

# THE GENOA REPUBLICAN-JOURNAL

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## REVOKE FRANCHISE

City Council Takes Drastic Measures to Remove Polls

### UP TO TELEPHONE COMPANY

Ordinance Passed at Last Session of Council is the Result of Patient Waiting for President Joslyn to Act

Elsewhere in this paper will be found an ordinance passed and approved at the last meeting of the city council, wherein the franchise under which the DeKalb County Telephone Company is working is revoked.

This drastic action of the city council is the outcome of patient waiting for President Joslyn of the telephone company to act. He has been given plenty of time to remove the poles from Main street, but he seems to be laboring under the impression that Genoa's demand is something of a joke to be easily turned aside. The first demand was made early last summer. In the fall Mr. Joslyn and his attorney, Mr. Faissler, came over from Sycamore and met the city council. At that time a plea was made for more time, Mr. Joslyn verbally promising that the work would be done this spring if the board would only give him time. When spring arrived, however, no move was made to comply with the desires of the citizens of Genoa. In an interview with Alderman Hill recently Mr. Joslyn gave no assurance of going to work on the job, but rather intimated that the cables and poles now on the street were good for some years and that he did not care to remove them at the present time.

The council, in passing the ordinance last Friday evening, did all that was left to do. Ten days after the publication of the ordinance it becomes effective and then the mayor may take measures to remove the polls.

#### COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

Adjourned regular meeting of city council called to order by Mayor T. J. Hoover. Members present: Hill, Danforth, Smith, Pickett, Shipman.

Absent: Browne.

Minutes of last regular meeting read and approved.

Bill of Illinois Northern Utilities Co. for \$179.16 for lights was approved by the finance committee.

Moved by Pickett seconded by Danforth that bill be allowed and order drawn on treasurer for amount. Roll call on motion: All yes. Motion carried.

Application of Fred Zwiger for license to conduct billiard hall was presented. Moved by Shipman seconded by Hill that license be granted. Roll call on motion: All yes. Motion carried.

Ordinance Chapter No. 75 repealing franchise of DeKalb County Telephone Co. was read. Moved by Pickett seconded by Shipman that Ordinance Chapter No. 75 be passed to second reading. Roll call on motion: All yes. Motion carried.

Ordinance Chapter No. 75 read second time. Moved by Smith seconded by Shipman that Ordinance Chapter No. 75 be passed to third reading. Roll call on motion: All yes. Motion carried.

Ordinance Chapter No. 75 read third time. Moved by Pickett seconded by Smith that Ordinance Chapter No. 75 be passed, approved and published as read. Roll call on motion: All yes. Motion carried.

Moved by Hill seconded by Shipman that the City Clerk advertise for bids for building septic tanks, the construction of which is to be paid for in cash; all

## WETS WIN AT HAMPSHIRE

Election Held Illegal by Judge Plain—Now Up to Village Board

Judge Frank G. Plain, sitting in county court at Geneva Tuesday morning, ruled that the local option election in Hampshire township April 7, was illegally conducted and by his decree, nullified the dry victory.

The decision declared that in the sight of the law, there had been an election held on the saloon question. The basis for the decision was that the placing of the question on a separate ballot instead of on the regular ballot was contrary to the local option law and the election on that question null and void.

Under the ruling the village was given the right to hold another election on the question as though no election had been held.

According to the Rev. Locke, who was one of the leaders of the fight against saloons of the village, the court decision will not help the saloon keepers. He is pastor of the First M. E. church of Hampshire. He declared that four of the members of the village board had told him, since the election, that they considered the vote at Hampshire a fair expression of the wish of the people and that, even if given the power to grant licenses by a decision of Judge Plain, they would refuse to do so under present conditions.

#### Bids Wanted

Genoa, Illinois; May 15, 1914. Sealed proposals will be received by the city of Genoa on or before one o'clock p. m. Tuesday, June 2, 1914, and publicly opened, for the construction of sewage purification works for the City of Genoa, DeKalb County, Illinois. The plans and specifications may be seen at the office of C. D. Schoonmaker, City Clerk, Genoa, Illinois. The work will be paid for in cash upon completion of job and acceptance by said City of Genoa. A certified check for 10 per cent of the amount of bids must accompany each proposal. The City reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

#### CITY OF GENOA

T. J. HOOVER,

Mayor.

C. D. SCHOONMAKER,

Clerk.

#### May Resume Operations

Complete reorganization of the Woodstock and Sycamore Traction company and early resumption of operations is promised by Attorney T. E. Ryan of St. Charles, representing a large number of bondholders, following a meeting of factions in Chicago. He says that the reorganization has been entrusted to him. According to Mr. Ryan, stock held in the railroad is being placed in the hands of bondholders rapidly. Reorganization will follow as soon as possible. Cars will be running between Sycamore and Marengo the fore part of June, he believes, and the line will be extended to Woodstock this year and through McHenry and to Fox Lake as soon as possible.

#### Japp-Petschke

John A. F. Japp of Genoa, son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Japp and Miss Emily Petschke, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Petschke, were married at the German Lutheran parsonage Saturday, May 16, at one o'clock, Rev. Molthan officiating.

bids to be in the hands of Clerk at one o'clock p. m. June 2, 1914. Roll call on motion: All yes. Motion carried.

Moved by Pickett that council adjourn, seconded by Danforth. Motion carried.

# DECORATION DAY MAY 30



Arrangements are now complete for the Decoration Day program in Genoa, the various committees of the Sons of Veterans having put forth their best efforts (with the available funds at hand) to make it a day which will indeed honor the memory of the departed veterans and be a source of pleasure to those remaining. It is now up to the people generally to turn out and do honor to the boys who wore the blue.

If the day is pleasant the procession will form near Lembke's corner. This will consist of the veterans, sons and grand sons of veterans and children, all of whom will carry flowers. The Burlington band will head the procession, the line of march leading down Main street to Sycamore street, thence to the cemetery.

Immediately upon the arrival at the cemetery the graves of the departed veterans will be decorated,

ed, all finally stopping at the monument for the unknown dead where the veterans will honor the memory of those comrades who died and were buried on the battle field.

Following is the program: Music by band. Invocation—Rev. A. J. Matlack, superintendent of Rockford district.

Music by male quartet. Reading by Miss Zada Corson. Music by band.

Address by Prof. Jenks, president of Aurora college, Aurora, Illinois.

"America", by audience.

Music by band.

Benediction by Rev. Pierce.

In case of inclement weather the exercises will be held in the



#### VALUE OF ALFALFA

Other Short Items for Busy Readers Clipped From Exchanges

A valuation of \$80 per acre is what George McKerron, one of the most successful farmers in Wisconsin, places on his crop of alfalfa from year to year, and he marvels that more farmers are not devoting their efforts to growing this wonderful crop.

Following the death of Henry Baker of St. Charles, who with one exception was the only close relative of the late John W. Gates, former millionaire, came the announcement that his widow had fully decided to devote the major portion of the Gates millions to the erection and maintenance of homes for orphan boys and the education of children of poor people.

E. D. Shurtleff of Marengo, has been selected as floor leader for the insurgent Woodmen at the head camp to be held at Toledo Ohio, in June.

The two protestant churches at Poplar Grove have united and instead of the two weak organizations the village has one strong, healthy one.

The Oliver band at Woodstock, one of the finest musical organizations in the state, has disbanded, lack of support by the business men being given as the cause.

Belvidere has organized a company of militia to be known as Co. M., 3rd Regiment, I. N. G.

Attorney C. P. Barnes of Woodstock has been retained for another year as personal attorney of Voliva, the leader of the Dowie forces at Zion City. It is stated that he receives \$10,000 a year for his services.

#### Baby Girl Dead

Mildred, daughter of Fred and Carrie (Noll) Brockman, died at the home of its parents in this city Saturday, May 16, of pneumonia, aged ten months and thirteen days. Two brothers and one sister survive. Funeral services were held at the home Tuesday afternoon, interment taking place at Genoa cemetery. Rev. J. Molthan officiated.

Dance Tuesday night.

#### Ordinance No. 75

An Ordinance repealing an ordinance "granting to the DeKalb County Telephone Company, its successors and assigns, the right to erect and maintain the necessary poles, wire and fixtures in the Village of Genoa in the County of DeKalb and State of Illinois, for the proper conduct of its telephone business under conditions hereinafter provided."

Whereas, on August 1, 1896, an ordinance entitled: Ordinance No. 81 of the village of Genoa, was passed, granting to the DeKalb County Telephone Company, its successors and assigns, the right to erect and maintain the necessary poles, wire and fixtures in the village of Genoa, County of DeKalb and State of Illinois, for the proper conduct of its telephone business under conditions hereinafter provided; and whereas, the poles, wires and fixtures so erected by said DeKalb County Telephone Company under said ordinance interfere with travel and the legitimate use of the streets, alleys and public highways of the Village, now City of Genoa, Illinois; and whereas, the said City of Genoa, under ordinance dated the 20th day of June 1913, passed and approved by the mayor and the city council of said City of Genoa, has ordered the said DeKalb County Telephone Company to remove its wires, poles and fixtures from the streets of said City of Genoa on Maine Street between Sycamore and State Streets in said City of Genoa; and whereas the DeKalb County Telephone Company has refused to comply with said ordinance for said removal of said poles, wires and fixtures; and whereas, the said DeKalb County Telephone Company has in many other respects failed, refused and neglected to comply with the terms of its franchise granted under Ordinance No. 81 of said Village, now City of Genoa, as aforesaid.

Therefore be it ordained by the city council of the City of Genoa, in the County of DeKalb and State of Illinois:

Section 1 That the Ordinance No. 81, granting to the DeKalb



M. E. church, the parade being eliminated

Everybody in Genoa is requested to come out and bring flowers. There are only a few of the veterans left. Let us demonstrate for these that memorial day will not be set aside in vain in the future years.

All the children of both schools are urged to congregate at Lembke's corner at two o'clock at which time the parade will start. Parents should give their children every assistance in preparing for the day, not forgetting to instill into their minds the reasons for the demonstration.

On Sunday morning next Rev. Pierce will deliver a special sermon for the veterans who, with the sons of veterans, will attend services at the M. E. church. It is requested that they congregate just outside the church before services and enter in a body.

#### ORGANIZE BASE BALL TEAM

First Game in Genoa will Soon be Announced—Benefit Dance on the 26th

A base ball organization was perfected last week, with the following officials: George Evans, manager; Lewis Scott, treasurer; Jas. L. Prutzman, secretary; Ralph Browne, umpire. The positions on the team have not all been filled, but the work of trying out is now under way. The old grounds east of town have been leased for the season and will be put in good shape.

Some money has been raised by the advance sale of season tickets, but not enough to finance the venture as it should be. To make up the deficiency a dance will be given at the opera house on Tuesday evening, May 26. Tickets will sell at seventy-five cents. Patterson's five-piece orchestra has been engaged to furnish the music for the occasion. The boys promise a good time for all who turn out and help the cause.

County Telephone Company, its successors and assigns, the right to erect and maintain the necessary poles wire and fixtures in the Village, now City, of Genoa in the County of DeKalb and State of Illinois, for the proper conduct of its telephone business under conditions hereinafter provided, said ordinance passed and approved August 1 1896, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Section 2. The Mayor of said City of Genoa is hereby directed to take all steps necessary to remove the wires, polls and fixtures of the said DeKalb County Telephone Company located on Main Street, in the City of Genoa, Illinois, between Sycamore and State Streets, in said City of Genoa, as aforesaid.

Passed and approved this 15th day of May, A. D. 1914.

Thornton J. Hoover, Mayor.

Attest: C. D. Schoonmaker

City Clerk.

See Hoover & Loptien about that job of plumbing and heating. Specially prepared for work in that line.

## GENOA EASY WINNER

High School Boys Put it all Over the Hincley Highs last Saturday

Despite the fact that the Genoa high school boys have had little coaching this spring, they made a good showing at the meet with Hincley last Saturday, winning out by the score of 62½ to 32½.

There was only a small attendance, the affair not having been properly advertised. The meet was called off the first of the week on account of inclement weather, but later the weather cleared and it was decided to have the Hincleys come to the sacrifice. Genoa High has the material for a winning team in competition with the best of them.

Following is the score, giving names of the boys taking first, second and third honors, the names of Hincley boys being designated by a dash:

Pole vault, height, 8-10.  
Patterson  
Lash—  
VanOhlen—  
50 yard dash; time 6 seconds.  
Patterson  
Shattuck  
Schoonmaker  
100 yard dash; time, 11 seconds.  
Patterson  
Welton—  
Schoonmaker  
Shot put; distance, 32-4.  
Morsch—  
Stanley  
Schrader  
220 yard hurdles; time, 31 seconds.  
Lash—  
Shattuck  
Welton—  
220 yard dash; time, 25 seconds.  
Patterson  
Shattuck  
Standing broad jump; distance, 8-10.  
Patterson  
Shattuck  
Schoonmaker  
Running broad jump; distance, 17 9/16.  
Schoonmaker  
Shattuck  
Lash—  
440 yard run; time, 60 seconds.  
Patterson  
Morsch—  
Lash—  
Running high jump; height, 5-1.  
Abraham  
Schoonmaker  
Lash and Patterson

#### BIG FIRE AT DEKALB

Haish Factory Burns Entailing Loss of \$300,000

—Almost Destroyed

DeKalb's worst fire occurred early Tuesday morning when the Haish Implement Works at the barb city were destroyed. The total loss is estimated at \$300,000.

The works consisted of one large building made of wood. There was considerable oil in the building and there was little chance of saving the structure or its contents after the flames had gained a headway.

The fire broke out at 3:45 o'clock. It started in the feed room and spontaneous combustion is given as the cause of the blaze. The DeKalb fire department and the private department of the American Steel Wire works, combated the flames, but at a handicap. The building was almost totally destroyed.

The greater part of the loss was the contents of the building. 600 manure spreaders ready for shipment, were destroyed by the flames.

Two houses directly across from the Haish building were ignited by sparks from the big fire.

The Haish works are located near the Chicago and Northwestern railroad depot in DeKalb. They employ about 125 people.

Don't forget, Young's Home Bakery is the place to get good things to eat. Strict attention paid to children. 32-tf

## ARE LAID TO REST

D. J. Kelley and Mrs. Charles Maderer Answer Final Summons

### BOTH ILL FOR MANY MONTHS

Former Passed Away at a Sanitarium in Rockford Monday—Mrs. Maderer Relieved from Sufferings Thursday Evening, May 14

Mrs. Charles Maderer passed away at her home in this city Thursday evening, May 14, after several months' illness, tuberculosis being the cause of death. Up to the last few days before her demise Mrs. Maderer was optimistic regarding the future, making plans for a trip west as soon as she regained her health. The end came as a relief to her sufferings, it having been known for some time that she was beyond medical aid.

Funeral services were held at the home Saturday afternoon, Rev. R. E. Pierce officiating. Interment took place in Genoa cemetery.

Juliet Shefner was born in Graywillow, Kane County, Illinois, June 28, 1878. On May 8, 1902, she was married to Charles Maderer of this city. Three children were born to them, one boy dying some years ago. One boy and a girl survive.

Mrs. Maderer's father, Wm. Shefner, and brother, Frank, of Mullin, Nebraska, brothers, Fred, of Charles City, Iowa, Charles and wife of Osage, Iowa, and a sister, Nellie Rogers, of Haysprings, Nebraska, were here to attend the funeral.

Daniel H. Kelley

Daniel H. Kelley passed away at a sanitarium in Rockford Tuesday, May 19, after a long illness, at the age of 81 years, three months and eighteen days.

He was born in Rutland, Vermont, January 25, 1832. On October 22, 1857, he was married to Miss Esther C. Brown at Plato, Illinois. They moved onto a farm near Genoa in 1859 where they continued to reside until 1906 when they moved to Genoa.

There were born to Mr. and Mrs. Kelley two sons and one daughter, Norman, deceased; J. L. of Bartlett, Illinois, and Mrs. Mattie M. Smith of Charter Grove.

Funeral services were held at the late home of the deceased Wednesday afternoon, May 20, Rev. R. E. Pierce officiating. Interment took place in Genoa cemetery.

#### FARMER FINED \$200

Third Time for Anson Pratt of Sycamore—Lets Animals Starve

Anson Pratt was fined \$200 and costs late Tuesday afternoon in Justice Mitchell's court for cruelty to animals, charges being filed by Humane Officer Sheidecker. This is the third time that Pratt has been fined for the same offense and the officers are determined to put a stop to the way in which he starves and neglects his stock.

Pratt seems to be downright lazy, for every time the complaint has been his neglect of his stock, a neighboring farmer informing the officers of the conditions there.

Humane Officer Sheidecker and Officer Ogden went to Pratt's place east of town Tuesday morning and found conditions too foul to describe. The horse and cow barn had not been cleaned for weeks and the stock was slowly starving.

#### Butter Down One Half

Fifty-five tubs of butter sold on the Elgin board of trade at 25½ cents, a decrease of one half cent from last week's price.

# HUERTA MAY QUIT

DICTATOR REPORTED TO HAVE INSTRUCTED ENVOYS TO OFFER ABDICATION.

## ASKS LARGE LOAN IN RETURN

Demands Carranza Be Barred From Presidency; That He Help Name New Ruler; That U. S. Loan Mexico \$400,000,000—Former Aid Flees.

Vera Cruz, Mex., May 19.—Gen. Victoriano Huerta is said to have sent word to his mediation delegates that he would resign the presidency of the Mexican republic on the following four conditions:

1. That General Carranza be forever barred from ascending to the presidency.
2. That Huerta may have a choice in naming the new ruler of the republic.
3. That the United States make an immediate loan of between three hundred and fifty million and four hundred million dollars to the Mexican government.
4. That the United States government pay approximately \$100,000,000 for the lease of Magdalena bay.

Washington, May 19.—Despite the many unofficial reports that Huerta is willing to resign, on certain conditions, this government has received nothing to substantiate them, and, in fact, regards them with suspicion and as indicating that the Mexican dictator is trying to throw dust in the administration's eyes.

It is positively known that neither this government, the A.-B.-C. mediators nor the Huerta representatives to the peace parley at Niagara Falls have received anything from Huerta indicating his intention of submitting any propositions which include his resignation.

It is definitely known also that the administration believes Huerta will not resign, at least under circumstances which will be accepted by the United States.

### Expects "Great Crash" at Capital.

That the coils are tightening around Huerta was learned from two sources. Dr. Aureliano Urrutia, Huerta's former minister of the interior, said that he expected a "great crash" in the capital within eight days and local papers received advices stating that Huerta's personal bodyguard had mutinied.

The members of the bodyguard were known as the national palace lancers. The organization was effected a year ago. The lancers refused to go north to fight the rebels and were either arrested or took to flight.

Senator Marques, a Spaniard who drilled them, escaped from the capital on a train wearing the garb of a peon. "I believe that eight days will not pass before terrible things are witnessed in the capital," said Dr. Urrutia. "If Huerta and those attaining power with him will retire the nation will be saved."

### Urrutia Flees to German Ship.

Doctor Urrutia later fled to the German liner Ypiranga under guard of American soldiers to escape assassination at the hands of Mexicans who hold him responsible for the murder of relatives or friends at the capital. Urrutia came here from Mexico City to escape execution by Huerta, who has turned against him, and in the afternoon he was mobbed by Mexicans who shrieked for his death.

### Huerta Banishes Archbishop.

Archbishop Mora y del Rio was driven out of Mexico City by Provisional President Huerta, according to information received here. The archbishop, the story says, sought an interview with Huerta, which at first was refused, but later accorded upon the representation that the churchman had a communication from the pope. The communication, it is said, proved to be a suggestion that Huerta resign. The president seemed to take this advice dispassionately, making no reply. On the following day, however, a messenger came to the archbishop with a warning from Huerta that he would do well to leave the country.

### Private Parks Is Dead.

All hope that Private Samuel Parks, the American soldier who wandered into the Mexican federal lines, had escaped death was destroyed here. The two horses which Parks had with him when he disappeared were returned to the American forces without explanation as to Parks. The horses belong to Lieut. Col. Elmore F. Taggart of the Twenty-eighth infantry. They were sent by train from the federal headquarters at Soledad.

### INDIANA SLAYER IS CAUGHT

Harry West, Convicted Murderer, Who Escaped Prison After Killing Two Guards, Taken in Illinois.

Kewanee, Ill., May 19.—Harry West, convicted murderer, who escaped from the Indiana state penitentiary at Michigan City, after murdering two guards, was captured at Buda, 14 miles east of here, by Detective C. A. Butch, after a hand-to-hand fight. He is now in jail at Buda awaiting Indiana officials.

### Freight Boats Pass Panama Canal.

Washington, May 19.—The Panama canal saw its first day of service as a carrier of waterborne freight. At noon five barges, carrying about two thousand one hundred tons of miscellaneous cargo, started from Balboa, at the Pacific end, to Cristobal, at the Atlantic end of the canal.

# DR. A. C. MILLER



Dr. A. C. Miller of San Francisco was appointed a member of the federal reserve board created by the new currency law.

## FOREST FIRES WIPE OUT TWO TOWNS IN MICHIGAN

Refugees Forced to Plunge Into River to Escape From Raging Flames.

Escanaba, Mich., May 19.—The entire village of Alfred, 13 miles from Escanaba, was wiped out by fire on Sunday, not a building having been left standing. Refugees arriving here brought the first news of the catastrophe. The inhabitants were forced to drop everything and flee into the Escanaba river. Men, women and children were forced to remain in the ice cold water for hours, until the flames, having consumed everything in their path, swept on. The heat was unbearable. The refugees stood in water up to their necks, and even were forced to submerge their heads in order to prevent being roasted. Extensive timber holdings of Senator Isaac Stephenson were wiped out.

The village of Larch also has been entirely destroyed, with a quantity of logs and lumber, and the village of Lattot with a population of 500 is surrounded by the flames. Men from Escanaba are trying to save it. Big fires are raging at eight points within a radius of 30 miles.

Calumet, Mich., May 19.—Bad forest fires are raging in Keweenaw county and Lacalabelle and Seven Mile point and in Houghton county in Trap Rock valley farming district at Chassell and at Calumet. Tamarack fire department is fighting fire west of Tamarack. At Chassell considerable timber is endangered. In South Range district small fires are burning and the district is covered with smoke. It is impossible to estimate the damage. Dry spring and lack of rain is the cause.

## ASKS PEACE IN COLORADO

Wilson Informs Gov. Ammons United States Troops Cannot Be Used Indefinitely.

Denver, Colo., May 18.—President Wilson served warning on Governor Ammons that the state of Colorado must be prepared to maintain peace in the coal mine strike districts without federal aid. The president said federal troops would remain in the troubled districts "only until the state of Colorado has time and opportunity to resume complete sovereignty and control."

"I cannot conceive that the state is willing to forego her sovereignty or to throw herself entirely upon the government of the United States," said President Wilson. In response, Governor Ammons telegraphed the president pointing out that an extra session of the legislature, which adjourned on Saturday, has provided a \$1,000,000 bond issue to cover past and future expenses of the state militia. The governor expressed confidence that as soon as these funds are available the state will be able to control the situation.

## IDLE MEN RIOT AT MINE

More Than 300 Parade Streets of Eveleth, Minn., and Shout "We Want Work."

Eveleth, Minn., May 19.—Over three hundred idle men paraded here with red flags, shouting, "We want work" and later stormed the Fayal mine. The ringleaders were arrested and a mob afterward threatened the jail. The incident is the latest development in a critical labor situation here, where the steel corporation has laid off several hundred men. Between seven hundred and one thousand have been laid off throughout the Iron Ranges in the last six weeks.

### Auto Explodes; Man Killed.

Columbus, O., May 19.—Joseph D. Firestone, aged fifty-five, manager of the Columbus Auto Sales company, burned to death when a tank of his automobile exploded. He was filling the tank and it is thought that the gasoline caught fire from a cigar he was smoking.

# TELLS ROAD'S DEALS

CHARLES S. MELLE, FORMER N. H. HEAD, MENTIONS ROOSEVELT IN TRANSACTIONS.

## WARNED TO KEEP THE LAW

Railroad Magnate on Witness Stand Says Big Contract Was Awarded to Charles W. Murphy—Asserts Morgan Made Him President.

Washington, May 20.—More of the hidden secrets of the financial operations in connection with the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad were revealed here on Tuesday by Charles S. Mellen, when he took the stand in the interstate commerce commission's investigation. Mr. Mellen was formerly president of the New Haven. He was the first witness called.

"How long were you president of the Northern Pacific?" was the first question asked by Joseph W. Folk, chief counsel for the commission. "Six years," answered Mr. Mellen. "To whom did you owe your election to that office?" "To Mr. Morgan. He selected me," Mellen replied.

"Were you proud of being Mr. Morgan's man in this post?" "I was. I was proud of having his confidence."

"Who dominated the board of directors of the New Haven?" "They voted pretty much as Mr. Morgan did. I can recall no case in which he did not have his way."

**Purchase West Chester Line.** Testifying as to the purchase of the West Chester line, Mr. Mellen said that at a directors' meeting Mr. Morgan moved the appointment of a committee to undertake the acquisition and that Morgan as the mover was placed upon it. Mellen served as ex officio president. William Rockefeller and George McCullough Miller were the other members.

Governor Folk then read the list of directors present at the meeting, which included Mellen, Rockefeller, Miller, Brush, Milner, Taft and others. Mellen said the proposal was to take over the Harlem River line, which was competing with the New Haven, and that at the end of 14 months the committee reported that it had spent \$11,000,000 in accomplishing its purpose.

**Mellen Clashes With Morgan.** "Did you see Mr. Morgan about the expenditure of this money?" "Yes; I objected, I demurred. I told him I was dissatisfied with the report of the committee because vast sums of money had been expended unutilized."

"How much did the New Haven put into the property?" "Between \$35,000,000 and \$36,000,000."

Mr. Mellen told the commission he conferred with President Roosevelt before he purchased the Boston & Maine railroad to consolidate it with the New Haven. Mr. Roosevelt did not advise the purchase, Mr. Mellen said, but told him he must not expect relief from him in case he should violate the law.

Mr. Mellen said that he paid a man named Gotshall \$1,000,000 to settle a suit.

"What had Gotshall done to get \$1,000,000?" "He did us."

**Tells of Borrowing \$30,000,000.** Mr. Mellen said he borrowed large sums on notes to open this account. In January, 1907, he borrowed between twenty and thirty million dollars.

"I was not surprised that the \$11,000,000 was expended. I knew it was placed with Morgan & Co., to be spent in the West Chester transaction."

Mr. Mellen said he made a contract with the New York Construction company to change its Harlem division from a two-track to a six-track one.

"Did you know anyone interested in that company?" "No. I may have heard that James E. Gaffney and Charles F. Murphy were in it."

"Why did you give them the contract?" "I thought through various ramifications they could do the work best."

"By ramifications you mean hold-ups?" Inquired Mr. Folk. "Not exactly," said Mr. Mellen.

## FARMER IS FOUND EXEMPT

Illinois State Board Holds He Is Not Bound by the Workmen's Compensation Act.

Freeport, Ill., May 18.—The farmer does not come under the workmen's compensation act, according to a decision of the state industrial board in the case of Dr. James A. Poling of this city against Henry W. Brown, a farmer. Poling was awarded \$200 for professional services rendered Charles Crane, who, while in Brown's employ, was fatally injured. The board reversed the award.

### Requires Tuberculin Test.

Milwaukee, May 18.—G. C. Ruhland, health commissioner, has served a final order on milk producers that the tuberculosis test will be required for all milk sold in Milwaukee.

### Begin Employment Quiz.

Washington, May 18.—The federal commission on industrial relations began public hearings in New York city today regarding methods of employment offices and the unemployed.

# EDWARD T. STOTESBURY



Edward T. Stotesbury of Philadelphia, a member of J. P. Morgan & Co., has been elected president of the Philadelphia and Reading railway to succeed the late G. F. Baer. Stotesbury is sixty-five years old and entered the firm of Drexel & Co. at the age of seventeen years.

## ROOSEVELT BACK IN U. S. AFTER TRIP IN THE JUNGLES

Ex-President Arrives From Para Greatly Improved in Health as Result of Trip.

New York, May 20.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt arrived at New York on the steamer Aidan, greatly improved in health as a result of his sea voyage from Para. He said that he would soon be ready to meet the political leaders and get in touch with the situation again after his long absence from the United States.

He left for his home at Oyster Bay, and will rest there for several days before resuming strenuous work, but next week he will go to Washington and deliver his first lecture. In this it is expected that Colonel Roosevelt will answer every criticism of the reports that have come from him to the United States and furnish unshakable proofs of his discoveries.

Colonel Roosevelt exceeded his famous African journey in danger and excitement on his latest exploration trip. The first half of it was a whirlwind of oratory, with cheering (and sometimes jeering) multitudes greeting him; while the last half was a plunge through the primeval wilderness, where two men of the expedition were lost, and the ex-president was badly injured and contracted a jungle disease.

Colonel Roosevelt sailed from New York October 4th, last, aboard the steamship Van Dyck. Mrs. Roosevelt and Miss Margaret Roosevelt accompanied him, but they did not remain for the latter stages of the eight-month journey.

He arrived in Rio Janeiro, and on October 24th, delivered an address before the Brazilian government university. He also made an excursion on to Tijuca mountain, 3,400 feet high.

From Rio, the party went by train to Sao Paulo. The Brazilians received the Roosevelts cordially.

From Brazil the colonel went to Uruguay and thence to Buenos Aires. Argentina was not quite so cordial as Brazil had been. But on November 10th, the University of Buenos Aires conferred on him the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws. He placed flowers on the tomb of San Martin, the Argentine patriot.

## FOUR FACED DEATH; SAVED

Members of Crew From Ship Destroyed by Fire a Week Ago Are Rescued by U. S. Vessel.

Hallfax, N. S., May 18.—A brief wireless message received here reports the finding by the U. S. revenue cutter, Seneca, of the missing third lifeboat of the Leyland Line steamship Columbian, which was destroyed by fire in mid-Atlantic just two weeks ago Sunday night. Of the 15 men who scrambled over the side of the liner into the third boat only four were alive when found by the Seneca. All the others had succumbed to the terrible privations to which they had been exposed.

The Seneca is now heading for Halifax with the survivors. Those alive were the chief officer, two seamen and a fireman. These men were in a terrible state of exhaustion when picked up by the Seneca.

**Death Takes U. S. Paymaster.** Vallejo, Cal., May 18.—A radiogram was received at Mare island from the United States gunboat Vicksburg in Mazatlan harbor announcing the death on board of Paymaster Rishworth Nicholson of scarlet fever. The Vicksburg has sailed for San Pedro to land the body. Nicholson was a brother-in-law of former Secretary of the Navy Metcalf.

**\$250,000 for Foreign Missions.** Lancaster, Pa., May 18.—The general synod of the Reformed church in the United States set aside \$250,000 to aid foreign missions.

# JAIL FOR LABOR MEN

FEDERAL COURT AT CHICAGO RULES AGAINST 24 IRON WORKERS.

## PARDONS THEIR ONLY HOPE

Steel Workers Directed to Surrender at the Government Penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kan., Before June 6—Appeals of Three Fought.

Chicago, May 18.—Frank M. Ryan, president of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, and 19 other members of the organization must report June 6 to resume the serving of their sentences in Leavenworth penitentiary for conspiracy to transport dynamite on passenger trains. The explosive was used to wreck bridges and buildings erected by union labor.

The United States circuit court of appeals issued a mandate that the serving of sentences must be resumed within three weeks for all but six of the thirty members of the association originally sentenced.

**Retrial of Three Opposed.** The government opposed retrial of Richard H. Houlihan of Chicago, William Bernhard of Cincinnati and Olaf Tveitmo of San Francisco, who will probably learn this week whether they will be granted new trials. This will depend upon the decision based upon the oral arguments.

The government offered to opposition to the retrials ordered for William J. McCain of Kansas City, James E. Fay of Peoria and Fred Sherman of Indianapolis. No date has been set for the hearings.

Sentences of from one to seven years must be served by the 20 men who will go to prison in June. They were convicted of conspiracy to transport dynamite on passenger trains in 1910 and 1911. Involved in the case was the wrecking of the Los Angeles Times building.

When the men affected by the mandate reach the federal prison there will be 24 iron workers in that penitentiary.

Thirty-nine men were originally found guilty in the United States district court at Indianapolis. Six of the thirty-nine were given their liberty on suspended sentences. The other 33 were checked in at the penitentiary New Year's day.

Thirty-two of the men imprisoned, all except Herbert S. Hockin of Detroit, appealed. The United States circuit court of appeals ordered their release on bonds of \$10,000 for each year of sentence imposed. Two were paroled. All save six of the remaining thirty were released on bonds. The United States circuit court of appeals granted new trials to six and denied new trials to 24. The United States Supreme court refused to review the conviction of the 24.

Pardons are being sought for many of the convicted men. Only a pardon from President Wilson can save them from serving the terms imposed. Mr. Zolne asserted: "There is still a ray of hope."

## TELLS OF MINE OUTRAGES

Lindsey En Route to Washington to Relate to President Unspeakable Outrages of Mine War.

Chicago, May 20.—Heading a party of Colorado women bound for Washington to relate personally to President Wilson unspeakable outrages perpetrated during the Colorado mine war, Judge Benjamin B. Lindsey arrived in Chicago.

"The slaughter of women in delicate condition and the riddling with bullets and burning of children surpasses anything ever committed in uncivilized warfare," declared Lindsey. "We are not representing any faction," said Judge Lindsey in speaking of the Washington mission, but are making the journey to President Wilson in response to a general demand from the best people of the state.

"I am personally convinced that if the federal troops are withdrawn from Colorado at this time their departure will be followed by terrific bloodshed."

## TEN PERSONS ARE DROWNED

Two Catholic Priests Among Those Who Perished When Sloop El Amie Sank.

Belize, British Honduras, May 19.—News reached here that ten persons, including two Catholic priests, were drowned in the sinking of the sloop El Amie. Thirteen others were rescued after harrowing experiences. The accident occurred off the coast between here and St. Ann Creek. Most of those aboard were returning from a boxing match at the town of St. Ann Creek. They included one of the wardens of the local jail and several well-known Belize citizens. The boat upset in a sudden squall. The priests are said to have been Jesuits and only recently came to the colony from Ireland.

**Sargent Painting Is Stolen.** New York, May 18.—The directors of the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences announced that a Sargent painting was stolen from the museum May 9.

**Plans City Art Commission.** St. Louis, May 18.—A municipal art commission is planned in a bill introduced in the city council.

# THE NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

A large part of the top of the crater of Mount Vesuvius is threatening to collapse owing to recent activity of the volcano.

Four Russian electricians, at work on a power line at Black Lake, Que., were killed by contact with a wire carrying 50,000 volts.

John Lawrence Seaton, professor of philosophy at Dakota Wesleyan university, has been chosen president of the College of the Pacific at San Jose, Cal.

The first Canadian and International Roads congress was opened at Montreal by Sir Francis Langier, lieutenant governor of Quebec, and Premier Gouin.

A seat on the New York stock exchange sold for \$45,000, a decrease of \$5,000 from the latest previous sale and \$10,000 under the highest price of the year.

The United Miners of Ohio issued a call at Columbus, O., for a general strike throughout the state. Strike benefits will be received by 45,000 miners in Ohio.

Five members of a pleasure party, consisting of nine persons, were drowned when the launch in which they were riding was capsized in the Mississippi river at Minneapolis.

A complaint filed at Stockton, Cal., against "Hiram W. Johnson" for violating the auto speed ordinance will be amended to read in the name of Governor Johnson's son who, it has been learned, was driving the automobile said to have exceeded the limit.

All the American delegates to the quinquennial session of the International Council of Women at Rome were present at a garden party given by the queen mother, Margherita. She presented to each woman a bunch of roses and a silver medal as a souvenir.

Three members of one family were killed, three others probably fatally injured and one was severely hurt at Fort Benjamin Harrison, near Indianapolis, when an Indiana Union Traction car struck an automobile. Thomas O. Stout, his son, Claude, and his son-in-law, J. C. Shafer, were killed. Mrs. Claude Stout, her son, Kenneth, four years old, and William Stout, a brother of Thomas, were probably fatally injured.

Four men, charged with being members of a band of automobile thieves, whose operations have extended to many parts of the country, were arrested in Philadelphia. Two of them say their homes are in Chicago. The car which it is alleged they were trying to sell, is said to have been stolen in Cleveland April 28. The men gave their names as Samuel Yarrowitz, Harry L. McVail, George L. Jackson and Thomas Levy.

## BIG FLOOD IN COLORADO

Many Autolists Caught in Deluge and Fears Are Felt for Their Safety—Road Is Tied Up.

Pueblo, Colo., May 19.—Swollen by a cloudburst, Fountain river, broke through levees here, carrying away or filling with mud, 300 homes in the lowlands. Property damage was estimated at \$500,000. Numerous automobile parties returning from Colorado Springs were caught by the cloudburst half way between the cities and great anxiety was felt for their safety. The flood reached the stock yards in the eastern section of Pueblo and in the lives of several thousand head of cattle in transit east are threatened.

The Denver & Rio Grande railroad tracks here have been inundated several feet and all city bridges are threatened. Approaches to the Colorado Springs-Pueblo concrete bridge were washed out, but it was believed the bridge, itself, has not been damaged.

## THE MARKETS.

New York, May 19.	
LIVE STOCK—Steers.....	\$6 50 @ 9 25
Hogs.....	9 10 @ 9 30
Sheep.....	4 75 @ 6 50
FLOUR—Spring Patents.....	4 55 @ 4 75
WHEAT—May.....	1 04 @ 1 04 1/2
RYE—No. 2.....	72 @ 72 1/2
CORN—No. 2 Yellow.....	70 @ 70 1/2
OATS—Standard White.....	46 @ 46 1/2
BUTTER—Creamery.....	17 @ 25 1/2
EGGS.....	20 1/2 @ 23
CHEESE.....	13 @ 19

CHICAGO	
CATTLE—Choice Steers.....	\$5 50 @ 9 25
Feeding Steers.....	7 40 @ 8 25
Choice Cows.....	6 25 @ 7 40
Stockers.....	6 00 @ 7 40
Choice Yearlings.....	8 50 @ 9 15
HOGS—Packers.....	8 40 @ 8 55
Butcher Hogs.....	8 45 @ 8 55
Pigs.....	7 75 @ 8 25
BUTTER—Creamery.....	18 @ 25 1/2
Packing Stock.....	16 @ 17 1/2
EGGS.....	18 @ 21 1/2
LIVE POULTRY.....	8 @ 15
POTATOES (per bu.).....	55 @ 70
FLOUR—Spring Wheat Sp1.....	5 20 @ 5 30
WHEAT—May.....	97 1/2 @ 97 3/4
Corn, May.....	68 1/4 @ 69
Oats, May.....	40 1/4 @ 40 3/4

MILWAUKEE.	
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 1 Nor'n.....	\$8 @ 90 1/2
July.....	86 1/2 @ 87
Corn, No. 3 White.....	69 1/2 @ 70
Oats, Standard.....	48 1/2 @ 49
Rye.....	64 1/2 @ 65

KANSAS CITY.	
GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 Hard.....	\$8 1/2 @ 90 1/2
No. 2 Red.....	87 1/2 @ 88 1/2
Corn, No. 2 White.....	73 1/2 @ 74
Oats, No. 2 White.....	40 @ 40 1/2
Rye.....	64 @ 64 1/2

ST. LOUIS.	
CATTLE—Native Steers.....	\$7 50 @ 9 25
Texas Steers.....	4 00 @ 8 50
HOGS—Heavy.....	8 40 @ 8 45
Butchers.....	8 40 @ 8 55
SHEEP—Muttons.....	4 75 @ 5 75

OMAHA.	
CATTLE—Native Steers.....	\$7 40 @ 8 55
Western Steers.....	6 00 @ 7 75
Cows and Heifers.....	6 00 @ 7 50
HOGS—Heavy.....	8 25 @ 8 35
SHEEP—Wethers.....	5 50 @ 6 00

# WESTERN CANADA'S PROSPECTS FOR 1914

Excellent Spring for Work and Wheat Seeding About Finished.

The writer has just returned from an extensive trip through the Provinces of Manitoba

Spring coats on sale at Olmsted's.

See the new ready to wear dresses, at Olmsted's.

Miss Flora Buck transacted business in Chicago Thursday.

Mesdames W. H. Sager and Jas. Hutchison, Sr. were Elgin visitors Thursday.

Underwear and hosiery all sizes, large sizes a specialty at Olmsted's.

Olmsted's for the latest in footwear.

Beautiful new summer dress goods, at Olmsted's.

"The Boys of '76" will be given next Thursday evening, May 28, at the New Lebanon school house. Refreshments will be served. Admission, 15 cents. Gertrude Hammond is teacher of the school and cordially invites Genoa friends to attend.

F. W. Olmsted has a splendid assortment of new millinery.

Olmsted has a new assortment of pumps, oxfords, slippers, sandals and shoes.

For sale—Good farm of one hundred and three acres near Colvin Park. Inquire of Charles Stray, Colvin Park, Illinois. 34-4t.\*

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Henderson and Mr. and Mrs. Ervin Barr of Garden Prairie were Sunday guests at the home of E. C. Chapman.

E. J. Lowman, who has been in active charge of the sewer construction in Genoa, has been appointed city engineer of the city of DeKalb.

Mrs. J. W. Sowers went to Chicago Thursday morning, accompanied by her physician, Dr. C. H. Mordoff, where she will submit to an operation.

Will Moore, who has been with the McKeen Motor Co. at Omaha since the interurban line ceased operations here, came home the first of the week on account of the sickness of one of his children.

Do not forget the May Festival at Slater's hall on Friday evening of this week. An excellent program has been arranged. Admission 50 cents; children from 10 to 14 years of age, 25 cents.

Hoover & Loptien conduct the most complete automobile hospital in the country. No repairs too large nor too small for them to handle. They sell accessories and are also agents for the DeKalb and Maxwell machines.

Misses Grace Lind, Anna Erdman, Mae Healy and Iva Baldwin, who are teaching school in Kane Co., visited DeKalb Co. schools Friday. Misses Lind and Healy will return to the DeKalb Normal School, in a few weeks, to begin their second year's work there.

A new auto line is now operating between Genoa and Sycamore, the fare being 75 cents one way and \$1.00 for round trip. The auto leaves Genoa at 9:30 a. m. and 1:30 p. m., Field's billiard room is the waiting station where all orders for errands may be left. Packages will be delivered direct to destination.

I will put in sewer connections at 35 cents per foot and furnish all material, or for 25 cents if tile is furnished by owner. Concrete grease basins, \$12.00. Call at residence, two doors south of Hadsall's office. 34-3t.\*

SOLOMON KROPP.

John Reinken returned Sunday evening, from a ten day's trip in the east. He took a car load of horses through and disposed of them then took in the sights in New York City.

Miss Lettie Lord was on the sick list the fore part of the week.

Mrs. Mary C. Stanley of Tilden, Nebraska, is visiting Genoa relatives.

Mrs. Andy Johnson and sister, Mrs. D. G. Cummings, were Elgin visitors Friday.

G. A. Goding is enjoying the experience of riding in a new Hupmobile for which he is agent.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Glass entertained the latter's father, L. Marcussen, of Chicago over Sunday.

Mrs. Anna Church of Chicago visited her cousins, Mrs. W. C. Cooper and Clint Powers, over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Corson of Elgin were visiting Genoa friends over Sunday.

Lost—Pearl Crescent, Sunday, May 17. Finder please leave same at Republican-Journal office. \*

Mr. and Mrs. Glen Adams of Belvidere visited the latter's mother, Mrs. Emma Lord, Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Slater were in Beloit Saturday to visit their daughter, Ruth, who is teaching in that city.

Mrs. James Spence returned to Fort Dodge, Iowa, Thursday after a three weeks' visit with Mrs. Emma Lord, her sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Thurber of Milwaukee were guests the first of the week at the home of the latter's mother, Mrs. Henry Holroyd.

Clarence Olmsted came home from Evanston to attend the silver wedding festivities at the home of his aunt, Mrs. L. P. Durham.

Misses Esther Smith and Cora Watson, who are now attending the DeKalb Normal school, have been engaged to teach next year at Lombard, Illinois.

Seward & Driver are fully equipped to drill your well, repair wells and do any work along that line on short notice. Phone No. 1225. tf

If you buy a gift at Martin's you may be assured that it will always be a source of satisfaction to the one who receives it. Honest value guaranteed every time.

Glasses fitted at Ward Hotel Sycamore, every Thursday instead of Tuesday. Eyes examined free. H. U. Meyers, Oph. D. All other days at my office in DeKalb 5-tf.

R. G. Hallock of Seattle, Washington, was calling on Genoa friends last week. Mr. Hallock's father was many years ago station agent at New Lebanon and later at the Illinois Central in this city. The young man is now a civil engineer.

Mrs. Charles E. Adams was pleasantly surprised by members of the W. C. T. U. at her home last Thursday afternoon, in honor of her birthday anniversary. The ladies brought with them a delightful lunch, and still better, no end of good will and good wishes for the estimable lady whom they took by surprise. Mrs. Adams was presented with a book by the ladies.

If your piano, automobile or any piece of furniture needs refinishing, take it to Dan Martin at the piano factory. Unless it is too far gone he will make it look like new. He does piano tuning too. 31-tf.

The Genoa Rendering Plant is in operation. All dead animals removed free of charge if hides are left on cars. Phone No. 909-14 or 37. tf

Kenneth Kline, weight 8½ pounds, came to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Shaw in Elgin on the 8th day of May. Mrs. Shaw is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Kline Shipman of this city.

Try that B. P. S. floor varnish. It sets over night and hardens enough for use in thirty-six hours. It is elastic and will not scratch white. For sale only by Perkins & Rosenfeld.

If you own an auto it will pay you to get prices on tires at Hoover & Loptien's before placing your order. We sell good tires at prices which put competition on the run.

Floyd Corson of Chicago Sundayed here.

Miss Bess Bidwell spent Sunday in Elgin.

E. W. Brown was in Sycamore last Saturday.

Larry Briggs of Rockford was here Monday.

Will Sowers was an Elgin passenger Sunday.

Mrs. Will Whipple was an Elgin visitor Saturday.

George Brown of Sycamore spent Sunday here.

Mrs. John Lembke was an Elgin visitor Sunday.

Miss Margaret Hutchison spent Sunday in Chicago.

Sheriff Poust of Sycamore was here Saturday on business.

Minnie and Lena Reinken were Elgin visitors Wednesday.

W. W. Story and wife were Sycamore visitors Saturday.

Joe Sullivan and wife of Marengo visited here Saturday.

Charles Whipple made a business trip to Chicago Monday.

G. H. Martin transacted business in the windy city Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Milton Geithman were Sunday visitors in Rockford.

Mrs. Mary Christenson was a passenger to Sycamore Monday.

Elmer Rinquist of Chicago is visiting Genoa friends this week.

Miss Elsie Korn of Chicago Sundayed at the home of Vern Bennett.

Charlie Nelson and son, Harold, spent Sunday in Chicago with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Harvey of Chicago visited at the home of A. G. Stewart over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Geithman and Mrs. Will Cooper were Sycamore visitors last Saturday.

F. W. Olmsted, John Frazier and Milt Geithman made a business trip to Chicago Monday.

Mrs. Emma Duval visited her sister, Mrs. Lee Smith, at the Sherman hospital in Elgin Tuesday.

Mrs. Will Clausen, Mrs. Will Jeffrey and Mrs. Ida Smith were Rockford visitors Saturday.

Miss Agnes Molthan of Chicago is a guest at the home of her parents, Rev. and Mrs. J. Molthan.

Hoover & Loptien are conducting an auto livery. Individuals or parties taken anywhere, by the mile or by the day.

If you want electrical work done Hoover & Loptien will give you an estimate on the job. House wiring a specialty.

Leads and oils and all other items needed at this time of the year by painters and those who do their own painting. Perkins & Rosenfeld.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Awe are now occupying the home on Genoa street which was recently purchased of A. E. Pickett. In the deal Mr. Awe purchased practically all the furniture contained in the house.

Burlington, which has two saloons and is the only oasis within several miles of Genoa, was the scene of a real lively time Saturday night. Several loads of dry people from Genoa, Hampshire, Sycamore, Elgin, DeKalb and surrounding countryside were present to partake of the festivities. It is stated that two Genoa men tried to "bluff" the entire populace of natives and received convincing proof that they had taken in too much territory.

#### Dressmaking

Mrs. N. A. Carpenter is living in the third house from the corner of First on Adams street, one block north of the piano factory. Would be pleased to have her old friends and new ones call and see her, as she is ready for business and would be glad to have their patronage. Her motto is to "Please and render good service." 31-4t.\*

#### To Sell Becker Farms

As a result of the partition proceedings a decree was granted to sell the John Henry Becker farms last week, the sale to take place early in June, at public auction. There are 288 acres in the two farms, both being now occupied by sons of the deceased. The petitioner's case was handled by Attorney E. W. Brown of this city.

#### Chapman-Bausch

Mr. H. O. Chapman and Miss Susie Bausch of Rockford were united in marriage at Sycamore on Monday, May 18, at noon. The groom is the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Chapman who reside west of Genoa. He has spent his entire life in and near Genoa. The bride is the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. Bausch of Cunningham street, Rockford, and is a young lady of estimable qualities. The many friends of the couple in Genoa and Rockford will be pleased to wish them many years of happiness.

#### Madman at Funeral

A madman attacked a cortege at Leland Sunday and drove the mourners away. He shot two men who attempted to pacify him and stood guard over the hearse until a posse was raised, then fled to the woods north of town. He was captured after a rifle battle and is now in jail at Sycamore, Illinois. The insane man is Bernard Swenson a local resident who became suddenly deranged as the funeral of Miss Lucile Baker was passing his house. The men whom he shot are Bert Swenson, his brother, who may die and Racine Swarts, a neighbor.

#### Killed at Hampshire

The body of an unknown man, terribly mutilated, was discovered on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad tracks about 1 o'clock this morning by the crew of a freight train.

Dr. J. W. Ovitz attended the meeting of the State Medical Association at Decatur, the first of the week.

John H. Carpenter and wife of Lincoln, Nebraska, are spending a few days with the former's brother, N. A. Carpenter.

#### TWENTY-FIVE YEARS

Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Durham Celebrate the Anniversary of Marriage

On the 14th day of May, 1889, at the home of the bride's parents east of Genoa, occurred the marriage of Miss Olmstead and Mr. L. P. Durham. Again on the 14th of May, 1914, at their own home in this city, Mr. and Mrs. Durham renewed their vows, the ceremony being performed by Rev. Clarence Olmstead, a nephew of the bride.

About thirty-five guests were present at the latter ceremony, having been invited to participate in the festivities incident to the silver wedding. The rooms were prettily decorated with white carnations and lilies of the valley, the entire color scheme being in harmony with the occasion.

A two course luncheon was served at a late hour in the evening. At the plate of each guest was found a card bearing a silver bell and the name of the guest. There were also lilies of the valley and white carnations at each place. The dining room was decorated with white ribbons and tinsel, this, with the flowers, producing a beautiful effect.

Mr. and Mrs. Durham were presented with several pieces of silverware.

#### Decree Granted

Mrs. Jennie Young was granted a decree of divorce from John Young last Saturday. The couple had been separated about a year. Mr. Young is the owner of Young's Home Bakery in this city. Mrs. Young, since the separation has been in charge of P. A. Quantstrong's office.

#### Unfortunate Transaction

"What became of that fellow Tweedley?" "Oh, he opened a shop." "Doing well?" "No—doing time. He was caught in the act."

# PETEY WALES

## Kinodrome Shows OPERA HOUSE

NEXT WEDNESDAY NIGHT

The Fifth Installment in the

## ADVENTURES OF KATHLYN

and a Two-reel Comedy

Pathe Weekly and Western

ADMISSION

# ONE DIME

# CEMENT TILE BLOCKS

This is the cement age and all builders are placing their confidence in that material for nearly every purpose.

I am making an excellent cement block and will be glad to figure with you on any quantity.

Let me show you why the cement tile is superior to the clay. I make them in all sizes.

## P. A. QUANSTRONG GENOA, ILL.

OUR AIM—SECURITY AND GOOD SERVICE

### THRIFT

Thrift is not a mere forced rule. It is a virtue, it is a principle. Thrift is not an affair of the pocket but an affair of character.

Thrift is not niggardliness, but wisdom and not so much a matter of money as an attitude of mind.

Our people, the community, our Government, all will be better by the practice of thrift.

Little by little was this country built; little by little was the wisdom of the world conserved; little by little did the structure of science grow; little by little did wealth accumulate—that is thrift.

To those who wish to be thrifty—to those who wish to better their condition—we cordially say: Start an account at

## THE EXCHANGE BANK

Deposits Guaranteed With Over \$300,000.00

D. S. BROWN, Pres. C. J. BRYAN, Cash. E. W. BROWN, Asst. Cash  
BESSIE BIDWELL, Bookkeeper.



### SUMMER

will soon be here. We have stocked our shelves with seasonal goods; as we do not expect them to last the season out we have placed upon them very reasonable prices:

- Straw Hat Cleaners..... 25c
- White Shoe Powder..... 25c
- Insect Killer..... 25c

### U NEED M

The BEST DRUG STORE  
L. E. CARMICHAEL, R. P., Druggist  
GENOA, ILLINOIS

## THE ANNUAL MAY SALE

In Elgin's Most Popular Store

Thursday, May 21, to Saturday, May 30

TWO BIG SALES IN ONE

Featuring White Goods and White Wear of Every Description

And Notable Special-Value Offerings in All Departments

**T**HIS GREAT SALE is ESPECIALLY planned to bring the people of this community face to face with price-lowerings on various articles that will find favor now and for a good time to come, and to bring you white wear values out of the ordinary, as well as offering assortments which make buying at this time very advantageous because of their completeness.

Offered in this sale is merchandise of the best character only, whether it be the new white goods—or the Spring goods that is to be cleared. As a result of our early Spring business odds and ends, broken lots, depleted assortments and scattered sizes remain in many cases.

The lowered prices are to make a clean sweep of them all. The finest Spring styles are represented, the most desirable merchandise throughout the store.

The May sale is a Spring-End Bargain Feast in Desirable Goods at Sharply Lowered Prices  
The May White Sale is One You Shouldn't Miss

### THEO. F. SWAN

"ELGIN'S MOST POPULAR STORE"

# The Red Button

BY Will Irwin  
AUTHOR OF THE CITY THAT WAS, ETC.  
ILLUSTRATED BY Harry R. Grissinger  
COPYRIGHT 1912 BOBBS-MERRILL CO.

## SYNOPSIS.

Tommy North, returning to his room in Mrs. Moore's boarding house at 239 a. m., discovers the body of Capt. John Hanks, another roomer, with a knife wound on his breast. Suspicion rests upon a man giving the name of Lawrence Wade, who had been heard quarreling with Hanks. During the excitement a strange woman who gives her name as Rosalie Le Grange appears and takes into her own home across the street all of Mrs. Moore's boarders, including Miss Estrilla, an invalid, whose brother was a favorite among the other boarders. Wade is arrested. Mrs. Le Grange, who writes plays, her trade as a trance medium, had aided Police Inspector Martin McGee several times, calls at his office to tell what she knows of the crime. While she is there, Constance Hanks, widow of the murdered man, whose existence had been unknown, appears. Mrs. Hanks, says she had left her husband and discloses the fact that Wade represented her and visited Hanks on the night of the murder in an effort to settle their affairs. She admits Wade was in love with her. Wade is held by the coroner's jury for the death of Hanks. Tommy North, who had been held by the police, is released and returns to Mrs. Le Grange's house. He becomes infatuated at once with Betsy Barbara, and at her urging prepares to establish the Thomas W. North Advertising Agency. Mrs. Le Grange, with Inspector McGee, examines the house where Hanks was killed and finds on the fire escape outside Hanks's window a red shoe button, which she conceals. Mrs. Le Grange secretly examines the shoes of her boarders in search of one the red button will fit. She pretends to go into a trance in Miss Estrilla's room and communes with spirits. Rosalie secures from Inspector McGee the services of an Italian detective to work under her direction. Rosalie finds evidence to show that Estrilla's real name is Perez and that they formerly lived in Port of Spain. Rosalie goes into another trance in Miss Estrilla's room and gains the young woman's confidence. In succeeding scenes Rosalie leads Miss Estrilla to believe she is talking with the spirit of John Hanks, and gets information that leads her to prepare for a supreme test. With Inspector McGee and detectives at the windows, Rosalie, in a final scene, leads Miss Estrilla to tell, in a supposed conversation with the spirit of Hanks, that her brother Juan held the knife that pierced Hanks's heart. Confounded by the officers, Miss Estrilla makes a full confession. She tells how Hanks secured possession of her jewels and fled to New York, and how she and her brother Juan had traced him to Mrs. Moore's house. She says that Juan, dressed in her clothes, entered Hanks's room to search for the jewels, that Hanks awoke and rushed at the intruder who picked up a knife from the table to threaten Hanks. She declares Hanks, in his rage, was suddenly stricken with apoplexy and fell upon the knife, which pierced his heart.

## CHAPTER XVIII—Continued.

He sat facing the door; he perceived her first; he rose with an expression of real surprise and pleasure. "Why, Mrs. Le Grange! How did you get here?" he said. But now his eye caught Betsy-Barabara. She, too, had risen, as one who acts at last after long strain of repression. Her color came and went; she was looking at Rosalie and then back at Estrilla. "Miss Lane," said Rosalie in a quiet meaning voice, "we'll excuse you. Take your coat, dear." Estrilla opened his mouth as though to protest, made an inarticulate sound, stopped. His eyes were on Rosalie. "What does this mean?" he asked. "It means first that you had better sit down," she said. "The waiter's lookin' this way. A man in your position can't afford to make a scene in a public place." Estrilla sank with an unsteady motion into his chair. At this physical support he seemed to grip his nerve. "What do you mean by my position? Why do you come this way—Why?" "Listen. First of all, I'm your friend. Get that right away—I'm here to help you. An' I'm in a hurry."



"How Did You Get Here?"

So are you. The police have your sister. By tonight they'll be after you." Estrilla gripped the arms of his chair; the green shade crept back. He moistened his lips once or twice with his tongue. "Remember!" went on Rosalie under her voice, "no scene. Hold on to yourself. Makin' one now is the last thing you ought to do. Is the bill paid? All right. Now get your hat. Now put on your ulster. Yes, your gloves an' your stick!" Estrilla obeyed her docilely. "Now come with me into the park—it's safer, because we can watch." "But my sister—I don't care for myself—I must go to—"

walked slowly down the path. Estrilla saw him, started, hesitated. "Not unless you make a scene!" cried Rosalie, anticipating his thought. "I'm not arresting you—can't you understand that?" She hurried him to a lonely park bench, half hidden in the shrubbery. When she turned to look him full in the face again, his color was normal; he had regained his grip. And he spoke with a touch of his old boyish insouciance. "This is a little melodrama you are staging, Mrs. Le Grange? Am I the hero or the villain?" "I expected you to be suspicious an' try to bluff this through," said Rosalie in her most matter-of-fact tone, "that's why I stole this note an' brought it here." She had been keeping her hands in her muff. She drew them out, now, and handed him the vital paper. "I am telling to the police all I know of my part and my brother's part in the death of Capt. John H. Hanks. I have confessed that we followed him to America to get my jewels, and that it was my brother Juan who appeared to have stabbed him."

"MARGARITA PEREZ." He read it. As he looked up he was still master of himself, but Rosalie could perceive behind his mask a kind of vibration, an inner agitation of all his nerves. But his will still mastered his voice. "Margarita Perez—who is she?" "She is your sister. You are Juan Perez—not Estrilla. You are from Port of Spain. You came here to follow Captain Hanks." "Where did you hear this?" inquired Estrilla, with a pitiful attempt to put sarcasm into his voice. "I have listened to her confession," replied Rosalie calmly. "She told the police—after she signed that paper—how you went into Captain Hanks's room at night to get your family jewels, how that trick alarm on his strong-box woke him up, an' how you killed him—"

But Juan Estrilla had leaped up now as though his nerves would be denied no longer. "You are here to betray me—I know it now!" he said. "I suspected this trouble was comin'," replied Rosalie Le Grange. "I sent Miss Lane to deliver you here at five o'clock—because it's an out-of-the-way place an' quiet. Sit down." Estrilla shook as he resumed his seat. "Does she know?" he asked. "Not yet," said Rosalie. "I didn't give her my real reason. I was glad," she pursued, "to hear you bust out in that sincere way when I said you killed Hanks. I put that in for a test; an' you stood it. Now sit there an' listen to what else your sister said, an' see if any of that could have been worked out by detectives. She says you didn't kill Hanks, that he died of apoplexy an' fell on the knife you was holdin' against him."

Estrilla turned his great eyes and moistened his lips as though to speak; but he held to his nerve and made no sound. "She says that you carried out that box of jewels with the cover open, an' that a diamond buckle dropped out as you were passing through the door. An' when she came back in your clothes after you telephoned to her, she picked it up. The jewels are in Caracas. You dropped the box in the river. Could anybody patch that together? Could anybody guess that?" "Then if he died of apoplexy—if I didn't kill him—why should they arrest me?" asked Estrilla. "Young man," said Rosalie, "how could you prove it?"

Innocently and directly, Estrilla came out with what amounted to his confession. "He was always in danger of apoplexy—my sister knew that. And undoubtedly it was a mortal seizure. For his hands were going toward his head, not toward the knife. Even when he fell and died, his hands were still going up, not down. I have seen doctors. I have read about apoplexy in every medical book in the public library. And when I saw him last—there was blood in his nostrils." Rosalie nodded. "I saw that, too. My, but coroner's physicians are dense!" she said. "Now I've got to talk hard and straight. You were in the act of burglary. It don't make no difference that you had a right to burgle—no jury would recognize that. The coroner's physician never thought of anything but that stab wound—never thought to look for apoplexy—case seemed too plain. You an' I are the only people who thought about that bloody nose. The body's cremated, an' if it wasn't—well, we won't go into that. Why Juan Perez, they'd laugh at you. Do you see? Don't you get your fix?" He was trembling, and now he made a pitiful movement with his hands as though to steady his head. "So you must get away."

with him, soft emotion entered her voice. "An' God be good to you!" she said. She turned him almost roughly. "One moment," he said; "my love to my sister—oh, take care of her." His voice grew lighter, then, and he almost smiled. "And tell Miss Lane for me that she is beautiful and good!" He walked away. When a second later, he glanced back over his shoulder, she was making a rapid pace toward the dock-gate. Rosalie passed the shadow of the pier, and gained sight of the Maud's deck. She saw Estrilla go aboard, saw Captain Baldwin meet him, saw them enter the cabin together. She waited no longer. "That was a day of heavy personal expense for Rosalie. Two blocks away she took another taxicab. This time she hesitated a moment before she gave the driver his directions. "Hotel Cyrano, Brooklyn, first, I guess."

After a time, she began talking under her breath again—repeating her last phrase to Estrilla. "God be good to you"—God or somebody will have to be awful good to me, now. Well, there's one relievin' feature, he won't break his heart over Betsy-Barabara. It was only a flirtation with him, after all. I wonder what they're made of inside—those higher-class dagos!"

CHAPTER XIX. When Dimples Win. Inspector Martin McGee, as one who must do something, no matter how futile, to lull his impatience, rang a bell on his desk. "Send for Grimaldi again," he said to the doorman. "Grimaldi," he greeted the scholar of the Italian squad, "what did this Mrs. Le Grange say to you when she let you go—and just when was it?" "It was night before last," replied Grimaldi. "I'd met her for a report and told her that Estrilla—or Perez—had an engagement with his tailor to try on some clothes for two-thirty yesterday afternoon. She told me then that she had finished with me, and I was to report back to headquarters—which I did yesterday."

"His rooms—Estrilla's—are being watched in case he returns?" "Yes. We've got some one at every place where he's likely to appear." "All right. That'll do." Then the Inspector fell to pacing the floor and to meditating. He durst not leave his office. The search was covered at every point where the missing criminal or the missing Rosalie Le Grange might be expected to appear. He must stay in his office until—oh, why had he trusted Rosalie Le Grange to arrest a desperate criminal alone? One obvious suspicion did not occur to him; never for a moment did he distrust Rosalie. She had gone out to make the arrest single-handed, for some good reason of her own. She had failed, and dreaded to come back without her man; she had been delayed and would appear with him yet; she had ventured too much and—something had happened to her. Here, Inspector McGee smote a fist into an open palm and swore under his breath. That consideration, and not the failure of the department to put the finishing touch on a big case, was the thing which haunted him now, made him unable to rest his body or to quiet his mind.

The last eighteen hours had been one long secret hunt for Juan Perez alias Estrilla, and for Rosalie Le Grange. When, after the detectives finished with Miss Estrilla—Senorita Perez—he found Rosalie Le Grange coming down the stairs, armed to the teeth? A man is not supposed, except by an extinct type of Puritan, to "give away" the woman who has made sacrifices for him; and even the extinct type of Puritan would hardly expect you to tell your hostess that her dinner party had been dull. From this heterogeneous group of examples, one may infer that there are lies and lies; and while it is never permissible to lie, it is sometimes quite unpermissible to do anything else.

"Remember how to get there?" she whispered before she opened the door. "Sure? Go ahead an' take the first train. I'll follow on the next. Walk slow after you get off. I'll walk fast—neither of us wants to loiter on that pier." If Estrilla hoped that he would hear further clearance of these mysteries at the dock, he was disappointed. As he passed the gate, Rosalie shot under shadow of a truck. She glanced to right and left. None of the roustabouts was looking or listening. "That first gangplank," she said. "The Captain's aboard expectin' you. Just say to him, 'I'm Corri.' He knows the rest. You'll change clothes in his cabin. He'll keep you at work until you sail—at daybreak. Go—don't thank me—go—I'm sure you'll see your sister in a year or two. Go." Now for the first time in her dialogue

with him, soft emotion entered her voice. "An' God be good to you!" she said. She turned him almost roughly. "One moment," he said; "my love to my sister—oh, take care of her." His voice grew lighter, then, and he almost smiled. "And tell Miss Lane for me that she is beautiful and good!" He walked away. When a second later, he glanced back over his shoulder, she was making a rapid pace toward the dock-gate. Rosalie passed the shadow of the pier, and gained sight of the Maud's deck. She saw Estrilla go aboard, saw Captain Baldwin meet him, saw them enter the cabin together. She waited no longer. "That was a day of heavy personal expense for Rosalie. Two blocks away she took another taxicab. This time she hesitated a moment before she gave the driver his directions. "Hotel Cyrano, Brooklyn, first, I guess."

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When Lies are Excusable. Instances Given of Times When the Truth is Not Expected or Wanted. Few people, I fancy, would say, after deliberation, that no lie was ever justified. To be sure, I once heard a serious young man protest that Shakespeare had damned Desdemona by allowing her at her last gasp to exculpate Othello. I have also known people who objected vehemently to the late Mark Twain because he said so many things that were not so. But there are occasions when lies are taken for granted, even by the law.

A man on trial for his life is supposed to tell the truth, but not if it will incriminate him. A wife is not dragged to the witness stand against her will—no one would legitimately expect anything but perjury from her. I do not see much difference between legally permitting a man to say "Not Guilty" when he is guilty, and legally permitting him to lie. Is there any solitary maiden who would not willingly give the midnight marauder to understand that her husband was just

coming down the stairs, armed to the teeth? A man is not supposed, except by an extinct type of Puritan, to "give away" the woman who has made sacrifices for him; and even the extinct type of Puritan would hardly expect you to tell your hostess that her dinner party had been dull. From this heterogeneous group of examples, one may infer that there are lies and lies; and while it is never permissible to lie, it is sometimes quite unpermissible to do anything else.

Bonehead Bill. Bill Jones is such a stupid guy he stays at home at night, instead of sporting round with us down town where things are bright. I never saw Bill take a drink. He doesn't care for shows, and the "open-evenings" savings-bank's the only place he goes; for Bill's so all-fired stupid he just can't see the fun of blowing half the envelope before the week's begun. And Bill could stand it pretty well, because—well, don't you see, he's so confounded stupid he draws twice as much as me!—Hugh Kahler, in the Wells Fargo Messenger.

Undesirable. "Are they desirable tenants?" "Dear me, no. They're nice people, but they've got four children."—Detroit Free Press.

# Sick Women Made Well

Reliable evidence is abundant that women are constantly being restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

The many testimonial letters that we are continually publishing in the newspapers—hundreds of them—are all genuine, true and unsolicited expressions of heartfelt gratitude for the freedom from suffering that has come to these women solely through the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Money could not buy nor any kind of influence obtain such recommendations; you may depend upon it that any testimonial we publish is honest and true—if you have any doubt of this write to the women whose true names and addresses are always given, and learn for yourself.

## Read this one from Mrs. Waters:

CAMDEN, N.J.—"I was sick for two years with nervous spells, and my kidneys were affected. I had a doctor all the time and used a galvanic battery, but nothing did me any good. I was not able to go to bed, but spent my time on a couch or in a sleeping-chair, and soon became almost a skeleton. Finally my doctor went away for his health, and my husband heard of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and got me some. In two months I got relief and now I am like a new woman and am at my usual weight. I recommend your medicine to every one and so does my husband."—Mrs. TILLIE WATERS, 1135 Knight St., Camden, N.J.

## And this one from Mrs. Haddock:

UTICA, OKLA.—"I was weak and nervous, not able to do my work and scarcely able to be on my feet. I had backache, headache, palpitation of the heart, trouble with my bowels, and inflammation. Since taking the Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I am better than I have been for twenty years. I think it is a wonderful medicine and I have recommended it to others."—Mrs. MARY ANN HADDOCK, Utica, Oklahoma.

Now answer this question if you can. Why should a woman continue to suffer without first giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial? You know that it has saved many others—why should it fail in your case?

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No one sick with woman's ailments does justice to herself if she does not try this famous medicine made from roots and herbs, it has restored so many suffering women to health. Write to LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO., (CONFIDENTIAL) LYNN, MASS., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.



Line of Duty. Uncle Luke had been over into Calhoun county to see the son of his old master, now grown to ripe age and judicial office. "Luke, how does Mr. John look?" asked the old gentleman. "He's getting stout, eh?" "Yes, suh," agreed Luke. "Ah will say dat w'en Ah saw Mas'r John ev' y' buttin on his wais-coat was doin' its duty, sah."

New Modern Dancing. The leading expert and instructor in New York City, writes: "Dear Sir—I have used ALLEN'S FOOT-BASE, the athletic powder to be shoe into the shoes, for the past ten years. It is a blessing to all who are compelled to be on their feet. I dance eight or ten hours daily, and find that ALLEN'S FOOT-BASE keeps my feet cool, takes the friction from the shoe, prevents corns and Sore, Aching feet. I recommend it to all my pupils." (Signed) E. FLETCHER HALLAMORE, Sample FREE. Address Allen S. Dimsted, Le Roy, N.Y.

Overexertion. "You frown like a pessimist." "Well, replied the patient man; "that's what I get for worrying myself half to death trying to think of something to be optimistic about."

Constipation causes many serious diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pelets. One laxative, three for cathartic. Adv.

## Polarine

FRICION REDUCING MOTOR OIL

5,918,098 gallons sold last year  
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The constantly increasing use of POLARINE by thousands of motorists is indisputable evidence of its lubricating efficiency. It affords perfect lubrication to all makes and types of motor cars, motor trucks, motorcycles and motor boats. POLARINE maintains the correct lubricating body at any motor speed or temperature. POLARINE remains liquid at zero. POLARINE differs from all other motor oils, in that it lubricates perfectly at extremes of temperature.

Standard Oil Company  
(AN INDIANA CORPORATION)  
Makers of Lubricating Oil for  
Leading Engineering and  
Industrial Works of the World

# HORRIBLE CRIMES OF PANCHO VILLA

Murder, Plunder and Outrage Have Been Specialties of Rebel Leader.

HE BEGAN AS CATTLE THIEF

Shocking List of Homicides, Robberies and Tortures Perpetrated by Carranza's General—Frequent Massacres of Prisoners and Citizens.

Murder, plunder and outrage have marked the career of Gen. Francisco Villa, commander of General Carranza's constitutionalist armies in northern Mexico. His record is one of almost continuous crime and is worth studying in view of the fact that if the constitutionalist cause triumphs he will at least be second in power to Carranza.

"Pancho" Villa has shown himself, in the past year, to be possessed of considerable military skill and the fame of his victories has to a great extent overshadowed the infamy of his crimes.

Villa's Start in Life. A biography of Villa compiled by the Boston Transcript and read by Senator Lodge in the United States senate supplies the following facts:

Francisco Villa was born at Las Neves in the state of Durango about the year 1868. He is wholly uneducated, being unable to read and barely able to sign his name. About the year 1882, when only fourteen years of age, he was sentenced to a term of imprisonment for cattle stealing. On his discharge he settled in the mining camp of Guanacevi, where a few months later he underwent another sentence of imprisonment for homicide. When he came out of prison for the second time he organized a band of robbers, which had their headquarters in the mountainous region of "Perico" in the state of Durango, and were the terror of all that district.

In the year 1907 he was in partnership with one Francisco Reza, stealing cattle in Chihuahua and selling them

city of Chihuahua, which he procured by stealing cattle from the neighboring farms. Suspecting one of his subordinates, Cristobal Juarez, of stealing on his own account, he killed him one night in the latter part of November in the Calle de la Liberada.

In the early part of May, 1913, Villa, with 75 men, assaulted a train at Baeza, state of Chihuahua, that was carrying bars of gold and silver valued at 100,000 pesos, killing the crew and several passengers, including Messrs. Caravantes and a Senor Isaac Herrero of Ciudad Guerrero.

Murders in Cold Blood. Late in the same month he entered the town of San Andres, Chihuahua, and assaulted the house of Senor Sabas Murga an hacendado, who, with his two sons, tried to defend themselves. Two of his nephews were killed, but the Murgas got away. Villa then got hold of two sons-in-law of Murga who had not taken any part in the fight, and after torturing them to say where their father-in-law had hidden his money, he had them killed.

Towards the end of the month Villa's band took the town of Sta. Rosalia, Chihuahua, shooting all prisoners and treating the principal officers with terrible cruelty. Colonel Puelliccia was shot and his body dragged along the streets of the town. The commercial houses of Messrs. Visconti, Sarli, Cia Harinera, Sordo y Blanco (Spaniards) and many others were totally sacked. Many private persons were murdered, one of the worst cases being that of a Spaniard, Senor Montilla, cashier of the house of Cordo y Blanco, who was shot over the head of his wife, who tried to defend him. Villa personally kicked her in the face as she lay on the dead body of her husband. He also himself killed a Senor Ramos, secretary of the court of first instance.

Massacre at Casas Grandes. In July, 1913, Villa took Casas Grandes, Chihuahua, and shot more than 80 noncombatants, violating several young girls, amongst them two young ladies named Castillo.

He attacked and took the town of San Andres, which was held by the federales, in September, 1913, shooting many peaceable residents and more than 150 prisoners, many of these being women and children. In shooting these people, in order to economize cartridges, he placed one behind the other up to five at one time, very few of them being killed outright. The bodies of the dead and wounded were then soaked with petroleum and thrown into bonfires prepared for the purpose. The prisoners were forced themselves to make the bonfire and cover with petroleum the rest of the victims.

After this he went to the small town of Carretas, where he took prisoner a man of more than seventy years of age, named Jose Dolores Moreno, demanding from him a ransom of \$200. As he could not pay Villa killed him with his own hand.

All His Prisoners Shot. On September 29, 1913, Villa, having overpowered a force of over 500 federales commanded by General Alvarez at Aviles, fifteen kilometers from Torreon, had every prisoner shot.

Villa has shot in Chihuahua 150 non-combatants, the greater number being poor people who could not leave for want of means or because they thought they ran no risks, as they took no part in politics, for all the people in any way connected with the government had left before Villa entered the city. Special mention may be made of the case of Senor Ignacio Irigoyen and Senor Jose A. Yanez, who, though in no way connected with politics, were taken by Villa and tortured for several days with threats to shoot them until they paid ransoms of \$20,000 each. Having obtained from Villa himself safe conducts to leave by train for the border, the train in which they were caught up at Montezuma by a locomotive in which were several officers in Villa's confidence, headed by an ex-Maderista deputy called Miguel Baca Ronquillo, who took them from the train and shot them in the presence of the passengers.

Town's Interesting Experiment. An interesting experiment has just been made by the ladies of the Tulle (France) Red Cross society, who made a house-to-house visitation of every dwelling, rich and poor, asking how much each inhabitant would be disposed to contribute in time of war in money, clothes, furniture, etc., for wounded who might be brought into Tulle hospital.

It was understood that any surplus would be given back to the donors, if no use was found for it. The very poorest insisted on adding their mites, even if it was only a blanket, a pair of shoes or a cotton nightcap. When they had finished the ladies added up the result of their original quest, and found that the hospital was not nearly large enough to contain all the articles promised. This, at any rate, is encouraging, for in actual wartime the offerings would certainly be more plentiful than for a fictitious case.

Not a Spendthrift. Ferdie—"I understand that Jimmie is pretty close with his money." Claude—"Well, I should say so." He can buy a nickel to buy a morning paper and have spending money the rest of the week."—Illinois Siren.

An Illustration. "Do you think you can get along as cheap as one, George?" "In some instance, dearest. Suppose we have one glass of soda water with two straw."

A Paradox. "Did you ever notice one thing about a ship?" "What's that?" "She can't make knots when she's tied up."

Live Far Under Earth. The lowest human habitation is said to be that of the coal miners in Bohemia, some of whom make their dwellings at a point more than two thousand feet below the level of the sea.

Gen. Francisco Villa.

In the United States, and then stealing mules and horses in the United States, and selling them in Chihuahua. In consequence of some disagreement he shot and killed Reza in broad daylight, while sitting in the plaza in the City of Chihuahua. During the early part of November, 1910, he attacked the factory of a Mr. Soto, in Allende, state of Chihuahua, and killed the owner. By threatening the latter's daughter he forced her to show where she had hidden a sum of \$11,000, which he stole and used for arming a considerable force. He then joined Madero's revolution, uniting his band with Urbina's column. In January, 1911, he was at Casas Grandes, Chihuahua, where he killed Carlos Alatorre and Luis Ortiz for refusing to pay him the money he demanded for their ransom. At Batopilas, state of Chihuahua, in February of the same year he tortured a lady named Senora Maria de la Luz Gomez until he made her pay him \$30,000. She died from the effects of the barbarous treatment she received.

Outrages at Juarez. When Ciudad Juarez was taken from the federales in May, 1913, he killed Senor Ignacio Gomez Oyola, a man of over sixty years of age, under the following circumstances: Having sent for him, Villa asked whether he had any arms in his house, and on saying he had not, Villa, "who was seated on a table," drew his revolver and shot him dead. After rifling the corpse of money and valuables it was thrown into the street.

After the triumph of the revolution, Villa, in November, 1911, obtained a monopoly from the then governor of Chihuahua for the sale of meat in the

# PROBLEM IS HARD

RURAL CREDITS LEGISLATION IS NOT SO EASY TO DEVISE AS HAD BEEN THOUGHT.

GOES OVER TO NEXT WINTER

President Wilson Consents to Postponement After Realizing Difficulties of the Question and Differences of Opinion in Congress.

By GEORGE CLINTON.

Washington.—Two commissions, one authorized by the United States government and another organized by the southern commercial congress, went to Europe to study the subject of agricultural credits. Their reports were voluminous and apparently were prepared carefully. It is probable that a majority in congress thought that when these reports had been studied and embodied in a bill the last word on the subject had been spoken.

President Wilson has consented that rural credits, or land bank, legislation shall go over until the next session. In doing so senators and representatives say Mr. Wilson has recognized existing conditions in congress. The land bank question, it is urged, is a much harder problem to solve than many persons supposed when it was said that a bill once prepared by seemingly competent authority could be passed with comparatively little debate.

Now a writer of discernment on the subject says: "But the prophets of legislation did not take into account the size of the United States; nor the fact that a system which might work admirably in a country like Germany or France might disclose grave defects in a country where one state alone is larger than Germany and France put together. Moreover, the people of the United States do not take as naturally to federal aid in their affairs as the people of Europe, and often see an embarrassment in federal intervention where Europeans would see only a help."

No Bill Reported by Committees. For the reasons just given, it seems likely that a rural credits bill did not come forth as quickly as it might from the congressional propagating plant. There have been several bills introduced, one bearing the names of Senator Fletcher of Florida and Representative Moss of Indiana and which embodies the conclusions of the commission appointed by the government. No bill as yet has been reported out of the banking and currency committee of either house or senate. In truth, the two committees dodged the whole subject in a way by appointing a joint sub-committee whose duty it was to be to prepare a bill which would be acceptable to the administration.

Differences have arisen among the members of both branches over fundamentals. Senator Hollis wants a national land bank capitalized by the government, while Representative Moss and those who think with him believe that private capital should be employed. Representative Bathrick of Ohio has introduced a bill making the postal bank funds available for use by the land banks.

One of the main questions is how best to organize a system that will provide money in the safest and surest way for use in undeveloped regions where profitable farming appears to be possible. The men who believe in a thoroughly federalized system declare that money cannot be raised for the development of a country like this except through the government. In the agricultural regions as yet undeveloped interest rates are very high and the assertion is that the rates cannot be reduced unless the government shall be a participant in the transaction.

Decide to Adjourn July 10. The Democratic majority in congress has made up its mind to bring about adjournment by July 10 if possible. Word to this effect was received with considerable surprise because coupled with it was the word that some of the legislation which was expected the president would ask to have passed at this session would be put over probably "until a more convenient season."

The anti-trust measures will be passed by the house, a caucus of the Democrats to make action a party duty having made the order of the day. It is held by the administration's supporters that with the tariff, the currency and anti-trust measures enacted since Mr. Wilson came into office the record of legislative achievement will be a sufficiently strong one with which to go before the country in the congressional elections.

When Senator Kern and other Democratic leaders in the upper house talked to the president about the possibility of an adjournment early in July, it was agreed that congress could put through the tolls repeal bill and anti-trust legislation. Rural credits will be put off almost unquestionably until next winter. The immigration measure is one which some of the congressmen are afraid to grasp because of its thorns and because also they fear that with the literacy test included the president may interpose his veto.

As to Immigration Bill. This measure to restrict immigration by imposing the reading test is at this writing on the senate calendar awaiting action. The representatives

and senators who oppose the reading provision in the immigration bill as it was passed by the house of representatives were convinced not long ago that Mr. Wilson would see to it that because of the reading test, the measure would not be allowed to become a law. Opinion in Washington, however, seems to have changed recently and now the understanding is that Mr. Wilson will put his name to the bill if it gets to him.

The southern Democratic representatives have little or nothing to fear from the votes which they cast to help make the immigration bill into law with the reading test incorporated. It is a different story and an essentially different one with those who come from the large cities. Democrats of New York, Chicago, St. Louis and other big cities do not like the bill and while most of them voted against it in the house it is said that they fear the recoil effects of the legislation because it was proposed, was put through the house and may be put through the senate by Democratic majorities. The signature necessary to make the bill into law would be that of a Democratic president.

Trade With Latin-America. The first vessel on commerce bent has passed through the Panama canal. John Barrett, director general of the Pan-American union, wants the United states to understand the great opportunities which are before it for increased trade when the canal becomes, as it will shortly, an active highway of commerce between the two great oceans. Mr. Barrett perhaps is the last American authority on all matters pertaining to the trade and development of the countries on this continent which lie to the south of the United States.

Mr. Barrett has had something to say to your correspondent about the increased trade opportunities which will come to all western America as the result of the opening of the waterway.

Reaching directly south from a line drawn from San Diego, Cal., to Key West, Fla., said he, "are 20 countries covering an area of 9,000,000 square miles! This is three times the connected area of the United States. Their population is, approximately, 70,000,000. This is seven-tenths of the population of the United States, and it is destined to increase even more rapidly in the future through immigration and general development than is the population of this country. These 20 countries last year conducted a foreign trade—that is, bought and sold with the rest of the world—valued at the extraordinary figure of \$2,500,000,000. This total is all the more impressive when we bear in mind that it represents the remarkable increase of \$1,000,000,000 in the last ten years."

Should Grow Even More Rapidly. "Inasmuch as 'commerce is the life of nations,' these 20 sister republics of Central and South America can certainly be called 'lusty and full-blooded.' If they can carry on a trade of \$2,500,000,000 per annum before the Panama canal is completed, and before the world generally has awakened to their enormous potentialities and possibilities, is it not reasonable to estimate that it will grow to \$5,000,000,000 within ten, or at the outside, fifteen years after the canal is completed and the great eastern and western routes of commerce are swung around to north and south lines, as now seems inevitable? Surely prizes of commerce estimated at such figures as these are worthy of the most earnest and persistent efforts of the business interests of America."

There is a great deal of nonsense and buncombe about Latin-Americans not caring to trade with the business men of the United States. I do not know of a single American exporter or importer who is not just as ready to buy from, or sell to, an American manufacturer or merchant as he is to buy from or sell to a manufacturer or merchant of Europe, provided the American can offer him the same advantages as the man from Europe. There is, occasionally, anti-American talk in some Latin-American newspapers, and there are now and then anti-American outbursts of political agitators, but the rank and file of the business men of Latin-America are not affected by these incidents.

Not Monopolized by Europe. "Before this I have spoken of the great world trade of Latin-America. Naturally, the next question to be answered is: What is the share of the United States in Pan-American commerce? In answering this question I desire to dispose of several bogies and fallacies which are too often proclaimed by uninformed writers and speakers. It is not true that the United States has a small trade with Latin-America. It is not true that the United States is being distanced by European countries in that field. It is not true that European exporters, manufacturers and importers are monopolizing Latin-American markets to the disadvantage of those of the United States. It is not true that the Latin-Americans prefer to trade with Europeans rather than with North America. It is not true that there are no good steamship facilities for trade and travel between the United States and these countries.

All these conditions did exist a few years ago, but, as a result of the extraordinary propaganda and effort of the Pan-American union and of the state and commerce departments of the United States, a vast change has come about, and now the trade of the United States with Latin-America is advancing so rapidly and so satisfactorily that it should be encouraged to continue and extend its efforts to a still greater degree."

Springfield.—At the annual meeting of the directors of the Anti-Saloon League of Illinois, the following officers were elected: President, Alfred T. Capp, Jacksonville; vice-presidents, Bishop W. F. McDonnell, Chicago; W. B. Otwell, Carlinville; John B. Lemon, Bloomington, and A. L. Scrogin, Lexington; secretary, Dr. Chris. Galeener, Springfield; treasurer, Hon. W. W. Bennett, Rockford; state superintendent, F. Scott McBride, Chicago, re-elected.

Waukegan.—Dr. W. A. Pitt, a Waukegan dentist, was on a train which killed his nephew, Edward Pitt, eight-year-old son of Dr. Henry N. Pitt of Lake Bluff. Doctor Pitt saw the boy lifted on the train, but it was not until the train reached Lake Forest, several minutes later, that he recognized the child, who died in a few hours. The boy had gone to the depot to welcome his father and was struck by the train while crossing the tracks.

Duquoin.—Former Congressman N. B. Thistlewood of Cairo, commander of the Southern Illinois Soldiers and Sailors' Reunion association, issued a call for a meeting of the executive committee at Carbondale May 28. The place and date for holding the thirty-second annual reunion will be decided upon and it is expected Duquoin, Carbondale, Johnston City and Murphysboro will ask for the gathering.

Freeport.—While digging angleworms, Samuel Hebron, a local fisherman, dug from the bank of the Pecatonica river, a short distance from this city, an iron casket which was found to contain several old French coins and a number of mildewed maps and letters. The papers were so badly rotted that they could not be deciphered.

Springfield.—Mormons of Illinois gathered in Springfield for a conference. Fifty elders and missionaries and 100 laymen attended. The conference was headed by German E. Ellsworth of Chicago, president of the Northern States mission. Addresses were delivered by Elders Ross H. McCune, Lutzen Buma and W. E. Reece. Galesburg.—Jesse Brusell, an electric lineman, was instantly killed in view of a large crowd at Abingdon, while adjusting a transformer on a telephone pole. His body, badly burned, hung suspended in the air for fully 15 minutes, when fellow linemen broke the circuit, releasing the body.

Kewanee.—Harry West, convicted murderer, who escaped from Indiana state penitentiary at Michigan City after murdering two guards, was captured at Buda, 14 miles east of here, by Detectives C. A. Butch after a hand-to-hand fight. He is now in jail at Buda awaiting Indiana officers.

Springfield.—Muriel Downer of Chicago was appointed consulting engineer for the state board of administration. The salary is \$4,000 a year. For the last seven years Downer has been engaged as an engineer of construction for John Mohr & Sons, Chicago.

Duquoin.—After a brief suspension the Paradise, Queen and Security mines have resumed operations and are now running nearly full time. The suspension at the mines covered a period of repairs and installment of facilities to increase the output.

Freeport.—During a severe electrical storm lightning struck a street car, in which 60 persons were riding, shocked several of them severely and set the car on fire. There was a panic and a number of persons were bruised.

Springfield.—Despondency brought on by ill health and domestic trouble caused J. W. Tilley of Pawnee to drink carbolic acid. He died in less than an hour. Tilley was thirty-four years old and married. His wife had left him and returned several times, leaving him for the last time two weeks ago.

# ILLINOIS NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

Wire Reports of Happenings From All Parts of the State.

E. ST. LOUIS CHURCH BURNS

Rev. T. B. Bannon, Pastor, Averts Panic by Telling Congregation to Pass Out and Enjoy Fire Spectacle.

East St. Louis.—Presence of mind on the part of Rev. T. B. Bannon, pastor of St. Joseph's Catholic church here, when he discovered that the church building was ablaze, averted a panic and prevented probable loss of life. While the flames were being extinguished the priest remained in his pulpit and continued to speak calmly to his congregation, which was made up of 600 persons, mostly women and children. When the pastor finally told his audience of the fire, giving any who wished permission to withdraw, less than one hundred persons left their seats. The evening service had been in progress only a few minutes when Father Bannon was told there was a fire under the wooden stairs leading from the building. He paused in the services and in a calm tone announced there was a small fire on the outside and if any wished to see it they were at liberty to step outside if they did so quietly and slowly. The blaze was soon extinguished and services resumed.

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# BEETLE MAKES AUTO CRASH INTO A POLE

Bug Alights on Driver's Clothing and Distracts His Attention From the Wheel.

Newton Centre, Mass.—A beetle that alighted on the clothing of Lawrence Rice of Newton as he was driving his father's automobile toward his home the other afternoon, distracted his attention from the wheel long enough to send him crashing into a telephone pole at the top of the incline on Commonwealth avenue, near Lake street.

Rice and his companion, John Carlson of Newton Centre, had a narrow escape from serious injury, and the machine was considerably damaged. The car hit the pole with such force that the lamp on top of it was shattered.

When the insect alighted on Rice's clothing, both he and his companion turned to examine it in the belief that it was a June bug. They were marveling that it should make its appearance so early in the year, when Rice chanced to glance up, and saw that they were running straight into the post. He gave the wheel a twist, but not in time to avert a collision.



Crashed into a Telephone Pole.

Rice was cut about the head and sustained a possible fracture of one rib, and Carlson was gashed on the knee.

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SCAPES SELF AND ESCAPES

Bandit in Jail at Hollidaysburg, Pa., Slips Through His Prison Bars.

Hollidaysburg, Pa.—Frank G. Carroll, alias Wilson, the confessed bandit who robbed the Union bank in Altoona and shot the cashier, A. E. Rupert, and W. E. Blackburn, Pennsylvania railroad foreman, on March 23, wriggled through a six-inch window opening in his cell in the Blair county jail here, climbed with the dexterity of a circus athlete up the outer wall to the roof and then fashioned a 40-foot rope out of his bedclothing, by which he descended to the street below.

Carroll then walked to the district attorney's office, directly opposite the courthouse, and there scrawled in chalk marks on the bricks under a window of the commonwealth's prosecutor this parting message: "See me later.—F. G. C."

Nearby residents declare that a high powered motor car was stationed in the street close to the jail at midnight and that the prisoner had the aid of accomplices in making his successful dash for freedom. The greatest vigilance had been exercised by the county authorities in imprisoning Carroll. He was placed in a cell behind double doors and a guard patrolled the jail yard beneath his window throughout the night.

Carroll's only aid within the cell to escape was a bar of soap. With the soap he greased his naked body and the six-inch opening in the window, wriggling self-fashion through the narrow opening and then, hatless, clad only in pajamas and bedoom slippers, fled to the Allegheny mountains. His escape was not discovered until five hours later.

A Smart Fool.

York, Pa.—Detective Stroman courted the "April fool" ha-ha of the multitude on April 1 and picked up a dingy pocketbook. It contained \$1,000 and Stroman was offered a fat reward by William Hykes, loser.

Juror in Applause.

Oakland, Cal.—Louis Leinert, a juror sitting in Judge Brown's court, started to applaud an attorney's argument. "Do you think you are at a ball game?" demanded Judge Brown.

Kiss Your Wife.

New York.—"Kiss your wife at least once a day," Vice President Marshall told a Y. M. C. A. audience here, adding that he practised what he preached.

A Lucky Find.

London.—In a box of old books, supposedly rubbish, sold for 25 cents at Winchester, the purchaser found a three volume first edition of Pope's Homer, autographed by the author.

# Illinois Brevities

Mount Carroll.—A cow on the John Guensler farm gave birth to triplet calves—two females and a male. All of them are vigorous.

Springfield.—The state board of administration appointed Murillo Downer of Chicago, consulting engineer, at a salary of \$4,000 a year.

Springfield.—Governor Dunne issued a proclamation designating Saturday, May 30, as Memorial day, and urging its general observance throughout the state.

Pana.—Mrs. Ivah Shannon of Assumption received word that her brother, William Moran, forty years old, had been killed at a circus at Bristol, Tenn. He leaves three small children.

Brocton.—While swimming in Embarras river here, Carl Thiel, seven-year-old, was drowned despite frantic efforts of his father, a hardware merchant, to save him. The body was not recovered.

New Athens.—Michael Schuetz, a farmer of this township, was killed when a field roller passed over his body. His team became frightened and ran away, throwing him under the roller.

Rockford.—All assistant fire inspectors of state headed by Fire Marshal Bennett, will come to Rockford, June 10, to study inspection methods here used by Fire Chief Frank Thomas and incorporate them in uniform state inspection.

Jacksonville.—Charles S. French, sixty-three years old, organizer of the Chapin State bank and a director of the Farmers' State bank of Jacksonville, died at his home in Chapin. He is survived by his widow and one daughter, Mrs. James J. Sheppard, of New Jersey.

Carlock.—When the home of Michael Herman, an aged hermit who died recently, was searched \$6,000 in cash was found. The money was secreted in the ceilings, floors, beds, cupboards, barrels and under carpets. He had resided for 40 years on a little farm near here.

Bloomington.—A jury in the Tazewell county court brought in a verdict of \$7,000 against the Central Illinois Light company in favor of Antonio Podeschl, a ten-year-old boy of Pekin, whose hand was burned off when he picked up a live wire in a highway.

Newman.—As a sequel to the duel between Mayor Hance and E. W. Calvin recently, C. E. Smart, a traveling salesman, has instituted a suit against Hance for \$15,000 damages. Smart alleges that during the encounter Hance used him as a shield, and as a consequence he received a gunshot wound in the arm.

Pearl City.—Fire from an unknown origin destroyed the home of Simon Ploegel, near Pearl City. Afraid of banks, the old man kept in a tin box under a stairway, which contained \$800, the savings of years. This money was completely destroyed. Ploegel became frantic when he realized that the money was doomed and would have entered the burning structure in the hope of rescuing it, but was restrained by neighbors, who feared that he would be fatally burned.

Springfield.—Miss Mary Sellers, whose discharge some time ago from a position in the Chicago office of the state auditor's department precipitated a suit, which resulted in the supreme court's decision holding that state civil service law constitutional, came to Springfield and, pursuant to the court's order, claimed a reinstatement in the classified service. State Auditor Brady placed her on the stenographic staff of his immediate office, which position she indicated to interviewers she expects to hold indefinitely.

Champaign.—Six Chicagoans will receive belated degrees at the commencement of the University of Illinois. They completed sufficient credits, but did not take prescribed courses. The board of trustees believed this was unjust and 101 persons in all will be given their degrees after long years. The Chicago list, by classes, follows: 1878—Mrs. James R. Mann and Mrs. F. W. Plank. 1885—Charles Hopper and Mrs. G. N. Morgan. 1889—Benjamin Hyde. 1883—Ella Mae Stewart. Mrs. Maud is the wife of the Chicago congressman.

Bloomington.—Four wolf cubs were captured in a den on the Robinson farm near Metamora and placed on exhibition in a cage. A similar find was made on the Moulton farm in Partidge township. Fay Faulkner, a farmer of near Byron, caught seven cubs in a den after killing the mother. M. B. Book of near Palmyra collected the bounty this week on four wolf cub scalps, killing the animals on his farm. Nine young wolves were killed on the farms of Noah Schwenk and George Powell east of Sterling. The old animals escaped. Despite the efforts to exterminate these animals, a large number appear to survive to worry the farmers and prey upon their poultry and sheep yards.

Quincy.—R. E. Davis, a wealthy farmer of Nauvoo, and his wife were injured when a street car struck their automobile. The skulls of both were fractured and Mrs. Davis is believed to have no chance for recovery. Davis may recover, but it is doubtful. The couple were visiting their daughter, who is attending school in Quincy.

Pana.—Frank Schwerdt, sixty-three years old, was found dead under a fence on his farm in Sigel township, southeast of Pana. His clothing was entangled in wire and his feet were bare. A verdict of death from unknown causes was rendered.

**Removing Paint From Glass.**  
Take acetic acid and dilute it one-half in hot water, then apply to the paint spots while it is warm. Reheat if it gets too chilled. The hot acid will not hurt the hands, fabrics or the glass, but it must be kept from children who live mostly from hand to mouth.

**35c for One Post Saves 2 Rods of Fence**



Every rotting wooden post on your farm ruins two or more rods of expensive fencing. Avoid this extra expense and make your fence last a lifetime. Improve your farm's appearance and raise its value with

**CARBO**  
TRADE MARK REGISTERED  
**Steel Posts**  
the one best post proposition for the farmer on the market. These are the only flexible, guaranteed posts made. Easy to set—no concrete or special tools needed. Can't rot, break, burn or pull out of place. Rust and lightning-proof. Ordinary staple fastens any kind of fence. Stiff corner, end and gate posts make a permanent foundation.  
See Carbo Posts at Our Store  
Better come in today or tomorrow and see for yourself—and then take enough home to replace those rotten wooden ones, as a trial. Cost less than you'd think. Ask about our low prices.

**Genoa Lumber Co.**  
CARBO STEEL POST CO., INC., CHICAGO, ILL.

**For Representative in Congress**  
12th District



**To the Voters of the 12th Congressional District IN THE STATE OF ILLINOIS**

I shall be a candidate, as a Republican, for nomination for Representative in Congress from this District and respectfully solicit the support of the voters, at the Primaries to be held September 9th, assuring all of my great appreciation for past support, and of my desire to again serve the people of the District, it be their wish that I should do so.  
Sept. 9\* CHARLES E. FULLER.

**DIVORCE YOURSELF From Dirt, Dust and Drudgery**  
by using **Duntley**  
**Combination Pneumatic Sweeper**  
Release from broom drudgery—from the strain of moving and lifting furniture and from the dangerous scattering of dust and germs that are raised by the use of the broom and the old-fashioned carpet sweeper, can be attained by the use of the Duntley Combination Pneumatic Sweeper, which, although easily operated by hand, creates powerful suction force which draws out all the dirt and dust found in your rugs and carpets and at the same time the revolving brush picks up all lint, pins, threads, ravelings, etc.  
THE DUNTLEY SWEEPERS are made in three sizes and sold under a rigid guarantee for one year. You may try a Duntley in your own home for 10 days Free of Charge.  
For more detailed information write TODAY.  
**Agents Wanted**  
Duntley Pneumatic Sweeper Co.,  
6501 S. State St., Chicago

**County Jail Empty**  
A remarkable condition exists as regards crime in DeKalb county. For the first time in the memory of the present officers of the county, there exists at the same time all the following conditions:  
No prisoner in county jail.  
No person bound over to grand jury.  
No person awaiting indictment.  
The states attorney has considered advising that no grand jury be called for the next term of circuit court, and the expenses be saved, for although the term will open in only two weeks, up to date there is nothing for a grand jury to consider. But it is deemed safer to summon a jury, in case anything should develop in the next few days.

**Card of Thanks**  
We desire to thank our friends and neighbors for their kind assistance following the death of our little one.  
Mr. and Mrs. Brockman.

**Master in Chancery's Sale of Real Estate**  
State of Illinois ) In the Circuit  
DeKalb County ) County,  
in Chancery  
William F. Becker, Partition  
vs. )  
Emil Becker, Herman )  
Becker, August F. )  
Becker, John C. Becker, )  
John Japp, Mary )  
Loptien, Martha Japp, )  
Richard Horman and )  
Louisa Becker. )  
General )  
No. 18949

In pursuance of the order and decree of said court, made and entered in said cause at the February, A. D. 1914, term, to-wit: On the 10th day of May, A. D. 1914, I shall on Tuesday, the 30th day of June, A. D. 1914, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the Exchange Bank in the City of Genoa, in said county, sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder, the following described real estate, to-wit:

The south-west quarter (¼) of section twenty-three (23), excepting therefrom the right-of-way of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company;  
The south half (½) of the south-east quarter (¼) of section twenty-three (23), excepting therefrom the right-of-way of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company;  
The north-east quarter (¼) of section twenty-six (26), except that part thereof in the south-west corner south and west of the public highway;

That part of the north-west quarter (¼) of section twenty-six (26) lying and being north and east of the public highway;  
All in township forty-two (42) north, range five (5) east of the third principal meridian, situated in the county of DeKalb and state of Illinois.

Also, lot eleven (11) in block one (1) in Travers second addition to Genoa, DeKalb county, Illinois.  
Provided, the bid upon each piece or parcel of said real estate shall be equal to at least two-thirds of the valuation put upon the same as shown by the commissioners heretofore appointed by said court to make partition thereof, or the other pieces shall at the same time sell for enough to make the total of the sales equal to at least two-thirds of said valuation.

Terms of sale: One-tenth of the purchase price to be paid in cash on the day of the sale and the balance in cash upon the confirmation of the sale by said court and the delivery of proper deed, or deeds, of conveyance of the premises so sold.  
Possession of the said premises to be given to purchaser, or purchasers, on the first day of March, A. D. 1915; and all rents accruing subsequent to date of sale to go to purchaser, at the rate of \$5.50 per annum.

A. W. FISK,  
Master in Chancery of the Circuit Court of DeKalb County, Illinois.  
GEO. BROWN  
and EARL W. BROWN,  
Solicitors for Complainant.  
34-41

**Reversing a Decision**

By EDITH MELNO.

Thomas Henderson Howie stepped grandly from the elevator, rather resentful of the elevator boy's patronizing pat on the head. Men who come downtown on business should not be patted on the head even if their mothers do possess foolish ideas that curls are cute. Men on business bent always act importantly and should be treated with deference.

The pat had the effect of stiffening Thomas Henderson Howie's small backbone to an unusual degree of ramrod stiffness, and it was a very pompous six-year-old who entered Dorrington's office.

Tim Dorrington looked up from a pile of papers with a genial smile. "Welcome to our city, Mr. Thomas Henderson Howie," he cried. "And what good fortune brings you to the office? Surely you are not about to be sued for breach of promise? I am afraid of that little Houston girl, or perhaps it is the embezzlement of preserves again?"

"It's a letter," explained Tommy stiffly, as he delivered the square white envelope into Tim's trembling hands. "I will be going now," he added as he turned away. Tim raised his hand.

"Wait a moment, please," he asked. "There may be an answer." Tommy climbed into the biggest chair and settled himself with quaint, old-fashioned gravity, while Dorrington opened and read the note. Twice the man read it, though the first time the words had seared themselves into his brain.

It was a cold, almost curt note in which Jessie Howie acknowledged the honor he had done her in offering to make her his wife, an honor she declined, regretting that there had been anything in their friendship to lead him to believe that the friendship might grow to greater intimacy.

Dorrington smiled bitterly as he read the last few lines. Surely he had had every reason to hope for a favorable answer to his letter. Jessie had been tenderness itself. With a sigh he thrust the letter into his pocket and turned to his small visitor.

"I regret, Thomas Henderson Howie," he said in the playful banter that had been suggested by the child's quaint dignity—"I regret that my pleasurable anticipations of a wild dissipation in soda water and candy in celebration of an important event have been dashed to earth. But man turns to drink both to express his joys and drown his sorrows. Therefore I pray you to descend with me to the drug store on the ground floor and assist me in the latter ceremony. They have hot chocolate with whipped cream."

"No, thank you," said Tommy politely. "I don't want any soda."

"Perhaps you prefer the stronger tippie of beef tea?" suggested Dorrington. "It is a cup that cheers without inebriety and can be rendered quite palatable if you use enough celery salt to disguise the flavor of the beef extract. Shall we go?"

"I don't want to go with you," said Tommy stolidly. "I don't like you any more. You make Jessie cry."

"That," said Tim, "is what they call an inversion of facts. Your sister has made me cry."

"I'm glad of it," said Tommy cruelly. "You made her cry lots."

"You are sure?" asked Dorrington quickly. "She was crying over my letter?"

"Lots," declared Tommy with a sweeping gesture that suggested a very flood of tears. "I went to her room to get her to sew the tail on my dog again. She was crying awfully, and she was kissing your letter and saying things."

Dorrington moved closer to the boy. "You don't remember what she said, do you?" he pleaded gently. "See if you can't think, Tommy, boy. Try hard, laddie."

Thomas Henderson Howie knitted his brows thoughtfully and assisted the mental process by solemnly wriggling his right foot. "It was something about a mean sacrifice," he said at last. "Sacrifices," he added informatively, "is where the Indians kill people and burn 'em up."

"The operation is bloodless and the fires are internal nowadays," said Dorrington softly. "What else did she say?"

something about Mr. Bowen, and Jessie cried lots more, and then she wrote the letter, and she gave me a penny for myself and kissed me."

For a moment Dorrington sat stunned. Howie had invested heavily in suburban real estate, and much of his capital was tied up in land, but Dorrington had not guessed that Mr. Howie's need was so great that he had been compelled to go to Bowen.

For nearly a year Cyrus Bowen had sought to make Jessie the fourth Mrs. Bowen. Mrs. Howie had favored his suit, for the matron was ambitious for her daughter, but it must have been dire need that caused blunt Henry Howie to add his influence. Dorrington turned to Tommy.

"Thomas Henderson Howie," he said quietly, "I pledge you the word of one man to another that I did not make Jessie cry. Will you mind the office a moment?"

He swung the youngster into the big chair before the roll top desk, supplied him with a pencil and pad and slipped from the room. It was less than a block to the office building in which Henry Howie had his suit, and shortly Dorrington entered the private office of the operator.

"You will pardon my abruptness," began Tim, "but I have just had a letter from Jessie refusing an offer of marriage. From what Tommy says I imagine that her refusal is influenced by the fact that you need Bowen's assistance, and she is the bonus for the loan. Am I right?"

For a moment Henry Howie's hands clinched and unclenched themselves nervously. The blunt statement of facts roused him to anger, but the white, tense face of the man before him restrained him from pitching Tim out of the office as he longed to do. He liked Tim, and it hurt him to give pain to the young fellow.

"You are not entirely correct in your premises," he said at length. "I believe that Jessie does contemplate marriage with Mr. Bowen. Bowen has promised to come to my aid in an extremity. That Deepdale tract has been a heavy burden to me. Bowen will take it at what I paid and pay cash. This will enable me to save other investments. Naturally Jessie is grateful to the friend who has come to my rescue and looks with favor upon his suit. I tell you this that you may understand. Of course it will go no further."

"I thank you for your confidence, which will be respected. But I want to ask what you are getting for your Deepdale holdings?" Howie looked at the younger man in surprise. "I presume that you have a reason for asking," he said. "The sum is \$10,000. That is \$200 more than I gave for the land."

"Bowen is generous in the extreme," said Dorrington, with a sneer. "No doubt you are aware that the Central and Suburban plans a cutoff to the main line that strikes the property? That will be better than the trolley which was not built. I am junior counsel for the road and I know that Bowen has known this for two weeks."

For a moment Howie shrank back, stunned at the treachery of his fancied benefactor. Bowen would make a handsome profit from his supposed charitable action.

"I suppose this is the reason you seek Jessie's hand," sneered the elder man, stung to a retort as an outlet to his feelings.

"Not at all," said Dorrington calmly. "My reason for speaking now is that they purchased my old homestead for a model town. They are to build their shops there. I had not thought of your holdings. Do you want a loan?"

Twenty minutes later Dorrington burst into his own office. "Tommy—boy," he cried, "for your great services let us get soused on soda and then buy out a candy store and take it up to Jessie. You've enabled me to beat Bowen at his own game and wipe Jessie's tears away. 'Soused' is a vulgar word, Tommy—boy, but it's expressive of my feelings, and to your uncanny powers of observation I owe the fact that I've reversed the decision."

**Wooing the Wind.**  
Mary Stuart's house at Roscoff, a little village on the coast of Finistere, now the property of the French nation, was built as a chapel marking the spot where Mary, queen of Scots, landed in 1548 to marry the dauphin. In the chapel, which is named St. Ninian, a curious custom has grown up among the Roscoff women. They gather the dust from the floor and carefully blow it in the opposite direction from where their husbands and sweethearts are out fishing. This, they believe, will assure a fair wind home.

**COWARDLY, YET BRAVE.**

There's a Curious Contradiction in the Nature of the Bedouin.

The idea that nothing is so disgraceful as cowardice is one that is not held by all races. Among the Bedouins a sheik may be the leader of his tribe only in peace. When there is war the chances are that he will relinquish his leadership to the fighting sheik.

"I have not the gift of courage," once said an Arab chief to an Englishman, apologizing for not putting himself at the head of a band that he had sent to attack another tribe.

The Englishman learned that these nomads esteemed personal bravery as a gift, for the want of which a man is no more to be censured than he is to be blamed for not being handsome.

A Bengali says, without the least sense of shame, "I am timid," and the least thing will throw him into a panic. Yet the same man will meet death, even when it approaches in the form of the hangman, with the composure of the martyr.

The British contractor in charge of some irrigation works in Bengal appointed a day for completing them by filling up the narrow gorge through which ran a small river. Unknown to the contractor, a terrible rumor had spread among the natives. Two of the workmen, it is said, were to be sacrificed to make the damming a success.

Early in the morning the contractor came on the ground with 2,000 workmen. All of them had heard the rumor, but each one thought that he perhaps would not be sacrificed.

At a signal every man filled his basket with earth and hurried to throw its contents into the gorge. As one workman was emptying his basket in the wrong place the contractor, seizing him by the neck, shoved him toward the right spot.

Unfortunately the energetic push caused the man to slip and to fall into the river. Instantly a panic struck the crowd. Every man, thinking that the sacrifice had begun, threw down his basket and scampered across the fields.

Luckily a few of the fugitives looked back as they ran. The contractor was not holding the man's head under water, as they expected. He was helping him out.

They halted and held a consultation. The others, seeing the pause, also stopped. In a few minutes all had returned to work. They had concluded that a contractor who saved one workman from drowning would not sacrifice two of them and decided that the rumor must be idle talk, started by some enemy to the irrigating works.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

**FOR SHERIFF**

I hereby announce my candidacy for the office of sheriff of DeKalb county, subject to the will and pleasure of the voters at the primaries and general election. I feel that the people of DeKalb county are well acquainted with me and my methods, and I sincerely hope that my former tenure of office has met with the approbation of all. I will be a candidate on the republican ticket and surely will appreciate the votes of all my friends and constituents.

DAN HOHM, Sycamore, Ill.  
28-tf.\*

**Republican Candidate For County Treasurer**

I wish to announce to the voters of DeKalb County that I am a Republican Candidate for County Treasurer, subject to the primary election to be held on September 9th, 1914, and respectfully solicit your support.

If nominated, and elected, I promise the people conscientious and courteous service.  
31-tf CHARLES C. POND.

**For State Senator**

To the voters of the 35th Senatorial District of the State of Illinois; I am a candidate for the office of State Senator for the 35th Senatorial District on the Republican ticket, and respectfully ask the support of the voters at the Primaries September 9, 1914.  
ADAM C. CLIFFE. 33-17

**Eggs, Eggs, Eggs**

For sale, from full Blood Single Comb White Leghorns, fine layers. No poor shaped eggs put in for hatching. 15 for 75c or 100 for \$450. Phone No. 912-32.  
Mrs. Francis A. Reph. R. D. Sycamore. 23-13t\*

**Source of All Trouble.**  
Most of the trouble in this world is due to the fact that about one-half the people in it are men and the other half women.—Chicago News.

**A Man of Brains**  
Zibe Landers of the Ogle County Republican says: "The DeKalb newspapers are roaring because the action of their public officials is so 'durned slow' in confirming the appointment of A. F. Hiland, the newly chosen postmaster". Well, what can they hope for when they send such a chimpanzee as Hinebaugh, of Ottawa, to represent them in the halls of congress? It is high time the fellows over in the next district quit "sending a bag to mill" and get behind Charles Fuller, a man of brains—who can deliver the goods, who knows how to take care of people's business, and who will vote and boost for the best interest of the farmer, the mechanic the business man and the common laborer.

**EVERY SATURDAY NIGHT**  
**Dance!**  
**Slater's Hall**  
Tickets 50c. Patterson's Orchestra  
SLATER & PRAIN, MGRS.


**NEW FIRM NEW METHODS**  
We have purchased the E. H. Richardson Restaurant and will conduct the business as a  
**Strictly First Class Restaurant**  
THE BEST THE MARKETS AFFORD  
WILL BE SERVED UPON ALL OCCASIONS  
Special Sunday Dinners---Ladies Invited  
We invite you to give us a trial. We are here to please  
**RYAN & GOODYEAR**

**SEWER PIPE AND FITTINGS**


When you need sewer pipe and fittings for your house connections to the sewer, call on us. We have a large stock, with all fittings--the same pipe as used on the sewer.

**Tibbits, Cameron Lumber Co.**  
JAMES PRUTZMAN, MANAGER

**JUNK!**  
IRON - RAGS - PAPER  
always in the way and unsightly about the premises, but they represent money.  
**I PAY CASH**  
for junk and the highest prices possible. Call me up any time and I will see you.  
**SEE MY IRON FENCE BRAC**  
**J. GOODMAN, GENOA, ILL.**  
PHONE 146




## Why the Haynes develops more than its rated horsepower



The Haynes motor is built in the Haynes factory. Elwood Haynes, President of the Company—inventor, metallurgist—passes on all metals used in its construction.

The crankshaft, camshaft, cylinders, and, in fact, all vital parts are made by Haynes experts; each part is subjected to the most rigid test and inspection before being built into the car.

All moving parts on the



America's First Car

including the pistons, connecting rods, crankshafts and flywheel, are accurately balanced.

The spheroscope is used to test all parts that have been heat-treated, to insure the proper degree of hardness and to detect defective material.

Every magneto, every carburetor, every starting motor and lighting generator—every unit of the car—receives a careful, scrupulous test.

The transmission shafts are mounted on Timken bearings, which give a sturdy construction and reduce friction to the minimum. The axles likewise are designed to overcome friction without sacrificing strength.

The design is so well balanced that the car weighs practically the same at each wheel.

That's why the Haynes develops more than its rated horsepower.

That's why it has unusual hill-climbing ability.

That's why the Haynes has enjoyed uninterrupted success for twenty-one years.

The Haynes "Four," 48 dynamometer horsepower, 118 inch wheelbase...\$1785 and \$1985  
 The Haynes "Six," 65 dynamometer horsepower, 130 inch wheelbase...\$2500 and \$2700  
 The Haynes "Eight," 85 dynamometer horsepower, 136 inch wheelbase...\$2885 and \$3085

"The Complete Motorist" by Elwood Haynes, Father of the American Automobile Industry, fully describing the Vulcan Electric Gear Shift, will be mailed upon receipt of ten cents in stamps. Write to

**THE HAYNES AUTOMOBILE COMPANY**  
 26 Main Street, Kokomo, Indiana  
 Builders of America's First Car

The Haynes car is handled by direct factory branch at 1702 Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill., and by dealers throughout Illinois, Indiana, Michigan and Wisconsin.

**Dealers:** The Haynes sells readily because of its mechanical features. You may be in open territory—send for catalog and four pages of detailed specifications, giving over 600 items which comprise the Haynes. Write us right now!

THE HAYNES AUTOMOBILE CO., 26 Main St., Kokomo, Ind.  
 Enclosed find 10 cents in stamps. Please send me Elwood Haynes' Book, "The Complete Motorist."

Name.....  
 Address.....  
 I expect to buy a car about.....



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Largest Steamships in the World

NEW YORK TO  
PARIS, LONDON, HAMBURG

Sailing alternately every 10 days in addition to the large transatlantic steamers KAISERIN AUGUSTE VICTORIA, VICTORIA LUISE, MOITKE, PRESIDENT GRANT, PRESIDENT LINCOLN, frequent sailings.

STEAMERS SAILING TO HAMBURG DIRECT  
 For those of moderate means wishing to visit Europe, the large well-known steamers PENNSYLVANIA, PRETORIA and GRAN WALTERSEEE offer exceptional accommodations at low rates.

From BOSTON to LONDON, PARIS, HAMBURG  
 By the well-known transatlantic steamers AMERIKA, CINCINNATI, CLEVELAND.

CRUISES TO ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD  
 Write for full information.

### HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE

41-45 Broadway, New York, or local agents

**Couldn't Blame the Pump.**  
 A lumberman having awakened on a Sunday morning in a "dry town," after a big spree of the night before, searched his pockets in vain. Being very thirsty, he remembered stumbling over a pump in the alley back of the hotel.

He hastened to the pump and began pumping, but without results, as the pump had not been primed. He slowly backed away and, eyeing the pump, said: "Well, I don't blame you for not working, anyhow. I wouldn't patronize you when I had money."

Dr. Perry's Vermifuge "Dead Shot" kills and expels Worms in a very few hours.

**No Self-Classification.**  
 Blinks—Yes, I'm the goat.  
 Jinks—Well, that's no reason you should look so sheepish.


**The Reason.**  
 "The French insist on civil weddings."  
 "That must be because they are such a polite people."

Be sure that you ask for Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, and look for the signature of Wm. Wright on wrapper and box. For Constipation, Biliousness and Indigestion. Adv.

**The Patriotic Play.**  
 "That Mexican comedy of yours is a scream."  
 "Yes; an Eagle's scream."

Anybody can dye successfully with Putnam Fadeless Dyes. Adv.

**Evasive.**  
 "They say that girl can lead anybody by the nose."  
 "The story is miss-leading."



## PIMPLES BOILS CARBUNCLES ACHES CHILLS PAINS

Are "Danger Signals"—the human system's method of giving warning that the blood has become impoverished and circulation poor. In this condition the human body is almost powerless to resist the more serious illness. Don't delay. You need

### DR. PIERCE'S Golden Medical Discovery

It gets to work immediately at the seat of your trouble—the Stomach. It lends a helping hand. Helps to digest the food. Tones up the stomach. Soon brings back normal conditions. Food is properly assimilated and turned into rich, red blood. Every organ is strengthened and every tissue re-vitalized.

Made from roots taken from our great American forests. Try this remedy now. Sold by Medicine Dealers in liquid or tablet form—or send 50c to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., for trial box.

You can have the complete "Medical Adviser" of 1000 pages—cloth bound—free by sending Dr. Pierce 31c for wrapping and mailing.

## FIGHT THE CHINCH-BUG

STATE ENTOMOLOGIST TELLS HOW TO COMBAT THE PEST.

Wheat Fields Should Be Surrounded at Harvest Time With Barriers of Road Oil or Creosote.

By STEPHEN A. FORBES, State Entomologist.

The condition and distribution of the chinch-bug in its winter quarters in this state make it probable that at least 24 counties of western and west-central Illinois will be injuriously infested by chinch-bugs this year. This infestation may, however, be reduced by very wet weather in the spring; on the other hand, if the weather is dry, it may be extended over several counties additional by the spread of the bugs over the country as they come out from their winter quarters, or by their rapid multiplication in districts where their numbers are small.

Our experience of the year 1913 has strongly confirmed the previous conclusion, that wheat harvest is the best time to attack the chinch-bug in Illinois. Beyond a doubt a field of corn lying beside a field of heavily infested wheat can be completely protected against injury by chinch-bugs moving out of the wheat on foot at harvest time, by laying upon the ground between the fields a narrow line of No. 7 road-oil (from Whiting, Ind.), or of crude creosote, or of crude carbolic acid, renewing this line at intervals of one to three days or more, and trapping and killing the bugs by means of post-holes at intervals of about 20 feet beside the line.

It is also certain that any farmer can virtually exterminate the chinch-bugs infesting a field of wheat by surrounding it with such barriers at the proper time, and keeping the line of road-oil or creosote in an effective condition for a period of 15 to 20 days, and we have every reason to believe that a general community operation of this sort would so reduce the number of the first generation of the chinch-bugs that little or no damage could be done by those of the second generation. The larger the percentage of farmers using these harvest-time methods effectively in any community, the less will be the injury to corn and other crops during the latter part of the summer.

The cost of the whole operation, if road-oil is used, will be approximately \$32 for a mile of the barrier for the season, of which \$9 will be for materials, and \$23 for labor of the farmer and his team. If creosote is used, the entire cost will be approximately \$28 a mile, of which \$13 will be for materials and \$15 for the labor of man and team.

We have further learned by experiment and extensive practical use that solutions of certain kinds of laundry soap, containing three ounces of soap to the gallon of water, will kill chinch-bugs of all ages, when freely sprayed upon them; and we have found a small, portable, compressed air sprayer a cheap, convenient and effective apparatus for spraying infested fields. Under certain conditions young corn sometimes becomes dangerously infested by chinch-bugs in early spring, and this spraying method then offers the only means of saving the crop. Many fields were so rescued, at small cost, in the spring of 1912.

To get the full benefit of these facts it is, of course, necessary that they should be made known in full detail to those whose crops are endangered; and it is also necessary that counties should be organized for co-operation as generally and as completely as possible, to make sure that the largest possible number may be included in the use these methods persistently. We have found the organization of country communities quite practicable where the officers of the county farmers' institute and of the commercial organization of the country town will unite in a call for a meeting at the county seat. At such a meeting a general committee may be appointed containing one representative from each township in the county, who will undertake to get local meetings of the farmers—by school districts, as a rule—at which circulars of this office may be distributed and instructions may be given in a way to provide for the beginning of the work. In any county where a meeting of this description is called, a representative of this office may be had to address the meeting on the subject, and to assist in further steps for the organization of the county; and as the campaign proceeds, all necessary assistance will be given by field agents of the office in securing a timely supply of materials for the operations above described and in carrying the work on in the most effective manner.

It is the immediate object of this article to invite officers of institutes and business organizations to call such meetings in the counties threatened, and especially in those counties in which no such organization work has heretofore been attempted. Hundreds of thousands of dollars in crop values may be saved by energetic and intelligent action in this direction; and some people may be encouraged and accustomed to organize and act together in cases of emergency where the common interest is concerned.

## BOOKS FOR FARM LIBRARIES

List of Additional Works Recommended by Committee of the Illinois Farmers' Institute.

By H. A. McKEENE, Secretary Illinois Farmers' Institute.

At an annual meeting of the board of directors of the Illinois Farmers' Institute the committee on agricultural books reported, recommending that a few more books be added to the list of those already approved by the committee.

The spirit of inquiry along all agricultural lines is so active and the flood of farm literature that is being published in consequence is so great that in response to the demand for information as to that which is reliable the committee examines all new books on agriculture and finds many that are of doubtful and indifferent character, some positively bad from a scientific standpoint, while others are true, scientific and easily understood, and are applicable to Illinois conditions. The list of books recommended, and their authors, follow:

"Adventures in Contentment," David Grayson.  
 "Bacteria in Relation to Country Life," Lipman.  
 "Beginnings in Animal Husbandry," Plumb.  
 "Beef Production," Mumford.  
 "Co-operation in Agriculture," Powell.  
 "Economics of Forestry," Fernow.  
 "Farm Management," Warren.  
 "Farm Manures," Thorne.  
 "Feeds and Feeding," Henry.  
 "Farm Structures," Ekblaw.  
 "Home and School Gardens," Meter.  
 "New Lives for Old," Carleton.  
 "One Way Out," Carleton.  
 "Our Insect Friends and Enemies," Smith.  
 "Principles of Rural Economics," Carver.  
 "Soil Fertility and Permanent Agriculture," Hopkins.  
 "Soil Book," F. I. Mann.  
 "The Challenge of Our Country," Fiske.  
 "The Granger Movement," Buck.  
 "The Story of the Soil," Hopkins.  
 "Types and Breeds of Farm Animals," Plumb.

## FEEDING THE YOUNG CHICK

Chances of Living Are Better if It Gets No Food for First Three Days.

(From an address before the Central Farmers' Institute at Lincoln, by D. E. HALE, editor Successful Poultry Journal.)

"A chicken that is properly grown is growing every day. If fewer chicks were lost before they were 30 days old the profits would be nearly doubled. One reason so many chicks develop bowel trouble, which is the most common cause of death in young chicks, is because they are fed too soon and too much.

"You have no doubt heard or read how the yolk of the egg is taken into the chick's body during the last 24 hours of incubation. It requires 72 hours for this yolk to digest, and if we feed the first thing, the digestive organs become packed, the food sours and decays before it digests, and bowel trouble and death result.

"We have heard people say that the chick would not eat if it were not hungry. Did you ever see a baby of any kind, from the human baby to the pups, pigs, calves, etc., that would not put in its mouth anything it could get hold of? Babies will do it right after a full meal, and the natural instinct of the chick is to peck at everything bright it sees.

"Study the methods of the old hen a little. She steals her nest down in the woods and brings off a brood of sturdy chicks. Does she proceed to stuff them with patent foods? Decidedly not. They get very little, if anything, to eat the first few days, for the simple reason that they cannot get it, and the yolk, as we have described, does furnish the necessary nourishment until they can hunt for their food."

After First Three Weeks.

After the pigs are two or three weeks old, there is not much danger and the sow should be fed all she will eat up clean of a feed of a milk-producing nature. There is nothing better for this than ground feed raised on the farm, mixed up with skim milk from the dairy and fed in a thickish slop, three parts milk to one part ground feed.

Packing Eggs.

To pack eggs in salt use "coarse fine," cover the bottom of tub first with three inches salt. On this place the eggs, large end down, far enough apart so they will not touch each other or sides of tub. Then cover this layer entirely with salt, follow by another layer of eggs, and so on until tub is full. Keep in a cool, dry place.

How to Catch Sheep.

Ordinarily it does no harm to catch a sheep by the hind leg, but to catch a sheep heavy with lamb in this way often proves costly. By crook or hand catch them on the underside of the neck, throwing the right hand and arm around the hip. If this is done right not the slightest harm can be done no matter how much they struggle.

Mongrel Has no Standing.

The mongrel hen has no commercial standing. She is on a par with the scrub cow and the razor back hog. There can be no guarantee of profit from any bird or animal that is not bred up to some particular object.

## EXPERT'S ANTIDOTE FAILED TO WORK

Snake Trainer, Owner of 500 Reptiles, Dies From Puncture in Wrist.

## BITTEN BY A KRAIT

Estimated That Their Bites Cause Fully 20,000 Deaths Annually in India—Said to Be Lots of Them in That Country.

Calcutta, India.—The death occurred here recently of a man for whom it is claimed that he was without equal in his skill in handling snakes. This was Professor Fox, an Australian snake farmer, who came to India a little time ago to prove the efficiency of what he claimed to be a perfectly sure antidote to the virus of a snake.

Fox had been successful in all his experiments with animals in the Calcutta zoo, and had just treated a goat which had been bitten and was leaning on a box containing poisonous snakes when a krait, one of the most venomous of Indian snakes, escaped and punctured Fox's wrist in five places.

Fox, who had often submitted to snake bite in order to show the efficacy of his antidote, was in no way perturbed and treated four of the bites at once. Later in the day symptoms of poisoning developed and the tiny fifth puncture was discovered. It was then too late, as the antidote only acts if applied at once, and Fox died the same evening.

Fox was well known in Australia. His snake farm was a few miles outside of Sydney, where he kept over five hundred snakes, most of which he had caught in the brush. His business was to extract the poison from the snakes and sell it to the chemists, and for this purpose he farmed snakes as other people farm pigs or poultry, and moved about his stock as fearlessly as if they were rabbits.

On his snake hunts he tracked his prey with the cunning and patience of



Handled Them Without Gloves.

a cat and could see a snake's trail where it was absolutely invisible to the ordinary eye.

Having found a snake, probably asleep after a meal, he had to get it alive and uninjured into his bag. He rarely tried to lift up a coiled snake. It was a most difficult thing to do, and he always preferred to catch the reptile when, stretched to its full length, it was gliding away from him. He then approached from behind, caught it firmly by the tail, and as it turned its head to strike he would catch it by the neck also and place it in the bag.

A fighting snake—for instance, a tiger snake—be preferred to tire out before attempting to handle, and would faint and dodge for an hour or end as the snake, with head slightly raised, darted at him, striking viciously this way and that. He disdained legging or gloves and always worked among his snakes with his shirtleeves rolled up above his elbows.

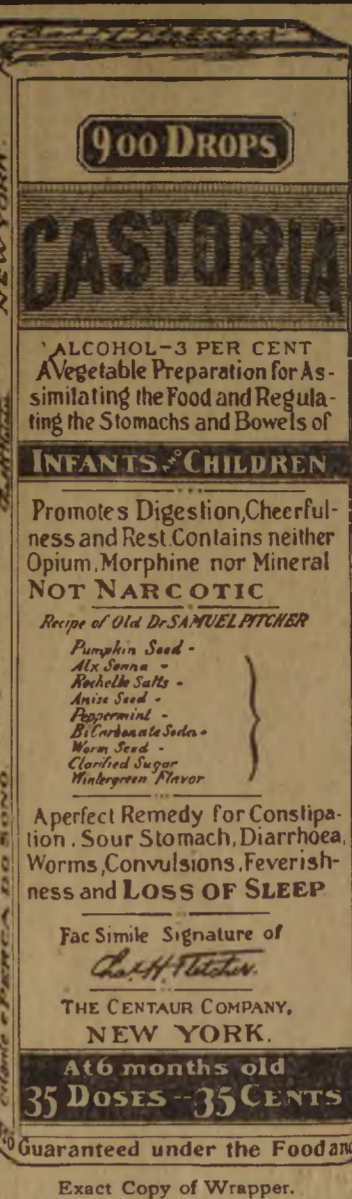
He had been bitten over one hundred times and used the antidote of his own discovery.

In India, the country of fatal snake bite, there are about twenty thousand deaths annually, but in Australia, where the snakes are almost as venomous, it is doubtful if there are a dozen. The reasons probably lie in the fact that Australians wear thick boots and leggings, and every Australian has been taught from babyhood up what to do in case of snake bite. This at the expense of the government, which placards all schools and railway stations with "snake bite precautions."

Any small child bitten by a snake knows that he must instantly tie tight ligatures above and below the wound and then slash the part freely to let the flow of blood carry away the venom. Many a lad willingly sacrifices a finger tip rather than run the risk of dying of snake bite, and will instantly chop off the tip himself and then hurry off for treatment.

Disable Men With Sleep.

Dresden.—Exploding shells generating fumes that will put men to sleep, but not seriously injure them, is the war invention of a woman.



## 900 DROPS CASTORIA

ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT  
 Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral  
**NOT NARCOTIC**

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHEE

Pumpkin Seed -  
 Aloe Sassa -  
 Anise Seed -  
 Licorice -  
 Worm Seed -  
 Clarified Sugar -  
 Waterbury, Pittsford

Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP

Fac Simile Signature of  
 Dr. J. C. H. HITCHCOCK

THE CENTAUR COMPANY,  
 NEW YORK.

At 6 months old  
**35 DROPS—35 CENTS**

Guaranteed under the Food and Drug Act.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

## JUST SAVED THE SITUATION

British Royalty's Narrow Escape From What Might Be Called "Simply Awful" Position.

When truth gets a fair inning she rarely fails to be much funnier than fiction. Strange to say, old England, where truth is supposed to be always dimly sober, now and then makes quite a merry record. A rector of the Church of England, in a remote parish in Wiltshire recently discovered among his parishioners a fine old figure of a woman, age one hundred and four, the widow of an innkeeper. This ancient dame has eight sons living, six of whom have served in either the army or the navy. The rector wrote informing King George of these things, and the king ordered a warm congratulatory telegram to be sent to her.

Just as the telegram was sent off, the rector, having received additional testimony concerning the "old un," wrote again, explaining that she had been twice divorced, and had not gone through the marriage ceremony at all with the man of her latest household. Another wire was promptly sent at work at the king's command, ordering the postmaster at the other end to stop delivery of the royal congratulatory telegram, and that functionary had barely time to grab the coattails of the messenger with the bicycle as he was about to make delivery.

Easy Payments.

"Please, sir," said the maid to the head of the house, "there's a gentleman here to see you on business."

"Tell him to take a chair."

"Oh, he's already taken them all, and now he's after the table. He's from the installment house."—New York Herald.

## LIVING ADVERTISEMENT

Glow of Health Speaks for Postum.

It requires no scientific training to discover whether coffee disagrees or not.

Simply stop it for a time and use Postum in place of it, then note the beneficial effects. The truth will appear.

"Six years ago I was in a very bad condition," writes a Tenn. lady. "I suffered from indigestion, nervousness and insomnia.

"I was then an inveterate coffee drinker, but it was long before I could be persuaded that it was coffee that hurt me. Finally I decided to leave it off a few days and find out the truth. The first morning I left off coffee I had a raging headache, so I decided I must have something to take the place of coffee." (The headache was caused by the reaction of the coffee drug—caffeine.)

"Having heard of Postum through a friend who used it, I bought a package and tried it. I did not like it at first but after I learned how to make it right, according to directions on pkg., I would not change back to coffee for anything.

"When I began to use Postum I weighed only 117 lbs. Now I weigh 170 and as I have not taken any tonic in that time I can only attribute my present good health to the use of Postum in place of coffee.

"My husband says I am a living advertisement for Postum."

Name given by the Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Postum now comes in two forms: Regular Postum—must be well boiled, 15c and 25c packages. Instant Postum—is a soluble powder. A teaspoonful dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage instantly 30c and 50c tins.

The cost per cup of both kinds is about the same.

"There's a Reason" for Postum.  
 —sold by Grocers.

# CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of

of  
*Dr. J. C. H. Hitchcock*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

## CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Consolation.

Yeast—It is said that one-fifth more milk will be given by a cow which is sung to as she is milked.

Crimsonbeak—After all, there seems to be some good reasons why a man should thank his lucky stars that he was not born a cow.

Sore Eyes, Granulated Eyelids and Siles promptly healed with Roman Eye Balsam. Adv.

A man may be as old as he feels, but a woman is generally older than she thinks she looks.

## Are Your Kidneys Weak?

You may have kidney trouble and not know it. The only signs may be occasional tingles in the small of the back, constant lameness, dizzy spells or some annoying irregularity of the kidney action.

But no sign of kidney trouble can be safely ignored. Kidney disease moves rapidly. It leads to dropsy, gravel, Bright's disease, rheumatism.

If you suspect that your kidneys are sluggish, use Doan's Kidney Pills, which have relieved thousands.

An Illinois Case

"Every Picture Tells a Story"

Mrs. William Dressen, 2419 W. Lake St., Chicago, Ill., says: "I thought I was going to die from kidney disease. My back ached awfully and I could hardly get around. I had headaches and dizzy spells and sometimes the pain was so bad, I screamed. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me and not a sign of kidney trouble has ever returned."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box  
**DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS**  
 FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

## Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

### CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress After Eating.

**SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.**

Genuine must bear Signature

*Asa Wood*

## PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c and 1.00 at Drugstore.

## DAISY FLY KILLER

placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Best, clean, ornamental, convenient, cheap. Keeps flies all season. Made of metal, can't rust or tip over, will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. All dealers or nearest express paid for \$1.00.

HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Our \$100 "BABY" Bonds return 7% of interest, plus 1% in semi-annual dividends. They are the present popular form of investment for careful investors. Thousands of men and women all over the United States are buying Baby Bonds. Put down and fill a month for months. Bond delivered on first payment. Mail postal. Send your "Baby" Bond investment proposition. Bond Dept., American Finance & Bond Co., Birmingham, Ala.

SPLENDID PAYING BUSINESS ready for return, investment, over thirty years old, to take hold of as district agent. Large corporation. Productive and actively advertised. Thousands use and endorse. Every home needs daily. Investment of \$1.50 fully secured. Position should pay at least \$200 yearly. Satisfaction references required. 504 Curtis Bldg., Buffalo, N. Y.

CHEAP SOO RAILWAY GRANT—LANDS in Upper Wisconsin cover and affords best. Easy terms. Bowler & Hale, Railway Mail Agents, Ashland, Wis.

## Pettit's Eye Salve

RELIEVES SORE EYES

W. N. U., CHICAGO, NO. 21-1914.

# KINGSTON NEWS

FRED P. SMITH, CORRESPONDENT

Frank Wilson was a Sycamore caller Tuesday.  
John Helsdon was a visitor in Rockford Sunday.  
Fred Helsdon of Chicago, visited relatives here Sunday.  
Dr. E. C. Burton was a business visitor in Rockford Saturday.  
Louise Deitrich of Dixon, spent Sunday at the S. Witter home.

**GENOA ENCAMPMENT No. 121**  
Odd Fellows Hall  
2nd and 4th Friday of each month  
KLINE SHIPMAN, Chief Patriarch  
J. W. SOWERS, Scribe

**Genoa Nest No. 1017**  
Order of Owls  
Meets 1st and 3d Tuesdays Each Month  
M. MALANA, Pres.  
F. L. KOHLBURNER, Sec.

**C. A. Patterson**  
DENTIST  
Hours: 8:30 to 12:00 a. m.  
1:00 to 5:00 p. m.  
Office in Exchange Bank Building

**Dr. J. W. Ovitz**  
Physician and Surgeon  
Office over Slater's Store.  
Hours: 10:00 to 12:00 a. m.  
2:00 to 4:30 p. m.  
Phone No. 11 7:00 to 8:30 p. m.

**J. D. Corson D. V. M.**  
Veterinarian  
Office and Hospital  
Stott and Main Sts.  
Phone 1762

**EVALINE LODGE No. 34**  
Meet 4th Tuesday of each month in I. O. O. F. Hall  
E. M. Trautman, Perfect  
Fannie M. Heed, Secy

**Genoa Camp No. 163 M. W. A.**  
Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month.  
Visiting neighbors welcome  
B. C. Awe, V. C. A. R. Slater, Clerk

**SAW DENTIST A. D. HADSALL**  
X cut saws 10c per lineal foot.  
Hand and Buck saws, price according to condition of saw.

**GENOA LODGE NO. 288 A. F. & A. M.**  
Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month  
J. G. C. PIRKCK W. M.  
T. M. Frazier Secy.

**GENOA LODGE No. 768 I. O. O. F.**  
Meets every Monday evening - in Odd Fellow Hall.  
D. R. MARTIN J. W. Sowers, Sec. N. G.

## EASY LICE KILLER

Not Easy on The Lice, But EASY TO APPLY

Simply hang the open bottle of "LICECIL" in the chicken house and the fumes will put the lice out of business. It is the greatest insect killer on the market. Call and look over the directions and you will never again be pestered with the insect powder nuisance. It keeps the lice out of the nests and off the roosts.

**IRA W. DOUGLASS** Genoa, Illinois.  
PHONE NO. 67

Ren Whitney of Belvidere was calling on friends here Tuesday.  
Miss Gladys Burgess was a Sycamore visitor one day last week.  
Misses Cora and Dora Bell and Ferne Gustavison spent Saturday in Rockford.  
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stark are the parents of a son, born Wednesday, May 20.  
Miss Lena Bacon of Elgin, was the guest of relatives here Saturday and Sunday.  
Mrs. Horace Biggs from Kirkland, visited at the home of W. H. Bell last Friday.  
Mrs. Emily McCollom visited with relatives in Fairdale and Esmond, Wednesday.  
Miss Lorena Wells and M. Leonard were guests at the Schmeltzer home Sunday.  
Mrs. Lucy Witt and Alvin Brainard from Herbert, were Kingston visitors Sunday.  
Dr. and Mrs. E. C. Burton entertained the latter's brother, Roy Brown, of Rockford, Sunday.  
Miss Beatrice Ort visited at the home of her sister, Mrs. Geo. Helsdon, in Belvidere, over Sunday.  
Mrs. W. W. Wells of Sycamore, visited at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Ed Schneltzer, last week Thursday.  
Mrs. Emily McCollom was a guest at the Rev. W. H. Tuttle home in Winnebago, last week Thursday.  
Mr. and Mrs. George Winchester and daughter, Dorothy, visited with relatives in Garden Prairie, Saturday and Sunday.  
Mrs. Stuart Sherman and daughter, Bessie, were guests of relatives and friends in Belvidere the fore part of this week.

Miss Ruth Leonard of Byron, who is attending school in DeKalb, spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Wilson.  
F. P. Smith and wife are entertaining Mrs. Albert Smith of Whitewater, Wisconsin. Their guest is to remain several days.  
Mr and Mrs. J. F. Aurner and Mrs. Emily McCollom autoed in the former's car to Genoa, Sycamore Cortland and DeKalb, Monday.  
Misses Hazel and Jennie Fitzgerald from Malta, and Mabel McCarthy of Rockford, were over Sunday guests at the home of Jas. Minnegan.  
Mrs. L. H. Branch and daughters, Laura and Bertha, are visiting at the home of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Falkerston at Milan, Mich.  
Mrs. E. C. Burton and daughters, and Mr. and Mrs. Ed Taylor were at Belvidere this week to see John Taylor, who is in poor health. He is at the home of his daughter, Mrs. D. F. Lucas.  
The subject of the sermon at the Kingston Baptist church next Sunday morning, by the pastor, Rev. D. G. Gentz, will be "The Deity of Jesus Christ." A representative of the anti-saloon League will occupy the pulpit at the evening service. All are invited to come.  
The Kingston Farmers' Club will hold a picnic in the Kingston park where the flowing well is, on Saturday, June 6. A. J. Lovejoy of Roscoe, Ill., will talk about the raising and breeding of hogs. Wm. G. Eckhardt of DeKalb, County Agriculturist, and others will be present and deliver some interesting talks. Everybody come. Everybody bring their dinner. Everybody eat it.

High Mountains of Wyoming.  
The highest mountain in Wyoming is Gannett peak, whose elevation, according to a chart published by the United States geological survey, is 13,785 feet above sea level. The Grand Teton is a close second at 13,747 feet, and Fremont peak is only seventeen feet lower. There are six additional mountains higher than 13,000 feet, their elevations ranging from 13,007 feet for Knife Point mountain to 13,000 feet for Mount Helen. But these are not all the lofty mountains in the state, for there are in addition twenty-one named peaks and about forty unnamed peaks whose altitudes are above 12,000 feet. Wyoming has, therefore, some seventy mountain peaks that rise more than 12,000 feet above sea level.

Reduced Size.  
After a concert at Manchester, England, Joachim, the great violinist, was at a station, waiting for a train.  
A respectable looking man, apparently a navy in his best clothes, paced at his side awhile, watching him with close interest. Finally he asked for a light and got it. As he drew at his pipe to get it started he looked Joachim full in the face. Then, just as he was about to go on, he tapped the violinist's chest impressively.  
"But Paganini was the man," said he.  
Joachim used to say that he never felt so small in his life. Whole pages of learned musical criticism had never begun to whittle him down so fine.

Naming Bloemfontein.  
Bloemfontein was named after a robber called Jan Bloem, the son of a German father and half caste mother, who wandered about the wilds of Africa in the eighteenth century with a following of Hottentots and settled on the spot where Bloemfontein now stands. He lived by plunder and became one of the richest and most powerful captains of the Hottentots. He named the place Bloemfontein, and the name has remained to this day.—Johannesburg Chronicle.  
Old Time Beauty Wash.  
A famous lotion of colonial days, known as "morning days," consisted of one ounce of rosewater, half an ounce of glycerin, half a teaspoonful of borax and three drops of benzoin. The quantities may be multiplied if a greater amount is needed. The lotion is applied to the chapped face, made rough from wind or exposure, with a bit of old linen.

**Employers' Liability Indemnity INSURANCE**  
Protects you against the Employers' Liability Act --should a person get hurt while working for you  
**FIRE AND TORNADO INSURANCE**  
Life, Health, Accident and Live Stock Insurance  
**C. A. BROWN AGENT**  
Genoa - Illinois

**ARE YOU SATISFIED**  
with commonplace wall papers—or have you secretly envied the more artistic decorations of your neighbors & friends.

**THE PRICE**  
—but that would be telling. Better come in and see for yourself.

**SLATER & SON**

### OUR EYES IN THE DARK.

Why We Are Liable to Think We "See Things" in a Dim Light.

Every one must at times have asked himself why familiar objects in a dim light tend to assume fantastic and oftentimes alarming appearances.

The explanation is to be found in the special conditions of night vision. The pupils are widely dilated, and, as in the photographic lens with a large diaphragm, the apparatus or accommodation can focus only for one plane. As the faculty of estimating distances is in a great measure lost in the obscurity, we cannot focus with precision, and a blurred, uncertain line is thrown upon the retina.

Then, too, colors viewed in a fading light lose their distinguishing hue in a fixed sequence until a point is reached at which everything becomes of one uniform gray tint.

It follows that the images which are transmitted to the visual centers are profoundly modified in color and outline, and as they enter the eye through the widely dilated pupil at an altogether unusual angle the movement of locomotion gives them a peculiar mobility.

Now, one relies on experience for the interpretation of sensorial impressions, and when these show themselves suddenly in an unusual form they create a feeling of insecurity which finds expression in mental perturbation and more or less violent motor impulses. In fact the subject finds himself in the position of a horse which sees a rapidly advancing motorcar for the first time and does not know what to make of it.

Imagination aiding, these blurred, mobile and uncertain images are susceptible of the most phantasmagoric interpretation, and in persons who are not accustomed to control sensorial impressions by the exercise of the intelligence the impressions are accepted as realities and acted upon accordingly.

Gamekeepers and others who are accustomed to night work make allowance for phenomena of this class and correct the visual deficiency by the aid of other senses, such as hearing, which are not dependent on light.—British Medical Journal.

**SUGGESTION**  
Additions to your home equipment, after house cleaning:  
**An Electric Vacuum Cleaner**  
**An Electric Washing Machine**  
**An Electric Iron**  
**An Electric Fan**  
We sell the standard makes of all of them at  
**ATTRACTIVE PRICES**  
**ILLINOIS NORTHERN UTILITIES COMPANY**

**ARE YOU SATISFIED**  
with commonplace wall papers—or have you secretly envied the more artistic decorations of your neighbors & friends.

**THE PRICE**  
—but that would be telling. Better come in and see for yourself.

**SLATER & SON**

### New Lebanon

A. Wallace was an Elgin visitor Wednesday.  
Mr. and Mrs. Ben Awe visited in Burlington Sunday.  
Lem Gray and family visited at Art Hartman's Sunday.  
Remember Sunday school and church next Sunday afternoon.  
Mrs. Will Dumolin and daughter, Amelia, visited in Genoa last week.  
Arthur and Lewis Hartman and families were Sycamore visitors Sunday.  
Miss Nettie Gray and Mrs. C. W. Klome were Elgin visitors Tuesday.  
Mrs. Chas. Coon and Miss Millie Peterson were Elgin visitors Monday.  
Brotzman & Dalby received two car loads of Wisconsin cattle Sunday night at this station.  
Mrs. Arthur Hartman has been having a serious time with the tooth ache the past few days.  
Will Axtater returned to work at the Neola elevator Saturday, after an absence of a week attending the wedding of his friend, Mr.

Bitzer. Mr. Lastholm, who was relieving him left Saturday night for Stillman Valley.  
Louis Hartman is the owner of a fine new Vielie six passenger automobile, having disposed of his former car.  
Ellison & Robinson, the new dry land dredging firm have received a car load of dredging outfit and expect to start work on the Japp branch of Coon Creek as soon as possible.

**Unanswered Prayer.**  
Did you ever notice how hard it is at the table to get a cupful of coffee? —Denver Times.

**ELECTRICAL WORK SEE G. J. KIBURZ AT THE ELECTRIC SHOP (THE OLD SLATER STORE) For Electric Wiring, Fixtures, Supplies, and all kinds of ELECTRIC REPAIR WORK TELEPHONE 90**

**Some Men Are Like That.**  
"There was my Uncle Hick McKitt-trick, for instance," related Hap Hazard. "He spent half his life in collecting a table top out of 28,861 different pieces of wood and the rest of his life in bragging about it."

Anyone can Apply  
**CAMPBELL'S Varnish Stain**  
Made in all colors  
For Finishing Floors, Furniture and all Interior Woodwork  
Stains and varnishes with one sweep of the brush. You can apply it yourself and get fine results. It will beautify your home.  
Carpenter-Morton Co., Boston, Mass.  
FLY SWATTER FREE  
With a purchase of Campbell's Varnish Stain, 25 cent size or larger, from dealer named below, this ad clipped and signed by him is good for one Fly Swatter, free, by mailing direct to the manufacturer.  
FOR SALE BY  
**S. S. Slater & Son**

The Celebrated  
**AMERICAN WOVEN WIRE FENCE**  
**JACKMAN & SON**  
TELEPHONE 57

**C. F. HALL COMPANY, ILLINOIS, DUNDEE**

**SHOE BARGAINS**  
Ladies' \$1.50 Shoe Sale  
100 pairs ladies' 2 50 and 3 49 kid patent and dull leather lace shoes; all good, desirable styles. Button shoes being strongly in demand the firm from which we bought was over stocked on lace shoes and sacrificed them.  
Choice.....\$1.50  
**MEN'S LIGHT SHOES**  
Good, heavy weight stitched and nailed oak soles, calf skin uppers, plain or cap toe....\$2.00  
Men's muleskin shoes, outing styles.....\$1.50  
**BOYS' NEW BARGAINS**  
The famous K. & E. waists, practically all sizes, best gingham and percales; special lot to close out. Limited supply of 50c waists 2 for.....75c  
Boys' knee pants, for hard, everyday wear; mixed wools and cottonades; sizes to 16.  
Lot 1 choice 25c Lot 2 choice 30c  
**Norfolk Suits \$2.00 and \$3.45**  
These are two specially fine bargain lots of the latest styles of spring suits, 3 to 18 suits in a lot, closed out to us way below regular prices. See these at  
**\$2.00 and \$3.45**  
**YARD GOODS**  
Fine Materials, Low in Price  
31-in linen finished suiting, remnants at.....9c  
36-in. pink, blue, grey, green or tan ratines.....10c  
New plaids for skirts, latest styles, loose weave.....12 1/2c

Ginghams, apron or dress patterns.....5c  
Large check blue and white gingham.....4c  
Eponge, 36-in., all leading spring colorings.....15c  
**HOSIERY BARGAINS**  
Men's hose, black, navy, tan, grey or mixed.....5c  
Children's hose, white, pink, blue or red.....10c  
Infant's hose, 5 to 6; white, pink, blue or black hose.....5c  
Men's fine black worsted hose, seconds.....3c  
Ladies' hose, Burson brand, whites, tans, blues or blacks; mill seconds, 25 and 35c quality....15c  
**UNUSUAL OFFER OF MEN'S HIGH-GRADE SUITS**  
A special offer in high-grade, best of tailored suits, goods usually handled only by the most exclusive clothes shops, we offer in fine worsteds, imported and domestic clothes; also in dressy English wools. at  
**\$14.95 \$16.95 \$18.00**  
These are designed especially for young men and the saving (as buyers of this class of mde. will recognize upon examination) is from \$5 to \$7 per suit.  
**Ladies', Misses and Children's Wear**  
Children's and Little Folks' Dresses  
Percale dresses.....21c  
Gingham aprons, dress style..25c  
Embroidered percale dresses with bloomers to match.....79c

Fancy crepe dresses with bloomers to match.....\$1.10  
Girl's dresses, best Amoskeag gingham and best quality percales...\$1.00 \$1.10 \$1.29  
**PETTICOAT VALUES**  
Gingham petticoats, best wash material.....25 and 39c  
White muslin skirts, good widths and extra sizes. Sale of these high-grade skirts.....\$2.00  
**Waist Sale, 75c**  
60 waists, all long sleeve, very fine quality lawns, lace and embroidery trimmed, low or high neck; styles worth up to \$2.50.  
Choice.....75c  
**Dress Bargains for Ladies and Misses Party and Afternoon Dresses**  
All over shadow lace dresses.....\$9.98 \$8.00  
Fancy crepe dresses, plain and flowered; unusual values  
**\$1.95 \$2.25 \$5.98 \$6.98**  
Corded ratine dresses, peg skirts, vest style waist.....\$2.95  
All linen dresses, light blues 3.98  
**\$3.98 BARGAIN SALE \$3.98**  
Single dresses, one of a kind, only; serges, taffeta silks and foulards. close-out price is.....\$3.98  
**MILLINERY**  
Clearance sale of all spring styles in ladies' and misses' trimmed hats. All of these are being sold out this week.  
New showing of mid-summer styles—lace, leghorns and Panamas.  
New hats for little tots, and big showing of girl's hats

**CASH DEPARTMENT STORE.**