

# THE GENOA ISSUE.

VOLUME XI.

GENOA, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1895.

NUMBER 15.

## LIVE . AND . LET . LIVE

The Best is Always the Cheapest.

## Gold Mine Flour

....Is the Best on Earth....

I have just received a car load of 'Gold Mine' Flour Ask for price on 5 and 10 sack lots.

**EVERY SACK WARRANTED.**

In the way of.....

## BOOTS AND SHOES

I have a full line of Felt Overs, etc., etc., which I am selling at hard times prices.

Come and see me, I will use you right.

**F. E. WELLS**

## WE ARE BETTER PREPARED

Than Ever Before to

## Clothe = the = Male = Portion

.....Of Genoa and Vicinity.....

A Fine Line of.....

Mens, Boys and Youths

## Ready - Made Clothing

and FURNISHING GOODS.

## F. O. HOLTGREEN

MERCHANT TAILOR & GENT'S FURNISHER.

Come and See my New Store.

## An Entire New Stock...

## EVERYTHING IN THE DRY GOODS LINE

DRESS LININGS—Hair cloth, Brass cloth, etc.

SKIRT FEATHERBONE, ETC.

Dress Goods

Gents'

Furnishings

BOOTS AND SHOES ----

And in fact everything in the Dry Goods line can now be found at the new store of

## E. CRAWFORD,

EXCLUSIVE DRY GOODS.

A. H. MICHAELIS,

## Bakery - and - Restaurant,

Bakery Goods, Confectionery.

Fruits, Cigars, Etc.

MEALS SERVED AT ALL HOURS.

GENOA,

ILLINOIS

### LOCAL NEWS JOTTINGS.

Personal Notes, Happenings, Etc., Pertaining to Genoa.

It's cold, isn't it? — 2 — 11 — 1

Mrs. George Lee was a Rockford visitor Friday.

Mrs. William Waisau is visiting relatives in DeKalb.

Look out for a coming in West Genoa in the near future.

The largest stock of valentines ever brought to Genoa at Lane's.

Tice Parish has rented the Olmsted farm and will remove there soon.

Mrs. Ira Brown's mother, Mrs. Wilcox is visiting her sister in Elgin.

Lloyd Corson of Chicago has a car load of cows from Indiana for sale.

The Kihwanee Club will give one of its popular dances next Tuesday night.

Let your light so shine and use Shining Light axle grease, sold by Jas. Kiernan.

Another gymnasium is among the possibilities for Genoa. Our young seem to be of an athletic turn of mind.

We have a load of Big Joe Flour that we wish to exchange for money. K. JACKMAN and SON.

Considerable sickness prevails in town among the younger element, but there seems to be nothing of a serious nature.

An enterprising firm could make a fortune these days in selling extra length thermometers, guaranteed to suit all kinds of weather.

Lorin Olmstead expects to start to the southwest this week with a car load of horses. Some are his own raising while others he bought.

The W. C. T. U. will meet at the home of Mrs. John Patterson, Saturday, Feb. 9th, at 2:30 p. m. All members are requested to be present at this meeting.

Bright colored, crisp buckwheat cakes, steaming hot, what's there better than these crisp mornings. That's what you get when you use that kiln-dried buckwheat at Slater's.

The Diamond Garment Cutter Co. will open a class in Crawford's Hall next Monday February 11th, at 2 o'clock p. m., under the supervision of Miss Nellie Smith. All pupils are requested to be present. Visitors, or any one wishing to investigate this system cordially invited.

The mayor and board have been severely censured by some for stopping a game at the ball last Friday night. They were entirely justified in their act and are deserving of the commendation of the whole community. What would a few hours of pleasure be compared to a possible small-pox epidemic. No one who has the interest of the village at heart should be guilty of such an injustice to our board of trustees.

Last week we sent out statements to a number of our readers showing their standing on our books. If you received one please attend to the matter at once. It may be a small matter to you, but it is a very important one to us when the number of our subscribers is considered. We need the money and need it badly. If you did not receive a statement and you know you are in arrears, step in and pay up. We make a discount of 25 cents to subscribers paid in advance so avail yourselves of this privilege.

Gen. Lord Waiseley makes a most important contribution to the literature of the China-Japan war. In an article for the February Cosmopolitan he discusses the situation and does not mince matters in saying what China must do in this emergency. Two other noted foreign authors contribute interesting articles to this number. Rosita Mauri, the famous Parisian danseuse, gives the history of the ballet, and Emile Olivier tells the story of the fall of Louis Philippe. From every part of the world, drawings and photographs have been obtained of the instruments used to torture humanity, and appear as illustrations for a clever article, by Julian Hawthorne, entitled "Salvation via the Rack."

I. T. Mix was in town Tuesday.

Raymond Schneider is himself again.

Big Joe Flour is the best flour manufactured.

W. Jude of Chicago, was in town last Friday.

Mell Lefever has returned from his visit to New York.

Miss Emma Moore spent last week with friends in New Lebanon.

The Woodman supper has been postponed. Look for date later.

Jas. Hutchison played at Curling with the South Park club Monday.

Mrs. Kate Cozzens and daughter Klea spent Sunday in Hampshire.

Lorin Olmstead left on last Thursday with a car load of horses for New Jersey.

You can get Pillsbury flour at E. H. Coboon's in barrels, half-barrels, 98 and 49 pound sacks.

Miss Jacobin of Chicago, who has been visiting Mrs. Fred Masche, has returned to her home in the city.

WANTED:—Good horses. Bring them to Genoa on Saturday, Feb. 2nd. CONSON & STOTT.

An open winter was predicted. If the prophet will only show himself, they won't need snow shovels where he will reside.

You lay it now and try it and you will use it all winter. There is none so good in town. That kiln-dried buckwheat at Slater's.

The committee on entertainment for the Knights of the Globe have decided on a novelty in the way of an entertainment to be given soon.

Coin's Financial School, the greatest book of its kind ever published, at Lane's. The demand for them being so great publishers find it difficult to keep up with orders. Ask to see it.

Geo. H. White of Chicago, is canvassing here in the interest of a Land and Irrigation Co. in New Mexico. He speaks in high terms of the west, if moisture can be had when needed.

Many stubborn and aggravating cases of rheumatism that were believed to be incurable and accepted as life legacies, have yielded to Chamberlain's Pain Balm, much to the surprise and gratification of the sufferers. One application will relieve the pain and suffering and its continued use insures an effectual cure. For sale by F. T. Robinson, Druggist.

Letters remaining in post office uncalled for are the following: A. A. Angel, Mrs. Mattie E. Bartlett, Mrs. Lillie Ballinger, Giovanni Costa, Miss Stella Evans, L. A. Evans, John Green, Franjo Hasuka, Gennvire Jobs, Pat Mullins, Frank McMullen, Richard Mosser, A. H. Meier, Paulo Manages, P. S. Powell, W. H. Stettler and Mrs. A. E. Stillman.

FRANK ROBINSON, P. M.

Conan Doyle's impressions of the Utrav phases of American life are to be contained in an article to appear in the next issue of the Ladies' Home Journal. The article was originally intended to be the novelist's impressions of American women, but this plan was altered and the article to be printed in the Journal will give Dr. Doyle's ideas of "Literary aspects of America."

Miss White's S. S. class realized \$9.00 from their "Book Social" last Friday evening. There were thirty-two books represented of which Bert and Amanda Swanson guessed thirty, Miss Smith twenty nine, Floyd Rowan, Fred Abraham, Willie Jackman and Wyla Richardson twenty eight each. One of A. Conan Doyle's was given as a reward to the successful guessers. There is no similarity between a reward of merit and a prize won at a game of chance.

ELLA F. WHITE

Mr. Ira P. Wetmore, a prominent real estate agent of San Angelo, Texas has used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in his family for several years as occasion required, and always with perfect success. He says: "I had it a perfect cure for our baby when troubled with colic or dysentery. I now feel that my outfit is not complete without a bottle of this Remedy at home or on a trip abroad. For sale by F. T. Robinson, Druggist."

Dr. Far C. Billig is quite ill. O. Peacock was in Cherry Valley over Sunday.

Forrest Harmon and family spent Sunday in Genoa.

Mrs. J. Jeffrey of Chicago visited friends here last week.

J. Stott and Chas. Corson are buying horse to ship out.

Mrs. Guy Springer of Eycamers is visiting at H. S. Atsunk's.

Mrs. T. C. Vanderhoof was a guest of Mrs. F. O. Swan, Tuesday.

Ev. Crawford now works in the shoe factory and is a member of the dancing club.

Jackman and Evans shipped a carload of fat hogs to Chicago Monday for market.

Four Dixon shoe makers returned to their old place, after being here about two weeks.

E. H. Coboon has just received a carload of Pillsbury's Best flour which he is selling at 95c per sack.

To RENT:—Desirable house in a desirable locality. Good residence property for sale. D. S. BROWN.

The den and for good horses is great. Two foreign countries have now sentatives in this country to purchase 20,000 head.

WANTED:—Experienced lasters, on turn, well and McKay work. Plenty of work ahead for months to come. Apply to the RIVERSIDE & DIXON SHOE CO., DIXON, ILL.

The regular meeting of meeting of the W. F. M. S. will be held at the home of Mrs. E. and Jennie Lawrence Wednesday afternoon and evening Feb. 13th. Afternoon session at 4 o'clock, tea to be served from 5 to 7, followed by a program. Everybody cordially invited.

The report of the directors of the Genoa cemetery will be found in another column. During the year past the board of directors have placed our burial place in a splendid condition and now have everything in proper shape. Deeds have been given to nearly all lot owners, but there are a number still who should make a settlement. The money received from the sale of lots has been judiciously expended and many improvements made, verifying the fact. Many other improvements are contemplated, and will be made as soon as the money is received.

A Spade's a Spade for a That. Rev. Howard called a spade a spade in his sermon last Sunday morning, much to the consternation of those interested in a recent social held in the church parlors. While the state law will hardly uphold the reverend gentleman in his claim that messing with a prize attachment, constitutes gambling. Still there is more truth than poetry in what he says. Card playing or gambling games of any kind are nearly all a matter of chance and if one is to consider the matter in all its phases, games of chance are to be classed alike, whether it be offered as a prize at a church social for the best guesser or whether you place your money on the turn of a card, with the prospect of winning money or a prize book. However, great indignation is felt by those interested, as the money raised at the social has been placed to the credit of the church.

Something Very Neat. GEO. E. SISLEY, Genoa, Ill.

Dear Editor—I send you sample of Photo-frame which may be had by writing three of your friends a letter requesting them to write three of their friends, all of whom are to send 25c to us and receive in return this beautiful photo-frame.

Very truly yours, THE BURTON SUPPLY CO., 95 Lake St., Chicago.

A cure for Headache. As a remedy for all forms of headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cure by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only Fifty cents at F. T. Robinson's Drugstore.

# "OPPORTUNITY."

Rev. Dr. Talmage Discourses Upon a Versatile Word.

The Scriptural Significance of the Word "Opportunity"—A Staccato Passage in the Great Gospel Harmony and Its Mitigation.

The following discourse upon "Opportunity" was delivered by Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage in the Academy of Music, New York city, being based on the text:

As we have opportunity, let us do good.—Galatians vi. 10.

At Denver, Col., years ago, an audience had assembled for divine worship. The pastor of the church, for whom I was to preach that night, interested in the seating of the people, stood in the pulpit looking from side to side, and when no more people could be crowded within the walls he turned to me and said, with startling emphasis: "What an opportunity!" Immediately that word began to enlarge, and while a hymn was being sung, at every stanza the word "opportunity" swiftly and mightily unfolded, and while the opening prayer was being made, the word piled up into Alps and Himalayas of meaning, and spread out into other latitudes and longitudes of significance until it became hemispheric, and it still grew in altitude and circumference until it encircled other worlds, and swept out, and on, and around until it was as big as eternity. Never since have I read or heard that word without being thrilled with its magnitude and momentum. Opportunity! Although in the text to some it may seem a mild and quiet note, in the great Gospel harmony it is a staccato passage. It is one of the loveliest and awfulest words in our language of more than one hundred thousand words of English vocabulary.

"As we have opportunity, let us do good."

What is an opportunity? The lexicographer would coolly tell you it is a conjunction of favorable circumstances for accomplishing a purpose; but words can not tell what it is. Take a thousand years to manufacture a deflation, and you could not successfully describe it. Opportunity! The measuring rod with which the Angel of the Apocalypse measured Heaven could not measure this pivotal word of my text. Stand on the edge of the precipice of all time and let down the fathoming line hand under hand, and lower down and lower down, and for a quintillion of years let it sink, and the lead will not strike bottom. Opportunity! But while I do not attempt to measure or define the word, I will, God helping me, take the responsibility of telling you something about opportunity.

First, it is very swift in its motions. Sometimes within one minute it starts from the throne of God, sweeps around the earth, and reascends the throne from which it started. Within less than sixty seconds it fulfilled its mission. In the second place opportunity never comes back. Perhaps an opportunity very much like it may arrive, but that one never. Naturalists tell us of insects which are born, fulfill their mission and expire in an hour, but many opportunities die so soon after they are born that their brevity of life is incalculable. What most amazes me is that opportunities do such overshadowing, far-reaching and tremendous work in such short earthly allowance. You are a business man of large experience. The past eighteen months have been hard on business men. A young merchant at his wits' end came into your office or your house, and you said: "Times are hard now, but better days will come. I have seen things as bad, or worse, but we got out, and we will get out of this. The brightest days that this country ever saw are yet to come." The young man to whom you said that was ready for suicide, or something worse, namely, a fraudulent turn to get out of his despairful position. Your hopefulness inspired him for all time, and thirty years after you are dead he will be reaping the advantage of your optimism. Your opportunity to do that one thing for that young man was not half as long as the time I have taken to rehearse it. In yonder third gallery you sit, a man of the world, but you wish everybody well. While the clerks are standing round in your store, or the men in your factory are taking their noon spell, some one says: "Have you heard that one of our men has been converted at the revival meeting in the Methodist church?" While it is being talked over you say: "Well, I do not believe in revivals. Those things do not last. People get excited, and join the church, and are no better than they were before. I wish our men would keep away from those meetings." Do you know, oh man, what you did in that minute of depreciation? There were two young men in that group who that night would have gone to those meetings and been saved for this world and the next, but you decided them not to go. They are social natures. They already drink more than is good for them, and are disposed to be wild. From the time they heard you say that they accelerated their steps on the downward road. Ten years they will be through with their dissipations, and pass into the Great Beyond. That little talk of yours decided their destiny for this world and the next. You had

an opportunity that you misimproved, and how will you feel when you confront those two immortals in the last judgment, and they tell you of that unfortunate talk of yours that flung them over the precipice? Oh, man of the world, why did you not say in that noon spell of conversation: "Good—I am glad that man has got religion. I wish I had it myself. Let us all go to-night. Come on; I will meet you at the church door at eight o'clock." You see, you would have taken them all to Heaven; and you would have got there yourself. Opportunity missed forever!

We all recognize that commercial and literary and political successes depend upon taking advantage of opportunity. The great surgeons of England feared to touch the tumor of George IV. Sir Astley Cooper looked at it and said to the king: "I will cut your majesty as though you were a plowman." That was Sir Astley's opportunity. Lord Clive was his father's dismay, climbing church steeples and doing reckless things. His father sent him to Madras, India, as a clerk in the service of an English officer. Clive watched his time, and when the war broke out came to the chief of the host that saved India for England. That was Lord Clive's opportunity. Pauline Lucca, the almost matchless singer, was but little recognized until in the absence of the soloist in the German choir she took her place and began the enchantment of the world. That was Lucca's opportunity. John Scott, who afterward became Lord Eldon, had stumbled his way along in the practice of law until the case of Ackroyd vs. Smithson was to be tried, and his speech that day opened all avenues of success. That was Lord Eldon's opportunity. William H. Seward was given by his father a thousand dollars to get a collegiate education. That money soon gone his father said: "Now you must fight your own way," and he did, until gubernatorial chair and United States senatorial chair were his, with a right to the presidential chair, if the meanness of American politics had not swindled him out of it. The day when his father told him to fight his own way was William H. Seward's opportunity.

I stand this minute in the presence of many heads of families. I wonder if they all realize that the opportunity of influencing the household for Christ and heaven is brief, and will soon be gone? For a while the house is full of the voices and footsteps of children. You sometimes feel that you can hardly stand the racket. You say: "Do be quiet! It seems as if my head would split with all this noise." And things get broken and ruined, and it is: "Where's my hat?" "Who took my books?" "Who has been busy with my playthings?" And it is a-rushing this way, and a-rushing that, until father and mother are well-nigh beside themselves. It is astonishing how much noise five or six children can make and not half try. But the years glide swiftly away. After awhile the voices are not so many, and those which stay are more sedate. First this room gets quiet, and then that room. Death takes some, and marriage takes others, until after awhile the house is awfully still. That man yonder would give all he is worth to have that boy who is gone away forever rush into the room once more with the shout that was once thought too boisterous. That mother who was once tried because her little girl, now gone forever, with careless scissors, cut up something really valuable, would like to have the child come back, willing to put in her hands the most valuable wardrobe to cut as she pleases. Yes! Yes! The house noisy now will soon be still enough, I warrant you; and as when you began housekeeping, there were just two again. Oh, the alarming brevity of infancy and childhood! The opportunity is glorious, but it soon passes. Parents may say at the close of life: "What a pity we did not do more for the religious welfare of our children while we had them with us!" But the lamentation will be of no avail. The opportunity had wings and it vanished. When your child gets out of the cradle let it climb into the outstretched arms of the beautiful Christ. "Come thou and all thy house into the ark."

But there is one opportunity so much brighter than any other; so much more inviting, and so superior to all others that there are innumerable fingers pointing to it, and it is haloed with a glory all its own. It is yours! It is mine! It is the present hour! It is the now. We shall never have it again. While I speak and you listen the opportunity is restless as if to be gone. You can not chain it down. You can not imprison it. You can not make it stay. All its pulses are throbbing with a haste that can not be hindered or controlled. It is the opportunity of invitation on my part, and acceptance on your part. The door of the palace of God's mercy is wide open. Go in. Sit down, and be Kings and queens unto God forever. "Well," you say, "I am not ready." You are ready. "Are you a sinner?" "Yes." "Do you want to be saved now and forever?" "Yes." "Do you believe that Christ is able and willing to do the work?" "Yes." Then you are saved. You are inside the palace door of God's mercy already. You looked changed. You are changed. "Hallelujah, 'tis done!" Did you ever see anything done so quickly? Invitation offered and accepted in less than a minute by my watch or that clock. Sir Edward

wrote a book called: "The Decisive Battles of the World; from Marathon to Waterloo." But the most decisive battle that you will ever fight, and the greatest victory you will ever gain, is this moment when you conquer first yourself, and then all the hindering myriads of perdition by saying: "Lord Jesus, here I am, undone and helpless; to be saved by Thee, and Thee alone." That makes a panic in hell. That makes celebration in Heaven. Opportunity! On the 11th of January, 1866, a collier brig ran into the rocks near Walmer beach, England. Simon Pritchard standing on the beach threw off his coat and said: "Who will help me save that crew?" Twenty men shouted: "I will," though only seven were needed. Through the awful surf the boat dashed, and in fifteen minutes from the time Pritchard threw off his coat all the shipwrecked crew were safe on the land. Quicker work-to-day. Half that time more than necessary to get all this assemblage into the lifeboat of the Gospel, and ashore, standing both feet on the Rock of Ages. By the two strong oars of faith and prayer first pull for the wreck and then pull for the shore. Opportunity!

Over the city went the cry, Jesus, of Nazareth, passeth by.

Let the world go. It has abused you enough, and cheated you enough, and slandered you enough, and damaged you enough. Even those from whom you expected better things turned out your assailants; as when Napoleon in his last will and testament left five thousand francs to the man who shot at Wellington in the streets of Paris. Oh, it is a mean world. Take the glorious Lord for your companionship. I like what the good man said to one who had everything but religion. The affluent man boasted of what he owned, and of his splendors of surroundings, putting into insignificance, as he thought, the Christian's possessions. "Ah!" said the Christian, "man, I have something you have not." "What is that?" said the worldly. The answer was: "Peace!" And you may all have it, peace with God; peace with the past; peace with the future, a peace that all the assaults of the world and all the bombardments satanic can not interfere with: A Scotch shepherd was dying and had the pastor called in. The dying shepherd said to his wife: "Mary, please go into the next room, for I want to see the minister alone." When the two were alone the dying shepherd said: "I have known the Bible all my life, but I am going, and I am afeared to dee." Then the pastor quoted the Psalm: "The Lord is my shepherd; I shall not want." "Yes, mon," said the shepherd, "I was familiar with that before you were born, but I'm a-goin', and I am afeared to dee." Then said the pastor: "You know that the Psalm says, 'Though I walk through the valley of the shadow of death, I will fear no evil.'" "Yes," said the dying shepherd, "I knew that before you were born, but it does not help me." Then said the pastor: "Don't you know that sometimes when you were driving the sheep down through the valleys and the ravines there would be shadows all about you, while there was plenty of sunshine on the hills above? You are in the shadows now, but it is sunshine higher up." Then said the dying shepherd: "Ah! that is good. I never saw it that way before. All is well. Though I pass through the valley of the shadow of death, Thou art with me. Shadows here, but sunshine above." So the dying shepherd got peace. Living and dying may we have the same peace!

Opportunity! Under the arch of that splendid word let the multitude of my hearers pass into the pardon, and hope, and triumph of the Gospel. Go by companies of a hundred each. Go by regiments of a thousand each. The aged leaning on the staff; the middle-aged throwing off their burdens as they pass; and the young to have their present joys augmented by more glorious satisfactions. Forward into the kingdom! As soon as you pass the dividing line there will be shouting all up and down the heavens. The crowned immortals will look down and cheer. Jesus of the many scars will rejoice at the result of His earthly sacrifices. Departed saints will be gladdened that their prayers are answered. An order will be given for the spreading of a banquet at which you will be the honored guest. From the imperial gardens the wreaths will be twisted for your brow, and from the halls of eternal music the harpers will bring their harps, and trumpeters their trumpet, and all up and down the amethystine stairway of the castles, and in all the rooms of the house of many mansions, it will be talked over with holy glee that this day while one plain man stood on the platform of this vast building giving the Gospel call, an assemblage made up from all parts of the earth and piled up in these galleries, chose Christ as their portion, and started for Heaven as their everlasting home. Ring all the bells of Heaven at the tidings! Strike all the cymbals at the joy! Wave all the palm branches at the triumph! Victory! Victory!

—A recent survey has established the number of glaciers in the Alps at 1,155, of which 249 have a length of more than four and three-quarters miles.

# A FATAL PLUNGE.

An Electric Car Goes Through an Open Draw at Milwaukee.

Crashing Through the Ice in the River, Three of the Passengers Are Drowned—Due to the Motorman's Carelessness.

MILWAUKEE, Feb. 5.—A trolley car of the Russell avenue and Holton street line plunged through the open draw of the Kinnickinnick bridge at 8:30 Monday morning, carrying three people down to death in the icy waters of the river. Six others were rescued from the partly-submerged car.

The dead were: Mrs. Antoinette G. Ehlman, a kindergarten teacher, the twelfth district primary school and a daughter of Prof. Ehlman, director of music in the public schools; John Kennedy, motorman; Miss Schmidt-kuntz, employed at National Knitting works. It was the worst street car accident that ever happened in Milwaukee, and the news of the shocking disaster sent a thrill of horror throughout the city. From all accounts the accident seems to have clearly been due to the carelessness of the motorman, John Kennedy, who stuck to his post, in a vain endeavor to stop the car, which he had permitted to approach too near the open draw, and paid the penalty of his carelessness with his life. The car struck endwise in the river and was submerged for about two-thirds of its length, the fact that it did not go to the bottom of the river, which is 18 feet deep at that point, being due to the presence of thick ice. This circumstance alone, it is believed, made it possible to rescue any of the passengers.

Russell avenue and Holton street car No. 145, south bound, was speeding up Kinnickinnick avenue about 8:30 o'clock with twelve passengers aboard. The Chicago & Northwestern railroad crossing, about two-thirds of a block north of the Kinnickinnick bridge, was made on schedule time. The usual stops were observed, and at the conductor's signal to come ahead Motorman John Kennedy applied the power and the car started on-ward, to be suddenly stopped by an awful casualty. Rolling along at a fair speed, when not more than ten or twelve feet from the bridge Conductor Peterson, who is said to have been in service only a short time, rang the bell to stop. Instantly the passengers became alive to the fact that something was wrong, and looking out, saw that the open bridge was almost at hand and no brakes had been applied.

At the sound of the bell the motorman grasped the brake crank and twisted it with all his strength. But the wheels slipped, there was no time to reach for sand and the helpless passengers realized that no power on earth could prevent them from plunging headlong into the yawning gulf of icy waters.

Wild shrieks from the four women passengers intermingled with the gasps of the pale-faced men. There was no time to plan. The rear door was the only means of escape offered. The men on the rear end, two or three, including the conductor, had already jumped. William P. Severely was the first to reach the door. He had occupied the front seat at the window and had seen the bridge open shortly after the railroad crossing had been passed. He heeded not the warning bell of the conductor to patify him of the danger. He was the first to bound forward and reach the handle of the rear door. But he never opened it. The instant he touched it the forward end went down and he, together with the terror-stricken passengers who were crowding behind him, was thrown to the front.

A heavy crash followed as the ice was struck and then the car gradually sank midway into the water. The fire was instantly quenched and the passengers entirely submerged. The two ladies who met their death must have been at the very bottom and were probably instantly suffocated, as their bodies show no signs of bruises.

One woman, probably Ella Wachholz, clung desperately to Edward Hoffmann as he continued to raise himself out of the water. He could lend no assistance, however, as his strength was almost gone. But the strong arm of a rescuer was near at hand, and the helpless woman was safely borne above the water and soon placed in a place of refuge. Annie Alb was rescued in a similar way. Their preservation is alone due to the fact that they chanced to be near the rear door. Miss Schmidt-kuntz's body was the first recovered after the bodies of Miss Ehlman and the motorman were taken from the car.

# SLEEP-WALKER DROWNED.

Falls Into a Hole in the Ice and Perishes at Charlevoix, Mich.

CHARLEVOIX, Mich., Feb. 5.—Mrs. Eugene Cross had been a sleep-walker for years. Monday morning when her husband awoke he found that she had left her room in her night clothes. Searching parties, which were sent out, could find no trace of her until afternoon, when a boy, who went to look at his fish-hole in the ice, found her frozen stiff with her head and shoulders under the ice, which had formed in the hole over night. It is thought that she stumbled and fell into the hole and was drowned before she awoke.

# REED'S FINANCIAL SCHEME.

Plan on Which He is Endeavoring to Unite the Republican Strength.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—Calculations of the supporters and opponents of the administration's new financial bill were upset Monday by the interjection of a new factor into the campaign. Mr. Reed, of Maine, the republican leader, brought forward a plan for which he is endeavoring to enlist the entire strength of his party, and which he will offer as a substitute for the administration scheme if he thinks his plan can command sufficient support to make it a factor in a fight.

There are but two sections to the Reed plan in the form in which he has submitted it to his colleagues. He first proposes to restrict the law of 1875, which authorizes the secretary of the treasury to issue bonds to redeem the greenbacks, to 3 per cent. bonds.

The second section authorizes the secretary of the treasury, when there is a deficit, to issue certificates of indebtedness to pay current expenses, the certificates to be in sums of \$25, \$50 and \$100 and any multiples thereof, bearing interest at 3 per cent. and payable in "coin."

The bill, as Mr. Reed explained to the republicans, whose support he sought, is but a temporary expedient to tide over the present distress. The substitution of "coin" for the gold provision of the administration plan is expected to win for it the toleration, if not support, of the free-silver men, who bitterly oppose all propositions to discriminate by stipulation in any bill in favor of gold. Its comparative simplicity, it is expected, will commend the bill to the house in preference to more complex plans.

# REVOKED.

Brooklyn Aldermen Take Action Against the Trolley Companies.

BROOKLYN, Feb. 5.—Barely 2,000 people assembled in front of the city hall Monday afternoon and the demonstration planned by the strikers to overawe the civic authorities was a failure, at least as far as force of numbers was concerned. Master Workman Connelly had announced that 20,000 people would certainly be present, and perhaps double that number. Mayor Schieren at the eleventh hour decided that his proclamation of two weeks ago ordering citizens to refrain from congregating on the streets or squares of the city is still in force, and under directions from him the police cleared city hall square of the crowd which assembled in response to the order of Connelly and others of the executive committee of the strikers.

The men are highly indignant at the action of the authorities in refusing them the time-honored right to assemble for the purpose of petition and prayer for relief from unjust usage. While they were rebuffed by the policemen in front of the city hall, their leader entered alone by the rear door and was permitted to carry his bundle of petitions to the council chamber, where the board of aldermen, after a brief discussion, passed by a vote of 10 to 8 the resolution prayed for, and revoked the grants to the Brooklyn City and Atlantic Avenue trolley companies.

# GEN. MANSON DEAD.

The Well-Known Indianian Succumbs to a Paralytic Stroke.

FRANKFORT, Ind., Feb. 5.—Gen. M. D. Manson, of Crawfordsville, the well-known democratic politician, died in this city at 8:15 p. m. Monday. The general was stricken with paralysis on a Monon train Monday afternoon while returning from a business trip to the northern part of the state. When the train reached this city he was removed to a hotel, and his wife and son William were telegraphed for. They reached his bedside about half an hour before he died. The general recognized them when they entered the room, but could not speak. Gen. Manson, besides being a soldier in the Mexican war and in the late rebellion, has been prominent in politics, serving one term in congress, two terms as auditor of state, one as lieutenant governor, and collector of internal revenue during Cleveland's first term. He is 76 years of age.

# THE COLD WAVE.

Thermometer Reaches 52 Below in Canada—Suffering in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 5.—The official thermometer registered 13 degrees below zero Monday morning—the coldest day since Christmas eve, 1873. The cold wave froze many cars, hands and feet and the police found M. Carmody frozen to death at 132 West Eighteenth street during the morning. Prof. Moore, the chief of the weather bureau here, said the wave covered almost the entire country, the northwestern states and Canada, getting the worst of it. Fifty-two degrees below zero was reported from across the border.

# THREE KILLED OUTRIGHT.

Sixteen Others Injured by Boiler Explosion Near Providence, R. I.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Feb. 5.—Patrick Hehir, 51 years old, and his cousin John Hehir, 35 years old, and Michael Dary, 21, were killed and sixteen others injured by the explosion of a boiler at Earl, Carpenter & Son's ice houses at Mashapaug pond at 8:20 o'clock Monday morning. Patrick Hehir leaves a wife and nine children and his relative leaves a wife and three children.

# THE ELBE DISASTER.

## Wreck of a Passenger Steamer in the North Sea.

### Survivors Are Few—Number of the Missing Is 314—The Story as Told by the Rescued Ones—Elbe's Crew Criticized.

LONDON, Feb. 1.—The loss of the North German Lloyd steamship Elbe, with nearly 400 lives, was the absorbing topic of conversation and comment in all circles Thursday morning. The latest information as to the number of lives lost places it at 314. At least that is the number missing, and there is very little hope entertained that any of these will eventually be heard from alive.

#### Story of the Disaster.

The Elbe left Bremen on Tuesday afternoon. The few hours of the voyage before the disaster were uneventful. At 4 o'clock Wednesday morning the wind was blowing very hard and a tremendous sea was running. The morning was unusually dark. Numerous lights were seen in all directions, showing that many vessels were near by. The captain ordered, therefore, that rockets should be sent up at regular intervals to keep out of the Elbe's course. It was near 6 o'clock and the Elbe was some 50 miles off Lowestoft, coast of Suffolk, when the lookout man sighted a steamer of about 1,500 tons approaching. He gave the word and as a precaution the number of rockets was doubled and they were sent up at short intervals.

#### The Collision.

The warning was without effect. The steamer came on with unchecked speed, and before the Elbe could change her course or reduce her speed, there was a terrific crash of the collision. The Elbe was hit abaft her engine room. When the small steamer wrenched away, an enormous hole was left in the Elbe's side. The water poured through and down into the engine room in a cataract. The room filled almost instantly. The engines were still and the big hull began to settle. The passengers were held. The bitter cold and rough sea had prevented an early rising, and none except the officers and crew on duty was on deck when the ship was struck.

#### Passengers in a Panic.

The shock and crash roused everybody. The steerage was in a panic in a moment and men, women and children half dressed, or in their night clothes came crowding up the companionways. They had heard the sound of rushing water as the other steamer backed off and had felt the Elbe lurch and settle. They had grasped the fact that it was then life or death with them, and almost to a man had succumbed to their terror. They clung together in groups, facing the look of doom, and cried aloud for help or prayed on their knees for deliverance. The officers and crew were calm. For a few moments they went among the terror-stricken groups trying to quiet them and encouraging them to hope that the vessel might be saved. It was soon apparent, however, that the Elbe was settling steadily. The officers were convinced that she was about to founder and gave orders to lower the boats.

#### Took to the Boats.

In a short time three boats were got alongside, but the seas were breaking over the steamer with great force, and the first boat was swamped before anybody could get into it. The other two boats, lowered at about the same time, were filled quickly with members of the crew and some passengers, but the number was small, as the boats held only twenty persons each.

#### Experience of the Survivors.

The boat carrying the twenty-two persons who were landed at Lowestoft put off in such haste from the sinking steamer that nobody in it noticed what became of the other boats. The survivors believe however, that they got away safely. They say that they tossed about in the heavy seas for several hours before they sighted the Wildflower. The little smack bore down on them at once and took them aboard. They were exhausted from excitement and exposure. Several of them were in a state of collapse and had to be carried and dragged from one boat to the other. Miss Anna Buecker, the only woman in the party, was prostrated as soon as they got clear of the Elbe. She lay in the bottom of the boat for five hours, with the seas breaking over her and the water that had been shipped half covering her body. Although her physical strength was gone, she showed true pluck. However, and did not utter a word of complaint and repeatedly urged her companions not to mind her, but to look after themselves. Hoffman's leg was hurt severely while he was changing boats. The survivors cannot say too much in praise of the Wildflower's crew, who gave them every possible attention.

#### Americans Aboard.

Among the passengers on board the ill-fated Elbe and who are supposed to be lost were the following Americans: Mrs. Anton Fischer, Washington, D. C.; John E. Vinté, St. Charles, Mo.; Mrs. M. C. Connors, South Dakota; Messrs. Wik, Schnell, Duron, Ernst, and Heaton, all of New York city; Jacob Frank, Buffalo, N. Y.; Mrs. Sophia Rhodes and son Eugene, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. Louise Kuhn, New York city; Mrs. Alma Hoffman and son Henry, Grand Island, Neb.; Messrs. Lockhart and Islaub, New York city; Ernst Maseberg, Louisiana; Kurt Klein Schmidt, Helena, Mont.; John Garlicher Winona, Minn.

#### No Hope.

The tug Dispatch returned to Lowestoft, having proceeded 45 miles in her search for any persons who may have been fortunate enough to get away from the Elbe in the missing boat or by clinging to wreckage. The Dispatch reports that nothing whatever was seen of either boats or wreckage. The storm is now raging more wildly than ever and it is impossible that any small boat can have lived in the heavy sea, or if it should have weathered the gale that any of its occupants can have survived exposure to the bitter cold until this time.

Fifteen fishing smacks, which have been cruising near the spot where the Elbe lies, arrived at Lowestoft Thursday afternoon. Not one reported seeing any signs of the wreck or the passengers. Their reports dash the last hope of finding the second life boat.

#### Statement from the Crathie.

The owner, at Aberdeen, of the steamship Crathie, which ran into and sank the Elbe, has received a brief telegram from the captain at Maasuis, stating that the Crathie's bow was terribly crushed by the impact of the vessel with the Elbe, and that the Crathie was in a sinking condition when she reached Maasuis. The captain was below at the time of the collision, the mate being in charge of the vessel. The latter has made a statement to the captain that he has no knowledge whatever as to the identity of the vessel with which the Crathie collided. His own vessel was so terribly damaged that its condition called for the undivided attention of the officers and the entire crew, all of whom had to bend their energies to saving their ship and their own lives.

#### Might Have Been Saved.

Mr. Carl Hoffman, of Grand Island, Neb., who is among the saved, refutes this statement by making the assertion, in addition to his statement already published, that if the vessel which came into collision with the Elbe had stood by the sinking ship a majority of her passengers might have been saved, as the Elbe stood perfectly still for many minutes after the impact. In fact she remained motionless until the water which was pouring into her hold caused her to lurch violently, after which all was confusion on board. Prior to this, however, discipline was maintained and there could have been no difficulty in transferring the passengers in an orderly manner.

#### Elbe's Crew Criticized.

A great deal of adverse comment is caused by the fact that of the twenty persons saved from the Elbe, fifteen of them belong to the ship's crew, and that the boat in which they saved themselves contained only one woman and no children. Attempts have been made by some of the survivors to account for this, but in no case in a satisfactory way. Even the solitary woman who was saved was not originally taken into the boat, but was picked up in the water after the boat had pushed away from the sinking ship, greatly against the wishes of some of the occupants of the boat.

Mr. Yevera said in an interview with a Daily Graphic reporter: "The passengers saved were few enough in comparison with the number of seamen. They wanted to keep me out of the boat, but I jumped down on their heads, otherwise I should not be alive."

#### Hoffman's Experience.

In an interview survivor Hoffman made this explanation: "I heard the captain's orders, to send women and children to the starboard side. I have been used to obeying orders as I have been under military discipline. So I even let my boy go, although he had got into the boat with me. It was the engineer who took him out, and 'significantly' the engineer is still alive." The Elbe's course at the time of the collision is given as south-southwest and her speed as 15 knots. The other vessel was seen approaching about 2 1/2 points off the Elbe's port bow. She was showing green and mast-head lights and was steaming apparently west-northwest. She ought therefore to have ported her helm and backed under the Elbe's stern.

#### NOTHING AGAINST HIM.

One of the Debs Defendants, Moses Avener, Dismissed—Testimony Introduced. CHICAGO, Feb. 2.—At Thursday morning's session of the Debs trial Judge Grosscup ordered the dismissal of the case against Moses Avener, one of the defendants, against whom nothing whatever has been proved. General Superintendent Dunlap, of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific road, was the first witness. He told of violence on that road during the strike, but the greater part of the session was taken up in a legal argument on the question as to whether expert testimony was admissible to show that strikes were always accompanied by violence. The court held against such evidence, leaving the matter to the jury's knowledge and discernment of the jury.

#### Two Well-Known Men Dead.

New York, Feb. 2.—Mr. Ward McAllister, the well-known society leader, died in this city Thursday at 10 o'clock p. m.

ATLANTA, Ga., Feb. 2.—The last of provisions contributed by Georgia was sent by ex-Gov. Northen to the Nebraska sufferers, making twenty-two cars in all.

# Speaking from her Experience,

After years of practical use and a trial of many brands of baking powder (some of which she recommended before becoming acquainted with the great qualities of the Royal), Marion Harland finds the Royal Baking Powder to be greatly superior to all similar preparations, and states that she uses it exclusively, and deems it an act of justice and a pleasure to recommend it unqualifiedly to American Housewives.

The testimony of this gifted authority upon Household Economy coincides with that of millions of housekeepers, many of whom speak from knowledge obtained from a continuous use of Royal Baking Powder for a third of a century.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

**BUNCHING THEIR REMARKS.**—The suburbanite who had been waiting at the station for the gates to open was preparing to grasp a big and cumbersome bundle of luggage in such a way as to tell it when the straggling traveler near the radiator remarked: "That isn't exactly what you would call a sack-pick-up, is it?" "I think so," replied the suburbanite, "if you don't mind sharing it, I'll find I'm able to budget."—Chicago Tribune.

#### THE PISO COMPANY.

The above is the style of the firm which manufactures Piso's Cure for Consumption and Piso's Remedy for Catarrh, at Warren, Pa. The company was recently incorporated, succeeding E. T. Higeline, under whose name the business has been conducted for many years. In fact the business was established in 1864, when \$95 was paid for the first barrel of sugar bought, that was 33 cents a pound; other things were proportionately high, as much of the Piso Cure is now sold for 25 cents as was then for \$1.00.

While the firm has been a very persistent advertiser in newspapers, its aggregate outlay annually has been comparatively small, so that the steady and rapid increase in sales to their present large proportions certainly indicates that Piso's Cure for Consumption possesses high merit as a remedy for coughs, colds and throat and lung troubles generally. The pleasant taste of the cure has doubtless contributed materially to its popularity.

Growth in business has necessitated the invention of numerous labor-saving machines. Notable among these are apparatus for washing, filling, corking and sealing bottles with which three men easily turn out 2,000 bottles an hour. In the advertising department improved machines in the history—finish 100,000 Pocket Book Almanacs in a day with only twenty operators.

Another labor saver is the box machine on which one man puts together a thousand cartons daily which are filled with a dozen Piso's Cure for Consumption by another man in the same space of time.

The Piso Company gives steady employment to a small army of workers, of both sexes, and its uniform liberal treatment of employees is a topic of much favorable comment among the citizens of Warren. Altogether the prosperity of the company appears to be peculiarly deserved.

A man's curiosity never reaches the feminine standpoint until some one tells him his name was in yesterday's paper.

#### WHO WINS THE \$300?

A novel way to obtain a suitable name for their great, yes, wonderful new oats, has been adopted by the John A. Salzer Seed Co. They offer \$300 for a name for their new oats; their catalogue tells all about it. Farmers are enthusiastic over the offer, claiming 200 bushels can be grown per acre right along. You will want it.

Farmers report six tons of hay from Salzer's Meadow Mixtures; 12 bushels corn per acre in a 75 season, and 1,161 bushels potatoes from two acres.

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT WITH 10c postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., you get free their handsome catalogue and a package of 500 of their OATS. [K]

THE MARKETS.	
NEW YORK, Feb. 2.	
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**THE GENOA ISSUE**

PUBLISHED THURSDAYS

By GEO. E. SISLEY & CO.

Per Year.....\$1.50  
If paid in advance.....\$1.25

At the State Capitol.  
SPRINGFIELD, Feb. 4, 1894.

Both the Senate and House got down to work, although nothing but the introduction of bills has been done so far.

Senator Hunt has introduced a bill which, if passed, should make the life of the township treasurer much easier. It is for the equalization of interest on school bonds.

Bailey Dawson has been appointed reading clerk of the Senate. Had Rip Van Winkle postponed his grand awakening act to the present day, he would have wondered at Jas. G. Blaine filling the position of Senate reading clerk. Dawson bears a striking resemblance to the departed Plumed Knight, and he is called Jas. G. Blaine by many of the Senators. It recently appeared in a Chicago daily that Dawson came near losing his membership in a Chicago club whose strongest by-law was that no member should do labor of any kind, under penalty of suspension. The case came up for trial before the club, and Dawson presented as counter argument the plea that the members could not legally try his case, as in doing so they were performing labor. And in consequence the case was dismissed. He was asked what would result from the fact of his having accepted the position of reading clerk, to which he replied that if drawing his pay was labor he guessed he would have to be suspended.

DeKalb county has her full quota of appointments here this year. Capt. Driver, ex-postmaster of Sycamore, and G. E. Sisley, of Genoa, have committee clerkships, and Frank Hills, of Sycamore, is engrossing clerk.

Senator Evans is one of the most quiet and unobtrusive members of the Senate, yet he wields the most influence. With him for the father of a bill, it seldom fails of passage. He is a favorite with everybody from the pages up.

Senator Hunt, of DeKalb, is popular with his conferees as is evidenced by his committee memberships. His desk in the Senate before and after a session is a scene of a gathering of the clans, where jollity reigns supreme. He is an active worker and will introduce several important bills this session, which will be for the benefit of his constituency.

Speaker Meyers of the House did not please every member in his committee appointments. But then, how could he when he had only 55 chairmanships to parcel out among over 150 Republicans?

There are some queer political conditions among our legislators at Springfield. The Democratic representative from Clay county is the son-in-law of John R. Tanner, chairman of the Republican state committee, while William J. Butler, the eloquent young Republican representative from Sangamon county, who placed in nomination the name of Shelby M. Cullum for United States Senator, is a grandson of the veteran Democrat, Gen. John A. McClelland. G. E. S.

COMPLETE, indeed, is the fall of Lilliuokalani. The latest act in which the figures is her arrest for treason to the Hawaiian government. Great is the fall.

It is said that Willie Breckenridge, the bad old boy from Kentucky, will issue a challenge to Champion Corbett in case of the failure of Fitzsimmons to escape from the meshes of the law.

The Chicago Herald speaks of Hon. H. H. Evans as a possible candidate for governor. There is no more popular statesman in Illinois than Senator Evans and he would make an excellent governor.

A PECULIAR figure was taken from life when Ward McAllister died. No one in the whole world has received as much newspaper comment as he. His was a position which can never be filled and yet his loss will be felt by few.

GOVERNOR ALTGELD is doing many things these days to offset his demeritisms of earlier days. Not the least of these is the appointment of Dr. Julia Holmes Smith as trustee of the State University, John Bryant having resigned. It was a graceful act in view of Mrs. Smith's recent candidacy for that same position.

In the make-up of the Senate committees, the name of Senator Hunt appears in four places. Chairman of agriculture, and member of education and building and loan, and appropriations. *—Sycamore City Week.*

A careful perusal of the committees will disclose the fact that Senator Hunt is chairman of one committee and is a member of nine others.

**C. M. & ST. PAUL.**  
TIME CARD.

TRAINS GOING EAST.

	LVE GENOA	ARR CHICAGO
No. 2	5:08 A. M.	7:15 A. M.
No. 4	7:11 A. M.	9:00 A. M.
No. 34	8:04 A. M.	10:35 A. M.
No. 28	12:04 P. M.	2:00 P. M.
No. 23	3:33 P. M.	5:50 P. M.
No. 92, frt.	1:30 P. M.	

TRAINS GOING WEST.

	LVE CHICAGO	LVE GENOA
No. 8	10:35 P. M.	12:34 A. M.
No. 21	8:30 A. M.	10:44 A. M.
No. 25	1:30 P. M.	3:25 P. M.
No. 35	4:00 P. M.	6:12 P. M.
No. 1	6:20 P. M.	8:07 P. M.

12:04 P. M. daily. No. 2 (except Monday - No. 3 except Saturday. Nos. 21, 22, 23, 24 and 92 daily except Sunday. No. 2 and stop on signal for Chicago passengers. No. 1 and 3 stop to let off Chicago passengers and pick up through passengers west, all other trains stop. No. 1 and 4 Omaha limited train, close connections made for important points north and west through cars for St. Paul, Minneapolis and Sioux City. No. 2 and 3, Omaha, Kansas City and Cedar Rapids Express. No. 25 and 26, Cedar Rapids, Dubuque Express. No. 21 and 22, Rockford and Janesville and west points. Through tickets to all important points in United States and Canada.  
J. M. HARVEY Agent.

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A steady job with the best house in the west, years established. With our facilities we can get a good salesman in two weeks from raw material. Nursery stock that is warranted to grow, best varieties of seed potatoes in the world, etc. on way.  
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Prices have been reduced to suit the hard times on  
**WATCHES,**  
**CLOCKS,**  
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**ALBERT HAGOPEAN**

Buy now and Save Money.

IN REPAIRING

Have had 17 years' experience and guarantee all work.

Mordoff Building, - Genoa.



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**W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE**

IS THE BEST, NO SQUEAKING. And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the Best in the World. See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper. Take no Substitute. Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by  
**FOR SALE BY JOHN LEMBKE**

**The Merry School Bell Peals**

And Your Boys and Girls Properly Shod?  
SCHOOL SHOES FOR SCHOOL CHILDREN  
... SHOULD BE ...

Strong Stylish Shapely Well Made Well Fitting  
We Have Them at all Prices from  
**75c to \$1.75.**  
Call on me for ...  
Good, Strong. Wear-resisting Shoes  
AT LOWEST PRICES.

Yours Very Respectfully,  
**JOHN LEMBKE.**

Repairing neatly Done.

**The Greatest Milling Plant in the World**  
Beats its Record.

Four of the mills of the Pillsbury-Washburn Flour Mills Co., Limited, made the week ending Dec. 1st, 1894, the enormous amount of **122,483** barrels, making a total weekly output of all five mills of **130,000** barrels of the best flour on earth.

The necessity for this extraordinary output is found in the unparalleled popularity of Pillsbury's Best.

The Pillsbury Mills lead all others, not only in quality but quantity of flour produced. We are exclusive agent for Genoa.

**B. CRAWFORD,**

Try our Pennsylvania Buckwheat. None Better.

**P. W. WILBORN,**

The New Store at Sycamore

**Have The Largest Stock Dress Goods DeKalb County.**

Dress Goods, Cloaks and Underwear in  
**P. W. WILBORN** SYCAMORE.

**JAS. KIERNAN**

WILL SELL YOU... ..

**PUMPS & REPAIRS**

Steam and Gas Pipe Fittings.

**Wagons, Farm Machinery**

FARM MACHINE OIL, HAND CARTS, &c

**PLATES \$8.**

Geo. E. Smith, Dentist, will visit Genoa every Tuesday. Will come prepared to do plate work or filling. Office hours 8:30 to 12 noon. Office at the City Hotel Parlor, Main Street.

**PAINLESS EXTRACTION.**

**A. M. HILL, M. D.**

Office over Lane's jewelry store. Hours, 8:30 to 8 p. m., 12:30 to 2 p. m. Residence on State st. Calls promptly attended day or night.

**SOCIETY AND BUSINESS DIRECTORY.**

**MEDIAN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.** Genoa Camp No. 163, meets every Thursday at 7:30 p. m. F. H. Van Dresser, V. C. W. H. Sager, Clerk.

**DELLA REBECCAS, I. O. O. F. No. 1.** Meet every other Friday night. Mrs. J. E. Stott, V. C. Mrs. John Wyde, Sec.

**GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC.** Reg. Post No. 478. Meets on First Tuesday of each month. H. H. Slater, Commander. Geo. Johnson, Adjutant.

**KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.** Genoa Tent No. 44. Meets every other Saturday night in Slater's Hall. John Hadsall, Com. G. E. Sisley, Record Keeper.

**F. & A. MASONS. GENOA LODGE No. 288.** Meets in regular session of Wednesday evening on or before the full moon of each month. W. M. C. A. Brown, Geo. E. Sisley, Sec.

**INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODDFELLOWS.** Genoa Lodge No. 708, meets in regular session every Monday evening. F. M. Overaker, Sec. Henry Downing, N. G.

**KNIGHTS OF THE GLOBE. GENOA Garrison No. 56.** Meets in regular session on the second and fourth Tuesday of each month. J. A. Harvey, Pres. E. H. Lane, Adj.

**DR. M. D. LEFEVRE,** Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist. Office Robinson's Drug store. Calls attended day or night.

**E. H. BURLINGTON,** Real Estate Agency and Collections. Blue Springs, Neb. Both farm and city property for sale and rent. Office Barings' Bk. Correspondence solicited.

**EXCHANGE BANK OF BROWN & BROWN.** Buy and sell Government Bonds. Sell Passage Tickets to and from Europe. And for sale or rent some choice farms in this vicinity, and houses and lots in this village.

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**Miss GERTRUDE POTTER**

under the direction of

—ELMER D. EARL—

Wm. Schmidt wishes to announce to the public, that he is ready to do all kinds of repairing and more especially horse shoeing. Mr. Schmidt has recently hired an experienced horse-shoer and will guarantee all of his work to be first class.

**TO THE PUBLIC...**

I am now prepared to get out PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS and any one contemplating building this season, would do well to give me a call.

ESTIMATES cheerfully given on all classes of work in my line. Residence over H. R. Patterson's.

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Boone Co. Belvidere, Telephone No. 51.

If you are in need of a

**Piano Organs**

Write to

**T. H. GILL.**

of Macgrego, and he will call on you.

**SCHOOL REPORT.**

Report of the Genoa High School for the month ending February 1, 1894.

	No. Enrolled	Average Attendance	Per. Cent of Attendance
High School Econ.	48	46	96
Grammar Department	28	26	93
Intermediate Department	41	35	85
Primary Department	60	59	98

Pupils neither absent nor tardy for month ending Feb 1:

High school: Jennie Beardsley, Ava Clifford, Vina Downing, Luamy He Eya Jackman, Bladene Kitchen, Carriett, O. C. Mitchell, Maude Patterson, Addie White, Zeba Buzzell, John Canavan, Nate Hill, Harvey Ide, Frank Johnson, Ralph and Olin Olmsted, Clayton Pierce, Floyd Rowen, Elmer Lowers, Lee Wyde.

**MAE DAVID, Teacher.**

Grammar school: Zula Hewitt, Ada Pierce, Zoe Stott, Maggie Slater, Harvey Burroughs, Bette Foster, Guy Gregory, Amory Hadsall, James and Tommie Hutchison, Willie Jackman, Freddie Robinson, Willie Sumner, Elery Wilcox, Hiram Nutt, Lewis Smith.

**LONA MARKEL, Teacher.**

Intermediate: Adolph Bull, Alfred Stott, Charrie Senska, Chester Downing, Erle Brown, Gay Ide, Jackie Goldman, Loyd Overaker, Della Kierman, Gerrie Pierce, Lila Holtgren, Mary Ryan, Maude Thompson, Pearl White. **MARY PATTERSON, Teacher.** Primary: Horace Sumner, Frank Wyde, Harvey Strong, Henry Holroyd, Roger Buckle, Willie Schert, Johnnie Downing, Mike Wall, Josie Goldman, Harry Williams, Lawrence Kierman, Chas. Holtgren, Geo. Bull, Edgar Baldwin, Lulu and Lila Oakes, Sadie Patterson, Sadie Little.

**Mrs. F. M. OVERAKER, Teacher.**

The extremely cold weather has reduced the attendance in all departments. The classes in rhetoric and Civil government have taken the final examinations. Classes in book-keeping and Zoology have been organized. A review class in the common branches has been started. All the members of the A grade are taking this work. Our boys and girls from the country are deserving of praise for their promptness and energy in getting in getting in on time these cold mornings.

**F. M. OVERAKER, Supt.**

**M. E. Church Notes.**

Rev. A. R. Crouce, A. M., president of Jennings' Seminary, Aurora, desires to meet the young people of Genoa in the church next Saturday evening at half past seven for "A Parlor Talk". Every one is invited. Pres. Crouce will also preach Sunday morning, at which time the annual educational collection will be taken.

The colored students' quartette from Little Rock University will sing in the church Tuesday night Feb. 12. They are engaged in a purely benevolent work. Prof. Arnold will explain it and give short addresses concerning Christ's work in the South. If you like singing where the harmon is perfect, words distinct, and every thing pervaded with spiritual power, you must be sure to hear these colored christian men. The pastors in Belvidere, DeKalb, Lanark, Rockford and many other places speak of them in the highest praise. See bills.

The Thursday night prayer meetings under the leadership of Prof. and Mrs. Gibbs are rapidly increasing.

Meetings are progressing wonderfully at Charter Grove. Several conversions were made last week. Services every night at 7:30.

**A. C. Church Notes.**

The severe weather has made a difference in our congregations; however, there is a good interest manifested, and good results are looked for.

The pastor's health being quite poorly, Eld. E. W. Shepherd of Aurora, has been called to help this week. We trust the people will brave the cold, as we have a warm house.

Rev. Shepherd will preach next Sunday morning. His subject will be Rome, Progress and the Bible.

We solicit the general attendance of the people of Genoa and vicinity. The writer will preach for the Aurora church next Sunday.

**R. A. FRENCH.**

The Discovery Saved His Life. Mr. G. Gailloutte, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with LaGrippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began using it and from the first dose began to get better and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep house or store with out it." Get a free trial at F. T. ROBINSON'S Drugstore.

**KINGSTON.**

Ira Bixler was a Belvidere visitor on Saturday.

Miss Susie Brisbin spent Sunday with her parents in Sycamore.

Alonzo Stevens and wife spent Sunday with relatives at Belvidere.

Mrs. Ann Stuart and daughter Alta paid Genoa a visit last Tuesday.

D. B. Arbuckle visited his daughter Mrs. O. D. Shirk, at Winnebago, last week.

J. A. Keppie is sorely afflicted with several boils, which he "got in the neck."

The Misses Sada Arbuckle and Jessie Keppie were Belvidere visitors last Saturday.

Mrs. Strentor of Belvidere, visited her sister, Mrs. J. W. Foster, here last week.

Chas. Arden has been confined to his bed for several weeks past, with rheumatism.

Prof. A. L. Thrope paid his parents and friends at Flag and Rochelle a visit over Sunday.

Miss Pearl Keppie has been confined to the house for about a month, on account of a very sore eye.

O. B. Chalmers received a sudden call to Adeline to hold position there as night operator for some time.

Messrs. O. B. Chalmers and Wm. Hill took in the subtitle of DeKalb, as Sycamore is called on the map, last Saturday.

William Murray passed through here to Belvidere last Saturday where a family reunion was held in honor of his mother's birthday.

Rev. E. D. K. Hester delivered the funeral sermon over the remains of Mrs. Geo. Clark, at the Wesleyan church last Tuesday.

S. F. Parsons, who is well known in this vicinity, was married to one of DeKalb's most estimable young ladies, Miss Lulu Bradt, last week.

D. M. Watson and wife of Belvidere and Mrs. F. Tenney, of Chicago, visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Schaffer a few days last week.

Cards are out announcing the wedding of Miss Annie Worcester, of North Kingston, and Daniel De Young, of Genoa, for Feb. 12th.



Full off with starch and glass arene. The linen collar starts the morn; Full off at noontime it is seen. All wilted, wrinkled and forlorn.

That's what you must expect of such a collar; it's the linen of it. The stand-up collars won't stand up, and the turn-down collars will wilt down. The easy, cheap, and pleasant way out of this is to wear "CELLULOID" COLLARS AND CUFFS. These goods are made by covering linen collars or cuffs on both sides with "CELLULOID," thus making them strong and durable, and waterproof, not affected by heat or moisture. There are no other waterproof goods made this way, consequently none that can wear so well. When soiled simply wipe them off with a wet cloth. Every piece of the genuine is stamped like this:



Insist upon goods so marked if you expect full satisfaction, and if your dealer does not keep them, send direct to us enclosing amount and we will mail sample. State size, and whether a stand-up or turned-down collar is wanted. Collars 25c. each. Cuffs 50c. pair. The CELLULOID COMPANY 427-29 Broadway, New York.

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Fall Opening - Monday, Sept. 3, 1894.

Commencement and Reunion, Sept. 7, 1894.

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**DRESS GOODS**

A Splendid Stock to Select from

**AND AT NEW TARIFF**

**GROCERIES:**

I have been established in business here over a quarter of a century. I have always sold goods at the lowest possible price. I can sell you groceries as cheap as anyone. Your dollar will buy as many pounds of sugar or crackers or prunes here as any place in town. Remember just this I will not be undersold, Respectfully, H. H. SLATER.

**DON'T STOP TOBACCO**

IT IS URGIOUS TO STOP SUDDENLY, and don't be imposed upon by buying a remedy that requires you to do so, as it is nothing more than a substitute. In the sudden stoppage of tobacco you must have some stimulant, and in most all cases the effect of the stimulant, be it opium, morphine, or other opiates, leaves a far worse habit contracted. Ask your druggist about BACO-CURO. It is purely vegetable. You do not have to stop using tobacco with Baco-Curo. It will notify you when to stop and your desire for tobacco will cease. Your system will be as free from nicotine as the day you took your first chew or smoke. An iron clad written guarantee to absolutely cure the tobacco habit in all its forms, or money refunded. Price \$1 per box, or 3 boxes (30 days' treatment and guaranteed cure) \$2.50. For sale by all druggists, or will be sent by mail upon receipt of price. Send 6 2-cent stamps for sample box, Booklets and proofs free. Eureka Chemical Mfg Co., LaCrosse, Wis.

Office of THE PIONEER PRESS Co., C. W. Hornwick, Supt. St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 7, 1894.



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THE COSMOPOLITAN'S NEW HOME.

# The Genoa Issue.

G. E. SISLEY & CO., Publishers.

GENOA, ILLINOIS.

## THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

### CONGRESSIONAL.

Proceedings of the Second Session.

On the 29th the bankruptcy bill was discussed in the senate and Senator Chandler (N. H.) spoke against the pooling bill. A bill was passed to amend the interstate commerce law so as to permit the sale of interchangeable mileage tickets to commercial travelers. In the house the bill to repeal the discriminating duty on sugar was passed. The senate joint resolution reviving the grade of lieutenant general of the army for the benefit of Maj. Gen. Schofield was presented. A bill was introduced advocating the publishing of labor bureau reports at intervals of not less than two months, to contain current facts as to the condition of labor here and abroad.

In a discussion of the currency question in the senate on the 30th Mr. Vest said he would follow the president's lead no longer, and bitterly denounced the financial measure proposed by the president. A bill was introduced permitting Associate Justice Jackson of the supreme court of the United States, to retire on account of ill health. In the house the time was occupied in discussing the Galton Pacific railway bill.

In the senate on the 31st ult. Senators Gorham and Hill made strenuous efforts to have some immediate action taken on the financial question. Resolutions were passed calling on Secretary Carlisle for information concerning every detail bearing on revenues, reserves, deficiencies, etc. A joint resolution providing for a special election the first Tuesday of October, 1896, to ascertain the will of the people respecting financial matters was introduced by Senator Peffer. In the house the time was occupied in discussing the Pacific railway funding bill.

On the 1st the district appropriation bill was taken up again in the senate and served as a text for further financial discussion, during which Senator Teller, representing the silver element, gave warning of opposition to any financial plan not agreeable to him. In the house, during a debate on a Hawaiian resolution Congressmen Breckinridge (Ky.) and Heard (Mo.) called each other flirts and one blow was struck, when they were arrested and made to apologize. A bill was passed giving the Seventh judicial circuit of the United States, composed of Illinois, Indiana and Wisconsin, another judge. A resolution was adopted calling on the president for all correspondence and information regarding the alleged aid furnished the rebels in Hawaii by representatives of the British government.

### DOMESTIC.

WILLIE BUSH and his brother tried to light a fire with gasoline at the orphan's home at Logansport, Ind., and one was killed, the other fatally burned.

ELEVEN trained ponies and thirty-five educated dogs and one monkey, the property of Prof. W. Gentry, were burned to death at their winter quarters in Bloomington, Ind.

FRED HOFMANN, United States commissioner of De county, O. T., was assassinated by unknown persons near Taloga.

JOSEPH BAUM & SONS, dealers in dry goods and general merchandise at Meridian, Miss., failed for \$200,000.

Among the numerous bills introduced in the Illinois house was one directed against the wearing of high hats at theaters.

A SLED load of young people went over an embankment near Salem, O., four being seriously hurt.

ROCK ISLAND passenger train was derailed near Topock, Kan., killing Frank Walden and Conrad Bitzer and Edward Stanley and John Brown were fatally injured.

CRAWFORD CROSBY, alias Cherokee Bill, a noted outlaw, was captured at Mowata, I. T., by two men who had secured his parole.

WESLEY TABOR was arrested at Belleville, Ill., charged with the murder of the McClellands, father and son, at Centralia, fourteen years ago.

GEORGE BEAN, near Richmond, Va., while protecting his stepbrother from assault was shot and killed by his father.

C. W. STANTON, tax collector and probate officer of Concord, Mass., was shot to death in his car on the road. He had disappeared.

The financial element of the mid-winter fair at Springfield shows that the total receipts were \$1,200,000 and the expenses were \$1,100,000, leaving a surplus of \$32,400.

The constitutionality of a law making every kind and form of betting on gambling a felony punishable by from one to five years imprisonment.

PETER OLSON, wife and three children, who lived near St. Louis, Mo., and the man named Olsson, who lost their lives in a fire.

CHARLES DIXON, who made his fortune at La Junta, Colo., was arrested in court at La Junta, Colo., for attempted criminal assault upon a young girl.

ALL but a few companies of the troops of Gen. Woodford, N. Y., were disbanded.

WILLIAM O'CONNOR, a well-known Chicago politician, was arrested in Chicago for a conspiracy to defraud the National American woman suffrage association.

SOLICITOR GENERAL MAXWELL has resigned owing to differences with the attorney general.

HARRISON STEVENS (colored) was hanged at Dawson, Ga., for the murder of J. G. Wells a year ago.

ARIZONA bandits held up a Southern Pacific train near Wilcox and blew the express safe with dynamite, securing \$50,000.

THE bank of Trenton, Neb., was ordered closed by the state banking board.

An investigation showed that twenty-one of the chain gang of convicts at Savannah, Ga., were permanently disabled by exposure to freezing weather.

THE Leonard Smokeless Powder company, with a capital of \$10,000,000, made an assignment in New York.

EXCHANGES at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 1st aggregated \$942,531,065, against \$917,003,847 the previous week. The increase, compared with the corresponding week in 1894, was 24.3.

THE Michigan senate passed a joint resolution submitting to the people an amendment to the constitution providing an educational qualification for electors.

THE steamship Kingdom, forty-two days out from Shields, for Charleston, S. C., was thought to be lost with her crew of thirty-five.

INTENSELY cold weather prevailed in the northwest. At Grantsburg, Wis., the thermometer registered 42 degrees below zero and at Negaunee, Mich., 40 below.

THERE were 354 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 1st, against 363 the week previous and 370 in the corresponding time in 1894.

BECAUSE his 2-year-old son would not stop crying Alexander Venkariage, of Wilkesbarre, Pa., dashed his brains out on a hot stove.

CHAMPION CORBETT discussed sparring matches before a committee of the Minnesota legislature, defending his profession.

THE Iron Mountain mine in Shasta county, Cal., was sold for \$300,000 cash to an English syndicate.

A TREASURY statement shows that the receipts from all sources during the month of January were \$7,504,300 and the expenditures \$34,823,447, a deficit for the month of \$27,319,148 and for the fiscal year of \$34,282,070.

JOHN RENO died at Columbus, Ind. He was one of the first train robbers in the United States and was a daring individual.

CATHERINE MOURISON, of New York, a wealthy young woman, committed suicide by cutting her throat in a church confessional.

BUD ELLIS, a Methodist preacher at Aurora, Mo., while insane killed his wife shot his daughter and took his own life.

THE coinage at the several mints during January was: Gold, \$3,008,300; silver, \$579,000; minor coins, \$68,300. Of the silver coined \$260,000 was in silver dollars. Since July 1, 1894, the number of silver dollars coined was 2,293,978.

BROUWER & MCGOWAN, brokers on the New York stock exchange, have suspended with liabilities of \$400,000.

THE deaconess home, a hospital in Cleveland, O., was destroyed by fire and four of the fifteen inmates were cremated.

DURING January the fire losses in the United States amounted to \$10,930,994, against \$13,570,485 in January, 1894.

DIRECTLY lowered his pacing record at Fresno, Cal., by half a second, making the mile in 2:07 1/2. Joe Patchen beat Robert J. three straight heats. Time, 2:06 1/2, 2:12 1/2, 2:06.

Gov. MORRILL, of Kansas, signed the anti-lottery and anti-gambling bills—the first to become laws at this session of the legislature.

A ROCK ISLAND passenger train was derailed near Topock, Kan., and twenty passengers were hurt.

A SOUTHERN train to which was attached a passenger coach was wrecked near Delton, Ill., and six members of the Pullman company were injured.

THE Erie bank of New York was closed pending an examination into its condition. It owes depositors \$460,000.

INFLUENTIAL members of Holy Trinity Catholic church at Bucyrus, O., refused to obey the mandate to withdraw from secret societies.

THE little village of Jorietown, Miss., was completely destroyed by fire.

THE Phoenix glass factory at Monaca, Pa., was burned, the loss being \$175,000.

A LOSS of about \$100,000 was caused by a fire in the Minneapolis branch of the Home (all) play works.

THE members of carloads of provisions were paying distribution in Nebraska, while the destitute were starving and freezing.

"GREEN GOODS" dealers were flooding the market with cheap goods, selling at a loss of \$40,000 for \$2,000.

THE cargo of the New Hamburg-American line new steamer Phoenicia, which reached New York on its first trip, was valued at \$1,000,000 by the had boilers in a plant near St. Louis, Mich., exploded, killing the watchman and shaking the earth.

Eight prospectors for gold were reported to have been frozen to death in the Seine river country in Minnesota.

As the police station at Horpke, Mass., Officer J. D. Everett shot and killed M. B. Benton and killed himself.

As the treasury department is to issue a gold loan in Europe were successful and the new issue of bonds will be for \$200,000,000.

The National American woman suffrage association in session at Atlanta, Ga., closed on Jan. 11, 1896.

A SCORE of men were injured, several fatally, by two explosions in an iron furnace at Steubenville, O.

FOUR masked men terrorized Crescent City, O. T., looting the stores and relieving citizens of their valuables.

MRS. SARAH M. PIERCE was awarded \$3,500 damages in St. Louis for a kiss that A. B. Carpenter attempted to take from her.

### PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

CONGRESSMAN JOHN L. WILSON was nominated by the republican caucus at Olympia, Wash., for United States senator.

WARD McALLISTER, the well-known leader of New York society, died of the grip, aged 64 years.

Gov. NELSON, elected United States senator, resigned and Lieut. Gov. Clough became governor of Minnesota without special formality.

MISS PEARL BROADSWORD, aged 16, the largest girl in Ohio, weighing 480 pounds, died at Litchfield.

Mrs. JOSEPH STUDEBAKER, of Anderson, Ind., who had fasted and slept for 417 days, is dead.

CAPT. ISAAC KRYS, a federal officer under Presidents Lincoln and Grant, and a prominent banker, died at Springfield, Ill.

REV. GEORGE W. DUNBAR and Miss Elizabeth Mystery were married at Peoria, Ill. The groom is 82 years old and has been married five times before. The bride is 48 and this is her first attempt.

EX-CONGRESSMAN M. D. STIVERS died in his chair at the Times office in Middletown, N. Y.

JUDGE NATHANIEL BAXTER, one of the most prominent lawyers of Tennessee, died at Nashville at the age of 83.

### FOREIGN.

ENGLISH bankers expressed the opinion that Europeans were losing confidence in the commercial honor of the United States.

TWENTY business buildings at Coaticook, Que., were burned.

INVESTIGATION of the wreck of the steamer Elbe in the North sea shows that 314 persons lost their lives in the disaster.

AN unknown man ran amuck in the streets of Constantinople, killing three persons, among them an American, and wounding ten others.

MEXICO had not declared war against Guatemala, but troops were being rapidly massed upon the frontier.

OFFICERS of the American ship Concord accidentally killed a Chinaman at Chin Kiang and were seized by the infuriated populace. Marines were landed to secure their release.

CHINA'S peace ambassadors started for home, Japan refusing to deal with agents who had no powers to act on the spot.

THE insurrection in Hawaii has been suppressed. Ex-Queen Liliuokalani was arrested, dynamite and arms having been found in her residence, and it was decided to banish her.

GREAT BRITAIN, FRANCE and Russia were said to have instructed their ministers to refuse a China and Japan to come to terms.

LATER ON the 1st the United States senate passed the Hawaiian national military bill. The bill returning Justice Howell Jackson from the United States supreme court bench was favorably reported. In the house it is reported that the amount of southern war claims to the amount of \$718,000 was decided. Hawaiian correspondence submitted showed that Great Britain did not interfere with affairs of the republic. The appropriation bill providing \$1,800,000 for the legislative, executive and judicial expenses of the government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1896, was reported.

CAPT. JOHN TITTLE, the oldest lake captain in the world, died at St. Louis, Mo., on the 1st.

THE two children of George Sittel were burned to death in their home at Sheffield, Mo., during the absence of their father.

Various mines were exploding in the Montserrat mines in France an explosion occurred, killing thirty and injuring others.

Five burglars blew upon the safe in the Mutual (all) Banking company's office, securing \$30,000.

SEVEN men and Mexicans, married to the United States, tendered their services to the United States in the event of war with Germany.

A BOMB exploded in a house at Elwood, Ill., exploding in the kitchen and injuring ten others.

A MICHIGAN street car plunged into the river through an open draw and the motorman and two passengers were drowned.

At Peoria, Ill., Frank Atkinson shot and killed Lena Zipper, his sister-in-law, and then fatally wounded himself.

The house of W. H. Fenlon, a part of the Republic, N. J., was burned and he, his wife and three children perished in the flames.

MATTHEW ELAN & Co., dealers in fruits in New York, made an assignment with liabilities of \$100,000.

JUDGE ORIN, of St. Paul, decided that under the Minnesota law husbands were liable for slanderous remarks by their wives.

WILLIAM SHANNON and son were shot at Bedias, Tex., as a result of a neighborhood feud.

THE "Iron" which was one of the last anti-slavery agitators, died at his home in Hyde Park, Mass., aged 91 years.

The visible supply of grain in the United States on the 4th was: Wheat, 83,376,000 bushels; corn, 12,720,000 bushels; oats, 7,683,000 bushels; rye, 404,000 bushels; barley, 1,796,000 bushels.

The Architect.  
Of famous and fine is the rare architect,  
Who recks not of labor or cost,  
Whose buildings with jewels and silver are decked.  
Where never a beauty is lost,  
In silence works he, through the day and the night,  
Nor sound of a hammer is heard.  
Pagodas and palaces, gleaming with light,  
Arise at his beck or his word!

In country or town, on the meadow or hill,  
He chooses and uses a site,  
No law hath he own but the law of his will,  
And none may dare question his right.  
Unwearied by time, and undaunted by foe,  
Untrammelled by fear or command,  
He builds for all people, the high and the low,  
With patient and provident hand.

The castle and cottage alike he'll adorn,  
Nor moanest of things that disdain:  
The peasant sleeps sweetly, and finds in the morn  
A palace on his window-pane—  
Of famous and fine is this architect rare,  
Who recks not of labor or cost,  
Who builds gorgeous mansions, and yet has to spare.

The king of all builders, Jack Frost!  
—Zitella Cooke, in Youth's Companion.

A Wise Toad.  
A knowing good one summer's day  
Unto a fly was heard to say:  
"You're pretty sure to find me here  
Before this store year after year."  
But," said the fly, "it seems to me  
That you demolished soon will be  
By some passing in and out."  
And ground to dust without a doubt."  
"Oh," smiled the toad, in all things pat,  
"I never am afraid of that."  
Amid the city's whirl and din  
To purchase here but few pass in.  
The reason's plain: if you but think,  
This merchant shunneth printer's ink.  
—Printer's Ink.

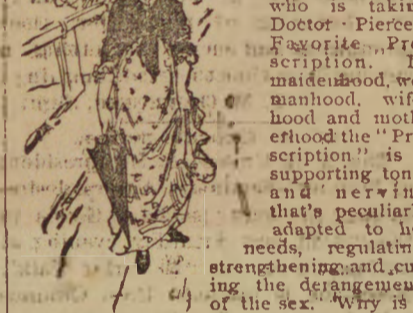
Political candidates may be unexpectedly left out in the cold when the returns come in, but people who elect, to use Hostetter's Stomach Bitters for dyspepsia, liver, kidney or bladder inactivity, constipation, malarial complaints or nervousness, are never left in the cold or elsewhere. Well may physicians lend their unqualified sanction to this unobscured and unerring medicine.

A Father—"If you love her, old fellow, why don't you marry her?" Bachelor Doctor—"Marry her? Why, she is one of my best patients."—Life.

ACTORS, Vocalists, Public Speakers praise Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Price: Theobald's Drops Cure in one minute.

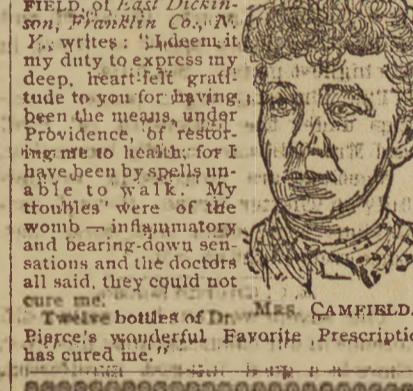
We don't know what we can do till we try, and then we frequently find that we can't.—Puck.

TAKE the Queen & Crescent Route to Knoxville and Asheville. Only through car line Cincinnati to Asheville.



ON THE ROAD  
To recover, the young woman who is taking Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription. In maidenhood, womanhood and motherhood the "Prescription" is a supporting tonic and nerve that's peculiarly adapted to her needs, regulating, strengthening and curing the derangements of the sex. Why is it so many women owe their beauty to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription? Because of form and face radiate from the common center—health. The best bodily condition results from good food, fresh air and exercise coupled with the judicious use of the "Prescription."  
If there be headache, pain in the back, bearing-down sensations, or general debility, or if there be nervous disturbance, nervous prostration, and sleeplessness, the "Prescription" reaches the origin of the trouble and corrects it. It dispels aches and pains, corrects displacements and extra-uterine inflammation of the lining membranes, falling of the womb, ulceration, irregularities and kindred maladies.

"FALLING OF WOMB."  
MRS. FRANK CAMPFIELD, of Fall River, Mass., writes: "I deem it my duty to express my deep, heartfelt gratitude to you for having been the means, under Providence, of restoring me to health; for I have been by spells unable to walk. My troubles were of the womb—inflammatory and bearing-down sensations and the doctors all said they could not cure me. Twelve bottles of Dr. Pierce's wonderful Favorite Prescription has cured me."



FREE TO AGENTS  
Gold and Silver Watches, Jewelry, Sets, Marble Clocks, Umbrellas, etc. Agents wanted for every town. Coupon Certificates issued only to Agents. One sent to you with every \$5.00 worth of knives. For further particulars apply to THE GREAT N. W. BROS. CO., 117 N. W. COR. 11th & Fremont, Ohio.

Ely's Cream Balm  
Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Alleviates Pain and Inflammation, Restores the Sense of Taste and Smell, Heals the Sores.  
Apply to the nose each nostril.

PISSO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION  
...CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. BEST COUGH SYRUP... TASTES GOOD. USE IN TIME. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. 25 CENTS.

# Hood's Made Me Strong

Headaches and Pains Cured.

"I can recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla as the best medicine I have taken." I was terribly run down in health and hardly ever enjoyed a well day. I suffered with terrible pains in my stomach, breast and head. I read in the papers regarding the wonderful cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla and I thought I would give it a trial. I have taken almost six bottles and am happy to say that I am cured of those terrible pains. I give Hood's Sarsaparilla all the praise for giving me good health and making me feel strong again." Mrs. MARY M. STEPHENS, Crane Nest, Ohio.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures  
Be sure to get Hood's Cures  
ing me good health and making me feel strong again." Mrs. MARY M. STEPHENS, Crane Nest, Ohio. Get only Hood's.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner Pills, assist digestion, prevent constipation.

FLORIDA and the SUNNY SOUTH VIA BIG FOUR ROUTE. BEST LINE FROM Chicago, St. Louis, Peoria, Indianapolis, Cleveland, Columbus, Sandusky, Benton Harbor, AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS. Solid Vestibule Trains, Elegant Coaches, Buffet Parlor Cars, Wagner Sleeping Cars, Dining Cars. TO CINCINNATI, Where DIRECT CONNECTIONS are made with Solid Trains with Through Sleeping Cars of the Chesapeake & Ohio Ry., Queen & Crescent Route, and Louisville & Nashville Ry. TO RICHMOND, OLD POINT COMFORT, And all points in the Virginia and Carolinas, Jacksonville, St. Augustine, and all points in Florida, NEW ORLEANS, and all points in southern cities. Through Palace Sleeping Cars between ST. LOUIS and WASHINGTON, Via Big Four and C. & O. Routes. TOURIST RATES IN EFFECT. E. O. McCORMICK, D. B. MARTIN, Passenger Traffic Manager. Gen'l Pass. & Ticket Agt. CINCINNATI.

# W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE IS THE BEST. FIT FOR A KING.

\$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED GAIT.  
\$4.30 FINE GOLF & KANGAROO.  
\$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES.  
\$2.50 WORKINGMEN'S, EXTRA FINE.  
\$2.12 BOYS SCHOOL SHOES.  
LADIES' \$3.25, \$2.12, \$1.75.  
BEST DUNGOLA.  
SEND FOR CATALOGUE.  
W. L. DOUGLAS, BROOKLYN, N. Y.

Over One Million People wear the W. L. Douglas \$3 & \$4 Shoes. All our shoes are equally satisfactory. They give the best value for the money. They equal custom shoes in style and fit. Their wearing qualities are unsurpassed. The prices are uniform, stamped on sole. From \$1 to \$5 saved over other makes. If our dealer cannot supply you we can.

# RISING SUN STOVE POLISH

DO NOT BE DECEIVED with Pastes, Enamels, and Paints which stain the hands, injure the iron, and burn red. The Rising Sun Stove Polish is Brilliant, Odorless, and Durable. Each package contains six ounces; when moistened will make several boxes of Paste Polish. HAS AN ANNUAL SALE OF 3,000 TONS.

# CLOVER SEED

Largest growers of Clover Seed in America. 5000 acres. Our Grass Mixtures last a lifetime. Meadows sown in April will give a rousing crop in July. Free literature. Send for a free catalogue and sample of Grass Mixtures free for postage. JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., La Crosse, Wis.

WANTED: Local Agents for the National Synthesis of newspapers and magazines. No capital or experience required. Pay \$12 to \$100 per month. Address The National Co., St. Louis, Mo.

We think PISO'S CURE for CONSUMPTION is the only medicine for coughs. JENNIE PINCKARD, Springfield, Ill., October 1, 1894.

# The Genoa Issue.

G. E. SISLEY & CO., Publishers.

GENOA, ILLINOIS

## OMISSION.

I might have said a word of cheer  
Before I let him go,  
His weary visage haunts me yet;  
But how could I foreknow  
The slighted chance would be the last  
To me in mercy's way?  
My utmost yearnings cannot send  
That word from earth to Heaven.

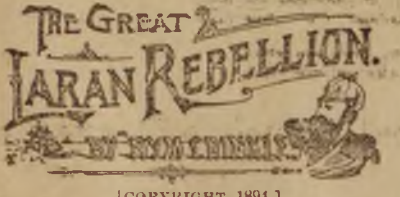
I might have looked the love I felt:  
My brother had some need—  
Of that for which—too shy and proud—  
He lacked the speech to plead.  
But self is near, and self is strong,  
And I was blind that day;  
He sought within my careless eyes  
And went, at last, away.

I might have held in closer clasp  
The hand he laid in mine;  
The pulsing warmth of my rich life  
Had been as generous wine,  
Swelling a stream that, even then,  
Was ebbing faint and slow,  
Mine might have been (God knows!) the art  
To stay the fatal flow.

O, word, and look, and clasp withheld!  
O, brother-heart, now stilled!  
Dear life, forever out of reach,  
I might have warmed and filled  
Talents missed and seasons lost,  
O'er which I mourn in vain—  
A waste as barren to my tears  
As desert sands to rain!

Ah, friend! whose eyes to-day may look  
Love into living eyes,  
Whose tone and touch, perchance, may thrill  
Sad hearts with sweet surprise,  
Be instant, like your Lord, in love,  
And lavish as His grace,  
With light and dew and manna-fall,  
For night comes off his face.

—Marion Harland, in Congregationalist.



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## CHAPTER XVII.—CONTINUED.

But Clip Davis was not a man to settle down comfortably under any of the amenities. He took possession of the house, searched it thoroughly, locked the inmates in their rooms and put guards in the halls. It was thus impossible for the doctor to inform Hendricks of what was going on, and the next morning he was astonished to learn that four stragglers had been picked up in the woods, brought in and searched and a large quantity of gold taken from their persons. They refused to give any account of themselves and were shut up in an upper room and guarded until they could be sent to Springfield. In the course of the day two more were brought in and five hundred dollars in gold taken from each of them. The doctor's nervousness over these proceedings can well be imagined, especially as he could not communicate with Hendricks, and the sheriff's remark, under any other circumstances, would have had a flavor of humor. "We have struck a bonanza," he said; "the woods are full of them." He then sent to Covington for reinforcements and secured the whole neighborhood, making his headquarters at the Laran house until he had got to the bottom of the mystery. The next day in attempting to arrest two tramps one of them was chased far down to the southwest and suddenly disappeared. He undoubtedly reached the Bayou house and communicated with Hendricks, who immediately suspected the truth, and, making up a party of twenty-five mounted men, headed them for reconnaissance. They were out two nights, and on the first afternoon overtook and killed the chasing party of two that was returning to the Laran house. They then went north, picked up one of their own men who had managed to escape from the sanitarium, and learned that Clip Davis was systematically bagging the returning men and had possession of the house.

As it was above all else necessary to protect the return of the men of his regiment, and as the sheriff was on the point of arming the country and preventing it, he determined to make a short work of him. It was not a difficult job with his facilities. He got to the Laran house in the night, disposed his men in the woods so as to intercept reinforcements and then picked off the sheriff's men as they appeared on the grounds or balcony. At the first shot, two of them rushed out and were killed on the steps. Clip Davis knew instinctively what this meant. He barred his doors and stationed himself at a window and succeeded in killing one of Hendricks' men and disabling another. His door was a safe time and wait for reinforcements. The doctor, who had been in the room, was locked in, and when the door was opened he was found in a state of collapse on the floor. In twenty minutes he had ten men in the house. The captives were liberated and a rush made upon Clip Davis who, finding that all the fire he had and was killed at the window.

Hendricks kept this word up with vigor, intending, if possible, to prevent the escape of a single soul who would tempt the discovery of the gold. Upon the women, before two hours were over, he was master of the situation and then waited quietly in the house for the reinforcing party.

The result was a cruel and successful one. The posse of only six men rode up to the gate unsuspectingly and had no sooner got upon the inclosure of the lawn, than they were received with a murderous volley from the house and another from the wood. In a moment the lawn was strewn with their bodies.

Hendricks knew very well that all this meant war and he faced it with a vigorous military energy. He converted the house into a fortress and barracks and began moving all that was valuable into the cave.

As the affair was reported to the governor of Tennessee, it looked like an organization of robbers who had taken possession of the Laran house for their headquarters. He therefore appointed a new sheriff and placed the Memphis Tigers (eighty men) and the Crockett Fusiliers of Paducah (sixty-four men) under his orders with instructions to proceed at once to Tipton county and arrest the gang. Adj. Gen. Luskcomb met part of the troops and the sheriff of Marshall and proceeded overland with them to Laran.

The sanitarium stood upon a rounded knoll of about ten acres, corresponding to another and larger knoll which Hendricks had by measurement fixed upon as the crown or roof of his rotunda. The ground sloped gradually to the road two hundred feet away, which road marked the valley between this hill and another slight but extended excavation that began on the other side and stretched away eastward into the wilderness.

To the west there was a clearing and the stables and extensive outhouses, and beyond a heavy timber belt that ran with occasional breaks almost to Marshall. It was from this direction that the troops came. They surrounded the house in the early morning and the adjutant general, on a fine white horse in full uniform and gold epaulettes and cocked hat and sword, rode upon the lawn and in an impressive voice called upon all the house to surrender.

A voice from the house replied: "This is private property. If the commanding officer will come in, I will confer with him."

There was a consultation on horse-back, the sheriff and the general

rifle at short range and he half raised himself in the stirrups and fell heavily backward upon the horse's haunches, the pistol falling upon the ground. Hendricks stepped down and picked it up as the horse reared and backed away, and at that moment a crack of firearms was heard and he went quickly back into the house and shut the door.

As soon as he got to an opening in the barricaded windows, he saw the general wildly galloping up and down, flourishing his sword and calling upon his men to fall in! But many of them were past falling in. Their bodies were conspicuous by their uniforms, lying where they had fallen in the grass and the rest were huddling confusedly, running indifferently into the trees at the foot of the slope under a murderous fire from all parts of the house.

He could see when the general turned his head that a stream of blood was running down his face from a cut in the temple and had dyed his white whiskers.

Wounded as he was, the old general succeeded after awhile in withdrawing his men across the road to the opposite acclivity, where under the shelter of some rocks, he reformed them and tried to encourage them. His condition was a distressing one. He had lost out of a hundred and forty-four men, at least fifty. He could not even bring them all off and consequently did not know if they were killed or wounded. The sheriff was dead. He had no hospital stores or stretchers for it, would have required more than the ordinary military presence to have calculated upon such a reception as this. However, he did the best he could, and the first act was to dispatch couriers to the nearest telegraph station to summon assistance and notify the governor, he giving up his own horse to one of the messengers.

What was his surprise about noon to receive a communication from the house. A man dressed like an ordinary workman was brought into his little camp by a picket and delivered the following note with a military salute: "To the Commanding Officer: 'SIR: You can safely remove your dead and wounded. If you are in need of bandages, surgical assistance or medical stores, and will send for them, they will be supplied until you

ball cartridges. This uniform could be put on in a few moments.

At half-past five on the morning of the 12th the men thus equipped came to Tompkin's square from all points of the city. The inhabitants in the neighborhood looked on with the lazy interest that a military parade awakens in the metropolis, but no one knew or cared to inquire whether the regiment had arrived en masse by an early train or had come in the night before.

The troops had to wait till nine o'clock for the platoon of mounted police that was to precede them. Gen. Waterson, the colonel commanding, communicated with the sergeant of the squad through his adjutant. They had been invited, he said, to visit Wall street and the sub-treasury. They were then to march to Gen. Grant's tomb for battalion evolutions.

It does not appear that any suspicions up to this time were awakened in the police, who regarded the conspicuous cartridge belts of the men as a piece of western military nonsense, and it was not within their line of duty to question the visit of the officers to the sub-treasury. If the sub-treasury did not want their western visitors they would shut the doors in their faces.

It was twenty minutes past nine when the regiment, preceded by the police, and with the colonel and his staff, dismounted, left the park and it was ten o'clock when it wheeled into Broadway at Eighth street, making a solid and formidable appearance in its homely uniforms and soldierly bearing.

Nothing occurred along the route of consequence to interfere with its progress. The inhabitants looked upon it as part of the constantly recurring show of that highway; careless remarks were here and there made about the cheap get-up, but the crowds eyed it carelessly and went on their way. It was just fifteen minutes of eleven by the Trinity clock when the armed force turned into Wall street and five minutes later it had come to a halt in front of the sub-treasury building. The regiment filled all the space on the Wall street side and extended around into Nassau and Broad streets. The lines were quietly and quickly but effectually formed and the sub-treasury was, for the time being, cut off from interference.

We have in Police Sergeant McGuire's account and in Gen. Waterson's report sufficient data from which to form some idea of the scene. The sergeant says: "I don't think ten minutes had passed when I found the whole of the broad steps leading up to the building covered with soldiers, leaving only a space of ten feet in the center, and the colonel and his staff followed by another hundred men were marching up that alleyway into the building. One of the patrolmen, who was as much astonished as I was, asked me what the regiment was going to do in the building, and I made some careless answer. There was a black crowd of people down in Broad street looking on and most of the office windows in the neighborhood were crowded with people, but there was no excitement. The men on the steps looked as if they were drawn up for a show, but I calculated that it would take the whole police force of the city to dislodge them. The first thing that gave me a twinge was that, after the troops went in, none of the people who were doing business inside came out, and the soldiers wouldn't let anybody go up. Inspector Fairchild, who didn't like the looks of things, turned his badge out, took two men and insisted on going in to see what was being done. We waited over half an hour and they did not come back, but the company of troops that had gone in had come out, fallen into line, and another hundred men had been marched in. Word was then sent to the central office. That was about twelve o'clock. It was three-quarters of an hour before the superintendent and another inspector arrived. They went at once into the building, where they were placed under guard. We were then ordered back, outside of the lines, by one of the captains."

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

## Effect of a Dinner on a Jurymen.

There is occasionally a man serving on a jury who will be obstinate for selfish purposes, and keep eleven out till a dinner or supper is served up by the county. I remember such a circumstance. It was a plain case we were called upon to decide and we stood eleven to one on the first ballot. We argued and reasoned long with the dissenting one, but to no purpose. On every ballot we took we stood eleven to one. A gentleman on the panel who happened to know the man and his antecedents remarked to me that he would come around all right after dinner; that he did not get a dollar dinner very often, and took this method to obtain one. Time wore on and we began to feel the effects of hunger, till finally the sheriff marched us off to a hotel, where a rich and appetizing spread awaited us, to which we all did ample justice and then returned to our work. As soon as we entered our room the old man was asleep and called at once for a ballot. He voted with the rest and the jury was agreed. "There is no law to touch such a man as this, but he nevertheless robbed the county treasury of thirteen dollars (the sheriff always partakes with the jury) as deliberately as though he had taken it clandestinely from the county till. He was as much a robber as is the man who steals a quarter of beef from the butcher's stall."—Boston Transcript.

## ILLINOIS LEGISLATURE.

Senate.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 30.—In the senate Tuesday a joint resolution was introduced providing for the submission of a constitutional amendment to the revenue law. It provides that the state taxes shall be raised by taxing the gross earnings of corporations.

A resolution was introduced favoring government ownership and supervision of railroads. Bills were introduced as follows: Appropriating \$70,000 for the deaf and dumb institution at Jacksonville and \$35,800 for the institution for the blind at the same city; abolishing the three days of grace allowed for payment of bills and notes; granting women the right to participate in town meetings and to vote for township officers; to prevent corrupt practices in elections, limiting expenses of candidates for office and prescribing the duties of candidates and political committees; etc. provisions, among other things, that candidates for office must furnish a sworn account of all election expenses to the officer from whom is obtained the commission. The penalties are stringent.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 31.—A joint resolution deploring the death of ex-State Senator McDonald, of Jacksonville, was made a special order for Tuesday next in the senate. The bill appropriating \$100,000 for rebuilding the insane asylum at Anna and the military appropriation bill were advanced to third reading. The senate referred to the committee on railroads the resolution memorializing congress to pass laws looking to government ownership and supervision of railroads. Senator Wells stated that his bill providing for raising a park and boulevard fund in towns of from 20,000 to 100,000 inhabitants had been passed in the house, with an amendment taking in towns of over 5,000 and less than 100,000 population. The senate concurred in the house amendment by a unanimous vote.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 1.—The senate on Thursday passed the military bill introduced by Senator Luttler appropriating \$354,721 for the payment of claims against the state contracted by the militia while on duty during the Pullman strike. The senate also passed the military deficiency bill and the bill to reconstruct the insane asylum at Anna. Bills were introduced to remove the \$5,000 death limit, and for uniform text books.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 2.—In the senate Friday the nomination of Oscar C. Baines, of Cook county, as member of the state board of health, to succeed James McPatrick, was announced. The bill changing the time of taking judgments against delinquent taxpayers from May to the June term of court was advanced to third reading. A bill was introduced providing for a reduction of interest from sales of land under executions, judgments and decrees from 8 to 7 per cent. Adjourned until Monday evening at 5 o'clock.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 5.—In the senate Monday a bill was introduced to furnish better protection to patrons of pawnbrokers' shops. A message was received from the house reporting a joint resolution asking congress to appropriate sufficient money to purchase flags for the decoration of soldiers' graves in the national cemetery in the south. No business was transacted in the house.

House.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 30.—The only business transacted at the house session on Tuesday was the announcement of committee assignments. The chairman of the most important of the fifty-three committees is as follows:

Judiciary: Berry; civil service reform, Cochran; corporations, Murdock; railroads, White, of Whiteside; warehouses, Gibson; canal, river improvements and commerce, Murray; finance, Eakins, of Cook; mines and mining, Steen; fees and salaries, Gower; appropriations, Needles; penal and reformatory institutions, Fletcher; education, Hawley; state institutions, Beck; public charities, Dudley; public buildings and grounds, Muir; revenue, Jones, of Iroquois; banks and banking, Curtis; agriculture, Guthrie; live stock and dairying, Thieman; labor and industrial affairs, Cavanaugh; manufactures, Taylor; building loan and homestead associations, Nolling; elections, Boyd; sanitary affairs, Mauritzon; state and municipal indebtedness, Chalacomb; insurance, Kent; federal relations, Guffin; claims, Graham; military affairs, Ingersoll; printing, Weston; roads and bridges, McKenzie; drainage, Ellsworth; libraries, Bovey; fish and game laws, Hallock; license, Killecourse; Soldiers' home, Merriam; farm drainage, Douglass; parks and boulevards, Schubert; state and county fairs, Butler; horticulture, McDonald, of Williamson; miscellaneous subjects, Ely.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 31.—In the house Wednesday the civil service bill was referred to the proper committee. Muir's proposition to punish not only the groom who performs the operation of docking horses' tails, but the employer who permits or orders the mutilation, and all persons who may be present at the time as well; to establish a state board of embalmers, and to appropriate \$60,000 to erect a building for physical training and literary societies at the state normal school at Normal. A petition was presented from citizens of Aurora requesting the passage of a bill to enable boards of education and school directors to establish and maintain kindergarten schools.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 1.—A joint resolution was introduced in the house Thursday providing that no bituminous coal for the use of the state not produced in Illinois be purchased. A resolution was introduced directing the committee on judiciary to report a bill abolishing grand juries and providing that work formerly done by grand juries be carried out by juries of courts of records. A bill was introduced which declares that all members of societies which tend to ostracize persons for holding other religious beliefs shall be considered conspirators and subject to a fine of not less than \$500 or more than \$2,000.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Feb. 2.—In the house Friday another anti-pool selling bill was introduced; also a bill to amend the insurance act so as to permit religious societies to do fraternal insurance business. Adjourned till Monday evening at 5 o'clock.

## RAILWAY STATISTICS.

Enormous Decrease in Gross Earnings in the Past Year.  
CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—According to figures compiled by the Railway Age, gross earnings of American roads for 1894, as compared with those of 1893, decreased by \$125,000,000. This amount is partly estimated. It is based on the complete reports of 150 roads which showed a decrease of \$100,338,694. The exact earnings of these 150 roads were \$773,282,282, compared with \$873,620,976 for 1893. The largest decrease was on the entire Pennsylvania system, the amount being nearly \$13,000,000. Other large decreases were over \$5,000,000 on the Burlington, \$3,000,000 by the St. Paul, \$4,000,000 each by the Northwestern and Lake Shore, \$3,000,000 by the Illinois Central, Baltimore & Ohio and Rock Island and \$2,000,000 by the Canadian Pacific. A peculiar feature of the report is that every Mexican road shows an increase. The Age concludes: "But Mexico does not treat its railroads as public enemies."

