the University of Illinois is to be established in Chicago. The forty-fifth general assembly, on recommendation of Gov. Deneen, made an appropriation of \$30,000 to the University of Illinois for the maintenance of this college. Prominent business men in Chicago have subscribed \$250,000 for buildings and the Union Stock Yard & Transit company has donated a big building site, fronting east in Halsted street at Forty-third street. The work of this college has been outlined by President Edmund J. James and the trustees of the university in an informal way as follows:

First—The preparation of men for the practice of the profession of veterinary surgeon.

Second—The preparation of men for the profession of meat inspector in this and other states.

Third—Scientific research and investigation into the problems of nutrition, human and animal and problems connected with the preparation of market and meat products.

The formal organization of the college will be undertaken by the trustees of the University of Illinois within a short time. The donation of money for the building and a site having placed the responsibility upon the state of perfecting the organization.

In making an appropriation for the maintenance of the college, the legislature placed the stamp of legislative approval upon the governor's recommendation and provided for this new department. The packing interests of Illinois in Chicago, East St. Louis and other cities are second to none in the world, so the organization of the college will prove of international interest and of immense value to the people of the state of Illinois.

Improves Inspection Law.

Besides making this appropriation for the veterinary college the forty-fifth general assembly passed improved inspection laws recommended by the governor and gave to Illinois inspection laws that are second to none in the United States. The enforcement of these laws devolves upon the state board of live-stock commissioners—A. W. Sale, P. S. Haner, and H. J. Beers—and their state veterinarian, Dr. J. M. Wright, of Chicago. The board has begun the new work in an energetic way.

The new law provides that the board of live-stock commissioners, at its discretion, may make, or cause to be made by the state veterinarian, his assistants, or any duly authorized live stock inspector in the employ of the state, an examination of any animal intended for human food which it is suspected may be afflicted with any contagious or infectious disease, or any disease which would render the carcass of said animal unfit for human food. Upon examination, if the carcass is found to be unwholesome or unfit for human food, the same shall be labeled, by the examiner, "inspected and condemned." The law provides a penalty of \$100 or a jail sentence not exceeding one year, for failure to comply with the provisions of the law.

The legislature also passed an amendment to the act providing for transportation of live-stock. This amendment provides that no railroad or other common carrier in the transportation of animals shall allow the same to be confined in any car more than 36 consecutive hours unless they shall be fed and watered as soon after the expiration of such time as may reasonably be done. When unloaded they shall be properly fed, watered and sheltered during such rest by the owner, consignee or person in charge of the same, and in case of their default, then by the railroad company transporting them; and such company shall have a lien upon the animals until the same is paid. A penalty of three dollars, nor more than \$200, is provided for violation of the law.

It is everywhere conceded that meat-making animals suffering from certain diseases should not be allowed to go into the general food supply. At the same time there are many instances where the outward and visible signs, when the animal is alive, bear no really close relation to the wholesomeness of the meat after slaughter. Nevertheless common prudence demands that great caution be observed and that the consumption of the carcass be permitted only after the closest post-mortem examination by thoroughly competent men.

Protects Shippers and Public. Under the old methods the protection was not sufficient by any means. Sometimes animals which should have been "tagged" got away altogether and others which had been "tagged" brought to the shipper a mere fraction of their real value. No one was particularly to blame for this. The law was not adequate. Now under the new law protection is nearer perfection for consumer, producer and shipper. As it is at present administered this law really constitutes the live stock commissioners the guardians of the shippers' interests and he gets what is coming to him. The consumer gets clean, wholesome meat to eat

and the producer profits in similar measure.

It is an accepted maxim that most men would like to do what is right. The ideal law is the one which points the way to rectitude in dealing, provides for the spread of education and enables the authorities to lay upon the wrong doer a hand heavy enough to jar him so effectually that he is willing to cease his dangerous practices. At the same time this law must protect. The new live stock inspection law of Illinois fills this bill.

Gives Value to Owner.

Transformation into food of some sort is the ultimate destiny of all meat-making animals—the steer, the cow, the hog, the sheep, for instance. When their time comes they must be used. All have some value—some excellent leather, the bones good knife handles, the soft parts of the carcass good fertilizer, and so forth, for all of which the producer or shipper should have full value. And this is the way the new law works. If, let us say, a steer or a cow is condemned on foot, a number is given to the animal by which it is afterwards known. This beast then is under the sole care of the state veterinarian or his inspectors and a complete history of it may afterwards be traced through the official records which are public property and subject to investigation by any citizen of the state.

Properly "tagged," the animal is slaughtered and dressed. A rigid examination, microscopic and otherwise, is then made and if the meat is fit for human food, the carcass is passed, in which case the shipper gets full pay. If on the other hand, on post-mortem examination, the carcass should be condemned as unfit for human food, it is tanked and an account rendered to the commissioners for the hide and other products of value. A merely nominal charge of 97 cents is made for slaughtering and the yardage dues must be paid. These are deducted from the total value of the non-edible products of the animal and the consignee gets the balance.

Thus, under the present administration, the state is in touch with the entire transaction from start to finish and stands good to the consignee for every cent—less the insignificant charges noted—which is included in the market value of the products of the carcass. The consumer is insured healthy food and the producer and shipper are guaranteed a full and proper return under the circumstances.

Trace Disease to Origin.

This, to use a trite phrase, is inspection which inspects, which is in line with the federal laws, and which grants protection which protects. Suppose a notoriously badly diseased consignment of stock from some point in the state should be condemned. Under this new law the state veterinarian has ample power to follow it back to the point of origin and there take such measures as will insure a more or less general housecleaning. This makes for the improvement of the common health of the commonwealth's farm animals and for the elimination and prevention of disease.

Taking advantages of these large powers a campaign of education has been inaugurated which will enable farmers and feeders to see for themselves and start the cleaning up process on their own account. Just as quickly as it may be done with the present facilities and means at hand—and it is proposed to enlarge them whenever it may be done—this very necessary education will be carried to the four corners of the state.

In selecting a man to fill the responsible post of state veterinarian Gov. Deneen canvassed the claims of all the graduate practitioners in the state with a view to choosing one of recognized merit and honor in the profession. Under the state veterinarian there are 35 assistant state veterinarians and 15 state agents. The assistant state veterinarians must be graduates of recognized veterinary colleges, but not necessarily so with the agents. It was insisted that a beginning be made with a clean slate—that the best men only be called to fill the 65 places.

Diseases Watched by Board.

The diseases that give the board the most trouble are glanders among horses, Texas or tick fever and scabies among cattle and sheep. While reports of cases of glanders come from various parts of the state, the large majority of these cases are found in Cook county. The disease is considered incurable and is readily communicated from one animal to another. When an animal is found to be afflicted with glanders, the owner is notified and the premises placed in quarantine. If the owner of the animal is willing to have it killed and will agree to a valuation, not exceeding \$100, the board will issue a voucher for one-third of its appraised value. This sum is paid only after proofs have been furnished that the animal has been killed and the carcass burned, buried or tanked and premises disinfected. If the owner should not agree to this, the premises are quarantined and he is not allowed to use the diseased animal of a public highway or permit any other animal to be exposed.

At the meeting of the Illinois State Veterinary Medical association in semi-annual convention in Springfield, July 10, resolutions were adopted commending the appointment of Dr. J. M. Wright, state veterinarian. The association expressed its approval of Dr. Wright's appointment and thanked Gov. Deneen for his assistance in extending and broadening the powers of the state live stock commission.

## MONDAY UNIVERSAL WASH DAY.

Recognized as Such Over Almost All the World.

Why does nearly all the civilized world wash clothes on Monday? What has Monday to do with washing? It was originally the moon's day and was sacred to the queen of night. I read in a schoolboy's history that the Pilgrims landed on Monday and the good women immediately set about washing the clothes that had been soiled on the trip over. We might judge from that alleged fact that no washing was done aboard ship; yet the finest place for such necessary work of sanitation and blessedness is out at sea where there is plenty of water and nearly always a drying wind.

The voyage of the little Mayflower lasted 63 days, I believe, and as nearly as we can now reckon the landing was made at Plymouth Rock on a Monday, though some historians insist on Friday. It must have been a vile and filthy vessel on arrival, with 102 passengers and crew going over two months without washing their linen. Linen? What did they wear in 1620? Can you realize how big was the Mayflower? A miserable little bark of 160 tons (Capt. John Smith) or 180 tons (according to Bradford).

## THE NEW YORK LIFE'S PROGRAM.

Economy, Publicity and the Paramount Interest of Policyholders.

President Kingsley, of the New York Life Insurance Company, says, in an address to the policyholders, that his plan of administration involves these points:

"First: Strict economy; second, the widest, fairest and fullest publicity; third, the continuance of the New York Life as a world-wide institution; fourth, such an amount of new business under the law as we can secure while practicing intelligent economy, and enforcing the idea that the interest of the policy-holder is paramount."

The Advantage of Reading.

"Beg pardon, sir," said the weary hobo as he stood at the farmhouse door, "but might I sleep in your barn tonight? I haven't had a roof over my head for ten days." "I congratulate you," said the kindly farmer. "That is a splendid thing. I have just read in one of my ten-cent magazines that it is not too much to say that to the delicate, highly-strung, easily-knocked-up individual the advantages of sleeping in the open air are enormous. Pallid cheeks take on a ruddy hue, colds are unknown, nerves are forgotten, and irritability becomes a phase of the past. A small plot and a little perseverance are the only necessities and the result is assured. You are very welcome to the use of my potato patch, and my sky is at your disposal."—Judge.

All in Cold Storage.

An Oregon attorney, representing a client whose title to a certain cold storage plant was under fire, closed an able argument before the Oregon supreme court recently with the following bit of pathos: "Your honor, there is more resting upon your decision than this cold storage plant; a human life is at stake. My client's life's efforts are in this cold storage; his life's blood is in this cold storage; his body and soul are wrapped up in this cold storage."—Law Notes.

The Sad Sea.

The thin, pale man in the large bathing suit, standing knee-deep in the water, sighed.

"Why," he asked, "are you so sad?" "Alas," he answered, "the sea is the grave of my first wife."

"Our lips curled superciliously."

"But you married again," we murmured.

"Yes," said he, "and my second wife won't go near the water."

SOAKED IN COFFEE

Until Too Stiff to Bend Over.

"When I drank coffee I often had sick headaches, nervousness and biliousness much of the time, but when I went to visit a friend I got in the habit of drinking Postum."

"I gave up coffee entirely and the result has been that I have been entirely relieved of all my stomach and nervous trouble."

"My mother was just the same way. We all drink Postum now, and without coffee in the house for 2 years, we are all well."

"A neighbor of mine, a great coffee drinker, was troubled with pains in her side for years and was an invalid. She was not able to do her work and could not even mend clothes or do anything at all where she would have to bend forward. If she tried to do a little hard work she would get such pains that she would have to lie down for the rest of the day."

"At last I persuaded her to stop drinking coffee and try Postum Food Coffee and she did so and has used Postum ever since; the result has been that she can now do her work, can sit for a whole day and mend and can sew on the machine and she never feels the least bit of pain in her side, in fact, she has got well and it shows coffee was the cause of the whole trouble."

"I could also tell you about several other neighbors who have been cured by quitting coffee and using Postum in its place." "There's a Reason." Look in pkg. for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

## ANOTHER GILMAN CRIME AT DAYTON

PRETTY GIRL DEAD AND MAN DYING IN STRANGE MURDER MYSTERY.

Anna Markowitz Brutally Attacked and Strangled and Abraham Gordon Shot—Brothers and Sister of Former Are Held on Suspicion.

Dayton, O., Aug. 6.—Anna Markowitz, 24 years of age, a pretty Jewish girl, lies dead at the county morgue, her throat bearing the mute evidences of the strangler's death clutch. Her body, bruised and cut, bears evidences of brutal mistreatment. At the hospital, with a mortal wound in his abdomen and his head a mass of bruises, lies Abraham Gordon, a young traveling man from Indianapolis. Held on suspicion by the authorities at Dayton are James, Jacob and Bertha Markowitz, brothers and sister of the dead girl.

This is the situation in a very complex murder case and one in which brutally and cruelty rivals the fate of pretty Dona Gilman, whose pitiful end was reached but a short distance from where this latest crime occurred. Anna Markowitz, like Dona Gilman, was mistreated. But in this latest case there is not that complete absence of clues which has made the Gilman case one of the deepest mysteries in this section.

Stories Differ Widely.

Sunday Abraham Gordon, sometimes known as Cohan, went out walking along a lonely road near the National Soldiers' home. He was accompanied by Anna Markowitz and her younger sister, Bertha. They had walked to a lonely spot when the crime was committed. Two stories widely different in their intimations are told. What took place has up to this time not been clearly developed. The story of Bertha, when she rushed breathlessly and terror-stricken to the soldiers' home, was that while her sister, Young Gordon and herself were strolling along a secluded path, a highwayman slipped unheard behind Gordon and struck him with a black-jack. Gordon, she said, turned about, and as he did so the highwayman shot him in the stomach. As Gordon fell, she says, the man made a dash for either herself or her sister. She ran screaming from the scene of terror, leaving her older sister, Anna, to her fate. Bertha said she did not stop until she had reached the soldiers' home, where she gave the alarm.

Body Found in Weeds.

The sheriff was notified and a posse formed. When they reached the spot of the crime they found Gordon almost dead. A trail showed where Anna had been dragged. They followed the beaten down path and came upon the body of the girl lying in the weeds. The clothing had been nearly torn from the body. The arms were crowded down over the eyes as if to shut out a horrible picture. There were evidences of a fearful struggle and of an assault. The girl was dead from strangulation.

The Markowitz brothers and Bertha later called at police headquarters to see what had been learned about the crime. Questioned, the brothers are said to have admitted that their mother objected to further attentions being paid by Gordon to Anna. The brothers would not deny that they had followed their sisters, Anna and Bertha, into the woods when they went in with Gordon.

PRISON FOR FALSE SOLDIER.

Deceived His Finances of Money and Broke Marriage Promise.

Leavenworth, Kan., Aug. 6.—Private James M. Pyne, Sixteenth battery siege artillery, is to serve three years in the military prison here for breaking a promise of marriage and borrowing money with intent to defraud. He was tried by court-martial under the charge "conduct to the prejudice of the good order and military discipline."

It was shown in the court-martial that Private Pyne became engaged to an army nurse in Cuba; that he was transferred to Fort Leavenworth and wrote to the girl asking a loan of \$500 to fit him out with uniform and other equipment, made necessary, he said, by his having passed an examination for promotion to a lieutenant. The girl advanced the money, and when she came to Kansas City later on she lent him more money.

He told the girl that his father had died leaving him a large estate on condition that he would not marry for five years. The girl then made an investigation and learned that Pyne was deceiving her. The court-martial followed and his finding has been approved by Brig. Gen. Godfrey.

Funeral of St. Gaudens.

Cornish, N. H., Aug. 5.—The funeral of Augustus St. Gaudens, the sculptor, who died at his home here Saturday evening, has been arranged for Wednesday afternoon at "Aspet," the sculptor's home. The services will be attended only by the relatives and closest friends. In accordance with the wishes of the sculptor, the body will be cremated.

Mother and Daughters Drown.

Durango, Col., Aug. 6.—Mrs. Francisco Marquese and two daughters, both under 12 years of age, were drowned Sunday at a ford in the San Juan river near Arboles by the overturning of their wagon.

### TIRED BACKS.

The kidneys have a great work to do in keeping the blood pure. When they get out of order it causes backache, headaches, dizziness, languor and distressing urinary troubles. Keep the kidneys well and all these sufferings will be saved you. Mrs. S.A. Moore, proprietor of a restaurant at Waterville, Mo., says: "Before using Doan's Kidney Pills I suffered everything from kidney troubles for a year and a half. I had pain in the back and head, and almost continuous in the loins and felt weary all the time. A few doses of Doan's Kidney Pills brought great relief, and I kept on taking them until in a short time I was cured. I think Doan's Kidney Pills are wonderful."

For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

### Close Confinement.

The new phonograph had just arrived, and in her husband's absence, Mrs. Jones thought she would give her parrot a treat, so she set the machine working on a record of "In Old Madrid," sung by Mr. Jones in his best style.

At the very first bar Polly opened her eyes in surprise, and rocked herself to and fro in deep and speechless wonder.

She was evidently thinking deeply, and her excitement was intense. She cocked her head on one side, with an expression that indicated interested conjecture, and irritation at not arriving at a satisfactory conclusion. As the song finished, an idea dawned upon her.

"Well," said Mrs. Jones with pride, "what do you think of that, Polly?" Then the bird found words: "Great Scott!" she shrieked. "You've got the old man boxed up this time."

### The Tell Tale Voice.

"If you want to tell whether or not the man you are talking to is telling the truth don't look him in the eyes," said a Denver bank teller to some friends. "It is the voice, when you don't look at the eyes, that tells you whether the other fellow is lying. We use the system frequently in the bank. A man will come in to tell us some business tale. We look at his feet or his hands or his knees, but never in his eyes. If he's telling the truth his voice will be firm and straightforward, and the absence of your gaze in his eyes will not affect it. But if he's lying he'll be confused by your action, and his voice will tremble; he'll hem and haw, and clear his throat. You may rest assured then that he's stringing you."

### Long Time to Sweep.

Everything, even a magnificent church, must be regarded from the point of view of the beholder. A London paper says that two country girls, who acted as if they might be enjoying a holiday from domestic service, were observed walking down the aisles of St. Paul's Cathedral. Under the great dome one of them stood and gazed around her with an air of such wonder that a spectator might well suppose that she was awestruck by her solemn surroundings. But when she spoke the idea was dissipated. "Oh, Sarah," she exclaimed, "wouldn't this place take a long time to sweep?"

### Concerning His Business.

A Boston lawyer, who brought his wit from his native Dublin, while cross-examining the plaintiff in a divorce trial, brought forth the following: "You wish to divorce this woman because she drinks?" "Yes, sir." "Do you drink yourself?" "That's my business!"—angrily. Whereupon the unmoved lawyer asked: "Have you any other business?"—Everybody's.

## Brains are Built

from certain kinds of

FOOD

Try Grape-Nuts

"America has become a land of nervous emotionalists, largely owing to our sins against the dietetic health laws of nature."

"Only outdoor exercise in a cold climate would enable vigorous individuals of our species to digest the viands forced upon alimentary organs enfeebled by sedentary occupations," wrote Dr. Felix Oswald.

Brain workers must have different food than laborers, because brain work uses up parts of the brain and nerve centers, while physical labor uses up other parts of the body.

Grape-Nuts, a food for brain workers, prepared by scientific food makers, is a pure, natural food made from selected parts of field phosphate of potash and other elements required by the system in rebuilding and repairing the brain and nerve centers. This food is skillfully cooked at the factory and is ready to be served instantly with cream. At all first-class grocers and made by the Postum Co., at Battle Creek, Mich. Read the little health classic, "The Road to Wellville," in p.l.g.s. "There's a Reason."

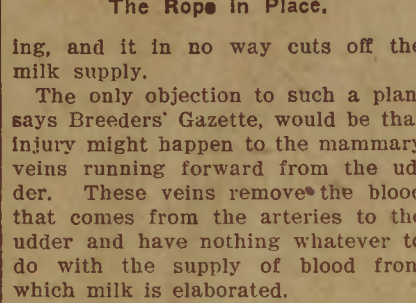


## THE DAIRY

### KEEPING A COW FROM KICKING.

How Rope Can Be Adjusted to This End.

In the sketch herewith you will notice a rope which is to be passed over the hip, down in front of the udder, drawn tolerably tight and tied. I have found this to be an excellent method of keeping cows from kicking.



The Rope in Place.

ing, and it in no way cuts off the milk supply.

The only objection to such a plan, says Breeders' Gazette, would be that injury might happen to the mammary veins running forward from the udder. These veins remove the blood that comes from the arteries to the udder and have nothing whatever to do with the supply of blood from which milk is elaborated.

### GOOD AND POOR COWS.

They Can Be Discovered Only by Methods of Testing.

The establishing of test associations will enable the dairymen to eliminate the unprofitable cows from their herds and help them to get better cows and make half the number do the same or even better work than the whole number of our average cows are doing at the present time.

The milk scale and Babcock test must of necessity come into use. Every farmer should have a milk scale hanging in the barn where it will be handy to weigh each cow's milk, and, by the side of this, a milk sheet with names or numbers of cows, enabling him to keep a daily record of each cow in his herd. There is not more than one in 20 farmers that knows the amount of milk and butter fat each cow in the herd is producing per year. However, now is a good time for every dairyman to begin a more economical production of milk. It costs but very little more to keep a cow that will produce 400 pounds of fat per year than one producing 100 pounds.

The most extravagant thing a dairyman can do is to head his herd with a scrub sire; this is a step back and a continual slide as long as he continues such methods. There is no advancement or grading up without a pure bred, prepotent sire. Improvement comes only through the superior qualities of the male used. Experience in my work shows that cows kept at a good profit to their owners are not allowed out of barn in winter more than one-half to one hour per day in the weather, and are kept in warm, well-lighted and well ventilated stables. They are watered in stable cold days and fed food of a succulent nature, such as ensilage or mangels, with all the alfalfa or clover hay they will consume without waste, and a balanced grain ration of not less than one pound to every three pounds of milk given.

H. C. SEARLES.

### DAIRY NOTES.

Three cows without salt produced 55 pounds less milk in a week in an experiment station test.

Only clean tin milk utensils should be used. Patched or rusty tinware should not be tolerated.

When you buy a separator get one that runs easy, washes easy and skims clean and you'll have the best. Whitewash looks and is mighty nice on the inside of the cow barn and a little salt will make it stick better.

Eastern cowmen practice soiling in summer. They figure green corn or alfalfa fed this way is worth \$20 to \$25 per acre.

Many a dairyman blames his cows when he ought not to do so. It often quiets his conscience, though, and the cows don't care.

Scoring the Buttermaker. The officials of the dairy division of the department of agriculture are planning a score card that will not only score butter and cheese but that will score the buttermakers and cheesemakers also. This is a good plan, and the card would do much good if it could be honestly used.

Some of the managers of factories would be surprised at the low scoring their manufacturer would receive. It would certainly be a good thing for the dairy schools; for it would show the dairy students ranking high up, as a rule. This would be an object lesson to the boards that control the creameries and cheese factories.

Room for Improvement. The "average" dairyman is a very poor dairyman in the true sense of the word, yet a comparison of the methods in use to-day with those of even ten years ago is quite complementary to this same "average" dairyman. There's abundant room for improvement yet, however.

### THE FALL COW.

She Will Make Winter Dairying Profitable.

If every farmer who follows the practice of having the cows drop their calves in the spring could thoroughly understand the comparative advantage of winter dairying he would be pretty apt to change his plans. The average cow produces little more than 150 pounds of butter in a year. It is safe to say that this same cow can be made to produce 200 pounds of butter per year through winter dairying entirely.

The cow that drops her calf about May 1 has only about two months of good pasturage ahead before the hot weather comes and the flies begin to pester her. Those two months she will do exceedingly well but they are the two months of the year when dairy products are at the lowest prices. During the season of dry pasture and flies her milk flow will diminish to such an extent that it is impossible to make her give a good flow during even the early winter months.

The cow that drops her calf about November 1 or December 1 has been dry during the time of shortest pastures and during the busiest season of the year on the farm. She has a long period of usefulness ahead of her before fly time the following season. She will be doing her very best while prices for dairy products are highest and while the time of her owner is not so expensive. By the time grass comes she will have reached a period in her lactation when a decrease in the milk flow is to be expected, but will give a good flow as soon as she gets on grass anyway. She will be ready to take her rest when the season is most unfavorable for milk production.

In addition to these facts there is another very potent reason why the cows should freshen in the fall. The young calf will not require very much grain feed the first six months and is old enough to thrive in the pasture the following season and to fight its own battle during fly season.

The result is a yearling calf at a very small cost.

It is true that it will cost perhaps five or six dollars more per year to feed the winter dairy cow, but if it does the increase in receipts will be more than double that amount.

### CLEAN CREAMERIES.

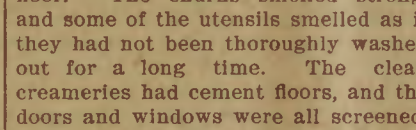
There Are a Few of Them But Many Are Dirty.

Some time ago I had the pleasure of taking a trip to visit a number of creameries in the county in which I live. As a result of that visit I came to the conclusion that there are many very dirty creameries and also many very clean ones. I could not wish that the people that buy the butter and buttermilk from the two kinds of creameries knew the difference between them, says a writer in Farmers' Review. If they did I am sure that the dirty creameries would all shut their doors and go out of business, while the other creameries would have all the business. If we could get a publicity of that kind it would be a powerful lever for lifting up the quality of our butter and other dairy products.

The dirty creameries were, wide open to the flies and dust. Old milk and dirt were scattered all over the floor. The churns smelled strong, and some of the utensils smelled as if they had not been thoroughly washed out for a long time. The clean creameries had cement floors, and the doors and windows were all screened. The utensils all smelled as clean as if bran new. It is a pleasure to think of eating butter coming from such creameries.

YOKING A FENCE JUMPER. Device Which Will Check the Worst Case Known.

Get a good piece of green timber and make a bow, No. 1. Of some



The Yoke.

very tough wood make a slat, No. 2, long enough to prevent cow from getting over fence, and through it. Through each end of bow run a pin, No. 3.

Snakebite Cure. A Callaway county, Mo., farmer says he found his cow suffering from a snakebite on the neck, and cured it by applying a poultice of soft soap and gunpowder. He tells of a boy who was also cured of a bite from a copperhead snake by this method. It is claimed to be as good as whiskey for snakebite.

A good milk house pays for its cost every season.

### M'KINLEY MONUMENT

To Be Dedicated in Buffalo Sept. 5. Former Residents Invited.

The beautiful white marble shaft erected by the state of New York in Niagara Square, Buffalo, N. Y., to the memory of President McKinley, is to be formally dedicated Thursday, Sept. 5, and the event will be the central feature of Buffalo's Old Home Week, Sept. 1 to 7. Former residents of Buffalo and the public at large are cordially invited to attend the dedication.



The McKinley monument was planned and executed under the direction of a commission of prominent men, at a cost of \$150,000. Gov. Charles E. Hughes, with his military staff, will take part in the ceremonies and President Roosevelt and former President Grover Cleveland have been invited to attend and speak. Military parades will be a feature of the occasion.

Always in the Way. Recently a country doctor in the north of Ireland, a bachelor, who was locally noted for his brusqueness and irascibility, was driving along a narrow lane, or "boreen," when his passage was effectually barred by an old woman, who was returning from the bog leading an ass whose panniers were filled with peats. The woman led the ass to the side of the lane as quickly as she could, but not quickly enough to please the short-tempered doctor. "Faugh!" he exclaimed, with a snort of disgust. "Women and asses are always in the way." "I'm glad ye have the manners to put yourself last," said the old woman, calmly. The doctor drove on without another word.

Laundry work at home would be much more satisfactory if the right Starch were used. In order to get the desired stiffness, it is usually necessary to use so much starch that the beauty and fineness of the fabric is hidden behind a paste of varying thickness, which not only destroys the appearance, but also affects the wearing quality of the goods. This trouble can be entirely overcome by using Defiance Starch, as it can be applied much more thinly because of its greater strength than other makes.

Does Not Always Pay. First Tramp—After all, it pays to be polite, partner. Second Tramp—Not always. The other day I was actin' deaf and dumb when a man gave me sixpence. I says: "Thank you sir," and he had me arrested.—Tit-Bits.

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*.

In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Making a Good Start. Doctor—Madam, your husband must have absolute rest. Madam—Well, doctor, he won't listen to me— Doctor—A very good beginning, madam—a very good beginning.—Stray Stories.

That an article may be good as well as cheap, and give entire satisfaction, is proven by the extraordinary sale of Defiance Starch, each package containing one-third more Starch than can be had of any other brand for the same money.

Passive. Bill—Did you say he has horse sense? Jill—No; why, he hasn't even got mule sense. I never knew him to kick in his life!—Yonkers Statesman.

It Cures While You Walk. Allen's Foot-Ease is a certain cure for hot, sweating, callous, and swollen, aching feet. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Approaching Nature. Some men think they can't "get next to nature," properly without taking along two quarts of whisky and a box of cigars.—Judge.

Defiance Starch is the latest invention in that line and an improvement on all other makes; it is more economical, does better work, takes less time. Get it from any grocer.

Try It and See. Funny, isn't it, but it makes all the difference in the world whether you call a girl a vision or a sight.

Does Your Head Ache? If so, get a box of Krause's Headache Capsules of your Druggist, 25c. Norman Lichty Mfg. Co., Des Moines, Ia.

If a man occasionally tells a woman how pretty she looks she will forgive most of the other lies he tells her.

Lewis' Single Binder Cigar has a rich taste. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

A golden bit makes none the better horse.

### THE PARABLE HE LIKED.

Darkey Would Have Had Trouble Picking It from Sacred Book.

An old darkey, anxious to be a minister, went to be ordained. He was questioned thus: "Can you write?" "No, sah!" "Read?" "No, sah!" How do you know about the Bible?" "Ma niece reads it to me!" "Know about the Ten commandments?" "No, sah!" "The Twenty-third Psalm?" "Nebber heard of him, sah!" "Know the Beatitudes?" "No, sah!" "Well, what part of the Bible do you like best?" "Parbles, sah!" "Can you give us one?" "Deed, yes, sah!" "Let us have it, then." "Once w'en the queen of Sheba was gwine down to Jerusalem she fell among thieves. First they passed her by on de odder side den dey come ova'n an' dey say unto her, 'Fro down Jezebell!' but she wouldn't fro her down; and again dey say unto her, 'Fro down Jezebell!' but she wouldn't fro her down; and again dey say unto her for de first and last time, for I ain't gwine to ax yo' no' mo', 'Fro down Jezebell!' and dey fro'd her down for 70 times and 7, till de remains were 'leven baskets; and I say unto yo', whose wife was she at de resurrection?'—Bystander.

### FEARFUL BURNING SORES.

Boy in Misery 12 Years—Eczema In Rough Scales, Itching and Inflamed—Cured by Cuticura.

"Cuticura has put a stop to twelve years of misery I passed with my son. As an infant I noticed on his body a red spot and treated same with different remedies for about five years, but when the spot began to get larger I put him under the care of doctors. Under their treatment the disease spread to four different parts of his body. During the day it would get rough and form like scales. At night it would be cracked, inflamed and badly swollen, with terrible burning and itching. One doctor told me that my son's eczema was incurable, and gave it up. I decided to give Cuticura a trial. When I had used the first box of Cuticura Ointment there was a great improvement, and by the time I had used the second set of Cuticura Remedies my child was cured. He is now twelve years old, and his skin is as fine and smooth as silk. Michael Steinman, 7 Sumner Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y., April 16, 1905."

Quiet Idea of Enjoyment. Dr. Juliet Severance writes in the Vegetarian Magazine: "I am often reminded of a clinic case brought before the class when I was in medical college in 1858. The man had gout and rheumatism, both the small and large joints being involved, and his suffering was severe. Dr. R. T. Trail, professor of theory and practice, was explaining to us the importance of a very strict and abstemious diet. The poor fellow tried vainly to turn his head, and grunted out: 'I can't go that; I want to enjoy life while I do live!'"

Starch, like everything else, is being constantly improved, the patent Starches put on the market 25 years ago are very different and inferior to those of the present day. In the latest discovery—Defiance Starch—all injurious chemicals are omitted, while the addition of another ingredient, invented by us, gives to the Starch a strength and smoothness never approached by other brands.

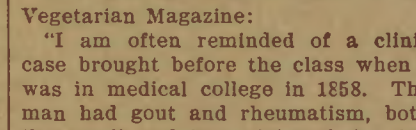
Of Course. "What makes you so absent minded?" "Well, I stopped to think one day—"

"Yes?" "And my thoughts ran on and on—"

"Well?" "And I haven't caught up with 'em yet."—Cleveland Leader.

To prevent that tired feeling on ironing day—Use Defiance Starch—saves time—saves labor—saves annoyance, will not stick to the iron. The big 16 oz. package for 10c, at your grocer's.

When a man first makes a fool of himself he gets an awful jolt—but he soon gets used to it.



DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS. GUARANTEED TO CURE ALL KIDNEY DISEASES. RHEUMATISM, BRONCHITIS, DIABETES, BACKACHE.

READERS of this paper desiring to buy any thing advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

A CHANCE TO DOUBLE A FORTUNE! 1,000,000 acres of land with all improvements, at seventy-five cents per acre. The improvements are substantial, the land is income producing, last statement of profits for a year being \$6,000.00 N.E.T. This can be enormously increased. Quick action is imperative. WM. MOELLER, El Paso, Texas.

TEXAS LANDS Agents wanted; liberal commission to sell "Bravo" ranch lands, the best watered and finest agricultural land in the Panhandle. Excursions to and from Texas by each month. KNOBEL & UCH LAND CO., Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE FARMS of all kinds. J. Ed Moore, over 6 N. 7th St., Richmond, Ind.

The extraordinary popularity of fine white goods this summer makes the choice of Starch a matter of great importance. Defiance Starch, being free from all injurious chemicals, is the only one which is safe to use on fine fabrics. Its great strength as a stiffener makes half the usual quantity of Starch necessary, with the result of perfect finish, equal to that when the goods were new.

For Better or Worse. A census-taker made his rounds in an isolated village. He gave one of his official papers to a woman that she might fill in the required answers. One of the questions, instead of reading "Married or single," had it "Condition as to marriage." The woman filled in the answer thus: "Awful hard up before. Wuss after."

FITS, St. Vitus Dance and all Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for Free \$2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. K. H. Kline, M.D., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

If he has a large family to support, a man can't afford to have any other extravagant habits.

Smokers have to call for Lewis' Single Binder cigar to get it. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

It's easy to dress a profitable business in the garb of respectability.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures whooping cough, 25c. bottle.

Johnson: "Round numbers" are always false.



MRS. A. M. HAGERMANN

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made from simple native roots and herbs. For more than thirty years it has been helping women to be strong, regulating the functions perfectly and overcoming pain. It has also proved itself invaluable in preparing for child-birth and the change of life.

Mrs. A. M. Hagermann, of Bay Shore, L. I., writes:—"Dear Mrs. Pinkham—'I suffered from a displacement, excessive and painful functions so that I had to lie down or sit still most of the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has made me a well woman so that I am able to attend to my duties. I wish every suffering woman would try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and see what relief it will give them.'"

Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation to Women. Women suffering from any form of female illness are invited to write Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for advice. She is the Mrs. Pinkham who has been advising sick women free of charge for more than twenty years, and before that she assisted her mother-in-law Lydia E. Pinkham in advising. Therefore she is especially well qualified to guide sick women back to health.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.00 & \$3.50 SHOES. BEST IN THE WORLD. SHOES FOR EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY, AT ALL PRICES.

\$25.00 Reward to any one who can prove W. L. Douglas shoes do not make a set (more Men's \$3 & \$3.50 shoes) than any other manufacturer.

THE REASON W. L. Douglas shoes are worn by more people in all walks of life than any other make, is because of their excellent style, easy-fitting, and superior wearing qualities. The selection of the leathers and other materials for each part of the shoe, and every detail of the making is looked after by the most complete organization of superintendents, foremen and skilled shoemakers, who receive the highest wages paid in the shoe industry, and whose workmanship cannot be excelled.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer and are of greater value than any other make.

W. L. Douglas stamps his name and price on the bottom to protect you against high priced and inferior shoes. Take No Substitute. Sold by the best shoe dealers everywhere. For Color Plates used exclusively, cutting mailing form, W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

This Is What Catches Me! 16oz.—One-Third More Starch.



No premiums, but one-third more starch than you get of other brands. Try it now, for hot or cold starching it has no equal and will not stick to the iron.

Gratis—Free of Charge—Without Cost

To all suffering either directly or indirectly through Intemperance in Drink we will send upon receipt of this ad a copy of our booklet, "Slak or Swim," free of charge. This booklet will tell you truthfully if Drunkenness really can be cured or not and if it can, how this can be accomplished. It is full of valuable information and is, as many say, worth its weight in gold. As our supply is limited the rule will be "first come, first served." Address all communications to E. Fortin, 95 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. All correspondence strictly confidential.

## SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coat ed Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE IVER PILLS. Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature. Pure Food REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

DAISY FLY KILLER. For getting rid of annoying flies. It kills every fly, mosquito, house fly, and other annoying insects. It is safe and clean and ornamental. Sold by all grocers or sent by mail. Write for particulars to W. H. HARRIS, 140 N. 7th Ave., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

PIT & PITLESS SCALES. For Steel and Wood Frames. 25c and up. Write us before you buy. We save you money. Also Scales for all kinds of work. HUCKMAN BROS., Des Moines, Ia.

INCREASE Your Business. Four ads. inserted only 1c. In every one of 100 different magazines, only 1c. Lists, particulars, etc. free. Queen City Advertising Co., 205 St. Paul Bldg., Cincinnati, Ohio.

If afflicted with eye trouble, use Thompson's Eye Water.

A. N. K.—A (1907—32) 2190.

## ALL WOMEN SUFFER

from the same physical disturbances, and the nature of their duties, in many cases, quickly drift them into the horrors of all kinds of female complaints, organic troubles, ulceration, falling and displacements, or perhaps irregularity or suppression causing backache, nervousness, irritability, and sleeplessness. Women everywhere should remember that the medicine that holds the record for the largest number of actual cures of female ills is

## Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

made from simple native roots and herbs. For more than thirty years it has been helping women to be strong, regulating the functions perfectly and overcoming pain. It has also proved itself invaluable in preparing for child-birth and the change of life.

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# A MORRIS CHAIR FREE!

You get a chance on this elegant Hand Carved Morris Chair with every pound of SWIFT'S BAKING POWDER. This powder is one of the best on the market, conforming absolutely to the Pure Food laws. In this deal only 180 cans will be sold so don't wait until too late. A ticket will be found in every can. Ask about it.

## Water Melons

A new lot of delicious Melons at way-down price, as cold as ice can make them

REMEMBER OUR DELIVERY WAGON RUNS ALL DAY EVERY DAY.

## DUVAL & KING, GENOA

### A NOISY ONE

Dick Eastman Arrested and Gets Eight and Costs

Dick Eastman, a former resident of Genoa, drifted into town last week and after working a short time heaving coal for Jackman & Son, found it necessary to wash down the dust with booze. He used too much of the elixir and on Friday evening became so noisy Officer Watson deemed it necessary to take him to the city bastille. Here the city fathers were holding a meeting which the prisoner would have busted up had he not been removed to the old "dog house" at the rear. The language he used there to everyone who came in sight would have caused the toughest character in the slums to blush with shame, and it was all at the top of his voice. He was assessed eight and costs the next morning by Magistrate Lord and being broke was again placed in durance vile.

HeWitt's Carbolized Witch Hazel Salve penetrates the pores and heals quickly. Sold by Hunt's Pharmacy.

### He Was "Buggy"

Deranged when a June bug flew into his ear, Edward L. Hagler, rural mail carrier, startled farmers along the main road leading into Alto Pass by shrieking and lashing his ponies into a wild run all the way to town. Early in his mad race, Hagler, frenzied by pain, threw away the reins, placed one hand at his throbbing head and with the other whipped the horses. Meanwhile the June bug bore deeper into Hagler's head. Pedestrians raced to points of safety as the maddened team dashed down the street. After several unsuccessful attempts the ponies were stopped by Jesse Dufrain as they passed his livery stable. A physician extracted the bug and Hagler recovered his reason in time to finish covering his route.

Pineules are for the Kidneys and Bladder. They bring quick relief to backache, rheumatism, lumbago, tired worn out feeling. They produce natural action of the kidneys. 30 days' treatment \$1.00. Money refunded if Pineules are not satisfactory. Sold by Geo. H. Hunt's drug store.

### She Is Human

When you are inclined to speak harshly to the telephone girl because she can't answer twenty calls at once and always gives you the first chance, just remember the following toast given her by an Illinois man. "Heres to the telephone girl. An employee who does the most favors that are unappreciated by those upon whom they are conferred: knows more about women than the officer of the clubs; more about the manner of children than the teacher does and who can tell where every gentleman or lady lives. She is seen in all lands and in all climes and speaks all tongues. God bless her."

Summer coughs and colds yield at once to Bee's Laxative Cough Syrup, containing honey and tar but no opiates. Children like it. Its laxative qualities recommend it to mothers. Hoarseness, coughs, croup yield quickly. Keep it on hand. Sold by G. H. Hunt's drug store.

### A Surprise

Miss Esther Smith was surprised at her home in the country on Tuesday evening by a party of friends from Genoa. All enjoyed the event to the limit there being something doing all the time. Refreshments were served. The following were present: Misses Edna Proctor, Zada Corson, Ethel Pond, Guyla Corson, Katherine Smith, Anna Kiernan, Marjorie Rowen; Messrs. Fred Browne, Carl Harvey, Floyd Stevens, Lawrence Kiernan, Will Proctor, Abiram Crawford, Vernie Crawford.

Dades Little Liver Pills keep the system clean, the stomach sweet. Pprompt relief for headache and biliousness. Good for all the family. Sold by Geo. H. Hunt's drug store.

Because his bride of four months talked with several young men, O. A. Bridgeman, a telegraph operator for the Burlington at Waterman, took a dose of poison in his wife's presence Saturday night and would have died but for the heroic work on the part of Dr. Murphy, a Waterman physician. Bridgeman is out of danger and has resumed his work.

At this season we should eat sparingly and properly. We should also help the stomach as much as possible by the use of a little Kodol occasionally. Kodol for Indigestion and Dyspepsia will rest the stomach by actually digesting the food itself. Sold by Hunt's Pharmacy.

At Rutland, Vt., an auto dashed into a train and killed a couple who were to have been married next week. That was a narrow escape.

### Administrator's Notice

Estate of Carrie Nutt Deceased. The undersigned, having been appointed Administrator of the Estate of Carrie Nutt, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the County Court of DeKalb County, at the Court House in Sycamore at the October Term, on the first Monday in October next, at which time all persons having claims against said Estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned. Dated this 5th day of August, A. D. 1907.

48-41 RICHARD McCORMICK, Administrator

Clarence Hendricks, alias John Kelley, a boy from the state reformatory, was taken to jail last Saturday for stealing a team of two horses from Charles Anderson, a farmer of Afton township, for whom the boy was working, having been engaged from the reformatory. A few days after the theft the boy was captured in Chicago.

Man Zan Pile Remedy comes put up in a collapsible tube with nozzle. Easy to apply right where the soreness and inflammation exists. It relieves at once blind, bleeding, itching or protruding piles. Guaranteed. Sold by Geo. H. Hunt's drug store.

Sep 1

Father Anthony Kuhn, pastor of St. Mary's Roman Catholic church, Kansas City, Kan., will bar from his church women who try to attend services in short sleeved dresses. Father Kuhn says short sleeves in women's dresses are useful on wash days and in the kitchen, but are neither tasteful nor sightly in a church costume.

### How's This

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him. Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WALKING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Hand in hand with the increased prices imposed on meat and fruit is the prediction that the price of milk will be boosted sometime in September. Milk in Chicago is slated to sell for eight and nine cents per quart.

### Farm for Sale or Rent

I offer for sale or rent my farm of 160 acres, located on Derby line, 3 miles from Genoa and one mile from Charter Grove. Good buildings, fences, well and cistern water. All land under plow. Inquire of M. Heine, one mile south of Genoa. Will sell on time if desired.

45-1f



TRUNKS  
TELESCOPES  
SUIT CASES  
BAGS

A Large Display of Honest Goods

PRICES ARE RIGHT

Come and look over our line. The biggest stock ever seen in Genoa.

Genoa Harness Shop

M. F. O'Brien, Prop.



TRY A SACK  
of  
**EXCELSIOR  
FLOUR**

It may have equals, but there is nothing better. Its use means good bread absolutely.

**GROCERIES**

We have them, staple and fancy. All the fruits and vegetables in season.

**T. M. FRAZIER**

C. F. HALL CO.  
CASH DEPARTMENT STORE  
DUNDEE, ILLINOIS

### Special August Sales

Test our ability as bargain givers by seeing the extraordinary values we are now offering.

Ladies' complete suit 75c. Some of the greatest values we have ever offered:

Over 200 ladies' summer suits in lawns, dimities and fancy cotton goods; waists and skirts beautifully lace and embroidery trimmed. All these handsome suits in white or colors, worth up to \$2.50 now on sale at 75c. Lot 2. 100 high grade fancy lawn suits \$3.00 to \$5.00 makes in elegant styles, white or colors. Choice \$1.49.

### Boys' School Suits

\$5.00 suits—heavy wool materials of best makes, 2 pairs of pants with each coat. Our price on entire suit \$3.98. Traveling Men's samples, over 180 styles in boys' 2 piece suits, good material, dark serviceable colors. Sale price \$1.69 \$1.98 \$2.69

### Sale of Dress Skirts

Over 300 skirts to close out at from 1/3 to 1/2 regular prices. Lot 1. Over 100 ladies and misses' skirts in black, gray, blue, etc., worth up to \$2.50. Choice now \$1.49. Lot 2. Ladies' fine quality dress skirts, stylish makes, in light colors. Sale price \$1.98

### Bargains of the Week

Ladies' umbrella knit drawers 10c. Boys' over shirts, light colored percale 10c. Ladies' embroidered front shirtwaists, clearance sale at 49c, 2 for 75c. Girls' all wool jackets, early fall styles. Choice 98c. Men's 2 piece summer suits, all wool goods, stylish, new and up-to-date \$4.95 \$7.95

Fancy vests free with every suit.

75c sale. Choice of over 200 elegant lawn waists.

Ladies' black or tan hose 5c. Ladies' ribbed top black hose 10c.

Best thread 5c. Men's heavy calf work shoes, solid goods \$1.98 \$2.10

Early Fall suits for ladies now on sale.

The fact that our business is growing larger every year is the best proof we can give of the fact that we do just what we claim and that people find it pays to trade with C. F. Hall Co.

Trade \$10.00 and show round trip ticket and we refund your car fare.

Dinner Tickets, Horse Tickets or Introduction Tickets given if you drive.

## NEW PERFUMES

Societ'e Le Grande, regular price \$1.50 per oz., introductory price **\$1.00**

Jouvan Lilly, per oz. 50c

Thorn Apple Blossom, per oz. 50c

Ocean Spray, per oz. 50c

The above are all new and dainty odors that will appeal to lovers of delicate, refined perfume.

We have some generous samples of Societ'e Le Grande for grown up ladies. Ask for one.

We have many other odors that we also carry.

## HUNT'S PHARMACY

Genoa, Ill.

Phone No. 83



THE  
**ELGIN ACADEMY**  
OF NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY

OPENS FOR ITS

**52nd YEAR**  
Tuesday, Sep. 3, 1907

UNDENOMINATIONAL BY CHARTER, CHRISTIAN, CO-EDUCATIONAL  
THE ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT offers instruction in Mathematics, Science, History, English, German, Latin, Greek, Elocution, Physical Culture and Mechanical Drawing.

THE BUSINESS COLLEGE DEPARTMENT—Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Business Arithmetic, Commercial Law, Shorthand and Typewriting, Filing, Manifolding, Civil Service Subjects, etc. New and Most Modern Equipment just added. Superior Instruction.

THE PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT—Thorough instruction in the Common Branches. Opportunity for Review.

PREPARATION for the Best Colleges, Business and Life. A LIVE SCHOOL WITH LIVE IDEALS. Athletics—All Instructors Specialists. Terms reasonable. Write for free catalogue and circulars to

**GEORGE N. SLEIGHT,**

Principal and Dean, ELGIN, ILL.

## SUMMER TOURS COLORADO---UTAH---CALIFORNIA

Low rates daily to Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, Salt Lake City, Ogden, San Francisco, Los Angeles and many other points in the West. Tickets good to return until October 31. Liberal stop-overs and opportunities for side trips. Choice of routes via Omaha or Kansas City, via the

## CHICAGO MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY

The Overland Limited, with standard sleepers to California, from Union Station, Chicago, at 6:05 p. m. Another train, with standard and tourist sleepers, at 10:10 p. m. The Colorado Special at 9:15 a. m. \$7 for double berth in tourist sleeper from Chicago to the Pacific Coast. Descriptive booklets and complete information about rates, routes and train service free on request.

F. A. MILLER  
General Passenger Agent  
CHICAGO

# SPECIAL CLEARING SALE

## LADIES' OXFORDS

# CUT PRICES

on Many Summer Lines to Reduce Stock.

Our Design is to make August a

## Month of Bargains!

in Suits, Coats, Dress Goods, Summer Wash Goods, Waists, Etc.



All broken lots, odd sizes, etc. of Oxfords, many splendid values, on sale for \$1.25 per pair.

Colored Grey Oxfords, neat, nobby Styles, at \$1.50 and \$1.25

### Ladies' Queen Quality Oxfords

25 pairs, new spring styles in patent and kid

Regular \$2.50 Sellers, on sale for \$1.75

#### Suits and Jackets

Only a few left and these we are closing out at Great REDUCTION. Buy your Suit or Jacket now. They are lined and can be worn late this fall.

#### Summer Wash Goods

Beautiful Organdies and Mulls, regular 25 and 35c values, now... 18c

Figured Lawns, Batiste, figured and dotted Mulls, regular 18 and 20c values, now per yd... 12c

Lawns with Floral designs, fast colors, per yd... 8c

Other Figured Lawns, per yd... 5c

#### Ginghams

A few pieces are being closed out at per yd... 8c

#### Collars

Fancy Stock Collars, 35 and 50c values, are closed out for... 19c

#### Dress Goods

Novelty Wool Suitings, Checks and Plaids in Greys and tans, goods that formerly sold for 50 and 60c yd we are now closing out at... 39c

REMNANTS: A large assortment of Wool Dress Goods, Waistings, & Suiting Remnants

#### White Waists

Made of good grade India Linon, Persian Lawn and Mercerized Mulls. A great variety of styles, some with pretty embroidered fronts, others neatly trimmed with lace and insertion.

\$1.00 Waists on sale for... 75c

\$1.25 and \$1.35 waists for... 98c

\$1.40 and \$1.50 waists at \$1.00, \$1.15

\$1.75 and \$2.00 waists at \$1.35, \$1.50

\$2.25 and \$3.00 waists at \$1.75, \$2.15

Peter Pan Waists, \$1.25 values, for 75c

WHITE LAWN SUITS, beautifully trimmed with lace, \$4, \$3, \$2.00

### DOINGS OF THE WEEK

THE assistance of all subscribers is invited and solicited in making this department interesting. Any item of news left at the office, in the box at the east corner of the Exchange Bank building or given the editor on the street will be greatly appreciated. If you have visitors or have been away yourself or if you know anything good about your neighbors tell us about it.

Indiana Block coal for threshing. Jackman & Son.

Miss Gertie Kirk is spending the week at Lily Lake.

Jas. Hammond transacted business in Elgin Tuesday.

Lencil Foote of Chicago spent Sunday with home folks.

John Fair of Belvidere called on Genoa friends Tuesday.

J. G. Kirk is spending the week at his farm near Burlington.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Johnson were Chicago visitors last week.

A. E. Proctor and son of New Orleans are visiting relatives here.

H. S. Nutt who has been ill for some weeks is very low at this time.

Miss Mary Ryan of Chicago is visiting her parents here this week.

Mrs. C. Molthan of Sollitt, Ill., is visiting her son, Rev. J. Molthan.

Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Durham of Roseland, La., are visiting relatives here.

Louis W. and Geo. M. Kanies of Woodstock were over Sunday in their auto.

Mr. and Mrs. J. May and daughter, Irene, visited in Sycamore Sunday.

Chas. Sager attended the Cub-Giant games in Chicago last Thursday and Friday.

Mrs. A. U. Schneider of Chicago has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Sarah Holroyd.

F. S. Hall, wife and sister, of Chicago were visiting at the home of A. B. Shattuck last week.

Mrs. F. Marquart and daughter, Gretchen, and Miss Belle Cliffe visited in Chicago this week.

Albert Ream, a medical student of Chicago, was here last week the guest of his brother, Henry.

Several from here attended the band concert given by the Genoa band at Kingston Saturday night.

Mrs. A. G. Perry of Bensonville visited at the home of her mother, Mrs. A. Portner, a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Anderson were Sunday visitors with L. D. Evans and family at Charter Grove.

Hard coal for August delivery \$8.50 per ton. No deliveries at this price after Sept. 1. Jackman & Son.

A select line of silverware and jewelry at G. W. Burzell's. Watch repairing a specialty. Satisfaction guaranteed.

F. A. Holly, the Republican-Journal foreman, is spending a two weeks' vacation at his home in McHenry.

Miss Cora Watson returned from a visit at DeKalb last Friday, accompanied by her cousin, Miss Vester Scott.

L. May and wife of Lamont, Iowa, are visiting relatives in this vicinity. Mr. May is a brother of Mrs. Lance Dibble of Kingston.

Why don't you deposit your money in the Farmers' State Bank and get interest for six months at the rate of 3 per cent per annum? Try it.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Dorsey and daughter, Helen, were guests last week at the home of Ave May. Mr. Dorsey is a cousin of Mrs. May.

The original calico Jim as Uncle Tom and Miss Anna Harmount, the world's famed and original Topsy at the tent next Tuesday evening.

Coming, under canvas, Harmount's big Uncle Tom's Cabin Co., Tuesday evening, Aug. 13. Band concert in the evening. Prices 15 and 25 cents.

For sale—Two houses on Genoa street, one on East Main street and vacant lot in Oak Park addition on Main street. Houses all new and modern. Will be sold cheap for cash or on easy payments. JAS. J. HAMMOND.

Jas R. Kiernan and Thos. Casey were in Hampshire Tuesday.

Buy dress goods now at F. W. Olmsted's. Note the prices in the ad.

Remarkable bargains in white waists at F. W. Olmsted's. Read the ad.

For sale—Sows with pigs and several shoats. Inquire of J. E. Stott.

Orient Williams of Chicago has been visiting the Corsons this week.

Mrs. Glen Buck returned on Tuesday from a visit at Sherburn, Minn.

Mrs. W. O. Holtgren of Hampshire visited here Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Ella Morris of Marengo was a guest of Miss Flora Buck last week.

Mrs. T. N. Austin and children and S. D. Mann were Elgin visitors Wednesday.

Dr. and Mrs. J. H. Danforth left on Tuesday for a visit at Omaha, Nebr.

Mrs. Will Lawyer and daughter, Bessie, of Janesville, are visiting Genoa relatives.

Mrs. Rachael Dean of Elgin is visiting her brother and wife, Mr. and Mrs. L. Robinson.

Don't fail to note the bargains in dress goods and oxfords in F. W. Olmsted's ad.

Miss Gertrude Spoor of Byron was a guest of Miss Mae Burroughs last week.

Dr. and Mrs. J. H. Danforth entertained a number of friends at cards Monday evening.

Marion Bagley returned Friday night from DeKalb where she had been visiting relatives.

Let us talk furnace with you now. Do not delay. Perhaps the old one needs repairing.

I. Q. Burroughs and grand daughter, Emily Burroughs, visited in Chicago this week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Edwin Dempsey of Chicago spent Sunday with the former's brother, J. T. and family.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Prentice and son of DeKalb visited at the home of Thos. Bagley, Sunday.

Evan Nepean of Sycamore is visiting at the home of his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. O. W. Cronk.

Miss Zoe Stott who has been spending the past year with her sister at Omaha, returned Wednesday.

E. A. Proctor and family go to Rockford today and on Saturday will leave for their home in New Orleans.

The Genoa White Sox defeated the M. D. Wells team of DeKalb

last Saturday to the tune of 10 to 2. The home team put up a cracker jack game. Evans was a power in the box and had good support thruout.

Mrs. H. R. Patterson and daughter, Linda, visited at the home of Mrs. Estella Brown in Elgin Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Scott Shattuck and son Haskal of Hampshire spent Sunday with his brother, A. B. Shattuck.

By the way do not forget the White Lily line of washing machines. None better. Perkins & Rosenfeld.

Miss Maud Cronk returned home Sunday after a two weeks' visit with her sister, Mrs. Chas. Neapean, of Sycamore.

Miss Belle Stevens of Kingston visited the first of the week at the home of her friends, Miss Maud and Nellie Cronk.

Mrs. H. R. Leeds and son of Kansas and Mrs. M. A. Reynolds and children of Rockford visited over Sunday with their brother, O. W. Cronk and family.

Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Swan entertained the latter's mother, Mrs. W. H. Burke, Misses Ella Owens, Zora Fairchild and Mrs. Margaret Shaw of Elgin the first of the week.

The New Lebanon Standards defeated the Night Hawks of Plato Center at the former place last Sunday, the score being 17 to 4. Next Sunday they play the Genoa Cubs of New Lebanon.

Men wanted for conductors and motormen. A few intelligent, industrious men wanted on road operating city and interurban lines. Address "R" care of the Republican-Journal. 2t

It spreads, it wears, it looks well, it gives entire satisfaction and costs no more than poor paints. So much for B. P. S. paint sold only by Perkins & Rosenfeld.

Public auction, on the J. R. Kiernan machine barn premises, August 14 at ten o'clock a. m., of threshing outfits, wagons, etc. and at one o'clock of the same day the iron clad hay barn, brick boiler and engine room, near the C. M. & St. P. depot, and all the machinery therein used to run the mill and hay press, will be sold by S. Abraham, Auctioneer.

Old, mellow and thoroughly matured—it possesses every essential of a genuinely fine, Kentucky liquor—that's why I. W. Harper whiskey is the most popular. Sold by C. A. Goding.

For sale—5 residences in Genoa, 160 acres raw land in McPherson county, S. D. and 410 acre improved farm in Brown county, S. D. W. H. Sager, Genoa, Ill. 41-tf

The funeral of Prof E. A. Gastman, one of the oldest educators in the state, was held at Decatur on Monday. He was connected with the Decatur schools for forty years.

## THE McVICKER AUTOMATIC GASOLINE ENGINES

There are only two kinds of 4-cycle gas engines made. One is the McVicker automatic, and the other is all the others.

There are one-third less parts to the McVicker than in any other make. The McVicker inventions are all fully covered by patents or all others would build on the same simple plan.

One-third less parts means one-third less wear and one-third less trouble. We guarantee to operate this engine on 25 to 40 percent less gasoline than any other engine. Do you realize what this means?

### The McVicker Stands Alone

as the best in gasoline engine construction. Call and see testimonials and see the engine work at our ware house.

E. H. Cohoon & Co.

County Tel. No. 16

Long Distance No. 3

## Save your Tickets!

# F. W. OLMSTED, Genoa, Ill.

FRANCE AND SPAIN ACTING IN CONCERT

PROMPT MEASURES ARE TAKEN TO MEET THE SITUATION IN MOROCCO.

Former Sending Troops—Several Warships on the Way—Report That State Bank at Tangier Has Been Pillaged.

Paris, Aug. 3.—The French and Spanish governments are acting in concert and with great promptness to meet the situation that has arisen in Morocco.

France has proposed to Spain the immediate landing of French and Spanish troops at Casablanca, and in anticipation of a favorable reply has prepared three transports at Oulou to convey 2,500 men and 300 horses to Morocco.

Limited by Convention. An official communication issued Friday says that the action of the powers in Morocco is limited to that granted them under the Algeiras convention.

Up to midnight no telegram has been received from Tangier reporting the arrival there of fresh news from Casablanca.

A dispatch received here from Oran, Algeria, reports that the State bank at Tangier has been pillaged and that a British consular employe has been captured between Tangier and Elksare.

Spain Sends Second Cruiser. Madrid, Aug. 3.—The government announces that in addition to the cruiser Infanta Isabel, which already has arrived at Tangier, the cruiser Don Alvaro de Bazan, now at Las Palmas, has been ordered to the Moroccan coast.

Germans Not Pleased. Berlin, Aug. 3.—The French charge d'affaires here visited the foreign office Friday and informed Foreign Secretary Tschirsky of the situation at Casablanca and the intention of the French government to send warships to Morocco.

Die Post, which often reflects the views of the government, discusses the Moroccan situation at length, concluding its article with the statement that Germany will interpose no unnecessary hindrance to France if it is evident that comprehensive measures are required to restore order.

New York's East side figures in the minds of many persons, not only inside, but outside of that metropolis, as a region of slums, inhabited by overworked and underpaid toilers in sweat shops and an otherwise oppressed and half-starved population.

OIL TRUST METHODS SCORED.

Prices Raised and Great Profits Acquired by Unfair Means.

Washington, Aug. 5.—Significant revelations were made public Sunday in a report submitted to President Roosevelt by Herbert Knox Smith, commissioner of corporations, concerning the operations of the Standard Oil company.

Commissioner Smith says: "The Standard Oil company is responsible for the course of prices of petroleum and its products during the last 25 years. The Standard has consistently used its power to raise the price of oil during the last ten years, not only absolutely, but also relatively to the cost of crude oil."

The increase in annual profits of the Standard from 1896 to 1904 was over \$27,000,000. The report says: "The total dividends paid by the Standard from 1882 to 1906 were \$551,922,904, averaging thus 24.15 per cent. per year. The dividends, however, were much less than the total earnings. It is substantially certain that the entire net earnings of the Standard from 1882 to 1906 were at least \$790,000,000, and possibly much more."

"These enormous profits have been based on an investment worth at the time of its original acquisition not more than \$75,000,000."

In his letter to President Roosevelt, transmitting the report, Commissioner Smith says:

"The following facts are proven: The Standard has not reduced margins during the period in which it has been responsible for the prices of oil. During the last eight years covered by this report (1898 to 1905) it has raised both prices and margins. Its domination has not been acquired or maintained by its superior efficiency, but rather by unfair competition and by methods economically and morally unjustifiable."

Turkish Troops Invade Persia. Teheran, Persia, Aug. 6.—The incursions of Turkish troops across the northwest frontier of Persia, which for some time had been in abeyance, have again broken out. A serious raid has occurred near Urumiah, 6,000 Turkish troops, with artillery, having crossed the frontier and destroyed the village of Mavaneh. Seventy-eight villagers, of whom 60 were women and children, mostly Christians, were killed.

Summer resorts find that the abolition of railway passes has hurt the hotel business. After the average man gets through interviewing the ticket seller he hasn't much left for the landlord.

MISCHIEVOUS PUBLIC'S CORRECTION.



John D. Preaching Changed According to John D. Practice.

\$29,240,000 IS FINE OF OIL TRUST

RECORD PENALTY IMPOSED BY JUDGE LANDIS ON STANDARD FOR REBATING.

New Grand Jury Probe Ordered Into Charges of Conspiracy with Alton—Officials of Both Companies May Be Jailed If Convicted.

Chicago, Aug. 5.—The Standard Oil company Saturday received the most terrific blow in its history, and simultaneously was served with notice that more serious trouble was in store for it.

Judge Kenesaw M. Landis, in the United States district court, fined the company \$29,240,000, the extreme limit of the penalty fixed for the acceptance of illegal rebates under the conviction of last April. This fine is by far the largest ever assessed in any case in the history of jurisprudence. It was accompanied by a scathing criticism of the oil trust's methods.

Then the judge instantly called for a special grand jury for August 14 to follow up the same violations of law from the standpoint of conspiracy between the Standard Oil and Alton companies.

Men in Danger of Indictments. The men who may be deemed to be in danger of such indictment are: Standard Oil Officials: J. A. Moffett, president of the Standard Oil company of Indiana. W. P. Cowan, vice president of the Standard Oil company of Indiana. H. E. Felton, president Union Tank Line company and traffic manager for the Standard Oil company of New Jersey. E. Bogardus, traffic manager for the Standard Oil company of Indiana. Chicago & Alton Officials: S. M. Felton, president Chicago & Alton Railroad company. Joseph W. Blabon, traffic manager for Chicago & Alton. Charles A. King, general freight agent for the Chicago & Alton. Charles H. Davis, former auditor for the Chicago & Alton.

JUDGE KENESAW M. LANDIS.

(Federal Jurist Who Imposed Big Fine on Standard Oil.)

Between the Standard Oil, the Alton road and the head officials of both. This charge, if proved, may land some of the railroad and oil officers in jail. Will Contest the Decision. The trust's lawyers served notice that the infliction of the fine will be contested to the court of last resort. This means two steps: An appeal to the circuit court of appeals and thence to the federal supreme court.

The judge gave the defendants 60 days in which to file a bill of exceptions. This was after three formal and quite "hopeless" motions had been made by Attorney Merritt Starr, representing the defense as senior counsel, during the absence of John S. Miller, who is in Europe. Call It an Injustice. The character of the appeal to the higher courts was indicated by a later statement by an official of the corporation in New York, who said "the amount of the fines evidenced the injustice against the company."

"The amount of Judge Landis' fines," said this official authoritatively for the company, "is 50 times the value of the oil carried under the indictment. Total value of the oil was \$650,000. For each car of oil, valued at about \$450, we have been fined \$20,000. An appeal will be taken to the United States circuit court of appeals and carried to the court of last resort, but whether it will be entered at once or whether the full time allowed by law will be taken will be determined by our counsel."

The case upon which the judge assessed the huge fine was brought upon indictments containing 1,462 counts, charging the acceptance of rebates amounting to \$223,000 from the Chicago & Alton railroad on shipments of 6,000 cars of oil from Whiting, Ind., to East St. Louis. The law gave the court the power to impose the maximum fine of \$20,000 on each count. The minimum fine provided is \$1,000. Jail Also May Be in Sight.

The surprising finale of the day came when the judge issued his call for a special grand jury and directed District Attorney Sims to proceed at once against the Alton railroad and to direct an investigation of the individuals—Standard Oil and Alton officials—who were parties to the scheme by which the Standard Oil company of Indiana secured the transportation of its products at less than one-third the legal rate.

The charge to be made against these men is conspiracy to violate a federal law, known as section 5440 of the revised statutes of the United States. The punishment for conviction of this offense is a fine of \$10,000, or sentence of two years in the penitentiary, or both.

Indictments have been returned in Chicago against A. Booth & Co., the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad company (Nickel Plate) and the Lehigh Valley Railroad company, charging them with violating provision one of the Elkins law prohibiting rebates.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Dr. L. S. Taylor of Elgin, Ill., one of the city's leading physicians, died of blood poisoning.

Attorney E. F. Richardson, of Denver, disgusted with Clarence Darrow's methods, has quit the Idaho cases.

The People's State bank of Browns-town, Ind., was closed by the state authorities, being found hopelessly insolvent.

One hundred disaffected members of the Belfast police force were exiled to remote and isolated parts of Ireland.

The government officials at Los Angeles say they have unearthed land frauds in California which equal those in Oregon.

Richard Herney, former harbor-master of Racine, Wis., and a well-known lake captain, died in that city, aged 65 years.

Pennsylvania constabulary raided the Italian quarters at Marion Heights and arrested 42 alleged members of a "black hand" society.

A new combination of the manufacturers of laundry machinery has been formed, being the first to come into existence in months.

Thomas Myler, who said he was the first man to hoist the stars and stripes over Santiago, Cuba, was drowned near Arklow, Ireland.

The Union Pacific railroad has ordered the construction immediately of 100 gasoline motor cars for use on branch lines of the company.

The great potato crop of Aroostook county, Maine, estimated this season at 15,000,000 bushels, is seriously menaced by the continual wet weather.

O. A. Bryant, aged 60 years, vice president of the Kaiser Lumber company at Chippewa Falls, Wis., dropped dead on the street. Death was due to apoplexy.

Dr. George Young Salmon, a noted pioneer Missourian and former banker, died at his home in Clinton, Mo., as the result of a stroke of paralysis, aged 80 years.

Alonzo Greene Smith, former lieutenant governor and attorney general of Indiana and one of the best-known Democrats in the state, died in Indianapolis of heart trouble.

During a recurrence of insanity which has caused her to be thrice confined in an insane asylum, Mrs. Christine Nenadal of Baltimore, Md., strangled her two children.

Harry Charles, 23 years old, a resident of Oskaloosa, Ia., was arrested upon a charge of altering or forging round trip tickets upon which ink is used in designating the destination point.

Three brothers named Garrett, and the four-year-old son of one of them, were drowned off Jamestown pier, near the exposition grounds, when the gasoline launch Greyhound was run down by a barge.

Two hundred ships of war, constituting Great Britain's home fleet, paraded before King Edward and Queen Alexandra on the Solent and formed a magnificent pageant for the opening of the annual Cowes regatta week.

Indictments have been returned in Chicago against A. Booth & Co., the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad company (Nickel Plate) and the Lehigh Valley Railroad company, charging them with violating provision one of the Elkins law prohibiting rebates.

THREE WOMEN ARE KILLED.

Trolley Car and Automobile Collide at Jackson, Mich.

Jackson, Mich., Aug. 3.—Three women were killed and two other persons were injured when a suburban trolley car struck an automobile here Friday night. The dead and injured all belong in this city.

The dead are Mrs. Levi Palmer, Miss Bernice Oliver and Mrs. Pulver. Mr. and Mrs. Oliver were injured.

Hiteman, Ia., Has Bad Fire.

Albia, Ia., Aug. 6.—The plant of the Hiteman Supply company, at Hiteman, Ia., and seven other business buildings were burned Monday. The total loss is \$50,000.

THE MARKETS.

Table with market prices for various goods like LIVE STOCK, WHEAT, CORN, BUTTER, EGGS, etc.

MILWAUKEE.

Table with market prices for GRAIN, WHEAT, CORN, OATS, RYE, etc.

KANSAS CITY.

Table with market prices for WHEAT, BUTTER, EGGS, etc.

ST. LOUIS.

Table with market prices for CATTLE, HOGS, SHEEP, etc.

Professional Cards

C. H. MORDOFF M. D. Office and residence, south side of Main street. Office hours: 1 to 3 p. m., 6:30 to 8 p. m.

A. M. HILL, M. D. Office over Witt and Shork's jewelry store. Hours: 6:30 to 8 p. m., 12:30 to 2 p. m. Residence on East Main street. Calls promptly attended to day or night.

DR. T. N. AUSTIN Physician and Surgeon. Office over J. Lemble's store. Office hours: 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 2:30 p. m. and 6:30 to 8 p. m. X-ray laboratory in connection.

DR. E. A. ROBINSON Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence, corner Main and First Sts. Hours: 10:00 to 12:00 a. m. and 1:00 to 3:00 p. m. Calls promptly attended.

C. A. PATTERSON DENTIST. Office over Exchange Bank. Office hours: 8:30 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m.

G. W. MARKLEY, M. D. KINGSTON, ILL. OFFICE HOURS: 12 to 3 p. m., 6:30 to 8:30 p. m. Calls promptly attended to night and day.

Genoa Lodge No. 288 A. F. & A. M. Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month. Geo. J. Patterson, W. M. W. M. Adams, Sec.

Genoa Lodge No. 163 M. W. A. Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month. Visiting neighbors welcome. I. H. Vandresser, Ven. Consul. E. H. Browne, Clerk.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS. Meets every Monday evening in I. O. O. F. hall. JAS. SPENCE, N. G. J. W. SOWERS, Sec.

LIVERY AND FEED STABLE

If you want a GENTLE HORSE and a CLEAN BUGGY call here, one block north of Main on Genoa street. Calls answered day or night.

R. GALLAGHER Phone 146

NEW LIVERY

Having taken possession of the old Kellogg & Adams stand, I have put in a complete new livery outfit, consisting of new harness, good buggies of all kinds and reliable, trusty horses which will be let at reasonable rates, with or without drivers. Try one of our turnouts. We can please you.

10 CENT FEED BARN

Your horse is your best friend. When you drive to Genoa put the horse up at our barn where it will be out of the cold and cared for. It only costs ten cents to drive in and hitch.

THE SYCAMORE BUS LINE

Bus leaves Genoa every week day at nine o'clock, returning leave Sycamore at 4 p. m. Leave orders at the stable.

L. ROBINSON PHONE 23

NEAT

Livery and Sale Stable. Having increased my stock with good, gentle horses,

CLEAN

new buggies and harness, I am prepared to furnish the public with

UP TO DATE RIGS

Busses and carriages for weddings, parties and funerals.

W. W. Cooper

Phone 68

Exchange Bank of Brown & Brown

Genoa, Illinois

Does a General Banking business. Sells Foreign and Domestic money orders. Buys mutilated and Foreign currency and coins. Allows interest on time deposits and savings accounts at the rate of 3 per cent per annum. Interest on savings accounts computed every six months. \$1.00 will open a savings account and get you a beautiful pocket Savings Bank. Call and see about it

RAILWAY TIME CARD

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RY.

Table with arrival and departure times for various stations like No. 36, No. 32, No. 9, No. 3, No. 35, No. 20.

S. R. Crawford, Agent.

# THE PLUM TREE

BY DAVID GRAY PHILLIPS

AUTHOR OF THE COST, THE DELUGE, ETC.

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## CHAPTER IV.—Continued.

Financially I was now on my way to the surface. I supposed that I had become a political personage also. Was I not in possession of the most powerful office in the county? I was astonished that neither Dominick nor any other member of his gang made the slightest effort to conciliate me between election day and the date of my taking office. I did succeed in forcing from reluctant grand juries indictments against a few of the most notorious, but least important, members of the gang; and I got one conviction—which was reversed on trial-error by the higher court.

The truth was that my power had no existence. Dominick still ruled, through the judges and the newspapers. The press was silent when it could not venture to deprecate or to condemn me.

But I fought on almost alone. I did not fail to make it clear to the people why I was not succeeding, and what a sweep there must be before Jackson county could have an real reform. I made an even more vigorous campaign for reelection than I had made four years before. The farmers stood by me fairly well, but the town went overwhelmingly against me. Why? Because I was "bad for business," and, if reelected, would be still worse. The corporations with whose law-breaking I interfered were threatening to remove their plants from Pulaski—that would have meant the departure of thousands of the merchants' best customers and the destruction of the town's prosperity. I think the election was fairly honest. Dominick's man beat me by about the same majority, by which I had been elected.

"Bad for business!"—the most potent of political slogans. And it will inevitably result some day in the concentration of absolute power political and all other kinds, in the hands of the few who are strongest and cleverest. For they can make the people bitterly regret and speedily repent having tried to correct abuses; and the people, to save their dollars, will sacrifice their liberty. I doubt if they will, in our time at least, learn to see far enough to realize that they who capture their liberty capture them, and, therefore, their dollars, too.

By my defeat in that typical contest I was disheartened, embittered—and ruined. For, in my enthusiasm and confidence I had gone deeply into debt for the expenses of the reform campaign. At midnight of the election day I descended into the black cave of despair. For three weeks I explored it. When I returned to the surface, I was a man ready to deal with men on the terms of human nature. I had learned my lesson.

For woman the cost of attainment of womanhood's maturity is the beautiful, the divine freshness of girlhood. For man, the cost of the attainment of manhood's full strength and power is equally great, and equally sad—his divine faith in human nature, his divine belief that abstract justice and right and truth rule the world.

Even now, when life is redeeming some of those large promises to pay which I had long ago given up as hopeless bad debts; even now, it gives me a wrench to remember the cruellest chapter in that bitter lesson. So certain had I been of reelection that I had arranged to go to Boston the day after my triumph at the polls. For I knew from friends of the Crosbys in Pulaski that Elizabeth was still unmarried, was not engaged, and upon that I had built high a romantic hope.

I made up my mind that mother and I must leave Pulaski, that I must give up the law and must, in Chicago or Cleveland, get something to do that would bring in a living at once. Before I found courage to tell her that which would blast hopes wrapped round and rooled in her very heart, and, fortunately, before I had to confess to her the debts I had made, Edward Ramsay threw me a life-line.

He came bustling into my office one afternoon, big and broad, and obviously pleased with himself, and, therefore, with the world. He had hardly changed in years since we were at Ann Arbor together. He had kept up our friendship, and had insisted on visiting me several times, though not in the past four years, which had been as busy for him as for me. Latterly his letters urging me to visit him at their great country place, away at the other end of the state, had set me a hard task of inventing excuses.

"Well, well!" he exclaimed, shaking my hand violently in both his. "You wouldn't come to see me, so I've come to you."

I tried not to show the nervousness this announcement stirred. "I'm afraid you'd find our hospitality rather uncomfortable," was all I said. Mother and I had not spread much sail to our temporary gust of prosperity; and, when the storm began to gather, she straightway close-reefed.

"Thanks, but I can't stop with you this time," said he. "I'm making an inspection of the Power Trust's properties, and I've got mother and sister along. We're living in the private car the company gives me for the tour." He went on to tell how, since his father's death, he had been forced into responsibilities, and was, among many other things, a member of the Power trust's executive committee.

Soon came the inevitable question: "And how are you getting on?" "So, so," replied I; "not too well, just at the present. I was beaten, you know, and have to go back to my practice in January."

"Wish you lived in my part of the state," said he. "But the Ramsay company hasn't anything down here." He reflected a moment, then beamed. "I can get you the legal business of the Power trust if you want it," he said. "Their lawyer down here goes on the bench, you know—he was on the ticket that won. Roebuck want-



"I Couldn't Marry a Girl for Her Money."

ed a good, safe, first-class man on the bench in this circuit."

But he added nothing more about the Power trust vacancy at Pulaski. True, my first impulse was that I couldn't and wouldn't accept; also, I told myself it was absurd to imagine they would consider me. Still, I wished to hear, and his failure to return to the subject settled once more the cloud his coming had lifted somewhat.

Mother was not well enough to have the Ramsays at the house that evening, so I dined with them in the car. Mrs. Ramsay was the same simple, silent, ill-at-ease person I had first met at the Ann Arbor commencement—probably the same that she had been ever since her husband's wealth and her children's inflection with new-fangled ideas had forced her from the plain ways of her youth. I liked her, but I was not so well pleased with her daughter. Carlotta was nice brown hair, an indifferent skin, pettish lips, and restless eyes, a little too close together—a spoiled, willful young woman, taking to herself the deference that had been paid chiefly to her wealth. She treated me as if I were a candidate for her favor whom she was testing so that she might decide whether she would be graciously pleased to tolerate me.

Usually, superciliousness has not disturbed me. It is a cheap and harmless pleasure of cheap and harmless people. But just at that time my nerves were out of order, and Miss Ramsay's airs of patronage "got" on me. I proceeded politely to convey to her the impression that she did not attract me, that I did not think her worth while—this, not through artful design of interesting by piquing, but simply in the hope of rasing upon her as she was rasing upon me. When I saw that I was gaining my point, I ignored her. I tried to talk with Ed, then with his mother, but neither would interfere between me and Carlotta. I had to talk to her until she voluntarily lapsed into offended silence. Then Ed, to save the evening from disaster began discussing with me the fate of our class-mates. I saw that Carlotta was studying me curiously—even resentfully, I thought; and she was coldly polite when I said good night.

She and her mother called on my mother the next morning. "And what a nice girl Miss Ramsay is—so sensible, so intelligent, and so friendly!" said my mother, relating the incident of the visit in minute detail when I went home at noon.

"I didn't find her especially friendly," said I. Whereat I saw, or fancied I saw, a smile deep down in her eyes—and it set me to thinking.

In the afternoon Ed looked in at my office in the court house to say good-by. "But first, old man, I want to tell you I got that place for you. I thought I had better use the wire. Old Roebuck is delighted—telegraphed me to close the arrangements at once—congratulated me on being able to get you. I knew I'd be so. He has his eyes skinned for bright young men—all those big men have. Whenever a fellow, especially a bright young lawyer shows signs of ability, they scoop him in."

"I can't believe it," I said, dazed. "I've been fighting him four years—hard."

"That's it!" said he. "And don't you fret about it being a case of trying to heap coals of fire on your head. Roebuck don't use the fire shovel for that sort of thing. He's snapping you up because you've shown him what you can do. That's the way to get on nowadays, they tell me. Whenever the fellows on top find the chap especially one in public office, who makes it hot for them, they hire him. Good business all around."

Thus, so suddenly that it giddied me, I was translated from failure to success, from poverty to affluence, from the most harassing anxiety to ease and security. Two months before I should have rejected the Power trust's offer with scorn, and should

"Ambitious for her husband," replied my mother, "as a sensible woman should be. She appreciates that a woman's best chance for big dividends in marriage is by being the silent partner in her husband's career. She'll be very domestic when she has children. I saw it the instant I looked at her. She has the true maternal instinct. What a man who's going to amount to something needs isn't a woman to be taken care of, but a woman to take care of him."

She said no more—she had made her point; and when she had done that, she always stopped.

Within a month Ed Ramsay sent for me again, but this time it was business alone. I found him in a panic, like a man facing an avalanche and armed only with a shovel. Dan-kirk, the senior United States senator for our state, lived at Fredonia. He had seen that, by tunneling the Mesaba range, a profitable railroad between Fredonia and Chicago could be built that would shorten the time at least three hours. But it would take about half the carrying business of the Ramsay company, besides seriously depreciating the Ramsay interest in the existing road. "And," continued Ed, "the old scoundrel has got the capital practically subscribed in New York. The people here are hot for the new road. I'll be sure to carry at the special election, next month. He has the governor and legislature in his pocket, so they'll put through the charter next winter."

"I don't see that anything can be done," said Ed's lawyer, old Judge Barclay, who was at the consultation. "It means a big rake-off for Dunkirk. Politics is on a money basis nowadays. That's natural enough, since there is money to be made out of it. I don't see how those in politics that don't graft, as they call it, are any better than those that do. Would they get office if they didn't help on the jobs of the grafters? I suppose we might buy Dunkirk off."

"What do you think, Harvey?" asked Ed, looking anxiously at me. "We've got to fight the devil with fire, you know."

I shook my head. "Buying him off isn't fighting—it's surrender. We must fight him—with fire." I let them talk themselves out, and then said: "Well, I'll take it to bed with me. Perhaps something will occur to me that can be worked up into a scheme."

In fact, I had already thought of a scheme, but before suggesting it I wished to be sure it was as good as it seemed. Also, there was a fundamental moral obstacle—the road would be a public benefit; it ought to be built. That moral problem caused most of my wakefulness that night, simple though the solution was when it finally came. The first thing Ed said to me, as we faced each other alone at breakfast, showed me how well spent those hours were.

"About this business of the new road," said he. "If I were the only party at interest, I'd let Dunkirk go ahead, for it's undoubtedly a good thing from the public standpoint. But I've got to consider the interests of all those I'm trustee for—the other share holders in the Ramsay company and in our other concerns here."

"Yes," replied I, "but why do you say Dunkirk intends to build the road? Why do you take that for granted?" "He's all ready to do it, and it'd be a money-maker from the start."

"But," I went on, "you must assume that he has no intention of building, that he is only making an elaborate bluff. How do you know but that he wants to get this right of way and charter so that he can blackmail you and your concerns, not merely once, but year after year? You'd gladly pay him several hundred thousand a year not to use his charter and right of way, wouldn't you?"

"I never thought of that!" exclaimed Ed. "I believe you're right, Harvey, and you've taken a weight off my conscience. There's nothing like a good lawyer to make a man see straight. What an infernal hound old Dunkirk is!"

"And," I went on, "if he should build the road, what would he do with it? Why, the easiest and biggest source of profit would be to run big excursions every Saturday and Sunday, especially Sunday, into Fredonia. He'd fill the place every Sunday from May till November, with roistering roughs from the slums of Chicago. How'd the people like that?"

"He wouldn't dare," objected Ramsay, stupidly insisting on leaning backward in his determination to stand straight. "He's a religious hypocrite. He's afraid."

"As Deacon Dunkirk he wouldn't dare," I replied. "But as the Chicago & Fredonia Short Line he'd dare anything, and nobody would blame him personally. You know how that is."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

King's Signature. Trifling as the actual work of signing his name may seem, yet when the number of times King Edward affixes his signature to documents is considered the work assumes something of the nature of hard, or at least confining, labor. It is estimated that his royal name is signed to not fewer than 50,000 official documents yearly, and in addition to these there are several hundred signatures affixed to his private correspondence.

Going the Rounds. Borrowby—"Let's see—do I owe you anything?" Morrow—"Not a cent, my boy. Going round paying your little debts?" Borrowby—"No, I was going round seeing if I had overlooked anybody. Lend me five till Saturday, will you?"—Lippincott's.

## Illinois State News

Recent Happenings of Interest in the Various Cities and Towns.

### MAGILLS RELEASED ON BAIL.

Opinion Is General That Trial Will Go Over Until November.

Clinton.—Fred Magill has been released on \$5,000 bond, his mother, Mrs. Emily S. Magill, and uncle, Fred DeLand, being his sureties. Faye Graham Magill was released on bond in the same amount, her father, W. W. Graham; her uncle, Dr. S. A. Graham; William Ogley and Ed Deboise, signing for her. Margaret met them at the jail as they returned from trial. Nothing can be learned here about the letter said to be in possession of a Walter Holtman of Colorado Springs. Fay denies the existence of such a letter and asserts that she does not know Holtman. It is the general opinion here that the trial will not be held until November.

### W. C. T. U. PROSECUTES MAYOR.

Carlyle Executive Charged With Palpable Neglect of Duty.

Carlyle.—The members of the local W. C. T. U. have filed a complaint against Mayor Berger, charging him with palpable neglect of duty because he has failed to compel saloons to close on Sunday.

A woman outside of the organization has also filed suit for \$6,000 against all the saloonkeepers in the city, and also against the owners of the property, for selling liquor to her husband, contrary to written notice.

### BRYAN AMONG SPEAKERS.

Program in Preparation for Chautauqua at Mechanicsburg.

Mechanicsburg.—The eleventh annual central Illinois chautauqua will be held here August 15-25. The program includes some of the most prominent men of the present day. Among them are Hon. William J. Bryan, Gov. J. Frank Hanley, of Indiana; Senator Robert M. La Follette, of Wisconsin; Father Daley, Doctor Willett, Doctor Hughes, Hon. J. J. Brown, Congressman Owen Scott, Walt Holcomb and Arthur Peck.

### Asks Soldiers to Guard Roosevelt.

Cairo.—A meeting of citizens was held in Cairo to lay plans for the reception of President Roosevelt when he visits this city October 3. Mayor George Parsons, John S. Alsthorpe, president of the board of trade, and E. A. Smith, president of the Commercial club, were appointed a committee to have full charge. An effort will be made to have the Fourth regiment of the Illinois National guard and the Danville battery in Cairo on the above date.

### Hobson Speaks at Pana.

Pana.—Capt. Richard P. Hobson, the hero of the Merrimac, delivered his lecture, "America, the Mistress of the Seas," before a large audience at the fair grounds south of Pana. A banquet was held in Capt. Hobson's honor at the St. James hotel shortly after his arrival, which was tendered him by the Chautauqua association.

### Alleged Rioters Are Freed.

Girard.—The four Girard young men, Roland Hughes, Harry Young, John Ploughman and Charles Van Winkle, who were arrested on a charge of inciting a riot in the village because they expressed their antipathy to W. E. McClannahan, a negro horse trainer, have been discharged by Justice Barnett, of Carlville.

### Yates and Crawford Divide Honors.

Dixon.—Ex-Gov. Richard Yates and Capt. Jack Crawford divided honors at the Rock River Chautauqua assembly. The talk of ex-Gov. Yates was free from politics. He was introduced by A. C. Bardwell, who is the choice of the senatorial committee for senator to fill the unexpired term of the late Charles H. Hughes.

### Deneen to Address Veterans.

Sullivan.—The One Hundredth Illinois Volunteer infantry will hold its annual reunion here August 21 and 22. Among the speakers who will address the veterans during the two days are Gov. Charles S. Deneen, Col. A. C. Matthews, Pittsfield, commander Illinois G. A. R.; Hon. Owen Scott and others.

### Boy Dies of Rabies.

Danville.—George Davis, a 12-year-old boy of this city, died a most horrible death here as the result of having been bitten by a mad dog a month ago.

### Missing Man Found Demented.

Kewanee.—Henry Coates, of Galva, who mysteriously disappeared a week ago after finishing the first day's work in a new position here, was found in a demented condition wandering in the fields two miles west of Buda.

### Billik Must Hang.

Chicago.—Herman Billik, convicted of the murder of Mrs. Mary Vrzal and charged with causing the deaths of four other members of her family, must hang on October 11, unless the supreme court intervenes.

### COUNTY CLAIMS BACK TAXES.

Large Sum Said to Be Due from Estate of John Warner.

Clinton.—Vespasian Warner, executor of the estate of John Warner, has started an injunction suit against E. E. Campbell, county clerk of De Witt county to restrain him from collecting alleged back taxes from the estate. It is claimed property to the value of \$300,000 was not assessed in 1903; \$400,000 was missed in 1904 and in 1905 \$500,000 was skipped. The taxes on this adding the ten per cent. indemnity would make \$33,000 now due the county.

Judge Philbrick last year refused to issue a temporary injunction saying the matter should go before the circuit court and as the board of reviews has recommended that the taxes be collected the case is being argued before Judge Cochran in the circuit court.

### BOARD OF TRADE VICTORIOUS.

Chicago Body Wins Fight Against Elevator Combine.

Chicago.—The board of trade has gained a decisive victory in its campaign for adequate grain facilities against the so-called elevator "combine," when Judge Orrin N. Carter, of the supreme court upheld the injunction which the board secured to restrain public warehousemen from withdrawing from the public grain storage business, and thus leaving grain dealers without ample storage room.

By this decision the ruling made by Judge Honore a few weeks ago is reversed, and the injunction granted the board of trade will remain in force until the case can be reviewed by the supreme court next October.

### Points to Suicide Compact.

Kankakee.—Mary Chayer, a little girl picking blackberries near Gougar's grove, five miles east of Kankakee, found floating in the Kankakee river a bottle containing a note that gives evidence of a suicide compact at Plato in Iroquois county. The following note was found in the bottle, written on wrapping paper: "Mr. and Mrs. Frank Yorer committed suicide this sixteenth day of June, 1907, in the Iroquois river at Plato. Finder please notify Mrs. C. P. Enright at Gilman, Ill."

### Young Man Beheaded by Viaduct.

Joliet.—William Myers, a young man of McKeesport, Pa., who was stealing a ride on top of a coach of a passenger train, was struck by the viaduct under the Michigan Central tracks at New Lenox and beheaded. Two companions, with whom Myers boarded the car in the yards at Chicago escaped because they were lying flat on the car roof.

### Elope to Chicago to Marry.

Springfield.—Clyde Goodpasture, 20 years old, and Miss R. Irene Taintor, both of this city, eloped to Chicago and were married. The affair was a great surprise, Goodpasture not telling his parents where he was going and Miss Taintor asking her parents' permission to visit friends.

### Head of Blind School Appointed.

Jacksonville.—Gov. Deneen, after a conference with the trustees of the Illinois School for the Blind, appointed Dr. G. W. Jones superintendent, to succeed J. H. Freeman, resigned. Dr. Jones has been in charge of the Oregon School for the Blind.

### Will Build Farmers' Elevator.

New Berlin.—A farmers' grain company will be organized here with a capital of \$6,000. A committee composed of R. E. Maxwell, J. T. Burns, Irvin Dunlap, Timothy Leay and Will Foutch has been appointed to perfect the organization.

### Good Corn Near Athens.

Athens.—The corn crop here will be greater than usual; oats and wheat will average about 25 bushels per acre. All farm work has been delayed by rain.

### Heat Paralyzes Girard Man.

Girard.—J. C. Beeby, aged 76, an aged resident of this place, is paralyzed as a result of becoming overheated while at work in his garden.

### Lincoln's Friend Dying.

Oakford.—George Harmon, aged 88, a pioneer resident of this section, who split rails with Abraham Lincoln, is said to be dying.

### One Dollar Damages for Dog.

Pittsfield.—After a trial which attracted much attention, Lee Havener was given one dollar damages for a bound which was killed by a son of William Frazier. Frazier alleged that the dog was killing his sheep.

### Train Kills Two Women.

Staunton.—Mrs. John Belavitch and Mrs. Anna Schumonetz were killed by the Banner Blue Wabash train here. They were picking up coal and failed to notice the fast approaching train bearing down upon them.

## NOVEL SOLDIERS' REUNION

FIFTEENTH PENNSYLVANIA CAVALRY VETERANS TO MEET.

Will Be Guests of Gen. Palmer at Colorado Springs, He Paying All Expenses.

Colorado Springs, Col., Aug. 6.—From all parts of the United States more than 300 veterans of the Fifteenth Pennsylvania cavalry, Gen. W. M. J. Palmer's regiment in the civil war, will arrive in Colorado Springs on the evening of August 20 for the most novel reunion ever held in the United States, as the guests of Gen. Palmer.

A magnificent special train of Pullman sleepers and diners will bear the veterans to Colorado Springs, and from the time each man leaves his own door until he returns to it, his expenses will be borne by Gen. Palmer. Every station agent on the Pennsylvania railway system has received orders to issue tickets to Gen. Palmer's comrades on the presentation of a card supplied by the general, and the train will make its circuit from point to point in such a way as to pick up each traveler at the nearest station to his home. Those living too far away from the route of the special train to be picked up will be furnished transportation to come by whatever train best suits them. The reunion will last six days.

New York, Aug. 6.—In spite of the fact that the railroads of the far west have failed to make any material reduction in the fare to Saratoga for the Grand Army of the Republic encampment, applications for quarters continue to pour into the local headquarters from the veterans of the west, and a large delegation will attend the gathering in September. Applications from the posts of the eastern section of the country are also large, and hardly a day passes but 500 to 1,000 of the old soldiers are assigned quarters. For the accommodation of the veterans the city has assigned the public schools and other public buildings and a number of private individuals have turned over large buildings. Residents of Saratoga are making every effort to care for the needs of the encampment.

Saratoga, N. Y., Aug. 6.—It was announced at Grand Army headquarters Monday night that President Roosevelt would not attend the national encampment here. An invitation was sent to the president, who replied that he would be unable to accept it.

### TAKEN FROM "HOLY JUMPERS."

Iowa Girl Convert Is Ordered Returned to Her Home.

Waukesha, Wis., Aug. 3.—Olga Lundell, the 17-year-old St. City, Ia., girl, who has been a member of the "Holy Jumpers" sect at the Fountain house in this city for several months past, and whose mother came here to secure her release, was Friday evening, on the order of Court Commissioner Herlock, given in custody of the sheriff of Waukesha county, who was ordered to take the girl to her home, despite the fact that she testified on the stand that she desired to remain with the "Jumpers," that being "the Lord's wish."

The courtroom was crowded to suffocation and the order of the court was received with great shouts of approval by the citizens who heard the verdict.

### FORTY PASSENGERS DROWNED.

Railway Car in France Plunges Into the River Loire.

Angers, France, Aug. 5.—Forty passengers in a third class railroad car and the engineer of the train were drowned Sunday afternoon in a railroad accident three miles southeast of this town.

The locomotive of a crowded local train jumped the track when entering the bridge over the River Loire at Les Ponts-de-Ce. The stone railing gave way and the engine plunged into the river 50 feet below, dragging down with it its tender and the baggage and third class car.

### TROLLEY SMASHES MOTOR CAR.

Three Well Known Young New Yorkers Seriously Hurt.

New York, Aug. 5.—Three well known young men were frightfully if not fatally injured Sunday when their automobile was struck by a surface car, and after being shoved along for a distance of 30 feet, was smashed to fragments against an elevated railroad pillar.

The victims are Swift Tarbell, son of Gare E. Tarbell, who was formerly a vice president of the Equitable Life Assurance society; Edward L. Woodson and William Cutting.

### Philippines Army Reunion.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 5.—Five generals have accepted invitations to attend the eighth annual reunion of the National Society Army of the Philippines, that is to meet here August 13, 14, 15 and 16. They are Gen. Arthur MacArthur, Milwaukee; Gen. Irving W. Hale, Denver; Gen. Jacob Smith, Ann Arbor; Gen. Charles King, Milwaukee; and Gen. Wilder S. Metcalf, Lawrence, Kan. Veterans from all sections are expected by the trainload.

### Disaster on French Ship.

Toulon, Aug. 3.—The breech-block of a hundred millimeter gun was blown off Friday on board the gunnery school ship Couronne during target practice in Salins roadstead, and three persons were killed and five wounded.

# KINGSTON NEWS

FRED P. SMITH, CORRESPONDENT

Charles Tazewell and sister, Miss Jennie, came out from Elgin Saturday, remaining over Sunday with their nephew, Roy Tazewell and his family.

Mrs. O. W. Vickell returned Sunday afternoon from a visit at Durand, with her sister, Mrs. A. Lilly.

Miss Blanche Pratt has been engaged to teach the Hix school the coming year.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Parker entertained her sister, Mrs. F. Woodruff and daughter of Rockford, the past week.

A number of our people at-

tended campmeeting at Epworth Grove Sunday. Rev. W. H. Tuttle returned Saturday evening and preached both morning and evening, Sunday, at the M. E. church. There will be no services next Sunday.

Mrs. J. I. Brown of DeKalb spent the week with her brother, A. S. Gibbs, and wife.

Miss Neva Clay and brother, Marion, of Hebron came from Camp Epworth Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Benson to spend a few days with friends.

Mrs. E. A. Lutter returned on Thursday of last week from a visit

at Nora, Ill.

Joseph Dorsey returned to Chicago Sunday after spending his vacation with Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Burton. Mrs. Dorsey and daughter, Helen, went to Rockford Monday to visit friends and from there will go Freeport to visit her father.

B. C. Mead, a man of 92 years, of Belvidere was a guest of his son, Ed., last week.

Miss Maggie Miller returned from Bronson, Iowa, last week, where she had spent nearly a year with her sister, Mrs. Warren Spore.

Mrs. A. J. Lettow accompanied her sister, Mrs. Ida Breed to Chicago on Monday of last week where they spent the day before Mrs. Breed departed for her home in El Paso, Texas.

Floyd Younken of DeKalb spent a portion of last week with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Wylis.

Genoa was well represented at the band concert given by their band in our village last Saturday evening. The Kingston band boys served ice cream and cake, taking in \$12.

Captain Sparrow and family have moved into the Thompson home on West street recently vacated by C. A. Anderson and sister.

Roy McKee of Kirkland called on friends Sunday afternoon.

The show at DeKalb last Thursday was attended by a number of our people.

L. C. Shaffer and I. A. McCollom went to Lake Preston, South Dakota Wednesday evening. A house is being built on their farm.

Our young ladies who have been attending the DeKalb Normal the past six weeks, returned last Friday evening.

F. P. Smith has improved the exterior appearance of his store with paint. Sergeant & Irish did the painting last week.

Mrs. Richard Daily being overcome with the heat Wednesday wandered away from her home early the next morning and was found by her family under a tree in a field of an adjoining farm. She is improved at this writing.

Ed. Peterson who is employed in the Aurora Daily News office and whose home is in Sycamore, in company with friends, spent Sunday along the banks of the Kishwaukee.

Miss Mac Walker of Belvidere was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Lew Bicksler over Sunday.

Banker M. W. Cole and daughter, Mrs. Allie Pond, returned Monday morning from an over Sunday visit in DeKalb.

A union Sunday school picnic will be held August 15. The schools participating will be the Baptist and Methodist of this village, German Evangelical and the Davis.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Phelps and two sons returned Monday evening from a visit at Garden Prairie and Camp Epworth.

When it comes to quick harvesting, Ide Vandeburg is certainly a hummer. With two machines and four shockers he put twenty acres of good oats in the shock in four and one-half hours last Saturday.

Kodol for Indigestion and Dyspepsia is a preparation of vegetable acids and contains the same juices found in a healthy stomach. It digests what you eat. Sold by Hunt's Pharmacy.

## South Riley

The Ladies' Aid Society of Ney will meet with Mrs. Geo. Corson, Thursday.

Harvesting is in full blast and if this fine weather continues, it will soon be over.

Many from here are attending camp meeting.

Zada Corson was home from DeKalb, Sunday.

Bruce Fellows of Marengo visited at home Tuesday and Wednesday of last week.

Miss Nora Pierce is spending this week at Camp Epworth.

Mrs. Frank Fellows is entertaining her brother and family from North Dakota.

Mrs. Fred Patterson entertained the Larkin Club Saturday afternoon.

Floyd and Burnice Mackey spent Sunday with their sister at Woodstock.

Mrs. Will Cooper and Miss Lois Woleben were driving in South Riley Saturday.

Miss Nina Patterson spent the latter part of the week with Lila Kitchen.

Mrs. Chester Shipman spent Friday in Marengo.

## GERMAN OF FREEPORT

German Insurance Company Policies are Good

The company reinsured all of its policies on which there had been no losses last November before they went into the hands of a receiver in the Royal Insurance Co. of Liverpool, England, one of the strongest companies in the world. The German policies may be exchanged for a new policy without any loss to the insured by applying to the agent, Charles A. Brown, Genoa, Ill.

## ELGIN BUTTER MARKET

Values Declared Firm With No Offerings for Sale

The price of butter was declared firm at 24 cents on the Elgin Board of Trade Monday afternoon.

There were no offerings nor sales. Former markets were:

July 29, 1907, 24 cents.

August 7, 1906, 21 1/2 cents.

August 7, 1905, 21 cents.

August 8, 1904, 17 cents.

The New York market is steady at 24 1/2 cents. The week's output in the Elgin district was 967,400 pounds.

The bites and stings of insects, sunburn, cuts, burns and bruises relieved at once with Pinesalve Carbolyzed. Acts like a poultice. Draws out inflammation. Try it. Price 25c. Sold by Geo. H. Hunt's drug store. Sep 1

## HEALTH FOR ALL WOMEN

Why Lose the Buoyancy of Youth? Whether Young or Old—Every Woman May be Healthy.

To look well and to feel well, you must be well. To do this you must keep the mechanism of your body in perfect running order.

A woman's constitution is far more intricate and delicate—more easily injured and disarranged—than the mechanism of the finest watch. Yet no one would think of allowing a watch to get all out of order before repairing or cleaning it.

How many young ladies there are, who pay no attention to the first symptoms of diseased organs. Pains in the back, head, abdomen, right or left side, and sometimes in the hips and lower limbs. Tired and languid feeling in the morning; worn out and distracted nerves, leading to a cross and petulant disposition. Natural color fading from the cheek, the light and lustre from the eye, the once pleasant smile from the face—all these going or gone. What does it mean? Simply that some one or more of the delicate organs are not performing their work as they should.

Nature needs some assistance. These aches and pains—although slight at first—are danger signals and you ought to heed their warnings before the trouble becomes chronic and disease gets a firm hold on your system.

A nerve tonic and strength builder—the best you can get—is what you need at such times. Zoa-Phora is just that; ladies—lots of them—who have used it, say so. We know it is so because Zoa-Phora is made for women—all women—old and young, and has a successful record for thirty years. We want you to know this too by a thorough trial of Zoa-Phora in your own case. Whether you are

slightly ailing from periodical sickness, or suffering from some form of womanly weakness in a more serious degree. Zoa-Phora will help you. Thousands similarly afflicted have been cured by its aid, why not you? The record of what Zoa-Phora has done for women is proof of its virtue. The Zoa-Phora Co., Kalamazoo, Mich., can send you books of testimonials containing the names of hundreds of women who are glad to recommend Zoa-Phora to their suffering sisters.

If the delicate organs are congested, or in any way diseased, and do not perform their duties properly and regularly, Zoa-Phora will restore them to their normal activity. The vital force known only to healthy woman will return and there will be joy in living.

Thousands of women—not hundreds—my sister, attest this fact of the restoration of their health by the use of Zoa-Phora. Ask some of your lady friends about Zoa-Phora. Better still go to a reliable druggist and get a bottle, begin its use according to full and complete instructions in each package. You will receive Zoa-Phora from the druggist already prepared, compounded in the right proportions, put up in sealed, sterilized, one dollar bottles. Just ask for Zoa-Phora—no other explanation will be needed—and no mistake will be made.

In each package will be found a copy of "Dr. Pengelly's Advice to Women," a medical book giving interesting and instructive information about all diseases of women, and the way to successfully treat them in the privacy of your own home. You need not tell your troubles to any one.

The Appleton Spreader Leads Them All. WHY? Because of its simplicity, durability and working qualities. We have just received our second car load for this summer's sales. This speaks for the farmers' opinion. It is made at Batavia, Ill., hence repairs can be secured in one-half day. Don't buy a machine until you have inspected the "APPLETON."



J. H. UPLINGER, KINGSTON, ILLINOIS

# INDIANA BLOCK

# COAL

# JACKMAN & SON

## Now for the Great August Clean-up

The great August Clean-up brings about sharp reductions on all our stocks of Summer Merchandise. The time for real sensible economizing is ripe, in fact such price inducements as are offered by our annual August Clean-up Sale, characterizes this as The Economy Event of 1907. Every department in the store is affected by this Clean-up. Your every want can here be met and a substantial saving pocketed. **The Great Sale Opens in Our Store Saturday, Aug. 10,** and will continue for 7 days, closing Saturday, Aug. 17. Our store will be closed all day Friday, Aug. 9, in order to arrange stock. The following prices tell a plainer story of the unprecedented savings to be had. Read on to your greater profit:

SHEETINGS, PRINTS, COTTON GOODS, ETC.	
Shirting Prints, Mourning Prints, Gray Prints, Light and Dark Blue Prints, Cardinal and Turkey Red Prints, large figure Comforter Prints, and many other prints. The regular retail price at present is 7c and 8c, our clean up sale price, per yard.....	5c
Lonsdale and Hope Bleached yard wide Muslin, sold everywhere at 14 and 15c, clean up price.....	9c
Lonsdale Cambric, yard wide, sells now at 17c, clean up price.....	11 1/2 c
Blue and White and Brown and White Apron Check Gingham, regular price 8c, clean up price.....	5 1/2 c
36 inch Unbleached Muslin, worth 9c yard, for.....	6c
Turkey Red Table Damask, fast color per yd.....	19c
Bleached and half bleached Table Damask, a regular 30c quality.....	19c
16x16 inch Napkins, Dice and Indian Head Patterns, hemmed, ready for use, each.....	4c
Women's 16 inch Elbow Length Silk Gloves, double tipped, sizes 5 1/2, 6, 6 1/2 only, sale price, pair.....	\$1.00
John Clark 200 yard spool cotton, black or white, 2 spools, 5c	
Short lengths of 8c, 10c, and 15c embroideries, sale price.....	5c
50 feet 5 ply Lawn Garden Hose fully guaranteed. If it leaks or breaks before Nov. 1, 1907, we will replace it. A \$6.00 value.....	\$4.00
Lot of slightly soiled and mused Waists of White Lawn trimmed with embroidery and lace, \$1.00 and \$1.25 values, sale price.....	50c
Lot of short lengths of Valenciennes lace and insertion, 5c and 8c values, per yard.....	3c
14-quart white lined Dish Pan.....	35c
Table Oil Cloth, yd.....	13c
Fancy and Plain Glass Tumblers, 6 for.....	9c
Bleached and unbleached Turkish Towels, extra large size, also hemstitched huck and plain hemmed, with colored borders, an exceptional value.....	9c
Bleached and unbleached Irish Twilled Cotton Crash, 16 inches wide, worth 7c, for.....	5 1/2 c
Bleached Sheets, size 72x90, laundered and hemmed ready for use, a 69c sheet for.....	55c
45x36 inch Pillow Cases, torn and hemmed, full size, good quality of Muslin, 16c value.....	13c
Marsailles Pattern Bed Spreads, heavy tufted fringe, full size, \$1.49 grade.....	\$1.19
Marsailles Pattern Hemmed Bed Spread, full size, medium weight, a very serviceable Spread worth \$1.25, sale price.....	98c
Silkoline Covered Comforter, zephyr tufted, filled with white cotton, soft and fluffy, sale price.....	98c
2 1/2 lb Feather Pillows, soft and fluffy, German Blue and white stripe ticking, sale price.....	49c
Special reduction in Lawns, Batiste, Dimity, French Organdies, Plaid Novelties, Silk Organdies, Silk Fancies, and all Summer Dress Goods.	
Mercerized Tape Girdles, with hose supporters attached sizes 18 to 24, a 75c value.....	39c
Gingham Petticoats, wide flounce with ruffle.....	75c
2-quart fountain Syringe.....	65c
100 2-grain Quinine Pills.....	23c
Men's Heavy Cotton Socks, the celebrated Rockford style, 4 pairs for.....	25c
Men's Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, extra quality, double seated drawers.....	18c
Men's 12 oz Canvas Working Gloves, full size, extra heavy and well made, 4 pairs for.....	25c
Germantown and Saxony Yarn, odd and slightly soiled a skein.....	3c
Lot of women's Sample Hose, 15c and 20c quality, plain and fancy, pair.....	9c
Men's light colored Dress Shirts of Madras and Percale.....	33c

**THEO. F. SWAN, Elgin, Illinois**