

THE GENOA ISSUE.

VOLUME XII.

GENOA, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, JANUARY 16, 1896.

NUMBER 12.

Never Mind. it's Your Gain.

I would respectfully announce to Horse-owners of Genoa and vicinity that I will do Shoeing at the following reduced prices, satisfaction guaranteed in every case

New Shoes, 30 cents each
Resetting, 15 cents each

20 Per Cent. Discount on all other work.

CHARLES WILLIAMS.

PRACTICAL HORSESHOER,

J. A. RISDEN SHOP, GENOA, ILL.



Everywhere. Men follow great leaders. We commend to your attention our great leader in fine fashionable, serviceable clothing. The Luck Worsted, it has already secured the admiration and patronage of the best citizens of the United States, and has but to be seen to secure your patronage. It has come to the front through the genuineness of everything connected with it from the cloth to the finished garment. The best cloth, cutters and tailors are employed in its manufacture, and it is sold at prices to suit the times. The Lucky Worsted Clothing Worsted stamp is sewed in Every coat. Come and see it—we like to show it. There are many kinds of Clothing, but none quite so good as The Lucky Worsted.

F. O. HOLTGREN

MERCHANT TAILOR & GENT'S FURNISHER.

A Customer
of SWAN'S

Says that it's a great convenience to know that when you want a thing you know just where to go and depend on getting it,

That's Just It,

For Swan has always just what you want in

Candies. Fruits. Nuts,

and particularly so in juicy, sweet Oranges.

You already know that my stock of BAKERY GOODS is always fresh and at the right price.

LOCAL NEWS JOTTINGS.

Personal Notes, Happenings, Etc Pertaining to Genoa.

S. L. Miller Sundayed at Hampshire.

—Swan sells nothing but the best in fruits. The days are growing perceptibly longer.

Miss Ella White has been assisting in the bank.

Operator Hoyer was up from Kirkland last Friday.

Miss Mary Millard was at DeKalb last Saturday.

Andy Baldwin left for Swaledale, Iowa, on Tuesday.

—Swan is selling juicy, sweet oranges two for a nickel.

—See Swan's stock of oranges before you buy of any one else.

"Hutch" Kellogg and Nate Adams were at Marengo last week.

The frame of Mrs. A. Olmstead's house is nearly completed.

Fred and Cynie Farmiloe were among the Sunday callers here.

J. E. Stott will go to the Sunny South in a few days, prospecting.

—Desirable lots and residence property for sale. D. S. BROWN.

Carl Brown, of Chicago, was a Sunday guest at the home of F. Jackman.

A. B. Clefford is entertaining his brother and daughter, Georgia, of Indiana.

Roy Stanley, of Nebraska, is visiting here with the family of his brother, George.

Houston McMaster, of Palatine, was a guest a few days this week at Jas. Hutchison's.

Dr. A. M. Hill was in Chicago Tuesday looking after his real estate interests there.

Miss Lizzy McCormick is home from Valparaiso where she has been attending school.

F. G. Vail and Lute Hill were over from Marengo Friday last transacting business.

Mrs. F. M. Overaker is here this week from St. Charles, the guest of Mrs. G. C. Rowan.

The vampers at the shoe factory were laid off two days this week owing to a shortage of stock.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Corson were over from Marengo Tuesday night to attend the Oddfellow celebration.

The Ys will hold their next regular meeting at Mrs. Blanch Hollembeak's, Friday evening, promptly at seven.

There will be a Masonic school of instruction at Dixon, Ill., January 21, 22 and 23, for the benefit of the craft.

Misses Eva Jackman and Temperance Baldwin were in Sycamore last Saturday, taking teachers' examination.

As we set up this article the beautiful is gently falling, and at the same time we are praying that it may continue.

The trouble in the school has resulted in Miss Markel handing in her resignation and its acceptance by the board.

The executive committee of the State League of Swedish American Republican Clubs meets at Rockford February 8th.

Regular April weather a few days last week, but on Saturday night we were given a gentle reminder that it is still winter.

F. R. Steward, of Southern Illinois, has purchased the Geo. Stanley farm of 220 acres. The deal was made through Wm. Eiklor.

The "Elgin King" wheel attracted the most attention at the bicycle show in Chicago last week. It has gold mountings studded with diamonds and cost the manufacturers \$5,000 to build it.

From the number of applicants for the carrying of the U. S. mail in Genoa there must be some kind of a snap attached to it. The following have sent in bids to the department: I. Q. Burroughs, Wm. Cooper, Harry Lord, Will Snow, Will Wyde, Geo. DeWolf, Jesse Evans and W. Smith.

The store keepers of Belvidere have all agreed to close their doors at six o'clock in the evening except on Saturday, Monday and pay day at the National factory.

Geo. Stanley left for Clay Springs, Florida, Tuesday, where he will pass the balance of the winter visiting relatives and viewing the country.

Miss Temperance Baldwin commenced teaching in the Olmstead district Monday. This is Miss Baldwin's first school, and her many friends will join with us in wishing her the best of success.

One Minute Cough Cure is a popular remedy for croup. Safe for children and adults. F. T. Robinson, Genoa and L. C. Shaffer, Kingston.

Mrs. Hopper, president of the Women's Christian T. U. of the new 8th district, will meet the ladies of Genoa on next Monday afternoon at half past two o'clock, at the home of Mrs. A. B. Clefford.

De Witt's Little Early Risers for biliousness, indigestion, constipation. A small pill, a prompt cure. F. T. Robinson, Genoa and L. C. Shaffer, Kingston.

Bert Swanson, now residing in Elgin, paid a visit to his parents Sunday. He is employed there as book keeper for the Elgin Sewing Machine and Bicycle Manufactory.

That man Willamson must be a hummer. New York now writes the Rockford Sheriff, asking information regarding him. They want a man there badly by that name.

Piles of people have piles, but De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve will cure them. When promptly applied it cures scalds and burns without the slightest pain. F. T. Robinson, Genoa and L. C. Shaffer, Kingston.

The question as to how far a lady can go in the way of courtship this year is being discussed. The general opinion appears to be that she can go as far as it is necessary to land the fellow she is after.

Mrs. Henry Smith is visiting relatives at Charter Oak, Iowa. She was accompanied there by Mrs. Wm. Flint, Mrs. Geo. Bucher and Eugene Cook. The two latter have been her guests for several weeks past.

Four Genoaites took advantage of an Illinois Central excursion south on Tuesday. Mrs. Leonard went to Rose land, La., James Parish to Como, Miss. and Everal Crawford and J. E. Stott to the same place.

Home-seekers' excursion via C. M. & St. P. Ry. to points south and south west, on sale January 14th and 28th, Feb. 11th and March 10, 1896. One fare for the round trip, plus \$2. For information as to points reached, limit etc. inquire of J. M. Harvey, Agt 3-1-6

No excuse for sleepless nights when you can procure One Minute Cough Cure. This will relieve all annoyances, cure the most severe cough and give you rest and health. Can you afford to do without it? F. T. Robinson, Genoa and L. C. Shaffer, Kingston.

Wife—Here's an account of a man who shot himself rather than suffer the pangs of indigestion. Husband—The fool! Why didn't he take De Witt's Little Early Risers? I used to suffer as bad as he did before I commenced taking these little pills. F. T. Robinson, Genoa and L. C. Shaffer, Kingston.

The entertainment gotten up by the Woodmen last Thursday night drew out a large crowd and a very enjoyable time was the outcome. An interesting program was rendered and refreshments were partaken of at Mead & Co's and DeWolf & Abbott's restaurants.

Coughing irritates the delicate organs and aggravates the disease. Instead of waiting, try One Minute Cough Cure. It helps at once, making expectation easy, reduces the soreness and inflammation. Every one likes it. F. T. Robinson, Genoa and L. C. Shaffer, Kingston.

A tramp over near Kirkland stole some dried apples and ate a lot of them. Two doctors have been working over him ever since. He wasn't used to such swell dinners.

I wish to say to the public that the bottom has fallen out of prices on horse shoeing. My prices are as follows:

New shoes.....20c.

Resetting.....10c.

First class work guaranteed.

H. D. WYLLYS.

The City Hotel is now in the hands of Mr. Bowen, and it is hoped that he will make a good success of the place. Genoa should have a first class hotel, she needs it, and as Mr. Bowen thoroughly understands the business we believe that he will be just what we need.

One Minute Cough Cure is rightly named. It affords instant relief from suffering when afflicted with a severe cough or cold. It acts on the throat, bronchial tubes, and lungs and never fails to give immediate relief. F. T. Robinson, Genoa and L. C. Shaffer, Kingston.

Fred Robinson and son, Freddie, made a trip to the city yesterday to see Paderewski. They were charmed with the pianist, particularly Freddie, and Fred is inclined to think that if he had hair like that he might be able to play the piano himself.

In suffering with piles, it will interest you to know that De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve will cure them. This medicine is a specific for all complaints of this character, and if instructions (which are simple) are carried out, a cure will result. We have tested this in numerous cases, and always with like results. It never fails. F. T. Robinson, Genoa and L. C. Shaffer, Kingston.

Chas. Lederle must keep an unusually good stock of cigars and liquors, for his saloon was entered again Sunday night and a quantity of goods stolen. Our police department should get a Pinkerton hump on themselves and run the guilty parties down.

For a pain in the chest a piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound over the seat of the pain, and another on the back between the shoulders, will afford prompt relief. This is especially valuable in cases where the pain is caused by a cold and there is a tendency toward pneumonia. For sale by F. T. Robinson, Genoa and H. R. Fuller, Kingston.

About twenty friends responded to invitations from Miss Agnes Hutchison on Monday evening to meet Mr. Houston McMaster, an old-time friend of the family, Cards, dancing and light refreshments served to while away a very enjoyable evening.

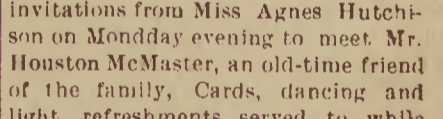
Those present were: Messrs and Mesdames Ira J. Brown, F. O. Swan, J. D. Page, Geo. E. Sisley, Jas. Hutchison.

Misses Marguerite Cliff, Florence Cree.

Messrs C. D. Schoonmaker, Ira. J. Mix, A. M. Hill, Yalden.

"Jim" Kiernan feels that he has a grievance against THE ISSUE and from the facts in the case we rather guess he has. When we are in error we cheerfully acknowledge it and offer such apology as the occasion may require. In the present instance we spoke of the absence of a plumber in Genoa. Now the fact is "Jim" is a plumber and has the reputation of doing his work well, and he does it at a live-and-let-live price. The usual jokes about plumber's prices won't apply to him. If you have any work in this line give "Jim" a trial and satisfy yourself that our assertion that there was a good opening for a plumber, was entirely unwarranted.

FOR SALE—A car load of



FINE DAIRY COWS.

JOHN RIDDLE.

ARMENIAN MASSACRES.

Rev. Dr. Talmage Paints a Vivid Word Picture

Of the Terrible Atrocities Committed on the Armenian Christians—The Turkish Empire Should be Dismembered.

The following vivid picture of the Turkish atrocities in Armenia was given as a Sunday discourse by Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage to his Washington congregation. He took for his text:

"It escaped into the land of Armenia.—II Kings, xix. 37.

In Biblical geography this is the first time that Armenia appears, called then by the same name as now. Armenia is chiefly a tableland, 7,000 feet above the level of the sea, and on one of the peaks Noah's ark landed, with its human family and fauna that were to fill the earth. That region was the birthplace of the rivers which fertilized the garden of Eden when Adam and Eve lived there, their only roof the crystal skies, and their carpet the emerald of rich grass. Its inhabitants, the ethnologists tell us, are a superior type of the Caucasian race. Their religion is founded on the Bible. Their Saviour is our Christ. Their crime is that they will not become followers of Mohammed, that Jupiter of sensuality. To drive them from the face of the earth is the ambition of all Mohammedans. To accomplish this, murder is no crime, and wholesale massacre is a matter of enthusiastic approbation and governmental reward. The prayer sanctioned by highest Mohammedan authority and recited every day throughout Turkey and Egypt, while styling all those not Mohammedans as infidels, is as follows: "O Lord of all creatures! O Allah! Destroy the infidels and Polytheists, thine enemies, the enemies of the religion! O Allah! Make their children orphans and defile their bodies: cause their feet to slip; give them and their families, their households and their women, and their relatives by marriage, their brothers and their friends, their possessions and the race, their wealth and their lands as booty to the Moslems, O Lord of all creatures!"

The life of a Armenian in the presence of those who make that prayer is of no more value than the life of a summer insect. The sultan of Turkey sits on a throne impersonating that brigandage and assassination. At this time all civilized nations are in horror at the attempts of that Mohammedan government to destroy all the Christians of Armenia. I hear somebody talking as though some new thing were happening, and that the Turkish government had taken a new role of tragedy on the stage of nations. No, no! She is at the same old business. Overlooking her diabolism of other centuries, we come down to our century to find that in 1822 the Turkish government slew 50,000 anti-Moslems, and in 1850 she slew 10,000, and in 1860 she slew 11,000, and in 1876 she slew 10,000. Anything short of the slaughter of thousands of human beings does not put enough red wine into her cup of abomination to make it worth quaffing. Nor is this the only time she has promised reform. In the presence of the warships at the mouth of the Dardanelles, she has promised the civilized nations of the earth that she would stop her butcheries, and the international and hemispheric farce has been enacted of believing what she says, when all the past ought to persuade us that she is only pausing in her atrocities to put nations off the track and then resume the work of death.

In 1820 Turkey, in treaty with Russia, promised to alleviate the condition of Christians, but the promise was broken. In 1839 the then sultan promised protection of life and property without reference to religion, and the promise was broken. In 1844, at the demand of an English minister plenipotentiary, the sultan declared, after the public execution of an Armenian at Constantinople, that no such death penalty should again be inflicted, and the promise was broken. In 1850, at the demand of foreign nations, the Turkish government promised protection to Protestants, but to this day the Protestants at Stamboul are not allowed to build a church, although they have the funds ready, and the Greek Protestants, who have a church, are not permitted to worship in it. In 1856, after the Crimean war, Turkey promised that no one should be hindered in the exercise of the religion he professed, and that promise has been broken. In 1878, at the memorable treaty of Berlin, Turkey promised religious liberty to all her subjects in every part of the Ottoman empire, and the promise was broken. Not once in all the centuries has the Turkish government kept her promise of mercy. So far from any improvement, the condition of the Armenians has become worse and worse year by year, and all the promises the Turkish government now makes are only a gaining of time by which she is making preparation for the complete extermination of Christianity from her borders.

Who are these American and English and Scotch missionaries who are being hounded among the mountains of Armenia by the Mohammedans? The noblest men and women this side of Heaven. Some of them, men who

took the highest honors at Yale and Princeton, and Harvard, and Oxford, and Edinburgh. Some of them women, gentlest and most Christ like, who, to save people they never saw, turned their backs on luxurious homes to spend their days in self-expatriation, saying good-by to father and mother, and afterward good-by to their own children, as circumstances compel them to send the little ones to England, Scotland or America. I have seen these foreign missionaries in their homes all around the world, and I stamp with indignation upon the literary blackguardism of foreign correspondents who have deprecated these heroes and heroines who are willing to live and die for Christ's sake. They will have the highest thrones in Heaven, while their defamers will not get near enough to the shining gate to see the faintest glint of any one of the twelve pearls, which make up the twelve gates. This defamation of missionaries is augmented by the dissolute English, American and Scotch merchants who go to foreign cities, leaving their families behind them. Those dissolute merchants in foreign cities lead a life of such gross immorality that the pure households of the missionaries are a perpetual rebuke. Buzards never did believe in doves, and if there is anything that nightshade hates it is the water lily. What the 550 American missionaries have suffered in the Ottoman empire since 1820 I leave the archangel to announce on the day of judgment. You will see it reasonable that I put so much emphasis on Americanism in the Ottoman empire when I tell you that America, notwithstanding all the disadvantages named, has now over twenty-seven thousand students in day schools in that empire, and 35,000 children in her Sabbath schools, and that America has expended in the Turkish empire for its betterment over ten million dollars. Has not America a right to be heard? Aye! it will be heard! I am glad that great indignation meetings are being held all over this country. That poor, weak, cowardly sultan, whom I saw a few years ago ride to mosque for worship, guarded by 7,000 armed men, many of them mounted on prancing chargers, will hear these sympathetic meetings for the Armenians, if not through American reporters, then through some of his 360 wives. What to do with him? There ought to be some St. Helena to which he could be exiled, while the nations of Europe appoint a ruler of their own to clean out and take possession of the palaces of Constantinople. To-night this august assembly in the capital of the United States, in the name of the God of Nations, indicts the Turkish government for the wholesale assassination of Armenians, and invokes the interference of Almighty God and the protest of eastern and western hemispheres.

But what is the duty of the hour? Sympathy, deep, wide, tremendous, immediate! A religious paper, "The Christian Herald," of New York, has led the way with munificent contributions collected from its subscribers. But the Turkish government is opposed to any relief of the Armenian sufferers, as I personally know. Last August, before I had any idea of becoming a fellow-citizen with Washington, \$50,000 for Armenian relief was offered me if I would personally take that relief to Armenia. My passage was to be engaged on the City of Paris, but a telegram was sent to Constantinople, asking if the Turkish government would grant me protection on such an errand of mercy. A cablegram said the Turkish government wished to know to what points in Armenia I desired to go with that relief. In our reply four cities were named, one of them the scene of what had been the chief massacre. A cablegram came from Constantinople saying that I had better send the money to the Turkish government's mixed commission, and they would distribute it. So a cobweb of spiders proposed a relief committee for unfortunate flies! Well, a man who would start up through the mountains of Armenia with \$50,000 and no government protection would be guilty of monumental foolhardiness. The Turkish government has in every possible way hindered Armenian relief.

Now, where is that angel of mercy, Clara Barton, who appeared on the battle-fields of Fredericksburg, Antietam, Falmouth and Cedar Mountain, and under the blaze of French and German guns at Metz and Paris, and in Johnstown floods, and Charleston earthquake, and Michigan fires, and Russian famine? It was comparatively of little importance that the German emperor decorated her with the Iron Cross, for God hath decorated her in the sight of all nations with a glory that neither time nor eternity can dim. Born in a Massachusetts village, she came in her girlhood to this city to serve our government in the patent office, but afterward went forth from the doors of that patent office with a divine patent signed and sealed by God himself, to heal all the wounds she could touch, and make the horrors of the flood, and fire, and plague, and hospital fly her presence. God bless Clara Barton! Just as I expected, she lifts the banner of the Red Cross. Turkey and all nations are pledged to respect and defend that Red Cross, although that color of cross does not, in the opinion of many, stand for Christianity. In my opinion it does stand

for Christianity, for was not the cross under which most of us worshipped red with the blood of the Son of God, red with the best blood that was ever shed, red with the blood poured out for the ransom of the world? Then lead on, oh, Red Cross! and let Clara Barton carry it! The Turkish government is bound to protect her, and the chariots of God are 20,000, and their charioteers are angels of deliverance, and they would all ride down at once to roll over and trample under the hoofs of their white horses any of her assailants. May the \$500,000 she seeks be laid at her feet! Then may the ships that carry her across Atlantic and Mediterranean seas be guided safely by Him who trod into sapphire pavement bestormed Galilee! Upon soil incardined with martyrdom let the Red Cross be planted, until every demolished village shall be rebuilt, and every pang of hunger be fed, and every wound of cruelty be healed, and Armenia stand with as much liberty to serve God in its own way as in this the best land of all the earth, we, the descendants of the Puritans and Hollanders, and Huguenots, are free to worship the Christ who came to set all nations free!

It has been said that if we go over there to interfere on another continent, that will imply the right for other nations to interfere with affairs on this continent, and so the Monroe doctrine is jeopardized. No, no! President Cleveland expressed the sentiment of every intelligent and patriotic American when he thundered from the White House a warning to all nations, that there is not one acre or one inch more of ground on this continent for any transatlantic government to occupy. And by that doctrine we stand now and shall forever stand. But there is a doctrine as much higher than the Monroe doctrine as the heavens are higher than the earth, and that is the doctrine of humanitarianism and sympathy and Christian helpfulness which one cold December midnight, with loud and multitudinous chant, awakened the shepherds. Wherever there is a wound it is our duty, whether as individuals or as nations, to balsam it. Wherever there is a knife of assassination lifted it is our duty to ward off the blade. Wherever men are persecuted for their religion it is our duty to break that arm of power, whether it be thrust forth from a Protestant church or a Catholic cathedral, or a Jewish synagogue or a mosque of Islam. We all recognize the right on a small scale. If going down the road, we find a ruffian maltreating a child, or a human brute insulting a woman, we take a hand in the contest if we are not cowards, and, though we be slight in personal presence, because of our indignation we come to weigh about 20 tons, and the harder we punish the villain the louder our conscience applauds us. In such cases we do not keep our hands in our pockets, arguing that if we interfere with the brute the brute might think he would have a right to interfere with us, and so jeopardize the Monroe doctrine.

The fact is that that persecution of the Armenians by the Turks must be stopped, or God Almighty will curse all Christendom for its damnable indifference and apathy. But the trumpet of resurrection is about to sound for Armenia. Did I say in opening that on one of the peaks of Armenia, this very Armenia of which we speak, in Noah's time the ark landed, according to the myth, as some think, but according to God's "say so," as I know, and that it was after a long storm of 40 days and 40 nights, called the Deluge, and that afterward a dove went forth from that ark and returned with an olive leaf in her beak? Even so now, there is another ark being launched, but this one goes sailing, not over a deluge of water, but a deluge of blood—the ark of American sympathy—and that ark, landing on Ararat, from its window shall fly the dove of kindness and peace, to find the olive leaf of returning prosperity, while all the mountains of Moslem prejudice, oppression and cruelty shall stand 15 cubits under. Meanwhile, we would like to gather all the dying groans of all the 500,000 victims of Mohammedan oppression, and intone them into one prayer that would move the earth and the heavens, hundreds of millions of Christian voices, American and European, crying out: "O, God Most High! Spare Thy children. With mandate from the throne hurl back upon their haunches the horses of the Kurdish cavalry. Stop the rivers of blood. With the earthquakes of Thy wrath shake the foundations of the palaces of the sultan. Move all the nations of Europe to command cessation of cruelty. If need be, let the warships of civilized nations boom their indignation. Let the crescent go down before the cross, and the Mighty One who hath on His vesture and on His thigh a name written 'King of Kings and Lord of Lords,' go forth, conquering and to conquer. Thine, O Lord, is the kingdom! Hallelujah! Amen!"

The Physical Man.
The natural man is a puny creature. The athlete is the result of training. Skill of any kind is not natural, but the result of effort. The physical excellences of our race will disappear unless active and persistent efforts are made to retain them.—Rev. G. W. L. Brown, Methodist, Sioux City, Ia.

GERMANY AND ENGLAND.

A European Complication Over the South African Question.

Suzerainty in Transvaal the Bone of Contention—President Kruger's Position—Will There Be an Anti-German Alliance?

Berlin, Jan. 8.—At a special audience which Dr. W. J. Leyds, the secretary of state of the Transvaal, had with Emperor William Tuesday his majesty declared that he would not recognize any claim of suzerainty over the Transvaal. Great Britain, by the treaty of 1884, claims suzerainty over the Transvaal republic.

Salisbury's Notice to Germany.
London, Jan. 9.—The Central News is authority for the statement that Lord Salisbury has notified the German government that Great Britain will maintain the rights in the Transvaal under the convention of 1884 at all costs.

Prisoners Held as Hostages.
London, Jan. 11.—The report that Dr. Jameson had been released turns out to have been premature. President Kruger, in reply to the message of Queen Victoria, says that he intends to turn Dr. Jameson and the other English prisoners who took part in the raid over to the British government for punishment, but a dispatch from Johannesburg states that the surrender of the prisoners will be made conditional on the abrogation of the Anglo-Boer convention of 1884, which gives Great Britain suzerainty over the Transvaal.

England Won't Agree.
If such a condition as this is imposed by the Boers it is quite certain that Great Britain will never agree to it. The government is determined to uphold this convention in all its terms, and although the Transvaal government may urge that Dr. Jameson's raid made the convention null and void, it is pretty safe to say that Great Britain will never accept that view of the matter unless she is compelled to do so. Urging Kruger On.

London, Jan. 11.—The queen has ad-

BUSINESS BACKWARD.

Trade in a State of Hesitation Rather Than of Hopefulness.

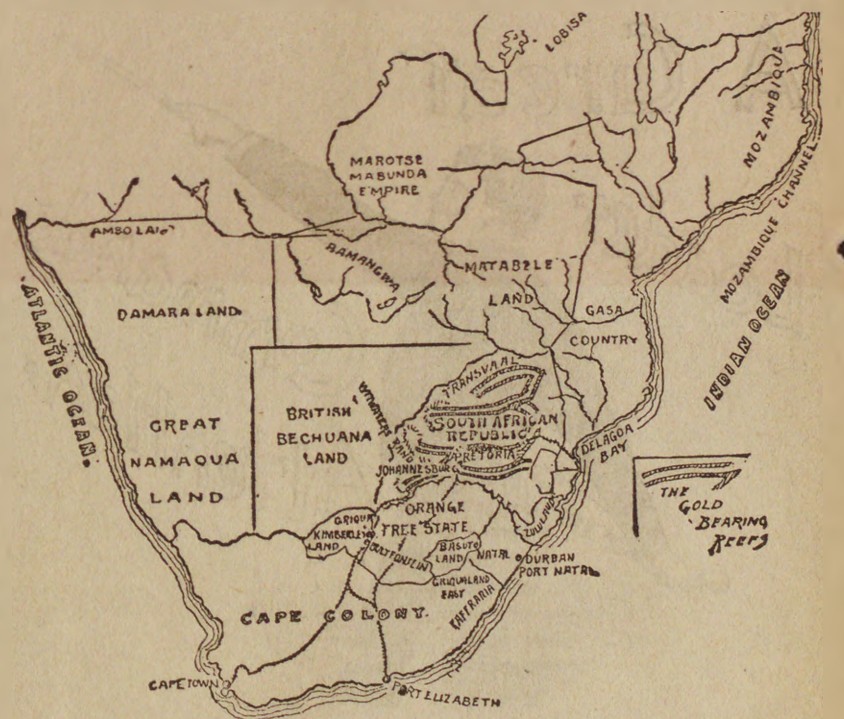
New York, Jan. 11.—R. G. Dun & Co., in their weekly review of trade, say: "The new year begins with such uncertainty that business is somewhat retarded. The proposed sale of bonds offers ground for confidence in the future, but no one is able to determine what its earliest effects may be in the money market, and for the time it is a case of hesitation rather than hopefulness. Speculation in products has not been active. Cotton is not unchanged, although the receipts for the week have not been very large, but some slackening appears in the foreign demand. Wheat is about one cent higher, and coffee the same, without distinct reason in either case.

The industrial situation has not materially changed. There is much hesitation in the iron business, with some advance in Bessemer pig because of the expectation that Connellsville coke and lake ore will both be dearer, and yet finished products of iron and steel are on the whole quoted a little lower. Everything turns on the contracts for ore which are still unsettled, but the great excess in production of pig iron over the present demand is no longer denied, and it is expected that quite a number of the furnaces will presently discontinue production.

"In boots and shoes the average of prices is a shade lower. Leather is a little lower, but hides are on the whole about five per cent. stronger at Chicago, with scanty offerings. The demand for boots and shoes falls far behind expectations, and many shops have been closed for a time. "The volume of domestic trade indicated by payments through the principal clearing-houses shows the usual large increase of 14.6 per cent. over last year, but in comparison with the same week in 1893, shows a decrease of 13.1 per cent. Part of this difference must be attributed to the shrinkage in prices, but there is also without doubt a considerable decrease in the distribution of goods to final consumers.

"Liabilities in failures for the first two days of January amounted to \$318,795, of which \$240,407 were of manufacturing and \$78,388 of trading concerns. Failures for the week have been 431 in the United States, against 420 last year, and 53 in Canada, against 54 last year."

Bradstreet's says:
"General trade has not improved appreciably. Some wholesale houses are sending out travelers, while others have not completed taking account of stock. Mild weather at western points has interfered with business in some instances, and the week continues to present characteristics of a between-seasons period. The impression is general that uncertainty as to financial action by congress and disturbing political conditions have an unfavorable influence on the prospect for new enterprises. Mercantile collections east, west and



MAP OF SOUTHERN AFRICA. SHOWING THE TRANSVAAL REPUBLIC WHERE THE BRITISH SOUTH AFRICA COMPANY'S FORCES UNDER DR. JAMESON MET DEFEAT AT THE HANDS OF THE BOERS

dressed an autograph letter to Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, thanking him for his services in connection with the disturbances in the Transvaal.

A dispatch to the Central News from Berlin says that unless Great Britain satisfies the demands of President Kruger, which include the abrogation of the convention of 1884, by the terms of which England exercises suzerainty over the Transvaal republic, Germany will urge Kruger to appeal to the European powers to support him in his demands.

Both Count on Russia's Support.
Berlin, Jan. 13.—It is said here that the czar, replying to Emperor William's autograph letter reviewing the Transvaal and other questions, encouraged



PRESIDENT KRUGER, OF SOUTH AFRICAN REPUBLIC.

the latter's stand against British arrogance, and assured Germany of Russia's support in the contention.

London, Jan. 13.—English newspapers are busy with the task of solving the complications that exist in Europe. Russia is to have Constantinople, France is to regain Alsace-Lorraine. Thus, it is said, Lord Salisbury hopes to form an anti-German alliance.

MANY THOUSANDS SLAIN.

Appalling Statistics of the Armenian Massacres.

London, Jan. 13.—A Constantinople correspondent telegraphing under date of Saturday says that more complete tables of the persons killed and property destroyed in the provinces of Harpoot and Diarbekir show that 176 towns and villages, containing 8,050 Armenian houses, were burned. The Armenians in these towns and villages numbered 92,000, and of these 15,845 were killed. This excludes the uncertain reports of killings. M. Cambon, the French ambassador, estimates the total number of Armenians killed in Anatolia at 50,000.

Mrs. Vanderbilt Marries Again.

New York, Jan. 13.—The Evening Telegram says: Mrs. Alva E. Vanderbilt, the divorced wife of William K. Vanderbilt, was married to Oliver Hazard Perry Belmont by Mayor Strong Saturday morning. The ceremony was performed at No. 24 East 72d street, the residence of the bride.

The ceremony was performed at ten o'clock, and only Miss Smith, Mrs. Vanderbilt's sister, and a very few personal friends were present.

George G. Wright Is Dead.

Des Moines, Ia., Jan. 13.—George G. Wright, ex-United States senator and one of the most popular men in the state, died at 3:30 Saturday morning at his home, 1315 Pleasant street. The immediate cause of his death was an attack of indigestion followed by a fainting fit Friday afternoon. Judge Wright has been slowly failing for the past few months and his health has of late been in a precarious condition.

MISS BARTON BARRED.

Sultan Shuts Out the Red Cross Society.

An Important Decree Issued Denying the Organization the Privilege of Distributing Money or Relief in the Empire.

Washington, Jan. 14.—The Turkish legation gave out Monday afternoon the following:

"The imperial government will not permit any distribution among his subjects, in his own territory, by any foreign society or individuals, however respectable they may be (as, for instance, the Red Cross society), of money collected abroad. Such interference no independent government has ever allowed, especially when the collections are made on the strength of speeches delivered in public meetings by irreconcilable enemies of the Turkish race and religion, and on the basis of false accusations that Turkey repudiates. Besides, the sublime porte is mindful of the true interests of its subjects, and distinguishing between the real state of things and the calumnies and wild exaggerations of interested or fanatical parties, will, as it has done heretofore, under its own legitimate control alleviate the wants of all Turkish subjects living in certain provinces, irrespective of creed or race."

Miss Clara Barton said Monday that the consent of the Turkish government would be necessary before she could undertake the relief of the suffering Armenians, and that should it not be given she would be compelled to remain outside the country. She could hardly believe that Turkey would refuse her admission into Armenia, as one of the objects of the national Red Cross, as stipulated in the treaty signed by Turkey, was to relieve suffering wherever found.

Among the few public men who were on Monday night made aware of the substance of this insolent refusal there is great indignation. It is pointed out that the Red Cross society is known throughout the world for its philanthropic labors and for its ministrations to the sick and distressed. In its work there has never been any taint of politics or agitation. It has adhered closely to the task which it set for itself, and on more than one occasion has elicited the admiration of the world for its thorough organization and effective relief to the suffering. When the Turkish government officially denies this great society the privilege of distributing money in Armenia it necessarily intensifies an indignation already deep and strong throughout the civilized world.

It is believed here that while Miss Barton will find it necessary to abandon her plan of visiting Asia Minor for the purpose of distributing the relief fund, the attitude assumed by the porte will have an effect which the Constantinople authorities could not have dreamed of. The inhuman and bigoted refusal reaches America at the very moment when two branches of our government, the legislative and executive, are conferring together in a hope of finding some means of stirring the European powers to more vigorous action in defense of human life in Armenia. The natural effect of this pronouncement, it is thought, will be to spur the government of the United States to hold and swifter action.

IOWA LEGISLATURE.

Both Branches Effect Permanent Organizations—The Officers Elected.

Des Moines, Ia., Jan. 14.—The Iowa legislature opened here Monday morning at ten o'clock. After temporary organization H. W. Byers, (rep., Shelby county) was made permanent speaker of the house of representatives without opposition. Lieut. Gov. Dungan presided over the senate.

W. E. Bullard, of Belmont, Wright county, was elected secretary of the senate, and James E. Rowan, Des Moines, Polk county, chief clerk of the house. At noon, after perfecting organization, both houses adjourned to attend the funeral of Judge George H. Wright in the afternoon. Gov. Jackson will deliver his message to-day. Gov. Francis M. Drake will be inaugurated Thursday afternoon.

RIFT IN THE CLOUDS.

Venezuelan Dispute May Be Settled Satisfactorily to the United States.

London, Jan. 14.—It is learned that the cabinet council of Saturday last considered the question of reestablishing diplomatic relations with Venezuela, but no definite conclusion was arrived at. The Westminster Gazette touching upon the misunderstanding between Great Britain and the United States, says it sees a distinct break in the clouds, and hopes that a settlement satisfactory to Great Britain and the United States will be effected with Venezuela direct, and intimates that the Brazilian minister is closely identified with the latest proposed solution of this controversy.

HARRISON'S CANDIDACY.

Ex-Senator Palmer Thinks the Ex-President Will Not Run.

New York, Jan. 14.—The Tribune prints the following: Ex-Senator Thomas W. Palmer, of Michigan, who is now in the city, had a long conference with ex-President Harrison at the Fifth Avenue hotel Sunday. After seeing Gen. Harrison, Mr. Palmer said: "In my judgment General Harrison will not be a candidate for the presidential nomination." This statement is regarded by politicians as important on account of the close friendship that has long existed between the ex-president and Mr. Palmer.

OHIO'S NEW GOVERNOR.

Inauguration at Columbus, O., of Governor-Elect Bushnell.

Columbus, O., Jan. 14.—The city is gay with flags and bunting, marching troops and political clubs with their bands of music, celebrating the inauguration of Gov. Bushnell. The inauguration exercises proper took place in the rotunda of the capitol at noon Monday. At 11:45 a legislative committee arrived at the capitol in ear-



ASA S. BUSHNELL, GOVERNOR OF OHIO.

riages with Gov. McKinley and Governor-elect Bushnell. The exercises here were simple and very brief. Prayer was offered by Rev. J. W. Russell, of the Central Christian church. The oath of office was then administered by Judge T. E. Minshall, of the supreme court.

Gov. McKinley then presented Gov. Bushnell with his commission, and Gov. Bushnell followed with his inaugural address.

The governor's address was devoted entirely to state affairs.

The governor declared that the people favored fewer elections and recommended that they be held biennially instead of annually. He cordially favored legislation for the agriculturist and laboring man and urged liberal support of all educational institutions.

Within a few days the ex-governor and his invalid wife will return to the old home in Canton, which has been painted and refurnished. Arrangements are being made by the citizens of Canton for a royal welcoming home to their friend and neighbor.

SEVEN ARE DEAD.

Despondent Chicagoan Kills His Wife, Five Children and Himself.

Chicago, Jan. 14.—Police Officer Gibbons, of the North side, received a letter Monday morning from Peter Hougaard, of Englewood, informing him that by the time it was received the writer would be dead. Officer Gibbons at once communicated with the police station at Englewood and an officer was sent to Hougaard's house, where he found the dead bodies of Hougaard, his wife and five children, who had been asphyxiated by gas. Hougaard was a milk dealer, and was believed to be in comfortable circumstances. No motive for the crime has yet been ascertained.

The names of the dead are as follows:

- Peter Hougaard, husband and father, 40 years old.
- Mrs. Hougaard, 38 years old.
- Hans, 14 years old.
- Jennie, 10 years old.
- Olga, eight years old.
- Maud, six years old.
- Tella, two years old.

The bodies of Hougaard, his wife and one-year-old child were found in one room; in an adjoining room was found the body of an 11-year-old girl; and in another room the corpses of the three remaining children. The jets of every gas fixture in the house had been turned on, and the cracks of the windows and doors had been plugged with cotton. Death had evidently overtaken every member of the family except the father while they slept.

Friends of Hougaard say that in a business transaction a year ago he took several notes which have long since fallen due, but were never paid, and it is thought that this may have caused his despondency.

On the table in the dining room was found a letter to Chief Badenoch and a box containing deeds to property. It is said, however, that Hougaard did not own the house and that the furniture was mortgaged. In the kitchen the shoes of all members of the family were arranged side by side. The dead man apparently completed his preparations after the family had retired and then, turning on the gas jets lay down and calmly awaited death.

DEEP WATER COMMISSION.

The American Members Assemble at Detroit, Mich., for Consultation.

Detroit, Mich., Jan. 14.—James B. Angeli, president of the University of Michigan; Hon. John E. Russell, of Boston, Mass., and L. E. Cooley, of Chicago, the American members of the International deep waterways commission, met here Monday. The Canadian commissioners have been invited to join the American commissioners here, and are expected here to-day. There is no definite programme for the guidance of the commission in its work, and it will probably be in session all of this week. A proposition to deepen the Welland canal and the canals of the St. Lawrence, and thus give ocean vessels access to the lakes by that route, and another to reach Lake Ontario by way of a cut through New York state from Albany to Oswego, will be fully considered by the commission. The commission will hear arguments and listen to papers on the subject of deep waterways during its present meeting.

LIKE A FLASH OF LIGHTNING.

Mr. Jones Could Not Move Hand or Foot.

From the News, Union Mills, Indiana.

Learning that Mr. N. W. Jones, a respected citizen of Willow Springs, Ill., had been restored to health after months of suffering with that dreaded disease rheumatism, a reporter of the News was detailed to investigate, and in reply to an inquiry concerning his illness and cure, Mr. Jones cheerfully made the following statement: "About three years ago, while running a steam pump for a railway company, I was attacked with a severe spell of rheumatism and became so badly afflicted that for a long time I was unable to move even with the aid of crutches. A local physician whom I called in gave me such help that after being assisted from bed, I could walk around the house by having two canes to lean upon. "I continued in this manner all winter thinking that when warm weather came I would be better. I was somewhat better in the spring and returned to my work, but one day I became very much heated and took a severe cold which brought back the old disease with renewed vigor.

"Sharp pains would start in one limb and run all over my body like a flash of lightning. When I tried to move the pains would seize me and I could not move hand or foot, and suffered all the tortures of the damned. "I tried the magneto-electric treatment for several months, using the battery a number of times each day. This treatment, however, had but little effect on my malady; my general health began to fail and I was told that the only hope of prolonged life was to seek a different climate, and unless this was done I could not live another year.

"About this time I was induced to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills by reading a testimonial of one who appeared to be similarly affected and was being greatly benefited by their use. I did not dare think of being cured, but hoped to gain strength that I might get to a southern climate, which appeared to be my only salvation.

"I took one box and felt such a decided improvement that I sent for three more boxes and before they were used I was a well man and able to resume my work. Had I known of their virtues before I might have saved more than a year of suffering and several hundred dollars besides. I feel that for rheumatism they cannot be recommended too highly.

(Signed) N. W. JONES.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 28th day of September, 1895.

F. N. SMITH, Notary Public.

[SEAL] In and for La Porte County, Ill.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effect of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexion, all forms of weakness either in male or female. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50 (they are never sold in bulk or by the 100), by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

He (feeling his way to a knowledge of her accomplishments) — "Can you darn stockings, Arabella?" She (with distant frigidity) — "I don't expect to marry a man who needs to wear darned stockings." — Illustrated Bits.

A Look Through South Missouri for 4 Cents.

The Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis R. R. Co. has just issued a magnificent book of sixty or more photo-engraved views of varied scenery in South Missouri. From these views an accurate knowledge can be obtained as to the productions and general topography of that highly-favored section that is now attracting the attention of home-seekers and investors of the country over.

The title of the book is "Snap Shots in South Missouri." It will be mailed upon receipt of postage, four cents. Address J. E. Lockwood, Kansas City, Mo.

What this country needs is maple sugar that will pass a thorough civil service examination at all seasons of the year.—Baltimore American.

All About Western Farm Lands.

The "Corn Belt" is a monthly paper published by the Passenger Department of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad. It is designed to give reliable information concerning western farm lands, what can be raised on them successfully, and the experiences of farmers who live in the west. Copies of the paper will be sent to any address for one year on receipt of 25 cents. Postage stamps accepted. Address "The Corn Belt," 209 Adams St., Chicago.

Dozy—"What's in that bottle—noison?" Dooby—"I guess there must be; there isn't any label on it."—Roxbury Gazette.

Low Rates to the South.

On the first Tuesday of each month, the Chicago & Eastern Illinois R. R. will sell one way tickets to all points in the South at greatly reduced rates. The fast train over this route now leaves Chicago daily at 8:35 P. M. and runs through to Nashville, making connection there with all trains for the South and Southeast. City Ticket Office 230 Clark St., Chicago.

In Olden Times

People overlooked the importance of permanently beneficial effects and were satisfied with transient action, but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently cure habitual constipation, well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time, but finally injure the system.

There never was a truer saying than that the man who dyes his whiskers never deceives anybody but himself.—Somerville Journal.

McVicker's Theater, Chicago. Mr. Frank Mayo will follow "Rory of the Hill" in his dramatization of Mark Twain's novel, "Pudd'nhead Wilson."

Schiller Theater, Chicago. Extensive changes have been made in the Schiller stage to give "Sinbad" its full scenic value. Don't fail to see it.

Hir makes no difference how hard he may try, I don't believe dat a red-nosed man can look coldly intellectual.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has saved no many a doctor's bill.—S. F. HARDY, Hopkins Place, Baltimore, Md., Dec. 2, '94.

Loss of opportunity is life's greatest loss. Think of suffering with

NEURALGIA

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Years Years Years
when the opportunity lies in a bottle of

ST. JACOBS OIL.

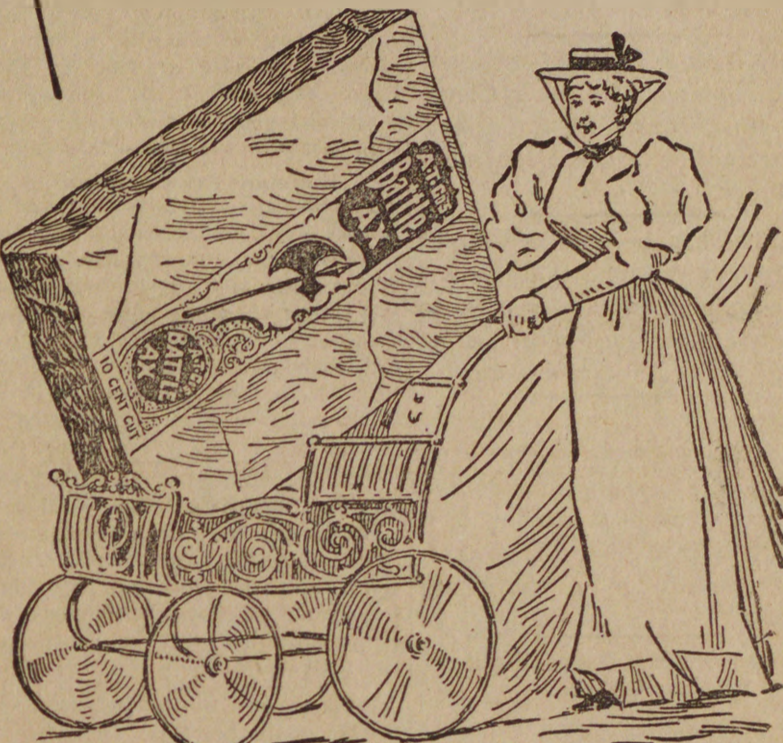
IT CURES.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS. but sell direct to the consumer at wholesale prices. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. 100 styles of Carriages, 90 styles of Harness, 41 styles of Riding Saddles. Write for catalogue.

ELKHART Carriage & Harness Mfg Co. Elkhart, Ind.

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A GOOD THING - PUSH IT ALONG



BATTLE AX

Plug Tobacco

A Great Big Piece for 10 Cents.



Out of sorts —and no wonder. Think of the condition of those poor women who have to wash clothes and clean house in the old-fashioned way. They're tired, vexed, discouraged, out of sorts, with aching backs and aching hearts. They must be out of their wits. Why don't they use Pearlina (use with soap)? That is what every woman who values her health and strength is coming to. And they're coming to it now, faster than ever. Every day, Pearlina's fame grows and its patrons increase in number. Hundreds of millions of packages have been used by bright women who want to make washing easy.

Williams' Pearlina

Sarsaparilla Sense.

Any sarsaparilla is sarsaparilla. True. So any tea is tea. So any flour is flour. But grades differ. You want the best. It's so with sarsaparilla. There are grades. You want the best. If you understood sarsaparilla as well as you do tea and flour it would be easy to determine. But you don't. How should you?

When you are going to buy a commodity whose value you don't know, you pick out an old established house to trade with, and trust their experience and reputation. Do so when buying sarsaparilla.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla has been on the market fifty years. Your grandfather used Ayer's. It is a reputable medicine. There are many sarsaparillas. But only one Ayer's. IT CURES.

THE AERMOTOR CO. does half the world's windmill business, because it has reduced the cost of wind power to 1/6 what it was. It has many branch houses, and supplies its goods and repairs at your door. It can and does furnish a better article for less money than others. It makes Pumping and Gearing, Steel, Galvanized-Steel, Completion Windmills, Tiling and Fixed Steel Towers, Steel Buzz Saw Frames, Steel Feed Cutters and Feed Grinders. On application it will name one of these articles that it will furnish until January 1st at 1/3 the usual price. It also makes Tanks and Pumps of all kinds. Send for catalogue. Factory: 12th, Rockwell and Fillmore Streets, Chicago.

THE FERTILE SOUTH—THE BEST PART OF IT. Hundreds of northern farmers are getting rich here. Are you, where you are? Write A. J. ROOKS, Sec'y, Somerville, Fayette Co., Tenn.

CURE your Eyes and Ears Book sent FREE. DR. MCFATRICH, Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill.

OPIUM and WHISKY habits cured. Book sent FREE. DR. R. H. WOOLLEY, ATLANTA, GA. SEND NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pain till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Taste Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

THE GENOA ISSUE.

PUBLISHED THURSDAYS

By GEO. E. SISLEY & CO.

Per Year.....\$1.50
If paid in advance.....\$1.25

THOSE New Year resolutions, what has become of them.

THAT was a spicy fire Chicago had the other night when a spice factory burned down.

GOV. ALTGELD is now posing as a prophet. He predicts the election of Shelby M. Cullom to the presidency.

YOU can't find a Tanner man in this neck o' woods. Should a popular vote be taken now Hopkins would be an easy winner.

THE New York Post, an erst-while idolater of Grover Cleveland, now terms him "the greatest international anarchist of modern times."

WHAT has become of "Coin" Harcy? It must be that he has retired to enjoy the pleasures to be derived from a liberal use of the coin which he gathered in.

CANDIDATES for state officers are springing up all over the state. Chas. J. Kinnie, superintendent of Winnebago county schools, is a candidate for the Republican nomination for auditor of public accounts.

WHAT presidential candidate is the Illinois delegation going to support? Will the Tanner-Jamieson coterie kindly inform the rank and file of the Illinois Republicans. The question may arise shortly and they wish to be properly posted.

JOHNNY BULL is having a hard time of it these days, and if things keep on Johnny will have to play in his own back yard. It's a case of hog with J. B. and an itching palm.

WHAT a farce is suffrage when two or three politicians can dictate who shall or shall not be delegates to the national convention and who shall or shall not be state officers of this large and populous state of Illinois. What are the Republicans of this state thinking of? Where is there boasted freedom from bossism? It is an insult to the intelligence of Illinois Republicans that several men, such as the Tanner crowd should presume to dictate to the Republicans of Illinois.

EX-PRESIDENT Benjamin Harrison will discuss "the Presidential Office in his "This Country of Ours" series, in the forthcoming February Ladies' Home Journal.

The provisions and methods of electing a chief magistrate, and will have much to say bearing on the eligibility of a president for re-election; will give his views as to the length of the presidential term, and express rather decided opinions relative to the annoyance to which presidents are subjected from office seekers. The article is practically based upon experience and observation and is very timely. General Harrison believes that the fears (expressed by the framers of our constitution) that the power of the office is such as to enable an ambitious incumbent to secure an indefinite succession of terms have never been realized. In practice the popular opinion has limited the eligibility of the president to one re-election. But some of our leading and most thoughtful public men have challenged the wisdom of the four year term, and have advocated the six-year term usually accompanied with a prohibition of a second term.

Bloomers are said to be coming to the front more than ever. To look at them on the clothes line it is hard to tell which way they are coming.

Not a few who read what Dr. Robert Rowls, of Hollands, Va., has to say below, will remember their own experiences under like circumstances: "Last winter I had la grippe which left me in a low state of health. I tried numerous remedies, none of which did me any good, until I was induced to try a bottle of Chamber-Cough Remedy. The first bottle of it so far relieved me that I was enabled to attend to my work, and the second bottle effected a cure." For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by H. R. Fuller, Kingston and F. T. Robinson, Genoa.

No one ever thought of introducing so expensive a feature as lithographic color work in the days when the leading magazines sold for \$4.00 a year and 35 cents a copy. But times change and the magazines change with them. It has remained for the Cosmopolitan, sold at one dollar a year, to put in an extensive lithographic plant. The January issue presents as a frontispiece a water-color drawing by Eric Pape. The cover of the Cosmopolitan is also changed. Hereafter the cover is to be a fresh surprise each month.

Bucklens Arnica Salve.
The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25c. per box. For sale by F. T. Robinson, Genoa and L. C. Shaffer, Kingston.

Frank T. Moran has purchased the interest of his partner, Charles Beverly, in the Belvidere Republican, and is now running the paper alone. There is not the least doubt that the high standard of excellence that he has always maintained will be continued, and the paper made better than ever.

Merchants are well aware that their customers are their best friends and take pleasure in supplying them with the best goods obtainable. As an instance we mention Perry & Cameron, prominent druggists of Flushing, Michigan. They say: "We have no hesitation in recommending Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to our customers, and it is the best cough medicine we have ever sold, and always gives satisfaction." For sale at 25 and 50c. per bottle by F. T. Robinson, Genoa; H. R. Fuller, Kingston.

Letters addressed to the following persons lay unclaimed in the Genoa Post Office:

Mrs. Thos. Adamson, J. Alme, Elizabeth A. Boland, Rev. P. A. Clancy, Mrs. James Campbell, Peter Funk Conrad Flentie, Alfred Gustafson, H. B. Huber, Miss Edith Kingsley, Mrs. Jessie Lettow, Harry Michallis, Mr. John Nordgreen, Mr. Wm. Needham, Miss Dora Petit, Mr. R. Rasmussen, (foreign) S. S. Taylor, J. A. Walgren.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Electric Peak.
Is the highest mountain around Yellowstone Park, it is 11,155 feet above sea level. As the park tourist leaves the train at Cinnabar, he will see this grand old mountain looming up in the west. After the stage leaves Golden Gate and enters Swan Lake Valley it is seen again to the north. From this place it stands out in fine style. The mountain lies about eight miles northwest from Mammoth Hot Springs, and the Northern boundary of the park runs across it. Send six cents to Chas. S. Fee, General Passenger Agent Northern Pacific Railroad, St. Paul, Minn., for a beautiful tourist book.

Buckman & Riddle.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS,
Kirkland, Illinois.
ESTIMATES FURNISHED ON SHORT NOTICE.
Orders by Mail Will Receive PROMPT ATTENTION.
SATISFACTION - GUARANTEED.

Bear-in-Mind THAT WM. SHERER

Carries a Fine Line of Men's & Boy's SHOES
Which he is Selling Very Cheap.
Let him repair your old shoes.

From LaGrippe.

How Dr. Miles' Nervine Restored One of Kentucky's Business Men to Health.



No DISEASE has ever presented so many peculiarities as LaGrippe. No disease leaves its victims so debilitated, useless, sickness, nervousness, as LaGrippe. Mr. D. W. Hilton, state agent of the Mutual Life Insurance Co. of Kentucky, says: "In 1886 and '90 I had two severe attacks of LaGrippe, the last one attacking my nervous system with such severity that my life was despaired of. I had not slept for more than two months except by the use of narcotics that stupefied me, but gave me no rest. I was only conscious of intense mental weakness, agonizing bodily pain and the fact that I was hourly growing weaker. When in this condition, I commenced using Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. In two days I began to improve and in one month's time I was cured, much to the surprise of all who knew of my condition. I have been in excellent health since and have recommended your remedies to many of my friends." Louisville, Jan. 22, 1895. D. W. HILTON.
Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health.

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Best Loin Steak.....12 1/2c
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Pork.....8 and 10c
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JUST WHAT YOU WANT.

Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke Your Life Away.

is the truthful, startling title of a book about No-To-Bac, the harmless, guaranteed tobacco habit cure that braces up nicotineized nerves, eliminates the nicotine poison, makes weak men gain strength and manhood. You run no physical or financial risk, as No-To-Bac is sold by druggists everywhere under a guarantee to cure or money refunded. Book free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., New York or Chicago.

R-I-P-A-N-S

The modern standard Family Medicine: Cures the common every-day ills of humanity.



SOLD BY SLATER.

A Remnant SALE!

Do you know what that means to the Careful Buyer,
It means nothing more nor less than

A Saving of One-Half!

The cost of the goods is lost sight of in the great desire to clear up all remnants.

We Have a Stack of them,

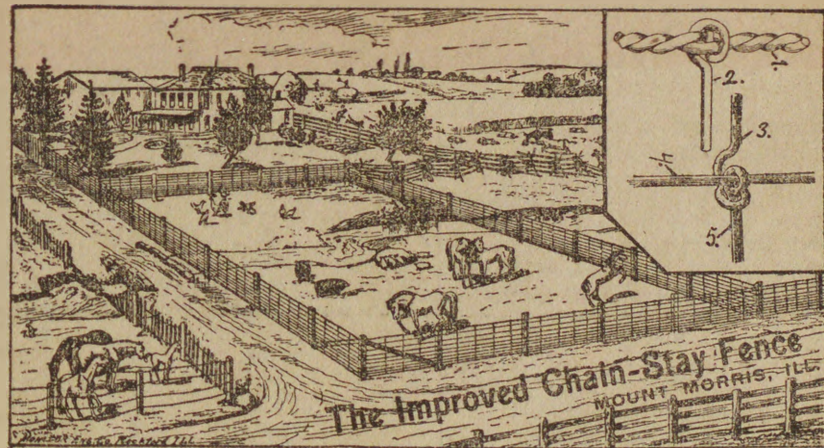
Consisting of

Cotton and Woolen Goods,
Ginghams, Shirtings,
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ALL KINDS. : ALL QUALITIES.

A Promising Feast. Partake of it Quick.

H. H. SLATER.



The Improved Chain-Stay Fence,

Cannot injure stock because it is made of smooth wire.

- It will last a life-time because we use the best galvanized steel wire.
- It costs less than a board fence.
- It will not drift snow and weeds nor shade the ground.
- It is easily constructed.
- It can be made any height desired.
- Our fence possesses unusual strength just where strength is most needed, having a two-play cable at top and bottom.
- OUR STAY is a jointed, chain-like support that can be bent out of shape
- It is so constructed and so attached to fence as to admit of a limited lateral motion and therefore yields to any force brought against it, but resumes its normal position when force is removed.
- It is so connected to top and bottom cables as to utilize the entire strength of the double wires.
- It allows perfect and independent control of each runner so that any one of them can be easily tightened or loosened without displaying a stay.
- Our fence is so perfect in construction that it can easily be kept, for any length of time, in as good condition as the day it is built.

F. R. ROWAN. Agent.

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On Groceries.

Every price we quote is the lowest. We intend to keep our prices always the Lowest. If they're not bring your purchase back and get the money. That's our standing offer. Compare our goods with others---consider that quality is the choicest---and see if such prices are to be found elsewhere. Quick, free delivery,

C. B. CRAWFORD.

Genoa's Leading Grocer.

Geo. E. Smith

DENTIST.

Will visit Genoa on the First Tuesday Forenoon of each month. Special attention given to metal plate work, Crown and Bridge work and regulating Teeth. Over Ten years experience. Office, City Hotel, Hours 8.30 to 11.30 a. m.

A. M. HILL, M. D.

Office over Lane's jewelry store. Hours, 6:30 to 8 p. m., 12:30 to 2 p. m. Residence on State st. Calls promptly attended day or night.

C. H. MORDOFF M. D.,

Office and Residence South Side of Main Street. Office Hours—1 to 3 p. m.; 6:30 to 8 p. m.

SOCIETY AND BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODDFELLOWS. Genoa Lodge No. 768, meets in regular session every Monday evening. E. Sisson, Sec. Henry Merritt, N. G.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA. Genoa Camp No. 163, meets every second and fourth Thursday night. J. H. VanDresser, V. C. W. H. Sager, Clerk.

DELLA REBECCAS, I. O. O. F. No. 288, meets every other Friday night. Mrs. J. E. Stott, V. C. Mrs. John Wyld, Sec.

GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC. Resaca Post No. 478, meets on First Tuesday of each month. H. H. Slater, Commander Geo. Johnson, Adjutant.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES. Genoa Tent No. 44, meets every other Saturday night in Slater's Hall. John Hadsall, Com. T. M. Frazier, Record Keeper.

A. F. & A. MASONS, GENOA LODGE No. 288, meets in regular session of Wednesday evening on or before the full moon of each month. W. M. C. A. Brown, Geo. E. Sisley, Sec.

KNIGHTS OF THE GLOBE, GENOA Garrison No. 56, meets in regular session on the second and fourth Tuesday of each month. J. M. Harvey, Pres. E. H. Lane, Adj.

E. H. BURLINGTON, Real Estate Agency and Collections, Blue Springs, Neb. Both farm and city property for sale and rent. Office Baringer Bldg. Correspondence solicited.

EXCHANGE BANK OF BROWN & BROWN Buy and sell Government Bonds. Sell Passage Tickets to and from Europe. And for sale or rent some choice farms in this vicinity, and houses and lots in this village.

DR. M. D. LEFEVRE, Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist. Office Robinson's Drug store. Calls attended day or night.

E. A. ROBINSON, M. D.

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A. F. SCHNEIDER,

Teacher of Mandolin, Violin, Guitar and Piano. Lessons in Harmony, Counterpoint, Canon and Fugue. Studio, Room 16, Pacific Hotel, Genoa.

G. C. ROWAN AND AGENTS EUGENE OLMSTEAD,

The Farmer's Mutual, KINGSTON ILL.,

GO TO.....

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FRESH BAKERS GOODS, OYSTER STEWS 25 Cts. Chicago Daily Papers and all Kinds of Fruits and Confections.

DR. BILLI'GS

DENTAL PARLORS

~ IN ~

BANK BUILDING, GENOA

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK A SPECIALTY.

CALL AND SEE HIM.

TO THE PUBLIC

I am now prepared to get out PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS

and any one contemplating building this season, would do well to give me a call.

ESTIMATES cheerfully given on all classes of work in my line. Residence over H. R. Patterson's.

C. F. DUTTON,

Contractor and Builder, - - Genoa, Ill.

A GLORIOUS GOOD TIME.

That is what the Odd Fellows Had at their Hall Tuesday Night.

As a result of Tuesday nights demonstration the Genoa lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows received an impetus to their popularity that is bound to prove beneficial to them. Right royally did they observe the anniversary of the dedication of their new hall. Such a large and happy assemblage has never before been seen in Genoa. In the language of a visiting brother, "it was a hummer." Standing room early in the evening being at a premium, but all visiting brethren and their ladies were supplied with seats. It was an unusually large crowd and they were possessed of a plenty of good nature and appreciation.

On the rostrum with Chairman John Hadsall were Past Grand Masters J. P. Ellacott, of Chicago, and Alonzo Ellwood, of Sycamore, and Representatives Blount, of DeKalb, and Jas. Maitland, of Sycamore.

Prof. Yalden's orchestra rendered a couple very creditable selections, Messrs. Goldman and Gorman gave a very creditable mandolin and guitar duet, Prof. A. F. Schneider was well received in a violin solo, and little Miss Merritt told a few home truths in a recitation about non-attendance at lodge.

J. P. Ellacott, Past Grand Master of Chicago, was the principle speaker of the evening. His talk was confined mostly to historical Oddfellowship, and was heartily appreciated by members of the craft. While not an orator in the strict sense of the term, he has a happy faculty of interesting his audience at the outset and holding them to the finish. He is certainly a gifted gentleman and Genoa would be pleased to again have him as a guest at no distant date.

In direct contrast to Mr. Ellacott's remarks were those of Alonzo Ellwood who confined himself to anecdotes of travel, interspersed with incidents of the worthiness of Odd fellowship. His remarks, though rather blunt, were heartily enjoyed by all.

Chris. Olmather, of Sycamore, followed with a few good points on the order which were also well received.

An adjournment to Crawford's hall was then taken, where was spread a most tempting banquet with plates for one hundred and seventy-five. Three times at least were the tables denuded of their tempting viands. It was by far the largest banquet ever given in Genoa and will long be remembered by the participants.

Guests were present from Elgin, Rockford, Chicago, Marengo, Belvidere, Kirkland, Kingston, Sycamore and DeKalb.

At the conclusion of the banquet the floor was cleared and from that time on until nearly morning terpsichore reigned.

SCHOOL REPORT.	No.	Average	Absent
Month of November, 1895	Enr'd	Attne	Per Tardy
Primary,—Miss Cree,	48	42%	37
2d Primary—Miss Summer	34	31%	17
Interm'd'l.—Miss Patters n	40	37	19
Grammar.—Miss Markel,	30	28	13
High School.—Miss David	41	40	19
Total	193	178%	105
Average Attendance Per Room, 36.			
Per cent of attendance, 92.4.			

Since the last report there have been only two changes viz. five pupils were promoted from Miss Markel's room into the Principal's room and four from Miss Patterson's room into Miss, Markel's room, leaving 40 in the intermediate and making 31 in the grammar.

The graduating class are pursuing the following studies this term: Algebra, Arithmetic, Geometry, Rhetoric, English Literature and Book Keeping. The class in arithmetic as a whole have been exceptionally good. Our present work is in mensuration. Work in Geometry is a little slower, it being rather a tedious and laborious study. Book 5 will be begun next Monday morning. The class in Algebra have nearly reached powers and roots and are now in equations having three or more quantities. The class in book keeping will complete single entry this year, and are just beginning the work. The work in rhetoric and Literature is moving along nicely and think the branches will be completed with a good average.

After holidays, all the departments opened with a full attendance, and a good interest has been shown throughout the entire school since work began. My own work, individually, has been more satisfactory during the last week than any week preceding. It takes good teachers, good directors and good supporters to make a good school. All should cooperate in supporting the school, and not to be too ready to listen to every trivial and insignificant story afloat. Genoa schools are a success and if they do not continue to be a success, it will be for the lack of support they should receive by the patrons.

JOSEPH GRAY, principal.

Farmers' Mutual Insurance Co.

The tenth Annual meeting of the DeKalb County Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company occurred in Uplinger's hall in Kingston, on Tuesday January 8th. It was attended by about one hundred of the stockholders from various parts of the county. The report of Secretary A. N. Wyllys as to the condition of the company showed that for the year ending, Dec. 31, 1895, there was issued 157 policies with risks amounting to \$273,269. There was also an additional insurance of \$717. At the end of the year the amount of the policies cancelled and terminated was \$20,284. The total increase for the year was \$73,702. Total amount in force Dec. 31st, 1895, \$1,028,804. The financial condition of the company is a matter of gratification to all the stockholders. When it is realized that since the company organized in July 1885, they have paid only four assessments, or five-sevenths per cent on a thousand dollars altogether, the difference can be seen. It is about one-half that paid other stock companies.

The election of officers resulted as follows:

Henry Wood, President.
J. K. Gross, Vice President.
A. N. Wyllys, Secretary.
M. W. Cole, Treasurer.
Directors—James Stwright, Mayfield; John Powers, Afton; M. W. Cole, Kingston; John Blake, South Grove; E. H. Olmstead, Genoa.

A statement received from O. F. Lucas, vice president of the Boone county Mutual Fire Insurance Company as to the condition of that company, is in part, as follows:

"We have taken 251 applications during the year, and now in force 1094 policies, amounting to \$2,045,925. Our gain the past year has been \$66,628. The total amount of our assessments in nineteen years has been 30 1/2 mills, or over three per cent on one thousand dollars. These figures and my experience as a charter member of this company convince me that it is about one-half cheaper than insurance in stock companies. I consider the Farmers' Mutual the best and cheapest that farmers can insure in and believe that no one can afford to carry his own risks when he can get insurance so cheap. In the Farmer's Mutual you get insurance at cost and no reasonable person should ask for more.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to the stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c. per box. Sold by F T Robinson, Genoa and L C Shaffer, Kingston.

Last Friday night Miss Zula Hewett was greatly surprised by having a company of uninvited friends burst in upon and taking possession of her home. Miss Zula soon overcame her astonishment, however, and proceeded to entertain her guests in a right royal manner. A general good time was had by all, some even saying that it was the "best surprise party ever known in Genoa."

The following is a list of the conspirators:

The Misses
Jessie Hutchison, Gertie Hall,
Zoe Stott, Jessie Wylds,
Cassie Burroughs, Ruth Pierce,
Ethel Pierce, Emma Swanson,
Zeba Brazil, Jennie Whipple,
Lula Koch, Lula Snow,
Maud Sager, Gertie Pierce,
Wyla Richardson, Maggie Slater.
Messrs
Elmer Sowers, Harry Pierce,
Willie Jackman, James Hutchison,
Thom. Hutchison, Garfield Pierce,
Rollan Stott, Harvey Hall,
Haye Burroughs, Fred Robinson,
Lee Wylds, Amory Hadsall,
Ira Bame, Alvin Hewitt.

Your Boy Won't Live A Month.
So M. Gilman Brown, of 34 Mill St. South Gardner, Mass., was told by the doctors. His son had Lung trouble following Typhoid Malaria, and he spent three hundred and seventy-five dollars with doctors, who finally gave him up, saying: "Your boy won't live a month." He tried Dr. King's New Discovery and a few bottles restored him to health and enabled him to go to work a perfectly well man. He says he owes his present good health to the use of Dr. King's New Discovery, and knows it to be the best in the world for Lung-trouble. Trial bottles free at L C Shaffer's, Kingston and F T Robinson's, Genoa.

What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Corway, Ark.

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

Chase & Sanborn's

Importations.

Teas and Coffees

are.

Absolutely Uniform

and of the

Highest known Quality

We handle

These Goods
exclusively.

John Lembke

This is What We'll Do:

In order to increase our trade, we have decided to give away

Quadruple Plate Silverware,

Manufactured by the Reliance Mfg. Co. These goods are the finest made and are warranted to wear many years. These goods will be given to our customers as premiums.

For every CASH PURCHASE at our store, of any kind of goods we give you a ticket representing the amount of your purchase. Save these tickets, and when you get \$10.00, \$20.00, \$30.00, \$40.00 or \$50.00, bring them to us and exchange them for a piece of Silverware in value according to the amount of your tickets

REMEMBER THIS:

Every article in our Store shall be as cheap or cheaper than our competitors, and the Silverware will not cost you one cent.

E. CRAWFORD

The Genoa Issue.

G. E. SISLEY & CO., Publishers.

GENOA. ILLINOIS

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL.

The Proceedings of the First Session.

Joint resolutions were introduced in the senate to revive the grade of lieutenant general in the army in the interest of Gen. Miles and directing the secretary of agriculture to resume the purchase and distribution of seeds. The free-silver substitute for the house bond bill was reported and a bill was introduced providing for a popular loan by the issue of postal savings notes. Senator Vest spoke on the Sherman gold reserve resolution, saying, among other things, that the supreme court, the Harrison administration and the money power were to blame for the present financial condition. In the house bills were introduced to create a special commission on highways; to authorize the issue of 2 1/2 per cent. bonds to maintain the gold reserve and for the redemption and retirement of the greenbacks and treasury notes. A resolution was adopted to inquire whether the laws against trusts and companies were being enforced. Member-Elect Allen, from Utah, was sworn in.

A bill was reported favorably in the senate on the 5th to increase the number of enlisted men in the navy. Amendments to the house bond bill were offered prohibiting the sale of interest-bearing bonds without the consent of congress, and making it mandatory to redeem greenbacks and treasury notes in silver. In the house Mr. Spaulding (Mich.) introduced a resolution providing that the Sandwich islands be erected into a new state, to be called the state of Hawaii, with a republican form of government, to be adopted by the people.

Senator Baker (Kan.) introduced a resolution in the senate on the 9th that the United States will regard it as an unfriendly act for any foreign power, without our consent, to extend its territorial limits in the western hemisphere on either of the American continents. Referred to the foreign committee. Senator Stewart (Nev.) in speaking in favor of a resolution prohibiting the sale of any bonds in the future except with the express consent of congress characterized the proposed popular loan of the administration as a "cruel mockery." In the house the pension appropriation bill (\$14,255,820) was reported. Mr. Livingston (Ga.) introduced a resolution demanding that no English armed force should be allowed in the disputed Venezuelan territory. Referred to the foreign committee.

A bill was introduced in the senate on the 10th for the general revision of the national banking laws. Senator Jones (Ark.) spoke in favor of the free-coinage substitute for the house bond bill. Senator Pritchard (N. C.) favored the re-enactment of the McKinley law, and Senator Morgan (Ala.) introduced a resolution congratulating the republic of Transvaal on its stand for independence. Adjourning to the 13th. In the house the time was occupied in discussing the proposed amendments to the rules of the 51st congress.

The senate was not in session on the 11th. In the house a resolution was offered directing the foreign affairs committee to report upon the advantage and practicability of the establishment of a permanent court of international arbitration, representing the United States and the British empire. The new rules of business and the amendments thereto were adopted.

DOMESTIC.

At Baltimore, Md., the brewery and malthouse of the Eigenbrot Brewing company was gutted by fire. Loss, \$100,000.

Freight trains on the Iron Mountain road met on the same track at Summit, Mo., and Engineer Fitzgerald and Fireman Lemons were killed.

Near Mount Pleasant, Fla., Henry Thomas and Albert Stafford fought a duel about a girl and both were killed.

F. D. Hathorn (white) and Thompson Wide (colored) were hanged at Augusta, Miss., for the murder of Mrs. Hathorn on October last.

Judge Pryor, of the New York supreme court, announced that he would refuse to admit any person to citizenship who could not read the constitution of the United States or who could not speak the English language.

The convention to consider the question of statehood for Oklahoma and Indian territory met in Oklahoma City but adjourned without accomplishing anything.

Jessie Krueger was awarded \$50,000 in her damage suit in Chicago against the West Chicago Street Railroad company for the loss of a leg.

The Fayette (O.) bank was entered by burglars and \$43,750 in money and \$4,000 in bonds taken. There was no clew to the perpetrators.

The municipal authorities of Little Rock, Ark., refused Robert G. Ingersoll permission to lecture in that city.

The large coal breaker of Simpson & Watkins at their Mount Lookout colliery near Wilkesbarre, Pa., was destroyed by fire, the loss being \$100,000.

Frank Simpson and Harrison Fuller, two negroes who assaulted Mrs. Pomeroy and her daughter near Huron Tenn., were lynched by a mob at Lexington.

As the result of an old feud H. Williams shot and killed Bill Wells and Gus Osborne and fatally wounded Jim Cox in Wise county, Va.

Bartley Johnson & Co., distillers at Louisville, Ky., failed for \$100,000.

The schooner J. H. Carey, which left Gloucester, Mass., August 20 for the Grand Banks, with 13 persons on board, was given up as lost.

While taking a last look at the remains of his brother James at Decatur, Ill., Peter Hart, a prominent citizen, fell dead across the coffin.

"Uncle" Bose Mason, a well-known farmer living near Hammond's Mill, Ky., was robbed of \$4,815 by three men.

The farm once owned by John Brown in Essex county, N. Y., and where his body now lies, has been turned over to the state as a public park.

The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 10th aggregated \$1,235,652,555, against \$1,020,042,400 the previous week. The increase, compared with the corresponding week in 1895, was 18.6.

Freeman Collins (colored) was hanged at Tuskegee, Ala., for the murder of his wife last year.

During a drunken brawl at their home in Lynn, Mass., Mrs. Lamoire, aged 53 years, and her daughter-in-law, Annie Lamoire, aged 28, were burned to death.

Howard & Haynie, of Duluth, owners of one of the largest retail dry goods houses at the head of the lakes, failed for \$100,000.

Stanhope Roysler, a well-to-do farmer, shot and killed W. E. MacFarland, a wealthy resident of Boone, Ia., who was said to have wronged Roysler's daughter.

Eight masked men blew open the safe of the Farmers' bank at Verona, Mo., with dynamite, and escaped with \$9,620 in cash.

George H. Smith, who fatally shot Robert Clapsaddle, his father-in-law, at Ransomville, N. Y., was pursued by a posse of villagers and shot to death.

Abraham Smart (colored) was lynched by a mob near Monroe, La., for murdering Calais Ducer, a peddler.

Pilot Medium, the celebrated stallion owned by Walter Clark, of Battle Creek, Mich., and valued at \$100,000, died suddenly of inflammation of the bowels.

There were 431 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 10th, against 403 the week previous and 420 in the corresponding period of 1895.

Keene, Sutterlee & Co., one of the largest exporting and importing firms in Philadelphia, failed for \$500,000.

The supreme court of Indiana decided that the county seat of Crawford county should be removed from Leavenworth to English.

A. C. Ady, dwelling-house builder at Columbus, O., failed for \$400,000.

Patrick Morris, a white railroad hand, and his colored wife were shot by a mob near New Orleans. They were charged with keeping a disorderly house.

The Venezuelan commission resumed its sessions in Washington.

The Exchange bank of Greeley Center, Neb., closed its doors with liabilities of \$10,000.

The Fifth avenue savings bank at Columbus, O., closed its doors.

"The Parisian," a general store in St. Louis run by the firm of Siegel, Hillman & Co., was destroyed by fire, causing a loss of \$200,000.

Nelson Mills' sawmill at Marysville, Mich., including a large amount of timber, was burned, the loss being \$100,000.

The exports of breadstuffs during last December aggregated \$12,619,677, against \$9,476,947 during December, 1894. For the calendar year 1895 the amount was \$119,973,927, against \$121,297,292 for 1894.

The ladies' international six days' bicycle race in New York was won by Frankie Nelson, who made 418 miles. She was closely followed by Helen Baldwin, who finished just five lengths behind.

Nineteen students in the Drake medical college at Des Moines, Ia., were arrested on the charge of robbing graves.

The factory in Chicago of E. W. Gillett & Co., manufacturers of baking powder and flavoring extracts, was burned, the loss being \$150,000.

Lew Lewis, aged 14 years, and his brother Joseph, aged 12, were instantly killed in St. Louis while playing with a wire which became accidentally fastened to an electric-light wire.

During a revival at Kingsbury, Ind., all but two persons in the village of 300 inhabitants professed religion.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Mrs. Catherine Snodgrass celebrated her 100th birthday at her home in Marysville, O.

Lloyd Lowndes was inaugurated as governor of Maryland at Annapolis. He is the first republican governor in the history of the state.

Mary Fitzgerald Welch, who was born in 1791, died at her home in Chicago, aged 104 years.

The Louisiana populists in convention at Alexandria nominated A. K. Booth, of New Orleans, for governor.

Aunt Nancy Smith, aged 104, died at her residence near Shoals, Ind. She had been a resident of Indiana for 90 years.

The democrats in the Kentucky legislature renominated Senator Blackburn for United States senator.

W. R. Marshall, who was governor of Minnesota from 1869 to 1872, died at Pasadena, Cal., where he went for his health.

The Wisconsin republicans will meet in state convention at Milwaukee March 18 to elect delegates to the national convention in St. Louis.

In the Kentucky legislature the republicans nominated W. G. Hunter, congressman from the Third district, for United States senator. The death of Representative Wilson gives the republicans a majority of one on joint ballot.

Mrs. Alva Vanderbilt the divorced wife of W. K. Vanderbilt, and Mr. Oliver H. P. Belmont were married in New York city by Mayor Strong.

John Smith died at his home near Jonesboro, Ill., at the age of 105 years.

George G. Wright, ex-United States senator and one of the most popular men in Iowa, died at his home in Des Moines, aged 70 years.

Gen. Francis Channing Barlow, the former attorney general of New York and a widely known lawyer, died at his home in New York city in his 61st year.

FOREIGN.

The insurgents in Cuba were said to have been defeated in three battles near Havana by the Spanish troops.

The authorities at Pretoria held documentary evidence showing that the whole affair of the Jameson raid and the uprising in Johannesburg was a plot to annex the Transvaal to British South Africa.

Portugal, it was announced, would remain neutral in the dispute between Great Britain and Germany regarding the Transvaal and will not permit the Germans or the British to land troops at Delagoa bay or to traverse the Portuguese territory in South Africa.

The boiler of a torpedo boat on Lake Maggiore, near Milan, Italy, exploded, sinking the vessel and drowning 12 persons.

A dispatch from Berlin says that Russia's cooperation with Germany in the Transvaal matter has been assured and that France will act with Russia.

The towns of Janjabad and Gol, in Persia were destroyed by earthquake shocks and 1,100 persons were killed.

The Berlin and Vienna newspapers regard the warlike preparations of Great Britain as being of little importance, and as being more in the nature of a political move.

Nine persons lost their lives in the wreck of the steamer Ealings off Halifax, N. S.

The Bank of the People at Montreal, Can., went into voluntary liquidation with liabilities of \$400,000.

A telegram from Progresso, Mexico, announced the wreck of the steamer Oxford on Alerans and the loss of 12 of the crew.

In diplomatic circles at Berlin it was believed that an amicable solution of the Transvaal question was only a matter of days. The warlike preparations made by England were regarded as a ridiculous demonstration to cover the inevitable check to her policy.

The movement in favor of arbitrating the Venezuelan question with the United States was said to be growing daily in England.

After an engagement in which 1,000 men were killed or wounded the Cuban insurgents captured Guira, a city of 8,000 inhabitants and the third in importance in the province of Havana.

The English ship Jeanette Cowan was wrecked on Vancouver island and seven sailors were drowned.

A dispatch from Rome says that 10,000 Abyssinians were killed or wounded in an attack made upon Makale.

Later advices from Armenia say that in the provinces of Harpoot and Diarbekir 176 towns and villages were destroyed by the Turks and 15,845 Armenians were killed.

It was announced that the czar of Russia had assured the emperor of Germany that he would support him in his trouble with England over the Transvaal and Egyptian questions.

LATER.

The sultan has decreed that no foreign society or individuals will be allowed to distribute in Turkey any sums of money collected abroad. This edict bars the Red Cross society from distributing relief to the suffering Armenians. Swindell Bros.' storage sheds in Baltimore were burned, the loss being \$100,000.

Insurgents in Cuba burned the towns of Aguante, Coyajabos, Cabanas and Queiba Pacha and were within hailing distance of Havana.

Colored children were refused admittance to the public schools in Perry, O. T.

It seemed well established in the public mind at London that Emperor William did not mean to threaten war upon England by his message of sympathy to President Kruger, of the Transvaal, and a peaceful solution of the difficulty was looked for.

Three brothers named Lettner while skating on the river at Lacon, Ill., broke through the ice and were drowned.

A gang of forgers were flooding St. Louis with bogus ten-dollar bills.

Jens Hansen murdered his family of six in Chicago by turning on the gas after they retired and took his life in the same way. He had been living under the name of Peter Hougard, and was said to be a fugitive from Danish justice.

The 120th session of the New Jersey legislature began at Trenton.

According to a Shanghai dispatch the queen of Corea is still alive, having been spirited away and hidden from the Japanese assassins.

Gov. Asa S. Bushnell was inaugurated governor of Ohio to succeed ex-Gov. McKinley.

The 26th general assembly of Iowa convened at Des Moines. H. W. Pyers, of Shelby county, was elected speaker of the house.

Mrs. Alice Dooley died at Escobedo, Wis., aged 101 years.

Washington, Jan. 14.—Senator Morgan's speech on the silver bond bill was the event in the senate yesterday. Bills were introduced to refund the outstanding United States and treasury notes with bonds bearing two per cent., and to admit New Mexico into the union. In the house bills were introduced for the construction of a bridge across the Detroit river at Detroit, and appropriating \$100,000,000 for the purpose of establishing coast defenses. The pension appropriation bill was discussed.

\$400 IN PRIZES ON OATS AND CORN

Last year we offered \$200 for the biggest yield of oats. 209 bushels Silver Mine Oats was the highest. This year we offer \$200 more on oats, \$100 on Silver King Barley, a barley yielding in 1895 116 bushels per acre, and \$100 on Golden Triumph Yellow Dent Corn, the corn of your dreams!

What's Teosinte and Sand Vetch and Sacaline and Lathyrus and Giant Spurry and Giant Incarnate Clover and lots of such things? They'll make you rich if you plant a plenty. Catalogue tells you!

IF YOU WILL CUT THIS OUT AND SEND it with 10c. postage to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., LaCrosse, Wis., you will get free 10 grasses and grains, above oats, barley, corn and their catalogue. Catalogue alone, 5c. (K)

NOR AT HOME.—"Unless he discovers me," she whispered, as she shrank behind the curtains of her window, "he'll find me out." With beating heart she listened, while the hired girl went to the door and made the talk.—Detroit Tribune.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm. West & Tuttle, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

A BRIGHT boy in a Boston school was asked to name six animals of the Arctic zone. With the confidence of a college professor, he promptly answered: "Three polar bears and three seals."

SOBASTAPOL WAS NOT IMPREGNABLE. For it was taken by assault, but a physique built up, a constitution fortified by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, may bid defiance to the assaults of malarious disease even in localities where it is most prevalent and malignant. Emigrants to the age-breeding sections of the West should bear this in mind, and start with a supply. The Bitters greatly subdues dyspepsia, rheumatic and kidney complaints, nervousness, constipation and biliousness.

CONSIDERATE.—Father—"Why did you permit young Mashman to kiss you in the parlor last night?" Daughter—"Because I was afraid he'd catch cold in the hall."—Brooklyn Life.

SEVERERS FROM COUGHS, SORE THROAT, etc., should be constantly supplied with "Brown's Bronchial Troches."

"IS MARRIAGE A FAILURE?" "No; not as a means of grace." "Er—what?" "It leads to repentance."—Truth.

PLEASANT, Wholesome, Speedy, for coughs is Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops Cure in one minute.

THERE is no courage but in innocence; no constancy but in an honest cause.—Southern.

BEECHAM'S PILLS for constipation 10c and 25c. Get the book (free) at your druggist's and go by it. Annual sales 6,000,000 boxes.

CHIEFLY, the mold of a man's fortune is in his own hands.—Bacon.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.
LIVE STOCK—Steers..... \$2 85 @ 4 55
Sheep..... 3 00 @ 3 40
Hogs..... 4 20 @ 4 60
FLOUR—City Mill Patents..... 3 80 @ 4 15
Wheat Patents..... 3 00 @ 3 75
WHEAT—No. 2 Red, Jan..... 67 1/2 @ 69
May..... 67 @ 67 1/2
CORN—No. 2..... 35 1/2 @ 35 1/2
January..... 35 @ 35 1/2
OATS—Western..... 24 1/2 @ 25
PORK—Mess..... 10 00 @ 10 50
LARD—Western Steam..... 5 70 @ 5 80
BUTTER—Western..... 11 @ 12
EGGS..... 17 1/2 @ 18

CHICAGO.

CATTLE—Beeves..... \$5 40 @ 4 80
Stockers and Feeders..... 2 50 @ 3 70
Cows..... 1 50 @ 3 65
Tops..... 2 90 @ 4 10
HOGS—Light..... 3 55 @ 3 80
Rough Packing..... 3 50 @ 3 55
SHEEP..... 2 00 @ 3 65
BUTTER—Creamery..... 18 @ 23 1/2
Dairy..... 12 @ 20
EGGS—Fresh..... 16 @ 17
POTATOES (per bu.)..... 15 @ 23
PORK—Mess..... 9 25 @ 9 37 1/2
LARD—Steam..... 5 42 1/2 @ 9 50
FLOUR—Spring..... 2 15 @ 3 50
Winter..... 3 00 @ 3 50
GRAIN—Wheat, May..... 57 1/2 @ 58 1/2
Corn, No. 2..... 25 1/2 @ 25 1/2
Oats, No. 2 White..... 19 @ 19 1/2
Rye, No. 1..... 37 @ 37 1/2
Barley, No. 2..... 34 @ 34 1/2
PORK—Mess..... 3 45 @ 3 50
LARD..... 5 45 @ 5 50

MILWAUKEE.

CATTLE—Wheat, No. 2 Spg..... 57 @ 57 1/2
Corn, No. 2..... 25 1/2 @ 25 1/2
Oats, No. 2 White..... 19 @ 19 1/2
Rye, No. 1..... 37 @ 37 1/2
Barley, No. 2..... 34 @ 34 1/2
PORK—Mess..... 3 45 @ 3 50
LARD..... 5 45 @ 5 50

DETROIT.

CATTLE—Steers..... \$5 25 @ 4 50
Texas..... 2 30 @ 3 40
HOGS..... 3 30 @ 3 70
SHEEP..... 3 50 @ 3 55

OMAHA.

CATTLE—Steers..... \$5 00 @ 4 10
Feeders..... 4 50 @ 3 50
Cows..... 1 40 @ 3 25
HOGS..... 3 45 @ 3 50
SHEEP..... 2 65 @ 3 55

An exchange heads a local item: "Eie pants for the bloomer girl." That's what they are—"he pants."

Feed


The nerves upon pure blood, and they will be your faithful servants and not tyrannical masters; you will not be nervous, but strong, cheerful and happy. To have pure blood, and to keep it pure, take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

See that **hump?**

It's the feature of the DeLONG Pat. Hook and Eye. No matter how you twist and turn, it holds the eye in place.



Send two cent stamp with name and address, and we will mail you Mother Goose in new clothes—containing ten color plates; ten black and white pictures; and lots of lively jingles.

RICHARDSON & DeLONG Bros., Philada.

25 YEARS POULTRY YARD

108 pp. 1st Ed. Written & sold by a Farmer and Poultryman of 50 years experience. A plain, practical system, easily learned. Describes their diseases, how to make hens lay, Cholera, Capes & Hoop you need not have. Price, 25c. FREE PARTICULARS.

A. M. LANG, Box 321, Chicago, Ill.

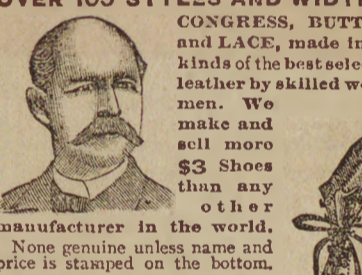
ASK YOUR DEALER FOR **W. L. DOUGLAS** \$3. SHOE BEST IN THE WORLD.

If you pay \$4 to \$6 for shoes, examine the W. L. Douglas Shoe, and see what a good shoe you can buy for **\$3.**

OVER 100 STYLES AND WIDTHS, CONGRESS, BUTTON, and LACE, made in all kinds of the best selected leather by skilled workmen. We make and sell more \$3 Shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

None genuine unless name and price is stamped on the bottom.

Ask your dealer for our \$5, \$4, \$3.50, \$2.50, \$2.25 Shoes; \$2.50, \$2 and \$1.75 for boys.



TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. If your dealer cannot supply you, send to factory, enclosing price and 3c. to pay carriage. State kind, style of toe (cap or plain), size and width. Our Custom Dept. will fill your order. Send for free Illustrated Catalogue to Box 15.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, of ROXBURY, MASS., Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor.) He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. Read the label.

If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause squeamish feelings at first.

No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Sold by all Druggists.

LEARN TELEGRAPHY

Write at once for ILLUSTRATED BOOK, telling how to learn and secure a Railroad position. Address Valentines' Telegraph School, Janesville, Wis.

Be Sure

'Tis pure Cocoa, and not made by the so-called "Dutch Process."

Walter Baker & Co.'s Break-fast Cocoa is absolutely pure — no chemicals.

WALTER BAKER & CO., Ltd., Dorchester, Mass.

The Genoa Issue.

G. E. SISLEY & CO., Publishers.

GENOA, ILLINOIS.

THE NIGHT EXPRESS.

Miss Ethel Marie is a traveled dame; Her journeys are many, but all the same, Over one line and to only one place, Whence she returns with a bright-smiling face.

And she is so busy the whole day long With matters that really brook no delay, She can't get away in the broad daylight, So all her traveling's done by night.

When the clocks strike seven in Twilightville, And the stars come peeping over the hill, Miss Ethel Marie, with a hop and a skip, Hurries to pack her trunk and her grip. Clad in traveling gown of white, She gives us each a kiss for good night; Then, with a traveler's line in hand, Off she goes for the evening train.

The Grand Crib line goes winding down From Twilightville into Drowsytown; The station, where all of its trains depart, Is a room that's dear to a mother's heart. The Pullman sleeper, whose lights burn low, Is a little girl's bed as white as snow. And just as soon as "Our Father" is heard The train dispatcher will give the word.

Ethel Marie has her baggage checked through. That's for the trunk man, papa, to do; I am conductor, as you see, I write the berth check for Ethel Marie. And whom do we have for a porter? Ah, Who tucks up a bed like a dear mamma? And the engineer is the One, I guess, Whose mercy and love guide the night express.

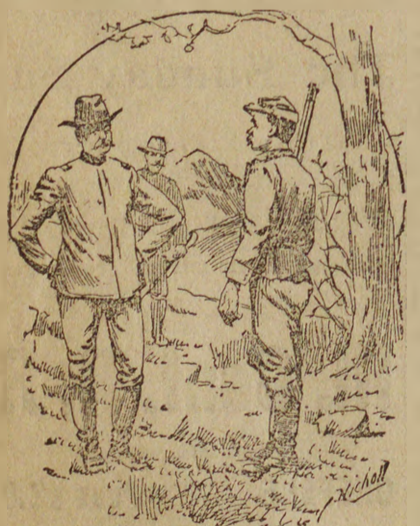
—Frank R. Batchelor, In Congregationalist.



CHAPTER I.—CONTINUED.

One week later a courier from Prescott, riding post haste with dispatches to the new commander at Retribution, warned him that he must guard his working parties and the road between the old and new post. The Tontos had "jumped." Now, Tonto in the Mexican dialect means fool or idiot, but the Tonto Apache was no fool. The craftiest, cunningest of Indians he, and well had the chiefs and young men reasoned that a good time to strike would be just as the old and seasoned regiment left the territory, and before the new one, utterly untried in Apache stratagem and mountain scouting, could begin to get down to their work. And so all through the wild hunting grounds in the Sierras their war fires and signals blazed by night and puffed in smoke cloud by day. All across the rocky chasms and among the pine-crested ranges from the haunts of the Hualpais in northern Arizona down through the valleys of the Verde and the Hassayampa, the home of Apache Mohave and Apache Yuma; across the broad basin between the Mazatlan and the Black Mesa and southward to the Sierra Ancha, the Tonto Apaches had sent their messengers urging instant and united action, and down from the mountains, on stage road, trail and mining camp, swooped the savage foe-men, and all Arizona waked to a new reign of terror.

Among the first mines abandoned as the result of this sudden raid were those on the Santa Anita. The first refuge to claim the protection of the commander of new Fort Retribution was Muncy, speedily followed by half a dozen others—all with fearful tales of massacre and pillage. It was a hot June evening, when they gathered at the edge of the bluff looking westward from the adjutant's office over the southern foothills of the range, to



"WHAT'S UP, HENNECKE?"

where, faint and dim, the guard lights of the old post could just be distinguished through the rare Arizona atmosphere, twinkling feebly in the lowlands of the Sandy, ten long miles away.

"How many of our people are left down there under care of the guard?" asked Capt. Raymond of the stern-faced old soldier in command.

"Only the ordnance sergeant's family and the workmen dismantling what's left of the post."

"No women or children besides Kelly's?"

"None. The last were moved over to-day—unless we count MacDuff. Leon said he wanted to stay with old Kelly to the last."

"Leon?" exclaimed the miner Muncy, in apparent amazement. "Why, I thought that boy was—was safe in Sonora with

his mother's people." Whereat two of his fellow miners looked keenly into his face and then exchanged quick and expressive glances.

"That boy," said Capt. Foster, "is like a cat. He found his way back from Tucson to the old post, and sticks to it so long as there's a shingle left. Look here," he continued, pointing to a jagged, conical shaped height clearly defined against the soft hues of the lingering twilight. "Yonder's Signal Butte, overhanging the old rookeries, and Kelly's ranch is a mile beyond that. Now suppose the Apaches did work around to the west of us and were to swoop down on the Sandy, suppose our people were able to get up there and signal, how long would it take us to turn out fifty horsemen and gallop over those ten miles, and how much would be left by the time we got there?"

The commanding officer stood in deep thought for a moment without replying. He had sent to the old site only a lieutenant and twenty men. This would be sufficient to protect the property still unslipped and the lives of those still detained there on duty, but there were two ranches in the valley within a couple of miles of the post; there was the camp of Jose's bull train, there was Sgt. Kelly's little farm on the slopes of the south gate of Apache canyon, all beyond ride shot of the guard. Kelly was an old First Dragoon man, a veteran who had fought Apaches a quarter of a century before, and declared that he despised them. His wife and two daughters lived at the ranch, and, though bitterly disappointed at the removal of the post, were by no means afraid. But no such outbreak as this had occurred before. The Apaches were more daring and better armed, and down in the bottom of his heart Maj. Thornton wished he had left a bigger force of cavalry at the post, but it was now too late to change.

Darkness had settled down on the garrison. The last hues of the twilight faded out of the western sky. The guard lights at the distant valley twinkled faintly, but steadfast, through the warm, pulseless air. Over at the half-finished quarters the drums and fifes of the infantry were sounding tattoo, and still the party lingered at the westward bluff. Wharton, Raymond and Foster chatting in low tones apart, the civilians talking to some younger officers, eagerly and excitedly recounting the circumstances of their morning's flight. Muncy was of these the most voluble. He was just saying: "I tell you the whole Tonto tribe is out of the hills and down here in the basin this very night," when another cried: "Hush!"

Somewhere over on the north side the call of a sentry rang out sharp, clear and full upon the night air:

"Corporal of the guard, No. 5!"

"That's old Hennecke," said Raymond, promptly. "When he has anything to report it's no boy's story. I'll go, sir."

The cry went echoing back toward the guard-house, sharply passed along by Nos. 6 and 7 on the eastern flank. The corporal came out on the run, and the guardsmen, sitting or sprawling around the stacked rifles, scrambled, many of them, to their feet. Before even a fleet corporal could reach the distant post Thornton and two captains bore down upon it, others at respectful distance following.

"What's up, Hennecke?" hailed his troop commander, scolding preliminaries.

"Firing, sir. Out on the Prescott road to the northwest. I could see the flashes."

"Who on earth can it be?" asked the major. "Capt. Foster, let your troop saddle at once."

CHAPTER II.

That there should be repeated alarms from the northeast, east and south, where were the pine covered crests of the Black Mesa and the Sierra Ancha—where were the haunts of the Tonto and the White Mountain Apaches—every one expected. There were still among the foothills some parties of miners and prospectors over whose fate there was good reason for alarm. The Santa Anita placers had been promptly abandoned, as we have seen. There was eager watch for danger signals from the site of the old Retribution, down in the Sandy valley to the west, but from the site of the new post to the crossing of the Sandy above Apache canyon the road turned and twisted among the foothills of the mountains for twenty-three miles and there wasn't a human habitation for nearly forty. Then, deep in a cleft of the range, a stage station with corrals and well and lurchroom and bar had been built by some daring spirits, eager to accumulate money at whatever risk. Beyond them for another thirty miles the road lay through desolation itself and reached the outskirts of even frontier civilization again among the newly finished ranches in the broad and sunny valley of Willow Creek.

In view of the sudden and simultaneous swoop of the Apaches upon the roads east of Prescott everybody had been warned. Even the mail riders, held back for mounted escorts. No stage for Wickenburg and the south, no buckboard for the Santa Anita had left the territorial capital for three days. No mail had been received at Retribution for forty-eight hours. The daring troopers who rode in with the dispatches early that June morning had come through the Sandy valley, as they frankly admitted, with revolvers in hand, their hearts in their mouths and the reins in their teeth. They

had passed no party eastward bound. Who, then, could it be, who, striving now to reach the post by way of the new road, should have fallen foul of the Apaches only a mile or so out? Thornton's first impulse was to say the sentry must be dreaming. Raymond, who had known the old trooper nearly a decade, as promptly declared the sentry's report reliable. "I not only saw the flashes," said Hennecke, "but I could faintly hear the shots, sir—fifteen or twenty. It was still as death out here."

Meantime, sending an eager boy lieutenant on the jump to order out "G" troop, Capt. Foster had hastened to his temporary quarters—half canvas, half adobe—to make his hurried preparations. Already the rumor was running from mouth to mouth. Only three of the officers had their families with them at the time. Mrs. Foster was one of those women who insisted on accompanying her husband on the move to Arizona, even though the roughest of camp life was to be her portion, and she and Nellie with anxiously beating hearts were standing on the unfinished porch of the new quarters listening for further sound, as the captain hastened up the slope.

"It can't be anything very serious, dear," he said reassuringly. "Probably some belated miners, whose mules the Indians are trying to run off. We'll know in half an hour and I'll send word in at once." Silent and anxious she followed within the doorway, where hung a Navajo blanket as the only barrier between their army nest and the warm outer air, Nellie clinging to her mother's side.

"We've been watching all the evening for signals from the Butte," murmured Mrs. Foster, as the captain rapidly exchanged his regulation coat for a scouting jacket. "We were so anxious about Leon and everybody who had to remain there seems so exposed now. We never thought of hearing of trouble thereaway," and Mrs. Foster glanced out through the open casement to where the Prescott road, winding away down the slope, disappeared among the dark mountain shapes lying black and silent under the twinkling pointers of the Great Bear.

"Leon is safe enough if he'll only stay where he is with Kelly," answered the captain, buckling on his pistol belt. "Apaches won't attack the post—even the remains of one—at night. But I wish old Kelly and his girls were nearer the guard. I don't like their being so far from help and so close to those overhanging cliffs. Now, don't borrow trouble to-night, dear," he concluded, taking his devoted wife in his arms and kissing away the brimming tears. "You and Nell must be brave. These beggarly Apaches probably think we won't know how to fight them and are simply starting in for a little fun. I'm only too glad of a chance to deal them a lesson—so is G troop."

Ten minutes later, in perfect silence, a double file of horsemen rode briskly away into the darkness to the north, Foster leading, every trooper armed with carbine and revolver. The night was breathless. Not a puff of breeze stirred the pines along the mountain side or ruffled the foliage of the willows at the springs. For two miles the road lay through open country, dipping from the plateau on which stood the new post into a mile wide depression, then winding up the gradual ascent among the foothills of the range. Somewhere along that ascent the firing had been seen and heard. Hennecke's story had already been corroborated. Two quartermaster's men, enjoying a quiet smoke outside the adobe walls of the new corral, had seen and heard just what he did, and Maj. Thornton was already in possession of their story. So, too, had the sentry on No. 4 heard what sounded like distant shots, but had seen nothing. Now, as Foster and his fifty horsemen disappeared in the night, the major stood at the edge of the bluff looking out to the north, with an eager group around him. Capt. Raymond and Turner, whose companies had silently assembled under arms, were waiting for orders within the quadrangle of the garrison, as well as the adjutant and quartermaster and a lieutenant or two. There was little talking going on among them—all were listening intently for sounds from the north or of further firing. One or two of the Santa Anita prospectors had mounted and gone out after Foster, but the mass of the refugees still clustered along the bluff, chatting in low, eager tones. If any one voice was especially prominent it was Muncy's, and, like most men given to chatter, he found only an impatient audience. "I tell you," said he for the third time, "there can't be less than a hundred of them Tontos out there now. They just want a single troop, or even two, to come and tackle 'em in the dark." And now he had raised his voice still higher and was talking for the benefit of the major, who had been persistent in avoiding him and had twice pointedly begged him not to interpose upon the council of the officers. "They've just liad the rocks and the roadside out there, and are simply laying for a chance to ambush the whole crowd. What I'd done would be to send two hundred men out, deployed as skirmishers and swept the hull bottom, north and west, too."

These remarks were rewarded by his companions with a contemptuous sniff or a nervous, half jeering titter. "You ought to have been a general, Muncy—that's what's the matter with you. There ain't Apaches enough in all Arizona to dare a fight in the open, day or night, with fifty white men, soldiers or

'cits.' No Apache plans a fight that's going to get him liable to be shot. The kind of fighting he likes is from behind rocks and trees, and there ain't rocks and trees enough out there to cover a dozen of 'em. I'm betting the firing was done by some party as badly scared as you were yis'day morning. I'm betting they just thought some skulking lynx was an Apache and let drive a volley into the dark. The sentry says the shots were all bunched. You know and I know the Apaches don't own a breech loader (this was early in the seventies), so most of it must have been done by white men or greasers, like that gang you trained with last year, instead of herding with your own kind."

Evidently this allusion was a stinger. There was a burst of laughter, more or less jeering and unsympathetic, under shower of which Muncy turned angrily away. He went over toward the group of officers, but at sight of him the major lifted a warning hand and lowered his voice. "Here's that fellow Muncy again," said he, "and I distrust him somehow." Everybody seemed to turn an unsocial back on the newcomer, and presently, after a moment's hesita-



"YOU OUGHT TO HAVE BEEN A GENERAL, MUNCY."

tion, he pulled his old felt hat lover over his eyes, thrust his hands in his pockets and slouched away down the slope in the direction of the corral, within whose adobe walls the horses and mules of the refugees were sheltered.

And now came on a night of no little excitement, even for Arizona, in the heart of the Apache country. For three-quarters of an hour after Foster and his men rode away there was a strange silence and eager waiting at the post. Taps had sounded just before they left. Half-past ten o'clock, called by the sentries, had gone echoing away across the still and starlit mesa; and not a sound or sign came from the front. Then suddenly, far out through the darkness, there was faintly audible the thud of hoofs, and a minute or so brought the rider, full canter, into their midst. He could barely rein in his horse at the ball of the major's party. Everybody—officers, civilians and even soldiers—seem to swarm about the courier in an instant. It was Corporal Foley, of Foster's troop. Recognizing the major, he threw himself from the saddle and stood respectfully before the commander, handing him a penciled note, which the major eagerly opened and read, all eyes upon him.

"We found two Mexicans," it said, "with a camp outfit. They were badly frightened, but unhurt. They declare they were attacked by Apaches, who succeeded in running off two mules. They say the Indians drew away northwest toward the Sandy, and that there was a party of prospectors and packers camped at Raton Springs eight miles out, who were warned of the outbreak, but who wouldn't believe it. The Mexican said they were trying to reach the post when headed off, and that there were enough Apaches to wipe out that party. They themselves only escaped by hiding among the rocks down in the deep ravine. Their story is told with such earnestness that I have deemed it best to push on in search of the prospectors referred to. We should reach the springs soon after midnight. The Mexicans go with us in hopes of recovering their mules."

(Signed) "Commanding Troop."
[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Not Satisfied.

The other day one of the partners of the firm managing one of Boston's famous hostleries ordered a certain waiter to leave. The waiter was slow in obeying and the manager practically kicked him out.

The waiter even then was not contented with his dismissal, and hunted up the head of the firm.

"Mr. X—," said he, "Mr. A— has just kicked me out. I—"

"Well, what are you here for? Do you want me to kick you out over again?"—Texas Sitings.

Poppy Seed Embankments.

Within the last two or three years French engineers have undertaken the sowing of railroad embankments with poppy seeds, as when once established that prolific plant covers the soil with a network of roots that prevents it from washing away during heavy rains or from upheaval when frost is coming out of the ground in the spring.

The Clock Stopped.

Mr. Staylate—Dear me! I don't believe this clock is going, is it?

She (wearily)—No. We always wind it before going to bed. It ran down an hour ago.—N. Y. Weekly.

CLEVELAND TO CAFFERY.

President Shows the Attitude of the Administration.

Washington, Jan. 11.—Senator Caffery, of Louisiana, has made public a letter of the president to him which, had opportunity presented since Monday, he would have incorporated in remarks which he intended to make in the senate on the bond bill. It reads:

"Executive Mansion, Washington, Jan. 5, 1894.—My Dear Senator: I have read to-day, in the Congressional Record, the debate in the senate on Friday, concerning the financial situation and bond issues. I am amazed at the intemperance that leads even excited partisanship to adopt as a basis of attack the unfounded accusations and assertions of a malicious mendacious and sensational newspaper.

"No banker or financier, nor any other human being, has been invited to visit Washington for the purpose of arranging, in any way or manner, for the disposition of bonds to meet the present or future needs of the gold reserve.

"No arrangement of any kind has been made for the disposition of such bonds to any syndicate or through the agency of any syndicate.

"No assurance of such a disposal of bonds has been directly or indirectly given to any person. In point of fact, a decided leaning towards a popular loan and advertising for bids has been plainly exhibited on the part of the administration at all times when the subject was under discussion.

"Those charged with the responsibility of maintaining our gold reserve, so far as legislation renders it possible, have anxiously conferred with each other, and as occasion permitted with those having knowledge of financial affairs and present monetary conditions, as to the best and most favorable means of selling bonds for gold. The unusual importance of a successful result, if the attempt is again made, ought to be apparent to every American citizen who bestows on the subject a moment's patriotic thought. The secretary of the treasury, from the first moment that the necessity of another sale of bonds seemed to be approaching, desired to offer them if issued to the people by public advertisement, if they could thus be successfully disposed of. After full consideration he came to the conclusion to which I fully agree, that the amount of gold in the reserve, being now \$20,000,000 more than it was in February last, when a sale of bonds was made to a syndicate, and other conditions differing from those then existing, justify us in offering the bonds now about to be issued for sale by popular subscription. This is the entire matter, and all these particulars could have been easily obtained by any member of the senate by simple inquiry.

"If Mr. Morgan, or anyone else, reasoning from his own standpoint, brought himself to the belief that the government would, at length, be constrained to again sell bonds to a syndicate, I suppose he would have a perfect right, if he chose, to take such steps as seemed to him prudent, to put himself in condition to negotiate.

"I expect an issue of bonds will be advertised for sale to-morrow, and that bids will be invited, not only for those now allowed by law, but for such other and different bonds as congress may authorize during the pendency of the advertisement. "Not having had an opportunity to confer with you in person since the present session of congress began, and noting your participation in the debate of last Friday, I have thought it not amiss to put you in possession of the facts and information herein contained.

"Yours very truly,
"GROVER CLEVELAND.

"Hon. Donaldson Caffery."

Washington, Jan. 10.—Secretary Carlisle expresses the opinion that the new bond issue will be a success. He did not intimate whence the gold would come, but he spoke with a full knowledge of the number of inquiries for blank forms for bids and the informal offers already made. The mails brought in quite a number of inquiries for blank forms on which to make bids and, in some cases, persons desirous of subscribing stated the amount they wanted and the price they would offer. These figures, of course, are withheld from publication. The bids are regarded as informal and where possible, those making them will be communicated with and blank forms will be sent so that they may comply with all the requirements and make their bid in regular shape. A circular letter of instruction to prospective bidders was issued Thursday. It says:

"The subscriber should state plainly the amount of bonds desired, the price which he proposes to pay and the place where the bonds should be delivered, which may be the subscriber's home or any other more convenient place. He should, at the same time, state whether he desires to deposit the amount of his subscription at the treasury department in the city of Washington or at one of the following subtreasuries, viz.: New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, New Orleans or San Francisco. Deposits at said places must be with exchange on New York. The bonds will be issued in the following denominations: viz., Coupon bond \$50, \$100, \$500 and \$1,000; registered bonds, \$50, \$100, \$500, \$1,000, \$5,000 and \$10,000."

GONE TO PIECES.

New York "World" Declares the Bond Syndicate Broken.

New York, Jan. 13.—The figures of the New York World show that the Morgan bond syndicate is broken beyond repair. Its calculations show that offers have been made by persons and institutions independent of the syndicate to take \$164,000,000 worth of the bonds, or \$4,000,000 more than the requisite amount. The conservative Chemical national bank, of this city, was the first to withdraw from the syndicate, and it took out \$5,000,000. Next came the New York Life Insurance, withdrawing \$10,000,000. Saturday smaller institutions withdrew their syndicate bids. The individual subscribers, according to the newspaper in question, are as follows:

The national banks, \$20,000,000.
The state banks and savings banks, \$15,000,000.
New York Life Insurance company, \$10,000,000.
Chemical and other New York banks, \$15,000,000.
German bankers, \$10,000,000.
Russell Sage and other independent bankers, \$3,000,000.
New York World, \$1,000,000.

KINGSTON

Cud Miller spent Saturday in Belvidere.

Alfred Sexaur is sick with the measles.

Mrs. Wm. Sargent has been visiting in Garden Prairie.

The gentle breeze that blew Sunday was very much Lake Michigan.

Help us to make THE NEWS the newest paper in the county.

Mrs. Wm. Watson was the guest of DeKalb friends the latter part of last week.

Mert Singer, of Sycamore, made our streets glad by his presence here Friday.

Rev. Rees was in DeKalb on business pertaining to Sunday School work last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Judson Brush, of DeKalb, have been visiting with the former's parents here the past few days.

Dean Wickerson intends purchasing two lots in the south-west part of the village and erect on them a residence.

We have some photographs of the schoolhouse for sale. They can be bought for 50 cents at J. A. Kepple's.

Miss Minnie Holmes, of Sycamore, has been visiting with her brother's family in this place.

C. Uplinger has filled his ice house, the usual amount being put up. The ice is of excellent quality and about ten inches in thickness.

Mrs. John Brooks left for Columbus Junction, Ia., on Saturday, where she will visit at the home of her nephew a few days.

Theodore Schandmeier, of North Kingston, is visiting at present with friends and relatives at Monroe and Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

According to the Maple Park correspondent in the DeKalb Chronicle, Prof. and Mrs. Nichols spent New Years with relatives near Kingston.

The annual meeting of the DeKalb County Farmer's Insurance Co. drew the usual large crowd to town last Tuesday, among them being Farmer Henry Wood, President.

Drop in at J. A. Kepple's and see the beautiful dishes he is giving with a can of 15 cent baking powder. It is really shocking.

Revival services were held at the M. E. Church all of last week, and will be continued this week commencing at 7:00 p. m. They are being quite well attended.

Mrs. Streater, of Belvidere, will open a millinery store in the rooms over Dunbar Bros. store shortly. Miss Anna Dunbar will have charge of the dress making department.

Mr. and Mrs. O. D. Shier and son, Earl, of Cherry Valley, are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Arbuck's this week.

It would be to your advantage to notice the C. M. & St. Paul time card. Nearly all the trains have changed time.

The genial Henry Stark, of Sycamore, smiled on Kingston friends last Friday.

Bert Moyers and Miss Maud Moyers have both been under the influence of the weather at their home in Martfeld the past week.

J. H. Uplinger has been inclined to be a little under the weather the past three or four days. Been trying to entertain a case of la grippe.

L. C. Shaffer your druggist asks you why you cough? You can be so easily cured. Three doses of Beggs' Cherry Cough Syrup will relieve you at once. We guarantee every bottle, and no monkey work.

Archie Fuller is very proud of his dog "Rags." In point of beauty its a cross between a hungry rat and a last year's cat, but as a ratter it's a hummer. Archie says he killed something like 83 rats in less than sixteen minutes. However the dog is not for sale.

Mr. John Ruteck's children are very ill with the measles.

Miss Ella Collier, who has been quite ill, is improving.

Miss Myra Davis spent Sunday at her home in Rochelle this week.

Harry Sherman is limping around on account of a very badly sprained ankle.

J. B. Cable, Div. Supt. of the St. Paul road, passed through here Tuesday morning.

Mrs. O. W. Vickell visited her mother, Mrs. Burke, at Rockford several days this week.

We would be pleased to have those in arrears on subscription for 1895 to make a settlement as soon as possible.

Rev. Rees has been moving his household goods into C. Uplinger's new house near the Baptist church, to be used as a parsonage, the past week. Mrs. Rees has not yet returned.

Council Proceedings.

At the regular meeting of the board all members present but Crawford.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

The following bills were read and ordered paid.

Robert Patterson, salary, \$40.00

B. H. Thompson, " 15.00

G. H. Ide, lumber, 50.07

H. A. Perkins, hardware, 31.72

G. E. Sisley, printing, 6.25

T. G. Sager, hardware, 1.29

Ira Brown, expenses, 2.50

S. S. Slater, repairing, .90

The street committee were instructed to confer with F. T. Robinson on payment of cement sidewalk.

On motion of Brown, President appointed following committee to confer with Attorney Holmbeck or Carnes regarding Sager damage suit and if nothing arises detrimental to the town's chances, that board stand suit.

Messrs Lembke, Wyde and Watt.

Board adjourned.

H. A. PERKINS, clerk.

When baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

It will be an agreeable surprise to persons subject to attacks of bilious colic to learn that prompt relief may be had by taking Chamberlain's Colic Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

In many instances the attack may be prevented by taking this remedy as soon as the first symptoms of the disease appear. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by F T Robinson, Genoa and H R Fuller, Kingston.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

During the past few weeks a number of farmers have called at this office and ordered envelopes, with their name and address printed thereon.

It needs no argument to convince any one that such a scheme is sensible. Many letters of importance, and often sums of money, are lost in the mail because of the absence of means whereby the postal officials may know by whom a misdirected letter was written.

Besides, there is specific instructions from the post office department to the effect that the name and address of every package or letter mailed shall have the address of the sender written thereon.

How many comply with the requirement? About one in ten! We furnish and print, in neat style, your name and address on envelopes at the low price of 72 cents for 100, \$1.25 for 250, \$1.75, for 500 and \$2.75 for 1,000.

This is cheaper than you pay for the blank envelopes in small quantities. You can afford to have printed stationery—especially envelopes. Call and give us an order.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

But there are other land marks than old trees. True: there are old houses, and we add, perhaps, old men. The village without its patriarch is incomplete: and what a difference between Colonial houses and those that have recently sprung into existence!

We breathe in the odor of unpainted cedar and mossy shingles,—not strive to rid our lungs of the smell of paint. We seldom stop to look at a house built in our own life time; but how generally we scrutinize the old house near by, though we may have seen it daily for many years!

Can we not at least preserve one such house in every village, furniture and old fashioned garden, and all else, keeping it for our children's sake, an illustration on the page of local history? What a poor exchange for this is a single chair or an odd plate upon the mantle of a new house!

Detached from their proper surroundings, few objects retain their real beauty. It is like the caged canary as a substitute for the free minstrel of the wildwood.—Charles C. Abbott, in January Lippincott's.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, having been appointed executor of the last will and testament of George Shurtliff, late of the County of DeKalb and State of Illinois, will attend upon the County Court of DeKalb County, Illinois, at a term thereof to be holden at the Court House in Sycamore, in said county, on the first Monday in the month of March next, for the purpose of settling and adjusting all claims against said decedent, therefore all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified and requested to attend at said term of said court for the purpose of having their claims adjusted; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

HIRAM SHURTLEFF, Executor.

THE ACCIDENTS OF LIFE

Write to T. S. QUINCY, Drawer 156, Chicago, Secretary of the Star Accident Company, for information regarding Accident Insurance. Mention this paper. By so doing you can save membership fee. Has paid over \$600,000 for accidental injuries.

Be your own Agent. NO MEDICAL EXAMINATION REQUIRED.

DO YOU WANT A Situation? Write for circulars address WILBUR R. SMITH, LEXINGTON, KY.

Prof. Smith, for 19 Years Principal of the COMMERCIAL COLLEGE OF KY, UNIVERSITY

For System of Book-keeping and General Business Education, \$25. Cost to complete Business Course about \$30, including tuition, books and board. Photographs, Typewriting and Telegraphy taught. 100 successful graduates—100 in banks and 100 officials. No Vacation. ENROLL NOW. Kentucky University Diploma awarded our graduates. \$27.00 advance given our graduates in securing situations.

Write in order that your letters may reach this College care this notice and address as above.

WILBUR R. SMITH, LEXINGTON, KY.

A Rare Treat Free.

Mr. Theo. F. Swan Elgin's foremost merchant has on exhibition in The Big Store during the week January 12 to 19th. the wonderful pony Chief, jet black, 42 inches high, weight 300 lbs., tail 17 feet (15) feet long. Thousands of school children see him every day.

Patronize the man that advertises. You do not visit your neighbor unless asked to, and do not attend a wedding or party without an invitation; then why intrude on the privacy of a store-keeper without an invitation? Buy of the live, go ahead business man who not only invites you to come in and see him every day, but educates and keeps you posted on what is popular in his line of goods.

I have added a circulating library to my store, where books can be had at 5 cents a week. Latest novels and books of fiction. ED. H. LANE.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILWAY TIME CARD.

PASSENGERS EAST GENOA CHICAGO

No. 2, Vestibule 8:15 A. M. 10:20 P. M.

No. 4, Express 4:12 A. M. 7:00 A. M.

No. 32, Express 7:19 P. M. 7:15 P. M.

No. 34, Express 11:19 A. M. 1:10 A. M.

No. 36, Milk Train 7:29 A. M. 10:25 A. M.

No. 92, Way Freight 12:08 P. M. 7:00 P. M.

PASSENGERS WEST

No. 1, Vestibule 4:02 P. M. 2:30 P. M.

No. 3, Express 2:02 A. M. 11:35 P. M.

No. 31, Express 9:57 A. M. 7:50 A. M.

No. 33, Express 6:18 P. M. 4:30 P. M.

No. 35, Milk Train 5:54 P. M. 3:50 P. M.

No. 91, Way Freight 3:40 P. M. 9:30 A. M.

No. 2 stops for Chicago passengers and leaves passengers getting on at or west of Rockford.

No. 32 stops only to take passengers for Chicago, and to leave passengers for Rockford, and beyond.

Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 daily through trains from Chicago to South City. No. 31, Chicago to Freeport. No. 32, Waterloo to Chicago, and Nos. 33 and 34 between Chicago and Dubuque and are daily except Sunday.

Nos. 35 and 36 daily milk Chicago and Rockford.

No. 1 stops only to leave passengers from Chicago and take on those for Rockford, Freeport and beyond.

Nos. 91 and 92, way freights, carry passengers daily except Sunday.

For all information about connections and through tickets apply to E. SIBSON Agent

G. & N. W. R. R.

TIME AT HENRIETTA.

TRAINS GOING NORTH

Passenger 9:22 P. M.

Passenger 5:49 A. M.

Stock Freight 1:58 A. M.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH

Freight 8:00 A. M.

Passenger 2:05 P. M.

Passenger 5:11 P. M.

W. H. HUGHES, Agent.

C. M. & ST. PAUL.

TIME CARD.

TRAINS GOING EAST.

LVE GENOA ARR CHICAGO

No. 2, 5:08 A. M. 7:15 A. M.

No. 4, 7:11 A. M. 9:00 A. M.

No. 34, 7:36 A. M. 10:00 A. M.

No. 25, 11:56 P. M. 1:45 P. M.

No. 22, 3:18 P. M. 5:50 P. M.

No. 92, 9:10 A. M.

TRAINS GOING WEST.

LVE CHICAGO ARR GENOA

No. 3, 10:25 P. M. 12:14 A. M.

No. 21, 8:10 A. M. 10:28 A. M.

No. 25, 9:00 P. M. 3:45 P. M.

No. 35, 4:00 P. M. 5:42 P. M.

No. 1, 6:00 P. M. 7:47 P. M.

No. 14, 34 and 35 run daily. No. 2, except Monday. No. 3, except Saturday. Nos. 21, 22, 25, 26 and 92 daily except Sunday. No. 2 and 4 stop on signal for Chicago passengers. No. 1 and 3 stop to let off Chicago passengers and pick up through passengers west, all other trains stop. No. 1 and 4 Omaha limited trains.

Close connections made for important points north and west through cars for St. Paul, Minneapolis and Sioux City. No. 2 and 3, Omaha, Kansas City and Cedar Rapids Express. No. 25 and 26 Cedar Rapids, Dubuque Express. No. 21 and 22, Rockford and Janesville and local points. Through tickets to all important points in United States and Canada.

J. M. HARVEY Agent.

THEO. F. SWAN

UNIVERSAL PROVIDER. ORIGINATOR LOWEST PRICES

Financial Status at the Hospital.

What That Deserving Institution Owes and Owns at the Present Time.

The Elgin Woman's club has arranged for another loan of \$2500, secured by mortgage on Sherman hospital property, by which all contractors and all other outstanding debts will be paid.

This sum, together with \$5,000 borrowed in July, 1895, secured by mortgage on same property, making \$7,500, constitutes all the indebtedness on the present hospital property.

This money is borrowed on five years' time at six per cent. interest, with the privilege of paying \$400 at any time upon giving thirty days notice.

All other property belonging to the club, the Channing street property nine lots in Oakwood and one lot in McClure addition, is free from debt except the Channing street property, which has a mortgage of \$1,500 upon it.

The new building alone has cost \$21,000, the four lots where the building is situated \$4,000, improvements on grounds and other buildings on the grounds \$1,871, equipments of operating room and other furniture \$342, the remainder of the building being furnished by churches, organizations, Kane county and individuals—Elgin Daily Courier, Jan. 7.

In order to reduce the above indebtedness we have decided to allow The Sherman Hospital five (5) per cent. of our gross sales throughout the house for three days, THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY, January 16th. January 17th. January 18th.

Great Department Store, ELGIN

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF A Piano or Organ WRITE TO T. H. GILL. At Marengo, and he will call on you

BEFORE SUBSCRIBING FOR A MAGAZINE SEE THE BEST, DEMOREST'S! FOR 1896. An Unparalleled Offer.

Demorest's Cut Paper Patterns are the most practical on the market. They are of any size that any number of a household could require. In each copy of the Magazine is printed a coupon entitling the subscriber or purchaser to a pattern (worth and regularly sold for 35c) or any number of patterns for 5c each to cover postage and postage.

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And what a magazine it is! For 1896 it will be more brilliant than ever before. New management, new methods, new ideas. Each copy contains an exquisite reproduction in colors of some celebrated picture by a famous artist, worthy to adorn the walls of the most refined home. It is affirmed that DEMOREST'S is the only complete Family Magazine published combining all of the most excellent points of its contemporaries, besides having inimitable features of its own. DEMOREST'S is actually a dozen magazines in one.

It is a Digest of Current Events and Ideas for the busy man or woman, a Review and a Storehouse of interest for all. Wives, mothers, sisters and daughters can find exactly what they need to amuse and instruct them, also practical helps in every department of domestic and social life, including the furnishing and ornamenting of the home, embroidery, bric-a-brac, artistic and fancy work of all kinds, etc., and suggestions and advice regarding the well-being and dressing of their own persons.

The scope of the articles for 1895 and 1896 will cover the whole country and its varied interests and the articles will be profusely illustrated with the finest engravings, and, in addition, it will publish the best and purest fiction. It treats at length Out-of-Door Sports, Home Amusements and entertainments; it gives a great deal of attention to the Children's Department, and "Our Girls," and has a monthly Symposium by celebrated people, in which are discussed important questions of the hour of interest to the older readers.

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from all stations on its lines in Illinois and Wisconsin, as follows: To all points on its lines in Iowa, west of and including Iowa Falls, also to all other points within authorized territory in Northwest and Southwest, on October 8 and 22, 1895. To all stations south of Cairo on the line of the Illinois Central and the Yazoo & Mississippi Valley Railroads, except Memphis and New Orleans, on November 13 and December 11, 1895. For a copy of the Southern Homeseekers' Guide and other literature describing the agricultural advantages of the country traversed by the above mentioned roads, address, at Manchester, Iowa, J. P. Mery, Assistant General Passenger Agent. For information in regard to Rates of Zones in Southern Illinois, and in the famous Yazoo Valley of Mississippi, address at Chicago, E. P. Skene, Land Commissioner, I. C. R. R.

Tickets at the above rates on sale these days only. For further particulars apply to your local ticket agent, or address A. H. Hansen, Gen. Pass. Agent, Illinois Central Ry., Chicago

WEST AND SOUTH WEST

THE GENOA ISSUE

SOUTH