

# The Genoa Republican

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## "CONSOLIDATE" IS NOW THE TALK

### One Last Opportunity for the Organization of Perfect School System

## HIGH SCHOOL OPPONENTS READY

### Prefer Complete Consolidation to a Township High School—Must Act at Once if in Earnest

Our readers will confess that it is nothing new for The Republican to advocate consolidated schools. The writer has spent considerable time, energy and money, and given acres of space in the interests of this very important proposition, and does not regret any of these material or physical expenditures, for it is the firm belief that consolidation is the only proper method of public school education.

By a majority vote the people of this township have decided for a township high school, a big step in township educational matters, but only coming within shouting distance of the real thing.

Now it develops that many who were opposed to consolidation of all the districts in the township would much prefer a consolidation to the township high school and it is a foregone conclusion that those in favor of the high school proposition always been advocates of consolidation. Those in the rural districts figure that as they will support the high school, they might as well go the limit and give the younger children the advantages of better school facilities.

The question of consolidation can not be left to a vote of the people as in the case of a high school. Each district must petition and the decision rests entirely with the residents of the rural districts. If those who have been doing the recent talking regarding this matter really mean business, they must get busy at once.

The township high school board of education and the board of the city grade school are already planning on new buildings, but these boards are willing to wait a few days if there are any signs of an effort being made toward consolidation. To have all school interests of Genoa township under one head and located in the same spot, under one roof, would be a saving financially for everyone and of decided advantage to the interests of the pupils.

## THE DEATH PENALTY

### Two Camp Grant Negroes Must Answer for Their Crime

According to unofficial information by a Rockford newspaper death sentences have been imposed upon at least two of the eight Camp Grant negroes recently court-martialed for assaulting a white woman within the confines of the camp in May, 1918. Three others are rumored to have also been given the extreme penalty by the general court martial.

Findings of the army court martial have been forwarded to Washington and are awaiting final action by President Wilson.

Six of the fourteen defendants were recently released from the camp stockade where they had been held for more than a year. Eight remain in custody but two of these, it is reported, may be liberated because of sufficient evidence to sustain conviction.

## EIGHT SCHOOLS WILL NOT OPEN

Eight rural schools in Lee county will not open their doors at the commencement of the school year at least, according to the announcement made by County Superintendent L.W. Miller. This is due to the fact that it has been impossible to find teachers to supply them. About three weeks ago there were at least twice that number which were without teachers.

## LAND SELLS AT \$377.50

The Sycamore True Republican says that the highest price ever paid for farm in that vicinity was paid this week when James Crosby of this city sold to William Olsson of Cortland the Walrod farm, just west of Sycamore, for \$377.50 an acre.

## PROCLAMATION

Notice is hereby given that the order concerning the muzzling of dogs in the city of Genoa is now rescinded.  
J. J. Hammond, Mayor

No annoying noise at the Grand.

## TO END DELAY

### Indicted Directors of Milk Producers Association May be Tried

The Chicago Journal of September 15 says that definite action, after a delay of two years, is promised Tuesday in the trial of eight milk dealers indicted in 1917 for conspiracy to raise the price of milk in and around Chicago.

The case was scheduled to start today before Judge Joseph Fitch in the Criminal court, but, because of the funeral of Judge T. A. Scully, no court was held.

The milk dealers under indictment are Charles H. Potter, chairman of the milk board of the Milk Producers association; William J. Kittle, secretary; Frank H. Reese, treasurer; Robert M. Omann, Roy Lewis, Clinton J. Cooper, William A. Goodwin and Arnold Huber.

Since the indictments were returned in 1917 the trial has been postponed a number of times and has been marked by a series of court bickering. The case was first scheduled to be tried by Judge Gridley in the Criminal court, when a change of venue was asked by the milkmen's attorneys. This was refused. A continuance was obtained and since that time several other continuances have been granted.

Any move on the part of Charles S. Deneen, attorney for the indicted men, to further delay court action will be strenuously resisted by the state's attorney, it was asserted today. The state's attorney's office has made a thorough preparation of the evidence and has its witnesses ready, it was said, and will not countenance any further protraction of the case.

It is charged by the state that on Sept. 21, 1917, a meeting was held in the First Methodist Church building by the members of the Milk Producers association and the price of milk arbitrarily fixed at \$3.43 per 100 lbs. This price was too high, the state alleges. Other subsequent meetings, at which raises in the milk were also connived at, also are charged.

## FOUND WITH THROAT CUT

### Nephew of Charles Wolter of Genoa Dead in Elgin

Charles Hartung, 28 years old, of Gilberts, committed suicide by cutting his throat with a pocket knife while employed on the old Yarwood farm three miles southwest of Elgin early Tuesday.

Hartung is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hartung of Gilberts. He was committed to the state hospital several months ago. His condition improved steadily and last week, thru the efforts of his father, he was released to work on the Nesler farm.

"We went out to the barns together this morning and Hartung was feeling fine," Nesler told the police. "About 9 o'clock I missed him. Search was started but no trace of him could be found in the barns. Then I went into the cornfield, going down each row. Finally I found his body. It was almost in the center of the field."

According to Superintendent Hinton of the State Hospital, Hartung was committed to be hospital under the name of Hartung. It was explained that his parents later changed their name to Harding. He had been at the hospital on two occasions. His last commitment was ordered in 1917.

Mrs. Harding is a sister of Charles Wolter of Genoa.

## DORSEY PROPERTY BURNS

A property loss estimated by William Haible, chief of the Elgin fire department at \$15,000 resulted, Saturday night, from a blaze which destroyed the home of James Dorsey at 1170 Cedar avenue. The loss is only partly covered by insurance.

The house in one that Mr. Dorsey had bought five years ago for a home after the Dorsey home at Gilberts had been burned to the ground.

Word was received by James Dorsey, Jr., Monday morning that a house owned by his father at Geneva had also burned Saturday night.

James Dorsey, Sr. is now serving a term in the federal prison at Fort Leavenworth for selling diseased cattle.

Wednesday evening, Sept. 24th, John Barrymore in, "On the Quiet" at the Grand Saturday night.

## DO YOU WANT A CHAUTAUQUA?

### Another Opportunity to Secure a Program in Genoa Next Year REPRESENTATIVE HERE FRIDAY

### Will meet Genoa People to Submit Plans—All Interested Must Attend and Take Part

There was no chautauqua meeting last Friday evening as advertised owing to the fact that James H. Shaw, representing the Co-Operative Chautauquas, could not reach Genoa in time. Mr. Shaw will be in Genoa on Friday evening of this week and will meet those interested at Slater's hall at eight o'clock.

Mr. Shaw was in Genoa Saturday and met several people, discussing the proposition and presenting his plans, which are excellent. The plan is not like that adopted by the circuit systems, but is more in the hands of the people themselves. Mr. Shaw acting more as an agent for the local organization, rather than as a promoter. His chautauquas are not held on a lot in town, but always in a grove where people may camp and make of the week an outing for everyone. In other places many of the chautauqua patrons put up tents and remain at the chautauqua grounds during the entire week and most everyone takes a basket and remains on the ground for the supper hour. The scheme looks good and is worth looking into, but there will be no chautauqua unless those who really want a chautauqua are present at the meeting Friday evening. Mr. Shaw can easily tell by the size of the meeting whether the proper spirit exists.

## WOODSTOCK "WETS UP"

### Citizens Steal Beer Confiscated by The Authorities

Elgin News: The theft of 4932 pint bottles of beer confiscated in Woodstock under the search and seizure law and stored in a brewery warehouse near the Northwestern railroad station close to the center of the city set the whole of Woodstock and its environs agog today and caused the starting of an investigation which may involve stores of men.

The liquor was seized Thursday night by Sheriff Roy Stewart and his deputies south of Spring Grove and was brought to the county seat yesterday morning. The van load consisted of 137 cases of beer, each of which contained thirty-six pint bottles. It was the twelfth load which had been seized and the capacity of the basement of the courthouse, where the contents of the other vans had been stored, was already taxed so Sheriff Stewart had this carried to the Jung Brewing company's old warehouse.

For some unknown reason, the warehouse was left unguarded. At a little after 9 o'clock last night according to information given to the county officials today, someone forced open a window of the warehouse and the disappearance of the beer began. Efforts to force the door of the warehouse were fruitless and the whole 137 cases of beer had to be passed out thru the window.

It was taken away in small trucks, pleasure cars and various other sorts of vehicles and the office of the Sheriff did not know anything about it until someone called up at 8 o'clock and said that the beer was all gone.

## ANOTHER CLINIC

"Dr. Russell Adkins, examining physician for the Illinois Tuberculosis Association will conduct another clinic at the Sycamore Hospital, Saturday, Sept. 20th commencing at 10 o'clock. This is to accommodate the very many who were turned away at the last clinic. Doctors are invited to bring their patients. Mothers are urged to send their children. Members of a family where there has been tuberculosis will do wisely to avail themselves of their opportunity for a free expert examination."

## FURNITURE SALE

The personal property of the late Emma Jane Wait, including all household furniture, will be sold at public auction at the home on East Main street on Saturday afternoon, Sept. 20, at one o'clock.

Kenneth Furr is visiting friends in Chicago this week.  
At the Grand Saturday night.

## THE SALVATION ARMY

### Explaining Where Money Collected By Them is Placed

"What will the money be used for?" is one of the questions which will arise during the Salvation Army Home Service fund campaign from Sept. 22 to 29.

Here are some of the activities of the Salvation army conducted in every city in the state and which will be broadened in scope by means of the \$2,250,000 to be raised in Illinois for Illinois relief work:

Field or evangelical work, where the morally lost and the outcast are lifted up.

Slum settlements, where aid is given first and statistics compiled later.

Rescue homes, where wayward women are reclaimed.

Maternity hospitals to provide medical care and nursing facilities.

Industrial homes to provide work and homes for jobless men.

Workmen's hotels to provide accommodations for transient workers at nominal prices.

Children's homes for the care and training of dependent children.

Young Women's boarding houses, where working girls may have all the comforts of home at small cost.

Christmas dinners supplied to the poor.

Fresh air camps maintained in the country.

Free employment bureaus to find work for hundreds of men.

Missing Friends Bureau to locate missing persons.

Prison work—Prisoners taught and their families given food and shelter. Released prisoners provided with useful employment.

Training colleges to provide workers for service in the Army.

Distribution of free ice, wood, coal, medicine, etc., among the worthy cash given to pay rent and avoid eviction.

Soldiers' and Sailors' aid—cares for soldiers, sailors and marines.

This work has been done quietly and unobtrusively by the Army for many years, supported by the meagre collections obtained by the lassies with the tambourines. The aim of this campaign is to provide a fund by which this work may be carried on without further solicitation and upon a more scientific and economic basis.

## THE WORM TURNS

### Farmers Resent Carelessness of Hunters and Prohibit Trespassing

Members of the newly organized Farmers' Protective association of Hanover township, east of Elgin, adopted a set of rules and a constitution, which, in effect, is a declaration of war against all hunters.

The constitution provides for patrolling parties to guard the land of the members; to mobilize as many landowners as possible into a pursuing party the instant hunters are sighted.

The declaration of war against hunters has been brought about thru the carelessness of hunters. As a usual thing farmers everywhere are good fellows and have allowed hunters to tramp over their lands at will. These same farmers have patiently stood for gates being left open, wires being cut and game being shot out of season, but patience has reached the limit in Hanover township at least.

## FROM BANK TO GARAGE

A. E. Hammerschmidt, since its organization cashier of the Citizens National Bank in Sycamore, has resigned that position and purchased of Merritt E. Hayden the garage which has recently been conducted by his son Clark W. Hayden, and long known as the Gould garage, says the True Republican.

Mr. Hammerschmidt took possession last week Thursday. He has also been assigned the agency for the Buick automobile in all of DeKalb County, and in that portion of Kane county comprising Hampshire, Burlington and Virgil townships.

## AUCTION SALE

August Nelson, having sold his farm, 2 miles west of Herbert, will sell at public auction on the premises on Tuesday, Sept. 23, beginning at one o'clock p. m. the following described property:

Two horses, 3 cows, 4 sows with pigs by side, 12 acres corn in hill, 5 tons hay in barn and a lot of farm machinery and tools.

Terms: One year at 7 per cent.  
W. H. Bell will be the auctioneer.  
Dillon left today for Notre Dame University to resume his studies.

## HOW MANY ARE YOU FEEDING?

### Government Says We are All Paying For Ratville Banquets

## RAT FOR EVERY PERSON IN U. S.

### Costs this Country \$180,000,000 a Year to Support its Rodent Population

There is one rat, at least for every person in the United States. This estimate is considered conservative, but coincides with that for Great Britain and Ireland and also with authoritative figures for Denmark and France. The annual upkeep per rodent was computed by the same authorities as \$1.80 in Great Britain, \$1.20 in Denmark and \$1 in France. The depredations in this country will very probably exceed the estimate for Great Britain. One half a cent a day is considered conservative, but even on this computation it costs the United States \$180,000,000 a year to support its rat population. (This does not include mice).

There are just three kinds of rats in this country included in the survey; the "Norway", or brown rat, the black rat and the "Alexandrian" rat. The "Norway" rat, larger more ferocious and antagonistic than the other two, has pretty generally killed them off and today the black rat and "Alexandrian" rats are seldom found except in seaports.

Not so the brown, or "Norway" rat. Since he discovered America he has literally blazed a trail across the continent and taken possession of it as he went along. Today it is conservatively estimated there is at least one rat for every dweller in the cities and that on the farm there is at least three rats for every person on the estate.

None of these rats are native to the United States. The black rat, which is now regarded as a visitor to our seaports, came to America long before the "Norway" rat, probably in the sixteenth century. He thrived until about the time of the American revolution when the "Norway" rat, was first observed. The latter's arrival was generally followed by the disappearance of the black rat, which is about the only good the "Norway" rat ever accomplished. The black rat is generally considered more dangerous to the public health since it inhabits dwellings more often than its brown brother and comes in closer contact with man.

This does not mean, however, that the brown, or "Norway" rat is not dangerous. His destruction has been necessary before plague could be controlled in the few instances of its outbreak in America. Also he is very probably responsible for the greatest amount of destruction.

By preference he is a burrower and usually lives in excavations, generally from one-half to 3 foot in depth. He is too cunning and resourceful to limit himself to this notoriety of existence, however. He has been known to eat his way thru a solid brick wall, a piece of slate or a lead pipe. With cunning found in very few animals he adapts himself to almost any condition or situation in life. When living in swampy regions he very quickly becomes semi-aquatic and can swim long distances. He can climb ropes and trees.

The "Norway" rat will eat anything while the black rat is more select and prefers grain or clean food. Because the rat is nocturnal in its habits its depredations very frequently are not noticed.

There are some very well authenticated instances which give a good insight into the cost of their upkeep. In a ship reaching an American port from Brazil with 40,000 bags of coffee it was found that 30,000 bags had been so badly damaged as to require reworking. The cost of this in material and labor was \$2,000, exclusive of the loss of the coffee and the damage adjustment with the shippers. The number of rats on this ship was ascertained to be about 200.

On a certain Iowa farm rats in one winter destroyed 500 bushels of corn, or one-fourth of the farmer's entire crop. Another farmer lost an entire summer's hatching of chickens and still another farmer in this section estimated his loss in grain and poultry due to rats as sufficient to pay his taxes for three years.

Many measures are suggested for destroying the rat, but the Public Health Service advocates one primary

## SHURTLIFF HOLDS CROWD

### Links Constitution with His Reasons for Opposition to League

The anniversary of the birth of the constitution of the United States was fittingly observed in Genoa Wednesday evening of this week.

Genoa's beautiful little park was well lighted for the occasion and many people were present to hear the excellent concert given by the DeKalb Band. Following concert Hon. Edward D. Shurtleff of Marengo addressed the audience. He gave a brief history of events that led up to the adoption of the United States constitution, explaining the significance of the principles involved. Of course this part of the address was necessarily rather dry and did not hold the entire audience, but when the speaker brought up the subject of the League of Nations, he held the audience to a man. From a non-partisan standpoint, Mr. Shurtleff handled the subject in a manner that was highly educational for few were familiar with the text of the League pact, to say nothing about the real meaning of the many provisions of the covenant. The speaker linked his argument against the League of Nations so closely with the spirit and letter of the constitution of the United States that his arguments were practically irrefutable.

Owing to the fact that the airplane, which was due in Genoa early Wednesday morning, encountered a severe storm near Princeton, the machine did not reach this city until late in the afternoon, thus making it impossible to carry out the program of carrying up 30 passengers. However, the pilot started doing business soon after arriving here and took up a few enthusiasts, expecting to remain here a day or two longer to take a ride today (Thursday) but owing to the inclement weather there was nothing doing up to the time of going to press. Miss Irene Paterson was the first passenger Wednesday, and following her were Bryce Smith, S. T. Zeller and E. W. Lindgren.

A large crowd attended the dance given in honor of the returned soldiers at the opera house in the evening. The committee desired of all things to make this a pleasant social affair, but some of the rough stuff did creep in, and those who did make themselves obnoxious should blush just a little this morning, when they think of the methods they took to welcome home the soldiers of the world war.

## BERT SHETTER MARRIED

### Former Genoa Man, A DeKalb Jeweler, Takes a Wife

DeKalb Chronicle: News of the marriage of our prominent business man, B. A. Shetter, came as a distinct surprise to his many friends this morning. Mr. Shetter and Mrs. Ollie Ash of Oak Park were united in marriage at the Methodist parsonage here last evening, Dr. B. B. Evans leading the ceremony. Mrs. Shetter is not known to DeKalb people but will acquire a large circle of friends by her pleasing personality. Our congenial jeweler who is famous all over the country for his "Talk to Shetter slogan", has been in business here for years and folks extend the best congratulations to he and his wife. Mr. and Mrs. Shetter left this morning on a brief motor trip and on their return to this city will reside with his mother on Haish avenue.

## KINGSTON'S NEW SHOP

Hampshire Register: The many friends of Ora Koch of this vicinity will be glad to learn that he has entered the business world for himself and in the future will conduct a barber shop at Kingston.

Ora is no novice at the barber trade having been connected with his father in the O. K. barber shop in this village for the past few years and his success in his new opening seems assured.

Kingston is a busy little village and already supports one barber shop which is not able to handle the volume of business from that vicinity. Ora is a good mixer and a genial sort of a chap and will no doubt have his share of the patronage in that village.

It is rat proofing the buildings so that rats can not get into food, thereby starving them to death. Copies of the new government bulletin can be obtained by writing to the U. S. Public Health Service Washington, D. C.

You'll enjoy the quiet at the Grand

## THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

### Issues Warning Regarding the High Prices Paid for Land

## SPECULATORS WIN, OTHERS LOSE

### Special Warning About Buying on a Narrow Cash Margin and Vain Hopes

The United States Department of Agriculture has issued the following bulletin for publication throughout the land: Prices of farming lands in many sections of the United States, especially in Illinois and Iowa and the other corn belt states, have risen with such rapidity that serious consequences may be expected, especially with the return of normal conditions. This is a warning to farmers issued by the United States Department of Agriculture. The department says:

"Speculators, many of them business men of the cities, in many cases have reaped big profits by buying and selling without making any substantial contribution in return. Farmers have sold land at prices that seemed high, and then have bought again at still higher figures, losing thousands of dollars in the exchange. The bona fide farmer who purchases land at present high prices may find the returns on his investment abnormally small if earnings should decline when the normal conditions are restored, and may find himself seriously embarrassed if he financed the purchase largely on credit."

"That is a summary of the situation as it is viewed by the investigators of the Bureau of Farm Management sent by the department into the regions of the most marked speculative activity. Here is a summary of their advice which is broadly applicable probably to the majority of farmers in the regions affected tho it may not fit individual case."

"Much of the present speculative activity has been due to the fact that speculators have been able to catch some farmers unaware, buying their farms at a much lower figure than was justified in relation to prices in adjoining regions. Therefore you should be careful about selling to a speculator who is buying to sell again. If it is worth more to him it probably may be worth more to you. If you own a farm and desire to continue farming be very sure that you can obtain out of the proceeds of your sale as good a farm as you have sold."

"If you desire to purchase a farm you should be very sure that the price you pay is fully justified by the probable net earnings of the farm when conditions become more normal."

"Be careful that the buyer of your farm is able to complete his payment on March first in case he fails to resell. In general it is safe to require an initial cash payment of one-third the sale price."

"Be cautious about speculating yourself. Especially do not buy on a narrow margin with the expectation that you will be able to sell and obtain the necessary means of settling your contract. You may not be able to effect a sale. A land (boom) may collapse suddenly."

## NEY FARMER'S CLUB

The regular meeting of the Ney Farmers' Club will be held on Wednesday evening, September 24. A full attendance is desired as plans for the annual fair will be made at that time.

## WOODMAN EDITOR

### Judge Harris of Chicago Succeeds F. O. Van Galder, Deceased

Judge John F. Harris of Chicago was appointed editor of The Modern Woodman, the official publication of the Modern Woodmen of America, by the executive council of the society, succeeding the late F. O. Van Galder, who for 24 years had been editor for the Order.

Judge Harris was formerly county Judge of Bond county, Ill., in 1903 locating in Chicago and became superintending deputy in the Chicago territory. While in Chicago he was editor and publisher of The Illinois Woodmen, a paper devoted to the growth and development of the society in the State of Illinois.

Capt. C. A. Patterson was in Genoa this week, calling on friends.



# The Wonders of America

By T. T. MAXEY

## MESA VERDE NATIONAL PARK.

IN 1888 there was discovered in Montezuma county, southwestern Colorado, the greatest prehistoric ruins in this country. A thorough examination of the canyon of the Mancos river disclosed the fact that it contained extensive examples of the mysterious remains of an extinct race. Uncle Sam decided to preserve and set aside nearly 50,000 acres as a national park—Mesa (Spanish for high tableland) and Verda (meaning green, from the cedar trees).

Many narrow canyons with high, sheer walls open into the valley. In their sides are many of the best-preserved specimens of cliff dwellings known. A large human population lived in these cave-huts on the sides of these sandstone cliffs. They believed that they were dependent upon the gods to make the rainfall so their crops would grow and worshiped the sun as the father of all and the earth as the mother who brought all material blessings. Apparently they possessed no written language and recorded their thoughts only by means of symbols.

Cliff Palace, the largest dwelling—a community house—had over 200 dwelling rooms. In addition to many sacred rooms called kivas. Sun Temple, a mysterious ruin, shaped like a letter D, is over 120 feet long and 64 feet wide.

As the population of this community increased the floor of the caves was covered with rooms, and finally they emerged from the caves altogether and builded pueblos on top of the mesas in the open country.

A visit to these ruins is much like going back into another world.

## THE WHITE HOUSE.

THE home of the president of the United States, generally known as the White House, first became known as such when it was painted white to cover the marks of fire after being partially burned by the British in 1814. The foundation of this world-famous structure was put down in October, 1792. It was the first building erected in Washington. The site was picked by President George Washington, who also laid the corner stone.

The building was first occupied by President John Adams, during the summer of 1800. It is two stories and basement, and contains 31 rooms. It is surrounded by a spacious lawn and gardens, which are inclosed by a huge iron fence. Whether viewed through the heavy foliage of the giant trees or across winter's mantle of snow, it always looks restful and dignified.

The White House naturally has been the scene of many tragedies and comedies, much joy, and also has had its share of anxiety and grief. It holds a peculiar interest for the people of all nations, those of the United States in particular. It is a point of pilgrimage for thousands and thousands of people annually, who come to admire its decorations and paintings, study the relics of past occupants and, if opportunity offers, grasp the hand of the first citizen of the land. To a greater degree perhaps than any other building in the world, people of all ages and ranks have mingled under its roof.

## YOSEMITE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA.

THIS beautiful valley—now a part of Yosemite National park, by the way—is one of nature's most wonderful works of art. The valley is only eight miles long and less than two miles wide. The park embraces a domain about 36 by 48 miles. Here the supreme artist has chiseled and etched and painted an outdoor gallery of masterpieces unlike any other in the world. The Indians termed the place the Heart of the Sky Mountains and called it "The Vale of the Ahwaneech," and themselves Ahwaneeches, or "Children of Light."

The excellent features of the Yosemite are its waterfalls and sheer, hold cliffs. Snow-waters from high mountains have found a wonderful variety and beauty of courses down the mountain walls to the Merced river in the valley below. These peculiar peaks strikingly resemble huge domes and range in height all the way from 1,200 to 6,000 feet. The falls which descend their rugged sides range in height from 350 feet—Vernal falls, which is only 35 feet wide at the top—to beautiful Yosemite falls, which, in three leaps, plunges half a mile and is said to be the highest waterfall in the world with anything like the same volume of water.

Standing on the summit of Sentinel Dome, the magnificence of the vista of the valley that bursts upon the eye compels silence. Perhaps no valley in the world combines so much that is so sublimely beautiful. It is "a bite of Paradise," sure enough.

## THE MOUNTAIN KINGDOM OF COLORADO.

AMONG all the mountain kingdoms, Colorado—"the Perpendicular state"—stands easily first in physical adornment. In Colorado 100,000 square miles contain 155 mountain peaks that are more than 13,000 feet high. Colorado contains 103,925 square miles.

Of this vast area, as big as all New England with Indiana added, two-thirds is mountainous.

The state is traversed by the main chain of the Rocky mountains, the oft-quoted "backbone of the continent," the huge roof-tree of our republic. Prolific mother of rivers, this great watershed gives rise to the Rio Grande, the two Plattes, the Arkansas, many "lesser lights" and the Colorado, that, in Arizona, passes for 200 miles between those sheer red walls that constitute one of the scenic wonders of the world, and flows at last into foreign seas. There are about 6,000 miles of running water, born of snow and filled with fish; 500 lakes, large and small, some distinguished with a famous name, others still asleep in mountain hollows, almost unknown.

It is a strange country. The very name is a memento of the passing race that, first of Europeans, saw these serene, reddish-brown peaks leaning against the sky. The name means red, light brown, ruddy, florid and may even be a synonym for joyousness. Life is more than an existence in Colorado. Nature seems ever beckoning one to come and romp with her. The sun shines with almost the same regularity as the dawn appears. Colorado is one of the greatest heritages of the American people.

## UTAH—"THE PROMISED LAND."

FIRST settled in the summer of 1847 by Brigham Young and his little band of Mormons, numbering less than 150 souls, Utah is fast coming into its own. Utah is 7,000,000 acres larger than all of the New England states combined, and there isn't much, if indeed, there is anything—within reason—that the imagination of man can conceive or his heart wish for that the state does not yield or cannot offer.

"This said that Utah contains enough iron ore to rebuild most of the steel structures in the country; sufficient black marble to build a column from the earth to the moon; salt enough to supply the world for 60 years; the greatest copper mine in all the world; enough coal to supply her population for 60,000 years; clay and sand enough to make the world's supply of brick for many years; 4,000,000,000 feet of lumber and sandstone and granite in quantities equal to the rebuilding of the majority of the buildings in the United States.

Gold, silver, copper, lead and zinc to the value of \$97,000,000 were mined in Utah during one recent year. Goodly quantities of agricultural products and fruit are also produced. Utah's climate is neither hot, cold, dry or wet, but rather a happy medium with a touch of salt air added for good measure. Her fertile valleys remind one of Italy, her pointed mountains hold a touch of Alpine beauty and great painters say that her sunsets are the most beautiful in the world.

## THE GRAND CANYON IN ARIZONA.

THE late George Fitch said "Arizona was made by nature in a frivolous and contradictory mood, a few million years ago, just to show man, when he arrived, what she could do when she felt like it."

The Grand Canyon of the Colorado River—the most wonderful geological and spectacular phenomenon known to man—is in Arizona. Discovered by Spanish explorers in 1540, it has been an object of wonder and admiration ever since. In approaching it your first surprise is that you are not prepared for it. Its beginning is so very abrupt. In one jump from the edge you could go down 2,000 feet.

Viewed from the rim, looking down, it is a stupendous panorama—an unbelievable abyss, 3,000 to 5,000 feet deep, 10 to 13 miles wide and 200 miles long. Its sides are lined with countless and varied ornamental architectural features, the whole beautifully tinted and colored and marvelously harmonious. Seen from the bottom, looking up, it is so big that it amazes and bewilders one. On every side are endless processions of caves, terraces, pinnacles, towers, buttes, cliffs and peaks—storm-carved and weather-stained—many of them higher than any mountain east of the Rockies, yet none of them level with the top. Globe trotters say that nothing else in all the world even remotely approaches this spectacle.

The color combination seems to shift with every movement of the sun, clouds or your position. There is a trail to the bottom and a road around the rim.

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## Tattoo Removal.

Various methods for removing tattooing are employed, the best of which consists in going over the tattoo marks with a strong solution of tannin, using the tattooing needle, then rubbing with silver nitrate crayon. Nitric acid, salicylic acid and glycerine, chloroform and a mixture of pepsin, glycerine, hydrochloric acid and water are other substances used for this purpose.

## Thriving Table Leg.

Among the furnishings of a South Carolina home, says Popular Mechanics magazine, is a small willow table that is the talk of the neighborhood. Although it has been kept indoors and far from any moisture ever since it was built and properly painted, several months ago, one leg is now the proud parent of four leafy sprouts, which thrive in their strange surroundings.

## First Private English Phone.

The first telephone ever placed in a private English residence is still to be seen at Marlborough house. It was made in 1873 on board the warship Thunderer and was subsequently set up between the schoolroom and the boudoir of the princess of Wales.

# "The Differences Are Superficial and the Resemblance Is Profound"

By H. A. L. FISHER, British Minister for Education



Great Britain and the United States are now linked together, and I for one believe that the union between the great English-speaking races is to be an enduring union. It will not require any written or formal text to cement it, as it is founded upon the possession not only of a common language and a common civilization but on an outlook upon life which is common, much as we may be tempted at times to insist upon trivial and superficial differences. I have traveled in America myself, and the more I saw of the great republic the more I was convinced that the differences were superficial and the resemblance profound. But I feel that it is of the greatest importance that from time to time learned men from America should come here to show us how we look in the mirror of American public opinion, what errors we have committed and how we may retrieve them, because it is only by such a process of instruction that we shall really arrive at that complete popular and mutual understanding which is the truest basis of political life.

# Educate the Public to the Necessity for Game Protective Legislation

By JOHN B. BURNHAM, American Game Protective Ass'n

Almost everywhere except in North America the food shortage has caused appalling inroads on the game supply. Aside from the northern portion of North America the picture is one of nearly universal gloom, but here, I am glad to say, conditions are much brighter.

Next to the advance of civilization the chief factor that has reduced our game is the market hunter. Almost everywhere we have put an end to the commercialism of game, with the result that game is on the increase. The low water mark in many places has been passed. We have the laws and the machinery for putting them into effect.

From my viewpoint we now need better enforcement of existing laws rather than additional restrictions, which are only exasperating to good sportsmen. Where the law is not thoroughly enforced you and I know that such restrictions penalize the best class only and that the others do as they please. Closed seasons are worse than useless unless they are enforced and the vermin kept down.

In the United States antelope and mountain sheep have been exterminated under long closed seasons. In this instance it is true there should have been closed seasons, but they should have been enforced. It would be much better to lose the game without law than to lose both the game and respect for law at the same time.

Don't spring your law, no matter how good, until you are prepared to put teeth in it. Better err on the side of too great liberality than err in the other way. Educate the public to see the necessity for protective legislation. The great mass of testimony proves that paper laws play into the hands of the Huns of sport.

# Great Conflict of the Future Will Be Between England and America

By GENERAL VON BERNHARDI, German War Writer

The next great conflict will be between America and England. I am not saying that with the idea to create distrust between those two powers, but I am stating it as a student of wars.

The same clashes of interests, a similar rivalry on the sea and in trade to that which prevailed between England and Germany and made it possible to foresee the coming of that conflict, point inexorably to a struggle between what are now the two greatest powers in the world.

How soon it will come or what form it will take I am not prepared to venture an opinion. It may not be even the first war to come, but it will be the great conflict of the future.

The league of nations will not prevent wars on issues and principles vital to a country and a people. It is a question of might and power. The domination of such a league will rest with the greatest number of guns and rifles and other resources potential or active. Its future, if it has a future, will depend on just how long England and America can agree in their control of the league; in other words, how long, with their clashing interests, they will get along together.

The league is an Anglo-Saxon affair and will last only as long as there is Anglo-Saxon unity.

# "War, Promoting Hasty Marriages, Has Increased Domestic Tragedies"

By JUDGE JACOB H. HOPKINS, Chicago

The term just closed—1918 and 1919—will go down in the records of the courts as the biggest year in the divorce history of Chicago and Cook county, Illinois. It will no doubt be remembered by every one of 12,440 disappointed wives and divorced husbands. A total of 6,220 decrees was granted during the year.

The war, liquor and a seemingly increasing belief in free love are to be blamed for the unusual number of ruined romances.

The war, which promoted hasty marriages, has greatly increased the number of domestic tragedies. War weddings in seven cases out of ten proved failures. The young brides were afraid of those strange men they married two years ago. And some of the men, not knowing a woman's heart, came back as intimate husbands, when they should have wooed their wives all over again.

A great cause of unhappiness in married life is liquor. The next few months will see a great decrease in divorce.

Then, with the newspapers constantly telling of men being found with "other women," people have come to believe that it is almost legitimate. An extremely high percentage of broken homes is shattered by free love.

# ICEBOUND CABIN TOMB OF TRAPPER

Dies All Alone In Frozen Wilderness of the Canadian Northwest.

## EPITAPH ON HIS DOOR

Wounded Policeman Makes Hazardous Journey of 2,000 Miles to Investigate Fate of Man Suspected of Being Murdered.

Saskatoon, Sask.—Emmanuel Peterson, a Hudson Bay company trapper, fell asleep in his lonely cabin in the northern wilderness near Fond du Lac 12 months ago. He lies today just as he fell asleep, in his bunk with his blankets tucked around him. The wolves that howl about his shack and the roaring blizzards that pile the winter snows to the clapboard roof will never awaken him from his slumber. There he will continue to sleep, possibly forever. His old log cabin, which he built himself, has become his mausoleum. A sheet of paper tacked on the door bears his epitaph written in English, French Cree and Chepewyan:

"This is the grave of Emanuel Peterson. Let no man disturb it." Constable M. Chappins of the Royal Northwest mounted police traveled 2,000 miles through snow and storm to write that epitaph. His return to Saskatoon after a three-months journey is the last chapter in the tale.

**Suspected Staying.**

News that a man lay dead in a cabin somewhere north of Lake Athabaska trickled down out of the frozen North to Edmonton last February. The man had been dead then nine months. There was a suspicion that he might have been murdered. Chappins was assigned to make an investigation. It is such work as this that has built the heroic traditions of Canada's corps of Scourge Riders.

He set out from Prince Albert. A branch line of one of the transcontinental railways took him beyond the farms to the northern end of the steel highway at Big River. He outfitted with a sled and dog team at Isle la Crosse and with an Indian guide struck into the wilderness. The thermometer registered 30 degrees below zero. The snow was two feet deep.

At Cree lake the snow was four feet deep and the mercury stood at

30 degrees below. Packs of gray wolves hung on his trail. They killed two of his dogs in an attack on his camp. He killed them every day by the dozen. This, Chappins believes, saved his life, for the half-starved, desperate brutes feasted on the carcasses of their dead companions.

## Faced Snow Alone.

A little farther on his Indian guide turned back. The frozen desolation that lay ahead struck him with panic terror. Chappins went on alone. He drove ahead two days in the teeth of a blizzard. His provisions ran low. He lived on short rations of pemmican and tea. At the silver camp at Darnier he obtained fresh supplies and a new guide and pressed on to the Hudson Bay post at Fond du Lac.

He found Peterson's body perfectly preserved in the cold, dry air. There were no signs of violence. Peterson's diary lay open on a table. The last entry, made March 29, 1918, read:

"I am very sick. It would be hell if I should die out here among the snow-drifts all alone."

## BABY IS LOST IN MOVING

Forgotten by Mother, the Child Is Found Smothered in Mattress.

Oakland, Cal.—Busied with getting her furniture ready for moving to another apartment, Mrs. Joseph Valado, placed her month-old baby on a mattress. She tossed a blanket over it to keep the baby warm.

The expressman failed to see the child when he rolled up the mattress and blanket and threw the bundle into the wagon. The child smothered before it was missed.

# The Nationally Accepted Wall Tint



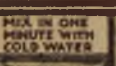
Beautiful—Sanitary—Durable—Economical for Homes, Schools, Churches and all Interior Wall Surfaces

Alabastine can be applied to plastered walls, wallboard, over painted walls that have become soiled, or even over soiled wallpaper solid on the wall and not printed in aniline colors.

Alabastine is a dry powder, ready to mix with pure, cold water, full directions on each package. Alabastine is packed in white and beautiful tints. These, by combining and intermixing, enable you to carry out individual color plans in matching rugs and draperies. Alabastine is used in the finest residences and public buildings, but priced within the reach of all.

You will readily appreciate the economy of Alabastine over paint or wallpaper, and its results will be most gratifying.

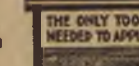
New walls demand Alabastine, old walls appreciate Alabastine.



If your local dealer cannot or will not supply you, take no substitute but write for Alabastine designs and we will give you name of nearby dealer.

Alabastine Company

1645 Grandville Ave., Grand Rapids, Mich.



**A Reminder.**  
Hewitt—What a forgetful fellow Cret is.  
Jewett—That's so; I don't believe he would remember which his left side was if he didn't have heart trouble.

**How's This?**  
We offer \$100.00 for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Sold by druggists for over forty years. Price 50c. Testimonials free. E. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

## SMALL CHANCE TO GET AWAY

As It Happened, the Old Gentleman Was Placing the Blame Where It Didn't Belong.

"I don't know what the young men of today are coming to," said Mr. Smith. "In my young days there wasn't any need for all this courting. The girls then—"

But he was cut short by the coalscuttle which Mrs. Smith accidentally dropped on his toes.

"I was only going to say, my dear," he remarked, when he had recovered his composure, "that I wish the young fellow who is calling on Christabel would go away and let us get the house shut up. It's past midnight!"

At that moment there entered the small boy of the household. He had been, for the last hour or so, behind the draught-screen in the drawing-room, and vowed that he had enjoyed himself better than if he had been at a movie show.

"It isn't his fault, pa," said the heir of the Smiths. "He can't go; Christabel's sitting on him!"

**Utilization.**  
"Our friend Dustin Stax seems embarrassed sometimes, in spite of his fortune."

"Yes," observed Miss Cayenne; "he is like a friend of mine who thinks that because she inherited a fine grand piano she is under obligations to try to play on it."

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The thicker the letter a woman writes the less there is in it.

## Universal Need.

What every young man's heart demands is the gentle but firm authority of a queen.

## FREE SAMPLES

The quick relief Vacher-Balm gives for Catarrh, Nervous Headache, and many pains, is so marvelous that it pays us to give away FREE Samples, where it is unknown. Write for a Free Sample and agent's prices, while this offer lasts. E. W. Vacher, Inc., New Orleans, La.—Adv.

## Rounder's Excuse for Declining Coffee Was Somewhat Laughable, Considering the Circumstances.

It was one of the days near the end of June, and young Bill, having to sustain a reputation as one of San Francisco's best town painters, had had a hard night. He looked it when, at 9 o'clock in the morning, he wandered into the hotel dining room to keep an appointment with a friend, who was just then at breakfast.

"Hello, Jack," Bill murmured, yawning. It appeared as if every syllable cost him untold effort. He sat down and rubbed his eyes with his fists. He bit his lips to keep from yawning again.

"Had breakfast?" Jack inquired. "No," the other replied. "Don't want any."

"Well," Jack insisted, "have a cup of coffee, anyway."

Bill yawned again in spite of himself. "Don't want any coffee," he said. "It would keep me awake all day."—San Francisco Chronicle.

## First Impression.

"Well, I must be off."

"I thought so the first time I met you."

Ninety-nine per cent of our politicians would say a heap more if they talked less.

The experience a man buys is always delivered a little too late.

# Off-Color Days

are usually the reflexion of some upset to bodily health.

Coffee drinking usually exaggerates such conditions and frequently produces them.

That's why so many former coffee drinkers now favor

## The Original

# POSTUM CEREAL

Boil fully fifteen minutes and a delightful beverage results. Fine for children as well as grown-ups.

Everywhere at Grocers.

Two sizes, usually sold at 15c and 25c.



A Matter of Tradition

By DORA MOLLAN

Alliecia jammed her wide-brimmed shade hat an inch farther down on her well-shaped head and toiled on through the blistering sun...

Opening it, she peeped into the deserted mansion and was lured by its cool shadows. Picking her way carefully over the uneven flooring...

Here, on a built-in seat by one of the many-paned windows, from which the glass had long ago fallen, Alliecia seated herself...

Presently she was thinking in a confused, half-conscious way of the things that must have happened in this old house, abandoned now...

Alliecia's eyes were closed now; she didn't trouble to open them to see just how that sparkling ocean must have looked to the young brides...

The soft purring of the waves on the pebbly beach became more insistent; the tide was rising. With it came a stronger breeze...

It lifted Alliecia's shade hat and wadded it gently down to a resting place amid the sorrel and daisies...

Gaining the level plateau where an unobstructed view of the old mansion could be had the young man paused...

When the Los Angeles boys got in the other day, the papers said joy was unconfined, but they were wrong...

It was very still, that well-shaped head of which he could get but a glimpse. Evidently its owner hadn't noticed his approach...

Surely it would be no trespass—it was his house, at all events. Pliny tried it, and succeeded. He reached the doorway on tiptoe...

"Why does a woman value pearls and diamonds so highly?" "I dunno," replied Farmer Corn-tassel...

The girl of the poppy hat, indubitably. The right girl, the right girl of all girls. And sleeping quietly on the window seat...

"Yes," interrupted Caverly, "I found your hat on the grass. And I was thinking of brides, too. Brides—and this room. You see—Pliny went on like a race horse...

"To make sure I was not dreaming," answered Alliecia, drawing away her hand. "Who, pray, are you—who walk into the Caverly mansion...

all girls. And sleeping quietly on the window seat. So moveless she seemed, so very still, that suddenly a panic fear smote Pliny...

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Cleaning Suits at Home.

Summer suits made of Palm Beach cloth—that is, of strong, plain weaves in cotton that go by that name—are cool and serviceable...

After the garments have been rinsed they should be only partially dried before they are pressed. Iron with moderately hot iron on the wrong side and use hangers for both coats and skirts when they are put away.

solution of perborate of sodium until the spot has turned pale brown. Then touch with a crystal of oxalic acid, and rinse. Dye stains are often found on this class of goods...

After the garments have been rinsed they should be only partially dried before they are pressed. Iron with moderately hot iron on the wrong side and use hangers for both coats and skirts when they are put away.

The veil is very much in demand for wear with the small hat or the toque, particularly a large square style with a silk hexagonal mesh in black, maroon, beaver, or blue...

A practical black hat which may be worn with white summer frocks or with dark costume has a brim of shirred black lace and tulle and a French blue pteot ribbon...

Fruit stains should be treated with a warm perborate of sodium solution, using one ounce of perborate to a pint of warm water. The spot is immersed in this solution from five to fifteen minutes...

Just taking things by and large, what, think you, were Pliny's chances? SOME EXCUSE FOR FAILURE

SOME EXCUSE FOR FAILURE

But Civil Service Candidate Who Could Not Place Goofusburg Did Not Pass His Examination.

Now that the government departments have begun to cut down their forces, examinations are the order of the day. Incidentally, the civil service commission is finding that many grades are unusually high...

Every now and then, however, the commission manages to dig up a question that no one can answer. Such a one was found recently for a constituent of Representative Ayres of Kansas.

Driving through Maryland, a few days ago, with this particular constituent, the congressman was somewhat befuddled when his friend pointed out one ramshackle house, standing in the middle of a cornfield, and asked:

"Can you name that county seat for me, congressman?" "No, I can't," Ayres said, "and I don't think any one else can."

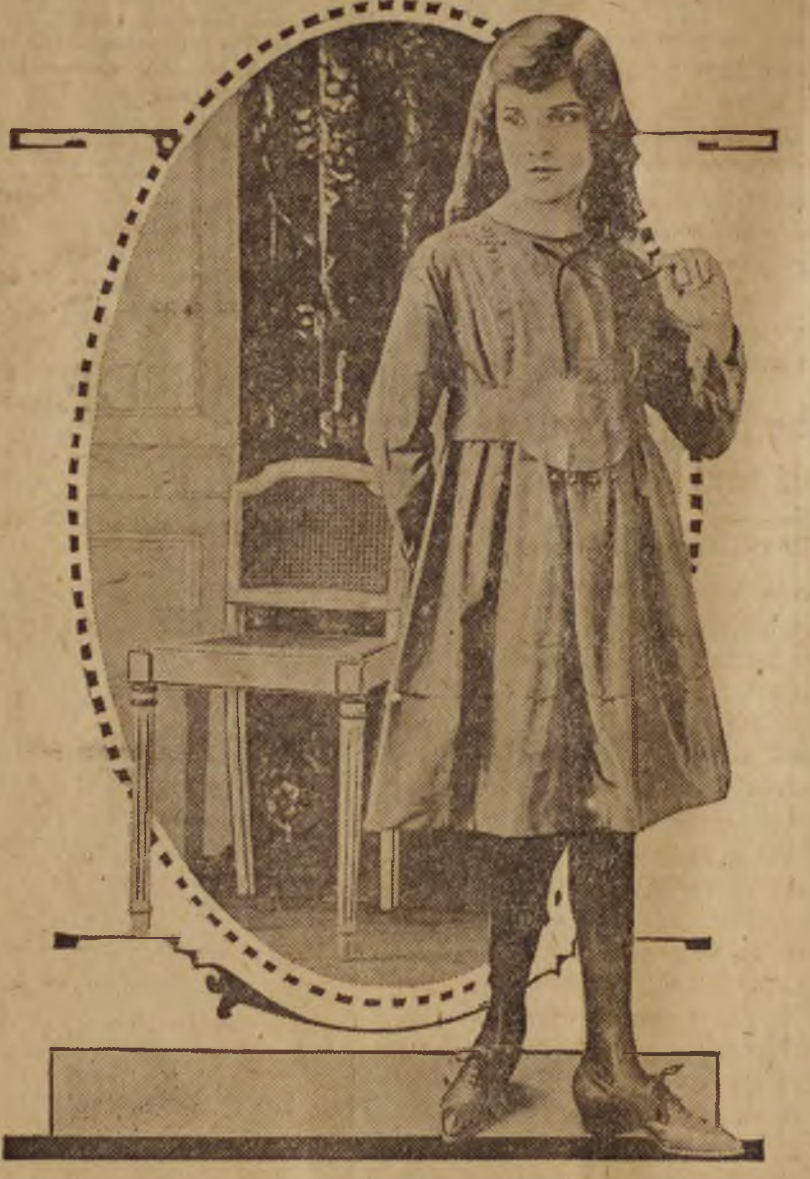
"Oh, yes, it can be done," came the reply. "That is Goofusburg."

"Well," responded the congressman, "that may be true, but it doesn't appear that Goofusburg has been functioning for some time."

"Quite right," continued the unfortunate constituent. "It went out of business as a county seat right after the Revolutionary war. I believe, but that didn't prevent the civil service commission from asking me to locate it recently. I failed."

Had Fallen Down. When the Los Angeles boys got in the other day, the papers said joy was unconfined, but they were wrong...

SILK FROCK FOR A JUNIOR MISS



There is no haphazard designing of clothes for girls and misses these days. Styles for the several stages of girlhood, from six to twenty years, are definite. These are the school years, and designers that give all their care and attention to the needs of the schoolgirl have thought out apparel that is correct for all her activities and occasions.

The average boy mother cannot do better than to rely upon these specialists in choosing clothes for her young daughters. They will not suffer by comparisons in school, academy or college (where they must be outfitted for study and for any of their classmates).

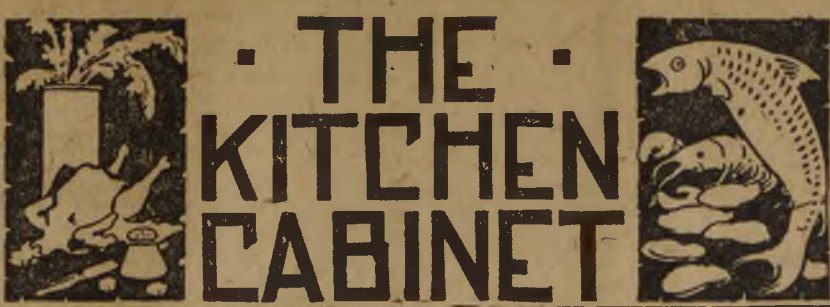
The frock of taffeta silk shown in the picture is intended for a girl from eleven or twelve to fifteen years. Taffeta has a crisp quality that makes it especially suited to sprightly dresses for junior misses, and this particular frock is very cleverly put together. It has little niceties of finish that make it engaging, while they also play a part in educating their young wearers in the value of details. It is a pretty frock for dress-up occasions.

For a girl of eleven or twelve this model shows the skirt cut knee-length, but a few additional inches are to be added for girls who have entered their teens, the lengthening to be governed by the discretion of the mother. Six inches above the narrow hem there is a deep tuck, two and a half inches

wide, otherwise the skirt is plain and gathered to the bodice. The bodice has a front panel cut in one piece with a shaped girde that curves into a scallop, making an opportunity for pendant cords ending in little silk balls that match the frock in color. The long sleeves are finished with cuffs shaped to correspond with the girde. Vertical buttonholes, worked in the panel on the bodice, have narrow velvet ribbon brought through them to make a trim little tie, and there are neat and dainty over-cuffs of white organdie to protect the sleeves at the wrist. There are not many social doings, connected with school or otherwise, that call for anything more pretentious than this pretty frock.

Bead Frogs. Bead frogs are a novelty that forms an interesting trimming for chiffon and other sheer fabrics. They are frogs of the regulation shape, formed of beads strung and sewed into place.

Pretty Combination. Hair braided in dark brown combined with malines formed a smart little Hindu turban that was both light and comfortable for city wear.



"Thou hast ventured deeply, but all must do so, who would deeply win." "So many worlds, so much to do; so little done such things to be."

The tender morsels on the palate melt. And all the force of cookery is felt.

SMALL CAKES.

Hermit.—Take three-fourths of a cupful of sweet fat, add one and one-half cupfuls of sugar, two beaten eggs, one teaspoonful of soda in a tablespoonful of sour milk, one teaspoonful each of cloves, cinnamon and nutmeg and one cupful of currants, knead hard, roll and sprinkle with granulated sugar before cutting the cookies.

Sugar Cookies.—Take two cupfuls of sugar, one cupful of shortening, one teaspoonful of soda and two teaspoonfuls of baking powder sifted into one quart of flour, four well beaten eggs and a teaspoonful of vanilla. Roll, cut and bake quickly.

Oatmeal Cookies.—Take three cupfuls of oatmeal, one-half cupful of sugar, one cupful of water or cold coffee, and one cupful of shortening, half a teaspoonful of salt and flour enough to roll. Bake in a quick oven.

Coconut Cookies.—Take one cupful of shortening, one and one-half cupfuls of sugar, two eggs, one cupful of grated coconut, one-half cupful of sweet milk, one-half teaspoonful of soda, one teaspoonful of cream of tartar, one teaspoonful of vanilla, flour enough to make a soft dough; roll as usual, using as little flour as possible. Bake in a quick oven.

Coconut Macaroons.—Cream one tablespoonful of butter with half a cupful of sugar, add one beaten egg, one and one-half cupfuls of oatmeal and half a cup of coconut. Drop by spoonfuls on a buttered sheet and bake in a hot oven. This recipe makes twenty-four.

Nut Tidbits.—Beat the whites of two eggs until stiff, add a cupful of sugar gradually and fold in one cupful of chopped nuts and two cupfuls of corn-flakes. Bake on a sheet in a moderate oven. Drop the cakes from a teaspoon and leave space to spread.

The same patriotism which sent American men to die for a democratic ideal is today demanding that American children be given an opportunity to live out that ideal.—Dr. L. Emmett Holt.

BERGINES AND SALSIFY, FALL VEGETABLES.

Bergines or egg plant and salsify or vegetable oysters are found in the markets during the late summer or early winter. They are both becoming more popular as they are being often grown in the home gardens.

The egg plant belongs to the potato and tobacco family, and has a flavor peculiar to itself. The purple skinned varieties are usually considered of better flavor than the white.

Salsify has a flavor similar to oysters, hence its name vegetable "oysters." When salsify is cooked and served with a little codfish the flavor of the oyster is heightened. It is a root which must be scraped and kept under water to keep it from turning dark colored. It should never be cooked in an iron vessel.

Egg Plant With Mushroom Stuffing.—Cut the egg plant in halves lengthwise and parboil in salted water until the pulp is tender. Scoop out the pulp to within an inch from the skin. Chop the pulp fine; add half its bulk of chopped mushrooms which have been sautéed in a little butter five minutes, the same amount of soaked bread crumbs, half a tablespoonful of minced onion, a tablespoonful of butter, and salt and pepper to taste. Fill the shells with the mixture; lay in a well-buttered pan, sprinkle with buttered crumbs and bake three-quarters of an hour. Minced ham may be used in place of the mushrooms and the onion may be omitted. This dish is a delicious accompaniment to steak or game.

Mashed Egg Plant.—Boil an egg plant whole, without paring. When tender drain and remove the skin. Mash smooth; add half a cupful of bread crumbs, two tablespoonfuls of butter, salt and pepper to taste, a little grated onion, or a clove of garlic cut and used to rub the inside of the baking dish. Fill the dish and smooth the top. Cover with buttered crumbs and bake until the crumbs are brown.

Salsify, Stewed.—Cover two bunches of salsify with cold water; let stand for an hour. Scrape and drop each piece into water to which a tablespoonful of vinegar has been added. Cut in small slices and cook in boiling salted water with an inch-piece of codfish. Cook until tender and most of the liquor evaporated; add cream or milk, butter salt and pepper and serve hot.

As the Great Spirit bids creation team With conscious being and intelligence, So man, his miniature resemblance, gives To matter's every form a speaking soul.

CHOICE VEGETABLES, NOT WELL KNOWN. The egg plant is such an attractive looking vegetable, and when nicely cooked, and served, so appetizing that it should be more commonly grown in our gardens.

Creamed Egg Plant.—Pare the egg plant, cut in slices then in cubes. Cook until tender in boiling salted water; drain and put into a rich white sauce; add a little lemon juice and a bit of onion for flavor. Serve on toast or in timbales.

Broiled Egg Plant.—Cut egg plant lengthwise into quarter-inch slices after paring. Cover with boiling salted water. Cool and dry in a napkin; dip each slice in a melted butter; season with salt and pepper; arrange on a hot broiler and broil five minutes on each side; place on a hot dish, spread with the sauce and serve at once.

Sauce.—Put two tablespoonfuls of butter into a bowl; add a teaspoonful of chopped parsley and the juice of half a lemon. Beat to a cream and set away in a cool place until needed.

Mock Fried Oysters.—Prepare, scrape and boil until tender a bunch or two of salsify or vegetable oysters, with a small piece of codfish; when cooked mash, season; add egg, a tablespoonful of flour and a bit of cream for two cupfuls of mashed salsify. Mold into flat cakes and dip in egg and crumbs; fry as oysters. Serve very hot.

Salsify may be scalloped, creamed, added to omelet or cooked and mixed with celery and served on lettuce as a salad.

Salsify Soup.—Prepare the salsify for any dish and cook until tender; add a thin white sauce well seasoned and thickened with a tablespoonful each of flour and butter cooked together.

Creamed Hazelnuts.—Shell and blanch a cupful of hazelnuts; boil until soft. Drop them into well-seasoned white sauce and serve in patty shells or in ramekins. These nuts are nice blanched and salted as one does almonds or peanuts.

As I look upon the lives of men, it seems to me that more fall to make a success of living through delay than through haste, and that what is called prudence results in more disappointments than what is called daring. There is always some hazard in life, and there must be life if life is to have any accomplishment.—Mackenzie.

VARIETY IN DIET. What we need to stress in these days is a larger variety or more attention given to food combinations and seasonings. The average housewife confines herself to a few dishes and repeats them so often that the family rebels. Where there is infinite variety from which to choose, even for the simple liver, it shows lack of progression to continue with monotony.

In the serving of meat, fish or game the sauce which accompanies it is most important. Commonly such foods are well cooked, but an appropriate sauce served with the dish is not so common.

With fish the favorite sauce has some acid to make it appetizing, for meat and game highly seasoned sauce formed from stock as a basis are liked, although sweet sauces also hold favor. For a thick, juicy broiled steak there is nothing more tasty than

Maitre d'Hotel Butter.—Put one-fourth of a cupful of butter into a bowl and cream it with a wooden spoon; add half a teaspoonful of finely minced parsley and lastly, adding very slowly, three-fourths of a tablespoonful of lemon juice.

A sauce which makes a dish of boiled or steamed fish out of the ordinary is

Olive and Almond Sauce.—Melt three tablespoonfuls of butter, add the same amount of flour, and when well mixed add one cupful of white stock. Cook until smooth and just before serving add half a cupful of cream, one-fourth of a cupful of shredded almonds, one teaspoonful of beef extract, eight olives, stoned and cut in quarters, half a tablespoonful of lemon juice and salt and cayenne to taste.

As a garnish for duck or a salad to serve with game, sliced oranges with a well-seasoned French dressing is especially good.

A most tasty tomato sauce may be prepared by using a cupful or less of the canned tomato soup. It is strained, seasoned and slightly thickened, so with other seasonings for variety, the sauce is ready to serve.

WOMEN OF MIDDLE AGE

Need Help to Pass the Crisis Safely—Proof that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Can be Relied Upon.

Urbana, Ill.—"During Change of Life," in addition to its annoying symptoms, I had an attack of grippe which lasted all winter and left me in a weakened condition. I felt at times that I would never be well again. I read of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and what it did for women passing through the Change of Life, so I told my doctor I would try it. I soon began to gain in strength and the annoying symptoms disappeared and your Vegetable Compound has made me a well strong woman so I do all my own housework. I cannot recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound too highly to women passing through the Change of Life."

—Mrs. FRANK HENSON, 1316 S. Orchard St., Urbana, Ill.

Women who suffer from nervousness, "heat flashes," backache, headaches and "the blues" should try this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

The Usual Way. "Say, how in thunder do you get out of this confounded town, anyhow?" yelled a motorist who had become excited in a blind lane at the outskirts at Wayoverbehnd.

"I don't try to," replied the native addressed, "but them that really want to get out generally do so sooner or later with hymns of thanksgiving."—Kansas City Star.

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Williams. In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

Not Hard to Satisfy. There were two plates of cake on the table and the hostess asked Arthur which he preferred, chocolate or coconut. "Oh, I'm not particular like some folks is," said the little chap; "an' so I'll just have a piece of each kind."

Not in School. "I hope they don't teach you to flirt in school, Ethel?" "No, they don't mother." "Well, it seems you know something about it, dear." "Yes, mother. But we don't learn that in school. We learn it during recess."

HAD TO GIVE UP

Was Almost Frantic With the Pain and Suffering of Kidney Complaint. Doan's Made Her Well.

Mrs. Lydia Shuster, 1838 Margaret St., Frankford, Pa., says: "A cold started my kidney trouble. My back began to ache and got sore and lame. My joints and ankles became swollen and painful and it felt as if needles were sticking into them. I finally had to give up and went from bad to worse."

"My kidneys didn't act right and the secretions were scanty and distressing. I had awful dizzy spells when everything before me turned black; one time I couldn't see a bit of good until I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. I could soon see they were helping me; the backache stopped, my kidneys were regulated and I no longer had any dizzy spells or rheumatic pains. I still take Doan's occasionally and they keep my kidneys in good health."

Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Reporting a Crime. "First you talk of a jewel robbery," said the policeman, "and now all you have to say is that you have lost your cook."

Tumultuous. "Don't you admire Wagnerian music?" "Yes," replied Mr. Cumrox, "only don't you think some of it is what you might call slightly over-jazzed?"

Get Right, and Stick to It. Nature gives abundant lessons. Try to be as hard to discourage as a dandelion blossom.

MURINE Rests, Refreshes, Soothes, Heals—Keep your Eyes Strong and Healthy. If they Tingle, Smart, Itch, or Burn, if Sore, Irritated, Inflamed or Granulated, use Murine often. Safe for Infant or Adult. At all Druggists. Write for Free Eye Book. Murine Eye Remedy Company, Chicago, U. S. A.

Nellie Maxwell



Chicken Dinner Sunday at Evans' restaurant for 65 cents a plate.

**Dr. J. T. SHESLER**  
DENTIST  
Telephone No. 44  
Office in Exchange Bank Building

**ROY STANLEY**  
PAINTING  
DECORATING  
PHONE NO. 35 GENOA, ILL.

—SEND ORDERS—  
**Pianos and Victrolas**  
T. H. GILL, Marengo, Ill.  
Selling Goods in this vicinity Over Forty Years

**DR. J. W. OVITZ**  
Physician and Surgeon

Genoa Office over Swan's Store. Telephone No. 11  
Monday, 9:00 to 12:00 a. m. Thursday, 9 to 12:00 a. m.  
Tuesday, 9:00 to 12:00 a. m. Friday, 9:00 to 12:00 a. m.  
Wednesday, 8 to 8:30 p. m. Saturday, 8:00 to 8:30 p. m.  
Charges for visits at the home will be the same as tho my residence were in Genoa

Sycamore Office in Pierce Building. Phone No. 122.  
Special Appointments by Telephone

DR. D. ORVAL THOMPSON

DR. C. STUART CLEARY

Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays Hours 1 to 5 and 7 to 8 p. m.

Other hours by appointment

Telephone Genoa, 188

**Osteopathic Physicians**

OVER MARTIN'S STORE, Genoa

Telephone Sycamore 188

Graduates of American School of Osteopathy, Kirksville, Mo.

**DUROC JERSEY BOARS**

We are offering a very good lot of early farrowed, typy boars of the best breeding.

**Select Yours Now**

**A. M. SIMMONS, KINGSTON, ILL.**  
First Farm East of Village

**FOR SALE**  
FINE, PURE-BRED

**Rufus Red Belgian Hares**

The kind you have been looking for. All stock pedigreed and I guarantee satisfaction on all sales or money refunded. Please state wants in first letter.

E. H. Abbott

Phone 136

Genoa, Ill.

**Just Suppose**  
You Build Now

In a few months you can move into just the home you've been wanting—comfortable and modern.

We build better these days; houses are warmer; they have better plumbing; their porches make living more comfortable in summer. That's why you should build and not rent a house built years ago when people didn't know so well how to live.

It really costs but a few dollars more to build now than a few years ago. You pay more, yes, but it's for extra comforts—a real fire place, porches screened and glassed for all year use and Universal concrete foundations that make a dry basement.

Let us help you in planning. We can show you how to build the most comforts and the greatest permanence into your house at least cost. We'll be glad to tell you all we know about the economies of building. Let's talk it over.

**Tibbits Cameron Lumber Co.**

ORRIN MERRITT, Manager

Our Slogan: Onward with Improvements

**Junk**

I pay the highest market prices for old iron and all kinds of metals, rags, paper, etc. Also buy Furs and Hides. If you have any of these items, phone and I will call on you at once.

MIKE GORDON

Phone 138

**Genoa Lodge No. 288**  
A. F. & A. M.  
Meets Second and Fourth Tuesdays of Each Month  
F. A. Holly, W. M. T. M. Frazier, Sec  
MASTER MASONS WELCOME

**GENOA CAMP NO. 163**  
M. W. A.  
Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month.  
Visiting neighbors welcome  
B. C. Awe, V. C.  
C. D. Schoonmaker, Clerk

**Genoa Lodge No. 768**  
I. O. O. F.  
Meets Every Monday Evening in Odd Fellow Hall  
L. M. Doty, N. G. J. W. Sowers, S. O.

Mass next Sunday morning at nine o'clock at St. Catherine's church.

Grinding at the feed mill Wednesday and Saturday of each week until further notice.

Lee Storm has purchased the old Geithman farm, north of Genoa, the consideration being \$322.50 per acre. Jos. Stott and daughter, Fannie, of Desplaines were guests the first of the week of the former's brother, J. E. Stott.

Alex. Crawford has bought the 80 acres he recently sold in a deal to Fred Floto, the consideration being \$340.00 per acre.

Mr. and Mrs. Vern Geithman left Sunday evening for a two week's visit with relatives and friends in Park Prairie, Minn.

Captain (Dr.) C. A. Patterson, who has been stationed in Indianapolis for a few weeks, has been transferred to a post on the Pacific coast.

Frank Stanley is visiting friends and relatives in Genoa and vicinity. He has just been discharged from the army after serving eighteen months on the Mexican border.

The vacant lots immediately south of S. Abraham's residence on Sycamore street have been cleaned up and will be leveled off as an athletic field for the township high school.

Rev. Thos. O'Brien returned last week after an extended visit in Boston and other eastern cities. He had the pleasure of witnessing the Pershing parade in New York.

You can see at the Grand Theatre on Saturday, Sept. 20th, "The Hearts of the Wilds", featuring Elsie Ferguson. Show starts at 8 o'clock. Admission 10 and 15 cents plus tax

About forty years ago, B. C. Awe and his brothers, who resided on the place now occupied by B. C., were engaged in trapping wolves as a sport. One of the boys set a trap one day and it was not found again, until recently, despite the diligent search of the boys. While plowing last week, west of the river, Mr. Awe brought the old trap to light in turning over the earth. It was still set, but the rust of years had welded the trap into one solid mass.

Mrs. J. T. Shesler visited in Chicago during the past week.

Owing to the fact that the builders of the Ford garage will have need for all the land purchased on East Main street, C. F. Dearduff will be compelled to move his building which is used as a photograph studio. Mr. Dearduff is offering the building for sale.

**GENOA LOSES SERIES**

In two games, one Sunday and the other played Wednesday, Kingston came out victorious, beating the locals, 15 to 7 and 9 to 7 respectively.

Sunday's game was a loosely played affair as is denoted by the score. As usual the locals were unable to hit the pill as it breezed across the pan, while the Tigers solved Shattuck's delivery in the fourth inning and hoped onto him for 4 runs, collecting the others at will during the remaining innings.

Wednesday's game started out in what promised to be a pitcher's duel between the local heaver and Red Lilly of Kingston. However things became amiss in the second inning after Genoa had accumulated two runs and the Tigers drove four markers across the rubber. The score at the end of the first half of the ninth was 9 to 3 in favor of Kingston, and right there Genoa began to look dangerous. In a last effort batting rally, using pinch hitters at random and all the skill of the yelling bleachers put into play in trying to befog the visiting pitcher, Genoa eased 4 runs across the plate, their efforts falling two short of the required mark. The last out came when the runner on third was tagged out at home. It sure was a terrible death to die for Genoa thought she was betting on a sure win game.

"Dandruff was killing my hair"



"My head itched unbearably and my hair was coming out by the handful. A few applications of Wildroot loosened and removed quantities of dandruff—the itching stopped. Today it is thicker and more beautiful than ever."

Wildroot Liquid Shampoo or Wildroot Shampoo Soap, used in connection with Wildroot Hair Tonic, will hasten the treatment.

**WILDROOT**  
THE GUARANTEED HAIR TONIC

For sale here under a money-back guarantee

**Baldwin's Pharmacy**

**DIRECT ADVERTISING**

The first direct advertising was a sign over the merchant's door.

This gave the passer-by the name and kind of store.

The second direct advertising was the merchant's show window.

This attracted attention, created interest in the goods displayed, and helped to change passers-by into passers who buy.

The next nearest direct advertisement was the display in the local newspapers.

This brought the name of the store, the kind of store and the goods for sale directly to the attention of all the neighborhood folk who might become customers.

There was a time—years ago—when a newspaper would print any advertisement that was given to it. This is not true today.

Newspapers feel a responsibility to their readers.

Advertisers know this as well as the newspapers know it.

Therefore, advertised goods are honest goods.

Only good goods can afford large advertising.

To widely advertise inferior goods is a sure way to bankruptcy. Goods that are widely advertised are good goods.

They have to be good or the wide advertising would kill them.

The following firms and individuals have space in The Republican this week. Others are invited to use this method of publicity. It pays to have our readers talk about you.

Baldwin's Pharmacy.

Hughes Clothing Co.

F. W. Olmsted Co.

Tibbits, Cameron Lumber Co.

Genoa Lumber Co.

Zeller & Son.

Exchange Bank.

Baldwin's Pharmacy.

E. W. Lindgren.

B & G Garage.

E. J. Tischler.

Baldwin's Pharmacy.

R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co.

Standard Oil Co.

Ellis Business College.

Metropolitan Business College.

G. H. Martin.

R. H. Browne.

J. Rendell.

John Albertson.

Mike Gordon.

Leath's Furniture Store.

Holtgren & Son

A. M. Simmons.

E. H. Abbott.

Genoa Vulcanizing Shop.

R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co.

M. F. O'Brien.

Theo. F. Swan

**Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured**

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarrhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surface. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Circulars free. All Druggists, etc.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

**EXECUTOR'S NOTICE**

Estate of Emma Jane Wait, deceased.

The undersigned, having been appointed Executor of the last Will and Testament of Emma Jane Wait, late of the County of DeKalb and State of Illinois, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the County Court of DeKalb County at the Court House in Sycamore at the November term, on the first Monday in November next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 2nd day of September, A. D. 1919.

G. E. Stott, Executor.

**EXECUTOR'S NOTICE**

Estate of Theresa C. Smith, deceased.

The undersigned, having been appointed Executor of the last Will and Testament of Theresa C. Smith, late of the County of DeKalb and State of Illinois, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the County Court of DeKalb County at the Court House in Sycamore at the November term, on the first Monday in November next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 2nd day of September, A. D. 1919.

Charles H. Smith, Executor

G. E. Stott, Attorney.

**Features That Weep.**

Among the creatures that weep most easily are the ruminants. All hunters know that the stag weeps, and it is asserted that the bear sheds tears when severely wounded. The giraffe is not less sensitive and regards with tearful eyes the hunter who has wounded it.



**Evaline Lodge**  
No. 344

4th Tuesday of each month in I. O. O. F. Hall  
W. J. Prain, Prefect  
Fannie M. Heed, Secretary

**Cylinders Full of Carbon?**

Let us remove it. Our process is quick, sure, economical.

Let us help prevent it too.

**Mobiloids**  
A grade for each type of motor

High grade gasoline and the correct oil are important. We supply both.

**B & G Garage**

**Pearl Werthwein Reinken**

Instructor

**VOICE AND PIANO**

Address, Hampshire, Ill.  
Genoa Saturday of each week



No. 44N

The "Modish" we call this wrist watch. And what more expressive description can be given it! Its beautiful hand-chased case conceals a Gruen movement, renowned for its accuracy and dependability.

**J. RENDELL**

Jeweler and Optometrist  
315 Lincoln Highway  
DeKALB ILLINOIS

**CLEANING PRESSING, REPAIRING**  
Men's and Ladies' Suits and Coats  
Over Holtgren's Store  
**JOHN ALBERTSON**



If you want to fill your bins with the best coal obtainable, give us your order

Don't wait until the last moment; until the price of coal goes up.

Get it Now--Get it From Us

We Guarantee You Satisfaction

**ZELLER & SON**

**IS THIS YOUR OPPORTUNITY**

A good position and attractive salary awaits every young man or woman who will devote a few months to proper training and preparation at the efficient

**METROPOLITAN Business College.**

Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Penmanship, Arithmetic, Letter Writing, English, Spelling, Etc.

Finest Rooms, Best Teachers, Individual Instruction.

Positions for Graduates. Write for Circulars today.

S. B. Johnson, Manager, Elgin, Ill.



18 cents a package

What you pay out your good money for is cigarette satisfaction—and, my, how you do get it in every puff of Camels!

**EXPERTLY** blended choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos in Camel cigarettes eliminate bite and free them from any unpleasant cigarette aftertaste or unpleasant cigarette odor.

Camels win instant and permanent success with smokers because the blend brings out to the limit the refreshing flavor and delightful mel-

low-mildness of the tobaccos yet retaining the desirable "body." Camels are simply a revelation! You may smoke them without tiring your taste!

For your own satisfaction you must compare Camels with any cigarette in the world at any price. Then, you'll best realize their superior quality and the rare enjoyment they provide.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO COMPANY, Winston-Salem, N. C.



## Woolly Boy

The Suits Of Quality and Service

Is your boy well dressed? Does he always look neat and nattily attired as he starts to school in the morning?

### Woolly Boy Clothes

give that fine, wholesome appearance to the American lad that makes him the envy of all nations. They are the last word in suits for the school boy. Guaranteed all wool of the finest quality. We have on hand a large selection to choose from.

**HOLTGREN & SON**



Shell handled pocket knives at Martin's.  
L. E. Carmichael of Rockford was a Genoa caller last Thursday.  
Harold Austin and family of Rockford spent the week end in Genoa.  
Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Swan and Helen were Rockford visitors Monday.  
Mrs. Lillia Dyer and Mrs. W. W. Cooper were Elgin visitors Tuesday.  
O. M. Leich is enjoying a fishing trip in the northern part of Wisconsin.  
Mrs. L. B. Lott is spending the week with relatives in Downers Grove.  
Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Zeller and son, John, were guests of Ashton relatives Sunday.  
Mr. and Mrs. Roy Foster and son,

were Rockford visitors Sunday and Monday.  
A. J. Kohn is attending the Telephone Convention at Indianapolis, Ind., this week.  
T. G. Sager returned from Rochester, Minn., last Thursday greatly improved in health.  
Dillon Patterson spent the week end touring towns and cities in Northern Illinois.  
Mr. and Mrs. John Bunn and Miss Osla Downing of Rockford visited in Genoa over Sunday.  
Have you a pair of pretty earrings? If not, call at Martin's and see his new selection.  
Mrs. Peter Konkaski and daughter, Ellen, are guests of the former's mother, Mrs. Erdina Tyler.

Mrs. J. W. McDonald of Des Moines Iowa, is a guest at the home of her aunt, Mrs. Emma Corson.  
Mrs. Brainard of Spokane, Wash., has been a guest at the S. H. Materson home during the past week.  
Miss Gertrude Rowan left Monday morning for Hillsdale, Michigan, where she will attend the University.  
Dillon J. Patterson left Thursday morning of this week for Notre Dame where he will continue his university work.  
Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Patterson and three children of Indianapolis, Ind., are visiting Genoa relatives this week.  
Mr. and Mrs. Fred Patterson of this city and Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Gregory of California visited Lake Bluff

relatives Tuesday and Wednesday of this week.  
Mrs. Virginia Wilcox returned Monday evening from a few days' visit with Woodstock and Marengo friends.  
Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Tibbets of Imperia, Nebr., are guests at the home of the former's sister, Mrs. E. Chamberlain.  
Raymond Uglad of Sheridan, Mrs. Wm. Furr's brother, underwent an operation for appendicitis at the Sycamore Hospital Wednesday.  
Mr. and Mrs. James Forsythe are visiting the latter's brother, Alfred, in Bimldji, S. D. and will also stop off at St. Paul for a few days.  
August Nelson of Herbert, who has sold his farm, has bought Henry Smith's residence on West Main street and will move to town this fall.  
Herbert Abbott, who has lived in the Hewitt house on West Main St. for the past year will soon move into the cottage occupied by G. L. Couch on First street.  
Mrs. J. T. Shesler and daughter, Madeline are guests at the home of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Kuhn of Chicago. Dr. Shesler spent last week with them.  
Mr. and Mrs. Henry Heinemann and family of Huntley and Mr. and Mrs. Lew Wenzholz and family and Miss Lucille Heidman of Dundee spent Sunday at C. H. Aves.  
Cameo settings are gaining in favor every season. Martin has a large selection of cameo brooches, finger rings and tie pins. Stop in and see them. You will find the prices reasonable.  
Mr. and Mrs. Lee Smith of Kingston and Mr. and Mrs. John Lembke motored to Elgin Sunday, and Milburn Duval, who spent the week end with his grandparents returned with them.  
Mrs. P. Kohn, who had been spending a week at the home of her son, A. J. Kohn, returned to Watertown, Wis. Saturday. She was accompanied as far as Rockford by Mr. and Mrs. Kohn and Barbara.  
On the spacious veranda of the F. O. Swan home on Sycamore street, the Jolly Eight Club played five-hundred Saturday afternoon. The hostess, Mrs. Swan, served pleasing refreshments at five o'clock.  
A. C. Smith came out from Chicago Saturday and on Sunday was accompanied home by his father, C. H. Smith. The return trip was made in G. E. Stott's auto. Mr. Smith will remain in Chicago several weeks.  
Mr. and Mrs. Wagner and children of Glen Ellyn were week end guests at the home of A. C. Reed. Mr. Wagner, who was employed by the Cra-craft, Leich Electric Co. when that firm first came to Genoa, is now post-master in his home city.  
The moonlight picnic on the banks of the Kishwaukee River Friday evening for which the Sophomore class were sponsors was the first autumn social affair of the high school calendar. Coffee was served over the camp fire and sandwiches and water-melon served.  
In one auto truck load last week Bryce Smith hauled 95 bushels of shelled corn to the Zeller elevator. The scales at the elevator will weigh in just six tons. Had the load mentioned above weighed 600 pounds more, it could not have been accommodated on the scales.

**Best Work at Seventy.**  
Rosa Bonheur finished at seventy her "Horses Threshing Corn," the largest animal picture ever painted, and which was sold for \$60,000. In 1898, on her seventy-fourth birthday, she finished a painting representing the historical combat between two stallions to which Lord Godolphin invited his friends in 1734.

## Genoa Vulcanizing Shop

(FIRST DOOR WEST OF LAUNDRY)



Tubes and Casings  
All Work Guaranteed  
**Genoa Vulcanizing Shop**

COME OVER TO OUR HOUSE

Says Leath's

### An Opportunity!

A. Leath & Co. Stores

Elgin, 70-74 Grove Ave.  
Dubuque, 576-584 Main St.  
Aurora, 31-33 Island Ave.  
Freeport, 103-105 Galena St.  
Waterloo, 312-314 E. 4th St.  
Beloit, 617-621 4th St.  
Rockford, Opposite Court House  
Joliet, 215-217 Jefferson St.  
Janesville, 202 Milwaukee St.  
Eau Claire, Masonic Temple.

Free Delivery By Auto Truck

To young people about to be married and folks who like nice furniture.

A Leath Store is near, where you can buy the most beautiful furniture made. The Leath Chain sells this rich furniture at prices no higher than you pay for ordinary kind in single stores. Come in and look around.

### A REAL PARTY

Wednesday evening

September 24

AT

**RILEY'S HALL**

Marengo, Ill.

Music by the Jazz-A-Lot band of Rockford, Ill.

The

## Brunswick

All Photographs in One

### Two Reasons

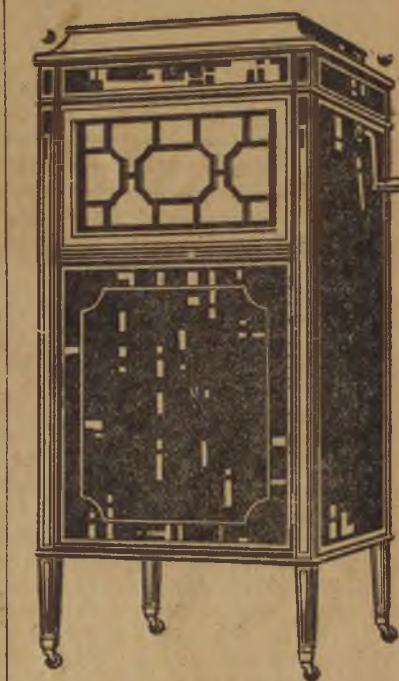
There are two reasons why The Brunswick is the most modern phonograph.

First: The Ultona, an all-record reproducer that plays all records at their best. By a simple turn of the hand, this wonderful invention presents to each type of record the proper diaphragm and needle, the correct position and pressure on the record.

Second: The Oval All-Wood Tone Amplifier (or horn.) As this Amplifier is made entirely of moulded wood, like a fine violin, there are no metallic sounds; and it brings out tone quality hitherto lost.

A complete demonstration will prove to you the merits of this super-instrument.

\$32.50 to \$1,500  
Convenient Terms



R. H. Browne  
Genoa, Illinois

Housewives ask for KOMO FLOUR because it is the best. They know its fine qualities as a bread maker, the delic-

## KOMO FLOUR

ious pastry that it makes and the wonderful cakes, cookies and doughnuts of which it, KOMO FLOUR, is the main ingredient. TRY IT!!

**E. J. TISCHLER, Grocer**



PUT a pipe in your face that's filled cheerily brimful of Prince Albert, if you're on the trail of smoke peace! For, P. A. will sing you a song of tobacco joy that will make you wish your life job was to see how much of the national joy smoke you could get away with every twenty-four hours!

You can "carry on" with Prince Albert through thick and thin. You'll be after laying down a smoke barrage that'll make the boys think of the old front line in France!

P. A. never tires your taste because it has the quality! And, let it slip into your think-tank that P. A. is made by our exclusive patented process that cuts out bite and parch—assurance that you can hit smoke-record-high-spots seven days out of every week without any comeback but real smoke joy!

R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company, Winston-Salem, N. C.

## Correct Lubrication Is Tractor Insurance

NO matter how good your tractor may be it cannot give satisfactory service unless it has proper lubrication.

This means not only plenty of oil, but the correct oil, properly applied.

After long years of experience the Standard Oil Company (Indiana) has produced three oils which will correctly lubricate the entire range of tractors.

These in the order of their viscosity are:

**Heavy Polarine Oil**  
**Stanolind Tractor Oil**  
**Extra Heavy Polarine Oil**

Any Standard Oil representative will be glad to show you the chart of Tractor Lubrication, prepared by our Engineering Staff. It indicates specifically which of these three oils the Standard Oil Engineers have found will give the best results in your particular tractor.

We have just published a 100-page book "Tractors and Tractor Lubrication," prepared by our engineering staff, which you will find a valuable reference book, and we believe it will save you many days of tractor idleness with the resultant money loss. It's free to you for the asking. Address.

Standard Oil Company, 910 So. Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.  
1750 (Indiana)



**What Are the Chances of Being Saved?**

By REV. J. H. RALSTON, D. D.  
Secretary of Correspondence Department,  
Moody Bible Institute, Chicago

TEXT—Are there few that be saved?—Matt. 13:23.

Some would say that the chances of being saved are not to be considered, for all are saved. Such a view is universalistic, out of which there will be a terrible awakening some day. Some say that the vast majority of the human race will be saved. These claim that all infants and all persons not morally responsible will be saved anyway, and that all persons who are not incorrigibly wicked and depraved will be saved also. Even some who are recognized as evangelical teachers say that the number of the saved will be very much greater than the lost.

As it is only in the Scriptures that we have any information about the subject of salvation, it is the part of good judgment and common sense to inquire what the Bible teaches as to the number of the saved.

1. In the first place with some salvation depends in their view upon meeting certain moral obligations. If there is any moral obligation at all, it is enjoined in a book that says there is none that doeth good, no not one. All have sinned and come short of the glory of God. All have gone astray and every man has turned to his own way. If a man says he has no sin, he deceives himself and the truth is not in him.

2. The conditions of salvation as outlined in the Scriptures are so difficult of fulfillment that man does not love them. It being accepted that there is none that doeth good, there is none excepted from the conditions laid down in the Word of God, the leaving of all to follow Jesus, the renouncing of the world and the acceptance to meet these conditions, which imply also the recognition of Jesus Christ as the Son of God and the only Savior of man. If confessing Christians were polled and each examined as to his personal relationship to Jesus Christ, it would be found that a large number, possibly the majority, could not stand the test.

3. Let us note carefully the statements of Scripture as to the relative number of the saved. In the Old Testament the prophet asks, "Can the Ethiopian change his skin or the leopard his spots? Then may we also do good that are accustomed to do evil." Jesus said, on one occasion, "Many are called but few chosen." On another occasion he said, "It is easier for a camel to go through the eye of a needle than for a rich man to enter into the kingdom of God." This prompted the question of his disciples, "Who then can be saved?"

In the Sermon on the Mount Jesus said, "Straight is the gate and narrow is the way which leadeth unto life and few there be that find it." In answer to the question, "Are there few that be saved?" Jesus replied, "Strive to enter in at the straight gate, for many, I say unto you, will seek to enter and shall not be able." There is an echo of this teaching in the words of Peter, "If the righteous scarcely can be saved, where shall the ungodly and sinner appear?" This was to say, if it is with the greatest difficulty that the righteous are saved, the chances of the ungodly are very few. We have also the teaching of the Lord as to some who will come before him at the great day of judgment and say, "We have eaten and drunk in thy presence and in thy name done many wonderful works," but he will say, "I never knew you."

Taking these conditions together, there is more than an intimation that a man falling short of the conditions should look upon his chances of being saved as comparatively small. If it is true, as Jesus said that he that believeth not on the Son of God shall not see life and that a man must believe on Jesus Christ in order to have everlasting life, it is likely that the vast majority of the people among us are not saved.

Jesus not only taught us that the gate is straight and the way narrow that leadeth to everlasting life, but he also taught that the way leading to death is wide and many as compared to the few on the narrow way are in it.

Drift into salvation is impossible. The will of man needs to be exercised in order to escape eternal perdition. To be saved a man must use his will definitely, immediately flee to Jesus Christ and accept him as Saviour.

**All Things Are God's**  
As all men have all their powers and faculties from God so all men are obliged to act for God, with all their powers and faculties. As all things are God's so all things are to be used and regarded as the things of God.—William Law.

**HORSE POWER NOT ALWAYS UTILIZED OR DISTRIBUTED TO GREATEST ADVANTAGE**



The Use of Large Teams Saves Man Power.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)  
More efficient utilization of horse power on the average farm will assist in a large measure in saving labor. The necessary horse power is usually available for the efficient operation of the average American farm, but this power is not always utilized or distributed to greatest advantage.

The practice of plowing as much land as possible in the late fall rather than in the spring, when work is pressing, will result in labor saving, as this method utilizes both horse power and labor at a season when it would otherwise be practically idle.

In practically the entire cotton belt the one-horse breaking plow is in general use. This requires the use of one man per horse in the operation of the farm. By the use of the two-horse breaking plow the same labor could break more land and at the same time make a better seedbed.

**Labor is Plentiful.**  
Planting and seeding are still done by hand in some parts of the cotton belt, and the distribution of fertilizers and manure is largely done in the same manner. This custom has prevailed no doubt because the labor has been plentiful. But the use of horse planters, grain drills, fertilizer distributors, and manure spreaders, where the amount of land under cultivation would justify the expenditure for the implements, a great saving of labor could be effected.

In the cultivation of crops in many parts of the South the use of the one-horse plow and sweep prevails, and because of the inefficiency of these implements the crops must be hoed almost continually in order to keep the crop clean. This method could be improved upon by using the light harrow or weeder when the crop is young and later the two-horse single-row culti-

vator. This would result in greatly increasing the amount of work performed with the same labor, and at the same time doing the work more efficiently.

**Use Two-Row Cultivator.**  
In many sections of the country the use of the two-row cultivator has been demonstrated as practicable, thereby utilizing more horse power and performing more work with the same labor. The use of this implement should be extended where conditions warrant. On the average cotton belt farm more horse power per man can be utilized in many instances. The use of four or five horses on the double gang plow would accomplish a much greater amount of work than is now performed per man on a majority of farms where the two-horse walking plow is used. In the preparation of the seedbed one man can readily handle four or six horses hitched to the section harrow to which additional sections have been added, thereby increasing the amount of land harrowed with the same labor. In the harvesting of crops horse power may be utilized more efficiently in many sections by the use of more horse power per man.

Co-operative use of machinery in harvesting the wheat and corn crop would utilize horse power and labor to advantage by the exchange of labor among small farmers.

**Use of Manure Spreader.**  
Hauling out manure on the average farm as it is produced, instead of allowing it to accumulate around the buildings and hauling it out when convenient, would be an economical practice. Where the expenditure is justifiable the use of a manure spreader would distribute the manure to better advantage and effect considerable saving in labor over the old method of hauling out and spreading by hand.

**DADDY'S EVENING FAIRY TALE**

By Mary Graham Bonner

**THE FIELDS.**

"It was in the summer time that the fields were waving and chatting and saying these things to each other. Of course they were at their best and the season had been just right for them.

"There had been enough rain but not too much, enough sunshine but not too much. In fact, it had been quite a perfect season so far.

"The fields always spoke of things having been nice so far for they never knew what the weather was going to be any more than the farmers did, and they heard the farmers talking in that way to each other.

"So the fields used to wonder if it would be dry and without even any showers for the rest of the season, or whether it would rain every day and hurt them!

"But this special day they were feeling very well and very happy.

"I'm so good for food," said the barley field. "I am pretty and feathery, too."

"I'm such a lovely pale green color," said the oats.

"And I am good and substantial looking," said the winter wheat.

"I am very good for the feed of animals," said the oats, "and so are peas."

"I come in pretty usefully myself," said the winter wheat.

"How about me?" asked the sorrel, a plant with yellowish blossoms.

"All right," said the oats, "but I am such a lovely shade of green."

"You admire yourself, eh?" asked the sorrel.

"I do," said the oats.

"So do I," remarked the winter wheat.

"And I like myself, too," said the barley field. "We are liked by others," it added.

"We are, too," said the winter wheat.

"Ah, ah, ah, don't boast too much," said a voice.

"And who are you, pray tell?" the fields asked. "Why shouldn't we boast when we have something to boast for?"



They Were at Their Best.

"You may boast," said the voice, "but not too much for I want to do some of it myself."

"Then the fields noticed that the voice came from the direction of the clover hay field.

"Oh, ho," said winter wheat, "so clover hay wants to do some talking."

"Certainly," said clover hay.

"Well, what have you to say for yourself?" asked the others.

"Quite a lot," said clover hay.

"Pray tell us what it is then," the others asked.

"You are all very useful. You all make good food for the animals, both in the summer and in the winter."

"Winter wheat bowed gracefully. It was much flattered to be especially noticed.

"But I have a special distinction," said clover hay.

"What is clover hay talking about?" the others asked.

"Don't use such big words," said the barley. "Fields don't understand."

"I mean that I have something special to boast of," said clover hay, "so I don't want all of you to take up the whole summer-time in boasting."

"Ah, we see," said the oats, "clover hay doesn't want us to boast so it can get a good chance at it."

"Right," said clover hay. "You're perfectly right."

"What are you going to boast about?" asked the winter wheat.

"Myself, of course," said clover hay.

"Yes," it continued, waving about. "I can boast about myself and boast beautifully. I am the food the animals love so; they actually call me the animals' dessert. I am to the animals what ice cream is to the children and to the grown-ups, too.

"It's all very well, all very well, to be regular, ordinary feed, but I, the clover hay, have the honor showed to me of being considered the best part of the animals' meal!"

"And what clover hay boasted of was true, for clover hay is the dessert for the farm animals."

**Recalcitrant.**

The rich old uncle from whom much was hoped for was visiting his niece, who had been telling him how dearly his little great-nephew and namesake loved his school and how well he was getting on with his studies.

"Well, Teddy," said the uncle jovially, upon the return of the little boy, "what do you do in school all day?"

Teddy pondered, "Well," he said gravely, "mostly I wait until it's time to go home."

**DISH OF DANDELION GREENS IS SPLENDID TONIC FOR MAN AT ANY TIME OF THE YEAR**



Greens Well Cooked and Attractively Served Are Liked by the Whole Family.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

"One thing I thought I never could do was to make George like greens. He always said he didn't like 'gruss,'" said Mrs. Moss as she looked with great satisfaction at the empty vegetable dish. "But today when I was out seeing how our grass seed was coming up I saw those nice tender-looking dandelion greens and could not resist gathering a basketful for dinner."

Her guest laughed. "Evidently George wasn't so hard to please after all. I saw him take two generous helpings and he seemed not to be doing it from a painful sense of duty, either. Wasn't his dislike of them due principally to the fact that you hadn't given him a chance to like greens at their best?"

"Of course it was," agreed Mrs. Moss. "I believe that is where many housewives make a mistake in choosing vegetables. They are so afraid that their husbands will not like different kinds that they use the same one or two vegetables all the time. As a result their diet is not nearly as varied as it might be and the members of the family miss the 'spring tonic' effect so many believe the greens would have on their systems.

"I'll warrant you if those women would cook greens by the recipe I used this noon and some others that I found in a newspaper under the heading, 'Recipes Tested in the Home Economics Experimental Kitchen of the United States Department of Agriculture,' nine out of every ten husbands would try them and call greens a good food.

**General Preparation of Greens.**

Pick over carefully, removing any discolored leaves, bits of grass, or other foreign material. Wash thoroughly, remove roots, drain, and cook until tender. If the full flavor of greens such as spinach is desired, cook in the water left on them after washing and their own juice. If a milder flavor is preferred, cook in two quarts of water and one teaspoonful of salt to a peck of greens, having the water boiling when greens are added. When cooked greens are used in making various dishes, they should be measured as dry as possible and any liquid which can be drained off may be used to make up the liquid called for by the recipe, or in making a soup.

**Greens With Brown Tomato Sauce.**

3 tablespoons butter 1 teaspoon lemon juice.  
4 tablespoons mus-tard 1½ teaspoons highly-tar-d. seasoned sauce.  
Few grains cay-enne. ½ cup stewed and strained tomatoes.

**Stuffed Peppers.**

2 tablespoons butter 1 cup greens finely chopped.  
2 tablespoons flour. ¼ cup bread crumbs.  
3 green peppers, 4 tablespoons bacon 1 onion finely chopped.  
Salt and pepper.

Cut a slice from stem end of each pepper, remove seeds and parboil peppers 15 minutes. Fry bacon and onion three minutes; add flour, greens, salt, pepper, and bread crumbs. Cool mixture. Sprinkle peppers with salt, fill with cooked mixture, cover with buttered bread crumbs and bake ten minutes. Serve hot.

**Spinach Egg Soup.**

(For use also with kale, beet tops and Swiss chard.)  
1 cup cooked 4 egg yolks or greens. whole eggs.  
1 small onion. 1 large slice bread or ¼ teaspoon soda. 6 soda crackers.  
¼ cup butter or 1½ teaspoon salt. other fat. Pepper.  
Water enough to 1 tablespoon lemon make 1 quart juice or vinegar if soup. desired.

Cut onion in small pieces and cook it with spinach and soda in butter for a few minutes. Add bread or crackers and one quart hot water; cook slowly for an hour. Strain, season, add more water if necessary to make one quart soup and thicken with egg

**RAISING HEALTHY CHICKENS**

Lack of Vigor in Newly Hatched Chicks Often Traceable to Weak Parents—Give Best Care.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

To be successful in raising chickens it is necessary to have healthy and vigorous breeding stock, for the lack of vigor in the newly hatched chicks is often traceable to weak parents. Only the most vigorous and the best grown birds should be put in the breeding yards. Each bird should be full of life and energy and free from any serious deformity. Yearling hens are usually better than pullets for breeders, for the reason that the hens are more mature and do not lay so many eggs during the early winter, and consequently do not reduce their vitality so much before the breeding season. Vigorous hens two to four years old can often be advantageously retained in the breeding yard. The male bird chosen should be young and active. An early hatched well-developed cockerel is usually satisfactory, or a good vigorous yearling or two-year-old cock may be chosen. The hens used for breeding purposes should be given the best care possible; they should be provided with large runs, and should not be forced for heavy egg production during the early winter.

**LICE POWDER IS ESSENTIAL**

Sodium Fluorid is Effective in Ridding Fowls of Vermin—Where to Make Application.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The free use of an effective lice powder is always advisable. A dust bath, consisting of road dust and wood ashes, is essential in ridding fowls of lice. Sodium fluorid, a white powder which can be obtained from druggists, is also effective. Apply a pinch of the powder at the base of the feathers on the head, neck, back, breast, below the vent, base of tail, both thighs, and on the underside of each wing.

**MARKET ALL SURPLUS FOWLS**

Young Birds of Good Strain Should Replace Those Which Have Lost Usefulness.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

All hens and roosters which have passed their days of usefulness should either be consigned to the stewpot or the market basket, letting fresh young fowls of good strain take their places in the pens and on the nests.

**SYMPTOM OF SEVERAL ILLS**

Limberneck Is Due to Absorption of Poisons From Intestines Causing Paralysis.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The condition known as limberneck is in reality not a disease, but is a symptom of several diseases which are characterized by a paralysis of the muscles of the neck, which makes it impossible for the bird to raise its head from the ground. This condition is due to the absorption of poisons from the intestines, which act upon the nervous system and cause paralysis. It is generally associated with indigestion or the eating of moldy grain or putrid meat or with intestinal worms.

The best treatment is to give a full dose of purgative medicine—that is, 50 or 60 grains of epsom salt or three or four teaspoonfuls of castor oil for a grown fowl. Often the birds will be cured within 24 hours. In case they are not better within three or four days it is not advisable to keep them.

**HARVESTING BIG WHEAT CROP**

Department of Agriculture Advises Farmer to Consider Question of Stacking.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

With the biggest crop of wheat on record about to be harvested, it is probable that in many neighborhoods thrashers will not be able to make their rounds in the usual time. Considerable quantities of wheat will have to wait beyond the usual thrashing time. If left in the shock, it will be damaged by every rain, even to some extent by the dew. The stacking of wheat has fallen into disuse in latter years, but it would be well, the department of agriculture says, for the farmer who is not certain of prompt thrashing to consider it this year.

**SUCCESSFUL SHEEP FARMING**

Neither Wool Nor Mutton Can Be Ignored—Two Products Worthy of Equal Consideration.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

A system of sheep farming that is to be continuously successful cannot ignore either wool or mutton. In many cases the two products will be worthy of equal consideration. In others either one may be emphasized according to the peculiarities of conditions, management, and marketing

**FARM POULTRY**

**CARE FOR HEALTH OF FOWLS**

Dropping Boards Should Be Cleaned Weekly—Isolate Birds With Colds—Keep Away Insects.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Clean the dropping boards at least once a week, and spray the roosts once a month with kerosene or some commercial preparation for killing mites. Have a good supply of sand or dry dirt on hand to use on the dropping boards.

If any of the birds develop colds,



A Clean House Promotes the Health of Poultry.

put as much potassium permanganate as will remain on the surface of a dime into a gallon of water and keep this material in their drinking water for several days, or until the symptoms of the colds have disappeared. Remove any sick birds from the flock as soon as noted and treat them in coops by themselves or kill and bury them if they are not worth treating.

Examine the pullets and hens for lice and dust thoroughly with a good insect powder or apply a mixture of equal parts of vaseline and mercurial or blue ointment, applying a piece about the size of a pea one inch below the vent of the bird, rubbing the mixture lightly on the skin. An application of this ointment two or three times a year will keep the fowls free from lice. Where insect powder is used, it should be applied three or four times a year, or oftener if the fowls become infested with lice. Provide a small box in the house, partly filled with dry road dust or fine dirt, in which the hens may dust themselves, thus helping to keep them free from lice.

**Pennsylvania Greens.**  
3 slices bacon cut ¼ cup mild vinegar. fine. 1 teaspoon salt.  
2 eggs. ¼ teaspoon pepper.  
Fry bacon. Beat eggs, add vinegar, salt, and pepper, and stir into the bacon fat. Cook until slightly thick. Cook greens until tender and drain. Pour sauce over them just before serving and serve hot.

**Kale Souffle.**  
(For use also with Swiss chard or spinach.)  
1½ cups finely ½ cup liquid (milk, chopped greens. cream, soup stock, ¼ cup butter. vegetable juice or 1½ cup flour. mixture of two or 1 teaspoon salt. more of these).  
4 eggs. 1 teaspoon lemon ¼ teaspoon pepper. Juice or vinegar.

Chop the greens very fine. A meat chopper with coarse cutter is good for this purpose. Melt the butter, add the flour, and cook about one minute. Add the milk, stirring constantly, and cook until mixture is smooth and thick. Add chopped greens and egg yolks, beaten, and the seasonings. Beat whites of eggs stiff. (Add them to the other mixture by the cutting and folding process.) Pour into buttered baking dish and cook 30 minutes in slow oven, or until firm and brown on top. Serve at once.

**DOULTRY NOTES**

It is an easy matter to overfeed fowls. Bear this in mind unless the fowls are on range.

Hens that are laying are not likely to accumulate fat; it is when they are not laying that they do so.

Give the fowls good dust and plenty of it. This is how they keep themselves free of vermin and well.

Hens of light breeds may be profitably kept for three seasons; those of the heavy breeds for two seasons.

Good layers are bred up and not fed up. All the feeding in the world cannot induce a naturally nonproductive hen to change her nature.

A trap nest is the one accurate way to tell whether you are keeping a paying flock, but the poultryman who keeps it must look after the nest in a proper way.

If you have made a failure of everything else, don't think the chicken business will prove to be a life saver. It requires not only brains, but an overplus of energy.

Chickens never wash, as many other birds do but cleanse themselves of insects by wallowing in soil. For this reason every poultry house should be provided with a dust box.

Five eggs out of every 100 are spoiled by being fertile. Producing infertile eggs does not require anything but the removal of the rooster from the flock after the need for hatching eggs is past.

Milk is no substitute for meat, for it is not sufficiently concentrated. It is impossible for fowls to drink enough of it to take the place of meat. When fed with animal food, milk performs excellent service.

Infertile eggs are more common among poor layers than good ones. Experiments at the Maine experiment station proved it nearly impossible to get fertile eggs from the hens that were the poorest layers.

**USE FIRELESS COOKER TO KEEP LUNCH HOT**

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

When doing many kinds of winter farm work men find it necessary to carry a noon lunch. Without the aid of a fireless cooker this meal is usually cold and consequently unappetizing on a day when the mercury hovers near the zero point.

A home-made fireless cooker constructed from a galvanized iron bucket with a cover, according to directions given in Farmers' Bulletin 771—on home-made fireless cookers and their use—will enable a hot meal to be served in the woods or elsewhere on the coldest of days. There is little time or expense entailed in the manufacture of these time savers and comfort givers.

Save all paraffin paper for lining cake tins.

Common salt will remove egg stains from silver.

When a lamp gives a poor light, try boiling the burner.

To polish silverware rub it with whiting on chamois.

Raw potato dipped in baking soda will clean brass electric fixtures.

**OF INTEREST TO THE HOUSEWIFE**



## THE BED ROCK OF PROSPERITY

The bed rock upon which any permanent prosperity is built consists simply in spending less than you make. Spend a little less than you make and put the difference in the Savings Bank. Joy will go with you, Hope will run before you, and Happiness will pursue you.

### The Genoa Republican GENOA, ILLINOIS.

In his speech at Tacoma, President Wilson said: "I am an enemy of the rulership of any minority, however constituted."

The president should have qualified the remark for he was first elected as president of the United States by a minority vote.

The president insists, in all his speeches that "the people" want the peace treaty and league of nations ratified by Congress as it is. With how many of the one hundred million people has the president discussed the matter? Surely he does not assume that every man and woman who greet the president of the United States with a cheer is an exponent of the peace treaty as it stands. No matter what Mr. Wilson's subject for discussion, no matter what his mission when travelling thru the country, he would naturally receive a great ovation. It is a fact undeniable that a very small percentage of the masses understand the terms of the peace pact in its entirety. Most of us are willing to take chances with the judgment of Congress, rather than with the judgment of one man, no matter how brilliant and learned that man may be. We believe that President Wilson is honestly sincere, but he is only human as has been proven time and again in the matter of changing his mind. All highly civilized nations long ago decided that great questions of state must be submitted to a body of men selected by the people and not by the executive of that nation. We are assuming that our senators have studied the terms of the peace pact and league of nations and have the advantage over President Wilson in that they have not been subject to personal contact and influence of the representatives of the three great European powers. Secretary of State Lansing, who was in close touch with the peace party, has made the statement that congress and the people of the United States would never accept the peace terms if they realized the true meaning of those terms.

The president asserts that we do not act in good faith with the men who fought and died in the great cause and that the sacrifice of lives and treasure has been for naught unless the treaty and league of nations is accepted without alteration.

From our personal observation, we know that most of the men went to war to thrash Germany and not for the purpose of entering into a league such as has been promulgated. Were this league of nations to become a fact, not one out of a hundred of the men who fought in France, would en-

list to take part in a European quarrel, unless that quarrel leads to one of the factions stepping on Uncle Sam's toes. The quarrel of Europe had their origin in the centuries ago, and no league can obliterate the jealousies and hatreds that have been festering during all those centuries.

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At the old Hoover Garage Genoa, Ill.



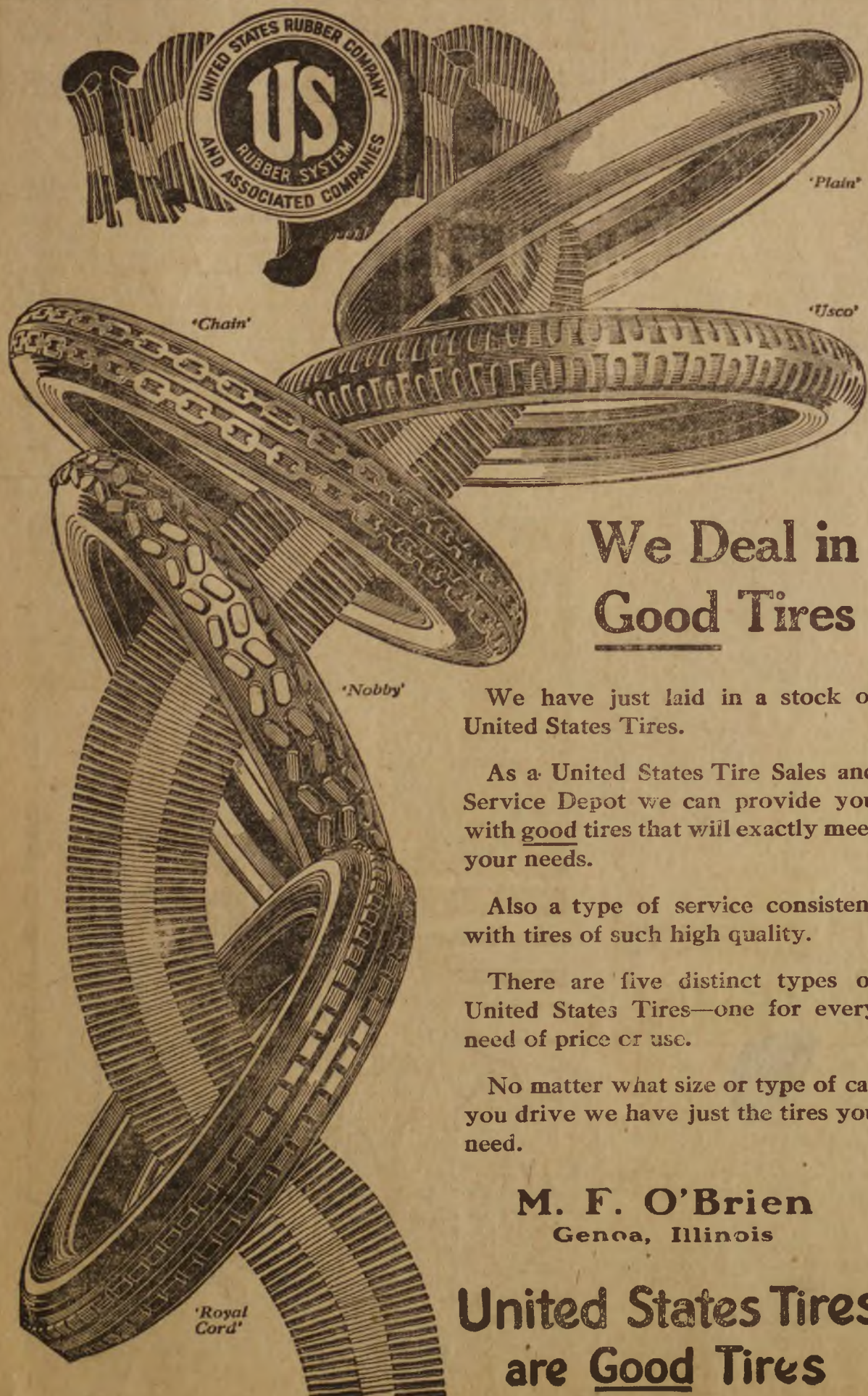
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All wool heavy sweaters, in navy, maroon, scarlet, gray, copen, green \$1.50 up to .....\$9.50

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New fall gingham in dark plaids 27 inches wide, 32 and.....35c  
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Small size, 24 and .....28c  
Comfort size, 3 pound, quilted....\$1.45  
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Light or dark, 27 inch, per yard.....25c  
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### FOR SCHOOL

Tablets for ink or pencil, ink, pencils, pen holders, erasers, etc.

McCALL PATTERNS



# Jacqueline of Golden River

By VICTOR ROUSSEAU

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CHAPTER XIX.

The Bait That Lured.

I went along the tunnel in the direction of le Viell Ange, picking my way very carefully, peering into the numerous small caves and fissures in the wall on either hand. And I was about half way through when I saw a shadow running in front of me and making no sound.

It was Duchaine. There could be no mistaking that tall, gaunt figure, just visible against the distant day.

I raced along the tunnel after him. But he seemed to be endowed with the speed of a deer, for he kept his distance easily, and I would never have caught him had he not stopped for an instant at the approach of the ledge.

There, just as he was posing himself to leap, I seized him by the arm. He did not attempt violence but gazed at me with hesitation and pathetic doubt.

"M. Duchaine," I pleaded, "won't you come back with me and let us talk it over? Jacqueline is with me—"

"No, no," he cried, laughing. "You can't catch me with such a trick as that. My little daughter has gone to New York to make our fortunes at M. Daly's gaming house. She will be back soon, loaded down with gold."

"She has come back," I answered. "She is not fifty yards away."

"With gold?" he inquired, looking at me doubtfully.

"With gold," I answered, trying to allure his imagination as Leroux had done. "She has rich gold, red gold, such as you will love. You can take up the coins in your fingers and let the gold stream slip through them. Come with, monsieur."

I grasped him by the arm and tried to lead him with me. My argument had moved him. I thought I had won.

But just as I started back into the tunnel, holding the arm of the old man, who lingered reluctantly and yet began to yield, a pebble leaped from the cliff. I cast a backward glance, and there upon the opposite side I saw Leroux standing.

"Bonjour, M. Hewlett!" he called across the chasm. "Don't be afraid of me any more than I am afraid of you. Just wait a moment. I want to talk business."

"I have no business to talk with you," I answered.

"But I did not say it was with you, monsieur," he answered in sneering tones. "It is with our friend Duchaine. Hola, Duchaine!"

At the sound of Leroux's voice the old man straightened himself and began muttering and looking from the one to the other of us undecidedly.

Suddenly I saw him turn his head and fix his eyes upon Leroux. He craned his neck forward; and then, very slowly, he began to walk toward his persecutor. I craned my neck.

Leroux was holding out—the roulette wheel!

"Come along, Charles, my friend," he cried. "Come, let us try our fortunes! Don't you want to stake some money upon your system against me?"

The old figure had leaped forward over the ledge, and in a moment Leroux had grasped him and pulled him into the tunnel.

I hastened back to Jacqueline and encountered her in the passage just where the light and darkness blended, standing with arms stretched out against the wall to steady herself; and in her eyes was that look which tells a man more surely than anything, I think, can, that a woman loves him.

"Oh, I thought you were dead!" she sobbed, and fell into my arms.

I held her tightly to support her, and I led her back to the gold cave. In a few words I explained what had occurred.

"Now Jacqueline, you must let me guide you," I said. "Don't you see that there is no chance for us unless we leave your father for the present where he is and make our own escape? We can reach Pere Antoine's cabin soon after midday, and we can tell him your father is a prisoner here. He would not come with us, Jacqueline, even if he were here."

She did not respond. It was the safety of us two and her father's life assured, against a miserable fate for her, and I knew not what for me, though I thought Leroux would give me little shrift once I was in his power again.

She was so silent that I thought I had convinced her. I urged her to her feet. But suddenly I heard a stealthy footfall close at hand, between the cave and the catarnat.

I thought it was Charles Duchaine. I hoped it was Leroux. I placed my finger on Jacqueline's lips and crept stealthily to the passage, revolver in hand.

Then, in the gloom, I saw the villainous face of Jean Petitjean looking into mine, twelve paces away, and in his hand was a revolver too.

We fired together. But the surprise spoiled his aim, for his bullet whistled past me. I think my shot struck him somewhere, for he uttered a yell and began running back along the tunnel as hard as he could.

I followed him, firing as fast as I could reload. Fortune helped the ruffian, for when I reached the light he was scrambling across the ledge, and before I could cover him he had succeeded in disappearing behind the projecting rock on the other side.

So Leroux had already sealed one exit—that by the Old Angel, where the road led into the main passage. God grant that he had not time to reach the exit by the mine!

If I made haste! If I made haste! But I would not argue the matter any further. I ran back at full speed. I reached the cave.

"Jacqueline! Come, come!" I called.

She did not answer. She put her hand to her breast, round me in the obscurity. I saw her near the earth-sacks, lying upon her side. Her eyes were closed, her face as white as a dead woman's.

The bullet from Jean Petitjean's revolver that missed me must have penetrated her body.

She lived, for her breast stirred, though so faintly that it seemed as though all that remained of life were concentrated in the faint-throbbing heartbeats.

I raised her in my arms and placed a sack beneath her head, making a

resting place for her with my fur coat. Then with my knife I cut away her dress over the wound.

There was a bullet hole beneath her breast, stained with dark blood. I ran down to the rivulet, risking an ambush, brought back cold water, and washed it, and stanching the flow as best I could, making a bandage and placing it above the wound.

I have a dim remembrance of losing my self-control when this was done, and clasping her in my arms and pressing my lips to her cold cheek and begging her to live and praying wildly that she should not die. Then I raised her in my arms and was staggering across the cave toward the tunnel which led to the rocking stone.

And then, just as I approached the barricade of earth-filled bags Leroux and the man Raoul emerged from the tunnel's mouth and ran toward me.

I stopped behind the barricade.

Presently I saw something white fluttering from the tunnel. It was a white handkerchief upon a stick of wood.

Then Leroux's voice hailed me from the tunnel.

"Hewlett!" he called, and there was no trace of mockery in his tones now. "Will you come out and talk with me? Will you meet me in the open, if you prefer?"

I fired one shot in futile rage. It struck the cliff and sent a stone flying into the stream.

Then silence followed. And I took Jacqueline and carried her back into the little hollow space. I put my hand upon her breast.

It stirred. She breathed faintly, though she showed no sign of consciousness.

Heaven knows what was in my mind. I stood beneath that awful catarnat firing at the blind rock, and now I was back behind the earth-bags shooting into the tunnel.

So the afternoon wore away. The sun had sunk behind the cliffs. I had fired away all but six of my cartridges. Then the memory of my similar act of folly before came home to me. I grew more calm.

I felt my way around the cave with the faint hope that there might be some other egress there.

There was none, but I made out a recess white I had not perceived, about one-half as large as the cave itself, and opening into it by a small passage just large enough to give admittance to a single person. Here I should have only one front to defend.

So I carried Jacqueline inside and

began laboriously to drag the bags of earth into this last refuge. Before it had grown quite dark I had barricaded Jacqueline and myself within a place the size of a hall bedroom inclosed upon three sides with rock.

And there I waited for the end.

I sat beside Jacqueline, holding her hand with one of mine, and my revolver in the other. There was a faint flutter at her wrist. I fancied that it had grown stronger during the past half hour.

But I was unprepared to hear her whisper to me, and when she spoke I was alert in a moment.

"Paul!" she said faintly.

"Jacqueline!"

"Paul! Bend down. I want to speak to you. Do you know I have been conscious for a long time, my dear? I have been thinking. Are you distressed because of me?"

"My dear!" I said; and that was all that I could say. I clasped her cold little hand tightly in mine.

"You must leave me, Paul, because—because of what is between us. You must go to Leroux and tell him so. You love me, Paul?"

"Always, Jacqueline," I whispered. She put her arms about my neck.

"I love you, Paul," she said. "It seems so easy to say it in the dark, and it used to be so hard. Do you know what I admired and loved you for, even when you thought my mind unstable and empty? How true you were! It was that, dear. It was your honor, Paul."

"That was why, when I remembered everything that dreadful night in the snow, the revulsion was so terrible. I ran away in horror. I could not believe that it was true—and yet I knew it was true."

"And Leroux was waiting there and found me. I did not want to leave you, but he told me there was Pere Antoine's cabin close by, and that you would come to no harm. And he made me believe—you had stolen my money as well. But I never believed that, and I only taunted you with it to drive you away for your own sake."

She drew me weakly toward her and went on:

"Now that we are to part forever, and perhaps I am to die, I can speak to you from my heart and tell you, dear. Kiss me—as though I were your wife, Paul."

"So you will go to Leroux," she added presently.

"Is that your will, Jacqueline?"

"Yes, dear," she said. "Because we have fought, and now we are beaten, Paul."

I bowed my head. I knew that she spoke the truth. I knew at last that I was vanquished. For, now that Jacqueline lay there so weak, so helpless, and thinking all our past was but a dream, there was nothing but to yield. I could not fight any more.

So I left her and climbed cross the bags and went down toward the stream.

But before I had reached it a dark figure slipped from among the shadows of the rocks and came toward me; and by the faint starlight I saw the face of Pierre Caribou!

He stopped me and held me by both shoulders, and he drew me into the recesses of the rocks and bent his wizened old face forward toward mine.

"Ah, monsieur, so you did not obey old Pierre Caribou and stay in the cave," he said.

"Pierre, I did not know that you would return," I answered.

"Never mind," the Indian answered, looking at me strangely. "All finish now. Diable take Leroux. His time come. Diable show me!"

"How?" I answered, startled.

"All finish," said Pierre inexorably, and, as I watched him a superstitious fear crept over me. He, who had cringed, even when he gave the command, now cringed no longer, and there was a look in his old face that I had only seen on one man's before—on my father's the night he died.

"Pierre, where is Leroux?" I whispered. "Shall I surrender to him or shall I fight?"

"No matter," he said once again. "M'sieur, suppose you go back to your diable land to you. His diable tell you what to say. All finish now!"

He walked past me noiselessly, a tenuous shadow, and his hearing was as proud as that of his race had been in the long ago, when they were lords where now their white masters ruled.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

**Time's Changes.**  
Caesar used to wait days to hear from the outposts of his empire, but today the descendants of his legions who plow the sunny fields near Hammond, La., get daily market news on their strawberries from places thousands of miles away. This news comes over wires and is issued in Italian, as well as in English, by the local office of the bureau of markets of the United States department of agriculture.

Government figures show that New York has over 1,000,000 persons who do not speak English.

## GOOD SOLVENTS TO USE ON DIFFERENT FABRICS TO REMOVE SPOTS AND STAINS



Have Everything in Readiness Before Starting Operations.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)  
"The first time I have worn it and look at that spot!"

Every one is familiar with that remark, made in an anguished tone of voice. The tragedy of spoiling a new garment, however, is eliminated if the unfortunate one knows just what to apply for that particular kind of stain.

The removal of stains is a necessary feature of the laundering and general care of clothing and other household textiles. Nearly all stains may be removed easily at home if reliable methods are known.

One of the most important factors is to apply the stain remover while the stain is still fresh. Drying, exposure to air, washing and ironing, all make it harder to remove the stain. The nature of the stain should be known if possible before its removal is attempted, since this determines the treatment to be adopted. An unsuitable stain remover may "set" the stain so its removal becomes difficult or even impossible.

**Treatment Depends on Fabric.**

The kind of fabric on which the stain occurs also should be known, for the method of treatment depends much on the nature, color, weave, finish and weight of the fabric. Do not use strong acids on cotton, and even diluted ones should be neutralized afterwards with a suitable alkali. Care also should be taken in the use of the alkali, as it weakens the fabric.

After any reagent rinse the fabric well. Do not use very hot water on wool or silk. Rubbing also must be avoided with these fabrics. Both wool and silk are dissolved by strong alkalis; borax or a weak solution of ammonia is more suitable. Acids, with the exception of nitric, do not attack silk and wool readily.

With colored materials avoid use of a bleaching agent which will destroy the color of the material. Because of this it is much more difficult to remove stains from colored material than from white.

**Removing Common Stains.**  
**Blood and Meat Juice.**—Use cold water; soap and cold water; or starch paste.

**Bluing.**—Use boiling water.

**Chocolate and Cocoa.**—Use borax and cold water; bleach if necessary.

**Coffee and Tea (Clear).**—Use boiling water; bleach if necessary.

**Coffee and Tea (With Cream).**—Use cold water, then boiling water; bleach if necessary.

**Cream and Milk.**—Use cold water, then soap and cold water.

**Egg.**—Use cold water.

**Fruit and Fruit Juices.**—Use boiling water; bleach if necessary.

**Grass.**—Use cold water; soap and cold water; alcohol; or a bleaching agent.

**Grease and Oils.**—Use French chalk, blotting paper, or other absorbent; or warm water and soap; or gasoline, benzine, or carbon tetrachloride.

**Iodine.**—Use warm water and soap; alcohol; or ammonia.

**Ink.**—Try cold water; then use an acid or bleach if necessary.

**Iron.**—Use oxalic acid; hydrochloric acid; salts of lemon; or lemon juice and salt.

**Kerosene.**—Use warm water and soap.

**Lampblack and Soot.**—Use kerosene, benzine, chloroform, ether, gasoline, or carbon tetrachloride.

**Mildew.**—If fresh, use cold water; otherwise try to bleach with Javelle water or potassium permanganate.

**Paint and Varnish.**—Use alcohol, carbon tetrachloride, chloroform, or turpentine.

**Perspiration.**—Use soap and warm water; bleach in the sun or with Javelle water or potassium permanganate.

**Pitch, Tar, and Wheel Grease.**—Rub with fat; then use soap and warm water; or benzine, gasoline, or carbon tetrachloride.

**Scorch.**—Bleach in the sunshine or with Javelle water.

**Shoe Polish (Black).**—Use soap and water; or turpentine.

**Shoe Polish (Tan).**—Use alcohol. Sirup.—Use water.

**Stove Polish.**—Use cold water and soap; or kerosene, benzine, or gasoline.

**Vaseline.**—Use kerosene or turpentine.

**Water.**—Steam or sponge the entire surface of water-spotted materials.

**Wax.**—Scrape off as much as possible. Use French chalk, blotting paper or other absorbent with a warm iron; or use benzine or gasoline. If color remains, use alcohol or bleach.

## MAKING HASH OUT OF COOKED VEGETABLES

Can Be Used Alone or Combined With Meat or Fish.

It is Essential That Vegetables Be Cut Fairly Fine and Thoroughly Mixed—Add Onion, Chives or Green Pepper.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)  
Hash may be made with one or many cooked vegetables used alone or combined with meat or fish. Potato is the most useful vegetable for a hash, as it combines well with meat or with other vegetables.

It is essential for good hash that the vegetables be cut fairly fine, but not so fine that the pieces will lose their shape or stick together—that is, the particles should drop apart readily when shaken on a fork. Each vegetable must be cut up separately, then all be mixed. The vegetables, or vegetable, and meat or fish must be well seasoned with salt and pepper, and if liked there may be added a little minced onion, chives, parsley, chervil, or green pepper finely minced. The hash must be moistened a little with meat broth, milk or water—not more than a half cupful for a quart of hash.

When the hash is mixed, seasoned and moistened put a tablespoonful of butter or savory drippings in a frying pan. When this is melted put in the hash and spread evenly and lightly in the pan. Over this put little dots of butter or savory drippings, using about one tablespoonful in all. Cover the pan and where the heat is fairly good, and cook for half an hour, then fold and turn on a hot platter. A rich brown crust will have formed on the bottom of the hash if the heat was sufficient. Serve it hot, and on heated plates.

## USING BLANKET TO SAVE ICE

Better to Keep Food in Other Compartments in Order to Permit Air to Circulate.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)  
The blanket ice in a refrigerator is a slacker at its post of duty, and the person who placed the blanket there is the cause of it, specialists in the department of agriculture declare. A refrigerator is kept cold by the ice melting and taking up the heat within the insulated walls. When the ice is kept from melting ice is saved but not food.

At times when it is necessary to wrap the ice to make it last until the new supply comes, any perishable food which is to be used without further cooking should be moved up as close to the ice as possible. Ordinarily, however, it is better to keep food in other compartments in order that the air may circulate freely.



Wet the cut end of ham with vinegar to keep from moulding.

Nip off the ends of potatoes before baking. They will be more mealy.

Put kerosene on tar stains before wetting them, then wash with warm water and soap.

Melt a cup of ordinary glue and pour it into a pail of the warm water you use for washing the wood work. It will cleanse it and give a high gloss.

When your black silk gloves begin to look shabby, mix a little of the white of an egg with black ink. Put on the gloves and apply the mixture with a soft cloth.



Savory beans, Mexican peppers, choice bits of tender beef—all in a hot Spanish sauce! Such is Libby's Chili Con Carne—ask your grocer for a package today. Try it with rice, mashed potatoes or spaghetti—it's delightful.  
**Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago**

### How Pat Won Out.

Anxious to travel for a big English firm in the ham line, an Irishman obtained an interview with the proprietor.

"What experience have you had?" the Irishman was asked.

"Eighteen months," was the answer. "Eighteen months!" scornfully repeated the proprietor. "What could you learn about bacon in that time? Why, I've been studying for forty years, and don't know half enough about it yet!"

"Bedad," exclaimed Pat, with a confident smile, "if I had been studying it for forty years, I'd know how to make a pig!"

He got the job.

A critic is a grown-up boy who continues to throw stones.

### The Reason.

"I heard Nellie tell that rich crank the other day that he was sweet enough to eat."

"That was her way of hinting he was a dough nut."

If there's nothing so deaf as an adder, sometimes there's none as dumb as a teller.

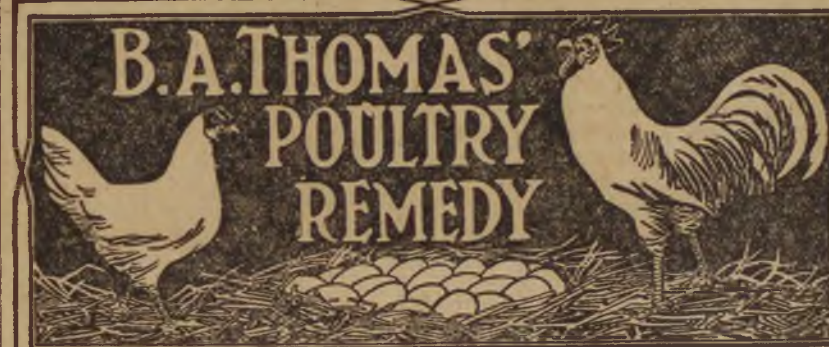
### The Only Cure.

"He's money-mad."

"That's a bad disease. Do you think he'll ever get money enough to cure it?"

Don't think he's slow because of the tortoiseshell he wears.

Old age makes a specialty of discovering lost opportunities.



**B. A. THOMAS' POULTRY REMEDY**  
**Healthy Chicks, More Eggs**  
**Assists Moulting—Good for Bowel Trouble and Other Diseases in Young Fowls**  
**RESULTS GREAT COST SMALL**

I purchased a box of B. A. THOMAS' POULTRY REMEDY and began feeding according to directions. At that time my flock of 42 hens were only laying five to ten eggs per day. Today, one week from date of purchase, I am getting eighteen eggs per day. MRS. FANNY MOORE, Alma, Neb.

**B. A. THOMAS' STOCK REMEDY.** Makes healthy, thrifty stock. Keeps them free of worms. A medicine, not a food. Very economical.

**B. A. Thomas' Hog Powder "Saves the Bacon"**

**FARRIS' COLIC REMEDY.** For horse colic. The easy way. No drenching. A child can give it.  
**OLD KENTUCKY MANUFACTURING CO. - PADUCAH, KY.**

# Gold Bond Clothes

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**READY!**  
**New Fall Styles**  
in  
**Suits and Overcoats**  
for  
**Men, Young Men and High School Chaps**

The "Gold Bond" Certificate in each garment absolutely guarantees your satisfaction in every respect.

**Popular Prices**

**The Milton Schs Co.**  
Cincinnati



# Detector That Doomed the Hun U-Boat

By Brewster S. Beach



**W**HATEVER plans Germany may be making for the "next war." If in truth she is or ever will be capable of carrying them out, it is certain that the submarine will play no part in her schemes.

The submarine is dead. The U-boat peril has vanished forever, never to be resurrected.

The collapse of submarine warfare during the closing months of the European conflict and the prediction that its resumption may never be seriously feared again, was the result of the invention in the United States of a wonderful listening device, or submarine detector, which came very close to driving the Hun submarine from the ocean, and would have done so, in the opinion of naval experts, had the war continued through another summer.

As soon as the United States entered the war the navy department formed a special board to develop ways and means for combating the U-boat peril, then growing to alarming proportions.

This board consisted largely of officers from the bureau of steam engineering, of which Rear Admiral R. S. Griffin is chief. It called to its assistance in an advisory capacity many noted engineers and scientists from industrial concerns, including the General Electric company, represented by Dr. W. R. Whitney, director of that company's research laboratories.

Commander C. S. McDowell, U. S. N., served as executive secretary of the board, while the other advisory members were Col. F. B. Jewett of the Western Electric company, and Prof. R. A. Millikan of the University of Chicago.

Development headquarters were established at New London, Conn. The General Electric company in conjunction with the Submarine Signal company of Boston started an experimental field station at Nahant, Mass., and were later joined by experts from the Western Electric company.

Out of the activities of these two groups of scientists there was developed the American listening device, an instrument which proved to be able successfully to detect submarines while submerged within range of anywhere between 3 and 12 miles.

Even with the signing of the peace treaty little can yet be known of the details of this device. It is, however, an instrument using the principle of sound-wave transmission through water in a new and startling way and it depends for its direction-getting qualities on the peculiar and little-understood faculty of the human ear to detect the direction of sound by the shifting of sound from one ear to the other as the instrument was revolved.

As soon as the device was considered practical the General Electric company undertook its manufacture on a large scale in Lynn, Mass., developing three kinds of listeners: One which was hung overboard from the deck of submarine chasers, another which could be trailed off the stern and a third which protruded through the hull of the vessel. American destroyers, chasers and submarines were at once equipped with the instrument.

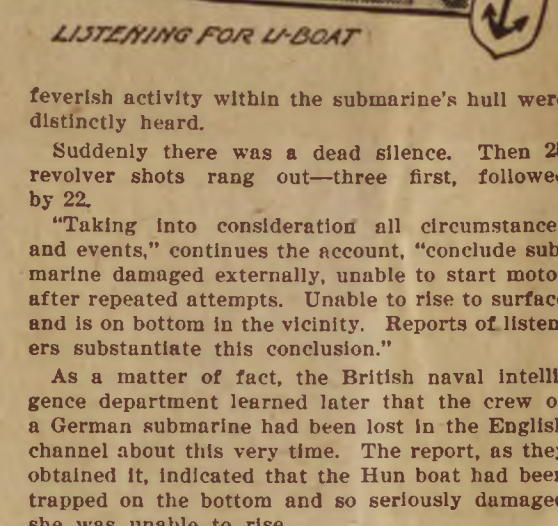
When the submarine detector had been turned out in sufficient quantity, the navy department believed that the allies should get the benefit of the invention at once. A special service party, in charge of Capt. R. H. Leigh of the bureau of steam engineering, was formed to take samples of the apparatus abroad and test it under actual conditions before the British admiralty. The instrument was likewise demonstrated to the French and Italian navies. The party consisted, besides Captain Leigh, of Lieutenant Carter, U. S. N., Ensign Welch, U. S. N. R. F., six enlisted men, C. E. Eveleth, C. F. Scott, and T. P. Collins of the General Electric company, representing the Nahant group, and W. L. Nelson of the Western Electric company, who was connected with wireless development. They sailed November 22, 1917, and joined the British grand fleet at Scapa Flow in the Orkney Islands during the first week of the following month.

The admiralty and the supreme war council shortly afterward adopted the American device and from that time on submarine patrol work was revolutionized.

Defensive tactics which had been employed since 1914 were now no longer the sole reliance. The war was carried into the enemy's territory. Fighting ships, instead of patrolling the steamship lanes looking for a stray "sub" to poke its



LISTENING DEVICE ON PROW OF SUBMARINE



LISTENING FOR U-BOAT

periscope above the waves, were augmented by submarine chasers equipped with listening devices, and hunted the submarine in its underwater lair.

Up to this time the British had been frankly disappointed in results. It had been a rare thing for a submarine chaser to actually see a submarine. Days would go by without sight of one. Yet sinkings continued to multiply, tonnage decreased alarmingly and the rates of destruction and construction constantly approached the danger point. It was apparent that if an improvement in this situation could not be effected the allies faced privation, if not actual starvation, and any material help from America either in the form of men or supplies would be impossible.

The success of the device is well illustrated by the chart shown herewith which gives a vivid picture of the chase of an enemy U-boat in the English channel and demonstrated the ability of the listeners to keep hot on the trail of the submarine, doubling and crossing in an effort to escape.

This dramatic incident—one of many—is vividly described in the following report of the engagement in question:

"At 1:25 o'clock unit No. 6 'fixed' (located by triangulation) a submarine directly ahead at a distance of 100 yards; immediately carried out three-boat barrage attack, each boat letting go three stern charges and 'Y' gun. Pattern laid symmetrically, thoroughly covering any possible maneuver of the submarine. Stopped and listened. No hearing for about 20 minutes. Then got contact. Distinct sound of submarine making noise as if shafts were badly bent. Also giving out squeaking sound. Submarine sounded as if having great difficulty in keeping propeller going. She stopped frequently. We followed. . . . Heard submarine hammering, squeaking, straining, running intermittently, apparently with great difficulty and for short periods.

"The second depth charge of this attack threw into the air a 50-foot to 60-foot cylindrical black object about the size of a depth charge. . . . Another depth charge attack carried out. Submarine had gradually been making shorter turns for some time. . . . From this point on believe submarine bottomed and was never able to move except to start and scrape along the bottom a short distance. Noises indicated this."

Word was then sent to Penzance for additional depth charges and a radio dispatched to the base for a destroyer post base.

"Subsequent events," continues the report, "show that submarine never moved from this spot. Noises indicated repair. Occasional unsuccessful attempts to start motor . . . sounds rapidly becoming less frequent."

When morning came the submarine chasers and the destroyer which had been sent to their assistance gathered near the spot where the crippled submarine was resting at the bottom. Sounds of

feverish activity within the submarine's hull were distinctly heard.

Suddenly there was a dead silence. Then 25 revolver shots rang out—three first, followed by 22.

"Taking into consideration all circumstances and events," continues the account, "conclude submarine damaged externally, unable to start motor after repeated attempts. Unable to rise to surface and is on bottom in the vicinity. Reports of listeners substantiate this conclusion."

As a matter of fact, the British naval intelligence department learned later that the crew of a German submarine had been lost in the English channel about this very time. The report, as they obtained it, indicated that the Hun boat had been trapped on the bottom and so seriously damaged she was unable to rise.

C. S. Scott, engineer of the General Electric company and member of the special party sent abroad, contributes this incident which happened in the Adriatic sea:

"We had 36 chasers based in a little bay on the island of Corfu and the barrage of boats extended across the Straits of Otranto, a distance of about 40 miles. The chasers were operated in units of three, which on patrol kept about one mile apart. A distance of five miles was kept between units. Conditions in the Adriatic were ideal for hunting submarines. The water was very deep, ranging from 400 to 600 fathoms, which meant that the submarines when hard pressed could not seek shallow water as was their custom in the English channel and the North sea. Due to less shipping traffic in these waters there was practically no sound interference, which made for very good listening.

"Many successful attacks were made in these waters, one in particular being quite exciting.

"One of the ships in a unit heard what sounded like a submarine. In a few minutes all three listeners had picked him up and the bearing of his course was being plotted. The middle chaser, the flagship, was getting readings showing that the submarine was in a direct line astern and steaming toward her.

"The sound was very loud, as if the sub must be very close. Suddenly the water began to slap the bottom of the boat, so that everyone could feel it; and the next moment the observer reported that his bearing on the submarine had changed from 180 degrees, which was dead astern, to three degrees, which was on our bows. The submerged submarine had passed directly under the center boat. All three boats were immediately got under way and the attack was delivered. After all the depth charges had been dropped, the ships were stopped and observations again taken. A propeller was heard to start up and ran for about 30 seconds; and then a crunching noise was heard. It was quite evident that the sub, having been put out of control, sank to the bottom and had collapsed due to the tremendous pressure at these depths. We went back to the spot next morning and found an oil slick two miles long by 800 yards wide on the surface of the water."

The development of the submarine detector was the result of the foresighted vision of the navy department and the generous co-operation extended by private manufacturers who had placed their entire organizations at the disposal of the government for the period of the war.

Large electrical manufacturers with exceptional facilities for research and experimental work were able to render invaluable assistance in cracking the submarine "nut."

In fact, it may be said that "big business" in the commonly accepted meaning of the term, will be found to have contributed a very large share toward winning the war when the whole record of this war's inventions comes to be written.

## THE MEN IN CLASS A1

A sound, healthy man is never a back number. A man can be as vigorous and able at seventy as at twenty. Condition, not years, puts you in the discard. A system weakened by overwork and careless living brings old age prematurely. The bodily functions are impaired and unpleasant symptoms appear. The weak spot is generally the kidneys. Keep them clean and in proper working condition and you will generally find yourself in Class A. Take GOLD MEDAL Harlem Oil Capsules periodically and your system will always be in working order. Your spirits will be enlivened, your muscles supple, your mind active, and your body capable of hard work.

Don't wait until you have been rejected. Commence to be a first-class man now. Go to your druggist at once. Get a trial box of GOLD MEDAL Harlem Oil Capsules. They are made of the pure, original, imported Harlem Oil—the kind your great-grandfather used. Two capsules each day will keep you toned up and feeling fine. Money refunded if they do not help you. Remember to ask for the imported GOLD MEDAL Brand. In three sizes, sealed packages.—Adv.

**Still Looking After Stock.**  
Church—When he was a boy he lived on a farm and he used to feed the stock.  
Gotham—I understand.  
"Now he's in business in Wall street."  
"And doesn't have to feed the stock any more?"  
"No; only water it."

## "BAYER CROSS" ON GENUINE ASPIRIN



"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" to be genuine must be marked with the safety "Bayer Cross." Always buy an unbroken Bayer package which contains proper directions to safely relieve Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Colds and pain. Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents at drug stores—larger packages also. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monacetic-acidester of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

**Double-Crossing Him.**  
Mrs. Flatbush—And doesn't she like her husband?  
Mrs. Bensonhurst—Like him! I should say not! Why, if he was running for an office she'd put two crosses opposite his name on the ballot instead of one!

**Freshen a Heavy Skin**  
With the antiseptic, fascinating Cuticura Talcum Powder, an exquisitely scented convenient, economical face, skin, baby and dusting powder and perfume. Renders other perfumes superfluous. One of the Cuticura Toilet Trio (Soap, Ointment, Talcum).—Adv.

**Stop Orders.**  
"This is your trick; I take it."  
"Sure it's our trick. Don't you dare take it."  
—Louisville Courier-Journal.

It is in accord with the eternal fitness of things that the police telegraph wires should be made of copper.

**They Should Have.**  
A Terre Haute (Ind.) librarian had a new book which two boys were very anxious to take out for the next week. They argued and argued, and then came to the point where blows were imminent. A little girl, who had been listening to the discussion, turned to the librarian and saw the anxiety on her face. Then she became angry. She spoke to the boys: "Ain't you two got any suspect for Miss H—to keep you all from fightin' in her libery?" she demanded.

## A SUMMER COLD

A cold in the summer time, as everybody knows, is the hardest kind of a cold to get rid of. The best and quickest way is to go to bed and stay there if you can, with a bottle of "Boschee's Syrup" handy to insure a good night's rest, free from coughing, with easy expectoration in the morning.

But if you can't stay in bed you must keep out of draughts, avoid sudden changes, eat sparingly of simple food and take occasional doses of Boschee's Syrup, which you can buy at any store where medicine is sold, a safe and efficient remedy, made in America for more than fifty years. Keep it handy.—Adv.

**Reversing Things.**  
"You ought to be ashamed of yourself to sell me such eggs," said the excited woman to her grocer.  
"What is the matter with them ma'am?" replied the man with the apron.  
"Matter? Look at the size of them! They're hardly as large as hallstones!"

## Important to all Women Readers of this Paper

Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney or bladder trouble and never suspect it.

Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney or bladder disease. If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

You may suffer pain in the back, headache and loss of ambition.

Poor health makes you nervous, irritable and may be dependent; it makes any one so.

But hundreds of women claim that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, by restoring health to the kidneys, proved to be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

Many send for a sample bottle to see what Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder medicine, will do for them. By enclosing ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., you may receive sample size bottle by Parcel Post. You can purchase medium and large size bottles at all drug stores.—Adv.

**Right Hen, Wrong Tack.**  
Lucile was visiting auntie in the country. It was the joy of the four-year-old to hunt for eggs in the barn. One day she brought in a very small one, presumably laid by a bantam.

"Auntie," said the little maid, showing it, "the hen that laid this egg didn't have the right recipe."—Terre Haute Tribune.

Letting mother do all the work is an idea that is more than original—it is aboriginal.

It is better to say nothing than a lot of clever things you later on regret.

**Nature's Remedy**  
Better than Pills For Liver Ills.  
NR Tonight—Tomorrow Alright

## HEADACHE Often Caused by Acid-Stomach

Yes, indeed, more often than you think. Because ACID-STOMACH, starting with indigestion, heartburn, belching, food-repeating, bloating and gas, if not checked, will eventually affect every vital organ of the body. Severe, blinding, splitting headaches are, therefore, of frequent occurrence as a result of this upset condition.

Take EATONIC. It quickly banishes acid-stomach with its sour blood, pain and gas. It aids digestion—helps the stomach get full strength from every mouthful of food you eat. Millions of people are miserable, weak, sick and ailing because of ACID-STOMACH. Poisons, created by partly digested food charged with acid, are absorbed into the blood and distributed throughout the entire system. This often causes rheumatism, biliousness, cirrhosis of the liver, heart trouble, ulcers and even cancer of the stomach. It robs its victims of their health, undermines the strength of the most vigorous.

If you want to get back your physical and mental strength—be full of vim and vigor—enjoy life and be happy, you must get rid of your acid-stomach.

In EATONIC you will find the very help you need and it's guaranteed. So get a big 50c box from your druggist today. If it fails to please you, return it and he will refund your money.

## EATONIC FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH

**GRACE HOTEL**  
CHICAGO  
Jackson Boulevard and Clark Street  
Rooms with detached bath \$1.00 and \$1.50 per day. Rooms with private bath \$1.50 and \$2.00. Opposite Post Office—Near All Theaters and Stores. Stock yards cars run direct to the door. A clean, comfortable, newly decorated hotel. A safe place for your wife, mother or sister.

**E-Z Stove Polish**  
Far the Best  
**E-Z IRON ENAMEL**  
Makes Rusty Pipe Smooth  
**E-Z Metal Polish for Nickel Parts**

**Freckle Ointment**  
FRECKLES Positively Removed by Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment  
Your Druggist or Mail 65c—Send for Free Booklet  
Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2975 Michigan Ave., Chicago

**Heal Itching Skins With Cuticura**  
All drugstore; Soap 25c, Ointment 25c & 50c, Talcum 25c. Sample each free of "Cuticura, Dept. E, Boston."

Oil Lands Make Fortunes, \$250 purchase 1/10 interest in 30 acres adjoining 3 producing oil wells; only 4 interests for sale, settling estate. United Trust Co., Independence, Kan.

W. N. U., CHICAGO, NO. 37-1919.

# LUCKY STRIKE CIGARETTE

GET a package today. Notice the flavor—the wholesome taste of Kentucky Burley tobacco.

Why do so many "regular men" buy Lucky Strike cigarettes? They buy them for the special flavor of the toasted Burley tobacco.

There's the big reason—it's toasted, and real Burley. Make Lucky Strike your cigarette.



Guaranteed by The American Tobacco Co.



# To The People Of Genoa and Vicinity

Everyone knows something about the High Cost of Living and to keep this down one has to keep down expenses. Our overhead expenses are much less than those of larger stores with high rents, numerous clerks, fine fixtures, delivery wagons, elevator service and many other overhead expenses. It is quite natural, with all those things considered, that we can sell merchandise cheaper to you right at home. Furthermore, if anything does not prove satisfactory, we are right here to make good. Do not put off your Fall and Winter buying, for all merchandise is hard to get in the markets, and many items will be absolutely unobtainable later in the season. It is to your advantage to call and see us now.

## Hughes Clothing Co.

Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

## Trigg Memorials

"Our work is done for those who love and who remember"  
Work erected anywhere in the United States  
Write for Booklet No. 45  
**ROBERT TRIGG & SONS**

Established 1874

Rockford, Ill.

We Announce Our Formal

# Fall Opening

To Occur On  
Saturday, September Twentieth



Distinctively original modes, new lines, glowing Autumn colorings and choice fabrics from the looms of famous weavers are the features which transform this store into one of the most fascinating and comprehensive style exhibits of the year.

Here are modes as full of charm as the season by which they are inspired. And never have style individualities, expert workmanship and quality figured more prominently at the formal introduction of a new season's modes. Here in complete readiness is the cream of Autumn Fashion Offerings.

We extend to our out-of-town patrons a most cordial invitation to attend this formal presentation of the new modes for Autumn.

Cut Flowers Will Be Given as Souvenirs of the Occasion

Elgin's Most Popular Store

Theo. F. Swan

Cornor Spring and Dupage Streets

## KINGSTON NEWS

Mr. and Mrs. Reed Burchfield were Chicago passengers Monday.

Mrs. H. G. Burgess was a Rockford visitor Tuesday.

Mrs. George Doubleday left for her home in Bradshaw, Neb., Tuesday evening after a visit with her brother, F. P. Smith, and wife.

R. H. Sternberg is the owner of a new Chevrolet truck.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wilson visited Saturday and Sunday in Buda.

Dr. E. C. Burton transacted business in Rockford Saturday.

Mrs. R. S. Tazewell had her tonsils removed by Dr. Smith at DeKalb on Friday.

Harvey Madine made a business trip to Rockford Tuesday.

The stork visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edward C. Ollman, who reside south of town, September 11 and left them a bouncing baby boy, tipping the scales at nine pounds and named Carl Junior.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bradford and son, Marion, and Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Tower visited Sunday afternoon in DeKalb with Mr. and Mrs. Solan Ashcraft.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Worden and daughter, Roberta, of near Kirkland visited Monday with Mrs. Worden's father, W. H. Bell.

Mrs. Sarah Wyllys returned home Sunday from a visit with her daughter, Mrs. Mattie Sisson, of DeKalb.

John Helton of DeKalb visited his parents here Sunday.

Mrs. Jay Evans of Genoa was the guest of Mrs. Ralph Ort on Friday morning.

Dr. and Mrs. E. C. Burton and three daughters, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Roy Burton of Rockford, enjoyed a trip to the Pines Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Merle Worden and son, Howard, of DeKalb visited Sunday with Mrs. Worden's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ben Knappenberger.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bastian and son, Raymond, attended the Sand-

wich fair Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Helsdon and two children, Nina and Willard, returned to their home in Chicago last Thursday after a visit with Mrs. Helsdon's mother, Mrs. Nina Moore.

We are sorry to note that at this writing Mrs. R. Burke and Ira Bickler are in poor health.

Mrs. Ray Helsdon and daughter, Mildred, of Chicago have been guests

at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Helsdon.

The following meetings will be held at the Zion Evangelical church Sunday, Sept. 21:

Sunday School, 10 a. m.; morning worship, 11 a. m.; Young People's meeting, 7:30 p. m.; evening service, 8 p. m.

Sunday School at the Baptist church is at 2 p. m. and preaching service at 2:30.

Mrs. H. F. Branch has been entertaining her daughter, Miss Esther, of DeKalb.

Dr. and Mrs. E. C. Burton and daughter, Georgia, visited last week Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. O. F. Lucas in Belvidere.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Swanson are entertaining their cousin, Miss Ida Swanson, of Kirkland.

The Kingston Tigers whipped the Genoa ball team Sunday by a score of 15 to 7. After that game the Tigers played with Elgin, being defeated 4 to 2. There will be another game next Sunday. Come!

### When Traveling.

In preparing a lunch for a journey, bake the bread in empty baking powder cans. After sifting and spreading, replace it in the cans, put on the covers, and the bread will be as fresh at the end of the trip, though it may be several days, as it was when first baked.

Read the Want Ad Column

### COURT HOUSE NOTES

In Probate Court

Estate of—Gordon C. Rowen. Final report approved. Estate settled and executor discharged.

Emmeline Jane Wait. Appraisement bill approved. Order for public sale of personal property approved.

Peter M. Gustafson, late of DeKalb. Estate of about \$105,300. Charles E. Bradt appointed administrator. Proof of heirship made. Appraisers appointed. November term for claims. William A. Buerer. Fifth annual report of guardian approved. Sherman D. Mann. Inheritance tax fixed at \$42.54.

### Real Estate Transfers

Genoa—C. A. Brown qcd to Belle T. Pelton, pt se ¼ nw ¼ sec. 19, \$700.

Wm. Reed wd to Farmers State Bank, lot 2, blk 3, Morningside, Genoa \$1.00.

Franklin—Edward T. Morris wd to Adolph Hoppe, pt ne ¼ sec 26, \$21,700.

### Algerian Grain Regions.

Grain is produced in Algeria chiefly in valleys interspersed among the mountain ranges near the Mediterranean coast and on the high plateaus lying between the coastal mountain region and the less elevated ranges which form the northern border of the Sahara desert.

Read the want ad column today.

### SUICIDE AT DEKALB

Philip Hallin, Veteran of World War, Takes His Own Life

DeKalb Chronicle: Despondent over ill health, Philip Hallin, veteran of the world war in which he was gassed while in service overseas, Tuesday morning shortly before noon took his own life by hanging himself at his home in the Garden Place addition just northwest of the city.

His remains were found hanging in a room on the upper floor of the house by his mother, who went up stairs to look for him after he had been missed for some time.

No reason can be assigned for the unfortunate tragedy except ill health following his terrible experience in the army where he was badly gassed. He was apparently normal although a trifle moody at times. He never had any other trouble of any kind and was a thoroughly model young man in every respect.

He was helping his mother about the house with some work and was apparently as usual. Later his mother missed him and started to search the house and grounds for him. Going upstairs she found his lifeless body hanging from a rafter.

### Its a Lifetime Business.

The contents of the widow's cruise had quite a reputation in their day, but probably nothing else ever lasted as long as the settlement of a large estate in the hands of a competent executor.—Ohio State Journal.



## For After Effects of the "FLU" and Other Weakening Diseases

If you are weak, dizzy, tired and nervous from the "after effects" of enervating diseases, the tonic, strength renewing REOLO Treatment will restore your strength—revitalize the exhausted blood, eliminate the toxic poisons—tone up the heart and nervous system and give renewed vigor, vitality, strength and energy.

Pain, headache, backache, nervousness, dizziness, anaemia, dyspepsia, biliousness, congestion, constipation, etc., are but Nature's warning signals that the blood is full of deadly germs or that the cells of some part of your body are starving for their natural food—just as a plant droops and dies for lack of water.

Any tissue of the body deprived of oxygen dies at once. The life of each individual cell is brief and without oxygen no new cells can be built; neither can they without the necessary cell salts.

The cells are not fed. They feed themselves but do not feed blindly upon every substance that comes their way. They know how to choose the particles they wish to absorb. Nothing foreign to their constituent parts can be forced upon them except to produce injury or death.

# REOLO

## Restores Vigor and Vitality

eliminates the toxic poisons, rapidly increases the red blood cells—revitalizes the blood with life-giving oxygen—and restores strength and energy. It tones up the heart action and nervous system—stimulates the digestion, and assimilation—renews the exhausted cells. REOLO makes the weakness and dizziness that are so frequently the after effects of the "Flu" and other enervating diseases disappear as shadows vanish before the sunshine.

Oxygen is the life-giver—necessary to maintain life. REOLO absorbs the oxygen from the air in the lungs and carries it into the blood—rapidly oxidizing or revitalizing the red blood cells—and increasing the amount of hemoglobin in the blood, sending through the entire body a stream of rich, vitalized, health-giving blood that nourishes every cell, of the nerves, tissues, brain and bones.

By special arrangement with the Dr. A. L. Reusing Laboratories, Akron, Ohio, we have been appointed Licensees for the distribution of "REOLO" direct from the Laboratories, each package certified by Dr. A. L. Reusing and positively guaranteed to give satisfactory results or we will gladly refund your money. Large box of "REOLO", (100 tablets) price \$1.00

## Don't Delay Order REOLO Today BALDWIN'S PHARMACY

## Wants, For Sale, Etc.

Ads in this column 25c each week for five lines or less; over five lines, 5c per line.

### LOST and FOUND

LOST—A gold brooch with ruby setting Wednesday afternoon between the main street and the aviation field. Finder please leave same at Republican Office and receive reward.

LOST—Midget Moore fountain pen, with initials R. R. thereon. Finder please leave same at Republican office and receive reward.

### For Sale

FOR SALE—Buff Orpington pullets. Also have a piano case organ for sale. Mrs. Mike Ludwig, Genoa.

FOR SALE—1918 Ford Touring Car, 1917 Ford Roadster, 1912 Ford Roadster, all in good condition. Inquire of R. H. Browne, Genoa, Ill.

FOR SALE—A regulation bed size folding wire sanitary couch, in good condition. Call phone 121.

FOR SALE—Oak commode in good condition, cheap. Phone 76. 47-tf

ADDING MACHINES, Sundstrand and Burrows, new and second hand. Typewriters, all makes, new and second hand, for sale or rent. Jack Killian, DeKalb, Ill. 25-tf-4\*

### Live Stock

FOR SALE—32 big type Poland China Boars, March and April farrow, weight up to 220 pounds. Several of these are grandsons of Grand Champion Boar International Stock Show 1918. Balance sired by Giant Smooth Bone 4th. Call Interstate Phone 1913, Hampshire, Ill., or call on Arthur Hartman, 5 miles east of Genoa and ¼ mile north of New Lebanon. P. O. address, Genoa, Ill. 48-tf

FOR SALE—Duroc Jersey Boars. Lane A. Porter, Garden Prairie, Ill. Phone Belvidere, Gray 6-1. 47-3\*

### Lands and City Property

FOR SALE—My building on East Main street, Genoa; must be moved from present location. C. F. Dearhurst.

FARMS FOR SALE—Are you looking for a farm? Have a number of extra farms for sale at reasonable prices, range from 25 to 240 acres. A poultry farm 25 acres, good buildings, plenty of fruit. An ideal home on the B. & O.R.R. Will H. Sedain Agent. Moores Hill, Ind. \*47-5t

FOR SALE—My residence on Emmett street. Recently remodeled and with all modern improvements. Mrs. Elizabeth Schmidt, Genoa. Call at home in evening. 47-2t\*

FOR SALE—200 acres, will be sold as one farm, or divided into two of 120 and 80 acres, both pieces being well improved. Also house, recently remodeled, and two lots on First st., Genoa, and two vacant lots in Eureka Park addition. F. C. Floto, Genoa. Phone 923-22. 47-tf

Farms, For Sale—Fine Minnesota farms, ranging from 80 to 1000 acres, some with first class improvements and some unimproved. Call, write or telephone J. A. Patterson, Genoa, Ill. Phone 22. 40-tf

FOR SALE—Eight residence properties, at anywhere from \$600.00 to \$6,000.00, according to location and improvements. Some of these ought to fit and suit you if you want any. 35-tf D. S. Brown.

FOR SALE—Several local farms, all sizes and all prices. Can give possession most of them first of March. F. P. Renn, Genoa, Ill. 43-tf

### Wanted

HAY—I am in position to buy hay and bale by the ton. L. W. Wylde. 23-tf Genoa, Ill.

INSURANCE—Call on C. A. Brown Genoa, Ill., for insurance. Any kind. Anywhere.

Also have 3-room house, with barn for sale at \$600; one 2-story house at \$1200; one 2-story house with barn for \$1600; one house with acre of land and garage, \$5000.

RENDERING—The Genoa rendering plant having changed hands, we will give the best of service. Wyde & Whipple. Phone 68 or 1722. 7-tf

WANTED—Girl as night operator. Inquire Genoa Exchange DeKalb Co. Telephone Co. 38-tf.

PERSONAL—In May, 1918, the undersigned met and talked trade of town property for Wisconsin land, with party from near or in Genoa. Have mislaid his name and address. Have desirable Freeport property that I now offer to trade for farm land. Address N. N. Schwartz, Cherokee, Ia. Address, N. N. Schwartz, Cherokee, Iowa.