

THE GENOA ISSUE.

VOLUME XI.

GENOA, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1895.

NUMBER 16.

LIVE . AND . LET . LIVE

The Best is Always the Cheapest.

Gold Mine Flour

.....Is the Best on Earth.....

I have just received a car load of 'Gold Mine' Flour Ask for price on 5 and 10 sack lots.

EVERY SACK WARRANTED.

In the way of.....

BOOTS AND SHOES

I have a full line of Felt Overs, etc., etc., which I am selling at hard times prices.

Come and see me, I will use you right.

F. E. WELLS

WE ARE BETTER PREPARED

Than Ever Before to

Clothe - the - Male - Portion

.....Of Genoa and Vicinity.....

A Fine Line of.....

Mens, Boys and Youths

Ready - Made Clothing

and FURNISHING GOODS.

F. O. HOLTGREN

MERCHANT TAILOR & GENT'S FURNISHER.

Come and See my New Store.

THE FRENCH STEAMER.....

LAGOSCOGNE HAS ARRIVED

And so has the freight that brought the most complete stock of Pants, Overalls, Jackets, Working Shirts, Colored Laundered Shirts, ever shown in the town, in all sizes and all prices. Want you to

Remember

Those Henriettas, from 25c to 60c a yard, in all the latest shades. Also the grass cloth, hair cloth, Velvet ribbons and taffeta. Ginghams 5c yd.

E. CRAWFORD,

EXCLUSIVE DRY GOODS.

A. H. MICHAELIS,

Bakery - and - Restaurant,

Bakery Goods, Confectionery,

Fruits, Cigars, Etc.

MEALS SERVED AT ALL HOURS.

GENOA,

ILLINOIS

LOCAL NEWS JOTTINGS.

Personal Notes, Happenings, Etc., Pertaining to Genoa.

Miss Ret Brown is ill.

Miss Wyla Richardson is quite ill.

Belvidere has a second case of small pox.

Henry Durham has returned from Louisiana.

C. A. Patterson is again at work in the shoe factory. He runs the "sacker."

—Big Joe Flour is the best flour manufactured.

Miss Nellie Hewitt visited relatives in Irene last week.

D. S. Lord removed from New Lebanon to Genoa, Friday, Feb. 8th.

—Let your light so shine and use Shining Light axle grease, sold by Jas. Kiernan.

Mrs. H. A. Kellogg was called to Aurora, Saturday, by the death of her sister's husband.

The Knights of the Globe invitations for their patriotic entertainment will be out in a few days.

—E. H. Cohoon has just received a carload of Pillsbury's Best flour which he is selling at 85c per sack.

To RENT—Desirable house in a desirable locality. Good residence property for sale. D. S. BROWN.

—Next week Mrs. C. Wilson will conduct a sale of trimmed and untrimmed bats, at her place of business at greatly reduced prices.

The Missionary tea at Mrs. E. Lawrence's Wednesday evening was a decided success. A goodly number attended and enjoyed the splendidly prepared feast and the program.

—Coin's Financial School, the greatest book of its kind ever published, at Lane's. The demand for them being so great publishers find it difficult to keep up with orders. Ask to see it.

WANTED:—Experienced lasters, on turn, welt and McKay work. Plenty of work ahead for months to come. Apply to the

RIVERSIDE & DIXON SHOE CO., Dixon, Ill.

The operation which was performed on Mrs. Kezar's daughter, Nora, in Chicago last week, was successful. The little girl is in Chicago with a former neighbor from Cherry Valley. The result of the operation is something surprising. She seemed too weak to undergo the operation, but is now gaining rapidly.

Wm. I Whipple, of Sycamore township, was adjudged insane in the County Court on Monday of this week and ordered taken to the Assylum at Elgin for treatment. He has recently been attending revival meetings at the Charter Grove M. E. church, and his mental trouble is said to be due to the excitement incident thereto.

The Belvidere Republican is advising its readers to trade with resident merchants and not patronize these fire-sale sharks who are traveling about the country. These cheap John institutions should be tabooed from every town. They do the town no good and "do up" everybody who buys a dollar's worth of goods of them. You cannot get the best of them, so the best thing the people can do is to let them alone.

Ten days loss of time on account of sickness and a doctor bill to pay, is any thing but pleasant for a man of a family to contemplate, whether he is a laborer, mechanic, merchant or publisher. Jas. O. Jones, publisher of the Leader, Meris, Texas, was sick in bed for ten days with the grip during its prevalence a year or two ago. Later in the season he had a second attack. He says: "In the later case I used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy with considerable success, I think, only being in bed a little over two days. The second attack I am satisfied would have been equally as bad as the first but for the use of this remedy." It should be borne in mind that the grip is much the same as a severe cold and requires precisely the same treatment. When you wish to cure a cold quickly and effectually give this remedy a trial. 25 and 50 bottles for sale by F. T. ROBINSON, Druggist.

Mike Regan is in town.

Ben White of DeKalb, was in Genoa Monday.

E. H. Cohoon was in Chicago, Wednesday.

John Hoag has been very sick, but is recovering.

Andrew Steinberg is visiting friends here for a few days.

Mrs. Ida goes to Rockford Friday to have her eyes treated.

B. G. Westover returned home from Dane, Wis., Saturday.

Mrs. J. D. Page has fully recovered from a long and tedious illness.

G. Schneider has been laid up for a week on account of vaccination.

H. A. Kellogg shipped a carload of horses to Chicago Monday night.

Mrs. E. Lawson and Mrs. J. Evans, of Elgin, are guests at E. Lawrence's.

M. Chalmers, of Lena, was the guest of Miss Mary Millard a few days last week.

A sleigh-load of young people from here attend a "valentine hop" at Burlington to-night.

Mrs. Tutteen has been called to Michigan on account of the serious illness of her son.

Lorin and Henry Olmsted are accompanying a car load of horses to Pennington, N. J.

—It will pay you to call and see the stock of hats at Mrs. C. Wilson's millinery sale next week.

Miss Bernice Millard was obliged to close her school two days last week, on account of the storm.

J. E. Stott and Chas. Corson left last Friday for Hogbeville, Pa., with a car load of horses.

—Take advantage of the sale at Mrs. C. Wilson's popular millinery establishment next week.

—You can get Pillsbury flour at E. H. Cohoon's in barrels, half-barrels, 98 and 49 pound sacks.

On account of illness Miss Lottie Brown was unable to take her place in the Kingston school.

The Kishwaukee dance last Tuesday night was postponed on account of the inclemency of the weather.

R. T. Stoltz of Kirkland, carried away the suit of clothes last Saturday from the Page Tailoring Co's Club.

—We have a load of Big Joe Flour that we wish to exchange for money. K. JACKMAN and SON.

After two weeks of sickness Mrs. C. Wilson is now at her post again, and has resumed business at the usual place.

—You buy it now and try it and you will use it all winter. There is none so good in town. That kiln-dried buckwheat at Slater's.

Contractor C. E. Dutton has perfected plans for a handsome cottage, to be erected for S. Stiles, on the lot just south of Devine Dean's.

—Bright colored, crisp buckwheat cakes, steaming hot, what is there better these crisp mornings. That's what you get when you use that kiln-dried buckwheat, at Slater's.

An unusually convenient way of taking pictures is furnished by Milmine and Catlin who have done so much photographic work here of late. They make excellent photos at your home and make no charge unless good results are obtained. They make a specialty of children's pictures and interior residence views. Drop them a postal if you wish to see samples of their work.

O. W. O. Hardman, Sheriff of Tyler Co., W. Va., appreciates a good thing and does not hesitate to say so. He was almost prostrated with a cold when he procured a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. He says: "It gave me prompt relief. I find it to be an invaluable remedy for coughs and colds." For sale by F. T. ROBINSON, druggist.

PROTEST AGAINST NASTINESS.

Mr. Editor:—For all the nasty evidences of unadulterated nastiness, I would call your attention to the concrete sidewalk on Main street from H. Slater's to Geo. Johnson's corner. From one end of the block to the other the surface of the sidewalk is covered with disgusting blotches of tobacco-spit. It is too disgusting for even thought, and yet a lady must ever pass over this—to her—sickening sight, or go out of her way and walk on another sidewalk. It is disgraceful enough to mankind that they must emit this foul mixture from their mouth, without making a pig-pen of the sidewalks. There is an ordinance prohibiting nuisances and the vice habit of spitting tobacco juice on sidewalks should be included.

A LADY SUBSCRIBER.

Do You Suppose?

That St. Valentine was selected as the patron of all lovers because he lost his head?

That you would be really happy if you had every thing you want?

That men really believe one half the smart things they write about women.

That man is such an inferior creature after all.

That an education of mind and heart makes a woman any less than a good housekeeper.

That a taste for neatness, tidiness, and general spryness, lessens one's taste for things intellectual.

That this world was made for your special benefit.

That the troubles you worry over are half as serious as you think them.

That your granddaughter will smile at your flattery as you do at your grandmother's.

That it really is so much harder to say the pleasant thing than the disagreeable one.

The world wouldn't be as wicked as it is, if Satan was as indignant about doing evil as many Christians are in doing good.

That our professions will help us much if our lives do not come up to them.

That the time will ever come when an editor does not receive every day, on an average, three important letters, requiring an answer but without a signature.

That the average man will know what to do with himself when the millennium comes.

CLUBBING OFFER.

The first of the year is a good time to make your selection in reading matter for the winter. We are prepared to save you from 25 to 50 cents on any newspaper or magazine published, provided you pay your subscription in advance. If what you want does not appear below, call and we will make you an especially low offer. We will send the issue and any one of the below for the price set opposite the name.

PERIODICAL.	CLUB.	RETAIL.
Prairie Farmer.....	\$1 75	2 25
Chicago Inter Ocean wkly..	1 90	2 25
" " daily..	6 80	7 25
Art Amateur.....	4 75	5 25
Demerests.....	2 25	3 25
Century.....	4 50	5 25
Prairie Companion.....	3 60	4 25
Frank Leslie's Monthly.....	3 75	4 25
Harper's Monthly.....	4 35	5 25
Harper's Young People.....	2 85	3 25
Chicago Weekly Journal..	2 05	2 25
Lippincott's.....	3 35	4 25
McClure's Magazine.....	2 45	2 75
Munsey's Magazine.....	2 05	2 25
North American Review..	5 45	6 25
Peterson's Magazine.....	2 05	2 25
Staats Zeitung.....	2 85	3 25

Something Very Neat.

Geo. E. SISKLEY, Genoa, Ill.
Dear Editor—I send you sample of Photo-frame which may be had by writing three of your friends a letter requesting them to write three of their friends, all of whom are to send 25c to us and receive in return this beautiful photo-frame.

Very truly yours,
THE BURTON SUPPLY Co.
95 Lake St., Chicago.

Tax Collector.

I will be at H. Perkins and Son's hardware store, on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday of each week until further notice.

FRED. ADGATE

A CALL TO OUTSIDERS.

Rev. Dr. Talmage Discourses on the Grace of God.

The Religion of Jesus is Not a Monopoly or Hemmed in by Walls and Fences—It is as Broad as the Earth We Live Upon.

The following discourse by Rev. T. McWitt Talmage was delivered in the Academy of music, New York city, on the subject: "A Call to Outsiders," being based on the text:

Other sheep I have which are not of this fold.—John x, 16.

There is no monopoly in religion. The grace of God is not a little property that we may fence off and have all to ourselves. It is not a king's park at which we look through a barred gateway, wishing that we might go in and see the deer and the stag, and pluck the flowers and fruits in the royal conservatory. No, it is the father's orchard, and everywhere there are bars that we may let down and gates that we may swing open. In my boyhood, next to the country school house, there was an orchard of apples, owned by a very lame man, who, although there were apples in the place perpetually, decaying by scores and scores of bushels, never would allow any of us to touch the fruit. One day, in the sinfulness of a nature inherited from our first parents, who were ruined by the same temptation, some of us invaded that orchard; for the man came after us at a speed reckless of making his lameness worse, and cried out: "Boys, drop those apples, or I'll set the dog on you!"

Well, my friends, there are Christian men who have the church under severe guard. There is fruit in this orchard for the whole world; but they have a rough and unsympathetic way of accosting outsiders, as though they had no business here, though the Lord wants them all to come and take the fairest and ripest fruit on the premises. Have you an idea that because you were baptized at thirteen months of age, and because you have all your life been under hallowed influences, that, therefore, you have a right to one whole side of the Lord's table, spreading yourself out and taking up the entire room? I tell you no. You will have to haul in your elbows, for I shall place on either side of you those whom you never expected would sit there; for as Christ said to His favored people long ago, so he says to you and to me: "Other sheep I have which are not of this fold." MacDonald, the Scotchman, has four or five dozen head of sheep. Some of them are browsing on the heather, some of them are lying down under the trees, some of them are in his yard; they are scattered around in eight or ten different places. Cameron, his neighbor, comes over and says: "I see you have thirty sheep; I have just counted them." "No," says MacDonald, "I have a great many more sheep than that. Some are here, and some are elsewhere. They are scattered all around about. I have four thousand or five thousand in my flocks. Other sheep I have, which are not in this fold."

So Christ says to us. Here is a knot of Christians and there is a knot of Christians, but they make up a small part of the flock. Here is the Episcopal fold, the Methodist fold, the Lutheran fold, the Congregational fold, the Presbyterian fold, the Baptist and the Pede-Baptist fold, the only difference between them being the mode of sheep-washing; and so they are scattered all over; and we come with our statistics, and say there are so many thousands of the Lord's sheep; but Christ responds: "No, no; you have not seen more than one out of a thousand of our flock. They are scattered all over the earth. Other sheep I have which are not of this fold." Christ, in my text, was prophesying the conversion of the Gentiles with as much confidence as though they were already converted, and he is now, in the words of my text, prophesying the coming of a great multitude of outsiders that you never supposed would come in, saying to you and saying to me: "Other sheep I have which are not of this fold." In the first place, I remark, that the heavenly Shepherd will find many of his sheep among the non-church-goers. There are congregations where they are all Christians, and they seem to be completely finished, and they remind one of the skeleton-leaves, which, by chemical preparation, have had all the greenness and verdure taken off them, and are left cold, and white, and delicate, nothing wanting but a glass case to put over them. The minister of Christ has nothing to do with such Christians but to come once a week, and with ostrich feather dust off the accumulation of the last six days, leaving them bright and crystalline as before. But the other kind of a church is an armory, with perpetual sound of drum and fife, gathering recruits for the Lord of hosts. We say to every applicant: "Do you want to be on God's side, the safe side and the happy side? If so, come in the armory and get equipped. Here is a bath in which you be cleansed. Here are sandals to put upon your feet. Here is a helmet for your brow. Here is a breast-plate for your heart. Here is a sword for your right arm, and yonder is the battle-field. Quit yourselves like men."

There are some boys here who say:

"I stopped going to church ten or twenty years ago." My brother, is it not strange that you should be the first man I should talk to to-day? I know all your case; I know it very well. You have not been accustomed to come into religious assemblage, but I have a surprising announcement to make to you; you are going to become one of the Lord's sheep. "Ah," you say, "it is impossible. You don't know how far I am from anything of that kind." I know all about it. I have wandered up and down the world and understand your case. I have a still more startling announcement to make in regard to you; you are not only going to become one of the Lord's sheep, but you will become one to-day. You will stay after the service to be talked with about your soul. People of God, pray for that man! That is the only use for you here. I shall not break off so much as a crumb for you, Christians, in this sermon, for I am going to give it all to the outsiders. "Other sheep have I which are not of this fold."

I remark again, the Heavenly Shepherd is going to find a great many of his sheep among those who are positive rejecters of Christianity. I do not know how you came to reject Christianity. It may have been through hearing Theodore Parker preach, or through reading Reman's "Life of Jesus," or through the infidel talk of some young man in your store. It may have been through the trickery of some professed Christian man who disgusted you with religion. I do not ask you how you became so; but you frankly tell me that you do reject it. You do not believe that Christ is a Divine being, although you admit that He was a very good man. You do not believe that the Bible was inspired of God, although you think there are some very fine things in it. You believe that the Scriptural description of Eden was only an allegory. There are fifty things that I believe that you do not believe. And yet you are an accommodating man. Everybody that knows you says that of you. If I should ask you to do a kindness for me, or if anyone else should ask of you a kindness, you would do it. Now, I have a kindness to ask of you to-day. It is something that will cost you nothing and will give me great delight. I want you by experiment to try the power of Christ's religion. If I should come to you, and you were very sick, and doctors had given you up, and I should take out a bottle, and say: "Here is a medicine that will cure you; it will cure fifty people, and it will cure you." You would say: "I have no confidence in it." I would say: "Won't you take it to oblige me?" "Well," you would say, "if it's any accommodation to you, I'll take it." My friend, will you be just as accommodating in matters of religion? There are some of you who have found out that this world cannot satisfy your soul. You are like the man who told me one Sabbath after the service was over: "I have tried this world and found it an insufficient portion. Tell me of something better." You have come to that. You are sick for the need of divine medication. Now I come and tell you of a physician who will cure you, who has cured hundreds and hundreds who were sick as you are. "Oh," you say, "I have no confidence in him." But will you not try him? Accommodate me in this matter; oblige me in this matter; just try him. I am very certain he will cure you. You reply: "I have no especial confidence in him, but if you ask me as a matter of accommodation, introduce him." So I do introduce Him—Christ, the Physician, who has cured more blind eyes, and healed more ghastly wounds, and bound up more broken hearts than all the doctors since the time of Esculapius. That Divine Physician is here. Are you not ready to try Him? Will you not, as a pure matter of experiment, try Him, and state your case before Him this hour? Hold nothing back from Him. If you can not pray, if you do not know how to pray any other way, say: "O, Lord Jesus Christ, this is a strange thing for me to do. I know nothing about the formulas of religion. These Christian people have been talking so long about what Thou canst do for me, I am ready to do whatever Thou commandest me to do. I am ready to take whatever Thou commandest me to take. If there be any power in religion, as these people say, let me have the advantage of it."

Will you try that experiment now? I do not at this point of my discourse say that there is anything in religion; but I simply say, try it—try it. Do not take my counsel or the counsel of any clergyman, if you despise clergymen. Perhaps we may be talking professionally; perhaps we may be hypocritical in our utterances; perhaps our advice is not worth taking. Then take the counsel of some very respectable laymen, as John Milton, the poet; as William Wilberforce, the statesman; as Isaac Newton, the astronomer; as Robert Boyle, the philosopher; as Locke, metaphysician. They never preached or pretended to preach; and yet putting down, one his telescope, and another his parliamentary scroll, and another his electrician's wire, they all declare the adaptiveness of Christ's religion to the wants and troubles of the world. If you will not take the recommendation of ministers of the Gospel, then take the recommendation of highly-respectable laymen. Oh men, skeptical and struck through with

unrest, would you not like to have some of the peace which broods over our souls to-day. I know all about your doubts. I have been through them all. I have gone through all the curriculum. I have doubted whether there is a God, whether Christ is God. I have doubted whether the Bible was true; I have doubted the immortality of the soul; I have doubted my own existence; I have doubted everything, and yet, out of the hot desert of doubt I have come into the broad, luxuriant sunny land of Gospel hope, and peace, and comfort; and so I have confidence in preaching to you and asking you to come in. However often you may have spoken against the Bible, or however much you may have caricatured religion, step ashore from that rocking and tumultuous seas. If you go home to-day adhering to your infidelities, you will not sleep one wink. You do not want your children to come up with your skepticism. You can not afford to die in that midnight darkness, can you? If you do not believe in anything else, you believe in love—a father's love, a mother's love, a wife's love, a child's love. Then let me tell you that God loves you more than them all. Oh, you must come in. You will come in. The great heart of Christ aches to have you come in, and Jesus this very moment—whether you sit or stand—looks into your eyes and says: "Other sheep I have which are not of this fold."

Again I remark that the Heavenly Shepherd is going to find a great many sheep among those who have been full of evil habit. It makes me sad to see Christian people give up a prodigal as lost. There are those who talk as though the grace of God were a chain of forty or fifty links, and after they had run out there was nothing to touch the depth of a very bad case. If they were hunting and got off the track of the deer they would look longer among the brakes and bushes for the lost game than they have been looking for that lost soul. People tell us that if a man have delirium tremens twice, he can not be reclaimed; that after a woman has sacrificed her integrity, she can not be restored. The Bible has distinctly intimated that the Lord Almighty is ready to pardon four hundred and ninety times; that is, seventy times seven. There are men before the throne of God who have wallowed in every kind of sin; but, saved by the grace of Jesus, and washed in His blood, they stand there radiant now. There are those who plunged into the very lowest of all the hells of New York, who have for the tenth time been lifted up, and finally, by the grace of God, they stand in Heaven gloriously rescued by the grace promised to the chief of sinners.

But I turn to outsiders with a hope that thrills through my body and soul. "Other sheep I have which are not of this fold." You are not Gospel-hardened. You have not heard or read many sermons during the last few years. As you came in to-day everything was novel, and all the services are suggestive of your early days. How sweet the opening hymn sounded in your ears, and how blessed is this hour. Everything suggestive of Heaven. You do not weep, but the shower is not far off. You sigh, and you have noticed that there is always a sigh in the wind before the rain falls. There are those here who would give anything if they could find relief in tears. They say: "Oh, my wasted life! Oh, the bitter past! Oh the graves over which I have stumbled. Whither shall I fly? Alas for the future. Everything is dark—so dark, so dark. God help me! God pity me!" Thank the Lord for that last utterance. You have begun to pray, and when a man begins to petition, that sets all Heaven flying this way, and God steps in and beats back the hounds of temptation to their kennel, and around about the poor, wounded soul puts the covert of his pardoning mercy. Hark! I hear something fall. What was that? It is the bars of the fence around sheep-fold. The shepherd lets them down, and the hunted sheep of the mountain bound in; some of them, their fleece torn with brambles, some of them, their feet lame with the dogs; but bounding in. Thank God! "Other sheep I have which are not of this fold."

When Trouble Comes.

When trouble comes, it does no good to whine about it. The thing to do is to face it and bear it. Many persons waste their capacity for honest endurance by indulging in useless and idle regrets. We do not mean to say that a Christian should ever take up an attitude of hard and stoical indifference toward calamitous occurrences. It must be left to heathen and infidels to do that. But those who believe in the good providence of God should accept in the spirit of filial submission whatever dispensations He may see fit either to send or to suffer to come.—Nashville Advocate.

Strict Justice.

Dr. Francis Parkman, the late historian, had a strict idea of justice. A friend met him one day walking along the street leading a street boy with either hand. "What in the world are you doing, Parkman?" asked his friend. "I found that Johnny here had eaten all of the apple instead of dividing with his little brother. I am going to buy another for the younger boy and make Johnny watch him while he eats it."

MORE BONDS.

President Cleveland's Special Message on the Subject.

Congress Informed That Arrangements Have Been Made to Dispose of 4-30 Coin Bonds to the Amount of \$82,400,000.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—The president issued the following message to congress last noon Friday:

TO THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES: Since my recent communication to congress calling attention to our financial condition and suggesting legislation which I deemed essential to our national welfare and credit, the anxiety and apprehension then existing in business circles have continued.

As a precaution, therefore, against the failure of timely legislative aid through congressional action cautious preparations have been pending to employ to the best possible advantage, in default of better means, such executive authority as may without additional legislation be exercised for the purpose of reinforcing and maintaining in our treasury an adequate and safe gold reserve.

In the judgment of those especially charged with this responsibility, the business situation is so critical and the legislative situation is so unpromising with the omission thus far on the part of congress to beneficially enlarge the powers of the secretary of the treasury in the premises as to enjoin immediate executive action with the facilities now at hand.

Therefore in pursuance of section 3700 of the revised statutes, the details of an arrangement have this day been concluded with parties abundantly able to fulfill their undertaking whereby bonds of the United States authorized under the act of July 14, 1875, payable in coin, thirty years after their date, with interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum to the amount in a little less than \$82,400,000, are to be issued for the purchase of gold coin amounting to a sum slightly in excess of \$65,000,000 to be delivered to the treasury of the United States, which sum added to the gold now held in our reserve will so restore such reserve as to make it amount to something more than \$100,000,000. Such a premium is to be allowed to the government upon the bonds as to fix the rate of interest upon the amount of gold realized at 3 1/2 per cent. per annum. At least one-half of the gold to be obtained is to be supplied from abroad, which is a very important and favorable feature of the transaction.

The privilege is especially reserved to the government to substitute at par within ten days from this date in lieu of 4 per cent. coin bonds, other bonds in terms payable in gold and bearing only 3 per cent. interest if the issue of the same should in the meantime be authorized by congress.

The arrangement thus completed, which after careful inquiry appears in present circumstances and considering all the objects desired to be the best attainable, develops such a difference in the estimation of investors between bonds made payable in coin and those specifically made payable in gold in favor of the latter, and is represented by three-fourths of a cent in annual interest.

In the agreement just concluded the annual saving in interest to the government if 3 per cent. gold bonds should be substituted for 4 per cent. coin bonds under the privilege reserved, would be \$3,150,000, amounting in thirty years or at the maturity of the coin bonds, to \$16,174,750.

Of course, there never should be a doubt in any quarter as to the redemption in gold of the bonds of the government which are made payable in gold. Therefore, the discrimination, in the judgment of investors, between our bond obligations payable in coin and those specifically made payable in gold is very significant.

It is hardly necessary to suggest that whatever may be our views on the subject the sentiments of preference of those with whom we must negotiate in disposing of our bonds for gold are not subject to our dictation.

I have only to add that in my opinion the transaction herein detailed for the information of the congress promises better results than the efforts previously made in the direction of effectively adding to our gold reserve through the sale of bonds, and I believe it will tend, as far as such action can in present circumstances, to meet the determination expressed in the law repealing the act of July 14, 1890, and that in the language of such repealing act the arrangement made will aid our efforts to "insure the maintenance of the parity in value of the coins of the two metals and the equal power of every dollar at all times in the markets and in the payment of debts." (Signed) GROVER CLEVELAND.

Executive Mansion, Feb. 8, 1895.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—The following official memorandum of the bond transaction referred to in the president's message has been made public by the treasury department:

"The contract was made with August Belmont & Co., of New York, on behalf of Messrs. K. M. Rothschild & Sons, of London, and themselves, and J. P. Morgan & Co., of New York, on behalf of J. S. Morgan & Co., of London, and themselves, and provides for the delivery to the United States of 3,000,000 ounces of standard gold coin of the United States to be paid for in United States 4 per cent. bonds. A large number of other banks and financial institutions are interested in the transaction, but their names are not mentioned in the contract itself. The department does not know in what proportion the various parties are to furnish the gold coin or receive the bonds, as this is a matter for arrangement between themselves. By the terms of the contract the parties are to bear all the expense of bringing gold from abroad, and they are, so far as it lies in their power, to exert all their financial influence and make all legitimate efforts to protect the treasury against withdrawals of gold pending complete performance of the contract. No bonds are to be delivered except in payment for gold actually delivered. In view of the possible failure of legislation in congress negotiations have been pending for some time here and abroad and the terms of this contract are the best that could be procured with a coin bond."

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—Senator Lodge (rep., Mass.) has (by request) introduced a bill to provide for the issue of \$1,250,000,000 worth of bonds, payable in gold coin, at 2 1/2 per cent. interest, to run for from ten to twenty-five years.

Tragedy in Oregon.

PORTLAND, Ore., Feb. 9.—At Hillsboro Friday afternoon H. F. Dant, a veteran of the civil war, 50 years of age, shot Mrs. John Mueller and her daughter, Mrs. Manning, and then killed himself. He had paid the costs of divorce proceedings for Mrs. Manning in consideration of her promise to marry him. She refused, and in a quarrel in which Mrs. Mueller took her daughter's part, he committed the crime. Both women will recover.

ILLINOIS LEGISLATURE.

Senate.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 6.—In the senate Tuesday a joint resolution from the house asking congress to appropriate money for the purchase of flags to decorate soldiers' graves in the south on Decoration day was defeated by a viva voce vote.

Among the bills introduced, were the following: For the appointment of three police commissioners in each city of more than 10,000 inhabitants; for the protection and propagation of game; to prohibit selling or giving away of liquor to a minor without written consent of his parents, guardian or family physician; to amend the fraternal beneficiary law by providing that societies may provide for the burial of the wives of members; providing a bounty for the killing of English sparrows at all times of the year.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 7.—In the senate Wednesday a bill to appropriate \$25,000 to establish a plant in which to cultivate at public expense anti-toxine, the new German anti-diphtheritic serum, was introduced by Senator Brand, of Randolph county. The bill provides that the plant shall be under the care of the state board of health. The plant is to cost \$20,000 and the remainder is for buying animals and other necessities. Senator Brand is a physician and says he has used anti-toxine on twenty-two patients who had diphtheria and not one died. Other bills were introduced, among them one to prevent repeal of gambling tools and paraphernalia, and one to regulate elevated railroads. A bill limiting the time in which wills may be contested to two years after probate was passed.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 8.—In the senate Thursday the Chicago library bill was advanced to third reading. The bill providing for mirroring of roads on the petition of land-owners was made a special order for next Wednesday. Bills advanced to third reading were for an appropriation of \$4,000 in aid of the Illinois State Horticultural society, and appropriating \$1,000 per annum in aid of the Illinois Dairy-men's association.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 9.—In the senate Friday bills were introduced to prevent owners of warehouses from storing their own grain in which they are interested, in their own elevators, appropriating \$35,000 to establish and maintain a home for disabled mothers, widows and daughters of deceased soldiers; enabling cities, towns and villages to levy and collect a tax not to exceed 2 per cent. of gross receipts from foreign fire insurance companies, and providing that such sum be used for the benefit of organized fire departments. A favorable report was made on the bill establishing a state normal school in the northern part of the state. The bill granting woman suffrage in certain township elections was advanced to third reading.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 12.—Senator Green introduced a bill in the senate to place Pullman cars and the terminal road operator over the bridge at St. Louis under regulation of the railroad and warehouse commission. Charges of discrimination are made against the terminal line and the Pullman people. The assembly adjourned over till Wednesday on account of Lincoln's birthday.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 6.—A bill was introduced in the house Tuesday by Mr. Cook, regulating telephone charges and empowering certain state officials to regulate them. The bill provides that the charge in cities of 1,000,000 inhabitants and over shall not exceed \$78 per annum; in cities of 500,000 and less than 1,000,000, not to exceed \$66 per annum; in cities of 100,000 and less than 500,000, not to exceed \$36 per annum.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 7.—In the house Wednesday bills were introduced providing for a reduction in sleeping car fares to a sum of about one-half of existing prices; to prohibit manufacture and sale of cigarettes; to abolish capital punishment; to regulate the sale, weight and price of bread.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 8.—In the house Thursday the special committee to visit the partially destroyed insane asylum at Anna and investigate the needs of the institution, whose commissioners had asked an appropriation of \$100,000 to rebuild the destroyed portion and to build a reservoir, reported against construction of the reservoir. The committee also stated that it believed Gov. Altgeld had made a mistake in having caused the unexpended portion of the last appropriation, amounting to \$80, to be turned back into the state treasury. Had this money been properly expended the buildings of the asylum would not be so badly in need of repairs.

Bills were introduced to regulate sleeping car fares by providing that no more than one dollar shall be charged for upper or lower berths for twenty-four hours, and two dollars for a whole section; appropriating \$100,000 for the erection of an eastern Illinois state normal school.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 9.—The house on Friday passed the bill limiting the time for contesting wills to two years. A bill was introduced to regulate saloons in towns and cities of less than 100,000 inhabitants. A measure was introduced which, if passed, require the Illinois Central Railroad company to sell 150,000 acres of its land in southern Illinois. The land was granted to the company in its charter of 1851, but under that charter the land should have been sold in ten years. The land has been held in violation of the charter since 1861 and is exempt from taxation.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 11.—The house session on Saturday lasted about ten minutes, the only bill introduced being one to punish corrupt practices in relation to elections. It makes the offering or soliciting of money or any equivalent for votes punishable by fine, disfranchisement and disqualification for office.

CATTLE TRANSPORTATION.

New Regulations Issued by Secretary of Agriculture.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The secretary of agriculture has issued to managers and superintendents of railroads and transportation companies of the United States, stockmen and others the regulations concerning cattle transportation, to be in force from the 15th day of February instant to the 1st day of December next. The principal difference between these regulations and those of last year lies in the fact that the Texas fever line, as it is called, has been extended westward to the Pacific coast. A large portion of the northwestern part of the territory of Oklahoma, which was formerly included within the line, is now left outside. There are also some slight changes in the line in Missouri, Tennessee and Virginia.

Death of an Eccentric Farmer.

MONMOUTH, Ill., Feb. 12.—R. G. Robinson, a wealthy farmer who came to this county in 1829, died Monday morning. He was noted for his eccentricities. Although about 75 years of age, he never set foot on a train of cars; never was out of the county since he came, except to Galesburg; never shot off a gun, and had many other peculiar traits not in accord with other mortals. Strong even in death, as his last request was that he be laid away without religious or other ceremonies.

A WOMAN'S NERVES.

The Story of a Woman to Whom Noise Was Torture.

Prostrated by the Least Excitement—Physicians Baffled by Her Case.

(From the Gate City, Keokuk, Iowa.)

Mrs. Helen Meyers, whose home is at 3515 Vernon Avenue, Chicago, and whose visit to Keokuk, Ia., will long be remembered, was at one time afflicted with a nervous malady which at times drove her nearly to distraction. "Those terrible headaches are a thing of the past," she said the other day to a Gate City representative, "and there is quite a story in connection with it, too."

My nervous system sustained a great shock some fifteen years ago, brought on, I believe, through too much worrying over family matters, and then allowing my love for my books to get the better of my discretion where my health was concerned. Why, whenever my affairs at home did not go along just as I expected, I would invariably become prostrated from the excitement, and I would consider myself fortunate indeed if the effects of the attack would not remain for a week. I was obliged to give up my pleasant home not far from the Lake Shore drive, because I could not stand the noise in that locality. I could find no place in the city which I deemed suitable to one whose nervous system was always on the point of explosion. To add to my misfortunes my complexion underwent a change, and I looked so yellow and sallow that I was ashamed to venture from the house at all.

"Madam," said my doctor to me soon after an unusually severe attack of the malady, "unless you leave the city and seek some place of quiet you will never recover." So I concluded I would visit my uncle, who lives in Dallas County, Iowa, and whose farm would surely be a good place for one in my pitiable condition. I picked up the Gate City one day and happened to come across an interesting recital of the recovery of some woman in New York State who was afflicted as I had been. This woman had been cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I thought that if Pink Pills cured that woman they might do the same for me. I began to take the pills according to directions, and I began to feel better from the start. After I had taken several boxes of them I was ready to go back to Chicago. My nervousness was gone and my complexion was as fresh as that of any sixteen-year-old girl in Iowa, and Pink Pills is what put the color in my cheeks. No wonder I am in such high spirits and feel like a prize fighter. And no wonder I like to come to Keokuk, for if it had not been for Pink Pills bought from a Keokuk firm I would not have been alive now," laughingly concluded the lady.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain all the elements necessary to give new life and freshness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are for sale by all druggists, or may be had by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., for 50 cents per box, or six boxes for \$2.50.

It Was Shut.

"Sam, shut the shutter." Mother Hyde called, with her cap-strings all a-flutter. "I've shut the shutter," Sam replied. "And I can't shut it any shutter."

—J. T. Greenleaf, in St. Nicholas.

The Gospel of Art.

Work thou for pleasure; paint or sing or carve The thing thou lovest, though the body starve.

Who works for glory misses off the goal; Who works for money coins his very soul.

Work for the work's sake, then, and it may be That these things shall be added unto thee.

—Kenyon Cox, in Century.

GRASS IS KING!

Grass rules. It is the most valuable crop of America, worth more than either corn or wheat. Luxurious meadows are the farmers' delight. A positive way to get them, and the only one we know, is to sow Salzer's Extra Grass Mixtures. Many of our farmer readers prize them and say they get 4 to 6 tons of magnificent hay per acre from Salzer's seeds. Over one hundred different kinds of Grass, Clover and Fodder Plant seeds are sold by Salzer.

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT with 7c postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., you will get a sample of GRASS & CLOVER MIXTURE and their mammoth seed catalogue free. [K]

HOT SPRINGS, ARKANSAS.

The season at this famous Health and Pleasure Resort is now at its height, and in addition to the many attractions offered at Hot Springs and the Resorts in the near vicinity, arrangements have been made for a daily running meet at the Race Track, Foot Ball Games and Base Ball Games between Professional Clubs at the Park. All lines from the East, North and West connect at St. Louis in the new Magnificent Union Station with the Iron Mountain Route which runs elegant through Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars daily, direct to the Springs.

Call on or write Ticket Agents of connecting lines for beautifully illustrated and descriptive pamphlets relative to the Springs, Hotels, and other information, (mailed free), or address H. C. Townsley, General Pass. Agent, Iron Mountain Route, St. Louis.

Ma. Brown—"I've got a cold or something in my head." Mrs. Brown—"It must be a cold, dear, I'm sure."—Judge.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Waiding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free. Hall's Family Pills, 25c.

One great trouble about extravagance is that it always costs too much.—Galveston News.

An Important Difference.

To make it apparent to thousands, who think themselves ill, that they are not affected with any disease, but that the system simply needs cleansing, is to bring comfort home to their hearts, as a positive condition is easily cured by using Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

IN THE DEBS CASE.

The Marshal Couldn't Find Mr. Pullman Who Was Wanted as a Witness.

CHICAGO, Feb. 8.—It was expected that George M. Pullman would take the stand at the opening of the Debs trial Wednesday morning, but the marshal reported he could not find him, and that it was his belief that the palace car president was in his office part of the day Tuesday, but refused to allow the officer to gain admission to his presence. Later on, it is claimed, Mr. Pullman took a train for Florida.

President Eugene V. Debs was the principal witness of the day, and he declared that during the continuance of the strike he at no time was guilty of any violation of the federal law, nor did he at any time from the first meeting of the A. R. U. until the end of the strike countenance any acts of violence or advise anyone to violate the laws of the nation, the state laws or any city ordinance. He emphatically stated that at all meetings his words were to the effect that under no circumstances must mail trains be interfered with.

Teutonic Saves Nine Lives.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—Hundreds were attracted to the White Star dock to view the Teutonic and the work of her crew in putting her into shipshape appearance. Tons of ice had to be chopped from her foreworks and prow, and drifts of snow could be seen packed away in sheltered places. Hers had been a most tempestuous trip, but it had also been a merciful one. Nine seamen were rescued by the Teutonic Friday afternoon from the schooner Josie Reeves, of this city. The rescued were taken off the schooner only after a severe afternoon's work. Nothing is known of the fate of the abandoned schooner Reeves.

Defendants in the Debs Case Get Off Easy

CHICAGO, Feb. 7.—At the opening of the Debs trial Tuesday morning Attorney Edwin Walker asked on behalf of the government that the cases against Dennis Laridin, John Burke, Frank Dryer and James McDonald be dismissed. Judge Grosscup dismissed these four and announced that he would let the jury pass on the cases of the directors of the American Railway union. The defense asked him Monday to dismiss the cases without a further hearing. In regard to John F. McVean and Martin J. Elliot, the two least active of the directors, the judge said he would take their cases under consideration.

Resolutions Passed Denouncing the Issue of Bonds.

RALEIGH, N. C., Feb. 7.—The supreme council of the National Farmers' Alliance and Industrial union met in annual convention here.

Resolutions were adopted denouncing the proposed issue of bonds, and urging instead that the administration employ the option allowed by law and pay out silver as well as gold when coin is demanded for treasury notes. If this does not end the present emergency, then the government should be requested to issue non-interest-bearing full legal tender treasury notes.

Quick Action.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The bill appropriating \$10,000 for the immediate relief of the suffering poor of the District of Columbia affords an example of what congress can do when prompt action and dispatch of business are imperative. The bill was introduced in the senate after 12 o'clock Friday afternoon. At a little past 2 o'clock the printed copy of the bill was back from the government printing office. It was introduced and passed by the house and at 3 o'clock was ready to be sent to the president for his signature.

Lake Casualties.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The agricultural department has issued an interesting report giving in detail the number of casualties occurring on Lakes Superior, Michigan, Huron, Erie and Ontario, and the connecting rivers, during the season of 1894. This includes, besides the record of total loss of forty-four vessels and cargoes, involving a loss of \$643,243, the partial loss on sixty-eight vessels and cargoes to the amount of \$349,544, and the sacrifice of sixty-eight lives.

Given Full Power.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—A dispatch to the Times from Peking says that full peace powers have been telegraphed to the Chinese peace envoys with a view of a renewal of the negotiations with Japan. The envoys are now at Nagasaki, Japan, whither they went after the Japanese government refused to treat with them, their credentials being imperfect in not clothing them with plenary powers to conclude a peace.

Dropped Dead at a Fire.

DANVILLE, Ky., Feb. 11.—Prof. J. W. Harris, of Xenia, O., a guest of Harris' hotel at Crab Orchard, Ky., discovered the building on fire and alarmed the inmates. He saved his own trunk, helped save other property, and then dropped dead from heart disease.

Two Big Boats Sunk.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—A cable dispatch from Wei-Hai-Wei, dated February 5, says that the Chinese fleet has practically ceased to exist. The ironclad Chen Yuen and her sister ship, the Ting Yuen, have been sunk, and the other vessels of the Chinese fleet are within the grasp of the Japanese.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.	
LIVE STOCK—Cattle.....	\$4 20 @ 4 25
Sheep.....	3 50 @ 5 00
Hogs.....	4 40 @ 4 75
FLOUR—Minnesota Patents.....	3 05 @ 3 80
City Mill Patents.....	4 00 @ 4 15
WHEAT—No 2 Red.....	57 1/2 @ 57 1/2
No. 1 Northern.....	47 1/2 @ 47 1/2
CORN—No 2.....	48 1/2 @ 48 1/2
May.....	49 @ 49 1/2
OATS.....	33 1/2 @ 34
RYE.....	54 @ 55
PORK—Mess, New.....	11 25 @ 12 00
LARD—Western.....	11 @ 12 1/2
BUTTER—Western Creamery.....	11 @ 12 1/2
Western Dairy.....	10 @ 10 1/2
CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Shipping Steers.....	13 10 @ 13 65
Stockers and Feeders.....	2 20 @ 3 00
Butchers' Steers.....	3 10 @ 3 60
Texas Steers.....	2 75 @ 4 15
HOGS.....	3 65 @ 4 25
SHEEP.....	2 00 @ 4 50
BUTTER—Creamery.....	12 @ 23 1/2
Dairy.....	8 @ 20
EGGS—Fresh.....	27 @ 28
BROOM CORN (per ton).....	60 00 @ 130 00
POTATOES (per bu.).....	2 10 @ 2 75
PORK—Mess.....	9 75 @ 9 87 1/2
LARD—Steam.....	6 42 @ 6 50
FLOUR—Spring Patents.....	3 00 @ 3 50
Spring Straights.....	2 10 @ 2 75
Winter Patents.....	2 50 @ 2 65
Winter Straights.....	2 35 @ 2 50
MILWAUKEE.	
GRAIN—Wheat, No 2 Spring.....	53 1/2 @ 52 1/2
Corn, No 3.....	43 1/2 @ 43 1/2
Oats, No 2 White.....	31 1/2 @ 31 1/2
Rye, No 1.....	52 1/2 @ 53
Barley, No 2.....	53 1/2 @ 54
PORK—Mess.....	10 20 @ 10 25
LARD—Steam.....	6 50 @ 6 55
CATTLE—Texas Steers.....	\$3 20 @ 3 90
Native Steers.....	3 10 @ 4 90
HOGS.....	4 10 @ 4 37
SHEEP.....	3 30 @ 3 85
CATTLE.....	\$3 00 @ 4 00
HOGS—Light and Mixed.....	3 70 @ 4 00
Heavy.....	4 00 @ 4 15
SHEEP.....	2 25 @ 8 00

"I SHALL expect you," said the justice to the colored culprit, "to tell the whole truth." "Do whole truth, sah?" "Yes." "Judge, jes' gimme six months!"—Atlanta, Constitution.

The Wastes of Siberia

Are not more barren of comfort than the waists of those who suffer from dyspepsia, from liver complaint or from indigestion trouble. But in Hostetter's Stomach Bitters they can find relief. So can the malarious, the rheumatic, the neuralgic, the feeble and the old. Use with persistence this remedy with a career of over a third of a century. A wine-glassful three times a day.

WHAT a great scheme it would be for the stage dancer of the day if she could, like Mercury, have wings on her heels to make 'em fly higher.—N. Y. Recorder.

HALL'S Honey of Horehound and Tar relieves whooping cough. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

SCROFULA

Miss Della Stevens, of Boston, Mass., writes: I have always suffered from hereditary Scrofula, for which I tried various remedies, and many reliable physicians, but none relieved me. After taking bottles of I am now well. I am very grateful to you, as I feel that it saved me from a life of untold agony, and shall take pleasure in speaking only words of praise for the wonderful medicine, and in recommending it to all.

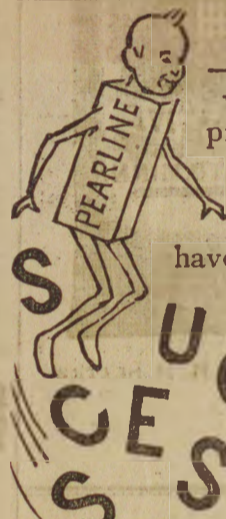
Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free to any address.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

St. Jacobs Oil

THE GREAT REMEDY

CURES PAINS OF MAN & BEAST



Fairly jumped into success—Pearline. Right from the very start. Notwithstanding all these hundreds of years of precedence behind that old-fashioned, back-breaking way of washing with soap, too.

Now, why was it? Why is it that hundreds of millions of packages of Pearline have been used in the few years since this washing-compound was invented? Just do your washing and cleaning with Pearline for a month, and you'll see.

It takes away the rubbing, but without any risk of harm. That puts it at the head of every known aid for washing.

Millions NOW USE Pearline

TELLS THE SECRET.

"SINCE I USED

SANTA CLAUS SOAP.



My Clothes are whiter, my Health better, my Labor less.

BEST. PUREST & MOST ECONOMICAL
SOLD EVERYWHERE
MADE BY THE N.K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, CHICAGO.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

...CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. BEST COUGH SYRUP... TASTES GOOD. USE IN TIME. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. 25 CENTS.

BEST POLISH IN THE WORLD.

RISE SUN STOVE POLISH

DO NOT BE DECEIVED with Pastes, Enamels, and Paints which stain the hands, injure the iron, and burn red. The Rising Sun Stove Polish is Brilliant, Odorless, and Durable. Each package contains six ounces; when moistened will make several boxes of Paste Polish.

HAS AN ANNUAL SALE OF 3,000 TONS.

★ WORLD'S-FAIR ★
★ HIGHEST AWARD! ★

"SUPERIOR NUTRITION—THE LIFE!"

IMPERIAL GRANUM

THE GREAT MEDICINAL FOOD

Has justly acquired the reputation of being The Salvator for INVALIDS and The Aged.

AN INCOMPARABLE ALIMENT for the GROWTH and PROTECTION of INFANTS and CHILDREN

A superior nutritive in continued Fevers. And a reliable remedial agent in all gastric and enteric diseases; often in instances of consultation over patients whose digestive organs were reduced to such a low and sensitive condition that the IMPERIAL GRANUM was the only nourishment the stomach would tolerate when LIFE seemed depending on its retention;—And as a FOOD it would be difficult to conceive of anything more palatable.

Sold by DRUGGISTS. Shipping Depot, JOHN CARLE & SONS, New York.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, of ROXBURY, MASS., Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. Read the label.

If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause squeamish feelings at first.

No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Sold by all Druggists.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE

IS THE BEST FIT FOR A KING.
\$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF.
\$4.35 FINE CALF & KANGAROO.
\$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES.
\$2.50 92 WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE.
\$2.17 75 BOYS SCHOOL SHOES.
LADIES \$3.50 \$2.17 75 BEST DONGOLA.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE W. L. DOUGLAS, BOSTON, MASS.

Over One Million People wear the

W. L. Douglas \$3 & \$4 Shoes

All our shoes are equally satisfactory They give the best value for the money. They equal custom shoes in style and fit. Their wearing qualities are unsurpassed. The prices are uniform,—stamped on sole. From \$1 to \$5 saved over other makes. If your dealer cannot supply you we can.

WALTER BAKER & CO.

The Largest Manufacturers of PURE, HIGH GRADE COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES

On this Continent, have received HIGHEST AWARDS from the great Industrial and Food EXPOSITIONS In Europe and America.

Unlike the Dutch Process, no Alkali or other Chemicals or Bases are used in any of our preparations. Their delicious BREAKFAST COCOA is absolutely pure and soluble, and costs less than one cent a cup.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE. WALTER BAKER & CO. DORCHESTER, MASS.

WANTED! Local agents for the National Syndicate of Newspaper and magazines. No capital or experience required. Pays \$25 to \$150 per month. Address The National Co., St. Louis, Mo.

A. N. K.—A 1589

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

PRINTED THURSDAYS
BY GEO. E. SISLEY & CO.

For Year.....\$1.50
For 6 months in advance.....\$1.00

The city of Elgin, in the opinion of its assessor, has not a single contributor to the income tax fund. Well, as far as we know, Genoa is in the same class.

A book entitled "How to make courtship terminate happily," has lately been published. It don't need a book to tell us that. Marry the girl, of course, and avoid a suit for breach of promise.

That "ground hog" business doesn't seem to come out just right these days. We seem to have a good spell of clear-weather weather without the slightest chance for the appearance of Mr. Hog.

Schiller Theater.

Edwin Milton Royle's charming comedy-drama, "Friends," presented by the original cast of his New York comedy company; Selena Fetter Royle, Lucius Henderson, the actor-pianist, and other public favorites, closes its engagement at the Schiller theatre with the coming week.

The handsome Schiller Theatre is rapidly becoming the acknowledged home of comic opera in Chicago. The success of the Camille D'Arville Opera Co., in "Madeline," or, the Magic Kiss" was something phenomenal, and for four weeks, in two engagements of a fortnight each, kept the theatre crowded to its utmost capacity. Now comes another most popular and attractive star, Louise Beaudet, at the head of her great comic and opera Bouffe company. Louise Beaudet, it will be remembered, was the bright particular star of the great "America" organization at the auditorium during the World's Fair year. This season, supported by a magnificent company she will produce for the first time in Chicago, the new comic opera "The Dragoon's Daughter," which has made an immense success. The new opera, something as remarkably original and attractive as "Madeline" or "Ermine," "Perichole" or "Olivette," in the earliest days, is by S. W. Norcross, Sr., and Herman Perlet. The story is romantic and amusing, the music extremely pretty, gemmed with delightful melodies for the principals, embellished with bright and catchy choruses, and it is said, brimfull of fun, admirably developed in provokingly funny situations for comedians. In short, it is a great hit, and at the Schiller it will be put upon the stage lavishly with entirely new scenery, original and picturesque costumes, and with a theatrical and stage equipment which will give it the character of an exceptionally handsome production.

Among the solos may be mentioned some melodious lyrics, which have already gained great popularity. For instance, "The Lettler song," "The King's Dragoon's," "Why do the Birds Sing so Softly?" and the Spanish Dance music and chorus.

The Beaudet company is very strong in its principal artists, notably among whom are Bertha Ricci and William Wolff, who will be remembered here for his superb character comedy illustration of the leading roles in the Schiller opera Co. season last summer. The organization is completed with a large and well-trained chorus, not the least attraction of which is its usual number of pretty girls, who are all good part singers.

Following the Beaudet Opera Co., that established public favorite, Sadie Martinot, with a specially organized company, will be seen in the recent great success, "The Passport," commencing Sunday evening, March 3d.

The distinguished English actor, Wilson Barrett, in his renowned drama "The Manxman" follows March 10th, and Kellar, generally acknowledged as the greatest wizard upon the stage, will fill a special engagement at the Schiller, commencing the last of March.

A Household Treasure.

D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y., says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and his family has always found the very best results follow its use; that he would not be without it if procurable. G. A. Dyken, druggist, Catskill, N. Y., says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best cough remedy; that he has used it in his family for eight years, and it has never failed to do what is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested. Trial bottles free at F. T. ROBINSON'S Dispensary. Regular size 50 cents, and \$1.

G. M. & ST. PAUL.
TIME CARD.

TRAINS GOING EAST.

TRN	GENOA	ARR CHICAGO
No. 3	5:08 A. M.	7:15 A. M.
No. 4	7:11 A. M.	9:00 A. M.
No. 34	8:04 A. M.	10:35 A. M.
No. 24	12:04 P. M.	2:00 P. M.
No. 22	3:36 P. M.	5:50 P. M.
No. 92, Int.	1:30 P. M.	

TRAINS GOING WEST.

TRN	CHICAGO	GENOA
No. 3	10:35 P. M.	12:34 A. M.
No. 21	8:30 A. M.	10:44 A. M.
No. 25	1:30 P. M.	3:25 P. M.
No. 25	4:00 P. M.	6:12 P. M.
No. 1	6:20 P. M.	8:37 P. M.

No. 1, 3, 4 and 35 run daily. No. 2 except Monday. No. 5 except Saturday. No. 21, 22, 25, 26 and 92 daily except Sunday. No. 2 and 4 stop on signal for Chicago passengers. No. 1 and 3 stop to let off Chicago passengers and pick up through passengers west, all other trains stop. No. 1 and 4 Omaha limited trains close connections made for important points north and west through cars for St. Paul, Minneapolis and Sioux City. No. 2 and 3, Omaha, Kansas City and Cedar Rapids Express No. 25 and 26, Cedar Rapids, Dubuque Express No. 21 and 22, Rockford and Janesville and local points. Through tickets to all important points in United States and Canada.

J. M. HARVEY Agent.

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Try the "True Southern Route to California," Pullman First Class Sleeping Cars, Pullman Tourist sleeping Car Service, low rates and quick time, through from Chicago very day, to the land of oranges, roses and sunshine, that semi-tropical kingdom by the sea, Southern California. Meals served on train or in depot dining rooms. Daily First Class Pullman Sleeping Cars, and through Pullman Tourist Sleeping Car Service from Chicago to the principal cities in Arkansas and Texas. For illustrated folders, maps, pamphlets and full particulars, call upon your ticket agent or write to James Charlton, G. P. and T. A., Chicago & Alton R'y., Chicago, Ill.

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T. MARK TWAINS NEW BOOK
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Best thing for years. Sold only by agents. Now is the opportunity for ladies or gentlemen out of employment to make money. Secure territory at once. Send for descriptive Circulars and terms to agents. Mention paper. Ad. dress
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HARD COAL

PRICES DELIVERED,

\$6.50 to \$7.00 per ton.

SOFT COAL

PRICES DELIVERED,

\$2.50 to \$5.00 per ton.



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ROCKFORD
Business College

THE GREAT

Model School of Business

Still Leads in

NORMAL, SHORTHAND, and BUSINESS METHODS.

Open all the year. Students helped to lucrative positions when competent.

ROCKFORD SCHOOL OF TELEGRAPHY

Is also turning out Successful Operatives.

Fall Opening, - Monday, Sept. 3, 1894.

Commencement and Reunion, Sept. 7, 1894.

Send for new Catalogue No. 13.

WINANS & JOHNSON,

Main Street, Rockford, Ill.

W. L. DOUGLAS
\$3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the

Best in the World.

See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper.

Take no Substitute.

Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES,

with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

FOR SALE BY JOHN LEMBKE.

The Merry School Bell Peals,

And Your Boys and Girls Properly Shod?

SCHOOL

SHOES FOR

SCHOOL

CHILDREN

...SHOULD BE...

Strong'

Stylish

Shapely

Well Made

Well Fitting

We Have Them at all Prices from

75c to \$1.75.

Call on me for....

Good, Strong,

Wear-resisting Shoes

AT LOWEST PRICES.

Yours Very Respectfully,

JOHN LEMBKE.

Repairing neatly Done.

The Greatest Milling Plant in the World

Beats its Record.

Four of the mills of the Pillsbury-Washburn Flour Mills Co., Limited, made the week ending Dec. 1st, 1894, the enormous amount of **122,483** barrels, making a total weekly output of all five mills of **130,000** barrels of the best flour on earth.

The necessity for this extraordinary output is found in the unparalleled popularity of Pillsbury's Best.

The Pillsbury Mills lead all others, not only in quality but quantity of flour produced

B. CRAWFORD,

Try our Pennsylvania Buckwheat. None Better.

P. W. WILBORN,

The New Store at Sycamore

Have The Largest Stock

Dress Goods

DeKalb County.

Dress Goods, Cloaks and Underwear in

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SYCAMORE.

JAS. KIERNAN

WILL SELL YOU... ..

PUMPS & REPAIRS

Steam and Gas Pipe Fittings.

Wagons, Farm Machinery

FARM MACHINE OIL, HAND CARTS, &c

PLATES \$3.

Geo. E. Smith, Dentist, will visit Genoa every Tuesday. Will come prepared to do plate work or filling. Office hours 8:30 to 12 noon. Office at the City Hotel Parlor, Main Street.

PAINLESS EXTRACTION.

A. M. HILL, M. D.

Office over Lane's jewelry store. Hours, 6:30 to 8 p. m., 12:30 to 2 p. m. Residence on State st. Calls promptly attended day or night.

SOCIETY AND BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA. Genoa Camp No. 483, meets every Thursday night. F. H. Van Dresser, V. C. W. H. Sager, Clerk.

DELIA REBECCAS, I. O. O. F. No. 1. Meet every other Friday night. Mrs. J. E. Stout, V. C. Mrs. John Wyde, Sec.

GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC. Res. Post No. 478. Meets on First Tuesday of each month. J. H. Slater, Com. Gen. John Johnson, Adjutant.

K. NIGHTS OF THE MACCUBBES. Genoa Tent No. 44. Meets every other Saturday night in Slater's Hall. John Baudell, Com. G. E. Slaley, Steward Keeper.

A. F. & A. M. M. GENOA LODGE No. 288. Meets in regular session of Wednesday evening on or before the full moon of each month. W. M. C. A. Brown, Gen. E. Slaley, Sec.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS. Genoa Lodge No. 183, meets in regular session every Monday evening. E. M. Overaker, Sec. Henry Downing, N. G.

K. NIGHTS OF THE GLOBE. Genoa Chapter No. 56, meets in regular session on the second and fourth Tuesday of each month. J. A. Harvey, Pres. E. H. Lane, Sec.

J. M. D. LEBEVRE, Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist. Office Robinson's Drug store. Calls attended day or night.

H. B. BURNINGTON, Real Estate Agency and Collectors. Blue Springs, Neb. Real estate and city property for sale and rent. Office Barings' Bldg. Correspondence solicited.

EXCHANGEBANK OF BROWN & BROWN. Buy and sell Government Bonds. Self-liquidating. Tickets to and from Europe. And for sale or rent some choice farms in this vicinity, and houses and lots in this village.

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SWAN AND AGENTS

EUGENE OLMSTEAD, The Farmer's Mutual, KINGSTON, ILL.

COMING! COMING!

AT THE OPERA HOUSE Monday Night, Feb. 18th

The Renowned Dramatic Reader **Geo. W. Potter,**

assisted by the talented Vocalist **Mrs. GERTRUDE POTTER**

under the direction of **— ELMER D. EARL —**

Wm. Schmidt wishes to announce to the public, that he is ready to do all kinds of repairing and more especially horse shoeing. Mr. Schmidt has recently hired an experienced horse shoeer and will guarantee all of his work to be first class.

TO THE PUBLIC...

I am now prepared to get out **PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS** and any one contemplating building this season, would do well to give me a call.

ESTIMATES cheerfully given on all classes of work in my line. I will come over H. R. Patterson's.

C. F. DUTTON, Genoa, Ill.

O. BECKINGTON

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and Real Estate Agent.

Real estate sales a specialty. Satisfaction guaranteed or no charges made. Orders at this office or address **O. BECKINGTON,** Boone Co., Belvidere, Telephone No. 51.

If you are in need of a **Piano Organs** Write to **H. H. GILL,** of Chicago, and he will call on you.

KINGSTON.

Jas. McAllister visited in Belvidere Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kleckner, living west of town, are the delighted parents of a baby boy, which arrived last Monday.

Remember the Valentine social at Uplinger's hall Friday evening under the auspices of the Young Ladies' Mite Society of the M. E. Church.

On account of the cold few went to Herbert to attend the quarterly meeting services, except Rev. E. J. Rees and M. W. Cole. Services were held there on Sunday.

Guido Bro's orchestra, of Sycamore, passed through here Friday on their way to Hampshire, where they furnished music at a dance. Musically speaking, they are the people.

The bicycles turned out by the National Sewing Machine Co. at Belvidere, are in popular favor. At Pecatonica a club has been organized with the Belvidere wheel in the lead.

The Misses Alta Stuart and Maude Chalmers were visitors at the county seat last Saturday afternoon, the former to take her weekly lesson in instrumental music at Waterman Hall.

County Supt. L. M. Gross came down from the county seat last Thursday to add his influence in the settlement of the contest between our citizens. His wisdom helped not a little in the dispute.

Kirkland now chuckles over the fading small-pox. There is no liability of any more cases and we heartily congratulate Kirkland for her success in suppressing this monstrosity.

On Friday evening, notwithstanding the cold, a large number of the friends of Miss May Thriftly of North Kingston, gave her a very pleasant surprise party. An enjoyable evening was spent.

Miss Lillian H. Bassett, the popular elocutionist of Northern Illinois, will give one of her popular readings at Herbert Wednesday evening, Feb. 21st. She is well known here and should be a great drawing-card.

Mrs. Frederick Hagam does not improve, notwithstanding the fact that all efforts available are being made by Dr. Ludwig. Last week Dr. Ludwig called into consultation with him Dr. McInnes, of Belvidere.

J. W. F. Randall packed up nearly all of his goods which were for sale in Hollows' building, last Saturday, and sent them to Elgin. He accompanied the goods, but left a small stock for Ed. Brown to dispose of.

Looking over the circular sent out by Wells, Richardson & Co., advertising their butter color, we see the well known face of Jeff Colvin, the popular creamery man, he having won the medal at the State Dairyman's Association, for butter.

C. V. Taplin visited his parents at Belvidere Saturday. He is organizing a club here which will no doubt prove very beneficial to its members. He will explain matters for the asking. Any man, woman or child is eligible to membership.

The oyster supper at the chapel last Friday night had to be postponed on account of the inclemency of the weather. This would be a good standing local, as Friday night seems to be hooded. It would be a miracle if Friday night should happen to be favorable some week.

S. F. Mauck, who left his position as butter maker at John Colvin's some time ago has met his fate in Indiana. He ended up in Bristol Ind. where after becoming partner in a creamery business with Mr. Artley well known here, he married a sister of the latter. Of course his numerous friends are not behindhand in their congratulations.

On Thursday evening, Feb. 21st, the Baptist ladies will serve up a supper such as has been produced before only by Kinsley and Delmonico. The following is the

MENU.
Roast Turkey, and its accompaniments
Cranberry Sauce
Baked Beans
Mashed Potatoes
Biscuit
Mince Pie
Pumpkin Pie
Cake
Tea
Coffee

All the above will be furnished to any one for only 25 cents.

Our brother correspondent in this busy little town, was the subject for a great deal of forcible language in the columns of last week's Kirkland Reporter. Although his language was rather inviting to an answer, such as was given, it was entirely uncalled for. The kindest feeling exists between the towns, and let us not have a rupture in the friendship of the two places. We would advise either the one or the other that the disposition of both are alike, and the best way to continue it is to drop it. The X Y Z of Kingston told only the truth.

Mrs. Ault has been slightly indisposed.

Mrs. Thos. Clark was a visitor at DeKalb, Saturday.

Alfred Nelson was in DeKalb on business last week.

Franklin Gorham has recovered from a siege of sickness.

J. A. Kepple was in Sycamore on business Friday afternoon.

Herman Hoffman of Monroe Centre, visited friends here this week.

I. B. Westover returned from Wisconsin last week by way of Henrietta.

Mrs. O. W. Vickel visited her mother, Mrs. Hurke, at Rockford, last week.

Mrs. E. Atwood visited her father, Mason McClelland, in Mayfield over Sunday.

J. W. F. Randall was in Elgin several days last week. He has a large stock of merchandise there.

Mrs. Omas Smith, of North Kingston, well known in that vicinity, died very suddenly on Tuesday. Obituary next week.

Miss Anna Brower of Sycamore, has been visiting the family of Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Stark, west of town, several days last week, returning home on Monday.

Small pox is not completely extinguished after all. Another case of confluent small pox and two of varioloid are prevalent at the home of Tom Lucas in Franklin. Another case of varioloid is being nursed in Belvidere.

Rockford is making big preparations for receiving the new Normal school. If one is established, she will get it, too. If DeKalb don't head her off. When it comes to a financial standpoint, Rockford will find out that DeKalb is not so green as she looks.

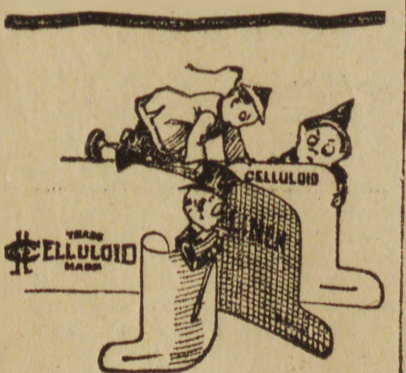
A little more pleasantness in the fore part of last week only served to make the excitement in our busy town more intense. A decree was issued by the board of directors of the Kingston public school, that no one should present themselves for admittance last Monday morning, without a certain date of vaccination. Some citizen, notwithstanding the terms of the order, compelled their children to remain, and after a little trouble school was closed on Wednesday evening until a settlement could be reached. On Thursday afternoon a joint meeting of the directors and citizens decided the contest, and the doors of the school were thrown open to the beacons of certificates on Monday. A little misunderstanding may cause a large amount of trouble, as the case proved.

Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke Your Life Away.

The truthful, starting title of a book about No-to-bac, the harmless, guaranteed tobacco-habit cure. If you want to quit and can't, use "No-to-bac." Braces up the nerves, eliminates nicotine poisons, makes weak men gain strength, weight and vigor. Positive cure or money refunded. Book at druggists, or mailed free. Address, The Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago, 45 Randolph St.; New York, 10 Spruce St.

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"CELLULOID" COLLARS AND CUFFS are made by covering a linen collar or cuff with "celluloid," thus making them strong, durable and waterproof. When soiled they can be cleaned by simply wiping off with a wet cloth. No other waterproof goods are made with this interlining, consequently no other goods can possibly give satisfaction. Do not forget that every piece of the genuine is stamped as follows:



Insist upon goods so marked and refuse anything else if offered. If your dealer does not keep them you can procure a sample from us direct by enclosing amount and stating size and whether stand-up or turned-down collar is wanted. Collars 25c. each. Cuffs 50c. pair.

The Celluloid Company, 427-429 Broadway, New York.

We Are Selling

...An Extra Fancy Line of...

Desirable - UNDERWEAR

At Prices that defy competition. Sizes for old and young and middle age.

DRESS GOODS

A Splendid Stock to Select from

AND AT NEW TARIFF PRICES.

GROCERIES:

I have been established in business here over a quarter of a century. I have always sold goods at the lowest possible price. I can sell you groceries as cheap as anyone. Your dollar will buy as many pounds of sugar or crackers or prunes here as any place in town. Remember just this I will not be undersold.

Respectfully, H. H. SLATER.

DON'T STOP TOBACCO

IT'S INJURIOUS TO STOP SUDDENLY, and don't be imposed upon by buying a remedy that requires you to do so, as it is nothing more than a substitute. In the sudden stoppage of tobacco you must have some stimulant, and in most all cases the effect of the stimulant, be it opium, morphine, or other opiates, leaves a far worse habit contracted. Ask your druggist about BACO-CURO. It is purely vegetable. You do not have to stop using tobacco with Baco-Curo. It will notify you when to stop and your desire for tobacco will cease. You system will be as free from nicotine as the day you took your first chew or smoke. An iron-clad written guarantee to absolutely cure the tobacco habit in all its forms, or money refunded. Price \$1 per box, or 3 boxes (30 days' treatment and guaranteed cure) \$2.50. For sale by all druggists, or will be sent by mail upon receipt of price. Send 6 2-cent stamps for sample box Booklets and proofs free. Eureka Chemical Mfg Co., LaCrosse, Wis.

Office of THE PIONEER PRESS Co., C. W. Hornwick, Supt. St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 7, 1891.

Eureka Chemical Mfg Co., LaCrosse Wis. DEAR SIR:—I have been a tobacco hand for many years, and during the past two years have smoked 15 to 20 cigars regularly every day. My whole nervous system became affected, until my physician told me I must give up the use of tobacco for the time being at least. I tried the so-called Keeley Cure, No-To-Bac, and various other remedies, but without success, until I accidentally learned of your "Baco-Curo." Three weeks ago to-day I commenced using your preparation, and to-day I consider myself completely cured. I am in perfect health, and the horrible craving for tobacco, which every inveterate smoker fully appreciates, has completely left me. I consider your "Baco-Curo" simply wonderful, and can fully recommend it. Yours very truly, C. W. HORNWICK.

In Combination!!
By Special Arrangement!!!

THIS JOURNAL with the
Greatest of the Magazines,
The Cosmopolitan,

Which was the Most Widely Circulated Illustrated Monthly Magazine in the World during 1894.

AT A MERELY NOMINAL PRICE.

NO HOME is complete without the local paper and one of the great illustrated monthlies representing the thought and talent of the world. During one year the ablest authors, the cleverest artists, give you in THE COSMOPOLITAN 1536 pages, with over 1200 illustrations.

And you can have all this, both your local paper and THE COSMOPOLITAN, for only \$2.25 a year—much less than you formerly paid for THE COSMOPOLITAN alone, when it was not so good a magazine as now.

THE COSMOPOLITAN'S NEW HOME.

The Genoa Issue.

G. E. SISLEY & CO., Publishers.

GENOA, ILLINOIS.

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Proceedings of the Second Session.
In the senate on the 5th an exciting debate occurred between Senators Mitchell (Ore.) and Harris (Tenn.) over a report on sugar bounty claims. The District of Columbia appropriation bill was passed and the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill was considered. In the house the debate on the administration's bill to authorize the issue of \$500,000,000 gold bonds for the purpose of retiring the legal tenders and treasury notes began. A bill was introduced which requires aliens expecting to emigrate to the United States, at least three months prior to embarkation, to apply to the United States diplomatic or consular representative resident nearest their place of residence for certificates of immigration.

On the 6th the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill was taken up in the senate and would have been disposed of except for the item of \$500,000 for immediately beginning cable construction between the United States and Hawaii. The bill for a new post office building at Chicago was passed. In the house the time was occupied in discussing the administration's financial measure.

On the 7th the laying of a cable to Hawaii was further discussed in the senate, but no conclusion was reached and the item remains as a stumbling block to the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill. The Indian appropriation bill (\$8,829,700) was reported and the nomination of Maj. Gen. John M. Schofield to be lieutenant general was confirmed. In the house the administration bill to authorize an issue of \$500,000,000 in gold bonds was defeated by a vote of 161 to 151.

In the senate on the 8th the president's message was read, announcing a new loan of \$22,500,000, instead of \$10,000,000, as agreed upon. The Hawaiian cable amendment to the diplomatic and consular bill was then further discussed and the president's message giving Minister Willis' latest dispatches as to the sentences of death in Hawaii was presented. Senator Lodge (by request) introduced a bill to provide for the issue of \$1,200,000,000 worth of bonds payable in gold coin at 2 1/2 per cent interest, to run from ten to twenty-five years. In the house the president's message providing for a new issue of bonds was read, also a message on the Hawaiian question. The legislative appropriation bill was discussed.

On the 9th the senate by a vote of 33 to 25 decided to lay a cable to Hawaii and appropriated \$500,000 to begin the work. The diplomatic and consular appropriation bill was passed and eulogies on the late Senator Stockbridge were delivered. In the house it was voted to place individual clerks of members on the annual salary roll at the rate of \$100 per month. The legislative appropriation bill was further discussed and an attempt to strike out the appropriation for the civil service commission was defeated.

DOMESTIC.

INTENSELY cold weather prevailed in New England and much suffering was reported, especially among seafaring people.

Mrs. Mary Freeman and two daughters were arrested in Chicago for a conspiracy to defraud railroads for alleged personal injuries.

FRANK MOGAN, a tinner, and Charles Eagle and Phil Johnson, two youths, were fatally injured by the falling of a chimney during a fire at Rockville, Md.

The first installment of 200 negro families from Georgia, who are to colonize a vast tract of land 15 miles from Wapiti, Mexico, reached that place.

The barge Van Zantford foundered in Long Island sound and the captain and his brother were washed off and drowned.

EXTREME cold weather with high winds prevailed throughout the north-west.

DURING a saloon fire at Evansville, Ind., David Eastin, the proprietor of the place, and his bartender were burned to death.

OVER 200 oil wells in the McDonald field near Sistersville, Pa., were compelled to suspend operations on account of the severe cold weather.

THE Michigan populists in state convention at Greenville nominated R. B. Taylor, of Bay City, for justice of the supreme court, and George H. Smith, of Benzie, and V. J. Bowers, of Macomb, for university regents. Resolutions were adopted deprecating government bond issues and the enlargement of the privileges and powers of banks, and condemning the alleged attempt in congress to outlaw silver.

The attitude of the administration upon financial questions was denounced as subversive of free government.

BITTERLY cold weather prevailed generally throughout Great Britain. For the first time in fourteen years the docks at Southampton were frozen over.

FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS damage was done to the Denison house at Indianapolis by fire.

A JOINT resolution passed the Oregon legislature for a constitutional amendment extending the elective franchise to women.

JOSEPH GRANT, 77 years old, a farmer of Richland township, Mich., shot his wife and then killed himself. Family trouble was the cause.

DON ERNESTO MARQUEZ, aged 30, and his brother, Enrique Marquez, aged 26, killed each other in New York in a quarrel over a woman.

INTENSELY cold weather prevailed in all sections of the country, interfering with business, and several persons were frozen to death.

THE schooner T. B. Dickson, encased in ice, went ashore on the north coast of Martha's Vineyard and Capt. Joseph Bostwick, Mate Martin Lee and another sailor were found on board frozen to death.

THE big gingham mills of Walker a Rothmond in Philadelphia were totally destroyed by fire, the loss being \$100,000.

THE wife and 13-year-old son of Rev. G. S. Gresham, a Baptist minister, were drowned in the Broad river by the sinking of a ferryboat at Fish Ferry, S. C.

A BILL prohibiting prize fighting and all kinds of sparring exhibitions, public or private, passed the New York assembly.

Mrs. JOSEPH CHOPERINSKI and her 7-year-old daughter Mary were burned to death at Priceburg, Pa.

ALL the sugar refineries in Philadelphia cut the price of refined sugars one-sixteenth of a cent.

AFTER an unsuccessful search lasting five hours, nine men who went to the relief of the men on the intake tunnel at Milwaukee were given up as lost.

MAYOR STRONG, of New York, accepted the resignations of all the Tammany officials.

EXCHANGERS at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 9th aggregated \$979,305,040, against 942,531,065 the previous week. The increase, compared with the corresponding week in 1894, was 11.9.

SEVENTY-SIX men were killed and 233 fatally injured while mining coal in the Wyoming (Pa.) district last year.

THERE were 281 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 8th, against 354 the week previous and 385 in the corresponding time in 1894.

JABEZ WIGGINS, who murdered three persons in Georgia while resisting arrest, was hanged at Augusta.

THE home for friendless women at Cleveland, O., was destroyed by fire, and many of the inmates had narrow escapes from death.

EUGENE BYARS, a well-known detective who murdered his cousin, Sergt. Eugene Walker, of the United States army, at Belling Park January 6, 1894 was hanged at Birmingham, Ala.

MILLIONS of dollars' worth of orange and other fruit trees have been destroyed in Florida by the intensely cold weather.

NORTHERN and southern men were said to have combined to press French spoliation and war claims to the amount of \$1,000,000.

A settler near Brunner, Minn., was burned during the parent's absence and two children were cremated.

THE steamer Cyclone blew up in the St. Francis river at Forest City, Ark and eight persons were killed.

MARGARET COOK, who died at Columbus, O., was aboard Fulton's steamship Clermont when its initial trip was made in 1807.

FOUR men digging out a snow-bound train near Lucknow, Pa., were run down and killed by a belated express train.

INTENSELY cold weather still prevailed throughout the country and many persons in various localities were frozen to death.

J. K. CUMBERLAND, who killed James Robertson and his son Jasper, was hanged at Fort Madison, Ia.

A TIDAL wave swept the North Atlantic coast, carrying away hundreds of houses and causing great loss of life.

UNITED STATES officers discovered that Italians had flooded the coke regions of Pennsylvania with bogus money.

NINE fires in one day in Newark, N. J., caused a total loss of \$125,000.

THE Union station at St. Joseph, Mo., completed in May, 1882, and which was used by all the railroads entering the city, was laid in ruins by fire, the loss being \$400,000.

A EULOGY of Isaac M. Turner was delivered by his widow at the funeral at Grand Rapids, Mich.

CHARLES PAYNE and Richard Laws, young business men, were run down by an express train and killed at a railway crossing near Brownstown, Ill.

FOR the first time in thirty years the Delaware river between Philadelphia and Camden was frozen solid from shore to shore.

TWO CHILDREN of William Cassidy, living near Brazil, Ind., were burned to death, their clothes catching fire at a grate.

DISTRESS in the mining regions of Ohio was said to be increasing, and hundreds of men, women and children were threatened with starvation.

OVER \$1,200,000 in stakes and purses will be distributed by western and southern race tracks during the coming season.

JAMES GRAYBEAL was convicted at La Porte, Ind., of killing William Jones and his punishment fixed at thirteen years' imprisonment.

TWO COLORED women, Sarah Jackson and Bettie Fishback were convicted of vagrancy at Georgetown, Ky., and sold into slavery for the period of six months.

LIFE savers succeeded in rescuing two of the crew of the schooner Louis V. Place, ashore at Point of Woods, N. Y. The other seven were drowned or frozen to death.

THE Crescent tobacco warehouse and a woodenware factory were burned at Louisville, Ky., the loss being \$175,000.

W. J. EDWARDS rode a mile on a bicycle at Livermore, Cal., in 1:34 1/2, a new world's record.

EX-POLICE OFFICERS MORAN AND HEALY were convicted in Chicago of the murder of Swan Nelson and their punishment fixed at fourteen years' imprisonment.

THE schooner Clara F. Friend, of Gloucester, Mass., was wrecked near Liverpool, N. S., and her crew of fifteen men were drowned.

FIFTEEN firms were burned out by a fire in Ottawa, Kan., the losses aggregating \$100,000.

TWELVE oyster sloops were wrecked and from twenty to thirty lives lost in the Chesapeake during a blizzard.

At Dinsmore, Fla., John Thomas (colored) with his wife and two children, were instantly killed by the falling of a log shack in which they were sleeping.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

ALEXANDER KENNEDY, 94 years old, said to be the oldest man in east Tennessee, died at his home in Blount county. He was the father of twenty-six children.

MISS ELLEN SPENCER, who lacked only a few days of being 100 years old, died at Jacksonville, Ill.

JOHN TRUMBULL, who was the first manufacturer of silks in the United States, died at Caledonia, Wis., aged 70 years.

GEORGE W. VAN HORNE, editor of the News-Tribune and postmaster at Muscatine, Ia., died at the age of 61 years.

Miss BETTY McELROY celebrated her 100th birthday at her home in Somerville, N. J.

Mrs. EMMA McSHANE, who died at Leavenworth, Ind., aged 73, was the survivor of eleven husbands, two of whom were killed in war.

JOHN LEAVITT STEVENS, minister from the United States to Hawaii under President Harrison, died at his home in Augusta, Me., aged 74 years.

REV. JOSHUA E. AMBROSE died at his home in La Grange, Ill., aged 85 years. He was the oldest Baptist preacher in both years and point of service in the north-west if not in the country.

JAMES ROBINSON BOISE, professor emeritus of Greek at the University of Chicago, died at the age of 80 years.

FOREIGN.

In a battle at Wei-Hai-Wei the Chinese ironclads Chen Yuen and Ting Yuen were sunk and the other vessels of the fleet disabled.

THE Mexican congress convened in special session in the City of Mexico.

Messrs. GULICK and Seward, ex-ministers of the Hawaiian monarchy, and Mr. Rickard an Englishman, were sentenced to death for complicity in the recent Hawaiian revolution, and T. B. Walker, formerly of the United States army, was sentenced to imprisonment for life.

TEN men, all the crew of the British brig Nelson, were drowned by the wrecking of that vessel on the rocks off Douglass, Isle of Man.

OWING to the intense anti-foreign feeling in the Shan Tung peninsula American missionaries were fleeing for safety.

CHINA telegraphed to her peace envoys full powers to act in the negotiations with Japan for a settlement of the war.

TRINITY college school at Toronto, Ont., was completely destroyed by fire, the loss being \$100,000.

It was reported at Honolulu that an American protectorate would be declared over Hawaii when the political conspiracy had been disposed of.

LATER.

In the United States senate on the 11th Senator Hill presented a resolution defining the policy of the government concerning bimetalism, gold payments, etc. The post office appropriation bill was discussed. In the house the bill to provide for coinage at the branch mint at Denver, Col., was passed, and the legislative appropriation bill was considered.

The doors of the Bank of Superior, Neb., were closed by the state bank examiner.

JOSEPH COURTER fatally shot his wife while she lay asleep in bed at Newark, N. J., and then committed suicide. Jealousy caused the act.

A SECRET society, whose object is the mating and marrying of young people, has been formed at Lexington, Ky.

The French line steamer La Gasconne, from Havre, nine days overdue, arrived in New York. Accidents to the machinery caused the delay.

MARGARET TAYLOR (colored), aged 53, Mitchell Jones, also colored, and aged 93 years, were married at Kansas City.

CYRUS BUSSEY, ex-assistant secretary of the interior, was run over by a sleigh in Washington and badly hurt.

HILTON GREAVES, the largest cotton manufacturer in the world, died at Oldham, England.

J. L. DICKSON, a bank cashier at Fayetteville, Ark., discovered to be \$21,000 short, committed suicide by taking strychnine.

The Bank of Leesburg, Fla., assigned for the benefit of creditors.

BUILDINGS occupied by the Campbell Paint company, the Creamery Supply company and Reeves & Co., at Kansas City, were burned, causing a loss of \$150,000.

An unsuccessful attempt was made to hold up a Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe passenger train near Overbrook, I. T.

FOUR MILLION acres of Sioux Indian reservation land in South Dakota were thrown open for settlement by purchase at fifty cents an acre.

GEORGE W. SROUT's wholesale grocery establishment at Indianapolis was destroyed by fire, the loss being \$115,000.

Mrs. WILLIAM SIEBERT, while temporarily insane, drowned her two children and herself in the Ohio river at Corapolis, Pa.

THIRTY inches of snow fell at Ride, Col.

The report of the bureau of statistics on the foreign trade of the United States for the calendar year 1894 shows that during that year our commerce with foreign countries fell below the low-water mark.

Alone.

Since she went home—
Longer the evening shadows linger here,
The winter days fill so much of the year,
And even summer winds are chill and drear,
Since she went home.

Since she went home—
The robin's note has touched a minor strain,
The old glad songs breathe a sad refrain,
And laughter sobs with hidden, bitter pain,
Since she went home.

Since she went home—
How still the empty rooms her presence
blessed;
Untouched the pillow that her dear head
pressed;
My lonely heart hath nowhere for its rest,
Since she went home.

Since she went home—
The long, long days have crept away like years,
The sunlight has been dimmed with doubts
and fears,
And the dark nights have rained in lonely
tears.
Since she went home.

—R. J. Burdette, in Ladies' Home Journal.

BACK WITH RICH TROPHIES.

Last spring notice was made in these columns that Mr. Henry A. Salzer, of the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., America's leading Seed Growers and Merchants, was in Europe in search of rare seeds and novelties for the American farmer and citizen.

Judging from their new catalogue, his trip was an eminently successful one. It is brim full of rare things. Of especial merit we name the Bismarck Apple, bearing the second year; the Giant Flowering Star Phlox, the German Coffee Berry; and for the farmer the Victoria Rape, Germanica Vetch, the Lathyrus silvestris, the Giant Spurry and Giant Incarnate Clover; Sacalinc, and dozens of other rare things.

This wide-awake firm is in the van, and their catalogue, which is sent you for 5 cents postage, would be cheap at \$1 per copy.

Dr. PIERCE'S PLEASANT PELLETS

CURE
SICK HEADACHE,
BILIOUSNESS,
CONSTIPATION,
INDIGESTION,
DYSPEPSIA,
POOR APPETITE,
and all derangements of the
Stomach, Liver and Bowels.
Of all druggists.
ONCE USED
ALWAYS IN FAVOR.

YOUNG SPIRITS,

A vigorous body and robust strength follow good health. But all fail when the vital powers are weakened. Nervous debility and loss of manly power result from bad habits, contracted by the young through ignorance of their ruinous consequences. Low spirits, melancholy, impaired memory, morose or irritable temper, fear of impending calamity and a thousand and one derangements of body and mind, result from such pernicious practices. All these are permanently cured by improved methods of treatment without the patient leaving home.

A medical treatise written in plain but chaste language, treating of the nature, symptoms and curability of such diseases, sent securely sealed in a plain envelope, on receipt of this notice, with ten cents in stamps, for postage. Address, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

THE BEST ROOFING

SAMPLES AND FULL PARTICULARS FREE. WRITE FOR THEM TO F. W. BIRD & SON, 107 N. W. COR. EAST WALPOLE, MASS.



NEPONSET WATERPROOF FABRICS.

Consumption

was formerly pronounced incurable. Now it is not. In all of the early stages of the disease

Scott's Emulsion

will effect a cure quicker than any other known specific. Scott's Emulsion promotes the making of healthy lung-tissue, relieves inflammation, overcomes the excessive waste of the disease and gives vital strength.

For Coughs, Colds, Weak Lungs, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Consumption, Scrofula, Anæmia, Loss of Flesh and Wasting Diseases of Children.

Buy only the genuine with our trademark on salmon-colored wrapper.

Send for pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion. FREE. Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All Druggists. 50 cents and \$1.

Rev. Dr. Parker

Is the beloved pastor of the Universalist church at Fargo, N. D., and has also been a pastor in Providence, R. I., New-York City and Troy, N. Y. He says:

"I regard Hood's Sarsaparilla the best blood purifier, and I have good reason for this opinion. I am now 80 years of age. Four years ago I was afflicted with rheumatism in my back and limbs, so badly that it was impossible for me to get my usual sleep at night. I had just partially recovered from the grip, which reduced my weight 40 lbs. My appetite was poor and I felt languid and weak. In fact I was in a very dilapidated condition. Having heard and read so much about the wonderful cures produced by Hood's Sarsaparilla I resolved to give it a trial. I followed the directions, and before the fifth bottle was finished my appetite was restored, I felt invigorated and strong. My rheumatic difficulty had entirely disappeared. I cannot but think very highly of Hood's Sarsaparilla." J. N. PARKER. Be sure to get Hood's.



Rev. J. N. Parker, D. D., Fargo, N. D.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic and liver medicine. Harmless, reliable, sure.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Directions for using CREAM BALM. Apply a particle of the Balm well up into the nostrils. After a moment draw strong breath through the nose. Use three times a day, after meals preferred, and before retiring.

FLORIDA and the SUNNY SOUTH VIA BIG FOUR ROUTE.

BEST LINE FROM Chicago, St. Louis, Peoria, Indianapolis, Cleveland, Columbus, Sandusky, Benton Harbor, AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS. Solid Vestibuled Trains, Elegant Coaches, Buffet Parlor Cars, Wagner Sleeping Cars, Dining Cars.

TO CINCINNATI, Where DIRECT CONNECTIONS are made with Solid Trains with Through Sleeping Cars of the Chesapeake & Ohio Ry., Queen & Crescent Route, and Louisville & Nashville Ry.

RICHMOND, OLD POINT COMFORT, And all points in the Virginias and Carolinas, Jacksonville, St. Augustine, and all points in Florida, NEW ORLEANS, and all principal Southern Cities.

Through Palace Sleeping Cars between ST. LOUIS and WASHINGTON, Via Big Four and C. & O. Routes.

TOURIST RATES IN EFFECT.

E. O. McCORMICK, D. B. MARTIN, Passenger Traffic Manager. Gen'l Pass. & Ticket Agt. CINCINNATI.

POTATOES \$2.50 a Bbl.

Largest growers of POTATOES for Seed in America. The "Rural New Yorker" gives one of our early sorts a yield of 143 bushels per acre. Price dirt cheap. Our great Seed Book, 14 pages, and sample 14-Day Radish for postage. JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., La Crosse, Wis.

The Genoa Issue.

G. E. SISLEY & CO., Publishers.

GENOA, ILLINOIS.

FATHER'S VOICE.

Only dreaming, nothing more,
Each again so many years
Herd sheep—twas when the war
Filled the land with blood and tears.

Just a little boy again,
Tending sheep, with brother John
Both of us are bearded men,
And the years creep on and on.

But I dreamt, with strange delight,
Of the scenes of long ago:
There the woodland to our right,
There the cherry grove below:

There the happy childhood home,
There the sheep-shed, long and wide,
There the creek that tossed its foam
'Gainst the rocks on either side:

There the schoolhouse by the lane
Where I learned my A B C's;
There the clearing where the grain
Nodded to the summer breeze.

In my dream I saw it all,
Lived my childhood hours in one,
Heard the voice of father call:
"It is daylight—come, my son!"

O'er his grave the rain and snow
Many years have fallen deep,
And I only see him now,
Only hear him, in my sleep.

And the old home does not seem
As it did in other years—
Only when I sleep and dream
Dreams of joy, to wake in tears.

When upon the bed of death
I lay last and called to be,
And my slowly ebbing breath
Comes with labored sob and sigh.

I can in my pain rejoice
That my last day's work is done,
If I hear my father's voice:
"It is daylight—come, my son!"

—A. L. Bixby, in Youth's Companion.



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CHAPTER XVIII—CONTINUED.

From Gen. Waterson's account we learned that there were about fifty people in the building and they were taken completely by surprise, but so admirably pre-arranged was the plan that they had no opportunity to give alarm and were all shut up in one room and a guard placed over them, after which the invaders had the building to themselves. Everything was done with the utmost expedition and the nicest pervision, and at two o'clock the regiment was in possession of two million dollars in coin. It was ten minutes past two when the column was set in motion, and at that time there was the most confused notion in official circles as to what was going on. The idea that an armed regiment had taken possession of the United States deposits in the heart of the city in the middle of the day appeared to be too incredible at first to be alarming. It was therefore two-thirty o'clock before the first attempt was made at police headquarters to take summary action and call upon the reserves. The rumors spread like wildfire through Wall street and Printing House square, and when the regiment moved, Wall street, Nassau street and Broadway were choked with people. But Gen. Waterson handled his men with admirable skill and the solid column was not likely to suffer any serious interruption from merely angry or suspicious crowds. By the time the newspaper bulletins got the first wave of intelligence, the regiment was at the foot of Courtland street. It had marched through that usually choked thoroughfare with a tactical adaptation to circumstances that was amazing. It marched in force through the two ferry gates: took possession of two boats; put everybody off but the pilots, and the vessels started just as the first division of the reserves marched into West street, three blocks away.

At this point the state line, which was no embarrassment to the soldiers, interposed an invisible barrier to the authorities.

New York stared across the river in bewildered astonishment and then resorted to the telegraph and the utterly futile police boat.

Hendricks' close calculation of time was again shown here. His agents arrived in Jersey City with fifteen minutes margin, and that was enough to enable them to take possession of a train of ten cars on the Pennsylvania road and get in motion before the order had arrived to hold all trains.

On the ferryboat Gen. Waterson and his officers encountered a number of passengers with large portmanteaus. They were there by prearrangement and brought the change of garments with them. When the boat arrived at the New Jersey dock the officers were in different apparel and were protesting most bitterly against the impudence and insolence of the soldiers. The general and two of his aides are known to have got back to New York on a returning boat. At least one hundred men had gone out of their uniforms while on the water. This was easily enough accomplished, seeing that they had but to take off shirt, trousers and hat. These articles of clothing were weighted with their arms, tied to the empty and open knapsacks and flung into the Hudson. On the arrival of the boat they followed the

troops with the crowd and were unobserved. Half an hour later when they were looked for they had disappeared, most of them returning to New York by various routes.

Gen. Waterson, we know by his own account, put up at an obscure downtown hotel where he registered as John Fielding, of Newark, and that same night reached an up-town rendezvous where he freed himself from the gold and then gave himself with curious zest to watching the course of events and of public opinion in the city.

CHAPTER XIX.

The regiment left Jersey City at half-past three with eight hundred and seventy-five men on board. It had not crossed the Jersey flats when the engineer was locked up in a closet and the engine taken in charge by one of the general's own men. The first net was to cut the telegraph wires when ten miles out at a secluded spot, and here twenty-five more men were dropped. The train was then run with a view to land the men at the best point that it was believed would be on its heels. Gen. Waterson's report leaves us in no doubt as to how his plan disposed of the forces. Fifty got off at or near Newark. Twenty-five were dropped at Waverly and twenty-five at Elizabeth. Fifty were disposed of at Rahway and one hundred before reaching New Brunswick. Between Deans and Monmouth Junction another hundred left and at Princeton Junction, at the suburbs of Trenton, four hundred more disappeared. Fifteen miles out of Bristol the remaining hundred dropped from the cars. The engine was then reversed and the train started spinning backwards to meet the special.

Most of these men adopted the plan that had been tried at St. Mary's. They started at once in diverging lines and disappeared in the surrounding country.

The excitement in New York over the affair was widespread, and was fanned into a flame before evening by the news that came from Philadelphia that the United States mint had been similarly robbed by another regiment that had seized a train and gone to Lancaster.

The next morning full details of the two exploits were printed, and there was no doubt that they were both parts of one plan. But no one appears to have suspected the exact method of the regiments or their plan of subsequent disintegration. The popular imagination planted an armed force in the field somewhere and added untold resources of men out of its own errors. Something of this feeling was reflected by the press and the action of the secretary of the treasury, for all the endeavors were directed to the interception and capture of an armed force which as the reader knows did not exist. New York now recalled the St. Mary's affair which it had formerly treated as a western practical joke, and the Louisville papers were rather exultant at what they called an eastern dose of the joke.

But it must not be supposed that the central police-office at New York had been entirely led astray by these events. It had quietly arrested six men whom its sharp-eyed detectives had recognized as being in the ranks of the visiting regiment, and on one of them was found five hundred dollars in gold. The superintendent, who saw underneath the surface what he conceived to be a vast and brazen conspiracy, summoned his best men; put himself in communication with the secret service bureau at Washington, and very soon began to formulate some of the inevitable deductions. In this he was fortunately aided by one or two circumstances. He obtained from the Washington bureau the photographs of the men who had boarded the Corinthian, which photographs had been forwarded from England. One of the persons in the group was discovered to be Fenning. The other circumstance was that the Washington bureau had sent two men west on his trail and they had disappeared in Tennessee. With these facts before him, it did not take the superintendent very long to focus his suspicions upon western Tennessee.

CHAPTER XX.

The one man who seemed to have the clearest comprehension of all this was Hendricks, who, from his retreat underground, watched by some inscrutable process every move that was made. Gen. Waterson reached Laran on the 20th of July. He left New York just six hours before the police began to look for him, and he found that four hundred and fifty of his men had preceded him to the Laran. During his absence the sanitarium had been burned to the ground. This took place on the 8th. On the 9th Gen. Luscomb's party had been attacked in the rear. The general had been killed and his men routed. Those that escaped got in at Covington and reported the sanitarium burnt and the gang gone eastward. In the public mind this appeared to explain the appearance of the regiment in New York on the 12th.

About ten miles east of the Laran snugly perched on the side of a wild glen is a solitary Swiss cottage. It is built of stone and looks down upon a rugged but beautiful country. It is just three miles from the town of Hoxie on a branch of the Tennessee railroad where there is a post office

and telegraph station. The people in the town understand that an eastern literary woman who has an enormous mail has hired the place on account of its seclusion and salubrity. She has a pony and two servants, one of whom is a man, and she comes to town frequently with her pony to mail her letters, get her papers and meet an occasional visitor from the east whom she takes back with her.

This literary woman is Mrs. Hendricks. In her pretty little boudoir on the second floor she has a telegraph instrument built into the wall, and she communicates constantly with Hendricks in the Laran by an underground wire that has been laid with great care and expense through the wildest and most unfrequented part of the intervening country and which enters the cave through an artesian drill that is hidden by four feet of soil.

In a fragment of a preserved letter of Hendricks he says: "This wire cost me more trouble and labor than anything else. It had to be laid at intervals after a careful survey in order to avoid observation, and it had to follow the unfrequented ways and escape the possible surface water courses, for if it had been bared and discovered my enemies would have had the iron clew that ran to the heart of my mystery."

The man servant in this establishment is none other than Fenning. The room in which he and his companion toil at their mail is tastefully furnished and the windows on the inside are provided with steel blinds. The two Royal Dane mastiffs that have already been seen at the sanitarium lie at full length on the rug. They can be depended upon to hear a footfall on the mountain side before it gets within a hundred feet of the house.

In this comfortable and secluded retreat Mrs. Hendricks is at work during the latter part of July. The mails are kept guardedly down to a correspondence of necessity and to the daily papers from the large cities.

We can thus see how indifferent Hendricks was to the prospects of a siege. He could safely and secretly direct the movements of a vast organization scattered through the country while he and his immediate forces were safe from molestation or disturbance while their supplies lasted.

On or about the 28th of July, Fenning succeeded in getting Mrs. Hendricks to send for Miss Laport's assistance. But that young woman refused to leave Laran voluntarily. Fenning suspected the influence of Stocking. Mrs. Hendricks was sure of it. Preparations were then made at Fenning's suggestion to send her at night under a strong guard to meet him somewhere on the route, when they were interfered with by the news from Laran. This was on the 30th and Hendricks telegraphed; "Something of our secret is discovered by the government. How much, I do not know. Watch the papers. A United States gunboat anchored in the river this a. m., opposite the bayou; a strong force has been ashore. The probability is that this is one feature of a general movement and other forces are concentrated. It is therefore foolhardy to send Miss Franklin at this time."

It was Mrs. Hendricks' custom to read off these messages to Fenning while she was at the instrument and he wrote them down with a pencil in order to be sure of their meaning, burning them immediately afterward. They never suspected or ever knew that they were read by somebody else. But they were, and it is that curious fact which enables us to follow the details of his operations.

In the interval between the collision with Gen. Luscomb and the departure from Laran of Mrs. Hendricks and Fenning, Calicoet had had ample opportunity to cultivate the acquaintance of Miss Laport, whom he knew only as Miss Franklin, and as the two young women in the place were thrown much together, he saw a good deal of Miss Endicott. The doctor, who had found him a well-read man, had become quite attached to him and had told him a great deal about Miss Endicott's peculiar temperament and condition. The young woman herself enjoyed Calicoet's society, and he and Miss Laport spent most of their evenings visiting her. On one of these occasions she had lapsed into her trance condition and the doctor was not present. Something that was learned from her lips made Miss Laport and Calicoet consult long and carefully. The very next night when they were alone with her, she again passed into an abnormal state, and Calicoet, with his companion's concurrence, questioned her. The doctor was busy elsewhere; there was no fear of interruption. Miss Laport got the packet of hair that she knew to be Mrs. Hendricks', and Calicoet, with curious interest, listened to the girl. Then it was that she described the scene in the Swiss cottage and read the telegram which Fenning had written down with a pencil from Mrs. Hendricks' lips. Calicoet was puzzled. He had no means of finding out where this place was. Miss Endicott could only describe what she saw. She had no explanations to make, but it suddenly dawned upon him that he had in this young woman a complete offset to Hendricks' secret advantages. Miss Laport acknowledged to him, in corroboration of what he had heard, that she had refused to go away without her father, and now that she had learned of the preparations to send her to Fenning, she was visibly alarmed. Calicoet

encouraged her by every means in his power. He pointed out to her how great an advantage their discovery gave them. She listened to him helplessly; but they became confidential confederates. He cautioned her to say nothing to Stocking to prevent and get her to use her woman's influence with the girl to carry on the experiments.

When he was alone the discovery filled him with all manner of conjectures and alarms. It kept him awake all night in an effort to make a correct deduction from the information furnished. The next day he cautiously endeavored to test the truth of Miss Endicott's vision. He met Hendricks in the rotunda, and after a polite salutation said: "It is impossible for me to wander about in this place and not hear the men occasionally discussing your affairs. I have just heard something that leads me to believe that a war vessel is watching the bayou. Is that true?"

"Yes," replied Hendricks. "She arrived yesterday morning. I expected her before."

He then walked away as if disinclined to talk further upon the subject. So this piece of information was absolutely correct. Calicoet saw that the affairs of Hendricks and his men were now too urgent to leave them much time to think of him and the women, and he resolved to improve the opportunity with Miss Endicott. Miss Laport made the task an easy one, for she brought Miss Endicott into her apartment, gave her an invalid chair and admitted Calicoet. He observed that the girl did not suffer in her trances when the doctor was not present. She even acknowledged that the doctor frightened and pained her, but volunteered to take the packet of hair and tried to do what Calicoet desired. She closed her eyes a moment, gave way to a little tremor and then said: "Yes, there they are. He is reading the papers to her." Calicoet very soon discovered that she could not repeat what she heard, if, indeed, she heard anything at all. Whatever her special gifts were they appeared to be confined to vision. She could read the title and the type of the paper in Fenning's hands and she saw his lips move. He was undoubtedly reading to Mrs. Hendricks, and she was summarizing the intelligence in dispatches to Hendricks. It was not difficult to direct the girl's mind to the news in front of Fenning, and she read it off with her body bent forward as if straining to perceive an indistinct object and speaking slowly like a child conning a lesson.

What was Calicoet's astonishment to hear her, in this manner, convey the import of the matter before her strange vision.

He learned that the success of the authorities in tracking the source of the widespread Junta conspiracy to western Tennessee, had led to some curious developments. The New York police had succeeded in linking together several mysterious events which pointed to the fact that the master spirit of this new danger to social order was no less a personage than the audacious pirate who had robbed the Atlantic steamship two years ago. The United States government had taken means to stamp out this socialistic rebellion and the gunboat Arapahoe had been ordered to Memphis; the Sixth United States infantry, with battery A and troops A and F of the Twelfth cavalry, had been ordered to report at Paducah from Leavenworth; orders had also been forwarded for two companies of the Fifth United States regiment at Fort Denton, Tex., to proceed to Memphis. Gen. Harvard Carroll was placed in command of the forces with his headquarters at Paducah.

Here the girl stopped, and Calicoet with allowable impatience asked her to go on: "He has laid the paper down," she said; "I cannot see it and he has got up. He is looking for something. It is a writing-pad. He sits down beside the woman—he is writing."

"Yes, yes. It is a telegraphic message. Can you read it? It comes from Hendricks."

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

She Has Use for Gimlets.

An ingenious woman has found new uses for that common little boring tool called a gimlet. One night while stopping at a hotel her room was entered and robbed. Being a traveling woman and realizing that the same thing was again likely to happen, she hit upon the gimlet as a protective measure. Every night thereafter, when fate decreed that she must put up at a hotel, she produced her gimlets and made windows, doors and transom secure by boring the gimlet "clean through." One night when she had gimleted her room so that she was absolutely safe from midnight marauders the cry of "Fire!" was heard. She was up in an instant. She saw through the transom the reflection of flames in the hallway. Escape was cut off from that quarter. She hastily unscrewed the gimlets from the window, and, looking out, saw a roof thirty feet below. So practical a woman must certainly have a clothesline handy, and such was a fact. In a jiffy she had screwed two of her much beloved gimlets into the wooden sill, fastened an end of the rope to them, and climbed down in safety to the roof. The gimlets were burned up in the fire, but the ingenious woman laid in another stock, and from that day to this you can always count on finding from half a dozen to a dozen of the gimlets in her satchel.

IN PORT AT LAST.

The Missing Steamer La Gascoigne Is Still Afloat.

Disabled in Midecean and Driven Out of Her Course by Terrific Gales She Reaches New York Eight Days Overdue.

QUARANTINE, Feb. 12.—La Gascoigne is safe! The big French liner, eight days overdue, dropped anchor at the bar just before midnight. All well on board, and a sigh of relief goes up from two continents. Delay was due to a broken piston-rod and to the terrific gales which have swept the North Atlantic for the past week or more, and brought disaster to many a staunch craft. Capt. Baudelon and the officers and crew of La Gascoigne brought the ship and passengers through the gales and made port without help. From the time they left Havre, January 26, until Sunday, they spoke no trans-Atlantic steamer and saw only a four-masted schooner, the one which reported at St. Pierre, Miquelon, N. S., as having seen a large steamer off the banks apparently in distress last Saturday. The United Press tug, Fred B. Dalzell, with representatives of the Times, Tribune and Recorder on board, was the first tug to reach La Gascoigne. The disabled steamer had left Fire Island 25 miles astern and was 8 miles to the eastward of Sandy Hook Lightship. It was 9:45 p. m. The big liner was limping into port at half speed with two big red lights, signals of distress, at the foremast. The tug lay alongside half an hour and the following story of the trip was obtained: The steamer left Havre January 28. On the first day out 449 miles were made; on the second day, 407 miles; on the third day, after traveling 380 miles, the piston rod broke and eighteen hours were spent in making repairs. When they were completed the ship steamed at 9 miles an hour, making in all 66 miles on the 29th. On the 30th, 31st and February 1, 215, 255 and 280 miles a day were made respectively. On February 2 the piston rod broke down again. The break was more serious this time. Sea anchors were put out and for forty-one hours the ship was hove to making repairs.

February 4 the first severe weather was experienced, and the ship was blown 150 miles out of her course. On the 5th, the repairs having been completed, 103 miles were made. The ship was then clear to the northward of the track of trans-Atlantic steamers, and was therefore not seen by the many steamers which passed over the regular track. On February 6 165 miles were made. On the 7th the machinery broke down for the third time. The heavy cyclone struck her on that day and the ship hove to with the sea anchors out all day. No headway was made, and owing to the motion of the ship, repairs were difficult.

On the next day the chief engineer, who had been at his post night and day, completed the repairs and the ship proceeded 131 miles. On the 9th, for the fourth time the machinery broke down and only 74 miles were made. On the 10th 150 miles were made, and Monday, to the great rejoicing of all on board, Fire Island was sighted and the ship crept up to her anchorage off the bar.

There were 156 passengers on board La Gascoigne, divided as follows: First cabin, 30; second cabin, 10; third cabin, 116, including the crew there were 372 on the vessel.

New York, Feb. 12.—The news that La Gascoigne had been sighted was received amid the greatest excitement at the offices of the French line in Bowling Green. The cabin office was crowded with anxious inquirers who have relatives and friends on board that steamship. They had been standing around with pale faces expecting at any moment to hear the worst. When the word came that the ship was safe, for a moment a stillness reigned which was almost painful in its intensity. Agent Forget, for a moment, was rendered speechless, which evidenced how anxious he had been for the safety of the La Gascoigne. Then he regained himself and became wildly hilarious. Many wet eyes could be seen in the office when the good news was ascertained, and the tears were not from the eyes of women alone. Strong men wept as little children. The strain of days of worry had been too much for them. One man, Mr. Riche, broke down completely and sobbed as if his heart would break. He has three daughters on board La Gascoigne, two of them of very tender years. He had abandoned all hope when the joyful tidings came.

A PENSION RULING.

What an Old Soldier Must Show Before Securing an Increase of Pension.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Assistant Secretary John M. Reynolds, of the interior department, has made a novel ruling in an application for an increase of pension, where contributory negligence was shown. He decided that where a soldier pensioned for deafness walks alongside a railroad track for the purpose of making a "short cut" from his home to another part of the city and is struck by a car and injured, the injury is primarily due to his own negligence and only secondarily and remotely, if at all, to his deafness. To establish a claim for increase of pension on account of injuries alleged to have been incurred by reason of the disability for which pensioned, it must be clearly and satisfactorily shown that the accident resulting in such injuries was directly occasioned by the preexisting disability and was in no wise due to negligence or carelessness on the part of the claimant or to the lack of that care and caution which ordinary prudence would dictate should be exercised by one in a crippled condition or not in the normal enjoyment of all his faculties.

St. Valentine's Day.
Valentine's day, as we know it now is mostly celebrated by an exchange of anonymous communications, between friends, either in verse or prose and of a sentimental or amusing character. In some eager, outstretched hands there is placed an elaborate offering artistically decorated and sure to please the recipient, especially if the sentiment runs in a vein suited to his or her taste. There are some sent to "the best of all," made up perhaps of pure white and gold, dainty and sweet in construction, and bespeak of love and devotion without poem or prose. The comic valentine find most every one knows. If sent in a spirit of fun and merriment, a ridiculous caricature is acceptable to a certain extent, but those who wield this weapon to satiate a thirst for revenge should take milder and more pleasant means to squelch the enemy. Stab them in the back, burn them alive, any dire bodily injury is preferable to a comic valentine and the person who throws this missile at a foe is wiser than "pusley." Valentine's day is celebrated the 14th of February and has been a festival day throughout England, Scotland and France since the fifteenth century. At one time it was a very popular holiday in many European courts. This festival day was introduced into America at an early date and in times gone by was celebrated to a greater extent than it is now. The observance of this day is becoming less general, being almost limited to an exchange of affectionate tokens between friends. Hoop laugon St. Valentine's eve, spinsters and bachelors were accustomed to meet in a social way, write upon slips of paper the names of spinsters and bachelors of their acquaintance, throw them into a basket and draw them out one at a time, care being taken that each should draw the opposite sex, the person drawn being the drawers valentine. It is not so now, thanks to our worthy postal service whose officials see that his or her mysterious envelope from the yellow one whose only decoration is a one cent stamp to the elegant white wrapper with the wreath of forget-me-nots upon the exterior, is safely deposited.

Did You Ever?
Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all female complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have loss of appetite, constipation, headache, fainting spells, or are nervous, sleepless, excitable, melancholy or troubled with dizzy spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and strength are guaranteed by its use. Large bottles only 50 cents at E. T. ROBINSON'S drugstore.

DON'T STOP TOBACCO.
How to cure yourself while using it.
The tobacco habit grows on a man until his nervous system is seriously affected, impairing health, comfort and happiness. To quit suddenly is too severe a shock to the system, as tobacco to an inveterate user becomes a stimulant that his system continually craves. Baco-Curo is a scientific cure for the tobacco habit, in all its forms, carefully compounded after the formula of an eminent Berlin physician who has used it in his private practice since 1872, without a failure; purely vegetable and guaranteed perfectly harmless. You can use all the tobacco you want while taking Baco-Curo, it will notify you when to stop. We give you a written guarantee to permanently cure any case with three boxes, or refund money with 100 percent interest. Baco-Curo is not a substitute, but a scientific cure, that cures without the aid of will power and with no inconvenience. It leaves the system as pure and free from nicotine as the day you took your first chew or smoke. Sold by all druggists with our ironclad guarantee, at \$1.00 per box, three boxes, (thirty days treatment) \$2.00 or sent direct upon receipt of price. Send six two-cent stamps for sample box, booklet and proofs free. Eureka Chemical & Manufacturing Company, Manufacturing Chemists, LaCrosse, Wis.

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Mrs. Emily Thorne, who resides at Toledo, Washington, says she has never been able to procure any medicine for rheumatism that relieves pain so quickly and effectually as Chamberlain's Pain Balm and that she has also used it for a lame back with the greatest success. For sale by F. T. ROBINSON, druggist.

M. E. Church Notes.
Subscriptions to the church are nearly all paid, although some few weeks of time remain.

The concert by the plantation singers has been indefinitely postponed because of misfortune coming to Prof. Arnold.

Meetings continue this week at Charter Grove. Because of storms they were suspended from Tuesday to Sunday of last week. Rev. A. W. Hetrick is very much liked by the people.

President A. R. Cronce, of Jennings Seminary, preached two exceedingly fine sermons last Sunday. His talks Saturday evening and before the Epworth League were very much enjoyed. If he should be announced for Genoa again he will doubtless have packed houses.

Shoe Factory Notes.
H. Corning spent Sunday in Dixon. B. Goldman was in Chicago Monday. Several new hands were added Monday.

The "Hoodoos" are laying low for Saturday night.

Several employees are sick, on account of being vaccinated.

About 10 more girls and boys are wanted to work in the factory.

The employees had a very enjoyable time at their dance Saturday night.

There were plenty of frozen noses and ears, during the recent cold spell, among the employees.

There was a one day lay off in one department, occasioned by the sickness of several of the employees.

MARDI GRAS EXCURSION
TO VICKSBURG AND
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AND
Yazoo & Mississippi Valley
RAILROADS

The most complete Southern trip ever offered, the people of the Northwest is the proposed Mardi Gras Excursion to New Orleans, going out from Chicago via Vicksburg via Memphis, Tenn., Feb. 15, 1905, returning to Chicago via Memphis, Tenn., Feb. 22, 1905. Tickets limited to March 1st. A Deluxé special train will be made up consisting of Pullman sleeping, chair cars and coaches to run through to Vicksburg via Memphis and New Orleans. Extra sleepers will be attached to train leaving Chicago at 12:25 p. m., Feb. 15, to accommodate business from Rockford, Chicago, Hammond and other points south of Chicago. At Memphis, Tenn., cars will be placed in the special train and will arrive at Vicksburg at breakfast. Here a short stop will be made, leaving Memphis for New Orleans through the great cotton fields and beautiful parks of the Mississippi Delta, reaching Vicksburg about 5 p. m. of that day, where the party will be met by the manager of the excursion and with various and military companies of the town. N. p. m. the party will be taken to the hotel, where the party will be met by the manager of the excursion and with various and military companies of the town. N. p. m. the party will be taken to the hotel, where the party will be met by the manager of the excursion and with various and military companies of the town.

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TRAITS GOING NORTH.
Passenger..... 8:54 A. M.
Passenger..... 5:49 P. M.
Stock Freight..... 1:58 A. M.
TRAITS GOING SOUTH.
Freight..... 8:54 A. M.
Passenger..... 2:06 P. M.
Passenger..... 5:11 P. M.
W. H. HUGHES, Agent

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILWAY
TIME CARD.
PASSENGERS EAST GENOA CHICAGO
No. 2, Vestibule..... 11:20 A. M..... 1:10 P. M.
No. 4, Express..... 4:12 A. M..... 7:00 A. M.
No. 32, Express..... 9:10 P. M..... 7:15 P. M.
No. 34, Express..... 8:41 A. M..... 10:50 A. M.
No. 36, Milk Train..... 7:32 P. M..... 10:38 A. M.
No. 92, Way Freight..... 12:15 P. M..... 7:50 P. M.
PASSENGERS WEST.
No. 1, Vestibule..... 4:02 P. M..... 3:30 P. M.
No. 3, Express..... 3:45 A. M..... 11:50 P. M.
No. 31, Express..... 10:57 A. M..... 8:20 A. M.
No. 33, Express..... 6:32 P. M..... 4:45 P. M.
No. 35, Milk Train..... 5:54 P. M..... 3:00 P. M.
No. 91, Way Freight..... 4:06 P. M..... 9:30 A. M.
No. 2 stops for Chicago passengers and leaves passengers getting on at or west of Rockford.
No. 32 stops only to take passengers for Chicago, and to leave passengers from Rockford, and beyond.
Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 daily through trains from Chicago to Sioux City. No. 31, Chicago to Freeport. No. 33, Waterloo to Chicago, and Nos. 33 and 31 between Chicago and Freeport and are daily except Sunday.
Nos. 35 and 36 daily milk Chicago and Rockford.
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