

# THE GENOA REPUBLICAN-JOURNAL

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**Our Query and Reply Department**

**What is Yankee Doodle?**—It is the name of an air, adopted as a national tune to the United States. The words are mere doggerel. Yankee Doodle was composed by Dr. Shackburg, a physician in the British army in America, about 1755, and palmed off by him as a celebrated air on a body of American militia.

**Distinguish between Brass and Bronze?**—Brass is a composition of copper and zinc. Bronze is a composition of copper and tin.

**What is the Harvest Moon and the Hunters' Moon?**—The harvest moon is the full moon in September that falls nearest to the autumnal equinox. The hunters' moon is the first full moon in October after the autumnal equinox.

**What is meant by "Clinical" as applied to Surgery and Medicine?**—"Clinical" is from a Greek word signifying a bed, and is applied to those branches of the medical art in which instruction is given to students at the bedside of patients. Hospitals and infirmaries are the great schools of clinical medicine and surgery.

**What is the Year of Jubilee?**—Among the Jews the jubilee came every fiftieth year, which was the year after one week of weeks of years had passed, or seven times seven. All slaves who were of Hebrew blood were freed, all debts were cancelled, and all lands were returned to original owners during the jubilee. In the Roman Catholic church the jubilee is observed every twenty-fifth year.

**Who was the Wizard of Kinderhook?**—Martin Van Buren, who was born at Kinderhook, N. Y., was so called because of his astuteness.

**Who are the Sino-phobists?**—A Sino-phobist is literally a hater of the Chinese. The term is applied to those who have clamored for restriction of Chinese immigration.

**Who was Geblir?**—He was an Arabian alchemist, who lived in the eighth century, and wrote the first book on chemistry.

## DAIRYMEN FIX PRICE

At Meeting of Association in Chicago Monday Summer Milk Prices are Boosted

One thousand farmers, coming from every shipping point in the great milk producing area comprised by the adjacent counties of Illinois, Indiana and Wisconsin yesterday determined to demand and accept no less from the big bottling plants for summer milk than \$1.50 a hundred pounds, or 3/4 cents a quart.

The bottlers will offer contracts to the farmers on March 15 for the six months beginning April 1. If the prices do not average up to the scale fixed by the producers, the latter are expected to hold out.

The present winter prices paid the farmers average 3/4 cents a quart. Last summer the average was 2 5/8 cents. The farmers declare that it costs as much to produce milk in summer as in winter, on account of the high value of farm lands, the high cost of labor and other expenses, but declare they are fair enough to ask 3/8 of a cent less a quart for the summer than they are now receiving for the winter months.

The price scale was fixed yesterday at the annual meeting of the Milk Producers' association, held in the Sherman house in Chicago. The delegates cheered speeches and pledged themselves to stand by the following resolutions:

Denouncing civic bodies, especially the Chicago health department, which attempt to supervise their industry.

Providing for the scale of 3/4

**What is the Origin of the Word "Pecuniary"?**—It is from the Latin pecunia, money; the root of the word pecunia was pecus, "cattle"—cattle having constituted the wealth of the early Roman people.

**What are the Twenty Most Beautiful Words?**—In a voting contest the members of a certain Y. M. C. A. in New York city recently decided that the twenty most beautiful words are: Melody, splendor, adoration, eloquence, virtue, innocence, modesty, faith, joy, honor, nobility, sympathy, heaven, love, divine, hope, harmony, happiness, purity and liberty.

**What is the Weight of the Brain by Racial Classification?**—According to Bastian, an expert, the weight of the brain in ounces is as follows: Scotch—50; Germans—49.6; English—49.5; French—47.9; Zulus—47.5; Chinese—47.2; Italians—46.9; Eskimos—43.9. In all races the male brain is about ten per cent heavier than the female. In the highest type of the ape the brain weight does not exceed 16 ounces.

**What is the Origin of the Word "Pen"?**—The word "pen" signifies a feather, and is derived from the Latin "penna," a wing. The phrase, a steel pen, is literally a steel feather.

**When and Where was Lillian Russell Born?**—Lillian Russell was born in Clinton, Ia., in 1864.

**What is Meerschaum?**—Meerschaum is a mineral found in many parts of the world, chiefly in Moravia and Crimea. Because Meerschaum is found on sea shores in some localities in peculiarly rounded snow-white lumps, it has been ignorantly imagined to be petrified froth of the sea, which, by the way, is the meaning of its German name. Meerschaum, when mined, is soft and soap-like to the touch. It is moulded into pipes, boiled in oil, and then baked in ovens until quite hard.

**What were Sharp-shins?**—Sharp-shins was a name given to small currency obtained by cutting silver dollars into parts. It was used in the early days of Virginia.

cents a quart at bottling plants and 3 1/2 cents in Chicago.

Outlining community organization plans for placing their product in the hands of farmers' agents.

"Faddists, theorists, boards of health and all their like—we don't need them to tell us our business," said Mrs. Scott Durand of Crabtree dairy farm at Lake Bluff. "We are perfectly capable of producing clean milk. We should set the price, I say, demand one half that the consumer pays. If you cannot get your price, raise hogs, feed them skimmed milk and make butter from your cream."

## Potter Puts Foot Down

Ruling out of order the sale of a lot of butter for which a higher price was bid than the one accepted, President C. H. Potter of the Elgin board of trade declared at the meeting Monday that he would not tolerate the manipulation of prices on the call board.

"As long as I control the offerings on the call board of this association I will not stand for the fixing of fictitious prices," declared Chairman Potter. "There is to be no manipulation of the market."

Mr. Potter's declaration resulted when a lot of butter was offered at 33 cents a pound. A bid of 33 1/4 cents was made and then another bidder offered 33 cents for the lot.

**Setting Her Mind at Rest.**—Winter Visitor (in Florida)—"I should love really to go sailing, but I look very dangerous. Do not people often get drowned in this bay?" Waterman—"No, indeed, mum. The sharks never lets anybody drown."—New York Weekly.

## A VETERAN CALLED

William E. Hill Answered Last Call Saturday

BROTHER OF DR. A. M. HILL

Was a Member of 15th Illinois Cavalry Co. G—Old Time Resident of Genoa—Funeral Held Wednesday at Elgin

William E. Hill was born at Woodstock, Province of New Brunswick, September 22, 1842. At the age of nine years he came with his parents to Houlton, Maine, where they lived for three years. From Maine they moved to Elgin, Illinois, where he lived on the home farm until twenty years of age when he enlisted in the civil war.

On September 6, 1861, he enlisted in Company G, 15th Illinois Cavalry, under Captain Frank Gilbert and Colonel Warren Stewart, in whose company and regiment he served the full time of his enlistment and was honorably discharged October 31, 1864. On his discharge he returned to the home of his parents in Elgin, where he remained a year and attended business college in that city.

He then went to Morris, Ill., where he lived about six years. From there he came to Genoa where he engaged in farming for five years, two years on the Wood farm in Kingsford township and three years on the Perkins farm in Genoa township, after which he engaged for some time in the creamery business in Genoa and Radcliffe, Iowa.

He then spent one year in British Honduras, Central America, finally locating at Lake Charles, La., where he owned and operated a rice farm and where he continued to live until December, 1912, when on account of his infirmities he entered the Soldiers' National Home near Johnson, Tennessee, and where he died February 1, 1913, aged seventy years, four months and nine days.

He leaves surviving him of his own immediate family, his brother, Dr. A. M. Hill, of Genoa, one sister, Mrs. Stella Blackman, and one niece and nephew, Ray and Ferol Blackman, of Crystal Lake, Illinois.

He was well known and highly regarded wherever he lived.

He was a member of the Resaca Post No. 478, Grand Army of the Republic of Genoa, and a member of Genoa Lodge No. 288, A. F. & A. M.

Many from here attended the funeral at Elgin Wednesday.

Interment took place in the Elgin Bluff City cemetery.

## Teachers To Form Organization

Organization of a Commercial Teachers' association was effected at Aurora, Saturday. There are about twenty charter members of the new association, including the commercial teachers in high schools in the southern end of the county. It was decided by the association to extend its territory to include Kane, Will, DeKalb and DuPage counties.

## Valentine Social

A Valentine social will be held in the M. E. church parlors Friday evening, February 14. Everybody is most cordially invited to attend. This is something new and we assure you that everyone will have a good time. Arrangements are being made by the committee to entertain at least three hundred. Don't disappoint them. More particulars will appear in next week's issue.

**Good Substitute for Bolt.**—A sash lock makes an effective substitute for a bolt on a door if the door and casing are flush with each other.

## Heart to Heart Talks

By JAMES A. EDGERTON

### BREAD UPON THE WATERS.

This is a story from life or, as the children would say, a "really truly story."

Years ago, when Miss Marion L. Covert of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., was a child of six, she often visited relatives in Marlboro. In summers there boarded at a neighboring farmhouse a middle aged business man of Chicago. His name was Gerald Thurston.

The little girl gave him flowers and hunted for him the finest fruits. Naturally there sprang up a friendship, and the man often returned to the farmhouse, where the little girl still brought him fruits and flowers.

Then they drifted out of each other's life as people will. The girl, who was a cripple, grew to womanhood; the man grew to old age.

Maybe it was the fact that she was a cripple that made little Marion so thoughtful of others. Have you not noticed that those who are themselves afflicted are quicker in their sympathy for their fellows?

A few days ago Miss Marion L. Covert was surprised to learn that she had been left \$150,000 by the will of the late Gerald Thurston of Chicago.

Still thoughtful of others, the first cry of the crippled girl was that now she could take her parents to live with her in New York.

We get what we give. The child gave kindness with no thought of return, but the seed took root and grew through the years and at last bore the fruit of a greater kindness that came back to her.

As it is in nature, so in life. Whatever kind of seed we plant, that kind of a crop we raise. Corn brings forth corn. The oak grows from the acorn of another oak.

"Every tree bringeth forth fruit after its own kind."  
He who sows hatred reaps hatred. He who sows good deeds reaps good deeds. Sometimes the crop is deferred, but sooner or later it ripens.

It is like the bread upon the waters that returns after many days.

Can you see the kindness of the little crippled child?  
Do you imagine that in God's good green world such deeds pass unnoticed?

### ANOTHER ARGUMENT

Sandwich People Pleased With Having Sold Municipal Lighting Plant

Sandwich Free Press:—"The fact that under the new arrangement with the Illinois Northern Utilities Co., the City is paying that Company about \$30.00 monthly for street lighting, hall and hose house lighting and the pumping of the water, has raised the question in the minds of many as to how that sum compared with the cost of running the plant when operated by the city.

"We find on inquiry that the city previously paid \$200 per month for salary of engineer and assistants. An average of \$365 per month for coal, and freight and labor on same; about \$25 per month for oil, carbons, new lights and miscellaneous expenses. This indicates a saving of about \$280 per month under the present plan. In addition the city receives \$20 per month rental on a part of the plant and will soon receive a greater sum for use of boilers. The city also has the use of \$18,000, at 5 per cent, amounting to \$75 per month. It is getting the same service as before, except the heating of the city hall; it has the entire revenue from sale of water, but does not have the light revenue. Against that, however, the city is saving the very large amount involved in the depreciation and upkeep of the plant and the necessity of heavy expenditure for renewals of machinery and parts. The members of the council are confident that the net annual result will show a considerable saving to the city, with better and cheaper service to the citizens."

Bowen's sale on the 21st.

## JUST REMINISCENCE

Death of Boyhood Friend Brings Back the Days of Old

JAS. MOORE WRITES FROM WEST

Tells of the Days When He, Henry Perkins and Others Attended School in the Old Building—An Interesting Letter

Fresno, California.

January 27, 1913.

Mr. Editor:—I received a letter from my friend, Frank Holroyd, written January 3, saying Henry Perkins died January 2. I was grieved very much to hear of Mr. Perkins' death. For this makes 113 of my old friends and acquaintances who have passed away since I came West eight years ago. It is very sad to me to hear how fast they are being called by the Master. Mr. Perkins was my classmate in the old log schoolhouse built in the northern part of DeKalb county. It was erected on my father's claim in the fall of 1838, three-quarters of a mile south of the Pacific Hotel, but later Mr. H. H. Durham slipped into Chicago and deeded the claim away from father at the land office. That is the way they did things in Northern Illinois in the early days. A number of years later the land fell into B. J. Brown's hands, but now it is owned by Attorney George Brown of Sycamore. The old log schoolhouse that sheltered the little kids as well as the larger ones was 28 by 24 feet, it faced east with a huge fireplace in the west end built of stone that took in 4-foot wood. The furniture was a little different than what the children have nowadays; the desks were long, extending the entire length of the building, and were made of white wood lumber hauled from Chicago. Benches were split out of basswood logs hued until they were two or three inches in thickness, with holes bored in the ends and pins put in for legs, with no backs to rest against. They made our backs ache but we managed, very well for we knew of nothing better. The cracks between the logs were filled with clay to keep out the cold. There has been a great improvement in schoolhouses and furnishings within the last 74 years. Many of the scholars came over three miles to school; some stayed among the farmers and did chores for their board, others came from Kingston township while still others came from Mayfield and Sycamore townships. Following are some of the scholars: Oliver White and sister, Ephram Hall had one girl of school age but she was born blind so she could not come as we had no raised letters those days to teach the blind, Mr. Jackson's children, Kendall and Luther and Miss Jackson, who was D. S. Brown's mother; Mr. Preston's children, Jerad, Henry, Gustus and Charles; J. L. Brown's children, James P. and his sister, Julian; B. J. Brown's two children, Anamariar and Benjamin; Esery Star Gregory's two children, Mary Jane and Pheobe Ruth; H. N. Perkins' two, Jane and Henry; H. H. Durham's five, Sarah, Norman, Sabrina, Arsula and Rochester; Mr. Granger's four, Will, Marion, Orvil and Eben of Hickory Grove; Rulaf Farr, Washington Richardson and many others to numerous to mention. Later they abandoned the old schoolhouse and kept school for three years in Genoa on the lot now occupied by I. Q. Burroughs. After that they built a schoolhouse on the lot now occupied by Steven Abraham and kept school there for

WORDS OF TRUTH  
FROM

WASHINGTON TEMPLE

GOD'S GLORY IN THE HEAVENS

"THE reverence of Jehovah is the beginning of wisdom." Only the foolish say in their heart, "There is no God." "Day unto day uttereth speech, and night unto night showeth knowledge." "The heavens declare the glory of God."—Psalm 19:1.

An appreciation of the infinite power of the Creator and of our own littleness and insufficiency should make us humble, teachable. The study of Creation is the "Key to Knowledge." Using this Key we begin to realize that the only worthy ambition is to co-operate with our Creator in His beneficent designs respecting us and His entire Creation.

The planets of our System compared with our Sun are as nothing. Imagine the Sun's diameter that of a large flour barrel; our largest planet, Jupiter, would compare as a small orange, the Earth and Venus as peas, and Mercury and Mars as raspberry seeds.

The Sun is three hundred thousand times the size of our Earth. A train traveling at the rate of thirty miles an hour could go around the Earth in one month, but at the same rate of speed, three hundred and forty years would be required for it to travel the circumference of the Sun.

Our day and night are the result of the Earth's rotation on its own axis, while its motion around the Sun marks our year. The planets nearest to the Sun have the shorter orbits, and hence the shorter years, while the remote ones have the longer years. A year on the planet Mercury would equal three of our months. A year on Saturn would equal thirty of our years. On Neptune, still farther off, a year equals 164 of Earth's years.

Yet our Sun is only one of the fixed stars which the most up-to-date astronomical methods estimate to be one hundred and twenty-five millions. Around each of these fixed stars undoubtedly revolve planetary systems like our own. Thus reckoned, there are one thousand million worlds. Even this is not the limit. If we should stand upon the farthest and dimmest star, we should no doubt from there see just as many more beyond. We are appalled at the greatness of the Universe.

PASTOR RUSSELL

THY WORD IS TRUTH

twenty-five years or more. At last they sold the building to H. N. Perkins and he moved it up on the farm for a grainery. Soon after a larger school was built on the corner of Main and Sycamore streets on the lot where Mrs. Stiles now lives. And at the present time Genoa has a fine school building. When I was back in Genoa two years ago I called on Henry Perkins and Frank McQuary and stayed all night. In the morning I went to look over the premises and there stood the same old house built over 60 years before with the same window casings, the same old mortar on some of the walls, also the same door with the old latch which was made at Mr. Maltby's blacksmith shop. I could not help but admire the old house that used to shelter the children sixty years ago as it was now doing its duty sheltering the farm machinery. Mr. James P. Brown and myself are the only two living that used to attend the old log school south of Genoa that I know of, the rest having passed into the great beyond.

Closing I am yours very truly,  
J. H. MOORE.

To Paint Wagons Bright Red

Genoa rural route men are somewhat alarmed at a recent order of the postmaster general that the rigs of all rural letters carriers be painted a brilliant and conspicuous red. The order also applies to letter boxes. The rural delivery men declare that they will be the object of attack of all of the heads of the highly prized Holsteins on their routes.

Old Saw Reset.  
Be sure you are wrong, then apologize.—Woman's Home Companion.

### EASTER EARLY THIS YEAR

Day of New Creations of Milliner's Art Falls on the 23rd of March This Year

The lenten season starts this year on February 5, Ash Wednesday following on that date, and Easter Sunday comes earlier than it has in 95 years, as this year, the day when the new spring bonnets and Easter suits announce the coming of spring, will fall on March 23, and not until the year 2000 will it come so early again.

As Easter is the most important of all the movable feasts of the Christian church, it determines all the rest. Hence this year Ash Wednesday comes February 5, Ascension Thursday on May 1, and Pentecost May 11.

Easter can never come earlier than March 22, and the only time it did or could do this from the years 1801 to 2000 was in 1818. This was made possible by having a full moon on March 21 and the following day being Sunday. This coincidence does not occur more than once in a century, and it is only then that the Feast of the Ascension can occur in April and then on April 30.

The rules provides that Easter shall be the Sunday that follows that fourteenth day of the calendar moon which falls upon or next after March 21.

### German Lutheran Church Notes

Services will be held at the German Lutheran church Sunday at 10:30 a. m. It being the first Sunday in Lent services will be held appropriately. Choir practice at 7:30 p. m. All young people of the congregation are cordially invited to take part.  
J. Molthan, pastor

# The Republican-Journal

C. D. SCHOONMAKER, Publisher.  
GENOA, ILLINOIS.

## MORE AND BETTER FARMERS.

The way to cheapen food is pointed out by the head of the bureau of soils in the department of agriculture, but it is not a road by which we shall arrive at our destination next year or the year after, and ten years hence there will be more of us, the demand for food will be greater, and even with increased supplies there may be no real decrease in prices, says the Philadelphia Record. The crops of the present year have had some little effect upon prices. The abundant supplies of corn, oats and hay should reduce prices of all sorts of meats until another harvest season, but these mitigations of prices are temporary. The persisting fact is that the increase in the number of farmers, the increase in the area of tilled land and the increase in production are not keeping pace with the growth of the population. With all the infinite variety of farm implements and the hundreds of agricultural colleges and experiment stations, the quality of agriculture is not improving at anything approaching the pace of mechanical improvements. The country needs more farmers, and it needs more scientific methods of cultivation. Farming is improving, but practical agriculture falls very far short of possible agriculture. We need not expect to see the theoretically possible ever attended over a wide area, but the prosperity of farming for the last 15 years ought to keep in the country the young men who are still crowding into cities looking for wages of two dollars a day, and with all the scientific agricultural knowledge that we possess the yield per acre ought to be much greater than it is.

"Why," asks the clever painter of outdoor life, Adam Albright, denouncing the billboards of Chicago, "why does the law permit a man to rent the landscape?" That is a new turn to the old thought, says the Boston Post. The owner of a field believes that he has a perfect right to authorize an advertising company to disfigure its beauty with a hideous row of billboards, and so he has, legally. Yet he is maintaining a nuisance as truly as the man who permits an evil smell or foul water on his premises. Some day God's out-of-doors will be freed from the curse of these nuisances to the eye. We have begun to free our parks already. The world is coming to regard the value of beauty as next to that of virtue and orderliness.

The crop reporting board of the bureau of statistics of the United States department of agriculture estimates, from the reports of the correspondents and agents of the bureau, that the total production of cotton in the United States for the season 1912-13 will amount to 6,612,335,000 pounds (not including lint), equivalent to 13,820,000 bales of 500 pounds, gross weight. Last year's crop, according to the census bureau report, was 15,692,701 bales. The average annual crop for the five years 1906-10 was 11,874,270 bales.

Chicago waiters have a clubhouse in which there is a library of 2,000 volumes of the best authors, all bought with champagne corks, which the members pick up and sell for \$3.50 a thousand. As the club is nine years old, it is possible to figure out, in a way, the extent of Chicago's indulgence in champagne.

Since the instructive exhibit on tuberculosis which drew large crowds, eager to obtain information about the white plague, this mode of impressing lessons on prevention of disease has become popular. Not only does it enlist the interest of inquiring minds, but a more fundamentally important result is that the graphic demonstration by diagrams, figures and epigrammatic statements of facts arouses in the average visitor a desire to learn and to participate in the movement, says the New York Sun. The people who have thronged the halls of the City college which has been generously offered by Dr. Finley to the national committee for mental hygiene, attest to the deep interest in the exhibit of this committee.

The 14-inch cannon which bursts at the test seems a concrete example of the old couplet: "If so soon I am done for, I wonder what I was begun for." But it is more judicious for it to burst on the testing ground than in action—if it was ever to get into action.

Wealthy and fashionable women in Boston have formed an association to discourage cruelty to animals in the cause of fashion. They have renounced meat as a diet, and given up the wearing of furs and feathers, which are procured at the cost of suffering to the fur-bearing animals and to birds. They may not establish a large following, but that they are in earnest is proved by the sacrifices made, which are particularly hard for well-dressed women to initiate.

## GOVERNOR'S HAPPY ENTRY INTO OFFICE

Inauguration Day an Event That Will Long Be Remembered by the Dunne Family.

### BUSY TIME FOR ALL INVOLVED

State's Chief Executive Overjoyed, Though Tired, at Close of Strenuous Hours That Marked His First Day of Power—Mrs. Dunne Shows Joy at Reception.

Springfield.—Inauguration day was a great day for Daddy Dunne. Eugene, aged 9, crept into his pa's bedroom in the St. Nicholas Hotel at 6 o'clock in the morning and gave him a long, serious look. He jumped onto daddy's bed and nudged him. The governor-elect sat up.

"What's the matter, my boy?" he asked.

"Nuthin'," answered Gene.

"Are you worried?" asked the father.

"No; but when does the band begin to play?" inquired the youngster.

"Pretty soon now," said dad.

"Come, pa, and get your togs on. I want to get up to the big house with the great yard and the pool table in the basement."

Eugene made off to awaken his eight sisters and brothers, and the day was started.

Sleep is Broken.

Governor Dunne has had office for sixteen years, including his service on the bench and as mayor of Chicago, but at no time was he ever unable to sleep well the night before he was to enter a new office. This was an exception, writes Richard Fairchild, special correspondent of the Chicago Record-Herald. He slept until about 3 in the morning and tossed about

was glad that all these happy events were in his honor because his wife was happy over it and because the youngsters were elated, too.

Worried by Silk Hat.

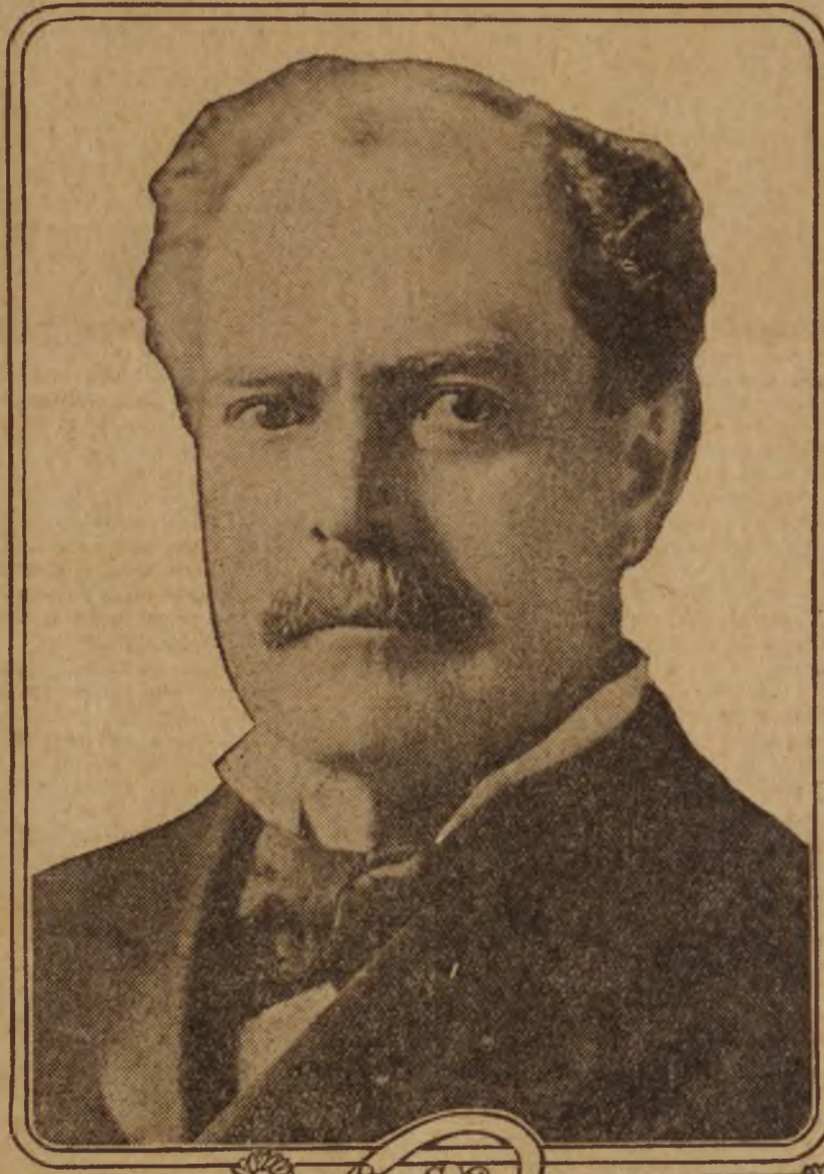
With Mrs. Dunne on his arm he left the side entrance of the hotel at 10:20 o'clock to enter the carriage. He wore a high hat and frequently adjusted it. He caught sight of "Billy" Sullivan, his private secretary.

"Say, Will," the governor-elect whispered, "send away right off for my derby hat. I want to get rid of this thing I'm wearing as soon as I can."

Mrs. Dunne was gowned simply. She wore a sealskin coat and a large picture hat. It was snowing a little as the carriage started, and in response to the cheers of the crowd near the inn the governor lifted his tie. It was cold, but he smiled his Dunne smile, then opened the carriage, which started, and the ceremonies were begun. An active young man working a "movy" machine held up the carriage. The occupants kindly obliged by exchanging a few words and nodding to the spectators, and then off again.

Shortly before eleven the Dunne carriage drove up to the executive mansion portal, the house with the great yard. The lawn was carpeted with snow and the fine trees sparkled with their gems of icy crystals. It was a magnificent background for the meeting of the "two governors." Governor Deneen stepped out with Mrs. Deneen, and passing down the steps, met Mr. and Mrs. Dunne as they alighted from their carriage. There was handshaking all around. The camera men asserted themselves again, and the party of four posed.

Governor Deneen and his successor sat in one seat and the two ladies, riding forward, faced them. The carriage moved off and took its place in the inaugural procession. It was a case of lifting "lids," bowing and smiling until the capitol was reached. Governor Dunne received the huzzas of the populace quite modestly. This was especially true of the magnificent reception he received as he rose to take the oath. His speech, most of which he read, he delivered with a bit husky liberation. His voice was a bit husky



GOVERNOR EDWARD F. DUNNE.

restlessly thereafter. He rose early and donned his inauguration clothes, a black frock coat and dark striped trousers, gray silk tie, pearl stickpin and a pink carnation in his coat lapel. He was out in the hall leading from his suite an hour before the scheduled time. From time to time he was called back to settle some minor detail of the day's plans. Meanwhile his door was surrounded by old friends.

Captain James H. Farrell, who headed the old County Democracy Marching Club to Springfield twenty years ago when John P. Altgeld was inducted into the gubernatorial office, appeared. He was closely followed by "Joe" Grein. The captain looked sharply at Grein's silk hat, but said nothing. Grein noticed the look and didn't like it. The pair glared one at the other.

Victory for Ireland.

Captain Farrell had some inauguration tickets in his hands. Grein claimed them. He also seized hold of them.

"Let go," said Farrell.

Grein was enraged and there's no telling what would have occurred had not Governor Dunne stepped up and laughingly remonstrated.

"The gentleman from the Rhine will please retire," said the executive.

Farrell replaced his tickets and Grein retreated. In a moment the two were engulfed in the constantly increasing crowd.

So it went. One man and then another sidled up to the man who soon was to be governor and congratulated him. The children ran out to him occasionally. He was all smiles. Daddy Dunne was thoroughly himself. He

from the cold, but carried well. He looked heavier than he has in years.

Joy to See Mrs. Dunne.

It was a joy to watch Mrs. Dunne. One could see the gladness in her eyes as her husband rose and was sworn. There also was the suspicion of a tear. She gazed at him with something akin to reverence. It was a lovely note of sincere, heartfelt laudation. For husband and father, with all the children nearby, was being magnificently honored this day.

Inspects Capitol Quarters.

Going to the capitol, after delivering his inaugural address, Governor Dunne entered his chambers for the first time. Various national guard officers, led by General Dickson, saluted. The governor walked about inspecting things. In the outer room he met Senator Hearn of Quincy, the first of the legislators to greet him in his official capacity. The senator's two sons also were present. Next came the reception, the passing of hundreds before the line of new state officers, the congratulatory words, and the endless handshaking. As twilight settled, Governor Dunne was whisked away to the mansion once more to dine and get into evening clothes. Then came the evening soiree, with the women resplendent and the governor and his amiable wife and children in their happiest mood. The children, however, preferred the pool table below. That was the target of their pell-mell rush as quickly as they entered their new home. It was an evening of music, chatter and laughter.

## INCOME TAX O. K.'D

WYOMING THIRTY-SIXTH STATE TO REGISTER APPROVAL OF THE AMENDMENT.

### CONGRESS IS TO ENACT LAW

New Source of Revenue Will Bring About \$100,000,000 a Year to the Government—Delaware and New Mexico Vote Yes.

Washington, Feb. 4.—An income tax now is one of the provisions of the Constitution of the United States. Wyoming's ratification of the income tax amendment—the sixteenth change in the Constitution and the first since the reconstruction—completed a list of thirty-six states—three-fourths of the Union, which have approved the provision.

Congress will enact a law to levy the tax and it probably will become effective during the extraordinary session to be called by President-elect Wilson in March. The tax itself, its provisions and its limitations are all left to congress.

Supercedes Corporation Tax.

The new law probably will supercede the corporation tax and provide for a tax on all incomes above \$5,000, although there has been some sentiment in favor of making the limit as low as \$4,000. Congressional leaders who have been preparing for the final ratification by the states estimate an income tax would bring in about \$100,000,000 a year to the government.

Now that the tax is provided by the Constitution, the proposed excise tax, framed by Democratic leaders, in 1912 to meet the Supreme court's decision which held a former income tax unconstitutional, will be dropped, and some of its provisions may be included in the new law.

West Virginia ratified the amendment last week. One house in New Jersey has approved it. Wyoming's ratification was wholly unexpected at this time.

How the Amendment Reads.

The provision authorizing an income tax will be known as the "sixteenth amendment" and reads as follows:

"Article XVI.—The congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes on incomes, from whatever source derived, without apportionment among the states and without regard to any census or enumeration."

The first official step toward amending the Constitution so as to authorize specifically an income tax was taken by the senate on July 7, 1909. By unanimous vote that body adopted a resolution submitting this amendment to the legislatures of the respective states. Only a few days later, July 12, the house passed the resolution by a vote of 317 to 14.

States That Adopted Amendment.

Following is the list of states which ratified the income tax amendment:

Alabama, Arkansas, Arizona, California, Colorado, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Washington, Wisconsin, Louisiana, Ohio, West Virginia, Wyoming, New Mexico.

The following rejected:

Connecticut, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Utah.

Wyoming Lawmakers Act.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Feb. 4.—Under a suspension of the rules both houses of the Wyoming legislature passed the joint resolution ratifying the income tax amendment to the federal constitution. The resolution was passed unanimously in both houses.

Delaware Ratifies Amendment.

Dover, Del., Feb. 4.—Believing that Delaware would make the thirty-sixth state to ratify the federal income tax amendment, and thus make it effective, the legislature rushed through a joint resolution ratifying the amendment.

New Mexico Favors Amendment.

Santa Fe, N. M., Feb. 4.—The income tax amendment to the federal constitution passed the house, under suspension of the rules, here. It had been previously adopted by the senate.

Senate Passes One-Term Bill.

Washington, Feb. 3.—By a vote of 47 to 23—more than the necessary two-thirds—the senate adopted the resolution for an amendment to the Constitution providing for a single six-year presidential term.

Following is the text of the resolution as adopted:

"The executive power shall be vested in a president of the United States of America. The term of office of president shall be six years, and no person who has held the office by election or discharged its powers or duties or acted as president under the Constitution and laws made in pursuance thereof, shall be eligible to again hold the office by election."

### JUDICIAL RECALL IS LOST

Lower House of Washington Legislature Twice Rejects Proposed Amendment.

Olympia, Wash., Feb. 5.—A proposed constitutional amendment providing for the recall of judges was rejected twice by the lower house of the Washington legislature. On the first vote it was defeated, 60 to 32, and on reconsideration was lost again, 53 to 40. Sixty-five votes were required to pass the proposition.

## ELIZABETH OF ROUMANIA



There is a rumor that the Prince of Wales will marry Princess Elizabeth of Roumania. The princess, who was born in 1894, is the second child and eldest daughter of the crown prince and princess of Roumania, the latter of whom is the daughter of the duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, better known in England as the duke of Edinburgh.

### TRIAL OF BEACH STARTS; ACCUSED OF CUTTING WIFE

Court Proceedings Growing Out of Attack on Woman at Aiken, S. C., Arouses Interest.

Aikens, S. C., Feb. 5.—Charged with assaulting his wife, Camilla Morse Havemeyer Beach, "with intent to kill," Frederick O. Beach, a New York millionaire, was placed on trial in the Aiken county court of general sessions.

Mrs. Beach was the victim of a mysterious attack on the night of February 26 last. She was assaulted while standing on the lawn of the Beach winter home here, and received a severe cut on the throat.

Immediately after the attack Mrs. Beach asserted that her assailant was a negro. After an investigation by city authorities and detectives a warrant was issued for the arrest of Mr. Beach. Repeatedly he has denied the charge.

Mr. Beach is represented by an array of legal talent composed of both local and New York lawyers.

Mr. Beach appeared in the court room an hour before the case was called. He was accompanied by Mrs. Beach, her sister, Mrs. James B. Taylor, and Miss Marion Hollins.

Only 22 minutes was required to secure a jury. Seven of the men accepted are farmers, one is a country merchant and the others are cotton mill operatives.

While the indictment was being read Mrs. Beach kept her eyes intently upon Prosecutor Gunter. Her face did not change expression when he reached the words "did assault with murderous intent."

Beach rested his chin on his hand and gazed straight before him. He was not formally arraigned, thus being spared the humiliation of standing in the prisoner's box.

Eight witnesses have been subpoenaed by the prosecution, while so far as known only three will be introduced by the defense. It is understood that Mrs. Beach will reiterate her story of the attack, exonerating her husband.

### DUNNE GOVERNOR OF ILLINOIS

Executive's Inauguration Ceremonies Were Very Elaborate—Large Crowd Present at Function.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 3.—Edward F. Dunne became the governor of Illinois today, after waiting a long time for the legislature to organize. The inauguration ceremonies were quite elaborate and were witnessed by a great crowd of persons, chiefly Democrats, from all parts of the state. All arrangements were in the hands of a committee consisting of Senators Manny, Brady, Cornwell, Glackin and Keller and Representatives Farrell, Garesche, Roe, King, Provine and Kleemann.

### WILSON'S SECRETARY NAMED

Joseph P. Tammuldy Will Be Aid of the President After March 4, According to Announcement.

Trenton, N. J., Feb. 4.—Joseph Patrick Tammuldy, at present private secretary to Governor Wilson, will be secretary to the president after March 4, according to an announcement by President-elect Wilson.

### Iowa Printing Plant Burned.

Des Moines, Ia., Feb. 4.—The Iowa Homestead printing plant, where the Wisconsin Farmer and a number of other farm publications were issued, was burned. The loss is estimated at \$100,000.

## OWNS TO OUTRAGES

NEW YORK MAN CONFESSES TO KILLING PERSONS BY SEND-ING THEM BOMBS.

### OWN DAUGHTER IS VICTIM

Tells Detectives That Infernal Machine Was Sent to Judge Rosalsky in Revenge for Sentence of Prison—Clears Old Mysteries.

New York, Feb. 5.—John Paul Farrell, a janitor, confessed that he sent to Bernard Herrera last Sunday the bomb which resulted in the death of Mrs. Herrera and serious injury to Herrera and Miss Fughtman, a boarder.

Then Farrell astonished the police by calmly reciting that he sent the bomb which killed Mrs. Helen Taylor a year ago, adding that Mrs. Taylor was his daughter. Next Farrell solved the mystery surrounding the sending of a bomb last year to Judge Otto Rosalsky. Finally he explained the death of "Kid" Walker, slain in 1887.

He slew Mrs. Taylor, he said, because she was his daughter and had gone wrong. "Kid" Walker was killed, he declared, by a man named Lestrage because Walker had caused Mrs. Taylor's downfall.

Revenge for a Convict.

The attempt on Judge Rosalsky's life, he added, was made because the judge had sentenced a criminal, unnamed, to 20 years' imprisonment. The bomb was sent to the judge by a man known to Farrell only as "Tony."

Herrera's life was sought, Farrell said, because Herrera had said he would discharge him from his job as janitor. Farrell was employed at the apartment house where Herrera is superintendent.

Before the astonished detectives the maker of deadly bombs constructed a dummy infernal machine, explained how he made it, what he put into it, how it operated and what the damage would be to the person who should open it. The Taylor and Rosalsky bombs, he said, were intrusted to the mails.

In the case of Herrera, Farrell said he had crept upstairs when Herrera was away and had placed the bomb, wrapped in a pasteboard box, on the landing outside his door. He insisted, however, that he intended only to scare the family.

Arrested as a "material witness," Farrell confessed only after an all-night grilling. He held up till dawn. Then the detectives sent for Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty, and the prisoner went over with him what he had told the others. The construction of the dummy bomb followed.

Describes Making of Bomb.

Farrell told the police he began to make the Herrera bomb last Thursday night, completed it on Friday and kept it in his room till Sunday. Unmoved by the knowledge that his recital might send him to the electric chair, the bombmaker placidly took pencil and paper and drew numerous diagrams, explaining how he had planned the mechanism.

"Unless this man is crazy," Mr. Dougherty said, "we have caught the most dastardly criminal that has come to the attention of the police in 50 years."

### ROADS IN DISSOLUTION PLAN

Union Pacific Is to Take Over Central System and Pay \$100,000,000 in Cash.

New York, Feb. 5.—It was announced here that the directors of the Union Pacific and the Southern Pacific companies have come to an agreement regarding the dissolution of the two companies in accordance with the decision of the Supreme court of the United States. It is understood that Attorney General Wickersham is in accord with the plan.

The Union Pacific is to take over the Central Pacific system and pay for it in cash. The price is between \$100,000,000 and \$105,000,000. The Southern Pacific stock now held in the treasury of the Union Pacific is to be underwritten by a syndicate and will be offered to the stockholders of the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific at a price around par. It is expected that an official announcement of the plan will be made on Thursday.

### 11 KILLED BY EXPLOSION

Dynamite Blast in Hardware Store at Cienfuegos, Cuba, Deals Death and Destruction.

Havana, Feb. 3.—A terrific explosion of dynamite in a hardware store at Cienfuegos killed eleven persons and injured more than a hundred others. A number of the injured will probably die. The cause of the explosion is unknown as the owner of the store, Jose Mayo, a Spaniard, is so badly injured that he is unable to talk. A number of buildings in the vicinity of the hardware store were wrecked and the shock was felt for 20 miles. Three Americans were injured. They are Robert Edgar, manager of the telegraph and cable office, near the store, and two of his employes, H. Todd and William Bradley.

### Blames Cheese for Appendicitis.

Philadelphia, Feb. 5.—Overeating of cheese is believed by Dr. S. B. Kauffman, resident physician at St. Mary's hospital, to have caused the epidemic of appendicitis at St. Francis industrial school, Edgington, Pa., as a result of which 25 boys have been operated upon at St. Mary's within the last ten days.

## BACKACHE IS DISCOURAGING

Backache makes life a burden. Headaches, dizzy spells and distressing urinary disorders are a constant trial. Take warning! Suspect kidney trouble. Look about for a good kidney remedy.

Learn from one who has found relief from the same suffering.

Get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Harris had.

Frederick O. Harris, Jefferson, Ohio, says: "For ten years I suffered from kidney trouble. I had constant backache, showed symptoms of dropsy, and became so bad I was laid up in bed. After doctors had failed I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills. They cured me completely."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

POSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Doan's Kidney Pills

## The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they not only give relief—they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Biliousness, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin, SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature

Wheat Food

SURE.



"What do you mean by bringing home a bird of that size?"

"Well, we can make up for the size by stuffing it good."

When the Peanuts Ran Out.

For two hours an old back country man, who had never before seen an elephant, had been standing before a row of them in enrapt silence dealing out peanuts one at a time. When the last was gone and no more forthcoming, Jumbo, the largest elephant, reached over and removed the entertainer's hat from his head to the top of a lion's cage nearby.

For the first time in two hours the old man expressed his emotions in words: "You old two-tailed Indian-rubber nuisance you!" he exclaimed indignantly. "If I knew which end your head was on, I'd slap your face."

### COFFEE THRESHED HER.

15 Long Years.

"For over fifteen years," writes a patient, hopeful little Illinois woman, "while a coffee drinker, I suffered from Spinal Irritation and Nervous trouble. I was treated by good physicians, but did not get much relief.

"I never suspected that coffee might be aggravating by condition. (Tea is just as injurious, because it contains caffeine, the same drug found in coffee.) I was down-hearted and discouraged, but prayed daily that I might find something to help me.

"Several years ago, while at a friend's house I drank a cup of Postum and thought I had never tasted anything more delicious.

"From that time on I used Postum instead of coffee and soon began to improve in health, so that now I can walk half a dozen blocks or more with ease, and do many other things that I never thought I would be able to do again in this world.

"My appetite is good, I sleep well and find life is worth living. A lady of my acquaintance said she did not like Postum, it was so weak and tasteless.

"I explained to her the difference when it is made right—boiled according to directions. She was glad to know this because coffee did not agree with her. Now her folks say they expect to use Postum the rest of their lives." Name given upon request. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

"Postum now comes in concentrated, powder form, called Instant Postum. It is prepared by stirring a level teaspoonful in a cup of hot water, adding sugar to taste, and enough cream to bring the color to golden brown. Instant Postum is convenient; there's no waste; and the flavour is always uniform. Sold by grocers—45 to 50-cup tin 30 cts., 90 to 100-cup tin 50 cts.

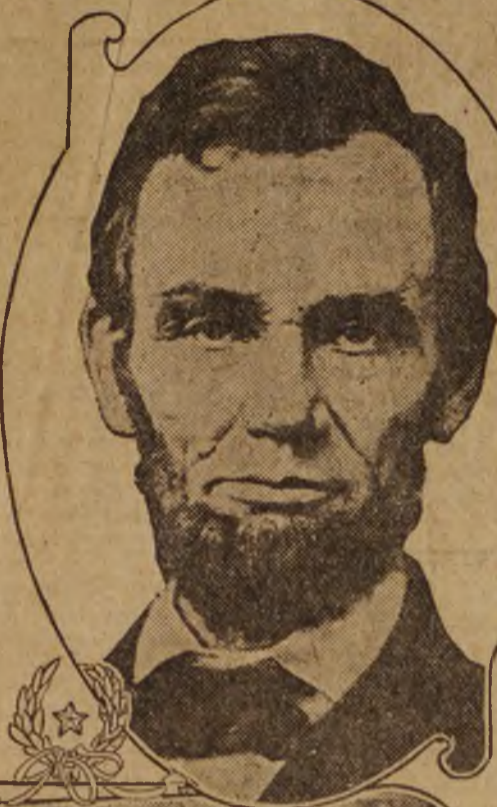
A 5-cup trial tin mailed for grocer's name and 2-cent stamp for postage Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek Mich.—Adv.

# LINCOLN'S VOW FREED THE SLAVES

**A**BRAHAM LINCOLN called his cabinet together on September 22, 1862, to read to them his first proclamation of emancipation. In the diaries of two of the members of that council are given vivid running accounts of that meeting, telling of Lincoln's solemn vow and its consummation. This is the story of that day as told by Salmon P. Chase, secretary of the treasury:

To department about nine. State department messenger came with notice to heads of departments to meet at twelve. Received sundry callers. Went to the White House. All the members of the cabinet were in attendance. There was some general talk, and the president mentioned that Artemus Ward had sent him his book. Proposed to read a chapter which he thought very funny. Read it, and seemed to enjoy it very much; the heads also (except Stanton), of course. The chapter was "High-handed Outrage at Utica." The president then took a graver tone, and said:

"Gentlemen: I have, as you are aware, thought a great deal about the relation of this war to slavery; and you all remember that, several weeks ago, I read to you an order that I prepared on this subject, which, on account of objections made by some of you, was not issued. Ever



THE STATUE OF LINCOLN ERECTED BY THE FREED SLAVES



READING PROCLAMATION TO THE CABINET

since then my mind has been much occupied with this subject, and I have thought, all along, that the time for acting on it might probably come. I think the time has come now. I wish it was a better time. I wish that we were in a better condition. The action of the army against the rebels has not been quite what I should have best liked.

"When the rebel army was at Frederick, I determined, as soon as it should be driven out of Maryland, to issue a proclamation of emancipation, such as I thought most likely to be useful. I said nothing to any one, but I made the promise to myself and (hesitating a little) to my Maker. The rebel army is now driven out, and I am going to fulfill that promise.

"I have got you together to hear what I have written down. I do not wish your advice about the main matter, for that I have determined for myself. This I say without intending anything but respect for any one of you. But I already know the views of each on this question. They have been heretofore expressed, and I have considered them as thoroughly and carefully as I can. What I have written is that which my reflections have determined me to say. If there is anything in the expressions I use, or in any minor matter, which any one of you thinks had best be changed, I shall be glad to receive the suggestions.

"One other observation I will make. I know very well that many others might, in this matter as in others, do better than I can; and if I was satisfied that the public confidence was more fully possessed by any one of them than by me, and knew of any constitutional way in which he could be put in my place, he should have it. I would gladly yield it to him. But, though I believe that I have not so much the confidence of the people as I had some time since, I do not know that, all things considered, any other person has more; and, however this may be, there is no way in which I can have any other man put where I am. I am here; I must do the best I can, and bear the responsibility of taking the course which I feel I ought to take."

The president then proceeded to read his Emancipation Proclamation, making remarks on the several parts as he went on, and showing that he had fully considered the whole subject, in all the lights under which it had been presented to him. After he had closed, Governor Seward said:

"The general question having been decided, nothing can be said farther about that. Would it not, however, make the proclamation more clear and decided to leave out all reference to the act being sustained during the incumbency of the present president; and not merely say that the government 'recognizes' but that it will maintain, the freedom it proclaims?"

I followed, saying:

"What you have said, Mr. President, fully

made, but he wished his paper announcing his course as correct in terms as it could be made without any change in the determination. He read the document. One or two unimportant amendments suggested by Seward were approved. It was then handed to the secretary of state to publish tomorrow.

After this, Blair remarked that he considered it proper to say he did not concur in the expediency of the measure at this time, though he approved of the principle, and should, therefore, wish to file his objections. He stated at some length his views, which were substantially that he ought not to put in greater jeopardy the patriotic element in the border states, that the results of this proclamation would be to carry over those states en masse to the Secessionists as soon as it was read, and that there was also a class of partisans in the free states endeavoring to revive old parties, who would have a club put into their hands of which they would avail themselves to beat the administration.

The president said he had considered the danger to be apprehended from the first objection, which was undoubtedly serious, but the objection was certainly as great not to act; as regarded the last, it had not much weight with him.

The question of power, authority, in the government to set free the slaves was not much discussed at this meeting, but had been canvassed by the president in private conversation with the members individually. Some thought legislation advisable before the step was taken, but congress was clothed with no authority on this subject, nor is the executive, except under the war-power—military necessity, martial law, when there can be no legislation. This was the view which I took when the president first presented the subject to Seward and myself last summer, as we were returning from the funeral of Stanton's child—a ride of two or three miles from beyond Georgetown. Seward was at that time not at all communicative, and, I think, not willing to advise, though he did not dissent from the movement.

It is momentous, both in its immediate and remote results, and an exercise of extraordinary power, which cannot be justified on mere humanitarian principles, and would never have been attempted but to preserve the national existence. The slaves must be with us or against us in the war. Let us have them. These were my convictions, and this the drift of the discussion.

The effect which the proclamation will have on the public mind is a matter of some uncertainty. In some respects it would, I think, have been better to have issued it when formerly first considered.

There is an impression that Seward has opposed, and is opposed to, the measure. I have not been without that impression myself, chiefly from his hesitation to commit himself, and perhaps because action was suspended on his suggestion. But in the final discussion he has cordially supported the measure as Chase.

For myself the subject has, from its magnitude and its consequences, oppressed me, aside from the ethical features of the question. It is a step in the progress of this war which will extend into the distant future. A favorable termination of this terrible conflict seems more remote with every movement, and unless the rebels hasten to avail themselves of the alternative presented, of which I see little probability, the war can scarcely be other than one of emancipation to the slave, or subjugation, or submission to their rebel owners.

There is in the free states a very general impression that this measure will insure a speedy peace. I cannot say that I so view it. No one in those states dare advocate peace as a means of prolonging slavery, even if it is his honest opinion, and the pecuniary, industrial, and social sacrifice impending will intensify the struggle before us. While, however, these dark clouds are above and around us, I cannot see how the subject can be avoided. Perhaps it is not desirable it should be. It is, however, an arbitrary and despotic measure in the cause of freedom.

His mind was fixed, his decision

## MUST BE KEPT FROM HEAT

Something to Be Remembered by the Woman Fond of the Perfume of the Violet.

Apropos of violet perfume it may be well to whisper in the ear of every woman the secret which every perfumer so well knows, a very simple little secret, but very important to the preservation of perfume. It is that no bottle of violet should at any time be put near the heat, nor in the

strong light, either artificial or natural, for a decided chemical change takes place not only in the color of the perfumes, but in the odor.

The wistaria blossoms have surrendered their color and strange sweetness to the skill of the Oriental, and may be had in sachet. There are also the bars of sandalwood which may be laid among one's frocks but many, comparatively speaking, do not care for its pungent quality compared to the blossomy outdoor fragrance of the real flower scents.

Ground sandalwood and orris may also be had for about one dollar for a quarter of a pound to make into individual sachets, but no sachet is lasting, and too much should not be expected of it in the way of durability.

Perfume burners have found their way into vogue. The correct way to use these artistic combinations of gun metal and brass, which look so like a tiny and much beautiful alcohol lamp, is to mix the perfume with water and let it boil. As it does so the freshness of the blossoms floats off

with the vapor and the room is lightly filled with fragrance.

All perfumes which are imported have risen in value. It is the higher duty which has brought this, not any scarcity of flowers, as the many manufacturers would have us believe.

### A Bride's Way.

Mrs. Eke—Is Mrs. Youngbride a good housekeeper?  
Mrs. Wye—Well, when I dropped in on her she was trying to make bread in a chafing dish.

## FIRST ADDRESS BY GOVERNOR DUNNE

NEW EXECUTIVE URGES VARIOUS AMENDMENTS TO STATE CONSTITUTION.

### SPEECH TO THE LEGISLATURE

Recommends That the Initiative and Referendum Be Put into Effect First—Improvement of Highways Considered Very Important.

Springfield, Ill.—Edward F. Dunne, the new governor of Illinois, delivered his inaugural address to the general assembly. He said in part:

To the Members of the Forty-eighth General Assembly:

The constitution of the state wisely provides that the governor shall, at the commencement of each session, and at the close of his term of office, give to the general assembly information by message of the condition of the state, and make such recommendations as he deems proper. In compliance with that provision Governor Deneen has submitted his message to you.

It also has become the custom for the incoming governor to make an inaugural address, recommending such measures to the consideration of the general assembly as he deems expedient and necessary. In pursuance of that custom I respectfully submit the following:

The constitution of this state should be amended in at least three essential particulars, and in at least three separate articles of the same to meet the demands of modern progress.

#### Initiative and Referendum.

Under Article IV, relating to the legislative department, as now phrased, the inherent right of all self-governing people to initiate and veto laws is not reserved to and by the people of Illinois.

For more than eight years the people of this state, following precedents set by other republics and fourteen sister states of the American Union, have been insistently demanding the right to legislate directly for themselves by the initiative; and the right to veto legislation, passed by the legislature, contrary to the wishes of the people, by the referendum. Twice within the last eight years the people of Illinois, by overwhelming votes at the ballot box, in the ratio of about five to one, have manifested an urgent desire for this great reform. Their demand is insistent and just, and has been too long denied.

I would respectfully recommend, therefore, at this session of the legislature, that the necessary legislative steps be taken to amend Article IV of the constitution so as to secure the right of direct legislation by the people themselves upon a petition of eight per centum of the voters voting at the last general election; and to secure the right of veto in the people, by requiring submission to the people of any law or laws, passed by the legislature, for their approval or disapproval, upon the filing of a petition of five per centum of the voters voting at the last general election.

#### Article IX Relating to Revenue.

Article IX of the constitution, relating to revenue and taxation, and Article XIV, relating to amendments to the constitution, ought also to be amended; but we are unfortunately confronted with a constitutional impasse, which makes it impossible to provide for more than one of these three amendments to the constitution at this session of the legislature.

#### Article XIV, on Amendments

Article XIV of the constitution, relating to amendments to the constitution, declares that "the general assembly shall have no power to propose amendments to more than one article on this constitution at the same session."

This article itself should be amended. No valid reason exists why several articles of the constitution should not be amended at the same session to meet the demands of modern conditions.

#### Abolition of State Board of Equalization.

Moreover, relief from some, and the most onerous, of the inequities and inequalities of taxation is open to us without waiting for an amendment to the constitution. For years past the great corporations of the state have been enjoying undue favoritism in the matter of taxation, owing to maladministration of the law by the state board of equalization. This body is charged by law with the duty of assessing fairly and justly the property of corporations. It has signally failed in its duty. The corporations have been unduly favored at the expense of the people.

Experience has shown that the state board of equalization is unscientifically constituted and unfairly administered. It is a departmental fiasco, and its work farcical. It is unwieldy in numbers, intermittent in its labors, and secretive in its methods. It should be abolished. In its place should be created a tax court, or commission, composed of three or five members of approved intelligence and information, appointed by the executive, with the approval of the senate, for a term of years, that shall remain in continuous session the entire year and record its acts and findings from day to day. It should be given all the powers now committed to the state board of equalization, and, in addition thereto,

should have general supervision of the administration of the assessment and tax laws of the state; invested with power to advise and instruct local assessors, prescribe forms for assessment returns and reports, require returns, schedules and other information, under oath, from individuals and corporations, appoint special assessors, expert examiners and accountants, direct reassessments in case of defective assessments, hear appeals and complaints, investigate on its own initiative the administration of all tax and revenue laws, examine into the tax methods of other states, and recommend to the legislature any and all amendments to the revenue laws of the state, which would make for a fair and equitable distribution of the burdens of taxation between the people and corporations of the commonwealth.

I, therefore, respectfully recommend the passage, by the legislature, of a law abolishing the state board of equalization, and creating a tax court, or commission, along the lines above indicated.

#### Public Utilities.

The day of competition in the supply of gas, electric light and power, street railways, and some other public utilities, has passed. Monopoly in these matters has come to stay.

In these modern days no municipality can tolerate the tearing up of its streets, every few months or years, by rival water, gas, electric light, heating or telephone companies in the laying of pipes, wires and conduits.

Only one utility producing concern should be allowed that privilege for each utility in each city.

That concern must be either the municipal corporation itself, or a private corporation.

The sole aim of a public corporation is to operate to the satisfaction of the community, which is always assured by giving the best service at the lowest rate.

The sole aim of all private corporations, unregulated by law, is to make money for their stockholders, and the most money can be made by poor service at a high rate to the consumer.

The only question, then, is whether the public shall own and operate through state or local agencies, or whether it shall allow these utilities to remain in the ownership and control of private corporations and regulate them by law.

#### Municipal Ownership.

While most cities of Illinois may not be ready, as yet, to undertake municipal operation of other than waterworks, legislation should be enacted immediately, giving all cities the right to build or buy, and to operate their utilities. For this purpose, cities should be empowered to issue bonds, subject to a referendum and such other reasonable safeguards as may be necessary. If such rights are given, it will force private corporations, now furnishing these utilities, to give decent service at decent rates, or face the alternative of public ownership.

#### State Regulation.

Important as it is to give cities the right to manage their own public utilities, it is also important to give to state and local bodies large powers of regulation of the public utilities that remain in private hands.

These utilities may be broadly classified as "intra-urban" and "inter-urban." In other words, they are either local in character, confined to a city and its suburbs, or they run through country districts and connect one place with another.

The inter-urban-utilities can only be regulated by the state. For that purpose, a well-equipped utilities commission should be created with large powers. It should control the issue of securities, the character of service, the rate of charge, etc. It should be appointed by the executive with the approval of the senate.

With respect to intra-urban, or city utilities, it might be well, at the start, to give to the proposed state commission control of the city utilities when requested by any of the several cities of the state. The commission, however, should be empowered to secure uniformity of accounting and full publicity with respect even to the city utilities, and should be prepared to furnish this information in tabulated form in its annual reports, and in further detail to public officials.

It would also be well to give the state commission full control of all new issues of stock, bonds and notes, and other evidences of indebtedness of all the public utilities of the state, including those within the cities. If this were done, the commission should be equipped with resources and power to make a physical valuation of such properties. No additional securities should be permitted to be issued save for additional physical property and legitimate brokerage.

#### Local Regulation.

In addition to a law conferring the right of municipal ownership, and another creating a State Utilities Commission, we need legislation conferring upon cities that choose to exercise it, the same rights of control over all their city utilities that they now possess with respect to water companies. Chicago secured such a right with respect to gas and electric companies about six years ago. A similar law, with perhaps some additional power, should be passed for all cities.

#### Corrupt Practices Act.

For many years past elections in this state, particularly in our largest cities, have been signalized by the lavish use of money, both before and during primary elections, and before and during final elections. Hordes of hired men have surrounded polling places, intimidating, cajoling and often terrorizing voters. Candidates have concededly spent in the election contests more than

twice the salary they could collect during the whole term of their offices. Such a practice is scandalous, and, if further tolerated by law, will debar from political aspiration all but the rich and corrupt. These two classes, (the rich and corrupt) combined, form but a very small portion of the community, and to limit public office and honor to them is a violation of the spirit and genius of American institutions.

To reform these conditions I, therefore, recommend the passage of a corrupt practices act, which will limit, within reasonable restrictions, the expenditure of money during a political campaign, and compel the publication of all amounts collected and expended both before and after election.

#### Civil Service.

Civil service is no longer an untried principle. Honestly and fairly administered, it makes for better and more efficient public service, and the people have shown by their votes that they are in favor of it.

I respectfully urge that your honorable body give careful consideration to all measures relative to civil service, its extension to positions, which should be included within its scope, and other amendments which might make for the better operation or enforcement of the law.

#### Convict Labor.

Provision also should be made for the employment of the inmates of our penitentiaries in road work. Primarily, convicts should be used for the preparation of material, either at the penitentiaries, or at camps, established near natural deposits of stone, gravel or other material. In the actual construction of highways, when it becomes necessary, short term prisoners should be employed on an honor system, such as prevails in Colorado. Humanitarian reasons underlie the employment of convicts in the open-air work of this sort. The problem of what is going to become of the paroled or discharged convict is largely solved if he is released, healthy in body and in mind, and not debased by associations formed in the debilitating environments of cells and prison workshops.

Psychological and physiological considerations enter into the employment of men, on an honor system in the fresh air and sunshine, wherein and whereby they are restored to society with their manhood quickened, instead of deadened, or destroyed.

#### Improvement of Highways.

A matter touching vitally the agricultural, commercial, educational, social, religious and economic welfare of Illinois, and involving the conservation of natural resources, is the question of good roads.

Reports of the federal department of agriculture show that about 10 per cent of the 95,000 miles of Illinois roads are improved in a permanent manner, as against 38 per cent in the neighboring state of Indiana, 20 per cent in Wisconsin, 20 per cent in Kentucky, 28 per cent in Ohio and 50 per cent in Massachusetts. Considered from the standpoint of improved roads, Illinois is the twenty-fourth in the list of states.

The loss to farmers, because of inaccessible primary markets, and the abnormal expense of transportation due to bad roads, must be considered as a contributing cause of the high cost of living. In some Illinois counties, highways are impassable to ordinary loads for a full third part of the year. Bad roads not only hinder crop production and marketing, but they keep the rural consumer away from the store of the merchant for weeks at a time. They keep pupils from the schools, and voters from political gatherings, and from participation in elections. They impair the efficiency of churches, and social, fraternal and other organizations, which depend largely on public gatherings for the efficacy of their work.

I recommend for your consideration legislation which will promote the efficiency and economy of the administration of the road system of the state. This legislation, I believe, should incorporate provisions for state co-operation with counties and townships in the construction of main highways and bridges; and the proper maintenance of all roads after they are built; for the compulsory dragging of all dirt roads, and for the use of the state automobile tax as a nucleus of a fund for such state aid.

#### Amendment of the Jury Law in Civil Cases.

I became convinced, from my experience on the bench, some years ago, that quite frequently there was a miscarriage of justice in civil law suits resulting from disagreements of juries, procured by corrupt methods.

In view of these experiences, I would respectfully suggest that the laws of the state, relating to the trial of civil cases in the courts, be amended so as to permit the court to accept a verdict signed by eleven jurors after twelve hours' deliberation, and by ten jurors after twenty-four hours' deliberation. Such time for deliberation would give ample opportunity to an honest minority of one or two men to fully present their views to their fellow jurors, and convince them, if they, the minority, were in the right; and yet would prevent a miscarriage of justice, if they were in the wrong, and actuated by corrupt motives. I am of the opinion, however, that in all criminal cases, involving the life or liberty of a citizen, a unanimous verdict should still be required.

Governor Dunne also recommended the ratification of the amendment providing for election of United States senators by the people; the shortening of the ballot; the creation of a colony for epileptics and the enactment of a law making the breaking of a written political pledge by a public official a felony punishable by imprisonment.



Every Boy and Girl  
Wants a Watch!

Liggett & Myers  
**Duke's Mixture**

We want every pipe and cigarette smoker in this country to know how good Duke's Mixture is.

We want you to know that every grain in that big one and a half ounce 5c sack is pure, clean tobacco—a delightful smoke.

And you should know, too, that with each sack you now get a book of cigarette papers and

**A Free Present Coupon**

These coupons are good for hundreds of valuable presents, such as watches, toilet articles, silverware, furniture, and dozens of other articles suitable for every member of the family.

You will surely like Duke's Mixture, made by Liggett & Myers at Durham, N. C., and the presents cannot fail to please you and yours.



As a special offer, during January and February only we will send you our new illustrated catalog of presents FREE. Just send us your name and address on a postal.

Coupons from Duke's Mixture may be assorted with tags from HORSE SHOE, J. T. TINSLEY'S NATURAL LEAF, GRANGER TWIST, coupons from FOUR ROSES (10c tin double coupon), PICK-PLUG CUT, PIED-MONT CIGARETTES, CLIX CIGARETTES, and other tags or coupons issued by us.

Premium Dept.  
Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.  
ST. LOUIS, MO.

## Bowen Sale Feb. 21

**DON'T TRIFLE WITH COUGHS OR COLDS.**

Many Have Filled Consumptive Graves Because They Neglected a Cough or Cold.

You never know how soon a cold will become a serious malady. It may be in the head to-day; in the lungs to-morrow and the next day you may be fighting deadly pneumonia for your life. It's much the same with a cough. Inflamed and cough-worn throat and lungs offer the best chance to consumption germs to begin their murderous work. There's only one way to prevent these deadly diseases getting a hold on you. As soon as a cough or cold attacks you, take Dr. King's New Discovery until you are entirely cured. Sometimes a dose or two will do the business, saving you suffering and a doctor's bill. Thousands of cures like these below prove its wonderful power to cure coughs and colds.

"I feel sure it's a Godsend to humanity," writes Mrs. Effie Morton,

Columbia, Mo., "for I believe I would have consumption to-day, if I had not used this great remedy."

"I take great pleasure in recommending your Dr. King's New Discovery for the benefit of suffering humanity. It's a thoroughly reliable remedy for all coughs, croup and lung troubles. We have used it in our family for fourteen years with the best results. It saved my mother when two doctors gave her up. She had a very severe case of pneumonia and was in bed seven weeks and part of the time 'out of her mind' so that she did not know me. I told father to get me two 50c bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery, which he did, and on taking it she soon began to improve, and four bottles cured her entirely. You may publish this if you wish and I will answer all inquiries, with postage enclosed for reply.

"Yours respectfully,  
"Wm. Cogger."

Sold and recommended by

**L. E. CARMICHAEL**

## International Special Molasses Feed MIXED WITH CORN AND OATS COWS INCREASE ONE-THIRD



Mr. J. P. Goodall of Capron, Ill., writes us as follows: "I have used International Special Molasses Feed for two years, feeding 4 pounds per day mixed with ground corn and oats and by using your feed as above I have obtained an increase of one-third in milk production. My cows always keep healthy and eat with a relish."

International Special Molasses Feed will cost only a few dollars more per ton than ground corn and oats. For each ton of International Special Molasses Feed that you will buy and use along with ground corn and oats you will make an extra profit of \$20.00 over and above all extra cost. Latest State bulletins give the following reports on their analysis of the International Special Molasses Feed: State of Pennsylvania, protein 14.63; fat 5.74. State of New Jersey, protein 15.82; fat 6.02. State of New York, protein 15.49; fat 6.73. This compares with an average analysis of less than 10% protein for ground corn and oats.

We sell and recommend INTERNATIONAL SPECIAL MOLASSES FEED. We are headquarters for everything in our line.

**JACKMAN & SON.**

## SANDERS GETS LIFE SENTENCE

Judge Farrand Imposes Next Severe Penalty to Death for Crime

Warren Sanders, confessed slayer of his mother-in-law and wife, was sentenced by Judge Farrand in the Lee county court at Dixon, to life imprisonment in the penitentiary at Joliet.

When Sanders came into court to receive sentence for his crime he appeared rather worried but bore up well during the time Judge Farrand was reading the rather long preamble to the sentence in which the case was thoroughly reviewed.

At the end of the sentence Sanders went back to the county jail to remain until the last of the week when he will be taken to prison to start serving his long sentence. Judge Farrand pointed out to the fact that Sanders' life was being spared and also added that the imprisonment that he was facing would take from his sight forever the outside world and would also bar him from mingling with his fellow men.

The court room was crowded with an eager throng of people all intent upon hearing the penalty that would be meted out to the slayer of the two women on the depot platform in Ashton last August.—Sycamore Tribune.

## AUCTION

The undersigned, having bought a farm near Beloit, Wis., will sell at public auction on the Sowers farm, 2 miles south of Genoa on Interurban road, on

**TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 11** commencing at 10:00 o'clock a. m. the following described property: Team Belgian mares 5 and 7 yrs. old, good team of brood mares, family milk cow, Deering hay loader, Deering mower, Sandwich side delivery rake, Deering corn binder, Deering grain binder, 2 sets harrows, weeder, 3 surface corn plows with shovel attachment, Deere sulky plow, sulky plow, walking plow, 2 wagons, Hoozier seeder, 600 lb. scales, fanning mill, cutter, bob sled, Humane collar, surry, good as new; single top buggy, lot of harness, collars and bridles; refrigerator, Singer sewing machine, small tools and other items.

Good free lunch at noon.

Terms of Sale: All sums of \$10 and under, cash; on sums over \$10 credit of ten months will be given on approved notes bearing interest at 6 per cent. per annum. No property to be removed until settlement is made.

W. B. SPANSWICK.  
W. H. BELL, Auct.  
G. E. Stott, Clerk.

## A Puzzling Problem.

Two South American republics—let us say Peru and Brazil—indulging in a commercial war, refuse to regard one another's dollar as worth more than 90 cents. A thirsty traveler finds himself near the boundary with convenient inns one on each side of the frontier. He buys a ten cent drink in Peru, tenders a Peruvian dollar and asks for his 90 cents change in the form of a Brazilian dollar, with which he crosses the frontier and repeats the process in Brazil, getting a Peruvian dollar as change. And the problem is, Who is the loser by the series of free drinks he thus gets?—London Chronicle.

## Scared White.

A butcher workman was suing a packing firm to recover damages for injuries sustained in a Kansas City establishment. A colored laborer in the plant was called as a witness. "Did you work with Jones, the plaintiff?"

"Yassah."

"Do you know the foreman and the other officers of the plant?"

"Yassah."

"What are your relations with them?" continued the attorney.

"Now, yo' look-a-here, boss," said the witness. "I's skeered. That's a-why I looks so white. Them folks ain't no relations of mine."—Exchange.

## He Knew.

"Daughter," called the conventional, comic-paper father from his regular position at the top of the stairs, at the well-known hour of 11:55 p. m., "doesn't that young man know how to say good night?" "Does he?" echoed the young lady in the darkened hall, "well, I should say he does."

## AUCTION

The undersigned having decided to quit farming will sell at public auction on the place known as the old J Spansail farm, 1/4 miles north of New Lebanon, 5 miles east of Genoa and 4 miles west of Hampshire, on

**FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 14** commencing at 10:00 a. m. the following described property:

Black team, 5 yrs. old, weight 2900 lbs; black team, mares, 5 yrs. old, weight about 2500 lbs; sorrel mare, 12 yrs old; bay mare, 12 yrs. old; black mare, 9 yrs. old; bay mare, 4 yrs. old; black horse, 5 yrs. old; black mare, 4 yrs. old; black mare, 3 yrs. old; bay road colt, 3 yrs. old; bay horse, 4 yrs. old; gray horse, 4 yrs. old; bay horse, 3 yrs. old; bay horse, 4 yrs. old; bay horse, 4 yrs. old; black colt, 1 year old; gray suckler 2 bay sucklers, black mare, 10 vis. old; bay mare, 16 yrs. old; gray pony, family broke, 10 yrs old; Holstein cow, red cow, Holstein bull, 2 yrs. old; McCormick corn binder, Deering binder, 8-ft cut; Deering binder, 6 ft. cut; Hayes corn planter and about 120 rods of wire; 2 Stewancy gang plows, X-ray sulky plow, Case sulky plow, sulky plow, roller, 2 Hayes riding cultivators, Case riding cultivator, Tower corn plow, 4-sec. drag, 3-sec. drag, Engate seeder, manure spreader, potatoe planter and digger combine; Cheatham fanning mill, 2 hay sweeps, nearly new; 2 hay racks, wagon, nearly new; Milburn wagon, 2 wagons, one without box; truck wagon, 3-in. tires; truck wagon, narrow tires; bob sleigh, milk wagon, 2 double seated carriages, 3 single buggies, 2-hole corn sheller, gasoline engine, 6 horse power; buzz saw, feed grinder, grinds 20 bags an hour; Emery stand, 1 line shaft, grind stone, hay rope, about 120 feet; set of hay slings and pulleys; galvanized watering trough, 2 wooden feed troughs, 6 sheep feed troughs, dipping tank, 8 sets work harness, set driving harness, single driving harness, about 25 cords fire wood, and many tools to numerous to mention.

Good free lunch at noon.

Terms of Sale: All sums of \$10 and under, cash; on sums over \$10 credit of 9 months will be given on approved notes bearing interest at 7 per cent. per annum. No property to be removed until settlement is made.

A. F. FISCHBACH.  
CHAS. SULLIVAN, Auct.  
E. H. Olmstead, Clerk.

## AUCTION

The undersigned having decided to quit farming, will sell at public auction on the Chas A. Brown farm, 3 1/2 miles east of Genoa and 2 1/2 miles west of New Lebanon on

**THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 13** commencing at 10:00 a. m. the following described property:

25 cows, milkers and springers, some with calves by side; 2 two-year old Holstein heifers, heavy springers; 5 two-year old Durham heifers, heavy springers; 6 yearling Holstein heifers; 2-year old Holstein bull, black Percheon mare, 6 yrs. old, weight 1200; sorrel Gelding, 7 yrs. old, weight 1200; grey colt, 1 yr. old; bay mare, 1 yr. old; 3 sucking colts, 16-disk pulverizer, 3-sec. harrow, harrow cart, sulky plow, gang plow, walking plow, Set of heavy work harness, nearly new; corn planter, 3 single row cultivators, Plano mower, Rock Island hay

loader, McCormick corn binder, American manure spreader, steam feed cooker, grind stone, pr. 3-in. tire trucks, pr. narrow tire trucks, 2 tripple wagon boxes, hay rack, milk wagon, light spring wagon, about 8 tons timothy hay, about 12 tons millet hay, quantity of shredded fodder, quantity of ear corn and many other articles to numerous to mention.

Good free lunch at noon.

Terms of Sale: All sums of \$10 and under, cash; on sums over \$10 credit of eight months will be given on approved notes bearing interest at 7 per cent. per annum. No property to be removed until settlement is made.

I. D. HOLT.  
CHAS. SULLIVAN, Auct.

Matter of Aentality.  
"Do you think fishing is a congenial recreation for really brainy men?" "Undoubtedly. It takes a pretty smart person to think up any new stories to tell when he gets home."



Keep Your Eye on that Can

When Baking Powder

For this is the baking powder that makes the baking better.

It leaves the food evenly throughout; puffs it up to airy lightness, makes it delightfully appetizing and wholesome.

Remember, Calumet in price—highest in quality.

Ask your grocer for Calumet. Don't take a substitute.

RECEIVED HIGHEST AWARDS. World's Pure Food Exposition, Chicago, Illinois, Paris Exposition, France, March, 1910.



You don't save money when you buy cheap or big-can baking powder. Don't be misled. Buy Calumet. It's more economical—more wholesome—gives best results. Calumet is far superior to sour milk and soda.

## Auctioneer

Farm Sales a Specialty

My record speaks for itself. Ask those who have engaged my services in the past. Am well acquainted with values of live stock and machinery and give the best there is in me at every sale. If you intend to have a sale call me by phone or drop me a card and I will look you up.

CHAS. SULLIVAN, Marengo, Ill.

# ALL KINDS OF Hard and Soft COAL

Our Bins are Filled  
with the Finest  
Grades.

Ask for Prices.

E. H. Cohoon & Co

## EACO WINGED-HORSE FLOUR

Highest Grade in the World

Those who have used it are confident that the above statement is true. It gives the best results, because it is the best. It's in a class by itself.

Your Money Back

if it is not as represented.

IRA W. DOUGLASS

PHONE NO. 67

## BIG SALE

---ON---

## Street and Storm BLANKETS

I have a big stock of the above which I must turn into cash. A blanket size 84x90, weighs 8 lbs, while they last, at

\$1.30

A price never known before

I also carry a full line of harness in light, heavy, single and double. Robes, Whips, Brushes, Straps of all kinds and every thing for the horse

Fair and square dealing with all.

W. W. COOPER

10c HITCH BARN



Ask Oberg about it



### A Note to You

We have just received a new stock of Valentines for 1913 and would be pleased to have you call and see them.

Yours truly,  
L. E. CARMICHAEL  
DRUGS, STATIONERY, CANDY, CIGARS, ETC.

GENOA, FEBRUARY 7, 1913

John Young transacted business at Kirkland Saturday.

Mrs. Geo. Corson has been seriously ill at her home.

Miss Della Olmsted was out from Chicago over Sunday.

Charles Corson was a business caller at Huntley Monday.

Judd Waite of Shell Rock, Ia., visited his brother, Scott, over Sunday.

Clarence Thompson of Pontiac was home visiting his mother Sunday.

Isaac Harris of Boston, Mass., was in Genoa last Saturday on business.

Miss Alice Mansfield of Elgin is spending a few days with Genoa relatives.

Miss Blanche R. Patterson and Mrs. Robert Furr were Rockford passengers last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Holmebeak of Belvidere spent last Thursday and Friday at the home of the latter's mother, Mrs. Totten.

G. J. Patterson was a Chicago visitor Tuesday.

Arthur Stewart was a Huntley visitor Tuesday.

The R. N. of A. will meet with Mrs. W. Sager Tuesday, Feb. 11.

Clarence Butcher, F. W. Olmsted and Fred Johnson attended the auto show Tuesday.

Ladies' Aid Society are planning to give an entertainment in the near future. Watch for the date.

For sale—500 bushels Wisconsin Pedigree Barley for sale. Inquire of Jas. R. Kiernan or John Gahl, Genoa.

Miss Florence Pratt, a trained nurse, is caring for Mrs. C. D. Schoonmaker, the latter still being confined to her bed.

Poultry Wanted—If anyone in Genoa or vicinity, having poultry to sell, will inform me, I will come and get it and pay the price. E. B. Mead, R. R. No. 1 Genoa, Ill.

Furs and coats on sale at Olmsted's.

New spring precales and ginghams for 12c at Olmsted's.

Miss Mildred Davis of Elgin spent Sunday with home folks.

Misses Belle May and Gertrude Hammond were Sycamore visitors Saturday.

Miss Annie Preston is visiting her uncle, Geo. Preston, at Sycamore.

Misses Mary Prain and Nellie Stevens were Sycamore visitors Sunday.

Do not forget the Weatherwax Brothers at the M. E. church this Friday night.

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Misses Otilie Krause and Louise Frazee were Elgin visitors the first of the week.

Mrs. R. E. Campbell of Chicago visited at the home of Mrs. B. Geithman last week.

Robert Geithman has recovered from the injury he recently received at the Patterson gravel pit.

Floyd Olmstead, H. S. Burroughs, Fred Floto and A. V. Pierce were in Chicago Monday attending the meeting of the Tri State Milk Producers Association of Northern Illinois, Wisconsin and Indiana.

Furs and coats on sale at Olmsted's.

Raymond Brown is visiting Genoa friends this week.

E. C. Oberg transacted business in Chicago Tuesday.

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Diamonds at Martin's.

Mrs. Bert Fenton was seriously ill last week.

D. S. Brown and J. E. Stott spent Monday in Chicago.

Mrs. Wm. Hecht and daughter, Laura, are on the sick list.

Miss Mary Prain visited in Chicago last Friday and Saturday.

Will Brown of Marengo is visiting his father, J. P. Brown, this week.

G. W. Johnson is out from Chicago visiting Genoa friends this week.

Miss Beulah Fenton is spending the week with Charter Grove friends.

Mrs. Fred Marquart of Valparaiso is visiting her brother in Canada.

Everything in jewelry, cut glass and sterling silver ware at Martin's.

Mrs. W. L. Ritter and daughter, Mary, were week end visitors in Chicago.

Call and see the new aluminum kitchen utensils at Perkins & Rosenfeld's.

Thos. Gill of Marengo was a visitor at the home of Renn Robinson this week.

G. W. Sowers of Elgin visited Genoa relatives Tuesday and Wednesday of this week.

The school attendance at the Lutheran Trinity school is fairly good considering all circumstances.

Miss Alvina Schmidt who has been seriously ill for the past three weeks is on the way to recovery.

The old tyme dance given at the opera house last Friday evening was well attended despite the cold weather.

If that watch does not keep time correctly, take it to Martin and have it properly adjusted. Satisfactory work assured.

Mrs. C. A. Patterson and son, Richard, spent Saturday and Sunday with the former's mother at Elgin.

Miss Lydia Molthan, who is employed by the Crown Printing Press Co., at Chicago, has just recovered from a seige of la-grippe.

Seward & Driver are fully equipped to drill your well, repair wells and do any work along that line on short notice. Phone No. Rural 906-11. 13-14

Wanted—Position as house-keeper on a farm. Best of references. Call phone No 904-11 or at this office. 17-18

Miss Irene Awe, who submitted to an operation for removal of her tonsils and adenoids last week at the Larson Sanitarium, Sycamore, is getting along nicely.

Dr. C. Hersen Barber will be at the office of Dr. Ovitiz Wednesday, Feb. 12, from 10:00 a. m. to 4:00 p. m., and every two weeks thereafter. If you have trouble with your eyes, See Him. 18-21\*

The driving-wheel of one of the cars owned by the Woodstock & Sycamore Traction Company was unloaded here Tuesday, it having been in the repair shops at Omaha, Nebr., for some time.

Infection of the tendon of a finger made it necessary to remove that member from the hand of Mrs. Albert Holroyd Tuesday. The operation was performed by Dr. J. W. Ovitiz at the Sycamore Hospital.

Don't leave carcasses of animals lying around or carelessly bury them, for this invites dogs and crows, and they spread disease. Call J. Kunzler at the rendering plant or at his residence and he will properly remove them. Notice, however, must be given immediately on death of the animal and hide must be left on Residence phone H. Wiedeman, No. 351. We pay telephone charges. 13-14

Don't forget, Young's Home Bakery is the place to get good things to eat. Strict attention paid to children. 32-33

**Toenniges Quartet**

The lecture recital given by Prof. C. F. Toenniges, his two daughters and son last Thursday evening at the Masonic hall was greatly enjoyed by all. Each number was excellent and called forth a hearty applause. Mr. Toenniges is a master of music and his son and daughters are successfully following in the footsteps of their talented father.

### Distinctive Resorts for Winter Outings

**NEW ORLEANS.**  
A city of unusual charm and of great interest to the visitor. Send for illustrated booklet, "New Orleans for the Tourist."

**MADRID GRAS.**  
At New Orleans, February 4, 1913. The famous annual event of the Crescent City! Brilliant, spectacular features described in illustrated folder, "Madrid Gras." Ask for copy.

**FLORIDA.**  
Via the "Central Route to Florida and Cuba." Solid fast through train, the "Seminole Limited" from Chicago to Jacksonville. Corresponding service from St. Louis. Connects at Jacksonville with trains for all Florida points and steamship connections for Havana, Cuba. Send for booklet describing the interesting points, "Florida, En Route."

**HAVANA, CUBA.**  
Choice of routes via New Orleans or Florida. Cuba folder mailed on request.

**PANAMA, CENTRAL AMERICA.**  
Illinois Central to New Orleans, and semi-weekly steamships of the United Fruit Co. to Colon, Panama, and Central American ports. The Hamburg American Line will operate two cruises of Jamaica, Panama and Havana, leaving New Orleans January 23 and February 10, 1913. The "Tourist's Panama, Costa Rica, Guatemala" illustrated booklet sent on application.

**VICKSBURG, MISS.**  
Contains Vicksburg National Military Park, commemorating the siege and defense of the city. An interesting place to visit en route to New Orleans. Send for handsomely illustrated book entitled "Vicksburg for the Tourist," and "Siege and Defense of Vicksburg." 32-33

**HOT SPRINGS, ARK.**  
Quickest time from Chicago via the "Hot Springs Limited." Daily, electric lighted through train carrying drawing room sleeping car and chair car to Hot Springs. Dining car service. Send for illustrated literature describing Hot Springs.

**TEXAS.**  
Via New Orleans or St. Louis. Through daily sleeping car from Chicago to Dallas, Waco, Austin and San Antonio with connection for Ft. Worth via St. Louis and M. K. & T. Ry. Through daily sleeping car from Chicago to Beaumont, Houston and San Antonio via New Orleans and Southern Pacific-Sunset Route.

**CALIFORNIA.**  
Through tourist sleeping car to California every Monday from Chicago via New Orleans and the Southern Pacific. The low altitude route. Send for copy of California folder.

All of the above quickly and directly reached via the thru trains and train service of the

### ILLINOIS CENTRAL

Literature Mentioned, Free for the asking

Tickets, reservations, train time, and specific fares from your station may be had of your local ticket agent.

H. J. PHELPS, G. P. A., Chicago. 15-81

### People become wealthy by spending less than they make.

Learn how to save money. It's a duty you owe yourself. A bank account with this institution will help you to prosper. It will increase your happiness.

**EXCHANGE BANK BROWN & BROWN**

### Taxes, Taxes, Taxes!

The tax books for Genoa are now open at the Farmers' State Bank every day from 9:00 to 4:00 o'clock except Thursday. On that day at New Lebanon from 7:30 to 3:00.

17-18 M. D. Bennett, Collector.

When Time Is Real.  
One self-approving hour whole years outweigh.—Pope.

### Geo. Gletty of Earlville

Geo. Gletty of Earlville, Auca. Hamp White of Somonauk } Geo. Black of Clerk.

Geo. Gletty of Earlville, Auca. Hamp White of Somonauk } Geo. Black of Clerk.

# OUR FIFTEENTH ANNUAL MILL END SALE

### YOU CAN'T AFFORD TO MISS THIS GREAT MONEY SAVING OCCASION

You ought to arrange to profit to the fullest extent during this once-a-year bargain time in Elgin's busiest and most popular store. Its a chance to save big sums on things you need — on things you want now. Don't wait — come on the opening day — Saturday Feb. 8th. — and on every other day you can — it will pay you mighty well for your time. And remember, we not only refund your carfare according to the amount of your purchase, but we also serve an excellent luncheon — FREE OF CHARGE. Here we list just a few of the remarkable values that are offered in this sale.

Sale begins Saturday, Feb. 8 and continues to Saturday, Mar. 1.

**Bleached Muslin 7c a Yard.**  
Clean, perfect mill ends of Hope brand bleached muslin, all in good lengths ranging from 10 to 20 yards, priced in the Mill End Sale at yard ..... 7c

**Lonsdale Cambric 10c**  
Hundreds of yards of genuine Lonsdale cambric in mill end lengths of 1 to 15 yards, regular 14c quality, priced in the Mill End Sale at yard ..... 10c

**Standard Prints 4 1-2c a Yard**  
5000 yards of the very best quality prints, some in mill ends all guaranteed perfect and full measure as marked, also a large quantity in full pieces, the regular 6c quality, in the Mill End Sale at yard ..... 4 1/2c

**Chambrays at 6c a Yard**  
A big lot of regular 10c and 12c quality plain chambrays in assorted colors, in mill ends, all perfect and in desirable lengths, Mill End Sale price, yard ..... 6c

**12c Gingham at 8c a Yard**  
Mill Ends of regular 12c dress gingham in assorted lengths, wide selection of patterns and colors, Mill End Sale price the yard ..... 8c

**Best Apron Gingham 5c a Yard**  
10 to 20-yard mill end lengths of best quality fast color apron gingham in assorted blue checks, every yard clean and perfect, the regular 7c quality priced in the Mill End Sale at yard ..... 5c

**Ruffled Curtains 9c Each**  
For the Mill End Sale we

offer a large lot of fancy stripe muslin curtains with full ruffle, size 2 1/2 yards long and 24 inches wide, very special at each ..... 9c

**Table Oilcloth 16c a Yard**  
During the Mill End Sale we will sell our best quality table oilcloth in white and a great variety of patterns, at yard ..... 16c

**Lingerie Waists at 59c**  
White lingerie waists in high and low neck styles with long or short sleeves, trimmed in various effects priced in the Mill End Sale at choice ..... 59c

**Women's Coats and Tailored Suits**  
In the Mill End Sale we offer choice of our entire stock of winter coats and tailored suits in the season's most fashionable models and fabrics, at prices that are but a fraction of their real value.

**Hosiery Reduced**  
Women's fleece lined hose with ribbed top, our regular 15c value, Mill End Sale price, pair ..... 12c  
Women's regular 35c fleeced hose at pair ..... 29c  
Women's 49c fine black cashmere hose at pair ..... 39c

**Women's Knit Underwear**  
Women's warm fleeced vests and drawers in cream color, all sizes, priced in this sale at ..... 10c  
Women's fine ribbed wool vests and drawers, regular 98c qualities in the Mill End Sale at ..... 79c

**Little Notions at Big Reductions**  
Regular 10c and 12c values in children's hose supporters,

at pair ..... 8c  
6 yard bolts of lingerie washable embroidery in white and colors, regular 15c value, Mill End price the bolt ..... 10c  
Fine quality clear white pearl buttons with fish eye, regular 5c value, Mill End price 2 cards for ..... 5c

**Men's Shirts 35c**  
Regular 50c value in men's extra good quality blue chambray work shirts with soft collar attached, all sizes, priced very special in the Mill End Sale at ..... 35c

**Men's Underwear**  
Broken sizes in men's extra heavy fleeced underwear at ..... 35c  
Men's heavy wool shirts and drawers at ..... 79c  
Regular 98c values in men's union suits at ..... 75c

**Children's Muslin Gowns at 24c**  
Children's muslin night gowns with V neck and tucked yoke, sizes 2 to 12 years, Mill End Sale price 24c  
Children's muslin drawers finished with hemstitched hem and tucks sizes 2 to 12 years, sale price 10c.

**New Model Corset 75c**  
Corsets made from good quality batiste, model suitable for average figures, good grade of steels and rust proof boning, high bust, long hip and back, 3 pairs of hose supporters, priced special in the Mill End Sale at 75c.  
Several models in regular \$4.00 and \$5.00 Redfern, Modart and Warner's corsets, in broken sizes priced

in this sale at \$2.50.

**Ribbons Reduced**  
Regular 24c and 29c qualities in fine all silk taffeta and moire ribbons in a full range staple colors, 5 1/2 inches wide, priced in the Mill End at yard 22c.

**Petticoats**  
Good quality black satgen petticoats priced special in the Mill End Sale at 69c.  
Gingham petticoats in plain colors and pretty stripes and checks, Mill End price 79c.

**Hand Bags at 59c**  
Ladies' black grained leather hand bags with silver frames and strap handles, fitted with coin purse, Mill End Sale price 59c.

**Stamped Goods**  
Stamped pillow cases in new designs for punch work, even-let or French embroidery, good selection of patterns, Mill End Sale price ..... 49c  
Stamped guest towels at each 15c and ..... 19c  
Stamped corset covers all made and ready for use when embroidered, sale price ..... 24c

**Linen Table Damask 39c a Yard**  
Mill Ends of all linen table damask, 61 inches wide, 1 to 3 1/2 yard lengths, about 500 yards in the lot, priced special at yard ..... 39c

**Lace Curtains 39c Each**  
Nottingham lace curtains full 3 yards long and 60 in. wide, in good selection of designs, on sale while they last at each ..... 39c

Carefare Refunded According to Amount of Purchase

## THEO. F. SWAN

"ELGIN'S MOST POPULAR STORE."

Orders Received by Mail Delivered Free by Parcels Post

Henry F. Stout, Sales Manager.

20-41

# MY LADY OF DOUBT

BY RANDALL PARRISH

Author of "Love Under Fire," "My Lady of the North," etc.

Illustrations by HENRY THIEDE

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## SYNOPSIS.

Major Lawrence, son of Judge Lawrence of Virginia, whose wife was a Lee, is sent on a perilous mission by Gen. Washington, just after the winter at Valley Forge. Discussed in a British uniform Lawrence arrives within the enemy's lines. The Major attends a great fête and saves the "Lady of the Blended Rose" from mob. He later meets the girl at a brilliant ball. Trouble is started at a wife, and Lawrence is urged by his partner, Mistress Mortimer (The Lady of the Blended Rose), to make his escape. Lawrence is detected as a spy by Captain Grant of the British Army, who agrees to a duel. The duel is stopped by Grant's friends and the spy makes a dash for liberty, swimming a river following a narrow escape. The Major arrives at the shop of a blacksmith, who is friendly and knows the Lady of the Blended Rose. Captain Grant and rangers search blacksmith shop in vain for the spy. Lawrence joins the minute men. Grant and his train are captured by the minute men. Lawrence is made prisoner by an Indian and two white men who lock him in a strong cell. Peter advises Lawrence not to attempt to escape as "some one" would send for him. Grant's appearance adds mystery to the combination of circumstances.

## CHAPTER XIV.

### Again the Lady.

I must think rapidly, and act as quickly. Yet, if what Grant had said was true, that he had already posted guards on each side the house, then escape by daylight was practically impossible. From all I could see there was no concealment close at hand, and while the fellows were without arms, yet their numbers were sufficient to make any attempt at running their lines extra hazardous. And I had much at risk, for if taken it would be as a spy, and not a mere prisoner of war. There was no place for concealment in the library, but there might be upstairs, in the attic, or on the roof. The chance was worth the trial, and there could be no better time for such an experiment than while the three officers were at breakfast. Whatever servants remained about the house would be busily employed also, and probably I should have the entire upper portion to myself. Deciding to make the venture I had my hand on the knob of the door, when it was opened quietly from without, and I was startled by the sudden appearance of Peter. Whatever excitement may have prevailed among the other members of this peculiar household this model servitor remained with dignity unmuffled. He surveyed me calmly, rubbing his bald head with one hand. "You will pardon the delay, sir," he said calmly. "But circumstances have arisen changing the original plans. Will you kindly accompany me?"

"But where, Peter? I don't wish to be seen by these new arrivals." "Have no fear, sir," condescendingly, and with an authoritative wave of the hand. "The officers are at table, and will know nothing of our movements. I followed meekly enough, and he led the way up the broad stairs to the second story, turning to the left in the upper hall, and coming to a pause before a partially opened door. A glimpse within made me deem it a music room, although I could see merely along one wall.

"You will enter, sir, while I return to the guests below." With one glance into this perfectly expressionless countenance, half suspicious of some new trick, I stepped across the threshold. The curtains were drawn, and the room seemed dark after the sun-glare of the hall. I advanced a step or two, almost convinced the apartment was unoccupied, when a voice addressed me.

"Under more favorable conditions, Major Lawrence, it would give me pleasure to welcome you to the hospitalities of Elmhurst." I swung about as on a pivot and saw her standing with one hand upon the high back of a chair, her blue eyes smiling merrily. I felt the hot rush of blood to my cheeks, the quick throb of pulse, with which I recognized her. I was so surprised that, for the instant, the words I sought to utter choked in my throat.

"You have not suspected?" she asked. "You did not know this was my home?"

between you two to make me suspect your identity."

"You supposed me to be the lieutenant?" "Why should I not? The voice was the same; at least sufficiently similar to deceive me, and he never addressed you in a way to arouse my suspicions. Is your brother named Eric?"

"Yes; I told you, did I not, that we are twins? The physical resemblance between us is very strong; no doubt our voices sound alike also, or would to a comparative stranger. Will you not be seated, Major? We shall not have long to converse, and there is much to be said before those downstairs complete their rather frugal meal—Peter has promised to delay serving as much as possible, but, as our larder is not extensive, at best it will not be long. You overheard Captain Grant's threat?"

"To search the house for your brother—yes." "He will carry it out," quietly, her eyes, no longer smiling, on my face. "There has never been friendship between those two, and of late my own relations with Captain Grant have become very unpleasant. I think he is almost glad of an opportunity to thus exercise some authority over me. He is the kind of a man who must either rule or ruin. Convinced that Eric is concealed here, he will search the house as much to spite me as for any other reason. I should only laugh at him, but for your presence."

"Then your brother is not here?" "Certainly not; Eric is in no danger—but, Major Lawrence, you are." The earnestness with which she spoke made my heart leap. Whatever the girl's political sentiments might be, she was plainly desirous of serving me, of once again exposing herself in my defense. Yet her words, the frank expression of her eyes, gave no suggestion of sentiment—she was but a friend, an ally, performing a woman's part in the war game.

"But I fail to understand—" "You mean me? Oh, well, you are not the first; and no doubt it is best so. The less you understand, the better we shall get along, Major; the only question being, will you obey my orders?"

"Had I inclination otherwise I fear I should find it impossible." "I hardly know whether that remark be complimentary or not. You might mean that no other course was left you." "Which I suspect is true, although if it proved so I should willingly trust myself to your guidance, because of my faith in you."

"That is much better," her eyes laughing, yet as swiftly sobering again. "But it is foolish of us to waste time in such silly speeches. There is too much waiting attention. Fortunately this house is not without its secrets, for when built by my grandfather this was the frontier."

"But does not Grant know?" I asked soberly. "I understood he played here as a boy, and there is not much a lad fails to learn." "He is not without knowledge, surely, but here is something he never discovered. I would never have trusted him with the secret, and yet, as short a time as I have known you, I have no hesitancy. Isn't that a frank confession, sir?"

"One I mean you shall never regret." "I am sure of that; yet I shall not betray anything even to you. Please face about with eyes to the front window. Yes, so; now do not look around until I tell you." I heard her cross the room, her skirts rustling slightly, and then the faint clacking of some delicately adjusted mechanism. As this sound ceased, her voice again spoke.

"Now, Major, the way is opened for a safe retreat. Behold what has been accomplished by the gent of the lamp."

our grandfather's old papers. I was about sixteen then, and shall never forget our first exploration. We found nothing down there then but a rough bunk, an old lantern, and the leather scabbard of a sword. But since then Eric has been compelled to hide there twice to escape capture, and we have made the room below more comfortable. You will be obliged to grope your way down the stairs, but at the bottom will discover flint and steel, and a lantern with ample supply of candles. Peter will bring you food, if you need remain there for long!"

"Peter! Then he is in the secret?" "Peter is in all secrets," she confessed. "From him nothing is hid, at least so far as may concern the Mortimer family. You have yet to learn the deep subtlety of Peter, Major Lawrence. He sees all things, retains all things, and reveals nothing."

"A discovery already made." "No, barely glimpsed; no short acquaintance such as yours has been could ever serve to reveal the character of Peter. Since babyhood he has been my monitor and guide, and still he remains to me a silent mystery."

"Yes, born to the position, his father serving before him. There is no doubt in my mind but that he knew of this secret passage before Eric and I were born. Not that he has ever confessed as much, yet I am convinced our discovery of it brought no surprise to Peter. What do you suppose his age to be?"

My mind reverted to that expressionless face without a wrinkle in it, to that totally bald head, and my answer was the merest guess.

"Oh, possibly fifty." "I told you you were far from knowing Peter," she laughed. "He is seventy-two, and, would you believe it, until this war came, was never ten miles from this spot."

"And since?" recalling the events of the night before. "He has made it his duty to attend

me; he has become my shadow. From the humdrum experience of a respectable house servant he has become the very spirit of reckless adventure—he has journeyed to New York, to Trenton, to Philadelphia, to—"

"Night riding with Hessian foragers," I broke in, "disguised in a Ranger's uniform." "Well, yes," she dimpled quietly, "even that." I waited for something more, some explanation of what all this concealed.

"You trust me with so much," I ventured, when she continued silent, "it would seem as if you might tell me even more."

"I cannot perceive whereby any further confession would serve you. Yet I have not refused to answer any question surely. It is hardly safe for us to remain here so long, and yet if there be something you wish to ask—" "You could scarcely expect me to be entirely without curiosity. I have been captured on the highway, brought here a prisoner, and held under guard all night. I supposed myself in British hands, only to discover that you have again intervened to save me. Surely there must be a key to all this mystery. If, as I suspect, it was your brother, Eric, who led the attack on me, having mistaken me for another, then what was his purpose? And what has become of Eric?"

She wrinkled her brows in perplexity, her hands nervously clasping the back of a chair.

"It is like being cross-examined by a lawyer. Perhaps if the secret was all my own I might freely confide it to you. I do not promise I would, but I might. As it is, I do not yet know you quite well enough. I believe you to be Major Lawrence, that you are all you represent yourself, but I am pledged to silence, and the lives of others depend upon my keeping faith. You cannot urge me to do what I deem wrong?"

"No; I shall always believe in you." "I thank you for that," and her hand was extended frankly; "I would reveal one of the mysteries of last night if I was not fearful it might cost me your respect."

"How could that be possible?" "Because it might appear to you that I had been unwomanly. My own conscience is clear, for my purpose exonerates me, but this you might fail to understand unless I made fuller explanation than is now possible. I have a duty which cannot be betrayed."

I gazed into her eyes, her hand still in mine, conscious that her cheeks were flushing. It was impossible for me to conceive of her performing an unwomanly action.

"I prefer to ask nothing," I said frankly, "although I should never misconstrue anything you might care to say."

"I think you suspect already, and I should far rather tell you the truth myself than have you learn it in some other way. The lieutenant of Light Dragoons who attacked you last night was not my brother."

"Was not Eric? And yet you knew him?" "Very well, indeed," her eyes falling, "because it was myself."

CHAPTER XV.  
Entombed.

I had not suspected it; however obvious it may appear now to those who read this tale, the possibility that she had been masquerading in an officer's uniform, indulging in warlike deeds, had never once occurred to me. She was so thoroughly feminine that her acknowledgment came as a distinct shock. I had, it is true, seen sufficient of life to be of charitable mind, and yet there was that within me which instantly revolted. She read all this in my face, but fronted me without the quiver of an eyelash, firmly withdrawing her hand.

"It is easy to perceive your disapproval," she said more coldly, "but I have no further explanation to make. I am sorry to have you think ill of me, but I felt that perhaps you might realize my action was justified."

Lawrence. I have confessed, and thus cleared my conscience of deceit. Some day you may also learn the cause of my action, but in the meantime you must bear your disapproval. However, we need discuss the matter no longer."

She sprang to the door, and glanced out into the hall, stepping back once more as Peter appeared. His eyes swept the room in silent observation.

"Captain Grant and the two officers with him have concluded their meal, Mistress Claire," he announced calmly, "and one of them has gone for a file of soldiers to begin the search of the house."

"Very well, Peter; go back and assist them. I will see to the safe concealment of Major Lawrence."

He bowed gracefully, and disappeared.

"You have not given me your pardon," I implored as our eyes again met.

"There is nothing to pardon to my knowledge. I respect you because of your sense of propriety, but we cannot talk longer now. You must enter the passage at once."

"You will give me your hand first?" "Gladly," and I felt its firm pressure, her face brightened by a smile. "Now let us remember rather the danger, the necessity of concealment, and not delay too long. Wait a moment, major; is it true you absolutely trust me?"

"I certainly is." "I am going to put that to the test. You have papers you desire to give at once into the hands of General Washington. You may be detained here some time, but I have with me an Indian who could take them across the Delaware tonight. It is not the first time he has made that journey. Will you confide them to me?"

Our eyes were looking directly into each other. I may have hesitated an instant, confused by the unexpected request, yet there was something in the expression of the girl's face which swept doubt swiftly aside. Without a word I took them from an inner pocket, and gave them to her. The red lips smiled, the blue eyes brightening.

## BOY OBEYED ORDERS GIVEN

Meant Well, but Information Was Not Welcomed by Hotel Manager Just at That Time.

A certain New York hotel manager is one of these nervous men who constantly warn their employes against keeping them in ignorance of any happening around the place. He hired a new bell boy recently, and gave him the usual warning:

"Remember," he warned, "if anything happens around here I'm to be the first person to know about it." Soon after that he was showing three haughty Daughters of the Confederacy one of the best rooms in the place, when the new bell boy rushed in with his hair on end.

"Something's happened!" he replied. The three Daughters of the Confederacy turned coldly, and the manager, anxious to get rid of the boy, demanded to know the trouble.

"That old cat down stairs," said the boy, "has just had kittens! What shall we do?"

The manager's suggestion was rough.

## SUFFERED FOR 25 YEARS.

Mr. R. M. Fleenor, R. F. D. 39, Otterbein, Ind., writes: "I had been suffering from Kidney Trouble for about 25 years. I finally got so bad that I had to quit work, and doctors failed to do me any good. I kept getting worse all the time, and it at last turned to inflammation of the Bladder, and I had given up all hope, when one day I received your little booklet advertising your pills, and resolved to try them. I did, and took only two boxes, and I am now sound and well. I regard my cure as remarkable. I can recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills to any one who is suffering from Kidney Trouble as I was." Write to Mr. Fleenor about this wonderful remedy.

Dodd's Kidney Pills, 50c. per box at your dealer or Dodd's Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Write for Household Hints, also music of National Anthem (English and German words) and recipes for dainty dishes. All 3 sent free. Adv.

Brightening Flower Pots. Flower pots frequently fade into a dingy color from their original bright and cheerful brick red. They may be easily brightened again by putting ordinary red ochre in water until it is about as thick as paint, then painting the flower pot, which absorbs the color and holds it.

Silence may be golden, but silver will shut a man's mouth just as effectively.

Write to LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. (CONFIDENTIAL) LYNN, MASS., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

## CONSTIPATION

Munyon's Paw-Paw Pills are unlike all other laxatives or cathartics. They coax the liver into activity by gentle methods, they do not scour; they do not grip; they do not weaken; but they do start all the secretions of the liver and stomach in a way that soon puts these organs in a healthy condition and corrects constipation.

Munyon's Paw-Paw Pills are a tonic to the stomach, liver and nerves. They invigorate instead of weaken; they enrich the blood instead of impoverishing it; they enable the stomach to get all the nourishment from food that is put into it. Price 25 cents. All Druggists.

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In Western Canada's Free Homestead Area. THE PROVINCE OF MANITOBA.

For Grain Growing and Cattle Raising. This province has no superior and in profitable agriculture shows an unbroken record of over a quarter of a century.

Perfect climate; good markets; railways convenient; soil the very best, and social conditions most desirable.

Vacant lands adjacent to Free Homesteads may be purchased at low rates. The older districts lands can be bought at reasonable prices. For further particulars write to C. G. Wright, 412 North L. St. St. Louis, Mo.

Canadian Government Agents, or Address Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada.

# After Long Suffering

Women Are Constantly Being Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"Worth mountains of gold," says one woman. Another says, "I would not give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for all the other medicines for women in the world." Still another writes, "I should like to have the merits of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound thrown on the sky with a searchlight so that all suffering women could read and be convinced that there *is* a remedy for their ills."

We could fill a newspaper ten times the size of this with such quotations taken from the letters we have received from grateful women whose health has been restored and suffering banished by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Why has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound accomplished such a universal success? Why has it lived and thrived and kept on doing its glorious work among the sick women of the world for more than 30 years? Simply and surely because of its sterling worth. The reason no other medicine has ever approached its success is plainly and simply because there is no other medicine so good for women's ills.

Here are two letters that just came to the writer's desk—only two of thousands, but both tell a comforting story to every suffering woman who will read them—and be guided by them.

FROM MRS. D. H. BROWN. Iola, Kansas—"During the Change of Life I was sick for two years. Before I took your medicine I could not bear the weight of my clothes and was bloated very badly. I doctored with three doctors but they did me no good. They said nature must have its way. My sister advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I purchased a bottle. Before it was gone the bloating left me and I was not so sore. I continued taking it until I had taken 12 bottles. Now I am stronger than I have been for years and can do all my work, even the washing. Your medicine is worth its weight in gold. I cannot praise it enough. If more women would take your medicine there would be more healthy women. You may use this letter for the good of others."—Mrs. D. H. BROWN, 809 North Walnut Street, Iola, Kan.

MRS. WILLIAMS SAYS: Elkhart, Ind.—"I suffered for 14 years from organic inflammation, female weakness, pain and irregularities. The pains in my sides were increased by walking or standing on my feet and I had such awful bearing down feelings, was depressed in spirits and became thin and pale with dull, heavy eyes. I had six doctors from whom I received only temporary relief. I decided to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a fair trial and also the Sautive Wash. I have now used the remedies for four months and cannot express my thanks for what they have done for me."—Mrs. SADIE WILLIAMS, 455 James Street, Elkhart, Indiana.

Write to LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. (CONFIDENTIAL) LYNN, MASS., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.



"You Have Not Suspected?" She Asked. "You Did Not Know This Was My Home?"

PISO'S REMEDY. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by Druggists.

OLD SORES CURED. Allen's Ointment Cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, American Ulcers, Indolent Ulcers, Mercurolic Ulcers, White Swellings, Milk Lumps, Fever Sores, Abscesses, etc.

**For Coupons Out of the Duke's Mixture Sack**

Many men are getting untold pleasure out of the Liggett & Myers Duke's Mixture sack. One 5c package holds many pipefuls of pure, mild smoking—or, if you please, it will make many cigarettes of the good old-fashioned kind that you roll yourself.

**Liggett & Myers Duke's Mixture**

Duke's Mixture, made by the Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co. at Durham, N. C., is the favorite with cigarette smokers. It's the tobacco that makes "rolling" popular with men who want the true taste of pure, mild, selected tobacco.

We're making this brand the leader of its kind. Pay what you will, you cannot get better granulated tobacco than Duke's Mixture.

You still get the same big one and a half ounce sack—enough to make many cigarettes—for 5c. And with each sack you get a book of cigarette papers and a present coupon, FREE.

**Save the Present Coupons**

With the coupons you can get many handsome, desirable presents—articles suitable for men, women, boys and girls. Something for every member of the household.

**Special offer for February and March only—**

Our new illustrated catalogue of presents will be sent free to anyone who sends us their name and address.

Coupons from Duke's Mixture may be assorted with tags from **HORSE SHOE, J. T. TINSLEY'S NATURAL LEAF, GRANGER TWIST, coupons from FOUR ROSES (10c tin double coupon), PICK PLUG CUT, FIDMONT CIGARETTES, CLIX CIGARETTES,** and other tags or coupons issued by us.

**Premium Dept. Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co. St. Louis, Mo.**

## ILLINOIS NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

Wire Reports of Happenings From All Parts of the State.

### CAN'T PAY FINE, SURRENDERS

Charles R. Homan of Quincy indicted by Federal Grand Jury on Charge of Counterfeiting Stamps, Released to Get Money.

Springfield.—When Charles R. Homan of Quincy found that he would be unable to pay a fine assessed by Judge Humphrey in the United States court, he came to Springfield and surrendered. Homan was indicted by the federal grand jury on a charge of counterfeiting stamps. He entered a plea of guilty and was fined \$200 and costs. He said he would be able to get the money and was given time to pay.

Chrisman.—Mrs. Janet Johnson Hout has filed suit against Charles Hout and wife, asking \$10,000 damages, alleging that they alienated the affections of her husband, John W. Hout, son of the defendants. The plaintiff, formerly Miss Janet Johnson, was married in May of 1911 to John Hout, under romantic circumstances. Shortly afterward, the young husband disappeared but was later arrested and brought back, charged with desertion. He then filed a petition asking that the marriage be annulled as he did not realize the meaning of the ceremony to which he was a party. The wife answers this by an assertion that the husband is completely under the influence of his parents and is forced to do as they desire. She blames them for the marital troubles.

Waukegan.—The arrest of a man who gave the name of George Young at Winthrop Harbor, after he had told several persons that his right name was Robert ("Teddy") Webb, led to a report that the alleged automobile bandit, who is charged with slaying Detective Peter Hart in Chicago, had been captured. Young is similar to Webb in appearance. He is 5 feet 7 inches tall, weighs about 140 pounds and has sandy hair. A bullet wound was discovered in his right hip. He asserted he received this while fighting with an acquaintance in North Dakota.

Springfield.—Examinations conducted by the state civil service commission November 23 and December 14 for electrician and library assistants in the state institutions resulted as follows, the secretary announced: For electrician, Benjamin C. Burdick, Jacksonville, and George F. Mulhern, Chicago; for library assistant, Myrtle A. Benz, Champaign; Catherine S. Oaks, Champaign; Bertha L. Sharp, Cedar Falls, Ia.; Clara A. Ricketts, Champaign; Mrs. Eva M. Fowler, Springfield.

Springfield.—Thomas H. Kilbride of Springfield has been certified to the state board of pardons by the state civil service commission for appointment to the position of clerk and secretary of the board to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Joseph Haas of Chicago. He stood highest in the examination for the place. At present he is secretary of the Springfield civil service commission.

Quincy.—Marjorie Mulliner, sixteen years old, daughter of a Quincy manufacturer, died of typhoid fever. Three other members of the family are afflicted with the same disease. Physicians declare that more than half a hundred cases of typhoid fever are in the city. The city water is blamed.

Springfield.—The main building, or brew house, of the Reisch Brewing company works in this city, burned with a loss of \$150,000, fully covered by insurance. The fire originated in the machine room on the second floor of the building in which the barley is stored. The cause is unknown.

Kewanee.—Six hours after his arrival from Minnesota for a visit at the old home, James Grisse fell dead of paralysis. He was fifty-seven years old.

Springfield.—Governor Deneen appointed Dr. Samuel C. Stanton of Chicago, vice Dr. Charles Adams, surgeon general of the Illinois National Guard, to rank as colonel, and Henry Barrett Chamberlin, managing editor of the Chicago Record-Herald, member of the governor's staff, with rank of colonel. Mr. Chamberlin is appointed to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Col. Chauncey Dewey of Chicago.

Springfield.—At a meeting of residents of the state interested in the farm boys' school, held each year in connection with the state fair, a resolution was adopted asking the legislature to appropriate money to erect a permanent building for the boys.

Carlinville.—Pearl Barnett of Barnett station was arrested in Chicago on orders from the state fire marshal's office and brought to this city on a charge of burning the grain elevator at Atwater last November. He gave bond for \$200.

## NEWS BREVITIES OF ILLINOIS

Springfield.—The seventeenth biennial meeting of the Illinois Mutual Fire and Windstorm Insurance association was held here. The committee on resolutions suggested minor changes in the state laws that will be drafted into bills and presented to the general assembly for consideration.

Pana.—Capt. J. W. Kitchen boosted the good roads movement here when he offered the coal rights under 1,500 acres of land, valued at about \$75,000, for hard roads in Pana township. Captain Kitchell and wife have made other gifts to the public of Pana. A trustee will be appointed to handle the funds.

Springfield.—Heads of the state departments presented Governor Deneen with a \$300 watch. In making the presentation, Secretary of State C. J. Doyle said: "We have not had to keep a watch on you while in office, but will keep a watch on you now that you are out."

Springfield.—David Ross, secretary of the Illinois state bureau of labor statistics, told delegates attending the annual convention of master plumbers that the workingmen's compensation, passed by the last general assembly, is a blessing to all employees of the state.

Springfield.—Twenty-eight prisoners in the state penitentiary will have reason to remember Governor Deneen because of commutation of sentences which the governor granted. The pardon board has been considering the list of cases for several weeks.

Herrin.—Fire of unknown origin destroyed the general merchandise store of John Marlow & Bros. at Herrin. The stock loss was \$14,000, with about \$8,000 insurance.

Quincy.—Mrs. George Freeman, fifty-five years old, was whirled to death in Plainville, when her dress caught in the shafting of a sawmill. Her head struck a beam and death was instantaneous.

Danville.—William E. Adams, pastor of the First Church of Christ, the largest of four churches of that denomination, has received a call from Seattle, Wash. He will probably accept.

Rockford.—Exertion of pumping up an automobile tire caused the death of Charles Whitting, president of a bank at Roscoe.

Bloomington.—Apropos of the recent escape of a herd of deer from the Bartonville State hospital it has developed that there are a number of wild deer in the Sangamon river bottoms in the vicinity of Chandlerville, which are thought to be the same which escaped from a park near Bloomington four years ago. The timber, which has previously sheltered the animals, is being cut away this winter and they are now roaming the fields.

Rock Island.—Harry Crinigan, twenty-two years old, of La Salle, shot and killed himself in a room in the Rock Island house, where he was formerly employed as a clerk.

Rockford.—Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Hogan celebrated their sixtieth wedding anniversary with a family reunion.

Bloomington.—William Scott, a wealthy retired farmer of central Illinois, was found dead in bed at his home in LeRoy, aged sixty-six.

Champaign.—Eighty citizens at a banquet united in an appeal to Attorney Oliver B. Dobbins to run for mayor and "clean up" the city of bootlegging and kindred conditions.

Quincy.—Ray Pfanschmidt was indicted for the murder of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Pfanschmidt, their daughter, Blanche, and Miss Emma Kaempfen, a teacher.

Mount Sterling.—Simon L. McMuddy, sixty-one years old, died at his home in this city of gastritis. He was for ten years steward of the southern Illinois penitentiary at Menard, returning to this city about two years ago.

Champaign.—Oliver B. Dobbins, an attorney, was asked to run for mayor and "clean up" Champaign. The request was made at a banquet of citizens.

Winchester.—Rev. Joseph Wald, a Baptist preacher at Glasgow, near here, committed suicide by blowing the top of his head off with a shotgun.

Champaign.—Illinois farmers' desire for scientific advice is growing, as is shown by the registration figures for the annual "short course" at the University of Illinois. It was attended by 823 men and 341 women, a total of 1,164, which was an increase of 307 over 1912. The number of acres of land represented by those in attendance was 249,426. Resolutions indorsing Dr. Cyril G. Hopkins of the college of agriculture, passed by the corn growers and stock men, were forwarded to President-elect Wilson.

### CUT THIS OUT

Recipe that Breaks a Cold in a Day and Cures Any Curable Cough.

"From your druggist get half ounce of Globe Pine Compound (Concentrated Pine) and two ounces of Glycerine. Take these two ingredients home and put them into a half pint of good whiskey; shake well and use in doses of one to two teaspoonfuls after each meal and at bedtime. Smaller doses to children according to age. But be sure to get only the genuine Globe Pine Compound (Concentrated Pine). Each half ounce bottle comes in a sealed tin screw-top case. If your druggist does not have it he will quickly get it. Many mixtures are of large quantity and cheaper, but it is risky to experiment. This formula comes from a reliable doctor and is certain. This was first published here six years ago and local druggists say it has been in constant demand ever since. Published by the Globe Pharmaceutical Laboratories of Chicago.

### Irreclaimable Skeptic.

How big an income should a young man have before he is justified in getting married? This question is asked in various departments of the Sunday papers at various seasons of the year, and it is variously answered. Conditions change and domestic happiness changes with the conditions.

The best answer we remember to have heard was given by a cynical bachelor and skeptic last week. This person was in the newspaper office when the woman editor opened her mail and read forth this question:

"Could a young couple be happy on \$900 a year?"

### Think Before You Speak.

If you think twice before thou speakest once thou wilt speak twice the better for it. Better say nothing than not to the purpose. And, to speak pertinently, consider both what is fit and when it is fit to speak. In all debates let truth be thy aim, not victory, or an unjust interest; and endeavor to gain rather than to expose thy antagonist.—William Penn.

### Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*. In Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

### His Caller.

"He has a heart of gold, a grip of iron and a will of steel."  
"Humph! He must be a man of mettle."

If you cannot afford 10c cigars, smoke LEWIS' Single Binder straight 5c—made of extra quality tobacco. Adv.

### Query.

Is a bride self-possessed after her father gives her away?

Doctors disagree—except as to the size of the bill.

## Rogers Silver Given Away

with Galvanic Soap Wrappers

These teaspoons are the kind that you'll be proud to own. They are the genuine 1881 Rogers ware, heavily triple plated silver on a white metal base. The pattern is the famous LaVigne, or Grape, with the beautiful French gray finish. With ordinary wear these spoons will last a lifetime. Start saving your wrappers today, or better still buy a box of Galvanic and you'll have 100 wrappers. Just enough for a set of spoons.

Actual spoon regular six inch length.

**Here Is the Offer**

For each teaspoon desired send us one two-cent stamp and twenty Galvanic Soap wrappers (front panel only) or coupons from Johnson's Washing Powder.

**Special Offer for Six Teaspoons**

Send 100 Galvanic Soap wrappers and 5 two-cent stamps to pay postage; we will send you a set of six Teaspoons ABSOLUTELY FREE.

**GALVANIC SOAP IS KNOWN AS "The Famous Easy Washer"**

It's a white Soap and the coconut oil it makes it the easiest lathering soap on the market. Test it out your next wash day and don't forget to save the wrappers. Mail them to the Premium Department of

**B. J. JOHNSON SOAP COMPANY MILWAUKEE WISCONSIN**

## 5 PER CENT SOLUTION

OF THIS COMPOUND WILL

## Kill Germs

of Distemper, Pink Eye, Epizootic, Catarrhal Fever and Influenza, under the microscope.

Given on the Horse's Tongue, it enters with the fluids of the alimentary canal, thrown into the blood passes through the glands and expels the germs of disease. Absolutely safe and sure for Brood Mares, Bony Colic, Distemper, Croup, Coughs, Cures and Prevention. Free. Druggists and Harness Shops sell Spohn's Cure. 10 cents, \$5.00 a dozen, \$10.00 a half dozen.

## SPORN MEDICAL CO., Bacteriologists, GOSHEN, IND.

### What a Funny Teacher.

An east side lad of six summers has a child's faculty for seeing things, often in the way they are not. He came home from school the other day and found his father reading the daily paper.

"Pop," he said, "my teacher don't know nothin'!"

"Why, son, what's the matter now?" asked the father.

"Well," replied the youngster, "she held a big red apple up in front of us this morning and said: 'Children, what is this I have in my hand?'"—Indianapolis News.

### Significant.

"Albert, what did your sister say when you told her I was in the parlor waiting?" inquired the hopeful young man.

"Nothin'. But she took a ring off one finger an' put it on another."—Lippincott's.

### The Man Who Put the EEs in Feet

Look for This Trade-Mark Picture on the Label when buying ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

The Antiseptic Powder for Tender, Aching Feet. Sold every where. 25c. Sample FREE. Address, ALLEN S. OLMBRED, Le Roy, N. Y.

### FREE TO WOMEN—PISO'S TABLETS

are recommended as the best local remedy for women's ailments. Easy to use, prompt to relieve. Two weeks' treatment, and an article "Causes of Diseases in Women" mailed free.

THE PISO COMPANY, BOX E, WARREN, PA.

### SAVE YOUR SEED CORN

from mice and mould. Buy direct at wholesale prices. 600-ear Corn Driver \$6.50, 60-ear Cabinet Tester, \$11.25, 200-ear Box Tester, \$2.00, Concrete Mixer, \$16.75. Money back if not satisfied.

### MONARCH CO., Box 500, Cedar Falls, Iowa

### DEFIANCE Cold Water Starch

makes laundry work a pleasure. 16 oz. pkg. 10c.

### Watered Stock.

Two old cronies had been sitting in a cafe on Cortland street one Saturday afternoon for several hours and were pretty much the worse for their lengthy tete-a-tete.

"What is your nationality, anyway, Jim?" asked one.

"Well, I'll tell you, Bob. My father came from Glasgow, so you see I'm half Scotch."

"And the other half seltzer, I guess," put in his companion.—Saturday Evening Post.

### High Cost of Living.

Madam—Were you downtown today, Mary?

Maid—Yes, mum; an' things cost so, mum. I spent \$7, mum, an' only got a hat, a pair of shoes, an' some long gloves.—Judge.

Constipation causes and aggravates many serious diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. The favorite family laxative. Adv.

The proof of the pudding may be in the amount left over.

**BUY FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR COMPOUND**

STOPS COUGHS - CURES COLDS

Contains No Opium - Is Safe For Children

### USE ABSORBINE, JR., LINIMENT

Swollen Varicose Veins, Painful, Knotted, Tortuous, Ulcerated, Ruptured, Bad Legs, Milk Leg, Thrombosis, Elephantiasis.

It takes out the inflammation, soreness and discoloration; relieves the pain and tiredness; reduces the swelling, gradually restoring part to normal strength and appearance.

ABSORBINE, JR., is a mild, safe, pleasant antiseptic liniment, healing and soothing. Severe cases where veins have ulcerated and broken have been completely and permanently cured. First few applications of ABSORBINE, JR., will give relief and prove its merit.

\$1.00 and \$2.00 per bottle at druggists or delivered. Detailed directions, reports on recent cases and Book 6 G free on request. W.F. Young, P.E.F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

### MEAN OF HIM.



Newwed—Say, old man, don't you know what you miss by not being married.

Bachelor—I guess not. Do you count your money every night and morning.

### FACE A SIGHT WITH TETTER

Moberly, Mo.—"My trouble began with a small pimple on the left side of my face and it spread all over my face and to my neck. It would be scarlet red when I got warm. My face was a sight. It looked very unpleasant, and it felt uncomfortable. My face was something awful; it just kept me in agony all the time. Some said it was tetter, and some said it was that awful eczema, but I rather think it was tetter. I had been troubled with it for about two years and tried many remedies, but got no relief until I used Cuticura Soap and Ointment.

"When I would wash my face with the Cuticura Soap and apply the Cuticura Ointment it would cool my skin and draw great big drops of matter out of the skin. You would think I was sweating; it would run down my face just as though I had washed it. It itched and smarted and I suffered in the day time most. I used the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment for a month and I was cured of it." (Signed) Mrs. J. Brooksher, April 15, 1912.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston," Adv.

If we were all as good as we advise others to be, heaven would be right here on earth.

## YOU TAKE NO RISK

INFLUENZA, Flu, Shipping Fever, Coughs, Colds, etc. I have no terror to the horseman who knows the surprising merit of the old reliable, guaranteed **Craft's Distemper Remedy**

It does the business as nothing else will. You take no risk in testing. Sold on a MONEY BACK guarantee. Try it first. It costs 50c. If you do not like it, send me the money. Three valuable Veterinary Books FREE. Write for them. WELLS MEDICINE CO., Box 2, LA FAYETTE, IND.

## Addressed to Women That Backache of Yours

Is one of nature's warnings when all the joy of living has vanished because of trouble peculiar to womankind. Don't disregard this warning. Don't procrastinate. Now is the time to take steps to regain health and strength.

## Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

### NO ALCOHOL NO NARCOTICS

Has been recommended for over forty years as a remedy for ailments peculiar to women. Thousands of grateful women have testified to its effectiveness. You, too, will find it beneficial. As made up by improved and exact processes, the "Favorite Prescription" is a most efficient remedy for regulating all the womanly functions, correcting displacements, as prolapsus, anteversion and retroversion, overcoming painful periods, toning up the nerves and bringing about a perfect state of health.

This tonic, in liquid form, was devised over 40 years ago for the womanly system, by R.V. Pierce, M.D., and has benefited many thousand women. Now it can also be obtained in tablet form—from dealers in medicine, or send 50 one-cent stamps for a trial box.

Every woman ought to possess Dr. Pierce's great book, the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, a magnificent thousand-page illustrated volume. It teaches mothers how to care for their children and themselves. It is the best doctor to have in the house in case of emergency. Over half a million copies were sold at \$1.50 each, but one free copy in cloth covers will be sent on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay the cost of wrapping and mailing only. Address

Address  
Dr. Pierce's Invalids Hotel  
Buffalo, New York

### A Case in Kind

"I wrote to you about six months ago for your kind advice in regard to my case," writes Mrs. Lizzie White. "At times I was hardly able to be on my feet. I believe I had every pain and ache a woman could have. Had a very bad case of uterine disease. Ovaries were very much diseased and my back was very weak. I suffered a great deal with nervous headaches, in fact I suffered all over. I followed your directions as closely as I could, and was well pleased with the results. I have taken your 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery' for about three months and can now say that my health was never better. I can highly recommend Doctor Pierce's remedies to any woman suffering from female disease, and I do recommend them to every one I see. Have induced several to try your wonderful medicines." Address furnished on request.



## PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG COMPANY, Quincy, Ill.

CHEW SMOKE

# MAIL POUCH

IT'S WORTH YOUR WHILE - TO GIVE IT A TRIAL



**WM. H. BELL**  
Kingston, Ill.  
**AUCTIONEER!**  
Farm Sales  
a Specialty  
Write for Terms and Date, or drop me  
a card and I will call on you.

**C. A. Patterson**  
DENTIST  
Hours: 8:30 to 12:30 a. m.  
1:00 to 5:00 p. m.  
Office in Exchange Bank Building

**A. M. Hill, M. D.**  
Office over Martin's jewelry store.  
Hours: 12:30 to 2 p. m.  
6:30 to 8 p. m.  
Residence on East Main St. Calls  
promptly attended to day or night  
Eyes examined without charge  
Glasses furnished if desired

**Dr. E. A. Robinson**  
Physician and Surgeon.  
Hours: 10:00 to 12:00 a. m.  
1:00 to 3:00 p. m.  
Office and residence cor. Monroe & 1st  
Sts. Calls promptly attended.

**Dr. J. W. Ovtz**  
Physician and Surgeon  
Office over Cohoon's Store.  
Hours: 10:00 to 12:00 a. m.  
2:00 to 4:30 p. m.  
Phone No. 11 7:00 to 8:30 p. m.

**J. D. Corson D. V. M.**  
Veterinarian  
Office and Hospital  
Stott and Main Sts.  
Phone 181

**EVALINE LODGE**  
No. 34  
Meet 4th Tuesday  
of each month in  
I. O. O. F. Hall  
J. W. SoWers Prefect  
Fannie M. Heed, Secy

**Genoa Camp No. 163**  
**M. W. A.**  
Meets second and fourth Thursdays of  
each month.  
Visiting neighbors welcome  
B. C. Awe, V. C. A. R. Slater, Clerk

**SAW DENTIST**  
**A. D. HADSALL**  
X cut saws 10c per lineal foot.  
Hand and Buck saws, price  
according to condition of saw.

**GENOA LODGE NO. 288**  
**A. F. & A. M.**  
Meets second and fourth Wednesdays  
of each month.  
O. M. BARCUS, W. M.  
T. M. Frazier Secy.

**GENOA LODGE**  
No. 768  
**I. O. O. F.**  
Meets every Monday evening  
in Odd Fellow Hall.  
S. H. MATTHESON, J. W. Sowers, Sec.  
N. G.

**KINGSTON NEWS**

January Term, A. D. 1913.  
**FRED P. SMITH, CORRESPONDENT**

**Death of an Old Soldier**

The following is a copy from The Mound Valley Journal of Mound Valley, Kansas:

Charles Herbert Stuart, an old soldier and one of the early settlers of Canada township was born February 9, 1837, in Genesee county, New York, and died the morning of January 8, 1913, at his home in Lobette county, near Angola, aged 75 years, 10 months and 29 days. In his early childhood he moved with his parents to Ohio where he remained until the year 1855 when he went to Kingston, Illinois. August 10, 1861, he united for 3 years at Camp Douglas, Chicago, in Co. K. 42nd Regiment Illinois Voluntary Infantry and was assigned to the 3rd Brigade, 2nd Div. 4th A. C. He participated in many battles and skirmishes and received an honorable discharge at Atlanta, Ga., September 16-1864. (During the war Mr. Stuart was in the same company as W. R. Ayner, Chas. Nichols and Ed Gorham who are now living in the vicinity of Kingston, Ill.) December 17, 1867, he was united in marriage at Belvidere, Ill., to Jane Maria McClelland of South Grove, Ill. To this union were born two sons and one daughter. The sons preceded their father to the other shore. May 4, 1870, with his family Mr. Stuart started overland to Kansas and arrived at their present home June 28, 1870, where the family has continuously resided until the husband and father was called home. He has endured all the hardships of a new country. No better neighbor lived in Canada township than Uncle Charlie Stuart. He was always ready to help anyone in trouble and was a kind husband and a loving father. He had many friends as was manifested by the large attendance at his funeral. The deceased leaves to mourn his loss the companion of his youth and his daughter, Olive Edwina Stuart. The funeral services were held Thursday afternoon, Jan. 9, at 2 o'clock at the family home, conducted by Rev. J. L. Masters, and the remains were laid to rest in the Richland cemetery.

Mrs. C. Briggs went to Elgin Tuesday to visit relatives. Ralph Ort was home from Rockford Sunday. Mrs. O. W. Vickell visited relatives in DeKalb Tuesday. Chas. Burton and son, Sidney, were Rockford callers Monday. J. H. Uplinger and L. W. Duval attended the auto show in Chicago Tuesday. Will Briggs of Elgin spent Sunday with his parents, Rev. and Mrs. C. A. Briggs. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bastion and son, Raymond, visited friends near Fairdale Sunday. Roy Outman of Marseilles, Ill., is visiting at the home of his sister, Mrs. R. S. Tazewell. Mrs. I. A. McCollom visited at the home of her son, Dr. Wyllys, at Fairdale Tuesday. Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Moore of Herbert were guests of Mr. and Mrs. D. G. Ottman Sunday. Harry McClelland of Sycamore has been spending a few days at the home of Ed Dibble.

Mrs. August Lilly of Durand spent the week end at the home of her sister, Mrs. O. W. Vickell. Mrs. Nels Oberg of Charter Grove has been visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. L. W. Duval. Mr and Mrs. Arthur Arnold of Wheeling, Virginia, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Smith Tuesday. Leon Uplinger returned home from Iowa Sunday where he has been visiting relatives for about two weeks. Mrs. Laura Moore and son, Wilbur, of Wheaton, Minn., visited at the home of Alva Jordan the first of the week. Word was received here from Capron that Dr. and Mrs. J. F. Burton are the proud parents of a baby boy born January 31.

Orvis Hix and daughter, Dorothy, of DeKalb were guests of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Hix, last Sunday. Mrs. John McQueen, Mrs. Kyles, Edna Larson and Ida Swanson of Kirkland were callers at the John Swanson home Sunday. E. E. Bradford went to Chicago Wednesday to attend the C. A. Coey Automobile School. He intends to take up the full course. Mr. and Mrs. Henry Landis went to Freeport Tuesday to attend the School of Instruction that the Casket Company of that city are now giving.

**Notice**  
I will be at Brown & Brown Bank, Genoa, on Friday, Jan. 24, to receive taxes for the town of Kingston. Grant Dibble, Collector.

**For Road Commissioner**  
I do hereby announce myself candidate for the office of Road Commissioner for the town of Kingston and will appreciate the support of the voters.  
1913 J. P. Ortt.

**ANOTHER COMET COMING**  
Sky Sharps See One in the Dim Distance—First Appeared 61 Years Ago  
Another comet is approaching the earth, according to a statement by Prof. E. P. Leavenworth, of the astronomy department at the Minnesota University. Whether it will come closer to the earth than Halley's comet is not yet known, but there is a fair chance of the earth passing thru the comet's tail. The heavenly hobo is expected to rub elbows with mother earth next month. The sky wanderer appeared 61 years ago. Star gazers call it 1852-IV, with Westpal for a pet name. It's coming was then believed to bring disaster, ruin and war. Astronomers expect to view the comet within a few weeks.

**Administrator's Notice**  
Estate of Henry N. Perkins, deceased. The undersigned, having been appointed Administrator of the Estate of Henry N. Perkins, deceased hereby gives notice that he will appear before the County Court of DeKalb County, at the Court House in Sycamore at the April Term, on the first Monday in April next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.  
Dated this 29th day of Jan. A. D. 1913.  
183t Horatio A. Perkins, Administrator

**Publication Notice**

STATE OF ILLINOIS )  
COUNTY OF DEKALB )  
In the County Court thereof,  
In Probate  
January Term, A. D. 1913.  
Dillon S. Brown, administrator of  
the Estate of Katharine A.  
Thompson, deceased

vs.  
Isaac Thompson, Edmund R. Thompson, Daniel C. Thompson, Agnes E. Hawley, Harvey Thompson, Daisy Turner, Agnes Rice, Martha Daws, Hale Thompson, Kate D. De Barnide, O. H. Thompson, Emma Schrimsher, Mary Brown, Carrie Richardson, David Wilkie, Douglas Wilkie, Adelbert Wilkie, Frank Wilkie, Owen Thompson, Ransom Thompson, Allen Thompson, Fred Thompson, Ada Humes, Ann Kelsey, Lovina Rany, Emily Iohan, Jesse H. Thompson, Clayton L. Joslyn, Inze Barry, William Baker, Adelbert Baker, Emmet Baker, Douglas Baker, Jesse Baker, James A. Baker, Floyd C. Plummer, Arthur M. Plummer, Nellie E. Shaw, Margaret Prease and Jennie Davis

Petition to sell real estate to pay debts.

Affidavit of the non residence of Isaac Thompson, Edmund R. Thompson, Daniel C. Thompson, Agnes E. Hawley, Harvey Thompson, Daisy Turner, Agnes Rice, Martha Daws, Hale Thompson, Kate D. De Barnide, O. H. Thompson, Emma Schrimsher, Mary Brown, Carrie Richardson, David Wilkie, Douglas Wilkie, Adelbert Wilkie, Frank Wilkie, Owen Thompson, Ransom Thompson, Allen Thompson, Fred Thompson, Ada Humes, Emily Iohan, Jesse H. Thompson, Clayton L. Joslyn, Inze Barry, Arthur M. Plummer, William Baker, Adelbert Baker, Douglas Baker, Jesse Baker, James A. Baker, Floyd C. Plummer, Nellie E. Shaw, Margaret Prease, and Jennie Davis, that the said Plaintiff, Dillon S. Brown, Administrator, of the Estate of Katharine A. Thompson, deceased, has filed his petition in the said County Court, of DeKalb County, for an order to sell premises belonging to the estate of the deceased, or so much of it as may be needed to pay the debts of the said deceased, and described as follows to wit:  
The Southwest Quarter (S. W. 1/4) of the Northeast Quarter (N. E. 1/4) and the North Half (N. 1/2) of the Southeast Quarter (S. E. 1/4) all in Section Thirty-Four (34) in Township Forty-Two (42) North Range Five (5) East of the Third (3) Principal Meridian, situated in the County of DeKalb and State of Illinois, and that a summons has been issued out of the Court against you, to be returnable at the March Term, A. D. 1913, of said Court, to be holden on the first Monday of March A. D. 1913, at the Court House in Sycamore, DeKalb County, Illinois.

Now unless you the said, Isaac Thompson, Edmund R. Thompson, Daniel C. Thompson, Agnes E. Hawley, Harvey Thompson, Daisy Turner, Agnes Rice, Martha Daws, Hale Thompson, Kate D. De Barnide, O. H. Thompson, Emma Schrimsher, Mary Brown, Carrie Richardson, David Wilkie, Douglas Wilkie, Adelbert Wilkie, Frank Wilkie, Owen Thompson, Ransom Thompson, Allen Thompson, Fred Thompson, Ada Humes, Emily Iohan, Jesse H. Thompson, Clayton L. Joslyn, Inze Barry, Arthur M. Plummer, William Baker, Adelbert Baker, Douglas Baker, Jesse Baker, James A. Baker, Floyd C. Plummer, Nellie E. Shaw, Margaret Prease, and Jennie Davis, shall personally be and appear before said County Court of DeKalb, on the first day of the term thereof, to be holden at Sycamore, in said County, on the first Monday of March 1913, and plead, answer or demur to said Complainant's petition filed there, the same and the matters and things therein charged and stated will be taken as confessed, and a decree entered against you according to the prayer of said bill.  
Sycamore, Illinois, January 14, 1913.  
S. M. HENDERSON, Clerk.

**STOTT & BROWN**  
Complainant's Solicitors 17-41  
Misses Bell and Alma Sumner of Rockford called on Genoa friends last week.

**POLICE SEEK NEW STATUTE**

Stop Crime Wave—Will Make it an Offense to Tote Gun in Illinois

A bill to prohibit all persons from carrying concealed weapons will be presented at the present session of the legislature and will have the endorsement of almost every police officer in the state.

One of the provisions of the bill is that all persons having occasion to carry concealed weapons, and there are a number aside from officers of the law, is that they register their names and addresses, the make, number and calibre of the revolver at police headquarters in their home

city. This in a manner would be an open record. Persons desiring to keep revolvers or other firearms in their homes can scarcely be restricted from so doing, but carrying them on the street is another matter, and is amendable to law.

The bill would also provide that all officers of the law register as well as citizens. There is an object in this and it is one that would work to the advantage of the officers themselves, particularly when they are away from home and do not happen to have the proper credentials with them to show who they are. By means of the telephone or telegraph they could get in commun-

ication with their home police headquarters and their identity be established at once.

The police believe that by making the carrying of concealed weapons a penitentiary offense the crime waves that prevail in various cities at stated intervals will be reduced to a ripple.

**Administrator's Notice**

Estate of Sarah Chapman, Deceased. The undersigned, having been appointed Administrator, with will annexed, of the Estate of Sarah Chapman deceased hereby gives notice that he will appear before the County Court of DeKalb County, at the Court House in Sycamore at the April Term, on the first Monday in April next, at which time all persons having claims against said Estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.  
Dated this 21st day of Jan. A. D. 1913.  
183t Charles K. Burton, Administrator, with will annexed.

We are now in position to receive orders for all kinds of

# Hard Coal

**JACKMAN & SON**  
Phone 57. Been Selling Good Coal Since 1875

**F. HALL COMPANY**  
DUNDEE ILLINOIS

**Cloak Clearing Sale**  
On sale this week:  
Ladies' fine Black Covert, Melton and Broadcloth Cloaks. An exceptional opportunity to secure a stylish Black Cloak at a greatly reduced price. Note these reductions:  
\$22.87 Cloaks... \$13.50  
14.49 Cloaks... 8.50  
9.00 Cloaks... 6.00  
10.49 Cloaks... 5.00  
12.49 Cloaks... 7.50  
Men's and Heavy Wool plain and plaid black Cloaks  
\$13.69 Cloaks... \$ 9.00  
11.87 Cloaks... 7.75  
16.48 Cloaks... 10.75  
Infants' Cloaks: over one hundred garments reduced to 1/2 price.  
**Fur Specials**  
2 big lots of Fur Collars, Boas, etc., at close out prices.  
Lot 1.....\$2.25  
Lot 2.....\$3.75  
**Annual House-Dress Sale**  
Fine Gingham, stylish,  
Seconds of Men's 25c Black Wool Hose first class and well made. February prices on these \$1.00 .....\$1.25  
**Savings in Yard Goods**  
36 in. fine mesh Curtain Scrim, yd... 10c  
36 in. dark colored and red Precalcs and Pectretines..... 7 1/2c  
Extra quality Dress Gingham..... 8 7c  
40 in. Unbleached Sheeting..... 8c  
31 in. Fancy Shirt Waistings, mill lengths..... 10c  
Lace Bandings; for trimming, manufacturers' lot, 4 to 6 in. wide, at about 1/2 price..... 10c  
**Bargain Specials**  
Crib Blankets, full size, each..... 10c  
Men's Horse-hide unlined Gloves.... 25c  
pair..... 5c  
Mill Remnants of tocs  
Ulsters, etc... \$4.95  
.....\$6.00 \$7.95  
**Colonial Drapery Sale**  
Over 8,000 yds. of this cloth, in over one hundred styles and patterns. All the finest 36 in materials; usually retailed at 25c per yd. Our prices per yd.: ..... 5c ..... 6 1/2c, 10c  
Buy your spring Curtain Goods now.  
**Confirmation Wear**  
Easter comes this year very early. We are prepared and now show the new dress materials and ready-to-wear Dresses. Also complete outfits for boys. See these now if only to determine what you will want later.  
**Remember Refunded Car Fare Offers. Show Round Trip Ticket If You Come By Train.**

**CASH DEPARTMENT STORE**

Leather Hand Bags, were \$3.00, now \$2.00  
" " " " 4.00, now \$3.00  
" " " " 5.00, now \$4.00  
" " " " 6.00, now \$5.00  
" " " " 10.00, now \$9.00  
Gold Thread hand crochet, 15.00, now 10.00

**J. H. HOLMQUIST**  
Jeweler and Optician  
SYCAMORE, ILL.

**Chase & Bauer**  
Pianos