

THE GENOA JOURNAL.

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An Independent Local Newspaper devoted to the Interests of the People of Genoa and The Publishers.

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VOL. II.

GENOA, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, JUNE 13, 1901.

NO. 2.

MISSION FESTIVAL.

Not a Picnic, but the Annual Festival of the German Mission.

Last Sunday the German Lutheran congregations of Plato, Burlington, Hampshire and Genoa held their annual Festival in Rowen's woods north of town and was largely attended by the members of the different places. Besides these visitors were here from Starks, Elgin, Marengo and other places and were well paid for their attendance. The day was excellent and the attendance was something over six hundred.

The services were opened at 11 o'clock by Rev. W. Kistemann, of North Plato, who talked for some time on the subject of "The Call of the Heathens to Christians to Come and Help Us." The address was an able one which the people listened to with the greatest attention.

At 1 o'clock an intermission was taken until two o'clock and all then partook of dinner which they had brought with them under the shade of the trees. Ice cream and other refreshment were obtainable on the grounds for those who wished and the two hours were one of enjoyment and bringing together of those who had not met since the last Festival held last year at Starks station.

At two o'clock Rev. G. Wockenfuss, of Dwight, Illinois, gave an address to the people on the subject of "The Work of the Good Samaritan," and was given in a manner that attracted the attention of all.

The collections for the day amounted to \$147.97 which will be applied as follows: To Home Missions \$92.48, to German Missions in South America \$36.99 and to Negro Missions of the South \$18.50.

The arrangements for the Festival were in the hands of J. H. Becker, J. Lemke, Wm. Schmidt, E. C. Lettow, C. Prain, E. Becker and W. Duval to whom great credit is due for the excellent success of the gathering.

We are also requested to extend great thanks to G. C. Rowen and J. and B. Fenton in granting the use of their fine grove for the day.

It has been often said that these annual Festivals were held as a picnic at which beer and other liquors were sold but this we are now in position to re-assert not only at this meeting but in previous years.

Genoa, Illinois.

CORRECTED TO MAY, 1, 1901.

C. M. & ST. P. R. R.

TRAINS GOING EAST.

NO.	DEPART	ARR. CHICAGO
No. 8	6:07 a. m.	7:45 a. m.
No. 36	7:30 a. m.	10:00 a. m.
No. 22	8:53 a. m.	10:25 a. m.
No. 6	11:58 a. m.	1:45 p. m.
No. 24	3:54 p. m.	5:56 p. m.

TRAINS GOING WEST.

NO.	DEPART	ARR. CHICAGO
No. 21	8:30 a. m.	10:30 a. m.
No. 5	9:00 p. m.	9:30 p. m.
No. 3	2:05 p. m.	5:13 p. m.
No. 33	4:00 p. m.	5:28 p. m.
No. 7	5:15 p. m.	6:30 p. m.
No. 9	10:25 p. m.	11:58 p. m.

J. M. HARVEY, Agent.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL.

TRAINS GOING EAST.

NO.	DEPART	ARR. CHICAGO
No. 4	7:50 p. m.	9:30 p. m.
No. 36	7:17 a. m.	10:05 a. m.
No. 32	11:10 a. m.	12:55 p. m.
No. 6	4:04 a. m.	7:00 a. m.

TRAINS GOING WEST.

NO.	DEPART	ARR. CHICAGO
No. 35	2:30 p. m.	4:53 p. m.
No. 31	3:45 p. m.	5:17 p. m.
No. 3	8:30 a. m.	10:12 a. m.

S. R. CRAWFORD, Agent.

C. Gt-W. R. R.

March 3, 1901.

Trains Leave SYCAMORE as follows.

WEST BOUND.

Express for St. Paul, Minneapolis, Des Moines and Kansas City	10:27 a. m.
Night Express for St. Paul, Minneapolis, Des Moines and Kansas City	12:20 a. m.
Byron Local	5:42 p. m.
Limited for Dubuque, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Des Moines, St. Joseph and Kansas City	8:06 p. m.

EAST BOUND.

Chicago Suburban	6:00 a. m.
Suburban	7:50 a. m.
Limited	7:40 a. m.
Special	8:10 a. m.
Express	12:15 p. m.
	7:45 p. m.

SYCAMORE-DEKALB.

Leave Sycamore	Arrive DeKalb	Leave DeKalb	Arrive Sycamore
6:30 a. m.	8:40 a. m.	8:50 a. m.	6:00 a. m.
10:45 a. m.	11:00 a. m.	7:35 a. m.	7:49 a. m.
12:15 p. m.	12:25 p. m.	8:35 a. m.	8:50 a. m.
2:45 p. m.	3:00 p. m.	11:55 a. m.	12:05 p. m.
7:15 p. m.	7:25 p. m.	9:30 p. m.	4:50 p. m.
8:15 p. m.	8:25 p. m.	7:30 p. m.	7:40 p. m.

*Daily except Sunday. All others daily.

W. V. HOWARD, Agent.

C. & N. W. at Henrietta.

Trains North	All Trains	Trains South
9:07 a. m.	daily except Sunday.	8:00 a. m.
2:15 p. m.		10:51 a. m.
5:47 p. m.		5:18 p. m.

Local Pick Ups.

S. Stiles and wife visited in Kingston Sunday.

Nat Thurber and wife visited here Monday.

Mrs. Nora Moan was out from Chicago Sunday.

Mrs. Moore of Kingston was calling in town Monday.

Fred Holroyde and wife visited here the first of the week.

Mrs. Ed. Kunzler was in Chicago Monday and Tuesday.

G. E. Stott and John Hadsell were in Sycamore Tuesday.

John Hadsell and son Emory were in the big city Saturday.

Dr. Delaverge, of Kirkland, was calling in Genoa last Friday.

Prof. Clark of Kingston had business here last Saturday.

Eli Breinard and daughter was up from Kingston last Friday.

Dr. C. A. Patterson was at Elgin last Sunday but emphatically denies it.

Charles Burton and Charles Aurner were here from Kingston Monday.

The 74th United States Volunteers returned at Rockford last Monday.

C. G. Stonebreaker is visiting a few days with friends at Huntington Ind.

Choice German Millet seed for sale. Raised last season. C. R. Strong.

A. W. Stott has provided himself with a new milk wagon for his business.

Miss Edith Smith of Ney visited a part of last week in Genoa with friends.

FOR SALE—A new refrigerator. Cheap! Inquire at the JOURNAL office.

George Hunt of Charter Grove was doing business in Genoa last Monday.

FOR RENT—A neat residence in good neighborhood. Apply, Jennie Beardsley.

Mrs. E. Gardner continues to improve and is now able to sit up a short time.

A. R. Cohoon and wife visited with relatives in Belvidere Saturday and Sunday.

Bert Taylor Miss Flora Taylor and Mrs. Jennie Gordon, were in Chicago Monday.

Frost reported in many places about here and corn shows some slight effects from it.

Roy Holmebeck was out from Chicago and spent Sunday with relatives in Genoa.

Miss Mabel Olmsted is home from Rockford where she has been the past few months.

C. E. Adams and family were Sunday visitors with James Stuart and family of Kingston.

Peter Reed, of South Riley, has let a contract for putting up a large barn on his premises.

Mrs. Della Wylde, of Belvidere, was visiting her daughter, Mrs. Maud Confer yesterday.

S. S. Slater is attending the state convention for undertakers at Rockford, this week.

The Misses Hattie Watson and Florence Celfford left Wednesday for Lafayette, Indiana.

George Ault and Harry Ro3 were over from Kirkland Sunday, calling on Genoa people.

T. G. Davis and A. B. Hammond of Cherry Valley were transacting business here Tuesday.

Mrs. J. B. Smith returned from Elgin Sunday evening after a short visit with friends.

Charley Holtgren returned from Hampshire Tuesday after a few days visit with relatives.

FOR RENT—Three or four furnished rooms for housekeeping. Inquire at the JOURNAL office.

FOR SALE, dirt cheap, a No. 1 residence lot. Call at the Journal office and get particulars.

Mrs. Peter James, of Monroe Center, visited with her daughter Mrs. Kline Shipman over Sunday.

John Wanamaker of Philadelphia, carries life insurance on his own life to the extent of \$2,250,000.

Mrs. Ellis Confer visited in Belvidere with her parents John Wylde and wife from Saturday till Tuesday.

One hundred and twenty six years ago next Monday June 17th, the battle of Bunker's Hill was fought.

Will Prain and Milt Geitman left here last Saturday for Chicago where they rubbered at tall steeples.

Mrs. Lillie Holmebeck and daughter Helen of Elgin were visiting relatives here Monday, and Tuesday.

John James attended the ball game at Shattuck's Grove last Sunday and while there some one stole his watch.

Miss Della Keirnan and Jessie Thomson visited a short time with friends in Hampshire, returning Sunday evening.

Mrs. Henry Sumner and son and daughter of Roselle were Sunday visitors with Mrs. E. Q. Sumner and family.

The regular meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held at the home of Mrs. John Patterson June 15th at 2 o'clock.

The telephone company have been experiencing some trouble lately by having several instruments burned out.

Cisterns cleaned and repaired on short notice. Good work guaranteed. F. Hannah.

G. G. Kirk and "McClusky" Ide were in Kingston Friday writing up the murder story for the Chicago American.

Mrs. Wm. Wylde and Miss Mabel Olmsted were the guests of Mrs. C. F. Deardurff of Belvidere, last Thursday and Friday.

Ed. H. Lane left the cares of his business here in Genoa last Tuesday and is now enjoying a four weeks' visit with his family, who are in Kansas City.

If you want to take an excursion or vacation it will pay you to look over our column of excursions and rates on another page.

If you want to rent a house, one that is desirable and well finished, inquire at the JOURNAL office. We can direct you to several.

A. B. Shattuck was on the sick list Monday. He was taken suddenly with cramps in his neck and for a time had a serious time.

Dr. Hammond, the Magnetic Healer will be at Wm. Wylde's home tomorrow where those wishing to consult him can do so.

Mrs. Ed Dunbar, of Chicago, stopped off here last Saturday while on her way home from Iowa and spent Sunday with Mrs. J. W. Wylde.

Miss Ruby Stiles who has been attending school here since last September returned to her home at Neillsville Wisconsin, last Monday.

Ed. Shipman and his daughter Miss Odree, of Shellrock, Iowa arrived here last Saturday evening for a weeks visit with friends and relatives.

Cheap lots, good title, within a block of the Milwaukee depot. Buildings will be erected on same if desired. Inquire at the JOURNAL office.

A small sized thunder shower visited us Monday morning. The water part was welcome but the thunder was a terror to the timid population.

Jim. Spence has left the shoe factory and gone to Belvidere where he has engaged with John Fair for the summer in putting down cement sidewalks.

If your horses, cattle, hogs, or chickens are not doing well, go to K. Jackman & Son and get a package of stock food.

The Genoa ball team went to Shattuck's Grove Sunday and played a game with the boys there. The game came out seven to nine in Genoa's favor.

Geo. W. Sowers has bought the Lord residence occupied by the Journal editor and family, at the corner of Main and Sycamore, from Mrs. Stiles of San Jose, Cal. The purchase price being \$2250.

Will Jackman left here Saturday to join the Retail Coal Dealers Association excursion via lake steamer to Buffalo to make a ten days visit to the exposition.

Dell Tishouser and Mrs. Patch, of Sycamore were married Tuesday evening. Mr. Tishouser is a son of John Tishouser who is using the portable saw mill near here.

Ohlmacher & Root finished the water main extension on Genoa street last Saturday and the water was turned on for an open ditch test of 150 pounds. The test proved very satisfactory and the job accepted.

Last week we stated that Miss Lizzie Jefferies, was the new telephone girl, in place of Miss Agnes Hutchison. This was an error as Agnes is off only temporarily on account of sickness in the family, and Miss Jefferies is on the extra list.

S. H. Stiles and wife were in Elgin on a shopping expedition yesterday.

Mrs. F. E. Wells was summoned to Chicago yesterday by the illness of her brother.

K. Jackman was able to be at his office Tuesday for the first time since his sickness.

Garry Whitwright was in Chicago Tuesday where he met his mother and escorted her here.

Mrs. S. A. Whitwright arrived here Tuesday evening from Northfield, O. and is visiting with her son Garry.

Miss Flossie Kellogg expects to leave here today for Chicago where she will visit a couple weeks with relatives.

N. H. Stanley and his mother, Mrs. George Stanley, have been visiting with friends in Stark county this week.

Mrs. F. Marquart and her sister Bell Cliffe arrived home Tuesday evening from their visit with Indiana Friends.

Mrs. Susan Shipman returned here from Shellrock, Iowa last Saturday evening where she had visited several months with her son Ed. and family. She also made a short visit with friends in Nebraska while away.

Genoa Camp 163 Woodmen have voted to take the I. C. R. R. to Freeport to attend the picnic. A special train will leave Genoa Thursday June 20, at 8:00 o'clock a. m. Returning it will leave Freeport at 6:30 p. m.

Many towns and cities throughout the South, including New Orleans are preparing to celebrate the Fourth of July this year in a more elaborate manner than at any time since the close of the war.—Sun (Hammou, Ala.)

The school directors of the St. John district have secured the services of Mrs. A. U. Snyder for the next school year. Mrs. Snyder is one of the most successful teachers in the county and the school that secures her is truly in great luck.

Mrs. M. W. Ferslow, representative of the Viavi Home Treatment, will be at the residence of Mrs. S. J. Young until about the first of July where she will be glad to meet any ladies wishing instruction or information on the subject.

J. J. Shuter and wife of the Henn & Gabler Brewing company of Chicago, H. G. Kilner and wife of the Blue Island Brewing Co, Chas. Naker and wife of Charter Grove, E. R. Lucas and wife of Belvidere, and Mrs. J. Rudolph of Flora, were guests of C. A. Goding and wife last Sunday.

J. H. Vandresser left Sunday evening over the C. M. and St. P. for St. Paul where he goes as a delegate of Dekalb County woodmen, to the biennial meeting of the head camp of the order. Dekalb County will be represented there by two delegates the other gentleman being M. F. Carlson, of Sycamore.

The C. M. & St. P. train which arrived here from Chicago Tuesday evening at 6:50 struck a boy named Clarence Gleason at Watch Factory street, Elgin, killing him instantly. The boy had been fishing and attempted to cross the track ahead of the train but missed his reckoning. His home was at 54 Walnut avenue.

By special request of a number of the ladies of Genoa Mrs. M. W. Ferslow will give informal and illustrated talks to ladies at her rooms at the Pacific Hotel every Thursday afternoon, at halfpast two o'clock These talks will be of much interest as well as benefit to mothers and daughters, and all are cordially invited to meet with her.

The St. Paul Dispatch of the 10th says that 10,000 was the estimate of the arrivals of Woodmen on Monday and every train arriving is loaded to the guards. Camp Corthcott presents scenes equal to an army, being filled with uniformed Forester teams from all over the jurisdiction. J. H. Vandresser reports having arrived there safe but found pretty near all the rooms taken.

Rev. Hester delivered an address at Kingston last evening before the Women's Home Missionary society.

Ting-a-ling! Ting-a-ling! went over phone yesterday.

"Hello!"

"Hello, is this the Journal?"

"Yes."

"Want some news?"

"Sure thing. Is it a boy?"

"Ha, Ha. Who ever told you already and it will call Fred Abraham 'Pa.'"

Elgin Butter Market.

On the Elgin board of trade on Monday butter was firm at 18c. There were no offerings. Butter last week, 18c; one year ago, 18c. Output of the week, 14,000 tubs.

JOS. B. SMITH



Builder and Contractor.

Estimates given on Application.

Upholstering

A Specialty. Repair work of all kinds Best work and Guarantee Satisfaction.

Williams Building,

Main Street.

GENOA, ILL.

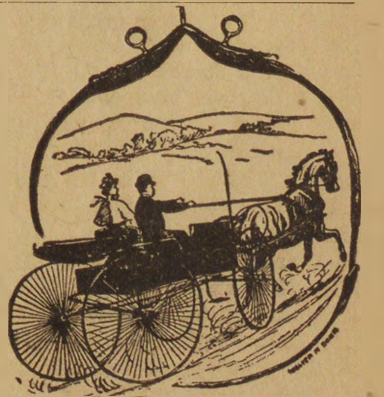
TO Retail at Wholesale Prices from now until further notice I will sell any suit I have of Men's, Boy's and Children's Clothing at Cost.

A. J. Shattuck.

Genoa, Ill.

Merritt & Prain.

Having recently moved into our new barn we wish to announce that we are in better shape than ever to furnish you with rigs on a short notice and at reasonable terms.



Remember our office is just north of H. H. Slater's drug store.

Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.

Genoa.

Illinois.

Ohlmacher And Root.

Plumbing and Heating.

Plumbing, Furnaces, Steam, Hot Water Heaters and everything pertaining to Plumbing or Heating.

Headquarters for Hose, Lawn Sprinklers, Reels, Etc. All work guaranteed and prices the lowest consistent with good work.

Estimates cheerfully given. Call and see us.

Phone No 30.

Ohlmacher & Root.

Fashion

PARIS, June 9.—In making a choice of summer models for piazza gowns one has every right to lay a claim to the chef d'oeuvre of the couturiere's art. The freedom of a choice like this means a great deal to the summer girl. Never before has summer finery seemed quite so seductive. Can the athletic girl forego the temptation and content herself with a half dozen or more duck skirts and a score of spick and span shirt waists this summer while her more coquettish sister revels in these bewitching confections? One is confronted with an embarrassment of choice among styles this season. The angular woman may favor the flounced and tucked skirt and claim all that she desires in frou-frou effects. The all too plump woman may have the upper part of her skirt made on glove fitting principles and reserve all of the adornment for the lower part. In matters of sleeve and corsage the same expansive rule holds good. After all, to strive for becomingness is the duty that lies nearest.

We are simply dazed by the quantity of gauzy summer fabrics. A great many of our old tried and trusted are with us again but boast enough change in their warp and weave to entitle a little change in the termination of their names. "Gauzine" claims a bit more stamina than gauze. Mulline for the same reason is superior to mull. Organdie again bobs up for recognition. It boasts designs as delicate as the most exquisite seen on the hand painted gauzes and is a delightful material to make up for piazza gowns.

A harmonious mauve plaid organdie was chosen as an attractive material for a new piazza gown. The skirt was

er narrow box-plaits that are stitched for three quarters its length and then allowed to flare. Each plait is ornamented down the center with French knots in the three shades, blue at the centers, then green and pink. Between plaits there is a border of narrow ribbons repeating several times the tri-color trimming.

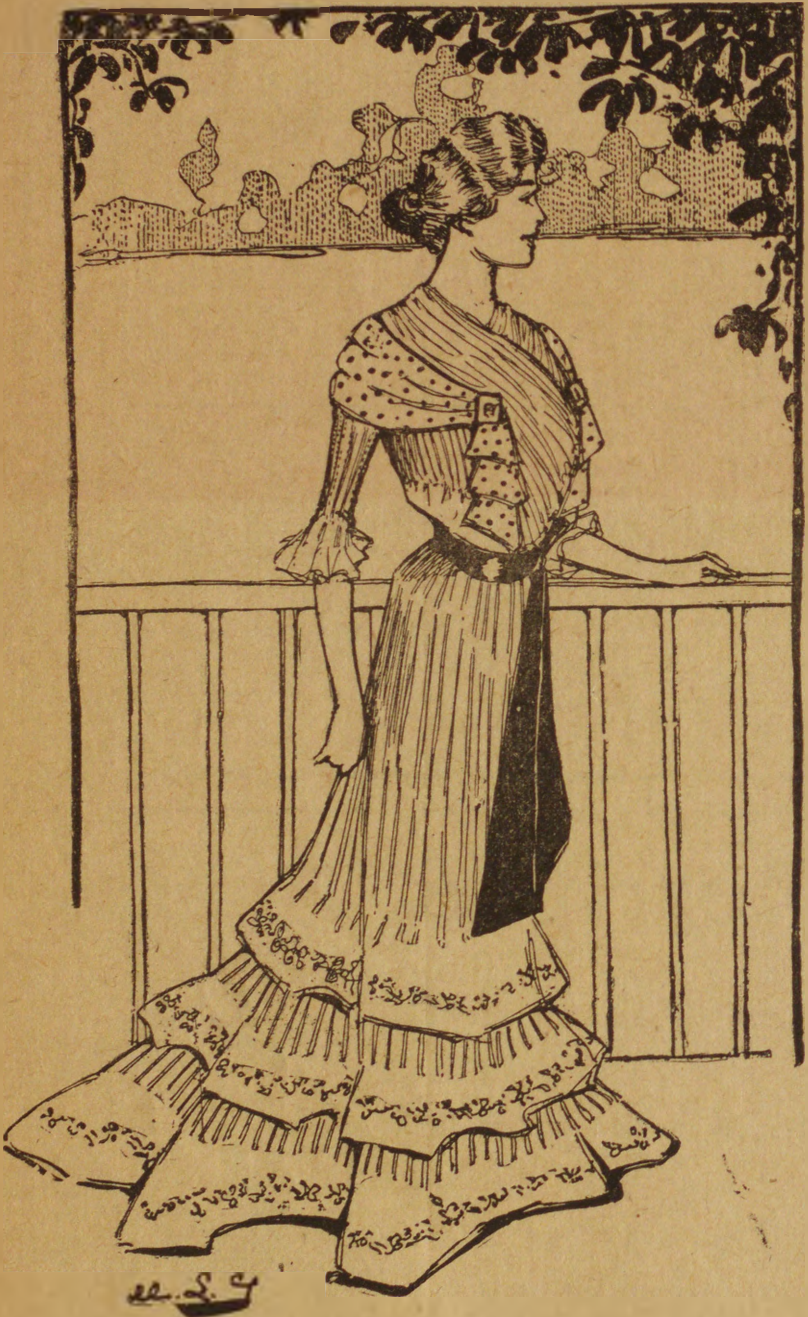
The corsage is a bolero made of strips of the batiste separated by the variegated velvet ribbons. At the front of the bolero where it is cut away slightly the strips describe a series of scrolls that are bound with green velvet. Tri-color French knots like those on the skirt ornament the center of each strip. The sleeves are composed of bias strips of the batiste, separated with velvet ribbons. They extend just half way between the elbow and waist so as to leave exposed the lower part of the batiste blouse sleeve. The bolero was lined with almond green taffeta.

Colored silk transparencies are much in favor just now. White and biscuit colored batistes are so often made over some bright shade of taffeta. Lettuce green being perhaps the most popular shade.

A dainty piazza gown of pastel pink organdie was designed for a girl of 18. The skirt was laid in broad tucks that gave more the effect of knife plaits. Three trills, ornamented with narrow Valenciennes lace finished the lower part of the skirt. The corsage of pink organdie was made on round necked baby waist lines and was cut away at the front to show a draped plastron of cream batiste that was a continuation of the draped yoke. Around the edges of this yoke there was draped a narrow scarf of cream batiste embroidered with black dots. The ends of the scarfs were caught to form jabots at either side of the plastron organdie was employed for the short sleeves that were tucked as far as the elbow and then allowed to flare in a full frill. Black panne velvet ribbon was employed for the belt and long looped bow.

The girl who has a pretty throat and a tapering, well modelled forearm would be wise to have her piazza gowns a bit décollete and made always with decided elbow sleeves. Then, too, piazza gowns stand beautifully any

PLAZA GOWN IN PASTEL SILK.



made with tiny tucks at the top that formed a short pointed yoke. The lower part was trimmed with a band of narrow mauve velvet ribbon terminating in loops at either side of the apron where they were ornamented with small brass buckles.

The corsage was made with a sort of high corset effect of Cluny lace over pale mauve taffeta that was slashed down the front. This was bordered by a band of mauve taffeta, veiled in white mousseline de soie, and ornamented with strips of mauve velvet held along the edges with small brass buckles. The organdie extending from the top of the corsage to the seams was laid in tiny flat folds back and front. Pale mauve taffeta tucked was employed for the collar and plastron. The sleeves of the plaid organdie were close fitting as far as the elbow, where they were ornamented with a flaring cuff of pale mauve taffeta. Below this there was a broad puff of white mousseline de soie held into a narrow taffeta waist band.

The delightful feature of these new gauzy piazza gowns is the unexpected daring combinations of shades they glory in. For instance, a gown of tenderest lettuce green gauze, trimmed with medallions of cream batiste is girdled, laced and looped with panne velvet ribbons of frankest primrose yellow. One of delicate pastel blue is trimmed with varied tints of mauve. Still another of singing watermelon pink is ornamented with narrow black lace entre-deux, while its ribbon bows are of soft almond green.

One of the daintiest biscuit colored batiste gowns designed for piazza wear glories in a tri-color combination that is wonderfully soft. All are pastel shades, pink, blue and green. Green prevails for it is used for the transparency. The skirt is made with rath-

amount of sweeping befrilled train, for after all they are "pose gowns," complements of the picture hat.

Some women consider a picture hat part and parcel of the complete piazza toilettes, while others glory in their independence of hats at piazza gatherings. A woman who dispenses hospitalities on her own piazza rather favors a high coiffure with several crisp little black velvet bows bristling about in the coils. Often when she trips over to a "near neighbor's" she bobs along with her bows and high coiffure sheltered under a bewitching white chiffon parasol.

A very successful piazza hat was made of open work white horsehair braid. The crown was formed by a cluster of pale pink roses covered with a circle of spangled and embroidered white tulle. Draped loops of white tulle came from under the circle and were carried over the edges of the broad fluted brim. At the back there was a bow of lettuce green velvet ribbon that rested on the hair.

NINA GOODWIN.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: A little less than 24 months now remain in which to prepare the Louisiana Purchase exposition, but it will open on schedule time. After the selection of the site the work of construction will soon begin. Much can be done in two years when the money, the ability and the enthusiasm are present. All three are here. One of the many remarkable things about the St. Louis World's fair will be that though the time for its preparation is shorter than was ever allowed for any other fair of the first or the second class, this one will be opened on the day set, with all its exhibits in place and all its machinery, moral and physical, in perfect working order.

MATRIMONIAL AGENTS

PEOPLE HIGH IN SOCIETY WHO MAKE MATCHES.

Go-Between Harpies at Capital Intriguing Titles and Heiresses for a Commission.

Washington Letter: The number of persons standing high in society here who yet are actual commission brokers in the matrimonial market is startling, to say the least of it. True they have not yet reached the point of advertising their wares in the daily papers, but they do business on business principles.

Two or three of guilty ones recently have been prominently talked of and will be ostracized if the fact becomes generally known.

Washington is the best place in the world at which to sell a daughter or buy a count, I should imagine. In Paris there are agencies patronized by people of decent family, and not a few in Vienna, where one can also reach ambitious or wealthy parties seeking to mend their shattered fortunes or battered hearts by the use of intermediaries. These people however are generally well known.

I am not as familiar with the society of Washington as with that in the former two places, but only take inferences from what I learn on pretty good reliable authority. At a recent reception held at a foreign diplomat's house, I met a lady who is well posted on all grades of society in this city.

Our conversation fell into that channel and she emphasized what I had learned. We are close friends and conversed very freely on the subject. After I had stated my views to her she was willing to admit that I was correctly informed. "In the first place," she said, "remember that Washington is the one place on earth where so many different lines of social life converge. By this I mean that many grades and nationalities meet on many different footings.

"A capital city, of course, always furnishes the largest circles of better class and more distinguished people. London, naturally would in that respect, have the advantage over any capital, but for the more strongly drawn social lines there and also the life at the country-houses which isolates the titled people more.

"Washington is the kaleidoscope among cities. Thirty years ago it was nothing but a political capital, now, even the president may not be in the Smart set.

Money in vast quantities was practically unknown in Washington until the time of the Arthur administration. This brought in a number of rich New Yorkers and since that time it has become a chosen home for the worshippers of the Golden Serpent.

"Then came the diplomatic corps and now we have such a recently produced commingling of different social grades of our own that the distinctions are so very mixed up and peculiar.

"This city is an especially great place for rich widows with daughters, women of that particular type of our own nationality who go abroad as soon as they have lost their husbands and travel, generally in Europe and Asia.

"It is among these that you may possibly find the kind of people you mention most, who move in the highest social grade, and who abroad were not ostracized by persons of rank, simply because they were Americans, so have come back with a large acquaintance list here, to a better standing.

"They are very widely acquainted with different classes of people met on the more cosmopolitan plan.

"Many of them gamble for very large stakes at bridge whist. I have known some of them willing to do almost anything to retrieve their lost fortunes, which would not compromise them too much. They are not prone to returning the favor of a wealthy patroness by marrying her to a decayed duke if the chance comes along.

"I know a very good woman who was ruined by bridge whist playing, who accepted part of the dowry of the girl from a well known count.

"She confided to me the cause of her return to prosperity. I knew her well, and in fact intimately.

"She sent a photograph of the young woman to the count, asking him if she would suit his tastes, but of course, mentioning the amount of her dot. She also mentioned to the count the fact of having lost her own fortune and left it to him to make further suggestions. He returned the photograph of the young woman as a matter of honor, and his own with it. He replied with a letter stating that he had fallen in love with the face at first sight.

"The young lady was an ambitious girl, burning to marry a title, and as the count was not too disreputable he was accepted.

"I heard a story of another woman who was quite in the upper circles. She was passionately fond of diamonds and was now in a position to buy a very costly gem that she coveted. She knew quite intimately an old and wealthy man who was fascinated with a young girl of very great beauty. Her cupidity overcame her scruples. She was very highly regarded by the young girl and was half related to the elderly man.

"One day she asked him if he thought so highly of the young woman that he would consider a pearl like her equal to a diamond.

"To this the old gentleman replied, delightedly, that he would give even the Kohinoor, if he could purchase it, in exchange for her.

"The persuasion of the woman was strongly brought to bear upon her young friend to induce her to accept the old man's offer.

"The story of the diamond was whispered by very good people around the White house for years afterwards. Of course it did not heighten the reputation of the owner of the diamond, which was easily worth \$5,000.

These stories do not mean all, however, for I have heard something worse than that about many of the bridge whist gamblers and others who place their hearts on Mammon and their reputation on sand.

I have heard of women mentioned by name lately who have deliberately perjured themselves to bring about divorces to suit their own interests by promoting other marital relations.

One, whose name I believe, could on better authority than mine, be denounced openly, has deliberately manufactured evidence in one case to se-

ure a divorce for a wealthy friend who paid her to figure as witness in the case. She has also gone to the extent of offering her paid services to others. She has held her head up in society in spite of this, because she bears a title.

There often happen to be women friends of the same calibre who help each other out in this way. Some do it by the aid of sworn evidence from servants and ladies' maids which they pay and stand for.

Others are less vicious and act as intermediaries through agencies in Berlin and Vienna.

GEORGE FORTESCUE.

TRYING TO BE UNSELFISH.

I would not be a selfish child,
For early I was taught
To give a part of all I have,
As generous children ought;
Not keeping everything myself,
But sharing it with others,
So, when I had the whooping-cough,
I gave it to my brothers.

Last winter I was kept at home;
The doctor came each day.
We had a card outside our door
To warn our friends away.
No one might come to visit us,
Yet, doing what I could,
I gave my scarlet fever
To half the neighborhood.

And so it was with measles,
And so with chicken-pox;
I gave them to my little friends
On three surrounding blocks.
And now that we are well again,
It makes me laugh—Ha! Ha!
To think that when I had the mumps,
I gave them to papa!

Harper's Bazar.

By Fire or Water.

BY JOSEPH BAUGHER.

(Copyright, 1901, Wm. R. Miller.)

PAUL INGOT was born, not exactly with "a silver spoon in his mouth," but with the prospect of having that metaphorical utensil placed there some time—if he should live long enough.

He managed to get along quite well until in an evil moment someone suggested that he might "anticipate" his future prospects. He promptly acted upon the suggestion, obtaining a snug sum of money, which he invested, and which he promptly lost.

He found the "anticipating" scheme such an easy matter that he several times drew upon the future, but always with the same disastrous result.

Ingot had several things besides prospects to his credit, among which were a pleasing person and address, but against these was scored indecision of character. He allowed opportunities, like so many golden apples, to roll by, when, with but little effort, they should have been his. The more obtainable and alluring ones he grasped, but they were "dead sea fruit," and they turned to ashes within his hand.

"Anticipating" comes high, but Ingot held that nothing was too high to pay for a thing if one really wanted it, so he paid accordingly.

"I am always in 'hook,'" he said to himself one day, and finding he had arrived at the end of the "anticipating" process he sold the remnant of his "bith-right for a mess of pottage," and went his way rejoicing that he had not been defrauded of the pottage.

When he found his resources nearly gone he wrote a short story, which nearly caused his premature undoing, for, while it was accepted and paid for by the publishers, he continued to write, but he turned out such miserable stuff that when asked by a publisher what had been his previous occupation he replied "nothing much."

"Drop literature, then, and go back to your former trade."

Of course Ingot did not know that nearly everyone could write at least one acceptable story in a lifetime, and that he had happened in his first attempt to "hit the nail on the head," only to receive in subsequent efforts bruised fingers and crushed spirits. He sought to mend his spirits by application of some of the ardent kind. These failing, he resorted to narcotics.

"I will at least dream of a heaven I may never enter," he told himself. "What is the matter with me?" he soliloquized one night, as he walked the streets, his last dollar gone.

"I have had more show than is allotted to most men, but what is it I lack?"

"Decision!"

Ingot stopped and looked over his shoulder. He was sure he had heard a voice.

"Decision! Yes, that's it. No one knows better than I."

"But what am I to do?" he continued. "That is for you to decide."

Ingot stopped and looked about him. "I think I have heard that voice before," he told himself. "It always comes when I have been out of the drug for some time. I expect I am getting 'daffy' again."

"I'll take your advice, my boy, whoever you are," he added, addressing the invisible speaker. "I decide right now. The river has a pleasant sound—murmuring, inviting, seductive." Then, after a pause, he thought:

"Still, I'd like to accomplish something—do just a little good before I make my exit."

"That also, you must decide," the voice seemed to say. "How?" said Paul. He turned the street that led to the river.

At that moment he heard a cry of "Fire!" and a woman's call for help. He saw, almost at the river's edge, from the crevices of whose lower doors and windows smoke was pouring, and every now and then little tongues of flames creeping through, lapped the outer sills.

"Break in the doors—the windows!" a woman's voice cried from the window above. "The flames are rising!" "Quick! For God's sake! Save me!" she implored. Paul hesitated. "You must decide now—now!" he heard his mentor say. "You have your wish!"

"It is your last chance to do a good deed!" the voice continued. "Do not let it pass. Save her!"

"To die by drowning is a pleasant death, but it is suicide," Paul told himself. "The coward's refuge; that's what they will say. And I will have accomplished nothing."

"And if you rescue this woman, it is also true that you may die—die by fire. A lingering, painful death! But what of that, Paul? You will have saved a human life—you will have atoned!

Which shall it be—by fire or water?" asked the voice.

And still he hesitated. The cry of distress again rang out through the increasing smoke and flame.

"Quick! Quick! Decide!" the voice pleaded.

The rumbling of the fire engines and the clanging of bells grew louder and louder.

"Decide, before it is too late!"

"I—have!" cried Ingot.

The river and the burning house lay immediately before him, and he started in that direction.

As he stepped from the curb an engine dashed around the corner. The lead horse struck him. He fell and the wheels passed over his body.

It was not too late, for Paul Ingot had already decided.

But—how?

Some years ago a great deal of attention was attracted to specimens of cloth said to be bullet-proof. Like many other so-called wonderful discoveries, it has passed out of notice, and now a new notion crops up in the shape of wood that is bullet-proof. The specimen in question was sent by an American military attaché serving in Europe. It is a small block of wood fiber, treated, it is said, with ox blood. The specimen of material sent showed the effect of firing a bullet at the wood. The projectile was literally flattened, without making any appreciable indentation and with absolutely no cracking of the target. There is less effect on the wood than on a piece of armor plate when hit by a projectile.

Because Senator McLaurin of South Carolina shed his coat of moss Senator Teller insinuates that he is a "blatherskite."



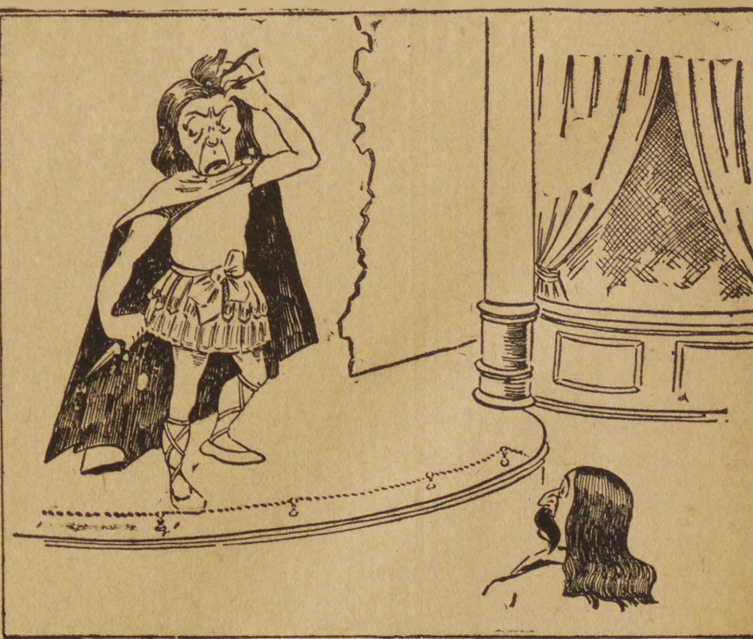
Musical Pete—Say, Tim, did ye ever see de Flying Dutchman?
Tim—Does yer mean Oom Paul?

A TRYING MOMENT.



The Little One—Cheese it! Hennie, yer comes a big dog.
Hennie—Well, ye run ahead an' let him bite ye—ye know I have a mudder support.

A HELPING HAND.



1. Henry Irving Barrett—Ah! I w ill end me days with this stiletto!



2. Arizona Joe—Say, pard, make sure of it; taketh is!

TO CURE CONSUMPTION

PHYSICIANS TAKE UP FIGHT WITH DETERMINATION.

Pledge Themselves to Seek in Every Way a Genuine Consumption Cure.

Radical measures for the prevention of consumption were advocated at the annual American Congress of Tuberculosis recently held here, at which delegates were present from every state and territory, from Canada and from Central and South American countries. Henceforth, the physicians in attendance pledged themselves to seek in every way a genuine consumption cure and to advise with each other and report progress. They will work chiefly to attain two ends. First, the best method for checking the spread of the disease, and secondly to procure legislation everywhere that will put the method finally selected into actual operation.

As a first step, free state sanitariums for consumptives throughout the country were advocated.

Around no disease, probably, is there such a sad interest for general humanity on account of its destructive effects and the iron grip with which it holds its victims. In every age of medicine the disease has afforded a wide and fertile field of inquiry as to its nature, cure and treatment.

The discovery of the nature of the disease is largely due to Dr. Laennec, who nearly 100 years ago produced the stethoscope, by means of which a more accurate investigation could be made.

The cause of consumption was fully demonstrated by the scientific investigations of Dr. Niemeyer about 75 years ago. Consumption can be caused by the mucous discharges from ordinary catarrh of the nose or throat dropping into the air passages, especially when one is asleep.

It is an interesting fact that while Niemeyer discovered the cause for consumption 75 years ago, there is not today a certain and absolute cure for the disease. For generations medical men have been trying to cure consumption by medicine taken into the stomach. It would be going only a step further if one swallowed an ointment for a sore on the hand.

A meeting of the medical friends of the New York Inhalatorium in Astor Court No. 25 West Thirty-third street, was recently held at that institution. The Inhalatorium is one of the most notable of modern institutions, as it is designed to receive and treat physicians' patients having consumption and other lung troubles, giving these patients the benefit of the experience of skilled specialists as well as the benefits of the most modern apparatus and devices. The object of the meeting was to examine the latest appliances used in the treatment of consumption. Dr. E. Reynolds, chairman of the medical staff of the Brooklyn Home for Consumptives, one of the largest and most serving charitable institutions in the country for the special treatment of consumption, and consulting physician to the Inhalatorium, was one of the speakers. He said:

"The absence of sunlight and fresh air, together with improper food and dampness, are the chief causes in the development of this most insidious and merciless disease whose grip once meant death. But, thanks to modern investigation and more scientific methods of treatment, the once doomed consumptive stands a good chance of being cured. The unfortunate dwellers in the unhealthy tenement flats are not the only ones who suffer by reason of the absence of healthful atmosphere and surroundings, for in some of the most luxuriously furnished rooms fresh air and sunlight are vigorously excluded and this, combined with the worriment of life and the demands of that cruel monster called "society," invite the dread visits of consumption.

"I once met the Indian chief White Eagle, a companion of old Sitting Bull, whose wife was a consumptive. White Eagle made the statement that when his people were free to roam over the lands, consumption was unknown, but since being restricted to a reservation and being compelled to live in the sunless houses of the white man, consumption was fast destroying his people.

"As a preventive of consumption we hope that our increased knowledge of the causes producing consumption will induce the authorities to be more active in taking steps tending to check its spread. Quite recently some progress has been made on these lines, notably that of the New York board of health in enforcing the law prohibiting spitting upon the floor in public places. The reason of this law is this: While the spittle of a consumptive is comparatively harmless in a moist state, when it has dried the poisonous dust containing the consumptive bacilli readily finds lodgment in the nose, throat and lungs weakened by ordinary catarrh so prevalent along the Atlantic coast.

"Fourteen thousand persons die annually in New York state of consumption.

"One of the most recent appliances for its remedy is the Altitude Generator. After a patient enters it he can, in a few minutes, be placed in the altitude of the Adirondacks or the mountains of Colorado and, with the electrical apparatus, almost any amount of ozone can be generated, and by the use of the X-rays a physical diagnosis can be confirmed. Then, by the use of inhaling tubes, he will be able to receive the required remedies in the form of a fine vapor directly into his lungs. During my connection with the Brooklyn Home of Consumptives of over 20 years, consumption remedies by the dozen have been brought to us by those who believed they had discovered the real cure.

"For years different treatments have each in turn been treated by medical men and yet there has not been found a positive cure.

"I am satisfied that the most successful treatment results from applying the best principles and the use of the best appliances which have been proven efficacious in various cases to specific cases after a careful examination and diagnosis has been made.

"By this selection and combination of the best principles and appliances, and especially with the aid of the Altitude Generator, it is possible to impregnate the air the patient breathes with the odor of the healing pines of the Northern woods, bathe the diseased lungs with germ killing remedies and saturate the bronchial tubes with the

vapors of antiseptic, disinfectant and healing oils which are as beneficial to the patient as is the summer rain to the parched vegetation.

There are other appliances of value besides the Altitude Generator, prominent among which is the hot air appliance, which has its advantages in many cases, and a system of lung exercises by aid of the spirometer, which is of as much benefit to the lungs as physical exercise is to the muscles of the body.

"Beneficial as these various methods and treatments are, all of them can result in positive harm when not properly applied. The fact that nearly all individual consumption "cures" are open to criticism when they are promiscuously applied suggests the recent Hoffer cure which involves giving large doses of arsenic. This stimulates the patient for a time, but with bacilli in the lungs a positive cure is extremely problematical.

"The advantages of a combination system of treatment, so to speak, are such that a large percentage of patients in the first stage of consumption will get well, and many in the second stage will recover, even in our Eastern climate.

"With our increased knowledge of tubercular diseases and with better understanding of the necessary means to combat them, the percentage of deaths has for a long period been proportionately less each year.

"The fact is noticeable that the death rate from consumption is greater among the foreign born, or the children of the foreigner, than among the native Americans, and, in time, with the aid of wise laws restricting the inflow from abroad of the undesirable, we shall look upon a case of consumption as a rare specimen of a once prevalent disease."

A CASE WHERE NERVE WON.

The Southern Reporter and His Wonderful Evening Dress Suit.

New Orleans Times-Democrat: "The most striking effect I ever saw in the way of a dress suit," said a newspaper man in the corridors of the St. Charles hotel the other evening, "was at a reception tendered a prominent public man at one of the swell clubs in St. Louis a few years ago. I was on the staff of a morning paper, and had been assigned to cover the reception. A few days before a young man had drifted into the office and struck the city editor for a job. He claimed to be an experienced reporter, but in hard luck, and his appearance fully corroborated the latter statement, for his clothes seemed to have been collected at divers times and places. On the afternoon preceding the reception the city editor told him to go with me to the reception and to go in full dress. Most men, under the circumstances, would have fainted, but the order never ceased him, and promising to be on hand at the appointed time, he left the office in high spirits over getting an assignment. I arrived at the reception rather late and he was already on the scene. Talk about Solomon in all his glory, he was never arrayed like that reporter. He had gone to a second-hand store, and, by sheer nerve and volubility, induced the dealer to trust him for a swallow-tailed coat. This, which was a few sizes too small and wrinkled up under the arms, was accompanied by a pair of cut vest, turn-down collar, striped shirt and a red necktie. All but the coat were his everyday outfit. And the wide-checked trousers, tan shoes, high best of it was, he did not seem to realize that his dress suit was not rignieur. When I first saw him he was interviewing the guest of honor. When he saw me he came up smiling with satisfaction and asked me to introduce him to some ladies, so that he could get a description of the costumes. I did so in pure amazement at his gulle-nerve, and when the affair was over he insisted on writing up his story. He got his way in that, too, and it was one of the best I ever read. His job was certain from that night, and the last time I heard of him he was on one of the big New York dailies.

BUCHANAN NEVER MARRIED.

The Image of His Dead Fiance Never Faded From His Heart.

"Mr. Buchanan, who was the first bachelor elected to the presidency, was 65 years of age when elected, and had deliberately given himself to a life of celibacy," writes Wm. Perrine, in the May Ladies' Home Journal. "In the days when he was a young lawyer of Lancaster, Pa., he had loved Miss Coleman, a beautiful daughter of a citizen of that town. They had been engaged to be married, when one day he was surprised to receive from her a request to release her from the promise. According to Mr. George Ticknor Curtis, the separation originated in a misunderstanding on the part of the lady, who was unusually sensitive, over some small matter exaggerated by some giddy and indiscreet tongues. Soon after the estrangement she was sent to Philadelphia, and there died suddenly. Throughout the rest of his life, for nearly half a century, Mr. Buchanan is not known to have revealed to anybody the circumstances of this romantic tragedy. He would only say that it had changed his hopes and plans, and had led him more deeply than ever into politics as a distraction from his grief. In his old age, long after he had retired permanently to private life, he called attention to a package containing, he said, the papers and relics which would explain the causes of his youthful sorrow, and which he preserved evidently with the idea of revealing them before death. But when he died, and his will was read, it was found that he had directed that the package should be burned without being opened, and his injunction was obeyed."

New York Herald: The British steel workmen who are arranging to visit the United States to watch and study the methods of work in great American machine shops are taking a long step in the direction of solving the problem of how to meet the rapidly growing competition of American manufactures with Great Britain's productions. The foreign machinists have chosen the best school in the world in which to learn how to keep up with the times.

MAUD UP TO DATE.

Maud Muller once on a summer's day Went down to the meadow to rake the hay. The sun, especially 'long 'bout noon, Was hotter than love in the month of June. But Maude was cunning; the rustic rose Had a novel hid in her working clothes. A pallet of hay she raked in the shade Of a spreading chestnut, and down she laid. And she read and read, and she read and read Till she fell asleep on her grassy bed. And the sun was setting when she awoke, And the hay she had gone to rake was un-roke.

—Denver Post.

A Girl and a Pony.

BY CARRIE CARTER BROWN.

(Copyright, 1901, Wm. R. Miller.)

My uncle John, who still looks after me with paternal eye, although I am 27 years old and have a pretty good opinion of myself, is a blunt, plain-spoken man. On a hundred different occasions in the last five years he said to me:

"Nephew George, you are an ass, and but for my vigilance you would be taken in and done for every week in the year. You think yourself smart, but you would be as dough in the hands of a designing woman."

I had gone over to Paris for a few weeks, and was one day riding in the Bois when I came across a girl in a pony cart. But for the conduct of her pony, which I now believe was brought about intentionally, I should have remembered the girl as one of the most beautiful I had ever seen. Her flaxen hair and blue eyes proved her English, and she was beauty itself. I had passed her, and the spot happened to be a lonely one, when I heard her call for help. Checking and wheeling my horse, I found her pony standing on its hind feet and seemingly about to make a bolt of it. I was beside him in a moment, and though it took very little time to calm him the girl was so un-nerve that I had to become her driver for the next half hour. Luck had played into my hands for sure. She was Miss Bessie Fay of Liverpool, who was enjoying Paris with her old aunt, and she was good enough to say she had heard me well spoken of by friends of hers. I had saved her life, of course, and of course she was grateful and I was a hero in her eyes. It wasn't ten minutes before we were talking away like old friends, and when I finally left the phaeton I had been invited to call on her that very evening and receive still further thanks for my heroic conduct in bringing that obstreperous pony's fore feet down upon the ground.

It is needless to tell that I was head over heels in love. There was beauty, wit, education, accomplishments—everything, and if I had been a man of nerve I should have asked her to be mine before we parted. I couldn't get up the courage, however, and put it off until I should call in the evening. I was as determined to marry Miss Fay as I was to live, and had my Uncle George been at hand to call me an ass he couldn't have made the slightest impression on my feelings. When evening came and I took a cab to drive to her address I found the street was two miles from my hotel. When we reached it I further found that it was an unfashionable street gone to decay, but I excused Miss Fay taking up her lodgings there on the grounds that her old aunt wanted quietness.

The house was in the middle of the block, and my ring at the door was answered by a female servant. I was told that the ladies were expecting me, and was asked to walk up stairs. Upon entering the drawing-room I found it in semi-darkness, the gas being turned low down, and as I advanced a few steps the door closed behind me. I stood there like a fool for a minute, peering around for the ladies, and then the lights were turned up and I beheld two men seated in easy chairs and smoking away with careless puffs. I stepped forward and bowed and asked to be excused for blundering into the wrong room, but one of them drawlingly replied in the tones of an American:

"No apology is required. You are in the right room and we were expecting you. Have a chair and a cigar."

"But I came to call on Miss Fay and her aunt," I protested.

"Yes, we know; but don't get excited over it. Miss Fay and her aunt happen to be out just now, and you can fill in the interval of waiting by shelling out whatever money and valuables you may happen to be possessed of."

The one who did the most talking was an American—the other a Frenchman. It was sometime before I could get it through my head that I had been decoyed to the house to be robbed, and my stupidity caused the pair much merriment. When I at last saw the game I began to bluster and threaten, but they did not scare worth a cent. I had a watch, ring and pin, and about 20 pounds in cash with me. I finally placed this plunder on the table before them and started to bid them good evening, but soon discovered that it was only the first move in the game. They questioned me as to my bank account in both London and Paris, and strange to relate they had blank checks on both banks. I was ordered to fill out two checks for one thousand pounds each. I flatly and boldly refused, and the American smoked a third of his cigar before saying:

"Don't be a fool. You see the game. We have had you marked down for some months past, and having got you in the net we are bound to make a haul. You will either give us the checks or be shut up here to starve to death. Don't hope for any outside aid. Even if the house were to be searched ten times over you could not be found in the room where we shall put you."

Well, what could I do? I had been decoyed to the house and was unarmed and helpless. It was a put up job to rob me, and there was no question but that the men meant to carry it through at all hazards. I sat down and signed the checks hoping that was the end of it, but it wasn't. They must get their money before turning me loose, and I was shoved into a smaller room, a man set to guard me, and held for three days and nights. By that time the checks had been cashed and the gang was far away. I was finally let out of the house at midnight, having been fairly well treated by the guard,

and you may guess I did not open my lips to the police. I had been made a fool of in the neatest manner, but I preferred to bear my loss rather than the ridicule of my friends. Had the house been searched, however, nothing would have been found. The guard probably left as soon as I did, while the others had gone before him. While my Uncle George is in blissful ignorance of my adventure, yet whenever he greet me with the salutation, "George you are an ass," I seem to take the words seriously to heart instead of smiling over them as before. In fact, I am more than inclined to agree with him, and I think if I ever marry I will take the girl he has chosen for me.

HAD BAD LUCK WITH TEETH.

Misfortunes of a Woman Who Required the Services of a Dentist.

Chicago Chronicle: A dentist enjoying an extensive practice among the fashionable people of the south side, relates this peculiar experience of one of his patrons: "She was a rather pretty young married woman," he says, "but her upper front teeth were so badly discolored and defective as to greatly mar her appearance. Her husband, after much persuasion, induced her to have two of the worst replaced with artificial teeth. I made such a neat job of it that she was delighted. The two teeth were on a plate, and she wore them to bed the first night she had them. During the night, they fell from her mouth to the floor, and when she got up in the morning, she trod on them and broke the plate all to pieces. I reset the teeth on another plate, and she went home again with them. That night, she put them in a glass of water, and finding something in the tumbler, threw the contents out of the front window, thus disposing of the second set in three days. Then I made her a third set. These she put on the mantel when she retired, and forgot to replace them in the morning. The maid, while dusting the room, swept these off into the grate under the mantel, where they burned. The family moved out of town a few days afterward, so, whether she got a fourth set of teeth I do not know."



1. Editor—Well, I'll try you for awhile. Go out to McNabb's grove, ask for the proprietor and interview him.



2. Reporter—Are you th'!!!!?



3. Proprietor—I are.



4. Editor—Hear you? Reporter—I were.

PLEDGES AT THE PAWNSHOP

A Spreading Habit in New York of Hypothecating Personal Effects.

New York Tribune: Americans are always adopting the tricks and manners of Europe, but they usually fasten upon those which are sensible and picturesque. It is an open question, however, how far the pawning habit will spread in this country. Several women have it already, and declare that they are making converts. The Mont de Piété Paris, for instance, is a highly respectable institution, much patronized by all classes. Students who need money just before their remittances from home come in, or who want to help a friend who has already visited too often "ma tante" (it is the aunt and not the uncle who keeps the French pawnshop), thinks nothing of strolling round to the mountain of Piety and depositing spare valuables. In this country the pawn ticket has been looked upon as a badge of shame, but once in a while an original spirit, returning from Europe, keeps up the happy-go-lucky custom here. One woman, who lives near the so-called "charity" pawnshop in Twenty-first street, discoursed openly of her habit the other day.

"Why not?" said she. "I make my living, and a fairly good one, too, by drawing things for the magazines. I have no salary but average \$20 a week, more or less. For three weeks I may take in very little, then \$50 will come in a lump. Now, if I have \$50 I am not going to economize, and by the time I have sent off some to my little sister, and bought a hat and treated the girls to the theater, and had a few jolly little lunches, I am 'broke' again. My sketches have been accepted all right, and it is only a matter of days. So off I go to the 'charity' pawnshop, which is as nice as can be, and 'put up' anything I can spare. The other day, for instance, I was reduced rather low, but had enough to keep me going till my check came in, when I got a letter from Aunt Maria, saying she would be in New York for a few days' shopping.

"Aunt Maria lives in a one-horse town, and is the jolliest old soul that ever was born. To have her come here and not delight her soul with wild and reckless dissipation in the shape of table d'hote lunches with wine (and perhaps even a cocktail, for my venerable aunt is equal to anything) is quite out of the question. So my watch and my best ring were promptly offered up on the altar of my devotion to Aunt Maria. Yesterday I put her on the train for home, blissfully happy at the riotous living of the last week. Would you have made that dear creature forego the sowing of wild oats in her old age? Or would you have me bother my friends by borrowing in the orthodox style? No, indeed. At the pawnshop I pay 10, or 20 cents for convenience; nobody is wiser, and nobody is put out in the least. It is the best plan. What do you say? It would be better if I didn't spend the \$50 the moment I got it. I suppose it would be the wisest plan, but you have to consider the artistic temperament. For that the pawnshop is the comfort and stay. Try my plan and you'll see what fun it is."

SHERLOCK HOLMES OF TODAY

John E. Wilkie Astonished a Visitor By Describing a Sleeping Car Mishap.

Chicago Chronicle: John E. Wilkie, chief of the secret service division of the treasury department, never set himself up among his Chicago friends as a prototype of Sherlock Holmes, but he was dangerously near achieving that distinction the other day. A visitor from a Western state entered his office at Washington bearing a letter of introduction from a common friend. He was accompanied by his daughter, a remarkably pretty girl. The girl had a bad bruise on her cheek near the corner of the right eye and the visitor said smilingly, as they were leaving: "I didn't strike my daughter; she got that bruise in another way."

The chief leaned back in his chair, holding his briar pipe in his hand and looked thoughtful for a moment.

"I think I can tell you how it happened," he said. "On the morning of the day before yesterday she was sitting on the side of her berth in the sleeper from Indianapolis. She leaned over to lace her shoe, the car lurched and she fell across the aisle, striking her head on the arm of the opposite seat."

The visitor was astonished. "Were you on the train?" he asked.

"No," replied the chief, "but I reason in this way: Personal violence in the case of this young lady is out of the question. Painful accidents sometimes occur from colliding with the edge of an open door in the dark, but in that case the bruise would most likely have been on some prominent feature, like the temple, the cheekbone or the nose, and not in the slight depression near the eye. You have been on the sleeper for two days, for you told me so early in your conversation here. The bruise is not a very fresh one, so it seemed almost certain that the accident occurred from a fall on the train, as such as, and not more than, 48 hours ago. My reasoning is quite simple, you see."

Both visitors expressed their amazement and took their leave. The father then went to the office of one of the higher officials of the treasury department and in a straightforward way explained that he had called to express his appreciation of the chief of the secret service. "I have just come from his office," he said, "and in my short interview I was convinced that he is the best man who ever occupied the place."

The official spoke about the matter to Mr. Wilkie the next day, and the chief told of the visit and the supposed detective incident.

"But it wasn't a clever thing at all," said he, "and I must write a letter to that man. I didn't think it was going to make such a fuss. Some friends of my family came from Indiana two or three days ago, and I heard them up at the house talking about a pretty girl on the sleeper from Indianapolis who fell across the aisle from her berth while dressing and bruised her face. When that man brought his daughter into the office and told where they came from it just popped into my head that there was the girl my friends had been talking about."

FARM NOTES.

One of the very worst mistakes one can make in the selection of a stallion is to get one lacking vigor and constitution. If owners of brood mares would insist on patronizing only the sires that are in the harness and kept at work daily, the result would be profit to the owners of stallions, and also to the patrons, as the offspring would be stronger, and there would be an improvement in the feet and legs of our horses; also in endurance and constitution.

The almost unparalleled activity in all the great commercial industries has created an unprecedented demand for horses of the heavy weight class. The general demand is spontaneous and universally distributed in all parts of the country, creating a larger consumption of draft horses than has characterized the trade in many years. In Chicago alone the consumption of horses to date for the current year shows an increase of 3,997 head over the corresponding period in 1900.

Government buyers all over the West and Northwest report it increasingly difficult to secure horses for army service. Calvary horses are especially in demand and heavier horses for artillery and transport service are so scarce that it is almost impossible to get good ones at a fair price. Buyers are of the opinion that Western ranges are getting short of good horse stock, which makes it all the more necessary for farmers to raise their own work horses with some to sell if possible.

Moles can be destroyed by trapping or by poisoning them. The common mistake in attempts to poison them is made by putting the poison in the wrong substance for bait. The mole is said to be non-vegetarian. It lives on grub and other worms, and if poison is administered it should be put in something that the mole will eat. Grubs or similar things will answer for bait. It is said that one reason moles eat roots and destroy plants is to get them out of their way in search of their natural food, and that they eat them.

The Pan-American exposition, Buffalo, N. Y., has arranged the dates for the exhibits of live stock as follows: Class A, swine, Aug. 26 to Sept. 7; class B, cattle, Sept. 9 to Sept. 21; class C, sheep, Sept. 23 to Oct. 5; class D, horses, Oct. 7 to Oct. 19; class E, poultry, Oct. 21 to Oct. 31; class F, pet stock, Oct. 21 to Oct. 31; class G, dogs, Aug. 27 to Aug. 30. While the premium list is admittedly an interesting one, mention cannot be fully made here of all or even the most interesting points. We therefore advise those who have not received the premium list, and who intend exhibiting, to write to Frank A. Converse of Buffalo, N. Y., for one. It is always best that intending exhibitors should be posted in all details connected with what they may exhibit, and they can only be so through a study of the premium list.

The diversified farmer has the advantage of distributing his labor over the whole year and making all his time count for something. In this way he is in a position to make the most of it. He can begin early, and by studying his rotation, can keep busy all the planting season and when harvest comes he can also prolong the harvest. The bulk of the income may be in one or two crops, but other crops will bring in small amounts which have cost but little work and outlay of capital. Ten to \$15 received for beans as a side crop is all right; \$25 to \$40 more for a flock of turkeys is another very good thing to have. A barrel or two of sorghum or several hundred pounds of mangel can be produced and sold from a farm where diversified farming is carried on and the production will be something of a rest and change, rather than actual, tiresome labor.

Iowa enjoys the proud distinction of the foremost dairy state in the Union. The butter product of the creameries in 1900 amounted to nearly 88,000,000 pounds, and it was worth \$17,000,000 on the market. The cheese product of the state, however, amounted to only a little over 4,000,000 pounds, and Iowa annually imports cheese for home consumption. It is sometimes claimed that Iowa is not adapted to cheese making. These conditions have led to a careful investigation of the subject of cheese making at the Iowa experimental station at Ames, and it has been clearly demonstrated that practically as good cheese can be made in Iowa as in the most famous factories of Canada, the products of which have made such a favorable reputation in foreign markets. Bulletin No. 57 of the Iowa experimental station, gives a report of this work, and furnishes information about the best methods of making cheese and the condition essential to success. This bulletin is for free distribution.

We know many farmers who resolve each year that they will set out a bed of strawberries the next year. As the spring approaches, and the many duties come at that time, they forget or neglect it until it is too late. Now, this is a matter that should not be neglected. For best results it is necessary to have a number of varieties. These should be selected for such purposes as may be required. Some varieties are firm and will bear shipment. These are grown for the market. Others will be found very fine for the table, and these should be grown for home consumption. These should early, medium and late varieties, so as to extend the season as long as possible. As soon as the ground can be worked in the spring is the best time to set out strawberry plants. Should it be inconvenient to do this it may be done in June, when they can be set out if the plants are taken from an old bed near and the plants do not have to be out of the ground too long. The soil can be prepared and plants set in by spading them from old beds, leaving as much dirt attached to their roots as possible. Autumn setting is sometimes practiced but his is not as satisfactory as early spring or June planting. If a plot of strawberries does not bear fruit, lose no time in getting one that will. There is but little excuse in doing without strawberries on most farms.

The Aragon mine at Norway, Mich., has been purchased by the United States Steel corporation for \$2,500,000. The Bessemer ore it produces is said to be equal to any in the country.

The ratio of paupers in Minnesota in 1900 was 4,980 for each million of population.

Genoa Journal.

Published Every Thursday. by D. S. & R. H. Lord.

Subscription \$1.25 per Year in Advance

If subscribers do not get the JOURNAL regularly, we request that this office be notified of the fact at once.

Entered at the post office at GENOA, Ill., as second class matter.

GENOA, ILL., JUNE 13, 1901.

Here and There.

The principal of every school in the state of New York having an attendance of 100 or more scholars must establish a fire drill and practice it at least once a month.

In the state of New York veterinarians are recommending burnt corn as a sure cure for hog cholera.

Mr. Plumacher, United States Consul at Maricao says: "Plant a castor oil bean in every yard and about every building and the mosquito or other blood sucking insects will not abide in the vicinity."

S. D. Mann has sold to Dr. Schott his residence property in the village. Mr. Mann and Dr. Austin have purchased a residence in Genoa, and with their families will in the near future make that their home.

Pan-American stamps run only as high as tens, a great improvement over the stamp issues of the Chicago and Omaha expositions.

As a law passed by the last general assembly, the supervisor, assessor and town clerk of townships are created a board of health.

Railroad Fares in Europe.

In Prussia and Saxony there are four classes of passengers, and in Southern Germany (and Europe generally), three classes.

In Wurttemberg passes are sold for \$10.71, \$7.14 and \$4.66, according to class, good for transportation anywhere within that kingdom for fifteen days.

Where Women's Ages are Known

When women go to buy a dress in Japan they tell the shopkeeper their age, and if they are married or not, because there are special designs for the single and double relations of life as well as for ages.

Died Aged 105, Had Been Married 34 Times.

Indianapolis, June 8.—George Smith colored, who claims to have been married thirty-four times and is the father of fifty-two children, is dead at the age of 105.

He was the body slave of Captain As Brown, of Nashville, until the latter was killed in battle at Lebanon, Tenn during the civil war.

Notice. I am now prepared to furnish the best photographs of groups or single persons on short notice.

AROUND THE COURT HOUSE.

PROBATE

Estates of— B. F. Church. Appraisement bill approved. Objection to award sustained. Appeal to circuit court.

Edward Luney. Proof of notice to creditors.

S. B. Stinson. Final report approved, estate declared settled and executor discharged.

Cornelia R. Weaver. Proof heirship. Proof of notice to creditors. Inventory approved.

George Scheidecker. Proof of notice to creditors. Claim of Wm. Bowker allowed at \$639.

Samuel G. Miller. Guardian's inventory approved.

E. L. Barker. Proof of notice to creditors.

W. D. Selce. Petition granted for private sale personal property.

Nelson Sivwright. Proof of notice to creditors.

R. K. Greenfield. Appraisement bill and widow's relinquishment and selection approved.

Andrew Bohannan. Proof of notice to creditors.

Mary A. Bennett. Claim of Alfred Stronberg allowed at \$15.

Lydia A. Porter. Will set for bearing June 25.

Peter N. Corson. Report approved.

Anton Beck, insane. Conservator's report approved.

W. H. Henderson. Expense account allowed at \$340.91. Report approved. Report private sale personal property approved.

Rosanna Helmer. Proof of notice to creditors.

Joseph Madden. Proof of notice to creditors.

George Scheidecker. Claim of M. C. White allowed at \$639.

Harry B. Crossett. Ordered that letters of administration issue to Tillie B. Crossett upon filing bond in sum of \$6,400.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

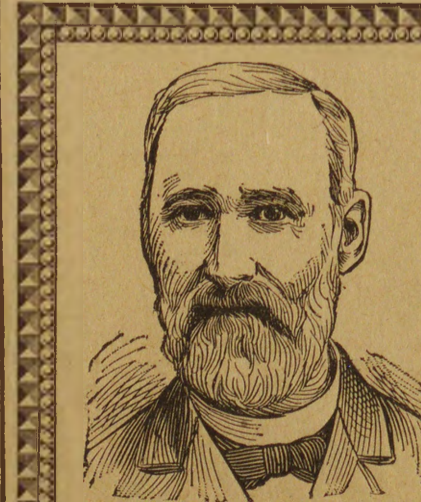
Judson Briscoe, 25.....Aurora Anna Obrecht, 22.....Somonauk Frank L. Spiller, 38.....Dixon Vena M. Trager, 26.....Dixon Oliver Walton Upson, 26.....Cleveland, O. Alice Louise Mayo, 20.....DeKalb E. C. Shippee, over 21.....Sycamore Susan E. Olmsted, over 18.....Genoa Chester E. White, 29.....Somonauk Mary M. Bernard, 24.....Sheridan Jct.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

F. G. LaMont to William, lot 2, blk 6, Fairdale, \$500. Mary E. Clark to E. C. Fishor, lot 6, block 4 (+), Fairdale, \$300. C. A. Anderson to C. L. Palmer, lot 5, block 1, M. Quinn's Sycamore, \$855. Delia and Earl Madden to B. B. Smiley, lots 8, 9 and 10, block 8, Malta, \$100. Michael McCormick Jr. to Alice M. Whitman, part secs 31 and 32, Clinton, and part sec 6, Victor, \$6,000. Paul Feustel and wife to John McClelland, lot 3, block 24 DeKalb, \$2,000. Paul Feustel to A. G. Kennedy, lot 4 blk 24, DeKalb, \$3,700. Martin Dodge to August Beckman, lot 1 and 2, block 2, W. B. King's DeKalb, \$900. Frank Moan to Mary T. Smith, part lots 4 and 5, block 3, Genoa, \$375. Mary Allen to Gregory O'Connell, lot 7, blk 2, Peterson's, DeKalb, \$900.

Uticure. Dr. Kay's Uticure cures all female diseases. At drug stores, \$1. Illustrated book and advice free. Dr. B. J. Kay, Saratoga, N. Y.

Kidneycure. CURE all Kidney Diseases. Backache, etc. At drug stores, \$1. Illustrated book and advice free. Dr. B. J. Kay, Saratoga, N. Y.



stomach, constipation, also liver and kidney troubles, and to overcome effects of La-Grippe and Spring Lassitude. It is an excellent Nerve Tonic. Send for free sample and a free illustrated 116 page book of receipts etc., and send your symptoms and we will give you free advice.

WHEN IN CHICAGO YOU MUST EAT, AND THE BEST PLACE IS THE

BURCKY MILLAN, RESTAURANT

154, 156, 158 and 160 South Clark Street, Chicago.

Table with columns for Dinner, Breakfast and Supper, listing various meats and dishes with prices.

CHICAGO HOTEL IN CONNECTION. ROOMS 50c. 75c. and \$1.00 per day.

K. Jackman & Son

Are going out of the Machine Business and will sell Plows of all kinds, both riding and walking. Corn planters, Pulverizers, Harrows, etc., at your own price.

Genoa, - - - Illinois.

Railroad Excursions.

Various Rates to Various Points on Various Roads.

PICNIC.

For the Modern Woodmen of America picnic at Freeport, Ill., Thursday June 20, 1901 tickets will be sold from Genoa to Freeport and return at \$1.50 for round trip.

Excursion to the Dells of Wisconsin

Commencing June 1st and continuing until Sept. 30th the C. M. & St. P. R'y. will sell excursion tickets to Kilbourn City, Wis., daily.

Pan-American Exposition.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 1st to Nov. 1st, 1901. Tickets on sale daily until Oct. 21st.

Home Seekers Excursions.

On the first and third Tuesdays of each month the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway will sell round-trip excursion tickets from Chicago, Milwaukee and other points on its line to a great many points in South Dakota, North Dakota and other western and Northwestern States at about one fare.

Cheap Excursion to Louisville, Kentucky.

Account Triennial Corclaye Knights Templar the I. C. R. will sell round trip tickets, Genoa to Louisville Kentucky for \$10.35.

REV. L. L. CARPENTER, Wabash, Ind., is President of the Bethany Assembly at Brooklyn, Ind.

Dr. Kay's Lung Balm is the very best cough, cold and throat remedy that I ever used. I have also received great benefit from the use of Dr. Kay's Renovator.

Dr. Kay's Renovator.

It is a perfect renovator of the whole system. It is the very best remedy known for stomach troubles, indigestion, dyspepsia, catarrh of the stomach, constipation, also liver and kidney troubles, and to overcome effects of La-Grippe and Spring Lassitude.

Excursion to Milwaukee.

The Ill. Cent. R. R., will sell round trip tickets, Genoa to Milwaukee, Wis. for four dollars for the round trip; via Chicago and steamer.

C. M. & St. P. Excursion.

Home Seekers' excursion tickets will be sold June 18, July 2 and 16, Aug. 6 and 20 and September 3 and 17, 1901.

Freeport.

June 20th, M. W. A. picnic. Fare \$1.50 for the round trip. Special train.

Detroit, Mich.

For Annual National Educational Ass'n. one fare plus \$2 for round trip. Tickets on sale July 5th, 6th and 7th good to return until July 15th exception, an extension until Sept. 1 will be allowed by depositing tickets with joint agent at Detroit before July 12th.

San Francisco.

For the Epworth League Convention, tickets on sale July 6th to 13th, good to return until Aug. 31st, 1901. Fare \$50.00 for the round trip.

Pan-American Exposition

At Buffalo. Thirty-day tickets for sale June 1st to Sept. 30th. Fare 80 per cent of the double first class, limited rate via Chicago or Milwaukee.

TOWNSHIP

Supervisor J. Siglin. Town Clerk H. A. Perkins. Treasurer C. A. Brown.

SCHOOL DIRECTORS.

H A Perkins. F. W. Olmsted.

WANT COLUMN.

RESIDENCE For Sale.—A splendid residence property north of C. M. & St. P. depot.

FARM For Sale.—122 1/2 acres, 4 miles from a good town, half mile from creamery and 2 miles from post office.

Sewing Machine for Sale.—New has never been used, all attachments and - structions. Will sell very cheap, either cash or monthly payments.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

T. N. AUSTIN, PHYSICIAN & SURGEON. Office over Wells & Olmsted's Store.

J. W. CLIFF, Attorney at Law. Solicitor in Chancery. Telephone 93.

G. E. STOTT, Attorney at Law and Notary Public. Insurance, Real-Estate, Loans and Collections.

D. R. C. A. Patterson, DENTIST. Hours, 8:30 a. to 12 m. and 1:00 to 5:00 p.m.

D. S. LORD, Police Magistrate, Notary Public. P. O. Box 466. Tel. 30.

FRANK GRAJEK, Tonsorial Artist. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

E. J. DONAHUE, Osteopath. Will be in Genoa, at Mrs. Estella Baldwin's on Sycamore street every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

SOCIETIES.

ROYAL NEIGHBORS OF AMERICA—Camp No. 319 meets every first and third Wednesday evening of each month in Oddfellows hall.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Camp meets every second and fourth Thursday evening of each month in Crawford's hall.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODDFELLOWS—Meets every Monday evening in I. O. O. F. Hall.

COURT OF HONOR—Genoa District No. 418 meets every second and fourth Friday evenings of each month at eight o'clock p. m.

A. R. RESACA POST No. 478. Meetings on the first Tuesday evening of every month.

CHURCHES.

M. E. CHURCH—Preaching services at 10:30 a. m. and 8:00 p. m. Class meeting 9:30 a. m.

ADVENT CHRISTIAN Church.—Regular services 10:30 a. m. and 8:00 p. m. Sunday School 11:30 a. m.

LUTHERAN.—Preaching 10 a. m. Catechetical Instruction 10:30 a. m. Evening Preaching the Sunday on or before the full moon at 7:30 p. m.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

Supervisor J. Siglin. Town Clerk H. A. Perkins. Treasurer C. A. Brown.

Clerk J. Hadsall. Treasurer W. H. Sugar. Police Magistrate D. S. Lord. Police Constable Guy Singer.

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GENOA Brick-Yard, BRICK FOR SALE. \$5 and \$6 Per 1000. M. Kilroy. Genoa, Ill.

Plymouth Rocks. Eggs shipped on short notice. Correspondence solicited. J. A. Black, Winslow, Ill.

Laurels Again! I.W. HARPER KENTUCKY WHISKEY. Gold medals were also awarded at New Orleans 1885 and World Fair Chicago 1893.

J. C. Bowers. Teaming, Draying and Expressing. All Orders Promptly Attended to and Goods Handled with Care. J.A. Palmer, Genoa, Ill.

The Pan-American Exposition held at Buffalo, N. Y. May 1st to Nov. 1st 1901. On April 30th, and daily thereafter the Chicago Great Western Railway will sell through excursion tickets to Buffalo, good to return within 15 days at a fare and one-third for the round trip.

For Sale. Billiard and pool hall. Three pool and one billiard tables, all new. Located at Kirkland, Ill. C. J. McDowell, Genoa, Ill.

Testing a Fast Trolley. In Philadelphia a fast trolley car is being tested. It takes newspapers in the early morning to Chestnut Hill, fourteen and three-quarter miles away.

Correspondence

Correspondents will hereafter please send in their communications by Tuesday afternoon.

KINGSTON KINKS.

Daniel Ball are on the sick list this week.

Mark Smith, of DeKalb, was in town Friday.

Commencement exercises tomorrow evening.

Jack Goding was over from Genoa Thursday.

Richard Abrams is now working at Lanark, Ill.

Guy Powell, of Herbert, was seen in town Friday.

Dan Countryman, of Kirkland was in town Saturday.

Joe Taplin, of Belvidere, was on our streets Friday.

Nathan Adams, of Genoa, was seen in town Thursday.

Henry Landis was in Sycamore Saturday evening.

Henry Landis drove to Sycamore Saturday evening.

Joe Manigan, of Herbert, was on our streets Thursday.

Lee Taylor, of Fairdale made this town a call Friday.

Fred Sheeley, of Herbert, was seen in town Thursday.

Pierce Ort made a business trip to Sycamore Thursday.

L. C. Shaffer and Dr. Wyllys made a trip to Genoa Thursday.

Joseph Aurner was over to Genoa Wednesday of last week.

George Wyllys and William Aurner were in Chicago Sunday.

Mesdames Vosburg and Soost were shopping in Genoa Thursday.

Andrew Young, of Genoa, was here on business matters Saturday.

Mrs. Hiram Burchfield, of Kirkland, was a shopper here Saturday.

David Jones, of Chicago, was visiting friends in town Monday.

Vernon Allen, of Sycamore, was a pleasant caller in town Friday.

George Ault, of Kirkland, was the guest of friends in town Sunday.

Frank Witt, of Sycamore, was the guests of friends in town Sunday.

Mrs. M. E. Streeter, of Kirkland, was the guest of relatives here Sunday.

Frank Wyllys, of Kirkland stepped off the morning passenger Monday.

Roy Gibbs and wife of Hampshire were calling of on relatives here Tuesday.

David Lord, of the Genoa Journal transacted business in town Saturday.

Miss Ruby Taplin, of Belvidere, was the guest of her brother Charles Sunday.

W. H. Robinson and wife of Herbert were in town on a pleasure drive Sunday.

Mr. Briggs is entertaining his daughter Minnie, of Chicago, for a few days.

G. G. Kirk was in town Friday doing newspaper work for the Chicago American.

D. M. Gibbs, of Genoa, was in town Tuesday of last week the guest of relatives.

Mrs. Ed Stuart entertained Mrs. Geo. H. Hunt of Monroe Center a part of last week.

Esther Petterson, of Wisconsin, is a guest of her cousin, Maud Moyers for a few weeks.

Annual sermon to graduates Sunday morning at 11 o'clock, June 16, by Rev. J. N. Dingle.

The M. W. A. picnic at Hampshire Saturday was attended by a few of our townspeople.

Jennie Worcester has been spending the past week with Sycamore friends and relatives.

Bert Ellis and family, of Sherburn, Minn., are visiting friends and relatives here this week.

Miss Helen Cliffe, of Genoa, was entertained at the home of Dr. and Mrs. Ludwig Sunday.

S. H. Stiles and wife, of Genoa, were entertained at the home of Mrs. Helen Shaffer Sunday.

Alfred Sexauer and Prof. John Clark drove over to Genoa Wednesday evening of last week.

J. P. McAllister and John Thurlby mingled with Chicago people a few days of last week.

Henry Thomas, of Kirkland, was shaking hands with Kingston friends one day last week.

Lewis Hix, associate editor of the Sycamore City Weekly, was in this vicinity last Friday.

G. M. L. Shell is at his home in Shannon, Ill., this week on account of the sickness of his wife.

Del' Bowley and Miss Sada Campbell, of Belvidere, were calling on friends in town last Thursday.

Marion Arbuckle, of Rockford, was the guest of his sister Mrs. Ernest Vosburg a few days of last week.

Herman Huffman returned home Friday from conducting a party of land seekers in Central Wisconsin.

Rev. Hester and wife, of Genoa, were entertained at the home of John Taylor and wife Monday of last week.

Byron Poust and family, of Itasca, Ill., were visitors at the home of F. M. Lentz and wife one day last week.

Alfred Anderson and son Edward of DeKalb were visitors at the home of O. W. Vickell and wife Sunday.

Wesley Moyers and wife and son Earl, of Fairdale, were visitors at the home of John Moyers and wife Sunday.

Mesdames Helon Shaffer and L. C. Shaffer were visitors at the home of S. H. Stiles and wife in Genoa Thursday.

William Adams and wife of Kirkland, were here Tuesday of last week to attend the funeral of Mrs. James Stuart.

Joseph Branson returned from Battle Creek, Mich., Sunday for a three months stay at the home of Ewen Ferguson.

J. A. McCollom returned from a land excursion to South Dakota, with Mr. Rudolph Sunday. The latter purchased 320 acres.

Lloyd Silvers and sisters of Flora were callers at the home of A. E. Hix and wife, Sunday. They attended childrens day services at the M. E. church in the evening.

Messrs. Harrington and Matthews, of Malta, delivered a single seated rubber tired carriage to Guy Harrington on Wednesday of last week.

Charles Ackerman has secured the position as water boy and is now working with the surfacing workmen between this place and Genoa.

William Gilberts, an electrician in the employ of the DeKalb Telephone Co. was repairing the damage done to the company's property here during Wednesday's storm last week.

Mesdames Joseph Aurner and Henry Lanau will serve the regular supper given by the Methodist Ladies Aid Society at the formers home this evening.

This week we add another state to our subscription list. Joseph Houtz paid us a subscription for his nephew, John Rishel, who now resides in Pennsylvania. Mr. Rishel formerly lived in this township and will be remembered by many friends.

Our farmers who have lately returned from an excursion in South Dakota are more than delighted with the future prospects of the farming land in that state. Farmers that have visited the state from here this summer have returned the possessors of a farm. See Shaffer and McCollom for circulars containing valuable information of the land.

On the register at the McCollom house we found the following names for Thursday: S. A. Rogers, Chicago; D. A. Fuller, Belvidere; H. M. Stark, Chicago; Phil Pfeiler, Elgin; Frederick Young, Elgin; J. C. Hoag, Chicago; C. W. Grim, Chicago; J. D. Taplin, Belvidere. We presume the above H. M. Stark is a twin brother of our H. M. Stark.

Secretary B. F. Wyman, of the DeKalb County Farmers' Institute states that the University of Illinois gives a two years' course of schooling free in the agricultural college to some worthy young man if endorsed by the officers. Though the county is entitled to only one, the directors have written to Mr. Wyman to have one or two others apply, but no further assurance, of course, can be given. A son (Frank) of D. B. Arbuckle, of Kingston, is the first to make application.—City Weekly (Sycamore).

COLVIN PARK.

C. G. Meyers shipped a car of hogs to the city Tuesday.

George Ollman was a passenger to Rockford Saturday

Mrs. E. Warner of the City is visiting her brothers C. F. Ollman and Fred Ollman.

John Schwelke had a wood sawing bee last Tuesday.

J. H. Britton drove from Belvidere Thursday and was calling on friends.

Chas. Stray returned home Tuesday from the City where he had transacted business for a few days.

Chas. Foster, of Belvidere, is improving his house on the farm south of the Park.

Henry Utting was over from Flora Sunday, and he said this was his last year farming in Illinois, he expects to go to S. Dakota.

Quite a number from here attended the picnic in Genoa Sunday.

NEW LEBANON NEWS.

Will Duomlin and family and Chas. Reiser attended the Faculty wedding at Elgin Wednesday.

Mrs. Spansail attended church at Hampshire Sunday.

Mrs. Peckham and Mrs. Alexander were in Genoa Tuesday.

Fred Spansail and Lou Daniels, of Genoa Sundayed here.

Jacob Spansail and wife, of Chicago, are visiting relatives in this neighborhood.

The Misses Seyller of Lemont, Ill., visited here Thursday and Friday.

Judge Reams and Wm. Starks, of Hampshire were here on professional business Thursday.

Gus Anderson was a Hampshire caller Sunday.

Frank Reigelsberger is a new man on the section gang.

Joe Reiser attended the Burlington dance Friday night.

Miss Tillie Bottcher, of Hampshire, visited relatives and friends here recently.

Mrs. Ellithorpe's little grand daughter Lina Delvin, of Chicago, is visiting here this week.

Tilly Cummings came home from Harmony to attend the Woodmen Picnic Saturday.

John Peckham spent Sunday here with his family.

Mrs. Haines, of Genoa, recently closed a successful term of school here and the patrons would like to have her remain.

Mrs. Coon and Mrs. Peckham attended the picnic at Hampshire Saturday, in fact nearly everybody went, even Bert Adgate and his girl.

Frank Reigelsberger and John Peckham and Misses Tillie Cummings and Lola Peckham attended the out door meeting at Genoa Sunday.

OLD RILEY.

Charles Craft of East Burlington and Mrs. John Gray of Noy were calling on friends in Riley Friday.

N. Brotzman has returned from Buffalo.

The Riley S. S. Convention will be held at the church Sunday June the 16th at half past one p. m. Dr. Miller will be there and a pleasant program is promised.

Thos. Ratfield and wife visited at Wm. Coons at New Lebanon Sunday.

James Hutclison, of Genoa, called at his factory here Friday.

Will Ratfield and Parry Dove took in sights at Marengo Saturday evening.

A number of young people visited Ellen Gustafson Sunday.

Max Burow is shingling his barn over and making other repairs.

L. E. Mackey has improved the looks of his place by painting his house.

John Stockwell was transacting business at Kingston Monday.

Mr. Darnell had a friend here last week from the south trying to buy a farm.

Gilbert Cummings visited his mother at New Lebanon Sunday.

Second Call of Fire Since Water Works were Opened.

For the second time the fire alarm was sounded in earnest last Friday and to C. A. Patterson, assistant fire marshal, belongs the honor of giving the taps on the fire bell, giving the correct ward. The fire was in Ellis Confer's residence on west Main street but proved only to be the chimney burning out. Both hose companies were soon there and made their connections in remarkable short time but there was no need of turning the water on. Company No. 1 was on the scene first and ready for business. Dr. Hill was also there but glad to say neither were needed as no fire was found and if there had been the assistant fire marshal was on hand.

Committed Suicide.

Mrs. Charlotte Carlson committed suicide some time last Sunday night by jumping into a cistern at her home on Charles street. She had been considered childish for sometime but it was never suspected that she contemplated such an act. Her body was found last Monday morning.—Sycamore Advertiser.

Epworth League Convention, San Francisco, Cal., July 18-21 1901.

On account of above convention the Illinois Central R. R. will sell round trip excursion tickets to San Francisco. Tickets will be sold July 6 to 13 inclusive, good for return until Aug. 31 Rate \$50.00 for round trip via direct lines or \$59.00 via St. Paul and Portland and return via direct line or vice versa. For further information apply to S. R. Crawford, Agt.

MARRIED FIFTY YEARS

Mr. and Mrs. Augustus Naker of Charter Grove, or, as they are more familiarly called by their relatives and neighbors, Aunt and Uncle Naker, were married fifty years ago last Saturday, June 8, and their friends and relatives to the number eighty dropped in upon them to help properly celebrate the event. Uncle Naker is in his 80th year and Aunt Naker will soon be 78. Both are strong and hearty and they bid fair to live a long time yet surrounded by friends on every hand and possessed of enough of this world's goods to make them independent and happy in their old age, the sunset of life.

The crowd began to arrive in the forenoon and by one o'clock it was evident that the tables would have to be set "out of doors" in order to accommodate all of the guests, although the Naker residence is large and commodious. The presents varied from a wedding ring and bridal flowers for the bride to a couple of nice rockers and a French brier, amber mouth piece, gold mounted pipe for the groom. After the young folks had succeeded in getting uncle to try his new pipe, seated both uncle and aunt in their easy rockers and decorated aunt's head with bridal flowers, it was noticed that both bride and groom were dividing their time between shedding tears and laughing. No doubt, they were tears of joy, for who could live such a long and happy married life and have the fiftieth anniversary celebrated under such favorable and happy circumstances and not quietly shed a tear as they looked upon eighty true friends who were there to prove their friendship and wish the old couple many happy years yet to come. Surely, memories of the past carried the old couple back to a quiet wedding in far away Germany fifty years ago and as they sat and reflected upon the changes of half a century the tears would come, even though all of the surroundings were pleasant and their entire married life has been a happy one.

Jacob Siglin, now in his 91st year was there to wish his neighbors and friends, Mr. and Mrs. Naker, many happy returns of the day. Mr. Siglin walks erect, gives you a hearty hand shake and speaks very clearly and precisely for a man of his age. The writer is sorry indeed that a photograph was not on hand to take a snap shot of those assembled.

The following is we think a complete list of those present who sat down to dinner at one of the happiest wedding anniversaries ever celebrated in De Kalb county if any have been overlooked it is because the writer failed to get their names and we offer an apology in advance to make sure.

Mr. and Mrs.—
Joshua Siglin,
H. Shurtleff,
James Moore and sons,
Henry Smith,
Dan Beebe,
T. Parish,
J. Schuster, Sr.
J. Schuster, Jr.
Frank Keener,
C. A. Goding
John Marshall,
Thomas Marshall,
H. E. Westgate,
Chas. Naker and son,
Everitt Smith and daughter
Gus Swanberg,
G. Naker,
C. Tewksbury,
Thornworth,
Wm. Gillman.

The Misses—

Kate Thompson,
Edna King,
Franky Evans,
Blanche Grandnear,
Carrie White,
Caroline white,
Margaret White,
Schultz,
Lizzie Naker,
Messrs—
Jacob Siglin,
L. D. Evans,
D. S. Brown,
A. B. Clefford,
Will Rudolph,
Fred Naker,
Messdames—
Fannie King,
Wm. Moore,
J. Rudolph,
Schuler,
Schultz,
Kate Wright.

Cottage For Sale.

We offer for sale, for cash or on time, a new, neat and pleasantly located cottage of modern design. Nice lot, good well, cistern and cellar. Alley on two sides. \$1300. Inquire JOURNAL office.

A Legal Point.

That has not yet been decided by the Supreme court is whether the United States government can compel E. H. Browne to furnish fried cakes to the Philippine soldiers.

DR. KAY'S
RENOVATOR invigorates and renovates the system; purifies and enriches the blood; cures the most dyspepsia, constipation, headache, liver and kidneys. 25c and 50c. Advertisers. Free advice, sample and book.
Dr. B. J. Kay, Saratoga, N. Y.

RENOVATOR

MURDERED WOMAN HE LOVES AND THEN COMMITS SUICIDE.

Most Foul Deed Ever Committed in DeKalb County. The Murderer tries to Duplicate his First Crime by Shooting the Sister of His First Victim.

Supposing Them Both Dead he Skips Out but Before Being Captured he Commits Suicide.

Last Friday morning the people of Kingston was thrown into a state of commotion which seemed sure to terminate in a lynching affair but was thwarted by the murderer committing suicide before being captured.

About three miles south of Kingston lived a family named Ledig. Last January Mr. Ledig took sick and died, since which time his widow has continued to run the farm, retaining as a farm hand Nels Nelson, the same swede that had worked for Mr. Ledig for a couple of years. After the death of Ledig Nelson became possessed of an idea to marry the widow but his propositions was refused by the lady. He continued his approaches and proposals until his presence on the farm became unbearable and about three weeks ago he was discharged. He remained about the neighborhood and by his actions Mrs. Ledig became uneasy, fearing that the fellow might take some desperate means to enforce his suit.

Last Friday morning Mrs. Ledig and her sister Mrs. Wing and two children started for Kingston to do some trading. When they were about a mile and a half from home they overtook Nelson on foot who asked them for a ride. They told him the buggy was full and they could not carry him, but he climbed onto the rear end of the buggy. After riding about mile without uttering a word, according to the statement of Mrs. Wing, Nelson drew a revolver and fired two shots at Mrs. Ledig, the balls both entering her head behind the ear. A third shot was fired at Mrs. Wing inflicting only a slight scalp wound and stunning her for the time being. After doing this much he jumped off the buggy and made off, while the frightened horse ran with the dead woman dragging from the wheels, having got caught by the hair and clothing. After the horse had ran about 80 rods Mrs. Wing recovered enough to comprehend the situation and brought the horse to a stop near John Ludwig's place where she gave the alarm and started word for help.

Nelson, after leaving the scene of his murderous deed, went to the home of John Crane and told them of his awful work and requested them to notify his mother in Sweden and his two sisters in Chicago and tell them that he had committed suicide. He then went about a half mile south on the road where he was found about 11:30 a. m. by Coroner J. D. Morris and Deputy Sheriff Lentz having finished his terrible work by sending a bullet into his own brain.

His body was taken to the Kingston jail where it laid until Saturday when a brother-in-law took it to Chicago for burial.

When the word arrived in Kingston of the tragedy the whole population provided themselves with guns, ropes and other weapons and started in search of Nelson and if he had been taken alive it is almost certain that Kingston would have had a record of a lynching affair that would have been a blot on their fair name.

Mrs. Ledig was an excellent lady and highly respected by all who knew her and by her untimely death at the hands of a crazy swede is to be deplored in the highest degree.

Robber in Wolves' Cage.

For sheer melodrama the English jewel robber Houghton's arrest would be hard to beat. After his last big diamond theft, which occurred a few days ago, he was traced to West Bromwich, and thence led the detectives a dance over the country. At last, when the pursuers were hard on his heels, he dashed into a traveling menagerie, which was exhibiting just outside Birmingham. There he found one of the attendants fastening up a van cage containing a pair of large gray wolves. He flung the man on one side and opened the cage, shutting himself up with the beasts and daring any one to fetch him out. The strange thing was that the wolves, which the proprietor had always considered the most dangerous animals in the show, took no notice whatever of the fugitive, but showed great ill temper toward the keeper and a constable, who had great difficulty in dragging Houghton out.—Chicago Journal.

Dogs Taught to Catch Rats.

An academy for dogs, you will say, is a novel institution, but there is such school in Chicago. There is only one course of study, and a most practical one it is—the teaching of puppies to catch rats. The students to this academy come from the city streets mostly, and all enter upon their merits, aristocracy not yet having a place in this canine college, but fox-terriers are more in demand than any other kind. When the puppy is duly enrolled the "professor" who conducts the institution proceeds to give it careful training. If it shows great fear of the rodents, however, it is pretty apt to be expelled, for the puppy that has once been bitten or terrified by a rat rarely gets over its fright, and is of little use as a rat catcher. A few lessons to the more hopeful dog student will develop it into a courageous and wild pursuer of his ratship. When the dog is thoroughly trained it is readily sold, good rat hunters being in much demand.—Chicago Record-Herald.

DREAM WORTH A FORTUNE.

California Woman Utilized an Idea That Came to Her in Sleep.

A dream that came to Mrs. Jessie H. Higley of Niles, Cal., not long ago has proved to be worth at least \$5,000 to her, and she may realize a much larger amount from it. She has been offered the sum named for the product of her dream, but regards it as worth far more and will refuse the offer. This utilitarian dreamer is the wife of Seward O. Higley, the station agent of the Southern Pacific company at Niles. They have lived in that quiet community for some years and Mrs. Higley's housewifely instincts have become proverbial. Her house is always "just so" and when things do not go right Mrs. Higley makes them go her way. If there is anything new that will add to the comfort of her home Mrs. Higley secures it. Among some of her recent additions to the household furniture are iron beds. The beds proved very good, but the artistic eye of the housewife was offended by the lack of drapery about them. Then she found to her sorrow that there was no satisfactory method known to the trade of adding drapery to an iron bed so that it could be removed quickly when cleaning or sweeping the room was in order. The lack of this contrivance was such an annoyance to the lady that she dreamed about it, and in that dream she saw just what was necessary to make the hearts of the housewives in the country glad. She did not wait for the dream to become dim, but got right up and made a rough drawing and description of what she had seen. The next day she worked it out carefully, had a sample made and a few days ago received her patents covering the invention. It is a little brass clasp that fits about the posts and will hold cords or wires for carrying drapery. It can be removed or attached in a second of time and once on the post is immovable until released by hand.—Chicago Chronicle.

SWEPT BY TORNADO.

OKLAHOMA RAVAGED BY A FURIOUS STORM.

SOME FATALITIES REPORTED.

Small Towns Leveled, Crops Ruined and Terrified Residents Driven to Caves.

Wichita, Kan., June 8.—The most disastrous storm which ever visited Oklahoma prevailed in Kay county last night. The tornado struck Billings, Eddy and Tonkawa, and its influence covered a stretch of country ten miles wide and 36 miles long, and destroyed towns, farm houses and crops. The financial loss will exceed \$100,000.

At Eddy three persons were killed, the dead being:

MRS. MAUDE M'GATHEY.
LOUIS M'GATHEY.
ROBERT M'GRIFFIN.

The following were the injured: Chas. Goldsmith, John McBrain, Hugh Prather, Judd McWilliams, Howard Hamagan, Ruby Higinbotham and A. D. Evans.

It is reported that two persons were killed at Billings, but this cannot be verified.

DETAILED STORY OF STORM.

Devastating Cloud Levels Almost Everything In Its Path In Territory.

Perry, O. T., June 8.—The storm which passed over Eastern Oklahoma last night was one of the most severe since the opening of the strip. Sweeping down from the Kansas state line and covering about 10 miles in width, the rain, wind and hail swept over the country as far south as Old Oklahoma. The rain simply fell in torrents from early in the evening until midnight.

The fury of the storm centered in a tornado about 6:30 p. m., which formed at a point near the Kansas state line, just on the county lines of Kay, Grant and Oklahoma. The twister took a southeasterly course and was most disastrous on the belt ten mile square in the eastern part of Kay county.

The little town of Eddy was struck, and, of the 12 or 15 buildings in the place, all were leveled to the ground except the railroad station. Flying lumber was scattered for miles. The people of the town sought places of safety early. One unknown man was killed and several persons were slightly injured by flying debris.

The track of the tornado between this point and Tonkawa, a distance of eight miles, was laid in waste. Five farm houses, with barns and outbuildings, were blown away, but the occupants all escaped injury. Fine fields of wheat in the midst of the harvest were laid in waste.

The tail end of the storm fell with a terrible force upon Tongawa, and 30 dwellings and business houses were scattered like so much loose timber. The citizens, who had been watching the advance of the tornado, sought shelter in caves and cellars.

A few miles from this point the cloud lifted and the country below did not suffer much from the storm except by washouts and hail, which did some damage to the fruit and crops. At Blackwell, a few miles north of Tongawa, F. H. Crawford, a carpenter, was struck by lightning during the storm and instantly killed.

At Bellings, in Noble county, much damage was done. Seven people are reported killed and many severely injured.

TRAINS BLOWN TO ATOMS.

Collision On Lackawanna Explodes Consignment of Dynamite With Terrible Results.

Binghamton, N. Y., June 8.—While a freight train on the Lackawanna road was taking water at Vestal, ten miles west of here tonight, it was run into from behind by a double header wild-cattle freight. In the third car of the stationary train was a large quantity of dynamite, which was exploded by the impact. Two men were killed, while three others are thought to be in the ruins. A number are known to be badly injured.

The dead are:
J. M. KELLY, Elmira, N. Y.
THEODORE POLHEMUS, Elmira, N. Y.

FIREMAN WETHERBEE, ENGINEER MATTICE.

WILLIAM WEDDICK, trainman.
LMER POLHEMUS, trainman.

The fatally injured are: Geo. Mattice, trainman; Engineer Lonergan and an unknown man.

The remainder of the crews escaped with slight injuries.

The train was blown to atoms. The explosion completely demolished four freight cars. Much damage was done by the concussion, most of the windows in Vestal and in Union, across the river from Vestal, being shattered. Binghamton's plate glass fronts did not escape, many of the largest glasses in the center of the city being broken. The shock was felt a distance of 30 miles.

WEATHER AND THE CROPS.

Meteorological Conditions of Past Week Not Generally Favorable to Progress.

Washington, D. C., June 6.—According to the official crop report prepared by James Berry, chief of the climate and crop division of the department of agriculture, a practically entire absence of rain over a large part of the Missouri and upper Mississippi valleys has intensified the drought conditions previously existing in these districts, while the greater part of the region extending from the east gulf coast to the lower lake region and New England suffered further from excessive rains.

The week has been abnormally cool to the eastward of the Mississippi river

and in the west Gulf states, with frosts in the central Rocky Mountain districts, upper lake region, Kansas and Oklahoma, causing little or no damage except in northern Wisconsin, while temperatures much above the average prevailed in the upper Missouri and Red River of the North valleys. The northern Rocky Mountain and Pacific coast districts experienced a favorable week.

On the whole, the week was unfavorable to corn, which, owing to low temperatures, made slow growth throughout the principal corn states, damage by cutworms being extensively reported. In the Southern states further improvement in the condition of the crop is generally reported. Planting has been much retarded over the northern portion of the Middle Atlantic states and New England on account of cool, wet weather.

In the states of the lower Missouri valley winter wheat has suffered further from drought, and damage from fly is more extensively reported throughout the winter wheat belt, the most marked deterioration being shown in the reports from Missouri. Harvesting has begun as far north as Arkansas.

Spring wheat is generally in need of rain throughout the spring wheat region, especially in the Dakotas.

The crop has, however, made fair progress in portions of the Dakotas, and notwithstanding the dry weather in Minnesota made good growth.

In the states of the Missouri and upper Mississippi valleys, especially in the former, the oat crop is much in need of rain. In the upper Ohio valley and Tennessee the condition of the crop is improved. Harvesting continues in the Southern states.

Cotton has made slow growth generally throughout the cotton belt and is suffering for cultivation, in the eastern and over portions of the central districts. Warmth and, in the eastern districts, dry weather, is generally needed for cotton.

JUDGE REBUKES REFORMERS.

Denver Jurist Intimates That He May Punish Ministers For Contempt of Court.

Denver, June 10.—Judge Peter L. Palmer today administered a severe judicial rebuke to more than 100 "reformers" who appeared in his court, as they had previously announced through the newspapers that they would do to protest against granting injunctions against the city, fire and police boards in the cases of restaurants claiming the right to serve drinks on Sunday with meals and the saloonkeepers who held that under the law he was entitled to sell liquor to women at the bar. The judge closed his remarks by declaring that he intended to make a judicial inquiry into the question of whether or not certain clergymen of Denver who denounced him in pulpits yesterday were in contempt of court, and if he satisfied himself that they were he would immediately take the case up and give them the full punishment under the laws.

TO AID NON-UNIONISTS.

International Association of Machinists Decide Upon Such Action At Toronto Convention.

Toronto, Ont., June 10.—The International Association of Machinists in convention today decided to extend financial aid to the non-union men who went out with the members of the association. A resolution was passed asking the American Federation of Labor to levy an assessment as provided for in their constitution to raise funds for the strikers. President O'Connell stated that the special strike fund amounting to over \$150,000 was still intact.

TO CROSS OCEAN IN SLOOP.

Captain Howard Blackburn Sails From Gloucester On Voyage Fraught With Peril.

Gloucester, Mass., June 10.—In his 25-foot sloop, the Great Republic, Captain Howard Blackburn of this city yesterday afternoon started on his second transatlantic voyage, his present destination being Lisbon, Portugal, which he expects to reach in 45 days. His previous voyage, in 1899, was to London, which trip took 61 days. The start was made amid the plaudits of over 1,000 persons. Shortly after 2 o'clock the Great Republic, escorted by a large fleet of boats, started on her voyage. She received a succession of salutes until she was nearly off Thatcher's island, when the last of the escort left her.

HIS DEATH WAS NATURAL.

New York Chemist Reports That Father Phillips Was Not Poisoned, As Supposed.

New York, June 5.—George A. Ferguson, the analytical chemist who made an examination of the stomach of Rev. Phillips of Hazleton, Pa., who was found dead in the apartments of Dr. Kirke Stanley, three weeks ago, shows Father Phillips was not poisoned. Stanley was discharged by the coroner today.

HERDERS' CAMP ATTACKED.

Gunnison, Col., June 4.—Hugh Colburn, a sheep-herder who arrived in town today, reported that 20 masked men attacked the camp where he was employed, six miles from Spencer, made prisoners of the herders and slaughtered 2,500 sheep, which had recently been driven over from Utah. The mob is supposed to have been comprised of cattle-men in the vicinity.

THE KANSAS CROP CONDITION.

Topeka, Kan., June 7.—The crop report issued today by the state board of agriculture shows the condition of wheat to be 82.8, compared with an average of 99.8 last month.

BRITONS ALARMED.

GOVERNMENT URGED TO LEAD THE WAY.

BIRMINGHAM ISSUES A CALL.

Chamber of Commerce Says Gigantic American Concerns Menace Empire's Commercial Prestige.

Birmingham, Eng., June 5.—The chamber of commerce devoted a special meeting today to the discussion of the American trusts, and adopted, after a long debate, resolutions declaring that the earnest attention of the government should be given without delay to the best means of guarding British trade and commerce against injury from the American trusts, both from the national and commercial aspects.

No Call For Reinforcements. London, June 6.—It is understood that Lord Kitchener has not asked for reinforcements.

War Secretary Broderick, speaking in London last night, declared the government was in no way discouraged over the present state of the war, which, he said, would soon be finished if the enemy would only come into action. The total number of deaths from disease and military operations among the British troops in South Africa during May were 25 officers and 709 men.

PLAGUE HAVOC IN HONG KONG.

London, June 5.—The colonial office has received a dispatch from Sir Henry A. Blake, governor of Hong Kong, announcing that 215 cases of bubonic plague were officially reported during the week ending June 1. The total number of deaths thus far from the disease is 207.

BOER RAID ON JAMESTOWN.

Cape Town, June 5.—The garrison at Jamestown, Cape Colony, which surrendered to Kritzinger's command Sunday numbered 60 men in all. Kritzinger's force is estimated at 1,000 men. The British killed 12 and wounded 15 Boers before they were overpowered.

CAPTURE BOER SUPPLIES.

Aliwal North, June 5.—Colonel White's column came in contact with Kritzinger's command northeast of Jamestown, June 3, drove the Boers back, captured 500 horses and munitions and recovered the stores looted from Jamestown.

FIRE IN FORBIDDEN CITY.

Lightning Causes Blaze In Peking Which Destroys Valuable Records.

Peking, June 5.—Lightning yesterday struck a building inside the gate at the American end of the Forbidden City, causing a fire. The American and Japanese guards did all that was possible to prevent the spread of the flames. A heavy rain saved the Forbidden City. Three buildings were burned, including the library containing many valuable manuscripts and numerous historical records of the dynasty.

GIGANTIC SHIP CONCERN.

New York, June 5.—The Mail and Express today says:

"Negotiations between the Cramp-Maxim-Vickers group of shipbuilders and the stockholders of the Bethlehem Steel works have been resumed and consideration of the program originally mapped out has actually been arranged as far as that is possible without delivery of the stock."

RANGE OF MARKET PRICES.

Chicago, June 10.—Cattle—As generally anticipated a liberal supply was offered today, the receipts being in the neighborhood of 22,000 head, against 22,416 head last Monday. The demand for beef cattle started off as active as ever, there being a good inquiry from the local slaughterers, Eastern shippers and exporters, and prices ruled steady at recent quotations. Good to prime steers, \$5.60@5.75; poor to medium, \$4.50@5.50; stockers and feeders, \$3.00@4.80; heifers, \$2.75@3.00; calves, \$4.00@5.75; cows, \$2.50@4.70; Texans, \$4.50@5.50.

Hogs—Today's receipts were estimated at 37,000 head, against 41,384 head last Monday. With fewer hogs for sale today than was generally anticipated there was the liveliest kind of local and shipping demand, and prices were on an average 5c to 10c higher than Saturday. Heavy, \$5.85@6.10; light, \$4.75@5.35; mixed, \$5.75@6.05.

Sheep—The recent demoralization in the market failed to check the rush of sheep and lambs to the market, and today's receipts were in the neighborhood of 20,000 head, against about the same number last Monday. Trade was slow again and prices were about 10c lower on the average. Sheep, \$3.75@4.25; lambs, \$1.00@3.25.

CHICAGO GRAIN.

Chicago, June 10.—Flour—The market was quiet. Wheat—The market was weak, closing lower. No. 3 red 71; No. 2 hard 71 1/2. September opened 75 1/2@76; highest 76 1/2; lowest 75 1/2; closed 75 1/2.

Corn—The market was quiet and a shade stronger, closing higher. No. 2, 43 1/2@44 1/2; No. 2 yellow 42 1/2@43 1/2; No. 3, 41 1/2@42 1/2; No. 3 yellow 41 1/2@42 1/2. September opened 41 1/2; highest 41 1/2; lowest 40 1/2@41; closed 41 1/2.

Oats—The market was active and weaker, closing lower. No. 4, 23; No. 4 white 23 1/2@24; No. 3, 23@24.

Barley—40@60c. Close on Flax—N. W., \$1.71; S. W., \$1.70; Sept., \$1.29; Oct., \$1.20.

Receipts—Flour, 24 cars; Wheat, 115 cars; Corn, 348 cars; Oats, 430 cars. Shipments—Flour, 17 cars; Wheat, 112 cars; Corn, 348 cars; Oats, 439 cars.

CHICAGO PRODUCE.

Chicago, June 10.—Butter—The market was steady; creameries, 15 1/2@16c; dairies, 15c. Eggs—The market was weak at 10 1/2c. Dressed turkeys, 7@8c; chickens, 6@6 1/2c. Timothy—\$3.65@3.67. Clover—\$5.50. Ribs—Short and clear sides, \$8.25@8.37. Others unchanged.

FATALITIES IN AN ACCIDENT.

Three Persons Killed As a Result of a Railway Disaster In Georgia.

Atlanta, Ga., June 4.—A switch engine in the yards of the Southern railway's shops near the city limits dashed into a passenger train as it was passing today, killing three passengers and injuring 16, three of them, it is feared, fatally. The dead are:

MRS. A. A. LEMMON, McDonough, IRMA, 10-year-old daughter of Mrs. Lemmon.

H. H. VICKERS, Flovilla. Mrs. Julia Kersey, Atlanta, may die. A. F. Bunn, McDonough, may die. A. Fouché, McDonough, may die.

D. A. George, Wm. Richardson, Miss Rosa Withers, Miss Alma Massenburg, Mrs. E. M. Smith, W. F. Tidwell, Rosa Lee, Mrs. J. E. Ridley, Mrs. A. F. Bunn, Mrs. Bunn, N. H. Vickers, Pierce Stewart, a young son of Mrs. Lemmon.

As the train was passing the sidetrack where the coal chutes are located the switch engine, which had just been deserted by the engineer and fireman, suddenly dashed backward into the moving train. The first-class day coach was thrown on its side and partly demolished. The Pullman was thrown from the track, and one end smashed into kindling wood, while the trucks were knocked from under the combination smoker and passenger coach.

Soon after the wreck G. B. Dunton, an employe of the Southern road, was arrested charged with disorderly conduct. Dunton, who was yardman, denied having had anything to do with the wreck, and says he was not on the engine. The officials claim he was seen to get on the engine.

HERESY IN KANSAS COLLEGE.

Prof. Tubbs of Wesleyan University Dismissed Owing to Bible Criticism.

Salina, Kan., June 6.—The trustees of the Kansas Wesleyan university have refused to re-elect Prof. F. D. Tubbs to the chair of natural science, which he has held for the past two years. The cause of dismissal is what is known among the Methodist clergy as "higher criticism of the bible," a mild phrase for heresy. No formal charges were preferred against Prof. Tubbs, but the trustees simply left him out on making up the faculty for the coming year.

Prof. Tubbs returned a few years ago from South America, having been stationed at Argentina as a missionary. It is said his theological views at that time were responsible for his recall, and after his return he was warned not to spread his doctrines among the students. It is said that he has been holding private classes at his home on "higher criticism."

Following the close of the college commencement exercises today, the students held an exciting meeting and made fiery speeches, demanding that the board of trustees explain publicly why Dr. Tubbs had not been re-elected. After several impassioned speeches by the students, some of whom are now filling pulpits, Dr. Hansel, a trustee, explained that Tubbs' case was in the hands of the executive committee. The students decided to present their demands to that committee.

Rev. Daniel McGuirk, pastor of the Methodist church of Jewell City, who was closely associated with Dr. Tubbs, said later:

"Dr. Tubbs is an evolutionist and is simply teaching the same things that are taught in Northwestern university and the principal Methodist theological schools. There are a lot of old fogies among the ministers of this conference who want to deny the right of a man to think for himself. They have been after me the same as they have been after Dr. Tubbs, and I propose to leave this conference."

TO FRUSTRATE VANDALS.

Remains of Abraham Lincoln to Be Placed 'Neath Huge Block of Cement.

Chicago, June 6.—The Inter-Ocean will tomorrow print a story saying that the recent reinterment of the remains of Abraham Lincoln at Springfield, Ill., has been done in such a manner as to leave them in a measure at the mercy of body-snatchers, and that steps are to be taken at once, at the instance of Robert T. Lincoln, to have the body placed as in the former monument under a huge block of cement, where it will be out of the reach of any attempt at molestation.

Mr. Lincoln some time ago gained the idea that the remains of his father were not properly secured against possible desecration by body-snatchers, and determined to make an investigation on his own account. He went to Springfield in the disguise of a workman and spent much time in and around the new monument. He came to the conclusion that the present location of the body left it in a measure at the mercy of anybody who should desire to carry it away, particularly as there are no watchmen around the monument at night.

He will take steps at once to have matters remedied and have the body so placed that it will hereafter be secure from any interference whatever.

LOOT UNDER A SIDEWALK.

Part of the Money Planted By Robbers Recovered At Mineral Point, Wis.

Mineral Point, Wis., June 4.—The bank robbers who looted the First National bank in a net get away with all the money, and \$8,000 of the \$25,000 stolen was recovered. It was found under a sidewalk. Sunday night a boy, while walking along the street near the brewery, saw the top of a bag protruding from under the walk. He dragged it out and found \$2,000. It was one of the bags which was taken from the bank. He immediately reported the find to the authorities.

CHURCH PATRON IS DEAD.

Chicago, June 5.—Edward Kimball, a noted church debt raiser, died in this city today at the residence of his son, Dr. R. H. Kimball, of a complication of diseases, aged 78.

STATE PAPER STOLEN

GOV. YATES' VETO ON PARTELLO CLAIM DISAPPEARS.

Document is Taken During Noon Hour From Office of State Secretary—State News.

Governor Yates' Veto on the Partello claim bill has been stolen from the secretary of state's office. A duplicate of it has been filed, but this does not change the amazing fact that a state paper has been filched from the state archives.

Only one motive for making away with such paper can be surmised. Belief that disappearance of the veto message would nullify the veto itself and so leave the bill in effect as if it had been approved. Speculation on this head has revived and accentuated all the stories of queer goings on in connection with this Partello claim bill from the time it was introduced in the house up to and including the time when it was finally disposed of by the governor.

The watchman in the secretary of state's office says that one of the persons vitally interested in the vetoed bill was in that office lost Friday, the day on which the message disappeared, during the noon hour, when all employes but the watchman were absent. The watchman also says that this person was around the executive clerk's desk, in a pigeonhole of which the paper lay.

The executive clerk discovered the loss on his return and notified the governor. A duplicate of the stolen paper was prepared from the copy of the original message on file in the governor's office, the duplicate being indorsed by the governor thus:

.....
* The original of this veto
* : having been stolen from the
* : office of the secretary of state,
* : I file this duplicate this 31st
* : day of May, 1901.
*

Loss of the veto message probably would not have vitiated the veto itself in any case, which makes the matter of its disappearance harder to understand. The last page of the text of the engrossed bill shows that executive approval had been withheld, although the record is peculiar in form.

The bill seems to have been indorsed originally by the governor with the words "Not approved." The word "not" was written on one line and the word "approved" directly underneath it on another line. The date, "May 12, 1901," which happens to have been Sunday, was on the third line. The governor's signature, "Richard Yates," was on the fourth line, and the title "governor" on the fifth line.

This form of signifying disapproval seems not to have been to the governor's liking. A pen has been drawn through the words "not" and "approved," and in the interlinear space between them has been written the words, "Returned without approval."

The veto message, which set forth the governor's reasons for refusing to approve the Partello claim, was not attached to the bill itself. It was typewritten on parts of two sheets of executive office stationery, and was dated May 13, 1901, the non-approving indorsement on the bill itself having been dated May 12.

The Partello claim has a history without this chapter on the stolen veto message. Two legislatures refused to pass it. The commissioners of claims threw it out once as outlawed under the statute of limitations. There has always been controversy over its justice. It originated thus:

Partello had the contract for building the Pontiac Reform school. He was caught in a financial squeeze and failed. His claim is for building material which he says was on the ground when he failed, and which was afterward used by the state without compensation to him. It now amounts to \$28,000, the appropriation of which Governor Yates vetoed.

Representative Funk of Bloomington, where Partello used to live, introduced the bill in the house. Senator Stubblefield, also of Bloomington, befriended it in the senate.

The senate committee on appropriations had the bill hung up at one time. The reason given was that the governor might veto it if passed, and in his veto hit hard at the legislature for passing a claim once disallowed by the commissioners of claims. Senators who were against the bill on this ground say they were induced to yield opposition on positive assurance from one of the governor's closest confidential advisers and appointees that the governor would not veto it.

Now that the veto message has disappeared, the gossips on the edge of official life are reveling in stories of what has and has not been done under the surface in connection with the claim.

Illinois day at the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo, N. Y., will be June 25. Governor Yates and staff are expected to be present.

Additional rural free delivery service will be established at Rossville, Vermilion county.

The machinists of the Litchfield foundry and machine shops of Litchfield have been granted a 10 per cent increase in wages and a ten-hour day, and have returned to work.

Senator Culom has been spending a few days at the state capital, during which time he was kept busy dodging interviewers.

This is commencement week at the University of Illinois, and was opened on Saturday evening last by the annual promenade of the University of Illinois band in Armory hall, which was well filled in spite of bad weather.

It is expected by those having the work in charge that Millikin university will be ready for students in about one year. Dr. A. R. Taylor will take up his new duties as president about July 1.

The Mobile & Ohio depot at Sparta was robbed Saturday night by two masked men, who bound and gagged the night operator and locked him in a box car. They then blew the safe and secured \$300 in cash.

The Armour institute of Chicago will exclude girls after this school year. Why this step was taken has not as yet been explained to the satisfaction of the ladies who were desirous of taking

advantage of the "purely scientific course."

George Dolinski, sentenced to be hanged at Chicago for the murder of Anton Hinz, has been granted a respite by Governor Yates until Aug. 16. Baron Schlippenbach, Russian consul, joined with M. W. Meagher, Dolinski's attorney, in the appeal to the governor. Dolinski is a Russian subject.

The Chicago council finance committee has made arrangements for a new system of keeping accounts of the city by which a saving of \$50,000 a year will be effected. It would be interesting to learn who got the pennies that fell under the desks during the workings of the old system.

Judge Kohlsaat has been asked to appoint a receiver for the Abram Ellwood Manufacturing company of DeKalb. This request followed the filing of a petition in which several creditors asked that the company be declared bankrupt. The Republic Iron and Steel company is the principal creditor, and all the claims presented in the petition amount to \$12,000. The court was asked to appoint the Chicago Title and Trust company as receiver.

The Lincoln colony, composed of citizens of Chicago who in former years were residents of Lincoln and Logan county, journeyed to Lincoln on Saturday last to spend a day with home folk and friends, instead of holding their annual picnic in one of the parks of the metropolis. Six hundred of the crowd left Chicago on a Chicago & Alton special of nine coaches about 9 a. m., and arrived there at 1:15 p. m. Hundreds of citizens, with a band, met the train and welcomed their relatives and friends to the city.

Officers of the penitentiary at Chester are expecting trouble in securing the surrender of John A. Harrington, alias Albert Rearington, a paroled convict who is held at Lafayette, Ind., for violating his parole. The officers are informed that a gang of Indiana counterfeiters is working for the release of Harrington and will undertake to get him out of jail by resorting to the habeas corpus before a warrant for surrender of the prisoner may be procured.

C. E. Church of Beardstown, a parole officer, has secured a requisition for the surrender of Harrington from Governor Yates. Harrington was sent to the penitentiary from Sangamon county in 1898 for bigamy. He broke his parole last November, and has since been in hiding.

"There is absolutely no foundation for the story that proof of my father's death has been contested in the payment of life insurance," declared Colonel Mack Tanner, son of the late Governor Tanner. Colonel Tanner's denial was in answer to a published report that that Governor Tanner committed suicide, and that the insurance companies which held policies on his life were preparing to exhumate his body in order to obtain evidence on which to base a contest against the payment of the insurance. Colonel Tanner declared that the story bore evidence of its falsity on its face, as the governor carried life insurance in only one company. He held a \$10,000 policy in the Fidelity company of New York city. Proof of death was made only a few days ago, and the company has not yet had time to take up the matter.

Governor Yates has sent out requests for resignation to all the game and fish wardens throughout the state. This is not for the purpose of supplying the places with new men, as it would seem, but on the contrary, only the places made vacant by death will be filled. There is no record at this time of vacancies caused by death, the only record being that they were appointed several years ago, and the governor has cause to believe that a number of vacancies now exist. It is his aim to revise the list of game and fish wardens and arrange the list in such a manner that some record may be kept of all such wardens in the state in the future.

Bloomington and McLean county people who are not in good health will make money by getting well before the first of July. The McLean County Medical society held a meeting Wednesday and raised the rates for professional service. Heretofore they have been getting \$1.50 for a day and \$3 for night calls. It was decided to increase these rates to \$2 for day calls and \$4 for night calls. The doctors there claim that the fees have been lower than in any other county. They say that the new schedule will not affect the poorer class of people, and insist that from this class they have never got full play and never expect to. They figure on doing a certain amount of charitable work at all times.

The vast cavern containing a large lake inhabited by blind fish, and whose subterranean passages are filled with Nature's handiwork, recently discovered by hunters eight miles west of Red Bud, was explored last week. An attempt was made to reach the north end of the cave, but after covering a distance of about ten miles the explorers had to return on account of the lateness of the hour. They discovered rooms containing innumerable stalactites, stalagmites and waterfalls. Great rocks that have been carved into a thousand fantastic shapes by water that has labored for centuries to complete its work are scattered about the cave. Huge and beautiful stalactites that have been built by drops of water falling in the same places for ages extend 35 feet from the floor to the roof. In some rooms the stalactites alone are to be seen; they hang from the ceiling in great bunches. There are narrow passages in this subterranean wonder that are nearly blocked by stalagmites that stand out like fungus growth on each side of what were large rooms. At one time this subterranean wonder was a river. This has resulted in making long rooms instead of broad and round chambers. Another exploration will be made this week. The explorers will take a two-days' ration and attempt to find the exact length of this subterranean wonder.

After Cotton Duck Trade.

Company Incorporates in New York to Dominate Business of the Country.

New York, June 5.—The United States Cotton Duck corporation was organized today. The corporation has an authorized capital of \$50,000,000 and will operate 400,000 spinning spindles, producing nearly all the heavy ducks and a large portion of the light ducks manufactured in this country. Richard Cromwell was elected president.

MOTHER HER JAILER

FRENCH GIRL LOCKED UP FOR TWENTY-FIVE YEARS.

HER MIND FINALLY TOTTERS.

Confined In Dark Room In Home With Rats For Companions Owing to Luckless Love.

Paris, June 8.—The sensation of the week has been the arrest of Madame Monnier, a rich, miserly landowner of the neighborhood of Poitiers, and her son, former sub-prefect of the department of Vienne, on the charge of incarcerating Mlle. Blanche Monnier, daughter of Madame Monnier, 25 years in a room of Madame Monnier's house. The police were anonymously notified of the woman's detention and entering the house found Mlle. Monnier shut up in a room, in the darkness, lying on a mattress stark naked, and so emaciated that she appeared to be a living skeleton. The room was covered with filth, bones, refuse, food, worms, rats and all kinds of vermin. The unfortunate woman, who had partially lost her reason, was taken to the hospital.

It was thought she would die, but she is now improving. Twenty-five years ago she was a beautiful brunette, and fell in love with a lawyer without means. Her mother disapproved of their love and confined her in the room which she only recently left.

The son after his arrest, pleaded that he acted as he did on account of filial piety, and that his mother was responsible.

The lawyer died in 1885. There was another dramatic development in the case today. Madame Monnier died in the prison of heart disease. The gravity of her crime was brought home to her in the judge's examination on Thursday. She became ill and died suddenly in the infirmary of the prison this morning.

GIRLS IN AN ANGRY MOOD.

Armour Institute Co-eds Resent Decree Barring Them From the School.

Chicago, June 7.—Armour Institute is about to oust its co-eds. The formal announcement came yesterday, and as a consequence 45 young women are disappointed and indignant and many of the young men share their sorrows. While the girls for some time had known that the trustees were about to make some move against coeducation in the school they did not suppose that they would be deprived of the privilege of completing their courses. Such is the ruling, however, and when the girls leave the institution at the end of the spring term, about two weeks hence, they may as well say a final good-by.

New policies of the institution are said to make it advisable that the girls be excluded. The young women, say the trustees, would not be able to get desired instruction under the new order of things.

When the news spread 75 coeds gathered in groups about the halls to decide on a plan of action. Classes were forgotten in the general excitement and the professors and officers of the school were plied with reproachful questions.

WRECK ON FRISCO LINE.

Passenger Train Derailed On Curve and Ten Persons Are Injured.

Wichita, Kan., June 8.—East bound Frisco passenger train, No. 168, which left here this afternoon, was wrecked at Greenwood, 60 miles east of here. Ten persons were injured, two of whom will die.

The fatally injured are: MRS. H. W. SMITH, Newkirk, O. T. CONDUCTOR REKERS.

The names of the other injured are not yet obtainable.

All of the injured have been taken to Fall River, and physicians have gone from here to attend them.

The train was going at the rate of 30 miles an hour, and at an abrupt turn near the Greenwood station, the dining car and sleeper jumped the track. The range in the dining car was upset and the live coals set fire to the dining car, and both derailed cars were totally consumed.

None of the other passengers were injured.

TAKES THE LONDON DERBY.

Whitney's Volodyovski Wins the Great English Event From Field of Twenty-Five.

London, June 5.—There was a vast crowd at Epsom Downs today to witness the Derby. More widespread interest was taken in the race this year owing to its open character. The conditions of the race were as follows:

Derby Stakes, 6,000 sovereigns, by subscription of 50 sovereigns each, for 3-year-olds.

The nominator of the winner received 500 sovereigns, owner of the second horse 300 sovereigns, and owner of the third horse 200 sovereigns.

Distance about a mile and a half. There were 270 subscriptions.

The result was W. C. Whitney's brown colt Volodyovski (L. Reiff), Florizell II—La Reine, was first.

The Duke of Portland's bay colt William the Third, St. Simon—Gravity, second.

Douglas Baird's chestnut colt Veronez, Donovan—Maze, third.

Volodyovski won in record time in 2 minutes and 40 4-5 seconds.

Portugese Cortes Dissolved.

Lisbon, June 5.—The cortes was dissolved today by royal decree. The elections will be held in October.

French Fishing Fleet Lost. Saint Bruix, France, June 5.—Five

fishing boats, which went on a fishing cruise in Iceland waters, have been missing for two months, and it is now believed they foundered in a gale April 6. Their entire crews, numbering 117 men, are supposed to have perished.

RELIGHTS FABLED LANTERN.

Chicago Woman Emulates Diogenes and Institutes Search For An Honest Man.

Chicago, June 5.—Mrs. Henry B. Irving, a book publisher, has started out to emulate Diogenes in her search for an honest man. She believes it an impossibility to live a strictly honest life under the present conditions of society.

To prove the point Mrs. Irving offers to deposit \$1,000 in a Chicago bank, which will be paid to the first business or professional man who can prove conclusively that he has carried on his work for a month without lying. She is anxious to prove the point because of a book she has in view.

Mrs. Irving will name two men, the man who thinks he holds the title to the \$1,000 may name two, and a fifth will be named by these four. They will act as judges upon the business record of the claimant, trusting him to tell his own story and give the evidence. Mrs. Irving thinks she will not lose the \$1,000. If she does she is quite certain the honesty of the man who gets it will have reduced him to such poverty that he will need it.

ESTATE FOR SOUTHERN GIRL.

Kentucky Maid Will Be Lifted From Humble Cottage to Palatial Mansion.

Hopkinsville, Ky., June 7.—News has been received by relatives in this city that Miss Ollie Tyson, a poor Todd county girl, has fallen heir to great wealth. She has learned through attorneys that she will receive \$2,000,000 from the estate of an uncle who died recently in Australia.

Miss Tyson is 24 years of age. She has been an orphan for many years and up to a few years ago she made her home with relatives in this city and attended school at South Kentucky college. She is one of 18 heirs to the estate of John Tyson, her father's brother. Tyson was a Scotchman, who went to Australia in the '40's and made a fortune of over \$10,000,000. He died a bachelor and intestate. Miss Tyson is the only heir who lives in this region. The others, among whom is her brother, are in the west and nearly all live in Texas.

PROMOTERS UNDER A CLOUD.

Arrested At Grand Rapids For Forgery In Connection With Water Works Bid.

Grand Rapids, Mich., June 5.—E. H. Garman and Robert Cameron of New York, representatives of Eastern promoters, who came here yesterday to testify before the Kent county grand jury, which is investigating the alleged corruption in the attempt last fall to put in a water works system in Grand Rapids, have been arrested on complaint of Mayor Perry on the charge of forgery. The warrant was secured from Police Judge Doyle after County Prosecutor Brown had refused to grant it. A strong effort, it is alleged, has been made to keep Garman and Cameron from testifying before the jury, as their evidence is said to be vital. The charge of forgery is based on an alleged worthless check which accompanied the water supply bid presented by Garman for the men he represented.

MORGAN GETS THE ATCHISON.

Napoleonic Manipulator and His Allies Said to Control Majority of Road's Stock.

New York, June 5.—The New York Mail and Express today says:

"According to a man identified with the Atchison interests of Morgan, and those whom he represents, including, perhaps, the Pennsylvania, are now holding a majority of the common stock of the Atchison, of which \$102,000,000 is outstanding. It is believed that Morgan is acting in harmony with the Pennsylvania interests, and that they will pool their stock."

PLAN A LARGE COMPANY.

San Francisco, June 5.—There is said to be in process of formation a combination having for its ultimate object the gathering in of the redwood interests on this coast. The capital of this combination will be somewhere between \$15,000,000 and \$20,000,000 and the men who represent the capitalists in the project are here. The land which it is proposed to acquire is in the three great redwood counties of the state, the acreage being distributed as follows: Humboldt, 420,000 acres, Mendocino, 600,000 and Del Norte, 125,000, a total of 1,145,000 acres.

A. B. Hammond of Missoula, Mont., who recently purchased the Vance Lumber company of Eureka and who is now building new planing mills and a saw and door factory in that Humboldt county town, is one of the principal men concerned in the proposed combination.

DOCTORS GO ON RECORD.

American Medical Association Deplores Congressional Action In Abolishing Army Canteens.

St. Paul, June 7.—By unanimous vote the American Medical association this afternoon adopted the following:

"Resolved, That this body deprecates the action of Congress in abolishing the army post exchange or canteens, and in the interest of discipline, morality and sanitation recommends its re-establishment at the earliest possible date."

'TIS PRINCELY GIFT.

CARNEGIE GIVES IT TO SCOTTISH VARSITIES.

INCOME FOR TWO PURPOSES.

One is to Increase Study Facilities and Other is to Assist Ambitious Students.

London, June 7.—Andrew Carnegie signed a deed today transferring \$10,000,000 in 5 per cent United States Steel corporation bonds to the trustees for the benefit of the universities of Scotland. The amount becomes immediately available.

The trustees are the Earls of Elgin and Rosebery, Lords Balfour of Burleigh, Kelvin, Reay and Kinnear, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, A. J. Balfour, James Bryce, John Morley, Sir Robert Pullar, Sir Henry E. Roscoe, Thomas Shaw, M. P., S. Richard B. Haldane, M. P., the lords provost of Edinburgh and Glasgow, the provost of Dunfermline, and one trustee from each Scottish university.

A constitution, as it is called, is attached to the deed, directing that half the income be devoted to increasing the facilities for the study of science, medicine, modern language, history and English literature.

The other half is to pay fees and assist in other ways, regardless of sex, and aid in the preparatory schools, evening classes and other means of education outside of the universities.

TRADE CONDITIONS GOOD.

Commercial Reports Note a Satisfactory Business In Most Lines Despite the Weather.

New York, June 7.—Bradstreet's notes the following encouraging conditions in its review of the week's trade: "Despite some irregularity, due to the special conditions, the general trade situation shows improvement, owing to better weather and crop conditions in most sections of the country. In the East the first real week of warm, sunny weather has been reflected in improved retail demand for seasonable fabrics and wearing apparel, this in turn inducing more activity in the jobbing lines in dry goods, shoes and other products. The same is true of the Northwest, where needed rains have quieted the apprehensions as to the spring wheat outlook. On the coast the crop and trade activities are also better. Reports of dry weather in the Northwest and of damage in Missouri and Kansas were supporting features to the successful advances in wheat prices early in the week, but long liquidation and the reports of rains in the Northwest later on lost the early advance, the result being a fractional lowering of the quotations on the week. Corn and oats acted in sympathy with wheat."

"A rather better tone is shown in textiles, due partly to improved distribution in summer dry goods and also to better reorders for woolen goods for fall delivery. Fair trade is doing in new wooleens, induced by the necessary buying by manufacturers, but no additional strength is noted as to prices, high grade wooleens being best held, while medium and coarse grades still favor the buyers.

"Iron and steel is quiet in all lines as regards new business, but pig iron is 25 cents per ton weaker. Consumption, however, proceeds at undiminished rate. The iron ore supply is in very strong hands, and movement, owing to the late opening of navigation, is behind that of a year ago.

"The Western hardware trade is in very good shape, but some backwardness in the demand for agricultural implements-makers' supplies is charged to the desire to await the proposed consolidation in that line.

"Better weather has helped the distribution of shoes, the Eastern shipments for the week being 20,000 cases ahead of last year and 90,000 cases ahead for the season. The industrial situation shows little change, but failures of expected settlement of the machinists' strike to materialize is reflected in the reports, causing a local dulling of the demand for some kinds of iron and steel in such centers as Chicago, Cincinnati and other markets.

"In wheat the shipments were 6,665,000 bushels, against 4,230,000 bushels of last year, and in corn 4,455,000 bushels, against 3,048,000 for the same week a year ago."

"The total bank clearings of the principal cities of the United States for the past week were \$2,666,001,182, an increase of 61.0 per cent compared with the corresponding week of last year."

BEEF PRICE IS HIGHER.

Advance In Cattle Quotations Causes Raise That Chicago Consumers Must Pay.

Chicago, June 4.—Beef on the hoof, as stockmen say, has been advancing in price for the last two weeks until the retail butchers of Chicago have found it necessary to raise their prices to customers, just as the butchers have done in New York. The usual feature of the advance is that it affected only the cheaper grades of meat, and thus places the burden on the people who cannot afford sirloins and porterhouses at 18 and 20 cents a pound.

The advance, on what is known as "cheap stock," such as loins, ribs and chucks, is two and one-half cents a pound, as compared with the prices a month ago.

"Beef carcasses have gone up nearly \$1 a hundred pounds in the last two weeks," said a representative of Armour & Co., but this is nothing unusual. Cattle always are higher at this season of the year. The advance will not continue long, and it has reached the top mark already."

ADVANCE IN NEW YORK.

New York, June 4.—Prices of beef went up 2 cents yesterday. The advance was ordered by the beef trust,

and, according to wholesale and retail butchers, was only another step up of the trust to crowd them out of business. The trust, they say, wants to control the wholesale trade of New York and take away the profits made by the middlemen, or wholesalers. Trust representatives declared that there is a great scarcity of beef in the West, which warranted the advance.

REJECT CARNEGIE'S PLAN.

Scottish Universities Will Not Accept Millions On Conditions Named By Donor.

London, June 5.—The principals of the four Scotch universities—Glasgow, Edinburgh, St. Andrew's and Aberdeen—to the free students of which Carnegie munificently gave \$7,500,000, have decided that the scheme proposed for the utilization of the gift is impracticable. So Mr. Carnegie has consented to place his gift in the hands of Lord Balfour of Burleigh, secretary for Scotland, who is now engaged in a consultation with the principals and drawing up a modified scheme.

The money will now be applied mainly, if not wholly, not to providing fees, but to an endowment for scientific and technical instruction, in which the Scotch universities are far behind those of America and the Continent.

The principals would prefer to have the money given in a lump sum to each university, leaving to the discretion of the governing bodies how it should be applied; but Mr. Carnegie does not take the same view.

A very remarkable suit has been entered in a Scotch court contesting the validity of Mr. Carnegie's title to Skibo castle and the estates where he is now residing. It appears that the estate originally was the property of Evan Charges Sutherland, and was mortgaged to the Standard Life Assurance company, the Royal Bank of Scotland, and others, and that Mr. Carnegie bought it from the mortgagees.

Under sanction of the court of session Sutherland now seeks to have the sale set aside on various grounds. At present Mr. Carnegie is not formally a party to the suit, but he has engaged lawyers to watch his interests. It is deemed probable that, since good legal opinion supports Sutherland's claim, Mr. Carnegie, whose life is bound up now with Skibo, will settle the case out of court.

DISMISSED FROM ACADEMY.

Iowa Cadet Detected In Saloon Expelled From West Point By Courtmartial.

West Point, N. Y., June 5.—Two cadets, members of the coming first class, were summarily dismissed from the United States military academy today. They are Stephen B. Verner of Syracuse, N. Y., and Chas. S. Perry of Iowa.

They were court-martialed upon the charge of having falsely obtained permission to leave the post. Permission having been granted, they were subsequently detected by an army surgeon officer drinking at a bar in Newburg.

They were dismissed without travel pay and started for home immediately. Fifty-six of the 59 young men, who were appointed cadets at the military academy since March last, reported for entrance examinations today. Private Calvin P. Titus of Iowa, made famous by scaling the wall at Pekin, has until July 25 to present himself for examination.

Among the newly appointed cadets are:

Illinois—L. R. Brown, M. D. Crittenden, E. F. Madigan, F. A. Matthews, J. C. Petersen and J. R. Starkey.

Iowa—H. M. Gibson and John Lund.

Wisconsin—F. L. Rechmuth.

South Dakota—J. B. Shouse.

Michigan—H. L. Wells.

STOOD JUNIOR ON HEAD.

For This Offense Cadet Cressey Will Walk From Naval Academy.

Washington, June 5.—Following the example set at West Point the superintendent of the naval academy at Annapolis caused a cadet to be dismissed for hazing. In this case, however, that of Calvin J. Cressey of the fourth class and hailing from California, the accused was tried by court-martial and regularly convicted. The details of the court-martial have not been made public, but it is understood that the dismissed cadet was discovered in the act of hazing a junior in his room by compelling him to stand on his head.

CONDITION ABOUT THE SAME.

Dr. Rixey, Attending Physician, Makes This Report Relative to Mrs. McKinley.

Washington, June 6.—Dr. Rixey left the white house at 10 o'clock tonight after an hour and a half spent in attendance on Mrs. McKinley. He said:

"There is no material change in Mrs. McKinley's condition. She remains the same as this morning." In answer to specific inquiries, he replied that he could not say that there had been any perceptible improvement whatever during the day.

PRESIDENT HOPEFUL.

Washington, June 6.—President McKinley tonight continues hopeful of the outcome. More than this cannot be said. There has been no setback during the day and likewise no gain. One of the favorable circumstances is that Mrs. McKinley continues to gain more sleep than she was able to get in the earlier stages of her illness, and tonight she rested fairly comfortably.

The president today formally notified the Buffalo exposition management that he will not be able to attend the exposition on the 13th inst., as planned.

FIRE SWEEPS GRAIN FIELDS.

Over Twenty Thousand Acres Devastated By Furious Blaze In California.

Los Banos, Cal., June 4.—A disastrous grain fire is raging in the valleys and foothills southwest of Los Banos. A high wind is carrying the fire rapidly toward the plains. The flames have already destroyed 20,000 acres of grain and feed.

DIES AFTER LONG SLEEP.

Physicians Mystified By Case of Indiana Woman Who Slumbers to Death.

Wabash, Ind., June 4.—Mrs. Isaac Beitman, wife of a leading merchant of Wabash, died yesterday after a remarkable illness. For six months her case baffled specialists from all parts of the country. She was unconscious all the time and a postmortem examination showed all the organs in perfect condition excepting an abscess of the brain, which could not have caused the strange illness. On Dec. 12 she became unconscious. For four weeks, though insensible, she was able to take nourishment. Toward the end of January she lost the power to swallow food, her vitality declined, and she lost flesh. A rubber tube was inserted in her throat and liquid food forced to the stomach. There was immediately a decided gain in strength. This spring a tent was erected in the front lawn and every bright day for two months she was carried out to the shelter on a cot. Chicago specialists who came to see her pronounced her case one of major hysteria. During the last fortnight of her illness she occasionally moved her lips when the tube for nourishment was placed in position, but she evidenced no sign of life beyond this.

DEATH CLOUDS HONEYMOON.

Hugh Trevis, Recently Married In California, Dies On Wedding Tour In Japan.

Denver, June 7.—Ex-Governor Baxter of Wyoming, received a cablegram this morning from his daughter, Mrs. Hugh Trevis, now at Yokohama, announcing her husband is dead. Miss Baxter was married to Trevis, of San Francisco, a few weeks ago in California, and sailed for Yokohama on the honeymoon tour.

Possessor of Millions. San Francisco, June 7.—Hugh Trevis, whose death at Yokohama is reported by cable, was the second son of Lloyd Trevis, and one of the heirs of the vast estate left by the multi-millionaire. He was about 40 years of age, and was a graduate of Harvard. He suffered from attacks of heart trouble.

SLUMS OF A BIG CITY.

Those of Chicago Said to Be Sinking to Even Lower Levels of Degradation.

Chicago, June 5.—The City Homes association declares the slums are going from bad to worse. Its committee found appalling conditions in the Jewish, Italian, Polish and Bohemian districts, typical of the manner in which 400,000 persons in Chicago are housed.

"Chicago," the committee reports, has no intelligent sanitary code. Landlords build dark rooms with impunity. Tenements unfit for habitation and houses with dangerously defective plumbing are used as dwellings. Chicago is uninformed and unprepared for the future. To prevent these evils definite laws should be enacted.

"Official neglect and corrupt politics are not alone to blame. The indifference of public opinion is at the very bottom of the evil. We are still in the formative period of our growth. It is for us to become what we will, and the lives of hundreds of thousands of our people, the poor and unfortunate, depend upon what we will become."

TO BE NATIONAL SCOPE.

People's Church of Chicago to Extend the Field of Its Spiritual Labors.

Chicago, June 6.—Articles of incorporation for the People's Church of America were granted today at Springfield, this action being taken to extend the scope of the People's church of Chicago into the national organization. The Chicago church, under the direction of Rev. H. W. Thomas, will be the parent body and will have limited jurisdiction over the congregations at other points. The first new branches proposed are for Duluth and the Black Hills region of South Dakota.

WILL ISSUE MORE STOCK.

Directors of the Rock Island Road Provide For Income of Ten Million Dollars.

Chicago, June 5.—The annual meeting of the directors and stockholders of the Rock Island was held here today. An amendment to the articles of consolidation authorized an issue of \$10,000,000 additional stock. Stock holders of record on the closing of the books June 28 have the right to subscribe at par for this additional stock in the proportion of 20 shares for each 100 shares then standing on the books of the company in the names of the subscribers. Payment is due to be made on or before July 31.

W. H. Moore and D. S. Reid, both of New York, were elected to the directory, succeeding respectively Henry M. Flagler and H. A. Parker. These were the only changes made in the board. All the old officers were elected.

The gross earnings were \$25,364,695, the net earnings \$8,199,602, and the surplus \$3,097,325. In comparison with the previous year the gross earnings from operation show an increase of \$2,714,090, or 11.93 per cent. Operating expenses show an increase of \$2,140,295, or 15.20 per cent.

DANCING UNDER A BAN.

Indiana School Girls Ignore the Decree and Thirty of Them Are Suspended.

Bloomington, Ind., June 4.—Thirty members of the high school were suspended as the result of a dance following the reception given the seniors by the juniors on Saturday evening. The invitation list included the faculty of the high school, and at midnight all were supposed to go home. Instead, however, 15 couples circled the public square a few times and then went back to the hall and danced for several hours. In the meantime two of the professors called, but

were unable to gain admittance. An investigation followed yesterday, as a result of which all the Sunday dancers confessed, and they are under suspension. Several of the suspended students were to have been graduated on Friday, and their parents are making efforts to have them reinstated. They claim the faculty of the school has no control over the pupils after school hours.

WORLDWIDE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Current Events Unfolded By Wire and Skeletonized to Plain Facts.

Chinese are to be prevented from entering Porto Rico.

Minister Conger was a guest of honor at the celebration at Lombard college, Galesburg, Thursday.

The sultan of Turkey contemplates erecting a wing to the Berlin hospital as a present to Germany.

Horace Pell, a member of a theatrical company, attempted suicide by shooting at Cleveland Thursday.

Chicago automobile drivers who exceed a speed of eight miles an hour are to be rigorously prosecuted.

Lightning, hail and cloudbursts have greatly damaged the crops in Germany during the last few days.

Prof. R. W. Wood of the University of Wisconsin has been appointed to the chair of experimental physics at Johns Hopkins university.

Baron Schenck von Stauffenberg, a leading member of the liberal party and at one time a vice president of the reichstag, died in Berlin Monday.

William F. Davis, alias "Bloomington Red," was convicted of silk thefts at Quincy Thursday and will go to prison under the indeterminate act.

The volunteers of America will establish a big settlement in Georgia for the benefit of poor families of Chicago and other cities.

Ira Remsen, professor of chemistry at Johns Hopkins university, has been elected president of the university, to succeed Dr. Daniel C. Gilman, resigned.

A severe rain and hailstorm swept a portion of Kansas Monday night, and it is thought that wheat was considerably damaged.

The will of John W. Doane, banker and merchant of Chicago, scheduled an estate valued at \$119,000. One-third goes to his widow and the remainder the children.

Archbishop Keane has issued an order that candidates for the priesthood in his diocese must hereafter complete their studies at St. Paul, (Minn.) seminary instead of at Montreal.

Chancellor Francis H. Snow of the University of Kansas has tendered his resignation. His health broke down a year ago following the death by drowning in San Francisco of his son.

The rumor is current in New York that Mr. Havemeyer is to resign the presidency of the American Sugar Refining company and be succeeded by W. B. Thomas of Boston. The report is not confirmed.

Secret negotiations are being carried on for the reconciliation of General William Booth, founder and head of the Salvation army, and his son Ballington Booth, head of the Volunteers of America.

Lazo Arriaga, the minister of Guatemala is preparing a plan of arbitration for the settlement of all differences which may arise among the American nations. It will be presented at the Pan-American conference in October.

A special meeting of the district railway commission at London Thursday sanctioned Charles T. Yerkes' plan for the introduction of electricity as the motive power of the road. J. S. Forbes, the president, said the work would occupy two years.

In the midway show at the Buffalo exhibition tonight, Teddy Oliver, aged 19, was probably fatally injured while diving from a height of 40 feet from a bicycle into a pool of water. He lost his balance, and was thrown head foremost into the shallow water.

Justice Freedman of the New York supreme court on Wednesday revoked the liquor tax certificate held by James J. Corbett. Violation of the Sunday law was the cause. Excise commissioners will now sue for double the amount of bond given by Corbett.

W. J. Bryan arraigned the supreme court's insular decision in a speech before the Kansas County Democratic club at Kansas City Wednesday night. He said the American people have yet to vote on the question of imperialism.

The wife of Governor Beckham of Kentucky visited the famous Trappist monastery at Gethsemane in that state Wednesday, being the second woman ever accorded the honor. She accompanied the governor's party, and the bar of perpetual silence was lifted from the brothers to permit them to greet the executive and other visitors. The wife of ex-Governor Proctor Knott was the first woman to visit the monastery.

The efforts of a New York High school principal to teach banking and brokerage business developed a genius who got away with \$60,000 in stage money. All the pupils turned detectives, but the culprit was not caught.

PLIGHT TROTH FOR LIFE.

James G. Blaine and Miss Martha Hichborn Joined For Life By Matrimonial Bands.

Washington, June 4.—Miss Martha Hichborn, daughter of Rear Admiral Hichborn, was married to James G. Blaine, youngest son of the late statesman, today, at the residence of her parents. A small gathering of immediate relatives and friends witnessed the ceremony.

Mr. Blaine's gifts include a jeweled watch, a diamond fleur de lis brooch, a diamond heart, and several other ornaments, and an assortment of real lace handkerchiefs and boxes of exquisitely embroidered ones. The watch has an enormous sapphire in the case, surrounded by diamonds, and is suspended from a diamond coronet pin. Miss Hichborn's engagement ring is a huge solitaire.

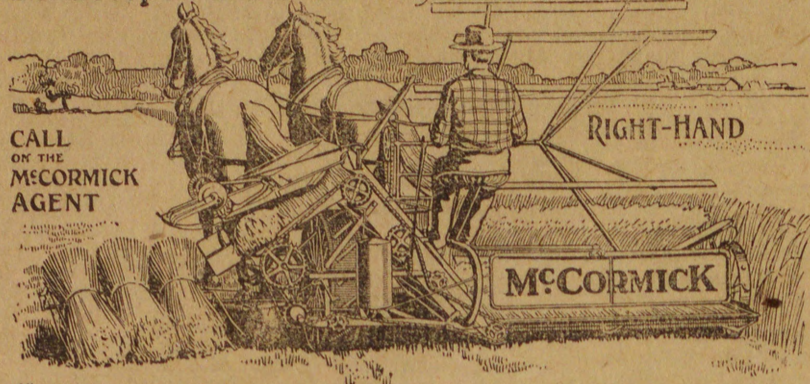
Admiral Hichborn has given his daughter a large diamond crescent and a gold-handled sunshade, and Mrs. Hichborn a splendid assortment of the finest household linen. The bride's aunt and cousin, Mrs. Hopkins and Mrs. Hatley, have given a traveling bag fully furnished with silver mounted toilet bags.

Cohoon & Stanley.

Are agents for the McCormick Harvesting Machine Co. and would like to have you call at their ware house and look at the new points that the company have added to their machines since last season. Sample machines are on their floors which they will be glad to show you in detail.

The McCormick Right-Hand Binder

The Prosperous Farmer always has a



has these Leading Points, Light Draft, Perfect Work, Simplicity, Durability.

The MAIN WHEEL although the strongest ever put on a harvesting machine, is lighter than the main wheels on other binders.

Three years ago a European Government tested the McCormick binder in the field for two weeks, with seven other American machines, to determine which used the least twine in binding a given amount of grain. After the most painstaking measurements it was found that nineteen balls of twine on the McCormick bound more grain than twenty balls on any other binder.

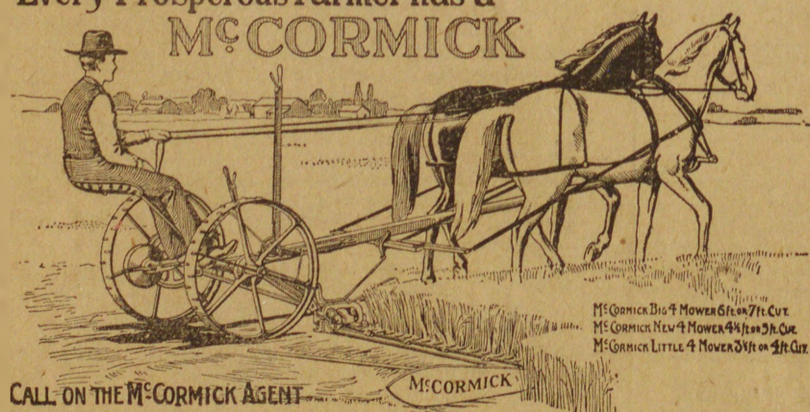
The McCormick New 4 Mower



Is the only mower that gets all the grass. It is a very easy matter for a poorly constructed machine to run over a dollar's worth of grass on an acre, leaving it in stubble where it is lost. It is the only mower with a draft rod extending from the inner shoe to the shifting doubletrees.

The McCormick Corn Binder

Every Prosperous Farmer has a



has the greatest success from the fact that it cuts and binds in the vertical position the only practical way to handle big corn that grows in fertile spots in every field, also because of our "locked joint" conveyor chain, the only chain ever made that will handle the stiff and stubborn corn stalks.

The McCormick is the only machine that makes a square butted bundle. Corn stands on a level floor while the bundle is being shaped and bound. Square butted bundles stand up well in the shock, a great advantage in curing the fodder.

Genoa, Illinois.

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Investigate until you have the correct answer to each one of the following questions:

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	2 What harvesting machine causes the greatest neck-weight on the horses and why can it not be overcome?	2 What harvesting machine has the most ready adaptability to all conditions of grain?	
	3 What harvesting machines are heavier draft than the MILWAUKEE?	3 What is the lightest draft harvester on the market, and why?	
	4 What harvesting machines have binder decks without sufficient slope to deliver all kinds of grain to the packers?	4 What harvesting machine has neither side draft nor neck weight?	
	5 What harvesting machines choke in heavy grain on soft ground because of having too small a master wheel?	5 What harvester is built with main frame and platform sills of tubular steel, which are rigid and unbreakable?	
	6 What binder is provided with the most inaccurate knoter, and in which the cord holding disc wears out with great frequency?	6 What harvester has the greatest elevator capacity and the surest delivery to the packers?	
	7 What harvester frame is built of flat iron rods which are easily bent out of line?	7 What harvester is most convenient to operate, using the smallest number of levers?	
	8 On what harvester does the platform sag after a little use so that knife binds in guards?	8 What harvester is raised or lowered, both ends at once without leaving seat, by a single lever?	
	9 What binder is run by a lever which frequently stops and chokes down on the dead center?	9 What binder is provided with an accurate knoter, a double-acting compressor and a non-choking device?	
	10 What harvesting machine has its adjustments controlled by the largest number of levers and is most difficult to operate?	10 What harvester has the greatest traction power, and is entirely successful on soft ground?	

You will then be ready to place your order for a MILWAUKEE STEEL JUNIOR with J. H. UPLINGER, Kingston.

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M. W. A. Picnic Excursion to Freeport.

For the Modern Woodmen Picnic to be held at Freeport, Ill., June 20th, the C. M. & St. P. Ry. will sell excursion tickets at \$1.50 for the round trip. A special train will leave Genoa to arrive at Freeport in ample time before the ceremonies begin, returning at a suitable time in evening, time of train to be announced later. An especial good feature of this line is their double track which will be used almost the entire way the train going via Kirtredge, insuring safety, comfort and speed. J. M. Harvey, Agt.

Sycamore and Genoa Stage. Leaves Genoa postoffice daily, except Sunday, at 9:00 a. m. for Sycamore; returning, leaves Westgate Feed Stable, Sycamore, at 3:00 p. m., arriving in Genoa to connect with train going west. ELLIS CONFEE.

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