

THE GENOA ISSUE.

VOLUME X.

GENOA, ILLINOIS, AUGUST 16, 1894.

NUMBER 43

LOCAL NEWS JOTTINGS.

Personal Notes, Happenings, Etc., Pertaining to Genoa.

Ed Donahue spent Sunday here.

Dr. Robinson was on the sick list last week.

The Maccabees will meet next Saturday night.

Miss Nellie Hewitt is spending a few days in Elgin.

Mr. and Mrs. A. U. Schneider were at Sycamore Sunday.

Mrs. Geo. Richardson returned to her home in Dane, Wis.

—Go to E. H. Cohoon's for Pillsbury flour, the best, at \$1.00.

John Fair, the sidewalk contractor, will do some work at Kingston.

Miss Alice Beuhm, of Winnebago, has been spending a few days with Mrs. Howard.

Mr. and Mrs. James Hewitt, of Sycamore, visited friends and relatives here last week.

Those new fall suitings arrived at F. O. Holtgren's. Go now and get a first pick.

Miss Vandyke, of Chicago was the guest of Mrs. C. Schneider, at the Pacific House, Sunday.

Miss Alice Reid, of Hampshire, was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Joe Corson, the first of the week.

Those \$5 fall pants will be the thing for you to get. F. O. Holtgren has an elegant stock to select from.

—Pillsbury flour shipped direct from the mill, not laying in Chicago until stale, at E. H. Cohoon's.

Lost: Between Genoa and Hampshire, a child's white plush cloak. Finder please return to this office.

To RENT—Desirable house in a desirable locality. Good residence property for sale. D. S. BROWN.

Genoa will be well represented at the Burlington picnic. It is possible that our base ball club will go along.

Lincoln Holroyd is wearing a double-decker smile on account of the arrival of twins at his house, a boy and a girl.

All accounts due me must be settled by the end of two weeks or they will be left for collection. JOE. CORSON.

Men's patent leather Oxford ties only \$1.35 a pair sold by John Lembke. Try a pair and make your feet look dressy.

FOR SALE. We have about 300, 8 inch tile to sell. Call and see them and get a way down price. Brown & Brown, Genoa, Ill.

M. E. Howe, Hampshire's popular auctioneer was in Genoa, Monday, looking up the extent of Genoa's wonderful improvements.

John Lembke has just received another lot of ladies' Oxford walking shoes. No sheepskin uppers, paste-board counters or buttons.

The entire stock must be sold at some price. Save money by buying shoes now of the Lynn Shoe Co. Basement of the Pacific House, Genoa.

100 pair of men's working and grain leather shoes at 90 cents a pair to close them out at Lynn Shoe Co's stand, Basement of the Pacific House, Genoa.

Our Ben Swanson covered himself with a glory at the bicycle meeting at DeKalb last week. Besides securing a number of seconds he won the 5 mile race, receiving a \$25.00 gold medal for the same.

When in need of a new pair of shoes boots, slippers or any thing in the shape of foot wear come and buy them at our square deal. I guarantee my goods to be just as I represent them. Come and see for your self at John Lembke's shoe store.

J. M. Harney, the popular agent of Great Northern P. Ry. is taking a short vacation. He will be back to the Genoa lake this week and will be busy in the capture of the elusive fish.

If the ladies want something up to date, stylish, and something comfortable to wear these long skirts they will buy a pair of these Oxford ties. Only \$1.00 a pair at John Lembke's.

Miss Nora Malana was at Elgin yesterday.

The Genoa club beat the Burlington club last Thursday 13 to 9.

A. B. Clefford is putting in an Aeromotor windmill on his farm.

Eugene Olmstead is slowly recovering from a severe illness.

Fresco artists from Chicago are at work in the interior of the new church.

Ernest Sisson is entertaining his brother from Iowa and sister of Nebraska.

The Misses DeWitt and Sloan, of Hampshire, rode up on their wheels yesterday.

Frank Petty is temporary agent at the Milwaukee depot, during Agent Harvey's absence.

Geo. Johnson is having the interior of his barber shop improved by painting and papering.

Sycamore has passed an ordinance compelling bicycles to have lanterns at night, and also to use a bell or whistle when approaching teams.

John Page contemplates starting on the road with a small circus. He has a large cage in his front window which is occupied by a family of untamed mice, which he is training.

The Illinois Central Ry., will sell excursion tickets for one and one third fare the round trip to the Burlington picnic August 18.

At the school election held last Saturday Frank Jackman was elected, receiving 153 votes. Orin Merritt receiving 42. The women polled 70 votes.

A \$300 pearl was recently found in the Pecatonica river. The Kishwaukee has been known to give up some very valuable pearls, but the other fellow has always got them.

D. M. Gibbs and family left this week for Hambleville, New York, where they will visit relatives and scenes of their early childhood. They will make an extended visit.

For the Burlington picnic the Illinois Central has arranged for trains leaving Genoa at 11:20 a. m. and 5:20 p. m. to stop and leave passengers from Genoa.

Mr. and Mrs. James Pierce have moved to DeKalb. Mrs. Pierce has probably by this time been surprised to find that her stock of furniture has increased while in transit. Her willingness to help in services of song, and the kindness of some lady friend will explain.

John Fair completed his concrete sidewalk contract this week. The work has moved right along in good shape, and has been done to the thorough satisfaction of all. Besides work for the city he has done considerable work for private parties in building walks around residences and horse blocks in which he has also given satisfaction. Mr. Fair is not only an expert sidewalk builder but a thorough gentleman and during his short stay has made friends who join with THE ISSUE in wishing him abundant success.

Marie Madison, who will play an engagement of three nights at our opera house commencing Aug. 16th, is a young actress who has also made an enviable name as a playwright. The Witch, which Marie Hubert Frohman has been playing for the past three years to crowded houses, is partly her work and dear little Shamrock, which she will present in Genoa has been pronounced one of the best Irish comedies ever presented, by the press all over the country. Miss Madison though a young woman has met with unqualified success in her profession; her presence is pleasing and her voice musical and far reaching. She has undertaken a difficult task this season being manager of her company, author of her own plays, playing the leading part and even writing the words and music of several of the songs which will be sung. Little Hazel Bourne the clever child supporting Miss Madison is a beautiful darkeyed little witch who sings and dances and recites her way into your heart whether you will or no. The company is a strong one and will evidently do a good business in Genoa.

ANOTHER BRICK BUILDING.

Genoa Lodge I. O. O. F. and H. N. Perkins to Build Jointly.

Bids are advertised for in this week's Issue for the erection of a two story brick building on the lot owned by H. N. Perkins adjoining the Mordoff building. The first floor and basement will be occupied by H. A. Perkins as a hardware store and the second floor will be used by the Odd Fellows as their home.

The building will be built of the very best materials and the latest improved patterns.

The store front will have heavy plate glass windows, the ceiling of the first and second floor will be of pressed steel. It will be lit by gas and heated by furnace heat.

When completed will be a handsome addition to Genoa.

Spontaneous Combustion.

A case of spontaneous combustion occurred the other day. Will Sager had been oiling the floor of Wm. Loyd's saloon with a large piece of waste. By the time he had finished the waste was well saturated with the linseed oil and being rather odoriferous, he dropped it into an outhouse. But a very few minutes had elapsed when flames were seen coming from the outhouse, the waste having become ignited through spontaneous combustion. It would be well for people using oil in this manner to be careful where they throw the waste. Many fires could be traced to this cause, were the facts known.

Pleasant Outing Party.

Genoa's Fox Lake visitors returned Saturday night more than pleased with their week's outing. Nothing occurred to mar even the slightest pleasure and the week was spent in various ways, dancing, fishing, bathing, boating and sailing, being the principle attractions. The party occupied the main club house, while a merry party of Chicagoans occupied the cottage adjoining, they joining with the Genoian's in all the amusements. Their party consisted of Mr. and Mrs. Thayer, Mrs. Wilcox, Mrs. Malley, the Misses Malley, Roth and Northrop and Messrs. Will Malley and W. L. Sisley.

Mrs. Ira J. Brown's 27th birthday was appropriately observed by the party on Thursday last.

Shoe Factory Change.

Mr. L. Meyers has retired from the firm of B. Goldman & Co. Mr. Goldman having purchased his interest. A number of changes is contemplated in the factory whereby a greater number of shoes can be manufactured.

The outlook continues bright and the factory is worked to its fullest capacity.

THE ISSUE will shortly give a detailed write-up of this successful company.

Chas. Parker, a farm employ of Richard McCormick living three miles out of town, was stricken last week with small pox. How he got the dread disease is a matter of great mystery as he has not been out of town for many months. As soon as possible after learning of the case the town authorities took charge of his welfare and had a small house erected in a field adjacent to the McCormick residence where he receives the attention of a skilled nurse. The disease has not yet reached the worst form and as every precaution has been taken there is no likelihood of its spread.

Closing Out Sale.

Shoes at any price to sell them as I shall leave Genoa in a few days. Now is the time to buy school shoes. LYNN SHOE CO. Basement Pacific Hotel

The Illinois Central Ry will sell excursion tickets to Rockford, on account of the Winnebago County Fair for one fare and one third for the round trip. Tickets for sale Sept. 3rd. and 7th. good to return until Sept 8th. E. Sisson, Agent.

As will appear elsewhere the board of school directors have decided to improve the appearance of our public school. The buildings will be repainted and a concrete walk will be built to the street. A new dress of this kind will make an exceedingly attractive temple of learning.

THE ISSUE five months for 40c.

I Have just Secured

—THE AGENCY FOR—

Washburn-Crosby's Superlative

FLOUR

POSITIVELY THE BEST FLOUR ON THE MARKET.

.....Use it once and you'll use no other.....

\$1.00 Per Sack.

Something New, I have just added a stock of the the AMOLE TOILET SOAPS the purest and most fragrant soap made.

The Amole Tar Soap has no equal as a dirt remover,

AMOLEAN WASHING POWDER requires but little labor and has no bad effects.

H. J. WELLS,

GENOA'S ONLY EXCLUSIVE GROCER. Burroughs Building Goods Promptly Delivered.

A. New
Bargain
Centre!

P. F.
WILBORN'S,
Sycamore.

Genuinely Interesting Bargains

Will be offered you each week in this paper.

For this week we offer for your selection

Ladies' Shirt Waists, about one-half price, to close out odd sizes.
See our display of 25-cent Towels.
See our 25-cent Gent's Ties.
See our 50-cent Unlaundered Shirts.
Summer Corsets 40 cents.
Silk Shirred Hats very cheap to close.

TIME SAVED

Also Money.

Only fine productions of the loom do we keep on our shelves

Cashmere and Ladie's Cloth

At honest prices and a very choice stock to select from. In Ginghams and Muslins we have some very pretty patterns, which we are selling at remarkably low prices.

In Table Linens

We have a remarkably handsome display, and for that matter our stock of table furnishings is complete. Sheetings we have in abundance at O. K. prices.

Save

TIME, TROUBLE, MONEY,

ALL THREE, BY TRADING WITH

H. H. SLATER.

The Genoa Issue.

G. E. SISLEY & CO., Publishers.

GENOA, ILLINOIS.

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Regular Session.

A SHORT session in the United States senate was held on the 7th, the most important event being the passage of a resolution directing the president to take steps for the release of American citizens confined in the island of Cuba for participation in the recent rebellions. In the house a report was made from the judiciary committee against the admission of Japanese to citizenship.

In the senate on the 8th a bill was introduced to "prevent professional lobbying." Bills were passed to provide for the opening of certain abandoned military reservations and to further encourage the holding of a world's exposition at Atlanta, Ga., in 1895. In the house a bill was introduced to regulate the cutting of timber on public lands. Most of the session was taken up in considering public building bills. A resolution for an investigation of the effects of machinery on labor was adopted.

The senate on the 9th was in session only a little more than an hour and a half and no business of any importance was transacted. In the house a favorable report was made on the bill to make oleomargarine and all other imitation dairy products subject to the laws of the state or territory into which they are transported, and a bill to prevent the free use of timber on public lands was introduced.

On the 10th a resolution was offered in the senate directing the committee on privileges and elections to investigate the recent election in Alabama and ascertain if frauds were committed. Senator Hill offered a resolution for information as to the work of the conferees on the tariff bill, which went over for the day. The remainder of the session was devoted to the consideration of the Chinese treaty. In the house the time was occupied in discussing projects for a government exhibit to cost \$200,000 at the Atlanta exposition and to give each of the arid land states 1,000,000 acres of arid lands to encourage the reclamation of these deserts.

On the 11th in the senate no business of importance was transacted beyond the discussion of Senator Hill's tariff resolution, it being antagonized by a motion for an executive session for which the vice president cast the deciding vote. In the house the time was occupied in the discussion of a proposition to give each of the arid land states 1,000,000 acres of surveyed arid public lands to be reclaimed by irrigation, and the bill to appropriate \$250,000 to purchase a site for the government printing office.

DOMESTIC.

EIGHT of the men who resorted to unlawful tactics in the labor troubles at Paterson, N. J., were given sentences ranging from three months to six years.

WINNECONNE, Wis., a town of 1,000 inhabitants, was practically wiped from the map by a conflagration caused by burning forests.

HARRY A. GARDNER, cashier of an Altoona (Pa.) national bank, disappeared with \$20,000 of the institution's funds.

The republic of Hawaii has been formally recognized by the United States, through the president and secretary of state.

The Stringer Sons Pottery company, one of the largest establishments of the kind in the west, was destroyed by fire at San Jose, Cal. Loss, \$100,000.

The Concord and Petrel were ordered to Corea to reinforce the United States fleet.

The constitutional convention at Albany, N. Y., refused to substitute life imprisonment for capital punishment.

INSANELY jealous, W. D. Jenkins, of Clariton, Ia., killed Julia Murphy, his sweetheart, and her sister Josie, fatally wounded Mrs. Murphy and then took his own life.

WILLIAM N. EVANS, of Philadelphia, fatally wounded his wife, killed Louis Hecht, her uncle, with whom she was living, and sent a bullet through his own heart. He was jealous.

At Scranton, Pa., a deserted mine caved in for a distance of three blocks, wrecking twenty-three houses and causing a loss of \$250,000.

OVER one-third of the village of Dawson, Minn., was destroyed by fire.

At his home in Hope, Ind., James Hardy (colored) died at the age of 100 years. Hardy was Jefferson Davis' valet during the war. He was married six times and the father of forty-six children.

An express train on the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific plunged through a trestle 50 feet high into a creek near Lincoln, Neb., killing eight persons and wounding many others.

THOUSANDS of acres of valuable timber were destroyed by a forest fire 50 miles in length in Wisconsin.

TWENTY-ONE stores, two grain elevators and lumber sheds were destroyed by fire at Gifford, Ill., the loss being \$100,000.

DURING a temperance camp meeting at Purcellville, Va., a tent was blown down, killing one man and fatally injuring five women.

TWENTY-FIVE persons were injured, some of them seriously, in an electric car collision near Oakdale, Pa.

MISS VERNIE MAYER and Miss Barnhart, young ladies about 18 years old, were drowned in the lake at Benton Harbor, Mich.

SEVEN members of the family of J. Walker at Oswein, Ia., were poisoned by a summer drink. Three were dead and the others were dangerously ill.

REV. CHARLES ENGLAND, a Swedish minister at Michigan City, Ind., was drowned in the lake while bathing in the surf.

FANTASY trotted a mile at Buffalo, N. Y., in 2:03 1/4, beating all 4-year-old marks save that of Directum.

A MONUMENT to the memory of Frederick J. Frelinghuysen was unveiled at Newark, N. J.

THE Second national bank of Altoona, Pa., closed its doors.

THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 10th aggregated \$774,451,980, against \$764,890,968 the previous week. The decrease, compared with the corresponding week in 1893, was 3.4.

EPHRAIM A. BROWN, a millionaire of Bloomfield, O., died of heart disease while asleep. He was 87 years old.

THERE were 231 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 10th, against 319 the week previous and 394 in the corresponding time in 1893.

THE removal of the battle flags of Iowa from the arsenal to the state capitol in Des Moines, was made the occasion for a great demonstration.

INVESTIGATION shows that twenty-four persons were killed and eleven injured in the Rock Island railway wreck at Lincoln, Neb.

WILLIAM and Solomon Lower, owners of a traction engine, were fatally hurt by falling through a bridge at Waterloo, Ind.

SEVEN men and boys seeking shelter under a tree during a storm at De Kalb, Tex., were killed by lightning.

MISS LULU RANDALL, an aeronaut of Detroit, Mich., was thrown from her parachute by a tree and killed at Nashville, Tenn.

EIGHT thousand persons witnessed the hanging of Madkins, a negro executed for criminal assault at Raleigh, N. C.

TITUS and Cabanne broke the world's mile tandem bicycle record at Minneapolis, covering the distance in 1:54-5.

SIMON H. ENSIGN, who had been confined in Moro prison, Cuba, for twenty years, escaped and wandered back to Indiana.

A GOVERNMENT survey made at Muscatine, Ia., showed the water in the Mississippi river to be one-half inch below the lowest water mark, that of 1864.

J. W. REINHART, president and one of the receivers of the Atchison road, resigned to promote harmony.

THE town of Yerrinton, Nev., on the Carson & Colorado railroad, was completely destroyed by fire.

ALMOST the entire business portion of Fithian, Ill., a town of 600 inhabitants, was destroyed by fire.

FOUR children of William Watts, from 6 months to 4 1/2 years of age, were burned to death near Williston, S. D., on a ranch.

THE percentages of the baseball clubs in the national league for the week ended on the 12th were: Boston, .648; Baltimore, .640; New York, .604; Cleveland, .572; Pittsburgh, .543; Philadelphia, .533; Brooklyn, .516; Cincinnati, .492; Chicago, .457; St. Louis, .415; Louisville, .333; Washington, .290.

By the collision of mail and express trains near Gibbs, Mo., two men were killed and ten badly injured.

Mrs. MARY SULLIVAN, who was 103 years old February last, died at her home in New York. She was born in County Kerry, Ireland, in 1783.

JOSEPH BURNETT, aged 73, well known as the pioneer in the business of manufacturing flavoring extracts, was killed in a runaway accident at Marlboro, Mass.

LUTHER C. CHALLIS, once among the leading financiers of Wall street and several times a millionaire, died in poverty in Atchison, Kan.

DAMAGING evidence had been secured against George W. Davis, the negro under arrest for wrecking the Rock Island express near Lincoln, Neb.

WHILE playing baseball at Cincinnati John Tanner was struck by lightning and instantly killed.

VIRGINIA militia, under orders from the governor, drove the commonwealters out of camp at Rosslyn and set fire to the huts.

At a social gathering at her home in Archibald, Pa., Mrs. John Barry was placed on a horse against her will and in her rage shot two of her guests.

Mrs. ALICE S. EAVY, Cora Johnson and Grace Lowell, aged 19, 18 and 17 respectively, were drowned in the American river, near Auburn, Cal., while bathing.

HEAVY showers fell over a large area in Illinois, Iowa and Indiana, benefiting late corn and vegetation.

UNDER direction of Mr. Pullman steps were taken to evict striking tenants who were behind in their rent. Five thousand persons would be affected.

MADÉLINE POLLARD, who achieved notoriety through her suit against Congressman Breckinridge, is to go on the stage, and will make her debut in Chicago.

STRONG pressure was being brought to bear on the Wisconsin board of health to quarantine Milwaukee because of smallpox.

SCHEDULES in the assignment of Goodwin & Swift, of New York, show nominal assets of \$1,807,404 and actual assets of but \$105.

JENNIE FINCH, stolen from Grand Rapids, Mich., eighteen years ago by gypsies, has been returned to her surviving relatives.

THE Washington-Denver bicycle riders reached Denver thirty-three hours and twenty minutes ahead of schedule time.

Ex-Gov. ST. JOHN, of Kansas, declared in an address at Prohibition Park, L. I., that there was a Tammany ring in every city and hamlet in the country.

P. L. COOK, a Stuartsville, O., saloon-keeper, was beaten to death with an iron rod by masked robbers.

MAJ. CHARLES WORTH, of the regular army, will be court-martialed for compelling a private to labor on Sunday.

THREE young men, who had been wrecked on a reef in Long Island sound, were rescued by Grace Marr and her sister at the peril of their lives.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

EX-GOV. AUSTIN BLAIR was buried at Jackson, Mich., the funeral services being attended by many men prominent in politics.

THE New York democrats will hold their state convention at Saratoga Springs on September 25.

JUDGE CASWELL BENNETT, chief justice of the Kentucky court of appeals, died suddenly of rheumatism at Hopkinsville.

POPULISTS in Wyoming declined a proposition to fuse with the democrats and nominated a complete state ticket headed by L. C. Tidball for governor.

DAVID HAIN, who drove coaches across the Alleghenies before the advent of the railroads, died at Portsmouth, O., aged 94 years.

In convention at Boise City the Idaho republicans nominated a full state ticket headed by Edgar Wilson for governor.

THE prohibitionists of Indiana officially declined to fuse with the populists, declaring them wild and visionary.

THE following congressional nominations were made: Illinois, Fourth district, J. Simington (pro.); Seventh, H. A. Lloyd (pop.); Iowa, Tenth district, E. F. Baker (pop-dem.); Nebraska, Fifth district, W. E. Andrews (rep.); Virginia, Ninth district, H. S. K. Morrison (dem.).

CONGRESSIONAL nominations were made as follows: Illinois, Seventh district, H. D. Lloyd (pop.); Pennsylvania, Twenty-fifth district, W. J. Kirker (pop.); Missouri, Tenth district, G. H. Zimmerman (pro.).

FOREIGN.

FELIX GÉOFFROY, who had been a member of the Canadian parliament for thirty-one years, died at Montreal.

EARTHQUAKES in Sicily destroyed many houses at Aci Reale and at Zafarano and killed ten persons.

SANDOW, the "strong man," was married at Manchester, England, to Miss Blanche Brooks, the daughter of a local photographer.

SEÑOR JOSE VERESTREGUI, chief of the Mexican stamp department, was killed in a duel in the City of Mexico over a woman by Congressman Romero.

THE sealing vessel Malgen, accompanied by a fast cutter, sailed from Tromsø to bring back the members of the Wellman arctic expedition.

THE schooner Pilgrim was sunk by the bark Braekka off Anvil Point and four members of her crew were drowned.

In a match race at Paris, between Starbuck and Linton, the latter rode 50 miles on a bicycle in 1:58:50, breaking the record.

LATER.

In the United States senate on the 13th no business of importance was transacted beyond the confirmation, in executive session, of the Chinese treaty, the vote standing 47 to 50. At a caucus of democrats of the house members, shortly before convening, a resolution was offered by Speaker Crisp, which was carried, advising the recession from the disagreement to the senate's amendments to the Wilson bill, the passing of the amended bill, and the introduction of separate bills making coal, iron, sugar and barbed wire free of all duties.

When the house convened in regular session the resolution was carried by a vote of 130 to 21. At a session held in the evening it passed separate bills for free sugar, iron, coal and barbed wire.

EX-CONGRESSMAN JAMES H. PLATTE died from a stroke of apoplexy while fishing at Green Lake, Col.

THREE boys, Frank Burns, William Slattery and Matthew Slattery, were drowned while swimming in Bloody Run, near Norwood, O.

THOMAS GARNER, 101 years old, died at Oakdale, Minn. He was born in Ireland and came to the United States fifty years ago.

A CYCLONE passed over North Madison, O., devastating forests, orchards, growing crops, etc.

FOUR workmen were crushed to death near Sheridan, Wyo., under fifteen or twenty tons of rock which rolled upon them after a blast had been exploded.

L. W. BARNARD shot and killed his wife at Vicksburg, Mich., and then killed himself. Domestic trouble was said to be the cause.

Mrs. MARY J. SHIRK, one of the wealthiest women in the west, died at her home in Peru, Ind. She was said to be worth \$1,000,000.

THE Wichita (Kan.) national bank, the oldest banking institution in the southwest, has suspended payment by order of the comptroller of the currency.

A CYCLONE swept over the provinces of Madrid and Ciudad Real, Spain, and over a hundred persons are reported to be either killed or injured.

DURING the progress of the regatta at Tanby, Wales, a small excursion steamer capsized in the Caldy roads, drowning twenty people.

FEARING starvation Mrs. Adolph Max drowned herself and two children, aged 5 and 1 year, at Lyons, Ia.

MISS OABY RABIDAN, 18 years old, disappointed in love, committed suicide by poison at Wayretown, Ind.

TO BE EVICTED.

Pullman Strikers Must Leave the Company's Houses—Rioting at Omaha—Other Strike News.

LA SALLE, Ill., Aug. 9.—In attempting to arrest a Polish miner named Joseph Schurman, a desperate character, two deputy sheriffs were wounded with saber thrusts and Schurman was fatally shot.

OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 10.—Riots were in full vogue at South Omaha Wednesday night between the strikers and the men who have taken their places. When the men, who quit work at 5 o'clock, passed out of the works, the majority organized themselves in squads for mutual protection. With one hand in their pockets, holding a revolver ready for action, they passed up the street and past crowds of strikers, but were allowed to pass without being molested. Later, however, when a few single men left the works they were assaulted and in many instances seriously injured.

OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 13.—Two companies of the state militia, the Thurston rifles and the Omaha guards, the "crack" troops of the Nebraska national guard, were sent to South Omaha at 4 a. m. Friday and stationed as a guard around the packing houses. The strikers are in an ugly mood, but no violence has been attempted. The strikers soon withdrew to a distance and awaiting the coming of the new men on their way to work.

CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—Steam was let into the cylinders of the big Corliss engine at Pullman and the immense fly-wheel revolved for the first time since the great strike was inaugurated. At 7 a. m. Thursday 1,197 men reported for work. Six hundred of these were assigned to the repair department. The others were distributed throughout the various shops, and all departments were open for business except the freight and street car shops.

CHICAGO, Aug. 13.—Vice President Wickes, of the Pullman Palace Car company, has stated that tenants occupying the company's houses and not employed in the works will be turned out, claiming that the houses are needed for the new employees. This move is the very last in the big strike and means volumes to the strikers and their families, who are in a starving condition.

CHICAGO, Aug. 14.—Pullman strikers met Sunday and refused to declare off the strike, notwithstanding eviction is staring them in the face.

TO BE UNITED.

Combination of Three Big Manufacturing Concerns in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Aug. 13.—Arrangements have been completed that will make Cicero one of the most important manufacturing towns in this country. In two weeks' time it will become the seat of the Siemens & Halske company of America, the Wells-French Car company and the revived Grant locomotive works, all to be combined under a new corporation to be known as the Siemens company, with a capital of \$2,000,000. The stockholders of the old Grant company, which failed in June, 1893, will receive 50 per cent. of the par value of their stock in the shares of the new concern. Operations will be begun at once in the old Grant locomotive works plant. Locomotives, railway cars and all kinds of electrical devices will be manufactured. Every separate product of each of three old companies will be turned out by the new company and the concern will develop into one of the largest manufacturing corporations in the world. It is probable that the new company will engage between 1,000 and 2,000 men to operate the entire plant. Over six hundred will be put to work immediately. The company will make an investment of several hundred thousand dollars in enlarging the Grant works.

JAPAN AGAIN WINS.

The Chinese Defeated at Seikoan with Heavy Loss—Other News.

YOKOHAMA, Aug. 9.—Additional battles have been fought between Japanese and Chinese and the latter have been defeated. Seikoan has been taken by the Japanese with trifling loss. The Chinese in this engagement lost 500 killed. The enemy fled in the direction of Koshiu. The Japanese are in possession of Yashan.

An imperial ordinance just issued permits Chinese to reside in Japan on condition that they engage in peaceful pursuits. The greatest excitement prevails here at Tokio and at other large towns as a result of the victories of the Japanese troops. Rumors, however, are current here that the Japanese naval forces have been defeated in an engagement with Chinese warships.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—The correspondent of the Times at Shanghai telegraphs that 12,000 Japanese troops from Fusan and 8,000 from Yunson are marching toward Seoul, the capital of Corea. The Tsung Li Yaman, the supreme council of the empire, has guaranteed the safety of foreigners in the interior of China.

Funeral of Ex-Gov. Blair.

JACKSON, Mich., Aug. 10.—Jackson was in mourning Wednesday at the loss of its illustrious citizen. Almost every business house and all public buildings were heavily draped and business suspended from 2 to 5 o'clock. The funeral services occurred at 3 o'clock, the funeral oration being delivered by Washington Gardner, secretary of state.

Pure and Wholesome Quality
Commends to public approval the California liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs. It is pleasant to the taste and by acting gently on the kidneys, liver and bowels to cleanse the system effectually, it promotes the health and comfort of all who use it, and with millions it is the best and only remedy.

"If I should propose to you what would be the outcome?" She—"It would depend entirely on the income."

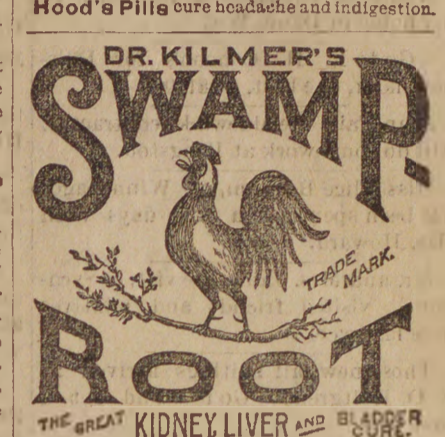
"NEW BLOOD" will be continued every night at McVickor's Theater, Chicago, with matinees Wednesday and Saturday until further notice. Seats secured by mail.

In Hot Weather

Something is needed to keep up the appetite, assist digestion and give good, healthful sleep. For these purposes Hood's Sarsaparilla is peculiarly adapted. As a blood

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Cures
It has no equal, and it is chiefly by its power to make pure blood that it has won such fame as a cure for scrofula, salt rheum and other similar diseases.

Hood's Pills cure headache and indigestion.



The Spring Tonic
Makes thin, pale, sickly people well and strong.

La Grippe
Cures the bad after effects of this trying epidemic and restores lost vigor and vitality.

Impure Blood
Eczema, scrofula, malaria, pimples, blotches.

General Weakness
Constitution all run down, loss of ambition and appetite, nervousness, tired and sleepless.

At Druggists 50 cents and \$1.00 Size.
"Invalids' Guide to Health" free—Consultation free.

DR. KILMER & CO., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, of ROXBURY, MASS.,

Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. Read the label.

If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause squeamish feelings at first. No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Sold by all Druggists.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

\$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF.
\$4. FINE CALF & KANGAROO
\$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES.
\$2.50-2. WORKINGMENS EXTRA FINE.
\$2.12 BOYS SCHOOL SHOES.
LADIES \$3.25-2.12

BEST DONGOLA. SEND FOR CATALOGUE. W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas \$3.00 Shoe.

Because we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protect you against high prices and the middleman's profits. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

SI000 In money; also other valuable premiums to good guessers. FARE HALL. Enthusiasts, this is your opportunity. See our HOME AND GENTLY MAGAZINE. Price 5c. All Newsdealers; or 51 East 10th St., New York. NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

MEN WANTED to sell hardy Nursery Stock, our own growing. We pay salary or commission. Address with references L. G. BRAGG & CO., Prop., Union Nurseries, Kalamazoo, Mich. NAME THIS PAPER every time you write.

FRANKLIN COLLEGE, New Athens, O. Total cost \$125 per yr.; 8 Courses. Catalog free.

PISO'S CURE FOR Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use PISO'S Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. 25c.

CONSUMPTION.

The Genoa Issue.

C. E. SISLEY & CO., Publishers.

GENOA, ILLINOIS.

RIGHT AND PROPER.

Oh! she was the parson's daughter,
As they did every one;
He saw her home from meeting,
And thus it all began.
He saw her home from meeting,
Just as he should have done,
For she was the parson's daughter
And he was the deacon's son.

He called to see her father
Upon a Sunday night,
He called to see her mother,
And that was but polite.
They always made him welcome,
As they did every one;
And then—why, 'twas the parson's
And he was the deacon's son.

At length there came a crisis;
He took her out to ride,
And love o'ercame his shyness,
He begged her to be his bride,
And gossip never wandered
For once, at what was done,
For she was the parson's daughter,
And he was the deacon's son.

The girl was sweet and pretty,
And she could sew and bake;
And he was tall and manly,
And bold in meeting spair;
And all was right and proper,
The prize was fairly won,
For she was the parson's daughter,
And he was the deacon's son.

—Percis E. Darrow, in Good Housekeeping.

THE OLD MILL MYSTERY

By Arthur W. Marchmont, B. A.

Author of "Miser Hoadley's Secret," "Madeline Power," "By Whose Hand," "Isa," etc., etc.

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CHAPTER XIV.—CONTINUED.

"You had better sit down, Mary," he said, very kindly and gently, but in a manner calculated to add to her alarm. "I have a good deal to say to you."

"What is it about, Mr. Gorrings?" she asked. "Please don't keep me in suspense, but tell me what it is at once."

"In the first place, tell me," he said, very seriously and concernedly, "whether you think you can trust me as a friend."

"Yes," answered the girl; "you may know that; otherwise I should not have come to you as I did this morning."

"Then will you tell me why you wanted that money?"

The question surprised her, and she shrank from it almost as if it had been an insult.

"No," I cannot tell you that. I had sudden need of the money."

"Was it for Tom Roylance?" he asked, with equal suddenness, looking keenly at her.

"I said I could not tell you, Mr. Gorrings. If I had known it was to ask me this question that you wanted me, I should not have come here now. Nay, I should not have come to you as I did this morning," and she rose to go.

"Don't go. I wished to see whether you would, as you said, trust me. I see you do not. I know that you wanted the money for Tom. Here is the note that I gave you. It was brought to me by Murstone, who had it from Tom within an hour or two of your being here."

The girl made no answer, but sat down again in her chair. She knew there was more to come.

"Why did Murstone bring you that note?" she asked.

"Will you tell me whether you have heard anything about money matters between the two men? Did you know the purpose for which Tom wanted this money when you gave it to him? If you would tell me it would make me able to speak with greater freedom."

"I know what lies were told about Tom having kept some of the money of the sick fund," said Mary, angrily.

"I thought so too."

"You thought so? Say whether you know Tom to be as straight as I know him to be. Don't say you thought. That means you don't think so now."

"That means that I don't—or rather that I can't—think so now."

Mary rose from her chair, her face flushed crimson and her eyes flashing with angry light.

"This is no place for me, then," she said. "I will stay nowhere to hear Tom—my Tom, my husband that is to be—insulted like that."

"You are right to be angry. I admire you for it. I knew you would be, and that made me hesitate how to speak at first. I know you may think I have some cowardly motive in saying what I have said, and what I have to say. But I can find no one else to say it; and yet you must know all, and you will help me, and help us all, if you do not make it so difficult for me to speak."

His manner impressed the girl, and the fear that there was something really serious to be heard overcame even her anger.

"If there is anything that I ought to know, I will try to be patient while you tell me; but please do not again make such charges against him, or I may not be able to keep my temper."

"I will try to give you the facts by themselves, and leave you to form your opinion; but I shall be obliged to ask you a question now and again. You say you know that the trustees of

the sick fund believe the books to be wrong; that, acting under this belief, they went to Tom last night and asked him to explain; that he did not give any explanation which they could understand; that he said he had the proper amount of money in the house; that when he went to fetch it he returned with a broken cash box which was empty; that he said the money had been stolen, and that he took the money which the book showed to be the balance round to them this morning. You know that?"

"I know that some one stole the money belonging to the sick fund which was in the cash box, and that Tom took the full amount for which he was accountable to them to-day."

"Do you know that he gave up his books in order that no scandal might be made?"

"I know that he allowed himself to be browbeaten out of his books by some threats that they made about publicity," said Mary.

"But do you not know that subsequent examination of the books showed a further amount missing of ten pounds?"

"No," answered Mary, emphatically; "and I don't believe it. If these men were fools enough to believe Tom would take money placed in his charge for such a purpose, they would be spiteful enough to try and make the books out to be wrong. But if ten pounds is claimed, ten pounds can be paid."

"It has been paid already," said Gorrings.

"Who paid it?"

"I did. I said I knew there must be a mistake, and that I thought Tom would wish the amount paid at once. I thought you would wish that to be done, Mary, when I saw what you had wanted the other ten pounds for."

"But why did they bring that to you at all?"

"They came to tell me about it all, and—and the note had my own private mark on it, which Murstone knows; so he—he thought it would be better to show it me."

"He thought Tom might have stolen it from you to cover the amount stolen from the fund, I suppose?" said Mary, in clear, distinct, scornful tones.

"I don't believe a word about any more money being short. I believe it's all a lie from first to last," she said, vigorously. "But you know Tom better than to believe a word of it. You have had him about you here in this office. If any man knows that Tom's as straight as a die, you must know it."

Reuben Gorrings did not speak, and avoided the girl's look. The expression of eager, harassed pain in her eyes was too distressing for him to endure when he reflected that he had thrust the bayonet deeper into the wound than ever.

"Why don't you speak, Mr. Gorrings? Why don't you answer?"

"I know not how to answer, Mary," he replied, in a tone scarcely above a whisper.

"Do you mean that you don't know that Tom's straight?" she cried, at her heart a great fear.

"I have told you that I would not let myself hold a doubt of him. You know how I have trusted him, how I have had him here in the office. If there is any change in him, I do not believe it is his fault. I know that in some things he has changed. I have heard it. He has spent money—more money than before. He has drawn out all his money from the savings bank. He has been with—those who will do him no good. But it is not his fault, Mary, indeed, the blame is partly mine."

"Yours?" cried Mary, quickly.

"What do you mean?"

"It was my fault that the girl ever came here. I did not know—I could not know—what would happen"—he said this as if excusing himself. "I only thought to bring a good hand here at the time of the strike; but I had never a thought of what might happen."

"Whom do you mean?" asked Mary, her face pale.

"Forgive me if I pain you. I refer to what everyone in Walkden Bridge knows—the relations of Tom with the girl Savannah."

She had felt it coming, but the blow struck her with cruel force. She sat silent, first trying to calm herself, and next trying to force herself to be angry, then to persuade herself that it was all untrue. But she could not do it at once, for all the hard struggle that she made. She could not but feel the truth of what lay beneath what Reuben Gorrings had said, and she longed and yet dreaded to hear more.

"Savannah Morbyn is not a woman to be trusted," said the manager, after a pause. "I know that now. I fear that the money has been spent upon her. And how much has gone I cannot yet tell."

"Do you mean that more of the sick fund money has gone?" asked Mary, in a dull, misery-tinted voice.

"Worse than that—much worse, I fear. When those men came to me to-day and told me what you know, I felt that, though I trusted Tom Roylance, I could not do otherwise than look into the books here. I have done so to-day."

Well?"

He looked at the girl pityingly and sadly.

"Tell me what you believe to be the worst," she said, clasping her hands together tightly and knitting her brows.

"I cannot say how much has gone, but I have found one amount, and a

considerable one. And I know that there are others."

"And you believe that Tom has taken it?" she asked.

"I cannot believe that he has not," was the reply.

But her concern was not on account of money. She did not for a moment credit the possibility that Tom would do anything of the kind. Her only fear was about Savannah. Thus she surprised Gorrings by laughing at the idea that Tom had acted as suggested.

"It is nonsense—sheer, silly nonsense," she said, "Tom would not rob a millionaire of a penny piece. It is nonsense. There is some blunder, or somebody else has taken what you have missed. What does he say to such a ridiculous charge?"

"I have not told him. I have spoken only to you."

"I suppose that is what you think prudent and brave. To try and set me against him with charges which you dare not make to his face," she burst out; venting on him the anger which she felt on account of the tale about Savannah. "That is the act of a man, indeed," she added, very bitterly.

"If I have deserved that taunt I am sorry. If I have not you should be sorry. Whether I have or not you shall judge for yourself. Look here at this book and these papers," and as he spoke he spread before her the papers which showed the missing sum.

"Why show these to me?" she cried. "I do not understand them."

"Yet they trace the amount to a certain point and then show that it disappeared. But the last person to whom it is traced is Tom Roylance. See here, again," and he took other papers.

"I don't want papers!" she cried, impatiently, pushing them away from before her and refusing to read them. "I don't understand them. If they stated in black and white that Tom had taken your money, I would not believe them one minute against his word. Where is he? Send for him, and when you are told to face tell him what you have told me. He will have an explanation."

"If he comes here will you ask him whether he has given the money to Savannah Morbyn?" asked Gorrings.

"No," she answered, flushing. "I will not insult him by even hinting at such a thing. What is it to you what he does with his money?"

"It is nothing to me what he does with his," said Gorrings, hastily. It was the first slip he had made during the interview, but he was irritated at finding her so persistent in her belief in her lover's honesty.

She took fire at the words instantly. "You needn't imply by your sneers that he has taken yours for such a purpose. It is easy to sneer at an absent man," she said; but Reuben Gorrings had conquered his irritation before she had finished.

"Have I done wrong to take you into the secret, Mary?" he asked, somewhat sadly. "I would not have done so had I not thought that with your assistance some means could have been devised to put things on another footing. My wish was to try and do him good for your sake; but if it only angers you for me to tell you what has happened, then, indeed, I have blundered. But, at least, I have done nothing to deserve your sneers."

"I am sorry I was hasty," said Mary. "I can see you meant to do what was best. But what do you mean to do?"

"A question of this kind, and all that it may lead to, does not rest with me. It is solely for old Mr. Coode. He will settle what shall be done. What I thought to do was to get you to help in unraveling the cords that seem to bind Tom to a course of conduct that looks like ruin. He can't keep in with such a girl as Savannah without suffering. However, I have made a blunder, I suppose, and I am sorry."

As he spoke he put the books and papers away in a drawer, locked it, put the key in his pocket and then got up as if the interview was at an end.

"Forgive me, forgive me; I have been bitterly unkind; but you cannot tell what all this is to me. Let me see you again, and try to do nothing till then. I cannot bear any more now," and with that Mary hurried from the room.

CHAPTER XV.
WHAT TOM HAD TO SAY.

Mary left the mill feeling wretched and heart broken. In the gloomy dejection which came over her, even the confidence she had felt in Tom's innocence in the matter of the money troubles was shaken, and more than once she asked herself whether any of the terrible accusations could possibly be true.

She went home and tried to assume something of her usually cheerful demeanor.

"Savannah's been here asking for you," said her mother. "Seem's a good bit put out about something or other. I can't make her out; and I'm blest if I'm not glad she's gone. Can't like the lass, for all her soft ways and voice and that."

"What did she want?"

"Didn't say; except that she wanted to speak to you. Seemed mighty curious to know whether you'd come from the mill yet."

For a moment the mention of Savannah's visit drew away Mary's thoughts from the chief subject; but they soon went back to Tom and the course which she had better take.

She made up her mind before she finished her tea, and she startled her mother by the abruptness with which she jumped up from the table and put

on her hat. She would go straight to Tom, tell him all she had heard, or nearly all, and ask him what it meant.

Tom was at home when she reached the cottage. He was sitting alone, looking so dejected and miserable that the girl's heart went out to him with a great rush of sympathy and love. He looked up when she entered and gave her a smile of welcome—a sad, feeble smile enough, that flickered out quickly, and was followed by a look of anxious, searching scrutiny which Mary could not fail to notice. He seemed as if he was almost afraid of what might be her object in coming to him.

For the moment she could find nothing to say, and busied herself in taking off her hat and jacket, loitering so as to gain time. Then she went to him, and, moved by a sudden impulse, put her arm round him and kissed him. She was so rarely demonstrative in her affection that so unusual an act on her part unsettled him somewhat, and his response to her caress was not a very warm one.

After a short time the stress of the girl's emotion lessened and she grew calmer. Then they began to talk. At first it was about subjects that had no connection with the object of her visit, but presently Tom told her of his visit to Murstone and what had passed.

"Did you notice any change in his manner?" she asked.

"His manner is always beastly disagreeable; and to-day I could have struck him for his sneers and insults. In fact, I had plenty of difficulty to keep my hands off him."

"Did he give you the books back?"

"No. On the contrary he point blank refused, and said something about having them overhauled for the whole time I have been secretary. He asked me whether I was sure that the balance which the book showed to be due was all that was really due. I answered, hotly enough, no doubt, that I would have no more to do with the whole business, and flung the money on the table, and left him. We should have come to blows if I'd stopped," said Tom, growing excited.

"It was all the money that was due, wasn't it, Tom?" asked Mary, pausing a moment, in doubt how to ask this. The question angered the man.

"What do you mean? Do you mean what he seemed to insinuate—that I'd been keeping something back? Of course, it was all the money. Didn't I tell you so last night? I should have thought you would be ready to believe me, at any rate."

"I do, Tom; of course, I do. But I want to tell you what they say now; and I don't know how to begin."

"What do they say?" he asked, sharply.

"They say that there is another amount of ten pounds due," said Mary, speaking slowly and hesitatingly, and scarcely raising her voice above a whisper.

"The liars! burst from the man's lips. 'Who has told you this?'"

"I heard it from Reuben Gorrings, to whom Murstone had been."

"So Gorrings is my enemy, is he?" exclaimed Tom, excitedly. "I thought I noticed something strange in his conduct to-day."

"I don't think he is against you, Tom," then she suddenly stopped, remembering the second and graver accusation—"at least not in that. He gave Murstone the money at once. He said that he was sure you would wish it paid at once, and so he paid it."

"The devil he did! And what right has he got to interfere in my affairs? To do a thing like that is just as much as to confess that the lie is true. I'll go and have this out with Murstone alone. The villain, to trump up such a dastardly tale against me!"

He got up excitedly from his chair, as if to go out.

But he changed his purpose as suddenly and began walking quickly up and down the room.

"I wonder what on earth it can all mean?" he exclaimed, as if thinking aloud. "It seems as if there was some conspiracy all about me to get me into disgrace. I don't understand it."

"Murstone—is he a straight man?" asked the girl.

"Yes, yes! he's straight enough. He's a disagreeable, sneering beast; but he's straight enough," was the angry reply.

"Is he not too sharp to make a mistake?"

He stopped suddenly, wheeled round and faced the girl at this.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

A Mystery Explained.

The problem has puzzled many why two pieces of wood sawn from the same section of tree, should possess very varied characteristics when used in different positions. For example, a gate post will be found to decay much faster if the butt end of the tree is uppermost than would be the case if the top were placed in this position. The reason is that the moisture of the atmosphere will permeate the pores of the wood much more rapidly the way the trees grew than it would if in the opposite direction. Microscopical examination proves that the pores invite the ascent of moisture, while they repel its descent. Take the familiar case of a wooden bucket. Many may have noticed that some of the staves appear to be entirely saturated, while others are apparently quite dry. This arises from the same cause; the dry staves are in the same position in which the tree grew, while the saturated ones are reversed.

SCHOOL AND CHURCH.

—According to the Catholic Herald, there are about 152,000 colored Catholics in the United States.

—Miss Frances E. Willard has received the degree of LL.D. from the Ohio Wesleyan university.

—A new porch and towers are to be added to Trinity church, Boston, an object for which the late Bishop Brooks left \$2,000.

—George E. Hardy has been elected professor of English language and literature in the College of the City of New York.

—The number of educational institutions of one kind or another in India is put down in Chambers' Cyclopaedia (1892) at 134,000.

—Gen. Booth of the Salvation army, and his captains of either sex have been officially declared to be ministers of religion within the meaning of the law.

—It is claimed that a college graduate's chances of obtaining a fair degree of eminence are as 250 to 1 as compared with the men who have not been at college.

—It requires a sum of upward of \$10,000 a year, voluntarily provided, to maintain and educate the 500 fatherless children of the Spurgeon orphans' homes, Stockwell.

—Dr. Buckley says he once attended a service in a Presbyterian church where every man present, except himself and the preacher, was asleep, and every woman was awake.

—A striking proof of the growth of the missionary spirit is seen in the fact that Australasia has recently sent missionaries to Ceylon, Africa, China and Japan.—Chicago Standard.

—A sister of the late Mr. Spurgeon preached twice recently to crowded congregations at the handsome church in Hampstead road, in connection with the service. Her manner is impressive, and she bears a personal resemblance to her eminent brother.

—The diplomas received by the recent graduates of Radcliffe college will some time possess great historic value. They are the first to bear the signature of the president of Harvard, which they do in addition to that of Mrs. Agassiz, president of Radcliffe.

—Rev. Sam Bettis, cowboy evangelist, thus sums up the results of his recent revival at Bay City, Mich.: "I had over 3,000 conversions, 1,256 old tapers signed the pledge, \$362 was raised for expenses, \$500 clear for Sam, and 6,000 people were fed free meals."

—The business college idea in education, which has taken so firm a hold of the popular mind, is not a sudden growth, but is a natural development of the industrial conditions and requirements of our time. The fact that our ordinary schools and colleges did not prepare for practical business life gradually became apparent, and thus the business school grew up to supply the deficiency.

—Seven Chaldean priests from eastern Turkey have come to this country to beg money for rebuilding a church in their native land. Some showed a letter of introduction, in very bad French, said to be from the bishop of Mesopotamia. Others claimed to be Presbyterians. One said that he came from the city of Van, in Asia Minor. At first there was some hesitancy about allowing them to land, as they appeared to be very like paupers. They were, however, at last released.

HOW TO STUDY PROPERLY.

Books Should Be Well Chosen and Read Carefully, Not Devoured.

Study is like a dinner. The viands must be well chosen and eaten slowly, not devoured; then well turned over in the mental stomach for awhile until with ease and comfort they are perfectly digested and furnish further nutriment to the brain. Most students study without digesting. Others read merely as a fad and soon forget all they may have learned.

The most satisfactory method of study is the digestive. It is the thorough one; the one that gives strength to the brain. Take the subject you are studying. Read a few lines or a few pages, as the case may be, then put the book down and think on what you have read. Turn it about in your mind from every standpoint. Do not accept it immediately. Argue for and against it in your mind. In other words, masticate it. You need not be at your leisure to do this. Do it in your idle moments, at any time. When you have satisfied yourself on the subject go on with a little more in the same way. In a short time you will find yourself more a thorough student than if you had read all at a sitting. The best educated man in the end is the man who learns slowly but surely.—N. Y. Advertiser.

A Night Alarm.

Madame Salomon—Laws amussy! Isaac, Isaac, don't you hear? There's somebody snoring under the bed. It must be a burglar.

Mr. Salomon—Hush! Rebecca, no noise, let him sleep; we'll charge him for his lodgings to-morrow morning.—La Chronique.

"So she jilted you," said the sympathetic friend. "Yes." "Did she give any reason?" "She did. She said it was because of her philanthropic nature; that it was better to make a great many men happy by being engaged to them than to make one miserable by marrying him."—Washington Star.

THE GENOA ISSUE.

PUBLISHED THURSDAYS

By GEO. E. SISLEY & CO.

Per Year.....\$1.50
If paid in advance.....\$1.25

It looks as if the war between China and Japan would be considerably more than a tempest in a teapot.

The Democratic party has passed a tariff bill which the President has characterized as a betrayal of Democratic principle and as personal and party perjury and dishonor.

Now that the Corbet-Mitchel fight has been declared off and the tariff trouble is at an end, the country can settle down and watch the great struggle of Breckenridge to carry his great load of sin into the senate again.

We are glad to note that the town of Hebron is improving, but it would look better if the editor of the Hebron paper would use his own thunder in praising his town, instead of stealing ours.

J. C. Burrows very truly expresses a majority opinion of the senate bill when he says that it is a most infamous piece of legislation, in that it protects special industries, trusts and combines, but the method of its consummation is even more offensive, and is without a parallel in legislative history. This constitutes simply a mask behind which the Democratic party attempts to conceal its real purpose of free trade, that it may deceive the people in the approaching election.

The first speech of Abraham Lincoln on the tariff question was short and to the point. He said he did not pretend to be learned in political economy, but he thought that he knew enough to know that "when an American paid twenty dollars for steel to an English manufacturer, America had the steel and England had the twenty dollars. But when he paid twenty dollars for steel to an American manufacturer, America had the steel and the twenty dollars."

Garanteed Cure.

We authorize our advertised druggist to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, coughs and colds on this condition. If you are afflicted with a cough, cold or any throat, lung or chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience no benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We could not make this offer did not know that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption can be relied on. It never fails. Trial bottle free at F. T. Robinson's drug store. Large bottles 50c and \$1.

Bucken's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles or no-pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 2 cents per box. For sale by F. T. Robinson.

Bids Wanted.

Sealed bids will be received for the erection of a two story brick store building and lodge hall in Genoa, Ill. All bids must be in by 7 p. m. Monday, August 20th., 1894. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids. For plans and specifications see

Wm. Watson, Chairman, Odd Fellow's committee or H. N. Perkins. August 14, 1894.

Bids for Coal.

The directors of school district No. 1, Genoa, will receive sealed bids for putting in one carload of large egg coal, subject to the inspection of the Directors. Bids to be received on or before August 20, 1894.

G. C. Rowan, Clerk.

Bert Swanson won three events in the DeKalb bicycle contests yesterday. Mile open, two-mile handicap and another.

Bids for Painting.

The directors of school district No. 1, Genoa, will receive sealed bids for painting school house and out buildings two coats of paint. Bids to be received on or before August 20, 1894.

G. C. Rowan, Clerk.

The following is a list of unclaimed matter, Aug. 1, 1894. Mary E. Cunard, Mr. E. A. Callins, Miss Etta Davis, G. Porter Foster, Fred and Bob Hensetson, J. Larson, Rev. E. W. McCluskey, Herbert Rhodes, Miss Anna Strong, Mr. J. Springer, Mr. H. E. Stillman, Mr. S. D. Willard.

A carload of Pillsbury's Best XXXX flour received this week at E. H. Cohoon's.

Geo O'Connell will run a bus to Camp Epworth Tuesday, Wednesday, and Friday, leaving Genoa at 9 a. m.

Four Big Successes.
Having the needed merit to more than make good all the advertising claimed by them, the following four remedies have reached a phenomenal sale. Dr. King's New Discovery, for consumption, coughs, and colds, each bottle guaranteed—Electric Bitters the great remedy for liver, stomach and kidneys. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, and Dr. King's new life pills, which are a perfect pill. All these remedies are guaranteed to do just what is claimed for them and the dealer whose name is attached will be glad to tell you more of them. Sold at F. T. Robinson's drug store.

Marvelous Results.
From a letter written by Rev. J. Gunderman, of Dimondale, Mich., we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist church at Rivers Junction she was brought down with Pneumonia succeeding LaGrippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with a little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery, it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at F. T. Robinson's drug store.

Oliver, Ill., July 10, 1890.—Messrs. Forsythe & Forsythe, prominent merchants of this place, say they have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in their families, most cases of the bloody flux, with perfect satisfaction, and take pleasure in recommending it to the public. This is the most successful medicine in the market for colic, cholera, morbus, dysentery, diarrhoea and summer complaint. There is nothing equal to it for summer complaint incident to children. For sale by F. T. Robinson druggist.

Less Than Half Rates to Colorado.

On August 10 and 11 the North-Western Line will sell excursion tickets to Denver, Pueblo and Colorado Springs and return at less than one fare the round trip; good for return passage until September 13, inclusive. For tickets and full information, apply to agents Chicago & North-Western Railway.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

DR. M. D. LEFEVRE, Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist. Office Robinson's Drug store. Calls attended day or night.

E. H. BURINGTON, Real Estate Agency and Collections, Blue Springs, Neb. Both farm and city property for sale and rent. Office Baringer Bldg. Correspondence solicited.

EXCHANGE BANK OF BROWN & BROWN Buy and sell Government Bonds. Sell Passage Tickets to and from Europe. And for sale or rent some choice farms in this vicinity, and houses and lots in this village.

A. F. & A. MASON'S, GENOA LODGE No. 288, meets in regular session of Wednesday evening on or before the full moon of each month. W. M., J. M. Harvey.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODDFELLOWS, Genoa Lodge No. 765, meets in regular session every Monday evening. F. M. Overaker, Sec., A. U. Schneider, N. G.

KNIGHTS OF THE GLOBE, GENOA Garrison No. 56, meets in regular session on the second and fourth Tuesday of each month. J. M. Harvey, Pres. E. H. Lane, Adj

GO TO

Merritt & Hadsall

for all grades of

HARD COAL

PRICES DELIVERED,

\$6.50 to \$7.00 per ton.

SOFT COAL,

PRICES DELIVERED,

\$2.75 to \$5.00 per ton.

G. C. ROWAN AND EUGENE OLMSTEAD, AGENTS
The Farmer' Mutual,
OF KINGSTON.

ROCKFORD Steam Laundry Co.,

Leave order, and have work called or every Wednesday morning, at the

Genoa Barber Shop.

AL. U. SCHNEIDER,
Proprietor.

HARD TIMES

Prices have been reduced to suit the hard times on
WATCHES,
CLOCKS,
JEWELRY.

ALBERT HAGOPEAN

Buy now and Save Money.

IN REPAIRING

Have had 17 years' experience and guarantee all work.

Mordoff Building, - Genoa.

O. BECKINGTON

AUCTIONEER
and Real Estate Agent.

Farm sales a specialty. Satisfaction guaranteed or no charges made. Leave orders at this office or address

O, BECKINGTON,
Boone Co. Belvidere,
Telephone No. 51.

ROCKFORD Business College

THE GREAT

Model School of Business

Still Leads in

NORMAL, SHORTHAND, and BUSINESS METHODS.

Open all the year. Students helped to lucrative positions when competent.

ROCKFORD SCHOOL OF TELEGRAPHY

Is also turning out Successful Operatives.

Fall Opening. - Monday, Sept. 3, 1894. Commencement and Reunion, Sept. 7, 1894.

Send for new Catalogue No. 13.
WINANS & JOHNSON,
Main Street, Rockford, Ill.

DR. TALLERDAY'S

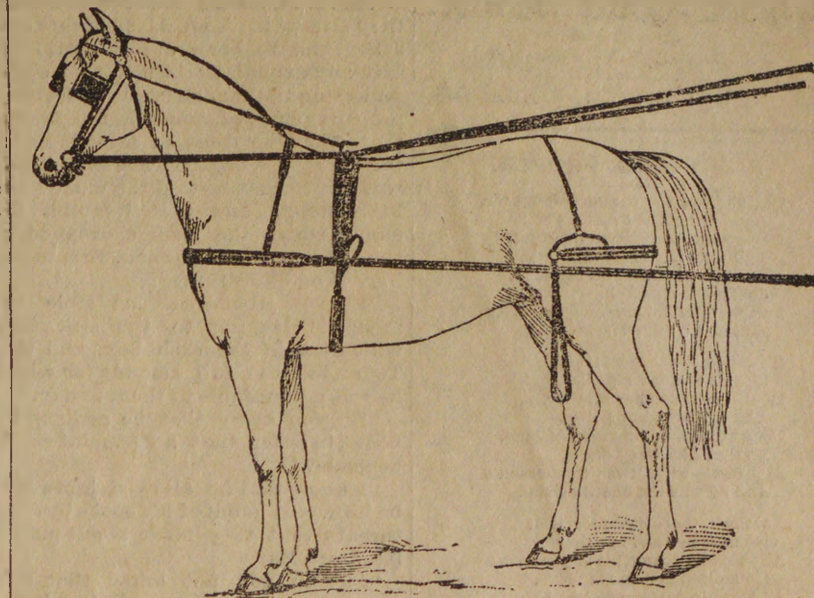


FEMALE TONIC
ENCOURAGING WORDS.

I had been in a miserable state of health for a long time and was discouraged, feeling that little or nothing could be done to make myself any better, much less restore my health, but a few bottles of Dr. Tallerdays' Female Tonic did it to the surprise of myself and acquaintances. My little boy was badly debilitated after a fit of sickness, and it seemed he would never gain strength—by giving him the Tonic his appetite was restored, he became strong and healthy in a short time. A gentleman of my acquaintance has been entirely cured of a bad case of dyspepsia by using Dr. Tallerdays' Female Tonic.

MRS. WM. WALKER,
921 Union Street, Beloit, Wis
For Sale by F. T. Robinson, H. H. Slater and F. E. Wells, Genoa.

For Everything
In This Line



COME AND SEE ME, I WILL SAVE YOU MONEY.

H. A. KELLOGG.

A Large Saving.

Don't forget that there is a large saving to you in buying

FOOTWEAR AT

JOHN LEMBKE'S,

He will Save You money on the cost of the shoe, Save you from mortification by giving the most stylish shoe that is made, and save you from the torture occasioned by an ill-fitting shoe.

Ladies if you want a plain toe slipper or an Oxford tie, or anything in russett goods, give me a call. I have a large stock to select from and can please you in style and price.

Yours Very Respectfully,

JOHN LEMBKE.

Repairing neatly Done.

Do You

Take A Good Photograph?

No ?

Call at

Clark's Art Gallery, Sycamore,

..... His Pictures tell their own story, and will
..... please you no matter how skeptical you are.....

Our Crayon Portraits Are all the Go.

FRAMES Do you want one? We have on hand 150 ready made frames, and the Largest line of Mouldings to be seen outside of Chicago. Visit us.

OF COURSE YOU USE

GROCERIES

and of Course you want the

THE VERY BEST

GROCERIES

That you can buy for the money.

We carry a complete line of the Best Grades of

Canned Fruits, Vegetables,

TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES, ETC., and the

BEST IN THE WORLD Pillsbury's Flour.

Try a Sack and you'll use no other.

A. CRAWFORD & SONS.

PLATES \$8.

Geo. E. Smith, Dentist, will visit Genoa every Wednesday. Will come prepared to do plate work or filling. Office hours twelve o'clock a. m. to 5 p. m. Office at the City Hotel Parlors, Main Street.

PAINLESS EXTRACTION.

A. M. HILL, M. D.

Office over Lane's jewelry store. Hours, 6:30 to 8 p. m., 12:30 to 2 p. m. Residence on State st. Calls promptly attended day or night.

Council Proceedings.

GENOA, ILL., July 19, 1894.

A special meeting was called for the purpose of allowing bills. President Stott in the chair and Trustees John Riddle, Burton, Stiles and Wyde present.

The following bills were read and approved by the finance committee:

John Fair, sidewalk.....	\$655 80
O. Buckle, labor.....	3 50
M. Ide, labor.....	1 75
John Riddle, tile and labor.....	21 00
Chas Holroyd, labor.....	18 50
Genoa Band.....	25 00
Wm. Head, labor.....	36 50
Jas Smith, labor.....	4 87

On motion the bills were allowed. Adjourned. A. U. SCHNEIDER, Clerk.

AUGUST 10, 1894.

Board met in regular session with President Stott in the chair and trustees Riddle, Wyde, Abraham, Burton and Stiles present.

Minutes of last meeting were read and approved.

The following bills were read, referred to finance committee and ordered paid:

Wm. Evans, labor.....	\$ 12 75
F. O. Swan, draving.....	5 00
G. E. Sisley & Co. printing.....	9 85
Shirtlee & Holcomb, tile.....	16 10
Wm. Head, dirt and hauling.....	3 50
John Fair, on side walk acct.....	500 00
John Riddle, hauling.....	4 50
Chas. Holroyd, hauling.....	22 00

On motion the following ordinance was passed.

APPROPRIATION ORDINANCE NO. 75.

AN ordinance to provide for the financial appropriation for the current fiscal year.

Be it ordained by the President and Board of Trustees of the village of Genoa, Ill.

Sec. 1. That there be and the same is hereby ordered to be provided by the general tax levy for the current fiscal year, the sum of fifteen hundred dollars, (\$1500) for the following purposes:
Fees and salaries.....\$420 00
Streets and walks..... 580 00
Contingencies..... 500 00
making the total amount appropriated for the purposes aforesaid, fifteen hundred dollars.
Passed and approved August 10, 1894.

On motion ordinance was adopted as read.

Board adjourned.

A. U. SCHNEIDER, Clerk.

A Poor Outlook.

The following is a letter received by A. R. Cohoon from a nephew in the west, showing the condition of things there.

RAVENNA, NEB., August 1, 1894.

Dear Uncle and Aunt—Your kind letter received yesterday and in answer to your questions regarding crops will say they are a perfect failure in this section. Last year our crops were very poor; wheat and oats destroyed by hail, but had enough earned to partly carry me through. This spring we had a frost that killed all the fruit; did not have even a wild grape or plum. The drouth used up the wheat and oats; the corn grew to be three feet high but never tasseled out, and it is now dead. No straw or hay, and what puzzles me, is what people will do with their stock. I put in 50 acres of oats, 10 of wheat, and 145 acres of corn. All the feed we will have is corn fodder, of course there is some juice in the stalks but it is literally burned up.

I don't know just how long it has been since we had rain, but there is not one particle of moisture in the ground. I can't tell what I am going to do with my stock; I have 60 head of cattle, 20 head of horses, 110 hogs, or rather pigs. Horses are worth nothing here, can't give them away, and cattle of any size only 1 cent a pound, pigs the same, so you see it is pretty tough. Corn is worth 50 cents a bushel.

If there is any old corn there, what can a car load be bought for.

E. H. FARR,

Buffalo Co., Neb.

Bicycler's Notes,

Waukegan people own 300 bicycles worth \$24,000.

Bert Swanson will soon ride a 20 pound Columbian. DeKalb riders will have to change their pace.

Jack Shattuck sports a dandy new Phoenix bicycle which he bought of D. S. Brown.

Sycamore can have her adopted son Swanson, but Genoa is proud of her son Swanson. With his 20-pounder he will be in at the front.

M. E. Church Notes.

Camp meeting begins at "Camp Epworth," four miles east of Belvidere at noon, Wednesday Aug. 22.

There will probably be no preaching services in Genoa on camp meeting Sunday, but there may be in the afternoon at Charter Grove.

The funeral of Henry Crawford's youngest son was held at house at 2 o'clock Sunday. Rev. Howard in charge.

Prayer meeting will be held at Wm. S. Strong's at 7:30 p. m. Thursday. A very cordial invitation is given to both old and young to be present.

Choir will meet next Saturday night with Marguerite Cliffe.

To test the bell in its new position, it will be rung for services next Sunday morning.

The sickness of Dr. Robinson, and the absence of Prof. and Mrs. Overaker from the town, Mrs. Gibbs and Miss Patterson, made the choir feel lonesome last Sunday.

Sunday morning the pastor will preach regarding "The General Rules and their Scripture Authority."

The lecture by Dr. T. J. Leak, last Tuesday night, was a gem, view it from any point you may. It was literary without being "bookish"; humorous, but not silly; oratorical, but not heavy; patriotic without "slopping over," and everywhere pervaded by a spirit of piety characteristic of the most thorough culture and reverence. If the people would give a large hearing to such productions, their tastes would soon be so changed as to deliver us from many of the "entertainment leeches" that are continually sucking the money out of our town.

Devil's Lake.

Excursion to this wonderful and mysterious lake Tuesday, Aug. 21st. Round trip only \$1.50. Leave Henrietta 9:05. Herbert 9:15 a. m. Returning leave Cliff House at 7 p. m. Will leave Madison at 8 p. m. Tickets at the depot.

Ney Notes.

The buzz of the threshing machine is still heard in this vicinity, but the work is nearly done and the heart of the farmer is much lighter when he thinks of his granary heaping full of grain.

Miss Emma Hausline returned from a two week's sojourn in Iowa accompanied by Miss Williams of Cornway.

Miss Lila Chamberlain, of Chicago, has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. Cole Kitchen, the past week.

Mrs. Evans and grandson, of Chicago, are spending the summer with Ney friends.

Miss Gratia Williams, of Cornway, Iowa, is visiting with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. John Corson.

A jolly party of Ney people consisting of Mr. and Mrs. Milton Corson, Miss Gratia Williams, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Dorson and Mr. and Mrs. Everett Corson left for Delevan Lake Friday noon to take a short vacation and eat Wisconsin fish.

Mrs. Milton Corson entertained Mrs. A. E. Proctor, of N. C. and Mrs. E. P. Smith, of Chicago, last Wednesday.

The missionary tea at Mrs. Sturgiss' last Thursday was well attended and enjoyed by all.

Mrs. L. Robinson gave a party last Wednesday evening in honor of her granddaughter, Miss Waines. It was the young ladies birth day and company presented her with a handsome book case. The lawn was beautifully arranged, and was lighted by chinese lanterns. The young people reported a very pleasant evening and after bidding Miss Nellie good night they departed to their many homes.

COMING!

Marie Madison,

SUPPORTED BY.....

A FIRST-CLASS

Dramatic Comp'y

Including the Charming Little CHILD ACTRESS,

Hazel Bourne,

NEW PLAYS, MUSIC,

SINGING and DANCING.

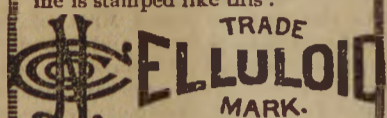
CRAWFORD'S HALL,

3 Nights Commencing **Thursday, August 16th.**



The Railroad Man, The Clergyman, The Business Man,

and all other men who have to look neat while at work, should know about "CELLULOID" COLLARS AND CUFFS. They look exactly like linen, wear well and being waterproof do not wilt down with heat and moisture. They do not soil easily and can be cleaned in a moment by simply wiping off with a wet sponge or cloth. Do not confuse these in your mind with composition goods. Every piece of the genuine is stamped like this:



Ask for these and refuse anything else if you wish satisfaction. Remember that goods so marked are the only waterproof goods made by coating a linen collar with waterproof "Celluloid," thus giving strength and durability. If your dealer should not have the "Celluloid" send amount direct to us and we will mail you sample post-paid. Collars 25c. each. Cuffs, 50c. pair. State size and whether stand-up or turned-down collar is wanted.

THE CELLULOID COMPANY,
427-29 Broadway, New York.

If you are in need of a

Piano, Organ,

Write to **T. H. GILL,**
of Marengo, and he will call on you.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILWAY

TIME CARD.

PASSENGERS EAST	GENOA	CHICAGO
No. 2, Vestibule.....	11:20 A. M.	1:10 P. M.
No. 4, Express.....	4:12 A. M.	7:00 A. M.
No. 32, Express.....	5:20 P. M.	7:30 P. M.
No. 34, Express.....	8:41 A. M.	10:30 A. M.
No. 36 Milk Train.....	7:35 A. M.	10:25 A. M.
No. 92, Way Freight.....	12:15 P. M.	7:05 P. M.

PASSENGERS WEST.	CHICAGO	GENOA
No. 1, Vestibule.....	3:45 P. M.	2:00 P. M.
No. 3, Express.....	2:02 A. M.	11:35 P. M.
No. 31, Express.....	10:57 A. M.	8:30 A. M.
No. 33 Express.....	8:50 P. M.	5:00 P. M.
No. 35, Milk Train.....	5:54 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
No. 91, Way Freight.....	4:08 P. M.	9:30 A. M.

No. 2 stops for Chicago passengers and leaves passengers getting on at or west of Rockford.
No. 32 stops only to take passengers for Chicago, and to leave passengers from Rockford, and beyond.
Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 daily through trains from Chicago to Sioux City. No. 31, Chicago to Freeport. No. 32, Waterloo to Chicago, and Nos. 33 and 34 between Chicago and Freeport and are daily except Sunday.
Nos. 35 and 36 daily milk Chicago and Rockford.
No. 1 stops only to leave passengers from Chicago and take on those for Rockford, Freeport and beyond.
Nos. 91 and 92, way freights, carry passengers daily except Sunday.
For all information about connections and through tickets apply to
E. Sisson, Agent

C. M. & St. PAUL

TIME CARD.

TRAINS GOING EAST.	LVE GENOA	ARR CHICAGO
No. 2.....	5:07 A. M.	7:15 A. M.
No. 4.....	7:45 a. m.	9:40 a. m.
No. 34.....	8:38 A. M.	10:35 A. M.
No. 26.....	12:04 P. M.	2:00 P. M.
No. 22.....	3:30 P. M.	5:30 P. M.
No. 92, frt.....	8:35 A. M.	Elgin 10:30 A. M.

TRAINS GOING WEST.	LVE CHICAGO	LVE GENOA.
No. 3.....	10:35 P. M.	12:34 A. M.
No. 21.....	8:30 A. M.	10:44 A. M.
No. 25.....	1:00 P. M.	3:14 P. M.
No. 35.....	4:00 P. M.	6:05 P. M.
No. 1.....	6:15 P. M.	8:05 P. M.

No. 14 34 and 85 run daily. No. 2 except Monday. No. 3 except Saturday. Nos. 21, 22, 25, 26 and 92 daily except Sunday. No. 2 and 4 stop on signal for Chicago passengers. No. 1 and 3 stop to let off Chicago passengers and pick up through passengers west, all other trains stop. No. 1 and 4 Omaha limited trains Close connections made for important points north and west through cars for St. Paul, Minneapolis and Sioux City. No. 2 and 3, Omaha, Kansas City and Cedar Rapids Express No. 25 and 26. Cedar Rapids, Dubuque Express. No. 21 and 22, Rockford and Janesville and local points. Through tickets to all important points in United States and Canada.
J. M. HARVEY Agent.

G. & N. W. R. R.

TIME AT HENRIETTA.

TRAITS GOING NORTH.	CHICAGO	ARR HENRIETTA.
Passenger.....	8 54 A. M.	
Passenger.....	5 40 P. M.	
Stock Freight.....	1 45 A. M.	

TRAITS GOING SOUTH.	HENRIETTA	ARR CHICAGO.
Freight.....	8 54 A. M.	
Passenger.....	2 05 P. M.	
Passenger.....	5 10 P. M.	
Milwaukee Freight.....	9 22 A. M.	
Stock Freight.....	10 25 P. M.	

A Harvest Time

For You

THOSE

80 c Grain Boots

Are Just What You Want.

Strong, Durable and Cheap.

F. E. WELLS

SELLS THEM

TIME is LIMITED.

There is a time in the affairs of every man when he should gird up his loins and

hustle

Seeking improvement in his general appearance. Now that Spring has quit cutting up capers with Winter and settled down to her proper atmospheric condition,

don't you know

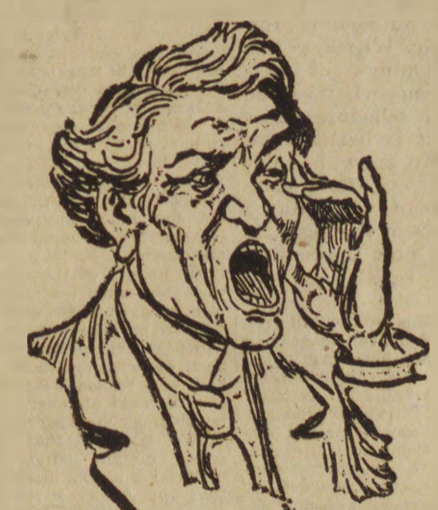
that a nobby spring suit would be just the thing, the kind that is made by

J. D. PAGE,

THE TAILOR

Guarantee Fit and Satisfaction.

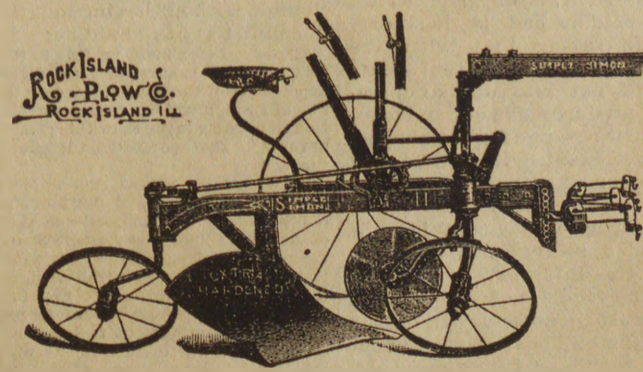
O YES.



YOU BET

I Know a Good Thing When

I SEE IT.



The SIMPLE Plow

Does its Work Thoroughly.

GIVES THE BEST SATISFACTION.

SOLD BY

JAS. KIERNAN.

THE HOUSE YIELDS.

Acting on the Caucus Decision It Passes the Senate Bill.

It Then Passes Separate Bills Placing Coal, Iron, Sugar and Barbed Wire on the Free List—The Proceedings.

END OF THE LONG FIGHT.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—A few minutes before noon the house democratic caucus passed a resolution, proposed by Speaker Crisp, advising the recess of the house to the senate bill, the introduction of separate bills making coal, iron, sugar and barbed wire free of all duties.

In the House.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—When the house met five minutes after the democratic caucus adjourned there were more members on the floor than at any time since the tariff bill was passed.

At 2:16 p. m. Mr. Catchings was recognized and presented the report of the rules committee providing for the immediate consideration and passage of the senate tariff bill, to be followed by the separate bills for sugar, coal, iron ore and barbed wire.

Mr. Reed made a parliamentary objection to the procedure, claiming that the tariff bill was not before the house, and indicated the republican intention to fight the bill and report in every proper way.

Speaker Crisp held that the resolution was in order and before the house. The previous question was ordered without division.

The Rule Adopted.

At 3:20 the motion on the adoption of the rule was put. Mr. Reed called for a division after Speaker Crisp had decided it was carried. The rule was adopted amid great shouts from the democrats by a vote of yeas, 188, nays, 3. The negative votes were cast by Messrs. Cockran and Warner (N. Y.) and Mr. Robertson (La.)—all democrats. The republicans did not vote.

The special order setting apart limited time for the consideration and vote on the senate amendments to the tariff bill, was adopted by a vote of yeas 176, to nays 97. Among the democrats who voted against the rule were Messrs. Capehart (W. Va.), Johnson (O.), Warner (N. Y.) and Robertson and Meyer (La.).

The house proceeded immediately to the consideration of the question of concurring in the senate amendments, on which two hours' debate was allowed, and Mr. Wilson (dem., W. Va.) proceeded to address the house.

Mr. Wilson's Speech.

Mr. Wilson said he did not pretend to feel gratified at the outcome of the prolonged controversy. Whatever the measure of shortcomings of this bill in its present form—whatever be its demerits in mere schedules—this he did know—that it is better than the McKinley law. He knew, he said, that in a part of it it does afford some relief to the taxpayers of this country and does clip the wings of the gigantic monopolies that are now oppressing them and blocking legislation. He continued:

"Take even those portions of the bill ever which this contest between the two houses has been waged: take from one and coal, upon which we have confronted, and to a certain extent, unsuccessfully confronted, the great railroad syndicates of the country; yet we have reduced them both nearly 50 per cent. below the McKinley law. Take the sugar schedule, over which the greatest of all the contests between the two houses has been waged. Vicious as it may be, burdensome to the people as it may be, favorable to the trust as it may be, it is less vicious, less favorable to the trust, less burdensome to the people, than is the McKinley law, under which this trust has grown so great as to overshadow with its power the American people. If for no other reason, then, those who believe that when they cannot take the full step which they desire, when they cannot do that which the people commissioned them to do, they must take the best they can and stop as far as they can may find some justification for an unsatisfying choice between the two bills."

Will Produce Sufficient Revenue.

In reply to Mr. Hudson (pop., Kan.), Mr. Wilson said he had no hesitancy whatever in saying that when the schedules of the bill, with the senate amendments, get into normal operation it will produce sufficient and more than sufficient revenue for the support of the government. He would add to the answer that perhaps in the beginning the bill will not produce as much revenue as will result from it later on under its ordinary working, because he was informed, whether it be true or not he did not know, that the sugar trust, in anticipation of the passage of the bill, has imported about \$100,000,000 worth, or, it has been said, even in excess of that quantity, of raw sugar.

Mr. Reed Is Humorous.

Mr. Reed (rep., Me.), the leader of the opposition, took the floor. He said his feelings were divided by two emotions. One, an emotion of regret for the democratic party, and for its position, and the other is a feeling of equal regret for the country in its position. So far as the gentleman from West Virginia was concerned, and his compatriots, there was not the slightest necessity of commenting on the difference between this scene of sorrow and the triumphal procession which carried him out of this house. He is not so joyous now, having been carried out in another branch, and more effectually. Mr. Reed continued:

"The gentleman from West Virginia and his compatriots appear before us now, not as the triumphant reformers marching to glory to the

sound of their own sweet voices. They are little babies in the wood, and it will be found pretty soon that they were left there by their uncle in the white house. And I can hear the coming of the pinions of the little birds bearing the ballots that are to bury them out of sight."

"But their fate is of small consequence. Their disappearance is the least of this event. I told this house, speaking on the tariff question, that one of the great misfortunes of this attempted action would be the fact that whatever basis was reached it would not be a permanent basis on which this country could do business; that that was only an effort on their part to do something, an effort which they were going to continue; and the gentleman from West Virginia (Mr. Wilson) signalizes his departure from history by talking about this being a step in the onward march. So, not even content with this senate bill, not even content with what attacks it makes upon industries, these men at the moment when they feel their personal discredit by submitting to the bill, announce to us that it is only the herald of the attacks upon the business industries of this country. Great God! Has not this country suffered enough during the last twelve months that these men should come and assure it that their ravages are to continue? I tell you that when the people of this country get an opportunity to express their opinion of you, you will listen to it more intently and with sadder hearts than you have to-day, even."

"We shall not write its epitaph. That has been done by a nearer and dearer personage. That has been done by the man whose name must be affixed to this bill before it can be a discreditable to the statute book. His name must be added to it. He tells you this bill is an instance of perfidy, injustice and dishonor. Out of your own household has come your condemnation. Nay, out of your own mouths has your condemnation come. For we shall read that bold and uncompromising declaration of the chairman of the committee on ways and means that we were to sit here until the end of our term to put down the sugar trust."

"What do we have instead? Why, we have a proposition to fire one of those popgun tariff bills for which the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. Springer) was deposed from the ways and means committee. His successor, after filling the atmosphere with his outspread wings, finds his nest in some other bird's premises."

"Why not resign if you were to adopt the action of the other person? I congratulate the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. Springer) upon his personal triumph. I wish I could congratulate the country upon something, and I will upon the speedy departure of incompetency."

Ex-Speaker Reed was then followed by Mr. McMillan (Tenn.), who criticized Mr. Reed for not disavowing the question at issue, and proceeded to point out, as he claimed, some good features of the senate bill—free wool, free lumber, free hemp, etc.—and the reductions in the general schedules. Mr. Burrows (rep., Mich.) spoke in the same vein as did Mr. Reed. He declared that the action of the caucus which the house was about to endorse was not compromise; it was unconditional surrender.

Cockran Is Heard.

Mr. Cockran (dem., N. Y.) made a strong protest against the consummation of this tariff legislation, which recalled his famous speech of protest at the Chicago convention. Mr. Cockran said:

"Mr. Speaker, it seems to me that the question before this house has been somewhat overlooked. The vital point at issue here is whether the American congress is to legislate or whether some unknown, unmentioned force can block the wheels of legislation and make the representatives of the people cower in the dust and surrender they know not to whom."

"On one momentous occasion the gentleman from West Virginia, borne upon affectionate and loyal shoulders, was the central figure of a demonstration which evidenced the depth of feeling throughout the American people, long pent up at that fondly considered the measure which obnoxious. To-day no more pathetic figure in the history of the world can be observed than that same leader, shorn of his support, walking down these aisles, disdainful to prevaricate or misrepresent the actual condition which confronts us, confessing that he has been deserted by those in whose support he had every reason to confide, asking us to record our betrayal of every principal which the gentleman under his leadership has maintained."

"We are told that three, four, five, six, seven or eight individuals have managed to make such a combination in the other branch that any change in its terms will be vital to the passage of the measure. If that be so, in the name of the American people, in the name of liberty and honor, let us know who they are."

"We are hopelessly discredited because our cowardice makes our surrender disgraceful."

"Mr. Speaker, I desire to state here that in my humble judgment the measure which we are now asked to pass is a more obnoxious protective measure than the McKinley act, which it is designed to supplant." (Cries of dissent on the democratic side and jeers.)

Mr. Cockran ridiculed the action of the house conferring in having gone forth to meet the senate conferees, and then having turned and fled at a shadow without having met the enemy in conflict at all. Said he:

"Thus you stab tariff reform in the house of its friends. You surrender the dignity and independence of the house to secure the passage of a bill which will so firmly entrench protection upon popular favor that this generation may never see another successful effort to overthrow it."

"If we are to swallow this whole obnoxious bill, then in the name of fair play, in the name of propriety, in the name of decency, in the name of American liberty and American freedom, let the gentleman from West Virginia (Mr. Wilson) tell us to whom we are surrendering, tell us who they are who constitute the new force in this government to which we are to pay tribute; tell us fully and without reserve the character of the action which he asks us to take, that we may judge the depth of the infamy into which we are invited to descend." (Applause.)

Speaker Crisp Takes the Floor.

Speaker Crisp was recognized amid much applause, Mr. Tracy (N. Y.) being in the chair. Mr. Crisp said he wished to publicly assume his full share of responsibility for the action about to be taken, and expressed the belief that it was in the best interest of tariff reform. He referred to the gentleman from New York (Mr. Cockran) as spending but little of his time in attending to the business of the house, and as indulging in pyrotechnics about principle while plain practical business men were seeking to obtain some relief for a suffering people. "Half a loaf is better than no bread." Therefore we will take the senate bill." Mr. Crisp, continuing, said:

"We will send to the senate crystallized into the form of acts passed in this hall bills making sugar free, making coal free, making iron

ore free and making barbed wire free. I want to say, so far as I am concerned, I was willing to continue the contest for a better bill so long as there was any hope of obtaining it. But when the conferees on the part of the house, in whom we have the utmost confidence, who are familiar with all the facts, tell us that in their judgment we must take this bill or be remitted to the penalties of the McKinley law, I do not hesitate a moment. I take the senate amendments."

"If there is a sugar trust in this country which is dominating legislation the republican party created it. And though this bill does not destroy that trust, as we wish it did, it takes away more than one-half of the protection to that trust."

"If there is a coal combine the legislation of the republican party built it up, and though we do not make coal free, in this bill, we reduce the duty from 75 cents to 40 cents. If there is a steel and iron combine the same remarks apply. Going through these schedules, while they are not all we wish, they are all we want the country to understand is the best we can now get. The moment we get this we intend to move forward; we do not intend there shall be any backward step in tariff reform."

Cockran Hits Back.

As the speaker closed Mr. Cockran (N. Y.), excitedly arose and asked to make a statement of personal privilege. There was great confusion. The chair declined to recognize the privilege as contrary to the special rules. Mr. Cockran persisted in his demand for a privilege statement, and with some asperity he said with reference to the speaker's reflections upon his absence that "it was an evidence of the growth of Georgia chivalry, since Alexander Stevens was replaced in the speakership by the present occupant of the chair."

The speaker disclaimed any intention of reflecting on Mr. Cockran, but the incident caused much confusion and it was many minutes before order could be restored.

Mr. Wilson Makes a Correction.

After this exciting scene Mr. Wilson arose and corrected a statement he had made in his opening to the effect that \$100,000,000 worth of raw sugar had been purchased by the sugar trust in anticipation of the passage of the sugar schedule of the senate bill. He had been mistaken, he afterward learned. The trust had purchased 448,000 tons.

"How much is that in dollars and cents?" called out a senator.

"About \$25,000,000," replied Mr. Wilson.

Mr. Wilson then demanded a vote on the resolution. Yeas and nays were then ordered. The vote on the motion to concur in the senate amendments and pass the bill resulted: Yeas, 192; nays, 105.

Coal on the Free List.

Mr. Wilson offered the first of the separate free list bills, in accordance with the resolution adopted by the caucus. It provided for the free admission upon its passage of bituminous coal, shale, slack and coke. The vote by tellers showed 78 for and 47 against. Mr. Reed raised the point of no quorum, and Mr. Wilson demanded a yeas and nays vote. The free coal bill was passed—yeas, 160; nays, 104; answering present, 1. Twenty-one democrats voted against the bill as follows: Alderson (W. Va.), Bankhead (Ala.), Boatner (La.), Burnes (Mo.), Crain (Tex.), Davey (La.), Deason (Ala.), Edmonds (Va.), Kribbs (Pa.), McKeig (Md.), Oates (Ala.), Reilly (Pa.), Robbins (La.), Swanson (Va.), Weadock (Mich.), Wheeler (Ala.) and Wise (Va.).

For Free Iron.

Mr. Wilson then said he was directed by the democratic caucus to present the bill placing iron ore on the free list. The bill was passed.

The democrats voting against free iron ore were:

Alderson (W. Va.), Bankhead (Ala.), Beltzhoover (Pa.), Boatner (La.), Davey (La.), Deason (Ala.), Edmonds (Va.), Meyer (La.), Oates (Ala.), Price (La.), Reilly (Pa.), Robbins (Ala.), Robertson (La.), Swanson (Va.), Weadock (Mich.), Wheeler (Ala.) and Wise (Va.).

Barbed Wire Made Free.

The vote to place barbed wire on the free list was: Yeas, 187; nays, 84. The following democrats voted against free barbed wire: Graham (N. Y.), Reilly (Pa.), Sperry (Conn.), Stevens (Mass.). Republicans voting for it were: Wilson (Wash.), Pickler (S. D.), Marsh (Ill.), Lucas (S. D.), Doolittle (Wash.). Mr. Laughen, of Wisconsin, was the only republican voting for free coal.

Sugar Discussion.

After the free sugar bill had been reported Mr. Robertson (dem., La.) offered an amendment reducing the bounties on sugar one-eighth yearly, from July 1, 1895, to July 1, 1901.

Mr. Price (dem., La.) said he would ask for consideration, even for pity, at this late day for 200,000 agriculturists threatened with destruction. If duties could not be retained he asked at least to leave the bounty this year.

Mr. Boatner (dem., La.) said the bounty was a legal obligation for this year.

Mr. Wilson concluded the discussion, charging that the republican party was responsible for the creation of the sugar trust and the power it had manifested in this contest. He expressed sympathy with the Louisiana men, saying he always had believed in a revenue tax on sugar, that the agriculturists were welcome to the incidental protection therefrom, and he stood ready to cooperate with his colleagues in giving a revenue tax.

Free Sugar Adopted.

The yeas and nays were then ordered. The republicans, as stated, joined with the democrats in voting for the free sugar bill. It passed, 276 to 11. This was the largest affirmative yeas and nays vote ever cast in the house of representatives. Those who voted in the negative were:

Messrs. Boatner, Davey, Moyer, Ogden, Price and Robertson (dems., La.); Everett and Stevens (dems., Mass.); Harmer and Rayburn (reps., Pa.), and Sperry, dem., Conn.).

The house then adjourned until Wednesday.

MANY KILLED.

Frightful Record Made by the Railroads.

Wrecks on the Rock Island and Santa Fe Roads Result in the Death of Twenty-Six Persons.

WORK OF TRAIN WRECKERS.

LINCOLN, Neb., Aug. 13.—Train No. 8, an accommodation train on the Rock Island road, called the "Fort Worth accommodation," was wrecked Thursday night 4 miles from this city by being thrown from a high trestle that crosses Salt creek to the ravine below. It is due to arrive here at 9:40 p. m. Thursday night it was about ten minutes late and was making up time, when it struck the trestle the rails immediately spread and the engine, drawing the two cars after it, went thumping along over the cross-ties for about 50 feet and then with a crash it fell 40 feet to the bed of the creek below. The engine burst and glowing coals ignited the wooden supports and the coaches behind it, and in a few moments the bridge, dry as tinder from its long exposure to the sun, was one mass of flames.

The coaches piled one on top of the other were soon a seething mass of flames and many imprisoned amid the broken timbers of the cars were cremated. Twenty-four bodies were recovered from the wreck. The list of injured is large.

The police have arrested a colored man named George Davis, who is suspected of wrecking the train. Shortly after the wreck he applied to a hackman and asked to be driven up-town, saying he had been on the train and lost his coat. He was seen with a crowbar near the place where the wreck occurred, it is asserted. The police say they have evidence sufficient to convict. His motive is not known.

A Fatal Wreck.

FORT MADISON, Ia., Aug. 14.—Express and mail trains Nos. 4 and 5 on the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe road collided at 3 o'clock Sunday morning near Gibbs, Mo. Two were killed and several hurt. Both trains were running at high speed. The baggage, mail and express cars were demolished. The killed are George Coplinger, of Chicago, express messenger on train No. 5, and E. R. Humphreys, of Kansas City, engineer of train No. 4. The injured are:

Daniel Daly, Fort Madison, Ia., engineer No. 5, shoulder badly hurt; E. E. Derrick, Chicago, baggage man No. 5, cut and bruised, may die; R. E. Dutcher, Chicago, mail clerk; Walter Durbin, Milwaukee, ankle out; C. N. Elliott, Chicago, mail clerk; Martin Fogarty, Fort Madison, fireman No. 5, badly burned; Holmes, Fort Madison, brakeman No. 5, head smashed; Justin McCarthy, Chicago, badly bruised; Dan Millsburgh, Englewood, Ill., baggage man No. 4, hurt internally, may die; F. P. Skyles, fireman No. 4, slightly hurt.

Conductor Clegren was in charge of No. 5, west bound. He handed his order to the Associated Press reporter, which clearly showed that the two trains were to meet at Gibbs. The officials of the Santa Fe here say the conductor and engineer of train No. 4 were responsible for the accident, having disobeyed telegraphic orders to meet train No. 5 at Gibbs station. The conductor of No. 4 says he entirely overlooked the orders. The damage to property will not exceed \$14,000.

DISTILLERIES CLOSED.

Whisky Trust Leaves But Five in Operation—Wheat Used in Place of Corn.

PEORIA, Ill., Aug. 14.—Vice President Beggs, of the Distilling and Cattle-Feeding company, who is in charge of affairs at headquarters in this city, says that the company has closed twelve distilleries, leaving the Great Western, Peoria, Shufeldt and Riverdale at Chicago and the Consolidated at Cincinnati the only ones in operation. Mr. Beggs looks for all of these except the Riverdale to close during the present week. It is necessary for the company to run the Riverdale the year around, regardless of prices of material, on account of the compressed yeast business. The Great Western is now using wheat in the manufacture of highwines. Wheat can be secured cheaper than corn, thus reducing the cost of the raw material. As long as the present high prices of corn maintain wheat will be used.

CHOLERA IS GAINING.

Gallia, East Prussia and Holland Being Ravaged by the Plague.

BERLIN, Aug. 14.—Cholera is slowly but steadily spreading westward. The disease has obtained a foothold in nineteen Russian provinces, where deaths by hundreds are recorded daily. Cholera exists in seventeen districts of Galicia and scores of deaths from the disease take place every day in that section. In East Prussia, especially in Danzig, the situation grows worse in spite of the closing of the frontier at Gollub on the river Drezwen, opposite Dobrzyu, Poland. According to official report cholera bacilli have been found floating in the river Vistula, and a number of fatal cases are also privately reported from Holm and Gollub. The rest of Germany appears to be free from cholera, although a few spasmodic cases have occurred here and there.

Zimmerman's New Record.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—At the Herne Hill grounds Arthur J. Zimmerman, the champion bicyclist, rode against the English quarter-mile record, 31 2/5 seconds. He succeeded in breaking it, doing the distance in 30 4/5 seconds.

AN AWFUL RECORD.

Murders and Suicides Reported from Various Places.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 10.—Henry Baker, aged 50 years, committed suicide Tuesday by jumping head first from the window of his room on the second floor at the corner of Ninth and Morgan. He had been sick of consumption for a long time and it is supposed he had wearied of existence.

OTTUMWA, Ia., Aug. 9.—One of the bloodiest tragedies ever known in this part of the state took place Wednesday at Chariton and as a result one victim and the murderer are dead and two victims are dying. W. D. Jenkins, baggage master and special policeman for the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy road at Chariton, at noon walked over to his former boarding place, the home of Mrs. Julia Murphy, shot her daughter Julia, his sweetheart, Julia's sister Josie, her mother and then sent a bullet through his own brain. No one will ever know the incidents leading up to the tragedy nor the immediate cause, for when the neighbors rushed in after hearing the pistol shots Josie Murphy and Jenkins were dead and the other victims were unconscious, lying in pools of blood.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 9.—A suicide and probable double murder occurred at 1214 Montgomery avenue Wednesday morning. William Evans, aged 29 years, shot and killed Louis Hecht, of the same age, put a bullet into his own wife, Eva, and then committed suicide. The woman is seriously wounded. Evans and his wife had been separated for some time and the latter had been living with Hecht at the place where the shooting occurred.

TELSA, I. T., Aug. 10.—At the scene of the Shawnee war dance, which has been running for five days on Hominy creek, 11 miles north of here, Frank Sennit, a business man of Sennit, O. T., and Lon Kennedy, of Oolagah, Cherokee nation, quarreled. Kennedy fired two shots at Sennit, both of which went through his heart, but before he fell from his horse, dead, he cocked his Winchester and, with a well-directed shot, killed Kennedy, who is supposed to have been a whisky peddler.

SCOTSDALE, Pa., Aug. 11.—Lizzie Daniels, aged 14 years, of Bridgeport, Pa., shot and instantly killed Mary Weaver, 16 years of age, Wednesday evening. The girls got into a quarrel about a swing and the Daniels girl became so enraged that she pulled a .32-caliber revolver and fired, the ball entering the Weaver girl's brain above the right eye. The Daniels girl has been arrested and placed in jail.

CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—A young woman known as May Hastings, occupying a room in the Great Northern hotel, committed suicide by taking morphine. She was recently deserted by her lover, who is said to be a prosperous book-maker, and this it is believed caused her to commit self-murder.

ITS CHARTER IN PERIL.

Quo Warranto Proceedings Begun Against Pullman Company.

CHICAGO, Aug. 14.—Saturday afternoon Attorney General Maloney appeared in the office of the circuit clerk of Cook county and filed a petition covering sixty pages of typewritten legal cap for a bill in equity against the Pullman Palace Car company, calling upon it to show cause why it should not be prohibited from further doing business under the laws of the state. The petition sets forth that it has violated the franchises conferred upon it by the state in numerous particulars and lays stress upon the fact that it is conducting a hotel business and a real estate business at Pullman without warrant of law.

The Pullman company is charged with illegally owning a controlling interest in the Allen Paper Car Wheel company, and with wrongfully exercising the powers of a municipal corporation in furnishing dwellings, light, water, heat and provisions to the residents of Pullman. The petition also charges that in the possession of the real estate and buildings in Pullman and Chicago outside its manufacturing plant, and for other purposes than the transaction of its lawful chartered business, it is violating its corporate rights. The holding of a majority of stock in the Union Foundry and Pullman Car Wheel company, is made a parallel charge to that in reference to the Allen Paper Car Wheel company.

The court is informed that the company has not regarded the limitations as to its holding of real estate, but has usurped the right to buy and own large tracts in and about Chicago, and has erected churches, schoolhouses, theaters, hotels and dwelling houses and a business block. This property is being rented for large sums, the petition recited, and it is averred that such holdings and rentals are violations of the conditions of the charter, not being necessary for the prosecution of its business.

Stakes of \$95,000.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Aug. 10.—The Terre Haute fair has added a \$95,000 free-for-all trot to its big race programme, which begins Monday. It marks an era in trotting, as never before in the history of the sport has one association hung up \$95,000 of purses and stakes to be decided in one week. The four leading stakes are \$24,000, \$11,500 and \$11,000 each.

A DETROIT BUILDER.

He Tells a Remarkable Story of His Life.

CAME TO DETROIT ABOUT FORTY YEARS AGO.

Levi Elsey's Experience Worthy Serious Attention.

[From the Detroit Evening News.]

Away out Gratiot Avenue, far from the din and turmoil of the business center, there are many attractive homes. The intersecting streets are wide, clean and shaded by large leaf-covered trees, and the people you meet are typical of industry, economy and honest toil.

"I have seen Detroit grow from a village to a city," he observed yesterday in conversation with the writer, "and I don't think there are many towns in America to-day equal to it in point of beauty. I know almost everybody in the city, and an incident which recently happened in my life has interested all my friends.

"It is now about eight years ago since I was stricken down with my first case of illness. One cold, blustering day I was down town and through my natural carelessness at that time I permitted myself to get chilled right through. When I arrived home that evening I felt a serious pain in my left leg. I bathed it that night, but by morning I found it had grown worse. In fact, it was so serious that I sent for my family physician, and he informed me that I was suffering from varicose veins. My leg swelled up to double its natural size and the pain increased in volume. The agony was simply awful. I was laid up and never left my bed for eight weeks. At times I felt as though I would grow frantic with pain. My leg was bandaged and was propped up in the bed at an angle of 30 degrees in order to keep the blood from flowing to my extremities.

"I had several doctors attending me, but I believe my own judgment helped me better than theirs. After a siege of two months I could move around, still I was on the sick list and had to doctor myself for years. I was never really cured and suffered any amount of anguish.

"About two years ago I noticed an article in the Evening News about my friend, Mr. Northrup, the Woodward Avenue merchant. In an interview with him he stated that he had used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and that they cured him. I knew him very well, having built his house out on Woodward Ave., and I thought I would follow his suggestion. I must confess I did so with marvelous success. From the time I began to take the Pink Pills I felt myself growing to be a new man. They acted on me like a magical stimulant. The pain departed and I soon was as strong and healthy as ever. Before trying the Pink Pills I had used any amount of other medicine without any noticeable benefit. But the Pills cured me and I was myself again.

"When a person finds himself relieved and enjoying health he is apt to expose himself again to another attack of illness. Some three months ago I stopped taking the Pink Pills, and from the day I did so I noticed a change in my condition. A short time since I renewed my habit of taking them with the same beneficial results which met me formerly. I am again nearly as strong as ever, although I am a man about 55 years of age. I tell you, sir, the Pink Pills are a most wonderful medicine, and if they do as well in other cases as they did in mine they are the best in the world. I freely recommend them to any sufferer."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an infallible specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effect of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness either in male or female. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent postpaid on receipt of price (50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50—they are never sold in bulk or by the 100) by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

"You are nothing but a big bluff," remarked the river to the bank. "Is that so?" retorted the bank. "If I take a notion to come down on you your name will be mud." - Indianapolis Journal.

LETTER carriers may be seen collecting letters at midnight, but this doesn't explain why some late mails don't arrive till near morning. - Philadelphia Times.

HE—"You are the one girl among a thousand." She—"I didn't suppose there had been more than a dozen or so." - Indianapolis Journal.

If matches are made in heaven, let us hope some of our pugilists will get there, and soon. They seem unable to make them here. - Puck.

WHENEVER there is any doubt about a dog's sanity, an ounce of lead is worth a pound of cure. - Tammany Times.

"Isn't it funny, Mamma," said little Tommy the other night, "that the wind doesn't blow the fire flies out?" - Puck.

It only takes four quarters to get the moon full, a fact that causes envy to rankle in the breast of a great many people.

THE difference between an epicure and a gourmet is that one's a mighty diner and the other's a dynamiter.

THERE is a time when the laziest man can hurry. It is when the train stops ten minutes for refreshments.

THE young man who has no aim in life will sooner or later fall into the ditch. - Ram's Horn.

SOME people are so constituted that they can never see the bright side of anything but a dollar.

THE schoolboy thinks that a switch in the hand would be twice as good in the bush.

By the sunshine of prosperity many people are sunstruck. - Puck.

KEEP your conscience, but not your farm, void of a fence.

TWIN brothers may be eccentric, but they are never odd.

THE BUSINESS SITUATION.

Condition of Trade Throughout the Country - R. G. Dun & Co.'s Report.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.-R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

The advance in corn discloses a general belief that the injury to this most important crop has been so great as to affect materially the traffic of railroads, the demand for manufactured products, and the cost of meats for the coming years. Unless the markets deceive and are entirely deceived our country will have to face a real calamity in the loss of something like 500,000,000 bushels of corn and this loss consumers have to share through the advance of 14 cents in two weeks and 9 cents since Friday of last week. Neither official, nor unofficial statements as yet preclude the hope that the loss may prove less serious, but at current prices 1,500,000,000 bushels would cost as much as 2,000,000,000 bushels would have cost a fortnight ago. Wheat has risen 3 1/2 cents in the fortnight and 2 1/2 during the week, although western receipts have been 5,228,123 bushels, against 3,162,094 last year. Atlantic exports are still about half as large as a year ago, 1,899,485 bushels, against 2,734,784 last year.

Pork products are a little stronger, as is natural. Cotton has twice risen and again declined a sixteenth, with increasing prospects of a very large yield, closing without change for the week. The Iron and Steel Manufacturer records a great increase of nearly 30,000 tons in weekly output in July and the production is 115,360 tons weekly, about 11,000 tons less than in April, but 8,000 tons more than a year ago, when the prostration had nearly reached its worst. The decrease in unsold stocks was only 6,187 tons for the month, showing a consumption in manufacture not quite equal to the present output. Prices sustain this view, having changed only in the direction of weakness; the disappointing demand for finished products is still the main factor.

The failures for the five weeks ended August 1 showed liabilities of \$11,144,718, of which \$5,626,594 were of manufacturing and \$5,518,124 of trading concerns. The failures during the last week have been 251 in the United States, against 304 last year, and 64 in Canada against 25 last year.

UNDER THE LASH.

A Woman Whipped by Masked Men in West Virginia.

GRANTVILLE, W. Va., Aug. 13.-At a lonely place near Minnor, in the Washington district, forty masked men raided the cabin of a lone woman named "Sis" King, of doubtful reputation, and dragged the terrified woman from her bed in her night-dresses. The raiders stripped her, and while one man held her hands the other thirty-nine took turns at giving her two blows each with hickory switches over her bare back. After she had been given seventy-eight cuts she was left senseless on the ground.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING.

Seven Ball Players Meet a Frightful Death at De Kalb, Tex.

DE KALB, Tex., Aug. 13.-About 3 o'clock Friday afternoon a crowd of boys and men met in a small prairie 9 miles south of town and began to play baseball. A shower came up and they all ran to a large oak. Lightning struck the tree and the following were killed outright: John Jacobs, Walter Athley, Thomas Blanchard, William Hentley, John Jackson, Chris Petty and William Waise. About a dozen others were hurt and it is thought some of them will die.

RECOGNIZE THE REPUBLIC.

The President Has Sustained Minister Willis in the Hawaiian Question.

NEW YORK, Aug. 9.-A World dispatch from Washington says: "The republic of Hawaii has been formally recognized by the United States through the president and the secretary of state. The provisional government, proclaimed January, 1893, when the queen was dethroned, was succeeded on July 4, a little more than a month ago, by a republican form of government. On the day following Minister Willis' extended recognition, so far as it was within his power, to the new republic. The action taken by the minister was reported to the state department in dispatches received on July 30, which were immediately transmitted to congress."

THANKS THE SOLDIERS.

Gov. Altgeld Has Kind Words for Illinois Militiamen.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Aug. 13.-Gov. Altgeld has issued an order officially thanking the officers and men of the Illinois national guard for their efficient services during the late strike. He says that no standing army ever acted with more celerity in any country. "You have again demonstrated," says the governor, "as was done in the '00's, that a citizen soldiery coming from an intelligent and free people and imbued with a high sense of the duty of citizenship is the best in the world."

The Great Relay Race Ended.

DENVER, Col., Aug. 13.-The relay race reached the city at 10:37 a. m. Sunday. The time consumed in carrying the message from Washington to this city, a distance of 2,025 miles, was 6 days, 10 hours and 37 minutes, a gain of 37 hours and 23 minutes over scheduled time, breaking all records. A. D. Black took the bag from the last relay rider at the courthouse steps and delivered to Gov. Waite a message from President Cleveland, and to Gen. McCook one from Greeley. Both recipients immediately telegraphed acknowledging receipt of the message.

A Servant Girl Perishes in a Fire Near Elkhorn, Wis.

ELKHORN, Wis., Aug. 11.-By the burning of the summer cottage of Mr. Charles E. Hollenbeck, of Rockford, at Landerdale lakes, 6 miles north of here, a servant girl named Sadie Fallon, of Rockford, was burned to death. Mrs. Hollenbeck was severely burned and her spine injured. Her mother, Mrs. Brown, had her hip and ankle broken and may die from her injuries. The fire was caused by the falling of a hanging lamp, the flames spreading so quickly the inmates only escaped by jumping from the windows.

OLD CUSTOMS IN VIRGINIA.

The Manners of a Hundred Years Ago Still Found in Some Places.

The genuine, untouched Virginia of to-day has often been declared to be the most complete survival of eighteenth century England now in existence. There are certain eighteenth century customs and phrases and manners in common use here that have not been heard of in a hundred years in England. One of the quaintest is a custom of the road which died out in England when the post road and the traveling chariot went out of vogue.

In those days it was considered almost an affront for one traveling in a carriage to drive past another going the same way. The traveling class was made up generally of the rich and leisurely, and as they bowed along in their coaches to have another coach dash by and give back its dust, and perhaps incite the coachman to race, was considered highly indecorous. To "take one's dust" was a common expression of contempt. The custom was not without its uses in its day. But will it be believed that at the close of the nineteenth century this etiquette of the road is rigidly maintained, and that among well-bred people each equipage has to take the gait of the slowest?

True it is, some iconoclasts and outsiders drive past their fellow travelers without compunction. But they, therefore, prove their claims to be called iconoclasts and outsiders. When it is a very pressing case, an apology is called out such as, "Pray, excuse me, but my horse is restless," or "I am in haste to catch the boat," or something of the kind. But to drive ruthlessly ahead without a word of apology is considered the acme of ill breeding.

The roads in this part of the world are not interesting, except for their natural beauty, as the people of wealth, following their English ancestors in practice, sought a proud seclusion for their houses. Only the poorest people built their homes on the main road, and one may travel from one end of this fair country to the other and not find a single handsome residence on the public highway. There was another and very practical reason for adorning this public highway. Every man's house was at the service of every man, woman and child in the country.

An Arab hospitality obtained and was enjoyed to the full. The people who had undesirable homes were always willing to bestow their company upon their more fortunate neighbors, so that it wouldn't do to be too convenient to the main arteries of travel. Especially was this so when a visit from a family meant the entertaining of two coach horses, a coachman and a maid, for the negroes went visiting with the white people and enjoyed it just as much. Hospitality was one of their great virtues, and is still, for those people excel in social virtues, and this particular virtue costs little.

It only meant the killing of half a dozen more chickens for dinner, when there were hundreds, perhaps, scratching about in the poultry yard; and the gardens were overgrown with vegetables for which there was neither sale nor consumption. There were ice-houses full of ice and meadows full of cows, and ice cream was manufactured in a big tin bucket, turned about in a keg of ice and salt. It took two women and a man and a boy to make ice cream, but it took that many to do everything.

The icehouses are among the most picturesque features in the landscape here. A great mound of earth, thirty or forty feet high, was thrown up around a place that was bricked up and looked like a gigantic well. This was finished at the top by a circular roof. The sides of the mound were graded and turfed, and made nice places for boys and girls to roll down when the short, slippery grass was wet. - Chicago Times

THE MARKETS.

Table listing market prices for various commodities including LIVE STOCK, FLOUR, WHEAT, CORN, SHEEP, BUTTER, EGGS, and LUMBER across different cities like NEW YORK, CHICAGO, and KANSAS CITY.

A Marvellous Showing.

The U. S. Government, through the Agricultural Department, has been investigating the baking powders for the purpose of informing the public which was the purest, most economical and wholesome.

The published report shows the Royal Baking Powder to be a pure, healthful preparation, absolutely free from alum or any adulterant, and that it is greatly stronger in leavening power than any other brand.

Consumers should not let this valuable information, official and unprejudiced, go unheeded.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

A FUGITIVE embezzler from Cologne is reported as on his way to this country. The detectives are understood to be on the scent.

Were You Ever South in Summer?

It is no hotter in Tennessee, Alabama, or Georgia than here, and it is positively delightful on the Gulf Coast of Mississippi and West Florida. If you are looking for a location in the South go down now and see for yourself. The Louisville & Nashville Railroad and connections will sell tickets to all points South for trains of August 7th at one fare round trip. Ask your ticket agent about it, and if he cannot sell you excursion tickets write to C. P. Atmore, General Passenger Agent, Louisville, Ky.

"Did you invite Susie to come and see you?" Blossie-"Yes: I told her she must come over and stay all night some day."

"Valley, Plain and Peak."

An art book of Northwestern scenes, from photographs, over 100 reproductions and colored etchings, with descriptions, elegantly printed, sent to any address for 10 cents in postage. Contains more artistic features and general information than many of the high-priced art publications now on sale. Address F. I. Whitney, G. P. & T. A., Great Northern Railway, St. Paul, Minn.

TERTIOS is high in the school of experience, but the instructor is thorough. - Ram's Horn.

A FAIR lady becomes still fairer by using Glenn's Sulphur Soap. Hull's Hair and Whisker Dye, 50 cents.

STNDAY is a good day for writing letters, and Monday is a good day to forget to mail them. - Picayune.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is a Constitutional Cure. Price 75c. The man who always does his best can always do better next time. - Presbyterian.

Be careful how you go abroad in raiment that is new. Because a sudden little shower may get the drop on you. - Truth.

Lively as a Trout

Is the individual who after a long siege finds himself liberated from the close blockade of the enemy, constipation. Many persons of a bilious habit are troubled with constriction of the bowels. They always find relief, and that speedily, without gripping or trouble of any sort, from Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a remedy also for malaria, dyspeptic, rheumatic or kidney affections.



A BUSINESS WOMAN

or a woman who works, sooner or later has to build up her strength with Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. If you suffer from backache, nervousness, fainting-spells, or sleeplessness, take the "Prescription." It is woman's special tonic and nerve.

It's a medicine that builds up, invigorates, regulates, and cures. It lessens the pains and burdens of child-bearing.

If it doesn't benefit or cure, in "female complaints" and weaknesses, you have your money back.

Dr. R. V. Pierce: Dear Sir-I have taken the "Favorite Prescription" and I can recommend it to any body that suffers with any female disease. I have tried several doctor's prescriptions but none did me the good that yours did. Yours respectfully,

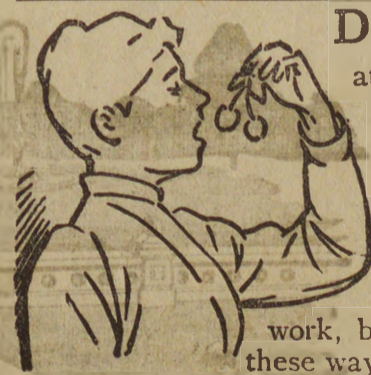
Spattie Perry Post Mistress, Sherrer Hill, Dallas Co., Tex.



STOP AND THINK HOW YOU CAN REDUCE LABOR AND THE WEAR OF CLOTHES BY USING

SANTA CLAUS SOAP BEST PUREST AND MOST ECONOMICAL.

Sold everywhere made by THE N.K. FAIRBANK COMPANY CHICAGO.



Don't make two bites

at a cherry. What's the use of taking one thing for coarse, and another for fine, washing. Pearlina will do it all. For washing wood-work, tinware, silver, marble, glass, dishes, carpets, or anything you can think of, Pearlina is the best. It saves not only work, but wear. Let it help you in all these ways. You musn't think that the easy washing of clothes is all that Pearlina is made for.

Send it Back Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearlina." IT'S FALSE-Pearlina is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearlina, be honest-send it back. JAMES PYLE, New York.

THE POT INSULTED THE KETTLE BECAUSE THE COOK HAD NOT USED

SAPOLIO

GOOD COOKING DEMANDS CLEANLINES\$. SAPOLIO SHOULD BE USED IN EVERY KITCHEN.

ELY'S CREAM BALM CURES CATARRH PRICE 50 CENTS, ALL DRUGGISTS

A. N. K.-A 15 WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE state that you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

KINGSTON.

The annual union Sunday School picnic was held at Stuart's Park north of town last Wednesday. There was a large attendance, and the Sunday schools of North Kingston, Herbert Davis, Genoa, Kingston, Kirkland and Brush Point were in attendance. The exercises were held in the afternoon. They consisted of music by the various schools, remarks by the pastors, a flag drill by part of the M. E. Sunday school of this place. The Kingston Cornet Band furnish a few good pieces of music, which donated its services, in order to derive all profits possible from the picnic. Another attraction in the afternoon was a ball game between the Kingston and Sycamore nines, which resulted in a score of 16 to 20 in favor of Kingston. Both nines were well satisfied with the game especially with the umpiring of R. S. Dow, of Sycamore, after finishing up Sycamore they gave Kirkland team a defeat sufficient to last them until next year, in three innings.

The Epworth League will have charge of the services at the M. E. church next Sunday evening.

The Misses Haight, of New Milford, have been visiting the family of L. G. Merrill.

A good time was indulged in by a large crowd of people at the lawn social last Saturday night which was held at the residence of Frank Lettows.

Mrs. H. L. Shorly gave a party in honor of her brother, Marcus Zuercher, of Chicago, last Saturday evening, at the residence of Leonard Arner east of town. A large number of his friends were present.

O. W. Vickell and wife took in the excursion to Rock Island last Sunday. He states that the steamer got stuck in the mud while she was making the trip.

very dance tomorrow night.

Calvin Sargent has just closed a deal with James Bell, of this place whereby he gets Mr. Bell's farm, of 86 acres, in east Kingston for the consideration of \$4,500.

Ola Swanson has rented the Poust homestead, east of town and will move there soon.

Geo. Dye has become the possessor of a new wheel lately purchased of his uncle, J. H. Uplinger.

Ed Nelson, of DeKalb, who studied telegraphy here for some time, accepted the position as night operator at Monroe for about a month.

W. S. Poust sprained his ankle, one day last week, when he jumped from his wagon.

The drought has been broken in this section of the country. We have had two showers in a week.

There is a large demand for farms this year, and it is doubtful if the demand will be supplied. Why don't some of the old farmers retire and rent their farms.

Two men have been in town selling the Columbia coffee pot. It does quick work and every one should invest in one.

Last Thursday evening Prof. LeFayette gave a magic exhibition at Uplinger's hall. It was poorly attended.

Don't forget the lawn social at the residence of J. K. Gross' in Mayfield, tomorrow, (Friday) night, given by the young Ladies' Mite Society of the M. E. church.

It is amazing what a large amount of popularity the bowery dances has stirred up in this vicinity. The one on last Wednesday evening was attended by a select class of young people not seen at every ball. The Sycamore base ball team was so struck with it that it was hard work for the driver of their bus to get them away.

John Peckham started out with his fencing gang last Friday but came back with them and started out with them again Monday.

Oliver Lowe, of Mayfield, left on Friday last for Ellenville, in northern New York, to visit with relatives. His route takes him directly through New York city.

Mrs. O. W. Vickell visited her mother, Mrs. Burke, at Rockford, last week.

Misses H. R. Fuller, F. M. Letz and Uplinger were in the "windy" city last week.

Mrs. Hester returned last Monday from an extended sojourn with relatives at Green Castle, Indiana.

Miss Florence Kepple came out from Chicago to attend the picnic last Wednesday.

Mrs. L. P. Harvey accompanied by her daughter and son Walter, came up from Clare, last week to attend the picnic.

A. R. Heckman and wife, of Downers Grove, are visiting relatives here a few days this week.

Vernon Allen, of Sycamore, accompanied by a stick of crayon and a few sheets of paper, was here picnic day taking sketches of the town.

Mr. J. E. Sturgis, who has been in Kingston for a number of months returned to his home in Wayland, Mich., last Thursday.

Walter Poust who has been appointed administrator of his fathers estate is transacting the necessary business now.

The other day O. B. Chalmer's night man at the tower went to take a bath in the placid waters of the Kishwaukee. In preparing for his swim he hung his gauze shirt on a hickory tree and went into the water, thinking his shirt would be in perfect safety. While he was enjoying himself in the cool and refreshing waters of the river, a cow belonging to Wm. Hill, strolled along in search of food. She saw the shirt suspended from the tree, and no doubt thought it to be something for her to fill up the vacancy she had so long felt, she began to masticate the shirt, and the only thing Oscar could see of the garment was the collar and the tail end of the sleeves. Now Oscar a little advice, hang your clothes on a hickory limb, and sit down and keep a close watch on 'em, it might be worse next time.

SYCAMORE.

Miss Carrie VanPatten, of Chicago, is visiting her uncle, Mr. J. J. Condee.

Dr. G. W. Nesbitt and Miss Cora Whittemore were united in marriage on Thursday evening of last week.

A lawn social was held at the home of Rev. A. T. Horn, Tuesday for the benefit of the Epworth League.

Miss Nellie Knights, of Newark, is visiting her sister Mrs. Warren Gabel.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee and Levi Hodge went to Wisconsin last week making the trip with their team.

The two sons of Atty Flannery, of Chicago, are spending a week at Johnson Wooley.

Miss Loretta Paddock has returned from a month's visit with friends in Iowa.

A daughter of A. S. Kinsloe is visiting here. She is from Kansas.

The paint shop in connection with the insulated wire works was destroyed by fire last Saturday morning.

Frank Hill has sold a part of his lot on main street to L. Q. Henry who will erect a residence on it and Dr. Bryant and Mrs. Anderson have sold a lot between their residences on the same street, to Judge Bishop who will also build a dwelling.

Devil's Lake Excursion.

Excursion to this wonderful and mysterious lake Tuesday, Aug. 21st. Round trip only 1.50. Leave Herietta at 9:05. Herbert 9:15 a. m. Returning, leave Cliff House 7 p. m. and Madison at 8 p. m. Tickets at the depot.

BUY THE LIGHT RUNNING NEW HOME

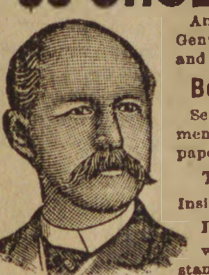


THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST.
Send TEN cents to 28 Union Sq., N. Y., for our prize game, "Blind Luck," and win a New Home Sewing Machine.

The New Home Sewing Machine Co., ORANGE, MASS.

FOR SALE BY A TEYLER.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.



Best in the World. See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper. Take no Substitute. Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by FOR SALE BY JOHN LEMBKE.

ECONOMY REPAIRING OUTFIT.

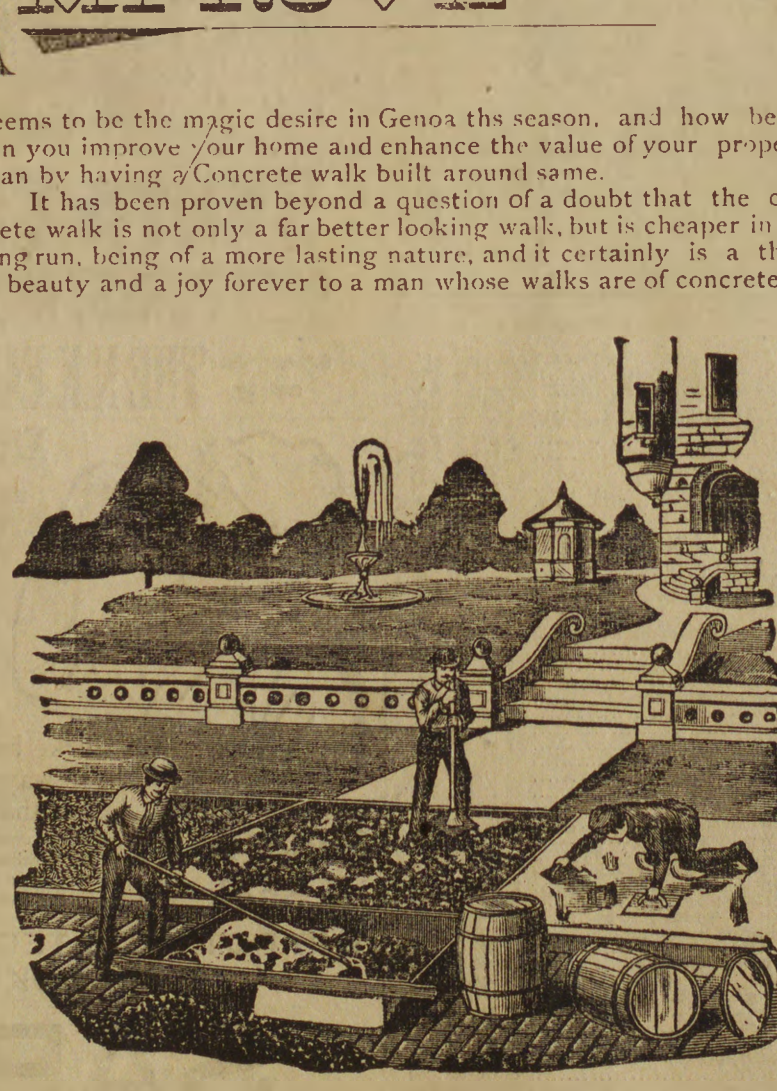


Great time and money saved by necessity. Includes: screw driver, wrench, pliers, hammer, wire snips, and hundreds of fittings which constantly need attention. Full instructions sent with each outfit so that a boy can use the tools. Money saved is money made. These tools pay for themselves many times every year. Complete shoe repair outfit, including last and standard, and everything necessary for complete work. 25 articles only \$1.00. See cut. Extra tools, etc., for harness work—33 articles, \$1.00. Either outfit by express or freight, neatly boxed, on receipt of price. The one ordering the first set in a place across the agency and makes large profits. No goods until paid for. Address, **ECONOMY SUPPLY HOUSE, Hiram, Ohio.**

FAT FOLKS

Reduced 15 to 25 pounds per month. No starving, no inconvenience, no bad results, no nauseous drugs. Treatment perfectly harmless and strictly confidential. Question Blank and Book free. Call or write. 118-119 E. 34TH ST. 2nd Floor, St. Louis, Mo.

IMPROVE



Seems to be the magic desire in Genoa this season, and how better can you improve your home and enhance the value of your property than by having a Concrete walk built around same. It has been proven beyond a question of a doubt that the concrete walk is not only a far better looking walk, but is cheaper in the long run, being of a more lasting nature, and it certainly is a thing of beauty and a joy forever to a man whose walks are of concrete.

We have had years' of experience in building these walks and our work is done after the latest improved methods. Come and see us where we are at work, and we will be pleased to show you how we do our work and give you prices.

JOHN FAIR.

To Look Well YOU MUST Dress Well.

You will reach that condition of ... things if you ...

Buy Clothes F. O. Holtgren

He has what you want. Prices and Workmanship Guaranteed



STRAW HATS

They are New, Neat and Nobby. See Them at **F. O. HOLTGREN'S.**

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Universal Provides. Low Prices. Originator of

A Timely Tip

whether the Times be hard Times or easy Times

take our advice at all Times and get many Times

the value of your money no matter what department you patronize.

Write us for quotations from our Grocery Department, we think we can save you money.

We bought one lot too many of gents' underwear, the 45c kind but while they last and are seasonable 24c buys them.

We got stuck on a quantity of Gloria silk umbrellas for sun or rain, mainly Acacia wood handles, that usually retail for \$2.00 and be considered cheap, but \$1.09 is our price.

Our stock of China Silk Handkerchiefs invoices 93 doz. overstock, consequently 30 c hdkfs will be offered at 15c and our 50c grade will go at 25c.

Princess Mary, Sweet Pea, and Arbutus are the new odors of triple extract of perfume worth 50 c for 35c oz.

196 doz is quite a quantity of one kind of Gent's suspenders, we sell quite a quantity as 35c, but in order to insure a rapid sale have marked the entire lot 17c.

Great Department Store, ELGIN.

Dr. Rush's Belts & Appliances

An electro-galvanic battery embodied into medication.

Belts, Suspenders, Spinal Appliances, Abdominal Supporters, Vests, Insoles, Office Caps, etc.

Cures Rheumatism, Liver and Kidney Complaints, Dyspepsia, Errors of Youth, Lost Manhood, Nervousness, Sexual Weakness, and all troubles in Male or Female. Question Blank and Book free. Call or write.

Volta-Medica Appliance Co., 27 Pine Street. ST. LOUIS, MO.

DR. DODD'S Cure for COLIC IN HORSES. GUARANTEED.



Every owner of a horse should keep it on hand. It not only saves the life of valuable animal. One package will cure eight to ten cases. Price \$1.00. Sent by mail or express. Our Account Book, which contains hints to stable keepers, mailed free. Call or write. H. BENJAMIN & Co., 222 Pine St., St. Louis, Mo.

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