

THE GENOA REPUBLICAN-JOURNAL

ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MATTER, SEPTEMBER 16, 1904, AT THE POSTOFFICE AT GENOA, ILLINOIS, UNDER THE ACT OF CONGRESS OF MARCH 3, 1879

PUBLISHED BY C. D. SCHOONMAKER

GENOA, ILLINOIS, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1914

NEW SERIES } VOLUME X, NO. 8



Our Query and Reply Department

Why is the president of the United States required to kiss the Bible on taking the oath of office?

There is no such requirement, and the ceremony is not essential. It grew out of the fact that an early law of Maryland made that ceremony part of a legal oath, and the custom was continued in the District of Columbia, but it is not essential, nor is any particular form of oath. Jews are sworn on the Pentateuch, keep on their hats and conclude their oath with "So help me Jehovah," and if a Jew were elected president he would be permitted to take the oath of office in that form.

What president of the United States received the largest majority of votes in the electoral college?

Washington, of course, who was twice elected unanimously, receiving all the votes in the electoral college, and John Adams, the next highest number, making him vice president.

When was the first stamp made and under what conditions?

Stamps of various kinds have been used and for various purposes; but, assuming that you mean postage stamps, they were first used in England with the introduction of cheap postage in 1840. They were introduced in Russia in 1845, in Switzerland in 1846 and in the United States by act of congress March 3, 1847, the first issued being a five cent stamp bearing the head of Franklin and a ten cent one with a portrait of Washington.

Why are unfeeling or insensitive persons called stoics? We are told that somebody endured pain like a stoic. What does it mean?

Hundreds of years before the birth of Christ a Greek philosopher founded a new school of philosophy of a materialistic character and endeavored to make his followers indifferent to almost anything. The founder of the school made his teaching headquarters in a certain porch or colonnade at Athens called the stoa, which, being handsomely painted and decorated, made an attractive resort for those who wished to hear him expound his doctrines. From their meeting in the stoa they came to be called stoics, and eventually that name was applied to all who accepted the leader's teachings, as many did, for in those days every new school of philosophy had its followers. From stoics came stoicism, stoical, etc., all indicative of superiority to circumstances.

Please give a rule for finding the number of tons of hay (timothy) in a mow, the hay having been cut and stored in the mow five months ago.

It would depend, of course, on the dimensions of the mow. An old rule says to find the number of tons in a mow multiply the length, width and height of the mow in yards and divide the product by fifteen.

BRUNGART-SCHMIDT

Miss Alvina Schmidt Becomes Bride of Geo. B. Brungart of Pennsylvania

At the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Schmidt, Sr., on Wednesday afternoon, Nov. 18, at four o'clock, occurred the marriage of their daughter, Alvina Katherine, to Mr. George B. Brungart of Pennsylvania. Rev. J. Moltan, pastor of the German Lutheran church, officiating. The ceremony was witnessed by only the members of the bride's family. Shortly after the knot had been tied the party enjoyed a fine supper.

Mr. and Mrs. Brungart left on the early morning train Thursday for Pennsylvania where they will visit with the groom's parents a few weeks.

The bride is the youngest daughter of the Schmidt family. She is an attractive, vivacious young lady and makes friends easily. During the past year she has been employed in The Republican-Journal office and the folks around here will wish her nothing but happiness.

The groom, who is employed as cutter at the shoe factory, is a man who has the happy faculty of minding his own business, being

What is the meaning of the word diaphanous? Is it a new color? How do you pronounce it?

It is pronounced di-a-f-a-n-ous, accent on second syllable, and means translucent or transparent. It is derived from the Greek dia, through, and phaino, to show, hence a material or texture through which some light passes and objects can be seen, as diaphanous clouds or vapor. It has no relation to color.

Why was the government of the District of Columbia made different from that of the states?

In establishing the government it was important that the national capital should be located in national territory and not within any particular state. So when it was decided to establish what was called "a federal city" the states of Maryland and Virginia each ceded a body of land on opposite sides of the Potomac river for the site of a capital, over which congress should have exclusive jurisdiction, as it has over the territories. Of the cessions thus made congress accepted sixty-four square miles from Maryland and thirty-six square miles from Virginia, but in 1840 congress ceded back to Virginia the portion accepted from that state. As now constituted the boundaries of the District are marked by stone mile posts inscribed on the side facing the district "Jurisdiction of the United States," and on the opposite side "Maryland." As congress exercises exclusive jurisdiction over the District it prescribes the form of government for Washington and at present it is governed by commissioners appointed by the president.

Do recent statistics show any decrease in the number of horses in the United States?

On the contrary, they show a steady increase at least of horses on farms, except in one period. From 1890 to 1900 the number decreased from 14,214,000 to 13,538,000, but since 1900 the increase has been steady to 17,058,000 in 1905, 20,277,000 in 1911 and 20,567,000 in 1913.

Where does the expression occur about a man being fearfully and wonderfully constructed?

The One Hundred and Thirty-ninth Psalm, verse 14, "I will praise thee, for I am fearfully and wonderfully made."

What is the nature of the action of oil in calming waves at sea, chemical or mechanical?

It is mechanical. The philosophy of the operation is that the thin covering of oil floating on the waves prevents the wind from entering under the surface and thereby greatly reduces the roughness of the sea, the height of the waves and the breaking of their crests, which is a particularly dangerous feature.

of a quiet nature and free from the bad habits which so often attend the American youth.

Mr. and Mrs. Brungart will make their home with the bride's parents for the present, but will go to housekeeping as soon as a suitable house can be obtained.

A Verbal Cyclone

Those who heard Lou Beauchamp at Slater's hall last Saturday evening did not regret the time spent in hearing this wonderful speaker. The only regret possible to entertain was that more did not hear him and that he did not talk long enough. One could sit without squirming for three hours and hear that flow of eloquence. The audience was convulsed with laughter during the entire time and yet they were hearing truths which could be carried home with them. Mr. Beauchamp is truly "The humorist who makes you think, and the thinker who makes you laugh."

Dead in Belvidere

Arthur, son of Benjamin Mead of Belvidere, died in that city Monday morning after a long illness. Ed. Mead, who resides north of Genoa, is a brother of the deceased.

Ladies and childrens coats at Olmsted's. Prices right.

SISTER CALLED HOME

Mrs. George E. Sisley Passes Away in Chicago Tuesday Morning

FORMER RESIDENT OF GENOA

News of Her Sudden Death is Great Shock to Relatives and Friends—The Editor is Only Brother of the Deceased

The editor was awakened by the ringing of the telephone bell at two o'clock Tuesday morning of this week, Nov. 17, and received the heart-breaking news that his sister, Mrs. Geo. E. Sisley, had passed away in Chicago only a few minutes before. The announcement of her death came as a great shock to scores of friends in Genoa, while the suddenness of it leaves the members of the family who were near at the time in a helpless state of broken spirit. Altho Mrs. Sisley had been in poor health for several years, there was every reason to believe that she would eventually recover. On the day before her death she was in the best of spirits and feeling well. Shortly before five o'clock that day she was suddenly afflicted with terrible pains in the head and she became unconscious in a short time. The end came at 1:25 Tuesday morning, the cause of death being hemorrhage of the brain.

The body was taken to Marengo Thursday morning and laid to rest, short services being held at the grave.

Gertrude Belle Schoonmaker was born in Belvidere, Ill., March 17, 1870. When only a little girl her parents moved to Hampshire where the family resided many years. She was married to Geo. E. Sisley in 1892. After a short residence in Chicago they came to Genoa where Mr. Sisley edited The Genoa Issue for several years. During the past ten years they have made their home in Chicago. Besides her husband, one son, Raymond, a manly young fellow of twenty-two years, three sisters and one brother survive. The sisters are Mrs. F. C. Deggendorf and Mrs. H. R. Lanning of Chicago and Mrs. W. I. Pierce of Warsaw, Ind.

The writer was the only son in the family. It is only a short time since that we were called upon to pay a last tribute to our little mother who was instantly killed in Chicago. Readers of The Republican Journal who knew Mrs. Sisley realize that the writer can say nothing which would make the memory of her bright and sunny disposition more sweet to them. To know this little lady was to love her. While a resident of Genoa her home was always open to friends and the welcome she gave her guests came from her heart. Mrs. Sisley met everyone on the same level, cherishing the friendship of a pauper as she would that of the wealthy. It was this commendable trait of character (too often lacking in others) that gave her access to the hearts of friends. Sister Gertrude is gone, but the memory of her unselfish, charitable life will endure to the end.

"The Court of Babylon"

The "Court of Babylon" was presented at Slater's hall last Thursday and Friday evenings, under direction of Mr. and Mrs. Moore, to large audiences. Considering the length of time taken in preparation of the cantata, it was presented in a manner entirely commendable and was well worth the time and money. While here Mr. and Mrs. Moore by their affable manners and sincere efforts in making the oratorio a success won the esteem and friendship of many Genoa people.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

Report of Treasurer Shows Balance on Hand of \$1815.29

November 13, 1914
Regular meeting of the city council called to order by Mayor T. J. Hoover. Members present: Hill, Danforth, Smith, Browne, Shipman. Absent: Pickett. Minutes of last regular meeting read and approved.

The following bills were approved by the finance committee. Scherf & Banks, teaming... \$ 27.00
H. B. Downing, labor... 12.75
E. E. Crawford, salary... 75.00
F. A. Tischler, labor... 5.80
Fred Scherf, teaming... 4.50
E. Harshman, salary... 75.00
Genoa Fire Department... 44.00
Fairbanks, Morse & Co. repairs... .20
Perkins & Rosenfeld, supplies... 6.40
National Lead Co., lead pipe... 20.02
E. G. Cooper, gasoline... 55.20
L. C. Duval, supplies... 5.20
L. C. Duval, salary... 65.00
Fred Claussen, teaming... 22.50
C. D. Schoonmaker, postage and expense... 4.90
August Teyler, shades... .60
DeKalb County Telephone Co., toll and rent... 13.85
DeKalb County, assessment fees... 21.00
Illinois Northern Util. Co. light October... 222.17
Wm. Nulle, special police... 32.50
I. W. Douglass, supplies... 4.09
Moved by Smith, seconded by Browne that bills be allowed. Motion carried.

Report of City treasurer was read showing cash balance on hand of \$1815.29. Moved by Shipman, seconded by Hill that report be accepted. Motion carried.

Report of superintendent of water works was read. Moved by Browne, seconded by Danforth that report be accepted. Motion carried.
Moved by Browne, seconded by Shipman that council adjourn. Motion carried.

C. D. Schoonmaker,
City Clerk.

BASKET BALL GAME

Genoa Highs will Take on Two Teams Friday Evening of This Week

Basket ball fans will be given the opportunity to give vent to their stored up enthusiasm for the game on Friday evening of this week when the Genoa Highs will meet the Malta and Rollo teams in a double header, at the opera house.

The Genoa team has made a great showing thus far this season in its out of door games, having given Kirkland and Rollo a decided wallowing. The boys had their first practice in the opera house Tuesday evening and feel confident that they can "show up" any high school in the country after getting used to the floor.

Remember the date, Friday evening, Nov. 20.

Sale on Xmas Handkerchiefs

Commencing next Tuesday Nov. 22, until all are sold, 1000 beautiful sheer linen handkerchiefs. Each tied with white silk ribbons for 10-15-19-25-29-35 cents each.

Children's handkerchiefs each in little booklet form 10 and 15 cents. Big line of 5 cent handkerchiefs.

Men's handkerchiefs put up in many different ways. Come early and get first choice of those hand embroidered handkerchiefs.

F. W. OLMSTED.

Extra large size of underwear, hosiery, gloves, shoes and coats at Olmsted's.

ANSWER THE CALL

E. H. Richardson and Dr. C. H. Mordoff Died Monday Night

FUNERAL SERVICES THURSDAY

The Former had been in Poor Health for Months Dr. Mordoff Sick Only a Few Weeks Prior to Summons—Bright's Disease

Shortly before six o'clock on Monday evening, Nov. 16, E. H. Richardson passed away at his home in this city, heart failure being the direct cause of his death. The deceased had been in poor health for several months and on one or two occasions it was feared that he could not recover. He became so much better several weeks ago, however, that he again entered business in Chicago. He came home last week broken in health and rapidly grew weaker. It was not thought that there was any immediate danger, arrangements having been made to secure a nurse the following day. The end came as an agonizing shock to Mrs. Richardson while she was alone with her husband.

Edgar H. Richardson was born on the farm south of Genoa now owned by Jas. J. Hammond on the 18th of February, 1858, and has made Genoa his home practically all his life. His father, G. W. Richardson, passed away in 1887 and his mother in 1905. At the age of twenty-two years Edgar Richardson was married to Miss Caroline Adams of Genoa. To this union one daughter, Wyla, was born. She is now the wife of Fred W. Dumser and resides in Reading, Pennsylvania. Besides the wife and daughter, one brother and two sisters survive. They are George of Dane, Wis., Mrs. Paul Lapham and Mrs. C. A. Snow of Genoa. Funeral services were held at the home this (Thursday) afternoon at two o'clock, Rev. T. E. Ream of Plainfield, Ill., officiating. Interment took place in Genoa cemetery.

Dr. C. H. Mordoff died at his home Monday night, Nov. 16, at eleven o'clock, after only a few weeks' illness of Bright's disease. Up until he was compelled to take to his bed three weeks ago Dr. Mordoff was in apparent good health, the announcement of his serious illness being a surprise to friends.

Funeral services were held at the home in this city Thursday afternoon, Rev. Peterson of the A. C. church officiating. Interment took place at Belvidere, the boyhood home of the deceased.

Charles Hiram, son of George James and Sarah Carolyn Mordoff, was born in Belvidere, July 22, 1856. In 1882 he came to Genoa and began practicing medicine, his father and mother coming with him. The former died January 4, 1905, and the latter September 3, 1910. On the 2nd of May, 1911, Dr. Mordoff was married to Miss Maude Sturtevant. One daughter, Hypatia Carolyn, now eight months of age, was born to them.

Dr. Mordoff enjoyed a lucrative practice for years and at the time he was taken ill was doing his share of the work in this vicinity. He was a great reader and leaves a library which surpasses any in Genoa.

Thanksgiving Dance

Slater & Prain will give a Thanksgiving dance at Slater's hall on Wednesday evening, Nov. 25. Pattetson's six-piece orchestra will furnish the music. The managers intend to make this the best of the season and are looking for a large crowd. Tickets sell at seventy-five cents.



What was the name of that woman lighthouse keeper who was noted for her courage in saving lives?

Her maiden name was Ida Lewis, and after several years of lighthouse service she became Mrs. Wilson, but remained in the service till her death. The secretary of commerce and labor says in his report for 1912: "On Oct. 24, 1911, Mrs. Ida Lewis Wilson, keeper of the Lime Rock light station, Rhode Island, died at her station, aged sixty-nine years. She resided at the station from the age of twelve and succeeded her mother, who had previously succeeded her father as keeper in 1879. She was perhaps the most widely known lighthouse keeper in the United States, having saved at least thirteen persons from drowning on different occasions, for which she was presented with medals and other tokens." To be thus mentioned in an official report gives Mrs. Wilson peculiar distinction.

Why do clocks give a warning click a few minutes before striking the hour?

It is not intended as a warning, but is simply a sound made by the mechanism in bringing the striking parts into readiness to act as soon as the hour is completed. It is a necessary part of the mechanism.

In Roosevelt's "Life of Benton" what tribute is paid to General Lee?

Following is his language: "The world has never seen better soldiers than those who followed Lee, and their leader will undoubtedly rank as without any exception the very greatest of all the great captains that the English speaking people have brought forth, and this although the last and chief of his antagonists may himself claim to stand as the full equal of Marlborough and Wellington."

Who were the Brontes, sometimes referred to as a trio of novelists? Is Bronte a real name or a pseudonym?

It is a real name. There were three Bronte sisters, daughters of the Rev. Patrick Bronte, a clergyman of the Church of England. Charlotte Bronte (1816-1855), Emily (1818-1848) and Anne (1820-1849), and they all wrote novels under assumed names. Charlotte Bronte (Currer Bell) wrote "Jane Eyre," "Shirley," "Villette" and other novels; Emily (Ellis Bell) wrote "Wuthering Heights," and Anne (Acton Bell) wrote "Agnes Gray." They also published a volume of poems by Currer, Ellis and Acton Bell. Their novels made them famous, and Emily's poems, especially her "Old Stole" and "Last Lines," rank very high. Charlotte, the oldest sister, became Mrs. Nicholls and died March 31, 1855.

If a vacant house should burn would insurance on it be paid?

It would depend on the terms of the contract and whether it was violated or not.

GRAND JURY ADJOURNS

Over \$1,000 Collected in Fines from Liquor Violators

The grand jury was dismissed on Wednesday after a session lasting from Monday. They returned an indictment of 30 counts against Nelson Macier, driver of a delivery wagon for the Aurora agents of the Schoenhofen Brewing company, whom a number of witnesses testified made a regular business of selling beer off his wagon in Hinckley and vicinity. A number of other witnesses testified this week in liquor cases.

In circuit court on Wednesday a plea of guilty was entered. Thomas Hart of Malta to the indictment charging him with selling intoxicating liquor in violation of the local option. The court imposed a fine of \$500 and ordered the defendant to pay the costs of prosecution, amount being \$300. The costs were satisfied in open court.

This is the first case of a violator being dismissed from grand jury. A grand jury will be organized on Monday. The grand jury will be organized on Monday. The grand jury will be organized on Monday.

What railroad was first built in the United States?

The first railroad in the United States was built from the granite quarries at Quincy to the Neponset river in 1826. The following year a gravity road for the transportation of coal was built at Mauch Chunk, Pa. The first railroad built expressly for the transportation of freight and passengers was the Baltimore and Ohio, which was commenced in 1828 and for a time was run as a horse railroad.

Who was the inventor of the electric dynamo?

Antonio Pacinotti invented the dynamo for generating electric current over fifty years ago in Pisa, Italy.

What advantages are there in tall, large chimneys which are used by large furnaces? Does the height make a better draft? If so, why?

Tall chimneys contribute to the removal of smoke and soot, and they also serve to provide the fire with the air that is essential for fuel combustion. The hot air in the shaft, being lighter than the cold air outside, tends to rise, and as it does so air flows in automatically at the bottom to take its place, thus at once supplying the fire with necessary air and also maintaining an ascending current in the chimney and causing a steady draft. There is a fixed proportion between the height of a chimney and the velocity of the ascending current of air, and other matters to be considered are the dimensions of the fire grate, the amount and kind of fuel to be burned and the inside capacity or aperture of the chimney. The strength of the draft depends on the velocity of the ascending current of hot air and the latter mainly on the height of the shaft.

Why is southern Illinois called Egypt?

The term originally implied praise and gratitude. In 1834 a succession of crop failures in the upper Wabash valley necessitated bringing seed corn from southern Illinois. The supply there was so abundant and was dealt out so generously that, referring to the Bible narrative of Egyptian abundance, that region was called Egypt, and the name prevailed for a long time.

Is the size of greenbacks and treasury notes fixed by law? Could they be made smaller without an act of congress?

The law does not prescribe their dimensions, and the secretary of the treasury is now making arrangements to reduce the size of all notes issued by the government and of national bank notes. At present all these notes are 7.28 inches long by 3.04 inches wide. The smaller ones will be six inches long by two and a half inches wide. The reduction in size will result in a large saving in the government's paper bills.

conducting a "local option store." This fine, together with those imposed in the other cases from Kirkland and Rollo, makes a total of \$1,000, and costs collected at the county treasury.

Hart, who was a violator of the local option law, was fined \$500 and costs collected at the county treasury. The law was enforced by Attorney Smith.

Malta until the anti-salo law was passed. The law was enforced by Attorney Smith.

Malta until the anti-salo law was passed. The law was enforced by Attorney Smith.

Malta until the anti-salo law was passed. The law was enforced by Attorney Smith.

Malta until the anti-salo law was passed. The law was enforced by Attorney Smith.

FAMOUS BRITISH SOLDIER DEAD

Lord Roberts the Victim of Pneumonia While on Visit to Line of Battle.

MINE SINKS A WARSHIP

Audacious, One of the Most Powerful Vessels of the British Fleet, Destroyed—Fighting in Flanders Is Without Material Result.

London, Nov. 17.—Field Marshal Earl Roberts is dead in France from pneumonia.

A telegram from Field Marshal Sir John French, commander of the British expeditionary forces on the continent, apprised Earl Kitchener, secretary of state for war, of the death of England's great soldier. The telegram read:

"I deeply regret to tell you that Lord Roberts died at eight o'clock in the evening."

The place where Britain's aged hero died is not known definitely. It is supposed to have been somewhere along the Belgian-French frontier, where the British have been fighting for weeks.

British Battleship Sunk.

New York, Nov. 16.—Two men who were aboard the liner Olympic when it rescued the members of the crew of the lost dreadnaught Audacious to-

new open formation when attacking. Possibly this reduces casualties, but the attacks are no more successful. The battle has become less severe because of the blizzards which have swept the trenches and brought great suffering to the wounded as well as to the men in the fields. A large area of West Flanders around Dixmude has been flooded by the heavy rains and is no man's land for fighting.

French Official Statement.
The text of the statement given out in Paris follows:

"Along the Yser canal, from Neuport to Dixmude, the fighting was limited to artillery exchanges. The inundated territory now stretches to the north of Dixmude to a point three miles north of Bixchoote.

"The forces of the enemy, which endeavored to cross the canal between Dixmude and Bixchoote, were driven back beyond the bridges. A German regiment was completely destroyed at a point to the south of Bixchoote.

"To the southeast of Ypres two other German attacks were repulsed. On our part we have taken the offensive and reconquered certain points of support.

"In the Argonne, the town of St. Hubert again has been attacked by the Germans, but without success. In the region of St. Mihiel a surprise attack by the enemy against Apremont resulted in failure."

Denies Losses in Argonne.

A semi-official explanation of the French position in the forest of Argonne was given out in Paris. It said:

"The fighting line has not changed perceptibly in the last two months. The French and German trenches are separated at some points by a distance not exceeding fifty yards. Infantry fire is constantly going on, while all the expedients of siege operations are being utilized. Daily engagements oc-

ing along the right bank of the Vistula river. In this fighting we made 500 prisoners and captured ten machine guns up to yesterday.

"A decision has been arrived at in the battle which has been going on for the last few days at Wloclawek, in Russian Poland on the Vistula, thirty miles northwest of Plock. Several Russian army corps in opposition to us were driven back beyond Kutno.

"According to the present reports we made 23,000 prisoners and captured over twenty machine guns, as well as some cannon, the number of which has not yet been ascertained."

Austrian official bulletins, given out here today, say that the Austrian garrison at Przemysl is showing great energy. The Austrians, it is asserted, have made a successful sortie to the north of the fortress.

Russians Nearer Cracow Goal.
Rome, Nov. 16.—A special dispatch from Petrograd to the Giornale d'Italia says that the overwhelming advance of the Russians toward Cracow is overcoming all obstacles, both the difficulty of the passage and the desperate resistance of the Austrians. Cracow is entirely besieged on the north-east.

A sortie from Przemysl has been repulsed by Russian artillery and cavalry, which inflicted severe losses on the Austrians.

Money and Men for Britain.
London, Nov. 17.—The house of commons today voted unanimously to provide 1,000,000 more soldiers and an additional credit of \$1,125,000,000 to carry on the war.

The vote followed an address by Premier Asquith, in which he declared the present crisis is "the greatest emergency which the empire ever has faced."

He said Great Britain already has 1,200,000 men under arms and that

FIRE ON U. S. BOAT

Launch From Cruiser Tennessee Shelled by Turkish Forts at Smyrna.

ATTEMPTED TO ENTER BAY

Americans Stop Ill-Treatment of Foreigners at Vurla—1,000 British Troops Killed by Turks Near Fao.

London, Nov. 19.—An Exchange telegram from Athens states that a launch from the American cruiser Tennessee, which anchored at Vurla, in Asia Minor, endeavored to enter the Bay of Smyrna to arrange with the authorities for the cruiser to enter the harbor. The forts opened fire on the American launch and forced it to return to the ship.

The commanding officer of the Tennessee then informed the governor that he had orders from his government to enter the harbor and that he decided to execute the order. At the time this dispatch was sent no further action had been taken either by the Tennessee or by the forts.

Foreigners Aided by Marines.
A dispatch from Athens said: "The Tennessee has arrived at Vurla to put a stop to the ill-treatment of the British, French and Russian residents. The authorities of Smyrna feared a bombardment, have left for the interior. The garrison at Smyrna at present consists of 35,000 soldiers."

Vurla is one of the forts guarding the entrance to the Bay of Smyrna. It is about twenty-five miles from the town of Smyrna and commands the narrow entry from the gulf.

Turks Kill 1,000 Indian Troops.
British Indian troops lost 1,000 in killed when attacked by the Turks near Fao on the coast of Basra in the Persian gulf, according to an official announcement made in Constantinople.

A dispatch from Athens says: "The Turks lost 250 men and two guns were destroyed in the bombardment of the forts of the Dardanelles. The former German cruisers, Goeben and Breslau, which now fly the Turkish flag, have re-entered the Bosphorus."

Cracow Is Near Capture.
Venice, Nov. 19.—Advices by way of Trieste say the investment of Cracow began on Saturday. The Russian force, advancing upon the Austrian stronghold from the north, opened the bombardment as soon as their big guns were brought up from Miechow. The northern section of the city was soon in flames.

Violent assaults upon all defenses are being made by the Russians. The force advancing from the east, which has now passed Tarnow, is moving rapidly, and the capture of Cracow is expected momentarily.

For the Russians the fall of Cracow means the key to industrial districts of Silesia, striking a vital economic blow at Germany.

Fierce Artillery Duel in Belgium.
Paris, Nov. 15.—The great artillery duel between the Germans and the allies along the front in Belgium from the coast to Ypres is increasing in violence, according to an official statement issued here. It says that the Germans have been forced to abandon part of their trenches because of the flood in the region and that two German attacks have been repulsed.

The allies have made marked progress, it adds, between Bixchoote and the Yser canal and between Armentieres and La Bassée.

In the Argonne region there has been no infantry engagement. We have blown up a number of German trenches with a mine.

A dispatch from Sluis says that Dixmude has been destroyed by artillery fire and that all the surrounding villages have been wrecked or burned.

"There was heavy fighting around Ypres Monday. The casualties were large, but the battle resulted in excellent progress for the allies," says a Dunkirk dispatch. "The German casualties are estimated at one hundred thousand in the last four days."

Britain Closes North Sea.
London, Nov. 19.—A sensation was caused here by an announcement made by Premier Asquith in the house of commons that the government had decided to declare all the North sea a military area. This will be a severe blow at neutral countries like Denmark and Holland, which get their imports on ships that are compelled to traverse the North sea, but the British government decided that such action was necessary to prevent Germany also from getting supplies.

The premier also announced that oil and copper would hereafter be regarded as contraband of war. This settles a question that has been in dispute for some time.

Britain Admits German Gain.
London, Nov. 19.—An official narrative describing the operations of the British troops in France on November 11, 12, 13, has been issued by the government press bureau. It admits that the Germans have gained ground around Ypres, but says that they have failed to capture that town. The narrative, written by an officer attached to the staff of General French, also admits that the British suffered heavy losses, but adds: "We have inflicted greater losses than those suffered by ourselves."

WHEN THE GERMANS REACHED THE NORTH SEA



Above, German infantry, defected from Ghent and Bruges, passing through Blankenburghe, just outside Ostend. Below, the kaiser's infantry which entered Ostend, marching along the sands of the North sea at that port, which they hoped to utilize as a base of operations against England.

MORE CANADIAN TROOPS JOIN THE ALLIES



might told a dramatic story of Great Britain's latest naval disaster. Their story establishes these facts:

The Audacious was crippled by the explosion of a floating mine which it struck.

At the time of the disaster the Audacious was not cruising alone, but several other big warships of the British navy were in the vicinity.

The battleship was blown up and sunk by the British cruiser Liverpool when it became apparent the vessel was hopelessly crippled and the efforts of the Olympic to tow it into shoal waters had failed. This was done to remove danger to navigation caused by the floating hull.

The Audacious was completed in 1913, with her sister ship, the Ajax, and was a dreadnaught of the King George class. Her displacement was 10,000 tons, her length over all 596 feet. She was equipped with ten 13 1/2-inch guns, 20 four-inch guns and three torpedo tubes.

AN FORCE CUT OFF.
It is said to have been cut off for disaster.

In consequence of the heavy rains, says the president of the Star, the force of German troops has been cut

off and the British and French forces are now in a position to attack them.

The fighting in the east continues. Yesterday our troops operating in East Prussia repulsed the enemy in the region south of Stallupoenen. Troops from West Prussia successfully resisted the advance of Russian troops at Soldau, and after a successful attack at Lipno drove them back in the direction of Plock.

Russian forces are advancing in the direction of Plock.

Months later, when the British arrived in the nick of time, the Merrimac it was found that the vessel had revolved on its side. Then came the idea that the ship was a naval expert.

The idea that the ship was a naval expert was not a far cry from the idea that the ship was a naval expert.

The ship was a naval expert and was a naval expert.

The ship was a naval expert and was a naval expert.

The ship was a naval expert and was a naval expert.

The ship was a naval expert and was a naval expert.

The ship was a naval expert and was a naval expert.

The ship was a naval expert and was a naval expert.

The ship was a naval expert and was a naval expert.

The ship was a naval expert and was a naval expert.

The ship was a naval expert and was a naval expert.

The ship was a naval expert and was a naval expert.

cur, resulting sometimes in bending either the French or the German lines back for a distance of 150 yards.

"The casualties have been heavy for both armies, but the German losses certainly have been greater than those of the French."

This explanation was brought forth by the publication in the German press of a statement to the effect that the French had been driven out of the Argonne, while the siege of Verdun was proceeding. Regarding the latter statement, it is declared that the French are advancing.

SAYS CRACOW IS BURNING.
Italian Newspaper Reports Destruction of Capital of Galicia.

Rome, Nov. 17.—The Giornale d'Italia publishes a dispatch from Venice which says that news has been received there that Cracow, capital of Galicia, is burning and that its inhabitants are fleeing.

Fighting Near Suez Canal.
Berlin, Nov. 17 (by wireless).—Fighting is already going on near the Suez canal. Four wagonloads of British soldiers wounded between Ismailia and Suez have arrived at Cairo. The native troops were reported to have mutinied.

Drop Bombs on Ostend.
London, Nov. 17.—Two bombs were dropped upon German troops in Ostend by aviators, according to a news agency dispatch from Amsterdam on Saturday afternoon. One caused a heavy explosion and set fire to a store of benzine.

Crippled Dirigible Over Holland.
Amsterdam, Nov. 18.—A badly damaged dirigible airship flew over Limburg, Holland, coming from the direction of Belgium. It was evident that the airship had been damaged. When over Maastricht the airship disappeared in the direction of Germany.

It is that three British monitors have distinguished themselves along the Belgian coast. It appears to have been demonstrated that these monitors, put to such use by the British, are well adapted to the service required of them, on account of their ability to work in shallow water and to assist land forces. It is also reported that they are a difficult mark for the torpedoes of submarines, and if this proves to be true, it may be taken for granted that the monitor type will come to its own again.

It is that three British monitors have distinguished themselves along the Belgian coast. It appears to have been demonstrated that these monitors, put to such use by the British, are well adapted to the service required of them, on account of their ability to work in shallow water and to assist land forces. It is also reported that they are a difficult mark for the torpedoes of submarines, and if this proves to be true, it may be taken for granted that the monitor type will come to its own again.

It is that three British monitors have distinguished themselves along the Belgian coast. It appears to have been demonstrated that these monitors, put to such use by the British, are well adapted to the service required of them, on account of their ability to work in shallow water and to assist land forces. It is also reported that they are a difficult mark for the torpedoes of submarines, and if this proves to be true, it may be taken for granted that the monitor type will come to its own again.

It is that three British monitors have distinguished themselves along the Belgian coast. It appears to have been demonstrated that these monitors, put to such use by the British, are well adapted to the service required of them, on account of their ability to work in shallow water and to assist land forces. It is also reported that they are a difficult mark for the torpedoes of submarines, and if this proves to be true, it may be taken for granted that the monitor type will come to its own again.

It is that three British monitors have distinguished themselves along the Belgian coast. It appears to have been demonstrated that these monitors, put to such use by the British, are well adapted to the service required of them, on account of their ability to work in shallow water and to assist land forces. It is also reported that they are a difficult mark for the torpedoes of submarines, and if this proves to be true, it may be taken for granted that the monitor type will come to its own again.

It is that three British monitors have distinguished themselves along the Belgian coast. It appears to have been demonstrated that these monitors, put to such use by the British, are well adapted to the service required of them, on account of their ability to work in shallow water and to assist land forces. It is also reported that they are a difficult mark for the torpedoes of submarines, and if this proves to be true, it may be taken for granted that the monitor type will come to its own again.

It is that three British monitors have distinguished themselves along the Belgian coast. It appears to have been demonstrated that these monitors, put to such use by the British, are well adapted to the service required of them, on account of their ability to work in shallow water and to assist land forces. It is also reported that they are a difficult mark for the torpedoes of submarines, and if this proves to be true, it may be taken for granted that the monitor type will come to its own again.

It is that three British monitors have distinguished themselves along the Belgian coast. It appears to have been demonstrated that these monitors, put to such use by the British, are well adapted to the service required of them, on account of their ability to work in shallow water and to assist land forces. It is also reported that they are a difficult mark for the torpedoes of submarines, and if this proves to be true, it may be taken for granted that the monitor type will come to its own again.

It is that three British monitors have distinguished themselves along the Belgian coast. It appears to have been demonstrated that these monitors, put to such use by the British, are well adapted to the service required of them, on account of their ability to work in shallow water and to assist land forces. It is also reported that they are a difficult mark for the torpedoes of submarines, and if this proves to be true, it may be taken for granted that the monitor type will come to its own again.

It is that three British monitors have distinguished themselves along the Belgian coast. It appears to have been demonstrated that these monitors, put to such use by the British, are well adapted to the service required of them, on account of their ability to work in shallow water and to assist land forces. It is also reported that they are a difficult mark for the torpedoes of submarines, and if this proves to be true, it may be taken for granted that the monitor type will come to its own again.

It is that three British monitors have distinguished themselves along the Belgian coast. It appears to have been demonstrated that these monitors, put to such use by the British, are well adapted to the service required of them, on account of their ability to work in shallow water and to assist land forces. It is also reported that they are a difficult mark for the torpedoes of submarines, and if this proves to be true, it may be taken for granted that the monitor type will come to its own again.

It is that three British monitors have distinguished themselves along the Belgian coast. It appears to have been demonstrated that these monitors, put to such use by the British, are well adapted to the service required of them, on account of their ability to work in shallow water and to assist land forces. It is also reported that they are a difficult mark for the torpedoes of submarines, and if this proves to be true, it may be taken for granted that the monitor type will come to its own again.

It is that three British monitors have distinguished themselves along the Belgian coast. It appears to have been demonstrated that these monitors, put to such use by the British, are well adapted to the service required of them, on account of their ability to work in shallow water and to assist land forces. It is also reported that they are a difficult mark for the torpedoes of submarines, and if this proves to be true, it may be taken for granted that the monitor type will come to its own again.

It is that three British monitors have distinguished themselves along the Belgian coast. It appears to have been demonstrated that these monitors, put to such use by the British, are well adapted to the service required of them, on account of their ability to work in shallow water and to assist land forces. It is also reported that they are a difficult mark for the torpedoes of submarines, and if this proves to be true, it may be taken for granted that the monitor type will come to its own again.

LADY LETHBRIDGE AS NURSE



Among the many women of the British nobility who are giving their services to the Red Cross is Lady Lethbridge, who established a hospital at Calais, where thousands of wounded Belgians and Germans are cared for.

MAXIM'S GIFT TO SOLDIERS



Sir Hiram Maxim, the famous inventor, chopping up pork to be used in his gift to the Canadian troops, which consists of 25,000 one-pound tins of pork and beans, prepared by himself and cooked by the method followed by the lumbermen of Canada.

King Albert of Belgium shows qualities of grit and endurance that would have made him a star on the football field in his younger days.

COUNTESS GREY'S MILITARY HOSPITAL



Countess Grey has converted her beautiful home, Howick castle, Northumberland, into a hospital for wounded British and Belgian soldiers, and she attends them with her two daughters. The photograph shows Sergt. Joseph Jacobs of the Tiremont regiment showing his wounds and narrating his experiences to two of the workers at Howick castle. He is only eighteen years old, but was in every engagement of the Belgians from Liege to Malines.

TROOPS OF THE CZAR IN TRENCHES



The success of the Russians in Austria is said to be due largely to the precision with which they are moved from one position to another. A detachment of the infantry is here shown in the trenches.

296,869 Prisoners in Germany.
London.—A Reuter dispatch from Amsterdam says that, according to Berlin newspapers received there, the number of war prisoners in Germany up to October 21, aggregated 296,869, including 5,401 officers. Of these it is said that there are 2,472 French officers and 146,897 men, 2,164 Russian officers and 104,524 men, 547 Belgian officers and 31,378 men and 218 British officers and 8,669 men.

Honor for Undersea Chief.
Berlin.—Captain Weddigen, commander of the German submarines U9 which sank the British cruisers Hogue-Aboukir, and Cressy in the North sea and has been active otherwise, has received the decoration of the Ordre Pour le Merite.

Cossack Cloak and Joffre Hat.
Paris.—The Joffre hat and Cossack cloak are definite features of Paris winter fashions. The hat is made of dark velvet. It is round and flat with a peak. The cloak is heavy and loose, ending at the knees.

War to Put Lid on Absinthe.
Paris.—Permanent prohibition of the sale of absinthe and kindred alcoholic beverages in France may be a result of the war. Transportation and sale of absinthe were forbidden when the war began, and the govern-



THE TURKEY HUNTER

SPEAKING OF TURKEY



SHOOTING WILD TURKEYS

The turkey is truly an American bird. It existed on this continent with the Indians before Columbus landed. Only a few years ago among the caves of Arizona the mummified remains of a turkey were found. Practically every cave once occupied by the cliff dwellers of that region contained the bones or feathers of the turkey, but this specimen is intact. Its age is a matter of speculation among the scientists of the National museum at Washington, where the specimen is on exhibition.

Another interesting fact resulted from a scientific expedition which Dr. C. Hart Merriam made among the mountains of Arizona; he came across a living species of bird identical with the one found mummified and which is now known to the scientific world by his name.

Another recent discovery in connection with the turkey was a Maya hieroglyphic which mentions along with other things ten turkey hens and five turkey cocks. This is thought to be the first record of the turkey in this country and antedates the expedition of Cortes to Mexico in 1519.

But the turkey goes back further among the Indians than even the probable date at which the specimen found in the cave existed. Among the Zunis, for instance, there exist many legends, handed down from time immemorial, which have for their subject the turkey.

Perhaps none is more interesting than the one which tells why his tail feathers are dark, showing, as it does, not only the place he held in the estimation of the Indians but also a noticeable similarity to the flood story of our Bible.

Once upon a time, so the legend runs, there was a flood and the face of the world was covered with water. And the turkey, weary of continually flying, decided to seek some spot on which he might light and rest. But the other birds and animals advised him not to; and the very gods themselves warned him.

He refused to heed either advice or warnings and set out in search of land. After much effort he discovered a single spot not covered by water and alighted. But he found it only deep mud. So he decided to hunt further for some dry place on which to rest. But, alas, when he came to fly, he found his tail feathers stuck fast in the mud.

He pulled and pulled, but could not get them loose. Finally, after a gigantic tug, he managed to free himself. But bits of mud stuck to the end of the tail feathers! And to this day turkeys have dark spots there—a sign of their disobedience to divine command!

The turkey plays a more important part in the life of the Indian than in his legends alone. Not only is it regarded as a choice article of food, but in many tribes it is held sacred. In the parts of the country where the turkey was worshipped it was never eaten except when other food was unobtainable. And even then separate portions were divided among various tribes, so that the religious custom would not be violated.

Turkey feathers rank next in importance to those of the eagle with all tribes, while the Apaches, the Pamunkeys and Cherokees chose the turkey's feathers for all ceremonial head-dresses and ornaments. The Pamunkey tribes also used turkey feathers for ornamental purposes on their clothing, as well as for their headgears. To this day, when they don their native costumes, the turkey feather is preferred as ornament.

If Benjamin Franklin's words had been heeded the turkey would have been the national bird of the United States. The eagle is a first cousin to the species known of old in the eastern hemisphere. Furthermore, it has appeared upon the banners of many nations. It was a symbol of the Roman empire. It was known in China for ages, and today it appears upon the banners of Russia, Germany and several other nations.

The turkey is indigenous to America. Wherever the early European adventurers and settlers arrived they beheld great flocks of turkeys, and it soon became known that they were a favorite food among the Indians. After a while turkeys were proudly sent home as trophies of the chase. In this way the turkey became practically a world-favorite as a food.

When Cortes, in 1519, ascended to the plateau of Mexico, he found a social life developed to a high degree of refinement. He was entertained with oriental magnificence. All the delicacies to be found within the empire were set before him; and though game was abundant, the turkey held the place of honor among the fowl. This was the first time that the Spaniards had eaten turkey.

They also saw great tame flocks of the birds. In fact, since prehistoric times, the turkey had been domesticated and raised for market. Today in Mexico many of the quaint customs then in vogue are still kept alive. And so it is that the purchaser of today may select his choice of fowl in the village street. Or if he prefers the



FINE FLOCK OF TURKEYS



TURKEY PICKING IN "OLD KENTUCKY"

But a short distance from Richmond is a small island inhabited by a tribe of Indians, the Pamunkeys. They are part of the Powhatans, and under an old colonial treaty they pay no taxes and have their own government. They must, however, send to the governor of Virginia each year a gift of game or fowl; and very often this gift takes the form of several large, plump turkeys.

Many have been the explanations made as to how the bird now so popular at Thanksgiving came to be called the turkey, most of which, to the scientist, are nothing but fanciful. One such is the explanation that it comes from the East Indian word "toka," which, in Hebrew, takes the form "tukki," the peacock. As the Jews in South Europe were acquainted with this fowl, it is assumed that they naturally applied the word turkey wherever it was introduced in Spain.

Such a roundabout explanation, say those who know, is entirely unnecessary. The bird was called turkey because it was supposed to come from Turkey, where it was known as an Egyptian hen.

In France the bird was called "dindon," or in the feminine "dinde," as though it were the fowl of d'Inde—from India. The Mexican name for the bird is "huajolote," which, scientists say, indicates the old Aztec knowledge

of the turkey. But whatever dispute has arisen as to the name of the turkey, the fact yet remains that the turkey is indigenous to America. Although scientists believe it is possible that there was a species, the original of the present turkey, indigenous to the West India islands, it is generally conceded that all turkeys have descended in some way or other from the three forms known today as the North American, the Mexican and the Honduras, the ocellated varieties.

The Mexican turkey is found wild throughout the republic. It is short in shank, with feathers on its body of a metallic black shaded only slightly with bronze, while all its feathers are tipped with white.

The Honduras turkey today is scattered all over most of Central America and is extremely wild. The bronze turkey, that variety which today holds the place of honor in the North American group of turkeys, is outdone by none when it comes to beauty or size. Black, beautifully shaded with a rich bronze, the breast plumage being dark bronze illuminated with a lustrous flash of coppery gold, its plumage gives full warrant for the name by which this bird is known.

The full-grown, healthy bird is a beautiful picture of bronze, black, copper and gold, and sometimes weighs 40 or more pounds. Other varieties known in the barnyard, and even recognized among dealers as having distinctive markings, are in reality only highly developed fowls with preserved peculiarities.

In the United States there are six standard varieties recognized and grown. These are the bronze, Narragansett, buff, slate, white and black. The chief differences are in size and color of plumage.

The bronze and Narragansett are the largest, the buff and slate medium, while the white and black are the smallest. Within late years, however, the white variety has reached such a point of popularity that it has increased in size until with some dealers it occupies third place.

Whatever the turkey may have missed through failing to secure that place of honor suggested for it by Benjamin Franklin—as the native bird—it has nevertheless found a place in the regard of the American people which is held by no other fowl.

Time was when a turkey, or as many as could be carried, might be had for the asking. Then came the period when 50 cents would buy a plump young fowl. Even so short a time as ten years ago turkeys could be purchased for from 8 to 20 cents a pound, dressed.

NEWS OF ILLINOIS

ITEMS OF GENERAL STATE INTEREST FRESH FROM THE TELEGRAPH.

KILLS FAMILY AND HIMSELF

Thurman Smith Slays Wife and Baby Son—Thought to Have Been Deported by the Death of His Relatives.

Thompsonville.—Thurman Smith, his wife and two-year-old son were found shot to death in their home here. Smith's throat had also been cut with a razor. Smith had been dependent since the death of his father and sister last spring. He held himself responsible for bringing measles to his father's home, from which disease his father and sister died.

Chicago.—Mrs. G. M. Mathes, 6026 Ellis avenue, was chosen president of the Women's League of the Federated Churches of Chicago at its annual meeting in the Auditorium hotel, and with her the following officers for 1915: Vice-president for the South side, Mrs. J. R. Bowman, vice-president for the North side, Mrs. P. T. Stanwood; vice-president for the West side, Mrs. Robert McCall; recording secretary, Dr. Marie Blarr Mauer; corresponding secretary, Miss Marie Bain; treasurer, Mrs. George Dixon. The purpose of the organization is to cooperate with the Chicago Church Federation council in its civic and reform work and to bring together the various women's societies of the churches of Chicago.

Joliet.—Although Frank Miller, who came to the Illinois state penitentiary in 1902 on a manslaughter charge, will complete the maximum term imposed, during the present month, he will not be freed. Miller was responsible for a large number of incendiary fires in Chicago. In one of these a negro was burned to death, and a manslaughter charge was brought against the incendiary. After completing ten years of his term he was admitted to parole, but before he had enjoyed two months of freedom the old impulse to start fires came back. He was detected and returned to the state penitentiary. Under the ruling of the state board of pardons handed down Miller will be placed under the observation of the prison physician who will decide if his mind is affected and what treatment is needed to cure him.

Danville.—The following officers were elected at the conference of the Central Illinois Lutheran Teachers' association here: President, Professor Gross, Buckley; vice-president, Professor Elgmann, Warsaw; secretary, Professor Hoeltje, Rock Island; assistant secretary, Professor Rungie, Springfield. Papers dealing with school problems were read by Professors Schrocknecht, Springfield; Schroeder, Danville, and Krumrieg, Peoria.

Pana.—Dr. James Decker of the Illinois bureau of animal industry condemned and ordered killed 44 head of cattle and 118 head of hogs owned by George Howe, wealthy farmer and stockman of Farmer City. All have foot-and-mouth disease. Twenty-four of the cattle are feeders, while 20 are high-bred milkers. Fifty head of cattle on the adjoining farm of F. A. Nash have been quarantined.

Athens.—Edward Timlick, ticket agent for the Chicago, Peoria & St. Louis Railway company, at Athens, and Miss Lizzie Robinson of Cantrall, have been missing for several days. Their relatives believe they met with foul play. They disappeared from a dance at Athens. Timlick had been in the employ of the road for several years.

Cairo.—The body of the "wild man" who had been hiding on Smith's island, back of Cairo, was found hidden in a growth of underbrush. The man first appeared several weeks ago, and since that time he had frightened many persons. Cairo officers were unable to find the man when a search of the island was made a few days ago and it is supposed he was dead at that time.

Watseka.—Martin Burnham, forty-nine, and one of the last of the members of the Society of California Pioneers, hanged himself in a barn at the home of his sons. He was ninety years old.

Edwardsville.—Frank Schiller of Collinsville, fifty years old, was found dead on the floor of the kitchen in his apartments by his wife, who went to investigate after hearing his body fall to the floor.

Rockford.—Andrew T. Golly, for nearly a quarter of a century local agent of the Chicago & Northwestern railway and a prominent figure in the business activities of Rockford, died at Rockford hospital.

Alto Pass.—Scott Duty, forty-five years old, and his son, eighteen, were instantly killed near here when dynamite they were carrying in their arms exploded. They were using dynamite to blow up stumps.

Chicago.—Mrs. Effie Barbour committed suicide at 221 East Sixty-first street by shooting herself through the heart. Russell H. Barbour, the husband, is a jeweler employed in C. D. Peacock's store. He told the police he knew of no reason why his wife should end her life.

Pana.—More than fifty persons were suffering from ptomaine poisoning here as the result of a barbecue held near here on Saturday in celebration of the completion of a new brick road. More than a score are in a dangerous condition and for several only slight hopes of recovery are held out.

State Happenings

Pana.—Rev. George Carter, Civil war veteran and Christian church minister for 35 years, died of pneumonia. He had been ill five days. His widow and four daughters survive.

Morris.—John Kinzie, convicted of stabbing a woman to death September 26, was sentenced to be hanged. It will be the second hanging in the history of the county.

Flanagan.—Harry Bennett and Frank Doyle were arrested in their homes here charged with manslaughter as the result of an automobile in which they were riding having killed a child at Grand Ridge.

Jacksonville.—An epidemic of scarlet fever at Meredosia, 20 miles west of here, has caused the authorities to close the school and adopt strict rules of quarantine. One death and three cases is reported.

Pana.—Mr. and Mrs. William Masters of Mount Auburn, west of here, celebrated their fiftieth marriage anniversary with a family reunion and public gathering. The couple have lived in Christian county ever since their marriage and 31 years of that time on one farm. Eight children, 13 grandchildren and 16 great-grandchildren were present.

Pana.—The Christian County Farmers' institute closed a three-day session and exhibition at Taylorville. The sessions were attended by more than three thousand persons. These officers were elected: President, W. J. McClusky of Owanecko; vice-president, W. S. Scott, Taylorville; secretary, John G. Hill, Elkhart; treasurer, Frank B. Kincaid, Grove City.

Cherry.—Prominent labor leaders assembled here to hold memorial services on the fifth anniversary of the Cherry mine disaster in which nearly three hundred coal miners lost their lives. Among the speakers were Danan McDonald, secretary-treasurer of the United Mine Workers of America, and Adolph Germer, vice-president of the organization.

Louisville.—R. W. Firke, known as the "Illinois Goose King," shipped 1,800 fat geese. The geese, which were purchased of Clay county farmers, weighed more than 19,000 pounds, and the farmers received nearly \$2,000 for them. Firke owns a large farm, devoted exclusively to raising and fattening geese. At present he has some 2,000 birds on the farm.

Springfield.—Figures on the taxable value of property in Illinois for 1914, as made known by the state board of equalization, showed: Personal property, decreased \$5,498,877; land value, increased \$51,094; city lots, increased over 1913, \$60,978,835. The assessment on the Chicago & Northwestern railroad was increased \$4,000,000 and on the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, \$2,007,000. The valuation of the Northwestern station in Chicago was raised \$1,500,000.

Duquoin.—The first election since the officials of the United Mine Workers of Illinois have redistricted the state will be held December 8, with one of the largest lists of candidates in the history of the organization. All of the subdistrict organizations have been abolished. Instead an executive board member from each of the newly-created districts will be elected. The state officers and the district board members hereafter will constitute the state organization.

Springfield.—Day after day hoping that on the following morning the big Peabody mine whistle would blow, calling them to work, 600 miners living in Witt, Montgomery county, are without funds, without work and faced with starvation. This was the report submitted to Governor Dunne by a committee of five men representing the Witt Chamber of Commerce, the miners and laboring men and the board of supervisors. They asked the governor to help out the little village either with money, supplies or some plan whereby the destitute families, numbering 2,500 people, may secure a livelihood.

Dixon.—The murder of Emanuel Piers, who was shot to death by his two sisters on his farm, near Sterling, in July, was re-enacted twice in the Whiteside county court. Miss Emma Piers took the stand in her own defense. She testified that she was caring for her aged father and planning to pay some of the debts. On the day of the murder she was at the home place three times. She reviewed her actions until she accompanied her sister, Lillian, to the hay field. She said that her brother became enraged when conversing with Lillian, and when asked what he said she broke down for the first time. Controlling herself, she said that her brother threw a pitchfork at her, striking her in the face. She reached into her sister's apron pocket and took the revolver and fired at her brother. She did not know how many times or what happened to the revolver. She said that she and her sister then ran to the home of a neighbor.

Trenton.—Mr. and Mrs. Mirtz Ginzler of Trenton celebrated their golden wedding anniversary. All of Mr. and Mrs. Ginzler's children, six boys, three girls and five grandchildren, were present. Mr. Ginzler was in the mercantile business in Lebanon and Trenton for many years, retiring from active business.

Springfield.—Auditor of Public Accounts Brady issued a permit to C. O. Shaw, Albert Barnlund and C. G. Anderson to organize the Farmers State bank of Donovan in Donovan, Ironquois county, with a capital stock at \$25,000.

WESTERN CANADA'S STRONG POSITION

"THE WHEAT GRANARY OF THE WORLD," A WELL APPLIED TERM.

Western Canada occupies a stronger position today than it ever has occupied. Taking one year with another, the efficiency of its lands to produce has been well proved. It has not been said of it that year in and year out there were bumper and bounteous crops. If such a condition existed it would be phenomenal in the history of any country. With an extensive territory producing grain, hogs, cattle and sheep, of some 800 miles wide and 1,000 miles long, it is easy to conceive of a wide variation in temperature and climate; there is variation in rainfall and snowfall; every section is not the best in the district—some are better than others and some worse, but as a general thing, the great percentage is "better." This past year has shown that some portions are not altogether immune from periods of drought. The same may be said of adjoining states to the south. But this year has also shown that in the greater portion of Western Canada drought does not appear, but even in the drought-stricken area of this year, past years have shown that the soil produces wonderfully well and even this year, with modern methods, known as "dry-farming," good crops were harvested. The large number of Americans who during the past sixteen years have been attracted to Canada have not gone simply because of the advertising of that country, but because their friends and their old-time neighbors have done well there, and with careful and judicious farming almost everyone has done well.

As a result of the great influx of immigration the open or prairie homesteading area is being rapidly taken up. The fact that this is so is evidence that Western Canada lands are productive, and on these open plains today are to be seen the homes of successful farmers from almost every state in the Union. They have earned their patents, and now own outright their 160 acres of land, together probably with an adjoining 160 acres, which they have purchased or pre-empted, all of which is worth from \$25 to \$30 per acre. They originally started by growing grains altogether, but they found that they could secure a better price for much of their grain by feeding it to hogs and cattle, and the most successful ones are those who have followed this course.

But to meet the wants of the homesteader a new homestead area has been opened up, known as the "park country." In this park country are to be found beautiful groves of poplar and willow, small lakes and streams, with sufficient open area to enable one to go into immediate cultivation of crop, and in due time when they wish more land to be put under cultivation, they may at small cost cut down some of the groves, which in the meantime have been valuable in providing fuel and in giving shelter to cattle.

Notwithstanding the high character of the open prairie lands and the fact that farmers there have realized in a splendid way, there is the opinion backed up by a lot of experience that this parklike country contains soil even better than that of the open area referred to.

The opportunities, therefore, for money making are as great today as they ever were. The opportunities for carrying on farming successfully are fully as great as they ever were. Of this park area we have an immense quantity of land yet to be settled. It is true that the railroads have not yet penetrated these districts to the extent that they have the open area, but this will come and as settlements advance, so will railroads build. For the present there is a temporary lull in railroad building, but it is always the case that where there is a demand there will come a supply, and it will not be long before the park country will be penetrated by railroads that will give sufficient accommodation for all needs, but to those who prefer it there are lots of opportunities for purchasing land nearer towns and villages and at low prices and on easy terms.

Whether one cares to purchase or homestead it can better be done by paying a visit to the country and it will repay you to spend some little time visiting the different districts.—Advertisement.

These Draws. Col. Sigismund L. Goodwin, the well-known tactician, said at a dinner in Lincoln:

"A good deal of the war news—that from Berlin and Petrograd—reminds me irresistibly of little Willie. "Papa," said little Willie, looking up from the Evening Bulletin's extra special, 'papa, what is a drawn battle?' "A drawn battle, my son," the father replied, 'is one wherein the enemy wins.'"

Good News. "Paw." "Well?" "When I promise to marry him, do you want him to come and ask your consent?"

"No; not my consent, but I would like to have him trot in and tell me the good news. I sort of feel like I needed cheering up."—Houston Post.

Net Always. "The fag system has gone out of schools now, hasn't it?" "Not the brain fag kind."

JOYS OF WAR

American Manufacturers are Profiting as Result of Great Conflict

The following items, clipped from Manufacturers' News, show that American manufacturers are not losing as a consequence of the European war;

A \$1,000,000 order for knit goods has been placed in the Chicago district.

Canada has bought 1,500,000 yards of shirting flannel in the New York market.

King Constantine of Greece has ordered 20,000 aluminum canteens from a Philadelphia firm.

A St. Louis harnessmaker has an order for 4,500 sets of heavy artillery harness at a cost \$250,000. It is estimated war orders placed with the United States in the last two months total \$250,000,000.

Ohio flour mills are reported working day and night on orders of flour from Paris, Liverpool and Glasgow.

The Milburn Manufacturing Company, in Ohio, is negotiating on a big order for vehicles for the allied armies.

New England shoemakers have received orders for 2,000,000 pairs of shoes. Some of the soles are seven-eighths of an inch thick.

It is understood that the Studebaker corporation has made some large sales to representatives of the English government. These include 3,000 wagons and equipment, 120,000 sets of harness and 60,000 saddles. Friends of the company predict net earnings for the current year will be above \$5,000,000. It is not known what the profits were on the sales to the British government, but the purchases were so large that the profits will constitute a material part of the estimated \$5,000,000, with Hungarian nails in the heels and soles. They weigh four pounds a pair and are guaranteed to last a year.

MASTER'S SALE

STATE OF ILLINOIS }
DeKalb County } ss

In the Circuit Court Thereof.

Fannie Heed, Adella Wyide, Lillie Lord, Olive Walters, Kittie Snyder, Ursula Leonard, Henry Leonard, William Leonard, Charles Leonard, John Leonard, Alice Cooper, Jennie Foote, Sabrina Miller, Sadie Brown, John L. Brown, Agnes Brydges, James H. Risdon, Sidney A. Risdon, Frank A. Risdon, Edgar D. Harris, Lenzie Durham, Amber S. Durham, Roy H. Durham and Nora Gifford, complainants,

vs.

Edna C. Burton, Charles R. Burton, William H. Strong, Laura Waters, Ida Carb, Hattie Hunt, Emma Edge, M. V. Stott, George Weber, Henry Carlson and Chauncy Durham, Defendants.

In Chancery. Bill for Partition. Gen. No. 18747.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a decree made and entered by said Court in the above entitled cause on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1914, being one of the days of the said June term, A. D. 1914, of said court, I, A. W. Fisk, Master in Chancery of said court, will on **Tuesday, the 22d of Dec., A. D. 1914,** at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at the Exchange Bank in the city of Genoa, in said county of DeKalb and State of Illinois, sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder, all and singular the following described premises and real estate, in said decree mentioned and described, situate in the town of Kingston in the county of DeKalb and state of Illinois, to-wit:

The south one-half of the south one-half of the southeast quarter of section 11, in township 42 north, range 4, east of the 3rd P. M. Also all that part of the east one-half of section 14, township 42 north, range 4, east of the 3rd P. M., lying north of the road from Genoa to Belvidere, excepting therefrom the right of way of the Illinois Central Railway Company. Also the west one-half of the northeast one-fourth of section 22; also the west 45 acres of the east one-half of the northeast one-fourth of section 22, excepting therefrom the following: Commencing at the southwest corner of the east one-half of the northeast one-fourth of said section 22 and running thence north on the 1-16th section line 38 rods, thence east 24 rods to the place of beginning, thence east 16 rods, thence north 20 rods, thence west 16 rods, thence south 20 rods, to the place of beginning, containing two acres; also that part of the northwest one-fourth of the southeast one-fourth of said section 22 lying north of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway, containing 23.97 acres, more or less; also beginning on the west line of the southeast one-fourth of said section 22 at the south line of said railroad, and running south on the one-half section line 2 chains and 24 links, thence east 9 chains, thence north 1 chain and 89 links, thence west 9 chains to the place of beginning, containing 1 acre and 128 rods. All in township 42 north, range 4, east of the 3rd P. M. Also block 1, block 3, except lot 14; block 4, except lots 9, 10, 11 and 12; and block 5 in Chapman's addition to the town of Chapman. All of said premises containing about 408 acres, more or less; provided the said bid upon each piece or parcel shall be equal to at least two-thirds of the valuation put upon the same as shown by the report of the commissioners in this cause made, unless all the pieces or tracts sold shall sell for enough in the aggregate to make the total amount of the sales equal to two-thirds of the total amount of the valuation of all the premises to be sold.

Said sale will be made on the following terms: A payment to be made in cash on the day of sale by the purchaser as may be required by the Master, not, however, to exceed ten per cent of the amount bid, and the balance in cash on the report of sale and approval by the Court and upon execution and delivery of Master's deed or deeds of conveyance of the premises sold.

A. W. FISK, Master in Chancery of the Circuit Court of DeKalb County, Illinois. H. S. Early, George Brown and Cliffe & Cliffe, Solicitors for Complainants.

W. C. T. U. Notes
Genoa Womens' Christian Temperance Union wish to send the annual Thanksgiving barrel of fruit, jellies, etc. to the National Temperance Hospital in Chicago

next week and would be glad to receive donations of canned fruit, jellies, grape juice or anything that can be used in a sick room, including pieces of cotton, linen or woolen cloths. This is not a wealthy institution but is one that cares for hundreds of cases of poor and needy sufferers each year. Were it not for the help they receive from outside they would not be able to do so much charity work. They are demonstrating to the world that all diseases can be cured without the use of alcohol. The citizens have responded nobly in other years and we hope all will do so now. Any one willing to donate for this worthy cause please leave articles with Mrs. Charles Smith on Genoa Street where it will be packed and forwarded and very thankfully received.

The W. C. T. U. met with Mrs. Rebecca Olmsted Thursday, November 12, and held a very profitable meeting. After the business meeting in which plans were made for sending a barrel of fruit and other supplies to the Temperance Hospital in Chicago, sending Christmas cheer to the sick, aged and other shut ins, devising means to increase our finances, etc., the teachers of the school were invited over to meet the mothers and plan how to work together for the best interests of the pupils. Mrs. Matteson, Supt. of Mothers Meetings, welcomed them in a few appropriate remarks and Mr Taylor being called on responded for the teachers, saying in part that they would be more than pleased to co-operate with the parents in all ways. After a social hour a fine lunch was served by the committee, after which all left for their homes feeling that it had been an afternoon well and pleasantly spent.

NAPANEE Dutch Kitchenet

Built Like Fine Furniture

\$1.00

PUTS IT IN YOYR HOME



EVERY HOUSEWIFE CAN AFFORD A NAPANEE DUTCH KITCHENET BECAUSE OF THE EASY MANNER WF HAVE ARRANGED FOR HER TO OWN ONE.

Why The Dutch Kitchen IS BETTER:

- 22 per cent more storage space
- Roll curtain
- Adjustable flour bin
- Round corners and edges
- Non-warping top work table
- White porcelain finish
- Ventilated cooling cupboard
- Metal cake box
- Glass sugar bin
- Sliding-shelf utensil closet
- Extra chopping block

Visit the store and let us tell you about

The Superiority of The Napanee

Its handsome appearance
Transforms the Kitchen
\$1.00 Puts it in Your Home

W. W. COOPER, Genoa



The Baking Powder Question Solved

—solved once for all by Calumet. For daily use in millions of kitchens has proved that Calumet is highest not only in quality but in leavening power as well—unfailing in results—pure to the extreme—and wonderfully economical in use. Ask your grocer. And try Calumet next bake day.

Received Highest Awards



You don't save money when you buy cheap or big-size baking powder. Don't be misled. Buy Calumet. It's more economical—more wholesome—gives best results. Calumet is far superior to over with and soda.

We Have Exclusive Agency for the

HASTING SHINGLES

They are not better than the best but BETTER THAN THE REST

GENOA LUMBER CO.

UNDERWEAR COMFORT

In purchasing underwear one looks for comfort in warmth and fit as well as wearing quality. Years of observation and experience in buying underwear stocks has made us careful. We know that our line this year for men and women is about as good as can be found on the market. No matter what weight you want, the garment you are looking for is here and at prices which will appeal to your sense of right. Either union or two piece suits. Remember we have underwear for

Men, Women and Children
I. W. DOUGLASS
Phone 67 GENOA

Fashion vs. Comfort Furniture...

Some people put fashion above comfort; others put it below. We insist on both. There is a certain dignity and attractiveness about a home with furniture that is made just right in line --that harmonizes all over the house--and there is an immense amount of satisfaction in knowing that your visitor is comfortable, no matter what chair or couch, or davenport she picks out.

It is just as easy, if you are careful in selecting, to get this combination in your home, and we have tried to help you by making our selections carefully in advance. This is such an important feature of our service, that we say emphatically--

"If it Isn't Satisfactory, Return it."

S. S. SLATER & SON

GENOA, ILLINOIS

The Store Where Quality Counts

Only Place in Town where "HOOSIER" Kitchen Cabinets are Sold

DO YOUR CHRISTMAS SHOPPING EARLY

TOYLAND OPENS SATURDAY

Come and Bring All the Children

This Section of Our Store Containing the Largest and Finest Assortments of Toys We have Ever Had, will be Formally Opened for Inspection and Selection, Saturday, November 21.

The little hearts that have been longing to see the toys at Swan's store will beat in joyous anticipation when you tell them our Toy Department is ready. Drift back in thought to the time when YOU were a child. Didn't you beg your parents to take you where you could just SEE some toys? Nothing you could do would please your children any more than to bring them here Saturday into

This Wonderland of Toys

And what a myriad of playthings you will find here! Dolls a plenty, and doll cabs, doll dishes, doll houses, etc., to delight the little girls. Added to these are scores of clever, amusing new toys and games that you've probably never heard of. Plenty of practical, educational toys too—the kinds that wise parents are particular to see that Santa Claus brings to good children—together with the amusing sorts.

Come! Bring your children (other people's too, if you like) and see our toy department in all its newness—and completeness—come before prudent shoppers have broken assortments. You'll find our prices pleasingly reasonable.

Opening Display and Sale of Christmas Hdkfs.

Another store event of great importance which occurs on Saturday is this Christmas Opening Display and Sale of Handkerchiefs. Hundreds of dainty and practical handkerchiefs will be featured at prices that give exceptionally attractive values. We'll venture that you've never seen a more varied and satisfying assortment of Xmas handkerchiefs than we've prepared for you in this opening display and sale. All kinds, from the plainest to the finest lace trimmed sorts are featured in this opening event at prices that make early purchasing profitable.

The Thanksgiving Sale Now in Progress
Featuring Linens, Beddings, Tableware, Housewares, Etc.

Theo. F. Swan
"ELGIN'S MOST POPULAR STORE"

OUR AIM—SECURITY AND GOOD SERVICE

ELECTION OF

well qualified public servants who are to administer the affairs of government is of vital importance to you.

Of far greater importance to your individual financial success, however, is the election of a strong, helpful Bank, like the Exchange Bank as your servant to administer your banking affairs.

Our complete service together with the desire and ability to accommodate our customers in times of need qualifies us to ask everyone to

Vote for us with your Bank Account

THE EXCHANGE BANK

Deposits Guaranteed With Over \$300,000.00

D. S. BROWN, Pres. C. J. BEVAN, Cash. E. W. BROWN, Asst. Cash
BESSIE BIDWELL, Bookkeeper.

See the new Pa'mer coats at Olmsted's.

Warranted cutlery at Perkins & Rosenfeld's.

Big handkerchief sale at Olmsted's next week.

T. A. Casey transacted business in Elgin Saturday.

Irvine Confer was an Elgin passenger Saturday.

Remember the specials at Olmsted's this week.

Ed Shurtleff lies seriously ill at his home in this city.

F. G. Robinson and daughter, Eilene, of Rockford were visiting in Genoa last week.

Miss Bessie Bidwell attended the Chicago-Illinois foot ball game at Urbana last Saturday.

A. C. Smith of Chicago was a Sunday guest at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Smith.

Claud F. Byers of South Bend, Indiana, was a Friday and Saturday guest at the Bert Fenton home.

When you need plumbing repairs call Perkins & Rosenfeld. Expert work at satisfactory prices.

Mrs. E. G. Harvey of Chicago has been visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Stewart.

Mrs. A. Kohn who has been visiting relatives in Chicago for the past two weeks returned home Saturday.

Mrs. Carrie Naker of Hampshire was a week end guest at the home of her mother, Mrs. Etta Anderson.

Mrs. W. C. Gnekow and son, Emanuel, of Rockford were Sunday guests at the home of Wm. Schmidt, Jr.

Oysters served any style at the Cozy Restaurant. Try one of those delicious stews. Full meal if you want it.

Have you seen that aluminum wear at Perkins & Rosenfeld's? It is better than any other on the market for the price.

Attorney and Mrs. G. E. Stott spent the week end at the home of the latter's brother, E. A. Hendricks, in Carpentersville.

Avoid the eleventh hour Christmas rush and get your pictures framed now. Expert work at right prices. S. S. Slater & Son.

H. H. Holmes has located for a short time in Genoa and is now prepared to do piano tuning. All work guaranteed. Call phone 168.

In behalf of the Ladies' Aid Society I wish to thank those who took part in the cantata, and the orchestra for the excellent music furnished. Mrs. A. T. Hewitt, Pres.

S. S. Slater went to Springfield, Ill., the first of the week to attend the annual session of the Illinois Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows, he being representative of the Genoa lodge.

Misses Lois Petty and Milicent Brook came over from Belvidere Friday and spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. Frank M. Wylde.

The New Lebanon post office has been closed. All mail formerly going to that office will now go thru the Genoa post office over route three.

There will be a social held at the Ney school Nov. 24, 1914. A short program will be given followed by a fifteen cent Thanksgiving lunch.

Place your order for picture framing with Slater & Son at once. Do not delay until the last week it may mean disappointment for you.

Mrs. W. O. Holtgren and daughter of Chicago visited at the home of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Corson, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Winfield Divine of Chicago and Robert Graham and wife of Elgin motored out to the home of their brother, Wm. Graham, last Friday.

Rev. McMullen, former pastor of the Genoa M. E. church, now of Chicago, was a caller last Sunday, being on his way to Freeport to fill an engagement.

That comfortable and blanket stock at Slater & Son's is the talk of the town. The comfortable are just like home-made and the blankets are of the best.

Mrs. R. B. Field and son, Donald, went to Chicago Tuesday for a visit with relatives. From that city they will go to Valparaiso to visit the Marquart family.

FOR SALE—Five passenger, two cylinder Reo auto. In good running condition. Cheap if taken at once. C. W. Klone, Genoa, Ill. R. F. D. No. 3. 8-tf

J. P. Evans has taken the agency for the bakery goods of the H. Kind Baking Co. of Elgin. The Kind bread is of excellent quality as are the cakes and cookies.

Do not overlook the fact that Slater & Son have the largest and best line of pictures in town, and at all prices. Glad to have you call and look over this beautiful collection. Is there anything more appropriate for a Christmas gift?

Martin, the jeweler, is preparing his stock in anticipation of good business during the next few weeks. The people are beginning to realize that there is nothing appreciated more than good silverware or jewelry as a Christmas gift.

If the Woodstock & Sycamore Traction Co. would provide a step for use of passengers in entering their cars, the general public, and especially the ladies who are the victims of Dame Fashion, would appreciate the courtesy. A stool such as is used by the steam roads would be about the right thing.

Mrs. Clark entertained her daughter, Mrs. Brauer and the latter's two children of Kansas City and sister, Miss Jennie Little, of Sycamore, at the Schoonmaker home, Sunday.

The Chicago Daily News and American are now 50 cents a month or two cents per copy at the store. The Journal and Post remain at the old price for the present. E. H. Browne.

Series of Lectures

Rev. R. E. Pierce will give a series of Sunday evening sermon lectures at Slater's hall, beginning November 22, to which everybody is invited. Following are the subjects and dates:

November 22—"Why I Believe in God."

November 29—"Why I Believe the Bible."

December 6—"Why I Believe in Immortality."

December 13—"Why I am a Christian."

December 20—"Why I am a Churchman."

December 27—"Why I am a Methodist."

Forty Dollars and Costs

In Justice Brown's court Saturday morning Robert Driver pleaded guilty to the charge of bootlegging and was assessed a fine of \$20.00 and costs under the city ordinance. He was immediately arrested again on a state charge after the disposal of the city case and drew another fine of \$20.00 and costs. He paid both fines and was discharged. This is the first case coming up in Genoa since the town was voted dry and should be a warning to others who have been careless about "taking care" of their friends. It is not likely that future offenders will be so fortunate as to draw the minimum fine.

To Destroy 10,000 Cars

The Illinois Central railroad will complete scrapping 10,000 freight cars which were unfit for heavy and continuous service within the next few months. The cars now are being discarded at the rate of 300 per month and are being sold at scrap value.

Beer Sales

Sales of beer in the Chicago district in October were 504,093 barrels, according to the number of revenue stamps sold during that month. Sales in September preceding were 512,455 barrels, and in October a year ago the sales were 4,698,865 barrels.

FIRE AT WATERMAN

Destroys Best Part of Business Section Loss Over \$20,000

The neighboring village of Waterman was early this morning swept by a \$20,000 fire which completely cleaned all that part of the business section on Main street east of B street.

Four big store buildings housing seven or eight businesses as well as a couple of homes were burned up in the blaze which was only prevented from spreading by the valiant efforts of the village fire fighters assisted by farmers from miles around and the firemen from Sandwich, Shabbona, Hinckley and DeKalb.

Those who were concerned in the fire with their losses are:

A. J. C. Fearson, groceries \$4,000

Kit Carson, hardware, \$5,000

John Kitner, barber shop, \$500

E. Otjen, flat, \$200

A. H. Hall, plumber, \$1,200

Masonic building, occupied by H. S. Davis, groceries, \$5,000

Dan Conlin, confectionery, \$1,200

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists. Price 75c per bottle. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Masonic lodge, \$100

Ernest Wiltsie, flat residence, \$800

Town hall and jail, \$500

Salt house, \$300

Shed and auto, Kit Carson, \$500

Barns and sheds, \$1,000

The blaze originated in a coal house in the rear of the barber shop and was first seen about three o'clock this morning by some young folks coming home from a party. The alarm was quickly spread and the work of getting as much of the stock out of the various stores as possible was gone after.

Few of the victims had any insurance and the loss is about 75 per cent total according to estimates.

Fancy Xmas Articles

Anyone desiring fancy crocheted articles and hand made novelties for Xmas gifts, would be pleased to see my stock before purchasing elsewhere. If any one wishing such will call at my home after Dec. 1 they will receive personal attention by Mrs. Grace Shattuck, Genoa, Ill. 8-2t

Trespassing Forbidden

I hereby notify all hunters and others not to trespass upon the Ellwood farm as long as the foot and mouth disease is evident among cattle. All persons so doing will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

FRED JOHNSON, tenant. 7-2t.

Must Make Affidavit

The Illinois state live stock commission has issued an order directing shippers in Illinois to send with every shipment of live stock in the future an affidavit declaring that the animals are not affected with the foot and mouth disease and have not been exposed to the disease.

Warning to Hunters

On account of the Foot and Mouth disease which is prevalent about the country it behooves all stock owners to be extremely cautious to avoid infection. We accordingly hereby give warning that all hunting and trespassing on our premises is forbidden and that all dogs found on the premises will be shot on sight. This ultimatum will be strictly followed out. Trespassers will be prosecuted regardless of who they may be.

STEWART & SON

7-2 Genoa.

Like a Broken Toy.

He was only four and convalescent from the grip. Leaning his little head on his mother's arm, he said, wearily: "Oh, mamma, I feel like a broken toy!" —Boston Herald.

Heard in a Divorce Court.

Judge (to woman asking separation): "How long have your relations been unpleasant?" Woman—"Your honor, my relations have always been pleasant; it's his relations that are the old grouches."

Wrist Watches

Those charming, ornamental, handy Timepieces, that every lady wants and should have.



Special

We have just purchased a beautiful line of wrist watches at an exceptionally low price. All guaranteed movements, cases and bracelets.

PRICES

Gold Filled, Elgin Movement

\$15.00 Up

Solid Gold, Elgin Movement

\$50.00 Up

This is your chance. Come in while the assortment is good. No trouble to show you.

ROVELSTAD BROS.

Jewelers and Opticians
ESTABLISHED 1883 ELGIN, ILL.

Wants, For Sale, Etc.

Ads in this column 25c each week for five lines or less; over five lines, 5c per line.

HOUSE FOR SALE—An eight-room house, located corner Brown and Central streets, Genoa. Apply box No. 22, Kingston, Ill. Phone No. 10. 6-tf.

LAND FOR SALE—295 acre farm in Martin county, Minn. 21 acres of timber land in Genoa township. A lot in Oak Park addition, on Main and B. streets. A large lot on Washington street. See H. A. Perkins, Genoa. 4-tf.

FOR RENT—Two fine office rooms in the south-west corner on our 2nd floor. Slater & Son. 49-tf

FOR SALE—The A. Swanson house barn and two lots. For terms write Mrs. A. M. Carlson, St. Charles, Ill. 45-tf

IRON FENCE BRACES, for sale by Sycamore Iron and Metal Co., Sycamore, Ill. Phone 222. 3-tf

FOR SALE—Large 7-room house, with furnace. For information apply at this office. 2-tf

CORD WOOD, pole wood, wood in stove lengths and fence posts for sale. Stumps to give away. Geithman & Hammond, Genoa. 2-tf

WELL WORK—W. M. Seward is fully equipped to drill your well and do any work along that line on short notice. Phone No. 1225. 1-tf

DEAD ANIMALS removed free of charge if the hides are left on. The Genoa Rendering Plant. Telephone No. 909-14 or 37. 1-tf

HOUSES FOR SALE—Good bargains in residence property in City of Genoa. Inquire of D. S. Brown, Genoa. 6-3t.

FULL-BLOOD DUROC—Sire "Proud Boy", and four pigs for sale. Proud Boy was purchased at the International Stock Show last year and is a fine animal, being a registered full blood. Jas. Coffee, Genoa. 6-tf.

Henrietta Latham, Osteopathy Physician. Office over Story's racket goods store. Phone 153. 49-tf.

City Residence at Auction

The undersigned will sell at public auction on Saturday, Nov. 21, at three o'clock, his residence property on north Sycamore street consisting of good eight room house, three lots and hen house and good walks. Sewer and water mains by property. Located near school and depot. Desirable property. Reason for selling—am going to Canada.

FLETCHER HANNAH

CHAS. SULLIVAN, Auct 7-2t.

Executor's Notice

Estate of Ella E. Gleason, Deceased. The undersigned, having been appointed Executor of the last Will and Testament of Ella E. Gleason, late of the county of DeKalb and State of Illinois, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the county Court of DeKalb County at the Court House in Sycamore at the January Term, on the first Monday in January next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned. Dated this 18th day of November A. D. 1914. G. E. Stott, Executor. 8-3t

EVERY SATURDAY NIGHT Dance! Slater's Hall

Tickets 50c. Patterson's Orchestra
SLATER & PRAIN, MG'S.

TIMELY SUGGESTIONS

STATIONERY
Writing Tablets
Fancy Box Stationery
Rules, Crayons
Pencils, Pens
Water Colors
Inks, Maps
Fountain Pens
Memorandum Books

CUTLERY
Safety Razors
Fox Razors
Pocokt Knives
Cissors
Nail Files
Key Rings
Manicure and Peticure Implements
Steel Tweezers

Phone 83

The BEST DRUG STORE

L. E. CARMICHAEL, R. P., Druggist



It might be said that we sell Mathematics

Here are a few of the problems and examples

WE HAVE FOR SALE

1x6, 1x10, 1x12
2x8, 2x4, 4x4
etc., etc., etc.

We have in stock Examples of all descriptions And the Answers! They are examples of the

BEST LUMBER

And the answers In dollars and cts.

As Low as

CAN BE MADE

Tibbits, Cameron Lumber Co., Genoa, Illinois.

WARNINGS

Hints, Reminders on
A Burning Subject

In Times of Peace Prepare for War

While the Enemy, the Weather,
Is Inactive Just Now, the Advance
Guard will Soon make it's Appearance
Fill Your Coal Bin with Ammunition
So that You May Successfully Resist the Attack.

JACKMAN & SON

TELEPHONE 57

FINE FEATHERS

by WEBSTER DENISON

NOVELIZED FROM EUGENE WALTER'S DRAMA BY THE SAME NAME

Copyright A. C. McClurg & Co., 1914

SYNOPSIS.

Mr. and Mrs. Reynolds move into their new bungalow—\$500 down, balance same as rent—on Staten Island. Mrs. Collins, a neighbor, calls before the household gods are set in order.

CHAPTER II—Continued.

"Oh, you little dear!" Lifting the pup from the box, she pressed its soft coat to her cheeks. "I've just been crazy for a dog, Dick; and isn't it a beauty?"

She put it on the floor, stooped and called: "Here, Dick; here, Dick! That's what we'll name him, won't we, Bob?"

"Honored beyond words," said the donor. "Why not Bob?"

"No; look at his eyes. They're blue just like yours, Dick, and he's so cunning!"

Meade bent down and patted the pup's head.

"Well, I'm glad she likes you, old top, since there's such a resemblance." "You'd better feed him, Jane," Bob suggested. "I want Dick to see the garden so we'll grow around a while till dinner."

Reynolds' guest showed general enthusiasm over the progress of his friend's agricultural venture. For an amateur Reynolds had displayed skill as well as zeal. The space he had allotted to his garden comprised about a fourth of his half-acre lot. This he had divided into little rectangular plots about thirty feet deep and fifteen wide. Narrow paths ran between so that each could be cultivated and watered without treading on the bed itself.

"You must have had some expert opinion here, Bob," Dick ventured. "I never saw a more orderly garden. Looks like you had laid it out with a rule and square. Where did you get the idea?"

"Jane helped out a lot and then I studied government bulletins. They told me what to do for the soil. It wasn't much better than a lot of sawdust when we came, Dick. It was good for some things, but not for others. I looked all that up, and so there is different treatment of the ground in different beds; lime, potash, bone and plain fertilizer. That's modern-day farming, my boy; the way your despised trusts would do things if they were trying to raise beans and cabbages. You see, there is system for the little man as well as the capitalist if he will only take advantage of it. I'll bet you I get twice as much out of that garden as my friend Collins down the street, and he's had two years' start of me."

"Great; I hope you do. But where in the world did you find the time for all the work you've put into this patch?"

"Got up with the sun and put in an hour before breakfast. The novelty of it all took the edge off the toil and I've really enjoyed it."

They heard Jane calling them to dinner and went in.

"Where is my namesake?" Dick inquired.

"Asleep in the kitchen. The little dear had nearly half a pint of milk and I guess he's done for the night."

"The evening, you mean," said Bob. "Just wait till his digestive organs have had a chance. He's got one of the cutest little soprano voices you ever heard and we're in for plenty of midnight solos till he becomes acclimated. I've raised pups before."

"So have I, Bob," their guest replied, "and one thing I know, you mustn't humor him. Pups and babies are just the same; if they cry, let them have it out. Better stay awake all night than stuff or amuse them."

"Very well, Richard. Thanks for the lore. Dick, J. R., shall wait in peace, but I think the hen house would be far better for his lungs."

"Bob!" Jane exclaimed.

Dick waved his napkin aloft. "Truce, truce," he cried with a laugh, "or I shall blame myself for having brought trouble to Elysium. I will return the pup and bring you a turtle dove."

"You will not," said Jane quickly. "Dick is mine and you're wasting your time discussing him. He's going to be one of the family."

Her husband laughed and saluted toward the kitchen door. "Dog, thy future is assured. The queen has spoken and great shall be thy power in the land."

"Amen," said Dick. "Twas ever thus."

Jane served coffee from a shining aluminum percolator, which she informed her husband and Dick was the culmination of heroic efforts to supply her with tobacco coupons.

"Isn't it a dandy?" she asked, "and it makes perfectly fine coffee in two minutes."

"And it's a godsend, Jane," Dick answered, "for now I may smoke real tobacco. For months I've battled with My Lady Nicotine in her vilest forms to find brands that furnished the most green tickets. You know my sentiments concerning kings and princes, but I have quashed them and paid homage to the rulers of four thousand years, from the first Ramesses to the last George."

"Most noble sacrifice, my dear Dick, and please keep on. Look! I got a catalogue today. For only twelve thousand coupons I can get a piano and I need one badly."

"Holy smoke, deliver me! Bob must rent one."

"What do you think of the shack, Dick?" asked Reynolds, prying. "Let's help Jane clear the table and then we'll take you on a tour of inspection."

The Reynolds' bungalow was one of those ingenious devices of a land company's art; pretty and alluring, but built to sell at a large profit. The exterior was attractive if not imposing. The lower half was stucco and the upper brown-stained shingles. The extending mansard roof drooped low over the veranda and gave a snug, squat appearance to the whole. Within, it boasted no reception room or hall. The big living room ran the full breadth of the house, and served as a parlor, library and dining-room. On this the most pretentious efforts of the builder had been spent. On the side abutting the kitchen it had a stationary sideboard of mission effect. The entire wall was paneled half-way with a similar wood; a cheap ash, stained in imitation of mission oak. Above the paneling on this end of the room was a narrow shelf meant to retain the usual array of steins or plates. Though not separated by door

or arch, the attempt had been made to have this half conform to the requirements of a dining-room, leaving the other to serve as a library. The low windows were set with uniform simplicity; one on either side of the door and one at each end. In the living half of the room a window seat ran from door to wall, and a combination bookshelf and desk offset the buffet of the other side. This corner Jane had converted into a "comfy," home-like making were scattered plentifully along the window seat and piled high at the end against the wall. A little center table laden with books, magazines and Bob's tobacco tray was in reach, and, beside it, a big morris chair and Jane's smaller rocker. Here their evenings were spent in Bob's reading aloud while Jane sewed, or with occasional games of cribbage and pinochle.

Diversions were not plentiful and indeed there was little need of them. Bob's day in the city, his long trip home, the dinner, his hour with his garden and Jane's daily struggle with domestic duties left little energy for nocturnal pastime. An hour or two usually found them ready for the little room at the back, which, though dignified nominally as a guest's chamber, they had commandeered for sleeping purposes themselves. This room and the kitchen, with a bath between, divided the space in back of the long living room. Here the builder had recompensed himself for such extravagances as were indulged in in the front. The room was of barren simplicity; severe white walls, a window, closet, and door to the bathroom with woodwork of the cheapest spruce.

The only access to the second story was the stairway in the kitchen. There were two rooms there. A long one across the front of the house, but, on account of the sloping roof, much narrower than the one below and with a lower ceiling. The other was above the guest chamber, while the space over the kitchen was left unfinished for storeroom purposes.

"Space galore," said Meade as he eyed these unused rooms. "You might take a beaver!"

"Try us and see, Dick. I know one

we would be glad to have, wouldn't we, Jane?" her husband answered.

"Certainly. Why don't you do it, Dick? Just think what a help you'd be, too."

"Sure. Little Tom Sawyer here would let me weed the garden and feed his hens and, maybe, if I were real good, you'd let me wash the dishes."

"Well, I'd consider it."

"I wouldn't like anything better, Jane, but you know a newspaper man keeps rather strenuous hours. Sometimes I'm through at midnight and sometimes at four in the morning. I'd have to make a swim of it if I wanted to get across the bay at that hour. No, I guess I am doomed to the hall bedroom in Washington square."

"And the little place on the corner, Dick. Don't omit that; the place where they uncrown monarchs, divide Rockefeller's millions and drown all social ills in a flood of amber and foam. Honest, now, isn't that what you're thinking of as much as the swim across the bay? But, speaking of corners, we've got one ourselves. There's a little, fat German two blocks down the street who'd just love to talk Schopenhauer with you."

"No doubt I'll meet him, Bob. I'll need both philosophy and his merchandise as a brace for the return trip."

"You're not going back tonight, Dick," Jane announced. "Stay and go with Bob in the morning. Why, you'll miss half the fun of you don't have one of our commuters' breakfasts. Up with the birds, you know. Coffee and rolls at five-thirty and new-laid eggs—if there are any. That's the time when you get the true bucolic spirit."

A note of irony in her tone brought Bob with a start.

"No, little rebel," he exclaimed, "you don't have to get up at five-thirty and you know it. I could fix that morning repast in two minutes if you'd let me."

"But I won't. I'd feel fine lying in bed like some Fifth Avenue beauty, with my husband pattering around with a frying pan and coffee pot. No, thank you. The day is long enough without you as it is."

Dick offered solace. "Bob isn't the only beneficiary, Jane. You know early rising is good for the complexion, and now I know the secret of yours."

She courted. "Positively, Dick, you're getting bearable. If I had to choose another husband I wouldn't scratch socialists off my eligible list at all. If there's only one egg in the morning you shall have it."

"Is that a likely contingency?"

"Ask Bob. We've been drawing lots for it for the past week. It's the season when the maternal instinct predominates the sense of domestic duty in the henery. Of course there are store eggs to piece out with, but they don't count."

They went downstairs and Jane took up her embroidery while the men tempted fortune at auction pinochle with a third hand deal.

"That's my favorite game," Bob told Dick. "Jane and I nearly always play it. We like the third hand because it kind of makes us think of some visitor who doesn't come. Callers are pretty scarce, aren't they, Jane?"

"Yes, but we make up in quality what we lack in quantity—Dick and Mrs. Collins."

"Flattered, I'm sure," laughed Dick. "Who is the lady?"

"A Staten Island beauty you'd just doze on. A sort of a Titian futurist, and so cultured. We'll have to have her and the little Herr Host of the corner around for dinner the next time you come."

She put down her work and walked to Bob, bestowing a good-night kiss.

"You men can sit up as late as you want," she said, "but nine o'clock is Cinderella's hour for me. Good night, Dick. Remember the egg and get up when I call you."

"Au revoir, princess. We're both loath to have you go, but I think one more game will find us following suit." And Bob agreed.

In the morning there was great rejoicing when an early raid on the Plymouth Rocks yielded four eggs; a most unwonted but not unneeded display of energy on the part of the fowls. A hurried breakfast, and the men bade Jane good-by and were off for the city.

CHAPTER III.

A Cloud in Elysium.

Spring waned and summer came. The sun beat down with dull persistence, and baked the sand and shriveled up the heading lettuce in Bob's garden. It scoured the scant foliage of the new-set trees and scorched the lawn he had coaxed from seed. The house offered the only shelter, and even that was hot. Jane made two or three excursions to the beaches with Mrs. Collins, but these necessitated tiresome rides on crowded trolleys, so she abandoned them and stayed closely at home with nothing but her work, her books and idle chats with her neighbors to while away the hours of the long, hot day.

At night Bob puffed prodigiously at

cheap, black cigars while he sat out side after dinner and battled with an endless host of mosquitoes. When he had smoked himself dizzy he would succumb to a superior force and join Jane inside. Lights made it more uncomfortable within, so, usually, they sat in the dark and talked until bed-time.

Friends came from the city occasionally, but their visits were not frequently repeated. It was a tremendous trip from Harlem or the Heights, where their few acquaintances lived, and one by one all but Dick dropped away. He came regularly every Wednesday.

They tried two or three trips to New York themselves, but the distance made these a hardship rather than a pleasure and there was the added expense. Once when they attempted a little dinner after a night at a roof garden they missed the last boat and had to stay at a hotel. Bob tried to conceal his misgivings as to how this would affect the week's finances, but Jane knew. They gave it up and stayed at home.

So the summer passed and fall came. Bob missed his garden. Frost nipped the tomatoes that had been so late in starting and this marked the last of their outdoor activities. The monotony for both began to pall, but they hid their feelings from each other.

More and more Jane sought refuge in the futile companionship of the gossiping Mrs. Collins. They went occasionally to New York for the matinees, but more frequently to spend an afternoon in idle wandering through the stores, for the funds of each were frugal. They were returning from such a journey one evening in late October.

"Come in and rest a minute," Jane invited, as they reached her bungalow. "I know I'm tired and I guess you are."

"Going to the matinee from Staten Island sure does one up," Mrs. Collins acquiesced and she glanced about with a longing air as if she hoped her neighbor might offer something in the way of resuscitation.

Jane comprehended readily, but as she had nothing to offer she let her hint go unnoticed.

"The trip is certainly terrible," she agreed. "Coming home on those ferries and trolleys nearly drives me wild sometimes."

"But it's worth while after all," vouchsafed her neighbor. "I don't know what I would do if I didn't just pick up and go where I can breathe the air of Manhattan once in a while. And the matinee! I used to go two or three times a week when I had my little flat in Amsterdam avenue. I just love the theaters. Didn't you think the show this afternoon was lovely?"

"No, I didn't," Jane answered, "I just hated it. That beautiful home, those servants and those lovely gowns. As if anyone could believe that heroine could be unhappy with all she had. And it does seem as if those things were going to be out of reach forever."

The play, in so far as material environment was concerned, had presented the very antithesis of their own life. All the luxuries and indulgences that money can give were vividly portrayed, but the sequel proved the indisputable maxim, "all that glitters is not gold." Jane had an innate longing for a more lofty station in life than was hers. She believed that poverty and its petty exactions were her worst foes and that any woman, given the opportunities that money bestows, had the making of happiness within her hands. She had no sympathy or tolerance for the theory that wealth breeds discontent and woe. Mrs. Collins, on the other hand, while not gifted with an analytical mind, had a rough and ready sense of perspective. She was as fond of good things in life as one, but she was actuated in her longings by a spirit of jealousy rather than the belief that the best was rightfully hers. So she sympathized with the hot polloi and rejoiced when the wealthy heroine wept. While she did not observe the fine distinction between herself and Jane, she recognized their common bond of complaint and attempted solace.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Road to Promotion.

All employees look forward to the day when they will gain promotion—when their wages will be raised, and they will be given greater responsibilities and more authority.

Too many employees set the day of their promotion upon the basis of the time they have been with the institution. That is wrong basis. Time is eternal and it is cheap. There is an over-production of it.

To be worthy of promotion you must make good—do your work, finish the task, no matter how humble. Some day you expect to be weighted with responsibility and clothed with authority to give orders. Regardless of the line of your employment, you must demonstrate that you have the strength to carry responsibility.

Before you are entitled to give orders, you must demonstrate your ability to take orders—and to execute them.

Realized Responsibility.

As marriage is a serious business some indication that the parties most immediately concerned are fully alive to this fact would be generally welcome. At every Roman wedding the bridegroom, on emerging from the temple with the bride, threw a handful of nuts among the bystanders. This was to show that he considered himself a boy no longer; that the sports and fancies of youth were now entirely abandoned; that he was standing on the threshold of a new existence ready to assume all the responsibilities of a citizen.

HAVE MILITARY TOUCH

EFFECT OF WAR SHOWN IN THE PREVAILING FASHIONS.

Tailored Suits Undeniably Martial, and Also Smart—Illustration Reveals How the Idea Has Taken Feminine Fancy.

If the brass buttons and other military paraphernalia are to make an appeal now is the time. Bursting shells and the sound of drums in some corner of the world, whether it be far or near, shows a very decided military influence in the world of fashion, and the tears we shed over the tragic losses each day reveals are more than apt to fall on our own brass buttons and gold braid promptly supplied by vigilant Dame Fashion for the fitting occasion, writes Lillian E. Young in the Washington Star.

Many of the newest tailored suits and frocks are undeniably martial in appearance, and, let it be added, undeniably smart on that account. Here, for example, is one in black velvet with collar and cuffs of white fox and buttons and braid—well, no, they aren't brass—for silver is so fashionable, you see, and goes well with black.

The long body of the coat is very slightly gathered under a corded waist line started at either side of the front and slanted to a point in back. This also forms a heading to the full coat-tail. The severe double-breasted

"Come in and rest a minute," Jane invited, as they reached her bungalow. "I know I'm tired and I guess you are."

"Going to the matinee from Staten Island sure does one up," Mrs. Collins acquiesced and she glanced about with a longing air as if she hoped her neighbor might offer something in the way of resuscitation.

Jane comprehended readily, but as she had nothing to offer she let her hint go unnoticed.

"The trip is certainly terrible," she agreed. "Coming home on those ferries and trolleys nearly drives me wild sometimes."

"But it's worth while after all," vouchsafed her neighbor. "I don't know what I would do if I didn't just pick up and go where I can breathe the air of Manhattan once in a while. And the matinee! I used to go two or three times a week when I had my little flat in Amsterdam avenue. I just love the theaters. Didn't you think the show this afternoon was lovely?"

"No, I didn't," Jane answered, "I just hated it. That beautiful home, those servants and those lovely gowns. As if anyone could believe that heroine could be unhappy with all she had. And it does seem as if those things were going to be out of reach forever."

The play, in so far as material environment was concerned, had presented the very antithesis of their own life. All the luxuries and indulgences that money can give were vividly portrayed, but the sequel proved the indisputable maxim, "all that glitters is not gold." Jane had an innate longing for a more lofty station in life than was hers. She believed that poverty and its petty exactions were her worst foes and that any woman, given the opportunities that money bestows, had the making of happiness within her hands. She had no sympathy or tolerance for the theory that wealth breeds discontent and woe. Mrs. Collins, on the other hand, while not gifted with an analytical mind, had a rough and ready sense of perspective. She was as fond of good things in life as one, but she was actuated in her longings by a spirit of jealousy rather than the belief that the best was rightfully hers. So she sympathized with the hot polloi and rejoiced when the wealthy heroine wept. While she did not observe the fine distinction between herself and Jane, she recognized their common bond of complaint and attempted solace.

The last was by no means least. This was a white felt hat with silver roses and a black velvet facing.

The very latest wrist watch is exceedingly small, and instead of the usual bracelet of platinum, gold or silver, it is made of moire ribbon one-half inch wide, double, and fastened with a buckle or clasp. Some of the watches are scarcely larger than a five-cent piece, the face surrounded with jewels. The clasps for the ribbon are also jeweled.

Some ordinary morning blouses are a combination of taffeta and pique, the taffeta making the body of the blouse, the pique the collar and the cuffs. Lingerie blouses have made their reappearance in striped effects, a stripe of wide valenciennes lace alternating with a stripe of tucked batiste, making a very lady affair.

The straight lines of the long, full tunic skirt are broken at the knee across the sides and back by an applied cording that holds in a seat line of gathers. The underskirt is narrow and quite plain.

The modish silver-trimmed black hats are particularly well suited to such a costume as this.

Fashion has been very kind this autumn in the way of millinery modes, for she has decreed that either big or

COLORS FOR COLD WEATHER

London Journal Humorously Bars 'Two on Account of the War—Some Others to Be Popular.

The one color that we may be sure will not be popular is Saxe blue; we shall have to rename it French blue. The cornflower will also incur some disfavor, because it is said to be the Kaiser's favorite flower. Brown will be a very favorite shade, and purple of the red wine tones which are warm and becoming is being looked upon with much favor. That black must be largely worn we know; there have been times, however, when the somber hue has been assumed by smart women from choice. Tawny tones, we shall undoubtedly see many of, and also deep crimsons. Women are taking, happily, their usual wholesome interest in their clothes and there is no reason to suppose that our sex will not look as nice and smart and well turned out in war time as in peace time.—London Sketch.

EASY TO BECOME ATTRACTIVE

How to Acquire and Preserve Color in Face—Best Method of Imparting Scent to the Hair.

For giving the face a good color get one pot of rouge and one rabbit's foot. Bury them two miles from home and walk out and back once a day to see if they are still there.

Many women allow their faces to become tense and set and then wonder why lines develop. Relax the muscles, cultivate a pleasant expres-

WITH THE ETON JACKET



American designers have revived the Eton jacket for fall wear. In this model, one of many charming ones seen on the avenue, the Eton jacket is of black broadcloth. The skirt is a Russian tunic, with broad accordion plaits. A black and white striped girdle in vest form completes this three-piece garment. A rolling medical collar gives it that chic set-off which American designers are using to such good advantage. The toque is of black velvet with black ribbon feathers.

little hats are to be in vogue. Therefore all types of women should be pleased. The ones who like small shapes will find plenty of new models to pick from, and the women who like the broad, shady hat also will not be disappointed. Four of the smartest new hats for autumn wear were seen the other day. The first one was a navy blue velvet hat, trimmed with white satin roses and strands of marabout. The next model was a very chic affair in the popular new sailor shape, with a band and bow of uncut white velvet and black fancy feathers. The third one was a smart little toque of black velvet with black wings shooting out at the rear.

The last was by no means least. This was a white felt hat with silver roses and a black velvet facing.

The very latest wrist watch is exceedingly small, and instead of the usual bracelet of platinum, gold or silver, it is made of moire ribbon one-half inch wide, double, and fastened with a buckle or clasp. Some of the watches are scarcely larger than a five-cent piece, the face surrounded with jewels. The clasps for the ribbon are also jeweled.

Some ordinary morning blouses are a combination of taffeta and pique, the taffeta making the body of the blouse, the pique the collar and the cuffs. Lingerie blouses have made their reappearance in striped effects, a stripe of wide valenciennes lace alternating with a stripe of tucked batiste, making a very lady affair.

The straight lines of the long, full tunic skirt are broken at the knee across the sides and back by an applied cording that holds in a seat line of gathers. The underskirt is narrow and quite plain.

The modish silver-trimmed black hats are particularly well suited to such a costume as this.

Fashion has been very kind this autumn in the way of millinery modes, for she has decreed that either big or

slon, and remember that lips which curve upward and smile are much more attractive than the drooping sort.

A delightful way of imparting a delicate scent to the hair is to let it filter through in the form of steam. It sounds difficult, but it is not at all. Simply fill a small bowl with boiling water and pour some of your particular perfume upon it. The two liquids will not mingle, but if you hold your head over the bowl the steam of the water will carry the scent with it and through the hair in a most satisfactory fashion.

The one color that we may be sure will not be popular is Saxe blue; we shall have to rename it French blue. The cornflower will also incur some disfavor, because it is said to be the Kaiser's favorite flower. Brown will be a very favorite shade, and purple of the red wine tones which are warm and becoming is being looked upon with much favor. That black must be largely worn we know; there have been times, however, when the somber hue has been assumed by smart women from choice. Tawny tones, we shall undoubtedly see many of, and also deep crimsons. Women are taking, happily, their usual wholesome interest in their clothes and there is no reason to suppose that our sex will not look as nice and smart and well turned out in war time as in peace time.—London Sketch.

For giving the face a good color get one pot of rouge and one rabbit's foot. Bury them two miles from home and walk out and back once a day to see if they are still there.

Many women allow their faces to become tense and set and then wonder why lines develop. Relax the muscles, cultivate a pleasant expres-

A frock, in once piece, fastening in the back, is made with a black satin foundation and a deep, full chiffon sleeves, and there is an overblouse of satin, cut so that it hangs smooth and wrinkleless from the bust and ends below the waist in a rounded outline. Silver cords reach from the under-arms seams to the back of the waist. The straight satin bodice suggests, in its lines, a coat of mail. There is a slightly rounded neck line, finished with a little rolling collar, as high in back as in front, of silver lace.

Broadcloth and Satin. Broadcloth and satin are much combined. For instance, there will be a skirt of broadcloth with a bodice of satin. Plaid broadcloth is also used. But it is plaided in dull, deep colors. These colors, which are employed in the season's plaids and stripes, are infinitely more pleasing than the vivid, garish colors used last year.

Broadcloth and Satin. Broadcloth and satin are much combined. For instance, there will be a skirt of broadcloth with a bodice of satin. Plaid broadcloth is also used. But it is plaided in dull, deep colors. These colors, which are employed in the season's plaids and stripes, are infinitely more pleasing than the vivid, garish colors used last year.

For giving the face a good color get one pot of rouge and one rabbit's foot. Bury them two miles from home and walk out and back once a day to see if they are still there.

Many women allow their faces to become tense and set and then wonder why lines develop. Relax the muscles, cultivate a pleasant expres-

slon, and remember that lips which curve upward and smile are much more attractive than the drooping sort.

PROPER CREDIT FOR GRANDPA

Happy Father Wanted Generous Contribution Entered Under the Proper Heading.

When Mr. Otis returned from the office one afternoon, he was met at the door by his wife, who cried, excitedly:

"Oh, Herbert, love, I received a lovely letter from father today."

"Yes, my dear?" queried Mrs. Otis, enthusiastically, "he congratulates us on the birth of our baby."

"That's good," was the reply. "Yes," went on Mrs. Otis, "and he says it will cost us more to live now—that babies are expensive."

"I suppose that is true, dear," assented the husband.

"And, Herbert, just think!" said the wife, joyfully, "father has sent us a check for \$1,000. Isn't that just lovely of him?"

"I should say it was!" said Otis. "I'll sit right down, dear, and thank him for his generous contribution to the Fresh Heir fund."

"That's good," was the reply. "Yes," went on Mrs. Otis, "and he says it will cost us more to live now—that babies are expensive."

"I suppose that is true, dear," assented the husband.

"And, Herbert, just think!" said the wife, joyfully, "father has sent us a check for \$1,000. Isn't that just lovely of him?"

"I should say it was!" said Otis. "I'll sit right down, dear, and thank him for his generous contribution to the Fresh Heir fund."

"That's good," was the reply. "Yes," went on Mrs. Otis, "and he says it will cost us more to live now—that babies are expensive."

Advertising Rates
 Display (type) per inch..... 10c
 Display (plate) per inch..... 8c
 Administrators' Notices, per issue..... \$1.00
 Legal Notices, per brief line..... 5c
 Locals, per line..... 5c
 First Page at double rates.
 Minimum Display accepted..... 50c
 Minimum Local accepted..... 25c

Opera house Saturday night.

Valuable Hint.

When gasoline is used to remove a spot from clothing a ring is often left around where the spot has been. A little salt in the gasoline will overcome this, leaving no trace of the soiled spot.

No Job too Small nor too Large
Patterson Bros.
 Teaming and Draying
 Prompt Service. Phone 24

GENOA ENCAMPMENT
 No. 121
 Odd Fellows Hall
 2nd and 4th Friday of each month
 KLINE SHIPMAN, Chief Patriarch
 J. W. SOWERS, Scribe

Genoa Nest No. 1017
Order of Owls
 Meets 1st and 3d Tuesdays Each Month
 HARRY WHIPPLE, Pres.
 F. L. KOHLBURNER, Sec.

C. A. Patterson
 DENTIST
 Hours: 8:30 to 12:00 a. m.
 1:00 to 5:00 p. m.
 Office in Exchange Bank Building

Dr. J. W. Ovitz
 Physician and Surgeon
 Office over Slater's Store.
 Hours: 10:00 to 12:00 a. m.
 2:00 to 4:30 p. m.
 Phone No. 11 7:00 to 8:30 p. m.

EVALINE LODGE
 No. 34
 Meet 4th Tuesday of each month in I. O. O. F. Hall
 E. M. Trautman, Prefect
 Fannie M. Heeg, Secy

Genoa Camp No. 163
M. W. A.
 Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month.
 Visiting neighbors welcome
 B. C. Awe, V. C. A. R. Slater, Clerk

SAW DENTIST
A. D. HADSALL
 X cut saws 10c per lineal foot.
 Hand and Buck saws, price according to condition of saw.

GENOA LODGE NO. 288
A. F. & A. M.
 Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month
 J. G. C. PIERCE W. M.
 T. M. Frazier Secy.

GENOA LODGE
 No. 768
I. O. O. F.
 Meets every Monday evening in Odd Fellow Hall.
 D. K. MARTIN, J. W. Sowers, Sec. N. G.

KINGSTON NEWS
FRED P. SMITH, CORRESPONDENT

Lee Smith spent last week Friday in Chicago.

Mrs. F. H. Wilson was a Belvidere visitor Wednesday.

G. W. Moore was a Chicago passenger last week Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Lettow visited in DeKalb one day last week.

Ray W. Helsdon was home from Chicago the first of the week.

Mrs. Robert Dunbar has been spending a few days in Belvidere.

Miss Gladys Burgess was a Sycamore visitor last week Thursday.

Miss Ruth Warden of Kirkland was the guest of Miss Fernie Witter Sunday.

Mrs. Mary J. Fellows has been the guest of relatives in Belvidere for a few days.

Mrs. Nancy Scott returned home Tuesday from a several days' visit in Kirkland.

Several from Kingston attended the funeral of Mrs. John Aurner at DeKalb Wednesday.

Mrs. George Helsdon and sons of Belvidere were guests of relatives in Kingston over Sunday.

Mrs. O. F. Lucas of Belvidere visited at the Dr. E. C. Burton home the fore part of this week.

Misses Hazel and Jennie Fitzgerald of Malta were visitors at the James Minnegan home Sunday.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Baptist church is planning to have the Fall Bazaar on December 3, 1914.

Miss Gladys Burgess went to Madison, Wisconsin, this week to attend the wedding of her cousin, Miss Sybil Burgess.

Mrs. Emily McCollom entertained Misses Eva and Gladys Gross and Marie Shaver of Esmond Saturday and Sunday.

Dell Quigley, who has been spending the past few months with his sister, Mrs. M. J. Fellows, went to Milwaukee, Wisconsin, last week.

Services will be held as follows at the Kingston Baptist church next Sunday Nov. 22:

10:00 a. m., Sunday School.
 11:00 a. m., Preaching services.
 The subject of the sermon will be "Thanksgiving."

7:00 p. m., Prayer meeting.
 7:30 p. m., Song and Preaching Services. The subject of the sermon will be "The Prodigal Son." All are welcome to attend these services and worship with them. J. W. Green, Pastor.

Little-Known Spanish Province.

The province of Almeria lies in the southernmost part of Spain bordering on the Mediterranean sea. It comprises 3,360 square miles, and in 1909 had a population of 359,013. Almeria, with a population of over 50,000, is its capital and principal seaport.

Had Some Results.

"What do you think of her voice since it has been trained?" "Well," smiled Brown, "I can't say that it is any better than it was, but there is certainly a whole lot more of it."—Rehoboth Sunday Herald.

The Industrious Bee.

The bee has two distinct stomachs. In the first it stores away the honey it so industriously gathers from the flowers until such time as it is ready to yield it up, while the other stomach is used simply and solely for digestion purposes. Thus the food and the honey are never mixed. When the bee returns to the hive and is ready to deposit the honey it has gathered it contracts the muscles of the stomach, in which act the honey is ejected through the mouth. As to bee food, it is various in kind, consisting largely of the honey it so patiently makes for others.

Progression.

Grocer—You gave that woman a potato too many when you measured out that quarter peck, my son.

Boy—What's one potato, I'd like to know?

Grocer—One potato in a quarter peck! Four potatoes in a peck! Sixteen potatoes in a bushel! Sixteen hundred potatoes in a hundred bushels! Why, my boy, you'll ruin me if you keep on.

Swiss Guides.

No words can describe the patience, good humor and skill of the Swiss guides. Their quick eyes see every danger, their prompt actions avert it. When "on the rope" one has a feeling of perfect security, and on steep crevices, and rotten ice, on crumbling rocks and abrupt precipices, one has implicit confidence in their strength, judgment and endurance. That these guides possess a sixth sense is indisputable. One might almost call it acute premonition, for it warns them in advance of all dangers incident to mountaineering and, combined with a marvelous dexterity and an intrepid courage, serves to avert calamity and insure success.—Wide World Magazine.

When mounted in such exquisite designs as we are now showing they are doubly appreciated.

Small, but brilliant diamonds in a variety of pretty rings for ladies at from

\$10.00 to \$25.00

Solid Gold La Vallieres in the most beautiful patterns, with genuine Diamonds,

\$9.00 to \$20.00

This new jewelry must be seen to be appreciated. We are always pleased to show it.

ROVELSTAD BROS.
 Jewelers and Opticians
 ESTABLISHED 1883 ELGIN, ILL.

HORSESHOE LUCK.

Belief in it Dates Back to the Days of Golden Shod Steeds.

Every one knows the superstition that good luck strikes the finder if by chance a castoff horseshoe is picked up by the wayside, but how few know the origin of this belief.

It goes back hundreds of years, when horses were not only shod with shoes of iron, but with gold and silver as well, and this fact makes it apparent why it was lucky to find a shoe that had a real market value.

The habit of shoeing horses was formed in the time of the ancients many centuries before Christ. It was at this period that gold and silver were so often substitutes for iron.

The Roman emperors, for example, and the kings of Norway indulged repeatedly in this luxury.

The custom once established brought in vogue another practice among the grandees. When their horses cast their shoes the lucky was not allowed to stop for the purpose of securing them. This disdain of precious metal satisfied the bombastic pride of their masters; hence, when they were seen by the populace to mount a horse or enter a carriage they were followed with fervor in the hope that a shoe would become loose, thus enriching their store of earthly goods or, in other words, bringing them good luck.

When Lord Doncaster, ambassador from England, made his entrance into Paris in 1616, he wished to win popularity and to associate his name with good fortune stories, so he ordered that the horse he was to ride should be insecurely shod with silver shoes.

Each time that he passed a group of pretty women or prominent men he dug his spurs into the flanks of his horse so forcefully that the tortured animal would kick up his heels in such a manner that invariably a shoe was cast.

Immediately there was a scramble in the crowd to get the good luck souvenir. This maneuver was repeated many times while en route to the Louvre.

The supply was not restricted to just four legs. The wily lord had seen to that. In his escort was an elaborately liveried servant, who, at each casting of a shoe, would dismount, and from a bag containing tools and other silver shoes would then and there shoe the horse.—New York American.

Obstacles Everywhere.

Life is like walking along a crowded street; there always seem to be fewer obstacles to getting along on the opposite pavement; and yet if one crosses over matters are rarely mended.—Thomas Huxley.

Australian Wood in Demand.

Many varieties of Australian wood are of such singular beauty and are so admirably fitted for cabinet making that they are in great demand for that purpose.

Tightening Credit.

First Artist—"The umbrella you lent me? I have lent it to a friend." Second Artist—"That is very awkward. The man who lent it to my friend tells me that the owner wants it."

Was the Only One.

Blix—"Wasn't it Admiral Porter who said: 'Take no quarter from the enemy?'" Dix—"Dunno! If it was he's the only porter that ever said such a thing."—Boston Transcript.

Money in Kangaroo Raising.

In Australia kangaroo farming is an important industry. The hides are valuable, and the tendons are the best known to surgeons for sewing up wounds, and especially for holding broken bones together, being much finer and tougher than catgut.

Teeth Turn to Whalebone.

Curiously enough, the great whalebone whales have teeth before they are born; but, prior to birth, they are absorbed, and later the great rows of whalebone, weighing several tons, take their place.

Foolish Clerk.

First She—"The clerk at the post office said the letter was overweight and I would have to put another stamp on it. Wasn't he silly?" Second She—"Why, dear?" First She—"Wouldn't another stamp make it still heavier?"

Colorado River.

The Colorado river was named by the Spaniards from a word in their language meaning ruddy or red, an allusion to the tint of the water. La-Salle first named the river Maligne, (misfortune) one or two of his party having been drowned in its current.

Soldiers' Ammunition.

In the United States army the infantry goes to battle with 100 rounds of ammunition on him and 120 rounds per man in two bandollers in wagons not far behind him. The German soldier carries 120 rounds, the French 120, the Austrian 120, the British soldier 100, the Russian 120, the Italian 162, the Japanese 150 and the Swiss 120. In battalion and company carts near at hand the ammunition, added to that carried by the men brings the supply of cartridges up to an average of about 300 per rifle.

Employers' Liability Indemnity Insurance

SURETY BONDS

AND

FIRE AND TORNADO INSURANCE

Life, Health, Accident and Live Stock Insurance

C. A. BROWN

AGENT

Genoa - Illinois

Petey Wales
Kinodrome Shows
OPERA HOUSE
 NEXT WEDNESDAY NIGHT

When All Others Fail
Petey is There
With the Goods

ADMISSION
ONE DIME

CHRISTMAS SUGGESTIONS

TOYS! TOYS!!

A Window Full of Toys Right Now
Call and Bring the Kiddies with You
S. S. SLATER & SON

This Fall and Holiday Jewelry Catalog FREE

CALL HERE OR WRITE AND RECEIVE THIS BEAUTIFUL BOOK SHOWING HUNDREDS OF GIFTS FOR SALE AT THE MOST MODERATE PRICES

This book is just the thing to assist you in selecting gifts for your friends and every member of the family. It is filled with illustrations—actual photographs of hundreds of articles that will please you as the giver, and the recipient of your favor.

Everybody is made happy with gifts of Jewelry, Diamonds, Watches, Silver, etc., especially if the quality is evident. And the low prices prevailing here make it possible to secure the finest within the amount you have decided on spending. No expense has been spared to make this the most complete catalog ever issued by this store.

This Book Ready NOW

You should have this book in your possession right away. Don't delay calling or writing for this book, so that your selections can be made and put away for you until needed. And this opportunity to see just what you are buying saves you from disappointment which comes if you have been thinking of buying from a long distance. Buying through the aid of this catalog enables you to see just what you are getting before paying down your money. The moderate prices which rule on every article shown will further impress you with the desirability of buying at home from your leading jeweler. And no matter what you want in the way of special jewelry gifts, besides what you will find in this catalog, remember our facilities are limitless for getting you the desired articles for less than you can buy anywhere else, as well as in far less time, should the article not be in stock at the time of your call.

This Diamond Lavalere \$17.50
 Fine grade, 1 diamond, mounted with solid gold twist design, Roman gold finish.

THIS HANDSOME PIN \$2.00
 Cameo top, English finish, handsome chased design, solid gold. A pin that will make a pleasing gift.

THIS LAVALLIERE \$4.00
 Polished and green, gold mounting, 3 fine rubies and 8 pearls, handsome gold chain.

THIS DIAMOND SCARF PIN \$3.00
 Fine pink-shell Cameo with solid gold mounting, English finish. A very beautiful scarfpin for a small price.

THIS DIAMOND SCARF PIN \$6.00
 Fine grade, 1 diamond, 1 whole pearl, solid gold mounting and chain.

G. H. MARTIN

Sycamore Woven Wire Fence

We have it in all sizes and sell it at the same price it would cost you at the factory, and it is **Just As Good as the Best**

We have a sample fence up near the office. Come and see it. Will show you a good steel gate too.

P. A. QUANSTRONG
GENOA, ILL.