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GENOA, ILLINOIS, FRIDAY, MAY 7, 1915

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WITHOUT WARNING

Asher T. Hewitt is Called by Death Early Monday Morning

AT CHURCH EVENING BEFORE

Heart Ceases to Beat Few Seconds After He Arrives from Bed—Funeral Services Held Wednesday—Good Man Always

Asher T. Hewitt dropped dead at his home in this city at five o'clock Monday morning, May 3, death coming without warning, thru sickness or pain, of any nature. Mr. Hewitt had made only a few steps from his bed to the closet to get his clothes when he suddenly exclaimed "Oh!" and fell back onto the bed lifeless. The shock to Mrs. Hewitt was pitiful. The deceased had attended church services the night before and had enjoyed a good night's rest.

Funeral services were held Wednesday afternoon, interment taking place in Genoa cemetery. Rev. R. E. Pierce officiated. Mr. Hewitt was a member of the Genoa Woodman camp, several of that order being in attendance at the funeral.

Asher Hewitt was born in Landshershire, England, June 26, 1850. He came with his parents to America when about a year old. His mother died soon after arriving in America. His father was the Rev. James Hewitt who preached one of the first sermons in the present Methodist church in his 80th year and died three years afterward.

The deceased married Alice Donohue who survives him. Five children were born to them: two sons, Albert who died when five years old, and Alvin, who died in his 18th year; and three daughters, all living, Mrs. Margaret Frazier of Genoa, Ill., Mrs. Zula Mansfield of Elgin, Ill. and Miss Mildred Hewitt of Genoa, Ill.

Besides his bereaved wife and three daughters, the deceased leaves one brother, James Hewitt, and a half sister, Mrs. Etta Bowton, of Kalamazoo, Mich., and many friends to mourn his death. He united with the Methodist Episcopal church of Genoa years ago and lived a quiet but useful Christian life, respected by all who knew him.

James Moore Writes

J. H. Moore, formerly of Genoa and one of the best known men of the early pioneer days, sends the editor a box of delicious raisins and figs and writes as follows:

"Entertaining much thought of friends; I write you a few lines to say that we are enjoying California sunshine, hoping that you and Mrs. Schoonmaker are enjoying this life and that Mrs. Schoonmaker is much improved by this time. The weather here is ideal, with the prospect of a bumper crop of fruit this year. Every fruit tree and vine is or has been in full bloom. My early potatoes, planted the first week in February, are now on the table. My garden corn, planted on the 23rd of February is in full tassel. I will just say to Mr. Evans of Genoa if he beats me sending the editor a feed of sweet corn he will have to get up in his stocking feet, hoe it by starlight and coax it to grow a little. Tomorrow (the 30 of April) is raisin day. It will be observed all over the United States Fresno being the center of the raisin industry, people are sending out lots of raisins to their eastern friends. I also thought that you and Mrs. Schoonmaker would appreciate a box of fruit.

Wish you much joy and happiness all thru life and prosperity in everything you undertake."

GEORGE D. WYLLYS

"He is Gone, Kindly Soul; Let the Bells toll, While he Rests"

Last Thursday morning, about 5:30 o'clock, in the presence of those he loved best, under the roof which had sheltered him during many happy years of wedded life, the spirit of George D. Wyllys loosed itself from the tie that bound it to earth.

Mr. Wyllys has for some time suffered from a weakness of the heart and disease of the stomach; he was conscious to the last, and as softly as the leaf drops from the bough in autumn he sank to rest.

His death removes from our midst a man who during his long residence in DeKalb Co. was regarded as the soul of honor.

In his home he was a kind and loving husband as well as an indulgent father. He was a man of fine principles and was true and loyal to those who placed their confidence in him; there were no pretensions about him, as he was one who expressed his views openly after careful deliberation. He was charitable to those in need and ever ready to extend a helping hand, and his death has caused many hearts to mourn with the bereaved family.

George D. Wyllys, son of George and Laura Ann Wyllys, was born in Chateaugay, Franklin Co., New York, December 30, 1844. He was one of the family of nine children, all of whom but three, Alfred S. of Burlington, Colorado, Herbert D. of Puyallup, Wash., and Mrs. Laura Howe of Rockford, Ill., have passed away.

In the spring of 1856 he came with his parents to DeKalb Co., Ill., and nearly his entire life was spent in this vicinity, in consequence he had a wide acquaintance. At the breaking out of the Civil War he, with his two brothers, Alfred and Moses, were among the first to respond to their country's call. George D. enlisted in Co. C, 105th Illinois' Volunteer Infantry, where he served 3 years. He was a member of the Masonic lodge and Eastern Star Chapter at Kingston and belonged to the Knight Templars at Sycamore. He was also a member of the Mystic Shrine at Rockford, Ill.

In 1865 he was united in marriage to Miss Sarah Rogers. This union was blessed with two children Mattie (Mrs. Sisson) of DeKalb, Ill., and Harry; who died a number of years ago. He leaves his wife, daughter, Mrs. Sisson, and grandson, Floyd Yonkin, to mourn the loss of husband and father. Words can offer no balm to the sorrowing hearts of the bereaved and devoted wife who has been his companion for so many years, and to his daughter and grandson to whom he was so kind and good. But the sympathy of the community is most deeply expressed.

The funeral services were conducted by Rev. C. A. Briggs Saturday afternoon May 1, at the M. E. church and the remains were laid to rest in Kingston cemetery by the side of his little boy.

The services at the grave were in charge of the Masonic lodge. This lodge as well as the G. A. R. attended in a body.

Will Reclaim 2000 Acres

Fully 2000 acres of low and nonproductive slough land in the towns of Dunham and Marengo will be reclaimed by drainage within a short time says the Harvard Herald. The land is what is known as the Island and Rush Creek sections of the two towns named and a drainage district is being created to reclaim the land and thus make it productive. Of the 2,000 acres 1,500 acres are in the town of Dunham.

LOSE TO ROCKFORD

Genoa Highs are Weak on Long Runs but Strong on Sprints

LOCALS TAKE SEVERAL FIRSTS

Dillon Patterson First in 50 and 100 Yard Dashes—Roy Abraham Makes Record of 5-4 in High Jump

Those who attended the track meet at the driving park last Saturday were agreeably surprised to see the Genoa highs put it all over the Rockford team in several stunts. In the 50 and 100 yard dash and pole vault Dillon Patterson had no trouble in holding first position. In the running high jump Roy Abraham made five feet four inches, defeating the best Rockford effort by two inches. In the discus throw Charles Schoonmaker had several feet to spare in registering for first place.

The Genoa boys were weakest in the long distance running, showing that they must take to more road work if they expect to clean up the larger schools. However, against a large school like Rockford they made an excellent showing. The final count gave Rockford 63 1-3 points and Genoa 37 2-3.

Following is the way the events were finished:

100 yard dash—Patterson, Gee, Leay. Time 10.3.
50 yard dash—Patterson, Gee, Linderoth. Time 5 4-5.
Pole vault—Patterson, Titus, Koehane. 9-4.
High jump—Abraham, Marston, Thorsell. 5 4.
Running broad jump—Gee, Schoonmaker, Crawford. 17-4.
Shot put—Johnson, Shores, Schoonmaker. 34-9.
Discus—Schoonmaker, Johnson, Shores. 89-5.
220 yard dash—Johnson, Linderoth, Marston. Time, 26.
440 yards—Leay, D Patterson, Koehane. Time, 56.
Half mile—Leay, Hitt, Crawford. Time, 2:17.
220 hurdles—Johnson Marston, Linderoth.
Standing broad jump—Gee, Thorsell, Crawford. 8-9

M. W. A. \$50,000 HOSPITAL

Will Be Erected by Order at Colorado Springs, Colorado

At the April session of the board of directors of the Modern Woodmen of America, held recently steps were taken toward the erection of a new \$50,000 hospital at the society's sanatorium at Woodmen, Colo. Architects were instructed to draw plans for a structure containing twenty-eight rooms for the occupancy of those whose condition demands hospital treatment and surgical attention.

This hospital will be a model in every way and the entire expense of erecting, equipping and maintaining it will be met out of the special sanatorium fund levied by the Toledo head camp, which is derived from a tax of three cents a member each month.

War Contract

A contract to furnish the French government 26,000 artillery and cavalry horses was concluded recently by a Kansas City firm of horse and mule dealers. The consideration will involve between \$5,000,000 and \$6,000,000. Since September 1, when the first buying on foreign contracts began in Kansas City, 72,316 horses and mules have been received in Kansas City and of that number the British government has taken more than 60,000 valued approximately at \$12,000,000.

Henrietta Latham, Osteopathy Physician. Office over Story's racket store. Phone, 153.

GOOD ROADS MEETING

Enthusiasts Gather at Sycamore Saturday and Discuss the Important Topic

About one hundred men attended the good roads meeting at Sycamore last Saturday, accepting the invitations sent out by County Superintendent Miller. It was impossible for Col. Lowden to be present but there were several local orators present who did not feel a bit backward about discussing the good roads proposition.

The keynote was given by Supervisor Jarboe of DeKalb township when he announced that he was in favor of a bond issue to build the entire network of hard road highways for the county now instead of building them piece meal, little by little, year after year, taking about fifty years, (the term of a bond issue) to build the system.

A permanent county association was perfected and we may look for some interesting developments in the near future.

SCHOOLS TO ENTERTAIN

Program by the Grades to be Given at Slater's Hall on the 14th of May

An excellent entertainment will be given at Slater's Hall on Friday evening, May 14, all the grades to take part in the program. The pupils have been working on this program with keen interest and will be prepared to demonstrate their ability in a pleasing manner on the 14th. Tickets will soon be on sale at 25 and 15 cents. Everyone is cordially invited to attend and the parents are urged to do so. This is one ideal way in keeping in touch with the school, especially for those who can not visit the schools during the day.

DANVILLE DRY

Went Wet by Majority of 1500, but New Council Refuse Licenses

Danville went dry with a bang Saturday. Although the city and township voted two weeks ago to remain wet, the city council at a special meeting overturned the popular vote and decided to issue no saloon licenses. As a result the city will be dry at least one year.

When the wet and dry question was put up to the voters, the wet leaders devoted their entire campaign to arguments which would swing the popular mind at the election. They paid little attention to the fact that aldermen were to be elected. The drys on the other hand, not only took part in the battle to swing the popular election, but took extra pains to fortify themselves in the anti-rum fight by nominating dry aldermen in the wards.

The day after election the wets were elated. They had carried the city by a majority of 1500. The drys were not at all downcast. A majority of the new council was dry, the leaders knew, but they did not brag about the fact.

N. Brotzman Honored

Nahum Brotzman, 28 years a supervisor from Riley township, who was elected chairman of the county board of McHenry county last week, was at St. Joseph's hospital, Elgin, at the time and is still a patient there. Mr. Brotzman is suffering from an infection of the foot, caused by an old Civil war wound. Three toes have been amputated. It was stated at St. Joseph's hospital that Brotzman was in a serious condition when he was brought to the hospital and that, while he has improved greatly, the danger is not entirely passed.

FOR A CLEAN CITY

Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of Next Week Clean-up Days in Genoa

MAYOR ASKS FOR CO-OPERATION

Teams will be Furnished for Carrying Away Rubbish and Cleaning up Alleys—Have Your Rubbish Ready

Mayor Quanstrong hits the nail square on the head when he asks for a clean city, and the eradication of all disease and fly breeding piles of rubbish. If every citizen will do his or her share in this clean-up campaign there will be several million flies less in Genoa this summer, and a more secure feeling of civic pride.

On Wednesday of next week a wagon will be sent into the first ward to cart away all rubbish. On Thursday the wagon will clean up the second ward and on Friday the third ward. Mayor Quanstrong requests that all citizens have their rubbish cleaned up and placed in convenient places where the teamsters can reach it on those days. If there is a pile of garbage which has been accumulating during the winter, or a stack of tin cans, have them in shape for the teamster to handle.

The pesky fly is now breeding and should be fought to the finish. There is nothing he likes better than a pile of garbage or decayed manure for a breeding place. Persons who have a pile of the latter stacked in the alley are requested by the mayor to have the same removed at once. The city will remove all the small lots of refuse, but of course can not be expected to clean up barn yards.

Nearly every city in the land is now recognizing and making an event of "clean-up-day." Genoa will have three of these days. Let's all get into the back yards and alleys and see which ward can do the best job.

MC HENRY TO SPEND \$20,000

Hard Roads Will be Constructed During the Coming Year

An expenditure of \$20,000 on hard roads will be made by McHenry county during the coming year, according to the action of the board of supervisors at their meeting at Woodstock on Tuesday of last week. One-half this sum will be defrayed by the county and the other half by the state. The money thus expended will be on five of the principal highways leading to and from the city of Woodstock. Plans and specifications therefor were agreed upon by the board nearly two years ago after the Tice road law was adopted, it being obligatory on county boards to comply with the Tice act so far as obtaining state aid for highways is concerned.

Old Auto Licenses May Lead to Arrest

Owners of automobiles who are still running their machines with last year's license tags attached, take warning. On and after May 1 orders have been issued for the arrest and prosecution of anyone not conforming to the state law and having a license number for 1915 on his car. State attorneys throughout the state received communication from the secretary of state asking their co-operation in the enforcement of the law.

No Poll Tax

The poll tax law, which has caused the commissioners of highways more grief than any of the duties connected with that office, has been declared unconstitutional in townships containing incorporated cities or villages, in a decision handed down by the supreme court last week. A test case was carried up from Dixon.

MRS. WM. F. FRANTZ

Sister of Mrs. Peter M. Reed Brought Here for Burial Tuesday

The funeral of Mrs. Wm. F. Frantz was held in Genoa Tuesday, the following obituary being read by the pastor, Rev. R. E. Pierce:

Mrs. Mary Frances Buck Frantz, wife of Wm. F. Frantz, was born in Lairdsville, Pa., June 11, 1839, and died in Chicago, Illinois, May 1, 1915, aged seventy-five years, ten months and twenty days.

She was married to Wm F. Frantz June 18, 1866. To this union two sons were born, Harry W. Frantz and Howard M. Frantz, both of Chicago.

The deceased is survived by her husband, Wm. F. Frantz; two sons Harry and Howard; four sisters, Mrs. John Burroughs of Clarksville, Iowa; Mrs. Angelina Sherer of Eldridge, California; Miss Charlotte Buck of Lairdsville, Pa.; Mrs. Peter Reed Genoa, Illinois, and one brother, Robert Buck, of Lairdsville, Pa.

Mrs. Frantz united with the Methodist Episcopal church at Ney, Illinois, in 1871. The family moved to Iowa in 1884 and to Chicago in 1913.

When eighteen years of age, at the death of her mother, she cheerfully assumed the care of the younger children. Of her they say: "She was a good mother to us."

Sister Frantz was one of God's blessed women who grew more beautiful as the years passed by. Her home going was in harmony with her life, peaceful as the dying of the day.

CHEAP WHISKEY

Summer Hawver of Chemung Drinks at Blind Pig—Kills Wife

Cheap whiskey, the kind which makes devils out of men in short order and the kind which blind pigs are popularly supposed to specialize in, enacted sordid tragedy in dry Chemung, a little town three miles west of Harvard in McHenry county, Sunday.

Summer Hawver, aged 60 years and one of the pioneer settlers of the county, went home under the influence of the stuff at noon, chased his elderly wife into the barn and there hit her twice over the head with the blunt end of an ax, according to McHenry county authorities. She cannot live.

Overcome by the horror of his deed, Hawver went into the house, lay down on a couch in the living room and hacked his throat with a butcher knife. Though he severed the windpipe he will live.

Gets Thirty-five Years

Joseph Adamura, the Italian who has been on trial in Chicago during the past week for the murder of Domonick Pasche, both formerly of Genoa, was sentenced to thirty-five years Tuesday. Following a quarrel which started in Genoa, on the 13th of August last year, Adamura shot and killed Pasche in Chicago on the 30th.

Butter Sells at 28 Cents

One hundred tubs of butter sold at 28 cents a pound on the Elgin board of trade Saturday.

Previous quotations:
April 24, 1915—26½, 27½, 28
May 4, 1914—23
May 5, 1913—28
May 6, 1912—30
May 1, 1911—22
May 2, 1910—29

Cut James' Salary \$500

Delos James, county agricultural adviser, had his allowance of \$2,000 as appropriated each year cut \$500, the sum now paid him by the county being \$1,500. The balance will be made up through efforts of the County Soil Improvement Association.

THE NEW COUNCIL

Mayor Makes His Appointments Meeting Friday Night

BOARD OF LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS

Consists of Mayor Quanstrong, Aldermen Danforth and Smith—H. H. King Supt. of Water Works—Crawford Nightwatch

The old city council went out last Friday night after winding up the business for the year and the new members took their seats. Before retiring Dr. A. M. Hill of the retiring board of local improvements made a strong plea that the new board at least see the paving case thru the court.

The new council passed an ordinance which cuts the salary of the city marshal down to \$10 a month. The superintendent of waterworks will act as marshal, drawing \$65 a month as superintendent. H. H. King was appointed to the office. E. E. Crawford was re-appointed as night watch.

The mayor appointed the following standing committees:

Judiciary and finance—Smith, Shipman, Noll.
Fire and Water—Durham, Noll.
Streets and Walks—Durham, Noll.
Public Grounds and Buildings—Shipman, Smith, Durham.
Police and License—Duval, Smith.
Lighting—Smith, Danforth, Shipman.
Miscellaneous—Duval, Danforth, Smith.

The board of local improvements was created by ordinance and consists of Mayor Quanstrong, Aldermen Danforth and Smith.

SHURTLEFF'S BILL

Would Make Fox River an Avenue of Commerce to the Lakes

McHenry county river enthusiasts are much interested over a waterway bill introduced Tuesday in the Illinois legislature by Representative Shurtleff of Marengo. It provides in substance that such rivers as the Fox, may become full fledged eight foot arteries of the proposed Dunne channel and that development of the Fox and similar streams shall proceed simultaneously with the deepening and strengthening of the Illinois river and the Illinois and Michigan canal.

The Shurtleff bill covers the Sangamon, the Rock, the Kaskaskia, and Wabash rivers. It permits the organization of "river improvement districts," composed of two or more counties, which shall have full power to take over all territory within a ten mile radius, govern and regulate sewage disposal within such territory, build power plants, operate locks and dams, and provide a navigable channel for eight foot depth traffic.

Mr. Shurtleff expects his waterway bill to go hand in hand with Governor Dunne's waterway measure, which latter only applies to the waterways from Joliet to the Mississippi river. Mr. Shurtleff believes that what is a good thing for cities along the Illinois river, will be just as valuable for cities like Elgin, Rockford and Belvidere, along other streams of water.

Dooley is Postmaster

Appointment of John Dooley as postmaster of Belvidere was unexpected news to the people of Belvidere Friday evening. Mr. Dooley was himself about as much surprised as any one, as he did not know the appointment had been made until late in the afternoon.

MOVE AGAINST TURKS

LONDON SAYS BRITISH FORCES GAIN ON GALLIOLI PENINSULA.

READY TO GIVE UP SMYRNA

Vall Reported to Be Negotiating With Foe—Fighting Continues Day and Night in the Dardanelles Between Warships and Forts.

London, May 5.—British troops are advancing into the interior of the Gallipoli peninsula, according to an official statement issued in London.

The statement is as follows: "During the night of May 1 and 2 and the night of May 2 and 3 the enemy launched strong and determined attacks in mass against our positions, constantly bringing fresh troops.

"Not only did the allies repulse every attack, inflicting enormous losses on the enemy, but we assumed the offensive, drove the enemy out of their positions and are now advancing into the interior of the peninsula."

Ready to Surrender Smyrna. In a dispatch from Athens received by the London Exchange Telegraph company the declaration is made that the val of Smyrna has entered fresh negotiations with the allies for the surrender of the town.

A Tenedos dispatch to the Daily News says:

"Fierce fighting continues day and night in the Dardanelles. The ships of the fleet are working in shifts and the bombardment is incessant. In spite of desperate resistance, we have made steady progress, both on land and sea. The most vital points of the enemy's defenses now are strongly invested."

A dispatch from Athens, filed Sunday, to the Daily News says it has learned from reliable sources that 10,000 wounded Turks have been sent from Gallipoli to Constantinople, and large transports loaded with reinforcements have been sent to the Dardanelles.

Shells on Turk Forts. The bombardment of the Turkish Gulf of Smyrna has been according to messages received from Athens and the warships of the allies continue their lively shelling of the forts on the Dardanelles.

The allies are reported to have effected a landing near the site of ancient Ephesus, 35 miles southeast of Smyrna.

JAPS TO SEND ULTIMATUM

Mikado's Cabinet Ready to Take Drastic Action Against China—Peking Is Notified.

London, May 5.—The correspondent of the Central News at Tokyo cables: "I learn that the cabinet in special session has decided to send an ultimatum to China. The ultimatum will accord a brief time limit for China's compliance with the Japanese demands."

Peking, May 5.—Military preparations are being made for the defense of Peking. It is asserted in high quarters that 100,000 troops have been concentrated in the environs of Peking, but with sufficient ammunition for only a brief resistance. Special police and military precautions have been taken throughout the city, especially around the winter palace, where President Yuan Shi Kai resides.

CHINA REFUSES JAP DEMAND

Declines to Accede to Group 5, Including Most Important of Concessions.

Peking, May 3.—China has replied to the Japanese demands in a note which, while complying with some of the demands, definitely refuses to accede to others, including the most important. Embodied in what is known as Group 5. China also has furnished to the Japanese minister, Eki Hioki, a list of further concessions which she is willing to grant, but after perusing the note and the list M. Hioki declared that it was far from complying with the 24 demands as presented by his government. The Chinese plenipotentiaries met the Japanese plenipotentiaries by arrangement at the foreign office and presented China's reply, which, in substance, refused the so-called general demands of Japan.

LAWSON IS FOUND GUILTY

Head of Strikers During Colorado Mine War Given Life Imprisonment by Jury.

Trinidad, Colo., May 4.—The jury returned a verdict pronouncing John R. Lawson, labor leader, guilty of murder in the first degree, fixing penalty at life imprisonment, for the killing of John Nimmo, a deputy sheriff, in a battle with strikers October 25, 1913. John R. Lawson was charged with the murder of John Nimmo, a deputy of Las Animas county, who was killed in a battle between deputies and striking coal miners near Ludlow on October 25, 1913. Lawson is a member of the international executive board of America for district 15.

He was one of the prominent leaders in the recent coal miners' strike in Colorado.

BARON BUNKICHI ITO



Baron Bunkichi Ito of Japan, who is in this country lecturing, says America is the most wonderful land he ever has seen and he is greatly pleased with our customs.

RAIL AWARD FOR 66,000 IS MADE AT CHICAGO

Engineers' and Firemen's Agents Will Not Sign the Agreement—Men to "Take Medicine."

Chicago, May 1.—The Western railroad arbitration board handed down its award in the case of 66,000 engineers and firemen who had asked for 10 per cent increase in wages and changes in working conditions.

Representatives on the board of the engineers and firemen refused to sign the award. They declared it granted no increase in wages and that in many cases wages would be reduced if it were not for the clause in the award that where wages are higher now, they shall not be affected.

W. S. Carter contended the wages in every engine west of Chicago was higher now than granted by the award. In the case of a few light engines there was a slight increase.

Here and there the engineers reported a victory. The surprise tests were ordered abolished, unless made under conditions which would protect the employees. An increase was granted in the through freight pusher service and there was some improvement in the switching service.

Overtime in the passenger service was advanced about two cents an hour. As there seldom is overtime in this service, the engineers did not count that concession a victory.

Hostlers were given \$4.20 for a day of twelve hours. The engineers say that on many roads they are now paid more than that.

Concessions were made in preparatory time. Employees will be paid hereafter for the time they work. While the engineers and firemen say they are disappointed, they will not appeal to the district court, as they may under the act, if dissatisfied. "We will take our medicine," said President Carter.

LINCOLN SAYS PAY IS SMALL

"Absolutely Not," He Exclaims When Asked If \$27.50 Is Decent Wage for Pullman Porters.

Washington, May 5.—Robert T. Lincoln, chairman of the board of the Pullman company, testified on the condition of sleeping car porters and the company's financial condition before the United States industrial committee. The company's capital stock, he said, was \$120,000,000 and eight per cent has been paid annually since 1900. Total cash dividends of the company, he said, have amounted to \$159,116,775. The total assets last year were \$133,917,261.

In 1902, he said, the pay of Pullman conductors was raised to \$70 a month for the first six months. Salaries of conductors on special trains, he said, were \$100 a month. The average, he thought, should be increased.

"Do you think the salary of \$27.50 now paid negro porters as a minimum is enough to maintain his family in comfort and decency?" asked Chairman Walsh.

"Absolutely not," Mr. Lincoln replied.

FOUR FIRES AT PEORIA, ILL.

Flames Drive 175 Guests From Two Hotels and Cause Damage of \$50,000.

Peoria, Ill., May 4.—Four separate fires, believed to be the work of an incendiary, which broke out in the same block in the heart of the wholesale business district, caused a loss estimated at \$50,000 and drove 175 guests from two hotels into the streets in their night garb.

Lafayette, Ind., May 4.—Two lives were lost in a mysterious fire that destroyed a small shed on the North Riverside road near Purdue university.

AIRSHIP SINKS SUBMARINE

Berlin Says British Undersea Vessels Were Shelled by Teutons and One Destroyed.

Berlin (wireless to London), May 5.—It was officially announced that a German airship dropped bombs on several English submarines in the North sea. One submarine was sunk.

RUSS LOSE 30,000

AUSTRO-GERMAN FORCES REPORT BIG VICTORY IN GALICIAN DISTRICT.

MANY OF CZAR'S GUNS TAKEN

Muscovites Are in Retreat After Being Surprised by Von Hindenburg's Armies—Large Amount of War Material Captured.

Vienna, Austria, May 5 (via London).—Thirty thousand Russian soldiers, 22 cannon and 64 machine guns were captured in the battle of West Galicia, according to an official statement given out in Vienna.

Capture 25,500 Russian. Berlin, Germany, May 5 (via London).—The Russians lost 21,500 prisoners to the Germans and the Austrians in one day's heavy fighting in western Galicia, according to an official statement given out in Berlin.

This is the engagement in which the Germans and the Austrians claim a notable victory. In addition to the men captured the Teutonic allies took 16 pieces of artillery, 47 machine guns and a large quantity of war material.

Capture 4,000 in Russia. The same announcement sets forth that in the German invasion of the Baltic provinces of Russia the Germans have captured more than 4,000 retreating Russians.

The communication given out by the war office says:

"The number of Russians captured during the pursuit of the retreating enemy in the direction of Mitau has been increased to more than 4,000. A renewed Russian attack southwest of Kalwary, north of Suwalki, in Russian Poland, has been repulsed. We took 170 prisoners. Russian attacks southeast of Augustowo resulted in a failure with heavy losses to the enemy. In addition to four officers killed, the Russians in this engagement lost two machine guns and 420 men were captured by us.

Near Jedwabno, northeast of Lomza, a Russian night attack was repulsed. Booty of a Day 21,500 Prisoners. In the southeastern arena of the war the offensive movement between the wooded slopes of the Carpathians and the upper Vistula is progressing well. The booty of the first day was 21,500 prisoners, 16 pieces of artillery, 47 machine guns and a quantity of war material of all kinds, the exact amount of which has not yet been ascertained."

Germans Drive Out Slavs. The Lokal Anzeiger's correspondent, describing the German operations toward Mitau, Russia Courland, says:

"The Germans had collected their reinforcements so unostentatiously that their advance completely surprised the Russians, who did not even attempt resistance, but retired so hastily that the Germans were 100 kilometers (62 miles) east of the German border on the second day. The rapid flight of the Russians explains why comparatively few prisoners were taken."

The official statement of the German war office that the Germans have broken through the Russian front in western Galicia, capturing the Russians across the Dunajec, has caused a great outburst of jubilation in Berlin. The city is decorated and noisy crowds fill the streets.

MAIL FOR MILLION MORE

Postmaster General Plans Readjustment of Rural Deliveries With Help of Motorists.

Washington, May 4.—Postmaster General Burleson announced that mail facilities would be extended to 1,000,000 new rural patrons before July 1, through readjustment without increasing the present cost of service. Motor vehicle service will be inaugurated at postal centers.

The readjustment of rural service in Appanooche county Iowa, is provided for. Twenty-eight daily routes emanate from offices within this county, having a total length of 663.2 miles, or an average of 23.7 miles per route.

GOSHEN, IND., IS VOTED DRY

Majority Is 221, and Eleven Saloons Will Quit Business on July 31.

Goshen, May 5.—By a majority of 221 Goshen was carried by the dries in the third local option election in the history of the city. In 1911 it was carried by the wets by 146, and in 1913 the wets won by 32. The total vote polled was 2,533 as against 2,380 in 1911 and 2,388 in 1913. Daniel M. Bechtel, chairman of the Thirteenth district Democratic committee, led the fight for the wets. Eleven saloons will quit business July 31.

GERMAN ATTACKS MAINTAINED

Teutons Keep Up Fierce Assaults at Ypres Without Success, Says Paris Statement.

Paris, May 5.—German troops are maintaining their fierce attacks on the blood-soaked soil of Flanders, but without success, it is officially asserted here. In the "Bloody Angle," whose southern point is Ypres, they are still endeavoring to rout the British troops from their positions.

MISS ESTHER ROSS



Miss Esther Ross of Prescott, Ariz., has been selected by Governor Hunt to christen the new battleship Arizona when it is launched at the Brooklyn navy yard on June 19. Miss Ross is only seventeen years old.

FOUR SHIPS ARE SUNK IN NAVAL BATTLE

Two German Torpedo Boats Destroyed by British—Two English Vessels Lost.

London, May 3.—In a small naval engagement in the North sea on Saturday a British torpedo-boat destroyer and an English trawler were destroyed and two German torpedo boats were sent to the bottom after a running fight, according to an announcement made by the admiralty. The text of the admiralty statement follows:

"A series of small affairs took place in the neighborhood of the Galopier and North lightships on Saturday. During the forenoon the British destroyer Recruit was sunk by a submarine and four officers and 21 men of the crew were saved by the trawler Daisy.

"At 3 p. m. the trawler Colombia was attacked by two German torpedo boats from the westward. The Colombia was torpedoed and sunk, only one deckhand being saved.

"A division of British destroyers chased the Germans and after a running fight lasting an hour both the Germans were sunk.

"There were no casualties among the British ships and two German officers and 44 men were rescued and made prisoners."

GERMANS BOMBARD DUNKIRK

One Hundred and Sixty Persons Killed or Wounded—Property Damage Is Heavy.

Paris, April 1.—The German bombardment of Dunkirk is confirmed in official statements, which declare 60 12-inch shells were dropped in the town. One hundred and fifty persons, mostly civilians, were killed or injured. One shell smashed the roof of the barracks and others caused heavy damage to property in other sections of the city. It is believed that the Germans have some new type of long-range artillery which is placed 17 miles from Dunkirk. The British statement asserts that this bombardment was by land guns, not by warships. Early reports declared that a German naval force was active off the Belgian coast.

GALLIOLI TOWNS ARE TAKEN

Allies Establish Themselves on Both Sides of Dardanelles and Force Advance.

London, May 1.—The town of Mardos, five miles above the narrow of the Dardanelles, has been bombarded and is in flames; two towns have been captured from the Turks and three other towns occupied by British, while a Turkish transport has been sunk, according to an admiralty report.

The report also states that the allies have suffered severe losses. Five hundred Turks were made prisoners following an unsuccessful attack at Sari Bair. The allies have established themselves on both sides of the Dardanelles and their successful advance is reported by the admiralty.

TWO NORWEGIAN SHIPS SUNK

German Submarines Torpedo Vessels in North Sea—One Bound to England With Cargo of Timber.

Copenhagen, May 4.—The Norwegian steamer Dalia, a ship of 736 tons, has been torpedoed in the North sea by a German submarine. She was en route from Bergen to England with a cargo of timber.

Leith, Scotland, May 4.—The Norwegian steamer Baldwin was torpedoed by a German submarine in the North sea on Sunday. Her crew of 17 men were landed here.

U. S. SHIP TORPEDOED

GERMAN SUBMARINE'S ATTACK KILLS THREE AMERICANS—DISASTER OFF SCILLY.

CAPTAIN KILLED BY SHOCK

Oil Steamer Gulfight Bound From Port Arthur, Tex., to Rouen With Cargo of Naphtha—Vessel Towed to Port by British Craft.

London, May 3.—The American oil steamer Gulfight was torpedoed in the English channel on Saturday by a German submarine. Her captain died of heart disease from the shock and two members of her crew of 36 were drowned.

The Gulfight, a 3,202-ton ship, owned by the Gulf Refining company of Texas, was bound from Port Arthur, Tex., to Rouen with a cargo of naphtha when she was attacked off Bishop lighthouse, in the Scilly Islands.

The vessel, although badly damaged, stayed afloat and was towed to shore by steam drifters and beached. The rescued members of the crew were landed by a patrol boat at Scilly.

The Gulfight is the fourth American steamer destroyed either by mines or submarines in the sea war zone since February 18 and the fifth American vessel sunk in all, the William P. Frye having been sunk in the South Atlantic by the German raider Prinz Eitel Friedrich.

Left U. S. April 10.

The oil tanker Gulfight belonged to the Gulf Refining company of Pittsburgh. She left Port Arthur, Tex., on April 10 with upward of 55,000 barrels of gasoline and was due to arrive at Rouen Sunday. She was built at Camden, N. J., in August, 1914. Officers of the company state that her crew at the time she sailed from Port Arthur numbered at least thirty-five men.

No Warning Given Ship.

Plymouth, England, May 5.—The American oil tank steamer Gulfight, which was torpedoed off the Scilly islands on Saturday, was attacked without warning by a submerged submarine, according to Second Officer Paul Bower of the Gulfight, whose home is in Chicago and who arrived here with thirty-two members of the crew.

Bower told the story of the torpedoing of the Gulfight as follows: "At noon Saturday we were twenty-five miles west of Scilly. I saw a submarine. It remained on the surface for three minutes and then disappeared.

"Twenty-five minutes later we were struck by a torpedo on the starboard side and there was a tremendous shock. We immediately lowered the boats and left our ship and were quickly taken on board the patrol boats.

"At midnight of Saturday, while still on board the patrol boat, Captain Gunter summoned me. I found him in bed and he said he wanted some one to roll a cigarette for him. He then tossed up his arms and fainted. From then until the time of his death, which occurred about 3:30 o'clock Sunday morning, he remained unconscious."

BIG SURPRISE FOR WILSON

Woodrow Is Added to Sayre Baby's Name—President Acts as Godfather at Christening.

Springfield, Mass., May 3.—Having enacted his role as godfather to "Baby" Sayre, President Wilson returned to the White House. A surprise was given the president at the christening in the shape of a new name for "Baby" Sayre. He no longer is Francis Sayre, but Francis Woodrow Sayre, thus sharing the name of his distinguished grandparent. President Wilson has been strongly opposed to having his grandson "burdened with my own name," but Mrs. Sayre finally won his consent to its use.

The christening was held on Sunday in St. John's Episcopal church. Rev. Dr. Franklin Cater officiated.

AUTO BANDITS KILL BANKER

Five Robbers in Automobile Shoot Down J. J. Slomski, Owner of Chicago Institution.

Chicago, May 5.—John J. Slomski, private banker, was shot in a daylight holdup of his bank by five young auto bandits at 12:15 o'clock in the afternoon, and died shortly afterward in St. Anthony's hospital. The fatal shooting occurred in Slomski's bank at 215 West Eighteenth street, when Slomski attempted to strike one of the boy robbers. They had just seized \$83 from Albert Pryzbytek, a saloonkeeper, who had brought the money to deposit in Slomski's bank.

LIVE NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

Among the casualties reported at Berlin was Major General von Seydewitz, commander of a reserve infantry regiment, who was killed April 25.

The retail dry goods firm of W. H. Albrecht & Co. of Terre Haute has filed a petition in bankruptcy, listing liabilities of \$75,000 and assets of \$65,000.

The inheritance tax on the estate of the late C. W. Post has been computed at Battle Creek, Mich., to be \$112,000, which is the largest in the history of the state.

Word was received at Amsterdam that Emperor William and Prince Henry of Prussia visited Antwerp and inspected the German defenses there, after which they returned to Luxembourg.

James L. Berkibile, editor of a newspaper at Ebensburg, Pa., was shot and seriously wounded when a posse of which he was a member attempted to arrest Wayne Ohseid at his home in the mountains.

Major General Hughes, the Canadian minister of war, issued a statement at Ottawa, Ont., confirming the report that 6,000 Canadians were killed, wounded or captured in the fighting at Ypres.

An estate valued at about \$1,500,000 was left by John Cudahy, the packer, according to his will, which was offered for probate at Chicago. The entire estate is bequeathed to his widow and four children.

The Argentine government recently has refused offers from Greece and Italy for the \$12,000,000 superdragnet Moreno, which was built at Camden, N. J., and which sailed for the South American republic.

United States army transport Buford sailed from Galveston, Tex., for Cristobal with 413 officers and soldiers to strengthen the canal garrison. She also carried 283 horses. Captain Francis H. Lomax is in command.

A total of 142 foreign-built vessels of 500,705 gross tons have taken advantage of the ship registry law of last August to register at Washington as vessels of the United States and engage in foreign trade under an American flag. The value of these vessels is \$32,000,000.

The Missouri supreme court at Jefferson City, Mo., overruled the motion for a rehearing in the case of the state against several packing firms on a charge of violating the state antitrust laws. In the original suit the packers were fined \$25,000 each, and this decision they have sought to have set aside.

THREE BRITISH BOATS SUNK

German Submarine Makes Raid on Fishing Fleet—Is Chased Away by Patrol Boat.

Aberdeen, Scotland, May 4.—Trawlers making port report that a German submarine sank two trawlers within 50 miles of Aberdeen Sunday. The crews of the two vessels were saved. It would appear that the submarine made a raid among the Aberdeen fishing fleet. In addition to sending two to the bottom, it chased three trawlers for 20 miles. A patrol boat was then seen approaching, whereupon the submarine was submerged.

North Shields, England, May 4.—The British trawler Sun Ray was sunk by a German submarine 60 miles northeast of the Tyne on Sunday. The crew was saved.

TENER BARS BENNY KAUF

Champion Batter of Federal League Cannot Play on New York Giant Team.

New York, May 1.—President Tener barred from the National league Benny Kauf, the player whose presence on the Giant team caused a row with the Boston Braves on Thursday. Tener notified the Brooklyn Federals that Kauf could not play in the National at this time. The Federal league will hold a special meeting here to take up the Kauf case.

THE MARKETS.

New York, May 4. LIVE STOCK—Steers..... \$5 50 @ 8 40 Hogs..... 7 20 @ 8 15 Sheep..... 4 50 @ 6 75 FLOUR—Spring Patents..... 7 50 @ 7 90 WHEAT—May..... 1 53 1/2 @ 1 65 CORN—No. 2 Yellow (New)..... 87 @ 87 1/2 OATS—Standard..... 61 1/2 @ 62 RYE—No. 2..... 85 @ 85 1/2 BUTTER—Creamery..... 24 1/2 @ 31 1/2 EGGS..... 19 1/2 @ 22 CHEESE..... 16 @ 17

CHICAGO.

CATTLE—Good to Choice..... \$7 15 @ 8 35 Inferior Steers..... 5 75 @ 7 50 Choice Cows..... 5 75 @ 6 85 Heavy Calves..... 6 90 @ 8 00 Choice Yearlings..... 7 50 @ 8 70 HOGS—Heavy Packers..... 7 25 @ 7 45 Butcher Hogs..... 7 30 @ 7 55 Pigs..... 6 00 @ 7 25 BUTTER—Creamery..... 23 @ 28 Packing Stock..... 18 @ 18 1/2 EGGS..... 16 1/2 @ 20 LIVE POULTRY..... 8 @ 15 1/2 POTATOES (per bush)..... 30 @ 40 FLOUR—Spring Wheat, S. W..... 8 10 @ 8 30 WHEAT—May..... 1 53 1/2 @ 1 62 1/2 Corn, May..... 76 1/2 @ 77 1/2 Oats, May..... 54 1/2 @ 55 1/2

MILWAUKEE.

GRAIN—Wheat, No. 1 Nor'w..... \$1 61 @ 1 63 No. 2 Northern..... 1 58 @ 1 60 Corn, No. 3 Yellow..... 74 1/2 @ 75 1/2 Oats, Standard..... 75 @ 75 1/2 Rye..... 1 17 1/2 @ 1 18

KANSAS CITY.

GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 Hard..... \$1 55 1/2 @ 1 67 No. 2 Red..... 1 55 1/2 @ 1 66 Corn, No. 2 White..... 75 @ 75 1/2 Oats, Standard..... 65 1/2 @ 66 Rye..... 1 11 1/2 @ 1 12

ST. LOUIS.

CATTLE—Native Steers..... \$7 50 @ 8 50 Texas Steers..... 5 25 @ 8 00 HOGS—Heavy..... 7 40 @ 7 80 Butchers..... 7 40 @ 7 85 SHEEP—Yearlings..... 8 50 @ 9 50

OMAHA.

CATTLE—Native Steers..... \$7 00 @ 8 40 Western Steers..... 6 50 @ 7 80 Cows and Heifers..... 5 35 @ 7 00 HOGS—Heavy..... 7 30 @ 7 40 SHEEP—Wethers..... 7 75 @ 8 60

AN INDIANA MAN TELLS OF WESTERN CANADA

He Is Perfectly Satisfied, and Tells of His Neighbors Who Have Done Well.

Walter Harris, formerly lived near Julietta in Warren township, Indiana. He now lives at Hussar, Alberta. In writing to his home paper in Indiana, he says that the failure is the man who always blames the country. He fails to see his own mistakes, has missed his calling and is not fitted for farming. The two seasons just past have been entirely different. In 1913 plenty of rain came in June and a good crop followed, but the fall was dry and but little snow in the winter followed by a very dry summer, and a short crop. Only those that had farmed their land properly were able to meet expenses.

For example, last year the Crofoot Farming Company, south of here, threshed from 1,250 acres 38,000 bushels of wheat. One-half section made 26 bushels, the poorest of all. This year on 1,350 acres they threshed nearly 26,000 bushels. Last year's crop sold at 75 cents from their own elevator. What they have sold of this year's crop brought \$1.00 at threshing time. Eight thousand bushels unsold would bring now around \$1.25. The manager and part owner was raised in Ohio and farmed in Washington several years. He and his wife spent last winter in Ohio. She told me a few days ago that the climate here was much better than Ohio.

A man by the name of George Clark threshed 75 bushels of oats, 45 bushels of barley and 35 bushels of wheat to the acre. He had 15,000 bushels of old oats as well as wheat and barley in his granaries that have almost doubled in price. He came from Washington, where he sold a large body of land around \$200 that he bought around \$3.00 per acre. He then refers to a failure. A large company in the eastern states, owning a large farm near Hussar pays its manager \$3,000 a year. The farm has not been a success. Probably the manager's fault. Mr. Harris says conditions are not as good as could be wished for, but on the ending of the war good crops, with war prices, will certainly change conditions, and it seems to me that the one who owns land that will raise 100 bushels of oats, 75 bushels of barley or 40 bushels of wheat is the one who "laughs last."

The above yields may seem exaggerations to many, and are far above the average, but you should remember that the man who falls is counted in to make the average, and there are instances on record here that would far exceed the above figures.

Nor is grain the only profitable thing that can be raised here. There are many fine horse ranches, some of them stocked with cayuses and bred to thoroughbreds, and others imported from the old countries. They run on the range nearly all the year. The owners put up wild hay to feed them if the snow should get too deep for them to get the dead grass. There are several hundred in sight of here most of the time. There are several cattle ranches north of here that have from 500 to 7,000 head of cattle. One man I know sold \$45,000 worth of fat cattle this fall. He winters his cattle on farms where they have lots of straw and water, paying 75 cents a month per head, or if there is enough straw to winter 400 or 500 head they buy the straw and water and have a man to look after the cattle.—Advertisement.

A good many spirit manifestations come after visits to the bar.

VISIT California's Expositions

Northern Pacific Ry and Great Northern Pacific S. S. Co.

Low Round Trip Fares Daily Through trains from Chicago, St. Louis and Kansas City to Eugene, Seaside, the "Mediteranean of America."

Stop Off at Yellowstone National Park Enter via Gardiner Gateway and Northern Pacific Ry. for a tour of America's only Geopark and Nature's own World's Exposition. Personally escorted tours to

Olin Olmstead spent Sunday with home folks.

Ward Olmstead was out from Chicago over Sunday.

Emil Becker unloaded his Emerson Farm Tractor this week.

Miss Cora Watson of Lombard spent the week end with home folks.

"Capt." Foster of DeKalb attended the funeral of A. T. Hewitt Wednesday.

Miss Otilla Jaeck of Chicago has been a guest of Miss Lydia Molthan during the past week.

Armory T. Moore of St. Charles and Mr. Knowlton, a real estate man of Elgin, were in Genoa Wednesday. Mr. Moore recently purchased the residence property of Wm. E. Gnekow in this city.

John Leonard of Kirkland was in town Wednesday.

R. J. Rosenfeld was a guest at the home of his brother, E. C., Tuesday.

Mothers' meeting Sunday morning, May 9, at the M. E. church. All are invited to be present.

H. R. Tertening of Potamac, Ill., has been a guest at the home of his nephew, A. G. Stewart.

The W. C. T. U. will meet at the home of Mrs. Peter Reed on Thursday, May 13, in the afternoon.

W. J. Prain, who bought the barn which stood at the rear of A. R. Slater's lot on Sycamore street, has torn it down and is rebuilding it on his own lot on Elm street.

Mr. and Mrs. Emil Becker entertained the latter's sister, Miss Alvina Kruse of Elgin, over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Harvey of Savanna, Ill., were week end guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Harvey.

Mrs. N. P. Thurber of Milwaukee was a week end guest at the home of her mother, Mrs. Henry Holroyd.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Craft of Chicago were here to attend the funeral of the latter's brother-in-law, A. T. Hewitt.

Dr. A. M. Hill will attend the San Francisco exposition this summer, expecting to start in about six weeks. He will also visit other points along the coast.

P. C. Weber has sold his residence property at the corner of Main and Stott streets to Postmaster Story. Mr. Weber will move to Chicago as soon as he can clean up his affairs here.

Mrs. Norman Preston has during the past week been hovering between life and death at her home in Sycamore. Mrs. Preston resided for years on the farm just east of Chamberlain's corner and has scores of friends in Genoa.

The "Trey O' Hearts" is drawing great crowds to the opera house Saturday nights. Some of the reels are thrillers. Other reels, including western and comedy make the Saturday night show popular.

Pete Wales still continues to draw the crowds to his Wednesday night shows. There are two reasons for this. The people like the Wales family and they like the pictures. The Wednesday night show is surely a fixed institution.

Raymond C. Pierce, son of Rev. and Mrs. R. E. Pierce, arrived here from Champaign this week, after a year's study in the state university. Mr. Pierce leaves at once for Salt Lake City where he has an excellent position with the United States government in the geological department.

Do not forget the dance at the opera house on Friday evening of this week, under auspices of Genoa Athletic Association. Good old time music and old time dances. Young and old will enjoy this event. A good bunch of fellows will be in charge and see that you have a good time.

That table damask at Olmsted's this week is a rare bargain. Excellent 50c quality is marked to sell at 38c.

Phone go for electrical work and repairs.

50c table damask is now on sale at Olmsted's at 38c per yard.

Jack Downing of Beloit, Wis., spent Sunday with home folks.

See that table damask bargain at Olmsted's. Fine 50c quality selling at 38c.

The Fortnightly Club will meet at the home of Mrs. S. S. Slater Saturday, May 8.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Worcester were week end visitors at Rockford and Monroe Center.

When busy cleaning house, why not get your dianer at the Cozy Lunch Room? The Cozy dinners always please.

Rev. T. O'Brien attended a theological conference at Rockford this week, there being eighty-five priests present.

"Have you the time?" When this question is asked, can you answer it correctly? If not, take that watch to Martin for adjustment.

I am prepared to do all kinds of electrical work at reasonable prices, Phone 90. W. F. Hemenway, successor to G. W. Cummings.

Renew that furniture. A little of that good varnish stain will make a vast difference in the appearance of the home. Perkins & Rosenteld.

Garden tools of all kinds at Perkins & Rosenteld's. It is a waste of time and trying to the nerves to work with rusty or worn out tools. Prices right.

Perhaps you will want to buy a commencement gift. Martin will have a superb line of merchandise for that very event. If you intend to buy that boy or girl a watch we can interest you.

Mass will be celebrated at St. Catharine's church at nine o'clock Sunday morning. At eleven o'clock the local pastor, Rev. T. O'Brien will officiate at Davis Junction, he having been given charge of that parish. Hereafter services will be held at the Junction once every month.

Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Fischbach, son and daughter, leave this week for California and the fair in their Staver touring car. They will be gone several months, expecting to stop at many important places enroute. Mr. Fischbach has promised to write the Republican-Journal some letters telling of the trip.

Beginning to-night and every Thursday, Friday and Saturday nights, Mr. George Beach will give an hour's moving picture entertainment. First show starts at 7:30 p. m., second show at 8:30 p. m. Nothing will be shown to offend the most fastidious. Ladies, we invite you to a clean, airy hall to see a clean entertainment. Mr. Beach and Mr. Slater have co-operated to give Genoa people the latest, best and cleanest entertainment possible. Adults will be charged 10c and all children 5c. A clean amusement in clean surroundings, Slater's opera house to-night and every Thursday, Friday and Saturday night. A big prize to the ladies next week. Watch.—Adv.

CHATTER OF WOMEN.

Its Value in Teaching Children the Use of Language.

In the Woman's Home Companion Ida M. Tarbell writes on "The Talkative Woman" and explains why women chatter and what their chatter is worth. One of her principal points is that women are naturally talkative because they spend so much time with little children, teaching the youngsters the language. This point Miss Tarbell explains as follows:

"If it were not for the chattering of women the child would never learn to talk.

"There is no one, probably, that will deny that the first words a child attempts to speak are mere imitations of sounds—that they mean no more to him than sounds do to a parrot. When he begins to imitate there is always, or should be, a woman beside him, repeating, smiling, encouraging him. The play goes on, month in and month out. With infinite patience she chatters to him until consciousness is aroused. Then rapidly his education goes on. Words are attached to objects, facts about objects are perceived; their form, their color, their odor, their relations to the little learner. The words for all these perceptions are slowly gathered in. Then the child learns to compare, to distinguish values, to remember not merely the sounds he learns, but the meanings of those sounds. His mind is opened to the world, and through a woman's chattering!

"When he leaves her hands at six or seven," says M. de Gourmont, "he is a man—that is, he talks, which is what makes a man. The great intellectual work of women," he goes on, "is teaching language. The grammarians claim that they do it, which is absurd. Children know how to talk before they go to school. They already use all the forms of the verb, all the shades of syntax easily and correctly. This power of language the child gets from the woman. It is to her honor that later he will use it as a poet, novelist, philosopher or moralist, or, to use Nietzsche's strong phrase, as a 'creator of values.'"

"Take this view of it—and who shall or can dispute its truth?—and how infinitely more valuable to the world is the chatter of women than all the books they ever wrote or orations they ever delivered. It is of that fundamental order of things, without which cultivation, even civilization, could not go on."

The Folly of It!

The city of Sandwich was shocked by a tragedy which occurred there Saturday night in which a young and pretty girl was accidentally shot and instantly killed in that city.

Adelaide Scheidecker, aged 22, was the victim of the shooting and the revolver which did the deed was the property of Herbert Lett, a young farmer who lives about a mile and a half south of the city.

At the coroner's inquest Lett told the story as follows:

"I started to drive her home in my machine," Lett testified, "She was thinly clad and it was chilly, and so we decided to stop at my house and get an overcoat. I reached in my pocket for my

door keys. I had my automatic pistol and a handkerchief in the same pocket, and when I pulled the keys out they came too. The pistol struck the cement walk and was discharged. The bullet passed through my left coat sleeve and struck Miss Scheidecker."

Triangle Oil Mops Special 25c at Theo. F. Swan's

A big special offering in our Housewares Store. The Big Wonder triangle cedar oil mops, good full size, with adjustable screw fastening, metal frame and long handle, on sale Friday and Saturday while a large supply lasts, at 25c each.

THEO. F. SWAN,
"Elgin's Most Popular Store."
Opera house Saturday night.

Do You Own Any of These?

- Insurance policies
- Land Contracts
- Mortgages
- Abstracts
- Deeds
- Corporation Stock
- Written agreements
- Bonds
- Chattle Mortgages
- Your will
- Keepsakes
- Pension papers
- Heirlooms

The safest place to keep such articles is in a Safe Deposit Box in our Strong Vault. Safe from fire and theft—always convenient to reach when you want them.

Two keys to each box—You carry one and we keep one. Boxes cannot be opened until both keys are used.

Ask to see our Safe Deposit Boxes—\$1.00 to \$5.00 per year.

THE EXCHANGE BANK

Deposits Guaranteed With Over \$300,000.00

D. S. BROWN, Pres. C. J. BEVAN, Cash. E. W. BROWN, Asst. Cash.

BESSIE BIDWELL, Bookkeeper

The Razor For Everyman



It is an exceedingly difficult task to please all men in the matter of shaving articles.

Yet this has been accomplished by the Gillette Safety Razor.

Every man's beard and skin are different and require individual treatment. This is possible with the Gillette because it can be adjusted to a heavy beard and tender skin, or a light beard and tough skin.

No razor without positive adjustment can give uniform service, and no safety razor has a positive adjustment except the Gillette.

Gillette Razors, Blades and Shaving Soap are for sale by

L. E. CARMICHAEL, R. P.
Phone 83

Return of the Favorite

Genoa, Thurs., May 13

Carter Bros.

Big Tent Show

Producing Their Greatest Success

"The End of The Trail"

BAND AND ORCHESTRA

2 Concerts Daily 2

Sensational Free Act in Front of

Tent at 7:30 p. m.

BY THE ST. ALLONS

\$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Notice

To George Pappas.

You are hereby notified that there is now pending in the Circuit Court of DeKalb County, in the State of Illinois, a certain suit [General No. 19082] wherein Helen Pappas is complainant and George Pappas is defendant; that a summons has been issued in said cause returnable at the Court House in Sycamore, in said county, on the first Monday of June 1915.

W. M. HAY,
Clerk of Said Court.

G. E. STOTT,
Solicitor for Complainant,
29-4t Genoa, Illinois.

Ordinance Chapter No. 81

Be it ordained by the City Council of the City of Genoa, DeKalb County, Illinois.

Section One. That ordinance Chapter No. 70 Section 7 be amended so as to read as follows, to-wit,

Each applicant shall pay to the Superintendent of Sewers at the time such application is made for connection with said sanitary sewers the sum of (50) cents per foot from the center of the Street to the outside sidewalk line, and the City of Genoa will lay the sewer from the sewer main to said walk line. Said applicant shall also pay in advance a tapping fee of two (2) dollars. In the event that said sanitary sewer is tapped in the alley the applicant shall pay to the Superintendent of sewers the sum of fifty (50) cents a foot from the center of the alley to the lot line, and the City of Genoa will lay the sewer from the sewer main to the lot line, and such applicant shall also pay in advance a tapping fee of two (2) dollars.

Section Two. All ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

Passed and approved by the City Council of the City of Genoa, Illinois this 30th., day of April A. D. 1915.

THORNTON J. HOOVER
Mayor

Attest: C. D. SCHOONMAKER
City Clerk

Taking No Chances.

At a scotch watering place one summer, Macpherson was found stretched in a contented mood on the sands, puffing his old pipe. "Come on, Mac," said his companion, who had just come from town, "let's go for a sail." "Na, na," replied Macpherson, slowly shaking his head. "I hae had a guld dinner at 'the cost' o three and saxpence, an' I'm takin' no risks."

An Englishwoman "Soldier."

The most famous Englishwoman "soldier" was Dr. James Barry, who joined the medical corps in 1813 and served at Waterloo and in Crimea. In 1858, after many promotions, she became inspector general, and it was not until many years later that the fact that she was a woman was discovered.

GENOA CANDY KITCHEN

This new Genoa enterprise will be open for business soon, possibly the last of this week. We wish to call the attention of the people of Genoa and vicinity to the fact that we will sell only pure home made ice cream and make a specialty of delicious home made candy. You will find here every thing in keeping with the pure food laws, neatness and cleanliness in all departments and always courteous treatment. We are here to stay, will strive to please and will be glad to meet you at any time.

JOHN H. HINOS
PROPRIETOR

Opening of Pictorial Review Patterns

10 and 15 Cents—None Higher

So many requests have been received during the past from the patrons of our store for

Pictorial Review Patterns

that, after thorough investigation of their merits, we have decided to sell

Pictorial Review Patterns

from now on in our establishment

The New Empire Dresses, Guimpe Dresses, Flare Skirts, Short Loose Jackets and Robes Tailleur for Serge, Cabardine and Covert Cloth, are the latest notes in Spring Fashions

April Patterns

are on sale now, also, the

Spring Fashion Book

OF Pictorial Review Patterns

Costume 6194—15c Costume 6179—15c

We recommend to all women who are not yet acquainted with the superior merits of these patterns to try one—JUST ONE. It will convince them that Pictorial Review Patterns fully deserve the reputation they are enjoying all over the country.

I. W. Douglass

USE CEMENT TILE

The efficiency of the drainage depends upon the nature of the tile used. Practical tests have proven Cement Tile is by far the most efficient and economical.

For one thing, Cement Tile is frost and weatherproof; clay tile is not. Another point is that Cement Tile will actually get better with age, while clay tile deteriorates. A third reason is that Cement Tile is always uniform in shape and thickness of walls, while clay tile warps and is consequently more difficult to lay. Yet—Cement Tile is as cheap, or cheaper, than clay tile.

Careful Drainage Means Better Crops

—and increased value to the land. Drained land can be worked earlier and easier, and produces more. Drainage is the best investment you can make.

Machine, which makes the strongest tile ever marketed, with walls of an even thickness and extra strength at the ends.

A free booklet called "Farm Drainage" will be mailed to any farmer upon request.

All our tile are made on the Dunn Tile

P. A. Quanstrong

DARK HOLLOW

By ANNA KATHARINE GREEN
(Copyright, 1914, by Dodd, Mead & Company)

SYNOPSIS.

A curious crowd of neighbors invaded the mysterious home of Judge Ostrander, county judge and eccentric recluse, following a veiled woman who had gained entrance through the gates of the high double barriers surrounding the place. The woman has disappeared but the Judge is found in a cataleptic state. Bela, his servant, appears in a dying condition and prevents entrance to a secret door. Bela dies. The Judge awakes. Miss Weeks explains to him what has occurred during his absence. He secretly discovers the whereabouts of the veiled woman. She proves to be the widow of a man tried before the Judge and electrocuted for murder years before. Her daughter is engaged to the Judge's son, from whom he is estranged, but the murder is between the lovers. She plans to clear her husband's memory and asks the Judge's aid. Alone in her room Deborah Scoville reads the newspaper clippings telling the story of the murder of Algeon Etheridge by John Scoville in Dark Hollow, twelve years before.

CHAPTER VI—Continued.

"Ah, Judge Ostrander," she exclaimed in a hasty but not ungracious greeting, "you are very punctual. I was not looking for you yet." Then, as she noted the gloom under which he was laboring, she continued with real feeling, "Indeed, I appreciate this sacrifice you have made to my wishes. It was a great deal of you to come here; but I saw no other way of making my point clear. Come over here, Peggy, and tell me a little house out of these dunes. You don't mind the child, do you, Judge? She may offer a diversion if our retreat is invaded."

The gesture of disavowal which he made was courteous but insincere. He did mind the child, but he could not explain why; besides, he must overcome such folly.

"Now," she continued as she rejoined him on the place where he had taken his stand, "I will ask you to go back with me to the hour when John Scoville left the tavern on that fatal day. I am not now on oath, but I might as well be for any slip I shall make in the exact truth. I was making pies in the kitchen, when some one came running in to say that Reuther had strayed away from the front yard. And here I found her, sir, right in the heart of these ruins. She was playing with stones just as Peggy dear is doing now. Greatly relieved, I was taking her away when I thought I heard John calling. Stepping up to the edge close behind where you are standing, sir—yes, there, where you get such a broad outlook up and down the ravine—I glanced in the direction from which I had heard his call—just wait a moment, sir; I want to know the exact time."

Stepping, she pulled out her watch and looked at it, while he, faltering up to the verge which she had pointed out, followed her movements with strange intensity as she went on to say in explanation of her act:

"The time is important, on account of a certain demonstration I am anxious to make. Now if you will lean a little forward and look where I am pointing, you will notice at the turn of the stream a spot of ground more open than the rest. Please keep your eyes on that spot, for it was there I saw at this very hour twelve years ago the shadow of an approaching figure; and it is there you will presently see one similar, if the boy I have tried to interest in this experiment does not fall me. Now, now, sir! We should see his shadow before we see him. Oh, I hope the underbrush and trees have not grown up too thick! I tried to thin them out today. Are you watching, sir?"

He seemed to be, but she dared not turn to look. Both figures leaned, intent, and in another moment she had gripped his arm and clung there.

"Did you see?" she whispered.

"Don't mind the boy; it's the shadow I wanted you to notice. Did you observe anything marked about it?"

She had drawn him back into the ruins. They were standing in that one secluded corner under the ruinous gable, and she was gazing up at him very earnestly. "Tell me, Judge," she entreated as he made no effort to answer.

With a hurried moistening of his lips, he met her look and responded, with a slight emphasis:

"The boy held a stick. I should say that he was whittling it."

"Ah!" Her tone was triumphant. "That was what I told him to do. Did you see anything else?"

"No. I do not understand this experiment or what you hope from it."

"I will tell you. The shadow which I saw at a moment very like this, twelve years ago, showed a man whittling a stick and wearing a cap with a decided peak in front. My husband wore such a cap—the only one I know of in town. What more did I need as proof that it was his shadow I saw?"

"And wasn't it?"

"Judge Ostrander, I never thought differently till after the trial—till after the earth closed over my poor husband's remains. That was why I could say nothing in his defense—why I did not believe him when he declared that he had left his stick behind him when he ran up the bluff after Reuther. But later, when it was all over, when the disgrace of his death and the necessity of seeking a home elsewhere drove me into sell-

ing the tavern and all its effects, I found something which changed my mind in this regard, and made me confident that I had done my husband a great injustice."

"You found? What do you mean by that? What could you have found?"

"His peaked cap lying in a corner of the garret. He had not worn it that day; for when he came back to be hustled off again by the crowd he was without hat of any kind, and he never returned again to his home—you know that, Judge. I had seen the shadow of some other man approaching Dark Hollow. Whose, I am in this town now to find out."

Judge Ostrander was a man of keen perception, quick to grasp an idea, quick to form an opinion. But his mind acted slowly tonight. Deborah Scoville wondered at the blankness of his gaze and the slow way in which he seemed to take in this astounding fact.

At last he found voice and with it gave some evidence of his usual acumen.

"Madam, a shadow is an uncertain foundation on which to build such an edifice as you plan. A dozen men might have come down that path with or without sticks before Mr. Etheridge reached the bridge and fell a victim to the assault which laid him low."

"I thought the time was pretty clearly settled by the hour he left your house. The sun had not set when he turned your corner on his way home. So several people said who saw him. Besides—"

"Yes; there is a 'besides.' I'm sure of it."

"I saw the tall figure of a man, whom I afterwards made sure was Mr. Etheridge, coming down Factory road on his way to the bridge when I turned about to get Reuther."

"All of which you suppressed at the trial."

"I was not questioned on this point, sir."

"Madam—he was standing very near to her now, hemming her as it were into that decaying corner—I should have a very much higher opinion of your candor if you told me the whole story."

"I have, sir."

His hands rose, one to the right-hand wall, the other to the left, and remained there with their palms resting heavily against the rotting plaster. She was more than ever hemmed in; but, though she felt a trifle frightened at his aspect, which certainly was not usual, she faced him without shrinking and in very evident surprise.

"It seems too slight a fact to mention, and, indeed, I had forgotten it till you pressed me, but after we had passed the gates and were well out on the highway, I found that Reuther had left her little pall behind her here, and we came back and got it. Did you mean that, sir?"

"I meant nothing; but I felt sure you had not told all you could about that fatal ten minutes. You came back. It is quite a walk from the road. The man whose shadow you saw must have reached the bridge by this time. What did you see then—or—hear?"

"Nothing. Absolutely nothing, Judge. I was intent on finding the judge's pall, and having found it I hurried back home all the faster."

"And tragedy was going on or was just completed, in plain sight from this gap!"

"I have no doubt, sir; and if I had looked, possibly John might have been saved."

The silence following this was broken by a crash and a little cry. Peggy's house had tumbled down.

The small incident was a relief. Both assumed more natural postures.

"So the shadow is your great and only point," remarked the Judge.

"I shall not desist, Judge Ostrander."

"You are going to pursue this jack-o'-lantern?"

"I am determined to. If you deny me aid and advice I shall seek another counselor. John's name must be vindicated."

He gave her a look, turned and glanced down at the child piling stone on stone and whimpering just a little when they fell.

"Watch that baby for a while," he remarked, "and you will learn the lesson of most human endeavor. Madam, I have a proposition to make you. You cannot wish to remain at the inn, nor can you be long happy separated from your daughter. I have lost Bela. I do not know how, nor would I be willing, to replace him by another servant. I need a housekeeper; some one devoted to my interests and who will not ask me to change my habits too materially. Will you accept the position, if I add as an inducement my desire to have Reuther also as an inmate of my home? This does not mean that I countenance or in any way anticipate her union with my son. I do not; but any other advantages she may desire she shall have. I will not be strict with her."

Deborah Scoville was never more taken aback in her life. The recluse opening his doors to two women! The man of mystery flinging aside the restraints of years to harbor an inno-

cence which he refused to let weigh against the claims of a son he had seen fit to banish from his heart and home!

"You may take time to think of it," he continued, as he watched the confused emotions change from moment to moment the character of her mobile features. "I shall not have my affairs adjusted for such a change before a week. If you accept I shall be very grateful. If you decline I shall close up my two rear gates, and go into solitary seclusion. I can cook a meal if I have to."

And she saw that he would do it; saw and wondered still more.

"I shall have to write to Reuther," she murmured. "How soon do you want my decision?"

"In four days."

"I am too disturbed to thank you, Judge. Should—should we have to keep the gates locked?"

"No. But you would have to keep out unwelcome intruders. And the rights of my library will have to be respected. In all other regards I should wish, under these new circumstances, to live as other people live. I have been very lonely these past twelve years."

"I will think about it."

"And you may make note of these two conditions: Oliver's name is not to be mentioned in my hearing, and you and Reuther are to be known by your real names."

"You would—"

"Yes, madam. No secrecy is to be maintained in future as to your identity or my reasons for desiring you in my house. I need a housekeeper and you please me. That you have a past to forget and Reuther a disappointment to overcome gives additional point to the arrangement."

Her answer was:

"I cannot take back what I have said about my determined purpose." In repeating this she looked up at him askance.

He smiled. She remembered that smile long after the interview was over and only its memory remained.

Dearest Mother:

Where could we go that disgrace would not follow us? Let us then accept the Judge's offer. I am the more inclined to do this because of the possible hope that some day he may come to care for me and allow me to make life a little brighter for him. The fact that for some mysterious reason he feels himself cut off from all intercourse with his son, may prove a bond of sympathy between us. I, too, am cut off from all companionship with Oliver. Between us also a wall is raised. Do not mind that tear-drop, mamma. It is the last.

Kisses for my comforter. Come soon.—REUTHER.

Over this letter Deborah Scoville sat for two hours, then she rang for Mrs. Yardley.

The maid who answered her summons surveyed her in amazement. It



"If You Deny Me I Shall Seek Another Counselor."

was the first time that she had seen her uncovered face.

Mrs. Yardley was not long in coming up.

"Mrs. Averill—" she began, in a kind of fluster, as she met her strange guest's eye.

But she got no further. That guest had a correction to make.

"My name is not Averill," she protested. "You must excuse the temporary deception. It is Scoville. I once occupied your present position in this house."

Mrs. Yardley had heard all about the Scovilles; and, while a flush rose to her cheeks, her eyes snapped with sudden interest.

"Ah!" came in quick exclamation, followed, however, by an apologetic cough and the somewhat forced and conventional remark: "You find the place changed, no doubt?"

"Very much so, and for the better, Mrs. Yardley." Then, with a straightforward meeting of the other's eye, she quietly added, "I am going to live

with Judge Ostrander, Mrs. Yardley—keep house for him, myself and daughter. His man is dead and he feels very helpless. I hope that I shall be able to make him comfortable."

Mrs. Yardley's face was a study. In all her life she had never heard news that surprised her more. In another moment she had accepted the situation, like the very sensible woman she was, and Mrs. Scoville had the satisfaction of seeing the promise of real friendly support in the smile with which Mrs. Yardley remarked:

"It's a good thing for you and a very good thing for the Judge. It may shake him out of his habit of seclusion. If it does, you will be the city's benefactor. Good luck to you, madam. And you have a daughter, you say?"

After Mrs. Yardley's departure Mrs. Scoville, as she now expected herself to be called, sat for a long time brooding. There was one thing more to be accomplished. She set about it that evening.

Valled, but in black now, she went into town. Getting down at the corner of Colburn avenue and Perry street, she walked a short distance on Perry, then rang the bell of an attractive-looking house of moderate dimensions. Being admitted, she asked to see Mr. Black, and for an hour sat in close conversation with him. Then she took a trolley car which carried her into the suburbs. When she alighted, it was unusually late for a woman to be out alone; but she had very little physical fear, and walked on steadily enough for a block or two till she came to a corner, where a high fence loomed forbiddingly between her and a house so dark that it was impossible to distinguish between its chimneys and the encompassing trees.

Was she quite alone in the seemingly quiet street? She could hear no one, save no one. A lamp burned in front of Miss Weeks' small house, but the road it illumined, the one running down to the ravine, showed only darkened houses.

She had left the corner and was passing the gate of the Ostrander homestead, when she heard, coming from some distant point within, a low and peculiar sound which held her immovable for a moment, then sent her on shuddering.

It was the sound of hammering.

Hearing this sound and locating it where she did, she remembered, with a quick inner disturbance, that the Judge's house held a secret; a secret of such import to its owner that the dying Bela had sought to preserve it at the cost of his life.

Oh, she had heard all about that! The gossip at Claymore Inn had been great, and nothing had been spared her curiosity. There was something in this house which it behooved the Judge to secrete from sight yet more completely before her own and Reuther's entrance, and he was at work upon it now, hammering with his own hand while other persons slept! No wonder she edged her way along the fence with a shrinking, yet persistent, step. She was circling her future home and that house held a mystery.

As she groped her way along, she had ample opportunity to hear again the intermittent sounds of the hammer, and to note that they reached their maximum at a point where the ell of the Judge's study approached the fences.

Rat-tat-tat; rat-tat-tat. She hated the sound even while she whispered to herself:

"It is just some household matter he is at work upon—re-hanging pictures or putting up shelves. It can be nothing else."

Yet on laying her ear to the fence she felt her sinister fears return; and, with shrinking glances into the darkness which told her nothing, she added in fearful murmur to herself:

"What am I taking Reuther into? I wish I knew. I wish I knew." (TO BE CONTINUED.)

ROYAL IN ITS MAGNIFICENCE

"Founder's Room" in Pittsburgh Carnegie Library is a Splendid Apartment.

A recent report of the Pittsburgh Carnegie library contains a picture of the "founder's room," of which a writer in the Boston Evening Transcript says:

"It seems to be a vast apartment, about fifty or sixty yards long and nearly as wide. It has indirect lighting and a flagged floor, upon which one might play hopscotch if one felt inclined. There are four or five thrones in the room, one on each side of the fireplace, and there is a table with a lamp on it. The room is very magnificent; it has all the spaciousness and discomfort of a royal palace."

"What Mr. Carnegie does in this room we are not told. There are no sleeping accommodations, unless one of the thrones is really a folding bed. It does not look cozy enough to use for an office."

Infantile Paralysis.

A famous German physician proves that infantile paralysis is often carried from one household to another by domestic animals, such as chickens, ducks and cows.

LATEST IN COIFFURES

DECREES CHANGE IN PARTING OF THE HAIR.

Calls for Considerable Skill in Arrangement—Open Psyche Knot Is General—Tresses Must Be Neat in the Back.

A fashion that has been shelved is the parting of the hair in front or at the side, although there is a definite line of carrying the hair from left to right, or right to left. That is the difference between the coiffure of 1880 and today. Sleek as the hair is, it goes across the head sideways, especially in the back, where it is drawn up into a French twist that has all been plinned flat and straightened out, so that there will be no bulge in the smooth line of the head.

There is no fashion against the outlining of this flat French twist by a long ornamental comb, but that is only possible in the evening, and many fashionable women prefer to do without it.

There is great skill in the way the hair is brushed across the head and twisted into flatness and it is this style of coiffure which is the most difficult for a woman to arrange herself. It is better done when the hair is slightly marcelled, to give it body. This is not possible if a woman has heavy long hair, which so many Americans possess. If she waves it, she also thickens it and is compelled to work out something original with the long ends.

As she must dispose of these left-overs in some fashion, the law allows her to roll them into an open Psyche knot on top of the head. In the evening she can catch this knot down with two small ornamental pins, preferably of jet, and in the daytime the small turban will fit neatly over the knot.

The one law that must not be broken in the coiffure of the day is the straight, clean line upward from the nape of the neck to the lower edge of the crown. Short hairs are apt to make this line broken and



Tunic of Black Tulle Over Satin; Wide Girdle of Jet and Turquoise.

uneven, and as the barrette is not fashionable, the twisting sideways of the hair must begin first there, and the loose hairs are held into place by invisible pins, or two small pins of shell in the color of the hair.

A woman will find that by lapping one side of the hair well over on the other, and pinning it down, she will have less trouble with all uneven locks.

Above all she must not let the hair sag over its line of growth. No mat-

MADE PRETTY WITH RIBBON

Waist of Sand-Colored Net Effectively Adorned—Design for Panama-Pacific Exposition.

A waist of sand-colored net has a high collar, long sleeves and plain center front with a ruffle of the net side plaited down the edge. Over this is a short bolero of faller ribbon twelve inches wide of fancy stripes, the stripes matching at the shoulder and underarm seams, the seams running diagonally from under the arm toward the front. The edges of the bolero are stitched to the net. Points of the ribbon edged with the net plaiting are used to edge the seams and cuffs. Velours tinsel, broche, striped or printed ribbon could be used for such a bolero.

Sweet grass circles are put in the bottom of ribbon bags, which are made in every shape and size of one, two or three different kinds of ribbon. They are filled at the top with a silk cord or ribbon hanger. Bags made of ribbon are covered with gold net.

A special ribbon has been originated in honor of the Panama-Pacific exposition. It is a wonderful piece of weaving, with the design of a beautiful bouquet formed of flowers adopted by different states of the Union possessing a state flower. The design required over five thousand jacquard cards, which means the number of times the twenty-six shuttles travel across each wrap, the required number for this design. It will be an interesting and educational study to see all the state flowers at once and to learn which is which. The design of the flowers is perfect.

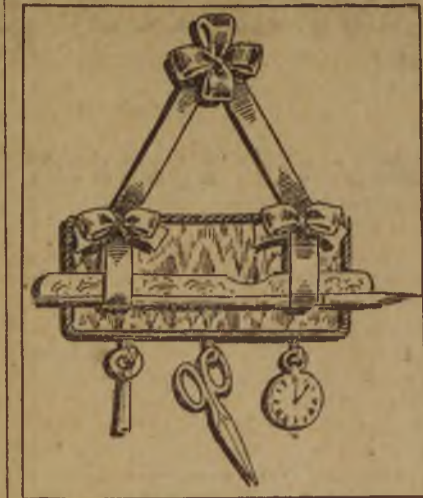
ter what law she breaks with the front of her hair, she must keep it straight and neat in the back. (Copyright, 1915, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

HELPS TO KEEP TABLE TIDY

All Manner of Small Utensils May Be Kept in Little Article That Is Quite Easy to Make.

Our sketch shows a useful little novelty for hanging up by the side of the writing table, and it will in a great measure help to keep the table tidy. It is quite easy to make.

A piece of stiff cardboard, measuring 7 inches in length and 3 1/4 inches in width, will be required. This card is covered on both sides with pale gray silk, the material being stretched



Useful Little Novelty.

tightly across and sewn together at the edges, which are afterwards finished off with a fine silk cord. To the lower edge three dress hooks are sewn on and they are covered with narrow ribbon twisted round and round them.

For suspending this little article from a nail in the wall, a loop of ribbon with a smart rosette bow at the top is sewn on at the back. In front there are two small loops of ribbon with bows above them, into which paper-knives, pens, pencils, etc., may be slipped and held in position in the manner shown. The hooks underneath will be found very useful in many ways, and possibly the key of the clock, a small pair of scissors and a watch may be hung upon them.

TO MAKE FLORAL BUTTONS

May Be Constructed to Harmonize With Any Part of the Costume to Be Worn.

Floral does not allude to the shape of the buttons, but to their color, which is chosen to harmonize with gown, blouse, coat or hat. Take fresh breadcrumbs and carefully grate them with a nutmeg grater into light flakes. To every four heaped teaspoonsful of the flaked crumbs add a level teaspoonful of suitable sachet powder. Rose sachet answers for buttons in dark red, rose pink and pale pink. Heliotrope sachet is used for various tones in that color.

A fixative is made from one heaping tablespoonful of white flour, into which has been mixed gradually and free from lumps one-half cupful of cold water. Let stand 24 hours in a warm place. When ready to use, mix carefully. Add to the perfumed breadcrumbs enough fixative to make a paste stiff enough to be handled. Now add a few drops of vegetable coloring and mix.

Cut the paste into the desired size for the buttons and mold into shape. Dip tiny beads into glue and pat into the button with the aid of a needle. Take some fine white covered hat wire, make a small loop and twist the two ends together to form a point to be inserted into the paste. Dip the point in glue and insert in the paste. Place the completed buttons in a box in a dry place for a week.

DAINTY AFTERNOON DRESS



A Beer Model of Gray Taffeta With a White Pique Vest, Full Ruffled Skirt and Organdy Gumpes. The Parasol is a Gray Silk Canopy Shape With Plaited Edging and Black Handle.

TEMPERANCE NOTES

(Conducted by the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union.)

"THE LAST LAUGH."

An article under the above caption has been going the rounds of the press. It assails William Allen White's story, "What's the Matter With Kansas?" published some time since in the Saturday Evening Post. "Mr. White," it said, "boasted about the big crops of Kansas, the per capita wealth of Kansas, the number of automobiles in Kansas, and almost succeeded in making everyone believe that Kansas was wholly rich as well as richly holy. But he overdid it. And his home town, Emporia, is the goat. For years the College of Emporia has been largely supported by means of donations from wealthy Easterners, who imagined they were assisting a poor little college on the wind-swept prairies." When these rich patrons read Mr. White's clever but misleading article they withdrew their subscriptions. This year the college must look to home for the annual donation of \$200,000, which used to come out of the East."

The National W. C. T. U. Bureau of Publicity forwarded the article to Mr. White and in reply he says:

"I have received, I should say, a dozen or fifteen clippings from all over the United States exactly like the one you sent. The clippings was sent out by the liquor interests through the National Clipping bureau, and there is no truth whatever in the statement. It is pure fiction."

Mr. White sends also the following statement written for the public by the president of the college:

"TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

"I have learned that certain selfish interests are circulating a story that the College of Emporia has lost donations and subscriptions in the East, due to an article in The Saturday Evening Post on the prohibition situation in Kansas, written by William Allen White. I wish to say there is absolutely no foundation for this story.

"Very truly yours,

"HENRY COE CULBERTSON,
"President College of Emporia."

In a personal letter to Mr. White, a copy of which is also in the hands of the W. C. T. U. Publicity bureau, Mr. Culbertson deals with the college financial affairs in detail. We quote:

"The article to which you call my attention is utterly absurd. Neither the College of Emporia nor Washburn college ever received 'an annual donation of \$200,000' from the East. So far as I can ascertain, during the entire thirty-two years' existence of the College of Emporia, this institution has not received as much as \$65,000 in all, for all purposes, buildings, endowment and current expenses, from persons living outside the state. This is an average of about two thousand dollars per year. Almost all of our endowment, and the money to erect our buildings, as well as the money to meet our current expense budget of \$40,000 per year, has come from the gifts of the people in this prohibition state of Kansas.

Even if it cost us \$200,000 or any other amount in possible gifts, our faculty, officers and trustees would still endorse most emphatically the prohibition policy, which we believe involves the moral and social welfare of our state and nation."

TEMPERANCE INSURANCE.

"It may interest abstainers to know," says the Temperance Leader, "that in 1840 an application was received by an English insurance company for a policy on the life of an abstainer, and the directors of the company decided to charge ten per cent. more than the ordinary premium, because they looked upon the applicant as thin and watery, and as mentally cranked in that he repudiated the good creatures of God as found in alcoholic drinks. As the result of this action, he, with his friends, founded the first temperance insurance company in Britain, and himself lived to the age of eighty-two."

LIQUOR REVENUE NOT NEEDED.

"Only last year there was expended in Raleigh for the construction of residences, business institutions and public buildings the stupendous sum of \$1,459,221," declared Hon. M. L. Shipman, commissioner of labor for North Carolina, in a recent address. "And the beauty of it all is that not a dollar of this money was realized from either the sale or manufacture of intoxicating liquors. I am informed that the loss of revenue formerly received from the dispensary once in operation here has long since been counteracted by a legitimate increase of taxable values."

SALOONS ARE MISSING.

If we could construct our own railroad, we could today enjoy a journey from old Virginia on the Atlantic to sunny California on the far Pacific without passing through an inch of territory where the saloon is legalized.—Anna A. Gordon, President National W. C. T. U.

NATURALLY.

Willie—Paw, where do jail-birds come from? They are raised by the larks, and swallows, my son.

FARMER'S WIFE TOO ILL TO WORK

A Weak, Nervous Sufferer
Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Kasota, Minn.—"I am glad to say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done more for me than anything else, and I had the best physician here. I was so weak and nervous that I could not do my work and suffered with pains low down in my right side for a year or more. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and now I feel like a different person. I believe there is nothing like Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for weak women and young girls, and I would be glad if I could influence anyone to try the medicine, for I know it will do all much more than it is claimed to do."—Mrs. CLARA FRANKS, R. F. D. No. 1, Maplecrest Farm, Kasota, Minn.



Women who suffer from those distressing ills peculiar to their sex should be convinced of the ability of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to restore their health by the many genuine and truthful testimonials we are constantly publishing in the newspapers.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

About the hardest work in the world is to get along without any.

This Will Interest Mothers.
Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children for Feverishness, Headache, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and destroy worms. They break up Colic in 24 hours. They are so pleasant to take children like them. Used by mothers for 25 years. All Druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Ad. Dress: A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

If a lazy man has nowhere to go, he ought to go to work.

WHY NOT GROW SOME GOOD SWEET CORN?



Cultivating a Field of Corn.

Most people buy any kind of sweet corn seed that comes handy, put it into the ground indifferently, hoe it occasionally and "let it go at that."

The result of this sort of planting and cultivation is naturally not the best. There are many varieties of sweet corn seed to select from, and the best for one's own garden can best be told by observing the results of other gardens.

There is great strife among seed dealers to produce the earliest varieties, but this development is resulting in a great deal of early seed that is subject to smut.

There are some varieties which will produce ripe corn in 55 days, but as a rule, two months is as early as one should expect corn from the time of planting.

Next to the seed the preparation of the ground is of the greatest importance. The ground should be plowed deeply and should have had a coat of well rotted manure the previous fall.

It will not do to simply smooth over the top of the soil. It should be thoroughly pulverized to the depth of eight to twelve inches. To do this requires a considerable amount of spading and raking.

When the soil is in the condition of the finest portion of your garden, then plant your seed in rows 30 inches apart, one seed in a place, and cover lightly.

Then it is necessary to keep the surface of the soil very fine all through the growing season in order to keep the moisture from evaporating.

Do not wait until the weeds grow higher than the corn before attacking them. Use the rake as soon as they make their first appearance and then keep after them with rake and hoe and hands until the corn matures.

If this practice is carefully followed, one may be agreeably surprised in the improvement of his crop, even from seed that has hitherto proved disappointing.

FERTILIZERS AND SOILS FOR ONIONS

Heavy Clays, Hillsides and Stony Land Should Be Avoided—Old Muck Lands Best.

(By J. T. GRAINGER.)

The best soil for onions is a rich, well-drained loam. Heavy clays, hill sides and stony land should be avoided. Onion soil cannot be too rich.

Excellent crops are grown on deep, rich, muck lands that have been under cultivation for three or four years. Such lands should contain a fair mixture of sand. New, raw muck lands give poor returns.

The ground for onions should be heavily manured before the preceding year and be practically free from weed seed. It is a great mistake to grow onions on weedy or run-down land.

The following which relates to growing onions on a large scale also applies to garden growing.

A rather firm seed bed which results from fall plowing is desirable and gives the best results. A second crop of clover, heavily fertilized with barnyard manure and turned under in the fall followed by potatoes the next year, makes an excellent preparation for onions the second year.

A heavy top dressing of well rotted barnyard manure or compost should be applied in the spring, and well worked into the soil. After this, a complete commercial fertilizer analyzing 4 per cent nitrogen, 8 per cent available phosphorus and 10 per cent potash should be applied.

This fertilizer formula is very popular with large onion growers, and it should be put on broadcast and thick. If the ground is in a high state of cultivation the commercial fertilizer may replace in part, the barnyard manure. A top dressing of ashes and hen manure might also replace in part the commercial fertilizers.

Very successful growers use them all and in addition nitrate of soda applied broadcast in three or four applications during the growing season.

Wood ashes constitute one of the best forms of potash fertilizers and should be carefully kept under shelter away from the rains.

It is well to bear in mind that it costs just as much to seed and cultivate a crop of onions that yields 300 bushels to the acre as it does to grow a crop yielding 800 to 1,000 bushels. And further that the land once properly prepared can be used for growing onions year after year unless insects or diseases come in.

Incubator Hint.

Set some hens when setting the incubator; this will give you eggs with which to fill vacant places after testing. If you do not have these eggs, then fill vacant place with cloth or paper, as open spaces on the egg tray make it a difficult matter to keep the thermometer at right heat. Don't leave the doors open when airing the eggs; don't let the eggs chill while airing. If the incubator room is cold you must make the airing a short one.

Plant for Cultivation.

Always plant the vegetables so that cultivation with a horse will be possible, as this is essential if the production costs are to be kept down. There must be plenty of hand work done in truck growing in any case, and the costs will be high enough even if horse labor is used to the limit.

SCARECROW THAT WILL SCARE CROWS

Ordinary Device, in Most Cases, Does Not Serve Purpose—New Idea Is Suggested.

(By R. A. GALLIHER.)

The ordinary scarecrow, consisting of a pair of old trousers, coat and hat, which adorns so many cornfields after planting time, does not, in most cases, serve the desired purpose; but is regarded by Mr. Crow as a notice which plainly says: "Here's a place to get your free lunch," and he gets it, too.

But there is such a thing as making a scarecrow that will scare, and here is the way to do it.

Take a box about fifteen inches long by ten inches square. Place this box near the cornfield fence, having one end of the box open, and a "hen's nest" in the other end, in which put two or three fresh eggs.

In the open end of the box set a small steel trap, covering it with fine dry grass or leaves. Then place an egg about two feet from the box, in such a position that when Mr. Crow is in the act of getting this egg he can easily see the ones in the nest.

The second trip he makes for eggs is generally the last one. Now you can catch one crow in this manner, but one is sufficient; for he will at once get busy giving out danger signals that will be heeded by all other crows for miles around.

Don't be in a hurry about releasing him, for the longer he is in the trap the better opportunity he has of circulating the news of his imprisonment.

Unless his legs are broken or he is otherwise injured, it is best to let him go, and not kill him.

No danger of this one coming back, and the whole crow family will steer clear of that cornfield all season.

VEGETABLES MUST NOT BE CROWDED

Much Garden Stuff Ruined by Not Being Thinned Out—Much Nerve Required.

Do not be afraid to thin out your plants—they must not be crowded. Probably more garden stuff has been ruined for want of being thinned at the proper time than by any other cause.

However that may be, one of the most puzzling things for the beginner is to find out whether any particular vegetable should be thinned or transplanted, and how far apart the plants should stand afterward.

He will get some help from the catalogues as to the distances, but whether he should transplant or thin is the kind of thing that is not in the book.

It requires a great deal of nerve to pull up and destroy the unnecessary seedling—more nerve than the amateur possesses. They say that a person never becomes a good gardener until he steels his nerve to this ruthless sacrifice.

A vegetable must have plenty of room to develop its best size and flavor, and no one can take pride in small or commonplace vegetables. True it is that "the worst weed in corn is corn."

TERROR TO PUGILISTS, HIS WIFE BEATS HIM

Boxer Admits She Made Him "Take Count," So Seeks Divorce.

New York.—Johnny Dundee, light-weight prize fighter, who has antagonized to the count many an antagonist of the ring, says he is no match for his wife, who, according to charges he has filed, has made it unsafe for him to longer live with her.

Dundee put his alleged grievances in affidavit form and attached the affidavit to his complaint in a suit for separation filed in the supreme court. The action is recorded as being brought by Joseph Carrero, Dundee's real name, against Lucille Carrero.

He says he was married on June 26, 1912, and one child was born. This is Lucille, now two years old. Almost from the day of the wedding, Dundee



Beat Him When Things Went Wrong.

alleges, his wife made trouble for him. Often he forgave her on her promise to mend her habit of beating him when things went wrong.

"She committed acts of violence against the plaintiff," the affidavit runs, "striking him over the head with china dishes, shoes and bric-a-brac, and more particularly almost daily during the month of February last and daily from then to March 10 she did strike and beat the plaintiff over his head with dishes while he was asleep."

It was on March 10 that Dundee says, he decided he could stand it no longer and would bring suit.

"BILL" IS LANDED AT LAST

Persistent Practical Joker Expected a Pig, Express Company Delivered Porcupine.

Milwaukee.—Bill Rood, train crier at the Union depot, has at last had "slipped over." He admitted it as he gazed sadly upon the fretful and undesirable porcupine which cost him \$2.10 in express charges.

Bill has enjoyed the reputation of being the most persistent practical joker in railroad circles, and it has been the boast that he himself was immune.

One night he expected a young pig from a farmer friend up in the state. A large box arrived. Bill cheerfully paid the express charges. What was his surprise to find the angry, quill-shooting spine hog instead. But he was equal to the occasion and sent the porcupine out again on the 4:50 train to a friend miles away.

WOMAN KILLS 13 WILD CATS

Washington Matron Hunts Animals for the Bounty Paid by the County.

Tacoma, Wash.—Mrs. O. G. Shaw of Electron, the only woman hunter of the county who tackles wild cats in their lair, brought her first trophy this season to County Auditor Morris' office and received the bounty of \$5 allowed under the law.

Mrs. Shaw brought in a dozen pelts of wild cats last year and was paid bounties on them. One of the cats she killed while driving along a country road in her automobile. The animal stepped out in front of the machine. Throwing on the brakes, Mrs. Shaw brought out her rifle and killed the cat.

Amiable Husband, This.

New York.—In her suit for separation Mrs. Henry F. McNamara says her husband had the photographs of 40 girls in his room and that he threatened to parboil her when she removed some of them.

Sun Set House Afire.

Neenah, Wis.—A house owned by Jacob Rhyner, Mensha resident, was threatened with destruction when the sun, shining through a bottle of spring water that had been left on the porch, set the building on fire.

Time to Quit.

New York.—"I was a Kernal in the Nut Club doing Nutting," said Harry Brown, a singer, charged with drawing a big crowd on Broadway. He was freed by Magistrate Nolan on his promise to abstain.

W. L. DOUGLAS

MEN'S \$2.50 \$3 \$3.50 \$4.00 \$4.50 \$5 \$5.50 SHOES
WOMEN'S \$2.00 \$2.50 \$3.00 \$3.50 & \$4.00 SHOES
BOYS' \$1.75 \$2 \$2.50 \$3.00 MISSES' \$2.00 & \$2.50

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY BY WEARING W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

W. L. Douglas shoes are made of the best domestic and imported leathers, on the latest models, carefully constructed by the most expert last and pattern makers in this country. No other make of equal prices, can compete with W. L. Douglas shoes for style, workmanship and quality. As comfortable, easy walking shoes they are unsurpassed.

The \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00 shoes will give as good service as other makes costing \$4.00 to \$5.00. The \$4.50, \$5.00 and \$5.50 shoes compare favorably with other makes costing \$6.00 to \$8.00. There are many men and women wear shoes. Consult them and they will tell you that Douglas shoes cannot be excelled for value.

CAUTION! When buying W. L. Douglas shoes, look for the name stamped on the bottom. Shoes thus stamped are always worth the price paid for them. For 25 years W. L. Douglas has guaranteed their value and protected the wearer against high priced imitations. The name W. L. Douglas is stamped on the bottom before they leave the factory. Do not be deceived by any other make claimed to be just as good. You are paying your money and are entitled to the best. If your dealer cannot supply you, write for Illustrated Catalog showing how to order by mail. W. L. Douglas, 210 Spark St., Boston, Mass.



If you could visit the W. L. Douglas factory at Brockton, Mass., and see how carefully the shoes are made, and the high grade leathers used, you would then understand why they look and fit better, hold their shape and wear longer than other makes for the price.

W. L. Douglas shoes are sold through 60 stores in the large cities and shoe dealers everywhere.

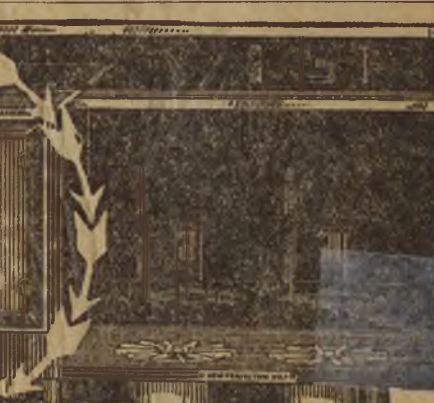
John Ruskin
BEST AND BIGGEST Cigar 5¢
PROFIT SHARING VOUCHER on the hand of each JOHN RUSKIN CIGAR
Profit sharing catalog free on request. If your dealer cannot supply you with JOHN RUSKIN'S, write us and send us your dealer's name.
I. Lewis Cigar Mfg. Co., Newark, N. J. Independent Manufacturers

6% AND SERVICE SAFETY FIRST
Your money cannot earn 15% with assured security. But it can earn 6% when invested in "BONFOEY REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES." These loans are recognized as standard investment circles. Write for Booklet W. BONFOEY LOAN & INVESTMENT CO., 815-818 State National Bank Bldg., Oklahoma City, Okla.

CASTORIA
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* In Use For Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria
Singing our own praises seldom gets us an encore.

Paxtine
A Soluble Antiseptic Powder to be dissolved in water as needed For Douches
In the local treatment of woman's ills, such as leucorrhoea and inflammation, hot douches of Paxtine are very efficacious. No woman who has ever used medicated douches will fail to appreciate the clean and healthy condition Paxtine produces and the prompt relief from soreness and discomfort which follows its use. This is because Paxtine possesses superior cleansing, disinfecting and healing properties.
For ten years the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. has recommended Paxtine in their private correspondence with women, which proves its superiority. "Women who have been relieved say it is 'worth its weight in gold.'" At druggists, 50c. large box or by mail. Sample free. The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

BLACK LOSSES SURELY PREVENTED BY CUTLER'S BLEACHING PINK.
Western stockmen, because large quantities of their animals are wintered, write for booklet and instructions. 10-cent page. Bleaching Pink 50c. 25c. large box or by mail. Sample free. The superiority of Cutler's products is due to over 10 years of specializing in various and serious only. The Cutler Laboratory, Berkeley, Cal., or Chicago, Ill.



Keeps the Heat in the Oven and Out of the Kitchen

"Fireless" and Range Combined—The secret is in the insulated oven, which seals in the heat just like a fireless cook stove. A turn of the damper does it—changing your range into the best and easiest used "fireless" ever invented. This "fireless" oven is the big, new feature of the NEW PERFECTION, the finest range you can put in your kitchen. Has a cabinet top with a spacious warming shelf and plenty of room behind the burners for keeping food hot.

3 Kinds of Cooking

This insulated oven cooks three ways. You can adjust the flame for the quickest kind of quick baking, or the slow, steady kind you need for baking bread and roasting meats. Seal the oven and turn out the flame and it keeps an even, steady heat for six or seven hours—this is your fireless. The insulation keeps the heat on the oven and out of the kitchen—a blessing.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (AN INDIANA CORPORATION) Chicago, Ill.

Backache Is a Warning
Thousands suffer kidney ills unawares—not knowing that the backache, headaches and dull, nervous, dizzy, all three conditions are often due to kidney weakness alone. Anybody who suffers constantly from backache should suspect the kidneys. Some irregularity of the secretions may give just the needed proof. Doan's Kidney Pills have been curing backache and sick kidneys for over fifty years.

An Iowa Case
Mrs. John Mark, Every Picture Tells a Story
411 E. Fourth St., Muscatine, Iowa, says: "My kidneys were weak, causing bad attacks of backache and nervousness. I had dizzy spells and the kidney secretions bothered me. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me in five weeks. I can't be too grateful."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Warner's Safe Remedies
have proved their worth as superior medicines by more than 37 years' world-wide use. They have given remarkable results in the treatment of numberless and almost helpless cases. Warner's Safe Remedies are carefully prepared and absolutely pure.

If you are afflicted with any of these diseases, we will send a sample free, or you may procure full size packages from your druggist. Following are the remedies: Each for a purpose.

- 1—Warner's Safe Remedy for the Kidneys and Liver. 50c. and \$1.00
- 2—Warner's Safe Rheumatic Remedy \$1.25
- 3—Warner's Safe Diabetes Remedy \$1.25
- 4—Warner's Safe Nerve. 50c. and \$1.00
- 5—Warner's Safe Asthma Remedy .75
- 6—Warner's Safe Pills .25

Warner's Safe Remedies Co.
Rochester, N. Y.

Constipation Vanishes Forever
Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion, improve the complexion, brighten the eyes. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.
Genuine must bear Signature
Warranted

PARKER'S HAIR BALMS
A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c. and \$1.00 at Druggists.

KINGSTON NEWS

FRED P. SMITH, CORRESPONDENT

John Helsdon of DeKalb was a visitor here last week.

Dallar Ball was a Belvidere visitor one day this week.

Miss Gladys Burgess spent the week end in Hampshire as the guest of Mrs. Earl Cook.

Mrs. Maggie Bradford and daughter, Maude, were visitors in Sycamore the first of the week.

Mrs. Edith Bell returned home Sunday from Chicago where she had spent the past two weeks.

Mrs. Rebecka Burke has returned to Kingston from a several days' visit with relatives at Rockford.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Helsdon and daughter, Nina Ruth, of Chicago are guests of relatives here this week.

Mrs. Sarah Wyllys is spending several days at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Mattie Sisson, at DeKalb.

Miss Irene Ackerman of Chicago is the guest at the home of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. C. Ackerman.

Mrs. Floyd Hubler and son, John, of Rockford are visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Ortt.

A miscellaneous shower was given in honor of Mrs. Robert Helsdon Tuesday evening at the home of her mother, Mrs. Nina Moore, on East St. About twenty-five young people were present. She was presented with several nice and useful gifts.

The following services will be conducted in the Kingston Baptist church next Sunday, May 9, 1915, by the pastor, J. W. Green:

10:00 a. m. Sunday school, 11:00 a. m. preaching service. Subject of the sermon will be, "Contrary Winds". 7:30 p. m. evening service, "Old Testament Prodigal". A cordial invitation is extended to the public to attend these services.

On Monday evening, May 3rd, the new members of the Board of Trustees at Kingston took their places and the following committees were appointed:

Street, alleys and walks—F. P. Smith, L. H. Branch and R. S. Tazewell. Finance—Dr. E. C. Burton, F. H. Wilson and Benj. Knappenberger. Health—President, O. W. Vickell; Clerk, Jacob Heckman and Dr. E. C. Burton. It was voted to place signs at the village limits, warning automobiles and motor cycles to obey the state law in regard to speed.

Moore-Helsdon

The marriage of Miss Ida Marie Moore and Mr. Robert Walter Helsdon was solemnized Wednesday, April 28, 1915, at 8:00 p. m. in the Presbyterian parsonage at Belvidere, Ill., by Rev. W. T. McKee. The bridal couple were attended by Mr. and Mrs. George P. Helsdon of Belvidere, the former being a brother of the groom. The bride is a daughter of Mrs. Nina Moore of Kingston and has lived here all her life, winning many friends. For about the past six years she has been employed as telephone operator at the Kingston Exchange of the DeKalb Co. Telephone Co.

The groom is a son of Mr. and Mrs. John Helsdon, also of King-

ston. He has lived here nearly all his life. Congratulations are extended to him. Mr. Helsdon is employed as freight brakeman on the C. M. & St. P. Railroad. At present Mr. and Mrs. Helsdon will live in Kingston, later moving to Chicago.

Ordinance Chapter No. 83

Be it ordained by the City Council of the City of Genoa, DeKalb County, Illinois;

Section One. That there shall be and is hereby constituted a Board of Local Improvements, consisting of the Mayor, who shall be the President of such Board, and two additional members to be appointed by the City Council from its own number, who shall, until otherwise provided by ordinance, constitute the other members of said Board.

Section Two. That C. H. Smith and J. H. Danforth shall be and are hereby appointed as such additional members.

Passed by the City Council of the said City of Genoa, DeKalb County, Illinois April 30th., 1915.

P. A. QUANSTRONG

Mayor

Attest: L. F. SCOTT

City Clerk

Aluminum Kitchen Ware Specially Priced at Theo. F. Swan's

For this week Friday and Saturday we offer a big lot of aluminum ware, including sauce kettles in 4, 6 and 8 quart sizes, large covered sauce pans and Berlin kettles, all in finest quality 99 per cent pure aluminum, in Wear Ever, Viko and other standard makes, none less than regular \$1.00 value, all at 89c for choice. On sale in our big second floor housewares section.

THEO. F. SWAN.

"Elgin's Most Popular Store."

For Burns and Scalds.

Apply glycerin and flour, the latter heaped on the affected part to keep off the air. On this put a good pad of cotton wool and bandage.

Ordinance Chapter No. 82

Be it ordained by the City of Genoa, DeKalb County, Illinois.

Section 1. That ordinance Chapter No. 63 Section 2 be amended so as to read as follows, to-wit:

"Office of City Marshall created-term-bond-salary. There is hereby created the office of City Marshall. The term of said office is hereby fixed at one year commencing on the first day of May in each year. Said City Marshall shall be appointed by the Mayor, by and with the advice and consent of the City Council, and shall hold his office for said term and until his successor shall be appointed and qualify. Before entering upon his duties as such city marshal he shall execute a bond to said City in the penal sum of One Thousand Dollars, conditioned as by law provided. He shall receive as compensation a salary at the rate of Ten (10) Dollars per month. Said city marshal shall be on duty at such times as said Mayor may direct. Said City Marshall shall receive no salary from any other person, firm or corporation for police service during the term of his appointment as such marshal."

Section Two. All ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict herewith are hereby repealed. Passed and approved by the City Council of the City of Genoa, Illinois this 30th., day of April A. D. 1915.

P. A. QUANSTRONG

Mayor

Attest: L. F. SCOTT

City Clerk

Earth's Diameter.

The earth's greatest diameter is not necessarily at the equator. According to the eminent Professor Henke, the actual greatest diameter is that taken from the summit of Mount Chimborazo. The line drawn from this point to the opposite side on a point in Sumatra gives a diameter of 7,929 miles.

SEE AMERICA FIRST.

Europe Has Nothing to Equal the Wonders of This Country.

For several years past the expenditure by Americans traveling in Europe has been nearly \$300,000,000 annually. This is not saying we did not get our money's worth at that, for quite the contrary is true. Not 1 per cent of returning travelers regret what it cost them to see the works of art, historical monuments, beautiful cities, and how the other nations live.

Europeans who have visited us are constantly amazed at the utter indifference with which Americans confess to a lack of acquaintance with the natural wonders of our own country, which they had seen when on our side. It is high time we did know our own country, and while our town halls and churches are not a thousand years old, our Niagara falls and Rocky mountains and Glacier park are older than either Rome or the ruins of Herculaneum. And where on earth can one go in a palace car and find a Yellowstone park, or a Grand canyon of the Colorado, or a Yosemite or a Mammoth cave, or a Great Salt lake?

Ours is a land of wonders, and though new in a constructive sense is not lacking in interest. The south is full of surprises, the vast prairies of the central west have no counterpart in Europe; our great lakes float steamers with all the luxuries of an ocean liner.

Even the adventurer need not miss the excitement of mountain climbing. Both Washington and Alaska furnish all the danger the most reckless might desire, and the explorer may spend years among the ancient cliff dwellers' towns in New Mexico and the petrified forests of the bad lands. He may search for gold and precious stones in the Death valley, or for diamonds in the Ozarks, and hidden treasures which the pirates who sailed the Spanish main buried along the Florida coast. — Popular Mechanics.

Thumbs of the Gorilla.

The gorilla and chimpanzee, which belong to the higher order of apes, have many points of resemblance to man, but there is one thing they cannot do—that is, twiddle their thumbs. In the gorilla the thumb is short and does not reach much beyond the bottom of the first joint of the forefinger. It is very much restricted in its movements, and the animal can neither twiddle his thumbs nor turn them round so that the tips describe a circle. There are the same number of bones in the hand of the gorilla as in the hand of a man, but the thumbs of the monkey have no separate flexor or bending muscle. This is why a monkey always keeps the thumb on the same side as the fingers and never bends it round any object that may be grasped.

Each Had What the Other Wanted.

An interesting anecdote is told of the meeting of Evangelist Moody and Mr. Gladstone in England. Mr. Gladstone attended the Moody and Sankey meetings and was deeply impressed. Heartily grasping Mr. Moody's hand, the old statesman said to him:

"I wish I had your body." Mr. Moody immediately replied, "I wish I had your head." "Mr. Gladstone responded, "I mean I wish I had your lungs," to which Mr. Moody again replied, "I wish I had your brains," and with hearty good wishes they parted.

England's Roman Canals.

England can claim equality with Belgium in the matter of possessing canals of Roman origin. During their stay in England the Romans cut the Foss dike in Lincolnshire, probably for water supply or drainage. The dike was deepened and made navigable by Henry I., and then allowed to decline until 1840, when it was so widened and deepened that it now forms the connecting link between the Witham and the Trent.—London Chronicle.

Alibi Not Complimentary.

A prisoner at the sessions had been duly convicted of theft, when it was seen, on "proving previous convictions," that the accused had actually been in prison at the time the theft was committed.

"Why didn't you say so?" asked the judge of the prisoner angrily. "Your lordship, I was afraid of prejudicing the jury against me."—Stray Stories.

Naturally.

Little Lillian proudly displayed some shaving curls she had picked up from the floor of a carpenter shop. "I wouldn't wear those," said brother Bruce. "Why not?" asked the little girl. "If you do," said Bruce, "folks'll think you are a blockhead."—Kansas City Times.

Petey Wales Kinodrome Shows OPERA HOUSE

EVERY WEDNESDAY NIGHT

Follow the Crowd

and see

"The Hazards of Helen"

And 5 Other Good Reels

Take the position That You are From Missouri!



When anybody tells you that GOOD LUMBER can be sold for less than we offer it. We didn't buy this big stock of lumber just to look at. While it is pleasing to the eye, we bought it to sell and you

WE SELL AT RIGHT PRICES

Lumber, Lath, Posts, Shingles, Sash, Doors, Blinds.

Cement, Lime, Plaster, Roofing, Drain Tile, Brick, Etc., Etc.

CAN COUNT ON OUR PRICES BEING RIGHT!

Tibbits, Cameron Lumber Co., Genoa, Illinois.

Great Display of Dresses For all Occasions and at all Prices

The immense display of dresses and gowns of all kinds shown by this Big Store, emphasizes most strongly the tremendous advantages which this store affords the people of Genoa as a shopping center. The ease with which you can reach our store really makes shopping elsewhere unnecessary, and especially removes the need of choosing your apparel from limited stocks. We make all alterations free, and guarantee a perfect fit.

Graduation, Confirmation and Bridal Gowns in Wide Variety



You'll find here the widest assortments of dresses and gowns for all occasions and for all ages—everything from the simple street dress to the most elaborate evening gown. Our present displays of graduation, confirmation and wedding gowns are unusually large and varied. The prices are very moderate in all cases, and range from the lowest to the highest prices. We can suit all purses and all tastes.

Dresses for Infants. Girls and Misses

We also show an unequalled line of dresses for misses, girls and children of all ages—everything from the cute little gingham dresses to the dainty lingerie and silk gowns. In dresses for school girls we show a wide range of pretty styles at very moderate prices.

Greatest Stocks of Coats and Suits In This City

Ackemann Bros.
Elgin's Finest Shopping Center

Order by Mail Satisfaction Guaranteed

We strongly urge our out-of-town customers to order goods from us by mail. No matter what you want, if you will give us the name or descriptions of the articles, we will fill your order promptly, and send your goods by prepaid parcels post or prepaid express. Save time, trouble and money by ordering from us by mail.

Free Parcels Post Delivery

You can send your order by mail or telephone to us today and receive your goods tomorrow by parcels post. We fill all orders promptly and thereby save you much time. You can feel certain of receiving your goods within 24 hours, as a general rule.

We Refund Your Railroad Fare

If you come to our store to trade, we will refund your railroad fare according to the amount of your purchases. In this way we put you on the same footing with Elgin people. Besides, you save considerable when you buy at this store.

Warnings! Hints! Reminders!

On a Burning Subject



Come Tell us Your Coal Troubles!

We like to hear them here. With us they'll be like soap bubbles and as quickly disappear.

WE SELL THE BEST OF COAL

ZELLER & SON
TELEPHONE 57